ENVIRONMENTAL ASSOCIATES, INC.

1380 - 112th Avenue Northeast, Suite 300 Bellevue, Washington 98004 (425) 455-9025 Office (888) 453-5394 Toll Free (425) 455-2316 Fax

April 4, 2012

NW 2701 N. Woodnville 195 LLC ZNU Q

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DEPT OF ECOLOGY TCP - NWRO

JN-28260-4

North Woodinville 195, LLC c/o Mr. Chris Fusetti Sierra Construction 19900 - 144th Avenue NE Woodinville, Washington 98072

Subject:

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT - FEBRUARY 2012

Former Woodinville Auto Auction Site

13820 NE 195th Street Woodinville, Washington

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your directives, Environmental Associates, Inc (EAI) has completed another round of groundwater sampling and laboratory testing at the subject property. This work has been performed in accordance with our November 30, 2011 proposal (PR-28260-4). The following report provides a brief summary of this sampling event.

Background

On February 12, 2009, Environmental Associates, Inc. (EAI) presented North Woodinville 195, LLC (NWLLC) with a report summarizing the findings of a UST Removal and Independent Cleanup Action performed at the subject property. In that effort, EAI observed the removal of four (4) underground storage tanks (USTs), approximately 475-tons of "Class 3" petroleum impacted soils, and 12,000-gallons of petroleum impacted groundwater. Analysis of confirmation samples collected in conjunction with that effort indicated regulated petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations remained in soil and groundwater at, and beyond the limits of the remedial excavation.

entered CP 3-20-13

At the conclusion of excavation and remedial activities, six (6) separate sections of slotted and/or perforated 2"-diameter PVC piping were installed in the subsurface at locations noted on Plate 4 in conjunction with site restoration. These various sections of piping were installed to provide a means to sample groundwater, and to facilitate application of Oxygen Releasing Compound (ORC) or other products to enhance degradation of remaining subsurface contaminants if desired.

Two (2) applications of ORC have occurred at the subject property. The first ORC treatment was performed on August 26, 2009, and included all of the onsite test pits. After EAI completed sample collection on February 10, 2010, a second ORC treatment was performed. During this second treatment, the largest amount of ORC was added to locations with the lowest measured dissolved oxygen (DO) levels. No ORC was added to the infiltration galleries during this second application. In both cases, the ORC was mixed with tap water obtained from the Woodinville Water District, poured into the onsite test-pits and/or infiltration galleries, and further back-flushed with tap water to aid in the propagation of the ORC in the subsurface environment. To date, a total of 200-pounds of ORC have added to the subsurface at the subject property.

For the benefit of the reader, ORC (oxygen releasing compound) is used to supply oxygen so that microbes present in the subsurface environment can metabolize petroleum hydrocarbons. Prior to application of the ORC compound in August of 2009, dissolved oxygen (DO) had not been detected in groundwater at the site. Measurements of groundwater quality taken during the two previous sampling events suggest the ORC applications had measurably influenced DO levels at the site.

In accordance with WDOE guidelines pertaining to UST closure "Site Assessments," a copy of our February 2009 dated report was forwarded to the WDOE. The property, under the name North Woodinville 195, LLC, is listed as a UST site and assigned a Facility ID number (#1947253). Based on information available from online WDOE resources, the property has apparently not yet been designated as a leaking underground storage tank (LUST) site by WDOE.

Upon request by the client, the network of groundwater monitoring points has been periodically sampled since its installation in 2009. The monitoring points were last sampled in November of 2011.

February 2012 Groundwater Sampling Event

As stated above, in conjunction with site restoration following UST removal, six (6) separate sections of 2-inch diameter slotted PVC piping were installed on the subject property. These include the installation of two (2) approximately 35-foot horizontal runs of pipe in the remedial excavation, and four (4) vertical stand-pipes installed in the four test pits. All six (6) installations were brought to grade using at least 12" of 2"-diameter PVC pipe, and protected by traffic grade monument boxes placed in a concrete surround. For additional details regarding the construction of this piping network, the reader is referred to our February 12, 2009 report. On February 23, 2012, the six (6) segments of piping were accessed and groundwater samples were recovered.

Prior to sampling, an electronic meter was utilized to measure the depth to the shallow groundwater surface below the top of each pipe casing. These measurements along with prior casing elevation survey data were used to deduce the relative elevation of the water table at each location, as presented in Table 1, attached. As presented on Plate 4, Detailed Site Plan, the shallow groundwater within the study area appears to be flowing westward. As the depths to water measured in the two horizontal pipe segments do not represent the water elevations at discrete locations, these data points were not used in generating water table contours.

Average groundwater levels were noted to be approximately 1-foot higher than during the last sampling event, which was in November 2011. It should also be noted that groundwater was present and recoverable at all six (6) monitoring locations during this current event.

A low-flow micro-purging technique relying on a peristaltic pump was used to collect groundwater samples. Water discharged from the pump was directed to a "flow-through" cell to allow various water quality parameters to be monitored in "real time." Once select parameters (pH, temperature, and dissolved oxygen) stabilized, the parameters were documented (see Table 3 - General Water Quality Parameters) and representative samples were then pumped directly from the pump into laboratory prepared glassware.

The recovered groundwater samples were submitted to the project laboratory to be analyzed for gasoline, BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene), diesel, and heavy oil range total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) by Washington State Department of Ecology test methods NWTPH-G/BTEX and NWTPH-Dx. Due to potential "interferences" noted by the project laboratory during prior sampling events, a silica gel cleanup was used in conjunction with the NWTPH-Dx analysis.

Laboratory Results & Discussion

Referring to Table 2, all six (6) recovered groundwater samples were in compliance with WDOE Method-A target levels for the compounds evaluated. The groundwater sample from TP-1 contained a trace detection of diesel at a concentration of 130 parts per billion (ppb), well below the WDOE's 500 ppb target compliance level. Similar trace concentrations of diesel range petroleum have been detected at TP-1 in past sampling events.

The current February sampling event marks the <u>second consecutive quarter</u> in which all six (6) monitoring points produced groundwater samples that were in compliance with WDOE levels for all the compounds tested for. Putting this statement in context, to qualify for a determination of "no further action" (NFA) from the WDOE, such an achievement must continue over a minimum of four (4) consecutive quarterly monitoring events.

Oxygen releasing compound (ORC) was last applied to the site in February 2010. Based upon the general water quality parameters noted in Table 3, evidence of lingering ORC "effects" (primarily elevated pH, were noted in groundwater extracted from the west and east-infiltration gallery piping and down-gradient monitoring point TP-3. At the remaining locations, the ORC appears to have been mostly consumed and groundwater parameters such as pH and dissolved oxygen are returning to "natural" ranges.

Summary/Conclusions

At the conclusion of the current groundwater sampling event, groundwater at all six (6) on-site monitoring locations is in compliance with WDOE Method-A levels for unrestricted land use and has remained so for two (2) consecutive quarters. As briefly mentioned above, for the WDOE to declare a cleanup action a success typically requires that groundwater compliance is demonstrated through at least four (4) consecutive quarters of monitoring (every 90 days over a 1 year period). The next recommended sampling event would occur in May 2012.

To the extent that the proposed quarterly groundwater monitoring continues to exhibit stable and compliant results, further applications of ORC do not appear to be warranted at this particular time.

Limitations

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the North Woodinville 195, LLC,, along with its several representatives for specific application to this site for specific application to this site. Our work for this project was conducted in a manner consistent with that level of care and skill normally exercised by members of the environmental science profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the area, and in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in our proposal dated November 30, 2011. The opinions expressed in this report are based upon interpretations, observations and testing made at separated sampling locations and conditions may vary between those locations or other locations or depths. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made. If new information is developed in future site work that may include excavations, borings, studies, etc., Environmental Associates, Inc., must be retained to reevaluate the conclusions of this report and to provide amendments as required.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service on this assignment. If you have any questions or if we may be of additional service, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Robert B. Roe, M.Sc., LHG.

Senior Hydrogeologist / Project Manager

License: 1125

(Washington)

Don W. Spencer, M.Sc., P.G., R.E.A.

Principal

License: 604

License: 11464

License: 876

License: 5195

License: 0327

(Washington)

(Oregon) (California)

(Illinois)

(Mississippi)



DON W. SPENCER

Attachments

Table 1 - Water Table Survey

Table 2 - Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Groundwater Sampling Results

Table 3 - General Water Quality Parameters

Plate 1 - Vicinity Map

Plate 2 - Topographic Map

Plate 3 - Site Plan

Plate 4 - Detailed Site Plan

Appendix-A Laboratory Reports

APPENDIX-A

Laboratory Reports

TABLE 1 Water Table Survey (feet)								
Monitoring Point	TOC Elevation	Depth to Water Below TOC	Net Change	Elevation of Water Table				
East Infiltration 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	90.00	No Water (>4.12) No Water (>4.12) 3.50 3.75 2.63	 -0.25 1.12	86.50 86.25 87.37				
West Infiltration 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	89.32	No Water (>3.76) No Water (>3.76) 2.80 3.04 1.92	 -0.24 1.12	86.52 86.28 87.40				
TP-1 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	87.26	1.98 3.50 2.40 2.93 1.70	-1.52 1.10 -0.53 1.23	85.28 83.76 84.86 84.33 85.56				
TP-2 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	87.88	2.23 3.44 2.17 2.55 1.44	-1.21 1.27 -0.38 1.11	85.65 84.44 85.71 85.33 86.44				
TP-3 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	86.54	1.85 3.80 2.73 2.99 2.11	-1.95 1.07 -0.26 0.88	84.69 82.74 83.81 83.55 84.43				
TP-4 4/9/09 7/9/09 2/10/10 11/14/11 2/23/12	87.16	2.32 No Water 2.60 2.68 1.86	 -0.08 0.82	84.84 84.56 84.48 85.30				

Notes:

TOC. Top of casing elevation.

Elevations based upon assigning the ground surface in the vicinity of the East Infiltration point an approximate elevation of 90.00 feet above sea-level. (1) (2)

TABLE 2 - Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Groundwater Sampling Results All results and limits in parts per billion (ppb)

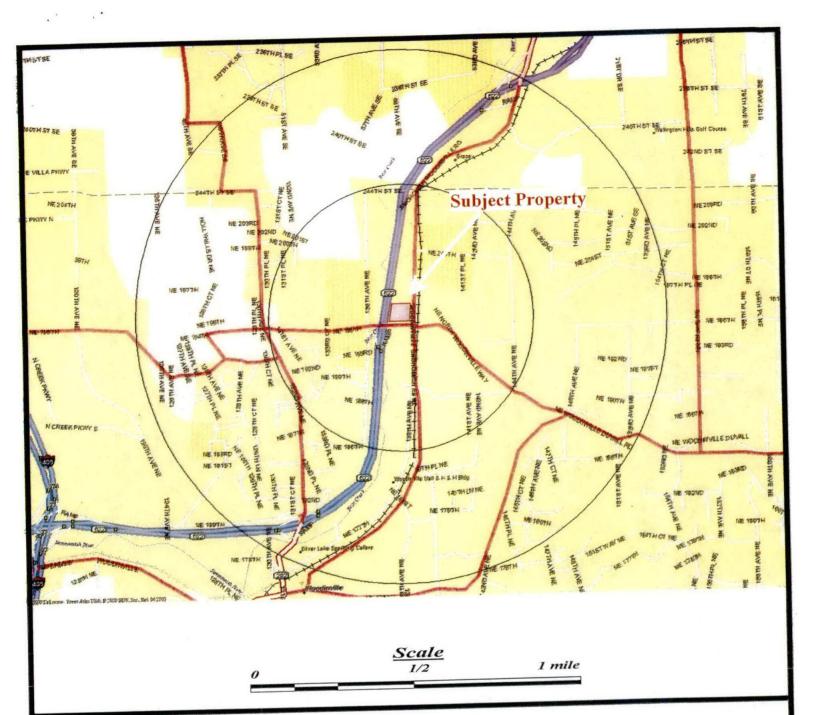
Monitoring Point	Gasoline (TPH)	Diesel (TPH)	Heavy Oil (TPH)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes
East Infiltration							
Apr-09 (Not Sampled, Dry)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
7/9/2009 (Not Sampled, Dry)	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	NA
February 3, 2010	<100	<50*	<250	</td <td><1</td> <td><1</td> <td><3</td>	<1	<1	<3
November 14, 2011	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
February 23, 2012	<100	<50	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
West Infiltration	<u> </u>			<u>,</u>		 	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA
Apr-09 (Not Sampled, Dry)		NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA I	NA
7/9/2009 (Not Sampled, Dry)	NA I		<250	< <u></u>	<i< td=""><td><1</td><td><3</td></i<>	<1	<3
February 10, 2010	<100	<50 *	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
November 14, 2011	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
February 23, 2012	<1.00	<50	\230			<u> </u>	
TP-1			250	,	<i< td=""><td><1</td><td><3</td></i<>	<1	<3
April 9, 2009	<100	93*	<250	1	<i< td=""><td><1</td><td><3</td></i<>	<1	<3
July 9, 2009	120	230*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
February 3, 2010	100	240*	<250	<1	1	<1	<3
November 11, 2011	<100	<50*	<250	<i< td=""><td><1 <1</td><td><!--</td--><td><3</td></td></i<>	<1 <1	</td <td><3</td>	<3
February 23, 2012	<100	130	<250	<}		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
TP-2						<1	<3
April 9, 2009	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<br </td <td>/₂ /₃</td>	/ ₂ / ₃
July 9, 2009	160	190*	<250	<1	<1		<3
February 3, 2010	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
November 14, 2011	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<i< td=""><td><3</td></i<>	<3
February 23, 2012	<100	<50	<250	<1	<1	<1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
TP-3			 				<3
April 9, 2009	<100	83* `	<250	<1	<1	<1	
July 9, 2009	120	760*	470	<i< td=""><td>· 1></td><td><1</td><td><3</td></i<>	· 1>	<1	<3
•	<100	52*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
February 3, 2010	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	<100	<50	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
TD 4	+		 -		 		
TP-4	<100	<50*	<250	<1	<1	2	<3
April 9, 2009	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA
7/9/2009 (Not Sampled, Dry)	l I		<250	6	<1	6	<3
February 3, 2010	220	290*		3.1	<1	1.7	<3
November 14, 2011	450	220*	<250 <250	<1	<i>1</i>	<1	<3
February 23, 2012	<100	<50					
Reporting Limit ³	100	50	250	1	1	1 1	3
TCA-Method-A Cleanup Levels	4 800 or 1000 ⁵	500	500	5	1000	700	1000

Notes:

- 1 "ND" denotes analyte not detected at or above listed Reporting Limit.
- 2- "NA" denotes sample not analyzed for specific analyte.
- 3- "Reporting Limit" represents the laboratory lower quantitation limit.
- 4- Method A groundwater cleanup levels as published in the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) 173-340-WAC.
- The MTCA gasoline TPH cleanup level is 800 ppb for groundwater with benzene. Otherwise, the cleanup level is 1000 ppb.
- The project laboratory reports that "the pattern of peaks present is not indicative of diesel." The detected concentration is likely "carry over" from the gasoline range.
- Sample analyzed for diesel and heavy oil range petroluem compounds using "silica gel cleanup" methodology.

Bold and Italics denotes concentrations above existing or proposed MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup levels.

IA	Bre∵?	- Generar ings Take	Water Quen at Time	of Sampl	ing		
Monitoring Point	рН		Temperature	Oxidation- Reduction Potential	Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Dissolved Solids
ļ		mS/m	(Celsius)	mV	NTU	mg/L	g/L
East Infiltration April 7, 2009 (Not Sampled, Dry) July 9, 09 (Not Sampled, Dry) February 3, 2010 November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	NA NA 6.19 7.45 8.91	NA NA 22.8	NA NA 9.7 10.80 8.1	NA NA +199 +152 +295	NA NA Not Measured 	NA NA 2.98 7.03 9.26	NA NA 0.15
West Infiltration April 7, 2009 (Not Sampled, Dry) July 9, 2009 (Not Sampled, Dry) February 3, 2010 November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	NA NA 10.35 9.13 8.99	NA NA 35.9 26.4	NA NA 9.2 11.95 8.5	NA NA +124 +110 +306	NA NA Not Measured	NA NA 16.59 12.79 10.42	NA NA 0.23
TP-1 April 7, 2009 July 9, 2009 February 3, 2010 November 11, 2011 February 23, 2012	6.57 5.71 6.75 6.55 6.60	35.4 35.11 38.0 27.6	10.8 23.4 9.0 11.85 8.4	+28 +47 +21 +35 +25	34.8 Not Measured Not Measured	0.00 0.00 0.91 3.7 0.85	0.24 0.23 0.25
TP-2 April 7, 2009 July 9, 2009 February 3, 2010 November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	6.74 5.94 6.72 7.00 7.64	22.1 40.7 27.8 12.2	10.5 23.4 8.6 10.91 8.3	+96 +5 +241 +175 +150	30.7 Not Measured Not Measured	0.00 0.00 4.21 8.6 3.50	0.15 0.26 0.18
TP-3 April 7, 2009 July 9, 2009 February 3, 2010 November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	6.71 5.76 6.69 9.42 9.27		9.6 22.6 9.0 11.29 7.6.	+99 +14 +42 +98 +174	16.3 Not Measured Not Measured	0.00 0.00 1.71 11.16 5.09	0.21 0.31 0.32
TP-4 April 7, 2009 July 9, 2009 (Not Sampled, Dry) February 3, 2010 November 14, 2011 February 23, 2012	7.34 NA 6.58 7.45 6.60	NA 38.7	10.5 NA 9.3 10.80 7.7	+87 NA +4 -62 +68	35.2 NA Not Measured	0.00 NA 0.79 7.03 5.23	0.27 NA 0.25





Subject Property



ENVIRONMENTAL ASSOCIATES, INC.

1380 112th Avenue N.E., Ste. 300 Bellevue, Washington 98004

VICINITY MAP

Former Auto Auction Site 13820 NE 195th Street Woodinville, Washington

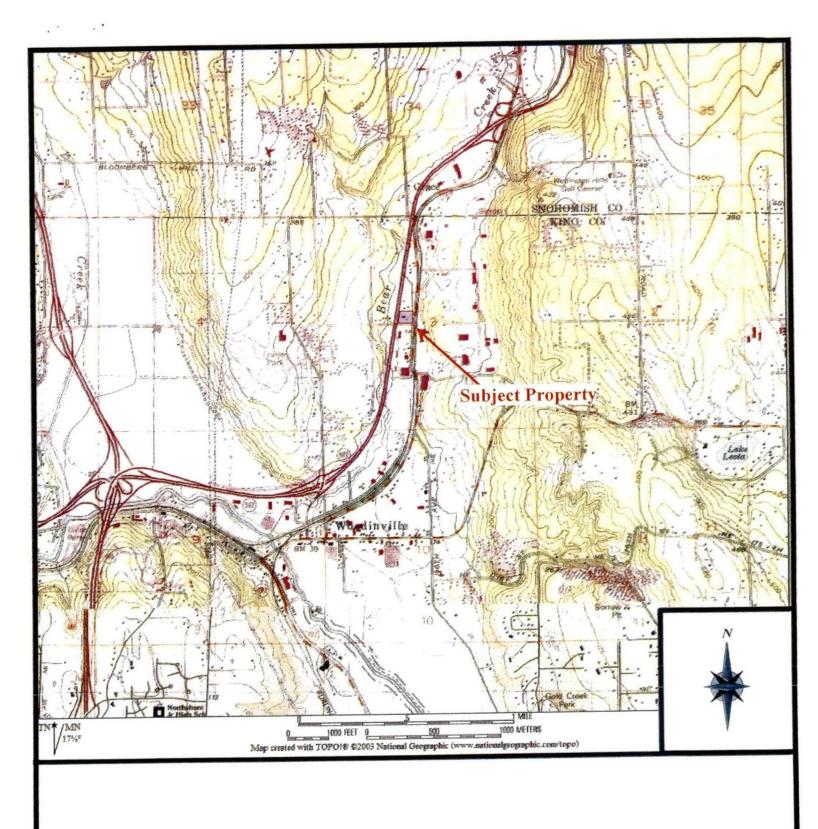
Job Number:

JN 28260-4

Date:

February 2012

Plate:





1380 - 112th Avenue N.E., Ste. 300 Bellevue, Washington 98004

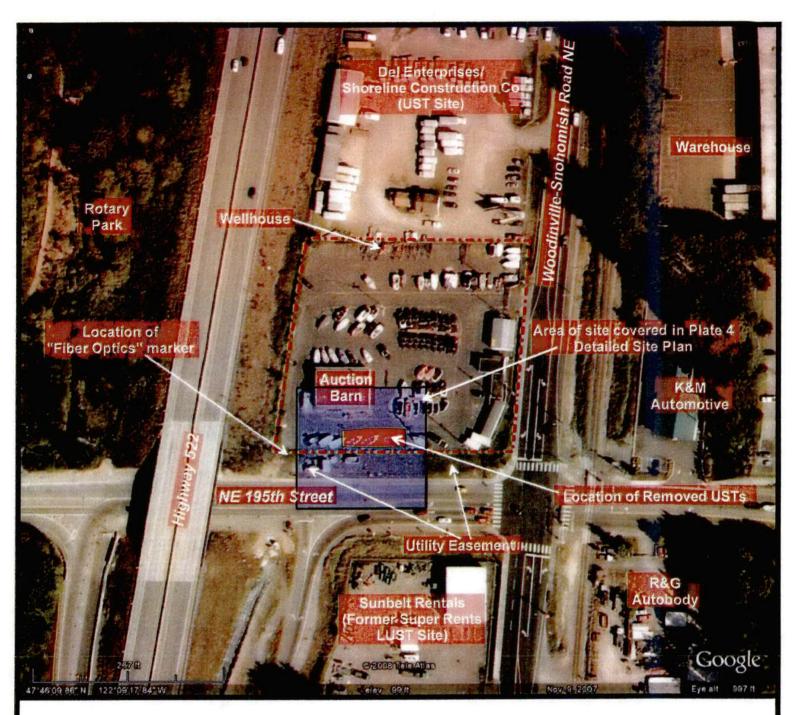
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Former Auto Auction Site 13820 NE 195th Street Woodinville, Washington

Job Number: JN 28260-4 Date:

February 2012

Plate:





Approximate area of subject property.





ENVIRONMENTAL ASSOCIATES, INC.

1380 112th Avenue N.E., Ste. 300 Bellevue, Washington 98004

SITE PLAN

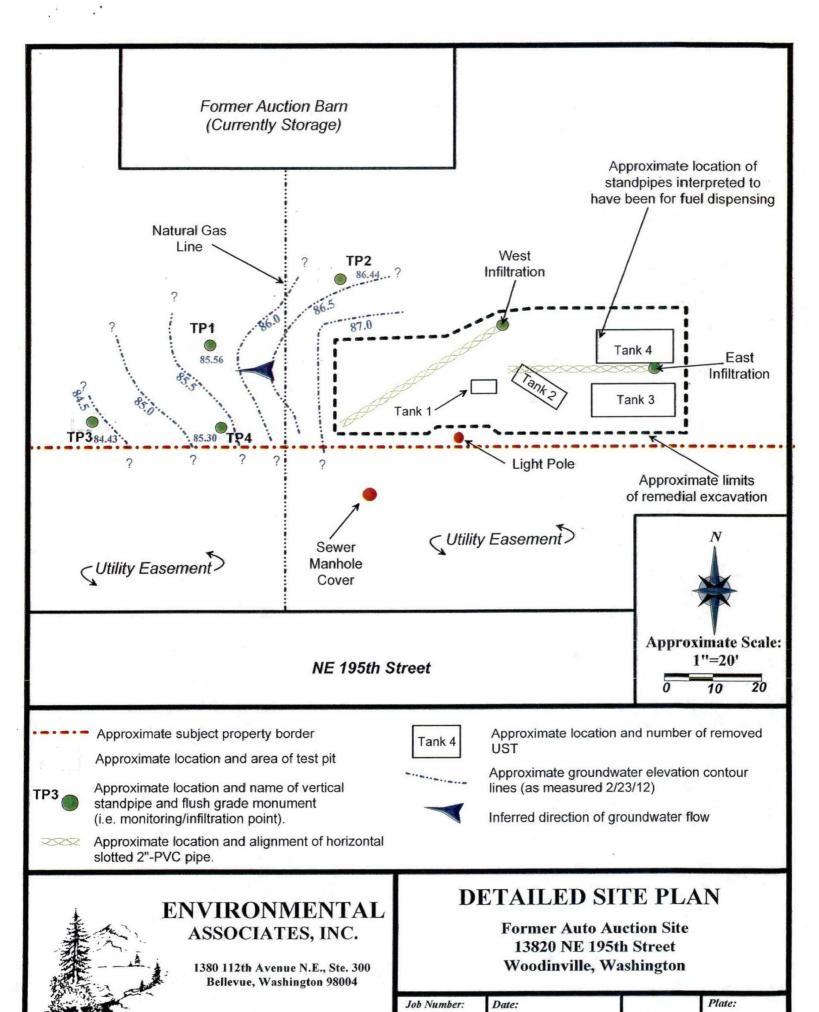
Former Auto Auction Site 13820 NE 195th Street Woodinville, Washington

Job Number:

Date:

JN 28260-4 February 2012

Plate:



JN 28260-4 February 2012

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Bradley T. Benson, B.S. Kurt Johnson, B.S. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 TEL: (206) 285-8282 e-mail: fbi@isomedia.com

March 6, 2012



INVOICE #12NAAEAI0306-1

Accounts Payable North Woodinville 195, LLC c/o Chris Fusetti/Sierra Con. 19900 144th Ave NE Woodinville, WA 98072

RE: Project Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315 - Results of testing requested by Rob Roe for material submitted on February 28, 2012.

Etl	amples analyzed for Benzene, Toluene, hylbenzene, Xylenes and Gasoline Method 8021B/NWTPH-Gx @ \$29 per sample	\$ 174.00
an by	ample extracts passed through a silica gel column d analyzed for Diesel Extended Method NWTPH-Dx @ \$64 per sample 4.00	384.00
EI	M/Excel surcharge 5% of \$558.00	27.90
Λn	nount Due	\$ 558.00

Send two report to Environ	nmental Associates,	SAMPLE (CHAIN OI	CUS	TOD	Y	ME	- 02	128/12	- V3/c	, COS
Send Report To North Wood Company Yo Chris Fuse- Address 19900 - 144th H City, State, ZIP Woodhvill	linville 195, LLC bei / Sierra (on. ve NE	PROJECT FOR MANAGEMENT REMARKS	T NAME/I er Woodi ethon	NO. nuille	Buto	•	PO DN-282	0# 260-3	Standard RUSH_Rush char	#of NAROUND TIM d (2 Weeks) ges authorized to MPLE DISPOSA after 30 days	by
Phone # (125) 455 - 1025 I	e, 6013 765.2316 Fax #(4 9 25) 465-2316	* \$1	ica-gel	Clea	m-U		roeg pr		□ Return s	_	ns
Sample ID La		Sample Type	# of containers	H-Diesel /87	7 by 8021B	8270	SH SES RI	QUESTI	RD	Notes	· •

						\$	ANALYSES REQUESTED											
Sample ID	Lab ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Sample Type	# of containers	Diesef,	TPH-Gasoline	BTEX by 8021B	VOCs by8260	SVOCs by 8270	HFS						No.	otes
	01/1-	2/23/2012		140	3	X	X						-				Silico	6 6el
TP2 TP3	02				. 3	X	X											
TP3	03			٠.	3	X	X	,										
TPY	04				3	X	X					,				_		
I-E	9				3	X	X											
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Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 Ph. (206) 285-8282

 Ph. (206) 285-8282
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 Fax (206) 283-5044
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SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	COMPANY	DATE	TIME
Relinquisher the Marie	Robert Roc	ENI	2/28/2012	3:12
Received by:	VINIA	FBI	2/2812	3:12
Relinquished by:				
Received by:		Samples receiv	ed at 12	C

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Bradley T. Benson, B.S. Kurt Johnson, B.S. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 TEL: (206) 285-8282 e-mail: fbi@isomedia.com

March 6, 2012

Rob Roe, Project Manager Environmental Associates, Inc. 1380 112th Ave. NE, 300 Bellevue, WA 98004

Dear Mr. Roe:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on February 28, 2012 from the Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315 project. There are 6 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures EAI0306R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on February 28, 2012 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Environmental Associates Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

Laboratory ID	Environmental Associates
202315-01	TP1
202315-02	TP2
202315-03	TP3
202315-04	TP4
202315-05	I-E
202315-06	I-W

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/06/12 Date Received: 02/28/12

Project: Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315

Date Extracted: 02/29/12 Date Analyzed: 02/29/12

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported as ug/L (ppb)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl <u>Benzene</u>	Total <u>Xylenes</u>	Gasoline <u>Range</u>	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
TP1 202315-01	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	83
TP2 202315-02	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	80
TP3 202315-03	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	7 7
TP4 202315-04	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	79
I-E 202315-05	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	77
I-W 202315-06	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	78
Method Blank 02-0313 MB	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	86

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/06/12 Date Received: 02/28/12

Project: Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315

Date Extracted: 02/29/12 Date Analyzed: 03/01/12

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx Sample Extracts Passed Through a Silica Gel Column Prior to Analysis

Results Reported as ug/L (ppb)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	<u>Diesel Range</u> (C ₁₀ -C ₂₅)	Motor Oil Range (C ₂₅ -C ₃₆)	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 51-134)
TP1 202315-01	130	<250	82
TP2 202315-02	<50	<250	78
TP3 202315-03	<50	<250	80
TP4 202315-04	<50	<250	72
I-E 202315-05	<50	<250	71
I-W 202315-06	<50	<250	76
Method Blank	<50	<250	85

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/06/12 Date Received: 02/28/12

Project: Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES, AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 202299-01 (Duplicate)

	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	Relative Percent Difference
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 20)
Benzene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	nm
Toluene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	nm
Ethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	\mathbf{nm}
Xylenes	ug/L (ppb)	<3	<3	$\mathbf{n}\mathbf{m}$
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	<100	<100	$\mathbf{n}\mathbf{m}$

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

	Percent								
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance					
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria					
Benzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	86	65-118					
Toluene	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	72-122					
Ethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	95	73-126					
Xylenes	· ug/L (ppb)	150	92	74-118					
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	1,000	105	69-134					

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/06/12 Date Received: 02/28/12

Project: Former Woodinville Auto Auction JN-28260-4, F&BI 202315

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample Silica Gel

	Reporting	Spike	Percent Recovery	Percent Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	LCSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	ug/L (ppb)	2,500	81	89	58-134	9

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- ${
 m A1-More}$ than one compound of similar molecule structure was identified with equal probability.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix
- ca The calibration results for this range fell outside of acceptance criteria. The value reported is an spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ${f c}$ The presence of the analyte indicated may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits may be raised due to dilution.
- ds The sample was diluted. Detection limits are raised due to dilution and surrogate recoveries may
- dv Insufficient sample was available to achieve normal reporting limits and limits are raised not be meaningful. accordingly.
- fb Analyte present in the blank and the sample.
- fc The compound is a common laboratory and field contaminant. hr - The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. The variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- ht Analysis performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of normal control limits. Compounds in the sample matrix interfered with the
- j The result is below normal reporting limits. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is
- jl The analyte result in the laboratory control sample is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- ir The rpd result in laboratory control sample associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- is The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- lc The presence of the compound indicated is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be
- pr The sample was received with incorrect preservation. The value reported should be considered an
- ve Estimated concentration calculated for an analyte response above the valid instrument calibration range. A dilution is required to obtain an accurate quantification of the analyte.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- \mathbf{x} The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.