



KENT POWERS INV
aka Valley I-5
LSI Adapt Inc.
615 Eighth Avenue South
Seattle, Washington 98104

Tel (206) 654-7045
Fax (206) 654-7048

VCP NW1486
LUST 591986

July 14, 2005

LSI - Adapt Job No. WA04-11238-PH2

U. S. BANCORP
Real Estate Technical Services
PD-WA-T6FI
1420 - 5th Avenue, Suite 600
Seattle, WA 98101



Attention: Mr. Robert M. Wearn, MAI, SRA

Subject: Supplemental Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment
Kent - Poulsbo RV
23051 Military Road South
Kent, Washington 98032
RETECHS File No: CCV04-316/2300 SEA

Dear Mr. Wearn:

LSI Adapt (Adapt) is pleased to provide you with the results of our Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment for the above referenced site. This report is provided for U.S. Bancorp and their agents. If this report is to be reproduced and/or transmitted to a third party, it must be reproduced and/or transmitted in its entirety. Any exceptions will be made only with the written permission of Adapt.

Adapt appreciates the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Should you have any questions concerning this report, or if we can assist you in any way, please feel free to contact us at (206) 654-7045.

Respectfully Submitted,

LSI Adapt

Charles C. Cacek, L.E.G.
Senior Project Manager

CCC/ccc



RETECHS ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

CONSULTANT

Firm: LSI Adapt		Report Signature(s)	Registration/State	Degree
		Charles C. Cacek	WA	Geology
		Daryl S. Petrarca	WA	Geology
Date of the Report: 7/14/05				
Type of Report:	☐ Transaction Screen Form ☐ Phase I ESA ☒ Phase II ESA ☐ Borrower Questionnaire/RM Site Inspection ☐ Other (describe):			

Suspected or Existing Environmental Condition(s)	Consultant's Findings		
	Not Suspected	More info needed to make determination	Field sampling or testing recommended
Underground Storage Tank(s) / UST	X	☐	☐
Above Ground Storage Tank(s) / AST	X	☐	☐
Septic System With On-Site Drainfield	X	☐	☐
Oil/Water Separator	X	☐	☐
Dry Wells or Injection Wells	X	☐	☐
Lack of Secondary Containment (Drums or AST's)	X	☐	☐
Contamination of Soil	☐	X See Conclusions	X See Conclusions
Contamination of Ground Water	X	☐	☐
Use of Pesticides On Site	X	☐	☐
PCB's (transformers/ballasts etc.)	X	☐	☐
Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) Present (pre-1980 construction)	X	☐	☐
Lead-based Paint (pre-1979 construction)	X	☐	☐
Potential Lead in Drinking Water Supply	X	☐	☐
Radon	X	☐	☐
Wetland	X	☐	☐
Mold (excessive indoor moisture)	X	☐	☐
Impact from offsite source(s)	X	☐	☐
Other (see Consultant's Recommendations identified below)	☐	☐	☐

CONSULTANT'S RECOMMENDATIONS (Items checked for "more info needed" and for "field sampling or testing")

Issue	Estimated Cost
Conclusions The current phase of work included advancing three 30-foot hollow-stem auger borings adjacent to and downslope from a petroleum UST system that was formerly located along the east side of the southernmost building. The borings disclosed 3 to 7 feet of man-placed fill soils overlying very dense glacial till soils that extended to the full depth explored of 30 feet. None of the borings exhibited recoverable groundwater seepage. Soils samples collected from the borings did not exhibit readily obvious signs of contaminant impacts, such as stains, petroleum or petroleum-like odors, or measurable PID readings. In Adapt's opinion, the results of the current phase of work, coupled with past site assessment results, indicate that a limited volume of petroleum contaminated soils remain in the area of the former gasoline USTs and pump, adjacent to the east side of the southern building on the subject property. In addition, it does not appear that the residual contaminants have impacted the local near-surface groundwater table, which is in excess of 30 feet in depth. Figure 3 shows the estimated aerial extent of residual contaminated soils adjacent to the east side of the southern building. We conservatively estimate that approximately 50 to 100 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soils remain at depths greater than about 10 feet below ground surface adjacent to the east side of the southernmost building. It is our understanding that no significant remodeling or earthwork is currently planned for this portion of the property. In Adapt's opinion, if left undisturbed, and given that the site is entirely paved in the area of concern, the residual contaminants do not appear to represent a significant environmental risk to human health or the environment. Adapt recommends that this report and the other site assessment reports be submitted to Ecology for fee-based review under the Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP).	

**THE SECTION BELOW IS FOR U.S. BANK USE ONLY
RETECHS REVIEWER**

Signature:

Name:

Title:

Date:



Real Estate Technical Services – RETECHS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1	SITE DESCRIPTION.....	1
1.2	PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT.....	1
1.3	PURPOSE	2
1.4	SCOPE OF WORK AND AUTHORIZATION.....	2
2.0	ACTIVITIES.....	2
2.1	SAMPLE COLLECTION AND OBSERVATIONS.....	3
3.0	RESULTS.....	3
3.1	SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS: SOIL	3
4.0	QUANTITATIVE ANALYSES	3
4.1	QUANTITATIVE ANALYSES- SOIL	3
5.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.....	4
6.0	LIMITATIONS.....	5

Attachments:

Appendix A – Figures

Appendix B – Subsurface Exploration Procedures and Boring Logs

Appendix C – Laboratory Certification

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Site Description

The subject site is located at 23051 Military Road South in Kent, King County, Washington (Section 15-Township 22 North - Range 4 East, Willamette Meridian).

The subject site is an irregular-shaped property that includes one tax parcel and two separate lots that together cover a reported 5.87 acres. The northern and southern lots are each developed with buildings. The northern lot supports a service garage building, and the southern lot supports a combination sales and service building. The balance of the property is asphalt-paved and utilized for recreational vehicle storage.

1.2 Project Background

Adapt completed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, dated May 18, 2004, for the subject site (Adapt Report No. WA04-11238-PH1). Based upon the results of our assessment, Adapt revealed the following possible environmental conditions at the site:

- The former presence of a 10,000 gallon capacity gasoline underground storage tank (UST) on the northern portion of the property;
- The presence of decommissioned underground hydraulic hoists located within the southern building;
- The past usage of the southern portion of the southern lot for construction equipment staging and storage.
- The shop in the southern building includes a floor drain that is connected to an oil-water separator that is reportedly connected to the municipal stormwater system.
- The lack of secondary containment associated with above ground storage tanks and drums.

Confirmation sampling around the former gasoline UST on the northern lot coupled with the results of a limited Phase II assessment completed by others did not indicate the presence of significant contaminant concentrations, and no further action was recommended. However, the report recommended that a subsurface investigation be completed to assess conditions in the former equipment storage area and the decommissioned hoists on the southeast portion of the property.

Adapt subsequently completed a limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (dated August 8, 2004, Adapt Report No. WA04-11238-PH2). This assessment included advancing a total of eight (8) geoprobe explorations and one hand boring to depths of up to 14 feet below ground surface (bgs). The Geoprobe and hand borings were drilled adjacent to the hydraulic hoists in the southern building and areas peripheral to the south and east sides of the building. Soil samples collected from borings GP-1 through GP-8 did not exhibit detectable concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) or volatile organic compounds, including benzene and chlorinated solvents. However, a sample collected from the 10 to 11.5-foot depth from hand boring HB-1 exhibited a gasoline-range TPH concentration of 1,200 ppm which was in excess of the MTCA cleanup level of 100 ppm. This sample also exhibited detectable concentrations of benzene (0.06 ppm), ethylbenzene (4.3 ppm), and xylenes (14 ppm). The benzene and xylenes concentrations were in excess of respective MTCA Method A cleanup levels.

Subsequent review of City of Kent Files revealed that the eastern side of the southern building formerly supported three petroleum USTs, including two 2,000-gallon capacity gasoline USTs and one 1,000-gallon capacity used oil UST and a pump. The USTs were reportedly decommissioned and removed in 1998 for the previous property owner, "Valley I-5." The UST Closure Report completed by Sound Environmental Consulting indicated that about 5 cubic yards of impacted soils were removed from the excavation and transported to Fife Sand and Gravel for treatment. Analytical results of confirmatory soil samples collected from the base of the excavation below the former gasoline USTs indicated elevated concentrations of gasoline-range TPH in excess of MTCA Method A cleanup levels.

Based upon the results of the UST Closure Assessment by others and Adapt's limited Phase II ESA report, a limited volume of soils exhibiting elevated concentrations gasoline-range TPH and VOCs remain in the area of the former gasoline USTs. However, the lateral limits of these impacts have not been assessed. In addition, it is not known if this release has impacted underlying ground water conditions.

1.3 Purpose

The purpose of this assessment is to evaluate the lateral limits of petroleum hydrocarbons impacts in soil and potential groundwater impacts associated with the confirmed release from the decommissioned UST system located to the east of the southernmost building.

1.4 Scope of Work and Authorization

The scope of work for this project consisted of the collection of soil and analytical testing of recovered samples for petroleum hydrocarbons and volatile organic compounds, including benzene and chlorinated solvents. Mr. Robert M. Wearn of U.S. Bank provided written authorization to perform this Phase II on April 21, 2004, (RETECHS File No: CCV04-316/2300 SEA).

2.0 ACTIVITIES

2.1 Sample Collection and Observations

This phase of work involved advancing three (3) hollow stem auger borings (designated B-1 through B-3) to depths of about 30 feet (bgs). The borings were advanced using a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger drill rig, owned and operated by Holt Drilling, under subcontract to our firm. All borings were supervised, sampled, and logged by an Adapt Licensed Geologist. The borings were located based on preliminary findings of previous environmental studies, field observations, and site access. Figure 2 show the approximate locations of the borings, site boundaries, and other pertinent site features. Subsurface exploration and soil sampling procedures are described in Appendix B.

All soil samples were field screened using a MiniRae 10.6ev Photoionization Detector (PID). Field screen samples were collected from the remaining soil in the sampled interval. A representative soil sample was placed in a Ziplock® type plastic bag and sealed. The sample was allowed to volatilize for at least 10 minutes prior to obtaining a reading. The PID tip was inserted in small hole poked in the bag just prior to reading. The highest PID reading observed was recorded on the boring log sheet, as were any subjective olfactory impressions of the sample by the on-site geologist.

Upon completion, the test probe holes were abandoned by placing dry bentonite into the probe holes, which was then hydrated. The probe holes were sealed to match the existing surface. The probe and sampling equipment were decontaminated between each sampling event using water and Alconox wash and water rinse.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 Subsurface Conditions: Soil

The site borings generally disclosed asphalt pavement and gravel base course overlying variable gravelly sand fill soils, locally silt-rich, with minor organic fragments, that extended to depths ranging from about 3 feet to 7 feet below ground surface (bgs). These soils were underlain by very dense, moist to wet, tan-gray to gray, silty, gravelly fine sand with minor less silty sand-rich zones. These underlying soils were interpreted to be unweathered glacial till soils that extended to the full depth explored of about 30 feet bgs. Minor, discontinuous moist to wet zones were observed at depths of about 20 to 25 feet in the borings. However, groundwater seepage was not encountered in any of the site borings at the time of drilling and within one half hour of completion of each boring. Figure 2 shows the approximate locations of the borings, site boundaries, and other pertinent site features. Subsurface exploration and soil sampling procedures are described in Appendix B.

All soil samples were field screened using a MiniRae Photoionization Detector (PID). Soils screened from borings B--1 through B-8 did not exhibit obvious signs of contaminant impacts, such as staining odors, or significant PID readings.

4.0 QUANTITATIVE ANALYSES

The analytical testing was performed by ESN, Inc., which is a Washington certified laboratory.

4.1 Quantitative Analyses- Soil

Soil

Soil samples B-1/7.5-9 and GP-1/15-16.5 did not exhibit detectable concentrations of gasoline through mineral oil-range total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), or volatile organic compounds, including BTEX and chlorinated solvents. Sample GP-2/5-6.5 exhibited detectable concentrations of ethylbenzene (0.25 ppm) and xylenes (0.95 ppm), both of which were below respective MTCA Method A cleanup levels. This sample did not exhibit concentrations of benzene, toluene, or gasoline through mineral oil-range TPH. Samples B-3/10-11.5 and B-3/20-21.5 did not exhibit concentrations of BTEX, or gasoline through mineral oil-range TPH. Analytical results are summarized on Tables 1 and 2 below, and the laboratory certificates and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix C.

Table 1 : Summary of Analytical Results: Soil - TPH

ID	Depth (ft)	PID (ppm)	Gasoline (ppm)	Mineral Spirits (ppm)	Kerosene (ppm)	Diesel (ppm)	Heavy Oil (ppm)
B-1/7.5-9	7.5-9	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
B-1/15-16.5	15-16.5	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
B-2/5-6.5	5-6.5	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
B-2/15-16.5	15-16.5	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
B-3/10-11.5	10-11.5	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
B-3/20-21.5	20-21.5	0.0	<5	<5	<20	<20	<50
MTCA Method A Cleanup Levels			100/30	100/30	2,000	2,000	

TPH – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

ppm = parts per million

NotD= Not Detected above standard laboratory detection levels

NT = Not Tested

MTCA = Model Toxics Control Act

Table 2 : Summary of Analytical Results: Soil - VOCs

ID	Depth (ft)	B (ppm)	T (ppm)	E (ppm)	X (ppm)	VOCs
B-1/7.5-9	7.5-9	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	NotD
B-1/15-16.5	15-16.5	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	NotD
B-2/5-6.5	5-6.5	<0.02	<0.05	0.25	0.95	NT
B-2/15-16.5	15-16.5	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	NT
B-3/10-11.5	10-11.5	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	NT
B-3/20-21.5	20-21.5	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	NT
MTCA Method A Cleanup Levels			100/30	2,000	2,000	varies

ppm = parts per million

BTEX = Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes by EPA Method 8260

VOCs = volatile organic compounds by EPA Method 8260

NotD = Not Detected above standard laboratory detection levels

NT = Not Tested

MTCA = Model Toxics Control Act

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The current phase of work included advancing three 30-foot hollow-stem auger borings adjacent to and downslope from a petroleum UST system that was formerly located along the east side of the southernmost building. The borings disclosed 3 to 7 feet of man-placed fill soils overlying very dense glacial till soils that extended to the full depth explored of 30 feet. None of the borings exhibited recoverable groundwater seepage. Soils samples collected from the borings did not exhibit readily obvious signs of contaminant impacts, such as stains, petroleum or petroleum-like odors, or measurable PID readings.

In Adapt's opinion, the results of the current phase of work, coupled with past site assessment results, indicate that a limited volume of petroleum contaminated soils remain in the area of the former gasoline USTs and pump, adjacent to the east side of the southern building on the subject property. In addition, it does not appear that the residual contaminants have impacted the local near-surface groundwater table, which is in excess of 30 feet in depth. Figure 3 shows the estimated aerial extent of residual contaminated soils adjacent to the east side of the southern building. We conservatively estimate that approximately 50 to 100 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soils remain at depths greater than about 10 feet below ground surface adjacent to the east side of the southernmost building.

It is our understanding that no significant remodeling or earthwork is currently planned for this portion of the property. In Adapt's opinion, if left undisturbed, and given that the site is entirely paved in the area of concern, the residual contaminants do not appear to represent a significant environmental risk to human health or the environment. Adapt recommends that this report and the other site assessment reports be submitted to Ecology for fee-based review under the Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP).

6.0 LIMITATIONS

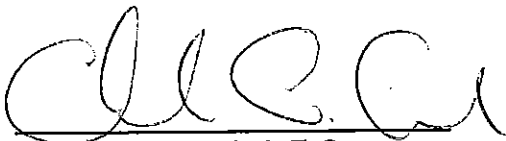
Information contained in this report is based upon site characterization, field observations, and the laboratory analyses completed for this study. Conclusions presented are professional opinions based upon our interpretation of the analytical laboratory test results, as well as our experience and observations during the field activities. The number, locations, and depth of the explorations, as well as the analytical scope were completed within the site and proposal constraints. Adapt's observations and the analytical data are limited to the vicinity of each test probe and do not necessarily reflect conditions across the site. No other warranty, express or implied is made. In the event that additional information regarding either the site or surrounding properties becomes known, or changes to existing conditions occurs, the conclusions in this report should be reviewed, and if necessary, revised to reflect the updated information. Project specific limitations are presented in the appropriate sections of this report.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of US Bancorp and their agents for specific application to the project site. Use or reliance upon this report by a third is at their own risk. Adapt does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to such other parties as to the accuracy or completeness of this report or the suitability of its use by such other parties for any purpose whatever, known or unknown, to Adapt.

Adapt appreciates the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Should you have any questions concerning this report, or if we can assist you in any way, please contact us at (206) 654-7045.

Respectfully Submitted,

LSI Adapt



Charles C. Cacek, L.E.G.
Senior Project Manager

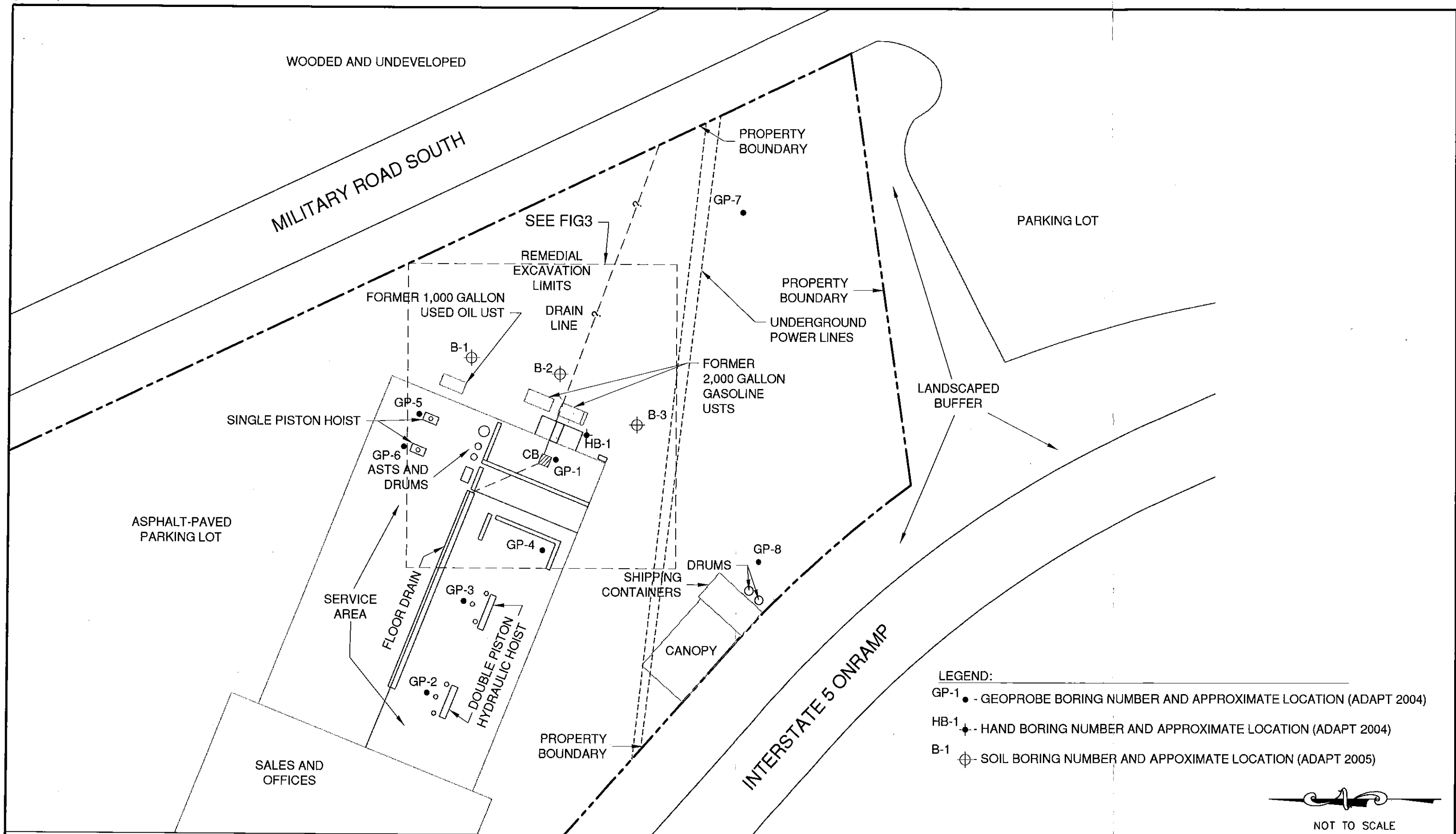


Daryl S. Petrarca, L.H.G.
Senior Reviewer

CCC/cc

APPENDIX A

FIGURES

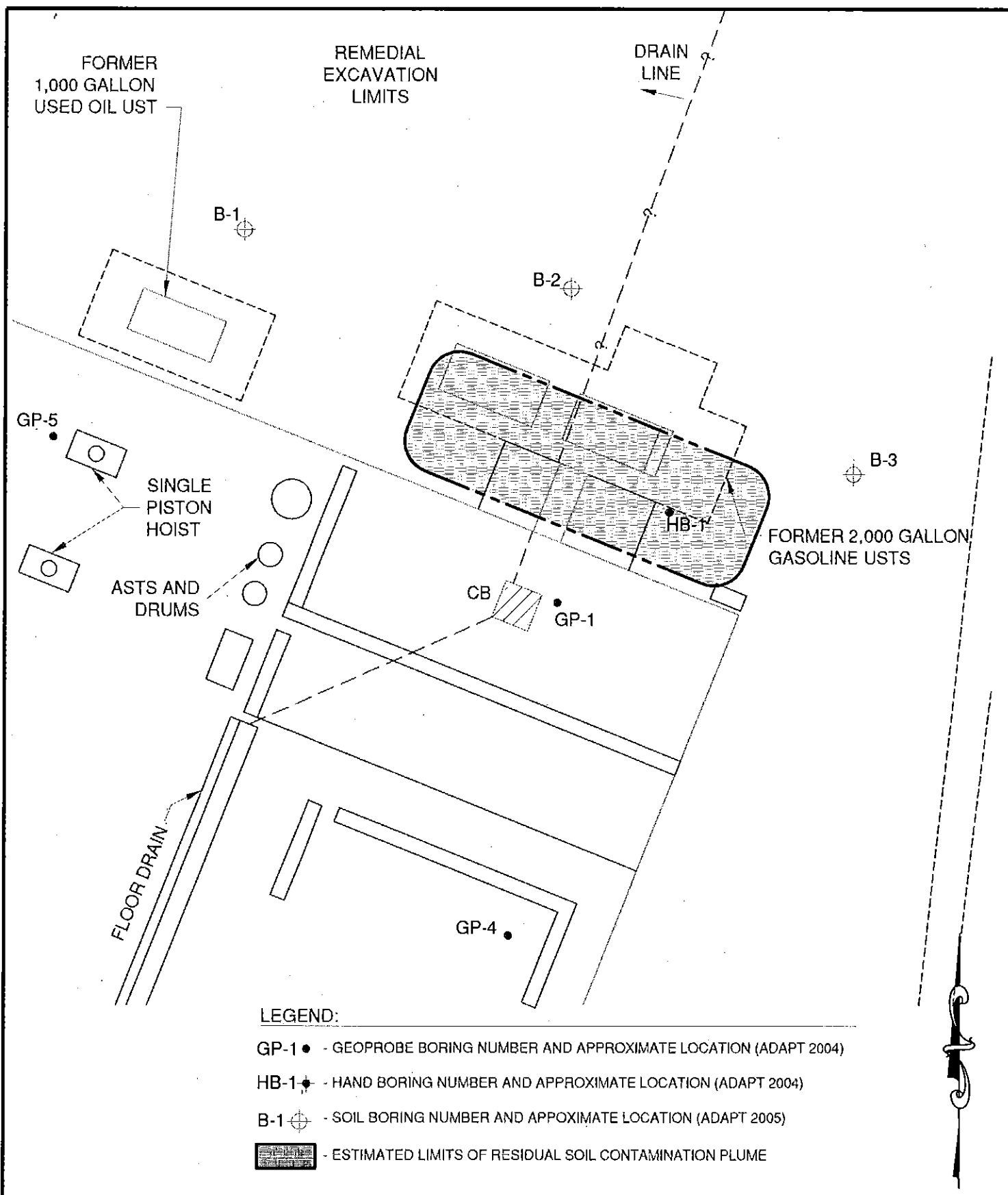


LSI ADAPT

615 8th Avenue South
 Seattle, Washington 98104
 Ph : 206.654.7045 Fax : 206.654.7048

FIGURE 2 - Site & Exploration Plan

Project : Kent Poulsbo RV - Southern Parcel
Location : 23051 Military Road South
 Kent, Washington 98032
Client : US Bancorp
Date : 06/02/05 **Job # :** S-WA-04-11238-PH2



LSI ADAPT, INC.

615 8th Avenue South
Seattle, Washington 98104

Ph : 206.654.7045 Fax : 206.654.7048

FIGURE 3 — Site Plan — Former UST System

Project : Kent Poulsbo RV — Southern Parcel

Location : 23051 Military Road South
Kent, Washington 98032

Client : US Bancorp

Date : 07/19/04

Job #S+WA-04-11238-PH2

APPENDIX B

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURES AND BORING LOGS

APPENDIX B

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURES AND BORING LOGS

Hollow Stem Auger Borings

The field exploration program conducted for this study consisted of advancing a series of three hollow stem auger borings on the site. The approximate locations are illustrated on Figure 2. These locations were obtained in the field by taping and pacing from existing site features.

The borings were advanced on May 14 and 15, 2005 by Holt Drilling, a local exploration drilling company under subcontract to our firm. Each boring consisted of advancing a 9-inch outside diameter hollow stem auger with a truck-mounted drill rig. During the drilling process, soil samples were generally obtained at 2 ½ -foot-depth intervals. Borings were continuously observed and logged in the field by a licensed geologist from our firm. Prior to each boring, the drilling equipment and sampling tools were steam cleaned, decontaminated.

CHARACTERIZATION OF SOIL

Disturbed soil samples were collected at 2½-foot intervals by using the Standard Penetration Test Procedure, as described in ASTM:D-1586. This test and sampling method consists of driving a standard 3-inch outside diameter split-barrel sampler a distance of 18 inches into the soil with a 300-pound hammer free falling a distance of 30 inches. The number of blows for each 6-inch interval is recorded. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is considered the Standard Penetration Resistance N or blow count. The blow counts are presented in the boring logs in this appendix. If a total of 50 blows are recorded within one 6-inch interval, the blow count is recorded as 50 blows for the actual number of inches of penetration. The blow count or "N" value, provides a measure of the relative density of granular soils or the relative consistency of cohesive soils.

All soil samples were field screened using a MiniRae 10.6ev Photoionization Detector (PID). Field screen samples were collected from the remaining soil in the sampled interval. A representative soil sample was placed in a Ziplock® type plastic bag and sealed. The sample was allowed to volatilize for at least 10 minutes prior to obtaining a reading. The PID tip was inserted in small hole poked in the bag just prior to reading. The highest PID reading observed was recorded on the boring log sheet, as were any subjective olfactory impressions of the sample by the on-site geologist.

Soil Sampling Procedures

The soil samples were removed at each interval using procedures designed to minimize the risk of cross contamination. Prior to each boring, the drilling equipment and sampling tools were scrubbed with a stiff brush and a solution of Liquinox (a phosphate free detergent) and water, and then rinsed with potable water and deionized water. The samples were classified and screened in the field, and immediately transferred to laboratory-prepared glass jars, and tightly sealed with a Teflon-lined, threaded cap. Samples were stored and transported in a chilled-cooler throughout the field program. All retained soil samples were subsequently transferred to the chemical testing laboratory in accordance with Adapt, chain-of-custody procedures.

Soil samples were collected in the borings from 1.5-foot long split spoon sampler, which is pushed as the lead section of the tool string. Recovered soil samples were collected for each exploration for description, screening, observation for field indications (visual and olfactory) of impact and quantitative laboratory analyses. All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned prior to and after each sampling episode. Discrete soil samples for volatile compounds were collected in compliance with EPA Method 5035A. Samples were collected using a Power Stop Handle and Easy Draw Syringe. The syringe was pushed into the core or the bottom of the borehole to obtain an approximately 5-gram soil sample. The soil core was then placed in an empty 40 ml glass vial with a Teflon lined lid with septum. Discrete soil samples from non-volatile compounds were collected using a clean stainless steel, disposable trowel, or gloved hand and transferred to a clean 4-ounce glass jar with a Teflon® lined lid. The jars were filled minimizing

headspace. A field split was then allowed to sit in a warm environment for approximately 15 minutes. The resulting headspace was screened by inserting a photoionization detector (PID) probe into the sample container. The PID screen provided a qualitative assessment of total volatile organic constituent concentration in the sample headspace and provide a basis for selection of samples to be submitted for quantitative laboratory analyses. The samples were then be stored at 4 degrees C, and transported as soon as possible to a subcontracted analytical laboratory under LSI-Adapt's chain-of-custody procedures.

All soil samples were field screened using a MiniRae 10.6ev Photoionization Detector (PID). Field screen samples were collected from the remaining soil in the sampled interval. A representative soil sample was placed in a Ziplock® type plastic bag and sealed. The sample was allowed to volatilize for at least 10 minutes prior to obtaining a reading. The PID tip was inserted in small hole poked in the bag just prior to reading. The highest PID reading observed was recorded on the boring log sheet, as were any subjective olfactory impressions of the sample by the on-site geologist.

Upon completion, the test probe holes were abandoned by placing dry bentonite into the probe holes, which was then hydrated. The probe holes were sealed to match the existing surface. The probe and sampling equipment were decontaminated between each sampling event using water and Alconox wash and water rinse.

POST SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

Once the sample is collected into the appropriate container, the outside of the bottle should be wiped with a clean paper towel to remove excess sampling material. If necessary, a clean paper towel moistened with alconox solution is used.

The sample bottle was then properly labeled and placed in a plastic bag and preserved at approximately 4°C in a cooler with ice. Information such as sample number, location, collection time and sample description were recorded in the field logbook. Associated paperwork (e.g. Chain of Custody forms, Sample Analysis Request forms) was completed and remained with the sample. The samples are packaged in a manner that will allow the appropriate storage temperature to be maintained during shipment to the lab. Samples were delivered to the laboratory within 24 hours so that proper temperature maintenance is assured and analytical holding times are not exceeded.

BORING LOG

LSI ADAPT

615 8th Avenue South
Seattle, Washington 98104
TEL: 206.654.7045 FAX: 206.654.7048

PROJECT : Kent-Poulsbo RV
LOCATION : 23051 Military Road South
Kent, WA 98032

Job Number : WA04-11238-PH2
Prepared for: US Bank

Boring No. : B-1

Elevation Reference : Ground Surface Elevation :		Well Completed : Casing Elevation :		AS-BUILT DESIGN			TESTING
DEPTH (feet)		SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOW COUNT	OVM READING	GROUND WATER	
0	2' asphalt over minor gravel over medium dense, moist, brown gravelly coarse Sand (fill)						
-5		B-1 5-1	7 7 7	0.0			
	Very dense, moist, tan-grey, gravelly silty fine SAND with some cobbles (glacial till)	B-1 5-2	50/6"	0.0			EPA 8260 WTPH-61 WTPH-DX
-10		B-1 5-3	50/6"	0.0			
		B-1 5-4	30/50/4"	0.0			
-15		B-1 5-5	31/50/5"	0.0			EPA 8260 WTPH-61 WTPH-DX
		B-1 5-6	60/6"	0.0			
		B-1 5-7	75/6"	0.0			
-20							
	Grades to damp with minor wet zones	B-1 5-8	27/50/5"	0.0			
		B-1 5-9	30/50/4"	0.0			
-25							
	Moist, no sign of significant moisture	B-1 5-10	50/6"	0.0			
		B-1/5-11	50/6"	0.0			
-30	Boring terminated at approx. 30.5'						

LEGEND



2-inch O. D. Split-Spoon Sample

N/A

Sample not Recovered



Static Water Level at Drilling

Static Water Level

Perched Groundwater



Grab Sample

Type of Analytical Testing Used



No Recovery
At Time of Drilling

File Name : Boring Log.dwg

Drilling Start Date : 04/14/05

Drilling Completion Date : 04/14/05

Loaded By : RBH

Page :
1 of 2

BORING LOG

LSI ADAPT

615 8th Avenue South
Seattle, Washington 98104
TEL: 206.654.7045 FAX: 206.654.7048

PROJECT : Kent-Poulsbo RV
LOCATION : 23051 Military Road South
Kent, WA 98032

Job Number : WA04-11238-PH2
Prepared for: US Bank

Boring No. : B-2

Elevation Reference : Ground Surface Elevation :		Well Completed : Casing Elevation :		AS-BUILT DESIGN			TESTING
N/A N/A		N/A N/A					
DEPTH (feet)		SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOW COUNT	QTM READING	GROUND WATER	
0	2' asphalt over gravel base coarse						
	Loose to medium dense, tan-gray silty, gravelly fine SAND (fill)						
5	Brown-black silty gravelly fine SAND with organics (fill)		S-1	4 10 10	0.0		
			S-2	5 35 50/5	0.0		WTPH- 61/8TEX WTPH-DX
	Very dense, moist, oxidized tan-gray, gravelly silty fine SAND (glacial till)						
10	Gray		S-3	50/6"	0.0		
			S-4	20 50/6"	0.0		
15			S-5	28 50/6"	0.0		WTPH- 61/8TEX WTPH-DX
	With sand-rich interbeds		S-6	40 50/6"	0.0		
20			S-7	50/5"	0.0		
			S-8	40 50/3"	0.0		
25	with thin (1" - 2") damp to wet zones		S-9	20 30 60/6"	0.0		
	Moist		S-10	50/6"	0.0		
30			S-11	80/6"	0.0		
	Boring terminated at approx. 30.5 feet						

LEGEND



2-inch O. D. Split-Spoon Sample
N/A
Sample not Recovered



Static Water Level at Drilling
Static Water Level
Perched Groundwater



Grab Sample
Type of Analytical Testing Used
NR
ATD
No Recovery
At Time of Drilling

Page :
1 of 2

Drilling Start Date : 04/14/05

Drilling Completion Date :

04/14/05

Logged By : RBH

BORING LOG

LSI ADAPT

615 8th Avenue South
Seattle, Washington 98104
TEL: 206.654.7045 FAX: 206.654.7048

PROJECT : Kent-Poulsbo RV
LOCATION : 23051 Military Road South
Kent, WA 98032

Job Number : WA04-11238-PH2
Prepared for: US Bank

Boring No. : B-3

Elevation Reference : Ground Surface Elevation :		Well Completed : Casing Elevation :		AS-BUILT DESIGN			TESTING
DEPTH (feet)		SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOW COUNT	QVM READING	GROUND WATER	
0	2' asphalt over minor gravel over medium dense, moist, brown gravelly coarse SAND (fill)						Hand dig to 4 feet
	Dense to very dense, tan-gray, gravelly silty fine SAND (glacial till)						
5		S-1	13 32 34	0.0			
		S-2	25 60/6"	0.0			
10	Gray	S-3	30 50/4"	0.0			WTPH-67 BTEX WTPH-DX
		S-4	50/6"	0.0			
15		S-5	70/6"	0.0			
		S-6	30 50/4"	0.0			
20		S-7	50/6"	0.0			WTPH-67 BTEX WTPH-DX
		S-8	30 50/4"	0.0			
25	With thin (1"- 2") moist to wet interrbeds	S-9	20 40 50	0.0			
	Damp	S-10	18 50/5"	0.0			
30		S-11	60/6"	0.0			
	Boring terminated at approx. 30.5 feet						

LEGEND

2-inch O. D. Split-Spoon Sample
N/A
Sample not Recovered

Static Water Level at Drilling
Static Water Level
Pierced Groundwater



Grab Sample
Type of Analytical Testing Used
No Recovery
At Time of Drilling

File Name : Boring Log.dwg

Drilling Start Date : 04/14/05

Drilling Completion Date : 04/14/05

Loaded By : RBH

Page :
1 of 2

APPENDIX C

LABORATORY CERTIFICATION

June 3, 2005

Chuck Cacek
LSI-Adapt Engineering, Inc.
615 8th Avenue South
Seattle, WA 98104

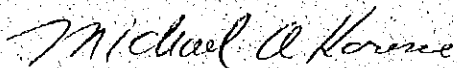
Dear Mr. Cacek:

Please find enclosed the analytical data report for Kent – Poulso RV Project in Kent, Washington. Soil samples were analyzed for Diesel and Oil by NWTPH-Dx/Dx Extended, Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx, and VOC's by Method 8260 on May 16 & 17, 2005.

The results of the analyses are summarized in the attached tables. All soil values are reported on a dry weight basis. Applicable detection limits and QA/QC data are included. An invoice for this analytical work is also enclosed.

ESN Northwest appreciates the opportunity to have provided analytical services to LSI Adapt for this project. If you have any further questions about the data report, please give me a call. It was a pleasure working with you on this project, and we are looking forward to the next opportunity to work together.

Sincerely,



Michael A. Korosec
President

3 day T-A-T!

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

 CLIENT: CSI Adapt
 ADDRESS: 615 8th Ave. S. Seattle WA 98104
 PHONE: 206 654 7045 FAX: 206 654 7043
 CLIENT PROJECT #: WA04-11706-PH2 PROJECT MANAGER: Charles Caceres

 DATE: 5/24/05 PAGE 1 OF 1
 PROJECT NAME: Mystic Waters
 LOCATION: 2526 Fawcett Tacoma WA
 COLLECTOR: Charles Caceres DATE OF COLLECTION: _____

Sample Number	Depth	Time	Sample Type	Container Type	ANALYSES																NOTES	Total Number of Containers	Laboratory Note Number
					VOA 8021B	VOA 8021B BTEX Only	VOA 8280	SEMI VOL 8270	TPH - HClO	TPH 8015 (gasoline)	TPH 8015 (diesel)	PAH 8100 (d & o)	PAH 8100	PCBs 8082	Pesticides 8081	EPH	VPH	Methamphetamine	Pb	Hex Chlorine			
1. GP-111-3'		7:35		2-402 3-302				X										XXXX			5		
2. GP-117-8 1/2'		7:50		2-402 3-302															Hold		4		
3. GP-216-7'		10:20		1-402 3-302																	4		
4. GP-219-10'		10:26		1-402 3-302				X													4		
5. GP-315-6'		10:45		2-402 3-302				X										XXXX			5		
6. GP-318-9'		11:30		1-402 3-302															Hold		4		
7. GP-412-4'		11:40		1-402 3-302				X										XXXX			4		
8. GP-516-7'		12:40		2-402 3-302	X			X													5		
9. GP-518-5'		12:45		2-402 3-302															Hold		5		
10.		↓		3-302																			
11. GP-612-4'		12:55		2-402 3-302																	5		
12. GP-616-7'		1:00		2-402 3-302	X			X										X			5		
13.																							
14.																							
15.																							
16.																							
17.																							
18.																							

 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/24/05 1:35 RECEIVED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/24/05 1:35

 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/25/05 1:00 RECEIVED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/25/05 1:00

SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

☐ ESN DISPOSAL @ \$2.00 each ☐ Return ☐ Pickup

SAMPLE RECEIPT

TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS

CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS Y/N/A

SEALS INTACT? Y/N/A

RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD

NOTES:

LABORATORY NOTES:

 Cd - cadmium
 As - Arsenic
 Pb - lead
 Hg - Mercury

Turn Around Time: 24 HR 48 HR 5 DAY

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

NWTPH-Gx / BTEX (8260)

Analytical Results

NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg	MTH BLK		B-1/7.5-9.0	B-1/15-16.5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %			8%	8%
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nd	nd	nd
Gasoline	5.0	nd	nd	nd
Surrogate recoveries:				
Fluorobiphenyl		99%	88%	86%
o-Terphenyl		93%	92%	91%

BTEX (8260), mg/kg	MTH BLK		LCS	B-1/7.5-9.0	B-1/15-16.5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05		05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %				8%	8%
Benzene	0.02	nd	98%	nd	nd
Toluene	0.05	nd	100%	nd	nd
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd	nd
Xylenes	0.05	nd		nd	nd
Surrogate recoveries:					
Dibromofluoromethane		87%	99%	94%	92%
Toluene-d8		100%	100%	102%	100%
4-Bromofluorobenzene		99%	98%	98%	100%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits
na - not analyzed
C - coelution with sample peaks
M - matrix interference
J - estimated value
Results reported on dry-weight basis
Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%
Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

NWTPH-Gx / BTEX (8260)

Analytical Results

NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg		B-2/5-6.5	B-2/15-16.5	B-3/10-11.5	B-3/20-21.5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %		11%	9%	8%	7%
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
Gasoline	5.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
Surrogate recoveries:					
Fluorobiphenyl		87%	89%	88%	90%
o-Terphenyl		92%	94%	91%	91%

BTEX (8260), mg/kg		B-2/5-6.5	B-2/15-16.5	B-3/10-11.5	B-3/20-21.5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/17/05
Moisture, %		11%	9%	8%	7%
Benzene	0.02	nd	nd	nd	nd
Toluene	0.05	nd	nd	nd	nd
Ethylbenzene	0.05	0.25	nd	nd	nd
Xylenes	0.05	0.95	nd	nd	nd

Surrogate recoveries:					
Dibromofluoromethane		95%	94%	96%	98%
Toluene-d8		102%	101%	99%	103%
4-Bromofluorobenzene		100%	97%	99%	100%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits
na - not analyzed
C - coelution with sample peaks
M - matrix interference
J - estimated value
Results reported on dry-weight basis
Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%
Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

NWTPH-Gx / BTEX (8260)

Analytical Results		DUP	
NWTPH-Gx, mg/kg		QC SAMPLE	QC SAMPLE
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %			
Mineral spirits/Stoddard solvent	5.0	nd	nd
Gasoline	5.0	nd	nd
Surrogate recoveries:			
Fluorobiphenyl		96%	89%
o-Terphenyl		94%	94%

BTEX (8260), mg/kg		MS	MSD	RPD
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	
Moisture, %				
Benzene	0.02	104%	99%	5%
Toluene	0.05	102%	100%	2%
Ethylbenzene	0.05			
Xylenes	0.05			
Surrogate recoveries:				
Dibromofluoromethane		95%	94%	
Toluene-d8		99%	101%	
4-Bromofluorobenzene		99%	99%	

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits
na - not analyzed
C - coelution with sample peaks
M - matrix interference
J - estimated value
Results reported on dry-weight basis
Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%
Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

Analytical Results

8260, mg/kg	MTH BLK	LCS	B-1/7.5-9	B-1/15-16.5	MS	MSD	RPD
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Molsture, %			8%	8%			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Chloromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Vinyl chloride	0.01	nd		nd			
Bromomethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Chloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Acetone	0.50	nd		nd			
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.05	nd	88%	nd	nd	84%	81% 4%
Methylene chloride	0.50	nd		nd			
Methyl-1-butyl ether (MTBE)	0.05	nd		nd			
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.50	nd		nd			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.05	nd		nd			
2,2-Dichloropropane	0.05	nd		nd			
Chloroform	0.05	nd		nd			
Bromochloromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
1,1-Dichloropropene	0.05	nd		nd			
Carbon tetrachloride	0.05	nd		nd			
Benzene	0.02	nd	98%	nd	nd	104%	99% 5%
Trichloroethene (TCE)	0.02	nd	95%	nd	nd	99%	94% 5%
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.05	nd		nd			
Dibromomethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Bromodichloromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.05	nd		nd			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.05	nd		nd			
Toluene	0.05	nd	100%	nd	nd	102%	100% 2%
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
2-Hexanone	0.05	nd		nd			
1,3-Dichloropropane	0.05	nd		nd			
Dibromochloromethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	0.02	nd		nd			
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)(*)	0.005	nd		nd			
Chlorobenzene	0.05	nd	101%	nd	nd	102%	101% 1%
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Ethylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
Xylenes	0.05	nd		nd			
Styrene	0.05	nd		nd			
Bromoform	0.05	nd		nd			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	nd		nd			
Isopropylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.05	nd		nd			
Bromobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
n-Propylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
2-Chlorotoluene	0.05	nd		nd			
4-Chlorotoluene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
tert-Butylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
sec-Butylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
isopropyltoluene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
n-Butylbenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			
Naphthalene	0.05	nd		nd			
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	0.05	nd		nd			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	0.05	nd		nd			

*-instrument detection limits

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

Analytical Results

8260, mg/kg		MTH BLK	LCS	B-1/7.5-9	B-1/15-16.5	MS	MSD RPD
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05		05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %				8%	8%		

Surrogate recoveries:

Dibromofluoromethane	97%	99%	94%	92%	95%	94%
Toluene-d8	100%	100%	102%	100%	99%	101%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	99%	98%	98%	100%	99%	99%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits
J - estimated quantitation, below listed reporting limits
Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%
Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

Analytical Results

NWTPH-Dx, mg/kg		MTH BLK	B-1/7.5-9.0	B-1/15-16.5	B-2/5-6.5	B-2/15-16.5
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %			8%	8%	11%	9%
Kerosene/Jet fuel	20	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Diesel/Fuel oil	20	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Heavy oil	50	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

Surrogate recoveries:

Fluorobiphenyl	99%	88%	86%	87%	89%
o-Terphenyl	93%	92%	91%	92%	94%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits
na - not analyzed
C - coelution with sample peaks
M - matrix interference
J - estimated value
Results reported on dry-weight basis
Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%
Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

ESN SEATTLE CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
(425) 957-9872, fax (425) 957-9904

ESN Job Number: S50516-1
Client: LSI ADAPT
Client Job Name: KENT-POULSBO RV
Client Job Number: WA04-11238-PH2

Analytical Results DUP

NWTPH-Dx, mg/kg		B-3/10-11.5	B-3/20-21.5	QC SAMPLE	QC SAMPLE
Matrix	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	Reporting	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Date analyzed	Limits	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05	05/16/05
Moisture, %		8%	7%		
Kerosene/Jet fuel	20	nd	nd	nd	nd
Diesel/Fuel oil	20	nd	nd	nd	nd
Heavy oil	50	nd	nd	nd	nd

Surrogate recoveries:

Fluorobiphenyl	88%	90%	96%	89%
o-Terphenyl	91%	91%	94%	94%

Data Qualifiers and Analytical Comments

nd - not detected at listed reporting limits

na - not analyzed

C - coelution with sample peaks

M - matrix interference

J - estimated value

Results reported on dry-weight basis

Acceptable Recovery limits: 65% TO 135%

Acceptable RPD limit: 35%

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

CLIENT: CSI Adapt
 ADDRESS: 615 8th Ave. South Seattle WA 98104
 PHONE: 206-654-7045 FAX: 206 654 7043
 CLIENT PROJECT #: WA04-11238-PH2 PROJECT MANAGER: Charles Caceres

DATE: 5/15/05 PAGE 1 OF 2
 PROJECT NAME: Kent-Poulsbo RV
 LOCATION: 23051 Military Rd., Kent WA
 COLLECTOR: Charles Caceres DATE OF COLLECTION: 5/14/05

Sample Number	Depth	Time	Sample Type	Container Type	ANALYSES																	Total Number of Containers	Laboratory Note Number
					VOA 8021B	VOA 8021B BTEX Only	VOA 8260	SEMI VOL 8270	TPH - HCID	TPH 8015 (gasoline)	TPH 8015 (diesel)	PAH 8015 (d & o)	PAH 8270	Pesticides 8081	EPH	VPH	Methamphetamine	Pb	Hex Chrome	WTPH-G/BTEX	WTPH-DX		
1. B-1/7.5-9.0		10:15	Soil	300cc	X	X													X	X			
2. ↓		↓		1402	X	X													X	X			
3. B-1/15-16.5		10:55		300cc	X	X													X	X			
4. ↓		↓		1402	X	X													X	X			
5. B-1/30-31.5		12:00		300cc																			
6. ↓		↓		1402																			
7. B-2/5-6.5		2:10		300cc															X	X			
8. ↓		↓		1402															X	X			
9. B-2/15-16.5		2:45		300cc															X	X			
10. ↓		↓		1402															X	X			
11. B-2/27.5-29		4:00		300cc																			
12. ↓		↓		1402																			
13. B-3/7.5-9.0		12:55		300cc																			
14. ↓		↓		1402																			
15. B-3/10-11.5		1:10		300cc															X	X			
16. ↓		↓		1402															X	X			
17. B-3/20-21.5		1:40		300cc															X	X			
18. ↓		↓		1402															X	X			

RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/16/05 9:06 RECEIVED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/16/05 9:10
 RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) _____ DATE/TIME _____ RECEIVED BY (Signature) _____ DATE/TIME _____

SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

☐ ESN DISPOSAL @ \$2.00 each ☐ Return ☐ Pickup

SAMPLE RECEIPT

TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS _____
 CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS Y/N/NA _____
 SEALS INTACT? Y/N/NA _____
 RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD _____

NOTES:

LABORATORY NOTES:

Sday T-A-T

Turn Around Time: 24 HR 48 HR 5 DAY

550516-1

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

CLIENT: LSI Adapt
 ADDRESS: 615 8th Avenue South Seattle 98104
 PHONE: 206-654-7045 FAX: 206-654-7048
 CLIENT PROJECT #: WA04-11238-PHZ PROJECT MANAGER: Charles Cacer

DATE: 5/15/05 PAGE 2 OF 2
 PROJECT NAME: Kent Poolsbo RV
 LOCATION: 23051 Military Rd South Kent
 COLLECTOR: Charles Cacer DATE OF COLLECTION: 5/15/05

Sample Number	Depth	Time	Sample Type	Container Type	ANALYSES																	Total Number of Containers	Laboratory Note Number			
					VOA 8021B	VOA 8021B BTEX Only	VOA 8260	SEMI VOL 8270	TPH - HCID	TPH 8015 (gasoline)	TPH 8015 (diesel)	PAH 8015 (a & c)	PAH 8100	PCBs 8082	Pesticides 8081	EPH	VPH	Methamphetamine	Pb	Hex Chrome						
1. B-3 / 30-31" 1/2		2:30	SP-1	3 Uoa																						
2. ↓		↓	↓	1402																						
3.																										
4.																										
5.																										
6.																										
7.																										
8.																										
9.																										
10.																										
11.																										
12.																										
13.																										
14.																										
15.																										
16.																										
17.																										
18.																										

RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/16/05 9:00
 RECEIVED BY (Signature) [Signature] DATE/TIME 5/16/05 9:10

RELINQUISHED BY (Signature) _____ DATE/TIME _____
 RECEIVED BY (Signature) _____ DATE/TIME _____

SAMPLE RECEIPT
 TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS _____
 CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS Y/N/NA _____
 SEALS INTACT? Y/N/NA _____
 RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD _____
 NOTES: _____

LABORATORY NOTES:
5-day T-A-T
 Turn Around Time: 24 HR 48 HR 5 DAY

SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS
☐ ESN DISPOSAL @ \$2.00 each ☐ Return ☐ Pickup