Chevron Newmants
Bremerton

GeoScience Management, Inc. Environmental Consulting Services
Release 2907



18608 89th Avenue N.E. • Bothell, Washington 98011 • Telephone (425) 481-4538

March 26, 2001

Mr. Roger Jensen Nordic Properties, Inc. PO Box 84 Port Orchard, Washington 98366

Re:

Additional Subsurface Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report

Newman's Chevron

2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA

Dear Mr. Jensen:

This report documents the results of the recent additional subsurface assessment performed by GeoScience Management, Inc. (GSM), and subsequent excavation of petroleum-contaminated soil at the above-referenced site. Our assessment work was performed in September of 2000, and soil excavation was performed in late December 2000.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROJECT BACKGROUND

The property which is located on the southeastern corner of the intersection of 6th and Naval Streets, at 2021 6th Street, Bremerton, currently contains an active retail gasoline service station and convenience store (Figure 1). The area contains a mixture of both single family residences and small commercial establishments. The property is generally level, but surrounding topography slopes gently to the south and west. An approximately 3 to 4-foot high concrete retaining wall is located on the east and south sides of the property. The adjacent properties to the south and east are both lower in elevation than the service station property.

We understand that Nordic Properties (d.b.a. Wilkins Distributing) sold the station to the Newman's in 1990. At that time, the existing USTs, consisting of four steel, 4,000-gallon gasoline, one steel, 6,000-gallon gasoline, and one steel, 550-gallon waste oil, were removed by Pacific Environmental Services Company (PESCO), and replaced with new tanks. The five gasoline USTs were removed from a single excavation located east of the pump islands and northeast of the store building. The waste oil UST was removed from a single small excavation located just northeast of the store (Figure 2). Environmental oversight, on behalf of Nordic Properties (Wilkins) was performed by Applied Geotechnology, Inc. (AGI). AGI reported that no groundwater was encountered in either of the tank excavations, and that they anticipated that groundwater was at least 70 to 75 feet deep in a glacial advance sand unit.

AGI noted that several small holes and a leaking seam were present in the waste oil UST at the time of removal. AGI also noted that PESCO reported an apparent piping leak in the southeast corner of the tank pit, and fuel was observed being drained from an electrical conduit running over the tops of the tanks. After the tanks had been removed by PESCO, AGI collected a total of nine soil samples from the main gasoline UST excavation, and an additional 2 soil samples from the waste oil tank excavation. Samples from around the gasoline tanks were analyzed for gasoline and diesel range hydrocarbons using EPA Method 8015 Modified, and BTEX. The samples from the waste oil tank excavation were analyzed for oil-range hydrocarbons using



EPA Method 418.1. A composite sample of the <u>sidewalls</u> of the waste oil tank excavation was also analyzed for organochlorine pesticides and PCB's, halogenated volatile organic compounds and various metals using EPA Methods 8080, 8010, and 6000/7000 series, respectively.

Results of laboratory analyses indicated that petroleum hydrocarbon contaminants, identified by the analytical laboratory as "gas or aged gas", were identified in six of the nine samples from around the gasoline tanks. Of these, 5 of the 6 contained gasoline concentrations above the cleanup guidelines proposed under the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) regulations at that time. Reported concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline ranged from not detected at or above the analytical method reporting limit, to 10,230 mg/kg, which was detected in the sample collected at a depth of approximately 10.5 feet bgs in the southeastern corner of the gasoline tanks excavation. Additionally, AGI reported that copper, chromium and lead, (total metals) and aldrin (a PCB compound), g-BHC, 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDT, and Endosulfan I (pesticide compounds) were detected, but at concentrations below cleanup guideline levels. The results of the hydrocarbon analyses are summarized in Table 1, and are also listed on Figure 2. All of AGI's results are contained in their Work plan document dated October 17, 1990 included as Attachment A.

As a result of these data, AGI completed two exploratory test pits (Pits 1 and 2) to the southeast and east of the gasoline tank excavation, to determine the potential extent of impacts to soil in this area. One soil sample from a depth of approximately 13 feet bgs from Pit 1, contained gasoline at a concentration of 634 mg/kg. However, no impacted soil was excavated from the tank pit prior to installation of the new tanks due to concern for stability of the excavation because the close proximity of the convenience store. AGI installed perforated piping, for a possible vapor extraction system, in the bottom of the tank excavation before the new tanks were installed. However, the piping was subsequently not used.

SCOPE OF WORK

To further delineate the subsurface environmental conditions described by AGI, GSM personnel performed the following tasks:

- Prepared a Site-specific Safety and Operations Plan for GSM personnel addressing anticipated site field work;
- Coordinated buried utility clearances and field located 7 strataprobe locations, and coordinated with you regarding planning, scheduling, and site access;
- Conducted strataprobe soil sampling at 7 locations adjacent to the existing underground storage tanks (USTs), at locations with elevated concentrations of gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons in soil previously identified by AGI. Selected samples were analyzed for gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH-G) and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes (BTEX), total lead, and Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons (VPH) using the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) Interim TPH Policy methods;
- Evaluated the data using Ecology's Interim TPH methods, and discussed the results with you and the Newman's;
- Coordinated with you and PESCO, regarding possible remedial strategies to address identified soil
 impacts adjacent to the southeastern corner of the USTs;

- Provided field oversight and environmental sampling of impacted soil, and submitted three soil samples for TPH-G/BTEX analyses from the limits of the resulting excavation;
- Prepared a submittal to the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) for an evaluation of the environmental cleanup actions under the Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP); and
- Prepared this final report summarizing laboratory testing results, investigation findings, and the results of soil excavation.

ADDITIONAL SUBSURFACE ASSESSMENT

Strataprobe Soil Borings

On September 15, 2000, Transglobal Environmental Geosciences Northwest, Inc. (TEG), under contract to GSM, advanced 7 strataprobe exploration borings at the locations shown in Figure 3. Strataprobes were advanced to approximately 15 feet below ground surface (bgs), using 1-1/2-inch diameter rods and a split-barrel sampler. Sampling locations were selected to obtain soil samples from areas where AGI had reported previously that gasoline-range soil contamination existed at the limits of the UST excavation in 1990. The goal was to obtain representative soil samples from these areas for analyses using Ecology's Interim TPH methodology.

Borings B-1 and B-6 were completed in the area of AGI's sample #B immediately south of the existing tanks. Borings B-3 and B-4 were installed to the southwest and northwest of the existing tanks, in the general vicinity of AGI's samples C and W, respectively. We were unable to drill closer to AGI's locations because we were unable to definitively locate the buried product lines, which traverse this area from the tanks to the pump islands. The piping could not be located by an underground utility locator because it is composed of fiberglass. Therefore, due to the uncertainty of the piping locations, we did not drill in this area. Borings B-2, B-5, and B-7 were completed in the vicinity of AGI's samples #A and Pit #1 just southeast of the existing tanks.

Soil Sampling. Soil samples were collected at each of the strataprobe boring locations to characterize the subsurface lithology, and obtain soil samples for possible chemical analysis. Samples were retrieved using a 3-foot long, split barrel sampling barrel with a clear acrylic liner attached to the end of the rods. The sampling tools were advanced using a 90-lb. hydraulic hammer and the weight of the strataprobe truck. The rods were then removed from the hole and the sampler detached and opened, and the liner removed and cut open to allow collection of the soil sample. Samples were placed immediately in laboratory-prepared glass jars and placed in a chilled cooler and transported under chain of custody protocols to either TEG's Bellevue laboratory, or to NorthCreek Analytical, Inc. (NCA), depending on the required chemical analyses. Results of laboratory analysis of soil samples are presented in Table 2. Soil sample intervals and descriptive information were recorded on the exploration logs in Attachment B.

Investigation Findings

Subsurface Geology and Groundwater Occurrence. The site is underlain by several feet of sandy fill materials in the vicinity of the tanks. We encountered a moist to wet, gray, brown and oxidized brown, fine sandy to clayey silt unit which extended to the maximum depth explored of 15 feet bgs. Two of the borings,

designated B-5 and B-7 encountered approximately 8 and 13 feet of pea gravel, respectively, above the silt, representing backfill materials surrounding the tanks (B-5) and in AGI's Pit #1 area. Hydrocarbon-like odors were present in soil from boring locations B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, and B-7. Groundwater was not observed to occur to a depth of 15 feet bgs based on examination of soil samples collected from the soil borings.

Soil Analytical Results. The goal of the assessment was to collect soil samples from those areas identified by AGI's previous sampling, where contaminants were present at concentrations above the MTCA Method A levels, to both further assess the extent and magnitude of the residual contamination, and to allow laboratory analyses using Ecology's Interim TPH methodology. However, laboratory analyses did not detect petroleum hydrocarbons from selected soil samples collected from borings B-1 and B-6 located in the area of AGI's sample #B, nor did they detect contamination in the sample collected from boring B-3. Gasoline was reported at a concentration of 11 mg/kg from the sample collected from a depth of 12-13 feet bgs in boring B-4. The mg/kg units approximate parts per million (ppm) concentrations. From these data, we conclude that either the contaminated soil represented by AGI's previous sample #B collected from the southern sidewall of the 1990 tank excavation, which contained a concentration of 4,875 mg/kg gasoline, is either very limited in extent, or has been remediated through natural processes. We also conclude that soil in the vicinity of AGI's contaminated soil samples #C and #W along the western sidewall of the 1990 tank excavation, which contained gasoline concentrations of 1,550 mg/kg and 245 mg/kg, respectively, are also relatively limited in extent, and do not extent to the northwest or the southwest of AGI's sampled locations. Again, we were unable to evaluate soil conditions directly west of the tank complex due to the uncertainty regarding the location of the buried, active product lines.

Soil samples obtained by GSM from boring B-5 contained gasoline contamination at concentrations of 8,700 and 160 mg/kg, from depths of 10 to 11 feet, and 13 to 14 feet bgs, respectively. BTEX compounds were present in the B-5 sample at depth of 10 to 11 feet bgs, at concentrations of 24,000 ug/kg, 19,000 ug/kg, 42,000 ug/kg, and 500,000 ug/kg, respectively. The ug/kg units approximate parts per billion (ppb) concentrations. BTEX compounds were present in the B-5 sample at depth of 13 to 14 feet bgs, at concentrations of 260 ug/kg, 3200 ug/kg, 1200 ug/kg, and 15,000 ug/kg, respectively. However, the benzene data reported by TEG for these samples was subsequently shown to be in error due to additional analyses by method 8260b by NCA, as described in the following section of this report. Boring B-5 was located in the area of AGI's contaminated soil sample #A from the southeastern sidewall of the 1990 tank excavation, which contained a concentration of 10,230 mg/kg gasoline. The sample from B-7, at a depth of 13.5 to 14.5 feet, contained gasoline at a concentration of 130 mg/kg, but no detectable BTEX compounds. Boring B-7 came from the area of AGI's Pit #1 which contained a gasoline concentration of 634 mg/kg. These data are presented in Table 2. Laboratory reports are contained in Attachment C.

Based on these results, GSM submitted samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2 to NCA to determine concentrations of volatile petroleum hydrocarbons (e.g., gasoline and BTEX compounds) in soil using Ecology's Interim Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) methodology. These data were then used to determine an appropriate soil cleanup level specific to the site, which is protective of human health and the environmental. Our evaluation is discussed below.

INTERIM TPH SOIL EVALUATION AND DETERMINATION OF CLEANUP LEVEL

To establish an appropriate risk-based, site-specific cleanup level under MTCA's Method B protocols for TPH compounds, Ecology's Interim TPH Policy (Ecology, 1997) was utilized. To derive a TPH cleanup level, the Interim TPH (ITPH) Policy uses the concentrations, chemical properties, and toxicity information for individual compounds and groups of chemical fractions that comprise TPH's, and applies these data to set exposure scenarios to evaluate potential health risks. Specific analytical methods (e.g., Volatile and Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbon Methods), that identify the TPH carbon-range fractions present in the soils from a particular site, were developed by Ecology in association with the ITPH Policy. The analyses quantify the concentrations of specific carbon-range aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, which are the primary petroleum hydrocarbon components of TPH. The method of Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons (VPHs, Ecology, 1998) was selected as the appropriate analytical method for the Newman's Chevron site because a review of available soil TPH chromatograms indicated that gasoline range hydrocarbons are the primary type of petroleum hydrocarbons at the site.

Interim TPH Analyses

Two soil samples (B-5, S1 and B-5, S2) collected by GSM, were selected for VPH analysis. The total VPH concentration for sample B-5, S-1 was 3,194 mg/kg, while sample B-5, S-2 contained a VPH concentration of 3,263 mg/kg. TPH and VPH results for samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2 were then used to derive an appropriate TPH as gasoline soil cleanup level for the site. Using Ecology's ITPH methods, a cleanup level derived in this manner, by definition, will not pose a threat to human health through direct soil contact, which is defined as a concentrations which results in a hazard index, or HI, greater than one, or in contaminant leaching to groundwater resulting in a TPH concentration in groundwater of 1 mg/L or greater. The mg/L units approximate parts per million concentrations. Samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2 were also analyzed for carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and xylenes to determine if these compounds could pose a potential risk to human health through direct contact with soil at the site.

Evaluation of Direct Soil Contact Pathway

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons. A majority of the soil samples collected at the site contained primarily weathered gasoline. For the samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2 total VPH concentrations were 3,194 mg/kg and 3,263 mg/kg, respectively. For these samples the calculated HI's were 0.41 and 0.65, respectively. Attachment D contains the Ecology's HI worksheet which we used to obtain these results.

A TPH cleanup level for the site was then derived by back-calculating Ecology's direct contact exposure model using VPH results for samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2. Using the VPH results for sample B-5, S1, a Method B TPH soil cleanup level was calculated. Using this procedure, a total VPH concentration of 4,786 mg/kg, based on the site specific data, was estimated to result in an HI equal to one (see Table 3C for calculations). We then compared the TPH values and VPH values obtained for sample B-5, S-1, and determined a factor difference of 1.26. Using the factor difference of 1.26 between VPH and TPH concentrations indicated that a total VPH concentration of 4,786 mg/kg is equivalent to a TPH concentration 7,719 mg/kg. This TPH concentration is then, using Ecology's methodology, protective of human health via the direct soil contact pathway. However, because a gasoline-range TPH concentration of 7,719 mg/kg may

exceed the residual saturation concentrations for gasoline in soil, a conservative cleanup number for the site of 2,000 mg/kg gasoline range TPHs is proposed as an alternative cleanup level. This alternative site-specific cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg assumes that no detectable benzene is present in the samples and the proportions of the various aromatic and aliphatic fractions remain similar to that of samples B-5, S-1 to B-5, S-2. Attachment D presents a detailed discussion of VPH and TPH results, and a discussion of how the final TPH concentration was derived.

Carcinogenic Compounds. Benzene was reported in the B-5, S-1 sample analyzed by TEG at a concentration of 24,000 ug/kg, and at a concentration of 260 ug/kg in sample B-5, S-2, using EPA test method 8021b, which is a gas chromatography (GC) method. However, analyses by NCA of these same samples using EPA test method 8260b, which using a mass spectrometer to positively identify organic compounds, indicated that benzene was not present at or above the analytical method reporting limit. In discussions with the NCA, it was determined that the compound identified by TEG as benzene, using EPA Test Method 8021B, was probably not benzene, but was in fact heptene, which has a similar GC retention time as benzene. This conclusion is based on a review of GC chromatograms and mass spectrometer ion chromatograms.

Soil to Groundwater Pathway

The potential impact of TPHs in representative soil samples on groundwater quality was evaluated using a soil to groundwater pathway model presented in Ecology's ITPH Policy. The model was run using Ecology's recommended default input parameters. For the samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2, the model predicted groundwater TPH concentrations ranging from 1.12 and 2.26, respectively. The predicted concentrations exceed the groundwater cleanup level of 1 mg/l. A review of the soil to groundwater pathway result indicates that toluene (B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2 were 40.8 and 152 mg/kg, respectively) is the primary compound causing the predicted groundwater concentrations to exceed the allowable cleanup level. For samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2, substituting a toluene concentration of 20 mg/kg into a soil-groundwater pathway model leads to a predicted groundwater concentration of less than 1 mg/l. These findings indicate a soil TPH cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg is protective of groundwater quality based on the established groundwater cleanup level for TPH of 1. In addition, the cleanup level assumes samples contain less than or equal to 20 mg/kg toluene, no detectable benzene, and a similar distribution of aromatic and aliphatic fractions as found in samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2. Attachment C presents a detailed discussion of soil to groundwater pathway model results.

Interim TPH Evaluation Summary

Based on the results of our interim TPH evaluation, we concluded that a concentration of 2,000 mg/kg gasoline in soil at the site would be protective of human health and the environment. Because benzene was not detected in any of the soil samples collected and analyzed from GSM's soil borings, we concluded that carcinogenic compounds are not a concern at the site. We also concluded that the toluene concentrations detected in soil samples B-5, S-1 and B-5, S-2 were too high, causing Ecology's soil to groundwater pathway model results to exceed the allowable TPH level in groundwater of 1 mg/L. As a result of this finding, Nordic Properties elected to excavated the contaminated soil from the southeastern corner of the tank complex.

EXCAVATION OF CONTAMINATED SOIL SOUTHEAST OF THE TANKS

GSM coordinated with you and PESCO to determine how to excavate impacted soil from the southeastern corner of the tank complex. The logistics of this work were difficult because the tanks were surrounded with pea gravel, which sloughs easily into an excavation, and because the station and existing tanks were required to remain in operation during the work. PESCO determined that a portion of the concrete surface slab could be removed over the southeastern portion of the tank complex, and that a relatively small amount of soil could be carefully removed from the east end of the southernmost tank.

Soil Excavation, Sampling and Disposal

On December 26, 2000, PESCO saw-cut and removed the concrete surface slab as shown on Figure 4. A sanitary sewer line was encountered and removed in the excavation area also. On December 27, 2000, PESCO excavated a total of approximately 20 cubic yards (30 tons) of contaminated soil from the eastern end of the southernmost tank. The approximate area of excavation is shown on Figure 4. Excavated soils from the sidewall of the tank pit initially contained hydrocarbon vapors up to approximately 600 ppm (using a photoionization detector calibrated to isobutylene). These vapor levels dropped rapidly to less than 20 ppm as excavation progressed. A total of three discrete samples, designated Bottom-14.5, SE Wall-11.5, and NE Wall-11.5 were collected from the limits of the resulting excavation. Sample NE Wall-11.5 was collected from the northeastern sidewall of the excavation at a depth of 11.5 feet bgs. Sample Bottom-14.5 was collected from the bottom of the excavation at a depth of 14.5 feet bgs. Fill materials exposed in the excavation to the north, northwest, west and southwest consisted entirely of pea gravel backfill, and were not sampled.

The excavated soil was placed directly into dump trucks and transported, under Waste Permit # 2000-194, to Olympic View Landfill for disposal. Waste disposal information is included as Attachment E. The excavation was then filled with pea gravel to match existing subgrade, and the concrete restored over the tanks.

Results of Soil Sampling at the Limits of Excavation

Soil samples collected at the limits of the excavation were submitted to NCA for analyses for gasoline-range hydrocarbons and BTEX compounds. The results of NCA's analyses are included in Table 2, and indicated that gasoline-range hydrocarbons were present at concentrations of 179 mg/kg, 19.4 mg/kg, and 18.7 mg/kg in samples Bottom-14.5, SE Wall-11.5, and NE Wall-11.5, respectively. BTEX compounds were reported in the Bottom-14.5 sample at concentrations of 0.178 mg/kg, 4.18, mg/kg, 1.68 mg/kg, and 12.3mg/kg, respectively. Toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes were reported at concentrations of 0.337 mg/kg, 0.0799 mg/kg, and 0.465 mg/kg, respectively. Benzene was not detected at or above the analytical method reporting limits (MRL) in sample SE Wall-11.5. Toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes were reported at concentrations of 0.137 mg/kg, 0.0792 mg/kg, and 0.257 mg/kg, respectively. Benzene was not detected at or above the MRL in sample NE Wall-11.5. These concentrations are well below the MTCA Method A cleanup levels, with the exception of the 179 mg/kg gasoline in sample Bottom-14.5. However, this concentration is well below the proposed site-specific Method B cleanup level for gasoline in soil at the site based on our ITPH evaluation, as described previously.

SUMMARY OF SITE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AFTER SOIL EXCAVATION

AGI identified gasoline-range soil impacts at concentrations above the cleanup levels then being used by the state, at a number of locations at the limits of the tank excavation in 1990. TPH as gasoline was reported at concentrations of 10,230 mg/kg, 4,875 mg/kg, 245 mg/kg, 346 mg/kg, 1,550 mg/kg, and 57 mg/kg, in AGI's samples #A, #B, #C, #N, #W, and #2, respectively. The highest concentration of gasoline (sample #A) was reportedly obtained from the southeastern sidewall of the excavation. As a result, two exploratory test pits were completed by AGI at that time to determine the potential extent of soil impacts to the south and east of the excavation. Results of laboratory analyses of samples from the pits showed that while no gasoline-range hydrocarbons were present east of the excavation in pit #2, 634 mg/kg gasoline was present at a depth of approximately 13 feet in pit #1 to the southeast. Reportedly, no soil was excavated at that time due to concerns over the stability of the excavation sidewalls related to the nearby store and shop building, and new tanks were installed in the excavation.

In September 2000, GSM drilled as near as was practicable to AGI's sample locations #A, #B, #C, #W, and #2, to determine the apparent extent of the impacts, and to obtain representative soil samples for chemical analyses using Ecology's ITPH methods. Adjacent to AGI's sample location #B, we were unable to locate contaminated soil. This sugggests that either the contamination has degraded naturally in the 10 years since AGI collected their samples, or that the extent of impacts in this area is very limited (e.g., within a few feet of the limits of the southern wall of the 1990 tank excavation). As a result of this finding, and the fact that excavation of the south sidewall of the 1990 excavation could not be safely completed because the tanks are currently use, no further action was taken at this location.

GSM drilled northwest and southwest of AGI's contaminated soil sample locations #C and #W along the western sidewall of the 1990 tank excavation, which contained gasoline concentrations of 1,550 mg/kg and 245 mg/kg, respectively. GSM's boring B-4 located northwest of AGI's sample #C, contained only 11 mg/kg as gasoline, no benzene, toluene or ethylbenzene compounds, and only 1.1 mg/kg xylenes, while GSM's boring B-3 located southwest of AGI's sample #W did not contain any detectable concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons. We conclude from this information, that contaminated soil in the vicinity of AGI's samples #C and #W is limited in extent, and does not extent to the northwest or the southwest of AGI's sampled locations. Again, we were unable to obtain representative samples directly west of the tank complex due to the uncertainty regarding the location of the buried, active product lines. As a consequence, no further action was taken at these locations.

Soil samples collected by GSM in the area of AGI's sample #A did contain fairly high levels of gasoline-range hydrocarbons, and were used to determine an appropriate cleanup level for gasoline in soil using Ecology's ITPH methodology. Our analyses resulted in the selection of a gasoline cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg for the site. We also determined that the toluene levels reported for GSM's samples from boring B-5 were not protective of groundwater based on Ecology's soil to groundwater pathway model. As a consequence, we elected to excavated a relatively small amount of contaminated soil from the area of AGI's sample #A, and GSM's boring B-5.

A total of approximately 20 cubic yards (30 tons) of contaminated soil was excavated from the southeastern sidewall and bottom of the existing tank complex and disposed of off site at a permitted landfill. Three

confirmation samples collected at the limits of the resulting excavation confirmed that contaminated soil had been removed from the southeastern tank complex sidewall, and that remaining soil meets MTCA Method A or Method B cleanup levels in this area.

Given that the area around AGI's sample #A and GSM's boring B-5 has been excavated, and that all other areas identified by AGI in 1990, or GSM in 2000, appear to be very limited in aerial extent, and are below the proposed site cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg gasoline-range hydrocarbons in soil, we believe that the site currently meets Ecology's requirements for the protection of human health and the environment under either Method A, Method B, using the ITPH Policy, and that no further remedial actions are necessary.

LIMITATIONS

The services described in this report were performed consistent with generally accepted professional consulting principles and practices at the time the work was performed. No other warranty, express or implied, is made. These services were performed consistent with our agreement with our client. This report is solely for the use and information of our client unless otherwise noted. Any reliance on this report by a third party is at such party's sole risk.

Opinions and recommendations contained in this report apply to conditions existing when services were performed and are intended only for the client, purposes, locations, time frames, and project parameters indicated. We are not responsible for the impacts of any changes in environmental standards, practices, or regulations subsequent to performance of services. We do not warrant the accuracy of information supplied by others, nor the use of segregated portions of this report.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. If you have any questions or wish to discuss the information presented here, please call at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

Howard W. Small, R.G., C.P.G.

Project Manager

Attachments:

Table 1 - Summary of AGI Analytical Data 1990

Table 2 – Summary of Assessment Analytical Data 2000

Figure 1 – Vicinity Map

Figure 2 – Exploration Locations Figure 2 – Exploration Locations Figure 2 – Exploration Locations

Attachment A – AGI's Work Plan dated October 17, 1990

Attachment B - Standard Field Operating Procedures and Exploration Logs

Attachment C - Laboratory Reports

Attachment D - Interim TPH Evaluation Calculations

Attachment E – Waste Disposal Permit

TABLES

Table 1

Summary of AGI's Analytical Data from 1990

Table 2

Summary of Assessment Analytical Data from 2000

Table 1
Summary of AGI's Analytical Data from 1999
Newman's Texaco (Formerly Newman's Chevron)
2021 6th Street, Bremerton, Washington

Soil Samples	Depth (Feet)	Collection Date	TPH ⁽¹⁾ (mg/kg)	Product (2)
A	10.5	August 1999	10,230	Gas
В	10.5	August 1999	4,875	Gas
С	10.0	August 1999	245	Aged Gas
N	10-11.0	August 1999	346	Gas
W	10-11.0	August 1999	1,550	Aged Gas, Mineral Spirits, Diesel
Е	10-11.0	August 1999	<10	
1	13.5	August 1999	<10	
. 2	13.5	August 1999	57	Gas
3	14.0	August 1999	<10	
4	10.0	August 1999	<10 (TPH by EPA Method 418.1)	!
5	7-7.5	August 1999	40.4 (TPH by EPA Method 418.1)	;
Pit 1 (South)	13.8	August 1999	634	Gas
Pit 2 (East)	13.8	August 1999	4	Gas

Notes:

Soil analytical data reported in mg/kg which approximates parts per million (ppm) concentrations.

⁽i) Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, EPA Method 8015, Modified, unless otherwise noted.

⁽²⁾ Product as identified by Sound Analytical Services, Inc.

Table 2
Summary of Assessment Analytical Data from 2000
Newman's Texaco (Formerly Newman's Chevron)
2021 6th Street, Bremerton, Washington

Soil Samples	Depth (feet)	Date	(mg	-G ⁽¹⁾ /kg)	(ug	ene ⁽²⁾ /kg)	(ug	uene /kg)	(ug	enzene /kg)	(ug	enes /kg)	Naphthalenc		Total (3) Lead
			TEG	NCA	8021b	8260h	8021b	8260b	8021b	8260b	8021b	8260h	(ug/kg)	(ug/kg)	(mg/kg
Soil Borings															
B1-S4	10.5	9/15/00	ND		ND		ND		ND		ND				
B2-S4	10.5	9/15/00	ND		ND		ND		ND		ND				
B2-S5	13.5	9/15/00	7.1		. ND		ND		ND		120				
B3-S4	12.5	9/15/00	ND		ND		ND		ND		ND				
B4-S4	12.5	9/15/00	11		ND		ND		ND		1,100				
B5-S1	10.5	9/15/00	8,700	4,750	24,000	ND	19,000	40,800	42,000	64,100	500,000	711,000	25,600	ND	13
_B5-S2	12.5	9/15/00	160	5,300	260	ND	3,200	152,000	1,200	83,000	15,000	709,000	56,800	ND	
B6-S4	10.5	9/15/00	ND		ND		ND		ND		ND				
B7-S1	14.0	9/15/00		130		ND		ND		ND		ND		ND	
Excavation Sa	mples				<u>.</u>						<u>.</u>			_	
Bottom-14.5	14.5	12/27/00		179		178	· ·	4,180		1,680		12,300			
NE Wall-11.5	11.5	12/27/00		19.4		ND		337		79.9		465			
SE Wall-11.5	11.5	12/27/00		18.7		ND		137		79		257			
MTCA Method MTCA Method		-	_	00 00 ⁽⁴⁾	5	00	40,	000	20,	.000	20,	000			250

Notes:

Soil analytical data reported in mg/kg, and ug/kg which approximate parts per million (ppm) and parts per billion (ppb) concentrations, respectively.

Italics denotes samples which were later excavated.

⁽¹⁾ Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline, WDOE Method WTPH-G, by TEG Northwest, Inc. and NorthCreek Analytical, Inc.

⁽³⁾ BTEX by EPA Methods 8021b, (gas chromatography by TEG Northwest, Inc.) and EPA Method 8260b (gas chromatography with confirmation by mass spectrometer by NCA).

⁽³⁾ Total lead by EPA Method 7420.

⁻ Indicates analysis not performed on specified sample.

⁽⁴⁾ Method B cleanup level for gasoline in soil proposed for this site.

Table 3
Results of Volatile Petroleun Hydrocarbons Analyses
Newman's Texaco (Formerly Newman's Chevron)
2021 6th Street, Bremerton, Washington

Analyte	Soil Sample B-5, S-1 VPH Results in mg/kg	Soil Sample B-5, S-1 VPH Results in mg/kg
C5-C6 Aliphatics	ND	318
C6-C8 Aliphatics	936.0	809
C8-C10 Aliphatics	482.0	453
C10-C12 Aliphatics	309.0	437
C8-C10 Aromatics	326.0	334
C10-C12 Aromatics	599.0	368
C12-C13 Aromatics	501.0	392
tal VPH (TVPH)	3150.0	3110

Notes:

VPH mean Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons by WDOE Interim TPH Policy Method. Soil analytical data reported in mg/kg which approximates parts per million (ppm) concentrations.

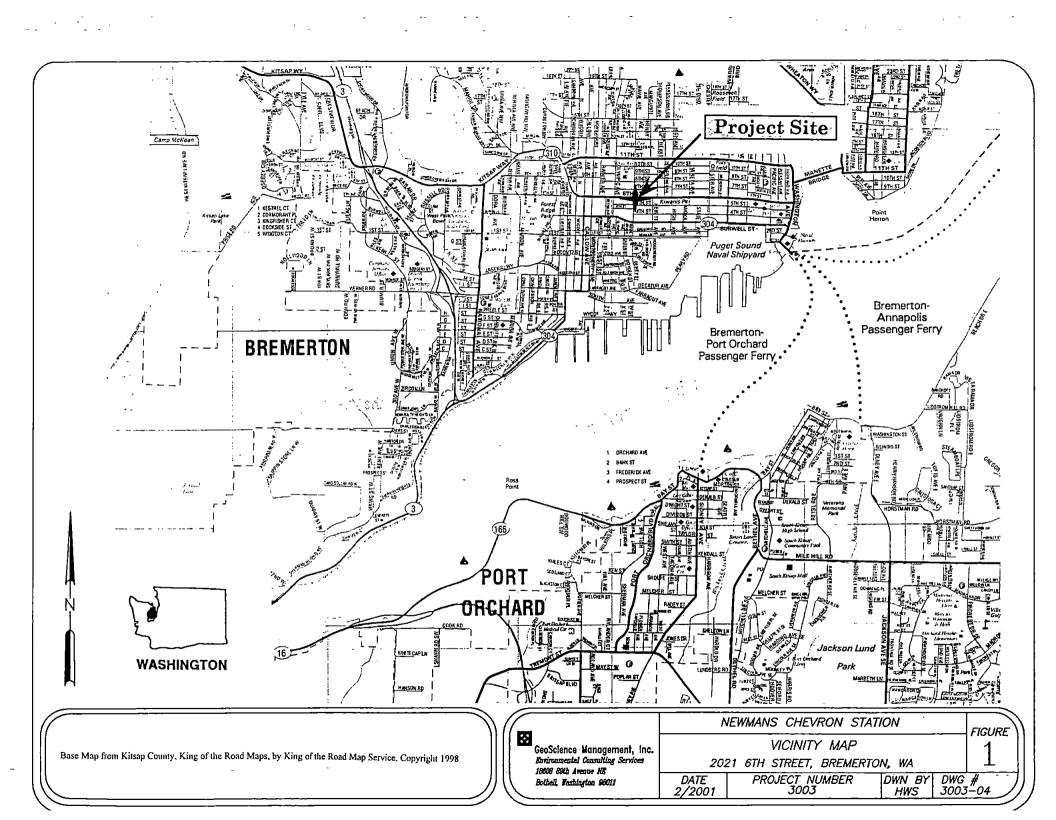
FIGURES

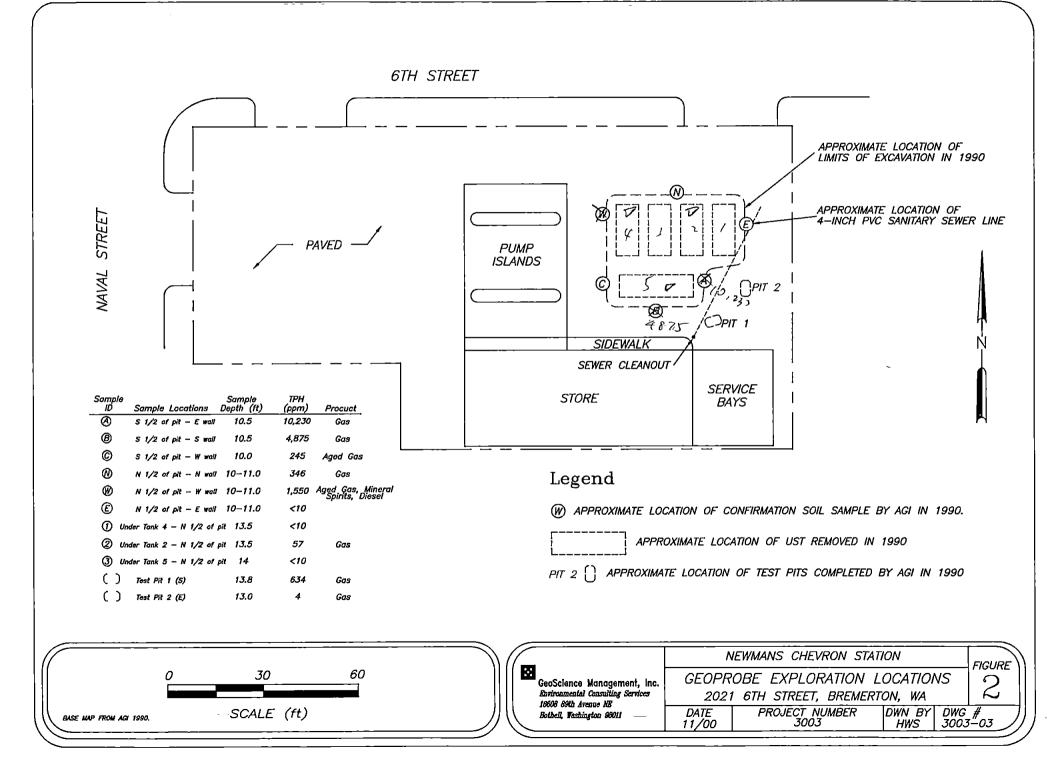
Figure 1 Vicinity Map

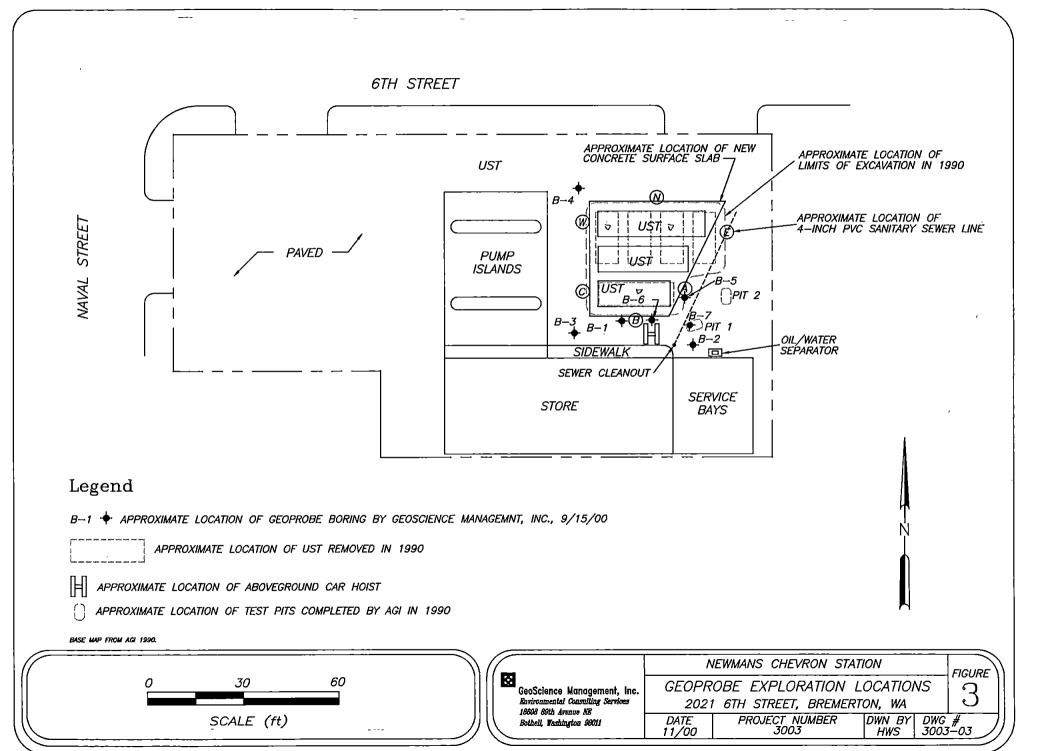
Figure 2 **Exploration Locations**

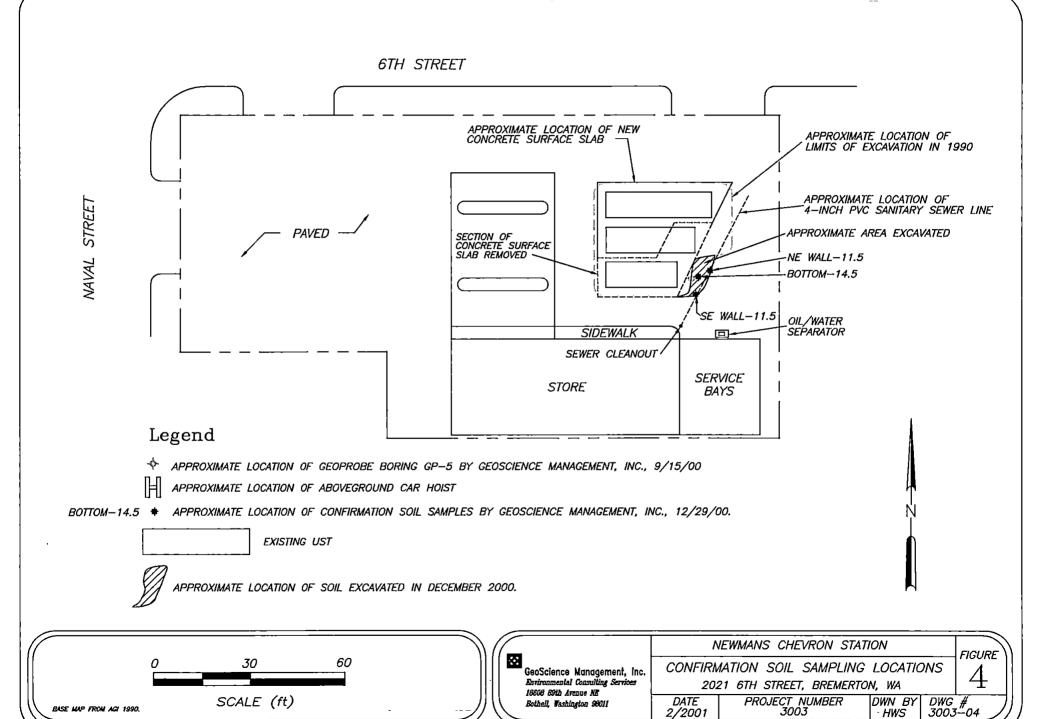
Figure 3 Soil Boring Exploration Locations

> Figure 4 Locations









Bothell, Vashington 98011

BASE MAP FROM AGI 1990.

DATE

2/2001

DWN BY

- HWS

ATTACHMENT A

AGI's Work Plan, 1990

A Work Plan prepared for:

Mr. Roger Jensen Wilkins Distributing Company Post Office Box 147 Port Orchard, Washington 98366

WORK PLAN
VAPOR EXTRACTION SYSTEM
NEWMAN TEXACO
2021 6TH STREET
BREMERTON, WASHINGTON

AGI Project No. 15,526.001

Charles H. Soule, P.G.

Project Hydrogeologist

John E. Newby, P.E.

President

PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

APPLIED GEOTECHNOLOGY INC. 300 120th Avenue N.E., Building 4, Suite 215 Bellevue, Washington 98005 206/453-8383

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Work Plan describes actions to be performed by Applied Geotechnology Inc. (AGI) on behalf of Wilkins Distributing Company to remediate soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons at Newman Texaco service station, located at 2021 6th Street in Bremerton, Washington. Remediation will consist of installation and operation of a vapor extraction system (VES) to reduce hydrocarbon contamination in the soil. Contaminated soil removed from the tank cavity was disposed at Kitsap County Landfill.

Underground storage tanks (UST) were removed in August 1990. The tank and soil removal activities are summarized in Section 1.0 of this report. Recommendations for remediation, including installation of subsurface VES piping, were described in a letter from AGI to Wilkins Distributing dated August 27, 1990.

1.1 Description of Facility

The Newman Texaco service station is situated southeast of the intersection of 6th and Naval Streets. The site is bounded on the west by Naval Street, on the north by 6th Street, and by commercial businesses and residences to the east and south. The lot is generally level, but surrounding topography slopes gently down to the west and south. There is a 3- to 4-foot-high retaining wall along the southern property line with a 10- to 12-foot drop on the other side. A Site Plan is presented in Figure 1.

Six USTs have been removed from two cavities in the northeast corner of the site. The waste oil tank was in one cavity, and the other five tanks were in another large cavity. Four 4,000-gallon tanks were oriented with their long axes north to south. The 550-gallon waste oil tank and 6,000-gallon gasoline tank were oriented with their long axes east to west. The five large tanks previously contained gasoline. Two service islands were located north of the building and west of the tanks. Two test pits were excavated southeast of the tank cavity to delineate lateral extent of contamination.

1.2 Site Background

1.2.1 Geology

Beneath the asphalt subgrade, native soil was medium dense sandy silt to the greatest depth penetrated. A layer of medium dense sand at 10 to 12 feet below ground surface (bgs) was observed along the north, west and south walls of the excavation. This seam was not observed in two test pits excavated to 13 feet bgs at the southeast corner of the main tank cavity. Sandy silt was present again beneath the sand seam, and extended to 14 feet bgs, the greatest depth excavated.

Tank backfill consisted of sandy gravel. Most of the backfill was removed from the site during tank removal.

1.2.2 Hydrogeology

No groundwater was encountered, nor were any groundwater seeps observed during excavation of the USTs. Groundwater likely occurs in a thick sand unit (Glacial Advance Outwash), at a depth of 70 to 75 feet below ground surface.

1.3 Assessment Activity

AGI was present during tank removal operations on August 7 to 9, 1990. All six tanks were constructed of steel. Five of the tanks (one 6,000-gallon and four 4,000-gallon tanks) were apparently sandblasted and lined in 1988. Field evidence (presence of fine black sand around fill pipes) confirmed the sandblasting. The lined tanks were in good condition with little exterior corrosion. A slight dent was made in the 6,000-gallon tank during removal operations. No holes were visible in any of the lined tanks. A large dent, running along the long axes on the south side of the 550-gallon waste oil tank, was observed prior to removal. Several holes (1/4 inch to 1 inch in diameter) and a leaking seam were observed in the sides of the waste oil tank.

Pacific Environmental Services (Pacific) reported the presence of a leak in tank piping in the southeast corner of the main tank cavity, and AGI personnel observed gasoline being drained from an electrical conduit running across the middle of the main tank cavity. Gasoline and approximately 7 gallons of oil, possibly diesel fuel, were drained from product lines running across the northwest corner of the main cavity. Diesel fuel has not been sold at the site in the 26 years Wilkins Distributing has been associated with it.

An organic vapor meter equipped with a photoionization detector (OVM), along with visual observations, were used to check for hydrocarbon contamination during tank removal and subsequent soil excavation. Soil screening tests were performed by placing a fixed amount of soil into a resealable plastic bag, agitating it, allowing it to equilibrate with air in the bag, then placing the OVM probe into the headspace above the sample. The peak OVM reading provides a relative measure of the soil's volatile organic compound content.

Headspace readings provided the basis to select soil samples for laboratory analysis from each of the sides and base of the tank cavities. Selected soil samples were submitted to Sound Analytical Services (Sound) in Tacoma, Washington for chemical analysis of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) using Modified EPA Method 8015, organochlorine pesticides and PCBs by EPA Method 8080, halogenated volatiles by EPA Method 8010, and metals by EPA Method 6010.

1

1.4 Analytical Results and Conclusions

Modified EPA Method 8015 provides both a concentration value and a description of the predominant petroleum product based upon the detected carbon range. The analytical results for soil samples collected from the main tank cavity and the base of the waste oil tank cavity are presented in Table 1. Reports of the analytical testing results from the laboratory are attached.

TABLE 1
Soil Analytical Results

Sample	Garata Lagariana	Sample Depth (ft)	TPH (ppm)	Product
<u>ID</u>	Sample Locations	Depth (10)	(ppm)	1104400
A	South 1/2 of pit, east wall	10.5	10,230	Gas
В	South 1/2 of pit,	10.5	4,875	Gas
С	South 1/2 of pit, west wall	10.0	245	Aged Gas
N	North 1/2 of pit, north wall	10 - 11.0	346	Gas
W	North 1/2 of pit, west wall	10 - 11.0	1,550	Aged Gas, Mineral Spirits, Diesel
E	North 1/2 of pit, east wall	10 - 11.0	<10	
1	Under Tank No. 4, north 1/2 of pit	13.5	<10	
2	Under Tank No. 2, north 1/2 of pit	13.5	57	Gas
3	Under Tank No. 5, north 1/2 of pit	14.0	<10	
5	Base of Waste Oil Pit	10.0	<10	
6	Composite of Walls of Waste Oil Pit	7 to 7.5	40.4	
Pit 1	Test Pit No. 1 (south)) 13.8	634	Gas
Pit 2	Test Pit No. 2 (east)	13.0	4	Gas
Ecology Cleanup			200	Waste Oil
Guideline			100	Gas

Testing results indicate hydrocarbon levels in subsurface soil exceed Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) cleanup guidelines along the west and north walls, and in the southeast corner of the main tank cavity. This soil contamination likely originated from overfill spillage and/or small tank or line leaks over an extended period of time.

All the analyses presented in Table 1 are representative of soil remaining in-place. This Work Plan outlines procedures to remediate the remaining contamination around the gasoline tank cavity.

A single composite soil sample of the four sides of the waste oil tank cavity was analyzed for pesticides, PCBs, and halogenated volatiles and heavy metals; copies of the analytical laboratory reports are attached. Analytical results indicate no detectable PCBs or halogenated volatiles, but show the presence of chromium, copper, lead, and pesticides. The metals and pesticides detected were below their respective cleanup guidelines or accepted tolerance levels as shown in Table 2 below, and, in our opinion, do not pose a risk to human health or the environment. We believe no further action is necessary with regard to the soil around the waste oil tank cavity.

TABLE 2
Metals and Pesticides in Soil

Contaminant	Concentration (ppm)	Cleanup <u>Guideline (ppm)</u>
Total Chromium	16.3	100
Total Copper	25.1	500
Total Lead	69.8	250
Aldrin	0.03	0.1
		(tolerance level)
g-BHC (isomer of Lindane	0.15	1.0
4.4'-DDD	1.16	Insecticidally inert
4.4'-DDE	0.37	Insecticidally inert
4'. 4'-DDT	0.06	1.0
Endosulfan I	0.13	2.0
		(tolerance level)

Notes: Tolerance levels were taken from <u>Pesticide Manufacturing and Toxic Materials Control Encyclopedia</u>, edited by Marshall Sittig, Noyes Data Corporation, Park Ridge, New Jersey, 1989, 810 pp.

Cleanup guidelines derived from interim draft Method λ Cleanup Levels for Soil, Washington Department of Ecology.

1.5 Recommendations

Hydrocarbon contamination levels in the vicinity of the tank cavity are above Ecology action guidelines. We believe the most cost effective way to remediate this remaining contamination is by installation of a VES. Sections 2 and 3 of this Work Plan describe installation, operation, and demobilization of the proposed VES.

Because contamination was above Ecology guidelines at the greatest depth penetrated in the test pits, AGI recommends drilling a well in the vicinity of test pit TP1, as discussed between you and AGI in a telephone conversation on September 14, 1990. This well would evaluate the maximum depth of contamination, and would be available if remediation at greater depths than the tank cavity were necessary.

2.0 VAPOR EXTRACTION SYSTEM (VES)

Subsurface remediation will consist of vapor extraction to volatilize and remove hydrocarbons from contaminated soil surrounding the main tank cavity.

2.1 Vapor Extraction Process

The VES uses in-situ volatilization of hydrocarbons to decontaminate soil in-place. The process consists of applying a vacuum to a well, series of wells, or perforated pipes in the zone of contamination to induce air flow through the subsurface soil.

As air passes through the contaminated soil, the clean air displaces soil gas laden with volatilized hydrocarbons and the volatile vapors are extracted through the central well. The clean air drawn into the contaminated soil volatilizes more hydrocarbons present within the soil and these vapors are, in turn, removed. Exhaust vapor is discharged to the atmosphere in compliance with governmental requirements. In addition to vapor removal, the introduction of air into the contaminated soil will enhance the biodegradation of hydrocarbons by increasing the amount of oxygen available for bacterial degradation.

2.2 VES Design

A schematic of the VES is presented in Figure 2. AGI will apply to the Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency (PSAPCA) for a permit to allow discharge of air emissions from the VES to the atmosphere. The application will be submitted upon authorization from Wilkins Distributing. Processing by PSAPCA normally requires four to six weeks. Construction normally requires four weeks lead time for equipment and two days on-site installation.

The VES contains the following four basic components:

- 1. Underground vapor extraction piping consists of 4-inch-diameter vapor extraction well piping leading to the equipment area. The subsurface piping has been installed at this site. The extraction piping is slotted in the area of contamination and hard piped to the equipment. Installation of piping is shown on the Piping Diagram, Figure 3.
- 2. The blower assembly will consist of a blower fan with explosion-proof motor, explosion-proof circuit breaker and starter box. The system will generate a vacuum of up to 6 inches of water at VES intake.
- 3. Emissions control will be maintained by dilution with fresh air if necessary. An air vent installed upstream from the blower provides this capability. The airstream will be discharged to the atmosphere through a 20-foot-high, 6-inch-diameter PVC vent pipe.

4. Piping manifolds and valves connecting the extraction piping, blower, and emissions control system allow control of hydrocarbon vapor concentration exiting the VES.

2.3 VES Operation and Monitoring

When the VES is placed in operation, maintenance requirements will be minimal. Monitoring will constitute the primary activity, with frequent measurements at startup. Once the system has stabilized, frequency of monitoring will quickly diminish. Vapor concentrations and air flow volume will be measure several times per day for the first two days, decreasing to twice weekly for the balance of the first two weeks, then weekly to the end of the first month. Thereafter, measurements will be taken only biweekly to monthly. The system will probably remain in operation for six months to a year.

Monitoring will consist of calculating the volume of air passing through the system and measuring the concentration of volatile hydrocarbons exiting from the system. During the first two days of operation, volatile gas concentrations will also be monitored at ground surface to detect and control any accumulation of vapors.

One monitoring point is located on the vacuum side of the blower and the other on the vent stack. The vacuum side monitor point will allow measuring the vacuum in inches of water (inches $\rm H_2O$) developed by the extraction system.

The downstream monitoring point is located on the vent stack. At this location, discharge velocity (flow rate), temperature, pressure, and vapor concentration are measured. The exhaust contains air and aromatic hydrocarbons, and the vapor concentration is used to estimate the total mass of hydrocarbon removed from the soil. The permissible hydrocarbon concentration allowed at this point will be indicated by the permitting agency (PSAPCA).

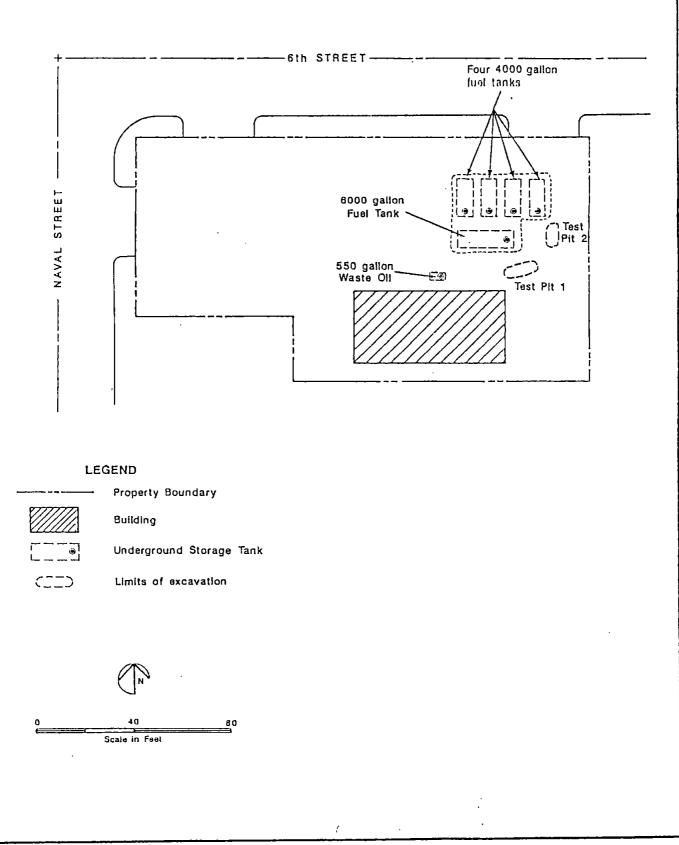
3.0 SITE RESTORATION

3

Vapor concentration will diminish with time. The criteria for turning off the system will be when vapor concentrations are below the limit of detection.

Upon termination of vapor extraction, the blower and stack will be disassembled and removed from the site. AGI will prepare a final report summarizing the remediation.

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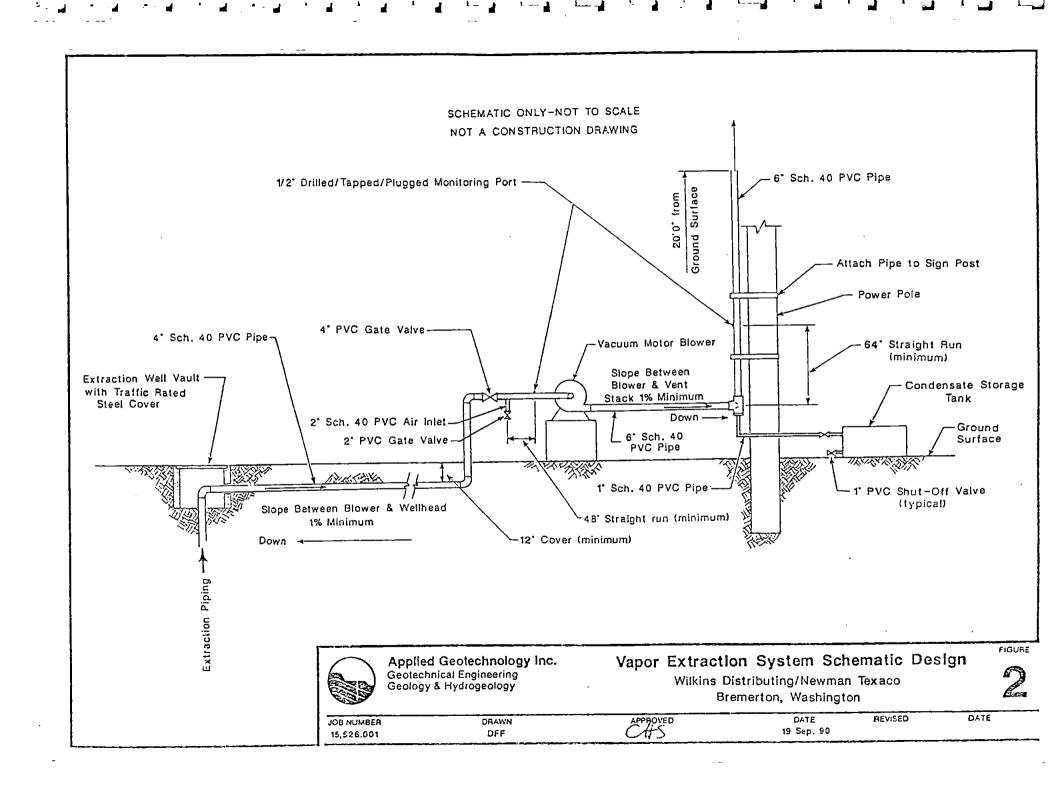


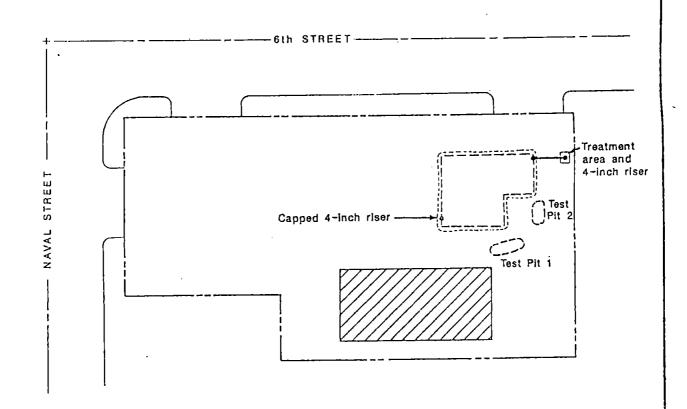
Applied Geotechnology Inc. Geotechnical Engineering Geology & Hydrogeology

Site Plan

Wilkins Distributing/Newman Texaco Bremerton, Washington FIGURE

JOB NUMBER	DRAWN	APPROVED	DATE	REVISED	DATE
15,526.001	OFF	CHS	19 Sap. 90		
113,324.001					





LEGEND

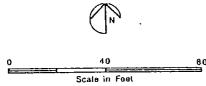
Property Boundary

Building

4-inch PVC extraction piping, .050 slots, bedded in pea gravel

Limits of excavation

Solid 4-inch PVC piping





Applied Geolechnology Inc. Geolechnical Engineering Geology & Hydrogeology

Piping Diagram

Wilkins Distributing/Newman Texaco Bremerton, Washington FIGURE

3

JOB NUMBER DRAWN APPROVED DATE REVISED DATE
15,526.001 DFF Sep. 90

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS

4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUTTE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

AND Report To: Applied Geotechnology

A. JEO GEOTECHNOLOGY Report On: Applied Report On:

Date: August 10, 1990

Lab No.: 12688

IDENTIFICATION:

Samples Received on 08-09-90

Project: 15518.001 Pac. Environ. Ser/Newman Texaco

ANALYSIS:

Lab Sample No.	RUSH 1	RUSH 2	RUSH 3
Client Identification	#1	#2	#3
Matrix/Units	Soil ppm	Soil ppm	Soil ppm
Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons by EPA SW-846 Modified Method 8015 TPH as	< 10	57 Gasoline	< 10

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS 4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST. SUITE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

DUPLICATES

Lab No:

12688

Client ID: #3

Date:

August 10, 1990

Matrix:

Soil

Client:

Applied Geotechnology

Units:

ppm

Compound	Sample(S)	Duplicate(D)	RPD*	
Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons	< 10	< 10		

*RPD = relative percent difference $= [(S - D) / ((S + D) / 2)] \times 100$

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS 4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUITE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

Report To: Applied Geotec

Date: August 14, 1990

Report On: Analysis of

Lab No.: 12719 Page 1 of 3

AUG 1 5 1990

Samples Received on Martinor INC IDENTIFICATION:

Project: 15578.001 Pacific Environ. Serv./Newman Texaco

ANALYSIS:

Lab Sample No.	Client ID	Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons, ppm*
1	A	10,230 as Gas
2	В	4,875 as Gas
3	С	245 as Aged Gas
4	5	< 10

*TPH by EPA SW-846 Modified Method 8015

Continued . .

Applied Geotechnology Project: 15578.001 Page 2 of 3 Lab No. 12719 August 14, 1990

Lab Sample No. 5

Client ID: #6

Halogenated Volatiles Per EPA SW-846 Method 8010.

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg) (ppm)
Methylene chloride 1,1-dichloroethylene 1,1-dichloroethane 1,2-transdichloroethylene 1,2-dichloroethane 1,1,1-trichloroethane Carbon Tetrachloride 1,2-dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 1,1,2-trichloroethane Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane Chlorobenzene 1,2 Dichlorobenzene 1,3 Dichlorobenzene 1,4 Dichlorobenzene	<pre>< 0.05 < 0.05</pre>
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbo by EPA Method 418.1	ons, ppm 40.4
Total Chromium, ppm Total Copper, ppm Total Lead, ppm	16.3 25.1 69.8

Continued. . . .

Applied Geotechnology Project: 15578.001

Page 3 of 3 Lab No. 12719 August 14, 1990

Lab Sample No. 5

Client ID: #6

ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES AND PCB - Method 8080

		Detection
Compound	Conc., mg/kg	<u>Limit</u>
Compound		
Aldrin	0.03	0.01
a-BHC	ND	0.01
b-BHC	ND	0.01
g-BHC	0.15	0.01
y-BHC (Lindane)	ND	0.01
Chlordane (technical)	ND	0.1
4,4'-DDD	1.16	0.01
4,4'-DDE	0.37	0.01
4,4'-DDT	0.06	0.01
Dieldrin	ИD	0.01
Endosulfan I	0.13	0.01
Endosulfan II	ND	0.01
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	0.01
	ND	
	ND	
	ND	0.1
	ND	
PCB	ND	0.1
ND = Not Detectable.		
PESTICIDE SURROGATE RECOVERY		
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	101	
Decachlorobiphenyl	103	
Endrin Endrin aldehyde Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide Methoxychlor Toxaphene PCB - Type PCB ND = Not Detectable. PESTICIDE SURROGATE RECOVERY 2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	ND ND ND ND ND ND	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.1

SOUND ANALYTICAL SERVICES

C MARRY ZURAW

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS 4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUITE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

Date: August 20, 1990 Report To: Applied Geotechnology

Report On: Analysis of Soil

AUG 22 1990

IDENTIFICATION:

Samples Received on 08-13 190 GEOTECHNOLOGY INC. Project: 15,518.001 PAL Env/Newman Texaco

ANALYSIS:

Lab Sample No.	Client ID	Fuel Hydrocarbons, pom
1	И	346 as Gasoline
2	W	1,550 as Aged Gas, Mineral Spirits, & Diesel
3	E	< 10

*TPH by EPA SW-846 Modified Method 8015

SOUND ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS

4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUTTE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

DUPLICATES

Lab No:

12754

August 20, 1990

Client ID: N

Soil Matrix:

Date:

Client: Applied Geotechnology

Units:

ppm

Compound	Sample(S)	Duplicate(D)	RPD*	
Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons	346	287	18.6	

*RPD = relative percent difference $= [(S - D) / ((S + D) / 2)] \times 100$

SOUND ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS
4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUITE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

Report To: Applied Geotechnology

Date: August 30, 1990

Report On: Analysis of Soil

Lab No.: 13069

IDENTIFICATION:

Samples Received on 08-29-90

Project: 15518.001 PES/Newman Texaco

ANALYSIS:

Lab Sample No.	Client ID	Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons, ppm
RUSH 1	Pit-1-13.8	634 as, Gas
RUSH 2	Pit-2-13.0	41 as, Gas

*TPH by EPA SW-846 Modified Method 8015

sound analytical services

C. LARRY ZURAN

SOUND ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL & TOXIC WASTE ANALYSIS

4630 PACIFIC HIGHWAY EAST, SUITE B-14, TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98424 - TELEPHONE (206)922-2310 - FAX (206)922-5047

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

DUPLICATES

Lab No:

13069

Client ID: Pit-2-13.0

Date:

Matrix:

Soil

August 30, 1990

Units:

ppm

Client: Applied Geotechnology

Compound	Sample(S)	Duplicate(D)	RPD*
Total Petroleum			
Fuel Hydrocarbons	41	41	

*RPD = relative percent difference $= [.(S - D) / ((S + D) / 2)] \times 100$

DISTRIBUTION

3 Copies

Mr. Roger Jensen Wilkins Distributing Company Post Office Box 147 Port Orchard, Washington 98366

Quality Assurance Technical Review by:

Gary L. Laakso

Remediation Services Manager

CHS/JEN/cgl

Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

ATTACHMENT B

Standard Field Operating Procedures and Exploration Logs

Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

STANDARD FIELD OPERATING PROCEDURES

A-1 SITE SAFETY AND OPERATIONS PLAN (SSOP)

As part of the field investigation, GSM employees and contractors followed the Site-specific Safety and Operations Plan (SSOP) prepared in accordance with Chapter 296-62 of the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) and 20 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 1910.120. The SSOP identified potential physical and chemical hazards associated with the investigation, and specified personal protection and safety monitoring requirements. A copy of the SSOP was provided to on-site WGR and subcontractor personnel for review and discussion prior to field activities. On-site personnel associated with the field activities were required to be familiar with and comply with provisions as stated in the SSOP. Site safety meetings were conducted at the beginning of each work day to review aspects of the SSOP, and provide an opportunity for workers to discuss health and safety issues, as appropriate.

A-2 UTILITY LOCATE

Prior to beginning drilling or excavation activities, GSM notified One-Call Underground Utilities Alert Service of our intent to conduct the work. One-Call notified appropriate agencies or companies with underground utilities in the area. These agencies, companies, or their authorized representatives then marked the locations of their utilities along right-of-ways and easements adjacent to the property.

A-3 STRATAPROBE BORINGS AND SOIL SAMPLING

On September 15, 2000, Transglobal Environmental Geosciences Northwest, Inc. (TEG), under contract to GSM, advanced 8 strataprobe exploration borings at the locations shown on Figure 2. Strataprobes were advanced to approximately 9 to 11 feet below ground surface (bgs) using 1 1/2-inch diameter rods and a split-barrel sampler. Soil samples were collected at each of the strataprobe boring locations to characterize the subsurface lithology, and obtain soil samples for chemical analysis. Samples were retrieved using a three-foot long, 1 1/2-inch diameter split barrel sampler attached to the end of the rods. The sampling tools were advanced using a 90-lb. hydraulic hammer and the weight of the strataprobe truck. The rods were then removed from the hole and the sampler detached and opened to allow collection of the soil sample. Samples were placed immediately in laboratory-prepared glass jars and placed in a chilled cooler and transported to TEG under chain of custody protocols for chemical analyses. Soil sample intervals and descriptive information were recorded on the exploration logs included in this Attachment.

Groundwater samples were collected from a number of the strataprobe locations to assess groundwater quality. A temporary stainless steel well screen was attached to the strataprobe rods and installed to a depth of approximately 7 to 9 feet bgs. Approximately ¼- to ½-gallon of water was purged from the wellbore using a peristaltic pump, and the well allowed to recover for several minutes before a groundwater sample was collected. A peristaltic pump was used to obtain water sufficient to fill two 40 ml volatile organic analysis (VOA) vials. After collection, the groundwater samples were taken to TEG's on analytical laboratory, under chain-of-custody, for chemical analyses.

Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

A-4 FIELD SCREENING FOR ORGANIC VAPORS

Field tests consisted of portable photoionization detector (PID) measurements for the presence of volatile organic vapors in each recovered soil sample. An Environmental Instruments Model 580B OVM, calibrated daily to 100 ppm isobutylene was used to obtain these measurements. Typically, a small hole is made into a sealable plastic bag in which the soil has been placed and allowed to stand for approximately 15 to 30 minutes. The maximum reading on the PID indicates the relative concentration of volatile hydrocarbons in that soil sample. This screening equipment was also used for health and safety air quality monitoring in the breathing zone during drilling operations. The purpose of the field tests was to determine the relative magnitude of volatile organic vapors, if any, in the soil samples, to qualitatively compare samples, and to assist in sample selection for chemical analysis. Field screening with a PID is a subjective analysis affected by, among other influences, weather (e.g., temperature and humidity), soil type and conditions, instrument calibration, and operation.

A-5 SAMPLE JARS, SAMPLE HANDLING, AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY

Discrete soil and groundwater samples were submitted in laboratory-prepared glass containers. Sample jars were obtained specifically for use on this project, and consisted of glass jars with Teflon lid inserts or septum caps. Samples were collected, labeled, and placed immediately into a chilled cooler for transport to the analytical laboratory. Chain-of-custody records were maintained recording sample number, project and location, sample depth, client, type of preservative (if any), and handling procedures. Completed chain-of-custody records are attached to the laboratory reports included in Attachment B.

A-6 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION

All sampling equipment (split barrel samplers, sampling spoons and implements) were thoroughly cleaned between each use using a laboratory-grade soap, tap water and a stiff-bristle brush, and rinsed thoroughly with distilled water. Strataprobe sampling equipment was cleaned between each use with laboratory-grade soap, a stiff-bristle brush, and a tap water rinse.

	CooScience Ma	nagement, Inc.	Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	gan:	9/15	/00	Boring	; No.:	В-	1
	vironmental Co. 18608 89th A	nsulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date En	ıd:	9/15	/00	Casing	Eleva	ation:	N/A
	Bothell, W	'A 98011	Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total D	epth:	15	Feet	Depth	to Wa	iter:	N/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification		Soil Des	cription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Rlow Counts		Sample Number	PID	© Completion
.	Concrete	CONCR Damp, b	ETE rown SAND (Fill)									
	SP							N/A	4 :	S-1	<1	
		fine sand	wet, gray, brown, iy SILT to CLAYI ndwater encounter	EY SILT	vn	_ 5 		N/A	A	S-2	<1	
	ML					_ _ _ 10		N//		S-3 S-4	<1	
							-	N/	4	S-5	<1	
						 - - -	-					
Boring			inches with hydrate e surface.	ed bentonite chips	, <i>Ne</i>	 FE: wma 21 61 remer	th Si		ron			
					Pro	ject N	o.:			Pa	ge:	1

			Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	gan: 9	/15	/00	Boring	No.:	B	-2
Enviro	nmental Cons	ngement, Inc. ulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date En	.d: 9	/15	/00	Casing	Eleva	ation:	N/A
	608 89th Aver Bothell, WA 9		Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total De	epth:	15	Feet	Depth 1	o Wa	iter:	N/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification		Soil De	escription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Rlow Counts		Sample Number	GIA	Completion
	Concrete	CONCR Damp h	ETE rown SAND (Fil	1)								60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6
	SP							N//	A S	S-1	<1	
		fine sanc	wet, gray, brown ly SILT to CLAY ndwater encounte		wn	- 5 - - 5 - 		N/2	A	S-2	<1	
	ML					— 10—		N/.		S-3 S-4	10	
								N/.	A, .	S-5	10	
•						 						
Boring				ated bentonite chips	s, <i>Ne</i>	rE: rwman 21 6th emerto	St	reet	ron			
					Pro	ject No.	:			Pa	ge:	1

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₽ G	eoScience Man	agement Inc.	Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	gan:	9/15/	/ 00	Boring	No.:	B -	.3
Env	ironmental Con. 18608 89th Av	sulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date En	d:	9/15/	/ 00	Casing	Eleva	ition:	N/A
 	Bothell, WA	A 98011	Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total D	epth:	15	Feet	Depth	to Wa	ter:	N/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification			escription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Rlow Counts		Sample Number	PID	Completion
	Concrete	CONCR	ETE rown SAND (Fil	1)								용 : B :
	SP	Damp, o	rown SAND (Fil	1)		_						
		fine sand	wet, gray, brown ly SILT to CLAY ndwater encounte		wn	_ _ _ 5		N/.	A :	S-1	<1	
	ML					_ _ _ _ _ 10		N/		S-2	10	
								N/.	A :	S-3	10	
						<u>-</u>		N/	A	S-4	25	
						15						
						_	_					
	-				<u> </u>	_						
Boring				ated bentonite chips	s, <i>Ne</i>	FE: wma 121 6i remer	th St	reet	ron			
					Pro	ject N	o.:			Pa	ge;	1

Т

Т

			Geologist:	HW Small	Date B	egan:	9/15	/00	Bori	ng No.:	B-4	!
<u>G</u> Env	eoScience Mana ironmental Consi	ulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date E	nd:	9/15	/00	Casi	ng Eleva	ition:	N/A
	18608 89th Ave Bothell, WA	enue N.E.	Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total I	Depth:	15	Feet	Dept	th to Wa	ter: N	/A Fee
Graphic Log	Classification			Description		Depth	Sampled Interval	70 70	biow Coums	Sample Number	PID	Completion
	Concrete	CONCR	ETE rown SAND	(E:II)					Ì			
	SP	Damp, c	IOWII SAND	(1 III)								
		fine sand	ndwater enco	own, and oxidized brov LAYEY SILT. untered.	•••	_ 5 _		N/	A	S-1	<1	
	ML					- - - 10		N/		S-2 S-3	<1	
								N/	'A	S-4	15	
		111-1-1-1				15	-					
						_						
Boring	pletion Not grouted from mpleted with	bottom to 6		ydrated bentonite chip	s, λ	 ITE: Iewma 021 6 Bremer	th St	reet	ron			1
						roiect N				, Do	.ge:	····

			Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	egan:	9/15	/00	Boring	g No.:	B-5	
Env	leoScience Mar Pironmental Con 18608 89th A	sulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date Er	nd:	9/15	/00	Casing	g Eleva	ation:	N/A
	Bothell, W.		Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total D	epth:	15	Feet	Depth	to Wa	iter: N	/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification		Soil D	escription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Rlow Counts		Sample Number	PID	Completion
	GP GP	•	AVEL (Fill).	A GRAVEL and SIL	Т	5						
	ML	Moist to fine sand	wet, gray, brow dy SILT to CLA ndwater encount		wn	10		N/.		S-1 S-2	260 160	
Boring				rated bentonite chips	s, No. 20	TE: ewmc	un's th Si	reet	ron			
					Pro	oject N	lo.:			Pa	ıge:	1

			Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	gan:	9/15	00	Boring	No.:	B -	.6
Env	SeoScience Man vironmental Con	sulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date En	ıd:	9/15	/00	Casing	Eleva	tion:	N/A
	18608 89th Av Bothell, WA		Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total D	epth:	15	Feet	Depth	o Wa	ter:	N/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification			escription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Dow Counts	DIOW COMIES	Sample Number	PID	Completion
	Concrete	CONCR Damp, b	ETE rown SAND (Fi	11)		_						
	SP							N/	A 5	5-1	<1	
		fine sand	wet, gray, brown ly SILT to CLA' ndwater encount		wn	_ _ 5 _		N/.	A :	S-2	<1	
	ML							N/.		5-3	<1	
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						- 15 - - -	_					
Boring				ated bentonite chips	s, $\begin{vmatrix} Ne \\ 20 \end{vmatrix}$	L TE: wma 121 61 emer	th Si	reet	ron			
					Pro	ject N	o.:			Pa	ge:	

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		. •	Geologist:	HW Small	Date Be	gan:	9/15	/00	Boring	, No.:	B.	-7
Env	eoScience Man pironmental Con 18608 89th Av	sulting Services	Driller:	TEG NW, Inc.	Date En	d:	9/15	/00	Casing	g Eleva	tion:	N/A
	Botheil, W	A 98011	Drill Rig:	Strataprobe	Total De	epth:	15	Feet	Depth	to Wa	ter:	N/A Feet
Graphic Log	Classification	20110		escription		Depth	Sampled Interval	Rlow Counts		Sample Number	PID	Completion
	Concrete	CONCR Damp, b	ETE rown SAND (Fil	1)		_						8 6
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	SP					-						
		PEA GR 1990 Te	AVEL (Fill) Pos st Pit #1?)	ssible Fill in AGI's		_ 5 -	- - - -					
	GP					_ _ _ _ 10-						
		Moist to	wet, gray, browr	n, and oxidized brow	wn			N/	A	S-1	95	
	ML	_	dy SILT to CLAY							-		
Boring				ated bentonite chips	s, <i>Ne</i>	 FE: wman 21 6th cemert	h Si	treet	ron			
					Pro	iect No).:			Pa	ge:	1

Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

ATTACHMENT C

Laboratory Reports

TRANSGLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES NORTHWEST, INC.

800 Sleater-Kinney SE, PMB #262 Lacey, Washington 98503-1127 FILE COPY

Mobile Environmental Laboratories Environmental Sampling Services Telephone:

360-459-4670

Fax:

360-459-3432

October 3, 2000

Howard Small GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Ave. NE Bothell, WA 98011

Dear Mr. Small:

Please find enclosed the analytical data report for the Newman's Chevron Project in Bremerton, Washington. Soil samples were analyzed for Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx, BTEX by Method 8021B, and Pb by Method 7420 on September 18 & 24, 2000.

The results of these analyses are summarized in the attached table. All soil values are reported on a dry weight basis. Applicable detection limits and QA/QC data are included. An invoice for this analytical work is also enclosed.

TEG Northwest appreciates the opportunity to have provided analytical services to GeoScience Management, Inc. for this project. It was a pleasure working with you, and we are looking forward to the next opportunity to work together.

Sincerely,

Michael A. Korosec

Midweld Kowne

President

TEG NW SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

TEG Job Number:

S00918-5

Client;

GEOSCIENCE MANAGEMENT

Client Job Name:

NEWMAN'S CHEVRON

Client Job Number:

NΔ

Analytical Results

NWTPH-Gx / BTEX	-	MTH BLK	LCS	B1-S4	B2-S4	B2-S5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00
Date analyzed	Limits	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00
Moisture, %		-				15%
NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg						
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nd		nd	nd	nd
Gasoline	5.0	nd		nd	nd	7.1
BTEX, µg/kg				•		
Benzene	50	nd	71%	nd	nd	nd
Toluene	50	nd	78%	nd	nd	nd
Ethylbenzene	50	nd		nd	nď	nd
Xylenes	50	nd		nd	nd	120
Surrogate recoveries:						
Trifluorotoluene		87%	84%	86%	89%	84%
Bromofluorobenzene		98%	97%	98%	102%	98%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits

na - not analyzed

C - coelution with sample peaks

M - matrix interference

J - estimated value

Results reported on dry-weight basis

Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%

Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

TEG NW SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

TEG Job Number:

S00918-5

Client:

GEOSCIENCE MANAGEMENT

Client Job Name:

NEWMAN'S CHEVRON

Client Job Number:

NΑ

Analytical Results

NWTPH-Gx / BTEX		B3-S4	B4-S4	B5-S1	B5-S2	B6-S4
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00
Date analyzed	Limits	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00	09/18/00
Moisture, %		-	15%	15%	15%	
NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg						
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nď	nd	nd	nd	nd
Gasoline	5,0	nd	11	8,700	160	nd
BTEX , µg/kg						
Benzene	50	nd	nd	24,000	260	nd
Toluene	50	nd	nd	19,000	3,200	nd
Ethylbenzene	50	nd	nd	42,000	1,200	nd
Xylenes	50	nd	1,100	500,000	15,000	nd
Surrogate recoveries:						
Trifluorotoluene		81%	88%	c	94%	87%
Bromofluorobenzene		101%	92%	С	С	94%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits

na - not analyzed

C - coelution with sample peaks

M - matrix interference

J - estimated value

Results reported on dry-weight basis Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%

Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

TEG NW SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

TEG Job Number:

S00918-5

Client:

GEOSCIENCE MANAGEMENT

Client Job Name:

NEWMAN'S CHEVRON

Client Job Number:

NA

Analytical Results		DUPL
NWTPH-Gx / BTEX		B6-S4
Matrix	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	09/18/00
Date analyzed	Limits	09/18/00
Moisture, %		
NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg		
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nd
Gasoline	5.0	nd
BTEX, µg/kg		
Benzene	50	nď
Toluene	50	nd
Ethylbenzene	50	nd
Xylenes	50	nd
Surrogate recoveries;	_	
Trifluorotoluene	-	101%
Bromofluorobenzene		94%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits

na - not analyzed

C - coelution with sample peaks

M - matrix interference

J - estimated value

Results reported on dry-weight basis

Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%

Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

TRANSGLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES NORTHWEST, INC.

NEWMANS CHEVRON PROJECT Bremerton, Washington GeoScience Management, Inc.

Heavy Metals in Soil by EPA-7000 Series

		Lead (Pb)	
Sample	Date	EPA 7420	
Number	Analyzed	(mg/kg)	
Method Blank	9/24/00	nd	
B-5,S-1	9/24/00	13	
Method Detection	n Limits	5	

"nd" Indicates not detected at listed detection limits.

ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: Sherry Chilcutt

TRANSGLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES NORTHWEST, INC.

NEWMANS CHEVRON PROJECT Bremerton, Washington GeoScience Management, Inc.

QA/QC Data - Total Metals EPA-7000 Series Analyses

		Sample Number: Harrington #4 Soil											
		Matrix Spik	(e	Matr	ix Spike Duplica	te	RPD						
	Spiked	Measured	Spike	Spiked	Measured	Spike							
	Conc.	Conc.	Recovery	Conc.	Conc.	Recovery							
	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(%)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(%)	(%)						
Lead	125	118	94	125	124	99	4.96						

	Lab	oratory Contro	I Sample
	Spiked	Measured	Spike
	Conc.	Conc.	Recovery
	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(%)
Lead	125	117	94

ACCEPTABLE RECOVERY LIMITS FOR MATRIX SPIKES: 65%-135% ACCEPTABLE RPD IS 20%

ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: Sherry Chilcutt

900118-5

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

CLIENT: Geo Science Management, Inc. DATE: 9/18/00																		
CLIENT: Geo S	<u>روی</u> در	ce 1	Man	Ageme	\mathcal{I}	Tal.									PAGE_/			
ADDRESS: 18601	89	TA	VE N	& Both	ell,	WA.	980	7//						,	rais Cher	ron		
PHONE: 425 48	<u> 31-</u>	45	38	FA	< :										n WA			<u>_</u>
CLIENT PROJECT	#:	-		PROJEC	CT MAN	IAGER:	4n	fine	<u>el</u>	COL	LECTO	DR:_‡	fiv	Sm	inel	DATE OF COLLECTIO	N 9/15/	08
Sample Number	Depth		Sample Type	1		/s/s			<u> </u>	2 888 / S	300 (10) 510 (10)		(b) (c) (c)		NOTES		Total Number of Containers	Laboratory Note Number
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4.13-1.5-4			-								X	M		Ì	Man Run	VPH		
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8 B-2 5-4											X	X			Blay Run			
8. B-2 5-4 9. B-2 5-5							\top				X	X		•	VP			
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									SEALS	INTACT	? Y/N/NA				Consoli	led.		
	SA	MPLE I	DISPOSA	L INSTRUCT	IONS				RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD							11	. /	1
О	SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS ☐ TEG DISPOSAL @ \$2.00 each ☐ Return ☐ Pickup								NOTE	NOTES: Turn Around Time: ~							12_	

3

TRANSGLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES

Chain-ur-CUSTODY RECORD

			COOCIEIV	CES											/_						
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PHONE: 425	120	14	538	FA	X:							LO	CATIC	:NO	Bq	mei	L	AGE 2 ins Cher in WA	·		_,
CLIENT PROJECT	#:		-	PROJE	CT MA	NAGE	:R:	_				СО	LLEC	TOR	Hn	Im	re	L	DATE OF COLLECTION	<u> 3/15</u>	/n
Sample Number	Depth	Time	Sample Type	Container Type	AMA AG	15/3/5/60 08/3/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/5/	\$ \(\)	12/2/4°	15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 15 8	1480 1089 1089	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	77	//		27 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14			NOTES		Total Number of Containers	ſ I
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Spokane

Portland

P. 129, 120,0260 fax 425,420,9210
East 11115 Managamery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-1776
509,024,9206 fax 509,924,9299
9406 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132
593,906,5200 fax 503,995,9210
20332 Empire Avenue, State F-1, Bend, OR 97701,5711
541,283,9310 fax 541,382,7588

Geo Science Management, Inc.

18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell WA, 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 12/29/00 16:38

ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received
Bottom-14.5	B01.0629-01	Soil	12/28/00 12:00	12/28/00 09:15
SE Wall-11.5	B0L0629-02	Soil	12/28/00 12:00	12/28/00 09:15
NE Wall-11.5	B0L0629-03	Soil	12/28/00 12:00	12/28/00 09:15

Jorth Creek Analytical - Bothell

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

reer for Paut Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 1 of 6



425.420.9200 | tax 425.420.9210 Sost 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509,924,9200 tax 509,924 9290

203.924.9200 13x 503.925 9250 4405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97006-7132 503.906.9200 13x 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Stitle F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 641.383.0310 1ax 541.382.7388

I Geo Science Management, Inc.

Project: Newman's Chevron

18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell WA, 98011

Project Number: NA Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 12/29/00 16:38

Volatile Petroleum Products and BTEX by NWTPH-Gx and EPA 8021B North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
- Trialy C	145411		·	Ditation					
lottom-14.5 (B0L0629-01) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/00	12:00 Rec	eived: 12/28	/00 09:15					
Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons	179	5.00	mg/kg dry	1	27025ران	12/27/00	12/29/00	NWTPH-Gx/8021B	
7 enzene	0.178	0.0500	.•	•	"	•	11	H	
oluene	4.18	0.0500	"	~	•	18	•	H	
_thylbenzene	1.68	0.0500	· ·	•	•	u		t r	
Xylenes (total)	12.3	0.100	н	-	•	"	"	u	
urrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	123 %	50-150			,,	7/	***	***************************************	
urrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	97.7 %	50-150			"		"	"	
SE Wall-11.5 (B0L0629-02) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/0	0 12:00 Re	ceived: 12/2	8/00 09:15				4.00	
Jasoline Range Hydrocarbons	19.4	5.00	mg/kg dry	1	0L27025	12/27/00	12/29/00	NWTPH-Gx/8021B	
Benzenc	ND	0.0500	n	**	17	**	11	•	
Toluenc	0.337	0.0500	•	**	n	-		•	
Sthylbenzene	0.0799	0.0500	44	**	**	7	11	н	
(ylenes (total)	0.465	0.100	**	19	11	19	17	٠	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	92.5 %	50-150			. ,		"	"	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	91.6%	50-150			"	"	"	,,	,
VE Wall-11.5 (B0L0629-03) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/0	00 12:00 R	ceived: 12/2	8/00 09:15	;				
Jasoline Range Hydrocarbons	18.7	5.00	mg/kg dry	ı	0L27025	12/27/00	12/29/00	NWTPH-Gx/8021B	
Benzene	ND	0.0500	,	7	•	4	11	•	
Toluene	0.137	0.0500	nt	•	7	н	n	п	
Sthylbenzene	0.0792	0.0500	u		π		u	**	
Aylenes (total)	0.257	0.100	**	*	n		**	u	
Surrogale: 4-BFB (FID)	90.7%	50-150			,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	# ##	
Surrògate: 4-BFB (PID)	94.5 %	50-150			•	*	"	"	

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Greer For Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 2 of 6



125 426 3200 - 0 x 125 420 3230 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokarie, WA 39205-4775 509.924.9200 - tax 569.924.9290

503.265.200 fax \$63.024.329 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 \$63.205.9200 fax \$63.005.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Sinte F+1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.083.9310 fax \$41.392.7599

Geo Science Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue NE

Bothell WA, 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 12/29/00 16:38

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
Bottom-14.5 (B0L0629-01) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/00	2:00 Rece	ived: 12/2	8/00 09:15					
Dry Weight	78.1	1.00	%	1	0L28015	12/28/00	12/29/00	BSOPSPL003R07	
5E Wall-11.5 (B0L0629-02) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/00	12:00 Rec	eived: 12/	28/00 09:15	_				*****
Dry Weight	73.3	1.00	%	l	OL28015	12/28/00	12/29/00	BSOPSPL003R07	
NE Wall-11.5 (B0L0629-03) Soil	Sampled: 12/28/00	12:00 Red	eived: 12	/28/00 09:15					
Dry Weight	71.4	1.00	9%	1	0L28015	12/28/00	12/29/00	BSOPSPL003R07	

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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rence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Greek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 3 of 6



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Spokane East 11115 Monthgoriary, Suite B, Suekane, WA 99206-4776
509.924.9200 15x 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97009-7132
503.966.9200 1ax 903.908.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Sinte F-1, Band, OR 97701-5711 541.383,9310 fox 541.382,7588

Geo Science Management, Inc.

Project: Newman's Chevron

18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell WA. 98011

Project Number: NA Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 12/29/00 16:38

Volatile Petroleum Products and BTEX by NWTPH-Gx and EPA 8021B - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

	. <u> </u>		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0L27025:	Prepared 12/27/00	Using E	EPA 5030B	(MeOH)			·				
Blank (0L27025-BL	KI)		•			-					
iasoline Range Hydroc	arbons	מא	5.00	mg/kg wet							•
lenzenu		МD	0.0500	"							
Toluene		ND	0.0500	41							
Tthylbenzene		ND	0.0500	. "							
(ylenes (total)		ND	0.100	17							
surrogate: 4-BFB (FID))	4.37	•	**	4,00	•	109	50-150		•	
Surrogaie: 4-8F8 (PID))	4.82		*	4.00		121	50-150			
,CS (0L27025-BS1))										
Jasoline Range Hydroc	arbons	21.7	5.00	mg/kg wet	25.0		86.8	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID))	4.19			4.00		105	50-150			
Juplicate (0L27025-	DUPI)					Source: E	30L0491-0	01 .			
Gasoline Range Hydroc	arbons	344	20,0	mg/kg dry		407			16,8	5ò	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID))	7.72		····	4.68	***************************************	165	50-/50			5-04
Antrix Spike (0L270	025-MSI)					Source: E	30L0509-2	27			
Веплеле		0.573	0.0500	mg/kg dry	0.585	ND	95.6	60-140	- .		. L. tm
Toluene		0.601	0.0500	**	0.585	ND	99.6	60-140			
thylbenzene		0.631	0.0500	*	0.585	NĎ	108	60-140			
(ylenes (total)		1.91	0.100	u	1.75	ND	107	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID))	5.10			4.68		109	50-150		*****	
Hatrix Spike Dup (C	L27025-MSD1)					Source: E	30L0509-2	27			
enzene		0.588	0.0500	mg/kg dry	0.585	ND	98.2	60-140	2.58	20	
Toluene		0.613	0.0500	•	0.585	ND	102	60-140	1.98	20	
thylbenzene		0.631	0.0500	**	0.585	ND	108	60-140	0	20	
lylenes (total)		1.91	0.100	•	1.75	ND	107	60-140	o	20	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID))	4,97	 -	······································	4.68		106	50-150		······································	

Jorth Creek Analytical - Bothell

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for Paul Cawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 4 of 6



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Portland

505.324.3200 Tax 505.324.0280 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541,383.9310 Inx 541.382,7588

Geo Science Management, Inc.

Project: Newman's Chevron

18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell WA, 98011

Project Number: NA Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 12/29/00 16:38

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
3atch 0L28015:	Prepared 12/28/00	Using Dr									_
Blank (0L28015-Bl	LKI)	100	1.00	_%							· - · ··

forth Creek Analytical - Bothell

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aul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 5 of 6



425 426 9260 18X 423 426 9270 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200 Tax 509.924.9290

8405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.206.9200 fax 503.905.9210 20332 Empiro Avenue, Suite F-1, Band, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

Geo Science Management, Inc.

18608 89th Avenue NE

Bothell WA, 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA Project Manager: Howard Small Reported:

12/29/00 16:38

Notes and Definitions

5-04 The surrogate recovery for this sample is outside of established control limits due to a sample matrix effect.

Analyte DETECTED DET

ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

NR Not Reported

Sample results reported on a dry weight basis dry

RPD Relative Percent Difference

Iorth Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Pagt Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 6 of 6



e, W/ . 4776 Last 1 😓 . Intgot.....ite B. 🛫 9405 S.W. Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

)9) 92

(503) 906-9200 FAX 906-9210 (541) 383-9310 FAX 382-7588

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	СНА	IN OF CU	STODY	KĿ	PORT		Work O	rder #: /	2 <i>02.</i> 0	1027	
CLIENT: Nordie Properties Howard IN	uties Inc. / Geo	Suener	INVOICE TO	Nos	EDIL PROI	JERTIE!	INC.	TUR		O REQUEST in Busine	ess Days* N
REPORT TO: Howard W	Small Hai	regement	7	PC	Bex 84	U			_ —	rie & Inorganic Analyses	֡֓֞֜֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓
ADDRESS: 18608 897	AVE NE	O tre.		Po	3 Box 84 torchard	8,WA-6	78366	10	5	4 3 2	
ADDRESS: 18608 8973 Bothell W	1A-98011							STD.		um Hydrocarbon Analyses	(<u>-1</u>) &
PHONE: 425 481-45 PROJECT NAME: New M	538 FAX: 42	25 481-4538	P.O. NUMBE	R:				 -			
PROJECT NAME: New M	eau's Chevron		RE()UESTE	DANALYSES			S7		Please Specify	
PROJECT NUMBER:	^					-		ł	ОТН		
SAMPLED BY: HW SM	all	1 2 2		1 1				Tuniai	nund Requests	less than standard may incur R	
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ADDITIONAL REMARKS: Pla	on call wife	sults			•					W/U 5.10	PAGE OF

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 Seattle
 11720 North Crack Pkwy N, Suite 400, Bothell, WA 98011-8223 425.420.9200
 fax 425.420.9210

 Spokane
 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99205-4776 509.924.9200
 fax 509.924.9290

Spokane

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none] Project Manager: Howard Small enmans

Reported: 10/05/00 15:13

ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

	Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received
1	B7-S1	B0J0041-01	Soil	09/15/00 12:00	10/03/00 14:20

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 1 of 10



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 fax 425.420.9210

 Spokane
 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200
 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none]

Reported:

Project Manager: Howard Small

10/05/00 15:13

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (Toluene to Dodecane) and BTEX by WTPH-G and EPA 8021B North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B7-S1 (B0J0041-01) Soil Samp	oled: 09/15/00 12:00	Received:	10/03/00 14:2	20					
Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons	130	5.00	mg/kg dry	1	0J04013	10/04/00	10/04/00	WTPH-G/8021B	I-02
Benzene	ND	0.0500	**	H	n	n	н	U	I-02
Toluene	ND	0.0500	н	17	n	11	н	**	I-02
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.461	**	**	71	11	n	ii .	I-02,R-03
. Xylenes (total)	ND	0.292	u	**	11	IT	71	tf.	I-02,R-03
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	127 %	50-150			"				<i>I-02</i>
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	91.6%	50-150			"	"	"	"	1-02

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 2 of 10



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425.420.9200 Tax 425.420.9210

pokane East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011 Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none]
Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 10/05/00 15:13

Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons by modified WDOE Interim TPH Policy Method North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B7-S1 (B0J0041-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 12:00	Received:	10/03/00 14:	20				•	
C5-C6 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	mg/kg dry	1	0J04013	10/04/00	10/04/00	WA MTCA-VPH	1-02
C6-C8 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	n	n	u	u	"	u	1-02
C8-C10 Aliphatics	17.2	5.00	н	,,	11	u	н	u	1-02
C10-C12 Aliphatics	18.5	5.00	n	11	11	ıı	н	II .	I-02
C8-C10 Aromatics	ND	5.00	n	**	n	n	н	tt	1-02
C10-C12 Aromatics	9.91	5.00	**	17	n	n	n	U	1-02
C12-C13 Aromatics	25.1	5.00	**	**		"	11	D	I-02
Total VPH (TVPH)	70.7	5.00	"	н	19	"	11	it.	I-02
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	114%	60-140			"		·	····	1-02
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	96.2 %	60-140			"	"	"	"	1-02

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. Environmental Laboratory Network Page 3 of 10



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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none]

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B7-S1 (B0J0041-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 12:00	Received:	10/03/00 14:	20					B-08
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	5.00	mg/kg dry	1	0J04020	10/03/00	10/03/00	EPA 8260B	
Benzene	ND	0.100	11	11	17	11	н	u	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.100	ti	n	19	11	*1	**	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.100	U	Ħ	*	n	н	n	
Naphthalene	ND	0.100	n	u	Ħ	17	11		
Toluene	ND	0.100	11	n	u	**	11	н	
m,p-Xylene	ND	0.200	**	,,	n	tt		11	
o-Xylene	ND	0.100	11	н	n	n .	17	Ħ	
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d4	95.5 %	70-130			,,	,,	,	,, -	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	95.9 %	70-130			"	"	"	"	
Surrogate: 4-BFB	93.2 %	70-130			**	"	"	"	

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

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 11720 North Creck Pkwy N, Suite 400, Bothell, WA 98011-8223 425.420.9200
 fax 425.420.9210

 Spokane
 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99205-4776 509.924.9200
 Jax 509.924.9200

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none]

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	· Analyzed	Method	Notes	
B7-S1 (B0J0041-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 12:00	Received:	10/03/00 1	4:20						
Dry Weight	90.3	1.00	%	1	0J04048	10/04/00	10/05/00	BSOPSPL003R07		

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr, Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 5 of 10



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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none] Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 10/05/00 15:13

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (Toluene to Dodecane) and BTEX by WTPH-G and EPA 8021B - Quality Control

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

			Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0J04013: 1	Prepared 10/04/00	Using EF	PA 5030B	(MeOH)							
Blank (0J04013-BLK	1)						_		•		
Gasoline Range Hydroca	rbons	ND	5.00	mg/kg wet						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Benzene		ND	0.0500	n.							
Toluene		ND	0.0500	II .							
Ethylbenzene		ND	0.0500	17							
Xylenes (total)		ND	0.100	11							
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)		3.82		"	4.00		95.5	50-150			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)		3.78		"	4.00		94.5	50-150			
LCS (0J04013-BS1)											
Gasoline Range Hydroca	rbons	23.8	5.00	mg/kg wet	25.0		95.2	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)		4.12		"	4.00		103	50-150			
Duplicate (0J04013-E	UP1)					Source: E	010518-1	4			
Gasoline Range Hydroca	rbons	3530	100	mg/kg dry		3410			3.46	50	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)		42.5			5.45		780	50-150			S-02
Matrix Spike (0J040)	3-MS1)					Source: E	80J0041-0	1			
Benzene		0.494	0.0500	mg/kg dry	0.554	ND	88.1	60-140			
Toluene		0.487	0.0500	u	0.554	ND	79.7	60-140			
Ethylbenzene		0.504	0.0500	II	0.554	0.460	7.94	60-140			Q-02
Xylenes (total)		1.59	0.100	n	1.66	0.291	78.3	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)		3.88		"	4.43		87.6	50-150			
Matrix Spike Dup (0.	104013-MSD1)					Source: B	80J0041-0	1			
Benzene		0.493	0.0500	mg/kg dry	0.554	ND	88.0	60-140	0.203	20	——————————————————————————————————————
Tolucne		0.483	0.0500	*1	0.554	ND	79.0	60-140	0.825	20	
Ethylbenzene		0.502	0.0500	u	0.554	0.460	7.58	60-140	0.398	20	Q-02
Xylenes (total)		1.58	0.100	u	1.66	0.291	77.7	60-140	0.631	20	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)		3.86			4.43		87.1	50-150			

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 563.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none] Project Manager: Howard Small Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons by modified WDOE Interim TPH Policy Method - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		Reporting		Spike	Source	_	%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes,
Batch 0J04013: Prepared 10	0/04/00 Using EF	A 5030B	(МеОН)							
Blank (0J04013-BLK1)		•								
C5-C6 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	mg/kg wet							
C6-C8 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	17							
C8-C10 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	17							
C10-C12 Aliphatics	ND	5.00	17							
C8-C10 Aromatics	ND	5.00	п							
C10-C12 Aromatics	ND	5.00	н							
C12-C13 Aromatics	ND	5.00	и							•
Total VPH (TVPH)	ND	5.00	11							
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	3.77		"	4.00		94.2	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	4.00		"	4.00		100	60-140			
LCS (0J04013-BS2)										
Total VPH (TVPH)	11.2	5.00	mg/kg wet	12.0		93.3	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	3.86		. "	4.00		96.5	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	4.06		"	4.00		101	60-140			1
Duplicate (0J04013-DUP1)					Source: I	3010518-1	4			
C5-C6 Aliphatics	ND	100	mg/kg dry	- .	ND				25	
C6-C8 Aliphatics	192	100	"		ND			135	25	Q-1
C8-C10 Aliphatics	192	100	н		139			32.0	25	Q-1
C10-C12 Aliphatics	753	100	**		1090		•	36.6	25	Q-1
C8-C10 Aromatics	ND	100	**		ND			30.4	25	Q-1
C10-C12 Aromatics	236	100	**		206			13.6	25	1
C12-C13 Aromatics	1970	100	u		2130			7.80	25	
Total VPH (TVPH)	3350	100	п		3560			6.08	25	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	48.0		<i>n</i>	5.45		881	60-140			S-0
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	9. <i>78</i>		"	5.45		179	60-140			S-0

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller Jr., Project Manager



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Spokane East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011 Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none]

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

			Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0J04020:	Prepared 10/03/00	Using EP	A 5030B	[P/T]					-		
Blank (0J04020-BI	LK1)	-		<u> </u>					-		i
Methyl tert-butyl ether	el manere Branch separat ser ser ser ser i en 1919 se se i en 1919 se se i en 1919 se i en 1919 se i en 1919 s B	ND	5.00	mg/kg wet			-	•			- 4
Benzene		ND	0.100	u							
Chlorobenzene		ND	0.100	u							,
1,2-Dibromoethane		ND	0.100	o						•	1
1,1-Dichloroethene		ND	0.100	11							
Ethylbenzene		ND	0.100	U							
Naphthalene		ND	0.100	U							1
Toluene		ND	0.100	U							•
Trichloroethene		ND	0.100	Ü							
m,p-Xylene		ND	0.200	II.							
o-Xylene		ND	0.100	II							
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d	4	1.99		"	2.00		99.5	70-130			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	}	2.06		"	2.00		103	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB		2.05		"	2.00		102	70-130			
LCS (0J04020-BS1)										1
Benzene		0.992	0.100	mg/kg wet	1.00		99.2	70-130			
Chlorobenzene		1.02	0.100	и	1.00		102	70-130			
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.940	0.100	n	1.00		94.0	70-130			1
Toluene		1.06	0.100	н	1.00		106	70-130			
Trichloroethene		0.956	0.100	Ħ	1.00		95.6	70-130			
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d	4	2.04		. "	2.00		102	70-130			1
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		2.14		"	2.00		107	70-130			1
Surrogate: 4-BFB		2.09		"	2.00		104	70-130			

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. Environmental Laboratory Network Page 8 of 10



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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290 Spokane

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none] Project Manager: Howard Small Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte		Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 0J04048:	Prepared 10/04/00	Using Dry	y Weight			-					····
Blank (0J04048-B)	LK1)							-			-
Dry Weight		99.8	1.00	%							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 9 of 10



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Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

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GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Soil Samples

Project Number: [none] Project Manager: Howard Small Reported:

10/05/00 15:13

Notes and Definitions

B-08	These samples were out of hold time at the time of receipt. Therefore, results are inconclusive and may represent false negatives or positives.
I-02	This sample was analyzed outside of the recommended holding time.
Q-02	The spike recovery for this QC sample is outside of NCA established control limits due to sample matrix interference.
Q-13	Multiple analyses indicate the percent recovery is outside the control limits due to a matrix effect.
R-03	The reporting limit for this analyte has been raised to account for interference from coeluting organic compounds present in the sample.
S-02	The surrogate recovery for this sample cannot be accurately quantified due to interference from coeluting organic compounds present in the sample.
DET	Analyte DETECTED
ND	Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
NR	Not Reported
dry	Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
RPD	Relative Percent Difference

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager



COC REV 3/99

893 Avel ., Sul Both 9801

East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 98206-4776
9405 S.W. Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

(509) 924-9200 (503) 906-9200

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FAX 10 FAX 924-9290

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20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

(503) 906-9200 FAX 906-9210 (541) 383-9310 FAX 382-7588

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9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 Portland

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

3 October, 2000

Howard Small

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

RE: Newman's Chevron

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 09/29/00 11:20. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr.

Project Manager



Seattle 11720 North Creek Pkwy N, Suite 400, Bothell, WA 98011-8223 425.420.9200 fax 425.420.9210

East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Reported:

Project Manager: Howard Small

10/03/00 16:31

ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received
B-5,S-1	B010803-01	Soil	09/15/00 23:59	09/29/00 11:20
B-5,S-2	B0I0803-02	Soil	09/15/00 23:59	09/29/00 11:20

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 1 of 12



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509.924.9200 fax 509.924,9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011 Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 10/03/00 16:31

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (Toluene to Dodecane) and BTEX by WTPH-G and EPA 8021B North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		Reporting							
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B-5,S-1 (B0I0803-01) Soil Sa	mpled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received	09/29/00 11	:20					
Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons	4750	250	mg/kg dry	50	0129032	09/29/00	09/30/00	WTPH-G/8021B	
Benzene	7.81	2.50	11	U	*	"	Ħ	11	
Toluene	20.6	2.50	"	B	н	11	н	n	
Ethylbenzene	27.7	2.50	11	Ħ	H	n	n	н	
Xylenes (total)	222	5.00	11	н	н	и	II .	16	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	%	50-150			"	"	"	"	S-01
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	305 %	50-150			"	"	"	"	S-06
B-5,S-2 (B010803-02) Soil Sa	mpled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received:	09/29/00 11	:20					
Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons	5300	250	mg/kg dry	50	0129032	09/29/00	09/30/00	WTPH-G/8021B	
Benzene	12.3	2.50	14	17	н	n	II .	h	
Toluene	63.1	2.50		D	н	n	н	10	
Ethylbenzene	41.4	2.50	U	D		n	н	H	
Xylenes (total)	256	5.00	II	0		11	н	"	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	939 %	50-150			,,	"	"	"	S-06
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	323 %	50-150			"	"	,,	"	S-06

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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North Creek Analytical, Inc. Environmental Laboratory Network Page 2 of 12



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Spokane East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776 509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons by modified WDOE Interim TPH Policy Method North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		Reporting							
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B-5,S-1 (B0I0803-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received	09/29/00 11	:20			_		
C5-C6 Aliphatics	ND	250	mg/kg dry	50	0129032	09/29/00	09/30/00	WA MTCA-VPH	
C6-C8 Aliphatics	936	250	н	н	11	n	n	N	
C8-C10 Aliphatics	482	250	н	н	u	n	н	н	
C10-C12 Aliphatics	309	250	н	11	n	71	**	и	
C8-C10 Aromatics	326	250	11	11	17	ti .	11	#	
C10-C12 Aromatics	599	250	11	u	D	u	u	II .	1
C12-C13 Aromatics	501	250	11	u	**	11	u	u	
Total VPH (TVPH)	3150	250	U	· ·	н	n	II .	ıı .	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	431 %	60-140			"	"	"	"	S-06
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	266 %	60-140			"	"	"	"	S-06
B-5,S-2 (B010803-02) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received:	09/29/00 11	:20					
C5-C6 Aliphatics	318	250	mg/kg dry	50	0129032	09/29/00	09/30/00	WA MTCA-VPH	
C6-C8 Aliphatics	809	250	11	н	11	н	n	e	
C8-C10 Aliphatics	453	250	Ħ	11	10	11	n	H	
C10-C12 Aliphatics	437	250	II .	n	U	11	п	u	
C8-C10 Aromatics	334	250	U	n	17	0			
C10-C12 Aromatics	368	250	н	n	н	"		n	
C12-C13 Aromatics	392	250	ii .	10	н	11	n	n	
Total VPH (TVPH)	3110	250	"	"	tt	n	H	н	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FID)	695 %	60-140			"		"	"	S-06
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PID)	354 %	60-140			"	"	"	n .	S-06

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager



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509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011 Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		Reporting							
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B-5,S-1 (B0I0803-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received	: 09/29/00 11	:20			·		
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	50.0	mg/kg dry	10	0129031	09/29/00	09/29/00	EPA 8260B	
Benzene	ND	1.00		н	n	n	11	u	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	1.00	n	н	n		If	II .	
Ethylbenzene	64.1	1.00	H	U	н	"	t)	n	
Naphthalene	25.6	1.00	н	11	u	n	10	tt	
Toluene	40.8	1.00			u	u	**	H	
m,p-Xylene	499	20.0		100	n		09/29/00	Ħ	
o-Xylene	212	10.0	n	н	n	II.		**	
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d4	118%	70-130			Ħ	"	09/29/00	<i>II</i>	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	112 %	70-130			"	"	"	"	
Surrogate: 4-BFB	114 %	70-130			"	"	"	"	
B-5,S-2 (B010803-02) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received	09/29/00 11	:20					t.
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	100	mg/kg dry	20	0129031	09/29/00	09/29/00	EPA 8260B	
Benzene	ND	2.00	н	n	n	n	n	H	
Ethylbenzene	83.0	2.00	n	II .	19	u	**	11	
Naphthalene	56.8	2.00	**	"	11	11	Ħ	н	
Toluene	152	10.0	н	100	11	Ħ	09/29/00	u	
m,p-Xylene	518	20.0	u	n	"	n	п	II .	•
o-Xylene	191	10.0	U	"	u	n	II .	п	
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d4	105 %	70-130			"		09/29/00	"	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	109 %	70-130			"	**	"	"	
Surrogate: 4-BFB	107 %	70-130			"	"	"	H	

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. Environmental Laboratory Network Page 4 of 12



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Spokane

Portland

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
B-5,S-1 (B010803-01) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received:	09/29/00	11:20					
Dry Weight	74.3	1.00	%	1	0129045	09/29/00	10/02/00	BSOPSPL003R07	
B-5,S-2 (B010803-02) Soil	Sampled: 09/15/00 23:59	Received:	09/29/00	11:20					
Dry Weight	81.2	1.00	%	1	0129045	09/29/00	10/02/00	BSOPSPL003R07	

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 5 of 12



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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290 Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (Toluene to Dodecane) and BTEX by WTPH-G and EPA 8021B - Quality **Control**

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

			Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	,
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0129032:	Prepared 09/29/00	Using EP	PA 5030B	(МеОН)							ı
Blank (0129032-BI	_K1)										T.
Gasoline Range Hydro	ocarbons	ND	5.00	mg/kg wet					·		
Benzene		ND	0.0500	U							
Toluene		ND	0.0500	u							•
Ethylbenzene		ND	0.0500	n							
Xylenes (total)		ND	0.100	n							
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FI	D)	4.00		,,	4.00		100	50-150			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PI	D)	3.95		"	4.00		98.8	50-150			1
LCS (0129032-BS1)										
Benzene		0.990	0.0500	mg/kg wet	1.00	,	99.0	50-150			
Toluene		1.00	0.0500	tr .	1.00		100	50-150			i
Ethylbenzene		1.03	0.0500	u	1.00		103	50-150			
Xylenes (total)		3.31	0.100	U	3.00		110	50-150			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (PI	D)	3.96	<u> </u>	n	4.00		99.0	50-150			
Duplicate (0129032	P-DUP1)					Source: E	3010803-0	1			
Gasoline Range Hydro	ocarbons	4760	250	mg/kg dry		4750			0.210	50	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FI	D)	39.7		<u>"</u>	5.38	·······	738	50-150			S-0

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 6 of 12



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 11/20 North Creek Pkwy N, Sinte 400, Bothell, WA 98011-8223

 425.420.9200
 fax 425.420.9210

 Spokane
 East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

 509.924.9200
 fax 509.924.9290

Spokane

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Reported:

Project Manager: Howard Small

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons by modified WDOE Interim TPH Policy Method - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

Analyte		Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Allalyte			Limit	Oills	Level	- Kesun	70KEC	Limits	KPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0I29032:	Prepared 09/29/00	Using EP	A 5030B	(MeOH)							
Blank (0129032-BL	K1)									•	
C5-C6 Aliphatics		ND	5.00	mg/kg wet					·		
C6-C8 Aliphatics		ND	5.00	H							
C8-C10 Aliphatics		ND	5.00	n							
C10-C12 Aliphatics		ND	5.00	11							
C8-C10 Aromatics		ND	5.00	U							
C10-C12 Aromatics		ND	5.00	11							
C12-C13 Aromatics		ND	5.00	U							•
Total VPH (TVPH)		ND	5.00	U							
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FI	 D)	3.98		"	4.00		99.5	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (Pla	D)	4.22		"	4.00		105	60-140			
LCS (0129032-BS1)										
Total VPH (TVPH)		11.7	5.00	mg/kg wet	12.0		97.5	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FI	D)	3.90		"	4.00		97.5	60-140			
Surrogate: 4-BFB (Pla	D)	4.26		**	4.00		107	60-140			
Duplicate (0129032	-DUP1)					Source: 1	B010803-0	1			
C5-C6 Aliphatics		ND	250	mg/kg dry		ND			3.05	25	
C6-C8 Aliphatics		863	250	ı		936			8.12	25	•
C8-C10 Aliphatics		447	250	н		482			7.53	25	
C10-C12 Aliphatics	,	285	250	и		309			8.08	25	
C8-C10 Aromatics		324	250	H		326			0.615	25	
C10-C12 Aromatics		611	250	И		599			1.98	25	
C12-C13 Aromatics		541	250	н		501			7.68	25	
Total VPH (TVPH)		3070	250	н		3150			2.57	25	
Surrogate: 4-BFB (FII	D)	21.9		"	5,38		407	60-140			S-(
Surrogate: 4-BFB (Pli	D)	22.4		"	5.38		416	60-140			S-0

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 7 of 12



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9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132

503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

			Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0129031:	Prepared 09/29/00	Using EP	A 5030B	[P/T]			-	-			
Blank (0129031-BL	K1)									-	
Methyl tert-butyl ether		ND	5.00	mg/kg wet							-
Acetone		ND	1.00	11							
Benzene		ND	0.100	n							
Bromobenzene		ND	0.100	Ħ							
Bromochloromethane		ND	0.100	tt .							
Bromodichloromethan	e	ND	0.100	n							
Bromoform		ND	0.100	"							
Bromomethane		ND	0.100	u							
2-Butanone	·	ND	1.00	u							
n-Butylbenzene		ND	0.100								
sec-Butylbenzene		ND	0.100	II .							
tert-Butylbenzene		ND	0.100	U							
Carbon disulfide		ND	0.100	n							
Carbon tetrachloride		ND	0.100	17							
Chlorobenzene		ND	0.100	Ħ							
Chloroethane		ND	0.100	11							
Chloroform		ND	0.100	n							
Chloromethane		ND	0.500	II .							
2-Chlorotoluene		ND	0.100								
4-Chlorotoluene		ND	0.100								
Dibromochloromethan	e	ND	0.100	II .							
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	propane	ND	0.500	u							
1,2-Dibromoethane		ND	0.100	ti .							
Dibromomethane		ND	0.100	u							
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		ND	0.100	II							
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		ND	0.100	II .							
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ND	0.100	II .							
Dichlorodifluorometha	me	ND	0.100								
1,1-Dichloroethane		ND	0.100	•							
1,2-Dichloroethane		ND	0.100	n							
1,1-Dichloroethene		ND	0.100	Ħ							i
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		ND	0.100	n							
trans-1,2-Dichloroethe	ne	ND	0.100	n							
1,2-Dichloropropane		ND	0.100	u							1

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Willer, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network**

Page 8 of 12



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East 11115 Montgomery, Suite B, Spokane, WA 99206-4776

509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Reported:

Project Manager: Howard Small

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		F	Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0I29031: Pr	epared 09/29/00	Using EP.	A 5030B	[P/T]							
Blank (0129031-BLK1))	<u> </u>					-	•			
1,3-Dichloropropane		ND	0.100	mg/kg wet							
2,2-Dichloropropane		ND	0.100	11							
1,1-Dichloropropene		ND	0.100	II .							
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		ND	0.100	U							
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		ND	0.100	n .							
Ethylbenzene		ND	0.100	Ħ							
Hexachlorobutadiene		ND	0.100	H							
2-Hexanone		ND	1.00	Ħ							
Isopropylbenzene		ND	0.100	*1							
p-lsopropyltoluene		ND	0.100	п							
Methylene chloride		ND	1.00	Ħ							
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		ND	1.00	n							
Naphthalene		ND	0.100	Ħ							
n-Propylbenzene		ND	0.100	*1							
Styrene		ND	0.100	71							
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	0.100	н							
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	0.100	n							
Tetrachloroethene	•	ND	0.100	п							
Toluene		ND	0.100	H							•
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		ND	0.100	"							
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND	0.100	n							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND	0.100	II .							
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND	0.100	II .							r
Trichloroethene		ND	0.100	11							
Trichlorofluoromethane		ND	0.100	0							
1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ND	0.100	u							
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		ND	0.100	n							
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		ND	0.100	U							
Vinyl chloride		ND	0.100	n							
m,p-Xylene		ND	0.200	U							
o-Xylene		ND	0.100	n							
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.90		<i>n</i>	4.00		97.5	70-130			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		3.65		n	4.00		91.3	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB		3.73		"	4.00		93.3	70-130			

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. **Environmental Laboratory Network** Page 9 of 12



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20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711 541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported:

10/03/00 16:31

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control North Creek Analytical - Bothell

		Reporting			Spike	Source		%REC RPD			
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0129031:	Prepared 09/29/00	Using EP	A 5030B	[P/T]							•
LCS (0129031-BS1))		_				_				
Benzene		1.15	0.100	mg/kg wet	1.00		115	70-130			
Chlorobenzene		1.06	0.100	II	1.00		106	70-130			
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.989	0.100	н	1.00		98.9	70-130			
Toluene		1.06	0.100	н	1.00		106	70-130			
Trichloroethene		1.12	0.100	н	1.00		112	70-130			
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d	1	4.20		"	4.00		105	70-130			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	•	3.9 7		"	4.00		99.3	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB		4.11		"	4.00		103	70-130			
Matrix Spike (0129	031-MS1)					Source: E	8010638-2	0			
Benzene		1.06	0.100	mg/kg dry	1.07	ND	99.1	70-130			
Chlorobenzene		1.03	0.100	n	1.07	ND	96.3	70-130			
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.877	0.100	N	1.07	ND	82.0	70-130			
Toluene		1.05	0.100	U	1.07	ND	98.1	70-130			
Trichloroethene		1.03	0.100	u	1.07	ND	96.3	70-130			
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d-	<i>t</i>	1.97		,,	2.15		91.6	70-130		•	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		1.95		"	2.15		90.7	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB		2.04		"	2.15		94.9	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup ((0129031-MSD1)					Source: B	010638-2	0			
Benzene	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.00	0.100	mg/kg dry	1.07	ND	93.5	70-130	5.83	15	
Chlorobenzene		1.00	0.100	91	1.07	ND	93.5	70-130	2.96	15	
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.833	0.100	N	1.07	ND	77.9	70-130	5.15	15	•
Toluene		1.02	0.100	**	1.07	ND	95.3	70-130	2.90	15	
Trichloroethene		0.998	0.100	n	1.07	ND	93.3	70-130	3.16	15	
Surrogate: 1,2-DCA-d-		1.93		н	2.15		89.8	70-130			
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		2.03		11	2.15		94.4	70-130			
Surrogate: 4-BFB		2.08		"	2.15		96.7	70-130			

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager



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9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 Portland 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210

20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011

Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Project Manager: Howard Small

Reported: 10/03/00 16:31

Physical Parameters by APHA/ASTM/EPA Methods - Quality Control

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

			Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte		Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0129045:	Prepared 09/29/00	Using Dr	y Weight						_		i
Blank (0129045-B	LKI)							-			
Dry Weight	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100	1.00	%							

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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509.924.9200 fax 509.924.9290

Portland 9405 SW Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, OR 97008-7132 503.906.9200 fax 503.906.9210 Bend 20332 Empire Avenue, Suite F-1, Bend, OR 97701-5711

541.383.9310 fax 541.382.7588

GeoScience Management, Inc. 18608 89th Avenue N.E. Bothell, WA 98011 Project: Newman's Chevron

Project Number: NA

Reported:

Project Manager: Howard Small

10/03/00 16:31

Notes and Definitions

S-01 The surrogate recovery for this sample is not available due to sample dilution required from high analyte concentration and/or matrix interferences.

S-06 The recovery of this surrogate is outside control limits due to sample dilution required from high analyte concentration and/or matrix interferences.

DET Analyte DETECTED

ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

NR Not Reported

dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis

RPD Relative Percent Difference

North Creek Analytical - Bothell

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Paul Lawrence Miller, Jr., Project Manager

North Creek Analytical, Inc. Environmental Laboratory Network Page 12 of 12



BOIO803

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(425) 420-9200 FAX 420-9210 (509) 924-9200 (503) 906-9200

FAX 924-9290

FAX 906-9210 (541) 383-9310 FAX 382-7588

Work Order #: BOIO80 3 / CHAIN OF CUSTODY REPORT

CLIENT GOSCIENCE! REPORT TO: GSM ADDRESS: BOTHILL	Ugnet / Nordie	Proper	trew	INVO	ICE TO:	Nois	DIC	-Aco	PEZ	TIES	•		TUR) REQUEST in Busi ie & Inorganic Analyses		1ys*
REPORT TO: GSM	0 /	·				Po	rto	Drcl	and	P, C	JA.		10	10 7 5 4 3 2 1 <1			
ADDRESS: BOTKILL	WA									•			STD.		um Hydrocarbon Analyse		
PHONE: 425 481-4 PROJECT NAME: NEWMO	7538 FAX:		سنل	P.O. N	UMBER:			-					_ `		3 2 1	< 1	1
	ans Chevron	K) 		REQU	JESTE	D ANA	LYSES					ST	отні	Please Specify		
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Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

ATTACHMENT D

Interim TPH Calculations

EVALUATION OF TPH FOR SOIL CLEANUP LEVEL

Newman's Chevron, 2021 6th Street, Bremerton, WA

INTRODUCTION

To develop a Method B total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) soil cleanup level for the Newman's Chevron, the Washington State Department of Ecology's (Ecology) Interim TPH Policy (Ecology, 1997) was applied. The policy utilizes the concentrations, chemical properties, and toxicity information for individual compounds and petroleum hydrocarbon fractions that comprise TPH to determine if soil TPH concentrations meet soil and groundwater cleanup standards. Specific analytical methods that identify the TPH carbon-range fractions present in soil were developed in association with the Interim TPH Cleanup Policy. The fractionation analyses quantify the concentrations of specific carbon-range aliphatic and aromatic TPH components. Based on a review of TPH results and chromatograms for samples collected at the subject property, samples were analyzed for Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons (VPHs) and BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and xylenes).

IDENTIFICATION OF TPH PRODUCT TYPES

Over the course of the project a series of soil samples were collected and analyzed for gasoline range TPHs using Washington State Test Method NWTPH-G, some samples were also analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and xylenes. Two samples from the data set (from here on known as the "representative samples") were also analyzed for VPHs using Ecology's VPH Method. VPH results indicated those soil samples (B-5-Sland B-5-S2) contained gasoline range VPHs. The representative samples reflect the type of petroleum product present at the site and the highest gasoline TPH concentrations discovered at the site. The TPH concentrations for the representative samples are as follows:

Representative Sample	Sample	TPH	Product
Number	Date	(mg/kg)	Type
B-5-S1	9/15/00	4,750	Gasoline
B-5-S2	9/15/00	5,300	Gasoline

A review of TPH chromatograms identified the primary products in soils as weathered gasoline. Chromatograms for representative samples are presented in Figures 1C and 2C. A copy of the laboratory analytical reports is available in Attachment C It should be noted that petroleum contaminated soil associated with samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2 were excavated in December of 2000

INTERIM TPH POLICY CLEANUP CRITERIA

Under the Interim TPH (ITPH) Policy, the impact of TPHs on human health via direct soil contact is determined by assessing the risk that individual fractions of TPHs pose to human health and groundwater quality. The risk to human health is evaluated by calculating the hazard quotient (HQ) of a group's aliphatic and aromatic fractions reported from the VPH analysis. Ecology defines the HQ as follows:

"The ratio of the dose of a single hazardous substance over a specified exposure period to a reference dose for the substance for a similar exposure period".

For the ITPH Policy, the Hazard Index (HI) is derived from the sum of the HQ for each group of fractions comprising the TPHs. Under MTCA Method B cleanup standards, if the HI is less than or equal to one, the concentration of TPHs in the sample does not pose a risk to human health via direct soil contact.

To determine if the concentrations of TPHs in soil are a threat to groundwater quality, the ITPH Policy provides a model to predict the concentration of TPHs in groundwater. The model uses the proportion of each aliphatic and aromatic fraction in soil, the chemical properties of each fraction, and assumptions regarding the dilution of each fraction in the groundwater below the source area to estimate the groundwater TPH concentration. Under ITPH Policy, the cleanup level for TPHs in the groundwater is equivalent to the MTCA Method A TPH groundwater cleanup level of 1 mg/L.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

VPH vs. TPH

A review of the sample chromatograms indicates the dominant petroleum product in the two representative samples, and other samples collected at the site, is weathered gasoline. The total concentrations of VPH aliphatic and aromatic fractions in the representative samples were as follows:

Representative Sample Number	Aliphatic Fractions (mg/kg)	Aromatic Fractions (mg/kg)	Total VPH ⁽¹⁾ (mg/kg)	TPH as NWTPH (mg/kg)
B-5-\$1	1,727	1,467	3,194	4,750
B-5-S2	2,017	1,246	3,263	5,300

For the two representative samples, total VPH and TPH results differ by factors of 1.5 (B-5-S1) and 1.6 (B-5-S2). The factor differences are primarily attributed to differences in the VPH and TPH analytical methods, and the presence of non-petroleum organic compounds in gasoline; sample heterogeneity may also play a small role. Professional experience has shown that VPH and TPH results for pure standards of petroleum products eluting in the gasoline range can typically differ by a factor of two.

EVALUATION OF ON-SITE TPH CONTAMINATED SOIL

The Interim TPH Policy evaluates compliance with cleanup requirements based on the following:

- Non-carcinogenic evaluation of human health hazards, based on direct soil contact;
- Carcinogenic evaluation of human health risk, based on direct soil contact; and
- Protection of groundwater, based on contaminant transport from soil to groundwater through leaching.

EVALUATION OF NON-CARCINOGENIC HUMAN HEALTH - DIRECT SOIL CONTACT

For the two samples analyzed for VPHs, concentrations were 3,194 and 3,263 mg/kg. The highest total VPH concentration was associated with sample B-5-S2 (associated TPH of 5,300 mg/kg). The calculated HIs for the samples B-5-S1 to B-5-S2 were 0.41 and 0.65, respectively. HIs for the representative samples are less than the cleanup criteria (HI = 1). Results from the evaluation of non-carcinogenic health effects are presented in Tables 1C and 2C.

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Using the VPH results for sample B-5-S1, a Method B TPH soil cleanup level was calculated for the subject property. The cleanup level was derived by back-calculating Ecology's direct contact exposure model. Using this procedure, a total VPH concentration of 4,786 mg/kg was estimated to result in an HI equal to one (see Table 3C for calculations). Using a factor difference of 1.26, the factor difference between VPH and TPH results for sample B-5-S1, a total VPH concentration of 4,786 mg/kg is equivalent to a TPH concentration of 7,719 mg/kg. This TPH concentration is protective of human health via the direct soil contact pathway. However, given the fact that a gasoline range TPH concentration of 7,719 mg/kg may exceed the residual saturation concentrations for gasoline in soil, a conservative cleanup number for the site of 2,000 mg/kg gasoline range TPHs is proposed. The cleanup level assumes there is no detectable benzene present in the samples and the proportions the various aromatic and aliphatic fractions remain similar to that of samples B-5-S1 to B-5-S2.

EVALUATION OF CARCINOGENIC HUMAN HEALTH RISK

Benzene was not detected in samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2. These findings are based on result for samples analyzed using EPA Test Method 8260B. It should be noted that benzene was detected in the samples when analyzed using EPA Test Method 8021B. However, in discussions with the laboratory it was determined that the compound identified as benzene using EPA Test Method 8021B was probably not benzene but heptene which has a similar retention time as benzene. This conclusion is based on a review of GC chromatograms and mass spectrometer ion chromatograms.

SOIL TO GROUNDWATER TRANSPORT PATHWAY

The impact of TPHs in representative soil samples on groundwater quality was evaluated using a soil to groundwater pathway model presented in the ITPH Policy. The model was run using Ecology's recommended default input parameters. For the representative samples, the model predicted groundwater TPH concentrations ranging from 1.12 and 2.26 for samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2, respectively. The predicted concentrations exceed the groundwater cleanup level of 1 mg/l. A review of the soil to groundwater pathway result indicates that toluene (B-5-S1 and B-5-S2 were 40.8 and 152 mg/kg, respectively) is the primary compound causing the predicted groundwater concentrations to exceed the cleanup level. Substituting a toluene concentration of 20 mg/kg into soil-groundwater pathway model for samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2 leads to a predicted groundwater concentrations of less than 1 mg/l.

These findings indicate a soil TPH cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg is protective of groundwater quality based on the groundwater cleanup of 1 mg/l TPHs. In addition, the cleanup level assumes samples contain less than or equal to 20 mg/kg toluene, no detectable benzene, and a similar distribution of aromatic and aliphatic fractions as found in samples B-5-S1 and B-5-S2.

REFERENCES

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds Test Method 8270b.SW846, Third Edition. Olympia, Washington, 1995.

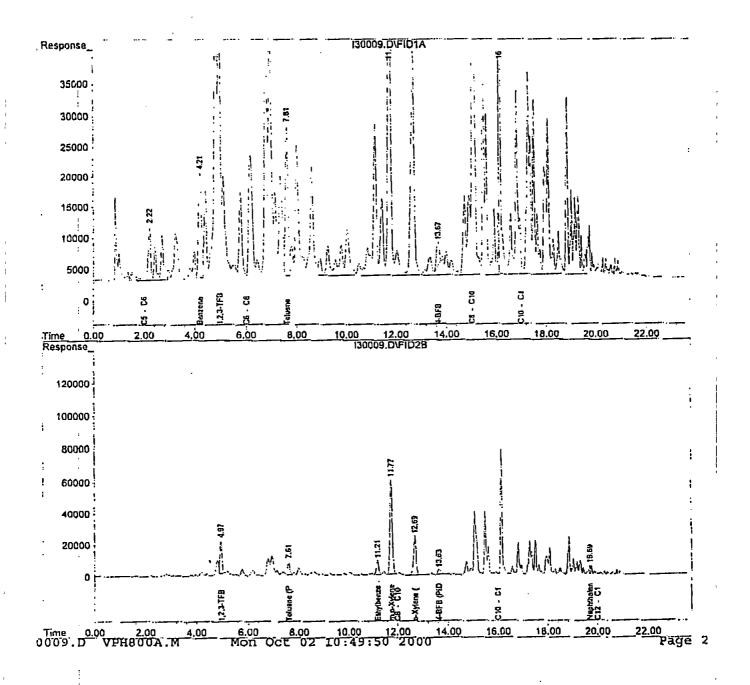
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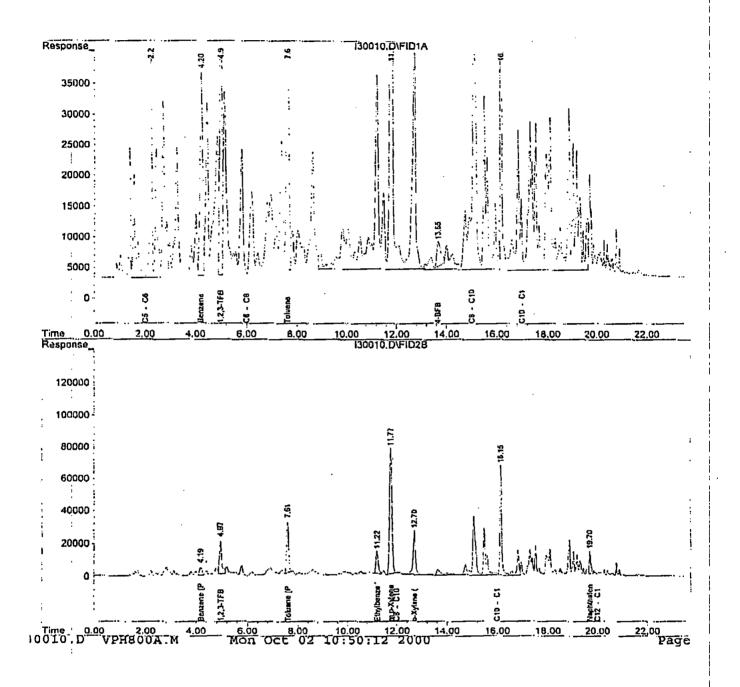




GeoScience Management, Inc.

Environmental Consulting Services 18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell, Washington 98011 Figure 1C
Chromatogram for Sample B-5-S1

NEWMAN CHEVRON 2021 SIXTH STREET BREMERTON, WASHINGTON





GeoScience Management, Inc.

Environmental Consulting Services 18608 89th Avenue NE Bothell, Washington 98011 Figure 2C
Chromatogram for Sample B-5-S2

NEWMAN CHEVRON 2021 SIXTH STREET BREMERTON, WASHINGTON

Mr. Roger Jensen Additional Site Assessment, Interim TPH Evaluation, and Soil Excavation Report Newman's Chevron 2021 6th Street, Port Orchard, WA March 26, 2001

ATTACHMENT E

Waste Disposal Documentation



WASTE MANAGEMENT

OLYMPIC VIEW SANITARY LANDFILL

PERMIT # 2000-194

PERMIT TO DISPOSE OF NON-HAZARDOUS/ NON-DANGEROUS MATERIALS

EAPINES:	3/2//01

GENERATOR: NORDIC PROPE	XX III	, 11 1C.	
DESCRIPTION: PCS - GASOLINE AND DIES CLASS IV	EL,	TONS:30)
LOCATION: BREMERTON, WASHINGTON			
CONTACT: HOWARD SMALL		PHONE:	425-508-5020
BILLING: wilkins distribution aka nordic properties	PO#:		JOB#:

We accept business checks, cash or charge (with prior approval)

SPECIAL HANDLING: NONE:		
APPROVED: Kristin Cast	ner DATE: 12/27/00 7:23:20 AM	

A COPY OF THIS PERMIT MUST BE SHOWN BY EACH DRIVER

HAZARDOUS/DANGEROUS WASTE IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

USA WASTE SERVICES INC. THE CHAIRTY DIVIS CHOICE