

<p style="text-align: center;">LEGEND</p> <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td style="width:20%;"></td> <td>SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SANDY GRAVEL</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>POORLY SORTED SAND</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>WELL SORTED SAND</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>DIAMICTON</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SILT - CLAY</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>BEDROCK</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>PEAT</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SILTY</td> </tr> </table>		SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES		SANDY GRAVEL		POORLY SORTED SAND		WELL SORTED SAND		DIAMICTON		SILT - CLAY		BEDROCK		PEAT		SILTY	<p>DRILLING METHOD: Air-Rotary</p> <hr/> <p>SAMPLING METHOD: Grab Samples 5' intervals</p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:25%;">WATER LEVEL</td> <td>139'</td> <td>167'</td> <td>139'</td> <td>181'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DATE</td> <td>9/27</td> <td>9/30</td> <td>10/3</td> <td>11/6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TIME</td> <td>3:00</td> <td>8:30</td> <td>9:00</td> <td>8:30</td> </tr> </table>	WATER LEVEL	139'	167'	139'	181'	DATE	9/27	9/30	10/3	11/6	TIME	3:00	8:30	9:00	8:30
	SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES																																	
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DATE	9/27	9/30	10/3	11/6																														
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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	0	Brown/grey, silty, sandy gravel. Fast, smooth drilling.	
	50	Brown, silty sand with some gravel (dirty sand). Fast, smooth drilling.	
	100	Slight increase in gravel.	
	150	Grey, coarse, sandy gravel with some silt and scattered cobbles. Medium, rough drilling.	∇ WD
	200		100 gpm ∇ WD
	250	Grey, coarse, sandy gravel with trace silt. Slow, rough drilling. Heaving sands and gravels.	

NOTES:
WD = While Drilling.

<p>PROJECT NO. <u>8607-14</u></p> <p>BORING NO. <u>TW-5</u></p> <p>ELEVATION <u>450'</u></p> <p>PAGE <u>1</u> OF <u> </u></p>	<p>DRILLING LOG</p> <p>ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS 137 1/2 PARK LANE • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701</p>
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<p style="text-align: center;">LEGEND</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; gap: 5px;"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> SANDY GRAVEL </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> POORLY SORTED SAND </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> WELL SORTED SAND </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> DIAMICTON </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> SILT - CLAY </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> BEDROCK </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-left: 100px;"> PEAT </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> SILTY </div> </div>	<p>DRILLING METHOD: Air-Rotary to 445'</p> <hr/> <p>SAMPLING METHOD: Grab Samples 5' intervals</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">WATER LEVEL</td> <td style="width: 12.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 12.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 12.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 12.5%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>TIME</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	WATER LEVEL					DATE					TIME				
WATER LEVEL																
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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	250	Grey, silty sand with some gravel. Slow to medium, rough drilling. Some clasts of blue silt/clay. Heaving conditions.	
	300	————— No gravel. Fast, smooth drilling.	▽ WD
	350		
	400	————— Organics with trace clay clasts.	▽ WD
	450	Grey, gravelly, silty, fine to coarse sand with some silt/clay clasts. No hammer needed to drive casing.	75gpm ▽ WD
	500		

NOTES:
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<p>PROJECT NO. <u>8607-14</u></p> <p>BORING NO. <u>TW-5</u></p> <p>ELEVATION <u>450'</u></p> <p>PAGE <u>2</u> OF <u> </u></p>	<p>DRILLING LOG</p> <p>ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC.</p> <p><small>ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS</small></p> <p><small>137 1/2 PARK LANE • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701</small></p>
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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	500	Grey, silty, fine sand with trace gravel.	
	510	Grey, gravelly sand with some silt. Alternating hard and easy drilling.	
	550	Grey, gravel with some silt.	
	600	Bedrock, black basalt and purple andesite.	
		BOH	

NOTES:

<p>PROJECT NO. <u>8607-14</u></p> <p>BORING NO. <u>TW-5</u></p> <p>ELEVATION <u>450'</u></p> <p>PAGE <u> </u> OF <u> </u></p>	<p>DRILLING LOG</p> <p>ASI ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS 137 1/2 PARK LANE • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701</p>
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



<p style="text-align: center;">LEGEND</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <p> Sandy gravel with cobbles</p> <p> Sandy gravel</p> <p> Poorly sorted sand</p> <p> Well sorted sand</p> <p> Diamicton</p> <p> Silt-clay</p> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <p> Bedrock</p> <p> Peat</p> <p> Silt</p> </div> </div>	<p>Project Name: Snoqualmie North Well Field Project Number: W93199K Drilling Method: Cable Tool Sampling Method: Baller Grab and Split Elevation: 436.55' Boring Diameter: 20" 0'-415'; 16" 415'-564' Drilling Contractor: Armstrong Drilling, Inc. Page 1 of 12 Boring No. TW-7</p>
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Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl..
	10	Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with trace silt and some cobbles. Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with cobbles and some silt. Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with some cobbles and some silt.	20' Steel Casing Surface Seal
	20	Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt and trace cobbles.	
	30	Yellow-brown, fine to coarse SAND with gravel and some silt.	
	40		
	50	Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with trace of silt.	

Associated Earth Sciences, Inc. 911 Fifth Avenue, Suite 100 Kirkland, Washington 98033 Phone: 206-827-7701 Fax: 206-827-5424	<h2 style="margin: 0;">Drilling Log</h2>
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LEGEND

-  Sandy gravel with cobbles
-  Sandy gravel
-  Poorly sorted sand
-  Well sorted sand
-  Diamicton
-  Silt-clay
-  Bedrock
-  Peat
-  Silt

Project Name: Snoqualmie North Well Field
 Project Number: W93199K
 Drilling Method: Cable Tool
 Sampling Method: Baller Grab and Split
 Elevation: 436.55'
 Boring Diameter: 20" 0'-415'; 16" 415'-564'
 Drilling Contractor: Armstrong Drilling, Inc.
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Boring No. TW-7










Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl..
		Yellow-brown, fine to coarse SAND with gravel and silt.	20" Steel Casing
	60	Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt.	
		Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt and some cobbles.	
	70	Yellow-brown, gravelly SAND with some cobbles and some silt.	
	80	Yellow-brown, sandy GRAVEL with cobbles and some silt.	
	90	Yellow-brown, sandy GRAVEL with some cobbles and trace silt.	
	100		

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Drilling Log

LEGEND

	Sandy gravel with cobbles		Bedrock
	Sandy gravel		Peat
	Poorly sorted sand		Silt
	Well sorted sand		
	Diamicton		
	Silt-clay		

Project Name: Snoqualmie North Well Field
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 Drilling Method: Cable Tool
 Sampling Method: Baller Grab and Split
 Elevation: 436.55'
 Boring Diameter: 20" 0'-415'; 16" 415'-564'
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Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	110	Yellow-brown, sandy GRAVEL with some cobbles and trace silt. Yellow-brown, sandy GRAVEL with some silt and some cobbles.	20" Steel Casing
	120	Gray-brown, gravelly SAND. Gray, gravelly SAND with trace silt and some cobbles. Yellow-brown and gray, gravelly SAND with some cobbles and some silt.	
	130		
	140	Gray-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt and a few cobbles.	
	150		

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Drilling Log


LEGEND

-  Sandy gravel with cobbles
-  Sandy gravel
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Boring No. TW-7










Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	160	Gray-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt.	20" Steel Casing
	170	Gravelly SAND with some cobbles grading into sandy GRAVEL with cobbles.	
	180	Dark gray, sandy GRAVEL with cobbles.	
	190	Gray-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt and trace cobbles.	
	200	Dark gray, gravelly SAND with some silt and trace cobbles.	
	200	Dark gray, gravelly SAND with some cobbles.	

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Drilling Log

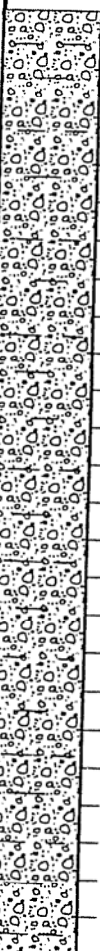
LEGEND

-  Sandy gravel with cobbles
-  Sandy gravel
-  Poorly sorted sand
-  Well sorted sand
-  Diamicton
-  Silt-clay
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 Boring Diameter: 20' 0'-415'; 16' 415'-564'
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Boring No. TW-7










Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	210	Gray-brown, gravelly SAND with some silt. Siltier lenses present.	20" Steel Casing
	220		
	230		
	240	Gray-brown, gravelly, silty SAND. Brown, sandy GRAVEL to silty SAND with gravel.	
	250		

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Drilling Log

LEGEND

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-  Sandy gravel
-  Poorly sorted sand
-  Well sorted sand
-  Bedrock
-  Diamicton
-  Peat
-  Silt-clay
-  Silt

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Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl..
	260	Brown, sandy GRAVEL with cobbles and trace silt.. Some heaving 260'-270'.	20" Steel Casing
	270		
	280	Gray, cobbly, gravelly, very silty SAND (fill-like); hard drilling.	
	290	Gray, gravelly SAND with silt. Able to drive and ball without drilling.	
	300		

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Boring No. TW-7

Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	310	Gray, gravelly SAND with silt. Able to drive and ball without drilling.	20" Steel Casing
	320		
	330	Gray, cobbly, sandy, silty GRAVEL. Very dense, hard drilling. "Till-like."	16" Steel Casing
	340		
	350		










Top 16" Casing 328'-4"

Top Cement Grout 16" to 20" @ 340'

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


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Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	360 370	Gray, cobbly, sandy, silty GRAVEL. Very dense, hard drilling. "Till-like."	16" Steel Casing
		Gray, very silty SAND.	
	380 390	Gray, cobbly, sandy, silty GRAVEL. Very dense, hard drilling.	
	400	@ 394' large cobbles/boulders	

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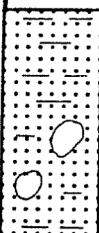
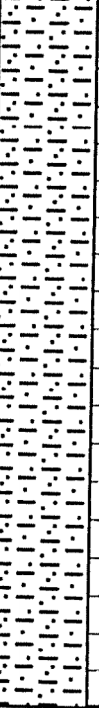
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Boring No. TW-7

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Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
	410	Gray, silty, fine SAND. @ 405'-409' large cobbles.	
	420	Gray, sandy SILT.	16" Steel Casing
	430	Gray, clay-rich, sandy SILT with lenses of fine sand.	
	440		
	450		

Bottom 20' Casing @ 415'

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




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Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl..
	460	Gray, clay-rich, sandy SILT with lenses of fine sand.	16" Steel Casing
	470	Gray, clayey SILT with scattered lenses of fine sand, trace peat, local gravelly zones.	
	480		
	490		
	500		

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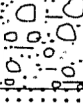
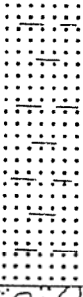

Drilling Log

LEGEND

 Sandy gravel with cobbles	 Bedrock
 Sandy gravel	 Peat
 Poorly sorted sand	 Silt
 Well sorted sand	
 Diamicton	
 Silt-clay	

Project Name: Snoqualmie North Well Field
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


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Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl..
	510	Gray, clayey SILT with scattered lenses of fine sand, trace peat, local gravelly zones.	10' Riser
	520	Gray, cobbly GRAVEL with silt/clay matrix.	Top Screen 516'-7"
	530	Gray, gravelly, fine SAND with silt; coarsens with depth.	Bottom 16' Casing @ 527'-7"
	540	Gray, cobbly, sandy GRAVEL with thin lenses of silty, fine sand.	8-12 Colorado Sand
	550		10' Pipe Size, 50 Slot, Stainless Steel Screen

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Drilling Log





LEGEND

-  Sandy gravel with cobbles
-  Sandy gravel
-  Poorly sorted sand
-  Well sorted sand
-  Diamicton
-  Silt-clay
-  Bedrock
-  Peat
-  Silt

Project Name: Snoqualmie North Well Field
 Project Number: W93199K
 Drilling Method: Cable Tool
 Sampling Method: Bailer Grab and Split
 Elevation: 436.55'
 Boring Diameter: 20" 0'-415'; 16" 415'-564'
 Drilling Contractor: Armstrong Drilling, Inc.
 Page 12 of 12

Boring No. TW-7

Water Level	150.11	149.60	149.63		
Date	5/13/94	5/26/94	6/7/94		
Time	7:10 AM	11:30 AM	1:13 PM		

Strata	Depth	Description	Well Compl.
		Gray, cobbly, sandy GRAVEL with thin lenses of silty, fine sand.	
	560	"Till-like", gravelly, silty SAND (hard silt matrix).	
		Very hard, gravelly SAND with large cobbles.	
	570	Maroon, gray-green, and black, basaltic flows/flow breccia BEDROCK. BOH @ 564'	
	580		
	590		
	600		

Top Tallpipe
556'-5"
Cement Plug
558'-564"

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Drilling Log

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-1

52

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
ELEVATION 423.6'				10	20	30	40
Moist, brown, silty, fine SAND. (Fill?) Rocks in tip affected blow counts.	5	I					50/ 5-1/2"
No recovery. Rocks in tip. Driller reported change at approximately 7-1/2' to 8' to silty material. No recovery. Rocks in tip.	10	I	WD				
Damp, gray SILT with sand, gravel. (Lodgement Till) Approximate 3" recovery.	15	I					50/ 3" ①
Damp, gray, sandy SILT to silty SAND with gravel. (Lodgement Till) Approximate 6" recovery.	15	I					50/ 6" ①
Damp, gray, silty SAND with gravel. (Lodgement Till) Approximate 6" recovery.	15	I					50/ 5" ①
Saturated, brown SAND AND GRAVEL with silt. (Qva)	20	I					50/ 4" ①
BOH @ 23' Note: Probable bedrock at approximately 23'. Twisted off auger in hole. Hole abandoned.	25						
WD = while drilling I Split spoon sampler I ① Dames & Moore California Modified Ring Sampler (140 lb. hammer)	30						

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Reviewed By GJK

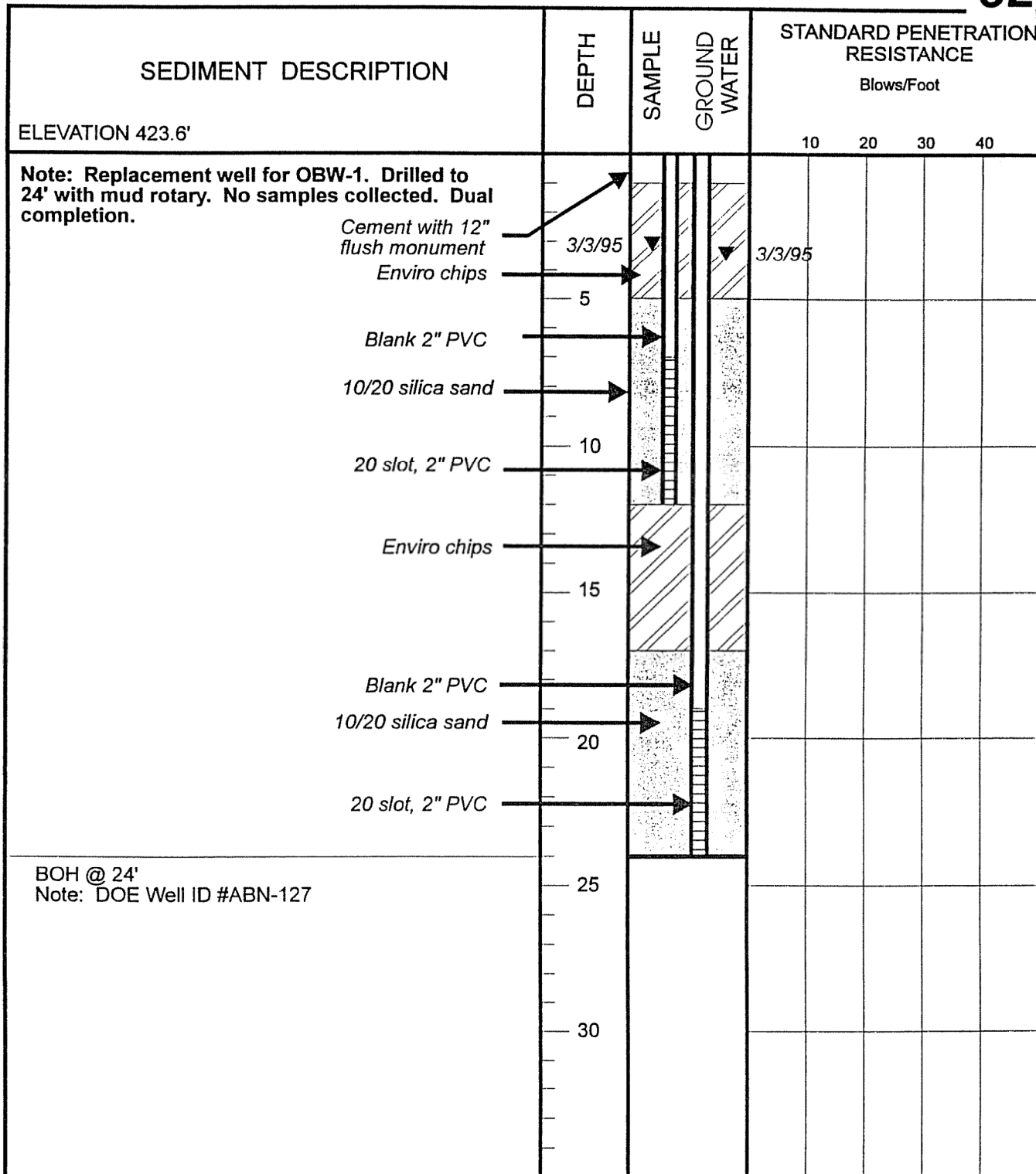
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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94236A
February 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-1B

52



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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94236A
February 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-2 Page 1 of 2

53

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
ELEVATION 423.12'				10	20	30	40
<p>Cement with 12" flush mounted monument →</p> <p>Moist, brown SAND AND GRAVEL, trace to some silt. (Fill)</p>	5	I			23		
<p>Moist, brown SAND AND GRAVEL, trace to some silt. (Qvrg)</p> <p>Bentonite →</p>	10	I				40	
<p>Moist, brown SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt. (Qvrg)</p> <p>Driller reported clean sand at 18'.</p>	15	I			21		
<p>Moist brown, medium SAND. (Qvrs)</p>	20	I			21		
<p>Moist, brown, fine to medium SAND, trace silt. (Qvrs)</p> <p>10/20 silica sand →</p>	25	I			22		
<p>Damp, brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)</p> <p>20 slot 2" PVC →</p>	30	I				24	

2/21/95 ▼

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Reviewed By CSK

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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
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February 1995


EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-2 Page 2 of 2

53

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
Wet, brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)						▲ 24	
Wet, brown, fine to medium SAND to silty, very fine SAND. (Qvrs)	40			▲ 16			
Saturated, brown and gray, clayey SILT with minor very thin lenses of very fine sand, occasional rootlets. (Qvrf)	45			▲ 10			
@ 47' gravelly material; hard drilling.							
Moist, gray, silty, sandy GRAVEL. (Lodgement Till/Qvt)	50						75 ▲
10/20 silica sand →							
Moist, gray, silty, sandy GRAVEL. Approximate 3" recovery.	55						96 ▲
Moist, gray, gravelly, silty SAND. (Lodgement Till/Qvt) Gravel zone at approximately 58'.							▲
Moist, gray, gravelly, silty SAND. (Lodgment Till/Qvt)	60						55/6" ▲
Black and green bedrock.	65						50/2" ▲

BOH @ 66-1/2'
Note: DOE Well ID #ABN-126

⊥ Split spoon sampler
 Dames & Moore California Modified Ring Sampler (140 lb. hammer)

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February 1995

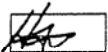
EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-2A Page 1 of 2

54

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
ELEVATION Approximately 430'				10	20	30	40
Moist, brown, gravelly, fine to medium SAND. (Fill) <i>Traffic rated flush mounted monument</i> →							
Moist, brown, fine to medium SAND with gravel. (Fill) <i>Schedule 40 blank PVC</i> →	5	I					41 ▲
Moist, brown, medium to fine SAND with gravel, trace silt. (Fill) <i>Bentonite chips 2'-35'</i> →	10	I					67 ▲
Moist, dark brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)	15	I		8 ▲			
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND. (Qvrs)	20	I		10 ▲			
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND, trace silt. (Qvrs)	25	I		10 ▲			
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND, trace gray silt. (Qvrs)	30	I		11 ▲			

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Snoqualmie Waste Water
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 Snoqualmie, Washington
 Project No. W94263C
 July 1996

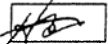
EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-2A Page 2 of 2

54

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND, trace gray silt. (Qvrs)					▲ 12		
<i>Colorado silica sand 35' to 51-1/2'</i>							
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND, trace silt. (Qvrs)	40				▲ 12		
<i>0.020 Slot Schedule 40 screen 40'-50'</i>							
Moist, dark brown, medium to fine SAND, trace gray silt. (Qvrs)	45		▼ 07/27/96		▲ 12		
Saturated, brown, medium to fine SAND with gray silt. (Qvrs)	50				▲ 14		
BOH @ 51-1/2' Note: DOE Well ID #ACJ290 replacement for OBW-2 DOE Well ID #ABN-126 which was abandoned.	55						
	60						
	65						

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Snoqualmie Waste Water
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Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94263C
July 1996

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-3 Page 1 of 3

55

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
ELEVATION 422.86'				10	20	30	40
Surface: hard drilling in gravel and cobbles. (Fill)							
<i>Cement with 12" flush mounted monument</i>							
Gravel fill. Wet, brown, mottled, sandy SILT with organics and rootlets in shoe. (Fill)	5	I			20		
Wet, brown SILT with organics, gravel in upper 6". (Qa)	10	I		5			
<i>Blank 2" PVC</i>							
Wet, gray SILT, some clay, trace to some very fine sand, scattered organics. (Qa)	15	I		7			
<i>Bentonite</i>							
Wet, gray SILT with some very fine sand, clay, organics, occasional wood fragments. (Qa)	20	I		10			
Damp to moist, gray, coarse SILT with very fine sand to very fine sand with coarse silt, trace to some clay. Possible approximate 6" gravel lense reported by driller. (Qa)	25	I		12			
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown, medium to coarse SAND overlain by gray, sandy SILT to silty SAND with occasional coarse sand. (Qvrs)	30	I		16			

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Reviewed By CSK

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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94236A
February 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-3 Page 2 of 3

55

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown, fine to medium SAND, occasional coarse sand. (Qvrs)					18 ▲ ①		
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown, fine to medium SAND, occasional coarse sand. (Qvrs)	40				16 ▲		
Blank 2" PVC →							
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)	45				16 ▲		
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown to gray, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)	50					21 ▲	
Bentonite →							
Damp to moist, oxidized red-brown to brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)	55					23 ▲	
Finer @ 59'.							
Damp to moist, brown, fine to medium SAND. (Qvrs)	60					20 ▲	
			▼ 2/21/95				
Damp to moist, brown, fine SAND, trace to some silt. (Qvrs)	65					20 ▲	

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Reviewed By CJK

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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94236A
February 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-3 Page 3 of 3

55

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
Damp to moist, brown, fine SAND, trace to some silt. (Qvrs) <div style="text-align: center;">Blank 2" PVC →</div>	75				18 ▲		
Moist, brown, fine SAND, trace to some silt. (Qvrs) <div style="text-align: center;">10/20 silica sand →</div>	80				▲ 21		
Moist, brown, fine SAND, trace to some silt. (Qvrs) <div style="text-align: center;">20 slot 2" PVC →</div>	85						
Saturated, brown, fine SAND, some silt, micaceous. (Qvrs)	90						▲ 41
Saturated, brown to gray, fine to medium SAND, trace silt. (Qvrs) Caved	95				▲ 22		
BOH @ 91-1/2' DOE Well ID #ABN-125 Split spoon sampler ① Dames & Moore California Modified Ring Sampler (140 lb. hammer)	100						

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Snoqualmie Waste Water Treatment Plant
Snoqualmie, Washington
Project No. W94236A
February 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-4 (BH-6) Page 1 of 2

56

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND WATER	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
ELEVATION 438'				10	20	30	40
Topsoil.							
<i>Cement with 12" flush monument and bollard post</i>							
<i>Blank 2" PVC</i>							
Moist, brown, oxidized, gravelly, fine to coarse SAND. (Limited sample return) (Qvrg)	5	I			▲ 12		
<i>Envirochips</i>							
Moist, brown, gravelly, fine to coarse SAND. (Limited sample return; rock in driveshoe) (Qvrg)	10	I					67/12" ▲ ①
<i>10/20 silica sand</i>							
Moist, brown, gravelly, fine to coarse SAND. Limited sample return. (Qvrg)	15	I			27 ▲		
<i>20 slot, 2" PVC screen</i>			∇ WD				
Saturated, brown, fine to coarse SAND. (Qvrs)	20	I			29 ▲ ①		
<i>Envirochips</i>							
Moist, brown, fine to medium SAND with minor lenses of tan silt. (Qvrs)	25	I		① ▲	19		
<i>20 slot, 2" PVC screen</i>							
<i>10/20 silica sand</i>							
Moist, brown, clayey SILT. (Qvrf)	30	I		▲ 13	①		
<i>No static water levels at time of completion (3/3/95)</i>							
Boulder (?); no sample return.							60/1-1/2" ▲

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Project No. G94236A
March 1995

EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-4 (BH-6) Page 2 of 2

56

SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	GROUND	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
BOH @ 35' Refusal							
Split spoon sampler							
① Dames & Moore California Modified Ring Sampler (140 lb. hammer)	40						
WD Ground water encountered while drilling							
DOE Well ID #ABN-114	45						

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EXPLORATION BORING LOG

Number OBW-5

57




























SEDIMENT DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	WELL COMPLETION	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE			
				Blows/Foot			
				10	20	30	40
Cement w/12" Flush Monument			▲				
Envirochips (Bentonite)			▲				
Wet, brown, mottled, clayey SILT with some fine sand. Cobbles at 6'.	5	I	▲	3/21/95	▲ 15		
2" PVC Blank			▲				
Moist, gray, cobbly, silty, gravelly SAND. Large cobbles at 13-1/2' at contact. (Subglacial (?) Deposits)	10	I	▲				50/5"
20 Slot 2" PVC Screen			▲				
Moist, gray, gravelly, silty SAND. (Lodgement Till?/Qvt)	15	I	▲				50/6"
10/20 Silica Sand			▲				
No sample.	20	I	▲				50/1"
BOH @ 21-1/2'			▲				
Note: Bentonite chips fell back into well; screened 10' to 15'; bottom 2' plugged.	25						
DOE Well ID #ABN-109							
	30						

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























**Snoqualmie Waste Water
 Treatment Plant
 Snoqualmie, Washington
 Project No. W94263A
 March 1995**

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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
		Initiated 4/8/91	
	10	Brown, wet, sandy gravelly cobbles. Becoming dry with some silt content below 10'.	
	20		
	30		
	40	Brown, wet, gravelly, fine to coarse sand with scattered cobbles. Cobble zone at 38-40'	
		Brown, moist, sandy, well sorted sand with scattered cobbles.	
	50	Brown, moist, gravelly, fine to coarse sand with cobbles. Containing less cobbles below 48'.	

NOTES:




























PROJECT NO.	<u>E93013A</u>	DRILLING LOG
BORING NO.	<u>EB-B4W</u>	
ELEVATION	<u>545</u>	
PAGE <u>1</u> OF <u>6</u>		 ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701

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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	110	As above.	
	120		
	130	Interbedded zones of brown, cemented, dry, silty, fine to coarse sand (hard drilling) and brown, moist, fine to coarse sand with varying gravel content.	
	140		
	150		

NOTES:




























PROJECT NO.	<u>E93013A</u>	DRILLING LOG
BORING NO.	<u>EB-B4W</u>	
ELEVATION	<u>545</u>	
PAGE <u>3</u> OF <u>6</u>		 ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701

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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	160	As above. Becoming brown-grey 156'-177'. Losing fines content between 152'-180' due to adding water.	Water added 152' - 180'
	170	Cobble zone 166'-170'.	
	180		
	190		
	200		

NOTES:

PROJECT NO.	<u>E93013A</u>	DRILLING LOG
BORING NO.	<u>EB-B4W</u>	
ELEVATION	<u>545</u>	
PAGE <u>4</u> OF <u>6</u>		 ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701

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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	210	As above	Water added 205'- 208'
	220		
	230	Brown, dry, sandy, well sorted 1" gravels at 222'-224'. Limited sample return 224'-232'.	
		Brown, wet, sandy, well sorted 3/4"-1" gravels with minor cobbles.	<div style="text-align: center;">▽</div> Trace while drilling Water added 246'- 248'
	240	Brown, wet to saturated, unsorted, clayey, sandy silt.	
		Brown, dry, silty, fine to coarse sand with minor cobbles and gravels. Becoming wet below 246' where water added. (Hard drilling)	
	250		

NOTES:

PROJECT NO. E93013A	DRILLING LOG
BORING NO. EB-B4W	ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC.
ELEVATION 545	ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS
PAGE 5 OF 6	• KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701






























<p style="text-align: center;">LEGEND</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; gap: 5px;"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>SANDY GRAVEL</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>POORLY SORTED SAND</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>WELL SORTED SAND</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>DIAMICTON</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>SILT - CLAY</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-left: 100px;"> <p>PEAT</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p>BEDROCK</p> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-left: 100px;"> <p>SILTY</p> </div> </div>	<p>DRILLING METHOD :</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Reverse air circulation</p> <hr/> <p>SAMPLING METHOD :</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Continuous</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">WATER LEVEL</td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>TIME</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	WATER LEVEL					DATE					TIME				
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TIME																

STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
		Brown, dry becoming wet where water added, subangular medium to coarse sand	Water added 251'- 260'
	260	Brown, wet to saturated, unsorted, sandy silt. (Hard drilling) Losing some fines content due to adding water.	
	270	TD 260' 4/13/91 Refusal	
	280		
	290		
	300		

NOTES:

PROJECT NO.	<u>E93013A</u>	DRILLING LOG
BORING NO.	<u>EB-B4W</u>	
ELEVATION	<u>545</u>	
PAGE <u>6</u> OF <u>6</u>		ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701


<p style="text-align: center;">LEGEND</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;"></td> <td>SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SANDY GRAVEL</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>POORLY SORTED SAND</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>WELL SORTED SAND</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>DIAMICTON</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SILT - CLAY</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>BEDROCK</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>PEAT</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SILTY</td> </tr> </table>		SANDY GRAVEL WITH COBBLES		SANDY GRAVEL		POORLY SORTED SAND		WELL SORTED SAND		DIAMICTON		SILT - CLAY		BEDROCK		PEAT		SILTY	<p>DRILLING METHOD :</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Air Rotary</p> <hr/> <p>SAMPLING METHOD :</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Grab</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">WATER LEVEL</td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DATE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>TIME</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	WATER LEVEL						DATE						TIME					
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























STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	10		
	20	Brown gravel and coarse sand.	
	30	Brown gravel with sand, high % of fractured rock chips.	
	40	Brown gravel with coarse sand.	
	50	Brown gravel/cobbles with coarse sand, rock fragments.	

NOTES: 8" surface casing to 20'; 6" casing surface to TD; 8" casing later pulled. Surface seal from 0-20'.

PROJECT NO. 9206-15W
 BORING NO. SS&G #3
 ELEVATION ~476
 PAGE 1 OF 4

DRILLING LOG

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























STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	60	Brown sandy gravel with cobbles, rock fragments	
	70	Brown gravel with cobbles with interbedded coarse sand, rock fragments.	
	80	Gray-brown gravel with coarse sand, rock fragments.	
	90	Gray gravel with rock fragments with trace sand.	
	100	Gray gravel with rock fragments with trace sand.	

NOTES:

PROJECT NO. 9206-15W
 BORING NO. SS&G #3
 ELEVATION ~ 476
 PAGE 2 OF 4

DRILLING LOG




























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STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	100	Gray gravel with rock fragments with trace sand.	
	110	Brown coarse sand and gravel with some rock fragments.	
	120	Brown coarse sand with some gravel and rock fragments.	
	130	Brown coarse sand with rock fragments and some gravel.	
	140	Grayish-brown gravel with rock fragments and trace sand.	
	150	Gray gravel with sand and rock fragments and some silt	

NOTES:

<p>PROJECT NO. <u>9206-15W</u></p> <p>BORING NO. <u>SS&G #3</u></p> <p>ELEVATION <u>~ 476</u></p> <p>PAGE <u>3</u> OF <u>4</u></p>	<p>DRILLING LOG</p> <p> ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701</p>
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WATER LEVEL	~ 70		163.25																												
DATE	6/25/92		6/26/92																												
TIME	12:10		1:30pm																												

STRATA	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	WATER TABLE(S)
	160	@155 dark brown fine to medium sand with some scattered gravel. Dark brown medium sand and thin layers of silt interbedded in gray gravel with coarse sand.	
	170	@165 dark brown medium sand. Dark brown medium sand, wet.	▽ ▽ WD
	180	@175 brown fine to medium sand and silt, saturated. Brown fine to medium sand, silt, and clay, woody fragments, saturated.	
	190	@185 brown fine sand and silt, saturated. Gray-brown fine to coarse sand with some silt.	
	200	@195 brown fine to coarse sand and silt. Brown fine to medium sand.	

NOTES: 10' of No 12 screen installed from 188'-198'.

<p>PROJECT NO. <u>9206-15W</u></p> <p>BORING NO. <u>SS&G #3</u></p> <p>ELEVATION <u>~ 476</u></p> <p>PAGE <u>4</u> OF <u>4</u></p>	<p>DRILLING LOG</p> <p>AS1 ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC. ECONOMIC GEOLOGISTS / ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS • KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON 98033 • 206-827-7701</p>
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WATER WELL REPORT

24/BE/32/F

STATE OF WASHINGTON

60

Permit No. G-120316P

(1) OWNER: Name TOWN OF SNOQUALMIE Address TOWN HALL SNOQUALMIE WA 98065

(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County KING SE 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 32 T. 24 N., R. 8 E. W.M.

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner 840' W & 1290' N of Sec. 32

PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal
 Irrigation Test Well Other

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one) _____
 New well Method: Dug Bored
 Deepened Cable Driven
 Reconditioned Rotary Jetted

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 16 inches.
 Drilled 6-44 ft. Depth of completed well 5-44 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:
 Casing installed: 16" Diam. from 0 ft. to 98.8 ft.
 Threaded 12" Diam. from 98.8 ft. to 434.7 ft.
 Welded 8" Diam. from 434.7 ft. to 544 ft.

Perforations: Yes No
 Type of perforator used _____
 SIZE of perforations _____ in. by _____ in.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Screens: Yes No
 Manufacturer's Name _____
 Type _____ Model No. _____
 Diam. 8 Slot size 60 from 1516 ft. to 527 ft.
 Diam. 8 Slot size 50 from 527 ft. to 539 ft.

Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel: _____
 Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? _____ ft.
 Material used in seal _____
 Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No
 Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____
 Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Line Shaft Turbines
 Type: G.M.C. DIESEL H.P. _____

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 410 ft.
 static level 46 ft. below top of well Date 5-11-73
 Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____
 Artesian water is controlled by _____ (Cap, valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level
 "Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom? Story Armstrong
 yield: 600 gal./min. with 179 ft. drawdown after 11:50 hrs.
 " " " " " "
 " " " " " "

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level

Date of test _____
 Artesian flow _____ g.p.m. Date _____
 Temperature of water _____ Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No

(10) WELL LOG:
 Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Brcn clay	0	20 20
BLUE Sand - SILT	20	50 30
BLUE SILTY SAND	50	100 50
BLUE SILT	100	140 40
Blue silty clay	140	190 50
Blue silty clay	190	240 50
Blue silty clay	240	245 5
fine silty sand little Hz	245	255 10
Sticky blue clay	255	265 10
Sandy blue clay	265	340 75
Silty sandy blue clay	340	375 35
FINE silty sand little Hz	375	430 101
Silty sand some water	430	445 15
SAND & some gravel	445	470 25
SAND & gravel w/ clay BINDY	470	490 10
COARSE gravel & sand	490	500 20
GLACIAL FILL	500	515 15
SAND & gravel	515	530 15
SAND & gravel	530	544 14

specific Composity = 3.35 gal/ft.

Potential = 1500 gal

106' below sea level

Work started 4-4, 1973. Completed 4-26, 1973

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
 This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME Story Armstrong
 (Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address _____

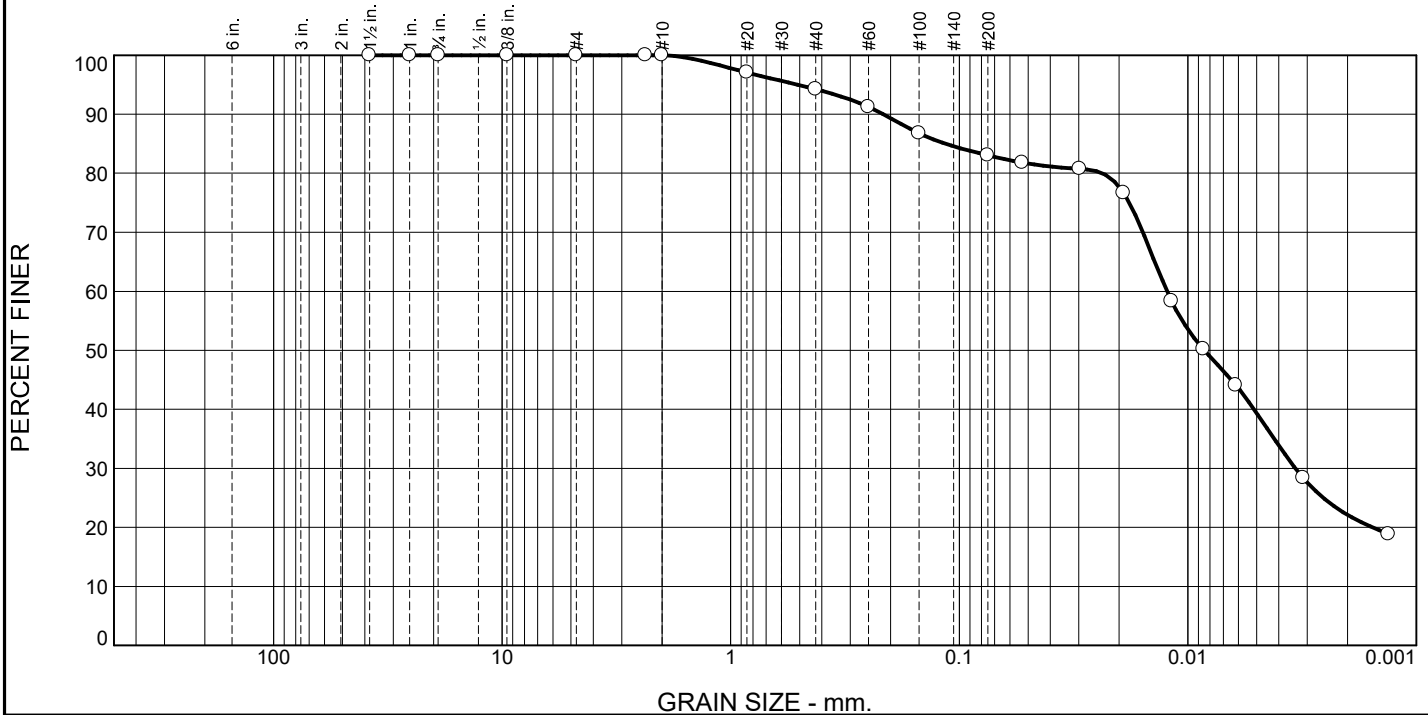
[Signed] _____ (Well Driller)

License No. _____ Date _____, 19____

APPENDIX C

Laboratory Testing

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	11.2	43.6	39.4

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
1.5	100.0		
1	100.0		
.75	100.0		
.375	100.0		
#4	100.0		
#8	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	97.1		
#40	94.2		
#60	91.2		
#100	86.8		
#200	83.0		
#270	81.8		
0.0297 mm.	80.7		
0.0191 mm.	76.7		
0.0118 mm.	58.3		
0.0086 mm.	50.2		
0.0062 mm.	44.1		
0.0031 mm.	28.4		
0.0013 mm.	18.9		

* (no specification provided)

Material Description

sandy SILT

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)

PL= NP LL= NV PI= NP

Classification

USCS (D 2487)= ML AASHTO (M 145)= A-4(0)

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.2156 D₈₅= 0.1149 D₆₀= 0.0123
D₅₀= 0.0085 D₃₀= 0.0034 D₁₅=
D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks

Collected by: LDM

Date Received: 02/15/2018 Date Tested: 02/20/2018

Tested By: BN

Checked By: CJK

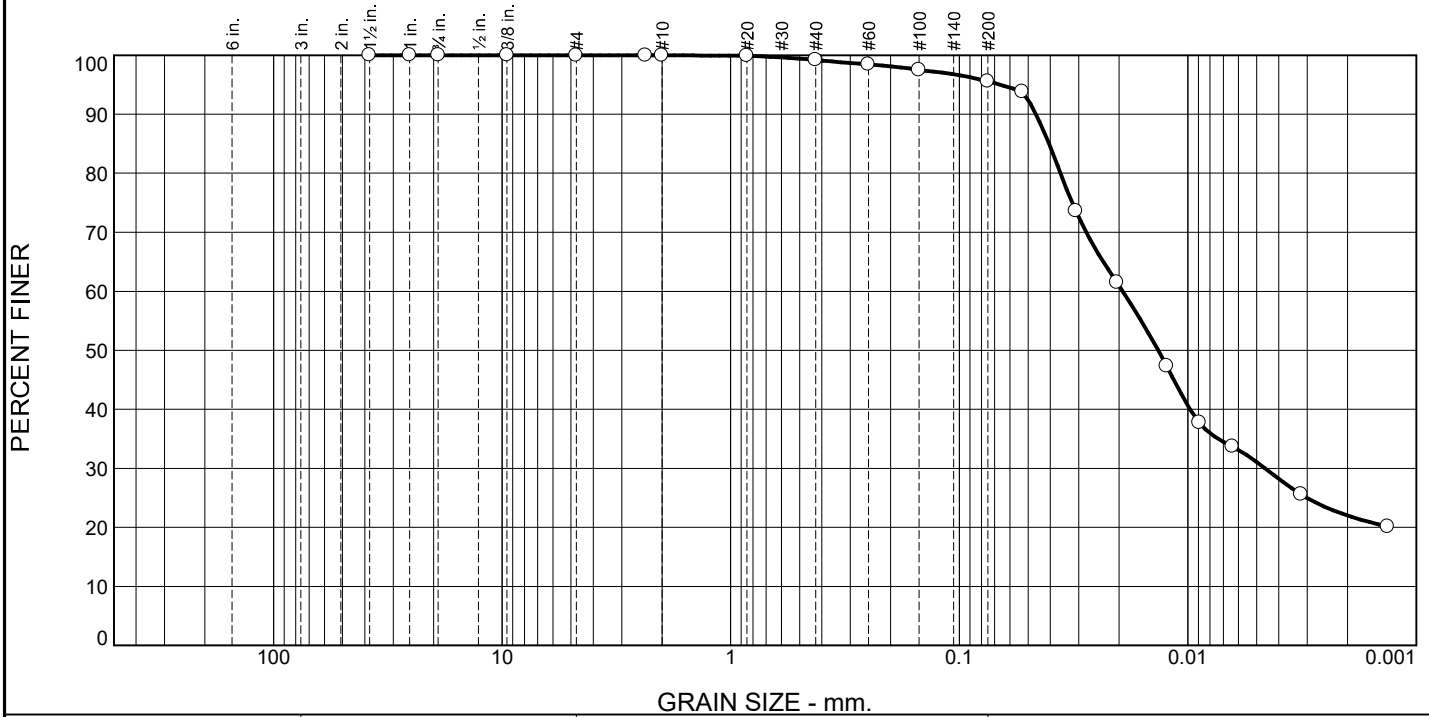
Title: _____

Location: Onsite Date Sampled: 12/19/2017
Sample Number: EB-1 Depth: 10'



Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site
Project No: 120126 H012 Figure

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	3.6	64.6	31.0

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
1.5	100.0		
1	100.0		
.75	100.0		
.375	100.0		
#4	100.0		
#8	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	99.9		
#40	99.2		
#60	98.4		
#100	97.5		
#200	95.6		
#270	93.8		
0.0309 mm.	73.6		
0.0204 mm.	61.5		
0.0124 mm.	47.3		
0.0089 mm.	37.7		
0.0064 mm.	33.7		
0.0032 mm.	25.6		
0.0013 mm.	20.1		

* (no specification provided)

Material Description

SILT, trace sand

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)

PL= NP LL= 29 PI= NP

Classification

USCS (D 2487)= ML AASHTO (M 145)= A-4(1)

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.0461 D₈₅= 0.0405 D₆₀= 0.0193
D₅₀= 0.0135 D₃₀= 0.0046 D₁₅=
D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks

Collected By: LDM

Date Received: 02/15/2018 Date Tested: 02/20/2018

Tested By: BN

Checked By: CJK

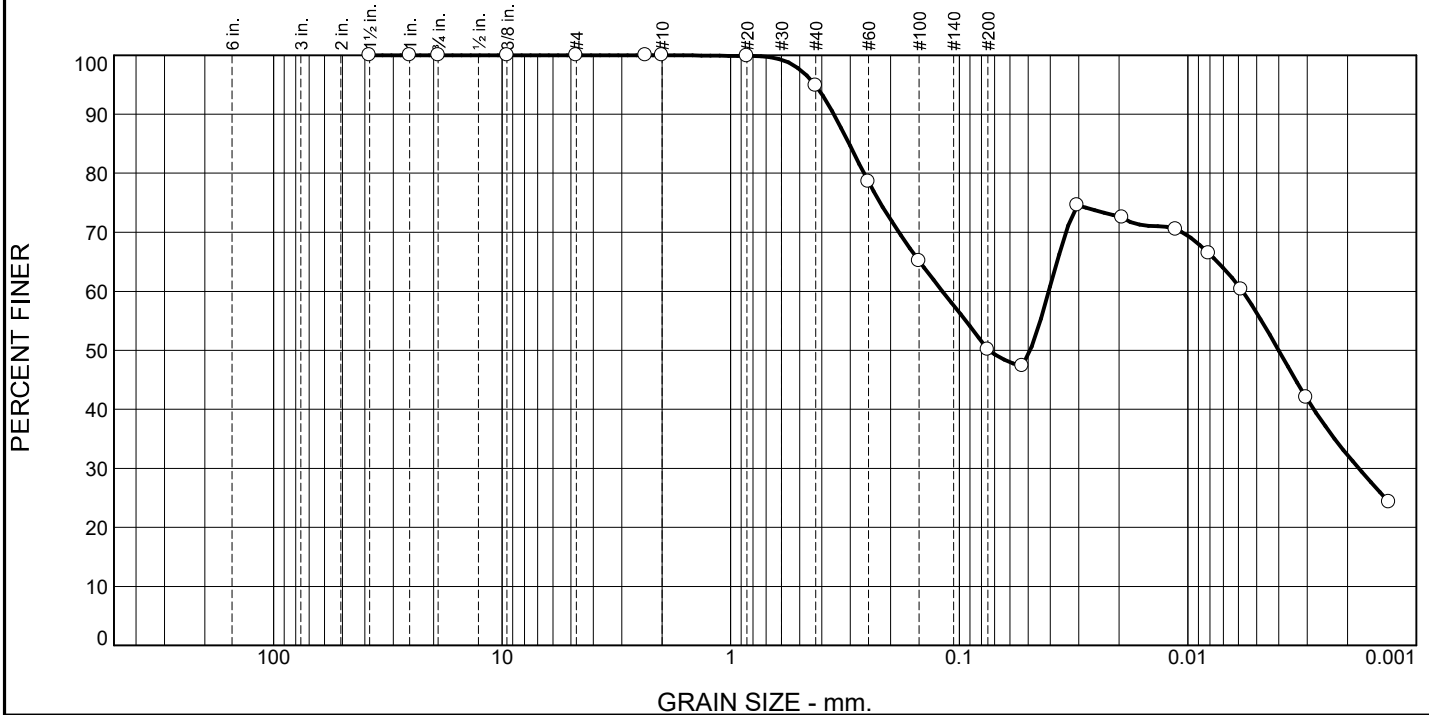
Title: _____

Location: Onsite Sample Number: EB-1 Depth: 25' Date Sampled: 12/19/2017



Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site
Project No: 120126 H012 Figure

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.1	44.8	50.1	

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
1.5	100.0		
1	100.0		
.75	100.0		
.375	100.0		
#4	100.0		
#8	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	99.9		
#40	94.9		
#60	78.6		
#100	65.2		
#200	50.1		
#270	47.4		
0.0305 mm.	74.6		
0.0194 mm.	72.5		
0.0113 mm.	70.5		
0.0081 mm.	66.4		
0.0058 mm.	60.3		
0.0030 mm.	42.0		
0.0013 mm.	24.3		

* (no specification provided)

Material Description

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)

PL= 32 LL= 42 PI= 10

Classification

USCS (D 2487)= ML AASHTO (M 145)= A-5(3)

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.3542 D₈₅= 0.3034 D₆₀= 0.0058
D₅₀= 0.0040 D₃₀= 0.0018 D₁₅=
D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks

Collected by: LDM

Date Received: 02/16/2018 Date Tested: 02/20/2018

Tested By: BN

Checked By: CJK

Title: _____

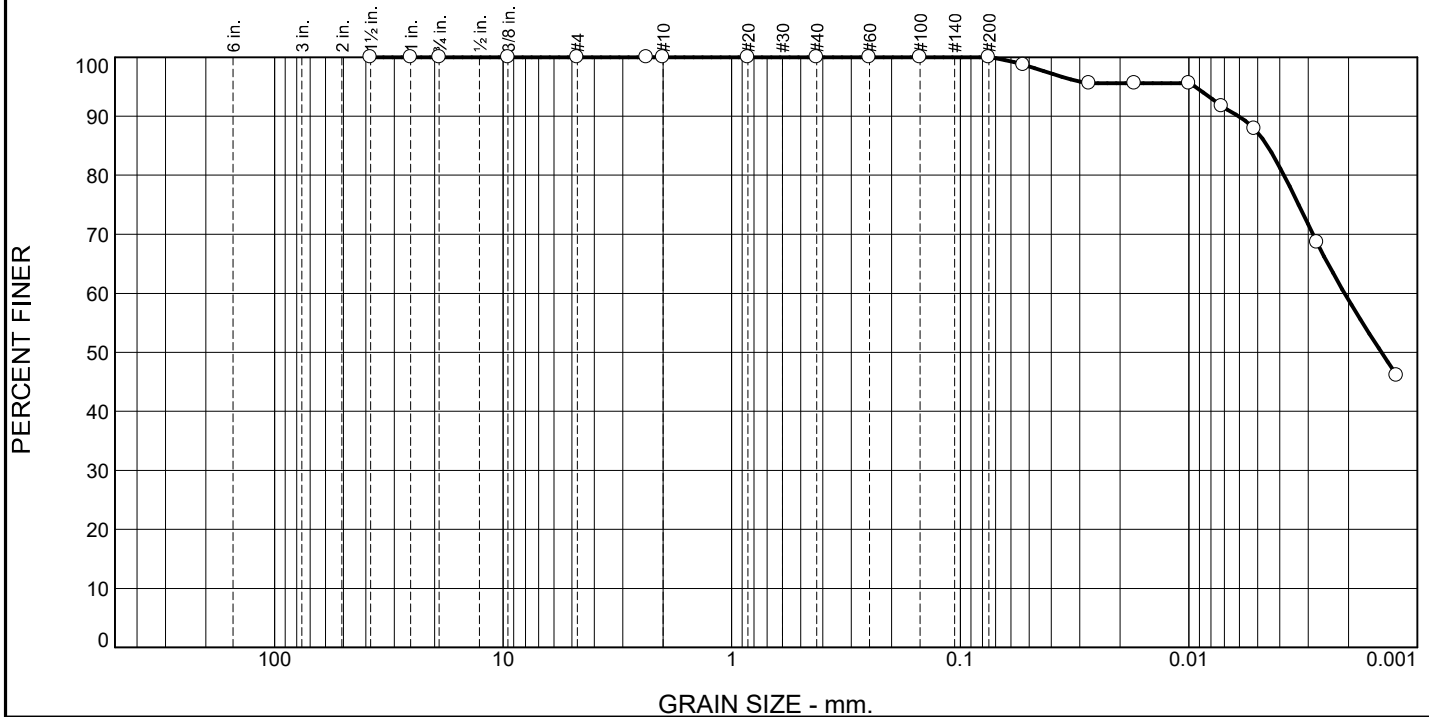
Location: Onsite Date Sampled: 12/19/2017
Sample Number: EB-1 Depth: 30'



Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site
Project No: 120126 H012

Figure

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.8	87.2

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
1.5	100.0		
1	100.0		
.75	100.0		
.375	100.0		
#4	100.0		
#8	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	100.0		
#40	100.0		
#60	100.0		
#100	100.0		
#200	100.0		
#270	98.7		
0.0273 mm.	95.6		
0.0173 mm.	95.6		
0.0100 mm.	95.6		
0.0072 mm.	91.7		
0.0052 mm.	87.9		
0.0028 mm.	68.6		
0.0012 mm.	46.1		

* (no specification provided)

Material Description
fat clay

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)
 PL= 29 LL= 57 PI= 28

Classification
 USCS (D 2487)= CH AASHTO (M 145)= A-7-6(34)

Coefficients
 D₉₀= 0.0061 D₈₅= 0.0045 D₆₀= 0.0021
 D₅₀= 0.0014 D₃₀= D₁₅=
 D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks
Collected by: LDM

Date Received: 02/15/2018 Date Tested: 02/20/2018
 Tested By: BN
 Checked By: CJK
 Title: _____

Location: Onsite
 Sample Number: EB-1

Depth: 45'

Date Sampled: 12/19/2017

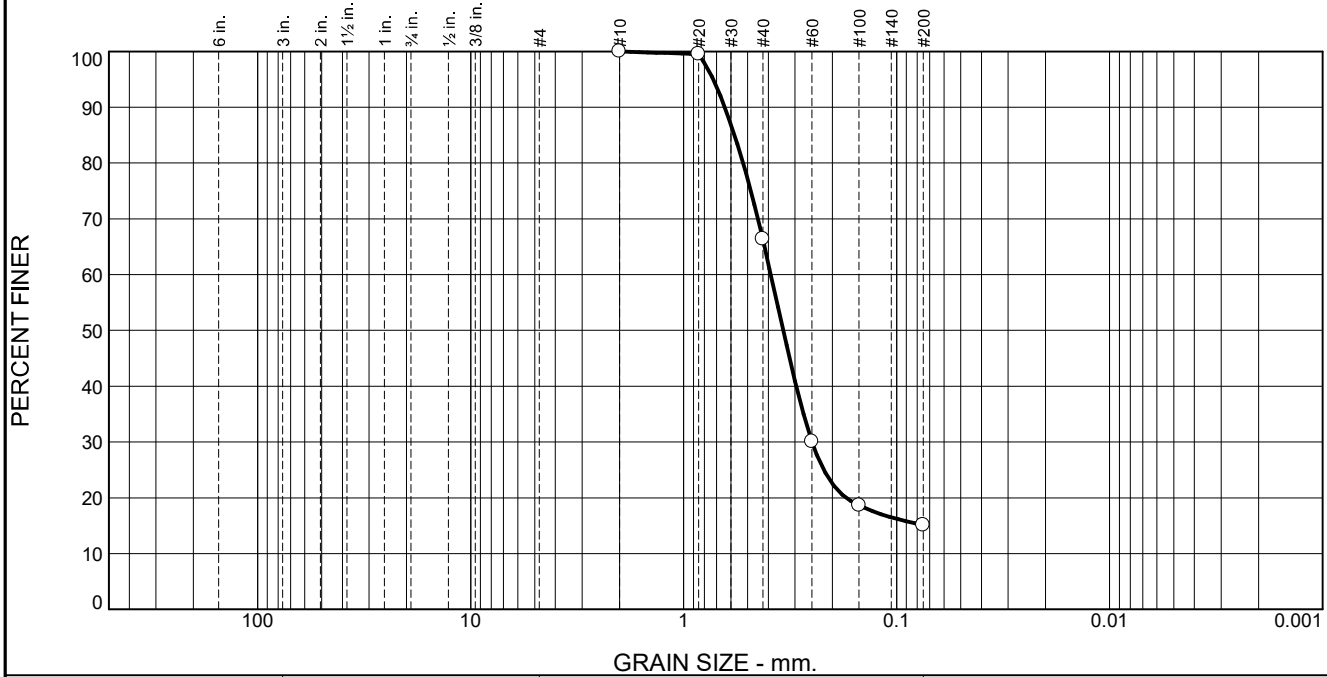


Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
 Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site

Project No: 120126 H012

Figure

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.6	51.3	15.1	

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
#10	100.0		
#20	99.5		
#40	66.4		
#60	30.1		
#100	18.6		
#200	15.1		

Material Description

Silty SAND

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)

PL= np LL= nv PI=

Classification

USCS (D 2487)= SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-2-4(0)

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.6401 D₈₅= 0.5764 D₆₀= 0.3895
 D₅₀= 0.3408 D₃₀= 0.2497 D₁₅=
 D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks

Date Received: 2-8-18 Date Tested: 2-8-18

Tested By: BN

Checked By: CJK

Title: _____

* (no specification provided)

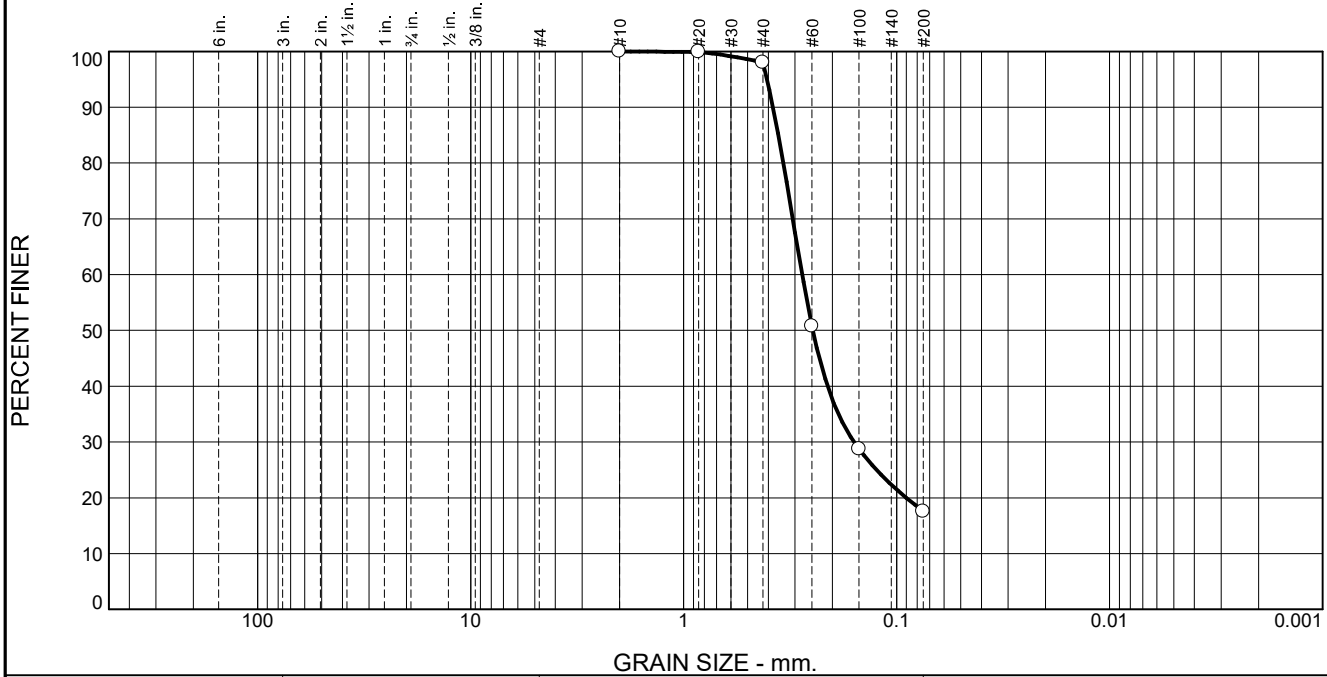
Location: Onsite Date Sampled: 2-8-18
 Sample Number: EB-1 Depth: 65'



Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
 Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site
 Project No: 120126 H012

Figure

Particle Size Distribution Report



% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	80.5	17.5	

TEST RESULTS			
Opening Size	Percent Finer	Spec.* (Percent)	Pass? (X=Fail)
#10	100.0		
#20	99.9		
#40	98.0		
#60	50.8		
#100	28.7		
#200	17.5		

Material Description

Silty SAND

Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)

PL= np LL= nv PI=

Classification

USCS (D 2487)= SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-2-4(0)

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.3801 D₈₅= 0.3590 D₆₀= 0.2779
 D₅₀= 0.2475 D₃₀= 0.1584 D₁₅=
 D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Remarks

Date Received: 2-8-18 Date Tested: 2-8-18

Tested By: BN

Checked By: CJK

Title: _____

* (no specification provided)

Location: Onsite Date Sampled: 2-8-18
 Sample Number: EB-1 Depth: 95'



Client: Snoqualmie Mill Ventures
 Project: Snoqualmie Mill Site
 Project No: 120126 H012

Figure



associated
earth sciences
incorporated

Percent Passing #200
ASTM - D1140

Date Sampled 12/19/17	Project Snoqualmie Mill Site	Project No. 120126 H012		Soil Description Various
Tested By BN	Location Onsite	EB/EP No.	Depth	

Sample I.D.	EB1-55'	EB1-65'	EB1-75'
Wet Weight	1059.4	1057.5	1104.1
Dry Weight	931.2	931.2	954.2
Water Weight	128.3	126.3	149.9
Pan	425.1	453.0	424.5
Actual Dry Weight	506.0	478.2	529.7
Percent of Water Weight	25.3	26.4	28.3
After Wash Weight	851.5	854.9	842.6
Percent Passing #200	15.7	16.0	21.1

Sample I.D.	EB1-85'	EB1-95'
Wet Weight	1323.4	1181.5
Dry Weight	1158.5	1045.9
Water Weight	164.9	135.6
Pan	507.0	530.6
Actual Dry Weight	651.6	515.3
Percent of Water Weight	25.3	26.3
After Wash Weight	1064.6	958.8
Percent Passing #200	14.4	16.9

ASSOCIATED EARTH SCIENCES, INC.

911 5th Ave., Suite 100 Kirkland, WA 98033 425-827-7701 FAX 425-827-5424

GEOTECHNICAL LABORATORY TESTING REPORT

Project:
Snoqualmie Mill

Performed at the Request of:
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

Reviewed By:
Joe Laprade, C.E.T.
Shannon & Wilson, Inc. Lab Manager

February 23, 2018

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CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED (CU) TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTING	2
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REFERENCES	3

TABLES

- Laboratory Terms
- Laboratory Index Test Summary

TESTS

- Grain Size Distribution Plot, Boring EB-1
- Plasticity Chart, Boring EB-1
- One-Dimensional Consolidation, Boring EB-1, 22.6 ft
- One-Dimensional Consolidation, Boring EB-1, 22.8 ft
- CU Triaxial Compression, Boring EB-1, 37 ft

GEOTECHNICAL LABORATORY TESTING

We performed geotechnical laboratory testing on selected soil samples retrieved from one boring completed for Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.'s Snoqualmie Mill Project. The laboratory testing program included tests to classify the soil and provide data for engineering studies. We visually described all tested samples. Our laboratory testing program included water content determinations, grain size distribution analyses, Atterberg limits determinations, one-dimensional consolidation, and consolidated-undrained triaxial testing.

The following sections describe the laboratory test procedures.

VISUAL CLASSIFICATION

We classified or described soil samples using ASTM International (ASTM) D2487-17, Standard Test Method for Classification of Soil for Engineering Purposes, or ASTM D2488-17, Standard Recommended Practice for Description of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure). For samples which we did not perform index testing, we assigned a Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) group name and symbol, based on visual-manual description. We revised visual classifications using results of the index tests discussed below.

WATER CONTENT DETERMINATION

We tested the water content of selected samples in accordance with ASTM D2216-10, Standard Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil, Rock, and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures. Comparison of the water content of a soil with its index properties can be useful in characterizing soil unit weight, consistency, compressibility, and strength. We present water content test results in the Laboratory Test Summary table in this lab report.

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS

Grain size distribution analyses separate soil particles through mechanical or sedimentation processes. We present grain size distribution analysis results in the Lab Summary Table and on plots in this lab report. Grain size distribution plots provide tabular information about each specimen, including: USCS group symbol and group name; water content; constituent (i.e., cobble, gravel, sand, and fines) percentages; coefficients of uniformity and curvature, if applicable; personnel initials; ASTM standard designation; and testing remarks. Constituent percentages are also presented in the Lab Summary Table in this lab report.

We performed combined analyses (mechanical and sedimentation) on selected soil specimens to determine the grain size distribution of coarse- and fine-grained soil particles, in accordance with ASTM D422-63 (2007)e2, Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils. We typically assume a specific gravity of 2.7 for hydrometer calculations, unless otherwise indicated on grain size distribution plots. We assumed a different specific gravity for one tested specimen, as noted on the associated plot.

ATTERBERG LIMITS DETERMINATION

We determined soil plasticity by performing Atterberg Limits tests on selected samples in accordance with ASTM D4318-17, Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils, Method A (Multi-Point Liquid Limit). The Atterberg Limits include liquid limit (LL), plastic limit (PL), and plasticity index ($PI=LL-PL$).

We present soil plasticity test results in the Lab Summary Table and on plasticity charts in this lab report. Plasticity charts provide the liquid limit, plastic limit, plasticity index, USCS group symbol, the sample description, water content, and percent passing the No. 200 sieve (if a grain size distribution analysis was performed).

ONE-DIMENSIONAL CONSOLIDATION TESTING

We performed one-dimensional consolidation tests in a fixed-ring consolidometer on relatively undisturbed samples in accordance with ASTM D2435/D2435M-11, Standard Test Methods for One Dimensional Consolidation Properties of Soils Using Incremental Loading, Test Method B (loaded to 100% primary consolidation with time-deformation readings on all load increments). We used the Casagrande construction method (log of time) to determine the end of primary consolidation. One-dimensional consolidation results presented in this lab report include a test summary, settlement plots, summarized incremental plots, and incremental plots at requested load increments.

CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED (CU) TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTING

We performed consolidated, undrained, triaxial compression tests (CU) with pore pressure measurements on requested, relatively undisturbed tube samples in accordance with ASTM D4767-11, Standard Test Method for Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test for Cohesive Soils. We saturated each sample using back pressure, then determined the degree of specimen saturation by measuring pore pressure coefficient B. Sample side drains consisting of thin strips of filter paper were used to facilitate consolidation. We sheared the specimens with a

displacement-controlled testing machine. CU test results presented in this lab report include test summary tables, and plots of principal stress difference versus axial strain, pore pressure versus axial strain, principal effective stress ratio versus axial strain, and Mohr diagrams for failure conditions.

CONSIDERATIONS

Drilling, sampling, and handling methodologies may affect the outcome of prescribed geotechnical laboratory tests. We cannot quantify or qualify sample disturbance imparted during the sampling process, or from handling procedures prior to our receipt of the samples. Sample disturbance may impact one-dimensional consolidation and triaxial testing results. As-received moisture content may affect test results; we cannot account for the effects of moisture change between sampling and testing. Instances of limited recovery may have resulted in test samples not meeting specified minimum mass requirements, per ASTM standards. Test plots show which samples do not meet ASTM specified minimum mass requirements.

REFERENCES

- ASTM International, 2007, Standard test method for particle-size analysis of soils, D422-63(2007)e2: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 8 p., available: www.astm.org.
- ASTM International, 2010, Standard test methods for laboratory determination of water (moisture) content of soil and rock by mass, D2216-10: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 7 p., available: www.astm.org.
- ASTM International, 2011, Standard test method for consolidated undrained triaxial compression test for cohesive soils, D4767-11: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 14 p., available: www.astm.org.
- ASTM International, 2011, Standard test methods for one-dimensional consolidation properties of soils using incremental loading, D2435-11: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 15 p., available: www.astm.org.
- ASTM International, 2017, Standard practice for classification of soils for engineering purposes (unified soil classification system), D2487-17: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 10 p., available: www.astm.org.

ASTM International, 2017, Standard practice for description and identification of soils (visual-manual procedures), D2488-17: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 13 p., available: www.astm.org.

ASTM International, 2017, Standard test methods for liquid limit, plastic limit, and plasticity index of soils, D4318-17: West Conshohocken, Pa., ASTM International, Annual book of standards, v. 04.08, soil and rock (I): D420 - D5876, 16 p., available: www.astm.org.

LABORATORY TERMS

Abbreviations, Symbols, and Terms	Descriptions
%	Percent
*	Sample specimen weight did not meet required minimum mass for the test method
"	Inch
#	Test not performed by Shannon & Wilson, Inc. laboratory
ASTM Std.	ASTM International Standard
C_c	Coefficient of curvature
Clay-size	Soil particles finer than 0.002 mm
cm	Centimeter
cm^2	Square centimeter
Coarse-grained	Soil particles coarser than 0.075 mm (cobble-, gravel- and sand-sized particles)
Cobbles	Soil particles finer than 305 mm and coarser than 76.2 mm
C_u	Coefficient of uniformity
CU	Consolidated-Undrained
ϵ	Axial strain
Fine-grained	Soil particles finer than 0.075 mm (silt- and clay-sized particles)
ft	Feet
γ_m	Wet unit weight
Gravel	Soil particles finer than 76.2 mm and coarser than 4.75 mm
G_s	Specific gravity of soil solids
H_o	Initial height
ΔH	Change in height
ΔH_{load}	End of load increment deformation
in	Inch
in^3	Cubic inch
LL	Liquid Limit
min	Minute
mm	Millimeter
μ_m	Micrometer
MC	Moisture content
MPa	Mega-Pascal
NP	Non-plastic
OC	Organic content
p	Total stress
p'	Effective stress
Pa	Pascal
pcf	Pounds per cubic foot
PI	Plasticity Index
PL	Plastic Limit
psf	Pounds per square foot
psi	Pounds per square inch
q	Deviatoric stress
Sand	Soil particles finer than 4.75 mm and coarser than 0.075 mm
sec	Second
Silt	Soil particles finer than 0.075 mm and coarser than 0.002 mm
t_n	Time to n% primary consolidation
t_{load}	Duration of load increment
tsf	Short tons per square foot
USCS	Unified Soil Classification System
UU	Unconsolidated-Undrained
WC	Water content

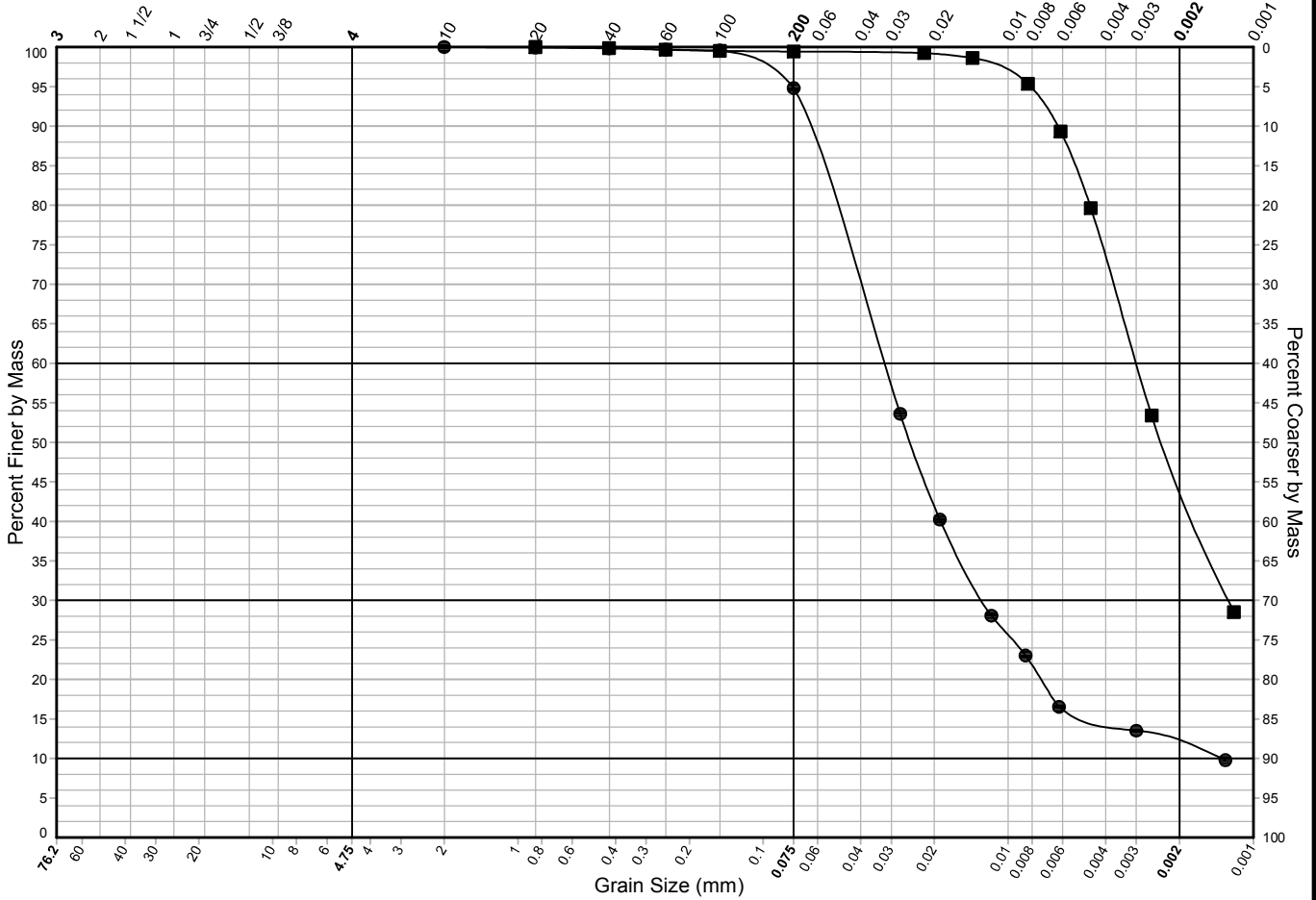
LABORATORY INDEX TEST SUMMARY

Boring	Top Depth (ft)	USCS	WC (%)	% Sand	% Fines	% Clay-size	LL	PL	Soil Description
EB-1	22	ML	34.9	5	95	12	28	27	Silt
EB-1	37	ML	46.3	1	99	45	42	27	Silt

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

BORING EB-1

Gravel		Sand			Fines	
Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt & Clay-Size	
Mesh Opening in Inches		Mesh Openings per Inch, U.S. Standard			Grain Size in Millimeters	



Sample Identification	Depth (ft)	USCS Group Symbol	USCS Group Name	Gravel %	Sand %	Fines %	< 20µm %	< 2µm %	WC %	Tested By	Review By	ASTM Std.
● EB-1	22.0	ML	Silt		5	95	42	12	34.9	AKV	JFL	D422
■ EB-1	37.0	ML	Silt		1	99	99	45	46.3	AKV	JFL	D422

Testing Remarks: Hydrometer tests require specific gravity data for calculation of the percent finer. In the absence of specific-gravity testing, we typically assume a specific gravity of 2.7, unless the mechanical and settling curves do not match. The hydrometer curve at 37 ft required a specific-gravity-approximation adjustment to 2.78 to align with the mechanical curve. The actual specific gravity of this specimen may vary.

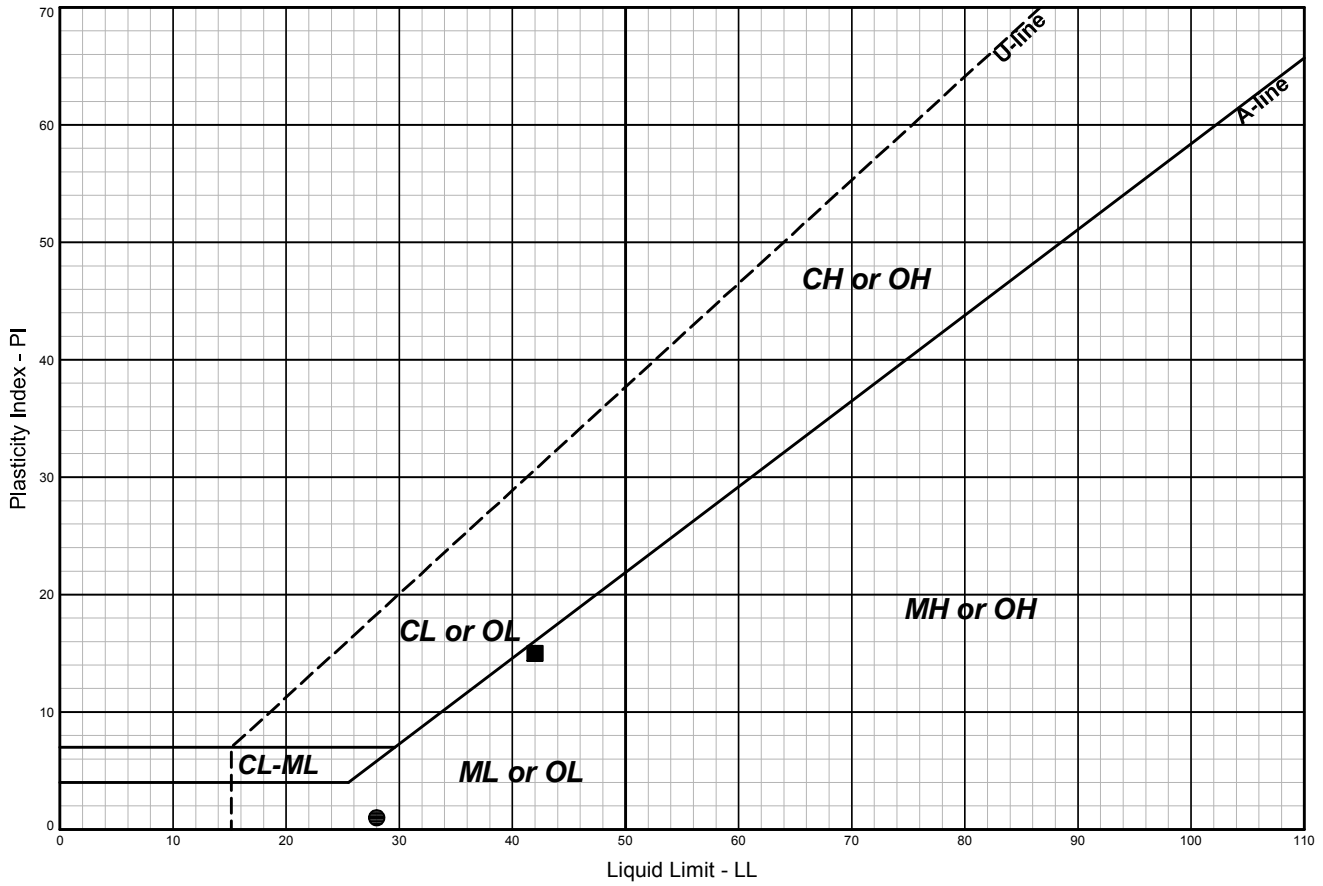
2/22/18

A_GSA_MAIN_SNOQUALMIE_MILL_AESI.GPJ_SHAN_WIL.GDT

Snoqualmie Mill AESI

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

BORING EB-1



Sample Identification	Depth (ft)	USCS Group Symbol	USCS Group Name	LL	PL	PI	WC %	Gravel %	Sand %	Fines %	< 2µm %	Tested By	Review By	ASTM Std.
● EB-1	22.0	ML	Silt	28	27	1	34.9		5	95	12	AKV	JFL	D4318
■ EB-1	37.0	ML	Silt	42	27	15	46.3		1	99	45	AKV	JFL	D4318

**Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington**

**TEST SUMMARY
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.6 ft**

SPECIMEN DATA AND TEST RESULTS

Sample Classification:
 Silt (ML)

			Pre- Inundation	Final Load
Specific Gravity, G_s (Assumed)	2.7	Height, in	0.787	0.609
Liquid Limit, LL	---	Diameter, in	1.972	1.972
Plastic Limit, PL	---	Specimen Volume, in ³	2.404	1.861
Plasticity Index, PI (LL - PL)	---	Wet Unit Weight, pcf	116.7	134.2
Fines Content	---	Dry Unit Weight, pcf	84.4	109.1
Organic Content	---	Water Content	38%	23%
Initial Seating Load, g	50	Void Ratio	1.00	0.55
Final Seating Load, g	50	Degree of Saturation	100%	100%
ASTM Test Method	Method B			
Coefficient of Consolidation Interpretation	Procedure 1			

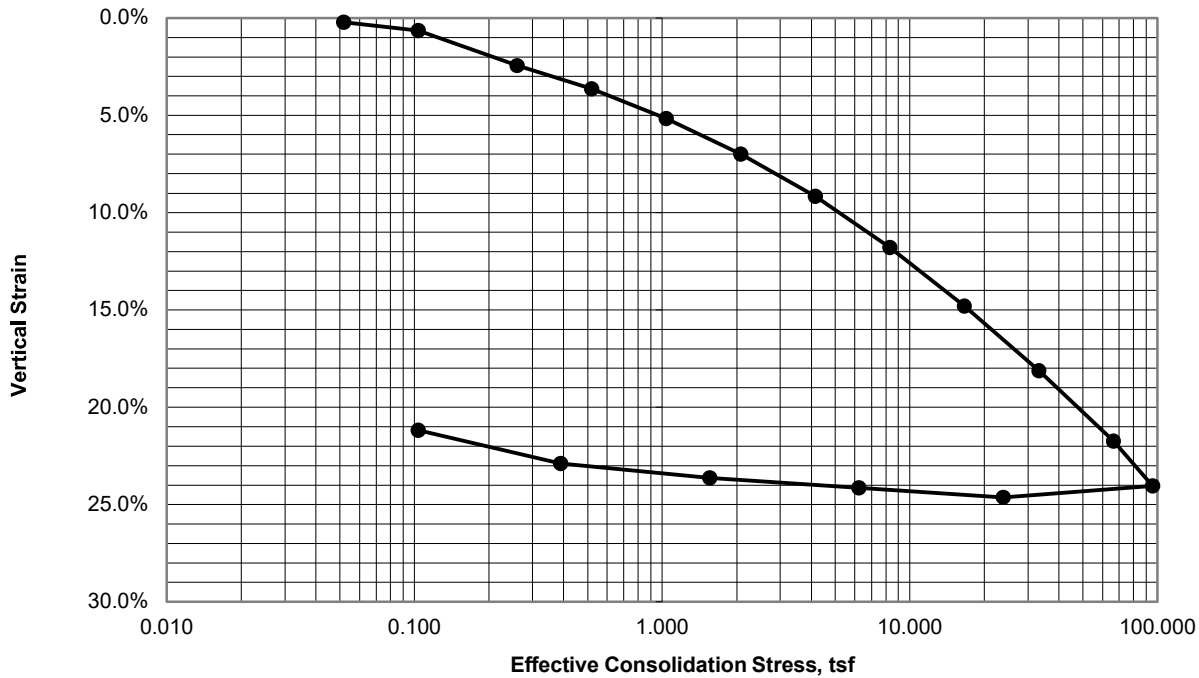
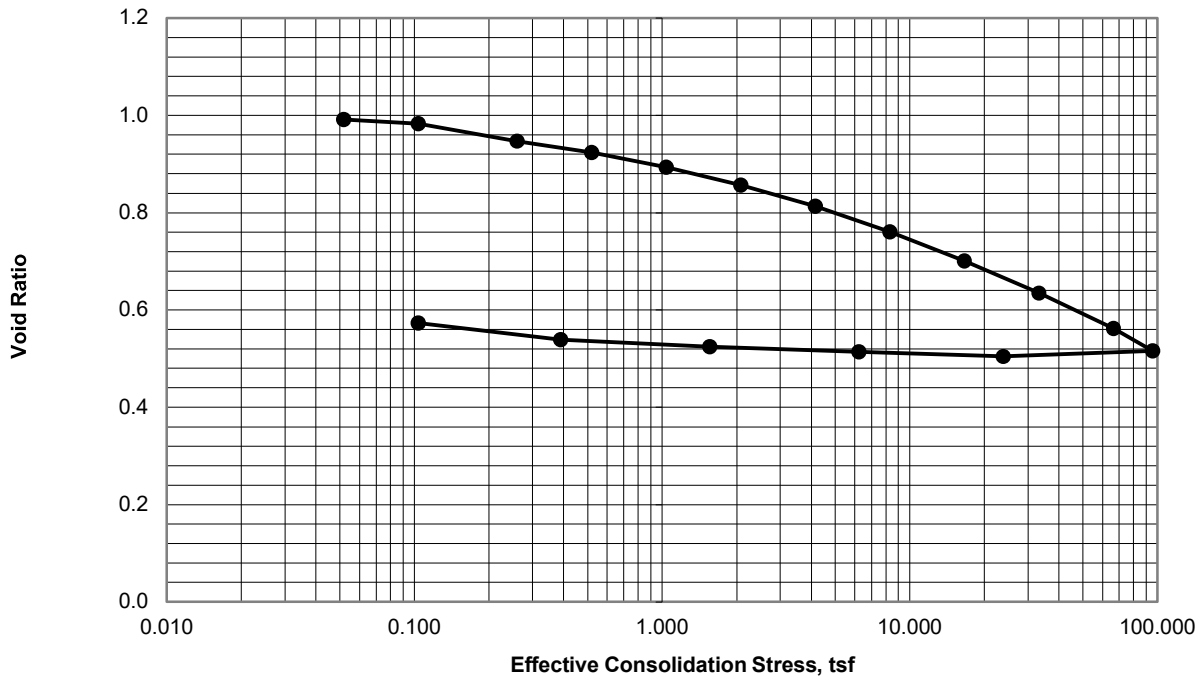
Load Increment Number	Applied Stress, tsf	t_{load} , min	t_{50} , min	ΔH_{load} , in	ΔH at t_{100} , in	$\Delta H/H_0$	Void Ratio	a_v , Mpa ⁻¹	c_v , cm ² /s	k , cm/s
Seating										
1	0.05	1410	0.7	0.002	0.002	0.2%	0.992	8.85E-01	4.43E-03	1.92E-07
2	0.10	510	0.4	0.008	0.005	0.6%	0.983	1.71E+00	7.26E-03	6.12E-07
3	0.26	525	0.3	0.025	0.019	2.4%	0.947	2.41E+00	1.11E-02	1.32E-06
4	0.52	885	0.3	0.038	0.029	3.6%	0.924	9.53E-01	8.93E-03	4.29E-07
5	1.04	315	0.1	0.052	0.041	5.2%	0.893	6.11E-01	2.10E-02	6.55E-07
6	2.07	1080	0.1	0.072	0.055	7%	0.857	3.70E-01	2.48E-02	4.75E-07
7	4.15	300	0.1	0.091	0.072	9.2%	0.813	2.18E-01	2.69E-02	3.09E-07
8	8.30	230	0.1	0.115	0.093	11.8%	0.761	1.32E-01	3.13E-02	2.24E-07
9	16.60	900	0.1	0.144	0.116	14.8%	0.701	7.55E-02	3.47E-02	1.46E-07
10	33.19	285	0.1	0.173	0.143	18.1%	0.635	4.17E-02	3.52E-02	8.45E-08
11	66.38	1110	0.1	0.208	0.171	21.7%	0.562	2.28E-02	3.66E-02	5.00E-08
12	95.42	185	0.1	0.225	0.189	24%	0.516	1.64E-02	2.57E-02	2.66E-08
13	23.86	1455	0.7	0.216	0.194	24.6%	0.504	-1.73E-03	2.57E-03	2.88E-10
14	6.22	2715	0.2	0.207	0.190	24.1%	0.514	5.91E-03	9.37E-03	3.61E-09
15	1.56	465	0.2	0.199	0.186	23.6%	0.524	2.23E-02	9.20E-03	1.33E-08
16	0.39	975	0.2	0.188	0.180	22.9%	0.539	1.32E-01	1.29E-02	1.10E-07
17	0.10	8851	167.0	0.178	0.167	21.2%	0.573	1.25E+00	1.20E-05	9.58E-10

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

0 CONSOL_v3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

CONSOLIDATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.6 ft



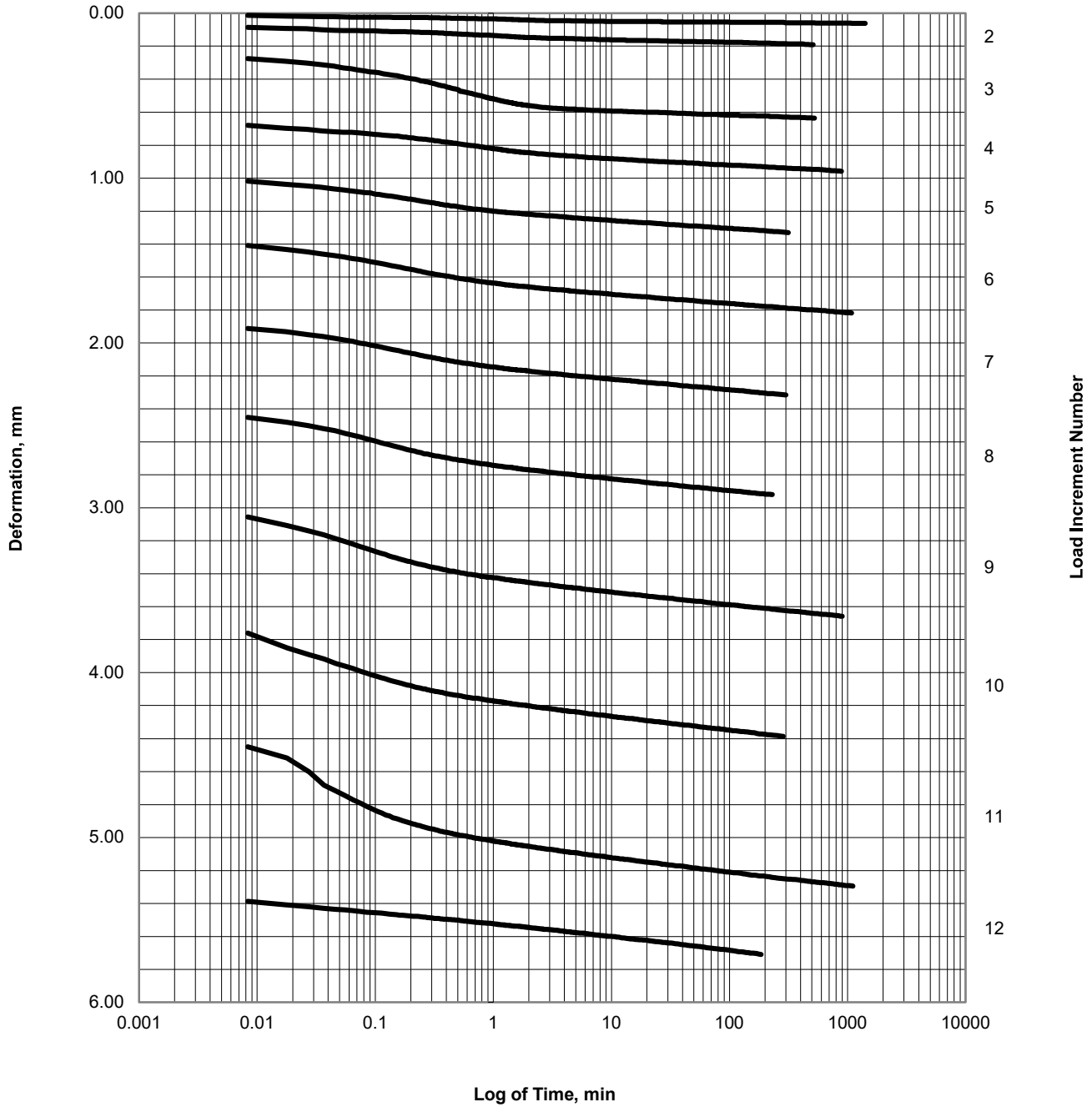
Maximum Applied Effective Consolidation Stress, tsf = 95.42

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_v3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

LOAD INCREMENT TIME-DEFORMATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.6 ft



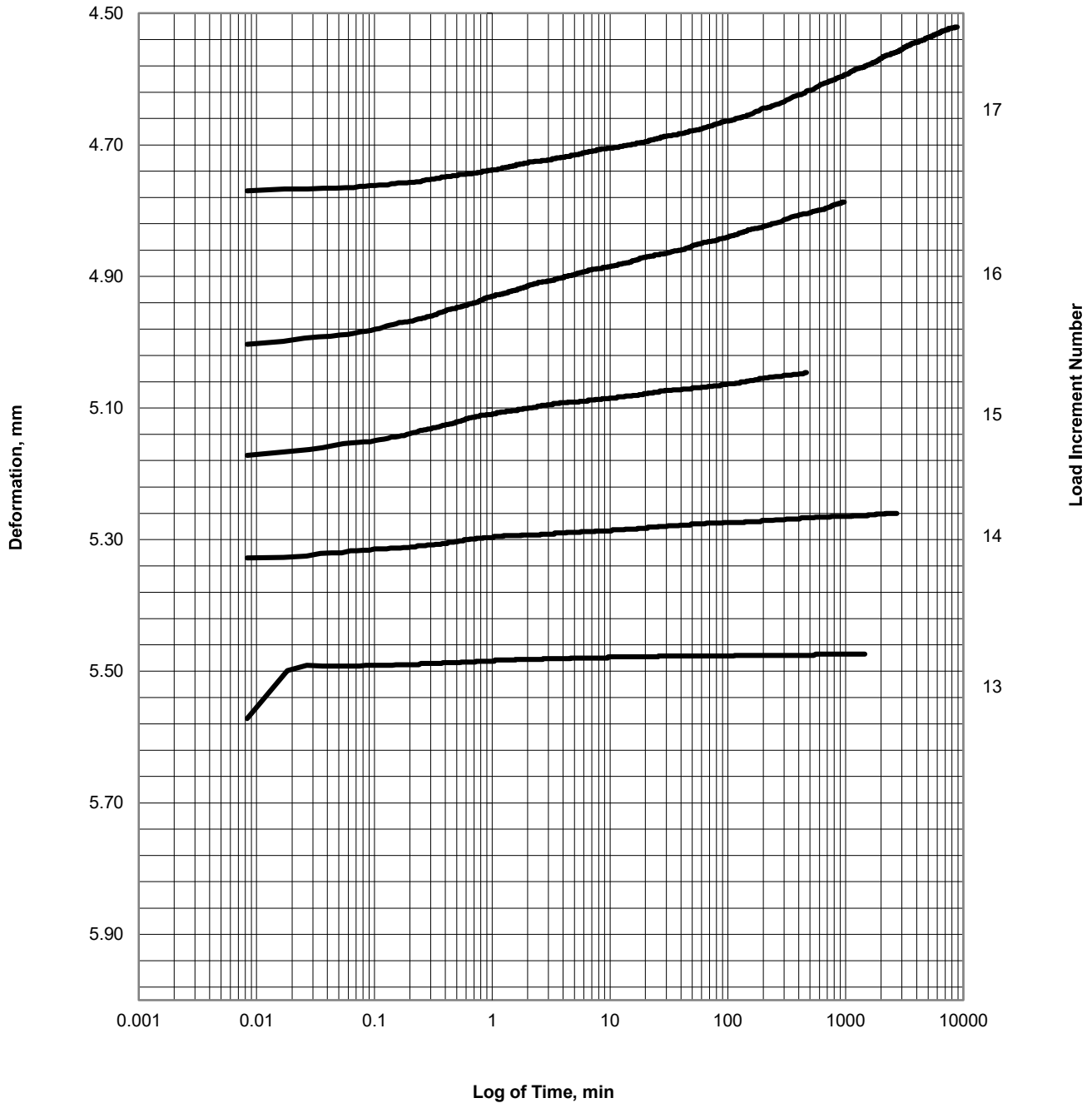
Load Sequence, tsf = 0.1, 0.26, 0.52, 1.04, 2.07, 4.15, 8.3, 16.6, 33.19, 66.38, 95.42

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

UNLOAD INCREMENT TIME-DEFORMATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.6 ft



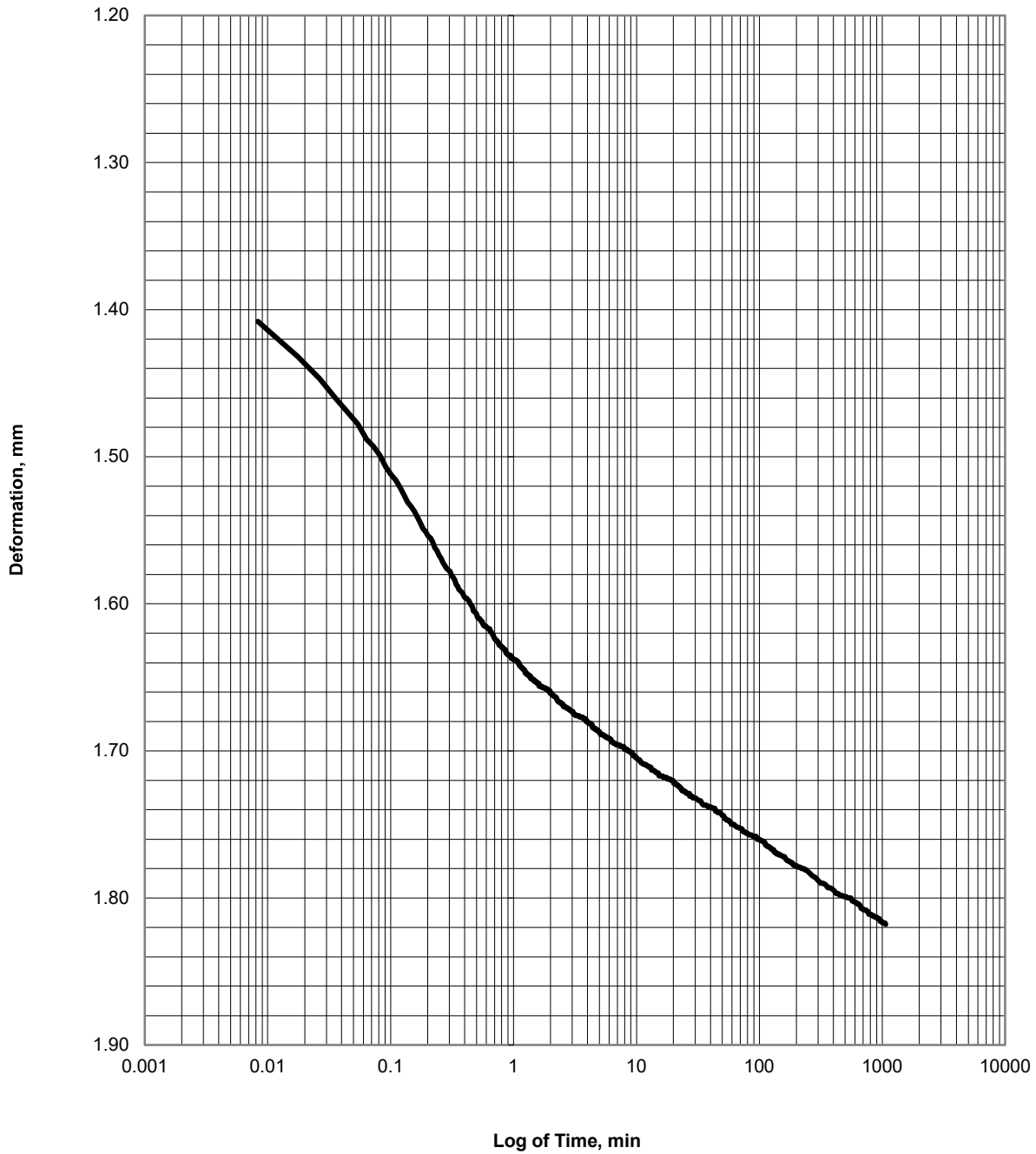
Load Sequence, tsf = 23.86, 6.22, 1.56, 0.39, 0.1

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 6 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.6 ft



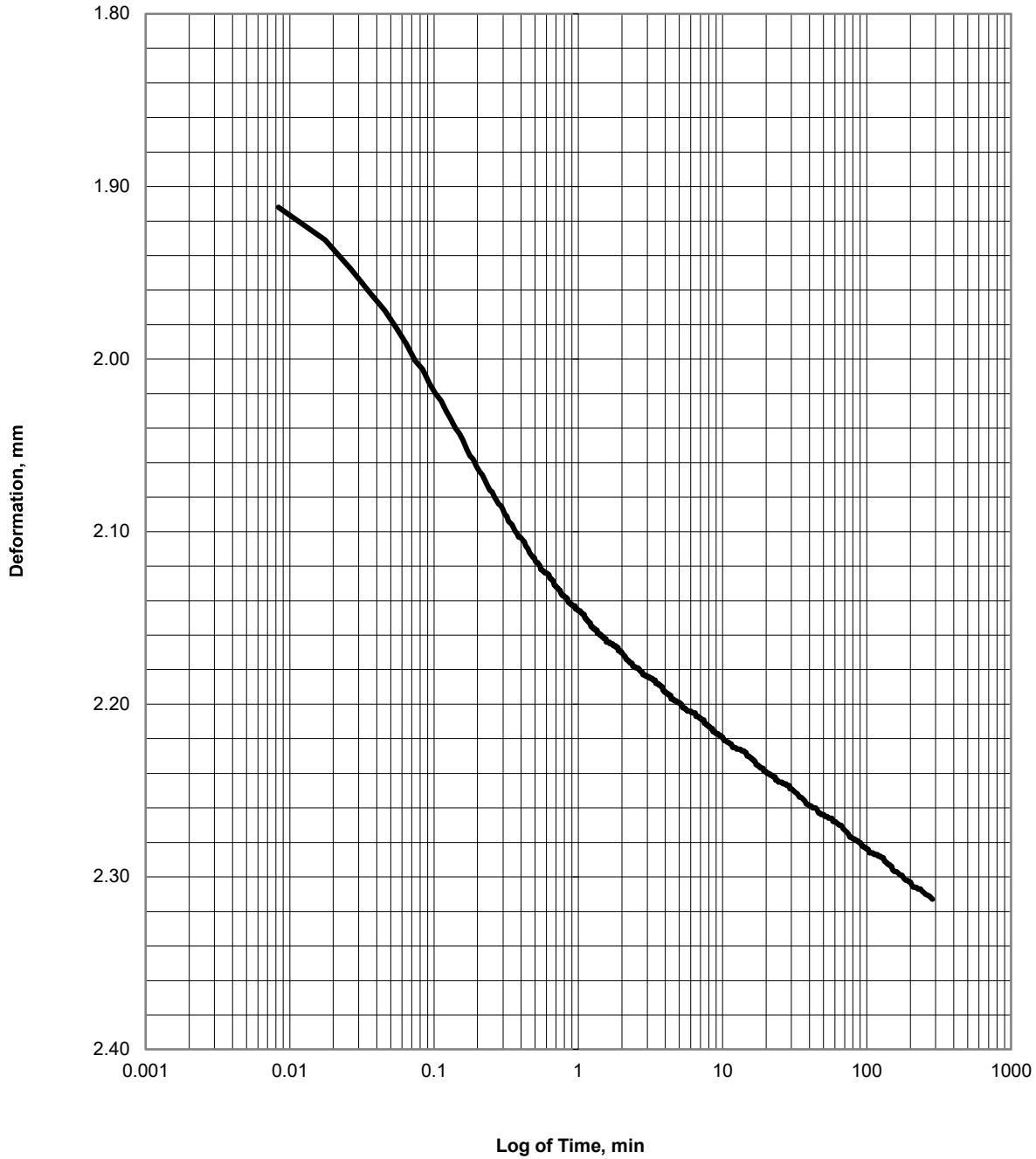
Applied Stress, tsf = 2.07

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 7 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.6 ft



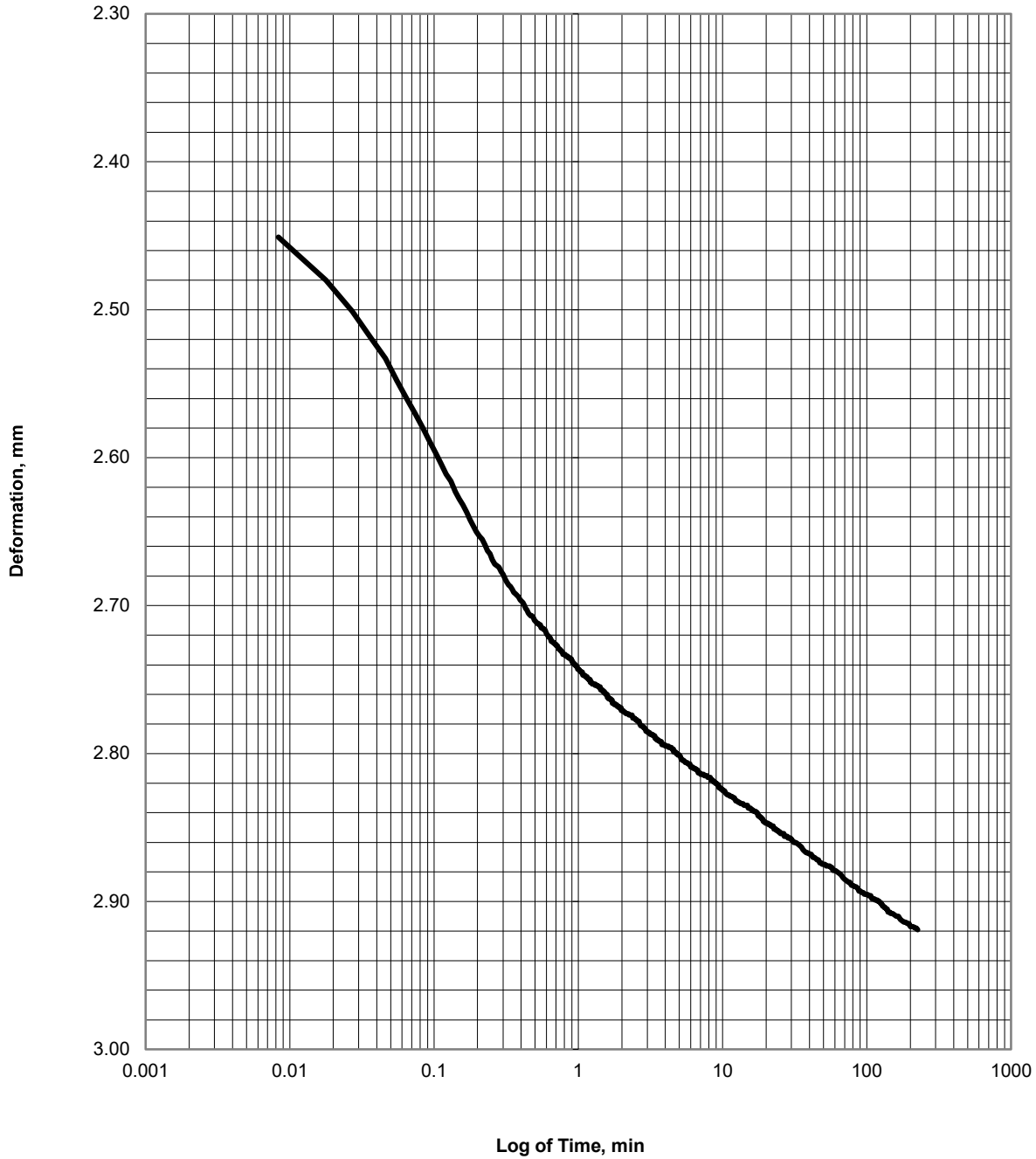
Applied Stress, tsf = 4.15

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 8 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.6 ft



Applied Stress, tsf = 8.3

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.6.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

TEST SUMMARY
Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.8 ft

SPECIMEN DATA AND TEST RESULTS

Sample Classification:
 Silt (ML)

			Pre-Inundation	Final Load
Specific Gravity, G_s (Assumed)	2.7	Height, in	0.786	0.631
Liquid Limit, LL	---	Diameter, in	1.992	1.992
Plastic Limit, PL	---	Specimen Volume, in ³	2.450	1.969
Plasticity Index, PI (LL - PL)	---	Wet Unit Weight, pcf	115.1	129.7
Fines Content	---	Dry Unit Weight, pcf	85.7	106.7
Organic Content	---	Water Content	34%	22%
Initial Seating Load, g	50	Void Ratio	0.97	0.58
Final Seating Load, g	50	Degree of Saturation	96%	100%
ASTM Test Method	Method B			
Coefficient of Consolidation Interpretation	Procedure 1			

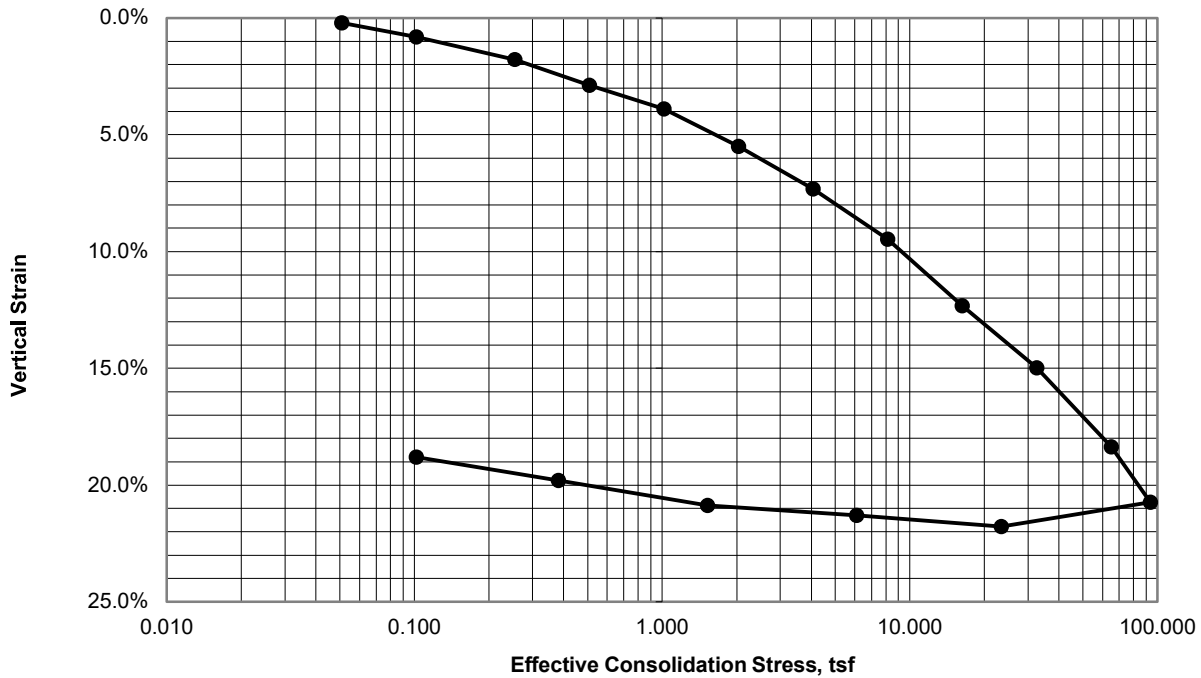
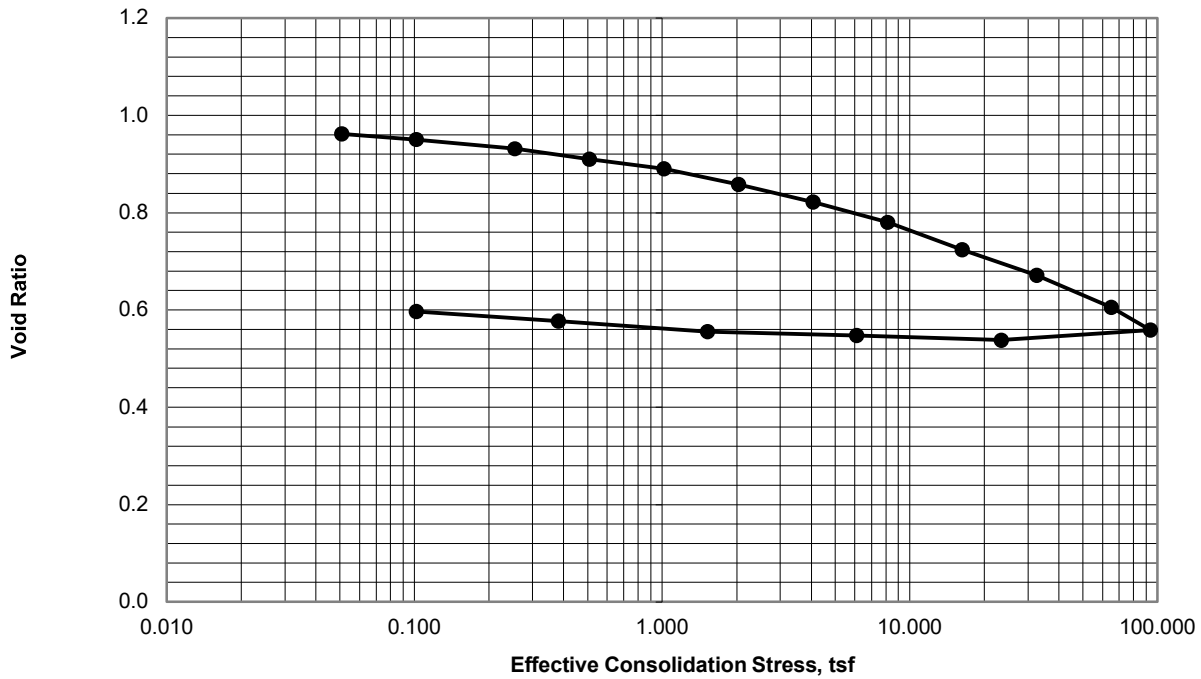
Load Increment Number	Applied Stress, tsf	t_{load} , min	t_{50} , min	ΔH_{load} , in	ΔH at t_{100} , in	$\Delta H/H_0$	Void Ratio	a_v , Mpa^{-1}	c_v , cm^2/s	k , cm/s
Seating										
1	0.05	1410	0.1	0.003	0.002	0.2%	0.962	8.30E-01	4.73E-02	1.96E-06
2	0.10	510	0.1	0.009	0.006	0.8%	0.950	2.41E+00	2.99E-02	3.60E-06
3	0.25	525	0.1	0.019	0.014	1.8%	0.931	1.31E+00	4.35E-02	2.86E-06
4	0.51	885	0.1	0.028	0.023	2.9%	0.910	8.91E-01	3.69E-02	1.67E-06
5	1.02	315	0.1	0.039	0.031	3.9%	0.890	4.09E-01	5.95E-02	1.25E-06
6	2.03	1080	0.1	0.055	0.043	5.5%	0.858	3.25E-01	5.88E-02	9.93E-07
7	4.06	300	0.1	0.071	0.058	7.3%	0.822	1.84E-01	5.54E-02	5.38E-07
8	8.13	230	0.0	0.091	0.074	9.5%	0.780	1.09E-01	5.50E-02	3.23E-07
9	16.26	900	0.1	0.116	0.097	12.3%	0.724	7.17E-02	4.99E-02	1.97E-07
10	32.52	285	0.0	0.142	0.118	15%	0.672	3.37E-02	1.08E-01	2.07E-07
11	65.03	1110	0.0	0.175	0.144	18.4%	0.605	2.13E-02	5.29E-02	6.62E-08
12	93.48	1455	0.1	0.193	0.163	20.7%	0.558	1.71E-02	2.75E-02	2.88E-08
13	23.37	2715	0.5	0.185	0.171	21.8%	0.538	-3.04E-03	4.19E-03	8.00E-10
14	6.10	465	0.1	0.178	0.167	21.3%	0.547	5.60E-03	3.82E-02	1.36E-08
15	1.52	975	0.1	0.171	0.164	20.9%	0.556	1.91E-02	3.35E-02	4.06E-08
16	0.38	1395	10.1	0.163	0.156	19.8%	0.577	1.94E-01	2.06E-04	2.53E-09
17	0.10	7441	254.8	0.155	0.148	18.8%	0.597	7.32E-01	8.36E-06	3.81E-10

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and inundated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_v3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

CONSOLIDATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.8 ft



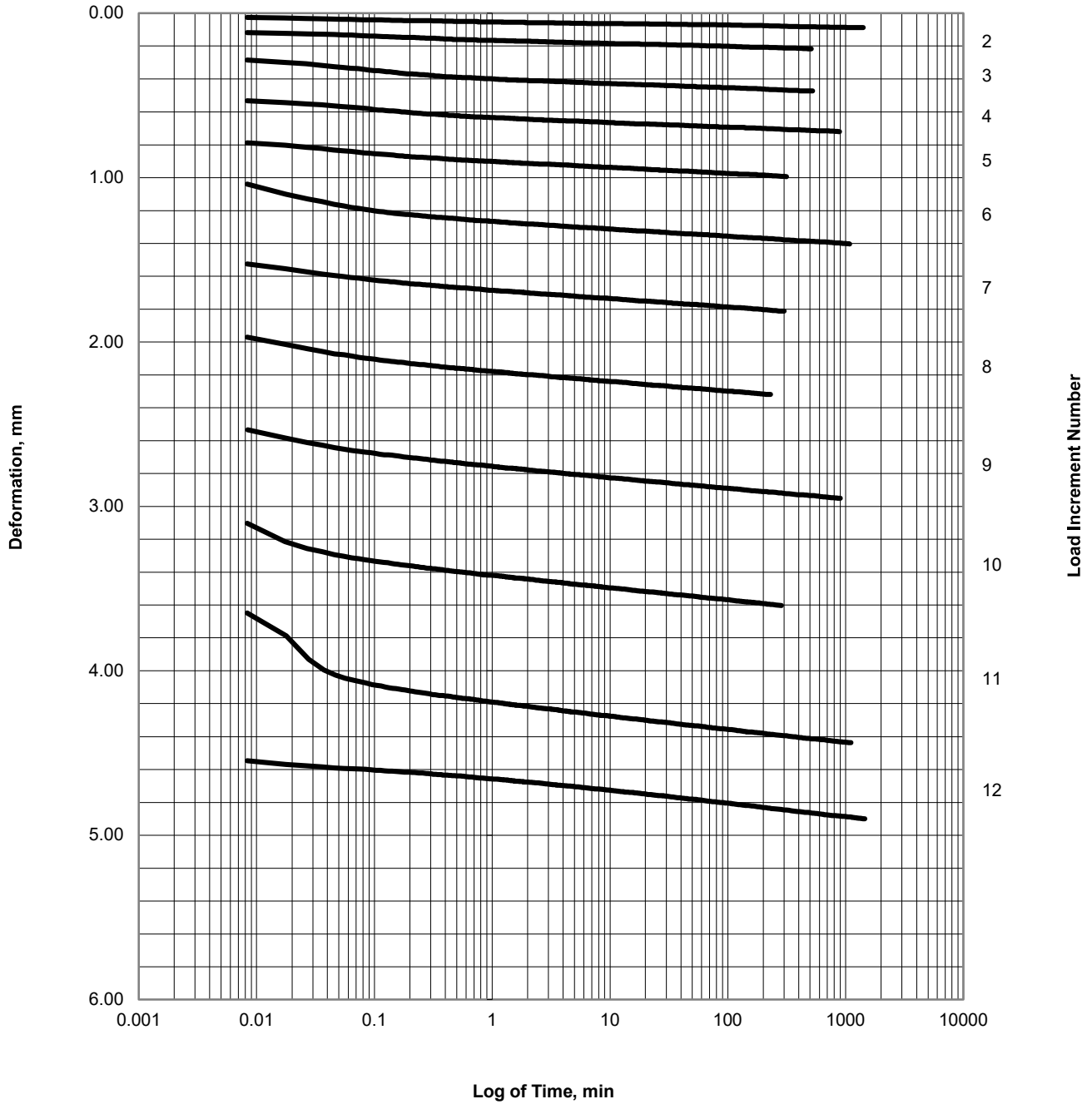
Maximum Applied Effective Consolidation Stress, tsf = 93.48

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_v3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

LOAD INCREMENT TIME-DEFORMATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.8 ft



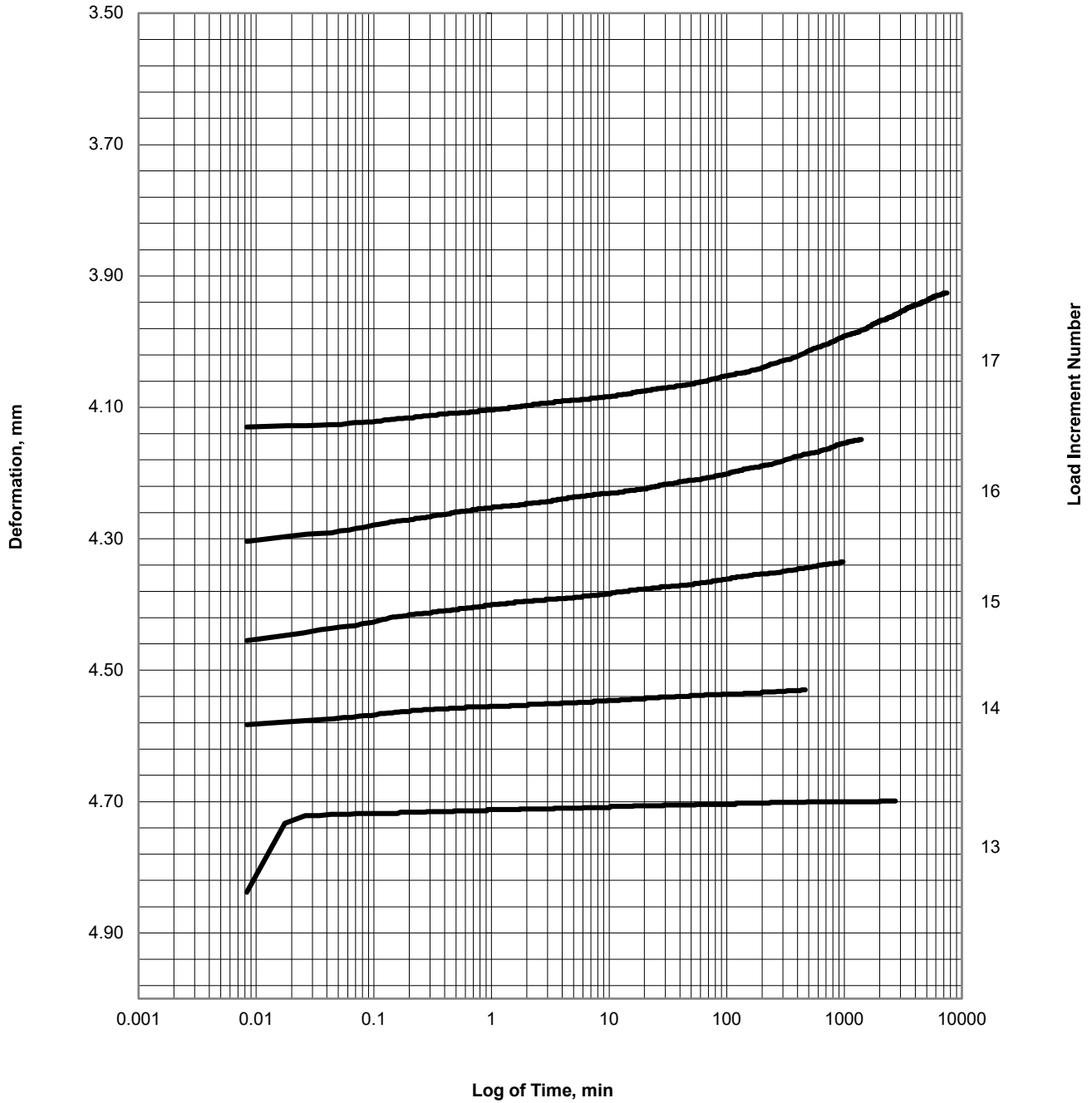
Load Sequence, tsf = 0.1, 0.25, 0.51, 1.02, 2.03, 4.06, 8.13, 16.26, 32.52, 65.03, 93.48

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

UNLOAD INCREMENT TIME-DEFORMATION CURVES
 Boring EB-1, Sample , 22.8 ft



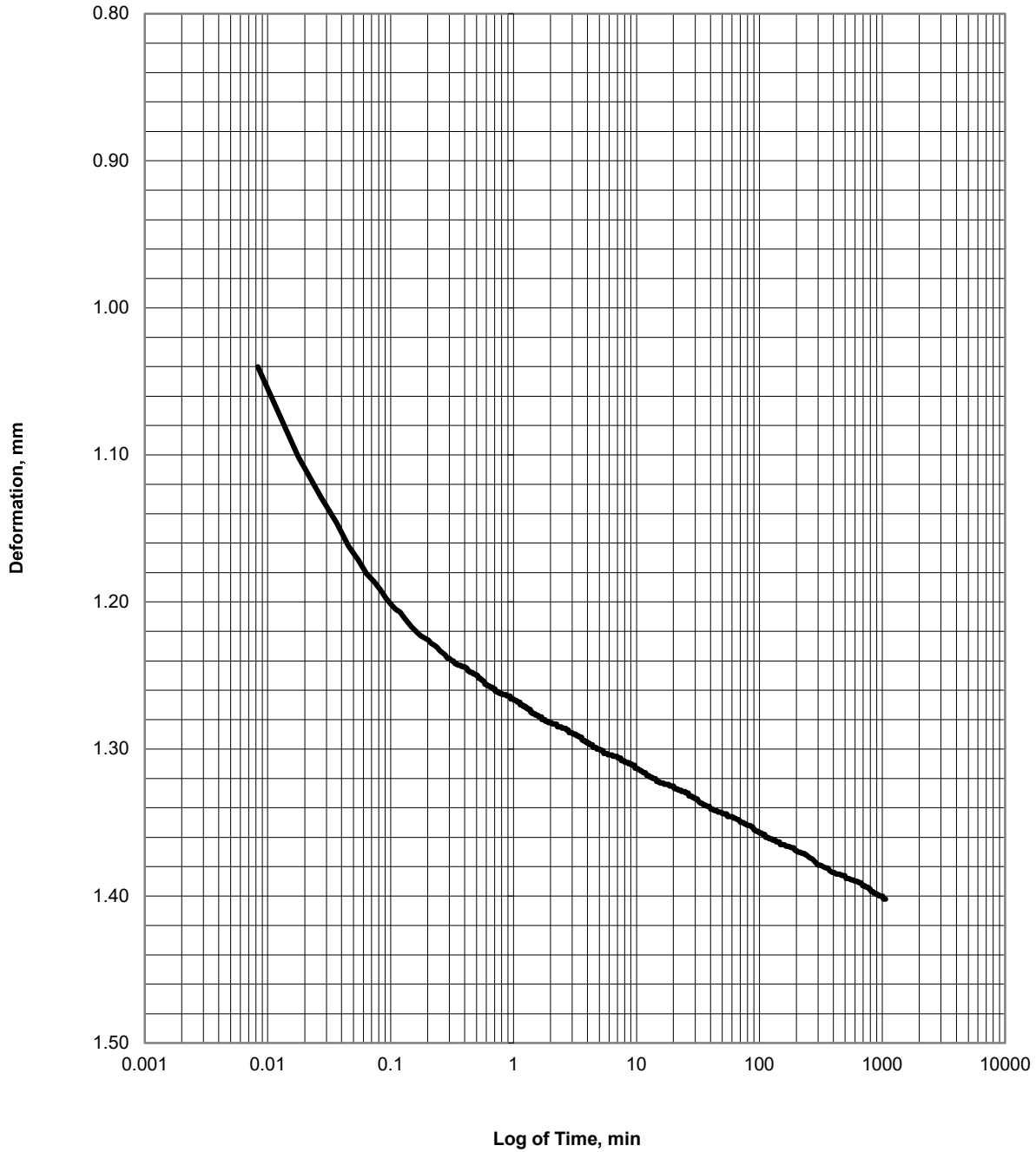
Load Sequence, tsf = 23.37, 6.1, 1.52, 0.38, 0.1

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
 Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 6 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.8 ft



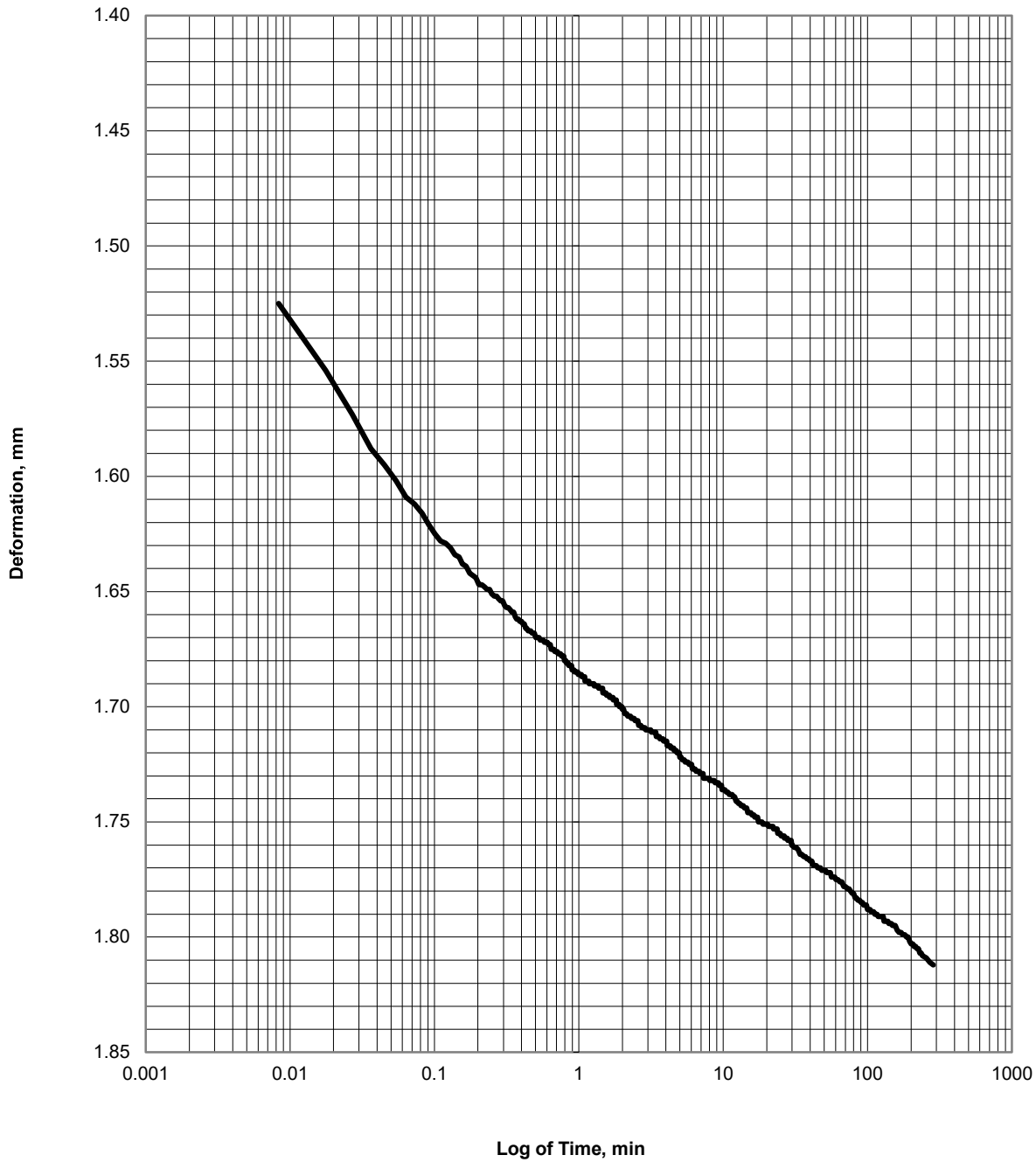
Applied Stress, tsf = 2.03

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 7 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.8 ft



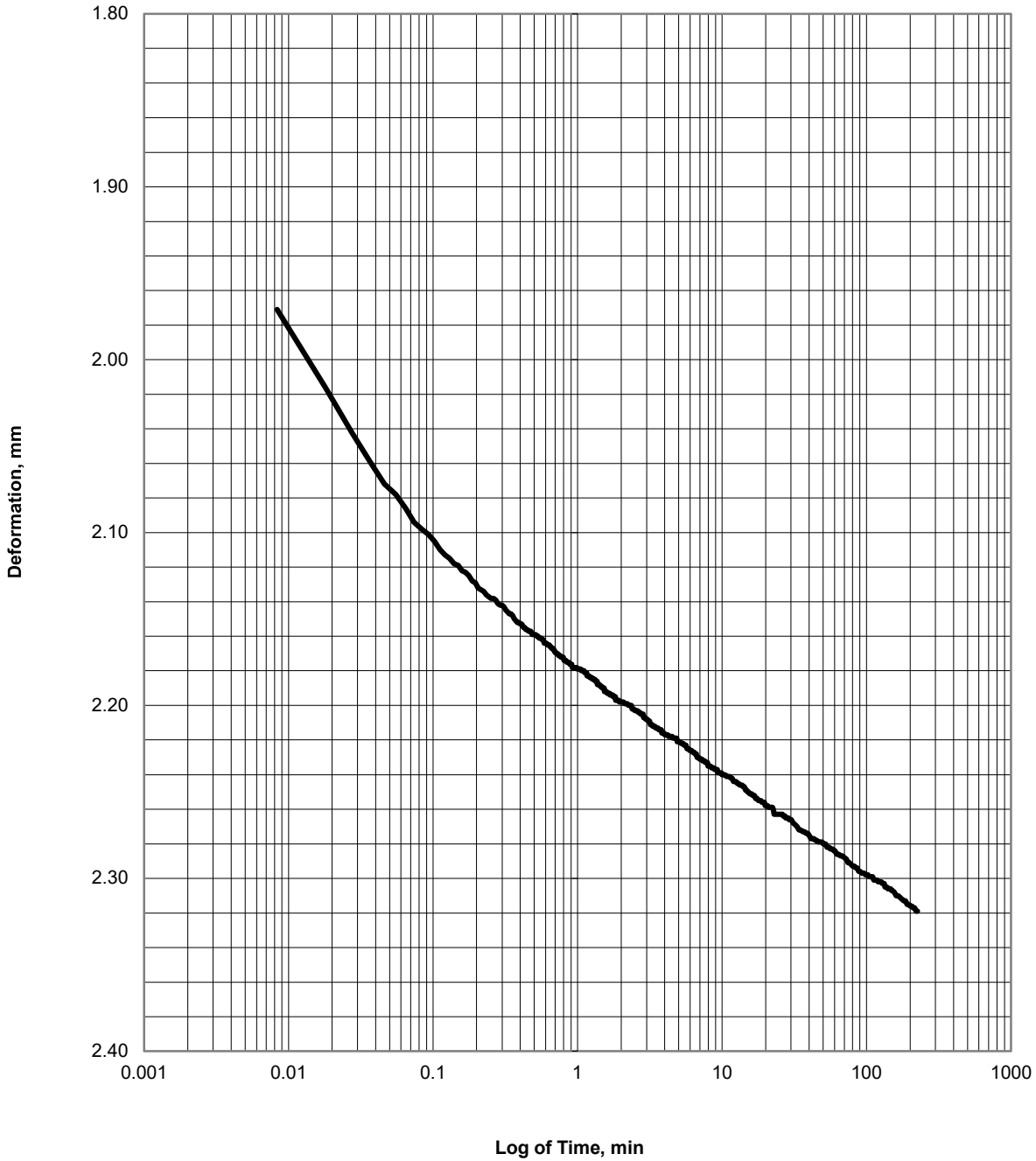
Applied Stress, tsf = 4.06

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_y3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
King County, Washington

PLOT OF LOAD INCREMENT 8 (LOG TIME)
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22.8 ft



Applied Stress, tsf = 8.13

Specimen trimmed using a trimming turntable and indudated with distilled water.
Tested by AKV in accordance with ASTM D2435-11. Finalized by JFL.

CONSOL_v3.0_NOTB_snoqualmie mill_EB-1_22.8.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 22 ft
EFFECTIVE CONFINING PRESSURE = 14 psi

SPECIMEN DATA AND TEST RESULTS

Sample Classification:
 Silt; ML; LL =28; PL =27

			Initial	Post-Consolidation	Post-Shear
Specific Gravity, G_s (Assumed)	2.7	Height, in	5.197	5.165	4.488
Initial Specimen State	Intact	Diameter, in	2.575	2.546	---
Specimen Saturation Method	Wet	Aspect Ratio	2.02	2.03	---
B-value at End of Saturation	0.99	Wet Mass, grams	696.4	669.9	669.9
Specimen Height Post-Saturation, in	5.196	Water Content	34.9%	29.8%	29.8%
Effective Confining Pressure, psf	2016	Wet Unit Weight, pcf	98.0	97.0	97.0
Time to 50% Primary Consolidation, min	6	Dry Unit Weight, pcf	72.7	74.8	74.8
Post Consolidation Area Calculation	Method A	Void Ratio	1.32	1.25	---
Shear Rate, in/min	0.0004	Percent Saturation	71.7%	64.4%	---
Shear Rate, %/min	0.0085	Area, in ²	5.207	5.091	---

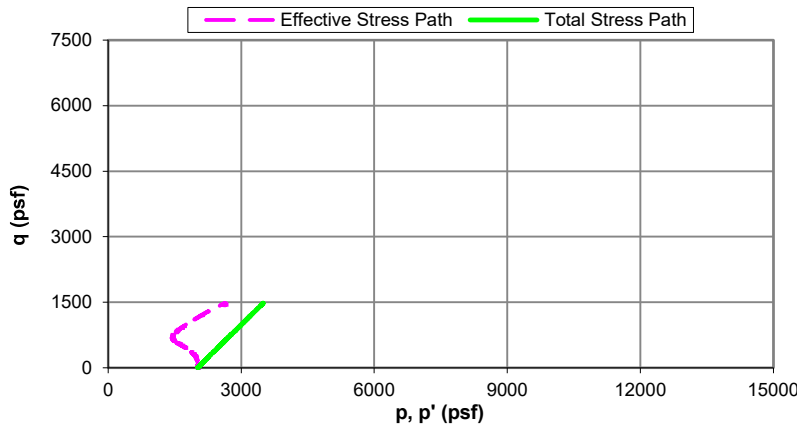
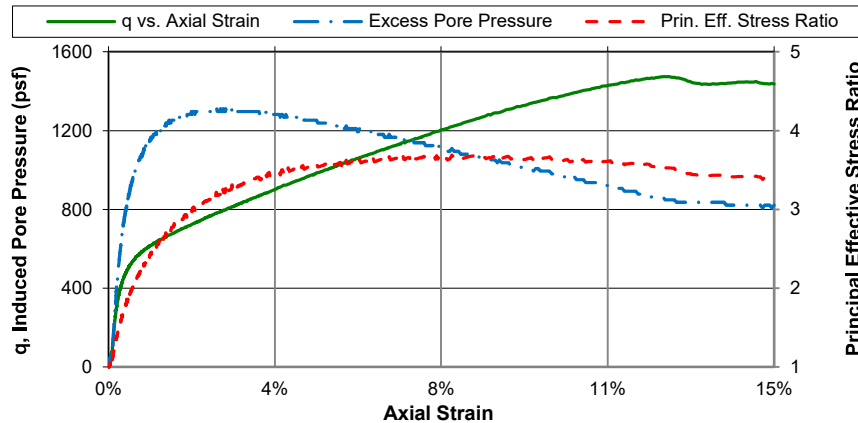
CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH FAILURE CRITERION SUMMARY

Peak Principal Effective Stress Difference Criterion

Principal Effective Stress Difference	2950 psf
Effective Major Principal Stress	4110 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	1160 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	12.54%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	1.99%

Peak Principal Effective Stress Ratio Criterion

Principal Effective Stress Ratio	3.69
Effective Major Principal Stress	3350 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	910 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	7.74%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	0.43%



Pre-Shear Specimen Photo



Post-Shear Specimen Photo



Principal Stress Difference adjusted for filter-paper and membrane effects.

Water content derived from entire specimen.

Test procedures and calculations were performed in accordance with ASTM D4767-11. Original document produced in color.

Tested by AKV. Finalized by JFL.

Snoqualmie Mill TXCU_v5.0_NOTB_Snoqualmie Mill_020818.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 37 ft
 EFFECTIVE CONFINING PRESSURE = 28 psi

SPECIMEN DATA AND TEST RESULTS

Sample Classification:
 Silt; ML; LL =42; PL =27

			Initial	Post-Consolidation	Post-Shear
Specific Gravity, G_s (Assumed)	2.78	Height, in	4.479	4.323	3.675
Initial Specimen State	Intact	Diameter, in	2.390	2.274	---
Specimen Saturation Method	Wet	Aspect Ratio	1.87	1.90	---
B-value at End of Saturation	0.96	Wet Mass, grams	680.1	639.6	639.6
Specimen Height Post-Saturation, in	4.432	Water Content	46.3%	37.6%	37.6%
Effective Confining Pressure, psf	4032	Wet Unit Weight, pcf	129.0	138.7	138.7
Time to 50% Primary Consolidation, min	23	Dry Unit Weight, pcf	88.1	100.8	100.8
Post Consolidation Area Calculation	Method A	Void Ratio	0.97	0.72	---
Shear Rate, in/min	0.0004	Percent Saturation	100.0%	100.0%	---
Shear Rate, %/min	0.0102	Area, in ²	4.485	4.061	---

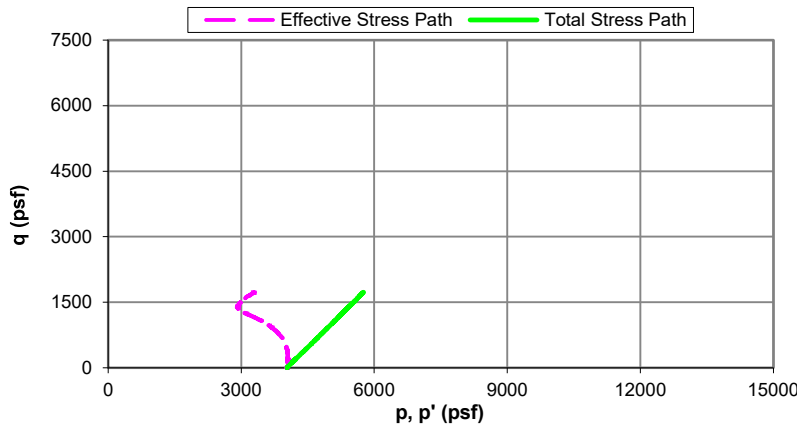
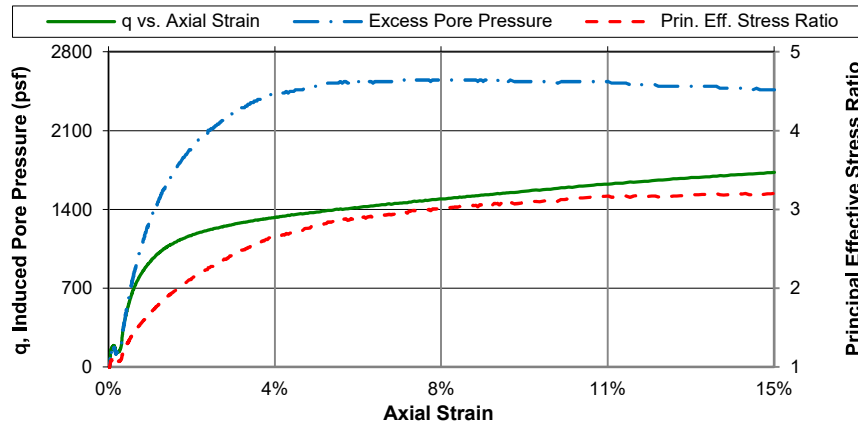
CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH FAILURE CRITERION SUMMARY

Peak Principal Effective Stress Difference Criterion

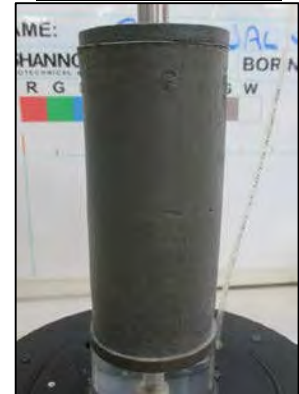
Principal Effective Stress Difference	3460 psf
Effective Major Principal Stress	5030 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	1570 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	15.01%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	0.80%

Peak Principal Effective Stress Ratio Criterion

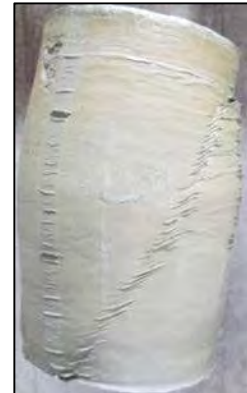
Principal Effective Stress Ratio	3.21
Effective Major Principal Stress	4990 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	1560 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	14.60%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	0.81%



Pre-Shear Specimen Photo



Post-Shear Specimen Photo



Principal Stress Difference adjusted for filter-paper and membrane effects.
 Water content derived from entire specimen. Specific Gravity estimated by hydrometer data; actual specific gravity may vary.
 Test procedures and calculations were performed in accordance with ASTM D4767-11. Original document produced in color.
 Tested by AKV. Finalized by JFL.

Snoqualmie Mill TXCU_v5.0_NOTB_Snoqualmie Mill_020818.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

BORING EB-1, SAMPLE , 37.5 ft
EFFECTIVE CONFINING PRESSURE = 42 psi

SPECIMEN DATA AND TEST RESULTS

Sample Classification:
 Silt; ML

		Initial	Post-Consolidation	Post-Shear
Specific Gravity, G_s (Assumed)	2.78	5.175	4.978	4.231
Initial Specimen State	Intact	2.442	2.327	---
Specimen Saturation Method	Wet	2.12	2.14	---
B-value at End of Saturation	0.96	665.7	612.0	612.0
Specimen Height Post-Saturation, in	5.135	47.4%	35.5%	35.5%
Effective Confining Pressure, psf	6048	104.6	110.1	110.1
Time to 50% Primary Consolidation, min	27	71.0	81.2	81.2
Post Consolidation Area Calculation	Method A	1.44	1.13	---
Shear Rate, in/min	0.0004	91.5%	87.2%	---
Shear Rate, %/min	0.0088	4.685	4.253	---
Height, in				
Diameter, in				
Aspect Ratio				
Wet Mass, grams				
Water Content				
Wet Unit Weight, pcf				
Dry Unit Weight, pcf				
Void Ratio				
Percent Saturation				
Area, in ²				

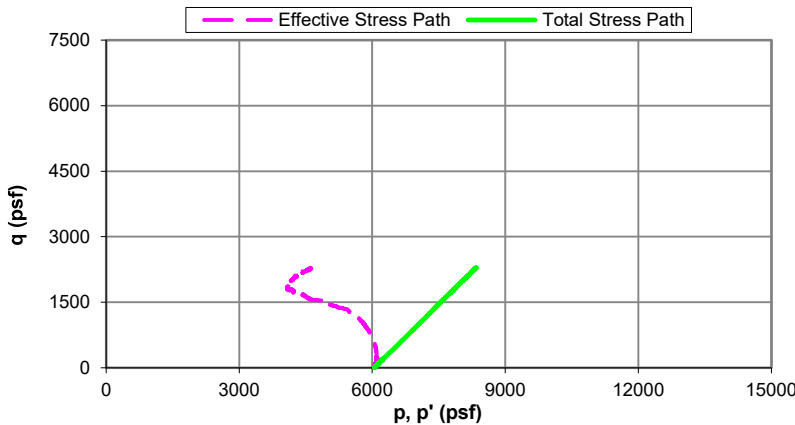
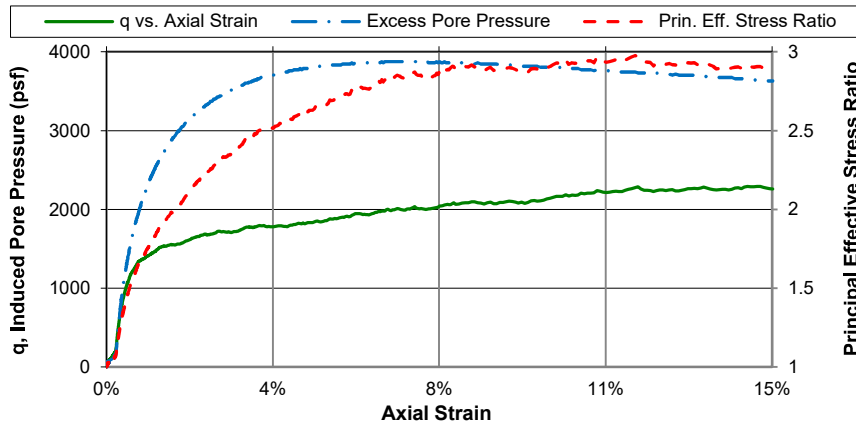
CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH FAILURE CRITERION SUMMARY

Peak Principal Effective Stress Difference Criterion

Principal Effective Stress Difference	4580 psf
Effective Major Principal Stress	6990 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	2410 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	14.73%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	0.52%

Peak Principal Effective Stress Ratio Criterion

Principal Effective Stress Ratio	2.97
Effective Major Principal Stress	6900 psf
Effective Minor Principal Stress	2320 psf
Axial Strain at Peak	11.97%
Axial Strain at 50% Peak	0.50%



Pre-Shear Specimen Photo



Post-Shear Specimen Photo



Principal Stress Difference adjusted for filter-paper and membrane effects.
 Water content derived from entire specimen. Specific Gravity estimated by hydrometer data; actual specific gravity may vary.
 Test procedures and calculations were performed in accordance with ASTM D4767-11. Original document produced in color.
 Tested by AKV. Finalized by JFL.

Snoqualmie Mill TXCU_v5.0_NOTB_Snoqualmie Mill_020818.xlsm 02/22/18

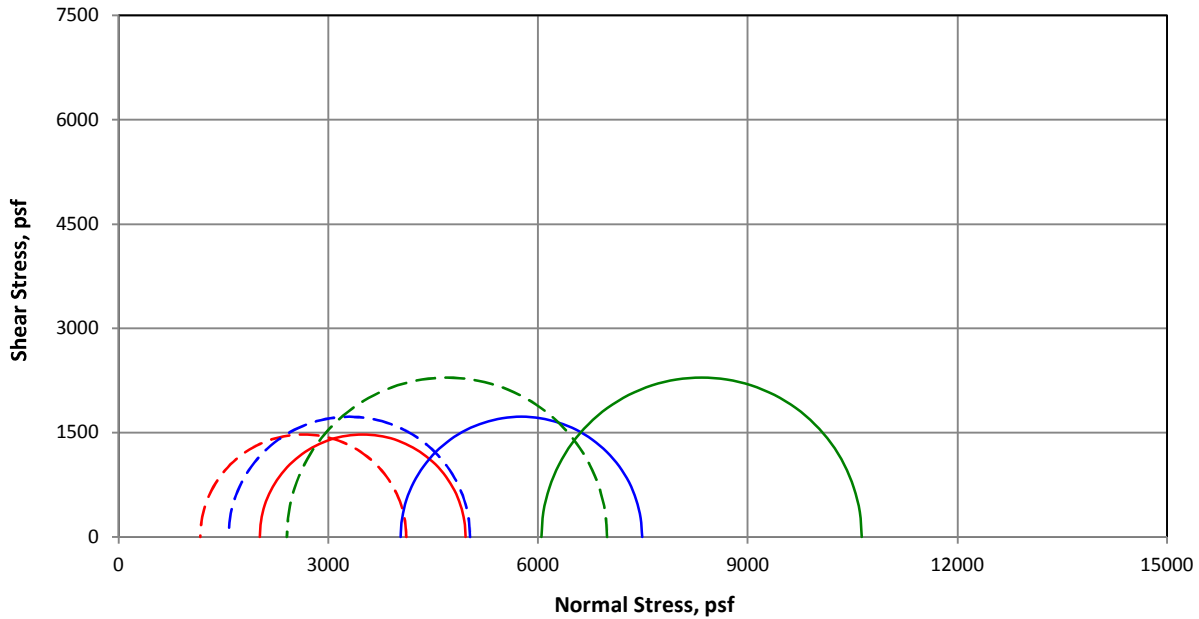
Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

MOHR'S CIRCLE PLOTS
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE

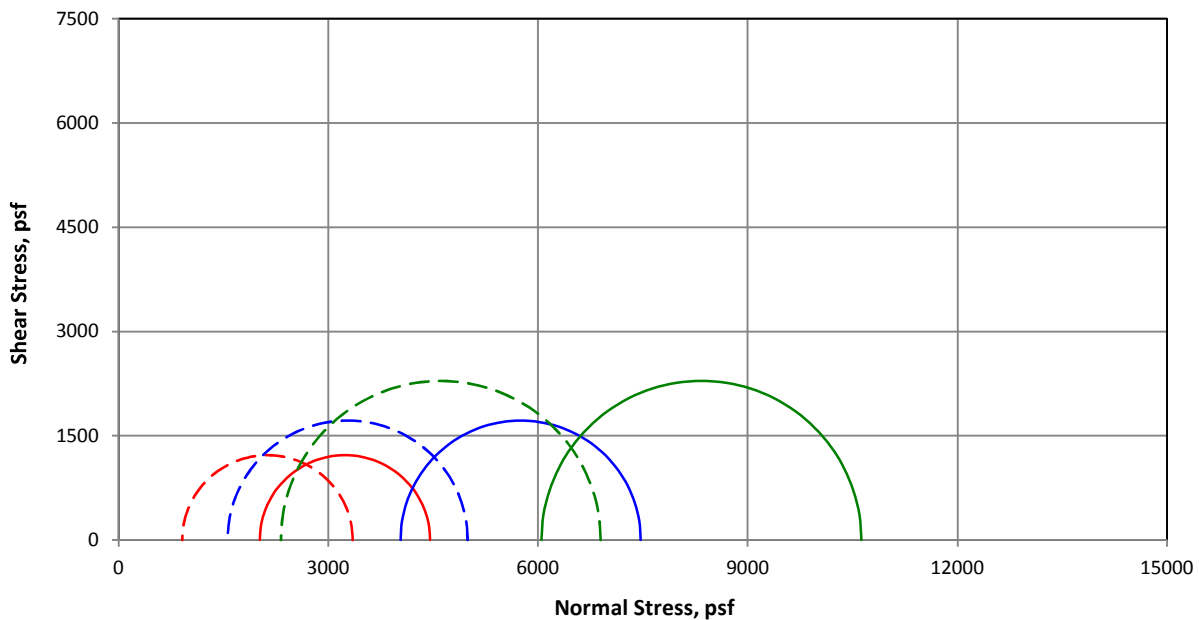
SPECIMEN SUMMARY

— TS EB-1, , 22ft	— TS EB-1, , 37ft	— TS EB-1, , 37.5ft
- - - EFF EB-1, , 22ft	- - - EFF EB-1, , 37ft	- - - EFF EB-1, , 37.5ft

MOHR'S CIRCLE PLOT BASED ON MAXIMUM PRINCIPAL EFFECTIVE STRESS DIFFERENCE



MOHR'S CIRCLE PLOT BASED ON MAXIMUM PRINCIPAL EFFECTIVE STRESS RATIO



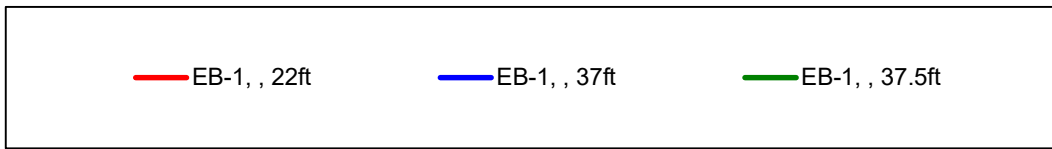
Test procedures and calculations were performed in accordance with ASTM D4767-11.
 Original document produced in color.
 Tested by AKV. Finalized by JFL.

Snoqualmie Mill TXCU_v5.0_NOTB_Snoqualmie Mill_020818.xlsm 02/22/18

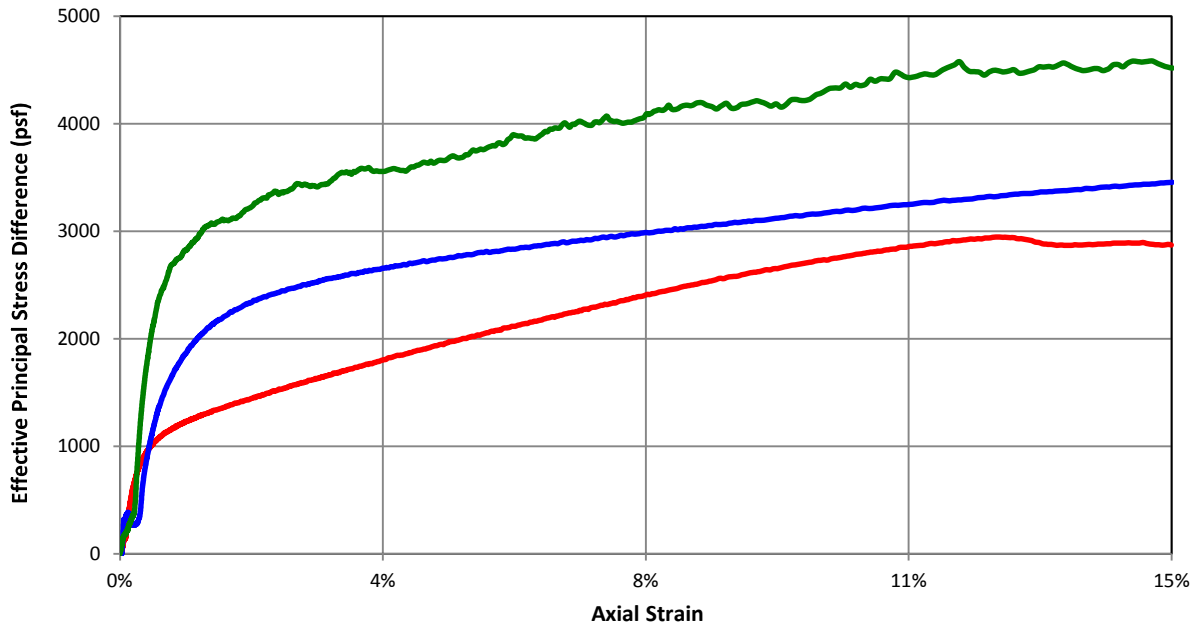
Snoqualmie Mill
 King County, Washington

STRESS BEHAVIOR PLOTS
BORING EB-1, SAMPLE

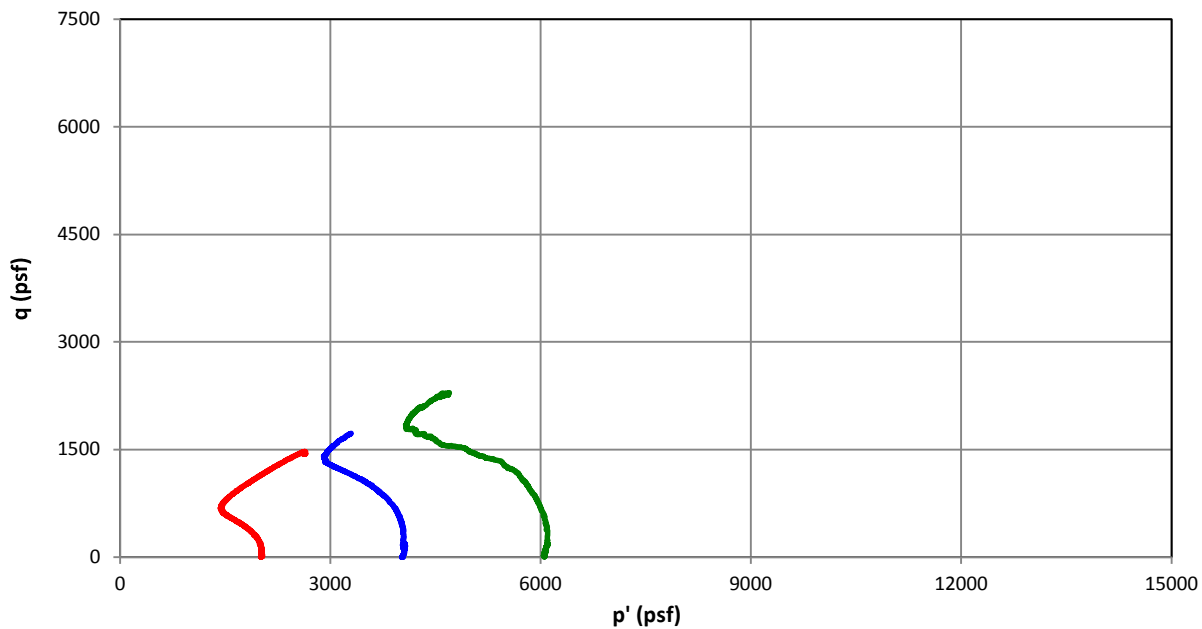
SPECIMEN SUMMARY



STRESS-STRAIN PLOT



STRESS PATH PLOT



TXCU_v5.0_NOTB_Snoqualmie Mill_020818.xlsm 02/22/18

Snoqualmie Mill

Test procedures and calculations were performed in accordance with ASTM D4767-11.
 Original document produced in color.
 Tested by AKV. Finalized by JFL.

BETA**BETA ANALYTIC INC.**

DR. M.A. TAMERS and MR. D.G. HOOD

4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305-667-5167 FAX:305-663-0964
beta@radiocarbon.com**REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES**

Mr. Curtis J. Koger

Report Date: 5/21/2012

Associated Earth Sciences, Incorporated

Material Received: 5/14/2012

Sample Data	Measured Radiocarbon Age	13C/12C Ratio	Conventional Radiocarbon Age(*)
Beta - 322015 SAMPLE : KH120126MW1@37.5 ANALYSIS : AMS-Standard delivery MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (wood): acid/alkali/acid 2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : Cal BC 4360 to 4330 (Cal BP 6310 to 6280)	5510 +/- 30 BP	-25.8 o/oo	5500 +/- 30 BP
Beta - 322016 SAMPLE : KH120126MW1@194 ANALYSIS : AMS-Standard delivery MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (wood): acid/alkali/acid 2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : Cal BC 7050 to 6690 (Cal BP 9000 to 8640)	7960 +/- 40 BP	-25.0 o/oo	7960 +/- 40 BP

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = AD 1950). By international convention, the modern reference standard was 95% the 14C activity of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Oxalic Acid (SRM 4990C) and calculated using the Libby 14C half-life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 relative standard deviation statistics (68% probability) counting errors based on the combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards. Measured 13C/12C ratios (delta 13C) were calculated relative to the PDB-1 standard.

The Conventional Radiocarbon Age represents the Measured Radiocarbon Age corrected for isotopic fractionation, calculated using the delta 13C. On rare occasion where the Conventional Radiocarbon Age was calculated using an assumed delta 13C, the ratio and the Conventional Radiocarbon Age will be followed by "**". The Conventional Radiocarbon Age is not calendar calibrated. When available, the Calendar Calibrated result is calculated from the Conventional Radiocarbon Age and is listed as the "Two Sigma Calibrated Result" for each sample.



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... Delivered On-time*

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Miami, Florida 33155 USA
Tel: 305 667 5167
Fax: 305 663 0964
Beta@radiocarbon.com
www.radiocarbon.com

Darden Hood
President
Ronald Hatfield
Christopher Patrick
Deputy Directors

May 21, 2012

Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Incorporated
911 Fifth Avenue
Suite 100
Kirkland, WA 98033
USA

RE: Radiocarbon Dating Results For Samples KH120126MW1@37.5, KH120126MW1@194

Dear Mr. Koger:

Enclosed are the radiocarbon dating results for two samples recently sent to us. They each provided plenty of carbon for accurate measurements and all the analyses proceeded normally. As usual, the method of analysis is listed on the report with the results and calibration data is provided where applicable.

As always, no students or intern researchers who would necessarily be distracted with other obligations and priorities were used in the analyses. We analyzed them with the combined attention of our entire professional staff.

If you have specific questions about the analyses, please contact us. We are always available to answer your questions.

The cost of the analysis was charged to the MASTERCARD card provided. A receipt is enclosed. with the mailed report copy Thank you. As always, if you have any questions or would like to discuss the results, don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,


Digital signature on file

CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: C13/C12=-25;lab.mult=1)

Laboratory number: **Beta-322016**

Conventional radiocarbon age: **7960±40 BP**

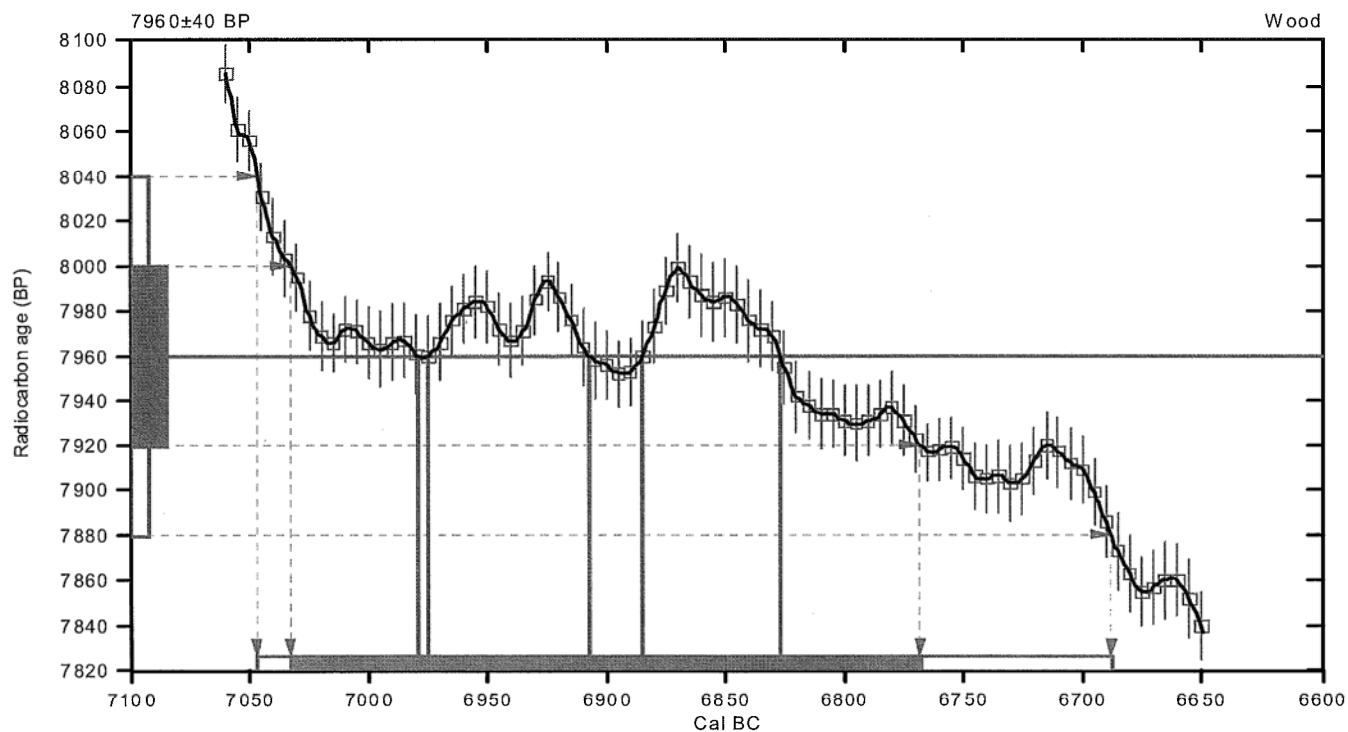
2 Sigma calibrated result: Cal BC 7050 to 6690 (Cal BP 9000 to 8640)
(95% probability)

Intercept data

Intercepts of radiocarbon age
with calibration curve:

Cal BC 6980 (Cal BP 8930) and
Cal BC 6980 (Cal BP 8920) and
Cal BC 6910 (Cal BP 8860) and
Cal BC 6880 (Cal BP 8840) and
Cal BC 6830 (Cal BP 8780)

1 Sigma calibrated result: Cal BC 7030 to 6770 (Cal BP 8980 to 8720)
(68% probability)



References:

Database used

INTCAL09

References to INTCAL09 database

Heaton, et al., 2009, *Radiocarbon* 51(4):1151-1164, Reimer, et al., 2009, *Radiocarbon* 51(4):1111-1150,
Stuiver, et al., 1993, *Radiocarbon* 35(1):137-189, Oeschger, et al., 1975, *Tellus* 27:168-192

Mathematics used for calibration scenario

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates

Talma, A. S., Vogel, J. C., 1993, *Radiocarbon* 35(2):317-322

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

4985 S.W. 74th Court, Miami, Florida 33155 • Tel: (305)667-5167 • Fax: (305)663-0964 • E-Mail: beta@radiocarbon.com

CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: C13/C12=-25.8:lab. mult=1)

Laboratory number: **Beta-322015**

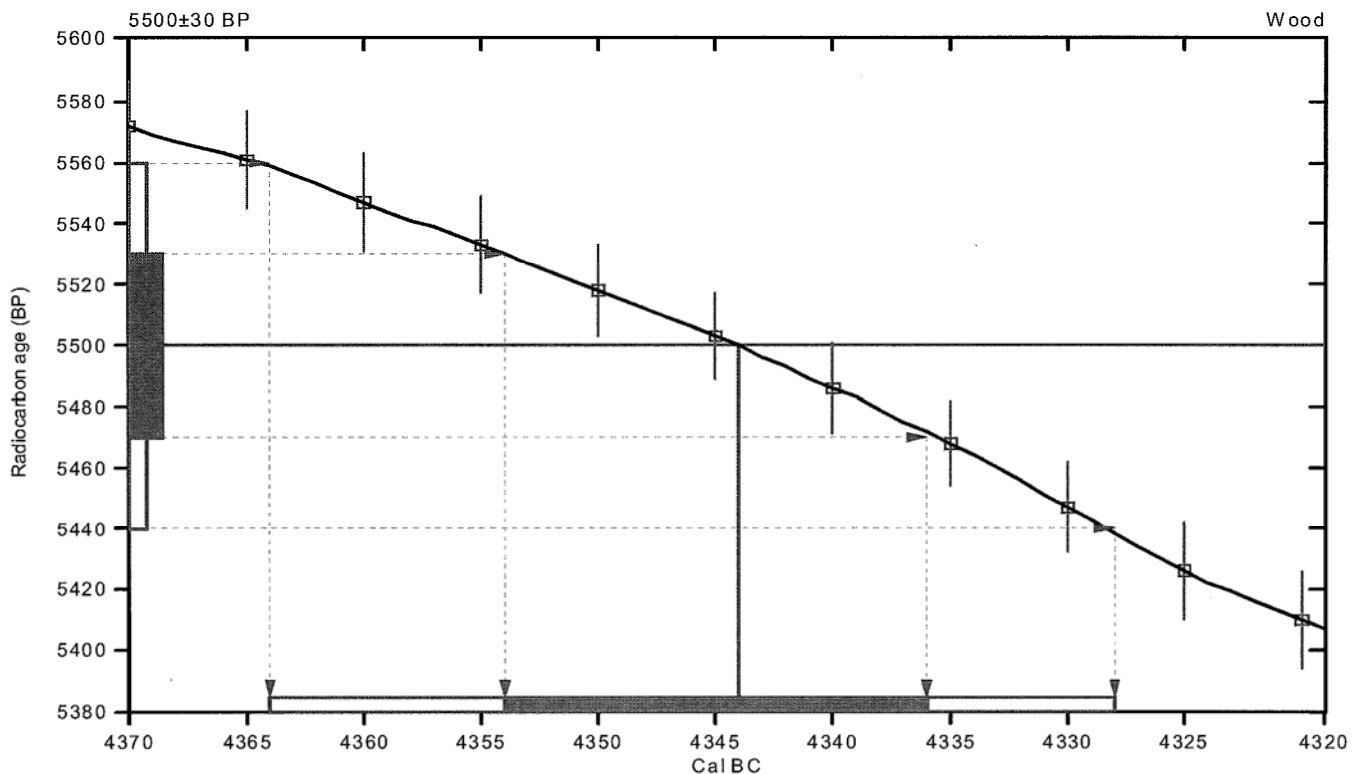
Conventional radiocarbon age: **5500±30 BP**

2 Sigma calibrated result: **Cal BC 4360 to 4330 (Cal BP 6310 to 6280)**
(95% probability)

Intercept data

Intercept of radiocarbon age
with calibration curve: **Cal BC 4340 (Cal BP 6290)**

1 Sigma calibrated result: **Cal BC 4350 to 4340 (Cal BP 6300 to 6290)**
(68% probability)



References:

Database used

INTCAL09

References to INTCAL09 database

Heaton, et al., 2009, Radiocarbon 51(4):1151-1164, Reimer, et al., 2009, Radiocarbon 51(4):1111-1150, Stuiver, et al., 1993, Radiocarbon 35(1):137-189, Oeschger, et al., 1975, Tellus 27:168-192

Mathematics used for calibration scenario

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates

Talma, A. S., Vogel, J. C., 1993, Radiocarbon 35(2):317-322

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

4985 S.W. 74th Court, Miami, Florida 33155 • Tel: (305)667-5167 • Fax: (305)663-0964 • E-Mail: beta@radiocarbon.com

BETA ANALYTIC INC.

RADIOCARBON DATING SERVICES

Dr. JERRY J. STIPP
Dr. MURRY A. TAMERS
CO-DIRECTORS

DARDEN G. HOOD, P.G.
Laboratory Head

RONALD E. HATFIELD
Laboratory Manager

CHRISTOPHER PATRICK
TERESA A. ZILKO-MILLER
Associate Managers

July 21, 1995

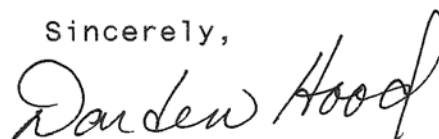
Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.
911 5th Avenue
Suite 100
Kirkland, Washington 98033

Dear Mr. Koger:

Please find enclosed the radiocarbon dating results on one wood sample recently submitted for analysis. It provided plenty of carbon for a precise measurement after full pretreatments. In addition to the results, please review the enclosed discussions on applied methodology, pretreatments and calendar calibration. The reported "Conventional C14 Age" is the radiocarbon date of interest and was the value used to calculate the calendar equivalent age.

Our invoice is enclosed. Thank you in advance, for your prompt attention to its payment. As always, if you have any specific questions, please do not hesitate to fax, e-mail, or call us.

Sincerely,



P.S. Please note the two new services for 1996; SEM analysis of carbon dated materials and the ADVANCE AMS analysis service with 14 day delivery (literature enclosed).



BETA ANALYTIC INC.

DR. J.J. STIPP and DR. M.A. TAMERS

UNIVERSITY BRANCH
4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305/667-5167 FAX: 305/663-0964
E-mail: beta@analytic.win.net

REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES

FOR: Mr. Curtis J. Koger

Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

DATE RECEIVED: June 29, 1995

DATE REPORTED: July 20, 1995

Sample Data	Measured C14 Age	C13/C12 Ratio	Conventional C14 Age (*)
Beta-83433	3050 +/- 80 BP	-25.0* o/oo	3050 +/- 80* BP

SAMPLE #: EB-1 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 25

ANALYSIS: radiometric-standard

MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT:(wood): acid/alkali/acid

NOTE: It is important to read the calendar calibration information and to use the calendar calibrated results (reported separately) when interpreting these results in AD/BC terms.

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = 1950A.D.). By International convention, the modern reference standard was 95% of the C14 content of the National Bureau of Standards' Oxalic Acid & calculated using the Libby C14 half life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 standard deviation statistics (68% probability) & are based on combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards.

Measured C13/C12 ratios were calculated relative to the PDB-1 international standard and the RCYBP ages were normalized to -25 per mil. If the ratio and age are accompanied by an (*), then the C13/C12 value was estimated, based on values typical of the material type. The quoted results are NOT calibrated to calendar years. Calibration to calendar years should be calculated using the Conventional C14 age.

CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: estimated C13/C12=-25:lab mult.=1)

Laboratory Number: Beta-83433

Conventional radiocarbon age*: 3050 +/- 80 BP

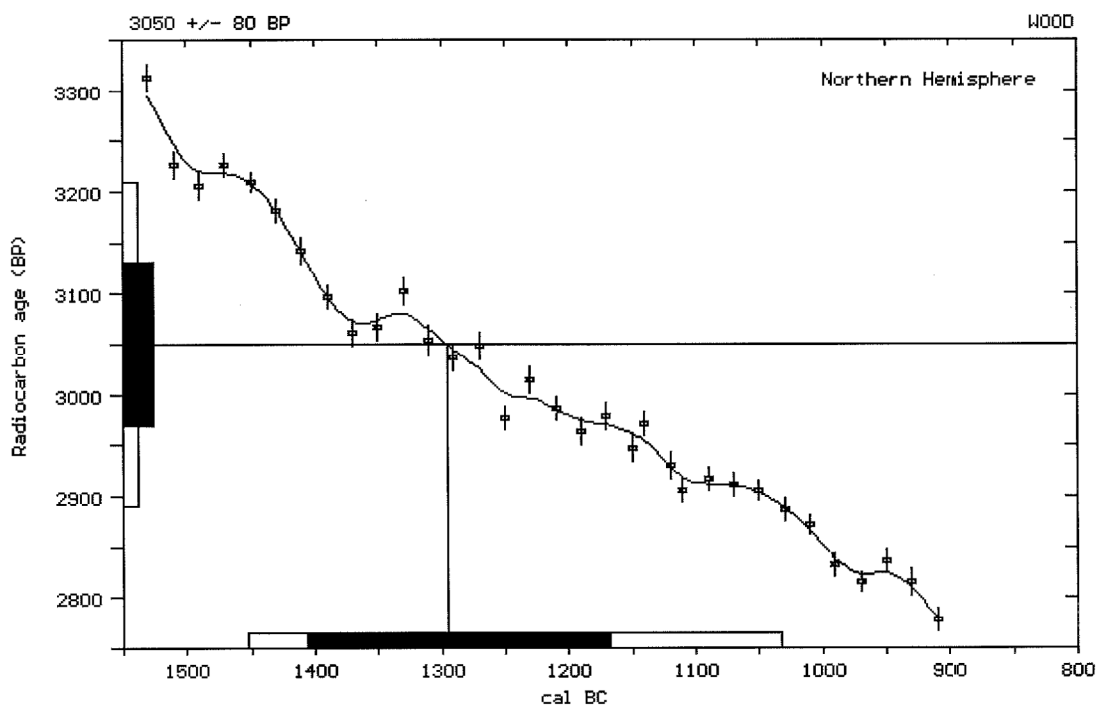
Calibrated results: cal BC 1450 to 1030
(2 sigma, 95% probability)

* C13/C12 ratio estimated

Intercept data:

Intercept of radiocarbon age
with calibration curve: cal BC 1295

1 sigma calibrated results: cal BC 1405 to 1170
(68% probability)



References:

Pretoria Calibration Curve for Short Lived Samples

Vogel, J. C., Fuls, A., Visser, E. and Becker, B., 1993, *Radiocarbon* 35(1), p73-86

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates

Talma, A. S. and Vogel, J. C., 1993, *Radiocarbon* 35(2), p317-322

Calibration - 1993

Stuiver, M., Long, A., Kra, R. S. and Devine, J. M., 1993, *Radiocarbon* 35(1)

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

4985 S.W. 74th Court, Miami, Florida 33155 ■ Tel: (305)667-5167 ■ Fax: (305)386-0964 ■ E-mail: beta@analytic.win.net

BETA**BETA ANALYTIC INC.**

DR. M.A. TAMERS and MR. D.G. HOOD

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4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305/667-5167 FAX: 305/663-0964
E-MAIL: beta@radiocarbon.com**REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES**

Mr. Curtis J. Koger/Jenny Hilden

Report Date: 2/23/01

Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

Material Received: 1/15/01

Sample Data	Measured Radiocarbon Age	¹³ C/ ¹² C Ratio	Conventional Radiocarbon Age(*)
-------------	--------------------------	--	---------------------------------

Beta - 151591	> 41240 BP	-25.0* o/oo	> 41240 BP
SAMPLE : KH00005C-TW8-248FEET			
ANALYSIS : Radiometric-Standard delivery			
MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (wood): acid/alkali/acid			
2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : (result is outside of the calibration range)			

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = 1950A.D.). By International convention, the modern reference standard was 95% of the C14 content of the National Bureau of Standards' Oxalic Acid & calculated using the Libby C14 half life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 standard deviation statistics (68% probability) & are based on combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards.

Measured C13/C12 ratios were calculated relative to the PDB-1 international standard and the RCYBP ages were normalized to -25 per mil. If the ratio and age are accompanied by an (*), then the C13/C12 value was estimated, based on values typical of the material type. The quoted results are NOT calibrated to calendar years. Calibration to calendar years should be calculated using the Conventional C14 age.

**BETA ANALYTIC INC.**


DR. M.A. TAMERS and MR. D.G. HOOD

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4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305/667-5167 FAX: 305/663-0964
E-MAIL: beta@radiocarbon.com**REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES**

Mr. Curtis J. Koger/Jenny Hilden

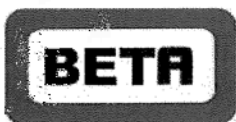
Report Date: 2/23/01

Sample Data	Measured Radiocarbon Age	¹³ C/ ¹² C Ratio	Conventional Radiocarbon Age(*)
Beta - 151592	> 40380 BP	-25.0* ‰	> 40380 BP
SAMPLE : KH00005C-TW8-395FEET			
ANALYSIS : Radiometric-Standard delivery			
MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (wood): acid/alkali/acid			
2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : (result is outside of the calibration range)			



Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = 1950A.D.). By International convention, the modern reference standard was 95% of the C14 content of the National Bureau of Standards' Oxalic Acid & calculated using the Libby C14 half life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 standard deviation statistics (68% probability) & are based on combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards.

Measured C13/C12 ratios were calculated relative to the PDB-1 international standard and the RCYBP ages were normalized to -25 per mil. If the ratio and age are accompanied by an (*), then the C13/C12 value was estimated, based on values typical of the material type. The quoted results are NOT calibrated to calendar years. Calibration to calendar years should be calculated using the Conventional C14 age.



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Darden Hood
President
Ronald Hatfield
Christopher Patrick
Deputy Directors

July 31, 2015

Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Incorporated
911 Fifth Avenue, Suite 100
Kirkland, WA 98033
USA

RE: Radiocarbon Dating Results For Samples KE150249EB2@45- Organic Sediment,
KE150249EB2@65, KE150249EB2@45- Plant

Dear Mr. Koger:

Enclosed are the radiocarbon dating results for three samples recently sent to us. As usual, the method of analysis is listed on the report with the results and calibration data is provided where applicable. The Conventional Radiocarbon Ages have all been corrected for total fractionation effects and where applicable, calibration was performed using 2013 calibration databases (cited on the graph pages).

The web directory containing the table of results and PDF download also contains pictures, a cvs spreadsheet download option and a quality assurance report containing expected vs. measured values for 3-5 working standards analyzed simultaneously with your samples.

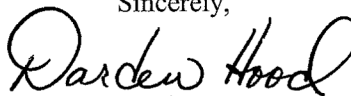
Reported results are accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Testing Accreditation PJLA #59423 standards and all chemistry was performed here in our laboratories and counted in our own accelerators here in Miami. Since Beta is not a teaching laboratory, only graduates trained to strict protocols of the ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Testing Accreditation PJLA #59423 program participated in the analyses.

As always Conventional Radiocarbon Ages and sigmas are rounded to the nearest 10 years per the conventions of the 1977 International Radiocarbon Conference. When counting statistics produce sigmas lower than +/- 30 years, a conservative +/- 30 BP is cited for the result.

When interpreting the results, please consider any communications you may have had with us regarding the samples. As always, your inquiries are most welcome. If you have any questions or would like further details of the analyses, please do not hesitate to contact us.

The cost of the analysis was charged to the VISA card provided. Thank you. As always, if you have any questions or would like to discuss the results, don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,


Digital signature on file

BETA**BETA ANALYTIC INC.**

DR. M.A. TAMERS and MR. D.G. HOOD

4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305-667-5167 FAX:305-663-0964
beta@radiocarbon.com**REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES**

Mr. Curtis J. Koger

Report Date: 7/31/2015

Associated Earth Sciences, Incorporated

Material Received: 7/23/2015

Sample Data	Measured Radiocarbon Age	d13C	Conventional Radiocarbon Age(*)
Beta - 415738 SAMPLE : KE150249EB2@45- Organic Sediment ANALYSIS : AMS-Standard delivery MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (organic sediment): acid washes 2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : Cal BC 4940 to 4790 (Cal BP 6890 to 6740)	6040 +/- 30 BP	-28.5 o/oo	5980 +/- 30 BP
Beta - 415739 SAMPLE : KE150249EB2@65 ANALYSIS : AMS-Standard delivery MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (plant material): acid/alkali/acid 2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : Cal BC 4830 to 4815 (Cal BP 6780 to 6765) and Cal BC 4805 to 4705 (Cal BP 6755 to 6655)	5920 +/- 30 BP	-26.8 o/oo	5890 +/- 30 BP
Beta - 415972 SAMPLE : KE150249EB2@45- Plant ANALYSIS : AMS-Standard delivery MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT : (plant material): acid/alkali/acid 2 SIGMA CALIBRATION : Cal BC 4830 to 4815 (Cal BP 6780 to 6765) and Cal BC 4805 to 4705 (Cal BP 6755 to 6655)	5890 +/- 30 BP	-25.1 o/oo	5890 +/- 30 BP

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = AD 1950). By international convention, the modern reference standard was 95% the ¹⁴C activity of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Oxalic Acid (SRM 4990C) and calculated using the Libby ¹⁴C half-life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 relative standard deviation statistics (68% probability) counting errors based on the combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards. Measured ¹³C/¹²C ratios (delta ¹³C) were calculated relative to the PDB-1 standard.

The Conventional Radiocarbon Age represents the Measured Radiocarbon Age corrected for isotopic fractionation, calculated using the delta ¹³C. On rare occasion where the Conventional Radiocarbon Age was calculated using an assumed delta ¹³C, the ratio and the Conventional Radiocarbon Age will be followed by "**". The Conventional Radiocarbon Age is not calendar calibrated. When available, the Calendar Calibrated result is calculated from the Conventional Radiocarbon Age and is listed as the "Two Sigma Calibrated Result" for each sample.

CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: C13/C12 = -25.1 o/oo : lab. mult = 1)

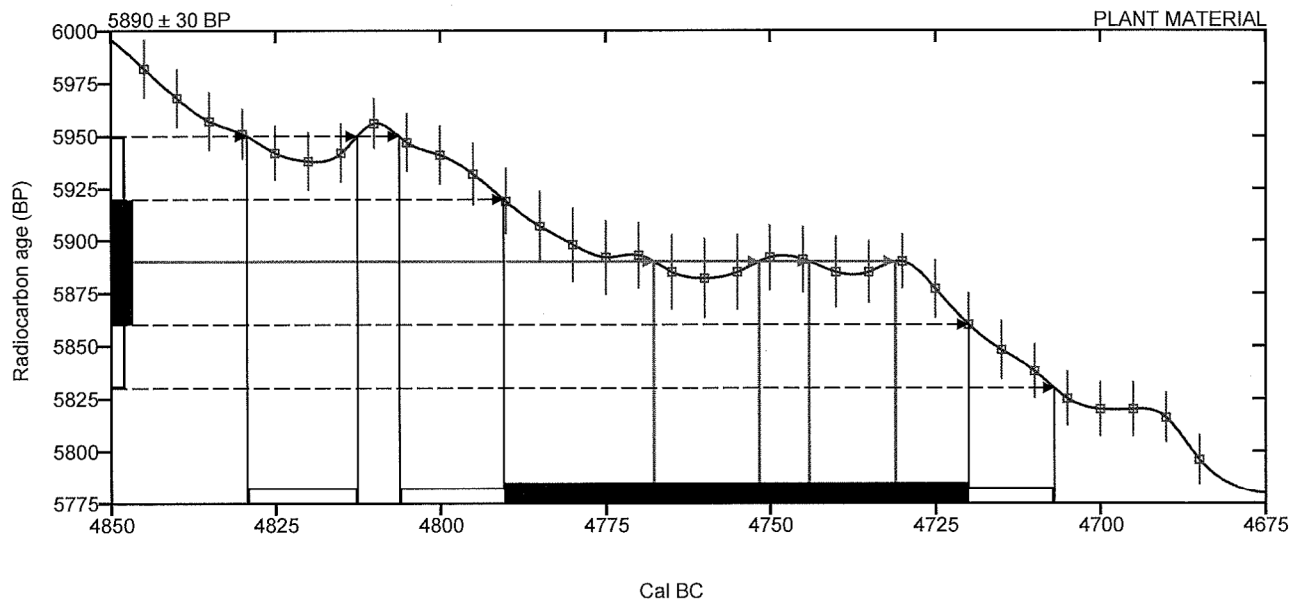
Laboratory number **Beta-415972**

Conventional radiocarbon age **5890 ± 30 BP**

Calibrated Result (95% Probability) **Cal BC 4830 to 4815 (Cal BP 6780 to 6765)**
Cal BC 4805 to 4705 (Cal BP 6755 to 6655)

Intercept of radiocarbon age with calibration curve **Cal BC 4770 (Cal BP 6720)**
curve **Cal BC 4750 (Cal BP 6700)**
 Cal BC 4745 (Cal BP 6695)
 Cal BC 4730 (Cal BP 6680)

Calibrated Result (68% Probability) **Cal BC 4790 to 4720 (Cal BP 6740 to 6670)**



Database used
INTCAL13

References

Mathematics used for calibration scenario

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates, Talma, A. S., Vogel, J. C., 1993, Radiocarbon 35(2):317-322

References to INTCAL13 database

Reimer PJ et al. IntCal13 and Marine13 radiocarbon age calibration curves 0–50,000 years cal BP. Radiocarbon 55(4):1869–1887., 2013.

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

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CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: C13/C12 = -28.5 o/oo : lab. mult = 1)

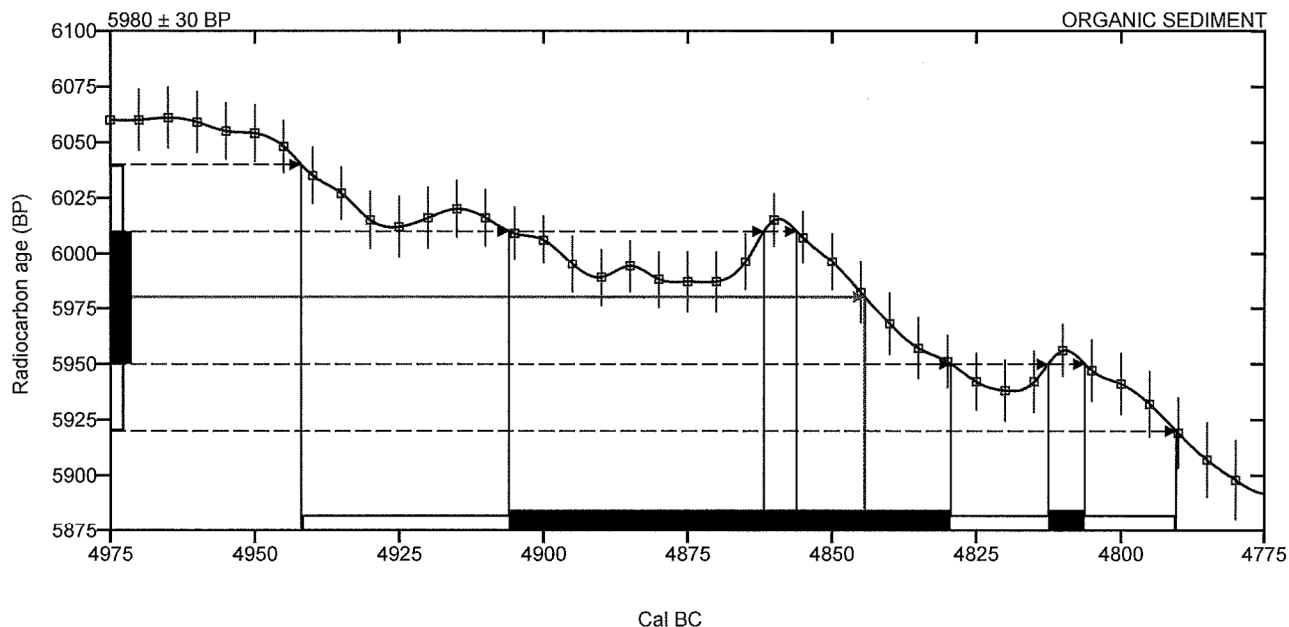
Laboratory number **Beta-415738**

Conventional radiocarbon age **5980 ± 30 BP**

Calibrated Result (95% Probability) **Cal BC 4940 to 4790 (Cal BP 6890 to 6740)**

Intercept of radiocarbon age with calibration curve **Cal BC 4845 (Cal BP 6795)**

Calibrated Result (68% Probability) **Cal BC 4905 to 4830 (Cal BP 6855 to 6780)**
Cal BC 4815 to 4805 (Cal BP 6765 to 6755)



Database used
INTCAL13

References

Mathematics used for calibration scenario

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates, Talma, A. S., Vogel, J. C., 1993, Radiocarbon 35(2):317-322

References to INTCAL13 database

Reimer PJ et al. IntCal13 and Marine13 radiocarbon age calibration curves 0–50,000 years cal BP. Radiocarbon 55(4):1869–1887., 2013.

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

4985 S.W. 74th Court, Miami, Florida 33155 • Tel: (305)667-5167 • Fax: (305)663-0964 • Email: beta@radiocarbon.com

CALIBRATION OF RADIOCARBON AGE TO CALENDAR YEARS

(Variables: C13/C12 = -26.8 o/oo : lab. mult = 1)

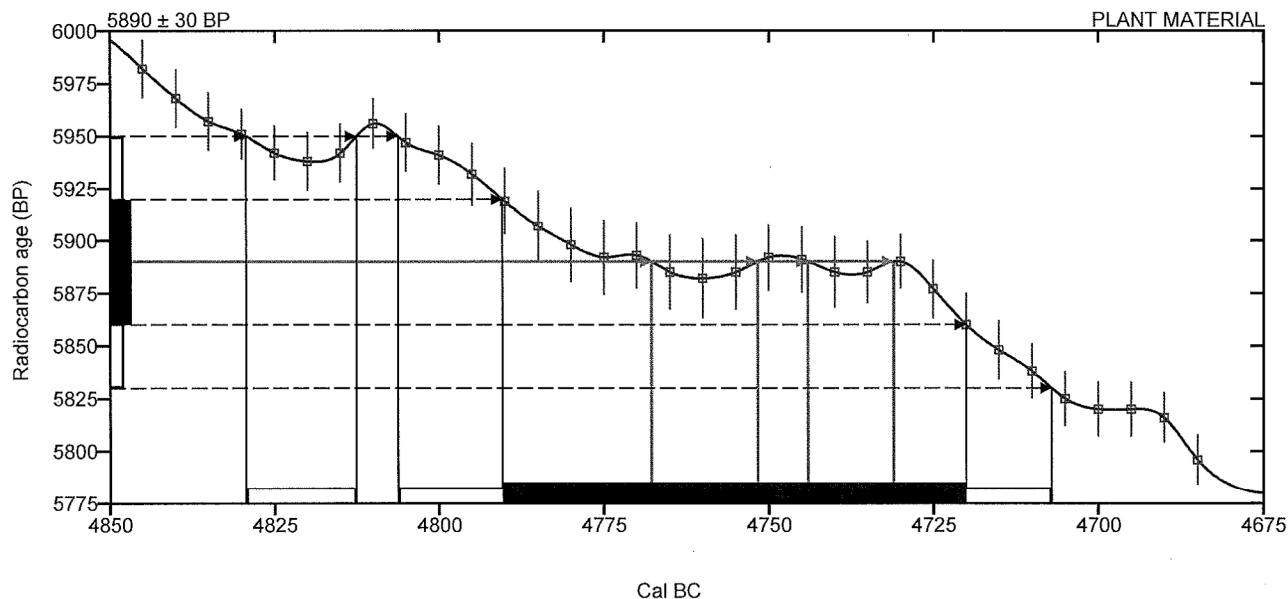
Laboratory number **Beta-415739**

Conventional radiocarbon age **5890 ± 30 BP**

Calibrated Result (95% Probability) **Cal BC 4830 to 4815 (Cal BP 6780 to 6765)**
Cal BC 4805 to 4705 (Cal BP 6755 to 6655)

Intercept of radiocarbon age with calibration curve
Cal BC 4770 (Cal BP 6720)
Cal BC 4750 (Cal BP 6700)
Cal BC 4745 (Cal BP 6695)
Cal BC 4730 (Cal BP 6680)

Calibrated Result (68% Probability) **Cal BC 4790 to 4720 (Cal BP 6740 to 6670)**



Database used
INTCAL13

References

Mathematics used for calibration scenario

A Simplified Approach to Calibrating C14 Dates, Talma, A. S., Vogel, J. C., 1993, Radiocarbon 35(2):317-322

References to INTCAL13 database

Reimer PJ et al. IntCal13 and Marine13 radiocarbon age calibration curves 0–50,000 years cal BP. Radiocarbon 55(4):1869–1887., 2013.

Beta Analytic Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory

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BETA ANALYTIC INC.

RADIOCARBON DATING SERVICES

Dr. JERRY J. STIPP
Dr. MURRY A. TAMERS
CO-DIRECTORS

DARDEN G. HOOD, P.G.
Laboratory Head

RONALD E. HATFIELD
Laboratory Manager

CHRISTOPHER PATRICK
TERESA A. ZILKO-MILLER
Associate Managers

August 16, 1995

Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.
911 5th Avenue
Suite 100
Kirkland, Washington 98033

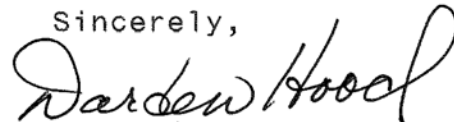
South Well Field
well # 2
474'

Dear Mr. Koger:

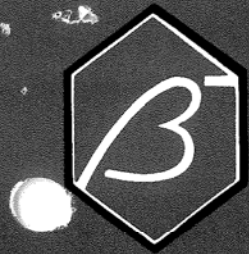
Please find enclosed the radiocarbon dating results on one wood sample (W94036A-474) recently submitted for analysis. Reliable measurements were made on the suitable carbon remaining after pretreatments. The applied pretreatment is listed next to the sample on the report sheet and described in the "PRETREATMENT GLOSSARY". In addition to the results, please review the enclosed discussions on applied methodology, pretreatments and calendar calibration. The reported "Conventional C14 Age" is the radiocarbon date of interest and would have been the value used to calculate the calendar equivalent age if the material was less than 10,000 BP.

Our invoice is enclosed. Thank you in advance, for your prompt attention to its payment. As always, if you have any specific questions, please do not hesitate to fax, e-mail, or call us.

Sincerely,



P.S. Please note the two new services for 1996; SEM analysis of carbon dated materials and the ADVANCE AMS analysis service with 14 day delivery (literature enclosed).



BETA ANALYTIC INC.

DR. J.J. STIPP and DR. M.A. TAMERS

UNIVERSITY BRANCH
4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305/667-5167 FAX: 305/663-0964
E-mail: beta@analytic.win.net

REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES

FOR: Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

DATE RECEIVED: July 18, 1995
DATE REPORTED: August 15, 1995

Sample Data	Measured C14 Age	C13/C12 Ratio	Conventional C14 Age (*)
Beta-83811	> 41940 years BP	-25.0* o/oo	> 41940 years* BP
SAMPLE #: W94036A-474 → City of Snoq. Well#2 @ 474'			
ANALYSIS: radiometric-standard			
MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT:(wood): acid/alkali/acid			

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = 1950A.D.). By International convention, the modern reference standard was 95% of the C14 content of the National Bureau of Standards' Oxalic Acid & calculated using the Libby C14 half life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 standard deviation statistics (68% probability) & are based on combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards.

Measured C13/C12 ratios were calculated relative to the PDB-1 international standard and the RCYBP ages were normalized to -25 per mil. If the ratio and age are accompanied by an (*), then the C13/C12 value was estimated, based on values typical of the material type. The quoted results are NOT calibrated to calendar years. Calibration to calendar years should be calculated using the Conventional C14 age.

BETA ANALYTIC INC.

RADIOCARBON DATING SERVICES

Dr. JERRY J. STIPP
Dr. MURRY A. TAMERS
CO-DIRECTORS

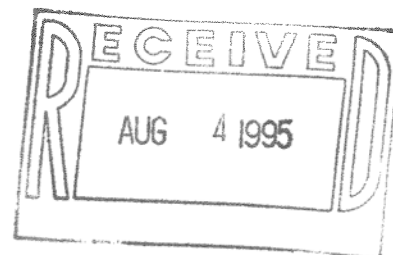
DARDEN G. HOOD, P.G.
Laboratory Head

RONALD E. HATFIELD
Laboratory Manager

CHRISTOPHER PATRICK
TERESA A. ZILKO-MILLER
Associate Managers

July 31, 1995

Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.
911 5th Avenue
Suite 100
Kirkland, Washington 98033



Dear Mr. Koger:

Please find enclosed the radiocarbon dating results on a wood sample recently submitted for analysis. Reliable measurements were made on the suitable carbon remaining after pretreatments. In addition to the results, please review the enclosed discussions on applied methodology, pretreatments and calendar calibration. The reported "Conventional C14 Age" is the radiocarbon date of interest and was the value used to calculate the calendar equivalent age.

As always, if you have any specific questions, please do not hesitate to fax, e-mail, or call us.

Sincerely,

Chris Patrick

P.S. Please note the two new services for 1996; SEM analysis of carbon dated materials and the ADVANCE AMS analysis service with 14 day delivery (literature enclosed).



BETA ANALYTIC INC.

DR. J.J. STIPP and DR. M.A. TAMERS

UNIVERSITY BRANCH
4985 S.W. 74 COURT
MIAMI, FLORIDA, USA 33155
PH: 305/667-5167 FAX: 305/663-0964
E-mail: beta@analytic.win.net

REPORT OF RADIOCARBON DATING ANALYSES

FOR: Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

DATE RECEIVED: June 30, 1995
DATE REPORTED: July 31, 1995

Sample Data	Measured C14 Age	C13/C12 Ratio	Conventional C14 Age (*)
Beta-83465	5720 +/- 70 BP	-25.0* o/oo	5720 +/- 70* BP

SAMPLE #: W94036B
ANALYSIS: radiometric-standard
MATERIAL/PRETREATMENT:(charred material): acid/alkali/acid

NOTE: It is important to read the calendar calibration information and to use the calendar calibrated results (reported separately) when interpreting these results in AD/BC terms.

Dates are reported as RCYBP (radiocarbon years before present, "present" = 1950A.D.). By International convention, the modern reference standard was 95% of the C14 content of the National Bureau of Standards' Oxalic Acid & calculated using the Libby C14 half life (5568 years). Quoted errors represent 1 standard deviation statistics (68% probability) & are based on combined measurements of the sample, background, and modern reference standards.

Measured C13/C12 ratios were calculated relative to the PDB-1 international standard and the RCYBP ages were normalized to -25 per mil. If the ratio and age are accompanied by an (*), then the C13/C12 value was estimated, based on values typical of the material type. The quoted results are NOT calibrated to calendar years. Calibration to calendar years should be calculated using the Conventional C14 age.

THIS IS A COPY OF THE REPORT MAILED TO YOU TODAY. CALENDAR CALIBRATIONS ARE NOT INCLUDED.

BETA ANALYTIC INC.

DR. MURRY TAMERS
DR. JERRY STIPP

4985 SW 74 COURT
MIAMI, FL 33155, U.S.A

July 31, 1995

Mr. Curtis J. Koger
Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.
911 5th Avenue
Suite 100
Kirkland, Washington 98033

Dear Mr. Koger:

Please find enclosed the radiocarbon dating results on a wood sample recently submitted for analysis. Reliable measurements were made on the suitable carbon remaining after pretreatments. In addition to the results, please review the enclosed discussions on applied methodology, pretreatments and calendar calibration. The reported "Conventional C14 Age" is the radiocarbon date of interest and was the value used to calculate the calendar equivalent age.

As always, if you have any specific questions, please do not hesitate to fax, e-mail, or call us.

Sincerely,

P.S. Please note the two new services for 1996; SEM analysis of carbon dated materials and the ADVANCE AMS analysis service with 14 day delivery (literature enclosed).

DATING RESULTS

Mr. Curtis J. Koger

June 30, 1995

Associated Earth Sciences, Inc.

July 31, 1995

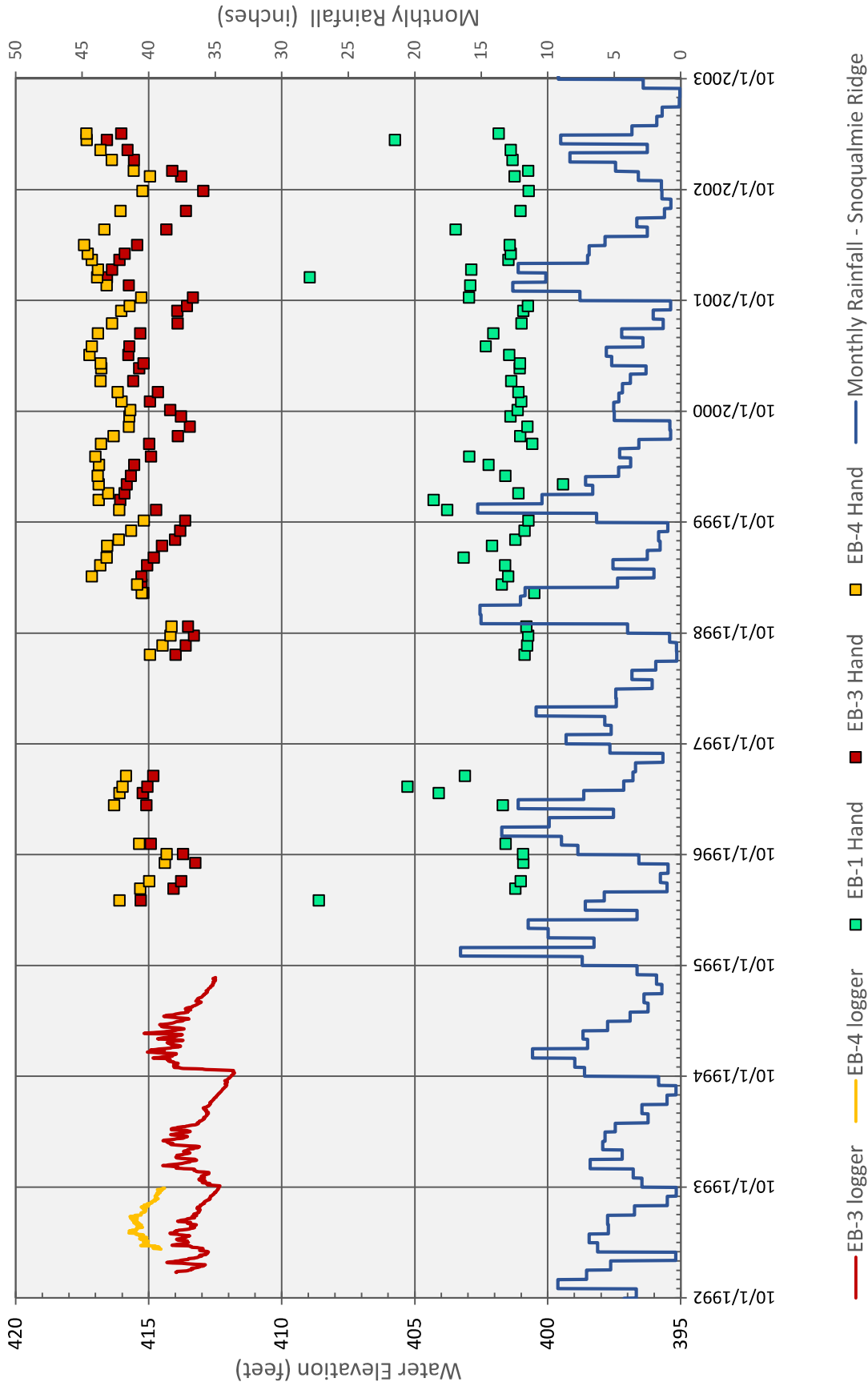
Sample Data	Measured C14 Age	C13/C12 Ratio	Conventional C14 Age (*)
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APPENDIX D

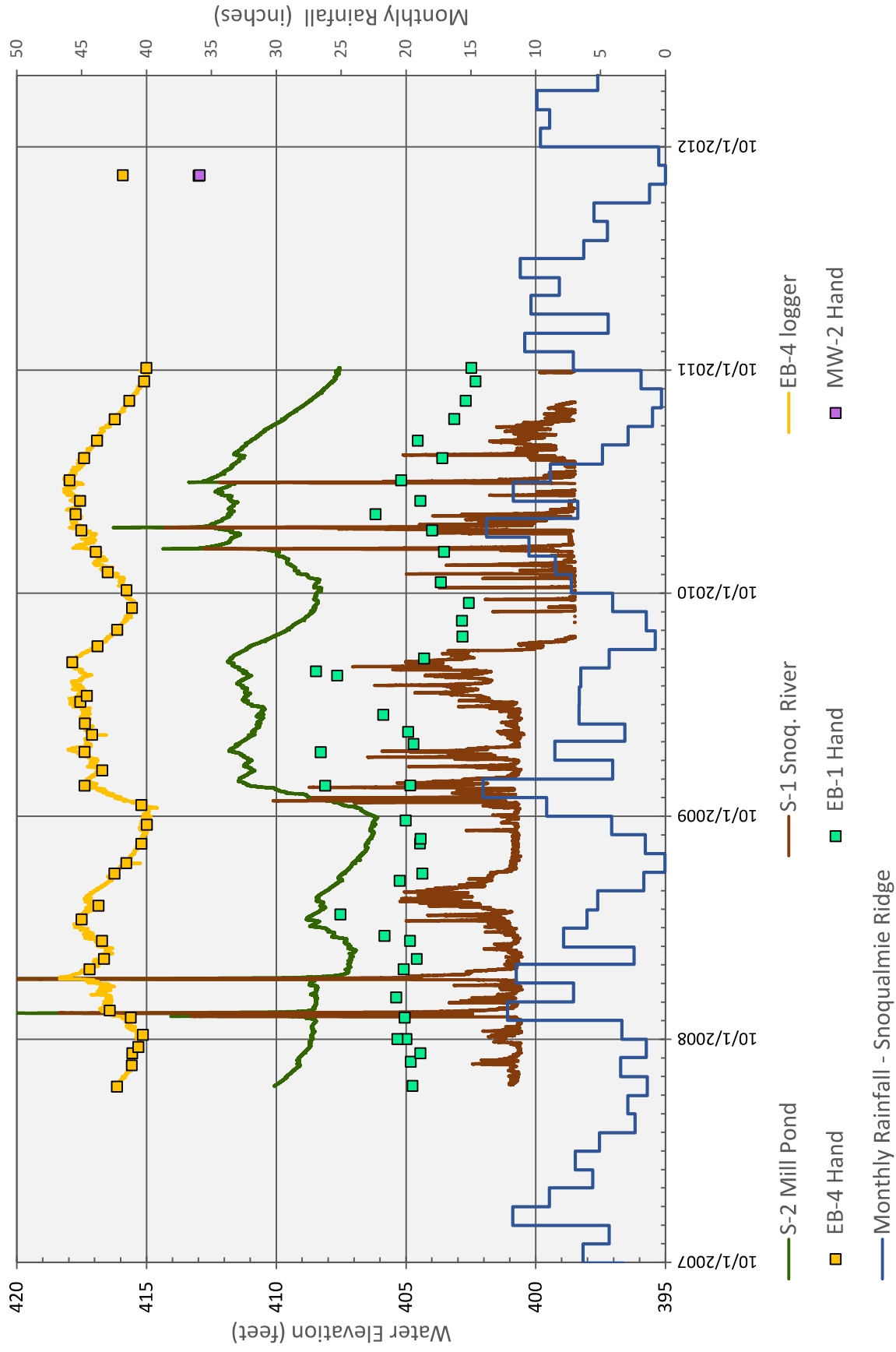
Water Level Monitoring Data

Well ID	Aquifer or Surface Water Body	Monitoring Start	Monitoring End	High Groundwater Elevation (ft)	High Groundwater Elevation Date
EB-1	Snoqualmie Shallow Aquifer	May-96 July-08	Apr-04 Oct-11	409.0	May-96
EB-2	Snoqualmie Shallow Aquifer	Mar-93	Apr-04	408.4	Jan-97
EB-3	Snoqualmie Shallow Aquifer	Mar-93	Apr-04	416.4	Jan-02
EB-4	Snoqualmie Shallow Aquifer	Mar-93 July-08 Dec-17	Apr-04 Oct-11 Current	418.0	Apr-11
MW-2	Snoqualmie Shallow Aquifer	Limited	Limited	414.6	Mar-18
EB-C1W	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Feb-94	Current	268.0	Jul-97
OBW-1	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	July-91 Jan-94 June-02	Oct-92 Jan-95 Nov-11	305.0	May-11
OBW-2	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Jul-91	Current	311.3	Mar-97
OBW-2 (WWTP)	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Feb-95	May-96	394.5	Mar-96
OBW-2A (WWTP)	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Jul-96	Jan-98	395.4	Jan-97
OBW-3 (WWTP)	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Feb-95	Jan-98	362.8	Jun-97
OBW-5 (WWTP)	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Feb-95	Jan-98	416.4	Jan-97
MW-3	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Jul-02	Current	278.6	Jun-11
SS&G #3	Tokol Creek Delta Aquifer	Jan-94	Current	330.0	Feb-97
CITY	Deep Aquifer	Aug-91	Jun-05	385.6	Apr-96
CITY #2	Deep Aquifer	Apr-08	Mar-09	379.0	Feb-09
OBW-4	Deep Aquifer	Jan-10	Current	259.5	Mar-17
TW-5	Deep Aquifer	July-91 Jan-94 June-02	Oct-92 Jan-95 Nov-11	294.7	May-97
TW-6	Deep Aquifer	July-91 Jan-94 Jan-05	Jan-93 Aug-95 Feb-09	290.9	Feb-97
TW-7	Deep Aquifer	Sept-94 Jan-05	Aug-95 Feb-09	298.7	Mar-96
TW-8	Deep Aquifer	Oct-01 Jan-05	May-02 Feb-09	290.0	Mar-07
SG-1	Snoqualmie River	Jul-91	Oct-11	405.7	Jan-09
SG-2	Mill Pond	Jul-91	Oct-11	412.6	Apr-11

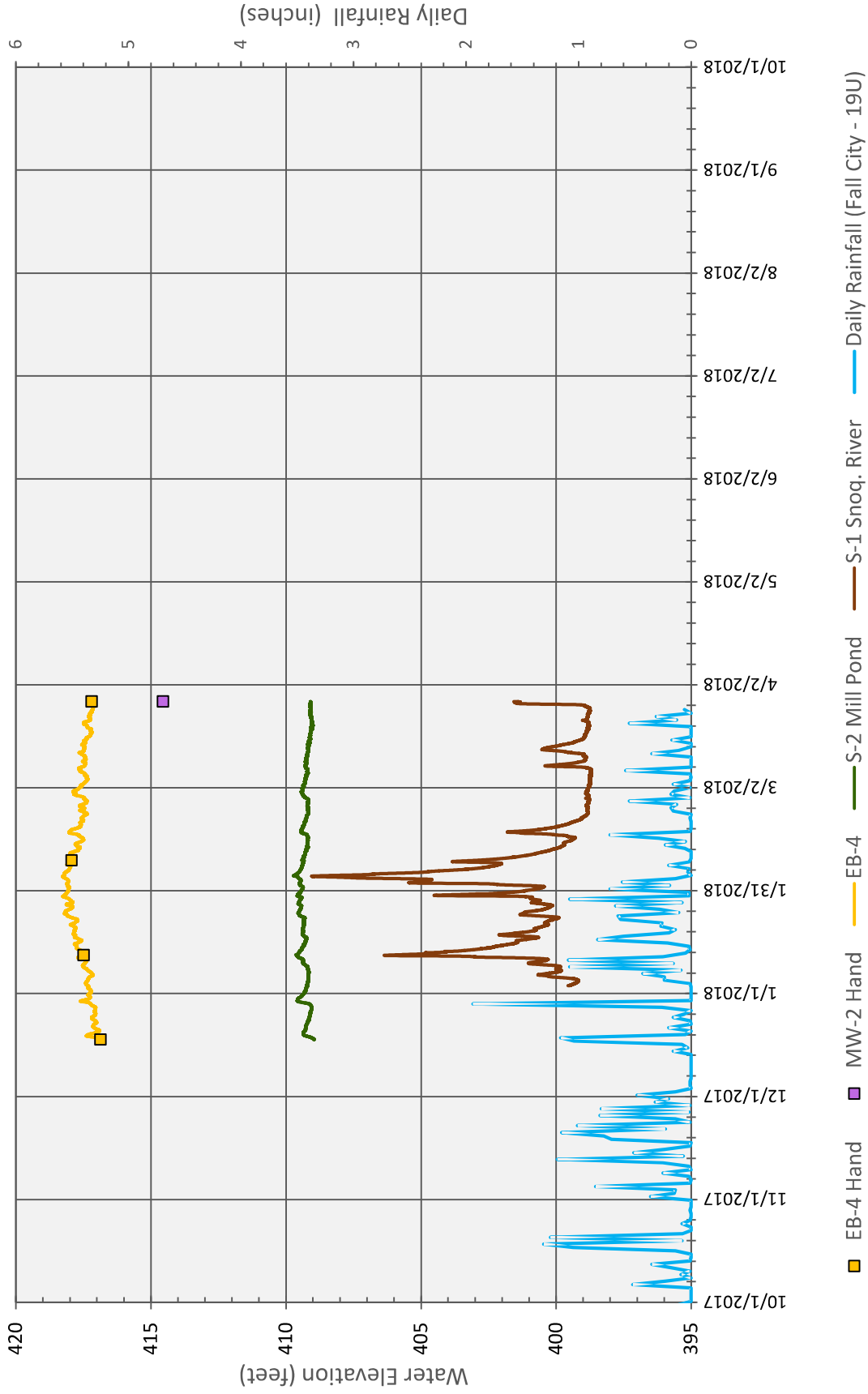
Shallow Aquifer WY-1993 to WY-2003



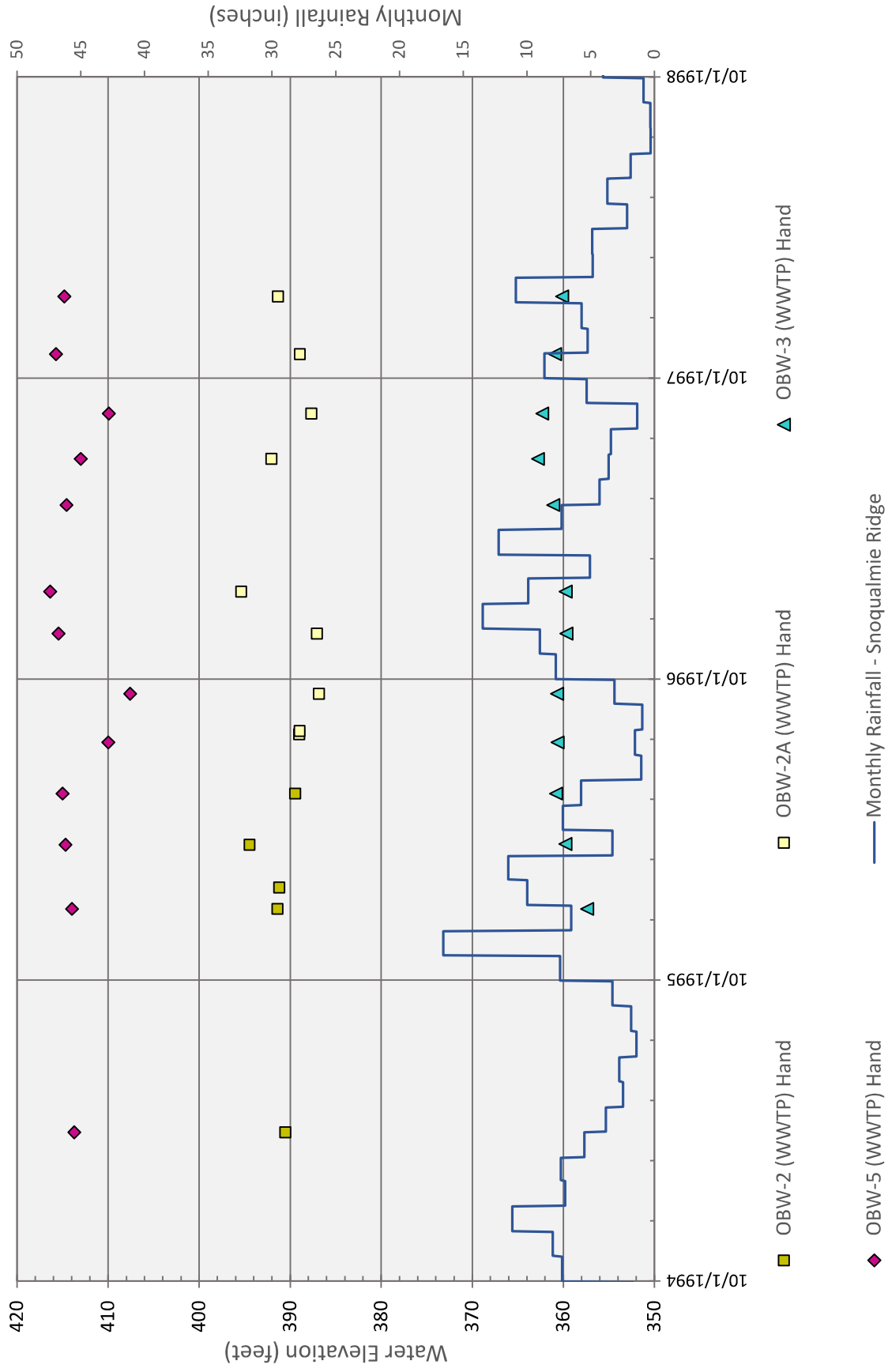
Shallow Aquifer WY-2008 to WY-2012



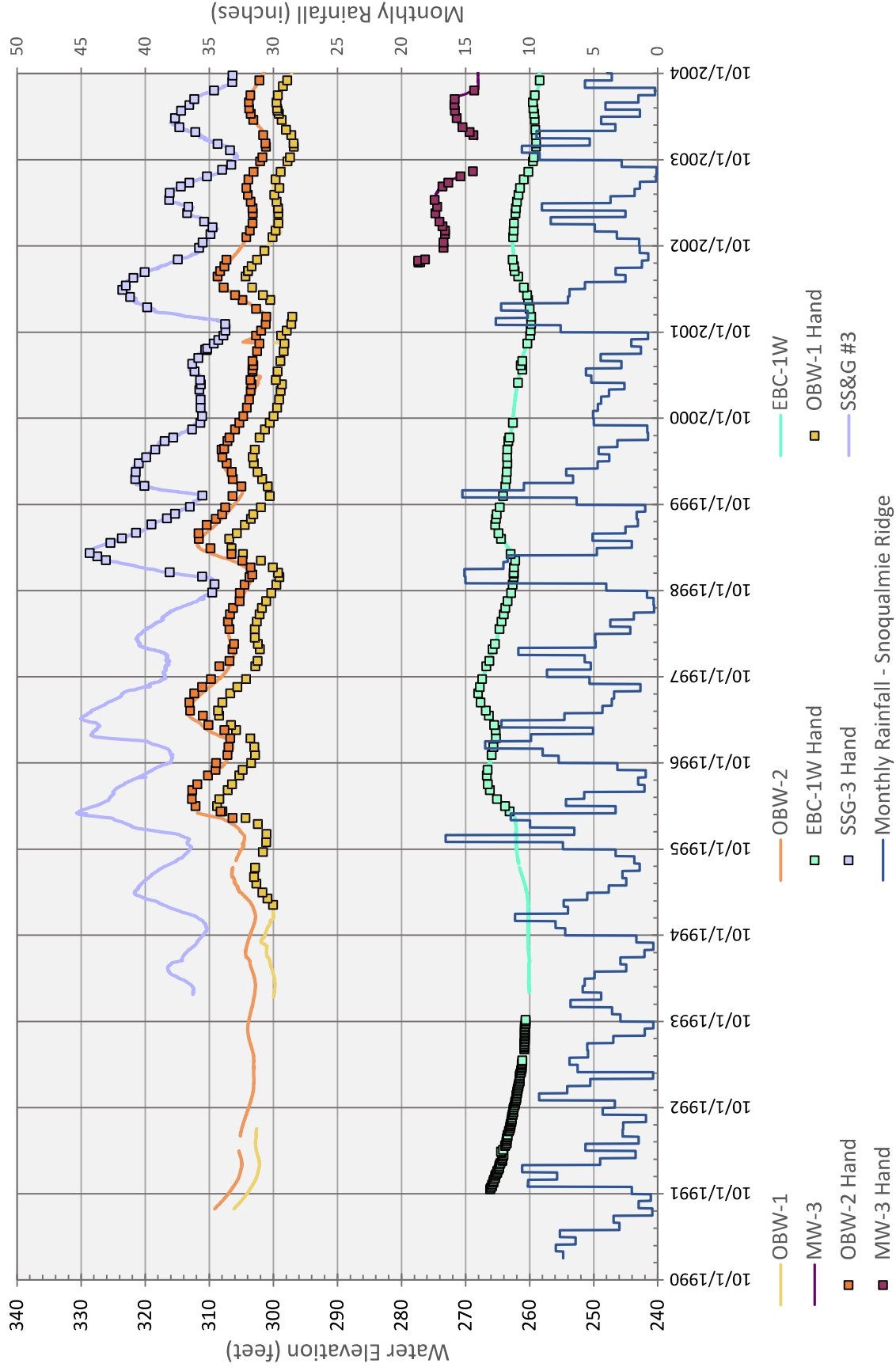
Shallow Aquifer WY-2018



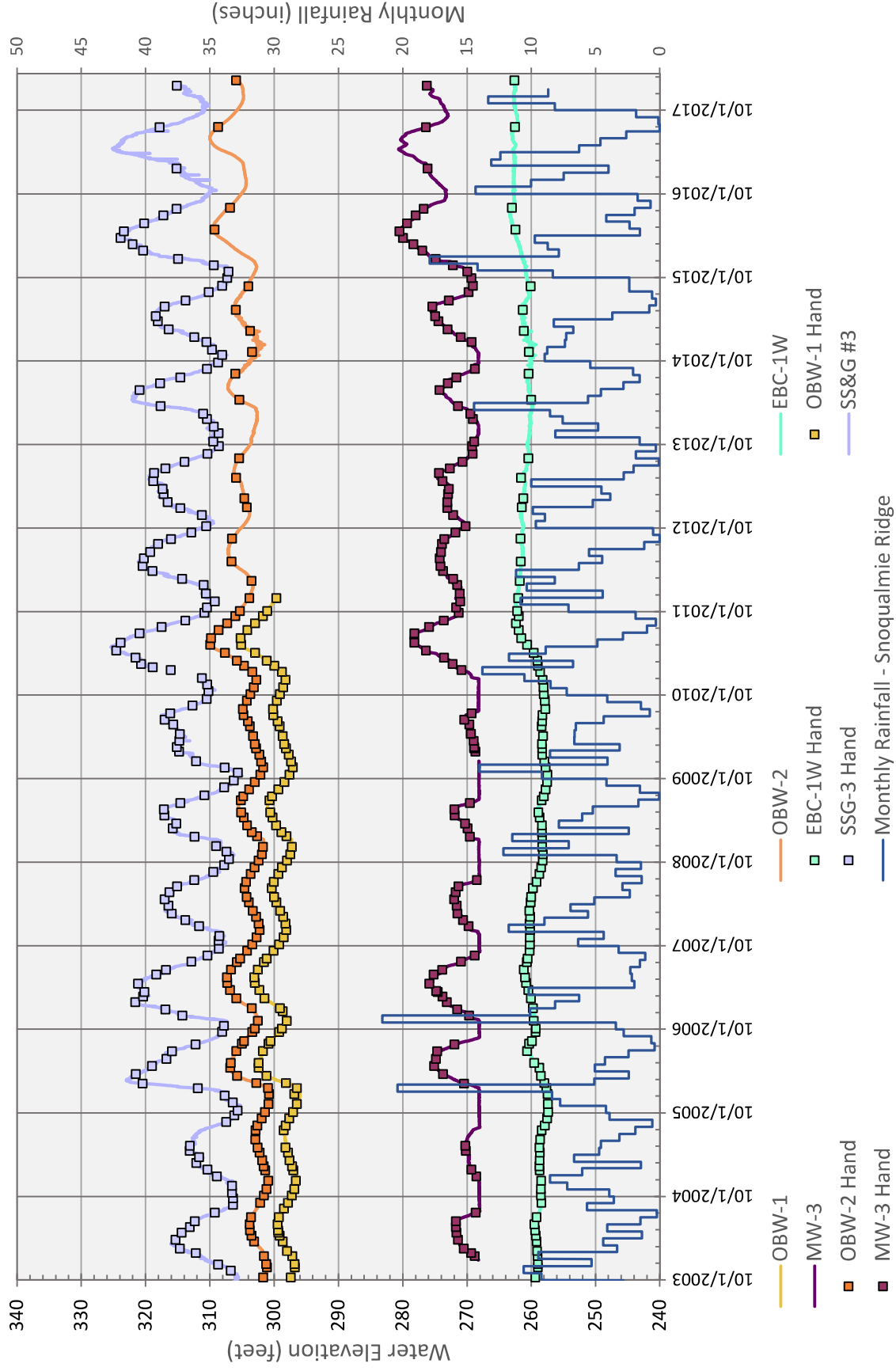
Upper Tokul Delta Aquifer - WY-1995 to WY1998



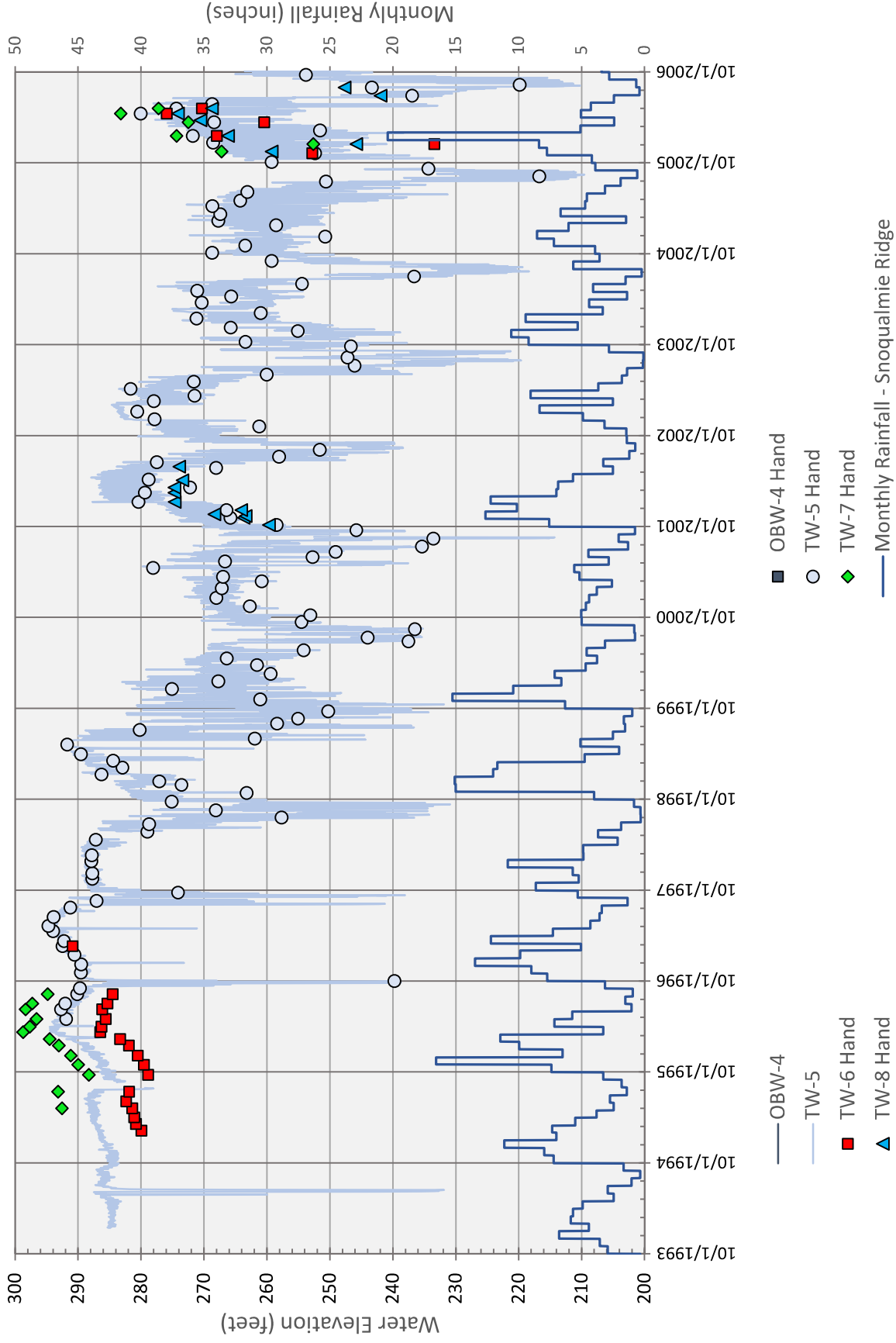
Lower Tokul Delta Aquifer - WY-1991 to WY-2004



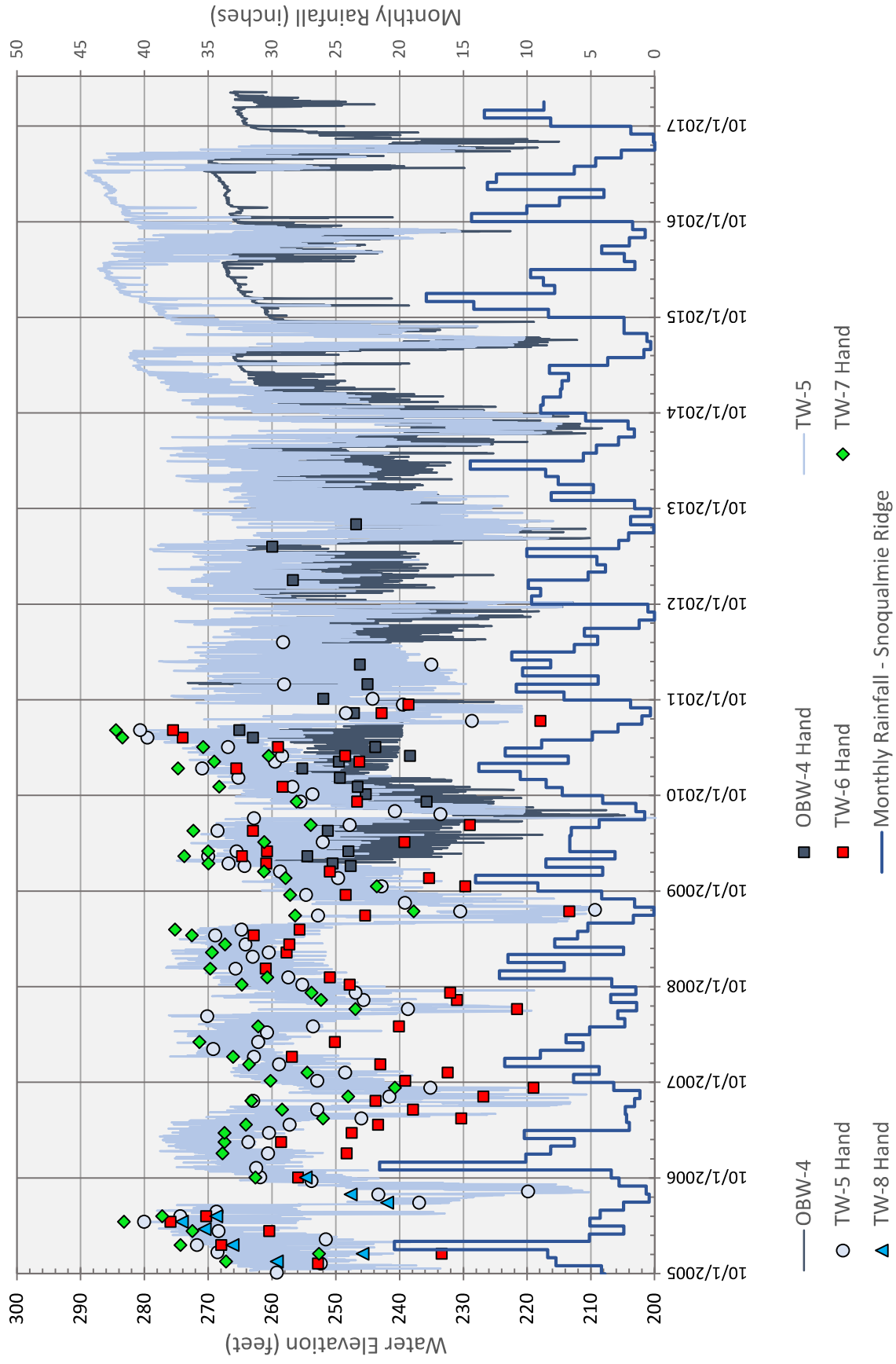
Lower Tokul Delta Aquifer - WY-2004 to WY-2018



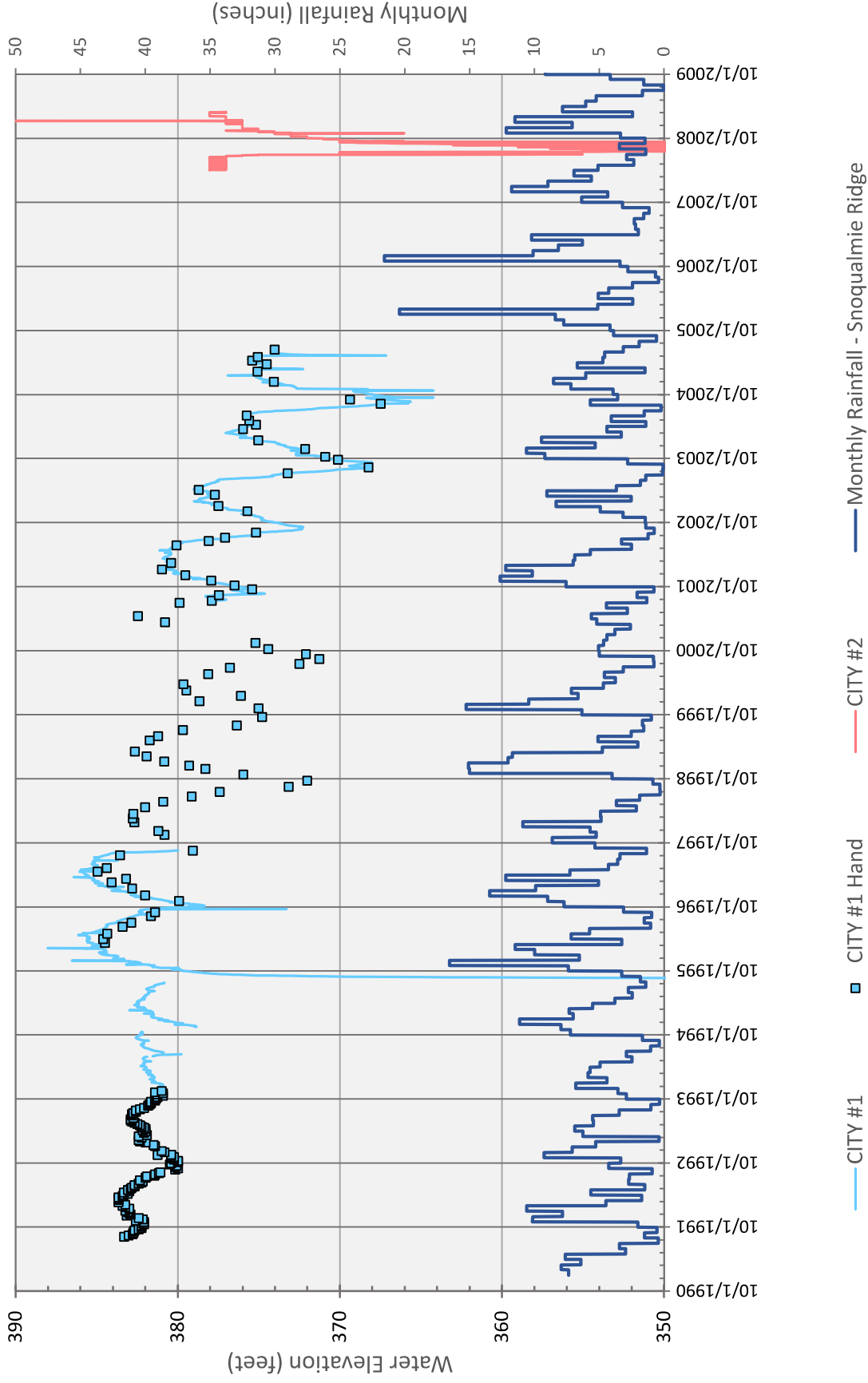
Pre-Olympia (Deep) Aquifer - North Well Field - WY-1994 to WY-2006



Pre-Olympia (Deep) Aquifer - North Well Field - WY-2006 to WY-2018



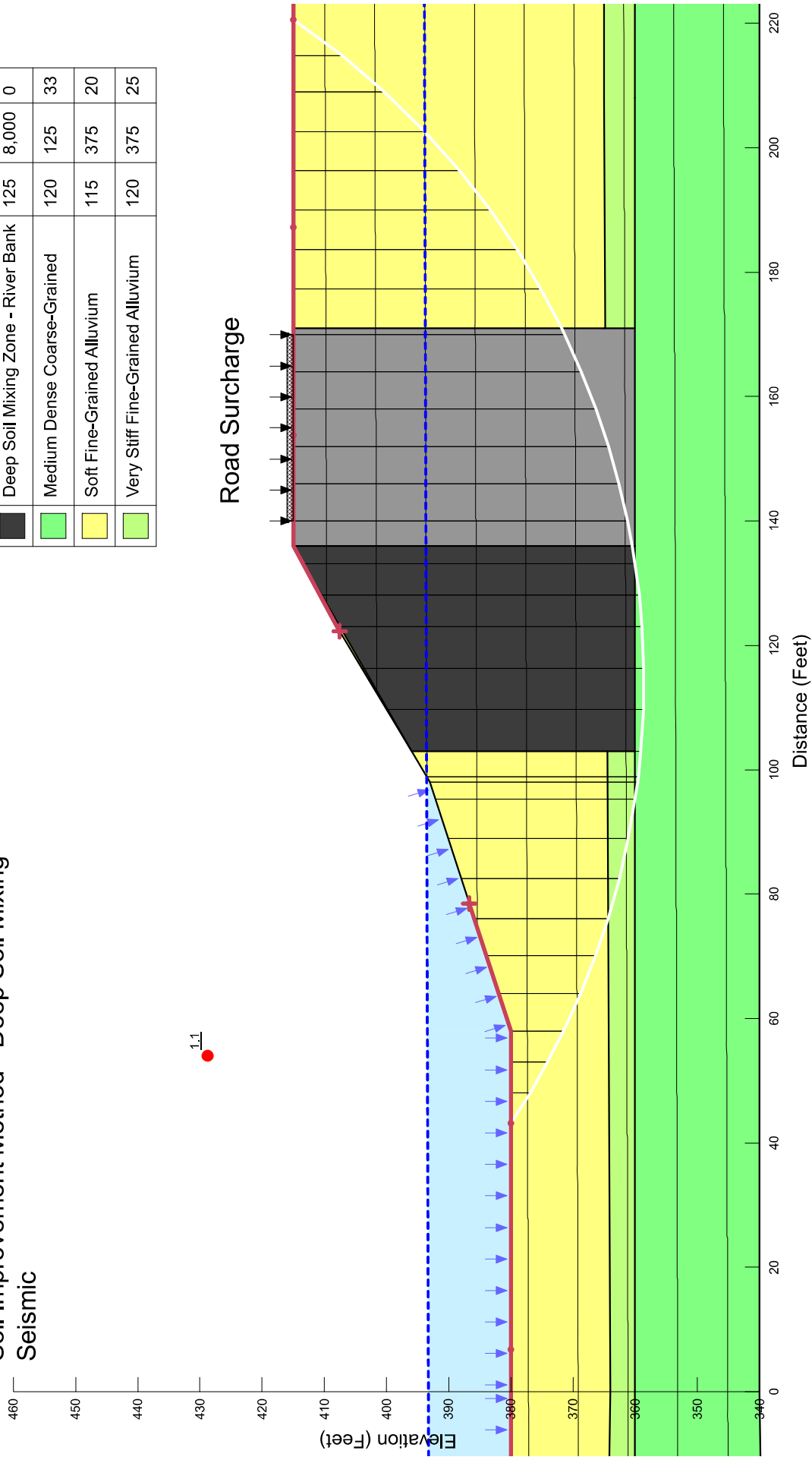
Pre-Olympia (Deep) Aquifer - South Well Field - WY-1991 to WY-2009



APPENDIX E

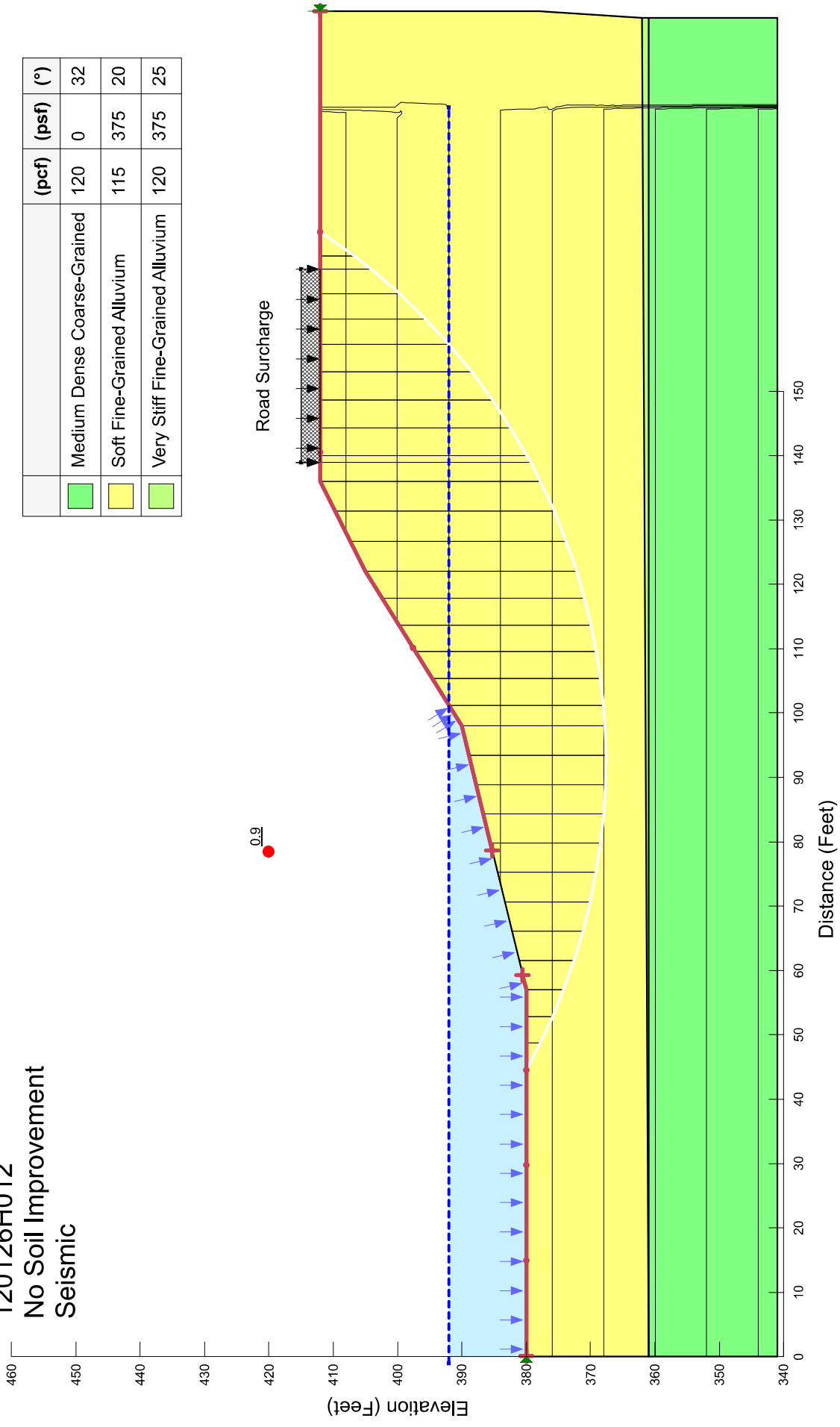
Slope Stability Analysis

Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 Soil Improvement Method - Deep Soil Mixing
 Seismic





	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
Deep Soil Mixing Zone	125	800	0
Deep Soil Mixing Zone - River Bank	125	8,000	0
Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	125	33
Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375	20
Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375	25

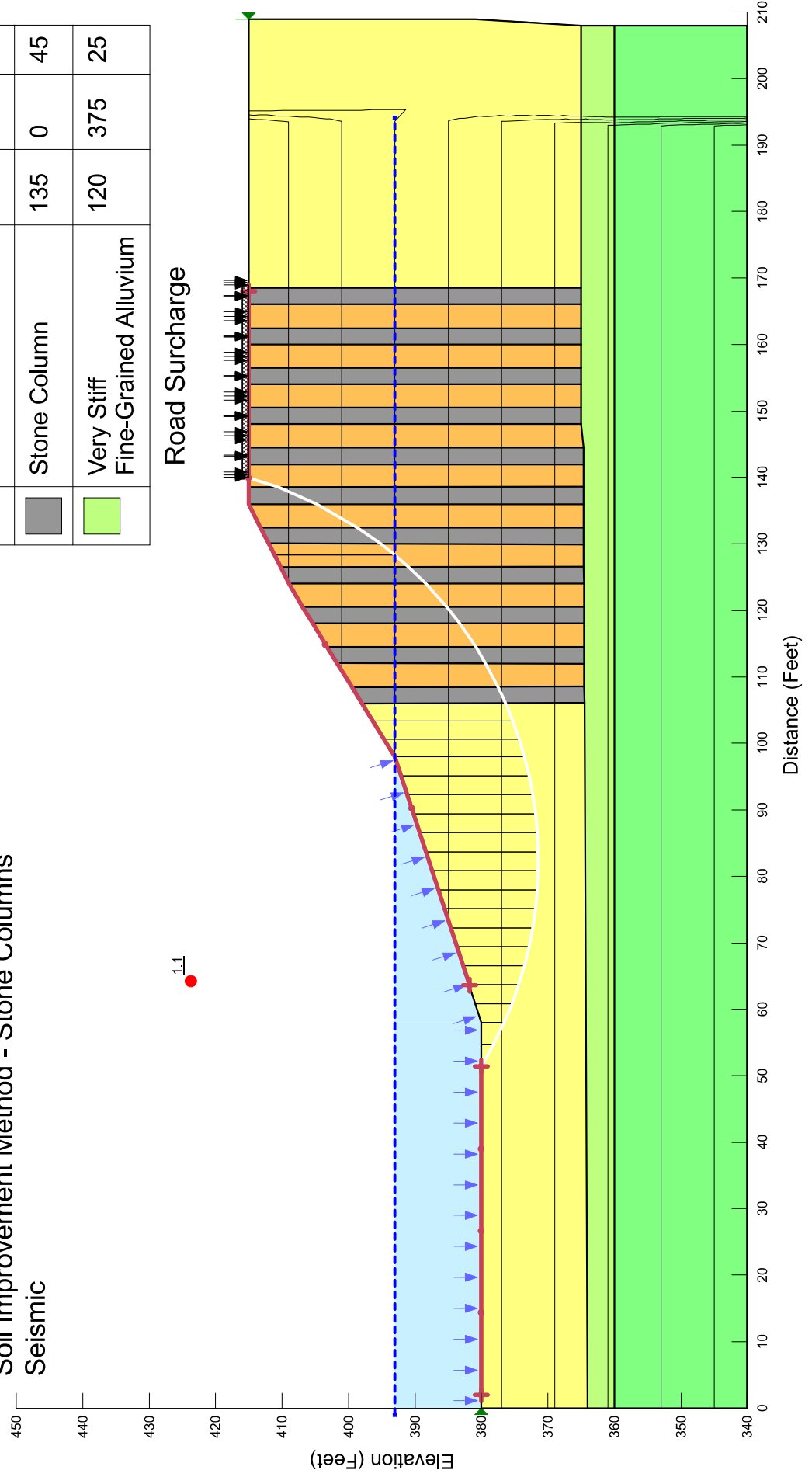
Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 No Soil Improvement
 Seismic



	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	0	32
Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375	20
Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375	25

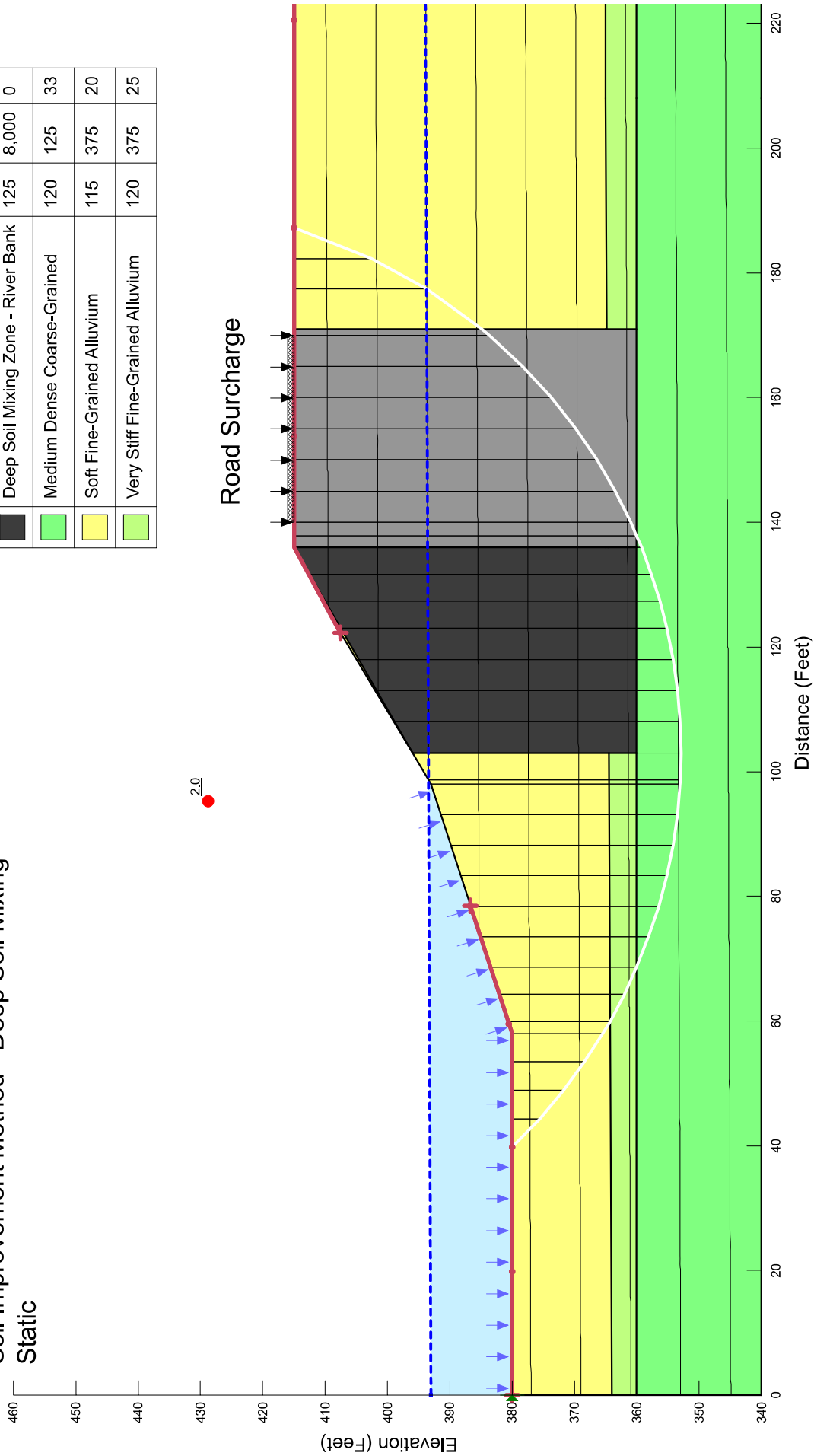
Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 Soil Improvement Method - Stone Columns
 Seismic

	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
	Improved Alluvium	120	150
	Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	0
	Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375
	Stone Column	135	0
	Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375

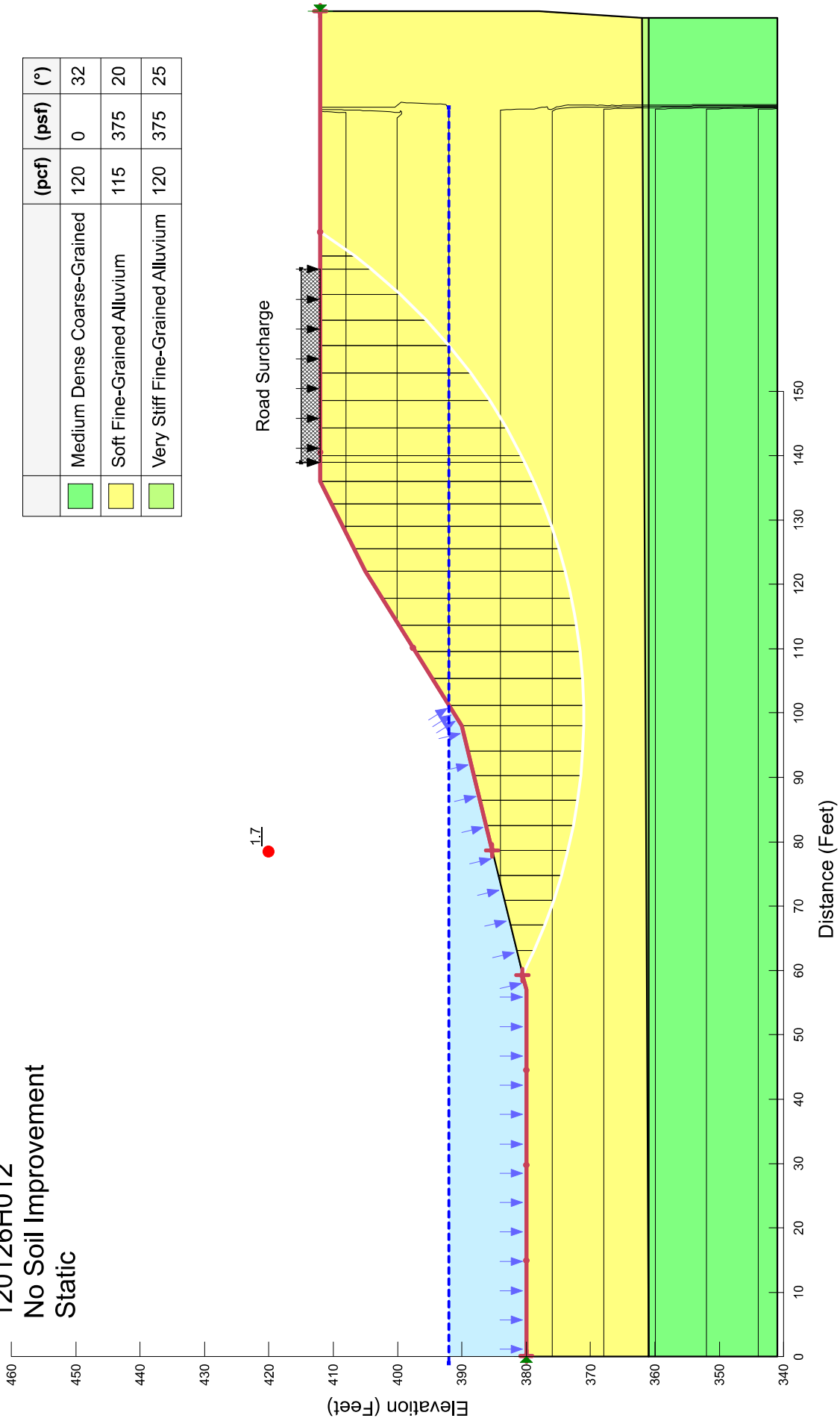


Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 Soil Improvement Method - Deep Soil Mixing
 Static

	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
Deep Soil Mixing Zone	125	800	0
Deep Soil Mixing Zone - River Bank	125	8,000	0
Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	125	33
Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375	20
Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375	25

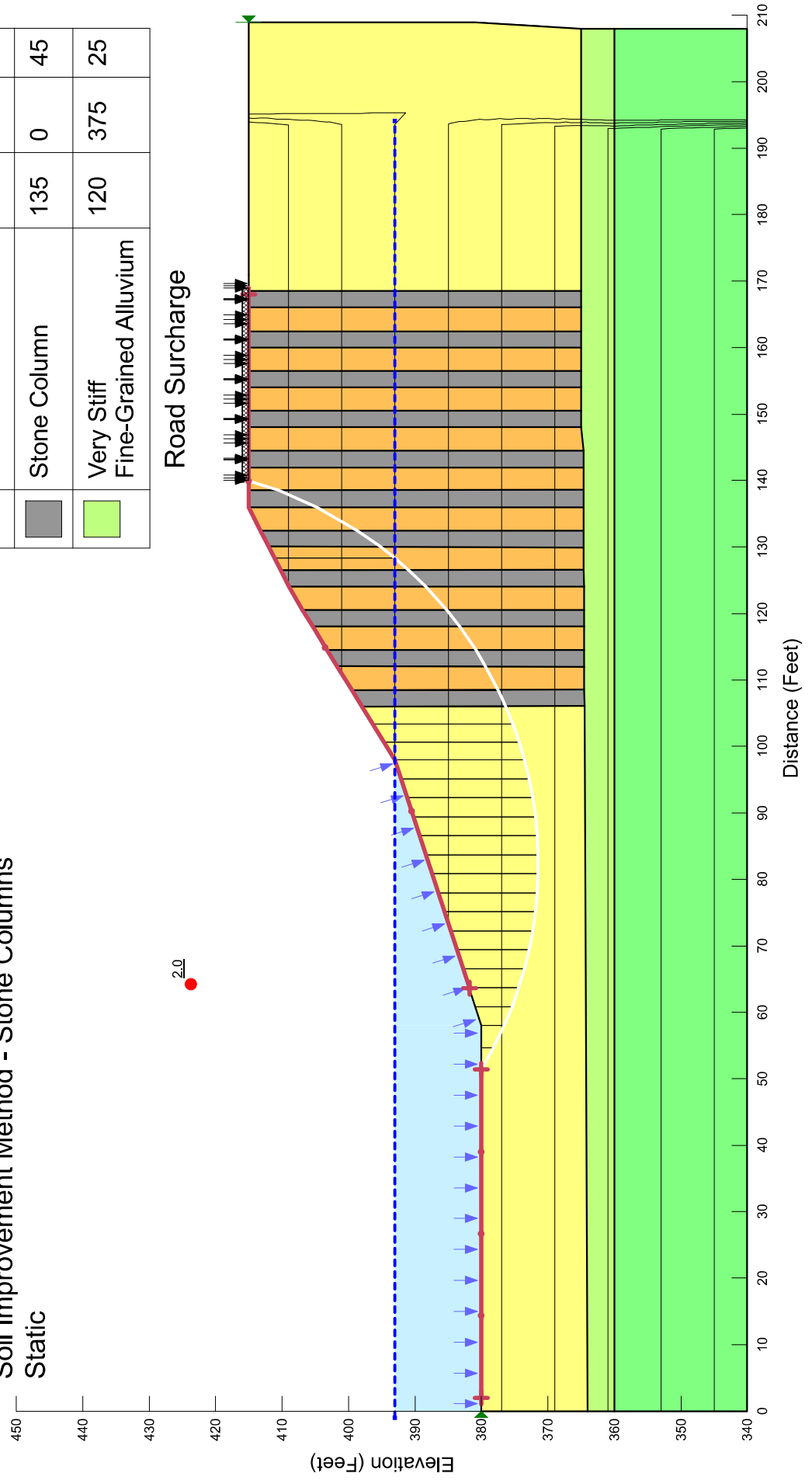


Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 No Soil Improvement
 Static



	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	0	32
Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375	20
Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375	25

Snoqualmie Mill Site
 120126H012
 Soil Improvement Method - Stone Columns
 Static



	(pcf)	(psf)	(°)
Improved Alluvium	120	150	32
Medium Dense Coarse-Grained	120	0	32
Soft Fine-Grained Alluvium	115	375	20
Stone Column	135	0	45
Very Stiff Fine-Grained Alluvium	120	375	25