August 23, 2022

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District
ATTN: Laura Boerner
4735 East Marginal Way South, Bldg. 1202
Seattle, WA 98134

Re: Water Quality Certification Order No. 21260 for Lake Ballinger Ecosystem Restoration Project, Snohomish County, Washington

Dear Laura Boerner:


On behalf of the state of Washington, the Department of Ecology certifies that the work described in the Water Quality Certification Request and supplemental documents complies with applicable provisions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the Clean Water Act, as amended, and applicable state laws. This certification is subject to the conditions contained in the enclosed Water Quality Certification Order (WQC Order).

Please ensure that anyone doing work under this WQC Order has read, is familiar with, and is able to follow all of the provisions within the attached WQC Order.

If you have any questions about this decision, please contact Doug Gresham at (425) 429-1846 or Doug.Gresham@ecy.wa.gov. The enclosed WQC Order may be appealed by following the procedures described within.

Sincerely,

Joe Burcar, Section Manager
Northwest Regional Office
Shorelands and Environmental Assistance Program
Lake Ballinger Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration
Aquatics No. 137749
August 23, 2022
Page 2 of 2

Sent by electronic mail: laura.a.boerner@usace.army.mil

Enclosure (1)

e-cc: Zachary Wilson, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
     Caren Crandell, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
     Martin Fox, Muckleshoot Indian Tribe Fisheries Division
     Adam Osbekoff, Snoqualmie Indian Tribe
     Laura Reed, City of Mountlake Terrace
     Jesse Dykstra, WA Department of Fish and Wildlife
     Stephanie Barney, Department of Ecology
     Luis Buen-Abad, Department of Ecology
     Doug Gresham, Department of Ecology
     Rebekah Padgett, Department of Ecology
     Loree’ Randall, Department of Ecology
     ecyrefedpermits@ecy.wa.gov – Aquatics No. 137749
IN THE MATTER OF GRANTING A WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION TO U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 1341 (FWPCA § 401), RCW 90.48.120, RCW 90.48.260 and Chapter 173-201A WAC

WQC ORDER No. 21260

Lake Ballinger Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration, Wetlands and Hall Creek, located in Snohomish County, Washington.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District
ATTN: Laura Boerner
4735 East Marginal Way South, Bldg. 1202
Seattle, WA 98134

On June 14, 2022, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District (Corps), submitted a request for a Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) under the federal Clean Water Act for the Lake Ballinger Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration project, Snohomish County, Washington. The following required processing dates are referenced below:

- On April 19, 2022, the Corps submitted a pre-filing meeting request.
- On June 23, 2022, the Corps submitted additional information, and the Department of Ecology (Ecology) considered the Request valid on this date.
- On June 28, 2022, Ecology issued a public notice for the project.

The project proposes to improve native plant and wildlife habitat through restoration of a creek channel along with riparian and wetland features in a former golf course that is now a public park. In addition, habitat enhancement will improve passive recreation opportunities for park visitors. The project includes the following components:

Demolition and Site Preparation:

- Invasive plants across approximately 5.45 acres of wetlands in the project site will be removed.
- An approximately 0.16-acre tennis court will be removed and the area restored with plantings.
- Approximately 570 cubic yards of armor rock along 860 linear feet in the upper reach of Hall Creek will be removed.
- Structural features will be removed, including minor stormwater outfalls, the 10- by 20-foot wooden bridge over the lower reach of Hall Creek, and chain-link fencing.
Construction:

- Channel diversity will be improved through creation of an approximately 880-linear-foot sinuous stream channel.

- The newly disconnected channel will become a remnant feature serving as a vegetated side channel to the new Hall Creek alignment. This new side channel will connect with the new main channel at the lower end of the reach. The old channel is expected to function as off-channel habitat and forested wetland. Invasive plants will be removed and existing native vegetation will be augmented with native plantings. Additionally, an overflow swale will be constructed to capture high-flow between the re-aligned channel and the existing channel to relieve high flow pressure and reduce the risk of flooding and erosion.

- Approximately 391 cubic yards of streambed substrate will be placed in the new stream alignment and improve ecological function.

- Approximately seven large woody material structures will be placed to provide erosion protection and habitat benefits.

- Approximately 16.4 acres of the project site will be replanted with native vegetation.

- An approximately 8- by 250-foot new pedestrian boardwalk will be installed at the southern end of the lower reach to improve public access while preventing wetland impacts from visitor use.

- A 12- by 50-foot vehicular bridge will be constructed at the northern end of the lower reach, just downstream of the existing bridge.

The project site is located at Ballinger Park, 23000 Lakeview Drive, wetlands and Hall Creek, in Mountlake Terrace, Snohomish County, Washington, Section 32, Township 27 N., Range 4 E., within Water Resource Inventory Area (WRIA) 8 Cedar-Sammamish.

AUTHORITIES

In exercising authority under 33 U.S.C. § 1341, RCW 90.48.120, and RCW 90.48.260, Ecology has reviewed this WQC request pursuant to the following:

1. Conformance with applicable water quality-based, technology-based, and toxic or pretreatment effluent limitations as provided under 33 U.S.C. §§1311, 1312, 1313, 1316, and 1317.

2. Conformance with the state water quality standards contained in Chapter 173-201A WAC and authorized by 33 U.S.C. §1313 and by Chapter 90.48 RCW, and with other applicable state laws; and
3. Conformance with the provision of using all known, available and reasonable methods to prevent and control pollution of state waters as required by RCW 90.48.010.

4. Conformance with Washington’s prohibition on discharges that cause or tend to cause pollution of waters of the state of Washington. RCW 90.48.080.

5. The project proponent of the project authorized is responsible for obtaining all other permits, licenses, and certifications that may be required by federal, state, local or tribal authorities.

With this Water Quality Certification (WQC) Order, Ecology is granting with conditions, the Corps’ request for a Section 401 Water Quality Certification for the Lake Ballinger Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration, wetlands and Hall Creek, located in Snohomish County. Ecology has determined that the proposed discharges will comply with all applicable state water quality requirements, provided the project is conducted in accordance with the Section 401 Water Quality Certification request that Ecology received on June 23, 2022, the supporting documents referenced in Table 1 below, and the conditions of this WQC Order.

Table 1. Supporting Documents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Received</th>
<th>Document Type</th>
<th>Title &amp; Date</th>
<th>Author</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June 14, 2022</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>“Joint Aquatic Resources” Form (undated)</td>
<td>Corps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 14, 2022</td>
<td>Drawings</td>
<td>95% Design Submittal, 44 Sheets</td>
<td>Corps</td>
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<td>Lake Ballinger Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration Project, Mountlake Terrace, Washington, Finding of No Significant Impact (dated September 17, 2020)</td>
<td>Corps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 14, 2022</td>
<td>State Environmental Policy Act</td>
<td>Determination of Nonsignificance (dated April 20, 2022)</td>
<td>City of Mountlake Terrace</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Document Type</td>
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<tr>
<td>August 5, 2022</td>
<td>E-mail</td>
<td>E-mail from Corps to Doug Gresham, Ecology, RE: Ballinger Park ecosystem restoration (dated August 5, 2022)</td>
<td>Zachary Wilson, Corps</td>
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</table>

Issuance of this Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this proposal does not authorize the Corps to exceed applicable state water quality standards (Chapter 173-201A WAC), ground water quality standards (Chapter 173-200 WAC) or sediment quality standards (Chapter 173-204 WAC). Furthermore, nothing in this Section 401 Water Quality Certification absolves the Corps from liability for contamination and any subsequent cleanup of surface waters, ground waters, or sediments resulting from project construction or operations.

**Water Quality Certification Conditions**

The following conditions will be incorporated into the Corps permit and strictly adhered to by the Corps. Specific condition justifications and citations required by 40 CFR 121.7(d)(1) are provided below each condition in *italic text*. 
A. General Conditions

1. In this WQC Order, the term “Project Proponent” shall mean the Corps and its agents, assignees, and contractors.
   - **Justification** - Ecology needs to identify that conditions of this WQC Order apply to anyone conducting work on behalf of the Project Proponent to ensure compliance with the water quality standards and other applicable state laws.
   - **Citation** - 40 CFR 121.1(jj), Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.48.120 RCW, Chapter 90.48.260 RCW, Chapter 173-200 WAC, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

2. All submittals required by this WQC Order shall be sent to Ecology’s Headquarters Office, Attn: Federal Permit Manager, via e-mail to fednotification@ecy.wa.gov and cc to Doug.Gresham@ecy.wa.gov. The submittals shall be identified with WQC Order No. 21260 and include the Project Proponent’s name, Aquatics number, project name, project contact, and the contact phone number.
   - **Justification** - Ecology needs to identify where information and submittals are to be submitted to be in compliance with the requirements of this WQC Order.
   - **Citation** - 40 CFR 121, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.120 RCW, Chapter 90.48.260 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

3. Work authorized by this WQC Order is limited to the work described in the WQC request package received by Ecology on June 23, 2022, and the supporting documentation identified in Table 1.
   - **Justification** - Ecology has the authority to prevent and control pollution of state waters. By authorizing a discharge into a water of the state, through a WQC, Ecology is certifying the project as proposed will not negatively impact our state’s water quality. Therefore, it is imperative the project is conducted as it was presented during the review process. Any deviations from information within the WQC Request package and this WQC Order must be disclosed prior to the initiation of the planned work.
   - **Citation** - 40 CFR 121.5, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.120 RCW, Chapter 90.48.260 RCW, Chapter 173-200 WAC, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-204 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

4. The Project Proponent shall keep copies of this WQC Order on the job site and readily available for reference by Ecology personnel, the construction superintendent, construction managers and lead workers, and state and local government inspectors.
• Justification - All parties (including on-site contractors) must be aware of and comply with the WQC Order for the protection of water quality.

• Citation - 40 CFR 121.3, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

5. The Project Proponent shall provide access to the project site upon request by Ecology personnel for site inspections, monitoring, and/or necessary data collection, to ensure that conditions of this WQC Order are being met.

• Justification - Ecology must be able to investigate and inspect construction sites and facilities for compliance with all state rules and laws.

• Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.090 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

6. The Project Proponent shall ensure that all project engineers, contractors, and other workers at the project site with authority to direct work have read and understand relevant conditions of this WQC Order and all permits, approvals, and documents referenced in this WQC Order. The Project Proponent shall provide Ecology a signed statement (see Attachment A for an example) before construction begins.

• Justification - Ecology needs to ensure that anyone conducting work at the project, on behalf of the Project Proponent, are aware of and understand the required conditions of this WQC Order to ensure compliance with the water quality standards and other applicable state laws.

• Citation - 40 CFR 121.1(j), Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

7. This WQC Order does not authorize direct, indirect, permanent, or temporary impacts to waters of the state or related aquatic resources, except as specifically provided for in conditions of this WQC Order.

• Justification - Ecology has the authority to prevent and control pollution of state waters, and to protect designated uses. By authorizing a discharge into a water of the state, through a water quality certification, we are certifying the project as proposed will not negatively impact our state’s water quality and will comply with the state’s water quality requirements. Therefore, it is imperative the project is conducted as it was presented during the review process, and as conditioned herein.
8. Failure of any person or entity to comply with the WQC Order may result in the issuance of civil penalties or other actions, whether administrative or judicial, to enforce the state’s water quality standards.

- Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses. Civil penalties and other enforcement actions are the primary means of securing compliance with water quality requirements.

- Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300(2)(e)(i) WAC, Chapter 173-201A-310 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

9. The Project Proponent shall provide Ecology documentation for review before undertaking any major changes to the proposed project that could significantly and adversely affect water quality, other than those project changes required by this WQC Order.

- Justification - Ecology has independent authority to enforce our 401 certification conditions issued through this WQC Order pursuant to RCW 90.48. In order to ensure the project will comply with water quality standards in the event of any major changes, Ecology must be able to review the scope of work involved in the construction and operation of the project, otherwise all work must stop and a new 401 certification pre-filing meeting, followed by a new 401 request (after requisite 30-days) is required.

- Citation - 40 CFR 121.1(k) & (n), 40 CFR 121.3, Chapter 90.48 RCW, and Chapter 173-201 WAC.

10. Nothing in this WQC Order waives Ecology’s discretionary authority to issue additional Orders if Ecology determines that further actions are necessary to implement the water quality laws of the state.

- Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- Citation - Chapter 90.48.120 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

11. This Order will automatically transfer to a new owner or operator if:
a. A written agreement between the Project Proponent and new owner or operator with the specific transfer date of the WQC Order’s obligations, coverage, and liability is submitted to Ecology per condition A.2.;

b. A copy of this Order is provided to the new owner or operator; and

c. Ecology does not notify the new Project Proponent that a new WQC Order is required to complete the transfer.

- **Justification** – Ecology needs to ensure that anyone conducting work at the project, including any new owners or operators, are aware of and understand the required conditions of this WQC Order to ensure compliance with the water quality standards and other applicable state laws.

- **Citation** – 40 CFR 121.3, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

**B. Notification Requirements**

1. The following notification shall be made via phone or e-mail (e-mail is preferred) to Ecology’s Federal Permit Manager via e-mail to fednotification@ecy.wa.gov and cc to Doug.Gresham@ecy.wa.gov. Notifications shall be identified with WQC Order No. 21260, Aquatics number, and include the Project Proponent name, project name, project location, project contact and the contact phone number.

   a. Immediately following a violation of state water quality standards or when the project is out of compliance with any conditions of this WQC Order.

   b. At least ten (10) days prior to all pre-construction meetings.

   c. At least ten (10) days prior to conducting initial in-water work activities.

   d. Within seven (7) days of completing in-water work activities.

   - **Justification** - Ecology must be aware of when a project starts and ends and whether there are any issues. This allows Ecology to evaluate compliance with the state water quality requirements.

   - **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

2. In addition to the phone or e-mail notification required under B.1.a. above, the Project Proponent shall submit a detailed written report to Ecology within five (5) days that describes the nature of
the event, corrective action taken and/or planned, steps to be taken to prevent a recurrence, results of any samples taken, and any other pertinent information.

- **Justification** - Ensure the Project Proponent remains in full compliance with state water quality requirements for the duration of the project.
- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.120 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

3. If the project construction is not completed within 13 months of issuance of this WQC Order, the Project Proponent shall submit per Condition A2 a written construction status report and submit status reports every 12 months until construction and restoration are completed.

- **Justification** - Ecology must be aware of when a project starts and ends and whether there are any issues. This allows Ecology to evaluate compliance with the state water quality requirements.
- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

**C. Timing**

1. This WQC Order will expire December 31, 2028.

- **Justification** - Certifications are required for any license or permit that authorizes an activity that may result in a discharge. Ecology needs to be able to specify how long the WQC Order will be in effect.
- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 173-201A, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

2. The following in-water work window applies to the project:
   a. All activities below the Ordinary High Water Mark of Hall Creek may be conducted between July 1 and September 30 of any year.

- **Justification** - This condition is reaffirming the project will take place during a time period that will not harm fish or other aquatic species.
- **Citation** - Chapter 77.55 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC, Chapter 173-201A-330 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 220-660 WAC.
3. Any project change that requires a new or revised Hydraulic Project Approval (HPA) from the Department of Fish and Wildlife should be sent to Ecology for review before the change is implemented.

- **Justification** - This condition is reaffirming the project will take place during a time period that will not harm fish or other aquatic species.

- **Citation** - Chapter 77.55 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC, Chapter 173-201A-330 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 220-660 WAC.

D. Water Quality Monitoring & Criteria

1. This WQC Order does not authorize the Project Proponent to exceed applicable water quality standards beyond the limits established in WAC 173-201A.

   - **Justification** - This condition provides citation to the appropriate water quality standard criteria to protect surface waters of the state. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

2. This WQC Order does not authorize the Project Proponent to exceed applicable turbidity standards beyond the limits established in WAC 173-201A-200(1)(e)(i).

   - **Justification** - This condition provides citation to the appropriate water quality standard criteria to protect surface waters of the state. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

3. For in-water activities within fresh waters (including wetlands) turbidity shall not exceed 5 NTU over background when the background is 50 NTU or less; or a 10 percent increase in turbidity when the background turbidity is more than 50 NTU;
a. Temporary area of mixing for turbidity established within the state water quality standards for fresh waters (WAC 173-201A-200) is as follows:

   i. For waters up to 10 cfs flow at the time of construction, the point of compliance shall be one hundred feet downstream from the activity causing the turbidity exceedance.

   ii. For waters above 10 cfs up to 100 cfs flow at the time of construction, the point of compliance shall be two hundred feet downstream of the activity causing the turbidity exceedance.

   iii. For waters above 100 cfs flow at the time of construction, the point of compliance shall be three hundred feet downstream of the activity causing the turbidity exceedance.

   iv. For projects working within or along lakes, ponds, wetlands, or other non-flowing waters, the point of compliance shall be at a radius of one hundred fifty feet from the activity causing the turbidity exceedance.

• Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

4. If water quality exceedances for turbidity are observed outside the point of compliance, work shall cease immediately and the Project Proponent or the contractor shall assess the cause of the water quality problem and take immediate action to stop, contain, and correct the problem and prevent further water quality turbidity exceedances.

• Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

5. Visible turbidity anywhere beyond the temporary area of mixing (point of compliance) from the activity, shall be considered an exceedance of the standard.
Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

6. The Project Proponent shall conduct water quality monitoring as described in the approved Lake Ballinger Ecosystem Restoration Project Water Quality Monitoring Plan, Mountlake Terrace, WA, prepared by the Corps, dated August 12, 2022 and received August 22, 2022, as identified in Table 1 (hereafter referred to as the WQMP)

Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

Citation - RCW 90.48, RCW 90.48.030, Chapter 173-201A WAC, 173-201A-300-330 and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

7. Monitoring results shall be submitted monthly to Ecology per condition A.2.

Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

8. Ecology may ask or could use its discretionary authority to require the Project Proponent to provide restoration and/or additional monitoring if the monitoring results indicate that the water quality standards have not been met.

Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution and know if there are exceedances of the water quality standards that protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

Citation - RCW 90.48, 90.48, RCW 90.48.030 Chapter 173-201A WAC, 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204 WAC.
E. Construction

General Conditions

1. All work in and near waters of the state shall be conducted to minimize turbidity, erosion, and other water quality impacts. Construction stormwater, sediment, and erosion control Best Management Practices (BMPs) suitable to prevent exceedances of state water quality standards shall be in place before starting maintenance and shall be maintained throughout the duration of the activity.

   - Justification - Disturbed areas without appropriate BMP’s and construction methods can discharge excess sediment to waters of the state and degrade water quality. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

2. All clearing limits, stockpiles, staging areas, and trees to be preserved shall clearly be marked prior to commencing construction activities and maintained until all work is completed for each project.

   - Justification - Ensures that the project proponent preserves sensitive areas from discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

3. No stockpiling or staging of materials shall occur at or below the OHWM of any waterbody.

   - Justification - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - Citation - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.
4. The Project Proponent shall obtain and comply with the conditions of the Construction Stormwater General Permit (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System - NPDES) issued for this project.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** – Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

5. All clearing limits, stockpiles, staging areas, and trees to be preserved shall clearly be marked prior to commencing construction activities and maintained until all work is completed for each project.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

6. No petroleum products, fresh concrete, lime or concrete, chemicals, or other toxic or deleterious materials shall be allowed to enter waters of the state.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

7. All construction debris, excess sediment, and other solid waste material shall be properly managed and disposed of in an upland disposal site approved by the appropriate regulatory authority.

- **Justification** - Ecology must be assured that the Project Proponent is managing and disposing of material to protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential
discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

8. All equipment being used below the ordinary high water mark shall utilize biodegradable hydraulic fluid.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

9. The Project Proponent shall not use polyacrylamide at the project site.

- **Justification** - Polyacrylamide breaks down in soils and in the environment to acrylamide, which is a compound of concern and pollutant that would adversely affect water quality in Washington. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - 40 CFR 131.12, Chapter 47.85.040 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.54 RCW, Chapter 90.74 RCW, Chapter 173-201A-260 (3)(i-ii) WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

10. The Project Proponent shall not use hay or straw on exposed or disturbed soil at the project site, unless otherwise allowed for in the supporting documents referenced in Table 1.

- **Justification** - Straw can be a source of noxious weeds, which are a subset of invasive species that have been classified according to the seriousness of the threat they pose. Governments and landowners are required to control them. Noxious weeds can inhibit the success of a restoration site.

- **Citation** - Chapter 16-228-1400 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-226-110 WAC.
11. Aquatic herbicides can be used or applied only by certified applicators or persons under the
direct supervision of a certified applicator, and only for those uses covered by the certified
applicator’s license category.

a. Applicators are required to be permitted under Ecology’s Noxious Weed Control Permit.

b. Applicators shall comply with all conditions of the Noxious Weed Control Permit.

- **Justification** - *Noxious weeds are a subset of invasive species that have been classified
  according to the seriousness of the threat they pose. Governments and landowners are
  required to control them. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and
  potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and
  beneficial uses.*

- **Citation** - Chapter 16-228-1400 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter
  173-226-110 WAC.

12. If weed-barrier fabric is used on the site, the Project Proponent shall use only water-permeable,
fully biodegradable, non-toxic weed-barrier fabric for the entire-site and/or individual plant
weed control, unless otherwise allowed for in the supporting documents referenced in Table 1.
If non-biodegradable plastic weed-barrier fabric is approved by Ecology, it shall be used only at
the base of individual plants and shall be removed before it starts to break down, before it
interferes with plant growth.

- **Justification** - *The establishment of hydrophytic vegetation and substrate characteristics, is a
  necessary element of the restoration plan and is promoted by weed suppression. Suppression of
  weeds is necessary until hydrophytic vegetation is established, after which time the presence of
  the fabric will hinder vegetation establishment and may affect restoration success.*

- **Citation** - 40 CFR 131.12, Chapter 47.85.040 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.54 RCW,
  Chapter 90.74 RCW, Chapter 173-201A-260 (3)(i-ii) WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC, and
  Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

13. If seeding is used for temporary erosion control, it must be a seed mix consisting of native,
annual, non-invasive plant species, unless otherwise allowed for in the supporting documents
referenced in Table 1.

- **Justification** - *Establishment of native species are a necessary element of wetland
  restoration. Planting mixes must not contain non-native, invasive species, including noxious
  weeds since they will inhibit the success of the restoration site and plan. Noxious weeds are*
a subset of invasive species that have been classified according to the seriousness of the threat they pose. Governments and landowners are required to control them.

- **Citation** - 40 CFR 131.12, Chapter 16-228-1400 WAC, Chapter 47.85.040 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.54 RCW, Chapter 90.74 RCW, Chapter 173-201A-260 (3)(i-ii) WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-226-110 WAC.

14. The Project Proponent shall not use solid or mesh plant protector tubes at sites that will be subject to stream flooding within the restoration site unless otherwise provided for in the supporting documents referenced in Table 1. If solid or mesh plant protector tubes are used on the restoration site, Ecology strongly recommends that the Project Proponent use fully biodegradable options. If non-biodegradable plant protection options are used, they shall be removed before they interfere with plant growth.

- **Justification** - This requirement provides assurance that the restoration site has the best chance at being successful in achieving wetland conditions. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - 40 CFR 131.12, Chapter 47.85.040 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.54 RCW, Chapter 90.74 RCW, Chapter 173-201A-260 (3)(i-ii) WAC, and Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC.

**Equipment & Maintenance**

15. Staging areas will be located a minimum of 50 feet and, where practical, 200 feet, from waters of the state including wetlands.

- **Justification** - Requiring a minimum setback ensures that material will not end up in waters of the state. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

16. Equipment used for this project shall be free of external petroleum-based products while used around the waters of the state, including wetlands. Accumulation of soils or debris shall be removed from the drive mechanisms (wheels, tires, tracks, etc.) and the undercarriage of equipment prior to its use around waters of the state, including wetlands.
• **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

17. No equipment shall enter, operate, be stored or parked within any sensitive area except as specifically provided for in this WQC Order.

• **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

18. Fuel hoses, oil drums, oil or fuel transfer valves and fittings, etc., shall be checked regularly for drips or leaks, and shall be maintained and stored properly to prevent spills into state waters.

• **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 173-200, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

19. Wash water containing oils, grease, or other hazardous materials resulting from washing of equipment or working areas shall not be discharged into state waters. The Project Proponent shall set up a designated area for washing down equipment.

• **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.
20. A separate area shall be set aside, which does not have any possibility of draining to surface waters, for the wash-out of concrete delivery trucks, pumping equipment, and tools.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

21. All forms for concrete shall be completely sealed to prevent the possibility of fresh concrete entering waters of the state.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

22. All concrete shall be completely cured prior to coming into contact with water.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

23. Concrete process water shall not enter waters of the state. Any concrete process/contact water discharged from a confined area with curing concrete shall be routed to upland areas to be treated and disposed of appropriately with no possible entry to state waters.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.
24. All saw cut water and debris generated from saw cutting activities that occur above water shall be contained and disposed of appropriately with no possible entry to waters of the state.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

**Stream Channel Construction**

25. Instream work shall be conducted in the dry or in isolation from stream flow, to the extent practicable.

- **Justification** - This condition would limit re-suspension of sediment that could cause water quality exceedances. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

26. Stream flow isolation work shall not scour the stream channel or banks of the water body in which the work is being done.

- **Justification** - Scour and erosion could cause long term instability of the project and contribute to water quality impacts. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

27. To minimize sediment releases into downstream water, water reintroduced to the channel shall be done gradually and at a rate not exceeding the normal stream flow.

- **Justification** - Maintaining natural stream flow rate is important for maintaining beneficial uses and preventing water quality impacts. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all
discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

### F. Post-Construction Monitoring

1. The Project Proponent shall submit to Ecology (see A.2) monitoring reports documenting restoration site conditions for years 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The monitoring reports must be submitted by December 31 of each monitoring year.

   - **Justification** - Monitoring reports track the environmental progress of the restoration site and are necessary to track environmental changes at restoration sites to ensure success of the restoration site.

   - **Citation** - 40 CFR 131.12, 40 CFR 230, subpart J, Chapter 47.85.040 RCW, Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.54 RCW, Chapter 90.74 RCW, Chapter 173-201A-260 (3)(i-ii) WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300 WAC and Chapter 173-225-010 WAC.

### G. Emergency/Contingency Measures

1. The Project Proponent shall develop and implement a spill prevention and containment plan for this project.

   - **Justification** - Ecology must ensure that the Project Proponent has a plan to prevent pollution from entering waterways. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

   - **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 90.56.280 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

2. The Project Proponent shall have adequate and appropriate spill response and cleanup materials available on site to respond to any release of petroleum products or any other material into waters of the state.

   - **Justification** - Ecology must have assurance that the Project Proponent has the material readily available in WQC Order to address any spills that might occur to protect waters of
the state. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 90.56.280 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

3. Fuel hoses, oil drums, oil or fuel transfer valves and fittings, etc., shall be checked regularly for drips or leaks, and shall be maintained and stored properly to prevent spills into state waters.

- **Justification** - Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

- **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 90.56.280 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

4. Work causing distressed or dying fish and discharges of oil, fuel, or chemicals into state waters or onto land with a potential for entry into state waters is prohibited. If such work, conditions, or discharges occur, the Project Proponent shall notify Ecology’s Federal Permit Manager per condition A2 and immediately take the following actions:

a. Cease operations at the location of the non-compliance.

b. Assess the cause of the water quality problem and take appropriate measures to correct the problem and prevent further environmental damage.

c. In the event of a discharge of oil, fuel, or chemicals into state waters, or onto land with a potential for entry into state waters, containment and cleanup efforts shall begin immediately and be completed as soon as possible, taking precedence over normal work. Cleanup shall include proper disposal of any spilled material and used cleanup materials.

d. Immediately notify Ecology’s Regional Spill Response Office and the Washington State Department of Fish & Wildlife with the nature and details of the problem, any actions taken to correct the problem, and any proposed changes in operation to prevent further problems.

e. Immediately notify the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802, for actual spills to water only.
• **Justification** - This condition is necessary to prevent oil and hazardous materials spills from causing environmental damage and to ensure compliance with water quality requirements. The sooner a spill is reported, the quicker it can be addressed, resulting in less harm. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 90.56.280 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

5. Notify Ecology’s Regional Spill Response Office immediately if chemical containers (e.g. drums) are discovered on-site or any conditions present indicating disposal or burial of chemicals on-site that may impact surface water or ground water.

• **Justification** - Oil and hazardous materials spills cause environmental damage. The sooner a spill is reported, the quicker it can be addressed, resulting in less harm. Ecology must protect waters of the state from all discharges and potential discharges of pollution that can affect water quality to protect aquatic life and beneficial uses.

• **Citation** - Chapter 90.48 RCW, Chapter 90.48.030 RCW, Chapter 90.48.080 RCW, Chapter 90.56 RCW, Chapter 90.56.280 RCW, Chapter 173-201A WAC, Chapter 173-201A-300-330 WAC, Chapter 173-204-120 WAC, Chapter 173-225-010 WAC, and Chapter 173-303-145 WAC.

**Your right to appeal**

You have a right to appeal this Order to the Pollution Control Hearings Board (PCHB) within 30 days of the date of receipt. The appeal process is governed by RCW 43.21B and WAC 371-08. “Date of receipt” is defined in RCW 43.21B.001 (2). More information is available at https://eluho.wa.gov/content/11.

To appeal, you must do all of the following within 30 days of the date of receipt of this Order:

• **File** your notice of appeal and a copy of this Order with the PCHB (see filing options below). “Filing” means actual receipt by the PCHB during regular business hours as defined in WAC 371-08-305 and -335. “Notice of appeal” is defined in WAC 371-08-340.

• **Serve** a copy of your notice of appeal and this Order on the Department of Ecology, in paper form, by mail or in person (see addresses below). E-mail is not accepted.

You must also comply with other applicable requirements in RCW 43.21B and WAC 371-08.

Electronic copies of appeals are not accepted at the Department of Ecology per WAC 371-08-305(10).
Filing an appeal with the PCHB:

For the most current information regarding filing with the PCHB, visit: https://eluho.wa.gov/content/11

Filing by mail
Mailing Address:
Pollution Control Hearings Board
PO Box 40903
Olympia, WA 98504-0903

Filing in person (or by certified mail/courier)
Street Address:
Pollution Control Hearings Board
1111 Israel RD SW
STE 301
Tumwater, WA 98501

Filing electronically
E-mail Address:
pchb-shbappeals@eluho.wa.gov

Serving a copy of the appeal on Ecology:

Electronic copies of appeals are not accepted at the Department of Ecology per WAC 371-08-305(10).

Filing by mail
Mailing Address:
Department of Ecology
Attn: Appeals Processing Desk
PO Box 47608
Olympia, WA 98504-7608

Filing in person (or by certified mail/courier)
Street Address:
Department of Ecology
Attn: Appeals Processing Desk
300 Desmond Drive SE
Lacey, WA 98503

Contact Information

Please direct all questions about this WQC Order to:

Doug Gresham
Department of Ecology
(425) 429-1846
Doug.Gresham@ecy.wa.gov

More Information

- Pollution Control Hearings Board Website
  https://eluho.wa.gov/content/11

- Chapter 43.21B RCW - Environmental and Land Use Hearings Office – Pollution Control Hearings Board
  http://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=43.21B
• Chapter 371-08 WAC – Practice And Procedure

• Chapter 34.05 RCW – Administrative Procedure Act
  http://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=34.05

• Chapter 90.48 RCW – Water Pollution Control
  http://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=90.48

• Chapter 173.204 WAC – Sediment Management Standards

• Chapter 173-200 WAC – Water Quality Standards for Ground Waters of the State of Washington

• Chapter 173-201A WAC – Water Quality Standards for Surface Waters of the State of Washington
  http://apps.leg.wa.gov/WAC/default.aspx?cite=173-201A

Signature

Dated this 23rd day of August, 2022 at the Department of Ecology, Shoreline, Washington

Joe Burcar, Section Manager
Northwest Regional Office
Shorelands and Environmental Assistance Program
Attachment A

Statement of Understanding
Water Quality Certification Conditions
Lake Ballinger Ecosystem Restoration Project

Water Quality Certification WQC Order No. 21260

As the Project Proponent for Lake Ballinger Ecosystem Restoration project, I have read and understand the conditions of Washington State Department of Ecology WQC Order No. 21260, and any permits, plans, documents, and approvals referenced in the WQC Order. I have and will continue to ensure that all project engineers, contractors, and other workers at the project site with authority to direct work have read and understand the conditions of this WQC Order and any permits, plans, documents, and approvals referenced in the WQC Order.

_________________________________________  ______________
Signature                                      Date

_________________________________________  _______________________
Title                                            Phone

_______________________________________________________
Company