REMEDIAL ACTION COMPLETION REPORT PHASE 1 – FINAL

Time Oil Bulk Terminal Seattle, Washington

August 8, 2022

PREPARED FOR: *TOC Seattle Terminal 1, LLC* 2753 West 31st Street *Chicago, Illinois 60608*

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Acronyms and Abbreviations

AOC	Area of concern
ARAR	Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement
ASKO Property	ASKO Hydraulic Property
BDI Plus	Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM Plus
bgs	Below ground surface
BNSF	BNSF Railway Company
CAA	Cleanup action area
САР	Cleanup Action Plan
cm/sec	centimeter per second
СРОС	Conditional point of compliance
CUL	Cleanup level
СҮ	Cubic yards
DNR	Washington State Department of Natural Resources
DOT	United States Department of Transportation
DRO	Diesel-range organics
DPT	Direct Push Technologies
Ecology	Washington State Department of Ecology
EDR	Engineering Design Report
FBI	Freidman & Bruya, Inc.
FS	Feasibility Study
F S	Floyd Snider
Forgen	Forgen, LLC
GMP	Groundwater Monitoring Plan
gpm	Gallons per minute
GRO	Gasoline-range organics
gZVI	Granular zero-valent iron
НМА	Hot Mix Asphalt
IC	Institutional control
IHS	Indicator hazardous substance
ISS	In situ solidification and stabilization

LNAPL	Light non-aqueous-phase liquid
LTCMP	Long-Term Compliance Monitoring Plan
μg/L	Micrograms per liter
mg/kg	Milligrams per kilogram
MTCA	Model Toxics Control Act
mZVI	Microscale zero-valent iron
NAVD 88	North American Vertical Datum of 1988
ORO	Oil-range organics
PanGEO	PanGEO Inc.
PID	Photoionization detector
POC	Point of compliance
PSI	Pounds per square inch
PPCD	Prospective Purchaser Consent Decree
PSCAA	Puget Sound Clean Air Agency
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
RAO	Remedial Action Objective
RACA	Remedial Action Completion Report
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RRS	REGENESIS Remediation Services
REL	Remediation level
RI	Remedial Investigation
ROW	Right of way
Site	Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site, also referenced as Property
SREMP	Soil and Remedial Element Management plan
TCE	Trichloroethene
TEE	Terrestrial ecological evaluation
ТОС	TOC Holdings Co.
TOCST	TOC Seattle Terminal 1, LLC
ТРН	Total petroleum hydrocarbons
UCS	Unconfined compressive strength
USEPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile organic compound
WAC	Washington Administrative Code
WBZ	Water-bearing zone

Professional Certification

Construction Completion Report

Time Oil Bulk Terminal - 2737-2805 West Commodore Way in Seattle

Based on direct observation made by CRETE Consulting, Inc. (CRETE) personnel, materials testing, laboratory testing, and other construction documentation described in this report, it is the opinion of the undersigned that the Time Oil Bulk Terminal cleanup action construction has been constructed in substantial compliance with the intended design document (Engineering Design Report dated June 28, 2021). The material and data in this report were prepared under supervision and direction of the undersigned.

CRETE Consulting, Inc.



eid M. (auseadden

Reid Carscadden P.E. Washington State PE Number: 29002 Expiration: 4/14/2023 Date Stamped: 1/31/2022

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1 Introduction

This Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR) documents remediation activities conducted by TOC Seattle Terminal 1, LLC (TOCST) at the former Time Oil Bulk Terminal¹ (Property) located on W. Commodore Way in Seattle, Washington. The Property consists of four separate parcels (commonly identified as the Bulk Terminal parcel, ASKO Hydraulic parcel [ASKO parcel], East Waterfront parcel, and West Waterfront parcel) that were acquired by TOCST in November 2020 under the terms of a Prospective Purchaser Consent Decree (PPCD) entered in King County Cause No. 20-2-15215-3 SEA (as amended). These four parcels are collectively termed the Property for purposes of this RACR. The location of the Property is shown on Figure 1, and its surroundings are shown on Figure 2.

This RACR documents the first phase (Phase 1) of the remedial activities completed at the site, while Phase 2 will be prepared to document the final capping and institutional controls for the Upland Area of Concern (AOC) following site development.

The remedial construction was performed to satisfy requirements of the PPCD and was based on the design requirements presented in the Engineering Design Report (EDR, CRETE 2021). This RACR documents the remedial construction activities and associated monitoring conducted from July 19 through December 16, 2021.

The construction was implemented under the Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) specified in the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) Part 173-340. This RACR was prepared on behalf of TOCST for review by Ecology.

The Long-Term Compliance Monitoring Plan (LTCMP) will document the post-construction and post-property development monitoring and will include a revised Groundwater Monitoring Plan (GMP, a draft is included in the CAP), Soil and Remedial Element Management Plan (SREMP), and VI Assessment and Contingency Plan, if needed. The LTCMP will be prepared prior to property redevelopment and will be revised, as needed, after Property development.

The physical construction of the majority of the cleanup action was performed by Forgen, LLC (Forgen) under contract to TOCST. Construction quality assurance (CQA) oversight was performed by CRETE Consulting, Inc (CRETE). PanGEO Inc. (PanGEO) provided CQA oversight on elements required by the City of Seattle in the permit documents, mostly related to geotechnical and shoring elements. Regenesis completed the in-situ groundwater treatment element of the cleanup action, with drilling support from ESN Northwest, Inc. (ESN) and oversight performed by Floyd|Snider (F|S). Required quality control/quality assurance (QC/QA) documentation from the cleanup action, including as-built Drawings, confirmation

¹ The parcels include King County Parcel Nos. 1125039050, 1125039081, 1125039120, and 4237900405, also referenced as Property for purposes of this EDR. The legal definition of the Site is set forth in the PPCD.

sampling results, and other data, are provided in Appendices A – K and discussed in the following sections.

1.1 Property Description

The Site, as defined under the MTCA (WAC 1730-340), is generally defined by where a hazardous substance has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or has otherwise come to be located. The Site includes multiple parcels where hazardous substances were released or have come to be located from industrial operations and is legally defined in the PPCD. Investigations show that multiple releases from former operations have commingled. The CAP includes a detailed summary of the Property and should be referenced for additional details. This section provides a summary of the information presented in the CAP.

The Property encompasses a total of 10.42 acres, with 5.67 acres south of W. Commodore Way and 4.75 acres north of the roadway and along the Salmon Bay shoreline. W. Commodore Way runs between the Bulk Terminal and ASKO parcels to the south and the East Waterfront and West Waterfront parcels to the north (Figure 2).

The Property is composed of four King County tax parcels as noted: Bulk Terminal parcel (No. 1125039050); ASKO parcel (No. 4237900405); East Waterfront parcel (No.1125039120); and West Waterfront parcel (No. 1125039081):

- The 4.10-acre Bulk Terminal parcel on the south side of W. Commodore Way at 2737 W. Commodore Way is bounded to the east by W. Fort Street and beyond by a multi-tenant warehouse building. An active BNSF mainline borders the Bulk Terminal parcel on the south.
- The 1.57-acre ASKO parcel located on the south side of W. Commodore Way at 2805 W. Commodore way is bounded to the west by a multi-tenant warehouse building and beyond by 31st Avenue West. The BNSF mainline also borders this parcel on the south.
- The 3.17-acre East Waterfront parcel located on the north side of W. Commodore Way at 2750 W. Commodore Way is bounded to the east by the Port of Seattle Maritime Industrial Center. Its northern boundary is within Salmon Bay.
- The 1.58-acre West Waterfront parcel north of W. Commodore Way at 2800 W. Commodore Way is bounded to the west by the Lockhaven Apartments and Marina.

The Site, as defined in the PPCD, also includes certain adjoining BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) property (BNSF parcel) and a Washington State Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Aquatic Waterway Use parcel (DNR parcel as shown on Figure 2). The BNSF and DNR parcels were not acquired by TOCST, however Waterway Use Authorization No. 20-A10919 for the DNR parcel was assigned to TOCST. Cleanup of the BNSF parcel will be the subject of a separate legal agreement(s) between BNSF and Ecology. Sediment areas of Salmon Bay, including the DNR parcel, were not included in this cleanup action as they are the subject of certain terms in the PPCD and are outside of the scope of this cleanup action.

1.2 Project Overview

The portions of the Property where cleanup actions were implemented per the EDR are referred to as the Cleanup Action Areas (CAAs) and are shown on Figure 3 and the following provides a summary, as described in the EDR:

- Excavation and off-site disposal of soil with indicator hazardous substance (IHS) concentrations greater than remediation levels (RELs) to the maximum extent practicable in CAA-1, CAA-2.b, CAA-3, and CAA-5
- Light non-aqueous-phase liquid (LNAPL) removal in CAA-1.a and CAA-2.b (there was no appreciable accumulation of LNAPL within excavated areas during soil removal activities, all LNAPL was removed with excavated soils, refer to Section 2-8)
- In situ solidification and stabilization (ISS) to address source area soil with IHS concentrations greater than RELs in CAA-2.a and CAA-4, and LNAPL in CAA-2.a
- In situ groundwater treatment of the TCE groundwater plume using a trademarked colloidal biomatrix (PlumeStopTM) mixed with sulfidated microscale zero-valent iron (mZVI) injected along the W Commodore Way along the northern border of the ASKO parcel
- Installation of an interceptor trench and permeable reactive barrier (PRB) wall adjacent to and upgradient of the ISS monolith in CAA-4.a and CAA-4.b to capture and treat groundwater containing IHSs greater than the CULs from the adjacent BNSF parcel. Treatment of the intercepted groundwater will occur in a PRB wall backfilled with a granular zero-valent iron (gZVI) reactive media and sand mixture, followed by filtration through a treatment vault containing pure gZVI reactive media.
- Excavation and offsite disposal of contaminated soil with IHS concentrations greater than CULs in CAA-6 and CAA-7
- In-situ groundwater treatment in the NE and NW corner of CAA-2.b through application of an oxygen releasing pellet compound to treat approximately 336 cubic yards of contaminated soil and groundwater that will remain beneath utilities in the ROW
- Capping and institutional controls for the Upland Area of Concern (AOC) has been partially completed. Fencing has been installed to restrict access to areas that do not have a gravel cap, shown on Figure 3. Additional capping and institutional controls will be completed in conjunction with site wide redevelopment.

Additional remedial actions completed during the construction activities included the following elements:

- Demolition of buildings and above ground structures prior to remediation work
- Abandonment of monitoring wells which overlap with construction work
- In-situ groundwater treatment in the northwest corner of CAA-2.b through application of an oxygen releasing pellet compound to treat soil and groundwater contamination that will remain beneath utilities in the ROW

- The removal of 9.64 tons of soil contaminated with diesel fuel from an on-site localized spill involving a haul truck fuel tank puncture
- Utility removal and capping to facilitate the cleanup of CAA-2.b

1.3 Performance Criteria

Performance sampling was completed during remedial construction activities in order to demonstrate that performance criteria were met, as specified in the EDR. The purpose of performance monitoring per WAC 173-340-410(1)(b) is to "confirm that the interim action or cleanup action has attained cleanup standards and, if appropriate, remediation levels or other performance standards." The soil excavation performance criteria, which are based on site cleanup levels (CULs) or remediation levels (RELs) are presented in Table 1. The EDR includes details on the development of these CULs or RELs and should be referenced for additional background information (CRETE 2021).

AOC	Indicator Hazardous Substance	Performance Criteria (mg/kg)		
CAA-1 and CAA-2.b	GRO	5,000 (REL)		
	Total DRO+ORO	12,000 (REL)		
	Benzene	GRO compliance with soil REL		
	LNAPL	No visible LNAPL (REL)		
CAA-3	GRO	5,000 (REL)		
	Total DRO+ORO	12,000 (REL)		
	TCE ¹	1.0 (REL)		
CAA-5	Total DRO+ORO	2,000 (CUL)		
	Arsenic	7.3 mg/kg (CUL)		
CAA-6.a (see note 2)	GRO	30 (CUL)		
	Total DRO+ORO	2,000 (CUL)		
	DRO	570 (CUL)		
	ORO	1,600 (CUL)		
	Benzene	0.02 (CUL)		
CAA-6.b (see note 2)	GRO	30 (CUL)		
	Total DRO+ORO	2,000 (CUL)		
	DRO	570 (CUL)		
	ORO	1,600 (CUL)		
	Benzene	0.02 (CUL)		
CAA-7	Arsenic	7.3 mg/kg (CUL)		

Table 1 Soil Excavation Performance Criteria

Notes:

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram DRO - Diesel-range organics CUL – Cleanup Level TCE – Trichloroethene AOC – Area of Concern GRO - Gasoline-range organics ORO - Oil-range organics REL – Remediation Level

¹ Most of the confirmation samples from CAA-3 were analyzed for GRO and Total DRO+ORO. Two sidewall confirmation samples from the southwest sidewall and the southernmost base sample, which is adjacent to the location of historical TCE detections in soil greater than the REL were additionally analyzed for TCE.

² Arsenic in soil is not listed as an IHS for CAA-6 in Section 4.2 of the CAP; therefore, soil confirmation samples in CAA-6 were not analyzed for arsenic.

Additional performance monitoring included stormwater sampling, ISS sampling, and sampling of import backfill material. All performance sampling is discussed in Section 2.

1.4 Construction Sequence

The construction work was sequenced and executed in discrete work phases and generally completed in the following sequence:

• Demolition and Project Preparation –

- Demolition activities were conducted March 24, 2021 through May 19, 2021. Asbestos abatement occurred between March 25, 2021 and March 29, 2021. Demolition of above grade structures occurred after abatement, April 7, 2021 through May 19, 2021.
- Well abandonment was completed between March 19 and 23, 2021 by a licensed driller (ESN Northwest), see Section 2.7. Additional monitoring well 02MW20, which overlapped with the CAA-6.b excavation, was abandoned on September 13, 2021 and well 01MW60, which overlapped with the side slopes of the CAA-4 ISS work, was abandoned on November 11, 2021. Well 01MW72 was initially abandoned in March 2021, but was discovered to be open to the subsurface during remediation work at CAA-1.a; therefore, it was decommissioned again on August 6, 2021.
- Remediation equipment was mobilized on July 12, 2021 to the site and temporary site facilities and controls were installed and inspected by Ecology on July 15, 2021. Ground disturbing work started on July 19, 2021.
- Soil Excavation with Offsite Disposal was completed July 19, 2021 through November 15, 2021. A total of 15,381.46 tons of contaminated soil was excavated and disposed of off-site. A following table provides a breakdown per CAA.

CAA	Date Work Completed	Soil Removed and Disposed Off-Site
		(tons)
CAA-7	July 19 through 25, 2021	823
CAA-6.a	Concrete slab removal and area preparation from July 19	2,628
	through 22, 2021, and excavation and off-site disposal from	
	July 23 through August 3, 2021	
CAA-5	July 29 through August 3, 2021	361
CAA-6.b	September 13 through September 14, 2021	568
CAA-1	August 2 through August 16, 2021	5,922 tons of soil
		from CAA-1.a and -
		1.b, including 2,511
		tons from CAA-1.a
		and 3,411 tons from
		CAA-1.b
CAA-2.b	July 27 through October 20, 2021. Work included removing	3,654
	surface concrete and asphalt, installation of a shoring wall	
	prior to excavation activities, soil excavation and off-site	
	disposal, application of 770 lbs of oxygen releasing pellet	
	compound in the NE corner of CAA-2.b, and application of	
	275 lbs of oxygen releasing pellet compound in the NW	
	corner of CAA-2.b.	
CAA-3	November 5 through November 15, 2021	1,428

Table 2 Summary of Soil Excavation Activities

- In Situ Solidification
 - ISS mixing in CAA-2.a completed August 18 through September 28, 2021.
 - ISS mixing in CAA-4.a and 4.b completed September 28 through November 20, 2021. Grading and surface stabilization was completed November 21 through December 13, 2021.
 - Swell Management Area (SMA) work overlapped with ISS mixing activities and was completed September 29 through December 13, 2021.
- Groundwater Treatment In situ groundwater treatment along the northern border of CAA-5 and along the northern border of the ASKO parcel was completed December 7 through 16, 2021.

- Interceptor Trench and Permeable Reactive Treatment Installation of an interceptor trench and PRB wall adjacent to and upgradient of the ISS monolith in CAA-4.a and CAA-4.b was completed November 2 through 20, 2021.
- Stabilization Surfaces Final site grading and interim caps were completed on December 13, 2021.

2 Construction Activities

The following section details the construction activities completed at the site. Appendices A through K include relevant documentation produced during the cleanup action including the following:

- Appendix A-1 Confirmation Soil Sampling Maps and Backup Figures A-1 through A-15 include the locations and sample results from the excavation soil confirmation sampling efforts as well as representative soil confirmation data collected prior to the remedial action. Pre-remediation soil samples that were removed during the cleanup action are also noted on the figures.
- Appendix A-2 As-Built Drawings² includes the final project as-built Drawings.
- Appendix B Photographic Log includes a photographic log summarizing construction activities.
- Appendix C Copies of Permits includes copies of the permits received during the construction activity.
- Appendix D Material Waste Summary and Transportation Tickets includes copies of the waste manifest and transportation tickets for all material that was disposed of off-site.
- Appendix E Confirmation Soil Sampling Analytical Laboratory Reports -includes the laboratory reports and the data validation memorandum supporting the excavation soil confirmation sampling efforts.
- Appendix F Import Product Testing and Tracking includes the laboratory reports for import products.
- Appendix G Final Compaction Acceptance includes certification that the compaction was completed per the project specifications.
- Appendix H Well Log Includes a well log for the gravity installed monitoring well
- Appendix I ISS Confirmation Sampling Analytical Laboratory Reports and Backupincludes the laboratory reports for ISS confirmation sampling efforts.
- Appendix J REGENESIS Remediation Services (RRS) Direct Injection includes a summary of the RRS direct injection field efforts.
- Appendix K Product Data Sheets includes copies of safety data sheets and other information for odor suppression foam that was used during the construction activities.

² Project as-built drawings will be updated in the Phase 2 RACR to document final cap and site development conditions.

2.1 Construction Contractor Team

The following contractors and subcontractors were used during construction.

•	Demolition General	Construction Group International
	Contractor:	19407 144 th Ave NE, Bldg D
		Woodinville, WA 98072
•	Remediation General	Forgen, LLC
	Contractor:	6558 Lonetree Blvd.
		Rocklin, CA 95765
•	Groundwater Insitu	Regenesis
	Treatment Contractor:	1011 Calle Sombra
		San Clemente, CA 92673
•	Aggregate Supplier:	CalPortland – the following mines:
		DuPont WA State Pit B-335
		4301 Pioneer Way
		DuPont, WA 98327
		Manke Family Resources Shelton Mine
		826 Fairmount Avenue
		Shelton, WA 98584
		White River Quarry (loose rip rap for CAA-6.b)
		31107 SE Enumclaw Chinook Pass
		Enumclaw, WA 98022
•	Surveying:	True North Land Surveying
		1930 6 th Avenue South, Suite 401
		Seattle, WA 98134
		Axis Survey and Mapping
		15241 NE 90 th Street
		Redmond, WA 98052
•	Shoring Inspections:	Mayes Testing Engineers, Inc.
		20225 Cedar Valley Road #110
		Lynnwood, WA 98036
•	SWPPP/TESC	Clear Water Services
		2525 West Casino Road, Suite 7A

Everett, WA 98204

•	Soil Disposal:	Republic Services/Allied Waste Disposal – Roosevelt Regional Landfill 500 Roosevelt Grade Road Roosevelt, WA 99356
		Waste Management – Columbia Ridge Landfill 18177 Cedar Springs Ln Arlington, OR 97812
•	Debris Disposal:	Wasco County Landfill (asbestos waste from demolition) 2500 Steele Road The Dalles, OR 97058
		Republic Services/Allied Waste Disposal – Roosevelt Regional Landfill 500 Roosevelt Grade Road Roosevelt, WA 99356
		Waste Management – Columbia Ridge Landfill 18177 Cedar Springs Ln Arlington, OR 97812
•	Concrete Recyclers:	Renton Concrete Recyclers 22121 17 th Ave S.E. Suite #117 Bothell, WA 98021
•	Shoring:	DBM Contractors 1220 South 356 St. Federal, WA 98003
•	Asphalt Paving:	Rainier Asphalt & Concrete PO Box 85895 Seattle, WA 98145
•	Drilling:	Cascade 22722 29 th Drive SE Ste 228 Bothell, WA 98021
		ESN Northwest, Inc. 1210 Eastside St. SE Suite 200 Olympia, WA 98501

A detailed summary of construction activities is described in the following subsections. A photographic log collected during construction is presented as Appendix B.

2.2 Preconstruction Documents and Work Plans

The following preconstruction plans were submitted by the Contractor and subsequently accepted by TOCST:

- A Technical Execution Plan (TEP) was accepted on July 11, 2021. This included:
 - Construction sequence and schedule
 - Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control measures
 - o Construction Water Management Approach
 - o Specific equipment and means and methods to complete the scope of work
 - Shoring approach
 - Survey Approach
- Traffic Control Plan was accepted on June 25, 2021.
- Excavation and Dewatering Plan for excavations anticipated to encounter saturated conditions (CAA-2.b, CAA-6.a, and CAA-6.b) was accepted on July 13, 2021.
- ISS mix design testing results and proposed amendment mixture was accepted on July 11, 2021.
- Construction Quality Control Plan was accepted on June 30, 2021.
- Site-specific Construction Health and Safety Plan (HASP) was accepted on June 10, 2021.

2.3 Site Preparation

Demolition activities removed all above ground structures at the site, leaving only building foundations and pavement or concrete surfaces in place. Prior to starting remediation work, Forgen set up temporary site facilities and controls which included worker facilities, a decontamination area, and site access controls. Utilities were verified and temporary erosion and sedimentation controls were implemented per the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). A pre-construction meeting was held on July 13, 2021 to review the schedule, work elements, health and safety, temporary erosion and sedimentation controls (TESC), and site working procedures with the City and Ecology.

For remediation work, any pavement or concrete surfaces that overlapped with CAAs, side slopes, or access areas were broken up and removed from the working areas prior to excavation activities. The site has limited areas of patchy vegetation, any vegetation that overlapped with work areas was cleared and removed from the site prior to remediation activities in that area.

2.4 TESC Measures

The Contractor completed all TESC measures per the SWPPP. TESC measures included:

- Silt fence or silt dams or other perimeter controls.
- Areas outside of working areas or areas not to be disturbed were delineated.
- All construction entrances were stabilized.
- Catch basin inserts were installed in all catch basins that receive drainage from the site.

The bulk of the construction activities occurred during Seattle's dry summer months, the small amount of water that did fall during the summer was contained within work areas and no water was discharged off site during this period. Similarly, no groundwater dewatering was required to complete excavations during the summer months.

For work that was completed during October through December, water was managed on site through surface infiltration or capture within active work areas or discharged to King County through the City of Seattle combined sewer for treatment.

2.5 Permitting

Table 3 lists the permits that were obtained for the construction work. Appendix C includes all permits received.

		Permit Number,				
Permitting Official	Type of Permit	Approval Date	Description			
City of Seattle	Grading	6807625-GR, 6/30/21	Approval to complete grading work on the waterfront parcel.			
		6819513-CN, 6/30/21	Approval to complete grading and shoring work on the ASKO/Bulk Terminals.			
		6819513-CN-007, 10/18/21	Approval to extend grading work into 12/7/21.			
		6819513-CN-008	Approval to extend grading work into 12/31/21.			
Department of Ecology	Stormwater Construction SWPPP	WAR310049, 6/10/21	Approval of SWPPP			
King County Discharge	Wastewater Discharge Authorization	Discharge Authorization No. 1145-01, 3/25/21, renewed on 11/30/2021	Approval to discharge industrial wastewater into King County's sewer			
City of Seattle	Side Sewer Permit	6847319-SS, 11/08/21	Approval to use the side sewer for discharge of industrial wastewater			
City of Seattle	Street Use Permit	SUUMP0000216, 9/3/21	Approval to complete work in the ROW associated with the removing the 6-inch water line			
Puget Sound Clean Air Agency	Notification of Asbestos Removal	202100582, 2/5/21	Notification of planned asbestos abatement and removal activities			
City of Seattle	Rat Abatement Certification	3/21/21 and 4/20/21	Certification that rat abatement was completed in accordance with City of Seattle building codes			

Table 3 List of Permits

2.6 Decontamination and Health and Safety

The site decontamination procedures and site health and safety requirements were presented in the Contractor's Site Specific Health and Safety Plan dated June 7, 2021 (accepted on June 10, 2021). Decontamination included equipment and personnel decontamination.

The equipment in the work area remained within the limits of the work area until work was completed for each CAA. At the conclusion of work in each CAA, equipment was decontaminated when each work area was completed and moved to the next CAA. All haul trucks that drove on public roads were never allowed to enter the work areas. All haul trucks were direct loaded for export. Trucks were decontaminated using "dry methods" as the primary mechanism and were inspected by the Contractor and any soil material that accumulated on the truck rails, tires, or the tongue were brushed off within the containment berm. Trucks that were used for internal hauling on site, moving soil from ISS areas to the SMA, remained on site and were limited to haul roads on site.

Dry and wet boot basins with brushes were located at entrance and egress points around the perimeter of the containment berm to address personnel decontamination. Personnel leaving the exclusion zone (within the perimeter of the containment berm) were required to decontaminate at these stations.

The drill rig and augers used to install the gravity well was decontaminated once drilling was completed. Augers were decontaminated using an on-site pressure washing station with rinse water incorporated into the ISS mixing work at CAA-4.

Overall health and safety procedures were followed during the construction with no injuries reported. The Contractor monitored the air quality within the workers breathing areas (excavator cab, workers within the excavation area) and perimeter during construction activities. Odor suppressing foam (product: Rusmar Technologies Long Duration Foam AC-645, Appendix K) was used during soil excavations and ISS mixing at the ASKO and Bulk Terminals properties as a precautionary measure. During construction activities all air monitoring was within acceptable ranges.

2.7 Demolition and Monitoring Well Removal

Prior to starting remediation activities at the site, asbestos abatement and demolition of above ground structures, including buildings, warehouses, and remaining components of the historic water treatment system, was completed by Construction Group International.

Four cubic yards of asbestos waste was sent to Wasco County Landfill in April 2021. Asbestos waste documentation is included in Appendix C, as it is included with the permitting documents to ensure correct handling and disposal of asbestos containing waste. Two 55-gallon drums containing extracted groundwater and pentachlorophenol mix were properly disposed of on May 5, 2021, at Burlington Environmental LLC. These drums were associated

with past operations/owners and were not generated by TOCST. As the new owner of the property, TOCST took on the responsibility of generator to properly dispose of these two drums during the demolition phase of the project. Copies of waste manifest and disposal records are included in Appendix D. Also, a 2021 dangerous waste annual report for these two drums was prepared and submitted to Ecology, through the electronic portal, on February 7, 2022.

A total of 420 tons of demolition debris and materials were hauled off site and disposed of Roosevelt landfill. Waste manifest tickets are included in Appendix D. During remediation activities, concrete and asphalt surfaces which overlapped with remediation areas or side slopes were removed and disposed of off-site. Over 1,240 cubic yards of concrete was recycled at Renton Concrete Recyclers, manifests are included in Appendix D.

The majority of site monitoring wells were decommissioned between March 19 and 23, 2021 prior to the start of remediation activities. Existing monitoring wells were decommissioned by a licensed driller (ESN Northwest) in accordance with Washington State Minimum Standards (WAC 173-160). Wells were filled with bentonite chips and hydrated in place. During this scope, monitoring well 01MW42 was inadvertently abandoned by the driller (documented in the First Quarter 2021 Progress Report). This well will be reinstalled if this location is part of the post remedial groundwater monitoring program.

Additional wells were decommissioned during remediation activities as these locations were discovered to overlap excavation or ISS work areas or were inadvertently damaged by the contractor during implementation of the cleanup action. Specifically, monitoring well 02MW20, which overlapped with the CAA-6.b excavation, was abandoned on September 13, 2021 and well 01MW60, which overlapped with the eastern sideslope of the CAA-4 ISS work, was abandoned on November 11, 2021. Well 01MW72 was initially abandoned in March 2021, but was discovered to be open to the subsurface during remediation work at CAA-1.a; therefore, it was decommissioned again on August 6, 2021. These wells (02MW20, 01MW60 and 01MW72) were also decommissioned by a licensed driller (ESN Northwest) in accordance with Washington State Minimum Standards (WAC 173-160). Wells were filled with bentonite chips and hydrated in place. Attempts were made to protect wells 01MW15, 01MW39, 01MW56 and 01MW58 during site construction, but these areas overlap with ISS areas or were in highly congested work areas. The condition of these wells should be assessed, as these wells may need to be abandoned or repaired. The assessment of these wells will be included in the groundwater monitoring activities for the site, documented in the GMP. Prior to implementing the GMP at the site, the condition of all wells selected for groundwater monitoring will be assessed and if needed, repairs will be implemented.

Table 4 includes a summary of the wells that were decommissioned during construction activities. As-built Drawings C-1 through C-11 show all site wells decommissioned prior to or during remediation activities.

Table 4 Decommissioned Monitoring Well SummaryTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

				Aprox.			Screen				
ID	Tag #	XY (WA Sta	ate Plane)	Ground	тос	Screen Top	Bottom (ft	Diameter	Install	Decommissioned	Status
				Surface	(NAVD88)	(ft bgs)	bgs)		Date	Date	
				(NAVD88)			8-1				
01MW01	AFF184	1256198.546	245455.459	46.72	46.41	10.0	25.00	2"	9/11/99	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW02	AFF185	1256198.832	245585.891	45.05	44.77	10.0	25.00	2"	9/11/99	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW04	AFF187	1256163.391	245564.254	45.37	45.01	10.0	25.00	2"	9/11/99	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW05	AFF188	1256114.258	245570.049	45.72	45.28	10.0	25.00	2"	9/11/99	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW07	AFR605	1255976.191	245571.165	45.42	45.09	13.0	28.00	2"	11/27/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW08	AFR636	1256071.371	245571.247	45.51	45.15	9.0	24.00	2"	11/22/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW09	AFR604	1256103.337	245602.815	44.28	43.87	9.0	25.00	2"	11/27/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW10	AFR603	1256247.29	245581.254	45.29	44.95	9.0	25.00	2"	11/27/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW11	AFR606	1256369.074	245545.634	46.35	46.04	15.0	30.00	2"	11/28/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW13	AFR601	1256313.565	245317.692	46.78	46.35	5.0	20.00	2"	11/17/00	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW16	AGF506	1256220.356	245583.598	45.19	44.86	10.0	20.00	2"	7/19/01	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW18	AGT783	1256114.422	245578.178	45.41	45.09	5.0	25.00	4"	3/11/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW19	AGT784	1256100.858	245573.332	45.53	45.27	5.0	25.00	4"	3/11/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW20	AGT785	1256107.488	245547.857	46.43	46.18	5.0	25.00	4"	3/11/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW24	AHR826	1256245.927	245494.565		44.35	5.0	19.00	4"	12/3/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW27	AHR829	1256213.777	245479.818	46.64	47.18	5.0	19.00	4"	12/4/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW28	AHR830	1256214.494	245514.705	46.21	45.48	5.0	23.00	4"	12/5/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW29	AHR831	1256245.006	245523.025	45.86	45.49	5.0	19.00	4"	12/5/02	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW31	APL576	1256123.284	245641.356	44.22	43.80	5.0	15.00	2"	7/6/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW32	APL577	1256213.061	245636.327	44.72	44.33	17.0	27.00	2"	7/6/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW33	APL578	1256294.549	245567.649	45.54	45.07	5.0	20.00	2"	7/7/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW37	APL370	1256460.684	245345.926	46.78	48.58	7.5	22.50	2"	9/7/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW38	APL371	1256387.197	245312.754	46.52	48.57	7.5	22.50	2"	9/7/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW42	APL376	1256365.694	245485.928		47.89	7.0	22.00	2"	9/8/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW43	APL376	1256295.84	245528.235	45.97	45.65	7.0	22.00	2"	9/8/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW44	ALN355	1255957.353	245480.387	49.83	49.46	15.0	30.00	2"	9/13/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW45	ALN356	1255982.964	245547.291	46.16	45.89	12.0	27.00	2"	9/13/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW49	APA854	1256270.197	245595.342	45.51	44.93	15.0	25.00	2"	12/21/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW50	APA855	1256052.698	245613.705	44.01	43.48	15.0	25.00	2"	12/21/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW54	Missing	1255960.969	245481.297	49.69	49.25	37.0	42	2"	11/13/08	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW55	Missing	1255963.368	245456.978	50.73	50.37	16.0	31	2"	11/13/08	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW59	Missing	1256070.393	245507.691	46.82	46.49	13.5	28.5	2"	11/17/08	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW60	BBA842	1255949.81	245372.301	58.43	58.01	25.0	39	2"	12/29/08	November-21	Decommissioned
01MW62	BBA844	1255917.14	245383.818	58.90	58.54	24.0	39	2"	12/30/08	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW63	BBA845	1255965.916	245438.418	54.63	54.38	19.5	32	2"	12/30/08	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW64	BBL 514	1255868.572	245419.087	58.21	57.74	25.0	40	2"	3/17/09	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW65	BBL 515	1255960.026	245458.681	50.72	50.42	52.0	62.00	2"	3/18/09	March-21	Decommissioned

Table 4 Decommissioned Monitoring Well SummaryTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

ID	Tag #	XY (WA Sta	ate Plane)	Aprox. Ground Surface (NAVD88)	TOC (NAVD88)	Screen Top (ft bgs)	Screen Bottom (ft bgs)	Diameter	Install Date	Decommissioned Date	Status
01MW67	BCS163	1256184.972	245466.303		44.4	9.0	24	2"	7/24/09	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW68	BCS164	1256200.752	245550.223		45.35	7.0	22	2"	7/24/09	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW69	BCS165	1256185.719	245487.237		44.14	9.0	24	2"	7/24/09	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW70	BCP158	1255893.427	245401.995		58.14	5.0	20	2"	2/11/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW71	BCP159	1255905.782	245392.587		58.38	5.0	20	2"	2/11/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW72	Missing	1256266.926	245340.022		46.33	3.0	23	2"	3/10/10	August-21	Decommissioned
01MW73	Missing	1256320.225	245365.318		46.25	3.0	21.5	2"	3/10/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW74	Missing	1256325.492	245411.63		46.17	4.0	21.5	2"	3/10/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW75	Missing	1256356.651	245361.709	46.70	46.30	3.0	18	2"	3/10/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW76	BHB076	1255978.228	245547.499	46.20	45.79	35.0	40	2"	2/28/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW77	BHB077	1255966.601	245455.602	50.76	50.30	36.0	41	2"	3/3/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW78	BHB078	1255913.408	245386.34	58.82	58.17	45.0	50	2"	3/3/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW79	BHB079	1255967.126	245441.612	54.69	54.36	5.0	19	2"	3/3/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW81	BHB247	1255843.151	245545.983	46.23	45.86	19.5	28.5	2"	4/18/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW82	BHB248	1255847.49	245545.005	46.14	45.68	19.0	27	2"	4/18/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW87	BHB267	1256308.361	245582.453	45.62	45.27	11.0	21	2"	4/20/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW90	BHM071	1256261.678	245301.854	47.03	46.66	3.0	18	2"	12/29/11	March-21	Decommissioned
01MW91	BHM072	1256304.914	245331.207	47.08	46.52	3.0	18	2"	12/29/11	March-21	Decommissioned
02MW04	AFF191	1256092.163	245795.939	27.48	27.07	10.0	20	2"	9/13/99	March-21	Decommissioned
02MW06	Missing	1256129.684	245803.915	26.86	26.55	9.5	19.5	2"	11/22/00	March-21	Decommissioned
02MW09	BAN058	1256009.22	245753.69	30.73	30.27	7.0	12	3/4"	10/11/07	March-21	Decommissioned
02MW15	BAH915	1256145.711	245735.504	27.48	27.201	5.0	15	2"	4/23/15	March-21	Decommissioned
02MW20	BLR572	1256130.2	245847.111	20.56	20.07	1.0	11	2"	4/25/19	September-21	Decommissioned
MW03	APK543	1255806.658	245528.265	46.84	46.20	7.0	14	2"	4/18/06	March-21	Decommissioned
MW04	APK544	1255818.651	245542.307	46.75	46.27	18.0	28	2"	4/18/06	March-21	Decommissioned
01IW10	BCP162	1255954.926	245475.7		50.126	24.0	29.00	2"	2/12/10	March-21	Decommissioned
01SVE01	BCP160	1255955.084	245462.4		50.645	5.0	13.00	2"	2/11/10	March-21	Decommissioned

Notes:

TOC = top of casing

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

2.8 Construction - LNAPL Removal/Immobilization

The cleanup action called for the removal of LNAPL if encountered in CAA-1.a, in the area of the former tank farm, and at CAA-2.b within the W. Commodore Way ROW. LNAPL was removed using standard excavation means and methods (see Section 2.9). During cleanup actions, other than occasional small isolated sheens on ponded stormwater/groundwater, there was no appreciable accumulation of LNAPL within excavated areas during soil removal activities and thus no vacuum extraction was required. Ecology was notified of the absence of LNAPL in CAA-1.a in an email sent on August 9, 2021 by Jamie Stevens, CRETE Consulting. To ensure that free phase LNAPL was not present at CAA-1.a, three test pits were extended to 10 and 16 feet below pre construction surface (below the limits of the excavation), with no observation of sheen or LNAPL in soils or on groundwater that flowed into the test pits, locations are shown on Figure A-1 (Appendix A-1).

Excavated soils from CAA-1 and CAA-2.b did include discolored (stained) soils, elevated photo-ionization detector (PID) concentrations and strong petroleum hydrocarbon odors, indicative of residual LNAPL within the soil matrix, which was captured during excavation and hauled off site.

At CAA-2.a, anticipated LNAPL was immobilized by encapsulation using ISS technology, as described in Section 2.10.

Confirmation Samples and Deviations from Design

No confirmation samples were required for this construction element, see Section 2.9 (Soil Excavation with Offsite Disposal) and Section 2.10 (In Situ Solidification) for details on confirmation samples.

As stated above, no LNAPL accumulation was present and no vacuum extraction was completed. All LNAPL impacted soil was removed during soil excavation activities at CAA-1.a and CAA-2.b.

No deviations from the design occurred for this construction element.

2.9 Construction - Soil Excavation with Offsite Disposal

From July 19 through November 15, 2021, Forgen completed excavation and backfill activities at CAA-1, CAA-2.b, CAA-3, CAA-5, CAA-6 and CAA-7. CRETE provided construction oversight during all cleanup activities. The results of soil confirmation sampling efforts are summarized on Tables 5 through 13. Soil confirmation sample locations, including representative samples from pre remedial action investigations and those collected during the remedial action, are shown on Figures A-1 through A-14 in Appendix A-1. As-built Drawings C-2 through C-6 provide the excavation as-built Drawings for each CAA, provided in Appendix A-2. Appendix B includes a photographic log of activities. A total of 15,391 tons

of soil and debris were excavated from the cleanup action area and disposed of at Roosevelt Regional Landfill in Roosevelt (12,673 tons), Washington and Columbia Ridge Landfill in Arlington, Oregon (2,718 tons). Copies of waste manifest tickets and transportation summary tickets are included in Appendix D. Appendix E includes laboratory reports from the soil confirmation samples.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per Appendix G of the EDR - Construction Compliance Monitoring Plan – Sampling and Analysis/Quality Assurance Project Plan (Compliance Monitoring Plan, CRETE 2021).

Confirmation sampling included sidewall and bottom samples to supplement existing data; locations are shown on Figures A-1 through A-14 (Appendix A-1). Samples were collected as non-sieved, grab samples from the sidewall or bottom directly or occasionally from the excavator bucket if necessary due to trench safety and access constraints. Soil from each sidewall location was spooned into a dedicated disposable plastic Ziploc bag with a dedicated disposable plastic scoop and homogenized where applicable. The soil within the bag was then transferred to the laboratory-supplied sample jars. Select constituents, including benzene, GRO, volatile organic compounds (VOC) samples (including trichloroethene) were not homogenized, these samples were collected using EPA Method 5035A and separate concurrent samples were collected directly into sample containers prior to homogenization.

2.9.1 CAA-1

A total of 5,921 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-1.a and -1.b, including 2,510.6 tons from CAA-1.a and 3,410.6 tons from CAA-1.b to remove GRO, Total DRO+ORO, and benzene at concentrations greater than the RELs. Soils were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-2 using standard excavation means and methods (hydraulic excavators). The final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles were advanced in some areas beyond what was shown on the EDR Drawings, as required to remove visually contaminated soil, based on field observations and performance sampling results.

Prior to re-decommissioning of monitoring well 01MW72 as described in Section 2.7, LNAPL was observed floating at the top of water and in the sand filter pack of monitoring well 01MW72 (the sand filter pack was exposed during soil excavation). The excavation was extended to completely remove the monitoring well and filter pack, down to approximately 12 ft bgs in the immediate vicinity of monitoring well 01MW72, as shown on as-built Drawing C-2. Note that prior to the removal of well 01MW72, the well was properly decommissioned as detailed in Section 2.7. All visual indication of LNAPL was associated with the monitoring well sand filter pack and not on surrounding site soils.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Soil samples from CAA-1 were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) diesel and oil range organics (DRO and ORO) by Ecology Method NWTPH-Dx, and TPH-gasoline (GRO) by Ecology Method NWTPH-Gx.

Tables 5 through 6 summarize the sample results and Figure A-1 shows sample locations. All soil samples collected from the final excavated extent of CAA-1 were below the RELs.

Deviations from Design

Site monitoring wells were decommissioned in March 2021, but well 01MW72, located within the CAA-1a footprint, was discovered to remain open to the subsurface during remediation activities. It is likely that the bentonite that was placed inside the well made a blockage (sometimes called bridging) and did not completely fill the well to depth. This well was decommissioned on August 6, 2021 by ESN drilling, a WA State licensed well driller (See Section 2.7). The excavation was extended in the vicinity of 01MW72 to remove the well, sand filter pack and soils in the vicinity of the monitoring well.

Excavation sidewall samples from the northeast wall of CAA-1.b exceeded RELs and additional soil removal was completed along this portion to extend the excavation past the original design boundary, shown on as-built Drawing C-2. Along the southwestern sidewall, a small area of soil staining was noted and this area was over excavated to remove all stained soil (as-built Drawing C-2). New confirmation sidewall samples (CAA-1B-SS-06 and CAA-1B-SS-08) were collected to confirm the excavation limits of both of these areas, shown on Figure A-1 (Appendix A-1).

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-1.

Table 5 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-1.a Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

Field Sample	Sample	Sample Depth	Comple Topo	Archite	Result	0	REL
	Date	(ft bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
CAAIA-BASE	8/9/2021		Base	Gasoline range organics	4,400	1	5,000
01	8/9/2021	÷	Base		34,500	JX	12,000
	0/0/2021	12	Base, replacement CAA1A-		-		F 000
CAA1A-TP3-7	8/6/2021	12	Base-01, See Note 1	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
			Base, replacement CAA1A-				
	8/6/2021	12	Base-01, See Note 1	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA1A-BASE-	8/10/2021	5	Base	Gasoline-range organics	1,100	J	5,000
02	8/10/2021	5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	560		12,000
CAA1A-BASE-	8/9/2021	5	Base	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
03	8/9/2021	5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
	8/11/2021	3.5	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	120		5,000
CAA1A-55-01	8/11/2021	3.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	330		12,000
CAA1A-SS-02	8/10/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	330		5,000
	8/10/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	3,000		12,000
CAA1A \$\$ 02	8/6/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
CAA1A-55-03	8/6/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA1A 55 04	8/6/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
CAA1A-55-04	8/6/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
	8/9/2021	1.5	Sidewall	Gasoline range organics	2,700		5,000
CAAIA 33 03	8/9/2021	1.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	52,000	Ь¥	12,000
	8/11/2021	1.5	Sidewall, replacement	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
CAA1A-33-00	8/11/2021	1.5	CAA1A-SS-05	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
	8/6/2021	14	See Note 2	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
CAA1A-TP3-9	8/6/2021	14	See Note 2	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
	8/6/2021	8	See Note 2	Gasoline-range organics	35		5,000
CAAIA-IP4-8	8/6/2021	8	See Note 2	Total DRO & ORO	280		12,000
CAA1A-TP4-	8/6/2021	12.2	See Note 2	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
12.2	8/6/2021	12.2	See Note 2	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA1A-TP4-	8/6/2021	13.9	See Note 2	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
13.9	8/6/2021	13.9	See Note 2	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000

Notes:

Sample results greater than REL.

CAA-1a Sample represents a location that was over excavated, soil was removed and disposed of off-site

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

LNAPL = Light non-aqueous phase liquid

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

J = Estimated concentration, laboratory recovery fell outside of control limits (high) due to sample matrix effects

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation

Note 1 - CAA-1A-TP3-7 is the replacement sample for CAA-1A-BASE-01. The excavation was extended to completely remove the monitoring well and filter pack associated with 01MW72, down to 12 ft bgs.

Note 2 - Two test pits (TP3 and TP4) were advanced at the bottom of CAA-1a to determine if light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) was present. Data was collected for information purposes only. No LNAPL was observed.

Table 6 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-1.bTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample					
		Depth (ft			Result		REL
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
CAA1B-BASE-	8/10/2021	10	Base	Gasoline-range organics	13		5,000
01	8/10/2021	10	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA1B-BASE-	8/26/2021	10	Base	Gasoline-range organics	57		5,000
02	8/26/2021	10	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
	8/10/2021	9	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	8		5,000
CAA1B-33-01	8/10/2021	9	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/10/2021	7	disposed	Gasoline range organics	2,600	f	5,000
CAALB 33 UZ			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/10/2021	7	disposed	Total DRO & ORO	31,400	Ъ×	12,000
CAA1B-SS-04			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/12/2021	6.5	disposed	Gasoline range organics	6,900	f	5,000
			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/12/2021	6.5	disposed	Total DRO & ORO	10,300	×	12,000
			Sidewall, removed &				
CAA1B-SS-05	8/12/2021	6.5	disposed	Gasoline range organics	3,500		5,000
			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/12/2021	6.5	disposed	Total DRO & ORO	13,890	×	12,000
CAA1B-SS-06			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/16/2021	6	disposed	Gasoline range organics	5,200		5,000
			Sidewall, removed &				
	8/16/2021	6	disposed	Total DRO & ORO	8,450	×	12,000
CAA1B-SS-08	8/18/2021	7	Sidewall, replacement	Gasoline-range organics	4,500	J	5,000
	8/18/2021	7	CAA1B-SS-02	Total DRO & ORO	9,220	x	12,000
	8/10/2021	8.5	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	9.7		5,000
CAA18-22-03	8/10/2021	8.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000

Notes:

Sample results greater than REL.

CAA-1b Sample represents a location that was over excavated, soil was removed and disposed of off-site

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

J = Estimated concentration, laboratory recovery fell outside of control limits (high) due to sample matrix effects

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation

2.9.2 CAA-2.b

A total of 3,654 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-2.b, to remove GRO, Total DRO+ORO, and benzene at concentrations greater than the RELs. Soils were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-3 using standard excavation means and methods. Shoring (including trench boxes) was installed along the three sides of the excavation: north, east and west faces. The CAA-2.a ISS monolith (discussed in Section 2.10) acted as a shoring wall along the south side of the excavation. Utilizing shoring on all 4 sides allowed the 15 ft excavation to have vertical sidewalls. The final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles are consistent with the original design configuration shown on the EDR Drawings. Excavated soils from CAA-2.b included discolored (stained) soils, elevated PID concentrations and strong petroleum hydrocarbon odors, indicative of residual LNAPL within the soil matrix, which was captured during excavation and hauled off site. As noted in Section 2.6, odor suppressing foam (product: Rusmar Technologies Long Duration Foam AC 645, Appendix L) was used during soil excavation work as a precautionary measure.

ORC Advanced amendments were added during backfilling activities in the northeast corner and northwest corner to enhance biodegradation of any remaining petroleum in the groundwater. ORC Advanced pellets (REGENESIS®) are designed for use in excavations and were spread by hand in lifts as the backfill was placed and compacted. Pellets were spread evenly in 1-foot lifts across the northeast and northwest corner of the excavation area both horizontally and vertically, as the excavation was backfilled. In the northwest area about 39 pounds (lbs) of pellets were applied per one foot lift (a total of 276 lbs placed). In the northeast area about 110 lbs of pellets were applied per lift (a total of 771 lbs placed). Pellets were placed from 8 to 15 ft below ground surface.

In the northeast corner, lagging from the shoring wall was removed during backfill in the area of ORC application, shown on as-built Drawing C-3. In the northwest corner, a trench box was used in place of lagging, and removed during backfilling.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Table 7 summarizes the sample results and Figure A-2 shows sample locations. All soil samples collected from the final excavated extent of CAA-2.b were below the RELs.

Contaminated soils at CAA-2.b were excavated to approximately 15-ft bgs. Confirmation floor samples were collected following excavation, as illustrated on Figure A-2 (Appendix A-1). No sidewall samples were collected as they were adjacent to shoring or the ISS treatment area (CAA-2.a) and existing data was utilized to define the extent of the excavation (see Figure A-2, Appendix A-1). Soil samples from CAA-2.b were analyzed for DRO and ORO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Dx, and GRO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Gx.

Deviations from Design

The addition of ORC Advanced amendments in the northwest corner of CAA-2.b was incorporated into the design during construction to enhance biodegradation of any remaining petroleum in the groundwater.

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-2b.

Table 7 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-2.bTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

Field Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	Result (mg/kg)	Qualifier	REL (mg/kg)
	10/11/2021	15	Base	Gasoline-range organics	54		5,000
CAAZB-BASE-01	10/11/2021	15	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250		12,000
CAA2B-BASE-02	10/6/2021	15	Base	Gasoline-range organics	570	J	5,000
	10/6/2021	15	Base	Total DRO & ORO	1,700		12,000
CAA2B-BASE-03	10/6/2021	15	Base	Gasoline-range organics	48		5,000
	10/6/2021	15	Base	Total DRO & ORO	120		12,000
CAA2B-BASE-04	10/4/2021	15	Base	Gasoline-range organics	2,100		5,000
	10/4/2021	15	Base	Total DRO & ORO	11,000	J	12,000
CAA2B-BASE-04-	10/4/2021	15.5	Information, See	Gasoline-range organics	410		5,000
0.5	10/4/2021	15.5	Note 1	Total DRO & ORO	3,400		12,000

Notes:

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

LNAPL = Light non-aqueous phase liquid

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

J = Estimated concentration, laboratory recovery fell outside of control limits (high) due to sample matrix effects

Note 1 - Two base samples were collected at CAA2B-BASE-04, one at target depth (15 ft bgs) and one 0.5 deeper (15.5 ft bgs). The sample at 15.5 was collected for information only. Both sample results were below the REL.

2.9.3 CAA-3

A total of 1,428 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-3, to remove GRO and Total DRO+ORO at concentrations greater than the RELs. Removal of this soil also removed collocated benzene and TCE concentrations in this CAA. Soils were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-4 using standard excavation means and methods. The final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles are consistent with what is shown on the EDR Drawings.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Table 8 summarizes the sample results and Figure A-3 (Appendix A-1) shows sample locations. All soil samples collected from the final excavated extent of CAA-3 were below the RELs.

Soil samples from CAA-3 were analyzed for DRO and ORO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Dx, and GRO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Gx and select sample locations from the southern portion of CAA-3 (i.e., CAA3-SS-03, CAA3-SS-04, and CAA3-BASE-03) were analyzed for Trichloroethene (TCE) by EPA Method 8260. These confirmation sample locations were selected for TCE analysis in addition to GRO and Total DRO+ORO since they are adjacent to the location of historical TCE detections in soil greater than the REL.

Deviations from Design

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-3.

Table 8 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-3Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample			_		
Field Sample		Depth (ft			Result		REL
ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
	11/10/2021	5	Base	Gasoline-range organics	66		5,000
CAAS-BASE-01	11/10/2021	5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	170		12,000
CAA3-BASE-02	11/10/2021	5	Base	Gasoline-range organics	130		5,000
	11/10/2021	5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	370		12,000
CAA3-BASE-03	11/9/2021	5	Base	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	5,000
	11/9/2021	5	Base	Trichloroethene	0.02	U	1
	11/9/2021	5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA3-SS-01	11/10/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	10		5,000
	11/10/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA3-SS-02	11/10/2021	4.5	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	220		5,000
	11/10/2021	4.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	92		12,000
CAA3-SS-03	11/9/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	270		5,000
	11/9/2021	4	Sidewall	Trichloroethene	0.02	U	1
	11/9/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
CAA3-SS-04	11/9/2021	7	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	21		5,000
	11/9/2021	7	Sidewall	Trichloroethene	0.02	U	1
	11/9/2021	7	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	67	х	12,000

Notes:

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation

Note 1: Trichloroethene was only analyzed at select locations as noted on SAP figure G-4 from the EDR.

2.9.4 **CAA-5**

A total of 361 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-5, to remove DRO+ORO and arsenic at concentrations greater than the CULs. Soils were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-4, using standard excavation means and methods. The final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles are consistent with what is shown on the EDR Drawings.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Soil samples from CAA-5 were analyzed for DRO and ORO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Dx, and for arsenic by USEPA Method SW846-6010. Table 9 summarizes the sample results and Figure A-4 (Appendix A-1) shows sample locations.

All soil samples collected from the final excavated extent of CAA-5 were below the CUL for arsenic and REL for DRO+ORO. Existing samples (MW-03, see EDR Figure G-5) from this area indicate that arsenic may remain at concentrations slightly above the CUL between 5-7 feet below original ground surface, maximum concentrations of 9.8 mg/kg. The extent of excavation in this CAA is based on RELs as this area will include a pavement cap and institutional controls which reduce risk of direct contact with contaminated soil (CULs are based on direct contact exposure).

Deviations from Design

No deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-5.

Table 9 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-5Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample						
		Depth (ft			Result		CUL	
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)	REL (mg/kg)
CAA5-SS-01	8/3/2021	3.75	Sidewall	Arsenic	5.26		7.3	NA
	8/3/2021	3.75	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	5200		2,000	12,000
CAA5-SS-02	8/2/2021	4	Sidewall	Arsenic	5.63		7.3	NA
	8/2/2021	4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000	12,000
CAA5-SS-03	8/2/2021	3	Sidewall	Arsenic	6.36		7.3	NA
	8/2/2021	3	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000	12,000
CAA5-SS-04	8/3/2021	3.75	Sidewall	Arsenic	4.08		7.3	NA
	8/3/2021	3.75	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000	12,000

Notes:

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

CUL = Cleaup level

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.
2.9.5 **CAA-6**

A total of 3,195 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-6.a and -6.b, including 2,627.6 tons from CAA-6.a and 567.6 tons from CAA-6.b to remove GRO, Total DRO+ORO, and benzene at concentrations greater than the CULs. Soils from CAA-6.a and -6.b were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-5 using standard excavation means and methods. For CAA-6.a, the final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles were slightly larger than what is shown on the EDR Drawings. The excavation was expanded to the eastern side based on confirmation sample results. Along the western edge the presence of clean backfill from previous excavation work was encountered. These areas are noted on the as-built Drawing C-5.

During removal of the concrete pad from CAA-6.a, a floor drain/vault was discovered on July 20, 2021. The vault was opened and standing water was present, no visual staining or oily water was observed on the water or in the vault itself. The vault had 2 separate chambers with piping connecting the 2 chambers. During removal of the sump one additional steel pipe was identified which ran from the sump to the north end of the former building slab. The pipe came in at an upper point in the sump cavity. The location where the pipe exits the building slab on the north end was already broken off prior to the start of the remedial actions. There are no indications of staining on the concrete in the greater area. The sump contained water, organic-rich sediments and roots with no hydrocarbon odors, sheen or other indication of contamination.

The soils around the vault and the vault (and piping) were removed and disposed of with the excavated soils removed from CAA-6.a. During confirmation soil sampling, a soil sample was collected from just under the location of the former vault, CAA-6A-SS-02 (shown on Table 10). The sample contained GRO at a concentration that exceeded the cleanup level, so the area was over-excavated and extended to the east where a second sample was collected at CAA6A-SS-09, confirming that the exceedance had been removed. During excavation activities in CAA-6.a, two full 55-gallon drums were uncovered on July 26, 2021. The drums were intact with no apparent holes or leaks upon discovery; however, the drums were damaged by the excavator when they were pulled out of the excavation. The drums are consistent with site understanding of petroleum barrels associated with historic site operations. The drums and the soil around the drums were removed from the excavation, placed on plastic, inspected, and then disposed of with the other TPH impacted soils at the site. Photographic documentation of the vault and drums are included in Appendix B (see photos 23A, 23B, 24). Ecology was present on site when the vault was discovered and was also notified of the vault and piping on July 22 and 27, 2021 and the drums on July 29, 2021 in electronic communications sent by CRETE.

For CAA-6.b, the final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles are consistent with what is shown on the EDR Drawings with the exception of the southern portion which was excavated an additional 0.5-foot vertically based on confirmation samples. Excavation at CAA-6.b was completed to the Ordinary High Water (OHW) line

adjacent to Salmon Bay. Excavation work in CAA-6.b was conducted when the water level in the bay was below the OWH line, which minimized the amount of water that flowed into the excavation. As excavation was completed along the Salmon Bay side, the northern sidewall was stabilized using quarry spalls and rip-rap immediately after the excavation depth was achieved, which prevented failure of the northern excavation sidewall.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Sidewall samples were not collected: 1) along walls that expose backfill from previous excavation activities (encountered in CAA-6.a), and 2) along the OHW mark (CAA-6.b).

Soil samples from CAA-6.a and 6.b were analyzed for DRO and ORO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Dx, GRO by Ecology Method NWTPH-Gx, and benzene by USEPA Method SW846-8021B.

Tables 10 and 11 summarize the sample results and Figures A-5 and A-6 (Appendix A-1) show sample locations. All soil samples collected from the final excavated extents of CAA-6.a and CAA-6.b were below the CULs.

Deviations from Design

Excavation sidewall samples from the northeast wall of CAA-6.a exceeded CULs and additional soil removal was completed along this portion to extend the excavation past the original design boundary. The floor of the southern portion of CAA-6.b was expanded and additional 0.5-foot based on confirmation samples. New confirmation sidewall and base (floor) samples were collected to confirm the excavation limits of both of these areas, shown on Figures A-5 and A-6 (Appendix A-1). As noted in Section 2.7, monitoring well 02MW20, which overlapped with the CAA-6.b excavation, was abandoned on September 13, 2021. No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-6.

Table 10 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-6.a Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample					
		Depth (ft			Result		CUL
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
	7/29/2021	7.7	Base	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/29/2021	7.7	Base	Diesel-range organics	98		570
CAAGA_BASE_01/	7/29/2021	7.7	Base	Gasoline-range organics	40		30
			Base, Replacement CAA6A-				
CAAUA-BASE-01-4	7/30/2021	8.1	BASE-01	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/29/2021	7.7	Base	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/29/2021	7.7	Base	Total DRO & ORO	98		2,000
CAA6A-BASE-01-8	7/30/2021	8.5	Information, See Note 1	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/29/2021	8.6	Base	Benzene	0.038		0.02
	7/29/2021	8.6	Base	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-BASE-02	7/29/2021	8.6	Base	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/29/2021	8.6	Base	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/29/2021	8.6	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000
			Base, replacement for-				
CAA6A-BASE-02A-5	7/30/2021	9	CAA6A-BASE-02	Benzene	0.044		0.02
			Base, replacement for				
CAA6A-BASE-02A-8	7/30/2021	9.2	CAA6A-BASE-02	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/29/2021	12.1	Base	Benzene	0.077		0.02
			Base, replacement for				
	7/30/2021	12.5	CAA6A-BASE-03	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
CAA6A-BASE-03/	7/29/2021	12.1	Base	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-BASE-03-4	7/29/2021	12.1	Base	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/29/2021	12.1	Base	Oil-range organics	250	U	1.600
	7/29/2021	12.1	Base	Total DRO & ORO	250	Ŭ	2.000
CAA6A-BASE-03-8	7/30/2021	12.7	Information. See Note 1	Benzene	0.02	U U	0.02
CARDA BASE 03 0	7/30/2021	1/	Base	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/30/2021	1/	Base	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-BASE-04	7/30/2021	14	Base	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/30/2021	14	Base	Oil-range organics	250	U U	1 600
	7/30/2021	14	Base		250	U	2,000
	7/30/2021	14	Sidewall	Ponzono	0.02	U	2,000
	7/28/2021	4	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50		570
CAA6A-SS-01	7/28/2021	4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	0	30
CAR0A-33-01	7/28/2021	4	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U U	1 600
	7/28/2021	4	Sidewall		250	U U	2,000
	7/27/2021	25	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	UI	0.02
	7/27/2021	2.5	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	510	01	570
	7/27/2021	2.5	Sidewall		120		20
CAA6A-SS-02/CAA6A-	++2++2021	2.3	Sidewall Deplement	Gasonne-range organics	150		30
SS-09	7/20/2021	2.7		Casalina ranga arganias	-		20
	7/28/2021	3.7	CAADA-33-02, See Note 2	Gasoline-range organics	280	0	30
	7/27/2021	2.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	380		1,600
	7/27/2021	2.5	Cidewall		890		2,000
	7/27/2021	3	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	0	0.02
	7/27/2021	3	Sidewall	Diesei-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-55-03	7/27/2021	3		Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/27/2021	3	Sidowall	UII-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/27/2021	3			250	U	2,000
	//27/2021	5	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	//2//2021	5	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-SS-04	//2//2021	5	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/27/2021	5	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	//2//2021	5	Sidewall		250	U	2,000
	7/28/2021	10.7	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/28/2021	10.7	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570

Table 10 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-6.aTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample			Posult		<u>()</u>
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	beptil (it bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
CAA6A-SS-05	7/28/2021	10.7	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/28/2021	10.7	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/28/2021	10.7	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000
	7/29/2021	12.3	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/29/2021	12.3	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-SS-06	7/29/2021	12.3	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/29/2021	12.3	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/29/2021	12.3	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000
	7/30/2021	10.5	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/30/2021	10.5	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-SS-07	7/30/2021	10.5	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/30/2021	10.5	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/30/2021	10.5	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000
	7/30/2021	9.8	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	7/30/2021	9.8	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
CAA6A-SS-08	7/30/2021	9.8	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
	7/30/2021	9.8	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1,600
	7/30/2021	9.8	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2,000

Notes:

Sample results greater than CUL.

Sample represents a location that was over excavated, soil was removed and disposed of off-site

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

CAA-6a

CUL = Cleaup level

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

J = Estimated concentration, laboratory recovery fell outside of control limits (high) due to sample matrix effects

Note 1 - Two replacement base samples were collected at this location, one at 4 inches deeper and one 8 inches deeper. The sample result from the 4 inches deeper sample is used for confirmation, the sample collected 8 inches deeper was collected for information only.

Note 2 - During confirmation soil sampling, a soil sample was collected from just under the location of the former vault, CAA-6A-SS-02. The sample contained GRO at a concentration that exceeded the cleanup level, so the area was over-excavated and extended to the east where a second sample was collected at CAA6A-SS-09, confirming that the exceedance had been removed.

Table 11 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-6.b Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample Depth (ft			Result		CUL
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)
	9/13/2021	4.5	Base	Benzene	0.02	Ĥ	0.02
	9/13/2021	4 <u>.5</u>	Base	Gasoline-range organics	91		30
			Base, replacement				
	9/13/2021	4.9	CAA6B-BASE-01	Gasoline-range organics	24		30
	9/13/2021	4.5	Base	Diesel range organics	290	×	570
	9/13/2021	4.5	Base	Oil-range organics	250	Ĥ	1600
	9/13/2021	4.5	Base	Total DRO & ORO	290	×	2000
	9/13/2021	3.4	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	9/13/2021	3.4	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
CAA6B-SS-01	9/13/2021	3.4	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
	9/13/2021	3.4	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1600
	9/13/2021	3.4	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2000
	9/13/2021	3.7	Sidewall	Benzene	0.02	U	0.02
	9/13/2021	3.7	Sidewall	Gasoline-range organics	5	U	30
CAA6B-SS-02	9/13/2021	3.7	Sidewall	Diesel-range organics	50	U	570
	9/13/2021	3.7	Sidewall	Oil-range organics	250	U	1600
	9/13/2021	3.7	Sidewall	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	2000

Notes:

Sample results greater than CUL.

CAA-6a Sample represents a location that was over excavated, soil was removed and disposed of off-site

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

CUL = Cleaup level

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline-range organics

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation

2.9.6 **CAA-7**

A total of 823 tons of contaminated soil were excavated and disposed of off-site from CAA-7, to remove arsenic at concentrations greater than the CULs. Soils were excavated as shown on as-built Drawing C-6, using standard excavation means and methods. The final excavation limits (horizontal and vertical), grades, and profiles are consistent with what is shown on the EDR Drawings.

A pile of concrete rubble and debris, which was observed on the northern portion CAA-7 and was generated during historical grading along the shoreline portion of this area, was pulled back and disposed of with the contaminated soils from CAA-7.

Confirmation Samples

Excavation confirmation sampling was conducted per the Compliance Monitoring Plan as previously described. Prior to the remediation work, extensive sampling and delineation of CAA-7 was completed as part of the Pre-Remedial Design Investigation (PRDI) work done in the fall and winter of 2020-2021. This work is detailed in the PRDI Summary Report which was included in Appendix B of the EDR (CRETE 2021).

Soil samples from CAA-7 were analyzed for arsenic by USEPA Method SW846-6020.

Table 12 summarizes the sample results and Figure A-7 (Appendix A-1) shows sample locations, including the PRDI sampling effort. The MTCA "three-part rule" defined in WAC 173-340-740(7)(d) and (e), was used to determine statistical compliance with the CUL in CAA-7. This approach requires that:

- The 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) on the sample mean may not exceed the soil CUL.
- No sample may exceed two times the CUL, except where modifications are allowed (as explained below).
- Less than 10% of the samples may exceed the CUL, except where modifications are allowed (as explained below).

For confirmation sampling within CAA-7, the CUL is based on natural background concentrations for arsenic. As such, the two requirements concerning sample exceedances within the statistical data set, as set forth in WAC 173-340-740(7)(e)(i) and (ii), may be modified as approved by Ecology to control false positive error rates at 5%. Specifically, the exceedance factor may be increased above 2 and the percentage of samples exceeding the CUL may be 10% or more, consistent with the procedures outlined the Statistical Guidance for Ecology Site Managers (Ecology 1992). Section 4.3.5 of the guidance document states that "for relatively small compliance monitoring sample sizes (n<30), not more than 20 percent of the samples should exceed a standard based on the 90th percentile background value."

For this project, Ecology determined that the acceptable percentage of samples exceeding the CUL based on the natural background concentration is 18% and accepted an exceedance factor of 2.84 (max concentration of 21 mg/kg). These values were determined based on the total number of samples in the statistical data set and the probability formulas provided in the guidance document³. Confirmation samples are shown on Table 12 and Table A-1 included in Appendix A provides details on statistical analysis completed on the data set. A total of 45 soil samples were used for the confirmation data set, of those, 6 samples (13%) exceed the CUL, which is less than 18%. The maximum value detected of those 6 samples is 13.6 mg/kg, which is less than the allowable exceedance factor of 2.8x (i.e., less than 21 mg/kg).

The data set has a 95% UCL of 6.1 using a gamma distribution in ProUCL⁴, details of the UCL analysis is provided on Appendix A-1, Table A-2 and Table A-3. The data set 95% UCL of 6.1 is less than the CUL of 7.3 mg/kg.

The data set demonstrates that the CAA-7 soil removal action meets compliance with the arsenic CUL through statistical demonstration in accordance with WAC 173-340-740(7).

Deviations from Design

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element at CAA-7.

³ Probability formulas for determining allowable exceedances are provided in Technical Attachment 1 (Allowable Frequency of Exceedance of Cleanup Standards Based on Background) and Technical Attachment 2 (Allowable Magnitude of Exceedance of Cleanup Standard Based on Background) to Figure 12 of the 1992 Statistical Guidance.

⁴ USEPA. ProUCL: Statistical Software for Environmental Applications for Data Sets with and without Nondetect Observations. Version 5.2. https://www.epa.gov/land-research/proucl-software, 2022

Table 12 Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-7 Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

		Sample Depth (ft	Sample		Result		CUL	
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Туре	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)	Notes
CAA7-B01-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	3.65		7.3	
CAA7-B02-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	5.7		7.3	
CAA7-B03-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	6.73		7.3	
CAA7-B04-2.0-2.25	11/13/2020	Base	2.25	Arsenic	6.01		7.3	
CAA7-B05-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	9.24		7.3	Note 1
CAA7-B06-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	7.9		7.3	Note 1
CAA7-B07-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	5.83		7.3	
CAA7-B08-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	4.85		7.3	
CAA7-B11-2.0-2.25	3/22/2021	Base	2.25	Arsenic	6.54		7.3	
CAA7-B12-2.0-2.25	3/22/2021	Base	2.25	Arsenic	5.8		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-13	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.24		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-14	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.71		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-15	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	3.79		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-16	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	3.06		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-17	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	5.66		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-18	7/19/2021	Base	2	Arsenic	6.85		7.3	
CAA7-BASE-19	7/19/2021	Base	0.5	Arsenic	6.98		7.3	
CAA7-SW11-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.63		7.3	
CAA7-SW11-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	4.93		7.3	
CAA7-SW12-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.99		7.3	
CAA7-SW12-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	4.01		7.3	
CAA7-SW13-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	2.24		7.3	
CAA7-SW13-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	2.04		7.3	
CAA7-SW14-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.02		7.3	
CAA7-SW15-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	7.82		7.3	Note 1
CAA7-SW18-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.4		7.3	
CAA7-SW20-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.01		7.3	
CAA7-SW21-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.42		7.3	
CAA7-SW23-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	10.8		7.3	Note 1
CAA7-SW24-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	13.3		7.3	Note 1
CAA7-SW25-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	6.39		7.3	
CAA7-SW26-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	13.6		7.3	Note 1
COMP-1c-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	6.41		7.3	
COMP-2a-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	3.54		7.3	
COMP-2b-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	2.07		7.3	
COMP-2c-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	4.16		7.3	
COMP-2d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.38		7.3	
COMP-3a-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Sidewall	1	Arsenic	4.59		7.3	
COMP-3b-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Sidewall	1	Arsenic	3.43		7.3	
COMP-3c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.66		7.3	
COMP-3d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.75		7.3	
COMP-4c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.74		7.3	
COMP-4d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.99		7.3	
COMP-5c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.13		7.3	
COMP-5d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.69		7.3	
COMP-6a-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.77		7.3	
COMP-6d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	1.07		7.3	
COMP-7d-0.0-0.4	11/13/2020	Base	0.4	Arsenic	106		7.3	Note 1

Notes:

CAA-7 Sample represents a location that was over excavated, soil was removed and disposed of off-site

CAA = Cleanup Action Area

CUL = Cleaup level

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

Note 1. Statistical compliance with the cleanup level, which is based on natural background concentrations, is demonstrated in accordance with WAC 173-340-740(7)(d) and (e), with adjustment to the allowable exceedance factor and the percentage of confirmation samples exceeding the cleanup level in accordance with Ecology statistical guidance for assessing compliance with natural background-based cleanup levels (Ecology 1992). Details are provided in the EDR.

2.9.7 Diesel Spill

A small diesel spill occurred on September 3, 2021 adjacent to the southeast edge of CAA-2.a when an empty haul truck clipped a concrete vault and punctured the fuel tank. The haul truck immediately stopped and spill response measures were deployed, which included the use of sorbent pads and bins/buckets to capture the leaking diesel fuel. CRETE staff were on site during the incident and recorded extents and details. It is estimated that less than 10 gallons of fuel was spilled onto the internal haul road just south of the CAA-2.a ISS treatment area. The entire spill area was confined to an area no larger than 6ft by 4ft and no fuel migrated outside of the property. CRETE provided a notice to Ecology (ERTS, tracking 21-3523) on September 3, 2021.

The area was isolated and protected from any water contact. All visual impacted soil was excavated on September 13, 2021. The excavation area was expanded (from the 6ft by 4ft spill area) to remove all soils in the vicinity with a final excavation footprint of 18ft by 10ft, with an excavation depth of approximately 3 feet bgs (shown on as-built Drawings C-1 [overall location] and C-4 [detailed removal area]). A total of 10 tons of soil were sent offsite for disposal at Roosevelt Regional Landfill. Table 13 summarizes the results of the soil samples collected of the excavated bottom; laboratory reports and waste disposal tickets are included in Appendix E and D, respectively. Samples were collected at the bottom of the exposed sidewalls (south sample ID, see As-built drawing C-4) and immediately downgradient of the spill (northeast sample ID, see As-built drawing C-4). Surface conditions in this area are sloped steeply, so excavation of this area resulted in the removal of the northeastern sidewalls (shown on photos 48 and 49 in Appendix B). Field screening during excavation activities, which included using a PID and visual methods, were used to verify the extent of the removal. As indicated in Table 13, the confirmation samples collected from the excavation extents did not contain detectable concentrations of DRO and ORO.

Table 13 Soil Sample Results Diesel Spill AreaTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

Field Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Analyte	Result (mg/kg)	Oualifier	REL (mg/kg)
Northeast	9/13/2021	2.4	Bottom	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000
South	9/13/2021	3	Bottom	Total DRO & ORO	250	U	12,000

Notes:

DRO = Diesel-range organics

ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

ORO= Oil-range organics

REL = Remediation level

U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

2.9.8 Backfill

Excavations were backfilled per the project specifications provided in the EDR. All backfill material was provided by CalPortland; copies of import tickets and laboratory import testing, including chemistry samples and grain size details, are included in Appendix F. Only materials with fines required analytical testing, which included the gravel borrow and the bedding sand (placed in the interceptor trench). Materials were provided from the following CalPortland quarries:

• Gravel Borrow, Quarry Spalls, Ballast Rock, and Sand:

DuPont WA State Pit B-335 4301 Pioneer Way DuPont, WA 98327

Manke Family Resources Shelton Mine 826 Fairmount Avenue Shelton, WA 98584

• Loose rip rap for CAA-6.b:

White River Quarry 31107 SE Enumclaw Chinook Pass Enumclaw, WA 98022

Quarry spalls were used to raise the grade above the water surface in excavations that extended below the water table and resulted in the accumulation of standing water. The backfill was compacted by tamping the surface with the excavator bucket over the entire area. A total of 1,594 tons of quarry spalls were placed in the remediation areas. For fill above the water table, in the vadose zone excavations were backfilled with gravel borrow or ballast rock. A total of 9,343 tons of gravel borrow and 7,750 tons of ballast rock was placed in remediation areas.

Gravel borrow was placed in 12-inch, successive, loose horizontal lifts and compacted using mechanical equipment to at least 95 percent of its maximum dry density in the top 2 feet, as determined by the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standard D-1557 (Modified Proctor). Below 2 feet, the gravel borrow was compacted to 90 percent of its maximum dry density. Verification of compaction testing is included in Appendix G. Ballast rock was also placed in 12-inch, successive, loose horizontal lifts and compacted using mechanical equipment to a firm and non yielding surface. Design drawings specified the use of gravel borrow above the water table which is a more economical material over ballast rock. Both materials perform in similar fashion and provide a solid compactable surface that can be used for future development. Schedule demands resulted in using more ballast rock than just the top 2 feet in select CAAs (CAA-5), noted in Table 14 below.

The upper 2 feet of select excavation areas were backfilled with ballast rock to the final surface elevation. In CAA-6.b, the area was raised to match the surrounding surface elevation and an additional layer of small diameter rip rap (max diameter ¼ ton which is roughly a diameter of about 1.5 feet) was placed above the OHW mark along CAA-6.b to provide additional protections from surface water inundation from Salmon Bay.

As-built Drawing C-11 shows the completed surfaces across the ASKO and Bulk Terminal parcels. Table 14 summarizes backfill material per soil removal CAAs.

CAA Area	Subsurface Backfill (greater than 2 ft bgs)	Surface Material (2 ft bgs)
CAA-1	Quarry spalls and gravel borrow	Ballast rock to match surrounding grade (note a portion of this area is covered by the SMA as shown on as-built Drawing C-11)
CAA-2.b	Quarry spalls and gravel borrow	Paved asphalt surface which includes: 7" Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Class 1 and 2" of HMA class 1/2
CAA-3	Quarry spalls and gravel borrow	Ballast rock to match surrounding grade
CAA-5	Ballast rock	Ballast rock to match surrounding grade
CAA-6.a	Quarry spalls and gravel borrow	Ballast rock to match surrounding grade
CAA-6.b	Gravel borrow	Ballast rock and riprap, area was graded to match surrounding grade
CAA-7	No subsurface backfill, excavation was only 2 feet bgs.	Ballast rock to match surrounding grade

 Table 14
 Summary of Backfill Activities

2.9.9 Data Quality Control

Appendix E includes the data validation report for the soil confirmation sampling effort. The analytical data were validated in accordance with the National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Superfund Methods Data Review (USEPA 2020a) and/or National Functional Guidelines for Organic Superfund Methods Data Review (USEPA 2020b).

The analytical holding times were met for all sample delivery groups and the method blanks had no detections. The matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) and laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) recoveries and sample/sample duplicate, MS/MSD, and LCS/LCSD relative percent differences all met U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) requirements. No qualifiers were added to the analytical results based on the data quality review. All data are determined to be of acceptable quality for use as reported by the laboratory, with some laboratory qualifiers being updated to conform to the final qualifiers used for data table reporting and database storage.

2.10 Construction - In Situ Solidification

ISS mixing was completed in CAA-2.a and CAA-4.a and CAA-4.b to the extents shown on asbuilt Drawings C-7 and C-8. Prior to starting the full ISS mixing in each CAA the Contractor completed test grid cells to refine the mixing means and methods and ISS reagent ratios. Two test cells were completed from CAA-2.a, prior to full scale mixing (cells 2-36 and 2-42). These test cells became part of the final ISS footprint. Test cells were not completed at CAA-4 because CAA-4 mixing occurred after CAA-2.a mixing was completed, and the data collected during the CAA-2.a mixing was used instead of test cells. This was a deviation from the design documents, but determined to be acceptable since 47 cells were completed from CAA-2.a prior to starting mixing at CAA-4. ISS reagents included:

- Granular Blast Furnace Slag (GBFS) Grade 100 in accordance with ASTM C989,
- Cement type 1 in accordance with ASTM C150, and
- Water provided by the City of Seattle through a fire hydrant connection.

Reagents were mixed in a self-contained grout plant, which was constructed on site and included two internal colloidal mixer tanks which allowed all ratios to be mixed by weight to determine the accurate amount of each reagent needed. Once a batch was fully mixed, it was pumped through piping to the active ISS working cell or area and mixed with a large excavator in place. Based on bench scale testing and the test cell data, an ISS mix of about 2.5% Portland cement and 4.5% GBFS was used during the ISS work through September 22, 2021 and then the ratios were adjusted slightly based on the very high unconfined compression strength (UCS) and permeability results, to 1.5% Portland cement and 4.5% GBFS thereafter. During surface grading of swell material at CAA-4, additional Portland cement and GBFS were added to the surface soils to stabilize the top approximately 3 feet of soils since the surface. Approximately 96 tons of material (48 tons of Portland cement and 48 tons of GBFS) was added to CAA-4 between November 15 and 20, 2021.

Approximately 9,500 cubic yards of soils were mixed and treated from CAA-2.a and approximately 18,400 cubic yards of soils from CAA-4 were mixed and treated. Due to the added volume of grout and the mixing process, swell material was generated during ISS mixing, resulting in an approximate 30 percent increase in the total ISS volume (due to bulking). To accommodate this added volume, a swell management area (SMA) was created in the southeastern corner of the property, shown on Figure 3 and as-built Drawing C-9 (Appendix A-2). Approximately 5,500 cubic yards of swell material was moved from CAA-2.a and CAA-4 and placed in this area. This was excess volume that could not be accommodated within the CAA footprints. Excess in-situ mixed soils were transported from CAA-2 and CAA-4 to the SMA, and spread out in lifts and compacted after the soils were fully stabilized through mixing. In some cases, untreated soils were transported to the SMA and mixed within the SMA, within bermed areas and on top of previously treated soils. For soils that were mixed within the SMA, the same mixing protocols used in CAA-2 and CAA-4 were implemented. This practice resulted in monolithic hardening of the swell material, avoiding the need for placement and compaction in lifts. The final surface of the SMA is shown on asbuilt Drawing C-9.

During surface grading at the SMA additional Portland cement and GBFS were added to the surface soils to stabilize the top 1-2 feet of soils. Similar to CAA-4, the surface was inundated by heavy rains in late October and early November which resulted in a soft surface. Approximately 48 tons of material was added to the SMA area on December 1 through December 10, 2021.

ISS mixing was completed in grid cells which represent a mixing volume that could be mixed in a short period of time (less than a day, which was a smaller grid cell volume than what was specified in the EDR – see the discussion in the deviations section below). The bottom elevation (i.e., mixed elevation) of each cell was determined based on the estimated elevation of the silt layer for a given cell, with cells along the perimeter extending one foot below the silt layer (creating a key to lock the ISS monolith into the silt unit). The final mixed elevations for each cell and the elevation of the silt layer are noted on the as-built Drawings C-7 and C-8.

Confirmation Samples

ISS performance testing was conducted on ISS perimeter grid cells and ISS interior grid cells per the Compliance Monitoring Plan (CRETE 2021). Sample results are summarized on Table 15 and copies of laboratory test reports are included in Appendix I.

ISS samples were collected at varying, randomly selected, mixing elevations in the compliance grid cell, determined by the Engineer the day of mixing. Sampling was completed within 4 hours of mixing completion, while the ISS mix was sufficiently flowable to prepare core samples. Each sample was collected using a sample collection tool attached to the excavator, and material from the sampler was placed directly into a 5-gallon bucket using a small shovel or other hand tools as appropriate. The ISS performance samples were transported to the ISS testing laboratory (Timely Engineering Soil Tests).

The final compliance grid network was adjusted in the field from the EDR Drawings to facilitate mixing of smaller grid cells that could be worked within one shift. This resulted in more grid cells and often more than one mixing cell was completed during a shift. One sample was collected per mixing day to determine the effectiveness of the mixing methods and slurry blend used during that day. Samples were collected from ISS perimeter and interior grid cells and included the following performance standards:

- All ISS perimeter and interior grid cells from CAA-2.a and CAA-4, with the exception of three interior grid cells from CAA-4 (and 3 associated interior grid cells mixed on the same days), achieved the following performance standards for all samples tested (shown on Table 15):
 - Hydraulic Conductivity less than 1x10⁻⁶ centimeter per second (cm/sec) and unconfined compressive strength (UCS; 28 days) greater than 50 psi.
- The three interior grid cells sampled (mixing cells 4-42, 4-32, and 4-31) and the three interior grid cells mixed on the same days (4-40, 4-30, and 4-41) of CAA-4 that did not achieve the above performance standard represent approximately 10 percent of the ISS mixing cells from CAA-4. Per the project requirements in EDR Drawing No. G-5, up to 10% of interior ISS mixing cells may fail the criteria above, so long as each grid cell achieves the following performance standard:
 - Hydraulic Conductivity no greater than 10⁻⁵ cm/s and a UCS no less than 30 psi. These six interior cells, represented by samples 4-31, 4-32, and 4-42, all have a hydraulic conductivity of 10⁻⁶ cm/s and a UCS greater than 30 psi (sample 4-32 had a UCS of 35 psi, while the other two samples had a UCS greater than 50 psi). Typical performance criteria for ISS projects is set at 10⁻⁵ to 10⁻⁶ cm/sec (Bates & Hills 2015). The three sample results from 4-31, 4-32, and 4-42 are within the typical range. ISS guidance documents also acknowledge that variability results for performance criteria can occur, with some failure of performance criteria, but as long as that failure is within the interior of the monolith and contained by the perimeter, it is generally acceptable.
 - The hydraulic conductivity for these three samples are just slightly under the performance goal as follows: Sample 4-42 = 0.0000055 cm/sec; Sample 4-32 = 0.0000059 cm/sec; Sample 4-31 = 0.0000017 cm/sec with a performance goal less than 0.000001 cm/sec
 - These interior cells are surrounded by cells that have achieved the performance goals at 28 days; these 6 cells represent a very small volume of the total area mixed (9.5% [1748 cubic yards]).
 - The contractor collected 2 samples from CAA-4 which were sampled at 28 and 42 days. These samples show decreases in hydraulic

conductivity between days 28 and 42 days. Using the average factor of reduction (4.3) observed at these samples applied to the 3 samples (mixing cells 4-42, 4-32, and 4-31), the 42 day samples are projected to meet the performance goal. This information is included in Appendix I. Additionally, the consistent reduction in the permeability for <u>all samples</u> with time series data (39 samples total) strongly suggests that the samples in question have achieved performance requirements by now.

- USAEPA guidance recommends at least 2 orders of magnitude reduction in hydraulic conductively below that of the surrounding site soils (USEPA 1989). Results of seven slug tests from site monitoring wells in the Shallow WBZ are reported in the RIFS (Floyd Snider 2020) to range from 2 to 5.7 ft/day; which is 0.0007 to 0.002 cm/sec. The average is 3.85 ft/day or 0.001 cm/sec. The highest hydraulic conductively value measured from 28-day samples collected at CAA-4 (Sample 4-32 = 0.0000059 cm/sec) is 2 orders of magnitude lower than 3.85 ft/day, which would be 0.00001 cm/sec.
- Based on these results, the performance of the ISS monolith at CAA-4 is not anticipated to be adversely affected since the interior cells are surrounded by perimeter grid cells, essentially creating a collar to isolate and contain the stabilized interior soil.
- At a few locations, the contractor elected to remix certain ISS cells based on visual observations of the material properties. Subsequent sampling and testing of these cells confirmed compliance with performance standards.
- For untreated soils that were mixed at the SMA, ex-situ samples were collected to verify performance standards were met in the SMA. Samples were collected on days that mixing was completed, prior to spreading and compacting the mixed SMA material. One soil pile was mixed at CAA-4 prior to transporting it over the SMA, a sample of that pile (CAA-4-SP) was also collected after mixing prior to spreading and compacting the material. These samples are shown on Table 15 and noted with an 'ex-situ' sample ID. All of these sample results exceeded the minimum performance standards for exterior cells (i.e., all Hydraulic Conductivity values are less than 1x10⁻⁶ cm/sec and the unconfined compressive strength (UCS; 28 days) is greater than 50 psi). Preliminary data from the laboratory for the ex-situ sample from 4-73, which represents the SMA area, indicated that design parameters would not be achieved. The Contractor terminated testing for that area, re-mixed the area, and re-sampled the finished cell. The re-mixed sample is presented in Table 15 as 4-73-remix.

Deviations from Design

As stated above, the final compliance grid network was adjusted from the EDR Drawings to represent smaller grid cells that could be worked easily within one shift. The total mixing depths were also adjusted based on the smaller grid cell size. The mixing depth is based on the top of the silt and was verified in the field during mixing. When the top of the silt was encountered, excavation and mixing required significantly greater effort, often accompanied by evidence of dense silt soils in the excavation bucket. As-built Drawings C-7 and C-8 show the final grid cell mixing pattern for each ISS area.

Design drawings indicated that two test cells would be completed form each CAA. It was assumed that ISS mixing would be concurrent at each CAA, actual work was conducted in a phased approach, starting at CAA-2a and then moving to CAA-4. Because of this only two test cells were completed at CAA-2 prior to the starting the full scale mixing (cells 2-36 and 2-42). The information from these test cells and the 45 completed mixing cells in CAA-2a (asbuilt Drawing C-7, a total of 47 cells were mixed in CAA-2a, including 2 test cells and 45 mixing cells) was used to inform and refine the mixing plan for CAA-4. No additional test cells were conducted at CAA-4.

Section 5.4.2.2 of the EDR indicated that ISS cells were intended to represent a work shift and that the contractor would determine the ISS cell layout. The contractor divided the ISS cells into smaller, more workable cells compared to the larger ISS cells that were conceptually presented in the EDR; therefore, approximately two to three smaller ISS cells were completed on any given day. The intent of the performance criteria established in the EDR was to collect one sample per work shift, which is typical for ISS mixing, since the amendments are mixed in a batch plant at the start of the shift and the soils are consistent within the working area. As such, one ISS performance sample was collected each day of ISS mixing for analysis of hydraulic conductivity and UCS, instead of collecting one sample per cell, and the performance sample results were applied to all grids mixed on the same day (see Table 15).

ISS test results from 4-31, 4-32, and 4-42 all had hydraulic conductivities slightly shy of the performance standard. Though these results were just shy of the performance standard (discussed above), they were accepted because the data was within typical ISS performance thresholds, the resulting hydraulic conductivities were more than 2 order of magnitudes lower than the hydraulic conductivity of the surrounding soil, and they are completely surrounded by areas that achieved the design standards. Additional data collected during remedial action activities also suggest that the hydraulic conductivity will continue to decrease as the concrete fully cures.

As previously noted, the contractor transferred some untreated soils from CAA-4 to the SMA and mixed them in place, using the same mixing methods as in CAA-2.a and CAA-4, essentially making shallow ISS grid cells. This allowed for the soils to be fully mixed within the limits of the SMA and allowed for the soils to cure in place, minimizing handling and potential contaminant migration. Samples of these "ex-situ-mixed" soils were collected in

the SMA as indicated in Table 15. Ex-situ mixed soils in the SMA were held to the same performance standards as the CAA-2.a and CAA-4.

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element.

Table 15 Confirmation ISS ResultsTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

	Sample	Same-Dav	Cell	Sampled	Sample	UCS (≥50 psi)	
CAA Area	Cell #	Related Cell	Completed	Date	Depth (ft.		(<1X10 ^{-°} cm/sec)
		0.40 T I	Date	0/40/24	BGS)	28-DAY	28-DAY
	2-42	C-42 - Test	8/18/21	8/18/21	14.74	224	1.6E-07
	1	2-36 - Test	8/19/21	9/2/21	15.86	NA	NA
	2-36	Cell					
	2-23	2-23	8/20/21	8/20/21	10	455	1.8E-07
	2-15	2-15	8/23/21	8/23/21	13.3	358	1.2E-07
	2.40	2-40	8/24/21	8/24/21	13	297	1.3E-07
	2-40	2-30	8/24/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2.45	2-45	8/25/21	8/25/21	16.3	331	1.2E-07
	2-45	2-11	8/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2-7	2-7	8/26/21	8/26/21	17.7	484	1.5E-07
	2-1	2-1	8/30/21	8/30/21	18.9	137	3.0E-07
		2-43	8/31/21	8/31/21	11.3	316	5.0E-08
	2-43	2-37	8/31/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-41	9/1/21	9/1/21	17.75	327	1.5E-07
	2-41	2-31	9/1/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-4	9/2/21	9/2/21	20	88	6.6E-07
	2-4	2.26 ro miv ¹	9/2/21	9/2/21	16.42	374	5.2E-07
	2.46	2-3010-1111	9/3/21	9/3/21	18.7	217	2 1E-07
	2-40	2-40	9/7/21	9/7/21	18.5	170	2.1E 07 3 //E_07
	2 47	2-47 2_20	0/7/21	NIA	10.0	1/0	5.4L-07 NIA
	2-47	2-20	0/7/21		NA NA		
		2-24	9/7/21		NA 47	NA 202	
	2-24	2-24	9/8/21	9/8/21	1/	393	9.6E-07
	2-32	2-32	9/9/21	9/9/21	13.5	412	8.7E-08
		2-44	9/9/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2-32 ²	2-32	9/10/21	9/10/21	20	162	8.1E-07
	2-22	2-25	9/10/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2-25	2-25	9/11/21	9/11/21	12.5	371	5.2E-08
	2-16	2-16	9/13/21	9/13/21	20	373	4.9E-08
644 3	2-2	2-2	9/14/21	9/14/21	17.6	307	1.1E-07
CAA-2		2-17	9/15/21	9/15/21	16.5	367	1.5E-07
	2-17	2-8	9/15/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-39	9/15/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-5	9/16/21	9/16/21	12	452	1.2E-07
	2-5	2-12	9/16/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-9	9/17/21	9/17/21	15.5	319	8.0E-08
	2-9	2-3	9/17/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-33	9/21/21	9/21/21	20	539	3.6F-07
	2-33	2-6	9/21/21	ΝΔ	ΝΔ	NA	NA
		2.0	0/22/21	0/22/21	20	37/	1 3E-07
	2-13	2-15	9/22/21	5/22/21 NA	20	374	1.31-07
		2-20	9/22/21			NA 100	
		2-10	9/23/21	9/23/21	7.6	199	2.2E-07
	2-10	2-26	9/23/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-18	9/23/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-22 East	9/24/21	9/24/21	19.5	208	9.2E-08
	2-22	2-22 West					
		Half	9/24/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-14	9/24/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-21 East	9/25/21	9/25/21	15.3	230	2.6E-07
	2-21 East	2-21 Center	9/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-21 West	9/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-20 East	9/27/21	9/27/21	18	393	1.7E-07
		2-20 West	9/27/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2-20 East	2-19	9/27/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-29	9/27/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-35	9/27/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2-27	9/28/21	9/28/21	17	450	3.0F-07
	2-27	2-27	9/28/21	NΔ	NΔ	NΔ	ΝΔ
	/	2-20	9/28/21	NA	ΝA	NΔ	NΔ
		<u> </u>	10/2/21	10/2/21	20	122	2 8F-07
	4-9	4-13	10/2/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	1 1 2	4-12	10/9/21	10/9/21	19	125	1.8E-07
	4-12	4-8	10/9/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4-2	4-2	10/11/21	10/11/21	18	75	6.4 E -07 ^a
	τ Δ	4-5	10/11/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u></u>		4-7	10/12/21	10/12/21	18	66	9.3E-07
CAA-4	A 7	4-3	10/12/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4-7	4-10 A_61	10/12/21	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
		4-01	10/12/21	NΔ	NΑ	NA	NA NA
		4-1	10/13/21	10/13/21	15	73 ^a	9.8 F -07 ^a
	4-1	4-56	10/13/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-49	10/13/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
				continues	to next page		
		4-63	10/14/21	10/14/21	20	79	6.6E-07

Table 15 Confirmation ISS ResultsTime Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

	Sample	Same-Day	Cell	Sampled	Sample	UCS (≥50 psi)	
CAA Area	Cell #	Related Cell	Completed	Date	Depth (ft.	000 (200 poly	(<1X10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec)
			Date		BGS)	28-DAY	28-DAY
	4-63	4-11	10/14/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-6	10/14/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-58	10/15/21	10/15/21	10	92	7.3E-07
		4-4	10/15/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4-58	4-14	10/15/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		1-59	10/15/21	ΝA	ΝA	NA	NA
		4-39	10/15/21	10/10/21	12	NA 52	
		4-44	10/16/21	10/16/21	15	53	5.8E-07
	4-44	4-16	10/16/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-18	10/16/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-47	10/16/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-60	10/18/21	10/18/21	20	77	1.7E-07
	4-60	4-15	10/18/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-52	10/18/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-53	10/19/21	10/19/21	16.5	118	7.0E-07
	4-53	4-17	10/19/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		1-19	10/10/21	NA	NA	NA	ΝΛ
		4-19	10/15/21	10/20/24	12	NA	
		4-40	10/20/21	10/20/21	13	99	4./E-U/
	4-46	4-21	10/20/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-23	10/20/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	<u> </u>	4-39	10/20/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-20	10/21/21	10/21/21	20	230	1.9E-07
	4-20	4-48	10/21/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-57	10/21/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
CAA-4		4-22	10/22/21	10/22/21	18	336	2.0E-07
	4-22	4-50	10/22/21	10, 11, 11, 11 ΝΔ	ΝA	NA	NA
		4-30	10/22/21	10/22/21	10	102	1 05 07
	4-24	4-24	10/23/21	10/23/21	18	402	1.0E-07
		4-55	10/23/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-26	10/25/21	10/25/21	20	341	2.7E-07
	4-26	4-28	10/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	. 20	4-54	10/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-45	10/25/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-29	10/26/21	10/26/21	13	202	2.7E-07
	4-29	4-43	10/26/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-27	10/26/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-33	10/27/21	10/27/21	15	259	2 4F-07
		4.25	10/27/21	NA	NA		2.12 07
	4-33	4-23	10/27/21	INA NA	INA NA	NA	NA
		4-34	10/2//21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-51	10/27/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4-42	4-42	10/28/21	10/28/21	15.5	90	5.5E-06
		4-40	10/28/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	1-32	4-32	10/29/21	10/29/21	17	35	5.9E-06
	- J2	4-30	10/29/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-31	10/30/21	10/30/21	10	134	1.7E-06
	4-31	4-41	10/30/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
		4-35	11/1/21	11/1/21	20	162	3.2E-07
	4-35	4-36	11/1/21	, _,	NΔ	NA	NA
		4 30	11/2/21	11/2/21	16	62	0 EE 07
	4-38	4-36	11/2/21	11/2/21	10	02	0.3E-07
	2	4-37	11/2/21	NA	NA	NA	NA
	4-72°	4-72	9/29/21	9/29/21	7.7	335	5.9E-08
	4-73 Re-	4-73	11/2/21	11/2/21	-	99	6.7E-07
	Mix ^{3,4}						
	CAA-4 EX-	CAA-4 EX-SITU	9/22/21	9/22/21	-	385	1.2E-07
F	CAA-4 Fx-	(⊥) CAA-4 Fx-Situ					
Ex-Situ	Situ (2)	(2)	9/23/21	9/23/21	-	476	3.7E-07
Samples	CAA-4 Ex-	CAA-4 Ex-Situ	0/24/24	0/24/24		C12	
(SIVIA)	Situ (3)	(3)	9/24/21	9/24/21	-	612	6.UE-U8
	CAA-4 Ex-	CAA-4 Ex-Situ	9/25/21	9/25/21	_	673	4.7F-08
	Situ (4)	(4)	5, 25, 21	5,25,21			
	CAA-4 Ex-	CAA-4 Ex-Situ	9/28/21	9/28/21	-	768	1.7E-07
		(5) CAA. 4 SD	Q/20/21	9/20/21		577	7 DE 00
	UNA-4 31	CAA-4 3P	J/ JU/ ZI	J/ JU/ ZI	-	511	7.91-00

Notes:

PSI = pounds per square inch

cm/sec = centimeter per second

SMA = soil management area

a - 42 day lab result is presented in the table for this sample.

Red shade denotes a sample that fails hydraulic conductivity (<1X10-6 cm/sec) performance goal

1. Original Cell 2-36 QC sample from 8/19/2021 was not sent to laboratory for testing. After multiday on-site observation, it was field-determined that additional ISS-mixing would be required for this cell. A second QC sample from Cell 2-36 was collected on 9/2/2021 and achieved passing results.

2. Cell 2-32 was started on the afternoon of 9/9 but was not completed due to hard silt. One sample was collected on 9/9 and a second sample was also collected on 9/10 to confirm site conditions.

3. Cells 4-72 and 4-73 represent excess soil volume from CAA-4 that could not be accommodated within the CAA footprint. Excess in-situ mixed soils were transported from CAA-4 to the SMA, and spread out in lifts and compacted after the soils were fully stabilized through mixing.

4. Laboratory preliminary samples from the original cell indicated performance standards would not be achieved and additional mixing was required. These original samples were discarded and the Cell 4-73 was re-mixed and re-sampled on 11/2/2021.

2.11 Construction - Groundwater Treatment

The groundwater treatment program was implemented by REGENESIS Remediation Services (RRS), which included in situ groundwater treatment along the northern boundary of the ASKO parcel, generally north of CAA-5 and along a portion of the CAA-2.b excavation.

Groundwater treatment generally north of CAA-5 included direct injection utilizing a standard size direct push technology (DPT) rig of a reagent mixture designed to capture incoming contaminants, rapidly remove them from groundwater and create a treatment zone of chemical reduction and bioremediation. The injected material was Sulfidated Micro Zero Valent Iron (S-MicroZVI) and Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM Plus (BDI Plus) and PlumeStop Colloidal Biomatrix (PlumeStop[™]). Reagents were injected through 50 injection points with a target top injection depth of 20 feet below current ground surface and a bottom target injection depth of 28 feet below current ground surface. Injection points were installed along 2 rows, with about 7 feet between rows, over a distance of 165 feet, shown on as-built Drawing C-1 and Figure 1 in Appendix J. Injection points were installed and decommissioned by ESN Northwest, a licensed Washington driller and were registered, installed, and decommissioned per WAC 173-160. All injection points were filled with bentonite chips and hydrated in place, for the decommissioning method.

During the application, real-time information was collected at each of the injection points and at nearby monitoring wells MW06 and 01MW85, and analyzed to verify design assumptions and subsurface reagent distribution. Data collected and analyzed from the two monitoring wells included groundwater quality parameters (i.e., pH, conductivity, DO, ORP, etc.), depth to water measurements, visual indicators through groundwater samples, and infield injection concentration test kits. Details of the direct injection and associated data are included in Appendix J. In situ groundwater treatment along the northern border of CAA-5 and along the northern border of the ASKO parcel was completed December 7 through 16, 2021.

In CAA-2.b, dry amendments were added during backfilling activities in the northeast and the northwest corners shown on as-built Drawing C-3. ORC Advanced pellets were spread by hand evenly across the application area both horizontally and vertically within the saturated zone during backfilling. ORC application was completed in the northeast corner of CAA-2.b from October 14 through 15, 2021, and in the northwest corner of CAA-2.b from October 19 through 20, 2021. As-built Drawing C-3 shows the areas where lagging was removed from the northeast portion of the excavation to facilitate groundwater flow. Trench boxes were used for shoring along the northwest portion of the excavation and were completely removed after excavation activities were completed.

Deviations from Design

The EDR specified the dry amendment placed in the northeast corner of CAA-2.b. ORC Advanced pellets were placed in both corners – the northeast and the northwest – to provide additional treatment along the extents of CAA-2.b.

Groundwater treatment was completed per the RRS design, with the exception of the pressure activated probes, which did not function as expected and were substituted with 2-foot retractable screens to accomplish injection design goals as discussed in Appendix J.

No other deviations from the design occurred for this construction element.

2.12 Construction - Interceptor Trench & Permeable Reactive Treatment

An interceptor trench was constructed at the ASKO/BNSF boundary to capture and treat impacted groundwater migrating within the Perched WBZ on the BNSF parcel. The location of the trench is shown on construction as-built Drawing C-10. Installation of the interceptor trench and PRB was completed on November 19, 2021.

The interceptor trench was 90 feet long by 3 feet wide by 15 feet deep. Large diameter holes (4-inches) were drilled in the lagging from the shoring wall from an approximately 50 foot wide area to facilitate Perched WBZ groundwater flow into the trench. Holes were placed on 4-foot spacings to allow additional water movement through the lagging. EDR construction drawing SS-1 including drilling holes through the lagging to encourage water movement. Drawing SS-1 specified a 1-inch diameter drainage hole on 2-foot centers. The holes were increased to 4-inches and because of the larger diameter, the spacing was shifted to 4-foot centers.

The trench was constructed per the design with the exception of the vault size and the location of the gravity well. The vault was an Oldcastle 6x12-GA 1,500 gallon interceptor, which was larger, but functionally equivalent to the vault specified in the EDR. A total of 1,025 gallons of gZVI was placed in the vault to supplement the treatment provided by the mixed sand and gZVI placed within the trench. Copies of the gZVI import certification are included in Appendix F. The gravity well (Ecology well ID Tag Number BNC 553) was installed on November 12, 2021; copies of the well log are included in Appendix H. The gravity well location was adjusted in the field to accommodate access constraints for drilling equipment. The location was moved approximately 15 feet northwest of the design location; the final gravity well location is shown on as-built Drawing C-10.

The remainder of the trench was backfilled to grade with clean import fill.

2.13 Construction - Stabilization Surfaces

After cleanup actions were completed in each CAA and the SMA, the areas were backfilled and returned to a stabilized condition to prepare the site for future development. Compacted ballast rock was used as the final surface on all other areas to provide a stable surface and to protect subsurface conditions. An approximate 3 inch layer of ballast rock was placed on any remaining disturbed site surfaces to provide a final stabilized surface. Final site grading and interim caps were completed on December 13, 2021. As-built Drawing C-11 show the interim project stabilization surfaces at each area of the Upland AOC. Perimeter fencing in accessible areas will also be maintained during the interim stabilization period to limit property access prior to full site development.

3 Transportation, Recycling, and Disposal of Material

Soil and debris removed during excavation from the work areas was loaded into dump trucks and transported to Republic Services Seattle Regional Disposal Intermodal facility located at 3rd and Lander Streets in Seattle, WA and Waste Management's Duwamish Reload Facility at 7400 8th Ave S, Seattle, WA for disposal. A total of 15,381 tons of soil and debris were excavated from the cleanup action area and were ultimately disposed of at Roosevelt Regional Landfill in Roosevelt, Washington (12,663 tons/ Republic Services) and Columbia Ridge Landfill in Arlington, Oregon (2,718 tons Waste Management's). A total of 1,240 tons of concrete was disposed of at Renton Concrete Recyclers. A total of 420 tons of demolition debris and materials were hauled off site and disposed of at Roosevelt landfill. All contaminated soil disposed of offsite was characterized based on representative data collected during the remedial investigation.

4 Site Restoration

Site restoration included stabilizing surfaces, detailed in Section 2.13 for the upland AOC and completion of the waterfront parcel to similar conditions as pre construction activities. During backfilling of the waterfront parcel, grades were smoothed and flatten to facilitate future site use. Additional shoreline armor, above OWH, was placed along the northeastern edge of the waterfront parcel.

All disturbed and remediation areas were surfaced with compacted ballast rock to create a firm final surface. A total of 7,749 tons of ballast rock was placed across the site to stabilize final surfaces.

Within the Bulk Terminal area, site restoration included scraping of surface soil from the access road used for transport of swell material from the CAA-2 and -4, due to potential cross-contamination during construction of the SMA. The scraped material was stabilized with Portland cement and incorporated back into the SMA fill area.

Fencing was placed along the toe of the SMA to limit access between the interim and future site development. The perimeter fencing will be maintained to further restrict site access, to AOCs, before full site development.

5 Conclusions

Project construction was conducted between July 19 and December 16, 2021. The construction was completed in general conformance with the project design and as described herein. As presented in this report, the removal action included:

- Excavation and off-site disposal of 15,390 tons of contaminated soil (including 9.64 tons of soil contaminated with diesel fuel from an on-site localized spill during the construction effort).
- The encapsulation of approximately 9,500 cubic yards of contaminated soils from CAA-2.a and approximately 18,400 cubic yards of contaminated soils from CAA-4 using ISS.
- In situ groundwater treatment of the TCE groundwater plume using a trademarked colloidal biomatrix (PlumeStopTM) mixed with sulfidated microscale zero-valent iron (mZVI) through injections along a portion of the northern border of the ASKO parcel, just south of W Commodore Way.
- Installation of an interceptor trench and PRB wall adjacent to and upgradient of the ISS monolith in CAA-4.a and CAA-4.b to capture and treat groundwater containing IHSs greater than the CULs from the adjacent BNSF parcel.
- In-situ groundwater treatment in the NE and NW corners of CAA-2.b through application of an oxygen releasing pellet compound to treat approximately 336 cubic yards of contaminated soil and groundwater that will remain beneath utilities in the ROW.
- The waterfront AOC included excavation and offsite disposal of contaminated soil with IHS concentrations greater than CULs in CAA-6 and CAA-7. The waterfront AOC achieved compliance with soil CULs as a result of this cleanup action.
- Capping and institutional controls for the Upland AOC have been partially completed. Fencing has been installed to restrict access to areas that do not have a gravel cap, shown on Figure 3. Additional capping and institutional controls will be completed in conjunction with site wide redevelopment.

6 References

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- USEPA 2020b. National Functional Guidelines for Organic Superfund Methods Data Review. Prepared by the Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation. EPA-540-R-20-005/OLEM 9240.0-51. November.

Figures









Remedial Action Completion Report Time Oil Bulk Terminal Seattle, Washington

SELECTED REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVE



<u>NOTES</u>

- In-Situ groundwater treatment includes enhanced reductive dechlorination of the TCE and vinyl chloride groundwater plume using a trademark colloidal biomatrix and sulfidated micro zero-valent iron mixture (PlumeStop and S-MicroZVI) to create a passive treatment zone of chemical reduction and bioremediation in the Shallow WBZ and the addition of an enriched natural microbial consortium (BDI Plus) to stimulate rapid dechlorination of TCE.
- 2. Parcel boundaries obtained from King County GIS Center, 2011. Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use.
- Capped areas shown are proposed and have not yet been implemented. The final capping will be completed in conjunction with redevelopment of the Property.
- 4. ORC Advance Pellets Regenesis added during backfilling activities.

ABBREVIATIONS

N

AOC	=	Area of Concern
BDI	=	Bio-Dechlor INOCULUM
CAA	=	Cleanup Action Area
CUL	=	Cleanup Level
CY	=	Cubic Yards
Ft BGS	=	Feet Below Ground Surface
ISS	=	In-Situ Solidification and Stabilization
LNAPL	=	Light Non-Aqueous-Phase Liquid
REL	=	Remediation Level
TCE	=	Trichloroethene
WBZ	=	Water-Bearing Zone
OHW	=	Ordinary High Water Mark
IAVD88	=	North American Vertical Datum of 1988
Elev	=	Elevation

Figure 3 Property Cleanup Summary

Appendix A-1

Soil Confirmation Sample Maps and Backup



I:\GIS\Projects\Cantera-TOC\MXD\Remedial Action Completion Report\Figure 2 CAA-1 Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results.mxd

Existing Co	nfirmatior	n Sample Data		
Location	Depth ft bgs	Location Type	GRO mg/kg	DRO + ORO mg/kg
CAA-1a				
01MW73	5.5	Base		250 U
01MW75	5.5	Sidewall/Base	2 U	250 U
01MW90	2.5	Sidewall	2 U	250 U
01MW90	7.5	Base	2 U	250 U
01MW91	5	Base	2 U	250 U
B177	2.5	Sidewall	4.9	610
GP08	2.5	Sidewall	760	620
GP08	6	Base	4.8 U	33 U
CAA-1b				
GP10	15	Base	6.4	31 U





Seattle, Washington

I\GIS\Projects\Cantera-TOC\MXD\Eng Design\Compliance Sampling\Figure G-2 CAA-1 Excavation Area Sampling Plan.mxd 5/5/2021

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	Notes: 1. The previous excavation was completed to
Area Boundary	an approximate depth of 2 ft bgs in the vicinity
mation Sample	of CAA-1. A sidewall confirmation sample will be collected from the soil underlying the backfill from the previous excavation. 2. The CUL for GRO in soil is 30 mg/kg and the CUL for DRO+ORO in soil is 2,000 mg/kg. • Final excavation limits will be determined in the
nd Base	field during implementation and will be based on field observations, screening, and confirmation
irmation Sample	 data results. Sidewall samples will be collected at the depth with the most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation. Confirmation samples will supplement existing
ures	data to document the concentrations that will
te LNAPL Extent	institutional controls will reduce risk of direct
untion ⁽¹⁾	contact with contaminated soil. Parcel boundaries obtained from King County
valion	Geographic Information Systems Center, 2011
ple Location	Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use.
t	Abbraviations
\sim Not Exceed CUL $a^{(2)}$	CAA = Cleanup Action Area
	CUL = Cleaup level
ater Than CULs ⁽²⁾	ft bgs = Feet below ground surface
ater Than RELs	GRO = Gasoline-range organics
	mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram
intian Lavala	ORO= Oil-range organics
ation Levels	REL = Remediation level
00 mg/kg	Qualifier:
12 000 mg/kg	U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit.
12,000 mg/kg	

CAA-1 Excavation Area Sampling Plan

				1
		und.		mi
			-	۲ <u>ـــــ</u>
Confirmation Sam	ple Data			
Location	Depth	Location	GRO	DRO + ORO
011/1/10 ⁽¹⁾	10	Sidowall	тд/кд	mg/кg
01MW10	15	Base	1,080 5 U	9,130
01MW16 ⁽¹⁾	5.0	Sidewall	5U	2511
01MW16 ⁽¹⁾	10	Sidewall	<u> </u>	25 U
01MW16	15	Base	1,240	11,400
01MW18	5.0	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U
01MW18	10	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U
01MW18	15	Base	278	676
01MW33 ⁽¹⁾	8.5	Sidewall	637	7,697
01MW33 ⁽¹⁾	11	Sidewall	371	1,400
01MW33	18	Base	5.8	21.4
a160a7 ⁽¹⁾	5.0	Sidewall	1,240	1,973
01SB07 (45	Base	54	250
CAA2B-BASE-01	15			
CAA2B-BASE-01 CAA2B-BASE-02	15	Base	570 J	1,700
CAA2B-BASE-01 CAA2B-BASE-02 CAA2B-BASE-03	15 15 15	Base Base	570 J 48	1,700 120
CAA2B-BASE-01 CAA2B-BASE-02 CAA2B-BASE-03 CAA2B-BASE-04	15 15 15 15	Base Base Base	570 J 48 2,100	1,700 120 11,000 J
CAA2B-BASE-01 CAA2B-BASE-02 CAA2B-BASE-03 CAA2B-BASE-04 LR05	15 15 15 15 15	Base Base Base Base	570 J 48 2,100 935	1,700 120 11,000 J 5,780
CAA2B-BASE-01 CAA2B-BASE-02 CAA2B-BASE-03 CAA2B-BASE-04 LR05 LR06	15 15 15 15 15 15	Base Base Base Base Base	570 J 48 2,100 935 5.71	1,700 120 11,000 J 5,780 10.3

FLOYDISNIDER strategy . science . engineering

Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington

Legend

Confirmation Sample

- Base
- Sidewall
- Sidewall and Base

Excavation Area Boundary

- ---- Top of Slope
- ---- Toe of Slope

Other Site Features

- CAA-2a ISS Boundary
- Shoring Wall
- Trenchbox Shoring

Soil Remediation Levels GRO: 5,000 mg/kg DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg

Notes:

- 1.Sample was removed during excavation but is used as a confirmation sample because the shoring wall prevented collection of a postexcavation sidewall sample.
- Only in-situ confirmation sample data are shown in the embedded table, refer to the RACR for all performance and confirmation sample results.
- Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2021.

Abbreviations: Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface GRO = Gasoline-range organics mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram ORO= Oil-range organics RACR = Remedial Action Completion Report Qualifiers: J = Concentration is estimated but acceptable for most uses U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

50 12.5 25 Scale in Feet кh

Figure A-3 CAA-2b Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results

Existing Confirmation Sample Data						
Location	Depth ft bgs	Location Type	GRO mg/kg	DRO + ORO mg/kg		
01MW10	10	Sidewall	1,100	5,800		
01MW10	15	Base	5.0 U	9,100		
01MW16	5	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U		
01MW16	10	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U		
01MW16	15	Base	1,200	11,000		
01MW18	5	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U		
01MW18	10	Sidewall	5.0 U	25 U		
01MW18	15	Base	280	680		
01MW33	8.5	Sidewall	640	7,700		
01MW33	11	Sidewall	370	1,400		
01MW33	18	Base	5.8	21		
01SB07	5	Sidewall	1,200	2,000		
LR05	15	Base	940	5,800		
LR06	15	Base	5.7	10		
N1	12	Base	2.0 U	17		

A LOS ST PLANT

Summary of Other Available Data in CAA-2b							
Gasoline-Range Organics (mg/kg)							
Depth (ft bgs)	01MW16	01MW18	LR04 *	LR05	LR06	LR07	
2–3	23						
56	<u> </u>	5.0 U	<u>5.0 U</u>		38	1,500	
8–9							
10–11	5.0 U	5.0 U	830	1,300	5.0 U	530	
11–12							
15–16	1,200	280	2,900	940	5.7	1,400	
18–19							
20–21	5.0 U	220					
DRO + ORO (mg/kg)							
Depth (ft bgs)	01MW16	01MW18	LR04*	LR05	LR06	LR07	

Depth (it bgs)	OTIVIA TO	0111110110	LINOT	LINUS	LINUU	LINU	
2–3							
5–6	25 U	25 U	8,000	3,000	18	4,200	
8–9							
10–11	25 U	25 U	7,100		320	5,800	
11–12							
15–16	11,000	680	28,000	5,800	10	11,000	
18–19							
20–21	25 U	25 U					
Note: Only depth intervals where data are available are shown.							

Existing sample is an excavation confirmation sample.





treated soil. Based on the data collected from CAA2B-Base-04 (at 15 and 15.5 ft bgs) soil from LRO4 is considered excavated or treated by the ISS work.

A-2 of the RACR for results of the confirmation soil samples collected during the removal action from this CAA.

Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington

I:\GIS\Projects\Cantera-TOC\MXD\Eng Design\Compliance Sampling\Figure G-3 CAA-2b Excavation Area Sampling Plan.mxd 4/30/2021

Legend

- Excavation Area Boundary
- CAA-2a ISS Boundary
- Shoring Wall
- Trenchbox Shoring

Existing Confirmation Sample

- Base
- Sidewall
- Sidewall and Base
- **Proposed Confirmation Sample**
- O Base

Other Site Features

- Approximate LNAPL Extent
- Other Sample Location

Highlighted Text

Result Does Not Exceed CULs⁽¹⁾ Result Greater Than CULs⁽¹⁾ Result Greater Than RELs

Soil Remediation Levels GRO: 5,000 mg/kg DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg

- 1. The CUL for GRO in soil is 30 mg/kg and the CUL for DRO+ORO in soil is 2,000 mg/kg. Final excavation limits will be determined in the field during implementation and will be based on field observations, screening, and confirmation data results.
- Confirmation samples will supplement existing data to document the concentrations that will remain in place. A pavement cap and institutional controls will reduce risk of direct contact with contaminated soil.
- Parcel boundaries obtained from King County Geographic Information Systems Center, 2011. Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use.
- Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2018.

Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area CUL = Cleanup level DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface GRO = Gasoline-range organics LNAPL = Light non-aqueous phase liquid mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram ORO= Oil-range organics REL = Remediation level Qualifier: U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit 50 12.5 25 Scale in Feet

Figure A-4 CAA-2b Excavation Area Sampling Plan
Confirmation Sample Data							
Location	Depth ft bgs	Location Type	GRO mg/kg	DRO +ORO mg/kg	TCE ⁽²⁾ mg/kg		
01MW15	2.0	Sidewall	5 U	296			
01MW15	5.0	Base	5 U	51			
01MW59	2.5	Sidewall	160	250 U	0.03 U		
01MW59	5.0	Base	200	8,500	0.03 U		
B91	2.0	Sidewall	800	8,300	0.03 U		
B97	6.0	Base	1,600	3,210	0.031		
CAA3-BASE-01	5.0	Base	66	170			
CAA3-BASE-02	5.0	Base	130	370			
CAA3-BASE-03	5.0	Base	5 U	250 U	0.02 U		
CAA3-SS-01	4.0	Sidewall	9.8	250 U			
CAA3-DUP-01	4.0	Sidewall	5 U	250 U			
CAA3-SS-02	4.5	Sidewall	220	92			
CAA3-DUP-02	4.5	Sidewall	38	160			
CAA3-SS-03	4.0-4.5	Sidewall	270	250 U	0.02 U		
CAA3-SS-04	7.0	Sidewall	21	67 ⁽¹⁾	0.02 U		





Remedial Action Completion Report Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington

Legend **Confirmation Sample** Base Sidewall Sidewall and Base **Excavation Area Boundary** ---- Top of Slope ---- Toe of Slope Soil Remediation Levels GRO: 5,000 mg/kg DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg TCE: 1 mg/kg Notes: 1.The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation of the oil component in this sum. 2.TCE was only analyzed at select locations as noted on SAP figure G-4 from the EDR. · Only in-situ confirmation sample data are shown in the embedded table, refer to the RACR for all performance and confirmation sample results. Sidewall samples were collected at the depth with the most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation. · Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2021. Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area DRO = Diesel-range organics EDR = Engineering Design Report ft bgs = Feet below ground surface ft bgs = Feet below ground surface GRO = Gasoline-range organics mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram ORO= Oil-range organics RACR = Remedial Action Completion Report SAP = Sampling and Analysis Plan TCE = Trichloroethylene Qualifier: U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit. 30 15 7.5 Scale in Fee

Figure A-5 CAA-3 Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results

	Depth	Location	GR	80	DRO +ORO	TCE					
Location	ft bgs	Туре	mg	/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	100				
01MW15	2	Sidewall	5.0) U	300						
01MW15	5	Base	5.0) U	51		100				
01MW59	2.5	Sidewall	16	50	250 U	0.030 U					
01MW59	5	Base	20	00	8,500	0.030 U					
B91	2	Sidewall	80	00	8,300		100				
B91	10	Base		-		0.098					
B97	6	Base	1,6	00	3,200	0.031					
No.	1 - 2 - 1 - 1	CTER CAR	P. S. C.	335	6.48				6112		
Summary Oth	er of Av	ailable Data	in CAA-3	6							
GRO (mg/kg)											^
Depth (ft bgs)	01MW1	5 01MW59	B89	B90	B91*	B97	B130	SB-30	SB-31		
2–3	5.0 U	100			800			5.100	580		
3–4	1										
5–6	5.0 U	200									
6–7						1,600					
7–8							2.0 U				
10-11	5.0 U		420					-			
13-14			9,700								
15-16	5.0 U	2.0 U	5,700							A B91	E
	(1			•	•			•			
DRO + ORO (mg	g/kg)	5 01M/W/50	890	P00	B01*	B07	B120	SR 20	CP 21		
2-3	300		005	0.00	0.000	657	D130	020	10,000		SB-30
3-4				-24.00							
5–6	51	8,500									
6–7						3,200					
7–8							250 U				
10-11	25 U		110		_						
11-12			6.000								
15-14	25 U	250 U	0,000							B 89	
						1					
ICE (mg/kg)	015434/1	5 01MW50	B60 *	BOU	P01*	B07	B120	SR-20	CR_21		
2-3	OTIVITAL			0.020			0150	30-30	30-31	•B90	
3-4			0.0000	4.4	0.050 0	0.0000					
5–6	<u> </u>	0.030 U	0.030 U							01MW15	
6–7						0.031					
10-11		0.030 U		0.030	J 0.098	0.030 U		-			
11-12			0.030 U					1			
10-14			0.030 0		0.15						
Notes: Only dept	h intervals	where data ar	e available	are show	/n.			1	1		
B89 was e	xcluded fro	om the excavati	ion as it me	et the dec	ision criteria f	orexclusion	presented	d in Figure 11	.1 of the		Figure
Suppleme	ntal Uplar	id RIFS.									G of t
Existing s	ample is a	n excavation co	onfirmation	sample.							🗾 🕻 been
Soil sam	ple locati	ion represer	nts soil th	at was	excavated a	and dispos	ed of at	an off-site	j		durin
disposal facili	ty during	the remova	al action of	conduc	ed in 2021				5		Comp
* Removed w	ith side s	lope materi	ial						3		Fresult
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	1	10	VE		CNI						
	F	LO	YE		SN	D	ER				k Terminal



I:\GIS\Projects\Cantera-TOC\MXD\Eng Design\Compliance Sampling\Figure G-4 CAA-3 Excavation Area Sampling Plan.mxd 5/20/2021

Legend

Excavation Area Boundary

Other Sample Location

Existing Confirmation Sample

Base

- Sidewall
- Sidewall and Base

Proposed Confirmation Sample

- Ο Base
- Sidewall Δ

Highlighted Text

Result Does Not Exceed CULs⁽¹⁾ Result Greater Than CULs⁽¹⁾ Result Greater Than RELs

Soil Remediation Levels GRO: 5,000 mg/kg DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg TCE: 1 mg/kg

Notes:

1. The CUL for GRO in soil is 30 mg/kg and the CUL for DRO+ORO in soil is 2,000 mg/kg.

- · The goal of this excavation is to remove scattered petroleum- contaminated soil greater than the RELs and localized collocated benzene and TCE. Soil contamination in this area does not appear to be contributing to groundwater contamination and therefore the excavation will not be expanded unless there is an exceedance of the REL for GRO or total DRO and ORO in a sidewall sample. Confirmation samples will supplement existing data to document the concentrations that will remain in place. A pavement cap and institutional controls will reduce risk of direct contact with contaminated soil.
- Sidewall samples will be collected at the depth with the most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation.
- · TCE will be analyzed at the base sample north of and the two sidewall samples south and east of the single detected REL exceedance at B90 in order to confirm that the excavation has removed the lateral extent of TCE exceeding the REL.TCE exceeding the REL is delineated vertically and in the remaining lateral directions by existing sample results.
- Parcel boundaries obtained from King County Geographic Information Systems Center, 2011. Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use.
- Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2018.

Abbreviations:

CAA = Cleanup Action Area CUL = Cleanup level DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface GRO = Gasoline-range organics ORO= Oil-range organics REL = Remediation level

Qualifier U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

Figure A-6 CAA-3 Excavation Area Sampling Plan

Confirmation Sample Data							
Location	Depth ft bgs	Location	Arsenic mg/kg	DRO + ORO			
	11 083	туре	1116/16	1116/116			
SB-49	5.0	Base	7.98 ⁽¹⁾	824			
CAA5-SS-01	3.75	Sidewall	5.26	5,200			
CAA5-SS-02	4.0	Sidewall	5.63	250 U			
CAA5-SS-03	3.0	Sidewall	6.36	250 U			
CAA5-SS-04	3.75	Sidewall	4.08	250 U			





Remedial Action Completion Report Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington



Legend

 \bigtriangleup

Confirmation Sample

Base

Sidewall \triangle

Sidewall and Base

Excavation Area Boundary

---- Top of Slope

---- Toe of Slope

Soil Cleanup Levels Arsenic: 7.3 mg/kg⁽¹⁾ DRO+ORO: 2,000 mg/kg

Soil Remediation Level DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg

Notes:

1. The cleanup level for Arsenic is based on natural background.

- · Sidewall samples were collected at the depth with the most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation.
- · Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2021.

Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram ORO= Oil-range organics

Qualifier: U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit.



Figure A-7 CAA-5 Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results

Existing Co	onfirmatio	on Sample Da	ata	18	
location	Depth	Location	Arsenic	DRO + ORO	
ocation	ft bgs	Туре	mg/kg	mg/kg	
B-49	5	Base	8 ⁽¹⁾	820	
ummary	Other of A	vailable Data	a in CAA-5	国、福田	
Arsenic (mg	/kg)				
Depth (ft b	gs) MW0	3 MW04	SB-49	11/7Bullin	
0–1		3.2		11-21-411-94	
2–3			6.4	PROFILE ST	
			8.0		
6-/	9.8	2.1	1 /		
10-11	1.4	2.1	1.4		
15-16	1.4		1.8		
16-17	2.0		2.0		CAA-5
22–23		2.4			5 ft bgs
	(mg/kg)			and the second	
Depth (ft b	gs) MW0	3 MW04	SB-49	1911 1912	
0–1	<u>, </u>	1.300		1 TO BER	MW04
2–3			7,100	- 31 J J J J J J J J J J	
5-6		-l i	820	THE SECTOR	
6–7	2,200)		17 5 5 1 5 6 10	SB-49
10–11		30 U	25 U		Δ
12–13	31 U			ALT CONTRACTOR	MW03
15–16			25 U	Storbest Series	
16–17	32 U				
22–23		29 U			
Note: On	y depth inter	vals where data	are available		
	sting sample	e is an excavatio	on confirmation		
 -J _{sar}	nple.				
Soil sam	ple location	represents soi	il that was exc	cavated and	
disposed of a	at an off-site	e disposal facilit	y during the r	emoval action 🤾	
conducted in	2021.			2	
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Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington

Legend

- Excavation Area Boundary
- Other Sample Location

Existing Confirmation Sample Base

Proposed Confirmation Sample △ Sidewall

Highlighted Text

Result Does Not Exceed CULs Result Greater Than CULs

Soil Cleanup Levels Arsenic: 7.3 mg/kg⁽¹⁾ DRO+ORO: 2,000 mg/kg

Soil Remediation Level DRO+ORO: 12,000 mg/kg

Notes:

- 1. The CUL for Arsenic is based on natural background. Arsenic leaching to groundwater is strongly influenced by the soil's redox potential, which is biased toward reducing conditions in the presence of elevated petroleum concentrations. Removing petroleum within CAA-5 will restore the soil's natural geochemical conditions and protect groundwater.
- The goal of this excavation is to remove localized total DRO and ORO- and arsenic- contaminated soil to improve perched groundwater quality. There are no exceedances of the REL for total DRO and ORO and therefore the excavation will not be expanded unless there is an exceedance of the REL in a sidewall sample. Confirmation samples will supplement existing data to document the concentrations that will remain in place. A pavement cap and institutional controls will reduce risk of direct contact with contaminated soil.
- · Sidewall samples will be collected at the depth with the most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation.
- · Parcel boundaries obtained from King County Geographic Information Systems Center, 2011. Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use. · Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2018.

resented in ETE 2021). These ample locations ocumented in the 2022). See Figure il samples

Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area CUL = Cleanup level DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram ORO= Oil-range organics REL = Remediation level 30 7.5 15 0 Scale in Feet

Figure A-8 CAA-5 Excavation Area Sampling Plan

Confirmation Sample I	Data		K K				1//
commation sample i	Jala						
Location	Depth	Location	GRO	DRO	ORO	ORO	Benzene
Location	ft bgs	Туре	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
CAA-6a	L.						
5-6 ft bgs excavation ⁽⁺	1						1
02MW04	2.0	Sidewall	5 U	10 U	25 U	25 U	0.05 U
02MW04	5.0	Base	6.88	10 U	25 U	25 U	0.05 U
B227	5.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B229	5.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B233	5.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B305	5.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B306	5.5	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B320	3.5	Sidewall	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B320	6.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B321	3.5	Sidewall	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B321	6.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
B324	5.0	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
GP26	5.0	Base	19	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-BASE-01	7.7	Base	Х	98	250 U	98	0.02 U
CAA6A-BASE-01-4	8.1	Base	5 U				
CAA6A-BASE-02	8.6	Base	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	Х
CAA6A-BASE-02A-8	9.2	Base					0.02 U
CAA6A-BASE-04	14	Base	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-01	4.0	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-02	2.5	Sidewall	Х	510	380	890	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-09	3.7	Sidewall	5 U				
CAA6A-SS-03	3.0	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-07	10.5	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-08	9.8	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
2 ft bgs excavation ⁽¹⁾							
B315	12.5	Base	2 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-BASE-03	12.1	Base	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	Х
CAA6A-BASE-03-4	12.5	Base					0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-04	5.0	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-05	10.7	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
CAA6A-SS-06	12.3	Sidewall	5 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.02 U
	11.5			500	200 0	2000	0.02.0
State of the second	The first	the states		- Carlo			
FLOYD SNIDER Remedial Act							



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Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site

Seattle, Washington

LIGIS/Projects/Cantera-TOC/MXD/Remedial Action Completion Report/Figure 6 CAA-6a Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results.mxd 1/24/2022

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CAA-6a Excavation Area Confirmation Soil Sample Results

Existing Confirmation Sample Data									
Location	Depth ft bgs	Location Type	GRO mg/kg	DRO mg/kg	ORO mg/kg	DRO + ORO mg/kg	Benzene mg/kg		
CAA-6a									
5-6 ft bgs excavation	1 (1)								
02MW04	2	Sidewall	5.0 U	10 U	25 U	25 U	0.050 U		
02MW04	5	Base	6.9	10 U	25 U	25 U	0.050 U		
B227	5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B229	5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B233	5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B305	5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B306	5.5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B320	3.5	Sidewall	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B320	6	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B321	3.5	Sidewall	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B321	6	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
B324	5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
GP26	5	Base	19	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		
12 ft bgs excavation	(1)								
B315	12.5	Base	2.0 U	50 U	250 U	250 U	0.020 U		



Figures originally produced by Floyd Snider and presented in Appendix G of the Engineering Design Report (CRETE 2021). These figures have been amended by CRETE to reflect sample locations that were removed during the remedial action, documented in the Removal Action Completion Report (RACR; CRETE 2022). See Figure A-5 of the RACR for results of the confirmation soil samples collected during the removal action from this CAA.



Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site Seattle, Washington



Excavation Area Boundary

Existing Confirmation Sample

Base

🔺 Sidewall

Sidewall and Base

Proposed Confirmation Sample

- O Base
- ∧ Sidewall

Other Site Features

- 2013 TPH Excavation
- Other Sample Location

Highlighted Text

Result Does Not Exceed CULs Result Greater Than CULs

Soil Cleanup Levels GRO: 30 mg/kg DRO: 570 mg/kg ORO: 1,600 mg/kg DRO+ORO: 2,000 mg/kg Benzene: 0.020 mg/kg

Notes: 1. The ground surface is sloped and excavation depths will vary accordingly, extending to a maximum depth of approximately 16 feet bgs at the southern extent of **B321** CAA-6a. The average target excavation depths are shown Final excavation limits will be determined in the field during implementation and will be based on field observations, screening, and confirmation data results. Sidewall samples will be collected at the depth with the **B320** most significant impacts based on existing data and field observations during excavation. Parcel boundaries obtained from King County Geographic Information Systems Center, 2011. Lot lines are approximate. Not for legal use. Orthoimagery obtained from Nearmap, 2018. Abbreviations: CAA = Cleanup Action Area CUL = Cleanup level DRO = Diesel-range organics ft bgs = Feet below ground surface GRO = Gasoline-range organics ORO= Oil-range organics REL = Remediation level Qualifier: U = Analyte is not detected at the associated reporting limit. 30 7.5 15 Scale in Feet

> Figure A-10 (1 of 2) CAA-6a Excavation Area Sampling Plan



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Existing Confirmation Sample Data	Summary	of Other Ava	ailable Data i	in CAA-7			
Depth ft Location Arser	ic Arsenic (m	g/kg)					
Location bgs Type mg/	g Location	Depth (feet	: bgs)			-	
CAA7-B01 1.0–1.25 Base 3.7		0.0-0.5	0.25-0.75	0.5–1.0	1.0-1.5	2.0-2.25	
CAA7-B02 1.0–1.25 Base 5.7	CAA7-B04	, 			550	6.0	
CAA7-B03 1.0–1.25 Base 6.7	CAA7-B11					6.5	
CAA7-B04 2.0–2.25 Base 6.0		1	1 25		18	5.8	
CAA7-B05 1.0–1.5 Base 9.2)	12	15				
CAA7-B06 10-15 Base 79) CAA7-SWG	3	150				
CAA7-B07 1.0-15 Base 5.8	CAA7-SW0	4	700				
CAA7-B08 1.0-1.5 Base 4.9	CAA7-SW0	5	10				
CAA7-B11 2 0-2 25 Base 65	CAA7-SW0	6	A				
CAA7-B12 2.0-2.25 Base 5.8	CAA7-SW0	17	550				
CAA7-SW11 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 3.6	CAA7-SW0	8	6.8				
CAA7-SW11 0.5-1.0 Base 4.9	CAA7-SWO	9	9.5				2 ft bgs ⊢
CAA7-SW12 0.0–0.5 Sidewall 4.0				6.0			
CAA7-SW12 0.5–1.0 Base 4.0	CAA7-SW1	9 19	/·				1 ft bgs CAAT B12 COMP-1a
CAA7-SW13 0.0–0.5 Sidewall 2.2	CAA7-SW2	2 37					CAA7-B11
CAA7-SW13 0.5–1.0 Base 2.0	COMP-1a	10					CAA7-SW02 CAA7-SW03 CAA7-SW04
CAA7-SW14 0.5–1.0 Base 6.0	COMP-1b	14		12			CAA7-SW15 CAA7-SW01 CAA7-SW05
CAA7-SW15 1 0-1 5 Base 7 8) COMP-1c	V		6.4			COMP-7g COMP-7a CAA7-SW10 CAA7-B04 COMP-1dd
CAA7-SW18 = 0.0-0.5 Sidewall = 5.4	COMP-1d	A		7.5			COMP-71
CAA7-SW20 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 5.0	COMP-1e	24		L			CAA7-B01 SS-03
CAA7-SW21 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 4.4	COMP-2a	16		3.5			CAA7-SW14 CAA7-B06 CAA7-SW09 CAA7-SW06 CAA7-SW06
$CAA7-SW23 = 0.0-0.5$ Sidewall $11^{(i)}$	COMP-2b	38		2.1			
	COMP-2c	150		4.2			COMP-71 STOPACE
CAA7-5W24 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 13*	COMP-2e	9.5		1.0			ASKO SHED
CAA7-SW2S 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 6.4		10	·	4.6			FORMER ASKO WAREHOUSE (VACANT) ¹⁰
CAA7-SW26 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 14	COMP-43	20		5.4 7 4			CAA7-SW13
COMP-1c 0.5–1.0 Base 6.4	COMP-4	130					COMP-7c
COMP-2a 0.5–1.0 Base 3.5	COMP-5a	47					
COMP-2b 0.5–1.0 Base 2.1	COMP-5b	12		8.7			
COMP-2c 0.5-1.0 Base 4.2	COMP-7a	15		36			
	COMP-7b	670		88	8.1		CAA7-SW12
COMP-3a 0.0–0.5 Sidewall 16	COMP-7c	8		8.1			
COMP-3b 0.5-1.0 Base 3.4	COMP-7d						
COMP-3c 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 4.7	COMP-7e		-				CAA7-SW11
COMP-3d 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 3.8	COMP-7	230					
COMP-4C 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 4.7	COMP-7h	91					
$\begin{array}{c c} COMP-4d & 0.0-0.5 & Sidewall & 4.0 \\ \hline COMP Ec & 0.0-0 E & Sidewall & 4.1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	COMP-7i	12		<u> </u>			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	COMP-7j	32					CAA7-SW24
$COMP_{-63} = 0.0-0.5$ Sidewall 5.9		30					0.5 ft bgs → COMP-6a COMP-6d COMP-3a
COMP-6d 0.0-0.5 Sidewall 1.1			20				
)Note	S: Only depth in	itervals where d	lata are availab	ole are shown.		▲ CAA7-SW21
COMP-7D 1.0-2.0 Base 8.1		Existing samp	ole is an excava	tion confirmation	on sample.		
in the second second second	c Soil	sample loca	ation repres	ents soil tha	at was exca	avated and	
	disposed	of at an off-	-site disposa	al facility du	iring the re	emoval	
	action co	onducted in 2	2021.				
	an	uuu	uuu	·····	uu	uu	Figures originally produced by Floyd Snider and pr
State in the state of the state of the		100					Appendix G of the Engineering Design Report (CRE
CARDING CONTRACT STATES		Real Providence					figures have been amended by CRETE to reflect sa
		STORES.	See.				that were remered during the remedial action de
A State of the second	- 10 M			Jug 15			that were removed during the remedial action, do
	A CONTRACT	12202	Se that	18			C Removal Action Completion Report (RACR; CRETE
and the second second second second	THE LYES			S. Marsh			A-7 of the RACR for results of the confirmation soi
		WERE LAW		Service der	13.00		collected during the removal action from this CAA
and the second se	STREET?		A second second second	allocation of the	Carlo Carlo		
	Area atom	ALC: NOT		100	Anna the	1. Strategic	
		-		-			
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FigureA-15 CAA-7 Excavation Area Sampling Plan

Table A-1 Statistical Analysis Confirmation Soil Sample Results - CAA-7 Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

									Does		
									Result		
51 J. J. C	6	Sample Depth (ft	Sample		Result	0.110		Is Result	Exceed		Sample
Field Sample ID	Sample Date	bgs)	Type	Analyte	(mg/kg)	Qualifier	(mg/kg)	2x CUL?	CUL?	Notes	Count
CAA7-B01-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	3.65		7.3	NO	NO		1
CAA7-B02-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	5.7		7.3	NO	NO		2
CAA7-B03-1.0-1.25	11/13/2020	Base	1.25	Arsenic	6.73		7.3	NO	No		3
CAA7-B04-2.0-2.25	11/13/2020	Base	2.25	Arsenic	6.01		7.3	NO	No		4
CAA7-B05-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	9.24		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	5
CAA7-B06-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	7.9		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	6
CAA7-B07-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	5.83		7.3	No	No		7
CAA7-B08-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	4.85		7.3	No	No		8
CAA7-BASE-13	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.24		7.3	No	No		9
CAA7-BASE-14	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.71		7.3	No	No		10
CAA7-BASE-15	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	3.79		7.3	No	No		11
CAA7-BASE-16	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	3.06		7.3	No	No		12
CAA7-BASE-17	7/19/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	5.66		7.3	No	No		13
CAA7-BASE-18	7/19/2021	Base	2	Arsenic	6.85		7.3	No	No		14
CAA7-BASE-19	7/19/2021	Base	0.5	Arsenic	6.98		7.3	No	No		15
CAA7-SW11-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.63		7.3	No	No		16
CAA7-SW11-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	4.93		7.3	No	No		17
CAA7-SW12-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.99		7.3	No	No		18
CAA7-SW12-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	4.01		7.3	No	No		19
CAA7-SW13-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	2.24		7.3	No	No		20
CAA7-SW13-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	2.04		7.3	No	No		21
CAA7-SW14-0.5-1.0	2/22/2021	Base	1	Arsenic	6.02		7.3	No	No		22
CAA7-SW15-1.0-1.5	2/22/2021	Base	1.5	Arsenic	7.82		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	23
CAA7-SW18-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.4		7.3	No	No		24
CAA7-SW20-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.01		7.3	No	No		25
CAA7-SW21-0.0-0.5	2/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.42		7.3	No	No		26
CAA7-SW23-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	10.8		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	27
CAA7-SW24-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	13.3		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	28
CAA7-SW25-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	6.39		7.3	No	No		29
CAA7-SW26-0.0-0.5	3/22/2021	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	13.6		7.3	No	Yes	Note 1	30
COMP-1c-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	6.41		7.3	No	No		31
COMP-2a-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	3.54		7.3	No	No		32
COMP-2b-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	2.07		7.3	No	No		33
COMP-2c-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Base	1	Arsenic	4.16		7.3	No	No		34
COMP-2d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.38		7.3	No	No		35
COMP-3a-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Sidewall	1	Arsenic	4.59		7.3	No	No		36
COMP-3b-0.5-1.0	11/13/2020	Sidewall	1	Arsenic	3.43		7.3	No	No		37
COMP-3c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.66		7.3	No	No		38
COMP-3d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.75		7.3	No	No		39
COMP-4c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.74		7.3	No	No		40
COMP-4d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	3.99		7.3	No	No		41
COMP-5c-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	4.13		7.3	No	No		42
COMP-5d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.69		7.3	No	No		43
COMP-6a-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	5.77		7.3	No	No		44
COMP-6d-0.0-0.5	11/13/2020	Sidewall	0.5	Arsenic	1.07		7.3	No	No		45

Number of samples that exceed CUL?

Percent of samples that exceed CUL?

Is this greater than 10%?

6

13%

Yes

18%

Yes

% allowed to exceed - see Note 1 Is % samples that exceed CUL less than % allowable?

Notes: CAA = Cleanup Action Area CUL = Cleaup level ft bgs = Feet below ground surface mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram U = Analytes is not detected at the associated reporting limit.

Note 1. Statistical compliance with the cleanup level, which is based on natural background concentrations, is demonstrated in accordance with WAC 173-340-740(7)(d) and (e), with adjustment to the allowable exceedance factor and the percentage of confirmation samples exceeding the cleanup level in accordance with Ecology statistical guidance for assessing compliance with natural background-based cleanup levels (Ecology 1992). Details are provided in the EDR.

Below is a table of allowable exceedances per Ecology Statistical compliance:

Sumr Prepared for Sta	Summary of Allowable Exceedances per Sample Quantity Prepared for Statistical Compliance Evaluation for Arsenic in Soil at Area CAA-7 Time Oil Bulk Terminal Site, Seattle, WA							
Total Samples	# Exceedances Allowed	% Exceedances Allowed	Probabilit y Value ¹	Allowabl e Exceeda nce Factor ²	Maximum Allowed Concentratio n ²			
10	2	20%	0.07	2.14	16			
20	4	20%	0.043	2.45	18			
30	5	17%	0.073	2.64	19			
40	7	18%	0.042	2.79	20			
45	8	18%	0.032	2.84	21			
46	8	17%	0.036	2.86	21			
47	8	17%	0.041	2.87	21			
48	8	17%	0.046	2.88	21			
49	8	16%	0.052	2.89	21			
50	8	16%	0.058	2.9	21			
51	8	16%	0.064	2.91	21			
52	9	17%	0.032	2.92	21			
53	9	17%	0.035	2.93	21			
54	9	17%	0.04	2.94	21			
55	9	16%	0.044	2.95	22			
56	9	16%	0.049	2.96	22			
57	9	16%	0.055	2.97	22			
58	9	16%	0.06	2.97	22			
59	9	15%	0.067	2.98	22			
60	10	17%	0.034	2.99	22			
61	10	16%	0.038	3	22			

<u>Notes</u>

 Associated probability value closest to 0.05-false positive error rate; derived based on 'Technical Attachment 1 To Figure 12' in 1992 Ecology Statistical Guidance (Publication No. 92-54, August 1992).

 Allowable exceedance factor and maximum concentration derived based on arsenic background data for Puget Sound Basin (Ecology 1994) and 'Technical Attachment 2 To Figure 12' in 1992 Ecology Statistical Guidance (Publication 92-54, August 1992). Maximum concentration in mg/kg.

Table A-2 Statistical Analysis ProUCL Input Data - CAA-7Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

	Result
Analyte	(mg/kg)
Arsenic	3.65
Arsenic	5.7
Arsenic	6.73
Arsenic	6.01
Arsenic	9.24
Arsenic	7.9
Arsenic	5.83
Arsenic	4.85
Arsenic	6.24
Arsenic	6.71
Arsenic	3.79
Arsenic	3.06
Arsenic	5.66
Arsenic	6.85
Arsenic	6.98
Arsenic	3.63
Arsenic	4.93
Arsenic	3.99
Arsenic	4.01
Arsenic	2.24
Arsenic	2.04
Arsenic	6.02
Arsenic	7.82
Arsenic	5.4
Arsenic	5.01
Arsenic	4.42
Arsenic	10.8
Arsenic	13.3
Arsenic	6.39 12.C
Arsenic	13.0
Arconic	0.41
Arconic	3.54
Arsonic	2.07
Arsonic	4.10
Arsonic	4.30
Arsenic	4.59
Arsonic	5.45 A 66
Arsenic	4.00
Arsonic	5.75 <u>A</u> 74
Arsonic	4.74
Arsonic	J.33 A 12
Arsenic	5.69
Arsenic	5.05
Arsenic	1 07
Albenic	1.07

Table A-3 Statistical Analysis ProUCL Output Data - CAA-7 Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

	Background Statistics for U	ncenso	red Full Data Sets	
User Selected Options	ProLICI 5 2 7/26/2022 5:45	·51 PM		
From File	WorkSheet.xls			
Full Precision	OFF			
Confidence Coefficient	95%			
Coverage	95%			
New or Future K Observations Number of Bootstrap Operations	1 2000			
C0				
General Statistics				
Total Number of Observations		45	Number of Distinct Observations	44
Minimum		1.07	First Quartile	3.99
Second Largest		13.3	Median	4.93
Maximum		13.0	I hird Quartile	6.39 2.552
Coefficient of Variation		0 468	Skewness	1 448
Mean of logged Data		1.593	SD of logged Data	0.472
Critical Values for Background Th	reshold Values (BTVs)			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)		2.085	d2max (for USL)	2.915
Normal GOF Test		0.005		
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic		0.885	Shapiro Wilk GOF Test	
1% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value		0.926	Lilliofors COE Tost	
1% Lilliefors Critical Value		0.141	Data appear Normal at 1% Significance Level	
Data appear Approximate Normal	at 1% Significance Level	0.100		
Background Statistics Assuming N	Iormal Distribution			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage		10.77	90% Percentile (z)	8.719
95% UPL (t)		9.783	95% Percentile (z)	9.646
95% USL		12.89	99% Percentile (z)	11.38
Gamma GOF Test				
A-D Test Statistic		0.581	Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test	
5% A-D Critical Value		0.753	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Sign	nificance Level
K-S Test Statistic		0.1	Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test	ificana Laval
Detected data appear Gamma Dis	stributed at 5% Significance L	evel	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Sign	incance Level
Commo Statistico				
k hat (MLF)		5 046	k star (bias corrected MLE)	4 725
Theta hat (MLE)		1.08	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	1.153
nu hat (MLE)		454.2	nu star (bias corrected)	425.2
MLE Mean (bias corrected)		5.448	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	2.507
Background Statistics Assuming (Gamma Distribution			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Appro	x. Gamma UPL	10.19	90% Percentile	8.805
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Appr	rox. Gamma UPL	10.33	95% Percentile	10.12
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL v	with 95% Coverage	11.69	99% Percentile	12.89
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL V 95% WH USL	with 95% Coverage	15.41	95% HW USL	16.09
Lognormal GUF Test Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic		ሀ ወድል	Shaniro Wilk Lognormal COF Test	
10% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value		0.953	Data appear Lognormal at 10% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic		0.111	Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test	
10% Lilliefors Critical Value		0.12	Data appear Lognormal at 10% Significance Level	
Data appear Lognormal at 10% Si	gnificance Level			
Background Statistics assuming L	ognormal Distribution			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage		13.15	90% Percentile (z)	9.001
95% UPL (t)		10.96	95% Percentile (z)	10.68
95% USL		19.45	99% Percentile (z)	14.73
Nonparametric Distribution Free B	ackground Statistics			
Data appear Approximate Normal	at 1% Significance Level			
Nonparametric Upper Limits for Ba	ackground Threshold Values			40.0
Order of Statistic, order		45	95% UIL with 95% Coverage	13.6
Approx, r used to compute achieve		2.308	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieve	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL w	vith 95% Coverage	13.3	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	13.3

95% Chebyshev UPL 95% USL

90% Chebyshev UPL

95% UPL

13.6

12.55 90% Percentile

13.19 95% Percentile

16.69 99% Percentile

7.868

10.49

13.47

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations. The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

Gamma UCL Statistics for Uncensored Full Data Sets

User Selected Options	
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.2 7/26/2022 5:46:23 PM
From File	WorkSheet.xls
Full Precision	OFF
Confidence Coefficient	95%
Number of Bootstrap Operations	2000

C0

General Statistics		
Total Number of Observations	45 Number of Distinct Observations	44
	Number of Missing Observations	0
Minimum	1.07 Mean	5.448
Maximum	13.6 Median	4.93
SD	2.552 SD of logged Data	0.472

Table A-3 Statistical Analysis ProUCL Output Data - CAA-7Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WACoefficient of Variation0.468 Skewness

Coefficient of Variation	0.468 Skew	ness	1.448
Gamma GOF Test			
A-D Test Statistic	0.581 Ande	rson-Darling Gamma GOF Test	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.753 Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
K-S Test Statistic	0.1 Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test		
5% K-S Critical Value	0.132 Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level			
Gamma Statistics			
k hat (MLE)	5.046 k star	(bias corrected MLE)	4.725
Theta hat (MLE)	1.08 Theta	star (bias corrected MLE)	1.153
nu hat (MLE)	454.2 nu st	ar (bias corrected)	425.2
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	5.448 MLE	Sd (bias corrected)	2.507
	Appro	oximate Chi Square Value (0.05)	378.4
Adjusted Level of Significance	0.0447 Adjus	ted Chi Square Value	377
Assuming Gamma Distribution 95% Approximate Gamma UCL	6.122 959	6 Adjusted Gamma UCL	6.146

Suggested UCL to Use

Data appear Approximate Normal, May want to try Normal Distribution

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. Recommendations are based upon data size, data distribution, and skewness using results from simulation studies. However, simulations results will not cover all Real World data sets; for additional insight the user may want to consult a statistician.

Normal UCL Statistics for Uncensored Full Data Sets

User Selected Options	
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.2 7/26/2022 5:46:43 PM
From File	WorkSheet.xls
Full Precision	OFF
Confidence Coefficient	95%

C0

General Statistics			
Total Number of Observations	45	Number of Distinct Observations Number of Missing Observations	44 0
Minimum	1.07	Mean	5.448
Maximum	13.6	Median	4.93
SD	2.552	SD of logged Data	0.472
Coefficient of Variation	0.468	Skewness	1.448
Normal GOF Test			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.885	Shapiro Wilk GOF Test	
1% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.926	Data Not Normal at 1% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.141	Lilliefors GOF Test	
1% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.153	Data appear Normal at 1% Significance Level	
Data appear Approximate Normal at 1% Significance Level			
Assuming Normal Distribution			
95% Normal UCL		95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Student's-t UCL	6.088	95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995)	6.162
		95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978)	6.101
Suggested UCL to Use			
95% Student's-t UCL	6.088		
When a data set follows an approximate distribution passing only one of the GOF tests, it is suggested to use a UCL based upon a distribution passing both GOF tests in ProUCL			
Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are pr Recommendations are based upon data size, data distribution, However, simulations results will not cover all Real World data se Lognormal UCL Statistics for Uncensored Full Data Sets	ovided and sk sets; fo	to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UC ewness using results from simulation studies. r additional insight the user may want to consult a statis	L. tician.

ProUCL 5.2 7/26/2022 6:13:43 PM
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OFF
95%
2000

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General Statistics Total Number of Observations

45 Number of Distinct Observations Number of Missing Observations

Minimum
Maximum
SD
Coefficient of Variation

Lognormal GOF Test Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 10% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value Lilliefors Test Statistic 10% Lilliefors Critical Value Data appear Lognormal at 10% Significance Level

Logged Statistics			
Minimum of Logged Data	0.0677 N	lean of logged Data	1.593
Maximum of Logged Data	2.61 S	SD of logged Data	0.472
Lognormal Maximum likelihood Estimates (MI	LEs)		
MLE Mean	5.497 N	ILE Standard Deviation	2.743
MLE Median	4.918 N	ILE Skewness	1.622
MLE Coefficient of Variation	0.499 8	0% MLE Quantile	7.315
90% MLE Quantile	9.001 9	5% MLE Quantile	10.68
99% MLE Quantile	14.73		
Lognormal Minimum Variance Unbiased Estir	mates (MVUEs)		
MVUE Mean	5.482 N	IVUE SD	2.708
MVUE Median	4.906 N	IVUE SEM	0.402

4.93
0.38
.448

0.958 Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test0.953 Data appear Lognormal at 10% Significance Level0.111 Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test0.12 Data appear Lognormal at 10% Significance Level

Table A-3 Statistical Analysis ProUCL Output Data - CAA-7 Time Oil Terminal, Seattle WA

Assuming Lognormal Distribution		
95% H-UCL	6.285 90% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	6.689
95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	7.236 97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	7.995
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	9.486	
Nonparametric Distribution Free UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	6.074 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6.102
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	6.048 95% Bootstrap-t UCL	6.221
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	6.256 95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	6.05
90% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	6.59 95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.106
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.824 99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9.233

Suggested UCL to Use

Data appear Normal, May want to try Normal Distribution

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. Recommendations are based upon data size, data distribution, and skewness using results from simulation studies. However, simulations results will not cover all Real World data sets; for additional insight the user may want to consult a statistician.

Goodness-of-Fit Test Statistics for Uncensored Full Data Sets without Non-Detects

User Selected Options	
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.2 7/26/2022 6:11:53 PM
From File	WorkSheet.xls
Full Precision	OFF
Confidence Coefficient	0.95

C0

Raw Statistics	
Number of Valid Observations	45
Number of Distinct Observations	44
Minimum	1.07
Maximum	13.6
Mean of Raw Data	5.448
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	2.552
Khat	5.046
Theta hat	1.08
Kstar	4.725
Theta star	1.153
Mean of Log Transformed Data	1.593
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.472
Normal GOF Test Results	
Correlation Coefficient R	0.937
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.885
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.945
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	1.57E-04

Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level

Gamma GOF Test Results

Lilliefors Test Statistic

Correlation Coefficient R	0.974
A-D Test Statistic	0.581
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.753
K-S Test Statistic	0.1
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.132
Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level	

Lognormal GOF Test Results

Correlation Coefficient R	0.972
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.958
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.945
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.162
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.111
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.131
Data appear Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level	

Source:

USEPA. ProUCL: Statistical Software for Environmental Applications for Data Sets with and without Nondetect Observations. Version 5.2. https://www.epa.gov/land-research/proucl-software, 2022

0.141

0.131

Appendix A-2 As-Built Drawings



	~					
LEGEND	ß		_	-	+	_
DESIGN EXCAVATION LIMITS						
AS-BUILT EXCAVATION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)	tion					
— — – PRECONSTRUCTION SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)	Descrip					
MONITORING WELL PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES						
MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONED	ate			+		_
IN-SITU GROUNDWATER INJECTION POINT	_ >			_	_	_
	Re					-
PARCEL BOUNDARY FOR TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES						
	Client		CONSULTING, INC.	108 S. Washington Street, Suite 300 Seattle. Washington 98104	(206) 491-7554	www.creteconsurung.com
	Scale Drawin dra Desigg Draft Chec: Revie	e A sc.A ng is ncoesn't t gner er ker ewer	s Not to scomeasu M. B C. To X X	ted ARNING ore one yers aylor	ż scale l inch	bar
27TH AVEW	Time Oil Bulk Terminal	Kemediation Design Seattle, Washinaton		Remediation Areas	AS-BUILIS	
	Drav	wing	No.			4
			C-	1		
201MW100.	She	et	15	of	26	



SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

- DESIGN EXCAVATION LIMITS
- ۲ ACTIVITIES
- MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONED

NOTES

CAA AREA	SUBSURFACE BACKFILL (GREATER THAN 2 FT BGS)	SURFACE MATERIAL (2 FT BGS)
CAA-1	QUARRY SPALLS AND GRAVEL BORROW	BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE

B					
Description					
Date					
Rev					
Client					
		CONSULTING, INC.	108 S. Washington Street, Suite 300	Seatue, Washington 30104 (206) 491-7554	www.creteconsulting.com
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Draft Chec Revie	er ker wer	C.T X	aylo	r	
Time Oil Bulk Terminal	Kemediation Design Seattle Washinaton		CAA-1 Excavation Area	AS-BUILTS	
Drav	wing	No.	·2		
She	et	16	of	26	5

AS-BUILT EXCAVATION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

------ PRECONSTRUCTION SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

MONITORING WELL PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

EXCAVATED AREAS WERE BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED WITH CLEAN IMPORT MATERIAL TO EXISTING GRADE +/- 1 FOOT. FINAL SURFACES WERE STABILIZED WITH COMPACTED GRAVEL SURFACING TO PREVENT EROSION.

FINAL SURFACE ELEVATION & CONSTRUCTED PROFILES WILL BE PROVIDED FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT & INSTALLATION OF THE FINAL CAP.



- NOTES
- OF SEATTLE REQUIREMENTS.

CAA AREA	SUBSURFACE BACKFILL (GREATER THAN 2 FT BGS)	SURFACE MATERIAL (2 FT BGS)
CAA-2b	QUARRY SPALLS AND GRAVEL BORROW	PAVED ASPHALT SURFACE WHICH INCLUDES: 1" HOT MIX ASPHALT (HMA) CLASS 1 AND 2" OF HMA CLASS 1/2

- AS-BUILT EXCAVATION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

PRECONSTRUCTION SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

(SEE SHORING DRAWINGS SS1.0 THRU SS4.0 FROM THE EDR

ORC ADVANCED PELLETS (REGENESIS®) ADDED DURING

MONITORING WELL PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONED

TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES

1. EXCAVATED AREAS WERE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED WITH CLEAN IMPORT MATERIAL TO EXISTING GRADE +/- 1 FOOT. FINAL SURFACES IN THE CITY OF SEATTLE ROW WERE RETURNED TO PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS BASED ON CITY

 ORC ADVANCED PELLETS (DRY AMENDMENTS) WERE ADDED DURING BACKFILLING ACTIVITIES IN THE NORTHEAST AND THE NORTHWEST CORNERS. ORC ADVANCED PELLETS WERE SPREAD BY HAND EVENLY ACROSS THE APPLICATION AREA BOTH HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY WITHIN THE SATURATED ZONE DURING BACKFILLING. LAGGING WAS REMOVED FROM THE NORTHEAST PORTION OF THE EXCAVATION DURING BACKFILLING. TRENCH BOXES WERE USED FOR SHORING ALONG THE NORTHWEST PORTION OF THE EXCAVATION; TRENCH BOXES WERE COMPLETELY REMOVED AFTER EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES WERE COMPLETED.

FINAL SURFACE ELEVATION & CONSTRUCTED PROFILES WILL BE PROVIDED FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT & INSTALLATION OF THE FINAL CAP.

By					
Description					
Date					
Rev					
Client					
		CONSULTING, INC.	108 S. Washington Street, Suite 300	Seatue, washington so 104 (206) 491-7554	www.creteconsulting.com
Scale Drawii di Desig	e A SC gisn ogisn gien gner er	ALE W. M. E C. T	ARNIN ure on Syers aylo	G fscale e inch	e bar
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Time Oil Bulk Terminal	Kemediation Design Seattle Washington		CAA-2b Excavation Area	AS-BUILTS	
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She	et	17	of	26	5

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	Scale As Noted SCALE WARNING Drawing is not lo scale, if scale bar doesn't measure one inch
	Designer M. Byers
	Drafter C. Taylor Checker X
	Time Oil Bulk Terminal Remediation Design Seattle, Washington CAA-3, CAA-5 & Diesel Spill Excavation Areas AS-BUILTS
	Drawing No.
	C-4
	Sheet 18 of 26

- AS-BUILT EXCAVATION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

----- PRECONSTRUCTION SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

MONITORING WELL PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONED

DIESEL SPILL CLEANUP AREA CONFIRMATION SAMPLE LOCATION

TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES

SUBSURF

(GREATER

1. EXCAVATED AREAS WERE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED WITH CLEAN IMPORT MATERIAL TO EXISTING GRADE +/- 1 FOOT. FINAL SURFACES WERE STABILIZED WITH COMPACTED GRAVEL SURFACING TO PREVENT EROSION.

FINAL SURFACE ELEVATION & CONSTRUCTED PROFILES WILL BE PROVIDED FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT & INSTALLATION OF THE FINAL CAP.

· · · · ·
BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE
BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE
BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE



SCALE IN FEET

<u>LEGEND</u>

	AS-BUIL	T EXCAV	AT
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\bigcirc	MONITO	RING WE	ELL
OHW	ORDINA	RY HIGH	WA

---- PARCEL BOUNDARY FOR

NOTES

CAA AREA	SUBSURFACE BACKFILL (GREATER THAN 2 FT BGS)	SURFACE MATERIAL (2 FT BGS)
CAA-6a	QUARRY SPALLS AND GRAVEL BORROW	BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE
CAA-6b	GRAVEL BORROW	BALLAST ROCK AND RIPRAP, AREA WAS GRADED TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE

•	By				
	Description				
	Date				
	Rev				
	Client				
		CONSULTING, INC.	108 S. Washington Street, Suite 300	Seatue, wasnington 98104 (206) 491-7554	www.creteconsulting.com
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	Drawi	ing No			
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	Sheet	19	of	21	<

DESIGN EXCAVATION LIMITS

TION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

ON SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

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VATER

TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES

1. EXCAVATED AREAS WERE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED WITH CLEAN IMPORT MATERIAL TO TIE INTO EXISTING PERIMETER GRADES. FINAL SURFACES WERE STABILIZED WITH COMPACTED GRAVEL SURFACING TO PREVENT EROSION.

2. FINAL SURFACE ELEVATION & CONSTRUCTED PROFILES WILL BE PROVIDED FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT.



DETAILED PLAN VIEW

CAA	-7 EXCAVATION	AREAS
0	20	40
	SCALE IN FEE	Г

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	DESIGN EXCAVATI			
	AS-BUILT EXCAVA			
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•	MONITORING WELI			
онш	ORDINARY HIGH W			
	PARCEL BOUNDAR			

<u>NOTES</u>

CAA AREA	SUBSURFACE BACKFILL (GREATER THAN 2 FT BGS)	SURFACE MATERIAL (2 FT BGS)
CAA-7	NO SUBSURFACE BACKFILL, EXCAVATION WAS ONLY 2 FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE	BALLAST ROCK TO MATCH SURROUNDING GRADE

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	By					
	Description					
	Date					
	Rev					
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	Scale Drawing i does	As No SCALE W s not to o n't meas		G f scale inch	bar	
	Designe Drafter Checker Reviewe	r M. C.1 X	aylo	r		
	Time Oil Bulk Terminal Remediation Design	Seattle, Washington	CAA-7 Excavation Areas	AS-BUILTS		
	Drawi	ng No	-6			
	Sheet	20	of	26	5	

TION LIMITS

TION LIMITS (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

ON SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

L PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

L DECOMMISSIONED

VATER

RY FOR TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES

1. EXCAVATED AREAS WERE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED WITH CLEAN IMPORT MATERIAL TO EXISTING GRADE +/- 1 FOOT. FINAL SURFACES WERE STABILIZED WITH COMPACTED GRAVEL SURFACING TO PREVENT EROSION.

2. FINAL SURFACE ELEVATION & CONSTRUCTED PROFILES WILL BE PROVIDED FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF PROPERTY REDEVELOPMENT.



CELL ID	Mixed Elevation	Original Target Elevation (ft NAVD88)	Revised Tan Elevation (ft NAVD8	
		(1011111200)	(
2_1	20.4	20	no change	
2_2	20.2	20	no change	
2_3	20.2	20	no change	
2_4	20.2	20	no change	
2_5	20.1	20	no change	
2_6	20.2	20	no change	
2_7	22.0	22	no change	
2_8	22.0	22	no change	
2_9	21.1	21	22	
2_10	21.0	21	no change	
2_11	22.0	22	no change	
2_12	22.0	22	no change	
2_13	22.0	22	23	
2_14	22.2	22	no change	
2 15	23.0	23	no change	
2_16	23.5	23	no change	
2 17	22.1	22	23	
2 18	22.0	22	no change	
2 19	22.1	22	no change	
2 20 F	25.0	22	25	
2 20 W	24.1	22	24	
2 21 0	24.0	22	24	
2_210	24.0	22	24	
2_21 L	20.0	22	20	
2_21 00	22.0	22		
2_220	25.2	22	25	
2_22 E	25.5	22	25	
2_22 E	22.3	22	25	
2_22 W	22.2	22	no change	
2_23	23.9	24	no change	
2_24	24.0	24	no change	
2_25	22.3	22	24	
2_26	23.0	22	23	
2_27	25.1	23	25	
2_28	26.9	23	27	
2_29	26.8	22	27	
2_30	24.2	24	no change	
2_31	23.9	24	no change	
2_33	23.2	23	24	
2_34 N	23.1	23	no change	
2_34 S	24.7	23	25	
2_35	26.0	23	26	
2 36	25.4	25	no change	
2 37	25.0	25	no change	
2 38	24.1	24	25	
2 39	24.0	24	24	
2 40	25.0	25	no change	
2_10	25.1	25	no change	
2 42	25.1	25	no change	
2_72	20.0	20	no change	
2_43	20.2	20		
2_44	25.0	25	no change	
2_45	25.9	26	no change	
46	26.0	26	no change	
2 47	25.0	25	26	

- IDENTIFIED AS 'EAST', 'WEST', AND 'CENTER'.

SPLIT INTO SMALLER UNITS

2. TARGET ELEVATIONS WERE ADJUSTED WHEN THE MIXING CELL LAYOUT WAS REVISED BY THE CONTRACTOR. ELEVATIONS WERE REVISED BASED ON THE TOP OF SILT CONTOUR IN THE REVISED SMALLER CELL. ORIGINAL TARGET ELEVATIONS ARE FROM THE EDR.

3. CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS ALLOWED FOR MIXING DEPTH TOLERANCE OF ± 0.5 FT RELATIVE TO TARGET ELEVATION.

Ву					
Description					
Date					
Rev					
Client					
		CONSULTING, INC.	108 S. Washington Street, Suite 300	Seature, vrasnington so rot (206) 491-7554	www.creteconsulting.com
Scale As Noted Scale WARNING Drawing is not to scale, if scale bar deent measure one inch Designer M. Byers Designer C. Landor					
Time Oil Bulk Terminal	Kemediation Design Section Lesion		CAA-2a Insitu Solidification Area	AS-BUILTS	
Drav	wing	No	-		
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CELL ID	Mixed Elevation	Target Elevation (ft NAVD88)	
4 1	17.4	17	-
4_2	17.4	17	
4_3	17.3	17]
4_4	17.3	17	_
4_5	18.3	18	
4_6	18.3	18	_
4_7	18.4	18	-
4_8	18.3	18	-
4_9	19.3	19	-
4_10	19.5	19	-
4 12	19.5	19	-
4 13	20.4	20	-
4 14	17.4	17	-
4_15	18.4	18	-
4_16	19.3	19	-
4_17	20.3	20	
4_18	20.2	20	
4_19	17.4	17	_
4_20	18.4	18	-
4_21	19.3	19	_
4_22	20.2	20	-
4_23	20.2	20	-
4_24	17.3	1/	-
4_25	10.2	10	-
4_20	20.3	20	-
4 28	20.4	20	-
4 29	17.3	17	-
4_30	19.2	19	-
4_31	20.3	20]
4_32	21.0	21	
4_33	19.9	20	_
4_34	17.4	17	_
4_35	19.3	19	_
4_36	20.4	20	-
4_37	21.4	21	-
4_38	20.2	20	-
4_39	10.3	10	_
4_40	20.2	20	-
4 42	20.2	20	-
4 43	20.2	20	-
4_44	18.3	18	1
4_45	19.8	20	
4_46	20.0	20	
4_47	20.1	20	_
4_48	20.1	20	_
4_49	18.3	18	-
4_50	20.1	20	-
4_51	20.1	20	-
4_52	19.9	20	_
4_55	10.5	20	-
4 55	19.7	19	-
4 56	18.1	18	1
4 57	20.0	20	1
4 58	19.0	19	1
4 59	17.3	17	1
4_60	17.1	17	
4_61	17.3	17	
4_62	17.5	17	1. CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS
4_63	17.4	17	TOLERANCE OF ±0.5 FT RELATIVE





SCALE IN FEET

File: C.:Usersicgreenel:DownloadsiCAD Files\Time Oil Bulk Terminal-AsbuiltC2 through C11.dwg Plot Date: June 20, 2022 Plotted by: General Chris

ate Rev Scale As Noted SCALE WARNING ving is not to scale, if sca doesn't measure one ind Designer M. Byers Drafter C. Taylor Checker X Reviewer X Swell Management Area AS-BUILTS Time Oil Bulk Terminal Remediation Design Seattle, Washington ISS Drawing No. C-9

Sheet 23 of 26

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- ---- PRECONSTRUCTION SURFACE (ELEVATIONS FT NAVD88)

MONITORING WELL PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONED

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----- PARCEL BOUNDARY FOR TOC SEATTLE TERMINAL 1, LLC PROPERTIES









Appendix B

Photographic Log

A. Site Prep



1. ASKO warehouse foundation pad. Warehouse demolition debris and steel hauled off. View to southeast. Photograph from 4/16/21



2. Building 2 (Parcel E) demolition underway. View to northeast. Photograph from 4/20/21.



3. Concrete removal at CAA-2 (area preparation). View to the north. Photograph taken 7/29/2021.



4. Concrete breakup at CAA-4 (former loading dock). View to the east/northeast. Photograph taken 7/29/2021.



5. Concrete hauling and recycling at CAA-5 (site preparation). View to the northeast. Photograph taken 7/29/2021.

B. CAA-1



6. CAA-1b excavation progress with odor suppressant foam (white foam) on CAA-1a. View to the southwest. Photograph taken 8/11/2021.



7. CAA-1b excavation. View to the east. Photograph taken 8/13/2021.



8. CAA-1a - Backfilling and compacting gravel borrow at CAA-1a. View to the northeast. Photograph taken 8/20/2021.

C. **CAA-2.b**



9.Installing soldier pile steel beams at CAA-2b/ROW. View to the east. Photograph taken 9/9/2021.



10.CAA-2b, excavation with odor suppressant foam (white foam). View to the east. Photograph taken 10/2/2021.



11. CAA-2b, density testing compacted gravel borrow, with mixed ReGenesis ORC (white pellets). View to the west. Photograph taken 10/15/2021.



12. CAA-2b trench box area excavation underway. View to the east. Photograph taken 10/16/2021.



CAA-2b ROW area, measuring cut soldier piles for SDOT inspector.
 View to the northeast. Photograph taken 10/21/2021.



14. CAA-2b ROW area, laying down and grading baserock for asphalt. View to the east. Photograph taken 10/25/2021.


15. Rainer Asphalt & Concrete laying down hot mix asphalt at ROW of CAA-2b. View to the east northeast. Photograph taken 10/26/2021.

D. CAA-3



16. CAA-3, pin flag at CAA3-SS-04 confirmation wall sample location (surface water collected at the bottom of the excavation). View to the south. Photograph taken 11/9/2021.



17. CAA-3, excavation completed, post-excavation survey underway. View to the south. Photograph taken 11/11/2021.



18. CAA-3 largely backfilled, ballast rock at surface. View to the north. Photograph taken 11/13/2021.

E. **CAA-5**



19. Excavating soils at CAA-5. View to the northeast. Photograph taken 8/2/2021.



20. CAA-5 excavation complete. View to the northeast. Photograph taken 8/3/2021.



- 21. Backfilling and compacting CAA-5 with ballast rock. View to the southwest. Photograph taken 8/17/2021.
- F. **CAA-6**



22. CAA-6a floor and south wall PID-screening and sampling (pin flags). View to the south. Photograph taken 7/29/2021.



23A. CAA-6a. Two uncovered, buried drums. Shown in-situ. View to the north. Photograph taken 7/26/2021.



23B. Two 55-gallon drums removed from CAA-6a. Staged on plastic sheeting, bermed, contained in CAA-6a footprint. Photograph taken 7/26/2021.



24. Vaults along eastern perimeter of CAA-6a. Inside former building footprint. Photograph taken 7/22/2021.



25. CAA-6a excavation underway. View to the south. Photograph taken 8/3/2021.



26. CAA-6a. Quarry spall on bottom, adding gravel borrow. View to the north. Photograph taken 8/23/2021.



27. Soil excavation at CAA-6b along eastern property line. View to the northeast. Photograph taken 9/14/2021.



28. CAA-6b stabilized shoreline, rip-rap and ordinary high water area. SWPPP BMPs removed. View to the east. Photograph taken 11/23/2021.

G. CAA-7



29. Excavating soils at CAA-7. View to the north. Photograph taken 7/22/2021.



30.CAA-7 post-remedial surfaces. Site conditions at following completion of excavation at CAA-7. View to the west. Photograph taken 7/23/2021.



31. CAA-7 post-remedial surfaces. SWPPP BMPs in-place. View to west. Photograph taken 7/23/2021.



32. Backfilling and grading ballast rock at remediated CAA-7 excavation. View to the west. Photograph taken 7/29/2021.

H. ISS – CAA-2.a, CAA-4 and Swell Management Area (SMA)



33. CAA-2a, previously mixed ISS Cell 2-42.



View to the northeast. Photograph taken 8/23/2021.

34. Bucket mixing soils and grout at ISS Cell 2-38. View to the west. Photograph taken 9/7/2021.



35. CAA-2a odor foam suppressant application (white foam in the photo). View to the south. Photograph taken 9/24/2021.



36. CAA-2a completed surface photo. New black asphalt shows CAA-2b ROW. View to the east. Photograph taken 11/2/2021.



37. Bucket-mixing shallow soils and grout at CAA-4 along southern property line. View to the southwest. Photograph taken 9/10/2021.



38. CAA-4, ISS bucket-mixing soil and grout at Cell 4-43. View to the southwest. Photograph taken 10/26/2021.



39. CAA-4, positioning concrete vault along interceptor trench. View to the east. Photograph taken 11/9/2021.



40. CAA-4, saturating gZVI prior to closing concrete vault. Photograph taken 11/11/2021.



41. CAA-4, hollow stem auger drilling gravity well. View to the east. Photograph taken 11/12/2021.



42. CAA-4 interceptor trench installation underway. Most bedding sand/gZVI in-place, View to the southeast. Photograph taken 11/17/2021.



43. CAA-4 top of treatment vault, three manhole pipes in place (to be grout sealed). View to the east. Photograph taken 11/20/2021.



44. CAA-4 ISS material, covered in plastic sheeting. View to the south. Photograph taken 11/23/2021.



45. CAA-4 interceptor trench area, covered in plastic sheeting as a BMP. Vault in center bottom, trench covered in geotextile and ballast rock. View to the east. Photograph taken 11/23/2021.



46. Completed CAA-4 surface. View to the south-east. Photograph taken 12/15/2021.



47. Completed SMA Area. View to the east. Photograph taken 12/13/2021.

I. Diesel Spill Area



48. Diesel Spill Area – Pre Cleanup. View to the west. Photograph taken 9/13/2021



49. Diesel Spill Area – Post Cleanup. View to the west. Photograph taken 9/13/2021