# SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT FOR BUSE TIMBER & SALES EVERETT, WASHINGTON

### **CERCLIS NO. WAD009480542**

# Prepared for:

Work Assignment No. 54-17-0JZZ
Contract No. 68-W9-0054
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 10 ARCS
1200 Sixth Avenue
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Buse Timber & Sales, Everett, Washington

SI Report

EPA Region 10 ARCS Contract No. 68-W9-0054

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### ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ARCS Alternative Remedial Contract Strategy

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and

Liability Act of 1980

CERCLIS Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and

Liability Information System

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CLP Contract Laboratory Program

CRDL contract-required detection limit (inorganics)
CRQL contract-required quantitation limit (organics)
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

HRS Hazard Ranking System

IATA International Air Transport Association

IDW investigation-derived waste

NEIC National Enforcement Investigations Center

NPL National Priorities List
PA preliminary assessment
PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

PCP pentachlorophenol

QMP Quality Management Plan RAS routine analytical service

RSCC Regional Sample Coordination Center

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

SAS special analytical services SDL sample detection limit

SI site inspection

SM site manager (URS)
SQL sample quantitation limit

SV semivolatile

SVOC semivolatile organic compound

TCP tetrachlorophenol

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

TSOP technical standard operating procedures

URS Consultants, Inc.

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### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Contract No. 68-W9-0054 and Work Assignment No. 54-17-0JZZ, URS Consultants, Inc., (URS) conducted a site inspection (SI) of Buse Timber & Sales located at 3812 28th Place N.E. in Everett, Washington. This SI was conducted under the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). The SI process is intended to document a threat or potential threat to public health or the environment posed by a site, identify whether a potential emergency situation exists that may require an immediate response, document the presence or absence of uncontained or uncontrolled hazardous substances on a site, and confirm site characteristics and area receptor information collected during past studies. The SI is intended to collect sufficient data to enable evaluation of the site's potential for inclusion on the National Priorities List (NPL) and, for those sites determined to be NPL candidates, establish priorities for additional action. The SI process and this SI do not include extensive or complete site characterization, contaminant fate determination, or quantitative risk assessment.

This document presents the Buse Timber & Sales SI in the following manner:

Section 1.0 Introduction—description of authority and purpose
 Section 2.0 Site Background—site-related information
 Section 3.0 Exposure Pathways and Potential Targets—evaluation of specific pathways and their possible targets
 Section 4.0 Sampling Program—synopsis of sampling conducted
 Section 5.0 Sampling Results—discussion of sampling results and those substances determined to be "significant"
 Section 6.0 Bibliography—list of references

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•	Appendix A	Photodocumentation of May 24 and 25, 1994, URS Sampling Event
•	Appendix B	Background sample location map
•	Appendix C	Laboratory Data Reports and Data Validation Reports for Samples Collected for Buse Timber & Sales
•	Appendix D	Data Quality Objectives

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### 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

### 2.1 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Site Name:

Buse Timber & Sales

CERCLIS No.:

WAD009480542

Location:

3812 28th Place N.E.

Everett, Washington

Latitude:

48°1′17.2″ North

Longitude:

122°10'32.5" West

Legal Description:

Section 4 and Section 9 Township 29, Range 5 East

Site Owner:

Norman and Delmar Buse

3812 28th Place NE

Everett, Washington 98206

Site Operator:

Norman and Delmar Buse

Site Contact:

Steve Fogg

(206) 258-2577

Buse Timber & Sales, located at 3812 28th Place N.E., is situated on Smith Island in the Snohomish River floodplain. The mill is 1 mile northeast of the city of Everett, in Snohomish County, Washington. The plant and log yard combined occupy approximately 25 acres of land in the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 4, Township 29 North, Range 5 East, Willamette Meridian, and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 9, Township 29 North, Range 5 East, Willamette Meridian (USGS 1976). The coordinates of the site are 48°1′17.2″ N. latitude 122°10′32.5″ W. longitude. The site is surrounded by sloughs and agricultural lands. Directly to the east of the mill is Interstate 5. Figure 2-1 shows the general location of the Buse mill.

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The mill is adjacent to Union Slough and several backwater arms of the slough. Within ½ mile, the slough discharges into Possession Sound. Because of the proximity to tidally influenced waters, the sloughs surrounding the mill are affected by tidal flooding and ebbing. The water level in an unnamed slough that receives runoff from the northern portion of the mill is controlled by a tidal gate; this slough will be referred to as the tidal gate slough. Because the site is located in the Snohomish River delta, it is underlain by large quantities of alluvial deposits. Tidal influence and Snohomish River water levels have a large influence on groundwater levels in the area. The depth to groundwater is shallow in the area and generally follows the Snohomish River water levels (Ecology 1990).

Twenty-eighth Place N.E., leading from State Route 593, provides access to the site via a land bridge which traverses Union Slough. Although the site is not secured by a fence, the property is physically separated from the surrounding areas by sloughs. The property owned by the Buses includes a large quantity of farmland and pasture on Smith Island. The Buses permit local farmers to produce hay to the south of the mill. The nearest residence, situated 300 feet from the mill offices in the northwest corner of the property, is owned by a member of the Buse family. A pasture to the north and west of the residence serves as a small golf course (URS 1994a).

The 20-acre facility comprises nine main buildings and several smaller ancillary structures (see the site map, Figure 2-2). A 5-acre log storage yard is situated south of the mill complex. Raw logs brought in by trucks and beauty bark from the debarking operation are deposited here.

The 20-acre facility has been in operation on this site since 1946. The Buses purchased the land in 1942 (Buse 1994). Originally, at an unknown point in time prior to the Buse's purchase of the land, the area was used as farmland (Buse 1994).

# 2.2 SITE OPERATIONS AND WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Buse Timber & Sales produces approximately 60 million board feet per year of finished lumber products of various dimensions for domestic sale and export to Asia or Canada. Production activities include sizing, debarking, trimming, milling, planing, treating, drying, banding, and shipping. The operations employ 120 persons on two 8-hour shifts at the sawmill and one 8-hour shift at the planer mill. Logs are sorted by size because the mill can handle only logs of a certain dimension. Logs that are too large or too small are

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sold to pulp mills (Buse 1994). Appropriately sized logs are sent to the debarking machine. Bark from this machine is then sold as mulch or beauty bark. Debarked logs are transferred to the sawmill where they are trimmed and cut to the required dimensions. Next, the rough-cut wood is sent to the planer for surfacing. Chips and sawdust from sawing and planing are retained and sold to Scott Paper Company in Everett. The lumber is then sorted by hand and sent off to be dipped, dried, or endsealed if necessary. Buse personnel manually spray a product called Light Green Endseal on the ends of the lumber. This water-based paint is a nonhazardous waste defined in RCRA 40 CFR 261. After the endseal has dried, the lumber is banded and wrapped for shipment.

Lumber that is being shipped long distances is sometimes treated in a dip tank with antistain chemicals called Britewood S or Britewood Q sapstain control. These are phenolate solutions that contain sodium ortho-phenylphenate. The bundled lumber is dipped into a 28 by 5 by 5-foot-deep steel tank (approximately 5,300 gallons) that contains one of the above products. After the wood is dipped, it rests over a drip pan, which drains back into the tank. The company adds 50 gallons per month to the tank. According to Mr. Buse, because the solution is constantly agitated by compressed air, sludge does not develop at the bottom of the tank. The company has not had to dispose of any sludges since tank installation (Buse 1994). Eighty percent of the tank is underground and is surrounded by a concrete-walled pit, which acts as a secondary containment system. At the bottom of the pit is a sump that pumps the Britewood solution back into the tank. Table 2-1 lists waste-related activities at Buse.

Occasionally, lumber must be kiln dried for special orders. The company has four gasheated drying kilns for this purpose. Carts of lumber are rolled into the kiln on tracks and heated to 180 degrees under controlled humidity for 3 days (URS 1994a).

Until 1986, the company used pentachlorophenol (PCP) to treat lumber in a dip tank with no cover or secondary containment. On a complaint from EPA and on the advice of the company's chemical supplier, the mill switched to a product called PQ8. At the same time, the dip tank was moved into a shed in an area that is asphalted and bermed. The soils in the former diptank area were simply paved over (Ecology 1990).

In 1986, the EPA sponsored studies to determine whether wood treatment chemicals were entering the soil from lumber mills across the state of Washington. A sediment sample taken from a storm drain near the former dip tank revealed PCP and

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**Table 2-1** Hazardous-Waste-Related Activities On Site

Activity/Process	Dates	Waste(s) Produced	Storage/Disposal Method(s)	Containment Features	Hazardous Constituents
PCP wood treating	1946-86	PCP sludge	Landfilled	Tank without	PCP
				containment	

Source: URS 1994a, Ecology 1990

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trichlorophenol (TCP) at 240 mg/kg, and 47.5 mg/kg respectively. A sediment sample taken from Union Slough revealed 1.97 mg/kg PCP and 0.89 mg/kg TCP.

In 1989, Ecology recommended that Buse Timber & Sales be placed on the EPA CERCLIS list of potential hazardous waste sites. The detection of PCP and TCP in the sediments on and around the site prompted the Washington Department of Ecology to conduct a preliminary assessment (PA), which was completed in November 1990 (Ecology 1990). The Ecology PA recommended that the site be scored using the revised Hazard Ranking System (HRS) before further on-site investigations were conducted.

On June 13, 1990, a Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inspection by Ecology revealed several polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) violations at the mill. Buse was fined a total of \$7,650 (Ecology 1992a).

In June 1992, Ecology again sampled sediments from the same locations as the 1986 EPA sampling effort. Although this round of sampling revealed no evidence of either PCP or TCP in the drain or slough, it revealed petroleum contamination in Union Slough. However, Ecology found no evidence linking the petroleum contamination in the slough with operations at Buse Timber & Sales (Ecology 1992a).

During the URS site visit on March 14, 1994, a rapid immunoassay field screening kit specific for PCP was used to test sediments from the tidal gate slough north of the mill. The results of this screening indicated that PCP was present at concentrations of at least 0.5 ppm in the slough sediments (URS 1994a) (see Table 2-1).

Buse Timber & Sales operates with coverage under the Storm Water Baseline General Permit SO3-000097 (Ecology 1992b).

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### 3.0 EXPOSURE PATHWAYS AND POTENTIAL TARGETS

### 3.1 GROUNDWATER PATHWAY

# 3.1.1 Geology and Hydrogeology

Everett is located in the central part of the Puget Sound Lowland, which is a broad, rolling, glacial drift plain of low relief bordered by the Olympic and Cascade Mountains. The geologic features of the Puget Sound Lowland are primarily the result of the Fraser Glaciation, when the Puget glacial lobe made its last advance into the region. The sediments deposited during this time are collectively called "drift" and cover much of the lowland (Haase 1987).

In the Everett area, the glacial history is complicated by repeated advance and retreat episodes of glacial movement. This resulted in the deposition of several drift units, ranging from tills, sands, outwash gravels, silts, and clays to glaciomarine and terrace deposits.

The site is located in the delta region of the Snohomish River. The geology underlying the facility consists mainly of alluvial river deposits derived from glacial sediments and upstream surficial geologic materials. Washington State Department of Transportation boring logs from Interstate 5 bridges across the Snohomish River and the sloughs indicate silts, clays, and sands with small amounts of gravel, shell debris, and decomposing wood debris from the ground surface to more than 130 feet below ground surface (bgs)(DOH 1965).

There are three aquifer systems in the area: recent alluvial deposits associated with the Snohomish River and Union Slough, the Marysville sand member, and the Esperance sand member. The static water level at the site is probably within a range of 10 to 15 feet bgs (Ecology 1990). The depth to the water table varies due to tidal and river flow volume influences. The groundwater in this area is not used for domestic purposes, according to Ecology (Ecology 1990). However, two wells designated as domestic have been identified on Smith Island.

The average annual net precipitation in the Everett area is 18.5 inches (Ecology 1990).

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### 3.1.2 Groundwater Targets

Only about 1 percent of the population within 4 miles of the site uses wells as the primary source of drinking water (Ecology 1990). Everett and the surrounding territory (including Marysville and the Tulalip Indian Reservation) are served by water collected from the 60-square-mile Sultan Basin. The water is stored 30 miles southeast of Everett in the Spada Reservoir, which has a capacity of 50 billion gallons (Wolcott 1994). Approximately 102 domestic and 54 community wells are located within a 4-mile radius of the site. An estimated 1,023 people use these wells for drinking water. However, only two of these wells are on Smith Island. All other wells within 4 miles are separated from the site by either the Snohomish River or the sloughs. Since the river and sloughs are groundwater divides, it is unlikely that contamination from the site could affect groundwater on the other side of these water bodies. A breakdown of groundwater drinking water populations within 4 miles of the site is shown in Table 3-1 (USDC 1990).

Table 3-1
Groundwater Drinking Populations Within 4 Miles of the Buse Timber & Sales Site

Distance from Site (miles)	Number of Domestic Wells	Estimated Domestic Population	Number of Community Wells	Community Well User Population	Total Population
On site	1	2	0	0	2
0 to 0.25	0	0	0	0	0
0.25 to 0.5	0	0	0	0	0
0.5 to 1	1	2	1	10	12
1 to 2	3	7	1	10	17
2 to 3	54	129	18	180	309
3 to 4	102	243	34	340	583
Total	161	383	54	540	923

Note: Domestic well population is based on an estimate of 2.38 people per household to obtain person/household/well except for wells on site. It is known that two persons reside on site (USDC 1990; U.S. EPA 1994a). Community well population assumes 10 persons per well.

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### 3.2 SURFACE WATER PATHWAY

### 3.2.1 Surface Water Flow

The Buse Timber site is located adjacent to and south of Union Slough on Smith Island north of the Snohomish River. The site is relatively flat, with a general slope less than 5 degrees toward the northeast. The area has a relatively mild and wet climate and a 2-year, 24-hour precipitation of 2.3 inches (Ecology 1990). The site is located within the 100-year flood plain.

The Soil Conservation Service has mapped the soils in the area as Puget-Sultan Pilchuck. These soils are very deep and range from poorly drained to excessively drained, nearly level soils on the floodplain (USDA 1983).

Precipitation accumulating on site would tend to percolate into the ground or flow north; storm sewer drains are located on site to assist in surface water drainage. The on-site surface water flow would eventually reach Union Slough by either the storm sewer or overland flow. The storm sewer has a tidal gate to prevent saltwater from entering the storm sewer system. During the URS 1994 site visit, the stormwater system appeared to be in satisfactory condition.

The flow of Union Slough depends on tidal influences. Union Slough is 120 feet wide adjacent to the site and the Snohomish River is 850 feet wide. Average annual flow of the Union Slough is approximately 5,000 cubic feet per second (cfs). The average discharge in the Snohomish River for the past 29 years is 9,605 cfs (Miles 1992).

### 3.2.2 Surface Water Quality

As revealed by past sampling events, elevated concentrations of pentachlorophenol (PCP) and trichlorophenol (TCP) have been identified in sediments collected from the tidal gate slough which drains into the Union Slough. These elevated concentrations of contaminants have likely impacted the habitability of the slough for fish and other aqueous species.

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# 3.2.3 Surface Water Targets

There are no surface water intakes for drinking water use within 15 miles downstream of the site. At approximately 1.5 miles downstream from the site, both the Snomomish River and Union Slough empty into Possession Sound.

Two bodies of water in Possession Sound, at Port Gardner and Port Susan, are popular for non-Indian commercial fishing and Indian fishing and shellfish harvesting. The fish species observed in Port Gardner and Port Susan include chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha), chum salmon (Oncorhynchus keta), pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha), and coho salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch). The Snohomish River is an important migratory route for all of these anadromous fish species and is also home to the bull trout (Salvelinus confluentis) and the olympic mudminnow (Novumbra hubbsi), both of which are federal candidates for the endangered species list (WDW 1993). Port Gardner and Port Susan have an average annual harvest of 251,095 pounds of fish (WDF 1991) and an average annual harvest of 162,400 pounds of hardshell clams (WDF 1991).

Wetland frontage was calculated for the 1.5 miles downstream of Buse Timber to the point where both the Snohomish River and Union Slough enter the Pacific Ocean in Possession Sound. The frontage of wetlands in that span is 6 miles. National Wetlands Inventory maps classify this area as palustrine, estuarine, riverine, and forested wetlands. However, riverine and estuarine wetlands are also found in the areas downstream of the Buse site.

### 3.3 SOIL PATHWAY

### 3.3.1 Soil Description

The surface soils on site are classified as fill and alluvial soils deposited by the Snohomish River and extend 130 feet below the ground surface. These soils have low-to-moderate permeability estimated at 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/second (Freeze and Cherry 1979) and often become waterlogged in the winter. The underlying sediments consist of alluvial and glacial deposits.

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### 3.3.2 Soil Targets

The Buse Timber site is located within the city limits of Everett, which has a total population of 69,961 (USDC 1990). Residing within a 1-mile radius of the site are 154 people. Both Snohomish River and Union Slough, popular recreational areas, are located within 1 mile of the site. Although the Buse site is not fenced, it is physically separated from surrounding areas by sloughs and blackberries. There are no day cares or schools within 200 feet of the site. The closest resident lives within 200 feet west of the site. Residential populations identified within a 4-mile radius of the site are summarized in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2
Residential Populations Located Within 4 Miles of the Buse Timber & Sales Site

Distance From Site (miles)	Resident Population
0 to 0.25	7
0.25 to 0.5	10
0.5 to 1	137
1 to 2	7,743
2 to 3	22,792
3 to 4	19,801
Total Population	50,490

Source: U.S. EPA 1994a

### 3.3.3 On-Site Workers

Approximately 120 full-time employees work at the Buse facility.

### 3.4 AIR PATHWAY

### 3.4.1 Regional Characteristics

The Buse Timber site is located in the tideflats of the Snohomish River in a primarily industrial and agricultural mixed-use area. Possession Sound is located west of the site.

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The area has a relatively mild and wet climate, with a normal annual rainfall of 36.51 inches (NOAA 1992).

# 3.4.2 Air Targets

The residential population within 4 miles of the site is detailed in Table 3-3. The closest residence (owned by Buse) is located within 200 feet of the Buse Timber & Sales office. Although access to the Buse Timber site is limited by the Snohomish River and the Union Slough, there is a road to the site and the east boundary of the site abuts the Interstate 5 right of way.

Table 3-3
Wetlands Within 4 Miles of the Buse Timber & Sales Site

Distance from Site (miles)	Wetland Acreage (estimated)
Onsite	3
0 - ¼	10
1/4 - 1/2	40
1/2 - 1	150
1 - 2	560
2 - 3	1,000
3 - 4	580

Source: USDI 1987

There is one wetland of approximately 3 acres located on site. Approximately 200 acres of wetlands are located within 1 mile of the site. Table 3-3 gives a breakdown of wetlands within 4 miles of the site (USDI 1987).

### 3.4.3 Sensitive Areas

Washington State Department of Wildlife Sensitive Area maps were used to determine the presence of sensitive species within 4 miles of the site. The mouth of the Snohomish River, which is 1.5 miles from the site, is an estuary that supports bull trout and the

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olympic mudminnow. There are three bald eagle nesting sites between 1 and 2 miles from the site, and one nesting site in both the 2- to 3-mile and 3- to 4-mile ranges.

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### 4.0 SAMPLING PROGRAM

The media-specific sampling procedures were consistent with methodologies described in the field sampling plan (URS 1994b) and technical standard operating procedures (TSOP) (URS 1990b) for ARCS contract activity, as well as those described in EPA's A Compendium of Superfund Field Operations Methods (U.S. EPA 1987). All sampling equipment was decontaminated before and after use (TSOP 3.7). Four 8-ounce jars of sediment and soil (one each for SVs and PCBs, and two for inorganics and mercury) were collected from each sample station. All sample containers were clearly labeled with the EPA sample number, URS station number, replicate number (if applicable), date, time, type of sample, and sampling personnel (TSOP 2.4). Additionally, EPA sample tags were taped to the sample bottles, and the bottle lids were custody-label sealed. After sample collection, the containers were placed in a cooled ice chest maintained at approximately 4°C, as appropriate, for transport to an analytical laboratory (TSOP 2.3). The routine analytical service (RAS) samples (PCB and inorganics) were shipped to a different laboratory than the SAS samples (SVs). Additional preservation for water samples was conducted at the time of sampling. A chain-of-custody form was filled out and placed in the chest with the samples. The ice chests were sealed for shipment with duct tape and chain-of-custody seals. An accurate log of the sampling conducted and other information pertinent to the sampling were kept in the field logbook (TSOP 2.6). Photographs were taken during the sampling event and tracked in the field logbook (TSOP 2.5). Refer to Figure 4-1 and Table 4-1 for sample locations, rationale, and identifiers.

### 4.1 SEDIMENT SAMPLES (TSOP 5.5)

Sediments from the storm drain (sample SDDRN1) were characterized to assess the possible release of wood treating chemicals or their components. The sample locations were selected based on historical sampling results and best professional judgment. All sediment samples were collected as grab samples with a stainless steel spoon. The sediment was collected from the surface of the sediment where no water was present. Since no water was present in the catch basin, the catch basin sediment sample was collected from the bottom of the catch basin. The samples were transferred directly into the sample container. Sticks, rocks, and other large organic matter were removed. The on-site sediment sample was collected as close as possible to the area of sediment accumulation.

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Table 4-1 Sample Descriptions

Sample Number	Location	Rationale	Date:Time Collected
SSURO01	Treatment tank area surface soil	Characterize on-site surface soil	05/25/94:0820
SSUBO02	Treatment tank area subsurface soil	Characterize on-site subsurface soil	05/25/94:0844
SDDRN1	Storm drain catch basin	Characterize on-site sediments	05/25/94:0930
SDSD2	Storm drain outfall	Characterize outfall sediments	05/25/94:0957
SDSD3	Storm drain outfall	Characterize outfall sediments, quality control duplicate	05/25/94:1003
SDUS4	Tidal gate outfall to slough	Characterize on-site site slough sediments	05/25/94:1025
SSURBAK3	Off-site surface soil	Characterize background soil	05/25/94:1305
SSUBBAK4	Off-site subsurface soil	Characterize background subsurface soils	05/25/94:1310
ER01	Equipment rinsate	Quality assurance	05/25/94:1052
SBUSBK5	Union slough off-site sediment	Characterize background slough sediment	05/24/94:0940

# 4.2 SURFACE SOIL SAMPLES (TSOP 5.4)

To determine whether past practices have impacted on-site surface soil quality, one surface soil sample (SSURO01) was collected near the drain at the former dip tank location. Only one soil sample was collected because all other locations near the former dip tank location are paved. The sample was collected at a depth of 0 to 6 inches from the surface level at the location where it is suspected that wastes have been placed. An additional surface soil sample was collected off site to characterize background conditions (SSURBAK3). The background soil sampling location was collected from the residence of a home 2.9 miles southeast of the site. The background soils sampled are the alluvial soils in the valley of the Snohomish River. The map in Appendix B shows the exact location.

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The surface soil sample was collected using a decontaminated stainless steel trowel. The sample was placed immediately into the sample containers.

# 4.3 SUBSURFACE SOIL SAMPLES (TSOP 5.4)

To determine whether past site practices have impacted subsurface soil quality, a subsurface soil sample was collected. One subsurface sample (SSUBO02) was collected from the unpaved area southwest of the former dip tank area. The sample was collected at an approximate depth of 2 feet below surface level. An additional subsurface soil sample was collected off site to characterize background conditions (SSUBBAK4). The location of this sample was 2.9 miles southeast of the site (for location of background surface soil sample, see Appendix B). The background soil sample was not collected in an industrial or agricultural area.

The soil was excavated to the predetermined sampling depth by using a decontaminated hand auger at a right angle to the surface. Once the desired depth was reached, the decontaminated hand auger was used to collect a sufficient soil volume. The soil was placed into a decontaminated stainless steel bowl, homogenized, and placed into the sample containers.

The borehole was refilled with the excavated material using a stainless steel trowel.

# 4.4 TIDAL GATE SLOUGH, UNION SLOUGH, AND SNOHOMISH RIVER SEDIMENT SAMPLING (TSOP 5.5)

One sediment sample and one field duplicate sample were collected from the outfall basin that drains the area near the former dip tank (SDSD2 and SDSD3) to characterize outfall sediments. The sampling event was conducted during a low tide when sediments are exposed and easily accessible. The sample material was placed into the bowl, debris removed, and homogenized. The sediment was then placed into the sample containers.

The sediment samples from Union Slough (SDUS4 and SDUSBK5) were not collected near piers, pilings, or any other obvious source of wood treatment chemicals. Sample SDUS4 was collected from the tidal gate outfall area to characterize sediments that have entered Union Slough. During the low tide, the sample locations were easily accessible from the boat or shore. The sediment samples were collected following the procedure

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described for SDSD2. Because the area is located in the Snohomish River delta, a small boat was required for gathering background samples. Exact background sample locations were determined in the field and based on grain size comparison with site samples. The background Union Slough sample (SDUSBK5) was collected at the point where Union Slough joins the Snohomish River at its most upstream point. See the map in Appendix B for exact locations.

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### 5.0 SAMPLING RESULTS

The conditions used to define an "observed release" of a particular substance to any of the matrices sampled during the data evaluation process are summarized in Table 5-1 (U.S. EPA 1990a, 1990b). Discussions of data results in this report use the term "significant" to classify concentrations of detected chemicals based on the criteria described in Table 5-1. The results discussed in the following sections are limited to those substances determined to be significant (as defined in Table 5-1). Based on EPA Region 10 policy, aluminum, calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, sodium, and zinc (common earth crust metals) generally are employed only in water mass tracing, which is beyond the scope of this report. These elements will not be discussed further.

Table 5-1 Significance Criteria for Chemical Analysis

le Measurement < Sample Quantitation Limit
--

No observed release is established; the result is not identified as "significant"

### Sample Measurement ≥ Sample Quantitation Limit®

An observed release or "significant" result is established as follows:

If the background concentration is not detected (or is less than the detection limit), an observed release or significant result is established when the sample measurement equals or exceeds the sample quantitation limit.<sup>a</sup>

If the background concentration equals or exceeds the detection limit, an observed release or significant result is established when the sample measurement is three times or more above the background concentration.

Source: U.S. EPA 1994b

<sup>a</sup>If the SQL cannot be established, determine if there is an observed release as follows: If the sample analysis was performed under the EPA CLP, use the EPA CRQL in place of the SQL. If the sample analysis was not performed under the EPA CLP, use the detection limit in place of the SQL.

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The tables provided in the following discussion include all reported concentrations of any metals, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), semivolatiles (SVs), and chlorinated phenols detected in at least one sample collected on May 25, 1993. The laboratory data results and data validation reports are provided in Appendix C. A summary table of the target and actual data quality objectives of the Buse Timber field sampling are also presented in Appendix H. Only four chemicals were detected in significant concentrations and only in sediment samples collected from the storm drain catch basin and the storm drain outfall. It should be noted that detection limits varied considerably between and among samples. There were also a high number of qualified results. Only four organics results, three chlorinated phenols results, and one PCB result were unqualified among all SV, PCB, and chlorinated phenol detections.

### 5.1 ON-SITE SURFACE SOIL

None of the on-site surface soil results meet the criteria listed in Table 5-1 for significant concentrations. Results are summarized in Table 5-2. All samples collected during this investigation were analyzed for metals, PCBs, SVs, and chlorinated phenols as described in the field sampling plan (URS 1994b). No information was available in the data validation reports to assign a bias (high or low) to the qualified ("J") sample results identified in Table 5-2. Because the appropriate comparable sample for determining elevated concentrations in a surface soil sample is a background surface soil sample, SSURO01 was compared to SSURBAK3 (see Table 5-2).

### 5.1.1 Metals Analyses

Metals detected in the off-site background surface soil sample (SSURBK3) are summarized in Table 5-2. The metals detected represent concentrations for natural soils in the Snohomish River basin.

Metals detected in the on-site surface soil sample collected at the Buse site are summarized in Table 5-2. For the on-site soil sample location, see Figure 4-1.

### 5.1.2 PCB Analyses

PCBs were not detected in the off-site background surface soil sample or in the on-site surface soil samples.

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Table 5-2 Surface Soil Sampling Results for Buse Timber and Sales, Inc. May 25, 1994

Substance Detected	Off-site Background Soil SSURBAK3	Treatment Tank Area Surface Soil SSURO01	Treatment Tank Area Surface Soil Laboratory Duplicate SSURO01 DS
Total Metals (mg/kg)			
Aluminum	20900	18200	19700
Arsenic	22 J	20 J	17 J
Barium	108	50.5 J	52.9
Beryllium	0.49 J	0.34 J	0.37 J
Cadmium	0.35 J	0.24 J	0.2 U
Calcium	3010	2940	3280
Chromium	86.3	54.1	58.1
Cobalt	23.6	9.25	9.63
Copper	45.5	40.1	41.1
Iron	30300	30100	31300
Lead	52.3	12 J	14 J
Magnesium	8720	8840	9250
Manganese	417	298	311
Mercury	0.0575	0.0749	0.076
Nickel	64.1	36.2	39.3
Potassium	905	2410	2500
Selenium	6 U	15 J	15 J
Sodium	299	335	362
Thallium	6 J	5 U	8 1
Vanadium	66	68.6	70.3
Zinc	89.6	57.9	61.2
Semivolatiles (ug/kg)			
Di-n-butylphthalate	32 J	470 U	NAF

### Notes:

J =value is an estimate

mg/kg = milligrams per kilograms

NAF = not analyzed for

U =sampe was undetected

ug = Microgram (1E-6 gram)

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### 5.1.3 Semivolatile Organic Analyses

Di-n-butylphthalate was detected in the background sample (SSURBAK3) at an estimated concentration of 32  $\mu$ g/kg. There were no detections of any SVs in the on-site surface soil sample.

### 5.1.4 Chlorinated Phenol Analyses

There were no significant detections of any chlorinated phenols in any of the surface soil samples.

# 5.2 SUBSURFACE SOIL

None of the subsurface soil results meet the criteria listed in Table 5-1 for significant concentrations. Results are summarized in Table 5-3. All samples collected during this investigation were analyzed for metals, PCBs, SVs, and chlorinated phenols as described in the field sampling plan (URS 1994b). No information was available in the data validation reports to assign a bias (high or low) to qualified ("J") sample results identified in Table 5-3. Because the appropriate comparable sample for determining elevated concentrations in a subsurface soil sample is a background subsurface soil sample, SSUBO02 was compared to SSUBBAK4 (see Table 5-3).

### 5.2.1 Metals Analyses

Metals detected in the off-site background subsurface soil sample (SSUBBK4) are summarized in Table 5-3. The metals detected represent concentrations for natural soils in the Snohomish River basin.

Metals detected in the on-site subsurface soil sample collected at the Buse site are summarized in Table 5-3. For the on-site soil sample location, see Figure 4-1.

### 5.2.2 PCB Analyses

PCBs were not detected in the off-site background subsurface soil sample or in the on-site subsurface soil samples.

Table 5-3
Subsurface Soil Sampling Results for Buse Timber and Sales, Inc.
May 25, 1994

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Substance Detected	Offsite Background Subsurface Soil SSURBAK4	Treatment Tank Area Subsurface Soil SSUBO02
Inorganics (mg/kg)		
Aluminum	18800	18200
Arsenic	17 J	25 J
Barium	70.9	46.4
Beryllium	0.28 J	0.3 J
Calcium	2530	2630
Chromium	61.5	79.4
Cobalt	13.2	9.92
Соррег	34	41.4
Iron	28300	26500
Lead	12 J	9.8 J
Magnesium	7690	8630
Manganese	223	248
Mercury	0.0485	0.0668
Nickel	32.7	44.9
Potassium	985	2230
Selenium	6 J	13 J
Sodium	269	543
Thallium	7 J	6.2 J
Vanadium	63.3	69.6
Zinc	57.4	52.7
Semivolatiles (ug/kg)		
Di-n-butylphthalate	33 Ј	510 U

### Notes:

J = value is an estimate

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

U = sample was undetected

ug = Microgram (1E-6 gram)

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### 5.2.3 Semivolatile Organic Analyses

Di-n-butylphthalate was detected in the background sample (SSURBAK4) at an estimated concentration of 33  $\mu$ g/kg. There were no detections of any SVs in any of the on-site subsurface soil samples.

# 5.2.4 Chlorinated Phenol Analyses

There were no significant detections of any chlorinated phenols in any of the subsurface soil samples.

### 5.3 STORM DRAIN SEDIMENT

Data results that satisfy the criteria listed in Table 5-1—described in this section to be significant—are highlighted in Table 5-4. All samples collected during this investigation were analyzed for metals, PCBs, SVs, and chlorinated phenols as described in the field sampling plan (URS 1994b). No information was available in the data validation reports to assign a bias (high or low) to qualified ("J") sample results identified in Table 5-3. Because the appropriate comparable sample for determining elevated concentrations in a sediment sample is a background sediment, sediment samples were compared to SDUSBK5 (see Table 5-4, Sediment Soil Sampling Results for Buse Timber & Sales, Inc., May 25, 1994).

### 5.3.1 Metals Analyses

Metals detected in the off-site background sediment sample represent concentrations expected for sediments in the Snohomish River estuary conditions. Results for all sediment samples are summarized in Table 5-4. For sample locations, see Figure 4-1.

There were several significant detections of metals in the on-site sediment samples. Lead and mercury were detected in the samples collected from the storm drain catch basin (SDDRN1) and the duplicate samples collected at the outfall for that storm drain (SDSD2 and SDSD3). Lead was detected in sample SDDRN1 at 57 mg/kg and in sample SDSD3 at 56.2 mg/kg, but the concentration of lead in duplicate sample SDSD2 was not significant. Mercury was detected in sample SDDRN1 at 1.84 mg/kg and in sample SDSD2 at 0.282 mg/kg, but the result for duplicate sample SDSD3 was not

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Table 5-4
Sediment Sampling Results for Buse Timber and Sales, Inc.
May 25, 1994

Substance Detected	Union Slough Background Sediment SDUSBK5	Storm Drain Catch Basin Sediment SDDRNI	Storm Drain Outfall Sediment SDSD2	Storm Drain Outfall Sediment Duplicate SDSD3	Union Slough Tidal Gate Sediment SDUS4
Total Metals (mg/kg)					
Aluminum	17600	<i>,</i> 7410	3790	5030	14400
Antimony	3.2 J	3 UJ	3.4 J	5.6 J	3 UJ
Arsenic	15 J	8 J	6.7 J	7.7 J	10 J
Barium	61.2	51.2	63.9	69.3	45.6
Beryllium	0.41 J	0.15 J	0.13 J	. 0.15 J	0.33 J
Cadmium	0.29 J	0.56 J	1.9 J	2 J	0.23 J
Calcium (	3770	3770	2770	2920	4540
Chromium	72.5	182	96.3	94.6	102
Cobalt	16.5	238	10.6	11.4	29.6
Copper	44.1	108	57.2	69.3	36.2
Iron	25900	13200	16700	18000	26900
Lead	11 J	57	39.9	56.2	13 J
Magnesium	9380	5300	2250	2880	8560
Manganese	385	188	144	153	263
Мегсигу	0.0694	1.84	0.282	0.159	0.103
Nickel	56.8	56.8	59	60.1	67.9
Potassium	1380	524	380 J	511	1380
Selenium	6.5 J	6 U	6 U	11 J	9.7 J
Sodium	440	378	797	952	3210
Thallium	5 U	5 U	5.2 J	5 U	7.4 J
Vanadium	53	32.3	18.1	22.7	45.4
Zinc	76.8	329	231	262	62.5
PCBs (ug/kg)					
Aroclor 1254	70 U	1090	460J	600 J	75 U

### Notes:

Highlighted values indicate sample was detected at significant concentrations based on the criteria in Table 5-1.

J = Value is an estimate

U = Sample was undetected

ug = Microgram (1E-6 gram)

UJ = analyte was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit. However, the reported quantitation limit is an estimate

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# Table 5-4 (Continued) Sediment Sampling Results for Buse Timber and Sales, Inc. May 25, 1994

Substance Detected	Union Slough Background Sediment SDUSBK5	Storm Drain Catch Basin Sediment SDDRN1	Storm Drain Outfall Sediment SDSD2	Storm Drain Outfall Sediment Duplicate SDSD3	Union Slough Tidal Gate Sediment SDUS4
Semivolatile (ug/kg)					
2-Methylnaphthalene	610 U	4600 U	1900 U	3700 J	610 U
2-Methylphenol	610 U	4600 U	30000 U	2900 J	610 U
4-Methylphenol	140 J	4600 U	2100 J	2900 J	610 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	610 U	380 J	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	610 U	650 J	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Chrysene	610 U	320 J	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Di-n-butylphthalate	42 J	4600 U	30000 U	1700 J	610 U
Di-n-octylphthalate	610 U	520 J	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Diethylphthalate	34 J	4600 U	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Fluoranthene	110 J	400 J	30000 U	29000 U	610 U
Pentachlorophenol	1500 U	460 J	73000 U	70000 U	1500 U
Phenanthrene	74 J	240 J	30000 U	1800 J	610 U
Pyrene	130 J	750 J	2200 J	1800 J	610 U
Chlorinated Phenois (og/kg)					
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	18 U	16 J	43 U	56 U	20 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	18 U	16 U	43 U	56 U	10 J
2,4-Dichlorophenol	18 U	16 J	43 U	56 U	20 U
2,6-Dichlorophenol	18 J	16 J	109 J	56 U	40 J
2-Phenylphenol	18 U	32	43 J	56 U	20 J
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	18 U	8 J	22 Ј	56 U	20 U
Pentachlorophenol	18 U	71	109	56 U	10 U

#### Notes:

Highlighted values indicate sample was detected at significant concentrations based on the criteria in Table 5-1.

J = Value is an estimate

U = Sample was undetected

ug = Microgram (1E-6 gram)

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significant. There is no known source for mercury on the Buse site. The only known source of lead on the Buse site is leaded gasoline used in vehicles operated on the site.

# 5.3.2 PCB Analyses

No PCBs were detected in the off-site background sediment sample.

One PCB compound was detected in one on-site sample at a significant concentration. Aroclor 1254 was detected at 1,000  $\mu$ g/kg in sample SDDRN1, the storm drain catch basin sample. Ecology noted several PCB violations in a 1990 TSCA inspection performed for the EPA (U.S. EPA 1991b). No other significant detections of PCBs were reported.

# 5.3.3 Semivolatile Analyses

Six SVs were detected at estimated concentrations in the off-site background sediment sample: 4-methylphenol, di-n-butylphthalate, diethylphthalate, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, and pyrene. See Table 5-4 for concentrations. No significant detections of SVs were reported for any of the on-site sediment samples.

### 5.3.4 Chlorinated Phenol Analyses

One chlorinated phenol (2,6-dichlorophenol) was detected at an estimated concentration of 18 mg/kg in the background sediment sample (SDUSBK5). All sample detections for chlorinated phenol analyses are reported in Table 5-4.

Pentachlorophenol was detected at significant concentrations in both the storm drain outfall sample (SDSD2) and in the storm drain catch basin sample (SDDRN1). Sample SDSD2 was reported to contain 109  $\mu$ g/kg pentachlorophenol and sample SDDRN1 was reported to contain 71  $\mu$ g/kg pentachlorophenol. The duplicate storm drain outfall sediment sample did not have any detections of chlorinated phenols. The detection limit for this duplicate sample was reported as 56  $\mu$ g/kg for pentachlorophenol. The storm drain catch basin sample (SDDRN1) reported a significant concentration of 2-phenylphenol at 32  $\mu$ g/kg.

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# 5.4 QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLES

Duplicate samples were collected during this field sampling event to evaluate the environmental variability at a location and the consistency of sample collection. The results from the duplicates collected at the Buse site reported detections of similar compounds. However, none of the significant detections in either sample was confirmed by a significant detection in the other sample. Sample detections and detection limits varied widely. For example, sample SDSD3 has a reported concentration of dinbutylphthalate of 1,700 (estimated) but the duplicate sample's (SDSD2) result is not detected at a detection limit of 30,000. Apparently, despite sample homogenization residual heterogeneity existed between the sample duplicates.

During the field sampling conducted at Buse Timber and Sales, an equipment rinsate sample (ERO01) was collected. The analytes detected in this sample are provided in Table 5-5. The equipment rinsate sample was collected after the stainless steel auger was decontaminated. None of the analytes detected in the rinsate sample were detected at significant concentrations in any of the environmental samples, indicating that cross contamination is not likely to have occurred.

### 5.5 SUMMARY

Significant quantities of lead, mercury, and pentachlorophenol were detected in the storm drain catch basin and storm drain outfall samples. One PCB (Aroclor 1254) and 2-phenylphenol were detected at significant quantities in the sediment sample collected from the storm drain catch basin. No other significant quantities of any other compound were detected in any sample.

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Table 5-5
Rinsate Sample Results for Buse Timber & Sales
May 25, 1994

	Equipment		
_	Rinsate		
Substance Detected	ER01		
Inorganies ug/kg			
Aluminum	5.8 UJ		
Iron	9.98 J		
Magnesium	25 J		
Manganese	0.21 UJ		
Sodium	5.4 UJ		
PCBs ug/kg			
	ND		
Semivolatiles ug/kg			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1 J		
Naphthalene	6 J		
Chlorinated Phenols ug/kg			
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.3 J		
Phenol	0.3 J		

### Notes:

J =value is an estimate

mg/kg = milligrams per kilograms

ND = none detected

U =sampe was undetected

ug = Microgram (1E-6 gram)

UJ = analyte was not detected above the reported ample quantitation limit.

However, the reported quantitation limit is an estimate.

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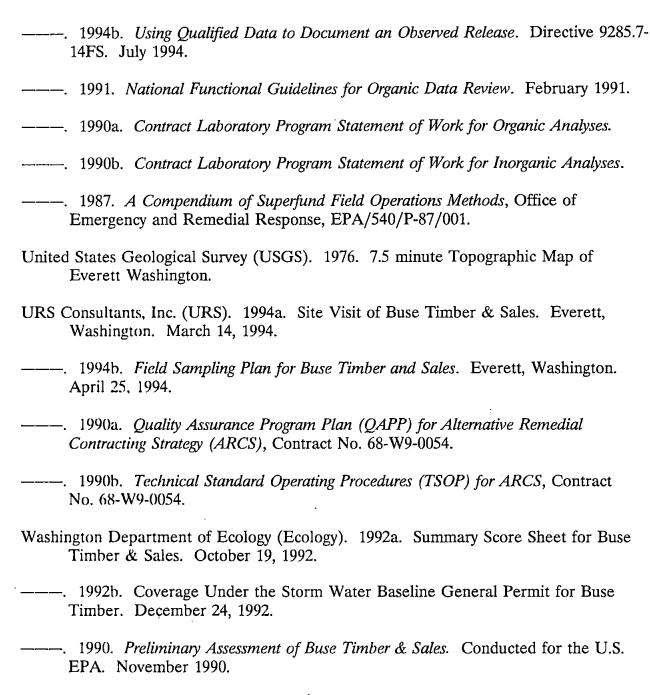
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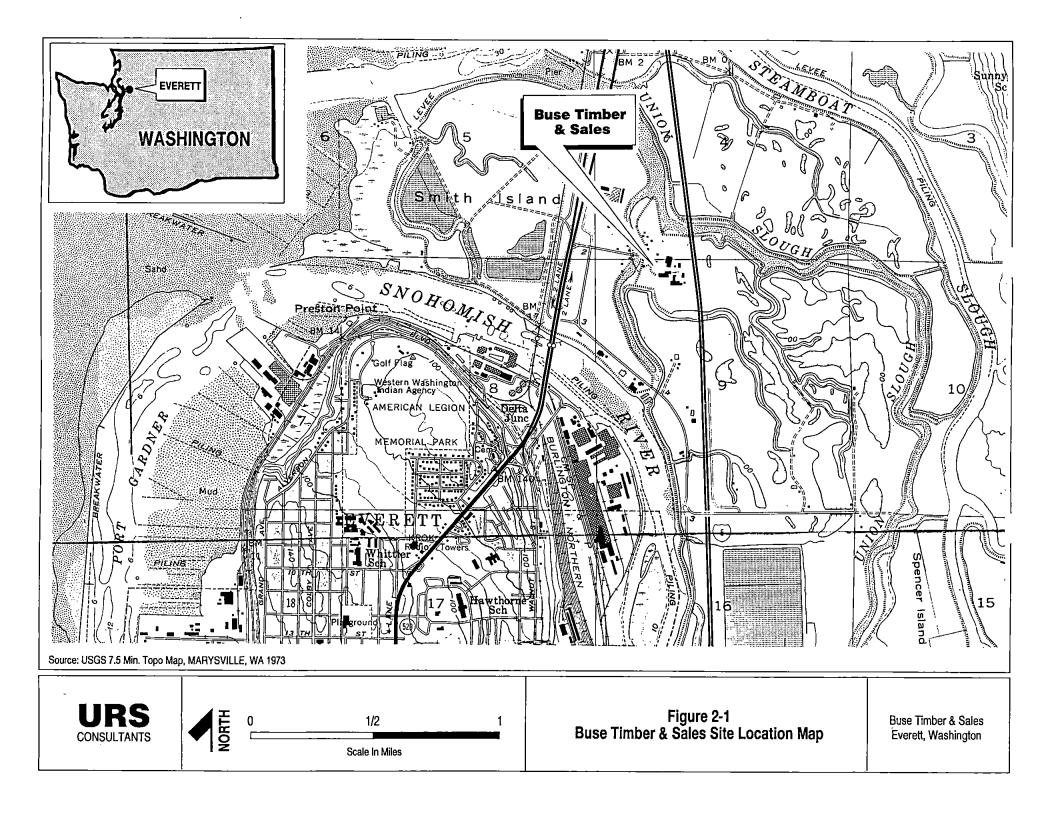


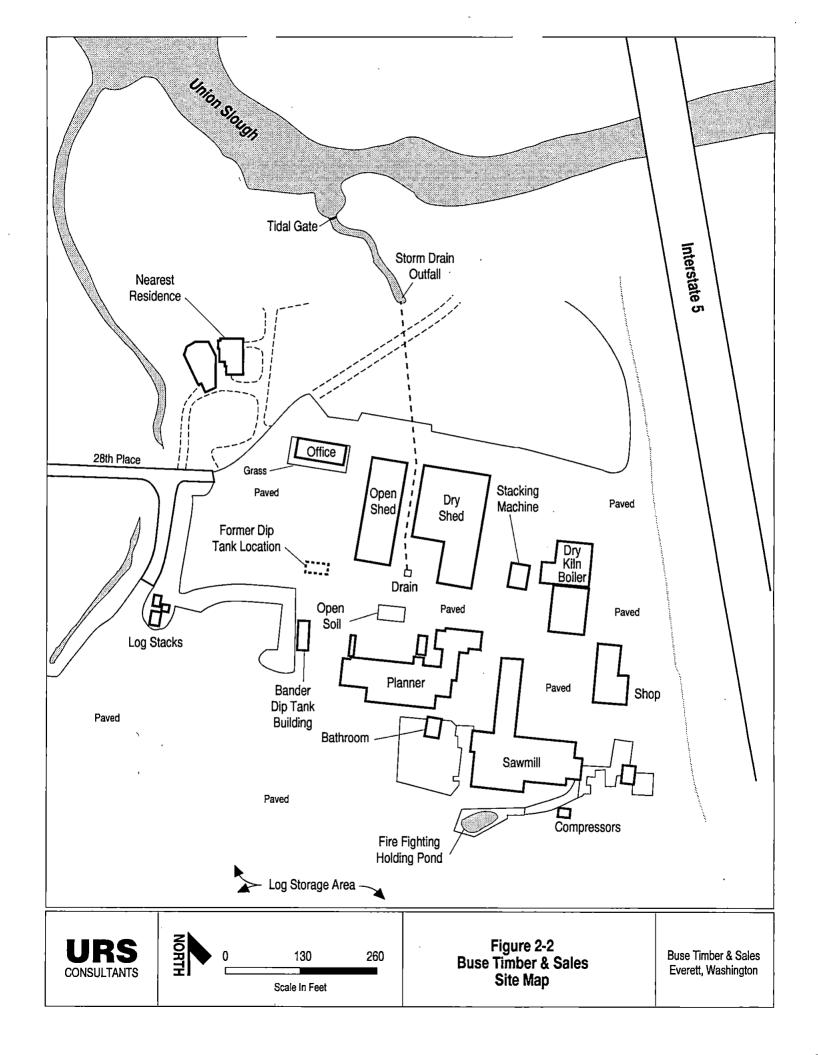
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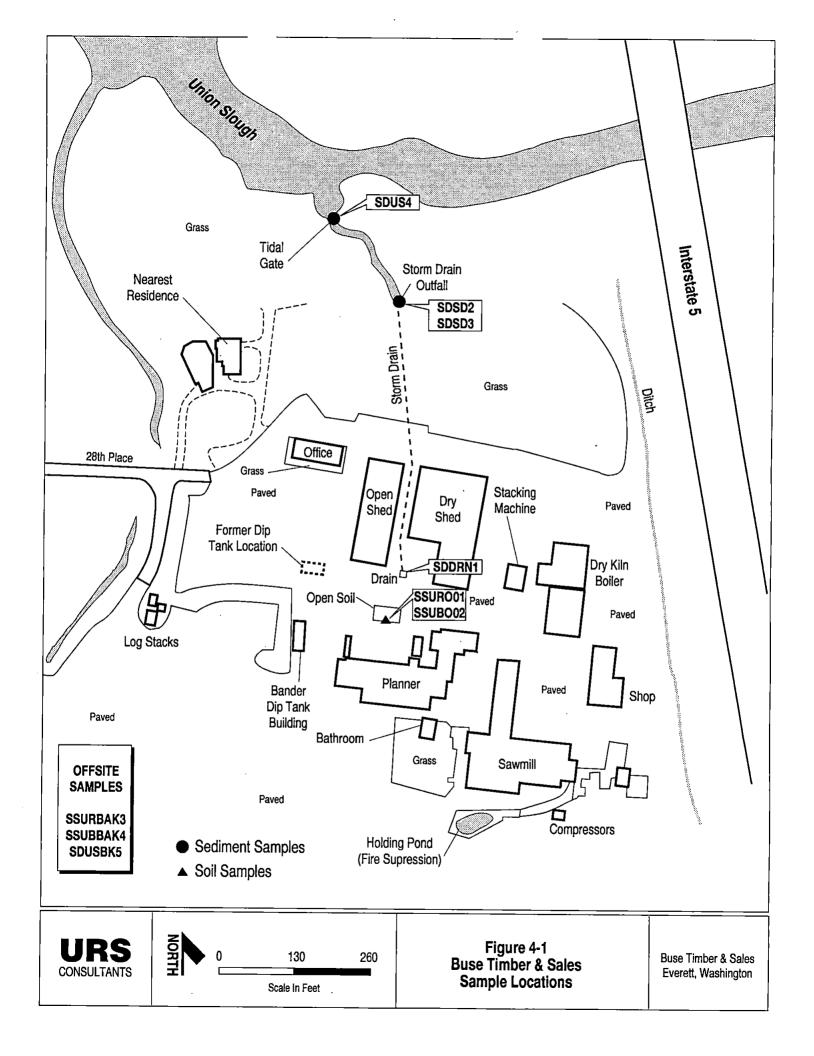
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### APPENDIX A

PHOTODOCUMENTATION OF MAY 24 AND 25, 1994, URS SAMPLING EVENT

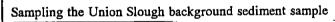
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Project Number 4162760.17	Buse Marine Construction and Repair, Inc.	Photographer(s) Signatures(s) Thomas Mercer Jeff Kesner	
Camera Type  Canon	Film Type/Speed Kodak 200 ASA	Roll Number	Date 8/15/94

Cation				8/15/94				
Frame	Date	Time	Orientation	Subject				
1	5-24-94	0940	S	JMK and TAM at Union Slough background				
2	5-24-94	0940	N_	Sampling the Union Slough background sediment sample				
3	5-24-94	0940	N	Sampling the Union Slough background sediment sample				
4	5-25-94	0818	N	JMK at SSUR01 sample location				
5	5-25-94	0920	sw	BUSE personnel attempting to remove catch basin cover				
6	5-25-94	0922	sw	BUSE personnel attempting to remove catch basin cover				
7	5-25-94	0926	NW	The catch basin where sample SDRN1 was collected				
8	5-25-94	0930	Down	TAM collecting sample SDRN1				
9	5-25-94	0946	W	Sample SDSD2 and SDSD3 location				
10	5-25-94	0959	NW	JMK sampling SDSD2				
11	5-25-94	1024	W	Panorama of tidal gate slough				
12	5-25-94	1024	WsW	Panorama of tidal gate slough				
13	5-25-94	1024	WSW	Panorama of tidal gate slough				
14	5-25-94	1025	sw	Collecting subaqueous tidal gate sediment sample				
15	5-25-94	1215	S	SSURBAK3 Abandoned location for background sample				
16	5-25-94	1301	SE	JMK preparing to sample background samples SSURBAK3 and SSUBBAK4 at Barbara Lawson's home				
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Date Delivered to	Processor	Date Received from	Processor	Comments				
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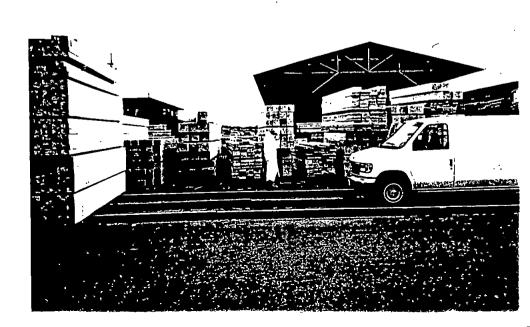




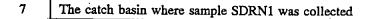


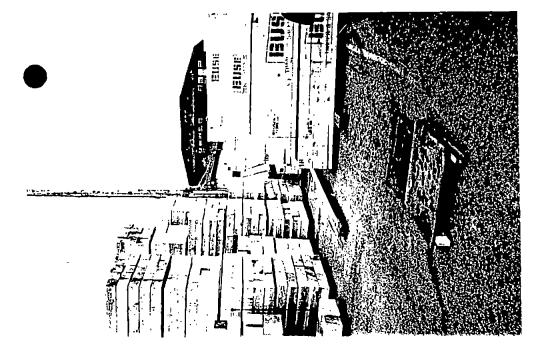


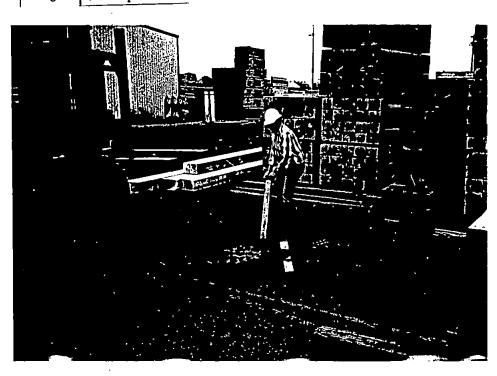
JMK at SSUR01 sample location



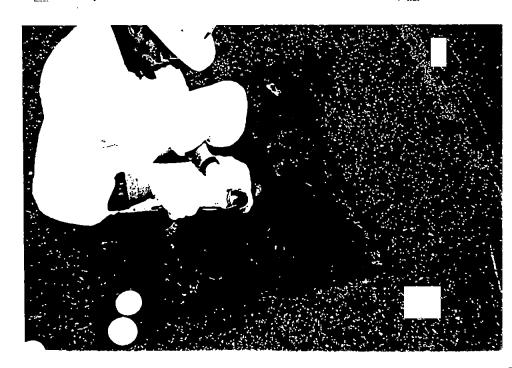




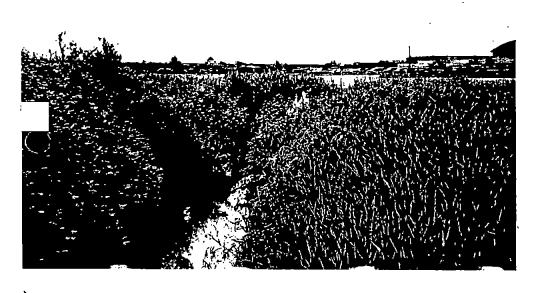




TAM collecting sample SDRN1



12



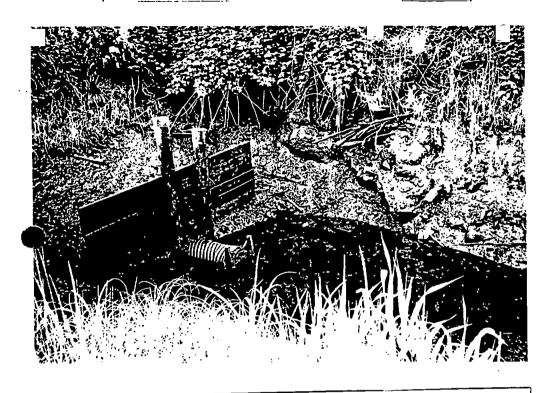


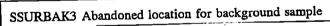
Panorama of tidal gate slough



Panorama of tidal gate slough







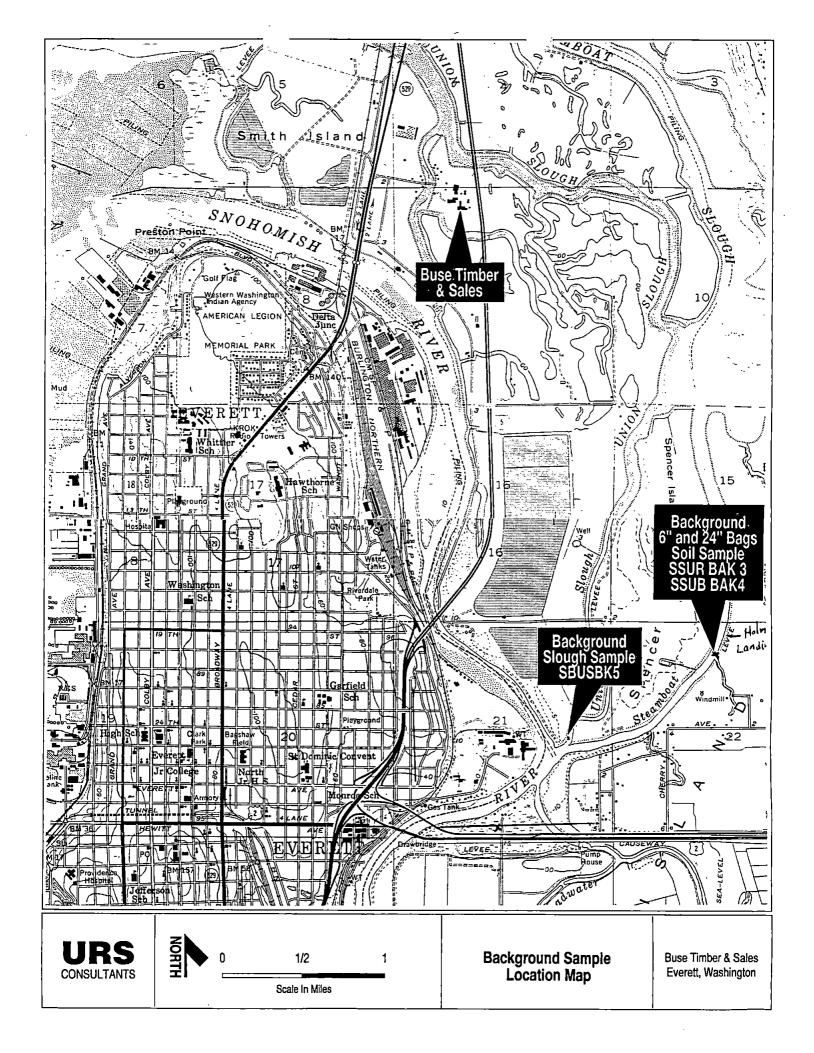




JMK preparing to sample background samples SSURBAK3 and SSUBBAK4 at Barbara Lawson's home 16



# APPENDIX B BACKGROUND SAMPLE LOCATION MAP



### APPENDIX C

LABORATORY DATA REPORTS AND DATA VALIDATION REPORTS FOR SAMPLES COLLECTED FOR BUSE TIMBER & SALES

JUL - 6 1994 Light



# URS CONSULTANT UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10 LABORATORY

7411 Beach Dr. East
Port Orchard, Washington 98366
June 28, 1994

#### **MEMORANDUM**

SUBJECT: Buse Timber (SSI) Total Metals in Soil Analysis

Samples Nos: 94214115 - 94214124

FROM: Isabel Chamberlain, Task Monitor, USEPA, Region 10

TO: David Bennet, Project Manager, USEPA, Region 10

#### FULL DATA REVIEW

I have reviewed the attached data package and the corresponding raw data. Based on this review, I find that the Self Evaluation Report prepared by the ESAT contractor was conducted in accordance with the Functional Guidelines, and that the data qualifiers recommended in the ESAT contractor's evaluation are appropriate.

**ESAT Region 10** ICF Technology Inc. 7411 Beach Drive East Port Orchard, WA 98366 Phone (206) 871-8760

ICF Technology Inc. ManTech Environmental

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

June 17, 1994

To:

Jerry Muth, Regional Project Officer, USEPA, Region 10

Isa Chamberlain, Task Monitor, USEPA, Region 10 David Bennett, Project Manager, USEPA, Region 10

THROUGH:

Barry Pepich, Team Manager, ESAT, Region 10/

FROM:

John Alexander, Senior Chemist, ESAT, Region 10

SUBJECT:

Quality Assurance Review of Buse Timber (SSI) Total Metals in Soil Analysis

Sample Nos: 94214115 - 94214124

Project Code: TEC-613A; Account Code: 4TFA10PUZZ

TID#:

10-9404-430

DOC#:

ESAT-10A-7075

WUD#: \_

1420

CC:

Bruce Woods, USEPA ROAMO, Region 10

Jeff Kesner, URS Consultants Inc., Seattle, WA

The following is a quality assurance review of the total metals analysis of nine soil samples and one field blank sample from the Buse Timber & Sales investigation, Everett, WA. The analysis was performed following CLP and laboratory guidelines by the ESAT Team at the USEPA Manchester Environmental Laboratory, Port Orchard, WA. This quality assurance review was conducted for the following samples:

94214115 94214116 94214117 94214118 94214119 94214120

94214121 94214122 94214123 94214124

#### **DATA QUALIFICATIONS**

The following comments refer to the ESAT Team's performance in meeting quality control specifications outlined in the CLP Statement of Work (CLP-SOW) for Inorganic Analysis, rev. ILMO3.0, the Manchester Environmental Laboratory Quality Assurance Manual, revision 5/88, and the Buse Timber & Sales Field Sampling Plan, Rev. 2, 05/04/94. The recommendations presented herein are based on the information provided for the review.

Buse ber & Sales Soil Samples Total Metals Analysis 94214115 - 94214124, TEC-613A

Doc No.: ESAT-10A-7075, Page 2

## 1.0 TIMELINESS - Acceptable

The suggested holding time from the date of collection for mercury in soil is 28 days and the holding time for remaining metals in soil is 180 days. The samples were collected on 05/24/94 and 05/25/94. Mercury analysis was completed by 06/02/94, nine days from collection. The remaining metals analyses were completed by 06/15/94, twenty-two days from collection. No qualification was recommended based on these holding time criteria.

## 2.0 SAMPLE PREPARATION - Acceptable

The samples were prepared using hot-plate digestion for total metals on 05/31/94 and for total mercury on 06/01/94. All procedures were in accordance with Manchester Laboratory and CLP protocols. Qualification was not recommended on this basis.

## 3.0 CALIBRATION - Acceptable

The samples were analyzed by ICP-AES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Atomic Emission Spectroscopy) on 06/15/94. The instrument was standardized according to the analytical method using a blank and a series of calibration standards.

The samples were analyzed by CVAAS (Cold Vapor Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy) on 06/02/94 for mercury. Initial calibration included a blank and at least four standards, as required. The curve was linear with a correlation coefficient greater than 0.995.

All calibrations met acceptable criteria therefore no qualification was recommended on this basis.

# 4.0 REFERENCE CONTROL SAMPLES/CALIBRATION VERIFICATION - Acceptable

Laboratory reference control samples are required before and after sample analysis and after every 10 samples during analysis. All control samples met frequency and recovery criteria of 90 - 110% for ICP-AES and 80 - 120% for CVAAS (mercury) analysis except for aluminum in the final ICP-AES control sample (111%) on 06/15/94. However, a second control standard run for initial and final control verification was within limits and was deemed to be more representative of the aluminum concentrations found in the samples. On this basis, no qualification was recommended.

#### 5.0 BLANKS

Procedural blanks were prepared with the samples to indicate potential contamination from the digestion or analysis procedure. If an analyte was found in the associated blank, the sample results were recommended for qualification if the analyte concentration was less than ten times the analytical value in the blank.

Calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese and sodium were detected in the ICP-AES procedural blank. The concentration of these analytes in the samples exceeded the minimum blank criterion except in the field blank sample 94214123. On this basis, (B) qualification was recommended for these analytes in sample 94214123.

Buse Total Metals Analysis

94214115 - 94214124, TEC-613A Doc No.: ESAT-10A-7075, Page 3

## 6.0 ICP-AES INTERFERENCE CHECK SAMPLE - Acceptable

The interference check sample (ICS) is analyzed by ICP-AES to verify interelement and background correction factors. Analysis is required at the beginning and end of each sample analysis run. The acceptance criterion for the ICS is 80% - 120%. All results met frequency and recovery requirements on the day of analysis.

### 7.0 DUPLICATE ANALYSIS - Acceptable

Duplicate analysis was performed on samples 94214115 for ICP-AES and CVAAS analyses. All relative percent difference (RPD) were within 20%, as required by the laboratory. No qualification was recommended on this basis.

### 8.0 FIELD DUPLICATE ANALYSIS - Not Applicable

Field duplicate analysis was not indicated in the field collection documentation.

#### 9.0 MATRIX SPIKE ANALYSIS

Matrix spike sample analyses are performed to provide information about the effect of the sample matrix on digestion and measurement methods. Manchester Laboratory and CLP guidelines specify that the matrix spike recovery must be within the limits of 75 - 125%. Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate analyses were performed on sample 94214115. All recoveries were within acceptable limits except for antimony (0/0%) in ICP-AES analysis. Low recoveries for antimony are not uncommon in soil matrices, and subsequent post spike analysis demonstrated acceptable recoveries which indicate that matrix interference was not the likely cause of the low matrix spike results. Based on these results, the (N) qualifier was recommended for attachment to all antimony results to denote potential bias due to loss of the analyte during digestion or analysis.

## 10.0 GRAPHITE FURNACE ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPEC. (GFAAS) QC - Not Applicable

This analytical method was not used for these samples.

## 11.0 ICP-AES SERIAL DILUTION - Acceptable

Sample 94214115 was analyzed by serial dilution and compared to the original, undiluted analyses in the ICP-AES procedure. All percent differences of analytes above 50 times the detection level were within the required 10% criterion range. No qualification was recommended on this basis.

## 12.0 DETECTION LIMITS - Acceptable

Sample results which fall below the instrument detection limit (IDL) are assigned the value of the instrument detection limit and the (U) qualifier is recommended for attachment. Any sample result falling between the detection limit and the quantitation limit is recommended for qualification as an estimate (P). This notifies the data user that the

Buse ber & Sales Soil Samples
Total Metals Analysis
94214115 - 94214124, TEC-613A
Doc No.: ESAT-10A-7075, Page 4

element was detected at the reported value, but below the minimum level of practical quantitation determined to be within precision limits of 10% relative standard deviation.

#### 13.0 OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF THE DATA

The quality assurance review of the data is based on the criteria outlined in the Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganics Analyses (7/88).

The following is a summary of the recommended qualification for soil samples from the Buse Timber site, EPA sample numbers 94214115, 94214116, 94214117, 94214118, 94214119, 94214120, 94214121, 94214122, 94214123 and 94214124. The (U) qualifier was recommended for attachment to sample results below the minimum level of detection. The (P) qualifier was recommended for attachment to sample results less than the laboratory's quantitation limit.

The (N) qualifier was recommended for attachment to antimony results (4.3% of the reported sample data) due to low matrix spike recovery. The (B) qualifier was recommended for calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese and sodium results (2.2%) in the equipment rinsate blank sample.

Definitions of laboratory data qualifiers are attached.

### **USEPA Region 10 Laboratory**

Below are the definitions for the qualifiers used in the metals area when qualifying data from metals analysis.

#### DATA QUALIFIERS

U		Element was analyzed but not detected. The associated numerical value is
		the instrument detection limit/method detection limit.

- P The analyte was detected above the Instrument Detection Limit, but not quantified within expected limits of precision. The laboratory has established minimum quantitation limits having a relative standard deviation of no more than 10%
- H The samples were analyzed after the suggested holding time limit.
- The reported value is an estimate because of the presence of interference.

  An explanatory note will be included with the report.
- Analyte is found in the analytical blank as well as the sample indicating possible/probable blank contamination. If analytes are found in any of the associated procedural blanks the concentration in the samples must be at least ten times the quantity observed in the blank. If the sample result fails these criteria the sample result is qualified (B).
- N Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.
- NAR There is no analysis result for this analyte.
- NA Not Applicable/Not Required.
- Sample was analyzed by method of standard additions.
- + Sample was analyzed by method of standard additions and the correlation coefficient was less than 0.995.
- The analyte was present in the sample.
- W Post spike out of specified range, and sample was less than 50% the spike added.

## **Manchester Environmental Laboratory** Final Report

Page 1

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name Project Officer**  : BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214115

: Reg sample

Station Description: SSURO01

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET					<del>-</del>			
Hg	Mercury	0.0749	mg/kg			•		
ICP	-RAS							
	Aluminum	18200	mg/kg		Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	UN
	Arsenic	20	mg/kg	P	Barium	50.5	mg/kg	•
	Beryllium	0.34	mg/kg	P	Cadmium	0.24	mg/kg	P
	Calcium	2940	mg/kg		Chromium	54.1	mg/kg	
	Cobalt	9.25	mg/kg		Copper	40.1	mg/kg	
	Iron	· 30100	mg/kg		Lead	12	mg/kg	P
	Magnesium	8840	mg/kg		Manganese	298	mg/kg	
	Nickel	36.2	mg/kg		Potassium	2410	mg/kg	
	Selenium	15	mg/kg	P	Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U
	Sodium	335	mg/kg		Thallium	5.0	mg/kg	ប
÷	Vanadium	68.6	mg/kg		Zinc	57.9	mg/kg	

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 2

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: Solid

:

SampleNumber

: 94214115

Type

: Duplicate

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr .		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
MET					<b>-</b>	<u> </u>	·			
Hg						i				3
	Mercury :	0.0760	mg/kg							
ICP	-RAS		,		•					
	Aluminum	19700	mg/kg			Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	UN	
	Arsenic	17	mg/kg	P		Barium	52.9	mg/kg	•	
	Beryllium	0.37	mg/kg	P		Cadmium	0.20	mg/kg	U	
-	Calcium	3280	mg/kg			Chromium	58.1	mg/kg		
	Cobalt	9.63	mg/kg			Copper	41.1	mg/kg		
	Iron	· 31300	mg/kg			Lead	14	mg/kg	P	
	Magnesium	9250	mg/kg			Manganese	311	mg/kg		
	Nickel	39.3	mg/kg	•		Potassium	2500	mg/kg		
	Selenium	15	mg/kg	P		Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U	
	Sodium	362	mg/kg			Thallium	8.0	mg/kg	P	,
	Vanadium	70.3	mg/kg	•		Zinc	61.2	mg/kg		N.

# **Manchester Environmental Laboratory** Final Report

Page 3

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix SampleNumber : Solid : 94214115

Type

: Matrix Spike

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr .	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET				<del></del>		<del></del>		<u> </u>
Hg	2.4+			•		•		•
	Mercury	92	%R					
ICE	P-RÀS	• -				•		
	Aluminum	NA			Antimony	0	%R	,
	Arsenic	91	%R		Barium	100	%R	•
	Beryllium	96	%R .		Cadmium	89	%R	
	Calcium	. NA	%R		Chromium	97	%R	
	Cobalt	94	%R		Copper	97	%R	
	Iron	· NA			Lead	91	%R	
	Magnesium	NA	%R	•	Manganese	100	%R	
	Nickel	95	%R		Potassium	na na	%R	
	Selenium	101	%R		Silver	81	%R	
	Sodium	NA	%R		Thallium	`. <b>97</b>	%R	•
	Vanadium	100	%R	•	Zinc	92	%R	` -

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 4

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name Project Officer : BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT

de : 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: Solid umber : 94214115

SampleNumber

Type

: Matrix Spike Dupl

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr .	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET		· · · · · ·	<u>.</u>	<del></del>			<del></del>
Hg							
Mercury	94	%R		•			
ICP-RAS					•	•	
Aluminum	NA			Antimony	0	%R	
Arsenic	89	%R		<b>Barium</b>	98	%R	•
Beryllium	94	%R		Cádmium	90	%R	
Calcium	NA	%R		Chromium '	99	%R	
Cobalt	93	%R		Copper	95	%R	
Iron	· NA	•		Lead	90	%R	
Magnesium	NA	%R		Manganese	100	%R	
Nickel	93	%R		Potassium	NA	%R	
Selenium	99	%R		Silver	. 80	%R	
Sodium	NA	%R		Thallium	94	%R	
- Vanadium	98	%R		Zinc	92	%R	1

# **Manchester Environmental Laboratory** Final Report

Page 5

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name Project Officer**  : BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214116

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SSUBO02

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Ana	alyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET									
Hg	Mercury	0.0668	mg/kg						,
ICP	'-RAS						2.0	a/ka	UN
	Aluminum	18200	mg/kg			imony	3.0	mg/kg	UN
	Arsenic	25	mg/kg	P	Bar	ium `	46.4	mg/kg	·
	Beryllium	0.30	mg/kg	P	Cad	lmium	0.20	mg/kg	U
	Calcium	2630	mg/kg		Chr	omium	79.4	mg/kg ·	
	Cobalt	9.92	mg/kg		Cop	рег	41.4	mg/kg	
	Iron	· 26500	mg/kg		Lea	ıd	9.8	mg/kg	P
		8630	mg/kg		Ma	nganese	248	mg/kg	
	Magnesium	44.9	mg/kg			assium	2230	mg/kg	
	Nickel			n	Silv		0.30	mg/kg	U
	Selenium	13	mg/kg	P					P
	Sodium	543	mg/kg			allium	6.2	mg/kg	<b>r</b>
	Vanadium	69.6	mg/kg		Zin	c .	52.7	mg/kg	

## **Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report**

Page 6

Project Code

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Sample Number : 94214117

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDDRN1

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
MET	,								- در
Hg									ď
_	Mercury	1.84	mg/kg						-
ICP	P-RAS								
	Aluminum	7410	mg/kg		Antimony	. 3.0	mg/kg	UN	
	Arsenic	8.0	mg/kg	P	Barium	51.2	mg/kg		
	Beryllium	0.15	mg/kg ′	P	Cadmium	0.56	mg/kg	P	
	Calcium	3770	mg/kg		Chromium	182	mg/kg		
	Cobalt	238	mg/kg		Copper	108	mg/kg		
	Iron	· 13200	mg/kg		Lead	57.0	mg/kg		
	Magnesium	5300	mg/kg		Manganese	188	mg/kg		
	Nickel	56.8	mg/kg		Potassium	524	mg/kg		
	Selenium	6.0	mg/kg	U ·	Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U	
	Sodium	378	mg/kg		Thallium	5.0	mg/kg	ប	
	Vanadium	32.3	mg/kg		Zinc	329	mg/kg	,-	1

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 7

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid : 94214118

SampleNumber

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDSD3

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr ,	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
MET	,							-	
Hg	•								
	Mercury	0.159	mg/kg				,	,	
	<u> </u>	1							
ICP	-RAS Aluminum	5030	mg/kg		Antimony	5.6	mg/kg	PN	
	Arsenic	7.7.	mg/kg	P	Barium	69.3	mg/kg	•	
	Beryllium	0.15	mg/kg	P	Cadmium	2.0	mg/kg	P	
	Calcium	2920	mg/kg		Chromium	94.6	mg/kg		
	Cobalt	11.4	mg/kg	• .	· Copper	69.3	mg/kg		
	İron	· 18000	mg/kg		Lead	56.2	mg/kg		
	Magnesium	2880	mg/kg		Manganese	153	mg/kg		
•	Nickel	60.1	mg/kg		Potassium	511	mg/kg		
	Selenium	11	mg/kg	P	Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U	
	Sodium	952	mg/kg		`Thallium	5.0	mg/kg	U	
	Vanadium	22.7	mg/kg		Zinc	262	mg/kg		- •

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 8

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

er : 94214119

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDSD2

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	F	Result	Units	Qlfr	
MET	: 1			· <u>-</u>			<u> </u>			_
Hg				-					,	
	Mercury	0.282	mg/kg							
ICP-	-RAS									
	Aluminum	3790	mg/kg		Antimony	3	1.4	mg/kg	PN	
•	Arsenic	6.7	mg/kg	P	Barium	6	53.9	mg/kg	•	
	Beryllium	0.13	mg/kg	P	Cadmium	1	.9	mg/kg	P	
	Calcium	2770	mg/kg		Chromium	9	6.3	mg/kg		
	Cobalt	10.6°	mg/kg		Copper	5	7.2	mg/kg		
	Iron	16700	mg/kg	•	Lead	3	19. <b>9</b>	mg/kg		
	Magnesium	2250	mg/kg		Manganese	. 1	144	mg/kg		
	Nickel	59.0	mg/kg		Potassium	3	80	mg/kg	P	
	Sélenium	6.0	mg/kg	ប	Silver	0	).30	mg/kg	U	
	Sodium	797	mg/kg		Thallium	5	5.2	mg/kg	<b>P</b> , 1	
	Vanadium	18.1	mg/kg		Zinc	2	231	mg/kg		_

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 9

Project Code

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI): DAVID BENNETT

Project Officer Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214120

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDUS4

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr <sub>.</sub>		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET			,					<u>-</u>	
Hg	Mercury	0.103	mg/kg						
ICP	-RAS	14400	mg/kg		` `	Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	UN
	Aluminum Arsenic	10.	mg/kg	P	1	Barium	45.6	mg/kg	,
	Beryllium	0.33 4540	mg/kg mg/kg	P	•	Cadmium Chromium	0.23 102	mg/kg mg/kg	P
	Calcium Cobalt	29.6	mg/kg			Copper	36.2	mg/kg	<b>.</b>
	Iron	· 26900 8560	mg/kg mg/kg			Lead Manganese	13 263	mg/kg mg/kg	P
•	Magnesium Nickel	67.9	mg/kg			Potassium	1380	mg/kg	
	Selenium	9.7 3210	mg/kg mg/kg	P		Silver Thallium	0.30 7.4	mg/kg mg/kg	U P
•	Sodium Vanadium	45.4	mg/kg			Zinc	62.5	mg/kg	

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 10

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name Project Officer : BUSE TIMBER (SSI) : DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214121

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SSURBAK3

	Analyte	Result ·	Units	Qlfr <sub>.</sub>	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	•
MET			<del></del> .	<del>,</del>		<del></del>			
Hg	Mercury	0.0575	, mg/kg		-	·			-
ICP	P-RAS	i							
	Aluminum	20900	mg/kg		Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	UN	
	Arsenic	22	mg/kg	P	Barium .	108	mg/kg	•	
	Beryllium	0.49	mg/kg	<b>P</b> .	Cadmium	0.35	mg/kg	P	
	Calcium	3010	mg/kg	•	Chromium	86.3	mg/kg		
	Cobalt	23.6	mg/kg		Copper	45.5	mg/kg		
	Iron	30300	mg/kg		Lead	52.3	mg/kg		
	Magnesium	8720	mg/kg		Manganese	417	mg/kg		
	Nickel ·	64.1	mg/kg		Potassium	905	mg/kg		
	Selenium	6.0	mg/kg	U	Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U.	
	Sodium	299	mg/kg		Thallium	6.0	mg/kg	P	•
• •	Vanadium	66.0	mg/kg		Zinc	89.6	mg/kg		

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 11

Project Code

: TEC-613A

Project Name Project Officer : BUSE TIMBER (SSI): DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214122

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SSURBAK4

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr .		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET			·	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Hg				•				•
Mercury	0.0485	mg/kg	-					
ICP-RAS								
Aluminum	18800	mg/kg			Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	UN
Arsenic	17	mg/kg	P		Barium	70.9	mg/kg	•
Beryllium	0.28	mg/kg	P		Cadmium	0.20	mg/kg	U
Calcium	2530	mg/kg			Chromium	61.5	mg/kg	
Cobalt	13.2	mg/kg		,	Copper	34.0	mg/kg	
Iron	· 28300	mg/kg		•	Lead	12	mg/kg	P
Magnesium	7690	mg/kg			Manganese	223	mg/kg	
Nickel	32.7	mg/kg			Potassium	985	mg/kg	•
Selenium	6.0	mg/kg	U		Silver	0.30	mg/kg	ប
Sodium	269	mg/kg			Thallium	7.0	mg/kg	P
Vanadium	63.3	mg/kg			Zinc	57.4	mg/kg	

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 12

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214123

Type

: Reg sample

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr <sub>.</sub>	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET		,				·		
Hg	Mercury	0.020	mg/kg	Ü				,
ICP	-RAS					2.0		UN
	Aluminum	5.8	mg/kg	P	Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	,
	Arsenic	4.0	mg/kg	U	Barium .	0.10	mg/kg	י <b>ט</b>
	Beryllium	0.050	mg/kg	U	Cadmium	0.20	mg/kg	U
	Calcium	18.5	mg/kg	В	Chromium	0.50	mg/kg	ប
	Cobalt	0.50	mg/kg	บ	Copper	0.30	mg/kg	U
		9.98	mg/kg	В	Lead	2.5	mg/kg	U
	Iron	25.0	mg/kg	В	Manganese	0.21	mg/kg	PB
	Magnesium			U	Potassium	45	mg/kg	ប
	Nickel	1.0	mg/kg			0.30	mg/kg	U
	Selenium	6.0	mg/kg	U .	Silver			
	Sodium	5.4	mg/kg	PB	Thallium	5.0	mg/kg	Ü
, •	Vanadium	0.30	mg/kg	ប	Zinc	0.40	mg/kg	U

# **Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report**

Page 13

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name Project Officer**  : BUSE TIMBER (SSI) : DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/24/94

Matrix

: Solid

SampleNumber

: 94214124

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SBUSBK5

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr <sub>.</sub>	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
MET	,	<del></del>		<del></del> :				·
Hg				•	•			
	Mercury	0.0694	mg/kg		•			
ICP	-RAS							
101	Aluminum	17600	mg/kg		Antimony	3.2	mg/kg	PN
	Arsenic	15	mg/kg	P	Barium	61.2	mg/kg	1
	Beryllium	0.41	mg/kg	P	Cadmium	0.29	mg/kg	P
	Calcium	3770	mg/kg		Chromium	72.5	mg/kg	
	Cobalt	16.5	mg/kg		Copper	· 44.1	mg/kg	
	İron	25900	mg/kg		Lead	11	mg/kg	P
	Magnesium	9380	mg/kg		Manganese	385	mg/kg	
	Nickel	56.8	mg/kg		Potassium	1380	mg/kg	
	Selenium	6.5	mg/kg	P	Silver	0.30	mg/kg	U
	Sodium	440	mg/kg		Thallium	5.0	mg/kg	U .
	Vanadium	53.0	mg/kg		Zinc	76.8	mg/kg	

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 14

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name Project Officer : BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT : 4TFA10PUZZ Collected

nected

Matrix

SampleNumber Type : S940531B : Blank

: Solid

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr <sub>.</sub>	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
MET		<del>-</del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>		
ICP-RAS								1
Aluminum	2.0	mg/kg	U	Antimony	3.0	mg/kg	U	
Arsenic	4.0	mg/kg	U	Barium	0.10	mg/kg	ប	
Beryllium	0.050	mg/kg	U	Cadmium	. 0.20	mg/kg	U	
Calcium	18.7	mg/kg		Chromium	0.50	mg/kg	U	
Cobalt	0.50	mg/kg	U	Copper	0.30	mg/kg	U '	
Iron	2.65	mg/kg		Lead	2.5	mg/kg	U	
Magnesium	22.0	mg/kg		Manganese	0.15	mg/kg	P	
Nickel	1.0	mg/kg	U	Potassium	45	mg/kg	Ú	
Selenium	6.0	mg/kg	U	Silver ·	0.30	mg/kg	U	
Sodium	<b>2.9</b> ·	mg/kg	P	Thallium .	5.0	mg/kg	U	
Vanadium	0.30	mg/kg	U	Zinc	0.40	mg/kg	U	

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 15

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

Solid

Sample Number

S940601B

Type

: Blank

Station Description:

MET

Hg

Mercury

Analyte

0.020

Result

mg/kg

Qlfr.

U

Units

Analyte

Result

Units

Qlfr

62760.760.605 Kesner 27.61



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY **REGION 10 LABORATORY**

7411 Beach Dr. East Port Orchard, Washington 98366 July 15, 1994

RECEIVED

JUL 25 1994

MEMORANDUM

URS CONSULTANTS

QA Review for PCBs from Buse Timber, Everett, WA SUBJECT:

FROM:

R. H. Rieck, Chemist R. M. Puch

TO:

Dave Bennett, Project Officer

### LESS THAN FULL DATA REVIEW

I have reviewed the attached data package and spot-checked approximately 10 percent of the corresponding raw data, as requested by the Superfund Project Manager. Based on this review, I find that it appears that the Self Evaluation Report prepared by the ESAT contractor was conducted in accordance with the Functional Guidelines, and that data qualifiers recommended in the evaluation appear to be appropriate.

#### **TEAMS - ZONE 2** ENVIRONMENT SERVICE ASSISTANCE

**ESAT Region 10** ICF Technology Inc. 7411 Beach Drive East Port Orchard, WA 98366 Phone (206) 871-8760

ICF Technology Inc. ManTech Environmental

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

July 14, 1994

TO:

Robert Rieck, GC Supervisor, USEPA, Region 10 accepted 7-15-94 R-D. Ruck

Dave Bennett, Project Officer, USEPA, Region 10

FROM:

Linda Karsonovich, Data Reviewer, ESAT, Region 10

THROUGH:

Barry Pepich, ESAT Team Manager, Region 10

SUBJECT:

Quality Assurance Review of PCB Samples from the Buse Timber, Everett, WA

site

TID#:

10-9404-430

DOC#:

ESAT 10A-7156

WUD#:

1423

CC:

Bruce Woods, USEPA ROAMO

Jeff Kesner, URS Consultants

Sheila Smith, Organic Technical Lead, ESAT, Region 10

John Finke, Chemist, ESAT, Region 10

The quality assurance (QA) review of one water and nine soil samples from the Buse Timber, Everett, WA site has been completed. These samples were analyzed for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) using SW-846 Method 8080 by the USEPA Region 10 Laboratory ESAT Team located in Manchester, WA. This QA review was conducted for the following samples listed by EPA sample codes:

Water	94214123			
Soil	94214115 94214119 94214124	94214116 94214120	94214117 94214121	94214118 94214122

#### DATA QUALIFICATIONS

The following comments refer to the laboratory performance in meeting the Quality Control Specifications outlined in the SW-846 Method 8080, the CLP Data Review Guidelines Draft 06/91, and the USEPA Region 10 Manchester Environmental Guidelines. recommendations presented herein are based on the information provided for the review.

#### TIMELINESS - Acceptable

The technical holding time for the extraction and analysis of soil samples is 14 days and 40 days respectively. The technical holding time for the extraction and analysis of water samples is seven days and 40 days respectively.

All samples were extracted and analyzed within the technical holding times. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### INITIAL CALIBRATION

The relative standard deviation (RSD) of the calibration factors of compounds quantified using a linear equation must be  $\leq 20\%$  for target compounds and  $\leq 30\%$  for surrogates. Compounds which are quantified using a quadratic equation must contain a minimum of five calibration levels and have a correlation coefficient of not less than 0.995.

A Perkin Elmer GC with dual columns (a DB-5 on the M channel and a DB-1701 on the N channel) and dual ECD detectors was used for this analysis. Two initial calibration sequences were included with the data set.

The first initial calibration was analyzed on 06/17/94. The sequence included a five point curve for PCB 1260 and single point standards of PCBs 1016, 1221, 1232, 1242, 1248, and 1254. Only the soil samples were analyzed with this sequence.

The soil and water samples were included in the second sequence analyzed on 06/20/94. This initial calibration contained only standards for PCB 1254. The analyst chose to report the sample results using the chromatograms obtained with this sequence. However, in order to obtain quantitation limits for the remaining PCBs the analyst chose to compare the 06/20 analyses to the standards injected on 06/17. A comparison of the PCB 1254 standard analyzed on 06/02/94 showed that the retention times had remained stable and that the average percent difference of the calibration factors of PCB 1254 ranged from 12.8-13.7 percent. Therefore, the reviewer felt that it was reasonable to assume that the response of the other PCBs had also remained stable, and no qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### CONTINUING CALIBRATION

The percent difference (%D) between the calculated and the true amount for each compound must not exceed  $\pm 15\%$ . The absolute retention time of the compounds must be within the windows determined from the initial calibration.

Retention times were within the windows set by the initial calibration. The %D increased over the length of the run to the positive, indicating an increase in sensitivity. However, there were no positive results reported during the affected part of the analytical sequence. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### **BLANKS** - Acceptable

No contamination should be present in the method blanks. Instrument blanks should not display signs of carryover or cross contamination.

No target compounds were detected in the method blanks at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL). The instrument blanks showed no signs of carryover or cross contamination at or above one half the PQL. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### ANALYTICAL SEQUENCE - Acceptable

Samples must be run following an initial calibration. Continuing calibration checks and instrument blanks must be run at least every 12 hours.

The sequence met the criteria for frequency of initial and continuing calibration. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### **SURROGATES**

The acceptance criteria for surrogate recovery is 60% to 150%. Manchester Laboratory Guidelines allow for 50-150% recovery.

Surrogate recoveries for the water samples ranged from 45-96% for tetrachloro-m-xylene (TCMX) and from 84-140% for decachlorobiphenyl (DCB). No qualifiers were recommended on this basis as the DCB recovery was considered to be more indicative of the behavior of the target compounds.

Surrogate recoveries for the soil samples ranged from 55-120% for TCMX and from 48-120% for DCB. Sample 94214118 was recommended for qualification as J/UJ due to a DCB recovery of 48%. No other qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE - Acceptable

Matrix spike recoveries for PCBs should be between 50% and 150%. Relative percent differences (RPD) should be within  $\pm 30\%$ .

The water MS/MSD had recoveries of 96-100%. The RPD was 4.1%. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

The soil MS/MSD had recoveries of 120-130% and the RPD was 8%. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION - Acceptable

Compound identification is done by retention time matching of sample chromatograms to the chromatograms of authentic standards on dual dissimilar columns. The retention times of surrogates, matrix spikes, and reported compounds in each sample must be within the retention time window determined from the initial calibration.

The retention times of the surrogates and PCBs appeared to be within the windows set by the initial calibration. No qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### COMPOUND QUANTITATION - Acceptable

Reported results must be calculated using the standard curve or average calibration factor. Compounds reported below the detection level must be within 10% of the lowest calibration standard. Detected results should agree within  $\pm 30\%$  RPD.

Results were calculated using the standard curve and reported as an average of both channels. PCB 1254 in sample 94214119 was recommended for qualification as JN as it had an 45% RPD between the two channels. No other qualifiers were recommended on this basis.

#### **OVERALL ASSESSMENT**

The data was evaluated using the guidelines set out in the quality control specifications outlined in SW-846 Method 8080, the CLP Data Review Guidelines Draft 06/91, and the USEPA Region 10 Manchester Environmental Guidelines. Overall, two percent of the data was recommended for qualification due to the continuing calibration standard and compound quantitation. While no other qualifiers were recommended, the data would have been better presented if a more sound analytical sequence had been followed.

#### DATA QUALIFIER DEFINITIONS

- U The analyte was not detected at or above the reported result.
- J The analyte was positively identified. The associated numerical result is an estimate.
- REJ The data are unusable for all purposes.
- N For organic analyses there is evidence that the analyte is present in the sample.
- JN For organic analyses there is evidence that the analyte is present in the sample. The associated numerical result is an estimate.
- UJ The analyte was not detected at or above the reported estimated result.
- NAF Not analyzed for.
- \* The analyte was present in the sample.
- EXP The result is equal to the number before the EXP times 10 to the power of the number after the EXP.

## **Manchester Environmental Laboratory**

Page 1

Final Report

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid (Soil)

Sample Number

: 94214115

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SSURO01
Description: O-6 inches b93

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
GC PCB Decachlorobiphenyl PCB-1221 PCB-1242 PCB-1254	97 110 110 55 100	%R ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg %R	บ บ บ	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	110 110 110 110	ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg	บ บ บ บ
Tetrachlorometaxylen	100	,010	•				

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 2

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: Solid (Soil)

SampleNumber

: 94214115

Type

: Matrix Spike

Station Description: 55 UK O Ø 1

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
GC PC	R							1
10	Decachlorobiphenyl	120	%R		PCB-1260	130	%R	
	Tetrachlorometaxylen	120	%R					

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory

Page 3

Qlfr

**Final Report** 

Qlfr

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

Analyte

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: Solid (56;() Matrix SampleNumber

: 94214115

Type

Analyte

: Matrix Spike Dupl

Station Description: SSUROW!

GC

PCB

Decachlorobiphenyl Tetrachlorometaxylen 105 104

Result Units

%R

%R

PCB-1260

120

Result

%R

Units

### **Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report**

Page 4

Qlfr

Units

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Result

102

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

Tetrachlorometaxylen

Analyte

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Soi/

SampleNumber

: 94214116

Type

: Reg sample

Analyte

Station Description: SSUBO02 Sample depth

18-24" 555

Result

GC

**PCB** 

n					_		
B Decachlorobiphenyl	98	%R		PCB-1016	120	ug/kg	U
• •		_		PCB-1232	120	ug/kg	บ
PCB-1221	120	ug/kg	U				
PCB-1242	120	ug/kg	U	PCB-1248	120	ug/kg	U
		_	**	PCB-1260	120	ug/kg	U
PCB-1254	<b>62</b> ·	ug/kg	U	FCD-1200		-86	

Olfr

Units

%R

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 5

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Sedment

SampleNumber

: 94214117

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDDRNI

Storm Orain

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr 	
GC PCB Decachlorobiphenyl PCB-1221 PCB-1242 PCB-1254 Tetrachlorometaxylen	110 130 130 1000	%R ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg %R	u u	•	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	130 130 130 130	ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg	U U U U	

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 6

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Sediment

SampleNumber

: 94214118

Type

Station Description: SDSD3

: Reg sample duplicate
n: SDSD3 Storm drain outfall

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlſr	
GC PCF	Decachlorobiphenyl PCB-1221 PCB-1242 PCB-1254 Tetrachlorometaxylen	48 330 330 600 55	%R ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg %R	uj J	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	330 330 330 330	ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg	ນງ ເບ ເບ	-

## **Manchester Environmental Laboratory** Final Report

Page 7

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** Account Code

: DAVID BENNETT : 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Sediment

SampleNumber

: 94214119

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDSD2 Storm drain out fall

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
GC PCl					PCB-1016	400	ug/kg	U	,
	Decachlorobiphenyl	57	%R	U	PCB-1232	400	ug/kg	U	
	PCB-1221	400 400	ug/kg ug/kg	U	PCB-1248	400	ug/kg	U	
	PCB-1242 PCB-1254	460 460	ug/kg	JN	PCB-1260	400	ug/kg	U	
	Tetrachlorometaxylen	65	%R			•			

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory **Final Report**

Page 8

Project Code

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Sediment

SampleNumber

: 94214120

Type

: Reg sample

Station Description: SDUS4 Union Slough

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
GC	<del></del>					,			
PC	B Decachlorobiphenyl	81	· %R		PCB-1016	140	ug/kg	ប	
	PCB-1221	140	ug/kg	ប	PCB-1232	140	ug/kg	U	
	PCB-1242	140	ug/kg	U .	PCB-1248	140	ug/kg	U	•
	PCB-1254	75	ug/kg	ប	PCB-1260	140	ug/kg	U	
	Tetrachlorometaxylen	84	%R						

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory

Page 9

Final Report

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: 5/25/94 : Solid Spi

SampleNumber

: 94214121

Type : Reg sample Background

Station Description: SSURBAK3 Offsite O-Ginch 335

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Re	sult Un	its (	Qlfr —————	
GC					. ,			_		
Į,	Decachlorobiphenyl	86	%R		PCB-1016	120	) ug	/kg	U	
	• •	120	ug/kg	υ.	PCB-1232	120	0 ug	/kg	υ	
	PCB-1221				PCB-1248	12	0 ue	/kg	U	_
	PCB-1242	. 120	ug/kg	บ				, ,	บ	
•	PCB-1254	62	ug/kg	, <b>U</b>	PCB-1260	12	υ ug	/kg	U	
	Tetrachlorometavylen	91	%R		•					

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory **Final Report**

Page 10

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Solid Soil

SampleNumber

: 94214122

Type

: Reg sample backs round

Station Description: SSURBAK4

Offsite 18-24" 535

Analyte	Result	Result Units		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
PCB Decachlorobiphenyl PCB-1221 PCB-1242 PCB-1254	95 150 150 77 100	%R ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg %R	U U U	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	. 150 150 150 150	ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg	บ บ บ บ
Tetrachlorometaxylen	100	70K					

7/21/94

## **Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report**

Page 11

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/25/94

Matrix

: Liquid-Total

SampleNumber

: 94214123

Type

: Regsample Rinsate

Station Description: ER01

Апа	ılyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
GC PCB Deca PCB PCB PCB	achlorobiphenyl 3-1221 3-1242 3-1254 rachlorometaxylen	140 0.20 0.20 0.11 96	%R ug/L ug/L ug/L %R	U U U	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	บ บ บ บ

7/21/94

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 12

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: Liquid-Total

SampleNumber

: 94214123

Type

: Matrix Spike

**Station Description:** 

Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr 	
GC PCB Decachlorobiphenyl	110	%R		PCB-1260	100	%R		
Tetrachlorometaxylen	51	%R						

7/21/94

# Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 13

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI) : DAVID BENNETT

Project Officer Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: Liquid-Total

SampleNumber

: 94214123

Type

: Matrix Spike Dupl

**Station Description:** 

An	alyte	Result	Units	Qlfr		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	
GC	·			,	· ·				· .	-
PCB Dec	cachlorobiphenyl	84	%R		-	PCB-1260	96	%R		
Tet	trachlorometaxylen	45	%R ·		•					

### **Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report**

Page 14

**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

**Project Name** 

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

**Account Code** 

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

: 5/24/94

Matrix

: Solid Sediment

SampleNumber

: 94214124

Type : Reg sample hackforound
Station Description: SBUSBK5 Union Slough

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
GC								-
PCI	3				·			
	Decachlorobiphenyl	92	%R		PCB-1016	140	ug/kg	U
	PCB-1221	140 .	ug/kg	ប	PCB-1232	140	ug/kg	U
	PCB-1242	140	ug/kg	ប	PCB-1248	140	ug/kg	U
	PCB-1254	70	ug/kg	υ··	PCB-1260	140	ug/kg	U
	Tetrachlorometaxylen	95	%R					

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

Page 15

Project Code

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

**Project Officer** 

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

: BW4151 SampleNumber

Type

: Blank

**Station Description:** 

	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr		Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr 	
GC PC	B Decachlorobiphenyl PCB-1221 PCB-1242 PCB-1254	102 0.19 0.19 0.098 43	%R ug/L ug/L ug/L %R	U U U	<del></del>	PCB-1016 PCB-1232 PCB-1248 PCB-1260	0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	U U U	
	Tetrachlorometaxylen	43	7010			•				

## Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Report

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**Project Code** 

: TEC-613A

Project Name

: BUSE TIMBER (SSI)

Project Officer

: DAVID BENNETT

Account Code

: 4TFA10PUZZ

Collected

Matrix

latrix

Sample Number

Type

: BW4151D : Blank

Station Description:

Analyte	Result	Unitș	Qlfr	Analyte	Result	Units	Qlfr
GC				<del></del> .			
PCB				•			*
Decachlorobiphenyl	105	%R		PCB-1016	0.20	ug/L	U
PCB-1221	0.20	ug/L	U	PCB-1232	0.20	ug/L	U
PCB-1242	0.20	ug/L	U	PCB-1248	0.20	ug/L	U
PCB-1254	0.11	ug/L	U	PCB-1260	0.20	ug/L	U
Tetrachlorometaxylen	55	%R				-	



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY **REGION 10**

1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101

RECEIVED

REPLY TO ATTN OF:

ES-095

July 21, 19941

JUL 25 1994

<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

**URS CONSULTANTS** 

SUBJECT:

Data Validation for Buse Timber SI, Case No. 22170, SDG

No. JL511, Semi-Volatile Organic Analysis

FROM:

Donald Matheny, Chemist Quality Assurance Office, ESD

TO:

Dave Bennett, Site Manager

Superfund Response & Investigations Branch, HWD

The QA Office has received and is transmitting the above ESAT data validation report.

Porter Lombard, ESAT-RSCC CC: Jeff Kesner, Site Lead, URS Bruce Woods, TPO, Region 10

Mike Hiatt, Data Audit Staff, EMSL-LV

QAO, AOB

## ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE ASSISTANCE EAMS - ZONE 2

ESAT Region 10 ICF Technology Inc. 1200 6th Avenue Seattle, WA 98101 Phone (206) 224-4162

ICF Technology Inc.
ManTech Environmental

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

July 19, 1994

TO:

Jerry Muth, RPO, USEPA, Region 10

Donald Matheny, Task Monitor, USEPA, Region 10

THROUGH:

Barry Pepich, ESAT Team Manager, Region 10

17 d I Tridayst

FROM:

David J. Lindquist, ESAT Data Reviewer

SUBJECT:

Data Validation Report of Semi-Volatile Organic Analyses

of Samples from Buse Timber Site Investigation

Case: 22170

SDG: JL511

TID #:
DOCUMENT #:

10-9404-430 ESAT-10B-7479

WUD #:

2347

The quality assurance (QA) review of nine (9) low level soil samples and one water sample (rinseate) collected from the above referenced site has been completed. These samples were analyzed for semi-volatile organic compounds in accordance with the USEPA Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work. The analyses were performed by Southwest Laboratory of Oklahoma located in Broken Arrow, OK. The samples were numbered:

JL511 JL512 JL513 JL514 JL515 JL516 JL517 JL518 JL519 JL520

#### DATA QUALIFICATIONS

The following comments refer to the laboratory performance in meeting the Quality Control Specifications outlined in the "Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work for Organics Analysis, 3/90" and the "USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, (2/94)".

The conclusions presented herein are based on the information provided for the review.

#### 1. Timeliness - Acceptable

The samples were extracted and analyzed within the contract required and technical (40 CFR 136 water criteria) holding times. The Chain of Custody Form indicates that the rinseate was not preserved with HCl.

Listed below are pertinent collection and analysis dates:

Sample Number JL511 JL512 JL513 JL514 JL515 JL516 JL517	Collection <u>Date</u> 052594 052594 052594 052594 052594 052594 052594	Rec'd. Date 052794 052794 052794 052794 052794 052794 052794	Extraction <u>Date</u> 052994 052994 052994 052994 052994 052994 052994	Analysis <u>Date</u> 060394 060394 062094 062094 062094 060394 060394
<del></del>	052594 052594 052594 052494	052794 052794 ,052794 052794		•

#### (r) = rinseate

#### 2. GC/MS Tuning - Acceptable

Instrument tuning and system performance criteria were met for all dates of analysis.

Two GC/MS systems were used in the analysis of the samples. All samples were analyzed within the acceptable 12 hour window of decafluorotriphenylphosphine (DFTPP) tunings.

The data presented on each GC/MS Tuning and Mass Calibration Form (Form 5B) was compared with each mass listing and the raw data. Calculations and transcriptions were correct.

### 3. Initial Calibration - Acceptable

The initial calibrations were performed in accordance with the method. The percent relative standard deviation criterion ( $RSD \leq 30$ %) and the minimum average relative response factor requirements were met for all compounds.

The raw data was compared with the reported values. Calculations were correct and no transcription errors were noted.

#### 4. Continuing Calibration

The continuing calibration standards met the criteria for minimum RRFs and percent difference (%D) relative to the initial calibration, for all target compounds with the following exceptions:

#### Analysis Date: 06/03/94

	<u>%D</u>	<u>Sensitivity</u>
2,2'-oxybis(1-chloropropane)	-31.4	increase@
hexachlorocyclopenatadiene	41.2	decrease
di-n-octylphthalate	-33.5	increase@

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene results are qualified "UJ" (estimated at the detection limit) for the samples listed below:

i	JL511	JL512	~JL516	JL517	17219
Analysis Da	ate: 06/	07/94	0.5	a	
4,6-dinitro			<u>%D</u> 29.9+ 37.0	Sensitivity decrease decrease	

Hexachlorocyclopenatadiene results are qualified "UJ" (estimated at the detection limit) for sample JL520.

32.9+

#### Analysis Date: 06/13/94

2,4-dinitrophenol

	<u>%D</u>	<u>Sensitivity</u>
2,4-dimethylphenol	27.8+	decrease
4-chloroaniline	35.7	decrease
hexachlorocyclopenatadiene	56.0	decrease
4-nitrophenol	-31.9	increase@
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	29.4+	decrease
2,4,6-tribromophenol	-27.0	increase@

Hexachlorocyclopenatadiene and 4-chloroaniline results are qualified "UJ" (estimated at the detection limit) for the samples listed below:

JL513 JL514 JL515

- @ Results do not warrant qualification on the basis of increased instrument sensitivity relative to the initial calibration and the associated results were non-detected.
  - + Results do not warrant qualification on the basis that the associated results were non-detected and the %D < 35%.

The raw data was compared with the reported values. Calculations were correct and no transcription errors were noted.

#### 5. Blanks

Background levels for all target compounds in the method blanks were below the contract required quantitation limits.

Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was detected in VBLK02. All associated bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate results less than 10X the concentration reported in the blank are qualified "U", non-detected. Associated results that were detected at levels less than the CRQL, are raised to the CRQL on the Form 1. Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate is qualified, "U" for the samples listed below:

JL511	JL512	JL513	JL514	JL515
JL516	JL517	JL518	JL520	

Tentatively identified compound (TIC) results reported for the method blanks were deleted from the associated sample Form 1s.

#### 6. Surrogate Recovery - Acceptable

Surrogate recovery criteria were met for all samples, blanks and QC samples.

Listed below are the range of surrogate recoveries:

Surrogate	Recovery Range
nitrobenzene-d5	46-72%
2-fluorobiphenyl	55-85%
terphenyl-d14	58-120%
phenol-d5	39-68%
2-fluorophenol	38-65%
2,4,6-tribromophenol	42-96%
2-chlorophenol-d4	39-68%
1,2-dichlorobenzene-	d4 40-71%

The raw data was compared with the data presented in the surrogate recovery forms. Calculations were correct and no transcription errors were noted.

#### 7. Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)

MS/MSD analysis was performed on sample JL511. The MS/MSD compound recoveries and relative percent differences (%RPD) between values were within the required control limits with one exception noted below.

Compound	<u>MS %R</u>	MSD %R	<u>RPD</u>
acenaphthene	58	75	26*

\* OC limit = 19

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The data was not qualified on the basis of the MS/MSD results.

#### 8. Internal Standards Performance - Acceptable

The data reported on the Internal Standard Area Summary (Form 8B) was verified with the raw data. Chromatograms, quantitation lists, and transcriptions were examined.

All analyses met the technical acceptance criteria for internal standard area counts (+100% to -50% of the associated continuing calibration internal standard area) and retention time shift ( $\pm$  0.50 minutes of the associated continuing calibration internal standard RT).

#### 9. Compound Identification - Acceptable

The chromatograms and quantitation lists were inspected. Sample and laboratory generated standard spectra were scrutinized. Calculations were checked with the raw data.

Positive sample results were within relative retention time (RRT) windows and provided spectra meeting USEPA spectral matching criteria.

#### 10. Compound Quantitation and Detection Limits - Acceptable

The raw data was examined to verify the calculations of sample results and the reported detection limits. The sample results were quantitated using an updated continuing calibration standard. The method specified detection limits were achieved. The quantitation ions used were in accordance with the method.

#### 11. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs)

The raw data and chromatograms were inspected for tentatively identified compounds. Several hydrocarbon TICs were detected in all of the samples.

#### 12. System Performance - Acceptable

All blanks, samples and QC samples were analyzed on a GC/MS system meeting the technical acceptance criteria.

#### 13. Laboratory Contact

The laboratory was not contacted for this review.

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#### 14. Overall Assessment

Approximately five percent of the reported sample results were qualified as non-detects or estimates due to blank contamination and/or continuing calibration criteria.

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#### DATA QUALIFIER DEFINITIONS

U- The analyte was analyzed for and is <u>not present</u> above the level of the associated value. The associated numerical value indicates the approximate concentration necessary to detect the analyte in this sample.

If a decision requires quantitation of the analyte below the associated numerical level, reanalysis or alternative analytical methods should be considered. The technical staff is available to discuss available options.

J- The analyte was analyzed for and was <u>positively identified</u>, but the associated numerical value may not be consistent with the amount actually present in the environmental sample. <u>The data should be seriously considered for decision making and are usable for many purposes.</u>

A subscript may be appended to the "J" that indicates which of the following quality control criteria were not met:

- 1 Blank contamination: indicates <u>possible</u> high bias and/or false positives.
- 2 Calibration range exceeded: indicates possible low bias.
- 3 Holding times not met: indicates low bias for most analytes with the exception of common laboratory contaminants and chlorinated ethenes (i.e.: trichloroethene, 1,1-dichloroethene, vinyl chloride).
- 4 Other QC outside control limits: bias not readily determined.
- R- The data are unusable for all purposes. The analyte was analyzed for, but the presence or absence of the analyte has not been verified.

Resampling and reanalysis are necessary to confirm or deny the presence of the analyte.

UJ - A combination of the "U" and "J" qualifier. The analyte was analyzed for and was not present above the level of the associated value. The associated numerical value may not accurately or precisely represent the concentration necessary to detect the analyte in this sample.

If a decision requires quantitation of the analyte close to the associated numerical level, reanalysis or alternative analytical methods should be considered.

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N- The analysis indicates that <u>an</u> analyte is present, and there are strong indications that the identity is correct.

Confirmation of the analyte requires further analysis.

NJ- A combination of the "N" and the "J" qualifier. The analysis indicates that the analyte is "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value may not be consistent with the amount actually present in the environmental sample.

A subscript may be appended to the "NJ" that indicates which of the following situations applies:

- DDT/Endrin breakdown evident.
- 2 Interference from other sample components.
- 3 Non-Target Compound List (TCL) compounds (Confirmation is necessary using specific target compound methodology to accurately determine the concentration and identity of the detected compound).
- 4 A confirmation analysis was missing or quality control criteria were not met for the confirmation analysis.

NOTE: Data users are encouraged to contact their Regional representative within ESD to clarify or obtain further information on the appropriate use of analytical data.

#### ORGANIC REGIONAL DATA ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

case no 221.70	LABORATORY Southwest . LARORATORY
SDG NO	DATA USER SUPERFUND
sow3/90	REVIEW COMPLETION DATE 7-19-94
	SOILOTHER
	<del>-</del>
REVIEWER [].ESD [X ESAT [] OTHER	, CONTRACT/CONTRACTOR
	VOAT BNA PEST OTHER
1. HOLDING TIMES	<u> </u>
2. GC-MS TUNE/ GC PERFORMANCE	<u> </u>
3. INITIAL CALIBRATIONS	
4. CONTINUING CALIBRATIONS	<u> </u>
5. FIELD BLANKS ("F" = not applicable)	) <u> </u>
6. LABORATORY BLANKS	<u> </u>
7. SURROGATES	
8. MATRIX SPIKE/DUPLICATES	
9. REGIONAL QC ("F" = not applicable)	, <u>E</u> —
10. INTERNAL STANDARDS	
11. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION	0
12. COMPOUND QUANTITATION	
13. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE	0
14. OVERALL ASSESSMENT	
O = No problems or minor problems that X = No more than about 5% of the data M = More than about 5% of the data poin Z = More than about 5% of the data poin S = More than about 5% of the data poin S = More than about 5% of the data poin S = More than about 5% of the data point S = More than about S = Mo	points are qualified as either estimated or unusable.  ints are qualified as estimated.
DPO ACTION ITEMS:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<del></del>
	<u> </u>
AREAS OF CONCERN:	
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## SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

つつ ベバレ ドノ EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511 Lab Code: SWOK

Lab Sample ID: 18854.01 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab File ID: M0211.D 30.0 (g/mL) G Sample wt/vol:

Date Received: 05/27/94 Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Extracted: 05/29/94 decanted: (Y/N) N % Moisture: 30

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94 500 (UL) Concentrated Extract Volume:

Dilution Factor: 1.0 Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

pH: 6.1 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

> CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG COMPOUND CAS NO

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/II or ug/		<u> </u>
108-95-2	Phenol	470	บ
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	470	U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	470	U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	470	ן ט
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	470	ן ט
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	470	[ע
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	470	ן ט
108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)	470	ן ט
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	470	ן ט
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	470	ען
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	470	י די
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	470	ע ו
	Isophorone	470	ע .
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	470	ע
105-67-9	2.4-Dimethylphenol	470	ע
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	470	ש
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	470	ש
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	470	[ ט
91-20-3	Naphthalene	470	U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	470	ן ט
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	470	ט
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	470	U
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	470	ַּט
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	470	<b>J</b> U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	470	ט
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	1100	บ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	470	ש
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	1100	
121-11-2	Dimethylphthalate	470	Ū
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	470	U
606-20-2	2.6-Dinitrotoluene	470	ש
99-09-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1100	ט
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	470	Ū
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3/90

Lab File ID:

Contract: 68-D2-0013 Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

30.0 (q/mL) G

JL511

M0211.D

SDG No.: JL511 SAS No.: Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170

Lab Sample ID: 18854.01

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Date Received: 05/27/94 Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Extracted: 05/29/94 decanted: (Y/N) N % Moisture: 30

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94 Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0 Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.1

Sample wt/vol:

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG COMPOUND

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ng/11 of ng/	/ kg/ 00/ kg	×
E1-29-E	2,4-Dinitrophenol	1100	 ט
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	1100	וט
122-64-9	Dibenzofuran	470	ש
132-04-9	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	470	Ū
121-14-2	Diethylphthalate	470	ប
7005 72 3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether_	470	<u> </u>
7005-72-3	Fluorene	470	Ď
86-/3-/	4-Nitroaniline	1100	Ū
100-01-6	4 C Dimittee 2 mothy/phonol	1100	πl
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	470	U
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	470	πl
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	470	ָ ע
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	1100	띪
87-86- <u>5</u>	Pentachlorophenol	470	ש
85-01-8	Phenanthrene		ŭ
120-12-7	Anthracene	470	윘
86-74-8	Carbazole	470	ם מ
84-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	470	띩
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	470	ם ח
129-00-0	Pyrene	470	의
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	470	ָ ט
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	470	<u> </u>
56-55-3	Benzo(a) anthracene	470	U
218-01-9	Chrysene	470	ָ טַ
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	470,98	لطر ال
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	470	Ü
205-99-2	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	470	ט
207-08-9	Benzo(k) fluoranthene	470	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	470	<u>ַ</u>
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	470	ט
53-70-3	Dibenz (a, h) anthracene	470	ט
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	470	ש
		<u> </u>	

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEEL TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL511

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Case No.: 22170 Lab Code: SWOK

SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.01

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

M0211.D Lab File ID:

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 30

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

Injection Volume:

2.0(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94 Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 6.1

500 (uL)

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

					1
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q	
=======================================		3.463	<del>17000</del>	NJAB	ı
1. 123-42-2	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met			L M	ı
2.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	12.741		ĴĴ	
3.	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	13.441		J	
4.	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	13.554		+	,
, 5.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	15.715	370	J	1
6	UNKNOWN AMIDE	<del>-16.181</del>	<del>740</del>	<del>  </del>   -	+
7.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	16.863		ַן	
8.	UNKNOWN CYCLOALKANE	17.945		<u>J</u>	
9.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	18.127		J	1
10.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	18.321		Ĵ	ı
111	IINKNOWN AMIDE	<del>-18.435</del>		<del></del>	┨
12.	UNKNOWN	18.630	500	J	
13.	UNKNKOWN ALKANE	18.915		J	ŀ
	Phosphonic acid, ester	18.961	1800	J	1
14.	UNKNOWN	19.041	1	l J	1
15.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	19.865	1	l J	1
16.		20.014	1		1
17.	UNKNOWN	20.918		llσ	۱.
18.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	21.033		17	1
19.	UNKNOWN	21.113		l lī	1
20.	UNKNOWN	21.354		45	1
21.	UNKNOWN	21.595			٠
22. 83-47-6	.gammaSitosterol	21.698	_		
23.	UNKNOWN		_	13	-1
24.	UNKNOWN	22.409	440	NJ	
25. 1058-61-3	Stigmast-4-en-3-one	22.489	440	140	1
26		<u> </u>	\		•
1 27.		l			-
28					-
29		<u> </u>			-
30.		l			-
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SEMIVOLATIL RGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

SUBOOZ EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 18854.02

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: M0214.D

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 35 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL) Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL) Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 5.8

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

ı	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug	/Kg) UG/KG	Q	
	541-73-1 106-46-7 95-50-1 95-48-7 108-60-1 106-44-5 67-72-1 98-95-3 98-95-3 105-67-9 111-91-1 120-83-2 120-82-1 91-20-3 106-47-8 91-57-6 91-57-6 91-58-7	Phenolbis (2-Chloroethyl2-Chlorophenol1,3-Dichlorobenze1,4-Dichlorobenze1,2-Dichlorobenze2-Methylphenol2,2'-oxybis (1-Chl4-MethylphenolNitroso-di-n-prHexachloroethaneNitrobenzeneIsophorone2,4-Dimethylphenol2,4-Dimethylphenol2,4-Dichlorophenol2,4-Trichloroben1,2,4-Trichloroben4-Chloroaniline4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol2-Methylnaphthalene2,4,6-Trichlorophenol2,4,5-Trichlorophenol2,4,5-Trichlorophenol2,4,5-Trichlorophenol2,6-Dinitrotoluene3-NitroanilineAcenaphthene	oropropane)  opylamine  l y)methane l nzene  ne ohenol ne ntadiene enol ne enol	510 510 510 510 510 510 510 510 510 510	מממממממ	
			<del></del>  _			

FORM I SV-1

3/90

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

JL512

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.02

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID:

Level:

(low/med) LOW

M0214.D

% Moisture: 35

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Received: 05/27/94 Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500 (UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 5.8

51-28-52,4-Dinitrophenol	CAS NO.
84-66-2       Diethylphthalate       510         7005-72-3       4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether       510         86-73-7       -Fluorene       510         100-01-6       -4-Nitroaniline       1200         534-52-1       -4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol       1200         86-30-6       -N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)       510         101-55-3       -4-Bromophenyl-phenylether       510         118-74-1       -Hexachlorobenzene       510         87-86-5       -Pentachlorophenol       1200         85-01-8       -Phenanthrene       510         120-12-7       -Anthracene       510         86-74-8       -Carbazole       510         84-74-2       -Di-n-butylphthalate       510         129-00-0       -Pyrene       510         85-68-7       -Butylbenzylphthalate       510         129-04-1       -3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       510         56-55-3       -Benzo(a) anthracene       510         218-01-9       -Chrysene       510         117-84-0       -Di-n-octylphthalate       510         205-99-2       -Benzo(b) fluoranthene       510         50-32-8       -Benzo(b) fluoranthene       510         50-	132-64-9 132-64-9 131-14-2 84-66-2 7005-72-3 86-73-7 100-01-6 534-52-1 86-30-6 118-74-1 87-86-5 85-01-8 120-12-7 86-74-8 206-44-0 129-00-0 85-68-7 91-94-1 56-55-3 218-01-9 117-81-7 117-84-0 205-99-2 207-08-9 50-32-8 193-39-5

59

1F

EPA SAMPLE NO

SEMIVOLAT: CORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA LEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

JL512

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.02

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0214.D

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 35

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 5.8

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

1. 123-42-2 2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met 3.475 13000 N. 3. UNKNOWN ALKANE 15.712 450 N. 4. UNKNOWN ALVANE 16.189 2800	CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	0
16.	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 83-47-6 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALLKANE UNKNOWN ALCOHOL UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN	3.475 15.712 16.189 16.303 16.508 16.872 16.975 17.408 17.933 18.447 18.924 18.970 19.050 19.680 19.864 19.944 20.013 20.150 20.242 20.918 21.124 21.365 21.606 21.721	13000 450 2800 370 510 1200 680 330 1500 860 1000 580 340 360 1500 720 580 370 330 340 370 370 470 370	Q

## SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

JL513

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.03

Sample wt/vol:

Lab File ID: M0448.D

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 29

decanted: (Y/N) N

30.0 (g/mL) G

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500(UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

GPC Cleanup:

(Y/N) Y pH: 5.3

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or ug	g/Kg) UG/KG	Q
108-95-2	Phenol	4600	U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	4600	ט ט
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	4600	ט ט
541-73-1	1.3-Dichlorobenzene	4600	<u>.</u> ט
106-46-7	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	4600	บี
95-50-1	1.2-Dichlorobenzene	4600	บ็
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	1 4600	บ็
1 108-60-1	2 2'-ovybis(1-Chloropropano)	4600	ט ט
1 100-44-5	4-Methylphenol	4600	บั
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	4600	บั
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	4600	Ŭ
J 98-95-3 <b></b> -	Nitrobenzene	4600	บั
78-59-1	Isophorone	4600	บั
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	4600	Ŭ
105-67-9	2.4-Dimethylphenol	4600	บ
\_\_\_\	bls(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	4600	บั
エンひーとろーとーーー	2.4-Dichlorophenol	4600	ָ ע
1 120-82-1	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	4600	Ü
91-20-3	Naphthalene	4600	ŭ
1 106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	4600	១ ប
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	4600	ט כ
1 59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Mothylphonol	4600	មី
		4600	บั
] //-4/-4	Heyach Inrocyclopentadione	4600	រា ម៉
1 00-00-2	2.4 6-Trichlorophonol	4600	ן ט
30-30-4	2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	11000	Ü
31-28-/	2-Chloronaphthalene	4600	וֹט
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	11000	וֹט
131-11-3	Dimethylphthalate	4600	ŭ
208-96-8	Acenanhthylene	4600	บี
606-20-2	2.6-Dinitrotoluene	4600	ŭ
1 99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	11000	וט
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	4600	ซื
I —————		<u></u>  .	

FORM I SV-1

EPA SAMPLE NO: RGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SH

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab File ID:

JL513

M0448.D

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 18854.03

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 29 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL) Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL) Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 5.3

	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENT (ug/L o				Q
	51-28-5 100-02-7 132-64-9 121-14-2 84-66-2 7005-72-3 86-73-7 100-01-6 534-52-1 86-30-6 101-55-3 118-74-1 87-86-5 85-01-8 206-44-0 129-00-0 85-68-7 91-94-1 56-55-3 218-01-9	2,4-Dinitroph4-NitrophenolDibenzofuran2,4-DinitrotoDiethylphthal4-ChlorophenyFluorene4,6-Dinitro-2N-Nitrosodiphe4-BromophenylHexachlorobenPentachlorophePhenanthreneCarbazoleDi-n-butylphthFluoranthenePyreneButylbenzylphth3,3'-DichlorohBenzo(a)anthra	enol	ner_		11000 11000 4600 4600 4600 4600 11000 11000 4600 46	רממנינים ממנים ממממממממ
	117-81-7 117-84-0 205-99-2	bis(2-Ethylhex Di-n-octylphth Benzo(b)fluora Benzo(k)fluora	nalate	te	- - - -	4600 <u>2200</u> 520 4600	עקע ∪ ד מען
	50-32-8 193-39-5 53-70-3	Benzo(k)fluora Benzo(a)pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-c Dibenz(a,h)ant Benzo(g,h,i)pe	d) pyrene		-	4600 4600 4600 4600 380	ת מ מ
•					. i <u> </u>		

FORM I SV-2

#### DRGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SI SEMIVOLATIL TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013 JL513

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.03

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0448.D

Level:

(low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 29

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 5.3

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

·	<del></del>	<del>, - ·                                    </del>		
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1. 123-42-2	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met	3 133	28000	===== N.TA
2.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	16.421	12000	ЦИ
· 3.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	16.986	5000	134
<b>4.</b> .	UNKNOWN ALKANE	17.274	6000	5
5.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	17.494	3800	J
6.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	17.679	5800	. 5
7.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	18.350	2300	. 5
8.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	18.558	6400	5
9.	UNKNOWN	18.662	2100	5
10.	UNKNOWN	18.767	1800	J
11.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	18.836	5400	5
12.	UNKNOWN	19.021	2600	J
13.	UNKNOWN	19.091	2400	J
14.	UNKNOWN	19.207	3800	J
15.	UNKNOWN	19.300	5900	5
16.	UNKNOWN	19.392	1300	J
17.	UNKNOWN	19.427	1600	[5]
18.	UNKNOWN	19.508	3000	1
19.	UNKNOWN	19.636	2600	J
20.	UNKNOWN	19.682	1800	5
21.	UNKNOWN	20.065	2900	3
22.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	20.285	1400	5
23.	UNKNOWN	20.598	1800	J J
24.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	20.865	2500	ij
25.	UNKNOWN	21.039	2000	<b>1</b> 21
26.		21.039	2000	70
27.				
28.	<del></del>	<del></del>  .		
29.	<del></del>	-		
30.		<del></del>  -	<del></del>	
	<del></del>	<del></del>  -	.	
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SDSD SAMPLE NO.

1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

JL514

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 221/0 SAS No.:

Lab Sample ID: 18854.04

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab Sample ID. 10031.01

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

Date Received: 05/27/94

Level: (low/med) LOW

% Moisture: 77 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 1000(UL) Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL) Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.5

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/	kg) og/kg	<u>~</u>
108-95-2	bis(2-chloroethy1)Ethel	29000 29000 29000	บ บ บ
			ŭ
95-5/-6	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	29000	
541-/3-1	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	29000	ū
106-46-/	1 2-Dichlorobenzene	29000	ט
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	29000	. บ
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol_	29000	U
108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)	2900	J
		29000	U
C21-64-7	N-Nitroso-Ql-n-propyramine	29000	U
67-79-1	Hexachioroethane	29000	Ū
09-05-3	Nitrobenzene	29000	Ŭ
70-50-1	Isophorone		Ŭ
78-39-1	2-Nitrophenol	29000	บ
	9 /_NIMOTOVIDUEDUL	29000	_
105-6/-9	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	29000	Ŭ
111-91-1	DIS(2-Chlorocomeno)	29000	υ
		29000	U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichitorobenzene	29000	Ü
01-20-3	Naphtnalene	29000	J (
100-47-0	4-Chloroanlline	29000	ī
AR (0 )	uovach intobuldutelle	29000	Ū
50-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methy iphenoi	3700	j
	9 MATRICIDADOLOGICO	29000	J 1
77 47 4	HOASCH LOLOCACTODELLCGGTELLC		t
77-47-4	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	29000	
88-06-2	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	70000	. [
95-95-4	a chloronanhthailene	29000	ַ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	70000	τ
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	29000	τ
	DimothyInnthalate	29000	τ
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene2,6-Dinitrotoluene3-Nitroaniline	29000	ι
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	70000	ī
	nitroaniline	29000	ì
00-00-2			

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

JL514

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.04

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0449.D

Level: (low/med)

LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 77

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

1000(UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

GPC Cleanup:

(Y/N) Y

pH: 6.5

100-02-74-Nitrophenol   70000     132-64-9Dibenzofuran   29000     121-14-22, 4-Dinitrotoluene   29000     14-6-2Diethylphthalate   29000     15-72-34-Chlorophenyl-phenylether   29000     16-73-7Fluorene   29000     100-01-64-Nitroaniline   70000     15-3-5	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or	ug/Kg)	UG/KG	Q
132-64-9	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitroph	enol			ŭ
121-14-22, 4-Dinitrotoluene       29000         84-66-2Diethylphthalate       29000         7005-72-34-Chlorophenyl-phenylether       29000         86-73-7Fluorene       29000         100-01-64-Nitroaniline       70000         534-52-14, 6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol       70000         86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)       29000         101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether       29000         118-74-1Hexachlorobenzene       29000         87-86-5Pentachlorophenol       70000         85-01-8Phenanthrene       1800         120-12-7					70000	ט
84-66-2	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran			29000	บ
7005-72-34-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 29000 86-73-7Fluorene 29000 70000 70000 70000 70000 86-30-64-Nitroaniline 70000 70000 86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 29000 70000 86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 29000 70000 87-86-5	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotō	luene		29000	บ
7005-72-34-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 29000 86-73-7Fluorene 29000 700-01-64-Nitroaniline 70000 70000 86-30-64,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 70000 86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 29000 7000 7000 700000 700000 700000 700000 700000 700000 700000 700000 70000 70000 70000 70000 70000 700000 70000 70000 70000 70000 7	84-66-2	Diethylphthal	ate		29000	ט
86-73-7	7005-72-3	4-Chloropheny	l-phenylethe	<del>-</del>	29000	บ
534-52-14,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether 118-74-1Hexachlorobenzene 87-86-5Pentachlorophenol 85-01-8Phenanthrene 120-12-7	86-73-7	Fluorene	<b>-</b> -	.—	29000	บ
86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)       29000         101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether       29000         118-74-1Hexachlorobenzene       29000         87-86-5Pentachlorophenol       70000         85-01-8Phenanthrene       1800         120-12-7Anthracene       29000         86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         29000       1800         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         56-55-3	100-01-6	4-Nitroanilin	e ·		70000	, Ω
86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)       29000         101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether       29000         118-74-1Hexachlorobenzene       29000         87-86-5Pentachlorophenol       70000         85-01-8Phenanthrene       1800         120-12-7Anthracene       29000         86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         29000       1800         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         56-55-3	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2	methylpheno.		70000	Ū
101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether					29000	U
118-74-1	101-55-3	4-Bromophenvl	-phenylether	<b>'</b> —	29000	ט ַ ָּ
87-86-5Pentachlorophenol       70000         85-01-8Phenanthrene       1800         120-12-7Anthracene       29000         86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         206-44-0Fluoranthene       29000         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         218-01-9	118-74-1	Hexachloroben	zene		29000	ט יי
85-01-8Phenanthrene       1800         120-12-7Anthracene       29000         86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         206-44-0Fluoranthene       29000         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         56-55-3Benzo(a) anthracene       29000         218-01-9Chrysene       29000         117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate       29000         205-99-2Benzo(b)fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(k)fluoranthene       29000         50-32-8Benzo(a)pyrene       29000         193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene       29000         53-70-3	87-86-5	Pentachloroph	enol		70000	י ד
120-12-7Anthracene       29000         86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         206-44-0Fluoranthene       29000         129-00-0	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	<del></del>	<del></del>		Ĵ
86-74-8Carbazole       29000         84-74-2Di-n-butylphthalate       1700         206-44-0Fluoranthene       29000         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         56-55-3				<del></del>	· ·	.Ū
84-74-2			<del></del>	1		<u>.</u> נ
206-44-0Fluoranthene       29000         129-00-0Pyrene       1800         85-68-7			nalate	<del></del> j		· j
129-00-0	206-44-0	Fluoranthene		<del></del>		<u>.</u>
85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate       29000         91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine       29000         56-55-3Benzo(a) anthracene       29000         218-01-9Chrysene       29000         117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate       29000         117-84-0Benzo(b)fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(b)fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(k)fluoranthene       29000         193-39-5Benzo(a)pyrene       29000         193-39-5	129-00-0	Pyrene	<del></del>	<del></del>		j
91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 29000 3006-55-3Benzo(a) anthracene 29000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 300			thalate		. —	<u>ַ</u>
56-55-3Benzo(a) anthracene       29000         218-01-9Chrysene       29000         117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate       29000         117-84-0Benzo(b) fluoranthene       29000         205-99-2Benzo(b) fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(k) fluoranthene       29000         50-32-8Benzo(a) pyrene       29000         193-39-5				<del></del>		บั
218-01-9Chrysene       29000         117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate       29000         117-84-0Di-n-octylphthalate       29000         205-99-2Benzo(b)fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(k)fluoranthene       29000         50-32-8Benzo(a)pyrene       29000         193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene       29000         53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)anthracene       29000						Ū
117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate       29000       17000 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><del></del> </td> <td></td> <td>ับ</td>				<del></del>		ับ
117-84-0Di-n-octylphthalate       29000         205-99-2Benzo(b)fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo(k)fluoranthene       29000         50-32-8Benzo(a)pyrene       29000         193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene       29000         53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)anthracene       29000			vvl\nhthalate	<u>-</u>		_
205-99-2Benzo (b) fluoranthene       29000         207-08-9Benzo (k) fluoranthene       29000         50-32-8Benzo (a) pyrene       29000         193-39-5Indeno (1, 2, 3-cd) pyrene       29000         53-70-3Dibenz (a, h) anthracene       29000	117-84-0	Di-n-octvlpht	nglate.	<b>^</b> _		
207-08-9Benzo(k) fluoranthene 29000 1 50-32-8Benzo(a) pyrene 29000 1 193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene 29000 1 53-70-3Dibenz(a,h) anthracene 29000 1	205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluor	enthone	<u></u> ]		ָ . บั
50-32-8Benzo(a)pyrene 29000 1 193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 29000 1 53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 29000 1	203-33 2	Benzo(k) fluor	nthene .	<u></u> ļ'		ָ
193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 29000 U 53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 29000 U	50-22-0-J	Benzo(x) rucon	711 CITETIE	!		ָ <u></u> ' ט
53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 29000 1	107-20-5	Indepo(1 2 2-	rd) nurono	<u></u>		, U
191-24-2Benzo(g,h,i)perylene29000	193-39-5	Dibong(2,2,3=0	ralbacese			
	101-24-2-	Poppo(g,h,i)an	ruracene	∤		T T
		benzo(g,n,1) po	et A retie		29000	

FORM I SV-2

1F

### SEMIVOLATILE OKJANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEEL TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL514

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.04

Lab File ID:

M0449.D

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Level:

LOW (low/med)

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 77

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

1000(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup:

(Y/N) Y

pH: 6.5

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q =====
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.	UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALCOHOL UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE	8.664 9.546 13.371 14.033 15.637 15.845 16.202 16.363 16.432 16.767 16.986 17.148 17.275 17.507 17.831 18.352 18.352 18.352 18.352	66000 69000 57000 54000 25000 25000 19000 18000 42000 50000 27000 30000 75000 120000 120000 91000 98000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
21. 22. 36728-72-0 23. 24. 25. 1058-61-3	UNKNOWN ALKANE 28-Nor-17.beta.(H)-hopane UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE Stigmast-4-en-3-one	20.023 20.069 20.290 20.870 21.854	89000 130000 120000	ил ] ј • ј
26. 27. 28. 29.				

SOSO 2 EPA SAMPLE NO

1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

JL515
SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Case No.: 22170

SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 18854.05

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: M0450.D

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 78 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 1000(UL) Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL) Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.4

Lab Code: SWOK

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q

108-95-2	Phenol	30000	ט
	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	30000	<b>ט</b>
	2-Chlorophenol	30000	บ
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	30000	ប
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	30000	U
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	30000	U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	30000	ט
108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)	30000	U
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	2100	, J
	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	30000	U
	Hexachloroethane	30000	. ט
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	30000	์ . บ
	Isophorone	30000	บ
	2-Nitrophenol	30000	U
	2,4-Dimethylphenol	30000	υ
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	30000	τ
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	30000	τ
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	30000	τ
91-20-3	Naphthalene	30000	כ
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	30000	JU
<del> </del>	Hexachlorobutadiene	30000	Ū
	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	30000	τ
	2-Methylnaphthalene	1900	J
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	30000	Jt
	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	30000	נ
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	73000	τ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	30000	τ
	2-Nitroaniline	73000	τ
	Dimethylphthalate	30000	τ
	Acenaphthylene	30000	· 📆
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	30000	Ü
000-20-2	3-Nitroaniline	73000	ן ד
	Acenaphthene	30000	Ü
03-32-3	Acenaphunene	3000	ļ

ANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEE

JL515

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.05

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

M0450.D Lab File ID:

Level: (low/med)

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 78

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

1000(匹)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 6.4

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or	ug/Kg)	UG/KG	Q 
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitropher	ol		73000	ַ
	4-Nitrophenol			73000	ן ט
	Dibenzofuran			30000	ָ ט
	2,4-Dinitrot <del>olu</del>		<u> </u>	30000	יט
84-66-2	Diethylphthalat	.e		30000	ן ט
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-	phenylether	<u>r</u>	30000	[ט
86-73-7		" <u> </u>		30000	ן ט
	4-Nitroaniline		<u> </u>	73000	ן ט
	4,6-Dinitro-2-			73000	ן ט
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodipher	ylamine (1)	)	30000	[ט
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-p	henylether		30000	י ש
	Hexachlorobenze			30000	י די
87-86-5	Pentachloropher	ol	<del></del>   -	73000	U
85-01-8	Phenanthrene			30000	ן ט
120-12-7	Anthracene			- 30000	יט
86-74-8	Carbazole		<del></del>	30000	ן ט
84-74-2	Di-n-butyIphtha	late		30000	ט
	Fluoranthene		<del></del>	30000	ט
129-00-0	Pyrene			2200	J
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphth	alate		30000	ן ט
91-94-1	3,37-Dichlorobe	nzidine	—-	30000	ן ט
56-55-3	Benzo(a) anthrac	ene		30000	ប
218-01-9			<u> </u>	30000	וט
	bis(2-Ethylhexy	1) phthalate	e	300015000	ا≱تر∪ ′
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphtha	late	. —	30000	U
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoran	thene	<del></del>  -	30000	ָ ע י
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoran	thene	<del></del>   ,	30000	ט
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene		<del></del>	30000	Ū
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd	pyrene	<del></del>	30000	ַּט
53-70-3	Dibenz (a,h) anth	racene		30000	<u> </u>
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)per	vlene	<del></del>   .	30000	וֹט
	22 (3,, 2, pos	<u></u>			
l					

### SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEE'I TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL515

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.05

sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID:

M0450.D

Level: (low/med)

Date Received: 05/27/94

LOW

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

% Moisture: 78

decanted: (Y/N) N

Concentrated Extract Volume: 1000(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/20/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 10.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.4

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEE'I

SDUS EPA SAMPLE NO

limizan Slamph

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 18854.06

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: M0218.D

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL) Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL) Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.0

	. :		 CONCENTRATION UNITS:	
CAS. NO.		COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG	Q

111-44-4bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 610 U	CAS. NO.	(43/2 01 23/			
111-44-4	108-95-2	Phenol		610	IJ
95-57-8	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether			ט
541-73-11,3-Dichlorobenzene       610       U         106-46-71,4-Dichlorobenzene       610       U         95-50-11,2-Dichlorobenzene       610       U         95-48-72-Methylphenol       610       U         108-60-12,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)       610       U         106-44-54-Methylphenol       610       U         621-64-7Nitroso-di-n-propylamine       610       U         67-72-1	95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol		610	וט
106-46-7	541-73-1	1.3-Dichlorobenzene		610	
95-50-1	106-46-7	1.4-Dichlorobenzene		610	
95-48-72-Methylphenol 108-60-12,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane) 106-44-54-Methylphenol 610 621-64-7N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine 67-72-1Hexachloroethane 98-95-3Nitrobhenol 88-95-3	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene			
108-60-12,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)       610       U         106-44-54-Methylphenol       610       U         621-64-7Nitroso-di-n-propylamine       610       U         67-72-1Hexachloroethane       610       U         98-95-3Nitrobenzene       610       U         78-59-1	95-48-7	2-Methylphenol			
106-44-54-Methylphenol       610       U         621-64-7Nitroso-di-n-propylamine       610       U         67-72-1Hexachloroethane       610       U         98-95-3Nitrobenzene       610       U         78-59-1Isophorone       610       U         88-75-52-Nitrophenol       610       U         105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol       610       U         111-91-1	108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)			ן ט
621-64-7N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine 67-72-1Hexachloroethane 98-95-3Nitrobenzene 610 88-95-3Nitrobenzene 610 88-75-5	106-44-5	4-Methylphenol			
67-72-1	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	.•		ן ט
98-95-3Nitrobenzene       610       U         78-59-1Isophorone       610       U         88-75-52-Nitrophenol       610       U         105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol       610       U         111-91-1bis (2-Chloroethoxy)methane       610       U         120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol       610       U         120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610       U         91-20-3Naphthalene       610       U         106-47-84-Chloroaniline       610       U         87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene       610       U         99-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610       U         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610       U         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610       U         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8	67-72-1	Hexachloroethane			ן ש
88-75-5	98-95-3	Nitrobenzene			
88-75-52-Nitrophenol       610         105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol       610         111-91-1bis (2-Chloroethoxy)methane       610         120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol       610         120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610         91-20-3Naphthalene       610         106-47-8	78-59-1	Isophorone			
111-91-1	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol			
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol       610         120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610         91-20-3Naphthalene       610         106-47-84-Chloroaniline       610         87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene       610         59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610         606-20-23-Nitroaniline       1500	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol			
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol       610         120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610         91-20-3Naphthalene       610         106-47-84-Chloroaniline       610         87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene       610         59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610         606-20-23-Nitroaniline       1500	111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	·		
120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610         91-20-3Naphthalene       610         106-47-84-Chloroaniline       610         87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene       610         59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610         88-06-2	120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	•		
91-20-3Naphthalene       610       U         106-47-84-Chloroaniline       610       U         87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene       610       U         59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610       U         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610       U         77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene       610       U         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610       U         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			
87-68-3	91-20-3	Naphthalene			
59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol       610       U         91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610       U         77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene       610       U         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610       U         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene       610       U         99-09-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U					
91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene       610       U         77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene       610       U         88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610       U         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene       610       U         99-09-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene			
77-47-4	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol			
88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol       610       U         95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene       610       U         99-09-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U	91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene			
95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol       1500       U         91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-4Dimethylphthalate       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene       610       U         99-09-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U					
91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene       610       U         88-74-42-Nitroaniline       1500       U         131-11-3Dimethylphthalate       610       U         208-96-8Acenaphthylene       610       U         606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene       610       U         99-09-23-Nitroaniline       1500       U	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol			
88-74-42-Nitroaniline 1500 U  131-11-3Dimethylphthalate 610 U  208-96-8Acenaphthylene 610 U  606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene 610 U  99-09-23-Nitroaniline 1500 U	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ļ.·		
131-11-3Dimethylphthalate 610 U 208-96-8Acenaphthylene 610 U 606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene 610 U 99-09-23-Nitroaniline 1500 U	91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene			
208-96-8Acenaphthylene 610 U 606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene 610 U 99-09-23-Nitroaniline 1500 U	88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	- +		
610 U 99-09-23-Nitroaniline 1500 U	131-11-3	Dimethylphthalate	<del></del> •		
99-09-23-Nitroaniline1500 U	208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	,		
99-09-2	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene			
83-32-9Acenaphthene 610 0			Ì		- 1
	83-32-9	Acenaphthene		610	\ U
			<u></u>	,\	

EPA SAMPLE: NO.

JL516 Lab Name: SWL-TULSA Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 18854.06

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: M0218.D

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94 Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0 Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.0

		CONCENTRATION UNITS:	
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG	Q
	-		

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug	g/Kg)	UG/KG	Q 
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitroph	enol		1500	ט
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol		-	1500	ן מ
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran		~	610	ט
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotō	Luene	-	610	บ
84-66-2	Diethylphthal	ate	_	610	U
7005-72-3	4-Chloropheny	l-phenylether	-1	610	U
86-73-7	Fluorene		<b>-</b> 1	. 610	
100-01-6	4-Nitroa <del>nilin</del>	<u> </u>	_	1500	ប
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2	-methylphenol	-	1500	
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiph	envlamine $(1)^{-}$	- <sub>1</sub>	610	: <b>U</b>
101-55-3	4-Bromophenvl	-phenvlether <sup>—</sup>	-	610	
118-74-1	Hexachloroben	zene	-	610	Ū
87-86-5	Pentachloroph	enol	<b>-</b>   -	1500	
85-01-8	Phenanthrene		<b>-</b>	610	บ
120-12-7	Anthracene		<b>-</b>   .	610	ซ
86-74-8	Carbazole		<b>-</b>	610	U
84-74-2	Di-n-butylpht	nalate	-	610	ש
206-44-0	Fluoranthene .		-	610	U
129-00-0	Pyrene		- <sub> </sub>	610	Ū
85-68-7	Butvlbenzylph	thalate	-	610	U
91-94-1	3,3 <sup>7</sup> -Dichloro	penzidine	-	610	U
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthra	acene	-1	610	บ
218-01-9	Chrysene	<del></del>	-	610	บ
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhe	(yl)phthalate	-1	610 400	طلو ∪
117-84-0	Di-n-octylpht	nalate	-	610	ับ
205-99-2	·Benzo(b)fluora	anthene	<b>-</b>  .	610	บ
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluora	anthene	7	610	ט
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	<u> </u>	-1	610	. <b>ប</b>
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-e	cd) pyrene	-	610	U
53-70-3	Dibenz (a,h) ant	hracene	-	610	ט
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)pe	erylene	<b>]</b>	610	U
		<u> </u>			

FORM I SV-2

SEMIVOLATILE ... JANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEE TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL516

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.06

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0218.D

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46 decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500(uL) Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.0

Number TICs found: 19

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (uq/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

GI G AWREND	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND MANIA	=======	=======================================	
<u> </u>	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met	3 548	97000	NJAB.
	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	12.256	770	LN
2.	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	12.728	720	J
<b>3.</b>	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	12.786	1600	J
4.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	13.616	1700	l J
, 5.	UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID	13.731	2700	J
6.	=	13.917	880	J
7.	UNKNOWN	14.114	800	J
8.	UNKNOWN	14.357	560	]
9.	UNKNOWN	14.613	1300	J
10.	UNKNOWN	14.846	530	J
11.	UNKNOWN	15.232	550	الآا
12.	UNKNOWN AMIDE	15.852	520	l J
13.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	16.062	1500	الآا
14.	UNKNOWN		610	J
15.	UNKNOWN	16.203	1600	<del></del>
16	UNKNOWN AMIDE	16.367	590	ן בון
17.	UNKNOWN	16.648	1300	5
18.	UNKNOWN	17.035		45
19.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	18.069	. 500	ויי
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SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEEL

EPA SAMPLE NO. Surface bucks round Gort

JL517

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Concentrated Extract Volume:

Lab Sample ID: 18854.07

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0219.D

Sample wt/vol: Level: (low/med)

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 24

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted:05/29/94

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 4.4

500(匹)

111-91-1	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION (ug/L or ug/L)		Q
1 00 00 0	111-44-4 95-57-8 541-73-1 106-46-7 95-50-1 95-48-7 108-60-1 621-64-7 621-64-7 98-95-3 78-59-1 111-91-1 120-83-2 111-91-1 120-82-1 91-20-3 91-20-3 91-57-6 91-57-6 91-57-6 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7 91-58-7	bis(2-Chloroet2-Chlorophenol1,3-Dichlorobe1,4-Dichlorobe1,2-Dichlorobe1,2-Dichlorobe2,2'-oxybis(14-MethylphenolNitroso-di-nHexachloroethaIsophorone2,4-Dimethylphbis(2-Chloroet2,4-Dichloroph1,2,4-Trichlor1,2,4-Trichlor4-ChloroanilinHexachlorobuta4-Chloro-3-Met2,4,5-Trichlor2,4,5-Trichlor2,4,5-Trichlor2,4,5-Trichlor2,6-Dinitrotol3-Nitroaniline	nzene nzene nzene nzene Chloropropane) -propylamine ne enol hoxy)methane enol obenzene e diene hylphenol alene opentadiene ophenol ophenol alene ate	430 430 430 430 430 430 430 430 430 430	מממממממממממממממממ

SDG No.: JL511

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

JL517

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.07

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0219.D

Level: (low/med)

LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 24

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500 (UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 4.4

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or t	ig/Kg) UG/KG	Q
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	1000	U
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	1000	<b>ט</b>
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	430	ט
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	430	ו ע
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	430	ט
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	430	ט ו
86-73-7	Fluorene	430	<b>ט</b>
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	1000	ש
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1000	Ŭ
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	430	Ū
101-55-3	4-Bromophenvl-phenvlether $^-$	430	Ū
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	430	Ū
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1000	Ŭ
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	430	บี
120-12-7	Anthracene	_  430	บี
86-74-8	Carbazole	430	บี
84-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	-  <sup>-30</sup>	J
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	_  430	Ŭ
129-00-0	Pyrene	_  430	Ŭ
85-68-7	Butvlbenzvlohthalate	430	Ŭ
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	_  430	ซื
56-55-3	Benzo(a) anthracene	430	บั
218-01-9	Chrysene	430	Ŭ
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	430160	تحقد ل
117-84-0	Di-n-octvlphthalate	430	<u>ק</u>
205-99-2	Benzo(b) fluoranthene	- 430	บั
207-08-9	Benzo(k) fluoranthene	430	. ប៊
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	430	ប៊
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	430	Ū
53-70-3	Dibenz (a, h) anthracene	430	Ū
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	- 430 430 430 A	บี
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FORM I SV-2

GANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEL! SEMIVOLATILE TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL517

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.07

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

M0219.D Lab File ID:

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 24

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500(uL) Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL).

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 4.4

Number TICs found: 21

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	
_1	IINKNOMN	2.079	1200	
2 123-42-2	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met	3.536		NJAB
3.	UNKNOWN CYCLOALKANE	11.656	980	バユ
4.	UNKNOWN AMIDE	15.198	420	] ]
5.	UNKNOWN	15.742	1200	기기
. 6.	UNKNONW ALKANE	15.823	670	Ĩ
7.	UNKNOWN	16.032	420 -2000	J
8	IINKNOWN	16.333	480	3
9.	UNKNOWN	16.624 16.822	460	5
10.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	16.822	610	5
12.	UNKNOWN	17.020	920	5
13.	UNKNOWN	17.079	, 550 , 550	J
14.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	18.038	920	J
15	UNKNOWN	18.460	670-	├ <del>── J</del>
16.	UNKNOWN AMIDE	18.601	1900	J
	UNKNOWN ALKANE	19.036	2100	J
18.	UNKNOWN	19.177	730	J
19.	UNKNOWN	20.000	. 4400	טַ
20.	UNKNOWN	21.294	410	ایّا
21.	UNKNOWN	21.976	1200	47
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Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.08

M0220.D Lab File ID:

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Level: (low/med)

LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 4.5

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/K	g, og, kg	Q 
108-95-2	Phenol		610	U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroet	hyl)Ether	610	Ū
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	<u> </u>	610	ַ
541-73-1	1.3-Dichlorobe	nzene	610	ឬ
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobe	nzene	610	Ŭ
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobe	nzene	610	. U
95-48-7	1,4-Dichlorobe 1,2-Dichlorobe 2-Methylphenol		610	U
108-60-1	2,2′-oxybis(1-	Cnioropropane)	610	U
106-44-5	4-Methvlohenoi	1	610	Ū
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n	-propylamine	610	U
67-72-1	Hexachloroetha	ne	610	Ū
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	1	610	ũ
	Isophorone		610	ū
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol		610	Ū
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylph bis(2-Chloroet	enol	610	U
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroet	hoxy) methane	610	ū
120-83-2	2.4-Dichloroph	enol	610	Ū
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlor	obenzene	610	ñ
91-20-3	Naphthalene		610	ŭ
106-47-8	4-Chloroanilin	e	610	Ū
87-68-3	Hexachlorobuta	diene	610	ŭ
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Met	hylphenol	610	Ŭ
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphth	alene	610	ַ ט
77-47-4	Hexachlorocycl	opentadiene	610	JU
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlor	ophenol	610	U
95-95-4	2.4.5-Trichlor	obuenor	1500	Ŭ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphth	alene	. 610	Ŭ
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline		1500	Ŭ
131-11-3	Dimethylphthal	ate	610	ָ ע
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	<u> </u>	610	U
606-20-2	2.6-Dinitrotol	uene	610	U
99-09-2	3-Nitroan:Line		1500	บ เ
83-32-9	Acenaphthene_		610	l U

1C GANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHE

SUBBAKTEPA SAMPLE NO.

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.08

Sample wt/vol: 30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab Code: SWOK

Lab File ID: M0220.D

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500 (UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 4.5

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRA (ug/L or			Q
100-02-7 132-64-9 121-14-2 84-66-2 7005-72-3 86-73-7 100-01-6 534-52-1 86-30-6 101-55-3 118-74-1 87-86-5 85-01-8 120-12-7 86-74-8 206-44-0 129-00-0 85-68-7 218-01-9 117-84-0 205-99-2 207-08-9 50-32-8 193-39-5 53-70-3	2,4-Dinitroph4-NitrophenolDibenzofuran2,4-DinitrotoDiethylphthal4-ChlorophenyFluorene4-Nitroanilin4,6-Dinitro-2N-Nitrosodiph4-BromophenylHexachlorobenPentachlorophPhenanthreneCarbazoleDi-n-butylphtFluoranthenePyreneButylbenzylph3,3'-DichloroBenzo(a)anthrChrysenebis(2-EthylheDi-n-octylphtBenzo(b)fluorBenzo(b)fluorBenzo(a)pyrenBenzo(a)pyrenIndeno(1,2,3Dibenz(a,h)anBenzo(g,h,i)p	luene ate l-phenylether e		1500 1500 610 610 610 1500 1500 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 6	
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#### SEMIVOLATILE GANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHED TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL518

~ Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.08

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0220.D

Level: (low/med)

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

LOW

Date Analyzed: 06/03/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup:

(Y/N) Y pH: 4.5

500 (uL)

Number TICs found: 22

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

	CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
ı	1. 123-42-2	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met	3 615	78000	NTA
ľ	2.	UNKNOWN	5.252	860	UN
ı	3.	UNKNOWN	11.640	1200	រែវ
ł	4.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	14.552	450	J
١	, 5.	UNKNOWN CYCLOALKANE	14.908	190	J
1	6.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	15.806	180	, J
١	7.	UNKNOWN HYDROCARBON	16.025	270	J
l	<del>8.</del>	UNKNOWN	<del>-16.152</del>	440	<del>-J-J-</del> I
ł	<del>'9</del>	UNKNOWN AMIDE	16.314	570	TB
١	10.	UNKNOWN ALDEHYDE	16.615	230	그
ı	11. <i>i</i>	UNKNOWN	16.870	200	J
ł	13.	UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE	18.031 19.035	340 1100	J
ľ	13. 14.	UNKNOWN	19.035	430	J
	15.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	19.984	380	ij
	16.	UNKNOWN	20.148	210	J
	. 17.	UNKNOWN	20.324	270	J
	18.	UNKNOWN ALKANE	21.087	220	J
l	19.	UNKNOWN	21.533	. 190	J
ı	20.	UNKNOWN	21.873	180	J
١	21.	UNKNOWN	22.236	360	ן דן
l	22.	UNKNOWN	22.482	400	<b>∜</b> J
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EPA SAMPLE NO.

**1B** SEMIVOLATILE OKGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

JL519

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: 18854.09

Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: HH3658.D

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: \_\_\_\_\_ decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_

Date Extracted:05/28/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 1000(UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/01/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.4

:	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(45) = 3. 3.

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Contract: 68-D2-0013

Tab Name: SWL-TULSA

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.: SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: 18854.09

1000 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: HH3658.D

Sample wt/vol:

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: \_\_\_\_\_ decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_

Date Extracted:05/28/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 1000(UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/01/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.4

CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATI (ug/L or ug	ON UNITS: /Kg) UG/L	Q
84-66-2	ran rotoluene thalate thalate thenyl-phenylether diline ro-2-methylphenol diphenylamine (1) tenyl-phenylether robenzene trophenol rene te thalate	25 25 10 10 10 10 25 25 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	

### SEMIVOLATILE O MICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

JL519

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

SDG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: 18854.09

Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID:

HH3658.D

Level:

Date Received: 05/27/94

(low/med)

LOW

Date Extracted: 05/28/94

% Moisture: \_\_\_\_\_ decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_\_ Concentrated Extract Volume:

1000 (uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/01/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N

pH: 7.4

Number TICs found: 7

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

	•			
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q =====
_======================================	222222222222	2_042	6	
<del>-1</del>	UNKNOWN-	2.084		
2	IINKNOWN		2	JB
3	INKNOWN	<del>2.198</del>		JB.
-	IINKNOWN	2 229		JB
4	UNKNOWN	<del>- 2.322</del>	<del></del>	
, 5 <del></del>	UNKNOWN	4,116	8	
6.		10.326	2	NJ
7.	UNKNOWN			<u> </u>
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EPA SAMPLE NO.

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET SUSBES

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Tab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

SDG No.: JL511 Lab Code: SWOK Case No.: 22170 SAS No.:

Lab Sample ID: 18854.10

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab File ID: M0241.D 30.0 (g/mL) G Sample wt/vol:

Date Received: 05/27/94 Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Extracted:05/29/94 % Moisture: 46 decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Analyzed: 06/07/94 Concentrated Extract Volume: 500(UL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

pH: 6.3 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y CONCENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q CAS NO. COMPOUND

108-95-2	CAS NO.	(-3, -3, -3, -3, -3, -3, -3, -3, -3, -3,		
111-44-4	108-95-2	Phenol		ט
S5-57-8	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroetnyl)Etnel		บั
106-46-7	05_57_0	2-Chioropnenoi		บั
106-46-7	541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		ΰ
95-50-1		4 4 Diahlarahanzana		บั
106-44-54-Methylphenol	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		. ប
106-44-54-Methylphenol	95-48-7	2-Methylphenol		บ
106-44-54-Methylphenol	108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)		J
621-64-7Nitroso-di-n-propylamine 67-72-1	10 <i>6</i> _44_5	4-Mecnyidhenoi		ָ ָּד
67-72-1	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propyLamine		บี
98-95-3Nitrobenzene       610         78-59-1Isophorone       610         88-75-5	67-72-1	Hexachloroethane		ប
78-59-1	98-95-3	Nitrobenzene		ប
88-75-52-Nitrophenol       610         105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol       610         111-91-1bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane       610         120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol       610         120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       610         91-20-3Naphthalene       610         106-47-8Naphthalene       610         87-68-3	78-59-1	Isophorone		บ
105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol 111-91-1bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane 120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol 120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 91-20-3Naphthalene 106-47-84-Chloroaniline 87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene 59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene 77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol 95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol 91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene 1500 88-74-42-Nitroaniline 131-11-3Dimethylphthalate 208-96-8Acenaphthylene 606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene 99-09-23-Nitroaniline	00 7F F	2_Nitrophenol		บี
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol 120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 91-20-3Naphthalene 106-47-84-Chloroaniline 87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene 59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene 610 88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol 95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol 91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene 88-74-42-Nitroaniline 131-11-3Dimethylphthalate 208-96-8Acenaphthylene 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 610 610	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol		บ
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606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene	200 06 0 -	Acenaphthylene		1
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05-32-3	02.22-6	Acenaphthene	[] 610	ט
	03-34-9			l

SEMIVOLATILE

GANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHELL

SBUSSKE

JL520

סבש סשובדה ואר.

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

Claimstough Bockgrowd

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

SÓG No.: JL511

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.10

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

M0241.D Lab File ID:

Date Received: 05/27/94

Level: (low/med) LOW

% Moisture: 46

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted: 05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:

500 (UL)

Date Analyzed: 06/07/94

Injection Volume:

2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

pH: 6.3

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q COMPOUND CAS NO. U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol\_\_\_\_ 1500 U 1500 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol U 610 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran U 610 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene J 34 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether U 610 U 610 86-73-7-----Fluorene U U 1500 100-01-6-----4-Nitroaniline 534-52-1-----4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 1500 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) U 610 U 610 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether\_ ם ט ט ט ט 610 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 1500 87-86-5-----Pentachlorophenol 74 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene\_ Ū 610 120-12-7-----Anthracene\_ U 610 86-74-8-----Carbazole J 84-74-2-----Di-n-butylphthalate\_\_\_\_ 42 JJUU 110 206-44-0----Fluoranthene\_ 130 129-00-0-----Pyrene 610 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 91-94-1-----3,37-Dichlorobenzidine 610 610 U 56-55-3-----Benzo(a) anthracene U 610 218-01-9-----Chrysene JE 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate\_ 610.540 U 610 117-84-0-----Di-n-octylphthalate 205-99-2-----Benzo(b) fluoranthene Ũ 610 U 610 207-08-9-----Benzo(k) fluoranthene\_ U 610 50-32-8-----Benzo(a)pyrene\_ U 610 193-39-5-----Indeno (1, 2, 3-cd) pyrene\_ U 610 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)anthracene\_ U 610 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)perylene\_

#### 1F SEMIVOLATILE CRGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

JL520

Lab Name: SWL-TULSA

Contract: 68-D2-0013

SDG No.: JL511

Lab Code: SWOK

Case No.: 22170

SAS No.:

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 18854.10

Sample wt/vol:

30.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: M0241.D

Level: (low/med)

LOW

Date Received: 05/27/94

% Moisture: 46

decanted: (Y/N) N

Date Extracted:05/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume: 500(uL)

Date Analyzed: 06/07/94

Injection Volume: 2.0(uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup:

(Y/N) Y pH: 6.3

Number TICs found: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TICs found	1: 25			<del></del> 1	1
	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q =====	
CAS NUMBER  ===================================	2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-met UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID UNKNOWN ORGANIC ACID UNKNOWN 2-Phenanthrenol, -octa UNKNOWN UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALKANE UNKNOWN ALDEHYDE UNKNOWN ALCOHOL UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN		======================================	NJO J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.	UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN	20.728 20.982 21.074 21.269 21.695 21.891 22.294 22.386	1200 820 910 1100 1100 4600		



## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10

1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101 RECEIVED

REPLY TO ATTH OF:

ES-095

AUG - 5 1994

August 4, 1994

**URS CONSULTANTS** 

#### **MEMORANDUM**

SUBJECT: Data Validation for Buse Timber SI, SAS No. 8404J-01, SDG

No. 94214115, Chlorinated Phenols Analysis

FROM:

Donald Matheny, Chemist Quality Assurance Office, ESD

TO:

Dave Bennett, Site Manager

Superfund Response & Investigations Branch, HWD

The QA Office has received and is transmitting the above ESAT data validation report.

CC: Porter Lombard, ESAT-RSCC
 /Jeff Kesner, Site Lead, URS
 Bruce Woods, TPO, Region 10

## ENVIRONMENTA SERVICE ASSISTANCE EAMS - ZONE 2

ICF Technology Inc.
ManTech Environmental

ESAT Region 10 ICF Technology Inc. Suite 1510 1200 6th Avenue Seattle, WA 98101 Phone (206) 224-4161

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

July 28, 1994

TO:

Jerry Muth, RPO, USEPA, Region 10

Donald Matheny, Task Monitor, USEPA, Region 10

THROUGH:

Barry Pepich, ESAT Team Manager, Region 10

Ond of Zinkgurst

FROM:

David J. Lindquist, ESAT Data Reviewer

SUBJECT:

Data Validation Report of Chlorinated Phenols Analyses of

Samples from Buse Timber Site Investigation

SAS: 8404J-01 SDG: 94214115

TID#:

10-9404-430

DOC#:

ESAT-10B-7502

WUD#:

2351

The quality assurance (QA) review of nine (9) soil samples and one water sample collected from the above referenced site has been completed. These samples were analyzed for phenol, 2-chlorophenol, 2,6-dichlorophenol, 4-chloro-3-methylphenol, 2,4-dichlorophenol, 2,4,5-trichlorophenol, 2,4,6-trichlorophenol, o-phenylphenol and pentachlorophenol via Method 8040A, "Phenols by Gas Chromatography" by Pacific Analytical, Inc. of Carlsbad, California. The samples were numbered as follows:

94214115	94214116	94214117	94214118	94214119
94214120	94214121	94214122	94214123	94214124

#### DATA QUALIFICATIONS

The following comments refer to the laboratory performance in meeting the Quality Control Specifications outlined in Method 8040A, "Phenols by Gas Chromatography" found in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste (SW-846)", the technical instructions specified in Special Analytical Services (SAS) Request 8404J-01 and the "National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, 2/94".

The conclusions presented herein are based on the information provided for the review.

Data Validation Report DOC#: ESAT-10B-7502, Page 2

#### 1. Timeliness - Acceptable

All of the samples were extracted and analyzed within the SAS specified holding times. In addition, the water sample met the technical (40 CFR 136 water criteria) holding time criteria.

The Extraction Logs indicate that the samples underwent extraction, acid/base cleanup, pentafluorobenzylbromide derivatization, GPC and silicagel cleanup as specified by the SAS request.

Listed below are pertinent sample collection, extraction and analysis dates.

Sample	Collection	Rec'd.	Extraction	Preparation*	Sample
Number	Date	<u>_Date_</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Analysis</u>
94214115	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214116	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214117	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214118	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214119	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214119	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
94214121	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794
•		052794	060694	062794	070794
94214122	052594				070894
94214123	052594	052794	060194	062794	
94214124	052594	052794	060694	062794	070794

\* Silica gel cleanup. Acid/base partition and derivatization were performed on 062194 and 062394.

#### 2. Initial Calibration

The SAS specified QC criteria were met for the initial calibration.

A five point initial calibration curve was analyzed for all target compounds and surrogates in accordance with the SAS request. The percent relative standard deviations (%RSDs) were within the SAS specified level (<30%) and ranged from 6.7 - 24.8% for all target compounds and surrogates for both of the columns used.

The %RSDs between the retention times of the different standards ranged from 0.05 - 0.12%.

For the surrogate, 2,4,6-tribromophenol, the low standard response factor associated with the DB-608 Megabore column was not used. Therefore, the 2,4,6-tribromophenol quantitation limit warrants elevation for this column.

2,6-Dichlorophenol and 4-chloro-3-methylphenol co-eluted on the DB-608 column (see section 7 for qualifications).

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#### 3. Continuing Calibration

The SAS specified the analysis of a continuing calibration verification (CCV) standard every ten samples at a concentration approximately equal to half the instrument calibration range. The relative percent difference (RPD) between the CCV response factors (RFs) and the mean RF associated with the initial calibration was required to be less than 25%.

Two CCVs were performed meeting the above continuing calibration criteria. However, the RPDs were calculated using the mid-range standard (.01 ppm) RF from the initial calibration rather than the mean RF. The data was not qualified on this basis.

2,6-Dichlorophenol and 4-chloro-3-methylphenol co-eluted on the DB-608 column (see section 7 for qualifications) .

The RPDs for all compounds ranged from 3 - 23% on the DB-608 column and 1 - 24% on the DB-5 column.

#### 4. Blanks

The method blank frequency of analysis criterion was met. The target compounds were not detected in the method blanks at levels greater than the detection limits with the following exceptions:

Soil Sample

<u>Method Blank</u>

5394PB

Compound pentachlorophenol

Water Sample

Method Blanks Compound

5371PB

5370PB 2,6-dichlorophenol

Detected pentachlorophenol and 2,6-dichlorophenol results were qualified as non-detected, "U", if the sample result area integration was below five times that of the associated method blank. The following detected target compound results are qualified as non-detected, "U", based on the associated method blank results:

pentachlorophenol - 94214115

94214116

94214120

2,6-dichlorophenol - 94214123

#### 5. Surrogate Recovery

The raw data was compared with the data presented in the surrogate recovery form. All of the surrogate recoveries were within the control limits (50-150%) with the following exceptions:

<u>Sample</u>	2-fluorophenol %R	<u>2,4,6-tribromophenol %R</u>
94214116	210	160
94214120	240	170
94214123		46

The high surrogate recoveries indicate the possibility of high bias. Therefore, the following compounds detected in samples 94214116 and 94214120 are qualified estimated (J):

#### Sample

94214116 - 2,6-dichlorophenol

94214120 - 2,6-dichlorophenol, 2,4,6-trichlorophenol, o-phenylphenol

The reviewer deemed not to qualify compounds associated with the low surrogate recovery of 2,4,6-tribromophenol on the basis that the percent recovery was just slightly lower than the control limit and the 2-fluorophenol percent recovery was within the control limits.

For the remaining samples the 2-fluorophenol recoveries ranged from 70 - 130% and the 2,4,6-tribromophenol recoveries ranged from 60 - 90%.

#### 6. Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) - Acceptable

The frequency and percent recovery criteria for MS/MSD analysis were met. The values reported on the matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate recovery form were verified with the raw data. The MS and MSD analyses yielded recovery results that were within the SAS specified control limits for all target compounds. The recoveries ranged from 70% to 130% and the RPDs between matrix spike duplicate results ranged 0% to 55%.

#### 7. Compound Identification

The chromatograms and quantitation lists were inspected.

2,6-Dichlorophenol and 4-chloro-3-methylphenol co-eluted on the DB-608 column. Positive results for these compounds cannot be confirmed due to co-elution on the confirmation column. Therefore, the following sample results are qualified, "JN" (tentatively identified at an estimated concentration):

2,6-dichlorophenol -	94214115	94214116	94214117	94214119
	94214120	94214121	94214122	94214124
p-chloro-m-cresol -	94214117	94214119	94214123	

Calculations were checked with the raw data. Calculations were correct. There were no transcription errors observed between the raw data and the reported results.

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#### 8. Compound Quantitation and Detection Limits

The response factor from the mid-range initial calibration was used for quantitation. Both columns were used for quantitation and confirmation of the compounds.

A method detection limit (MDL) study prior to sample analysis indicated that the SAS specified detection limits were achievable.

The raw data was examined to verify the calculations of sample results and the reported detection limits. The calculations were correct and conformed with the SAS and method required detection limits.

#### 9. Laboratory Contact

The laboratory was contacted on 07/28/94 requesting that the Form 1s be re-submitted with the sample results reported on a dry weight basis.

The Form 1s were received on 08/02/94 and included with the CSF (purge file).

#### 10. Overall Assessment

Approximately fifteen percent of the total data points were qualified as estimated due to high surrogate recoveries and/or identification problems. All of the standards, samples and QC samples were analyzed in accordance with the SAS specified method with exceptions previously noted.

#### DATA QUALIFIER DEFINITIONS

U- The analyte was analyzed for and is <u>not present</u> above the level of the associated value. The associated numerical value indicates the approximate concentration necessary to detect the analyte in this sample.

If a decision requires quantitation of the analyte below the associated numerical level, reanalysis or alternative analytical methods should be considered. The technical staff is available to discuss available options.

J- The analyte was analyzed for and was <u>positively identified</u>, but the associated numerical value may not be consistent with the amount actually present in the environmental sample. <u>The data should be seriously considered for decision making and are usable for many purposes.</u>

A subscript may be appended to the "J" that indicates which of the following quality control criteria were not met:

- 1 Blank contamination: indicates <u>possible</u> high bias and/or false positives.
- 2 Calibration range exceeded: indicates possible low bias.
- Holding times not met: indicates low bias for most analytes with the exception of common laboratory contaminants and chlorinated ethenes (i.e.: trichloroethene, 1,1-dichloroethene, vinyl chloride).
- 4 Other QC outside control limits: bias not readily determined.
- R- The data are unusable for all purposes. The analyte was analyzed for, but the presence or absence of the analyte has not been verified.

Resampling and reanalysis are necessary to confirm or deny the presence of the analyte.

UJ - A combination of the "U" and "J" qualifier. The analyte was analyzed for and was not present above the level of the associated value. The associated numerical value may not accurately or precisely represent the concentration necessary to detect the analyte in this sample.

If a decision requires quantitation of the analyte close to the associated numerical level, reanalysis or alternative analytical methods should be considered.

N- The analysis indicates that <u>an</u> analyte is present, and there are strong indications that the identity is correct.

Confirmation of the analyte requires further analysis.

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NJ- A combination of the "N" and the "J" qualifier. The analysis indicates that the analyte is "tentatively identified" and the associated numerical value may not be consistent with the amount actually present in the environmental sample.

A subscript may be appended to the "NJ" that indicates which of the following situations applies:

- DDT/Endrin breakdown evident.
- 2 Interference from other sample components.
- 3 Non-Target Compound List (TCL) compounds (Confirmation is necessary using specific target compound methodology to accurately determine the concentration and identity of the detected compound).
- 4 A confirmation analysis was missing or quality control criteria were not met for the confirmation analysis.

NOTE: Data users are encouraged to contact their Regional representative within ESD to clarify or obtain further information on the appropriate use of analytical data.

94214115

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94

.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89401

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 26

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	Q
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	74	
108-95-2	Phenol	14	Ŭ -
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	14	Ū
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	27	ЛL
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	14	Ü
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	14	Ŭ
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	14	· U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	14	Ü
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	14	Ŭ
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	61	i
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	7	· * * U

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

94214116

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89402

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 35

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	Q
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	162	
108-95-2	Phenol	15	U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	15 gr	U 2
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	15 8,815 gr	NJJU
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	15	ับ
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	15	U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	15	U .
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	15	Ü
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	15	Ū
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	123	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	8	<i>7</i> U

Flags:

U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

#### FORM 1 METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

94214117

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89403

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 37

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/kG) ug/kG	ବ
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	79	••
108-95-2	Phenol	\ <b>16</b>	U .
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	16	U
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	16	JΝ
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	8	JN
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	16	J
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	16	U,
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	16	j J
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	32	
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	63	•
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	71	

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

## FO... 1 METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

94214118

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

4H503

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: \_\_\_\_ SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89404

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 82

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	Q
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	194	
108-95-2	Phenol	56	Ŭ
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	56	. <b>U</b>
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	56	U
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	56	U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	56	U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	56	U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	56	<b>ن</b> ک
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	56	Ū
96 <del>-</del> 11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	167	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	56	U

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

#### FORm 1 METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

94214119

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

50302

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89405

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 77

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	
CAS NO 367-12-4 108-95-2 95-57-8 87-65-0 59-50-7 120-83-2 88-06-2	2-Fluorophenol Phenol 2-Chlorophenol 2,6-Dichlorophenol p-Chloro-m-Cresol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	217 43 43 109 22 43 43	 U U J V U U U U U U
95-95-4 90-43-7 96-11-7	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol o-Phenylphenol 2,4,6-Tribromophenol	43 43 130	, j
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	109	

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

## FO... 1 METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

41.20 9421<del>420</del>

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

5DUS 4

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89406

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 50

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	Q
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol .	240	
108-95-2	Phenol	20	U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	20	Ŭ
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	40	ИZ
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	20	U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	20	U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10	J
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	20	ָ 'Ŭ `
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	20	Ĵ
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	170	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	10	X ∪

Flags:

U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

### METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

9421<del>421</del> ア

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Lab Sample ID: 89407 Matrix Type: SOIL

Date Received: 05/27/94

Date Extracted: 06/06/94 Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL)

Date Analyzed: 07/07/94 Injection Volume: 2 (uL)

% Moisture: 25

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	Q
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	73	
108-95-2	Phenol	. 13	Ŭ
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	13	U
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	27	ノレ
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	13	Ŭ
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	13	U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	13	U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	13	
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	13	U
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	60	•
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	13	U

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

4122 9421<del>422</del> N

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

SUBBRAKH

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

31-120

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89408

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 65

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	ବ
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	129	
108-95-2	Phenol	29	U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	29	บ
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	$\overline{14}$	JN.
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	29	บ
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	29	Ū
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	29	Ū
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	29	ر . <del>آن</del> ا
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	29	Ū (
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	100	•
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	29	. 11

Flags:

U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

#### METHOD 8040A - PFBBr DERIVATIVES OF PHENOLS

4123 9421<del>423-</del> x

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type://WATER

Lab Sample ID: 89409

Sample weight: 1000.0 (G/mL) mL

Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL)

Date Extracted: 06/01/94

[n,jection Volume: 2 (uL)

Date Analyzed: 07/08/94

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/kG) uG/L	Q
367-12-4 08-95-2 35-57-8 37-65-0 39-50-7 20-83-2 8-06-2 5-95-4 0-43-7 6-11-7	2-Fluorophenol Phenol 2-Chlorophenol 2,6-Dichlorophenol p-Chloro-m-Cresol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 0-Phenylphenol 2,4,6-Tribromophenol	74.0 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	ם מ מ מ ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט
7-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	0.5	Ū

U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

94214124

Lab Name: Pacific Analytical, Inc.

5 BUSBKS

Lab Code: PACIF Case No.: SAS No.: 8404J01 SDG No.: 94214115

Matrix Type: SOIL Lab Sample ID: 89410

Sample weight: 50.0 (G/mL) Grams Date Received: 05/27/94

Final Extract Volume: 250 (mL) Date Extracted: 06/06/94

Injection Volume: 2 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/07/94

% Moisture: 44

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kG) uG/kG	୍ ବ
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	89	
108-95-2	Phenol	18	ָ <b>ט</b>
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	18	U
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	18	JN
59-50-7	p-Chloro-m-Cresol	18	U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	18	U .
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	.18	U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	18	U
90-43-7	o-Phenylphenol	18	U
96-11-7	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	45	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	18	U

Flags: U - Undetected at or above the listed value.

# APPENDIX D DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES

Buse Timber & Sales, Everett, Washington SI Report
EPA Region 10 ARCS
Contract No. 68-W9-0054
Work Assignment No. 54-17-OJZZ

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## Appendix D Table D-1 Data Quality Objectives for RAS Soil Samples

	Method <sup>4</sup>	Targeted Detection Limit <sup>b</sup>	Actual Detection Limits	Units'	Target Accuracy <sup>d</sup>	Actual Accuracy	Target Precision	Actual Precision	Target Completeness <sup>t</sup>	Actual Completeness
SVs	CLP-RAS	330-800	430-73,000	μg/kg	11-142%	38-120%	50%	26% <sup>i</sup>	90%	90%
PCBs	CLP-RAS	1.7-170	- 55-150	μg/kg	23-139%	48-170%	50%	8%	90%	90%
Inorganics	CLP-RAS	0.6-100	0.05-6	mg/kg	75-125%	75-125%	20%	20%	90%	90%
Mercuryg	CLP-RAS	0.10	0.02	mg/kg	75-125%	75-125%	20%	20%	90%	90%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Methods for analyses as defined in U.S. EPA 1990a, 1990b.

Data were not qualified on this basis.

RAS soil sample data quality objectives were met or exceeded for all inorganics and mercury analyses. RAS soil sample data quality objectives for SVs and PCBs were met for completeness and exceeded for precision. Target detection limits were not met by the laboratory for either SVs or PCBs. The detection limits also had high variability within and among samples. Higher than expected detection limits make comparison of relatively low detections with sample results for which analytes were not detected at higher detection limits difficult. PCB accuracy targets were not met for RAS soil samples. Surrogate recoveries were high for some of the samples; however, data quality is not believed to have been affected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Calculated from laboratory reporting limits.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Units reported in mass/mass unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Calculated from laboratory attainable control limits through analytical surrogate or matrix spike recovery and laboratory QC.

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated from laboratory relative percent difference between results of field replicate samples or through matrix duplicates.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Calculated from comparing planned and actual analytical results, including analyte rejections and work plan deviations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Mercury listed separately due to specific target detection limit.

Antimony recovery was 0 percent in both quality assurance samples. Data were qualified appropriately.

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## Appendix D Table D-2 Data Quality Objectives for RAS Water Samples

Analysis	Methoda	Targeted Detection Limit <sup>b</sup>			Target Accuracy <sup>J</sup>	Actual Accuracy	Target Precision <sup>e</sup>	Actual Precision	Target Completeness <sup>t</sup>	Actual Completeness
SVs	CLP-RAS	10-25	10-25	μg/L	9-145%	No data quality information provided by laboratory	50%	No data quality information provided by laboratory	90%	No data quality information provided by laboratory
PCBs	CLP-RAS	0.05-1.0	0.11-0.20	μg/L	38-127%	96-100%	30%	4.1%	90%	100%
Inorganics	CLP-RAS	0.003-5.0	0.05-6.0	mg/L	75-125%	75-125% <sup>h</sup>	20%	20%	90%	100%
Mercury	CLP-RAS	0.0002	0.02	mg/L	75-125%	75-125%	20%	20%	90%	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Methods for analyses as defined in U.S. EPA 1990a, 1990b.

Data quality objectives were met for RAS water samples with the exception of the inorganics and mercury detection limits. The laboratory reported all inorganics detection limits within targets except for selenium. The mercury detection limit was reported by the laboratory at 0.020 mg/L, 100 times the target detection limit. Data quality was not apparently affected.

bCalculated from laboratory reporting limits.

Units reported in mass/mass unless otherwise indicated.

dCalculated from laboratory attainable control limits through analytical surrogate or matrix spike recovery and laboratory quality control (QC).

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated from laboratory relative percent difference between results of field replicate samples or through matrix duplicates.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Calculated from comparing planned and actual analytical results, including analyte rejections and work plan deviations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup>Mercury listed separately due to specific target detection limit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>Antimony recovery was 0 percent in both quality assurance samples. Data were qualified appropriately.

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## Appendix D Table D-3 Data Quality Objectives for SAS Soil and Water Samples

	Analysis	Method	Target Detection Limit*	Actual Detection Limit	Target Precision <sup>b</sup>		Target Accuracy	Actual Accuracy	Target Completion <sup>d</sup>	Actual Completeness
Soil	SV	CLP-SAS	$4.0-600 \mu g/kg$	13-56 μg/kg	60%	0-55%	20-140%	46-240% <sup>e</sup>	90%	90%
Water	SV	CLP-SAS	0.6-10 μg/L	0.5 μg/L	60%	No data quality information provided by laboratory	20-140%	No data quality information provided by laboratory	90%	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Calculated from laboratory reporting limits.

Data quality objectives were met or exceeded for all soil targets. Water sample data quality objectives were met for detection limit, but information concerning the other aspects of data quality was not provided by the laboratory. Target completeness is exceeded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Calculated from laboratory relative percent difference between results of field duplicate samples or through matrix duplicates.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Calculated from laboratory attainable control limits through analytical surrogate or MS recovery and laboratory QC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Calculated from comparing planned and actual analytical results, including analyte rejections and work plan deviations.

Data outside laboratory control limits were qualified appropriately.