

MEMORANDUM

Project No. 100094-I-11

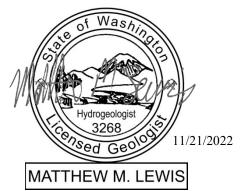
November 21, 2022

To: Vance Atkins and Dhroov Shivjiani, Environmental Protection Agency

cc: John Fisher, Bremerton School District

From:

earth + water



Matthew M. Lewis, LHG Project Hydrogeologist mlewis@aspectconsulting.com

Pat St

Peter Bannister, PE Senior Associate Engineer pbannister@aspectconsulting.com

Re: Crownhill Elementary: Addendum to the Groundwater/LNAPL Monitoring and Contingency Plan

Historical landfill activities at the Bremerton School District (BSD) Crownhill Elementary School Site (Site) have resulted in groundwater contamination and the presence of light non-aqueous-phase liquid (LNAPL) floating on the water table. The *Groundwater/LNAPL Monitoring and Contingency Plan* (Plan, Aspect 2015) was developed in accordance with Washington State Department of Ecology's (Ecology) Agreed Order No. DE11107 (AO) as part of the Site's Cleanup Action Plan (CAP; Ecology, 2014) to establish monitoring procedures and frequencies and groundwater sampling, analysis, and reporting protocols.

This Plan Addendum adds turbidity to the field parameters, introduces diagnostic analytes to the list of samples submitted for laboratory analysis, and describes procedures for soil gas surveys to measure landfill gas levels in the deep soil at each monitoring well. This Plan Addendum is a component of BSD's response to the arsenic exceedance in groundwater at MW-6 in April 2022 (Aspect, 2022). Well MW-6 provides early warning of potential arsenic migration and exceeded the contingency threshold (40 micrograms per liter [μ g/L]) in April 2022. Well MW-10 is located downgradient of MW-6 and is the conditional point of compliance for achieving groundwater cleanup levels (see Figure 1, attached).

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The purpose of this Plan Addendum to better understand the potential causes of the rising arsenic concentrations at MW-6. Findings from these additional monitoring and investigation activities may support potential engineered solutions.

Additional Investigation

This section describes new field parameters, new diagnostic analytes, and a new soil gas survey to be completed.

New Field Parameter

In accordance with the Plan, field staff have measured field parameters (including temperature, pH, electrical conductance, dissolved oxygen, and reduction-oxidation potential) while purging the groundwater monitoring wells to ensure collection of a representative groundwater sample. This Plan Addendum adds turbidity as a field parameter that will be measured using a turbidimeter and recorded in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU). Purging will now continue until field parameters stabilize, as defined in the Plan, and when turbidity stabilizes¹ or falls below 25 NTU. Samples will be collected in accordance with procedures provided in the Plan.

Turbidity in groundwater samples can influence the results of total metals analysis due to the use of acid preservative in sample jars. Higher turbidity can result in higher total metals concentrations. To reduce turbidity in a groundwater sample, field staff commonly reduce the purge rate during sampling.

New Diagnostic Analytes

Constituents of concern (COCs) with site-specific cleanup levels include total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), total arsenic, and trichloroethene (TCE). Additional diagnostic analytes, including dissolved arsenic, dissolved iron, dissolved manganese, and total alkalinity will be added to the groundwater monitoring program to assess the geochemical conditions that may be mobilizing naturally occurring arsenic. Samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis of diagnostic analytes in coordination with routine sampling for COCs.

Arsenic, iron, and manganese are all naturally occurring compounds in aquifers throughout the Puget Sound lowland basin that are sensitive to changes in groundwater geochemistry. These metals are mobilized in groundwater under increasing acidity and more reducing conditions. A likely potential cause for changes in groundwater geochemistry is a change in soil gas concentrations. Even low levels of landfill gas generated at an old landfill can result in greater acidity (due to carbon dioxide) and more reducing conditions (due to methane).

Table 1 lists the Site groundwater wells and provides information about the presence of LNAPL in those wells. Table 1 also shows sampling frequencies for the existing COCs and the list additional diagnostic analytes. Quarterly groundwater monitoring at MW-6 and MW-10 will be completed in response to the arsenic exceedance at MW-6 in April 2022 (Aspect, 2022). Well MW-10 is the conditional point of compliance for achieving groundwater cleanup levels.

¹ In accordance with EPA low-flow groundwater sampling procedures (EPA, 1996).

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		Groundwater Samples Collected for Analysis of COCs ¹			Additional Diagnostic Analytes		
Well Included in Monitoring Program ¹	LNAPL Present in Well ²	ТРН	Total Arsenic	TCE	Dissolved As, Fe, Mn	Total Alkalinity	
MW-5		spring	spring		spring	spring	
MW-6			quarterly		quarterly	quarterly	
MW-8	Х						
MW-9			spring/fall	spring/fall	spring/fall	spring/fall	
MW-10		quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	
MW-12		fall	fall		fall	fall	
MW-13	Х						
MW-14	Х						
MW-15		spring/fall	spring/fall		spring/fall	spring/fall	
MW-16	Х						
EW-17	х						
McKinney				spring/fall			

Table 1. 2022 Well Monitoring Program Summary

Notes:

1. The Groundwater/LNAPL Monitoring and Contingency Plan (Aspect, 2015) provides the rationale for including a well in the monitoring program, and for selecting well-specific COC analytes.

2. All wells except McKinney are monitored for LNAPL and only those wells indicated have measurable thicknesses.

Soil Gas Survey

A soil gas survey will be conducted to measure the landfill gas concentrations in the deep vadose zone at nine groundwater monitoring wells including MW-5, MW-6, MW-8, MW-9, MW-12, MW-13, MW-15, MW-16, and MW-17. Landfill gas can influence groundwater geochemistry and result in elevated concentrations of arsenic, iron, and manganese compared to background concentrations. Even low levels of landfill gas generated at an old landfill can affect groundwater geochemistry.

Locations. Monitoring wells at the Site were constructed with a partially saturated screened section, based on the well logs provided as Appendix A and observed water levels. Figure 2 below shows the observed water levels and screen settings for each of the wells selected for the soil gas survey. The partially saturated screen allows for monitoring deep soil gas concentrations in contact with groundwater by conducting a soil gas survey. The soil gas survey will require temporarily replacing the wellhead cap and should not affect groundwater sampling results or other cleanup actions.

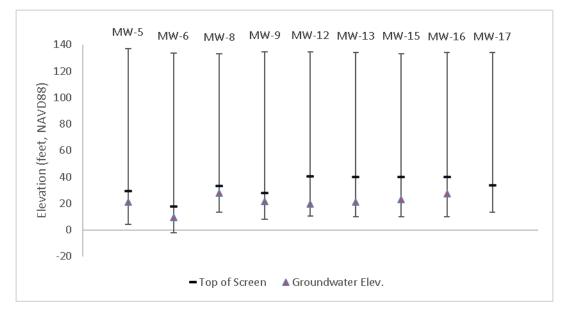


Figure 2. Schematic of Well Construction, Partially Saturated Screens

Equipment. Landfill gas concentrations will be measured using a handheld field instrument (GEM-5000). The GEM-5000 will be calibrated each day prior to measuring concentrations of methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, and balance gas. A supplemental pump (SKC pump) will be used to purge the well at 5 liters per minute (L/min) and connected to the GEM-5000 (pumping at 0.5 L/min) and an excess exhaust port.

Procedure. Location-specific field sheets for the soil gas survey are provided in Appendix B. The field staff representative will conduct the soil gas monitoring procedure as follows:

- 1. Calibrate the GEM-5000 gas meter for methane, carbon dioxide, and oxygen in accordance with manufacturer's instructions each day prior to sampling. Record calibration results in the field notes.
- 2. At each monitoring location:
 - a. Measure depth to water (DTW) and record on the field sheet.
 - i. Determine if the screen is submerged. If the screen is submerged, gas inside the well is not representative of surrounding soils and monitoring is not warranted.
 - ii. Examine the tip of the water level indicator for signs of LNAPL.
 - b. Install an airtight cap equipped with sampling port to the PVC well casing.
 - c. Connect SKC pump to the sampling port set to run at 5 L/min, then connect GEM (0.5 L/min) to SKC pump outlet with excess exhaust port tee between SKC and GEM.
 - d. Begin purging gas from well.
 - i. If SKC shows "Flow Fail" reduce flow rate, as needed.

- e. Record GEM measurements (CH₄, CO₂, O₂, CO, and balance gas) on the field sheet every quarter casing volume for 30 minutes or until gas concentrations stabilize. Stabilization will occur much faster during periods of decreasing barometric pressure.
- f. Once the final measurements are recorded, remove the sampling cap and secure the well.

Analysis and Reporting

The collection of additional diagnostic analytes started in April 2022. Turbidity, total arsenic, and dissolved arsenic results will be compared to provide context for historical measurements of total arsenic. Results of dissolved metals will be analyzed to illustrate the range of geochemical conditions observed. The total alkalinity results along with pH field measurements will be analyzed to determine the range of carbon dioxide dissolved in groundwater. This information will help identify the nature and extent of landfill gas impacts to groundwater, and the efficacy of landfill gas collection as a potential mitigation measure.

The soil gas survey will be scheduled after this addendum is finalized and accepted by Ecology. Soil gas survey results will be analyzed to show the range of methane and carbon dioxide concentrations across the Site. These data, in combination with groundwater monitoring data, will be presented to help resolve the potential source of arsenic observed at MW-6.

In accordance with the Plan, all measurements and field observations will be recorded and summarized, along with findings, in the 2022 Annual Monitoring Report, due in early 2023. At that time, Aspect will provide recommendations for additional cleanup actions if necessary.

References

- Aspect Consulting, LLC (Aspect), 2015, Groundwater/LNAPL Monitoring and Contingency Plan: Crownhill Elementary School Site, November 19, 2015.
- Aspect Consulting, LLC (Aspect), 2022, Crownhill Elementary Arsenic Exceedance Response Memorandum, July 13, 2022.
- US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 1996, Low-Flow (Minimal Drawdown) Ground-Water Sampling Procedures, April 1996.

Limitations

Work for this project was performed for the Bremerton School District (Client), and this memorandum was prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional practices for the nature and conditions of work completed in the same or similar localities, at the time the work was performed. This memorandum does not represent a legal opinion. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

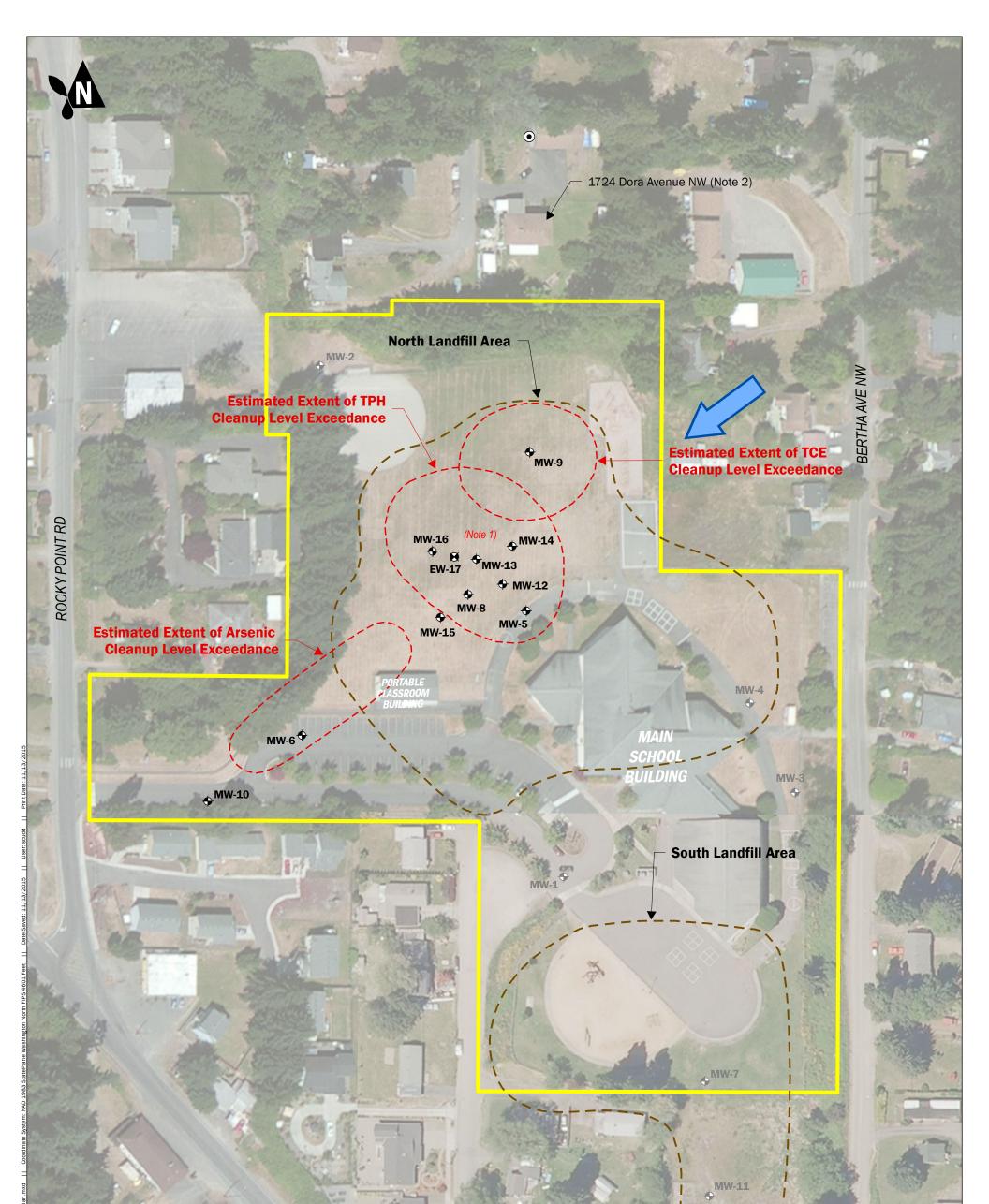
All reports prepared by Aspect Consulting for the Client apply only to the services described in the Agreement(s) with the Client. Any use or reuse by any party other than the Client is at the sole risk of that party, and without liability to Aspect Consulting. Aspect Consulting's original files/reports shall govern in the event of any dispute regarding the content of electronic documents furnished to others.

Bremerton School District November 21, 2022 MEMORANDUM Project No. 100094-I-10

Attachments: Figure 1 – Site Plan Appendix A – Well Logs Appendix B – Soil Gas Data Sheets

V:\100094 BSD Crownhill Elementary RIFS\Deliverables\Sampling and Analysis Plan\SAP Addendum\Final\Sampling Addendum for Arsenic_Ecology Comments_11.21.2022.docx

FIGURE



Well Locations:

- Extraction Well Included in Monitoring Program
- Monitoring Well Included in Monitoring Program €
- \bullet Monitoring Well Not Included in Monitoring Program

MARINE

McKinney Domestic Well (Note 2)

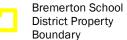
Note:

(1) LNAPL has been observed in Wells EW-17, MW-8, MW-13, MW-14, and MW-16. (2) Collect McKinney well water sample from the outdoor faucet on the north side of the residence at 1724 Dora Avenue NW.

Other Site Features and Interpretation:

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District Property Boundary



Inferred Direction of Groundwater Flow

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Site Plan

Addendum to the Groundwater/LNAPL Monitoring and Contingency Plan Crownhill Elementary, Bremerton, Washington

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APPENDIX A

Well Logs

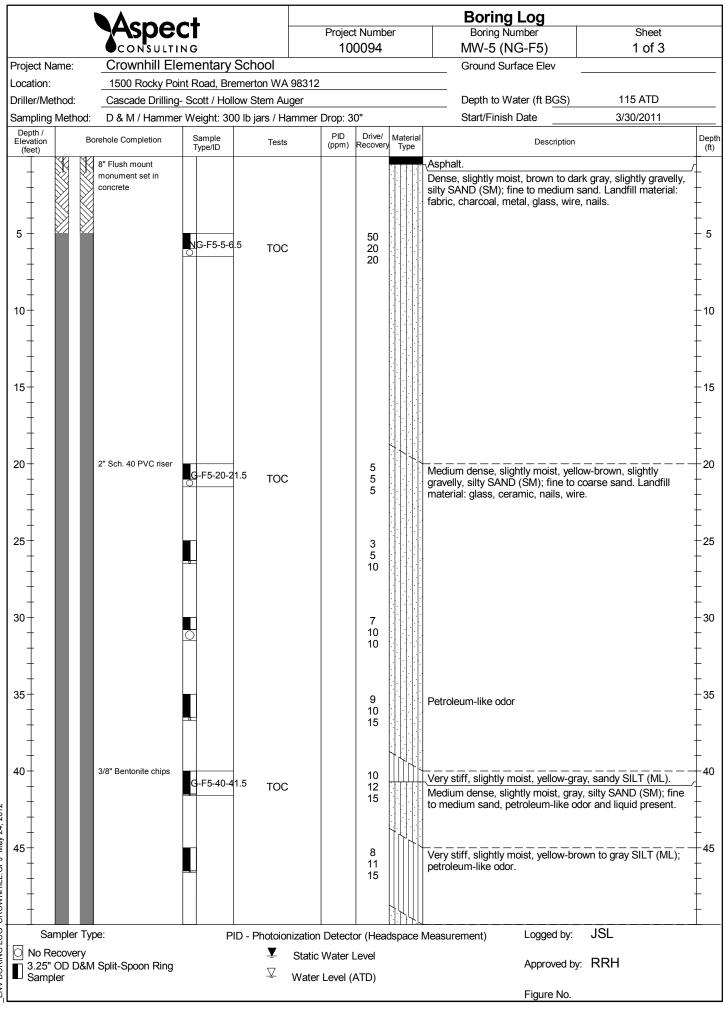
	<u>т</u> т		4		- -			
Ĥetained on No. 200 Sieve	50% ⁽¹)f Coarse Fracti on No. 4 Sieve	<u>≤5% Fines</u> ⁽⁵⁾ <u>∞∞∞∞∞∞∞ 0 0 00 0</u> <u>∞∞∞∞∞∞∞ 0 0 00 0</u> <u>∞∞∞∞∞∞∞0 0 0 0</u>	GW	Well-graded gravel and gravel with sand, little to no fines	Density Second			
			o GP	Poorly-graded gravel and gravel with sand, little to no fines	Coarse- Grained Soils	Loose Medium Dense Dense Very Dense	4 to 10 10 to 30 30 to 50 >50	FC = Fines Content G = Grain Size M = Moisture Content A = Atterberg Limits C = Consolidation
		Fines ⁽⁵⁾	GM	Silty gravel and silty gravel with sand	Fine- Grained Soils	Consistency Very Soft Soft Medium Stiff Stiff	SPT ⁽²⁾ blows/fo 0 to 2 2 to 4 4 to 8 8 to 15	<u>ot</u> DD = Dry Density K = Permeability Str = Shear Strength Env = Environmental
	Gravels - N	≅15%	GC	Clayey gravel and clayey gravel with sand		Very Stiff Hard	15 to 30 >30	PiD = Photoionization Detector
Aore than 50%	¹ br More of Coarse Fraction isses No. 4 Sieve	Fines ⁽⁵⁾	sw	Well-graded sand and sand with gravel, little to no fines	Descriptive Te Boulders Cobbles	Erm Size Ra Larger 3" to 12		
Fine-Grained Soils - 50% ⁽¹⁾ br More Passes No. 200 Sieve Coarse-Grained Soils - More than 50%		4 Sieve ≦5%	SP	Poorly-graded sand and sand with gravel, little to no fines	Gravel Coarse Grave Fine Gravel Sand	el 3" to 3, 3/4" to No. 4 (No. 4 (4.75 mm) 4.75 mm) to No. 2	
			SM	Silty sand and silty sand with gravel	Coarse Sand Medium Sand Fine Sand Silt and Clay	No. 10 No. 40	4.75 mm) to No. 1 (2.00 mm) to No. (0.425 mm) to No r than No. 200 (0.0	40 (0.425 mm) . 200 (0.075 mm)
		≧15%	SC	Clayey sand and clayey sand with gravel	(3) Estimate Percentage by Weight	d Percentag	-	Moisture Content Dry - Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch
	Silts and Clays Liquid Limit Less than 50	in 50	ML	Silt, sandy silt, gravelly silt, silt with sand or gravel	<5 5 to 15		tly (sandy, silty, y, gravelly)	Slightly Moist - Perceptible moisture Moist - Damp but no visible water
			CL	Clay of low to medium plasticity; silty, sandy, or gravelly clay, lean clay	15 to 30 30 to 49	Sanc grave Very	ly, silty, clayey,	Very Moist - Water visible but not free draining Wet - Visible free water, usually from below water table
		Liquid	Organic clay or silt of low plasticity	Sampler Type	Blows/6" or portion of 6"	Symbols	Cement grout surface seal Bentonite chips	
	Silts and Clays Liquid Limit 50 or More		мн	Elastic silt, clayey silt, silt with micaceous or diato- maceous fine sand or silt	2.0" OD Split-Spoon Sampler (SPT)			Grout seal
		Liquid Limit 50 or Liquid Limit 50 or D	сн	Clay of high plasticity, sandy or gravelly clay, fat clay with sand or gravel	Bulk sample Grab Sample	nple 3.0" OD Thin-Wall Tube Sampler (including Shelby tube)	Grouted Grouted Transducer	
			ОН	Organic clay or silt of medium to high plasticity	(1) Percentage by ((2) (SPT) Standard	ry weight		 (5) Combined USCS symbols used for fines between 5% and 15% as
Highly	PT Peat, muck and other highly organic soils		 (ASTM D-1586) (3) In General According (3) Standard Practication (3) In General According 	ordance with ice for Description on of Soils (ASTM		estimated in General Accordance with Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (ASTM D-2488)		
					(4) Depth of groun	-	TD = At time of d tatic water level (d	8

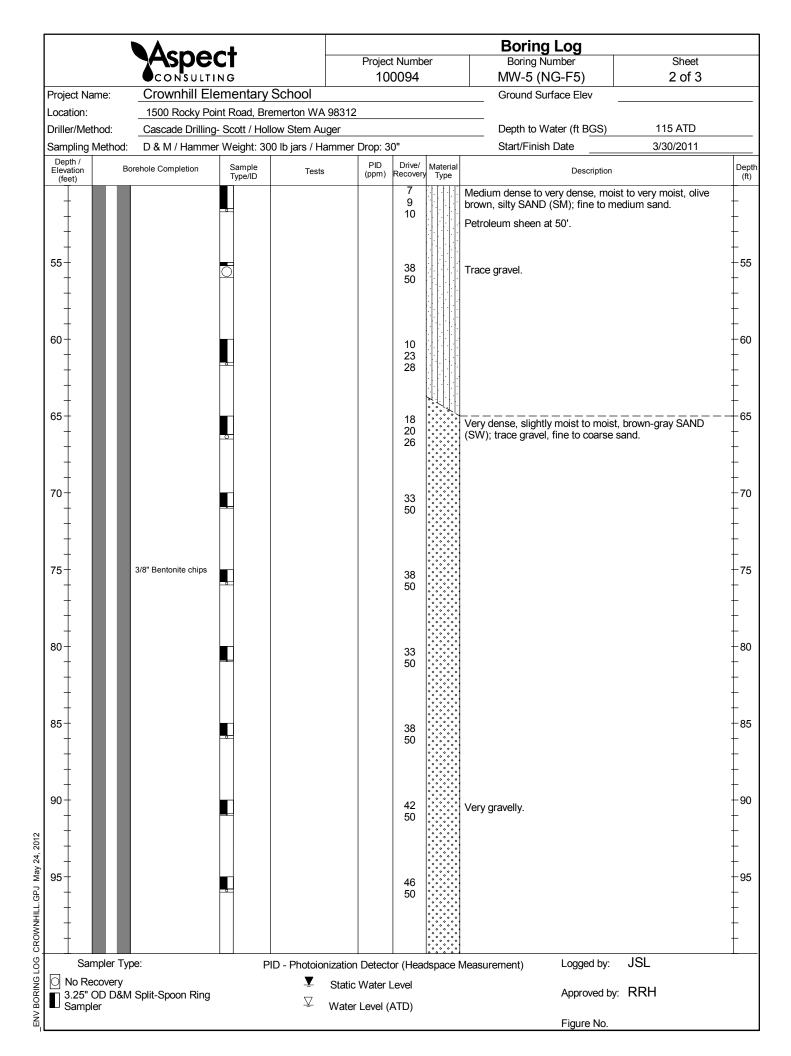
Classifications of soils in this report are based on visual field and/or laboratory observations, which include density/consistency, moisture condition, grain size, and plasticity estimates and should not be construed to imply field or laboratory testing unless presented herein. Visual-manual and/or laboratory classification methods of ASTM D-2487 and D-2488 were used as an identification guide for the Unified Soil Classification System.

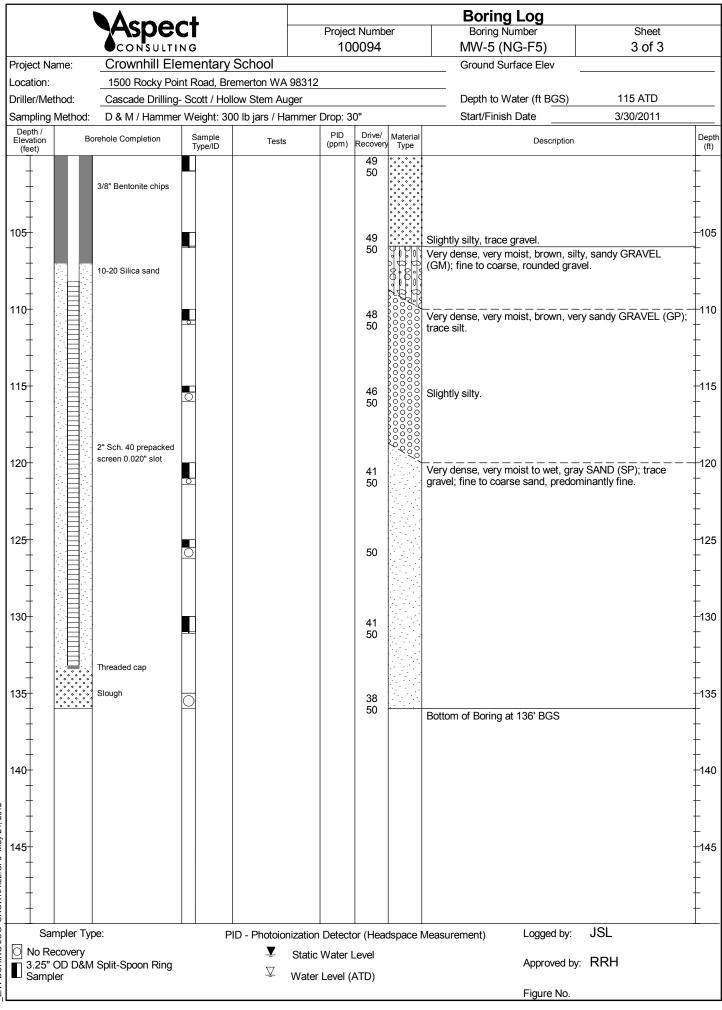
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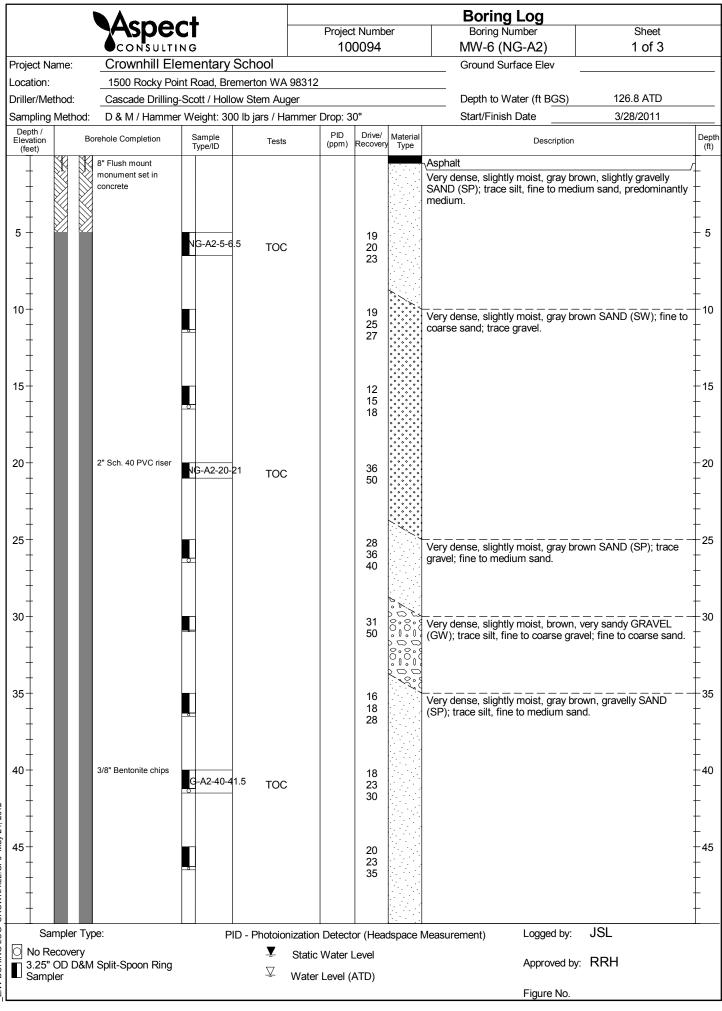


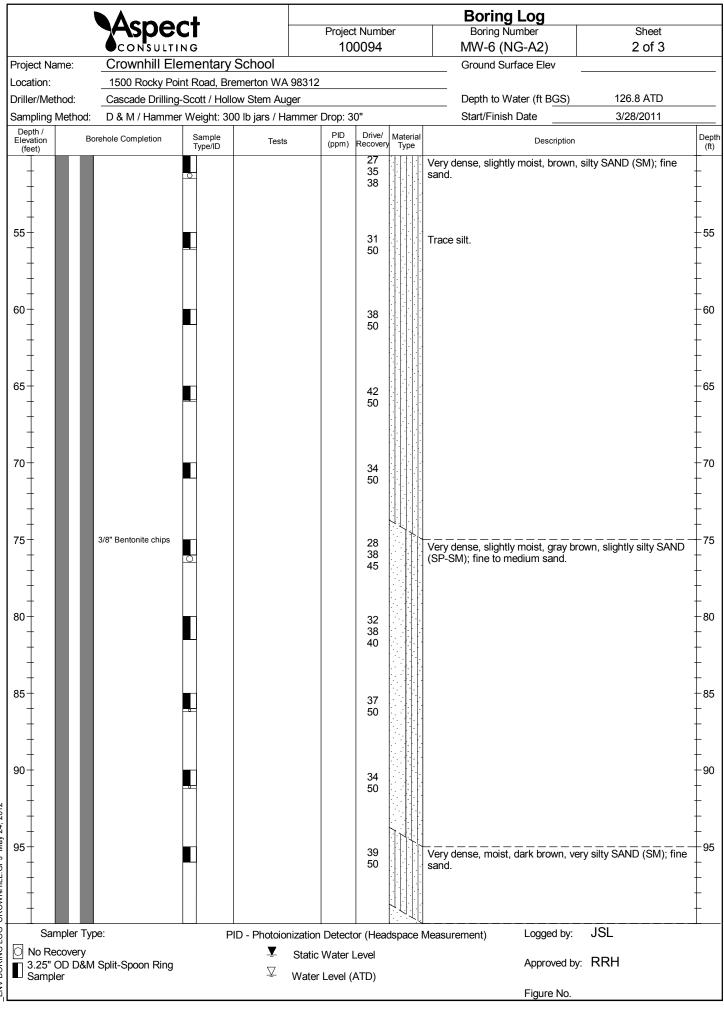
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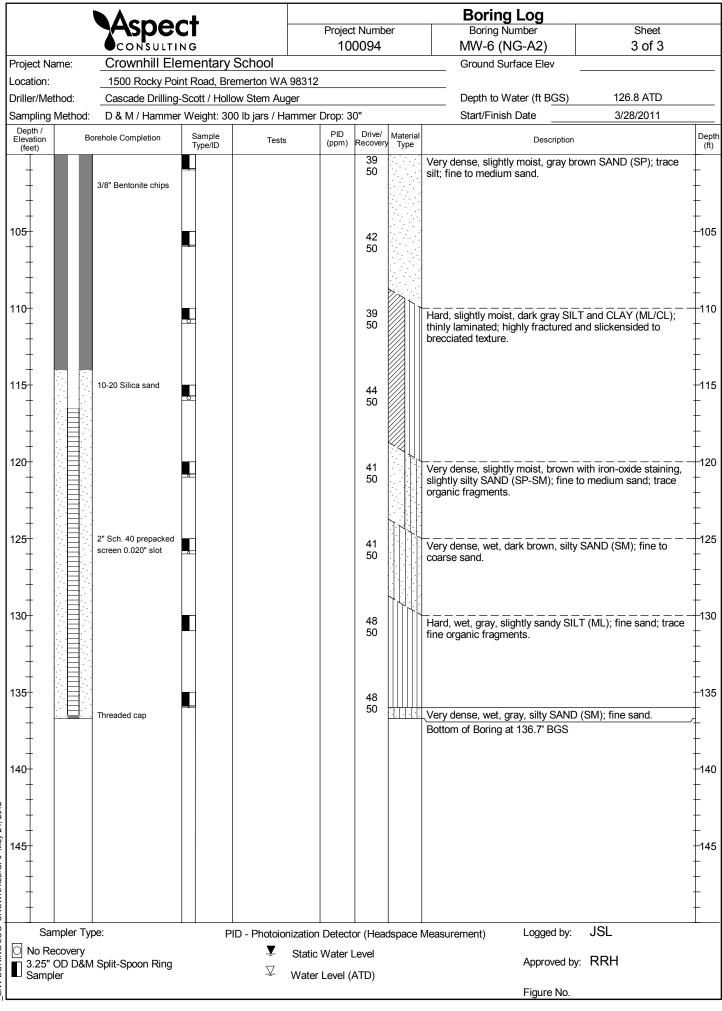


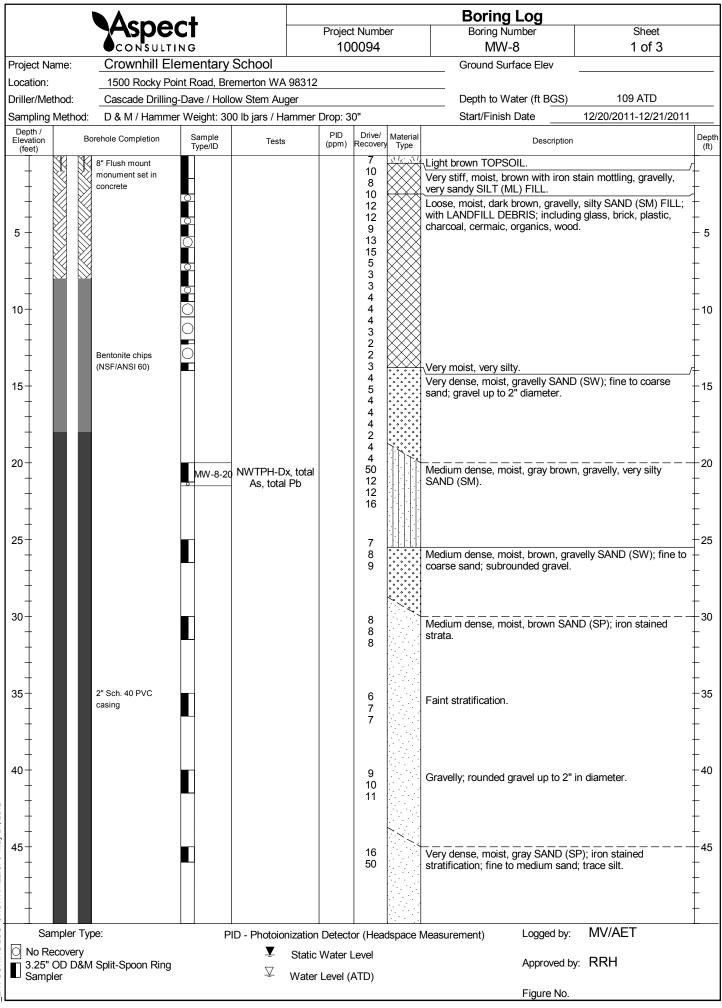


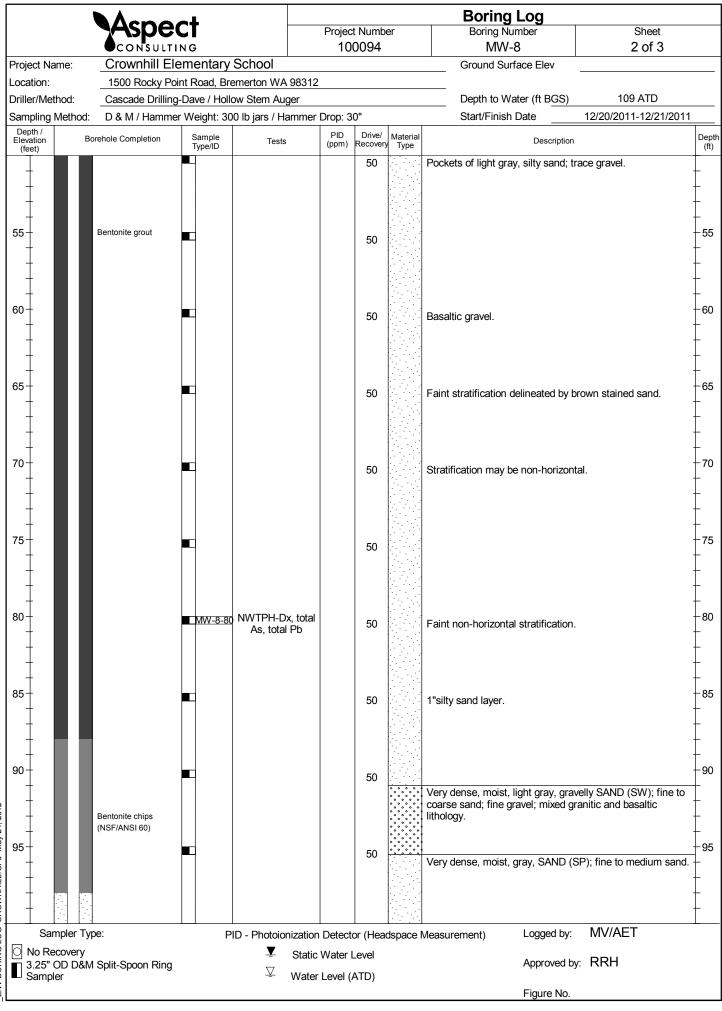


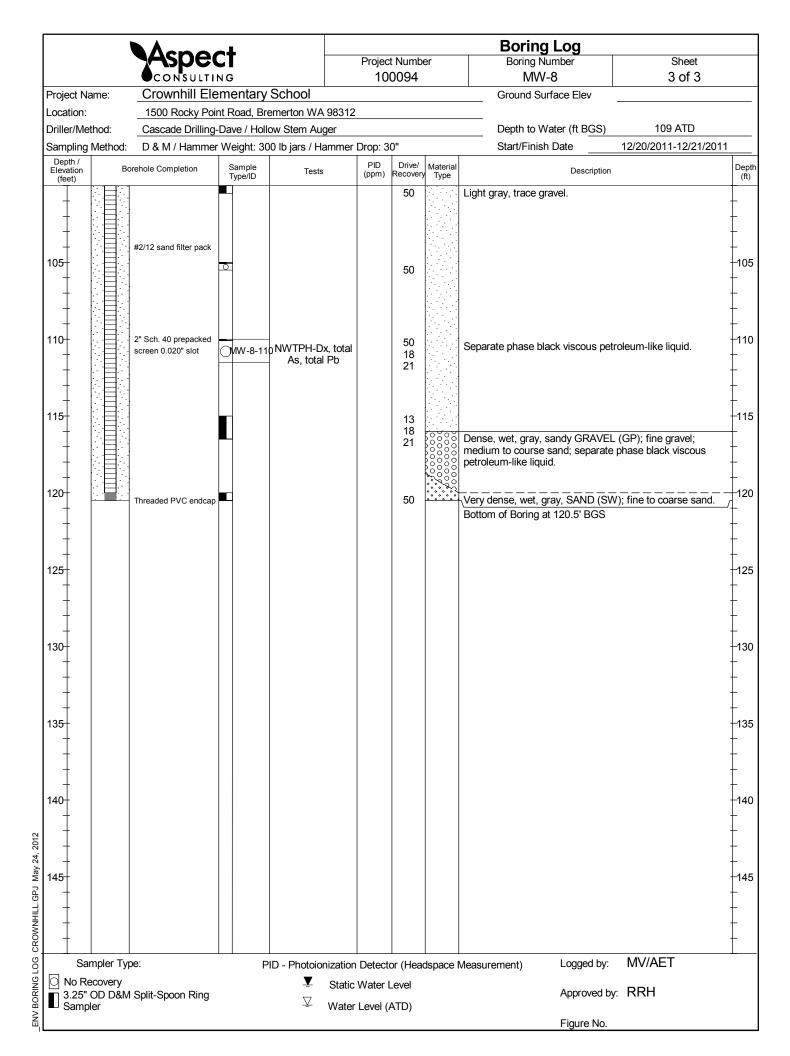


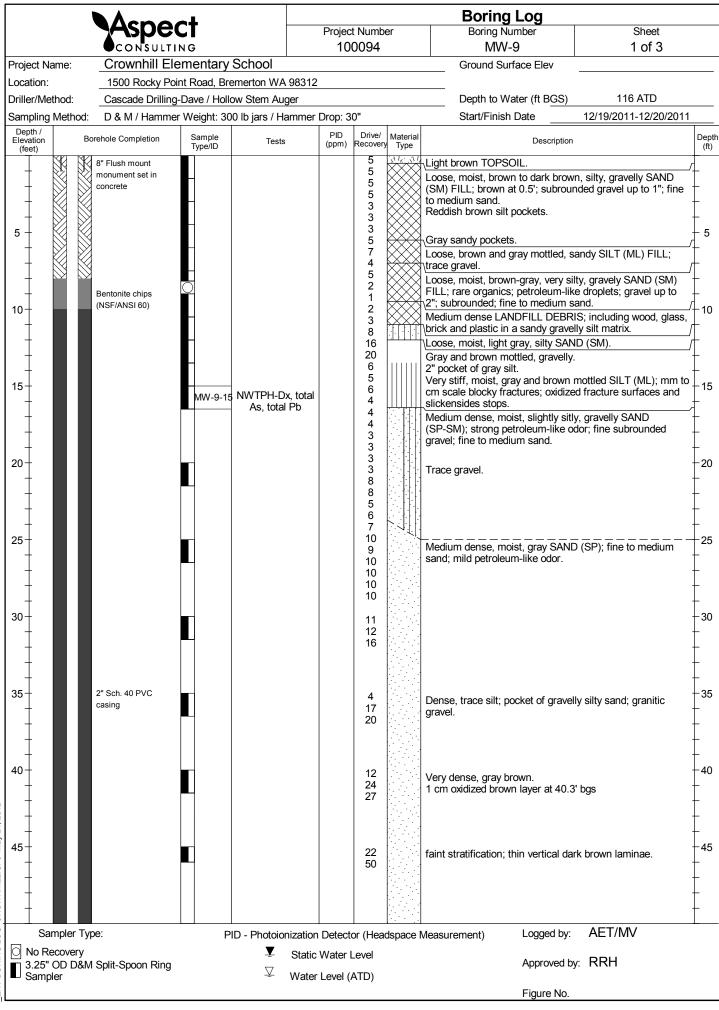


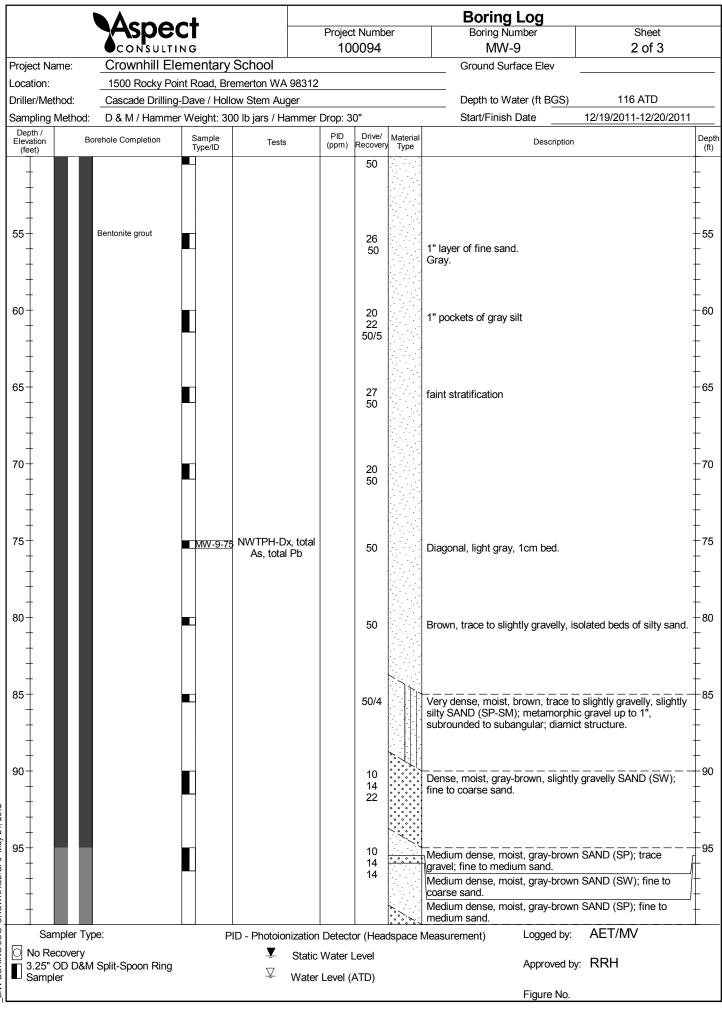


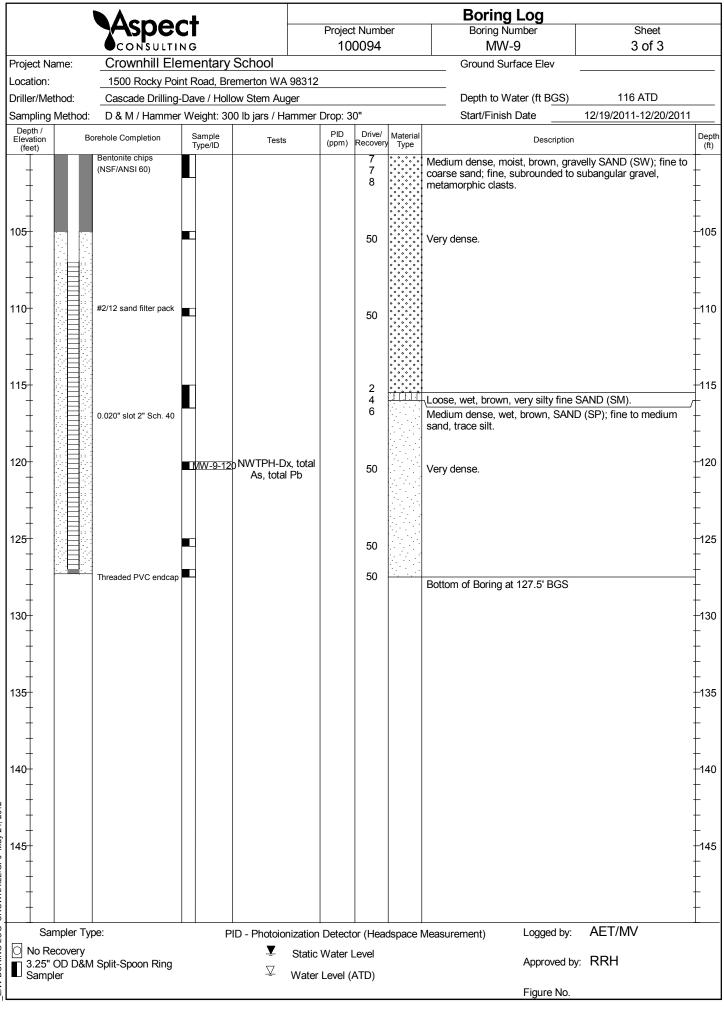


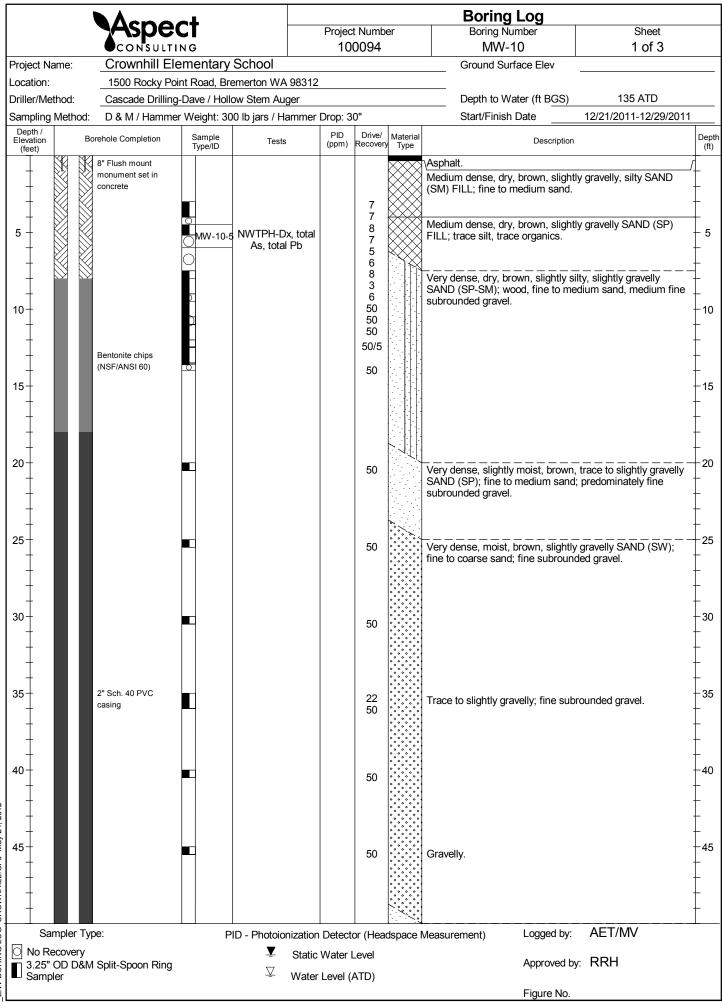


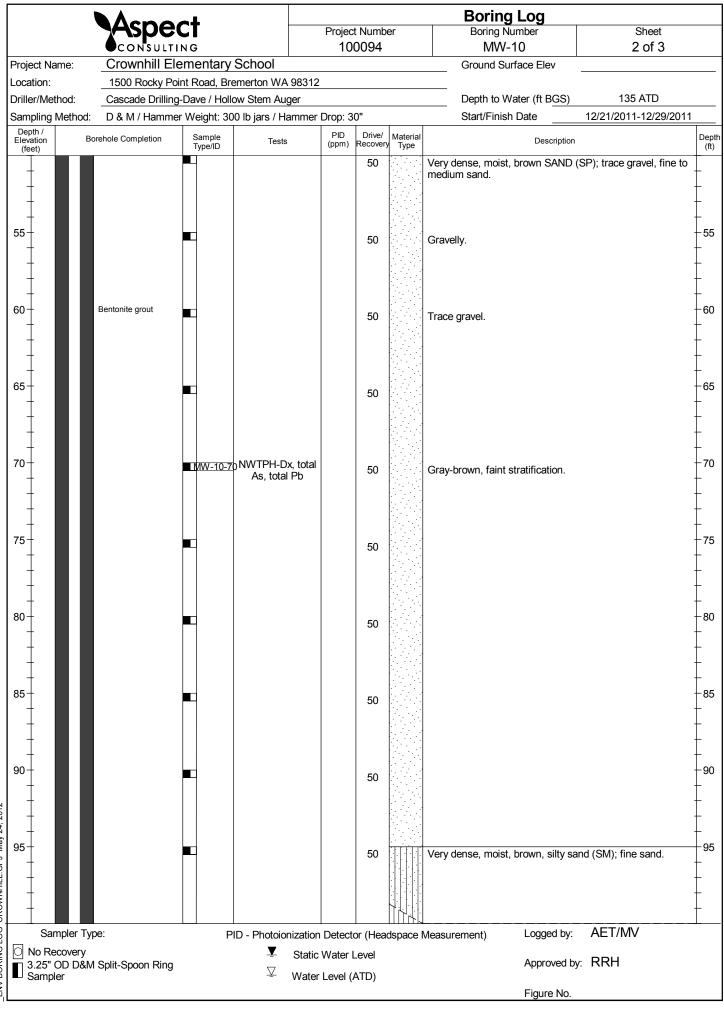


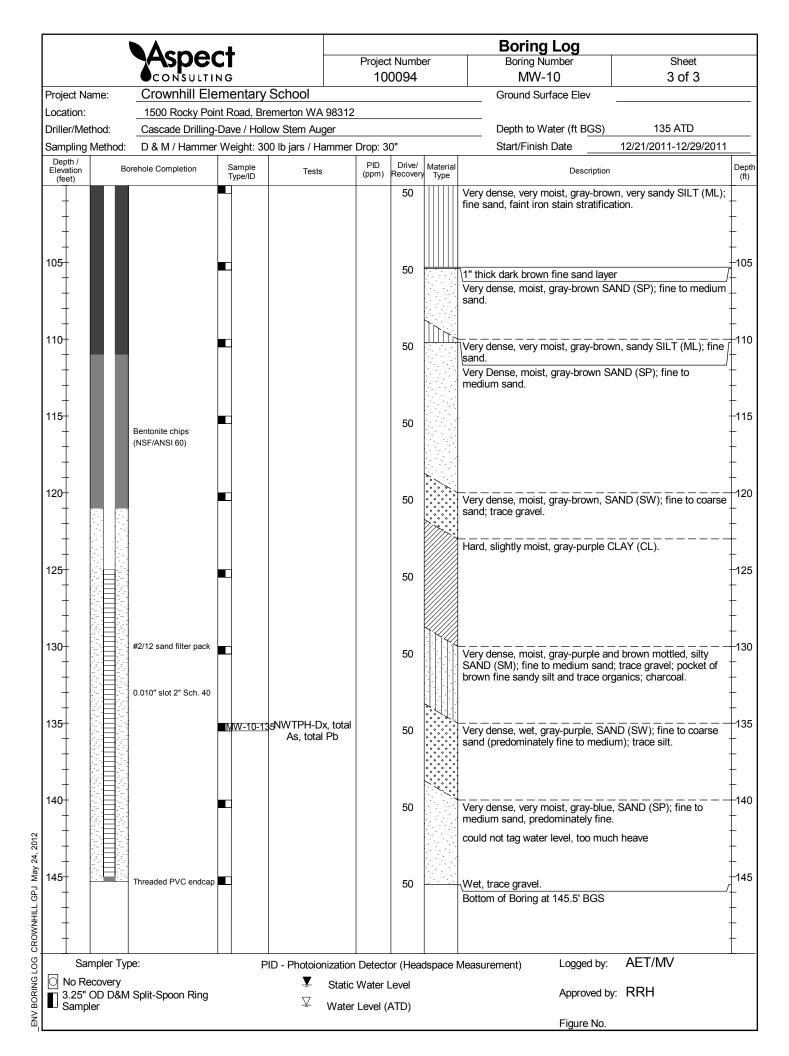


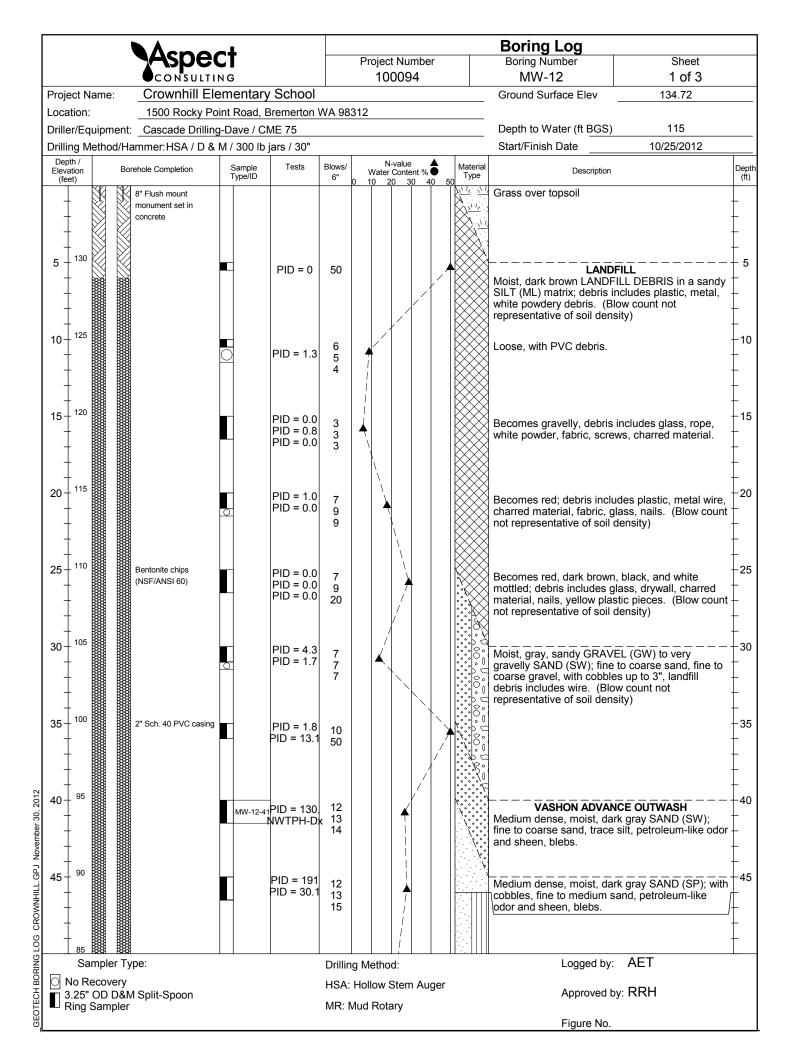


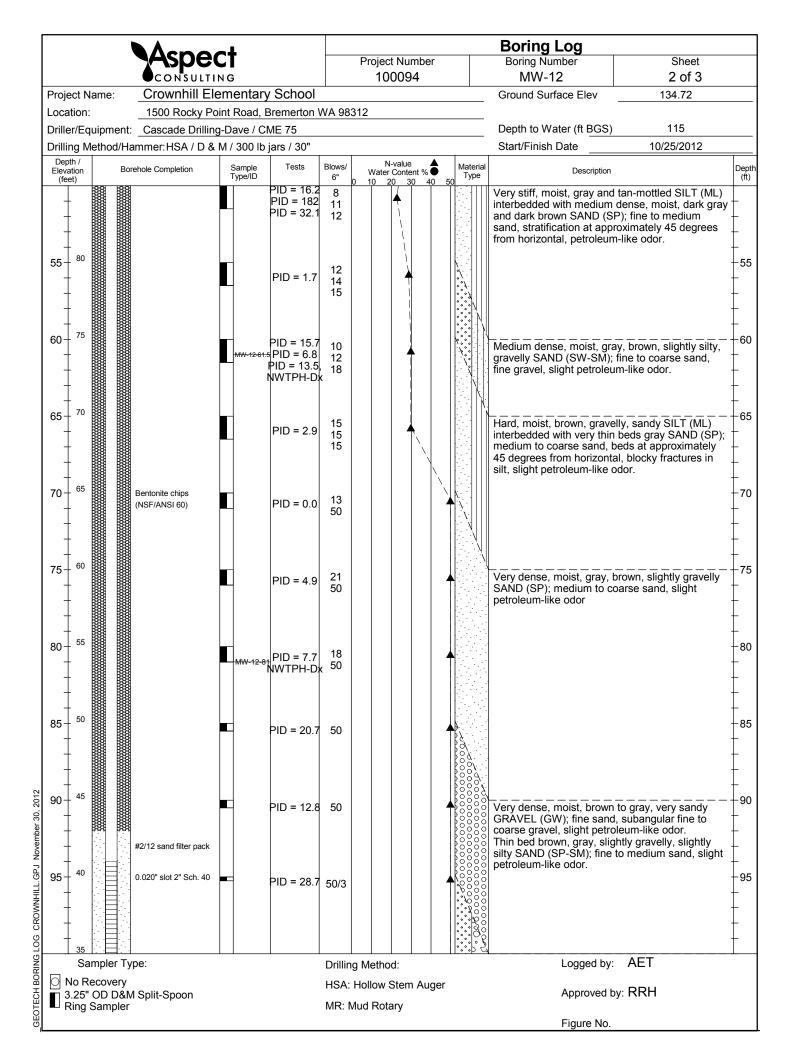


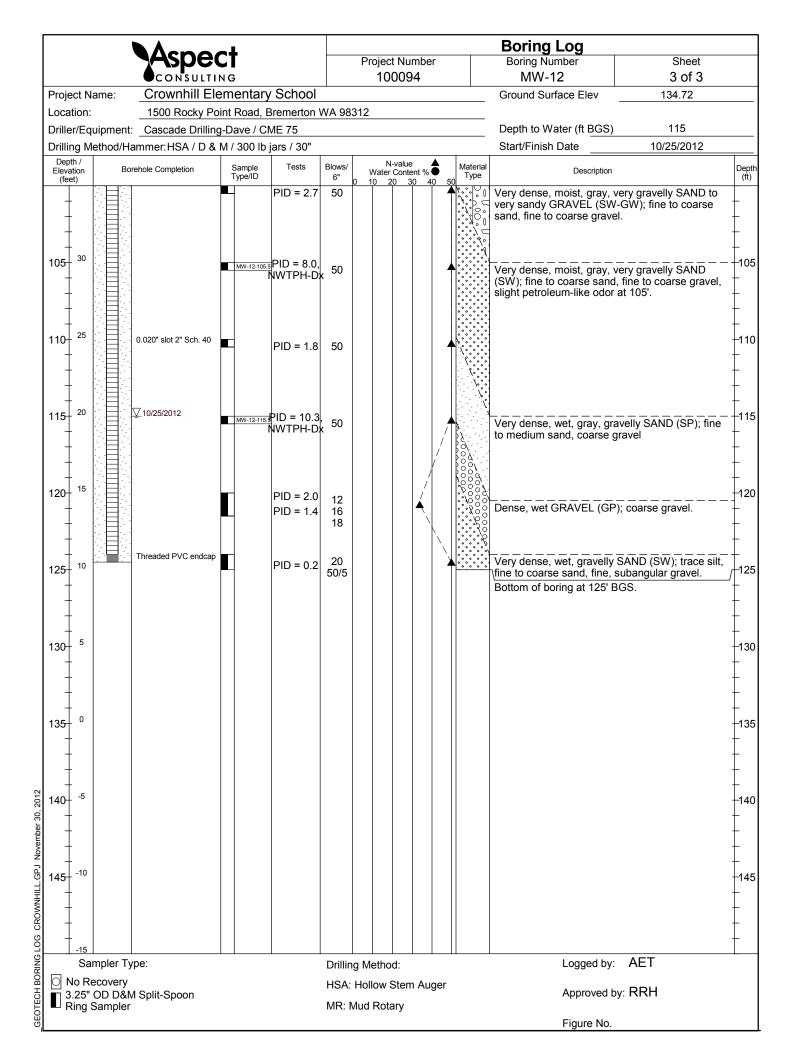


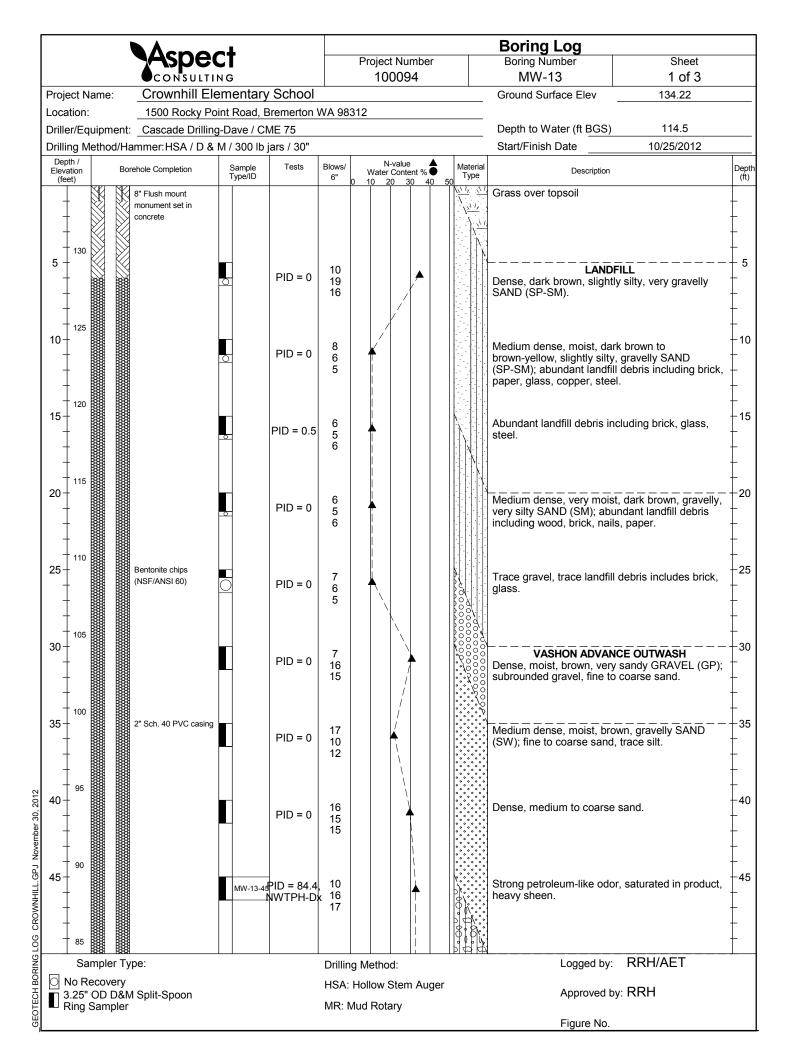


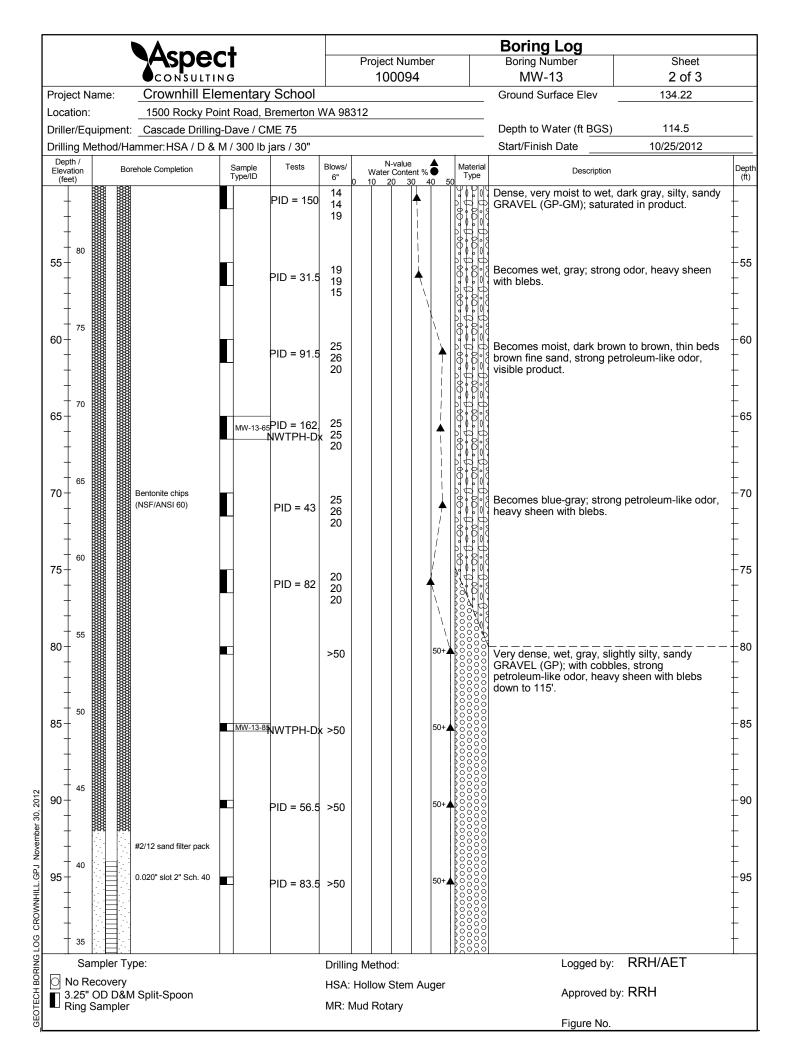


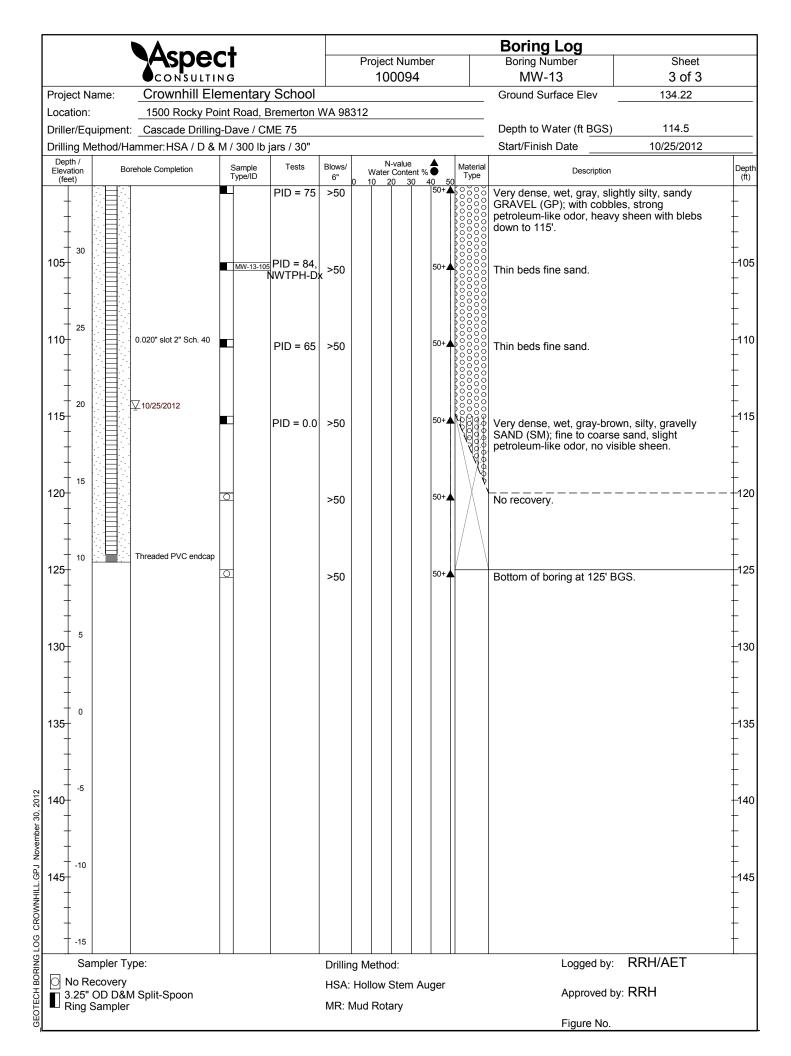


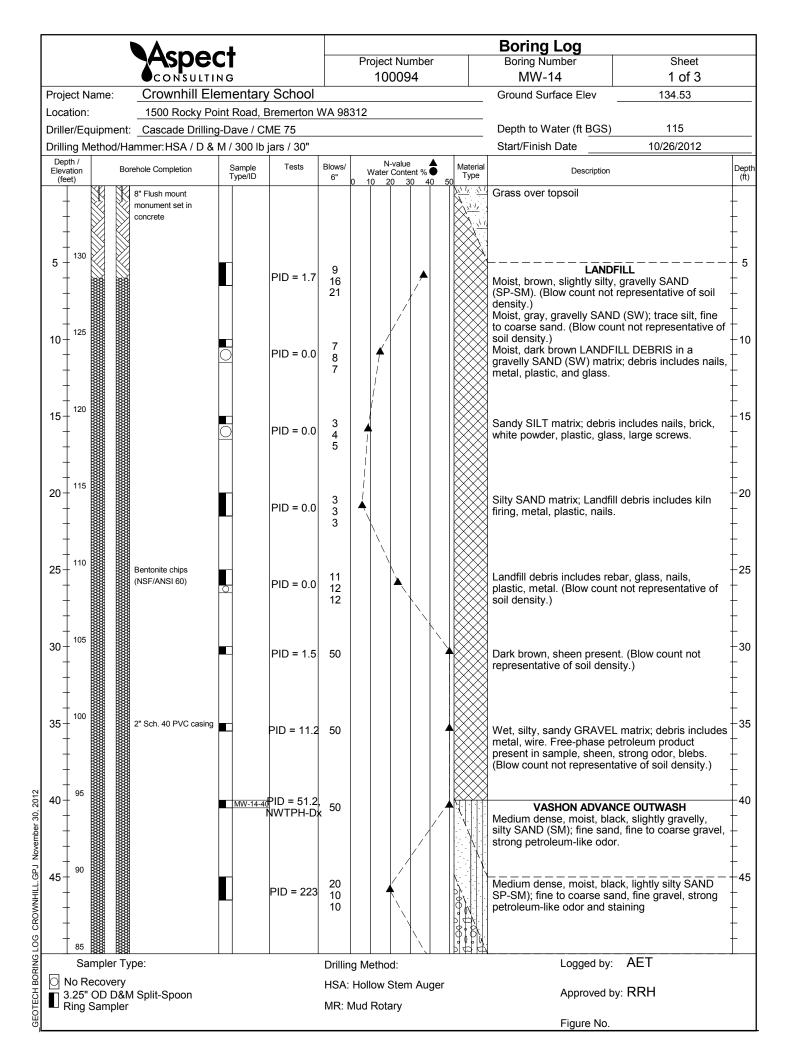


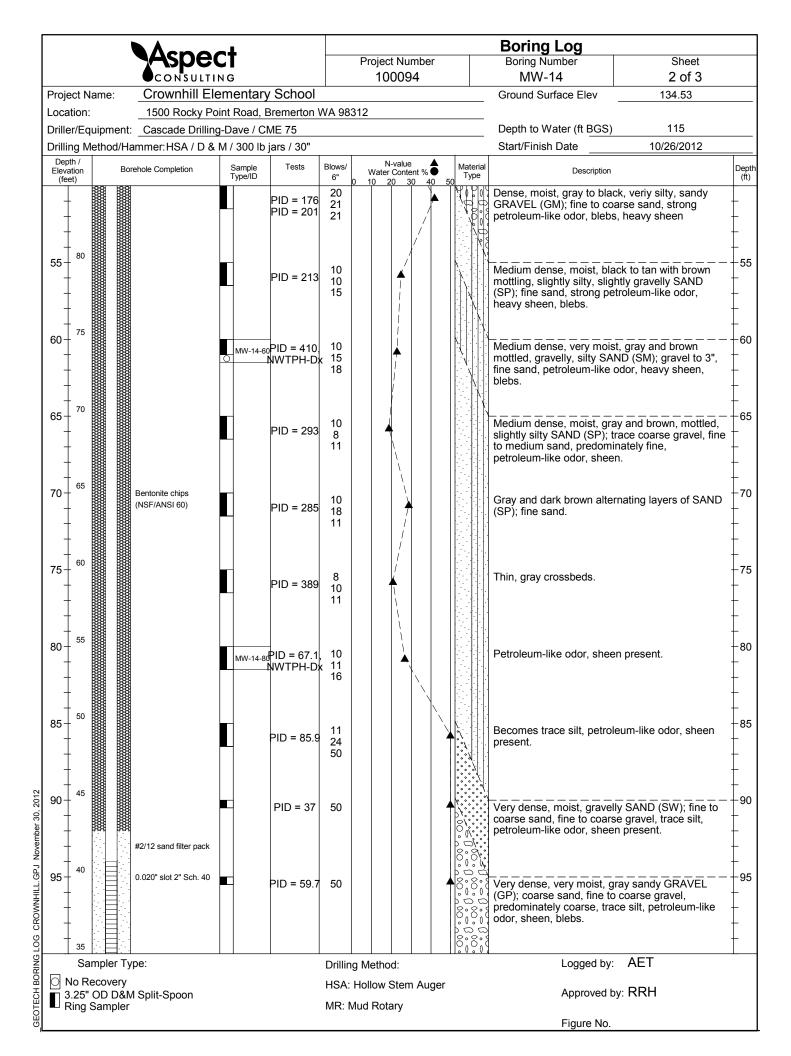


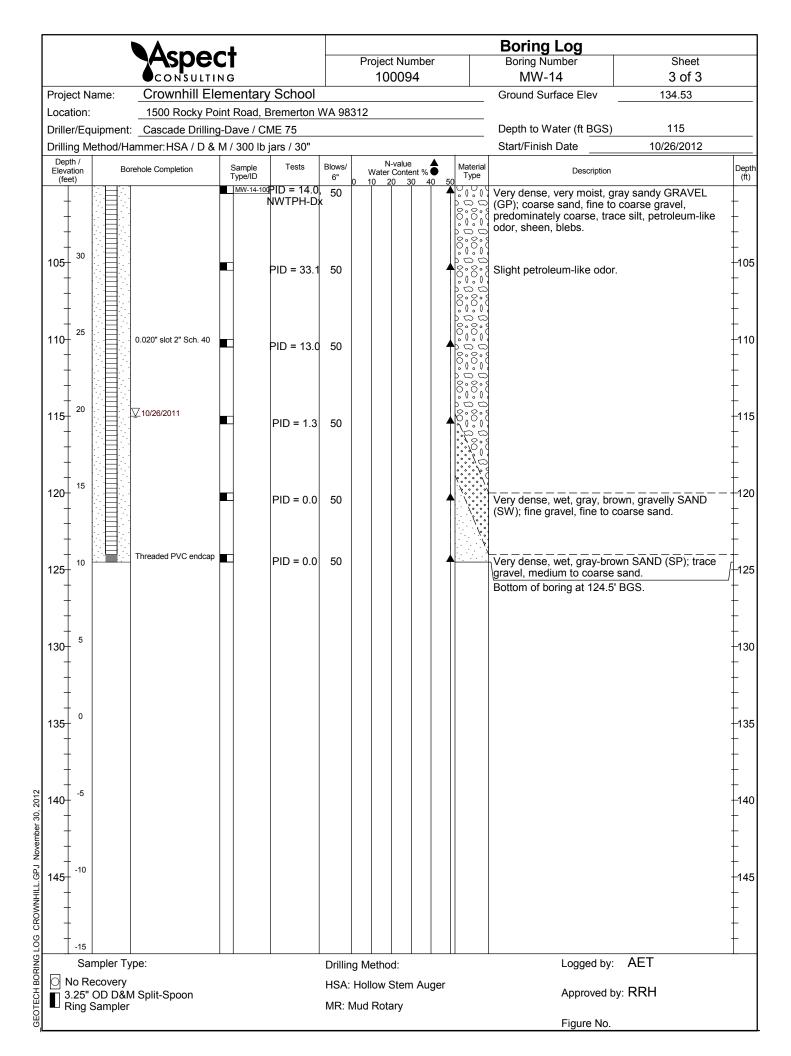


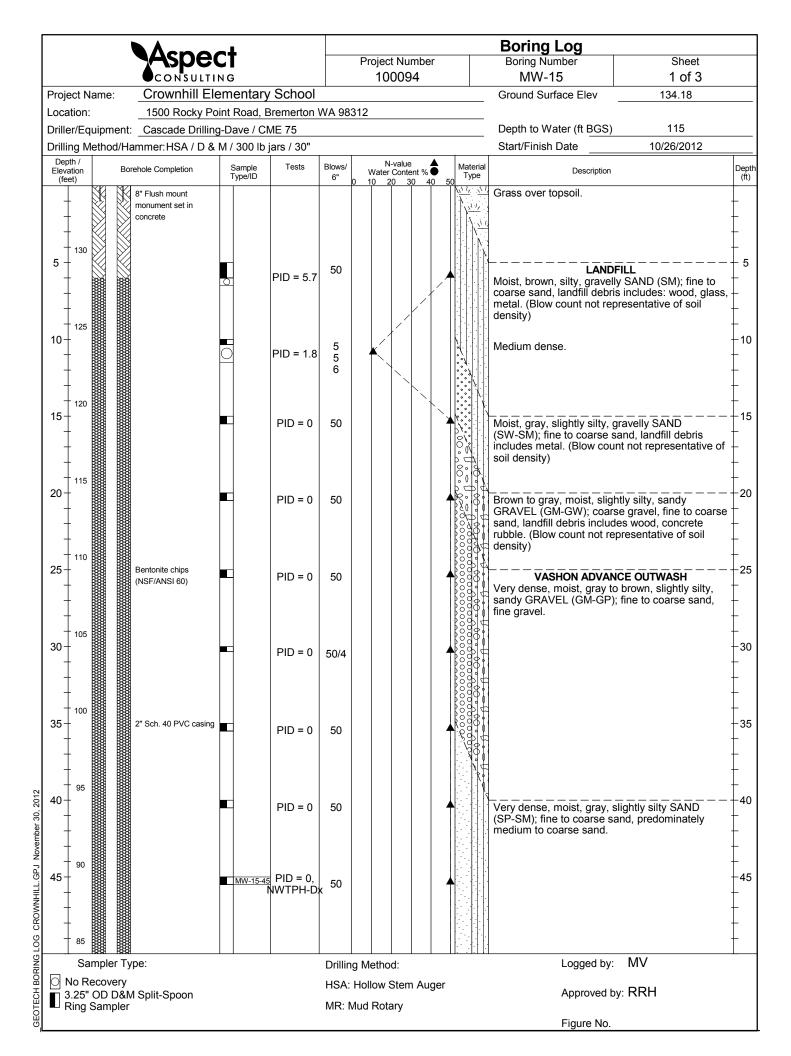


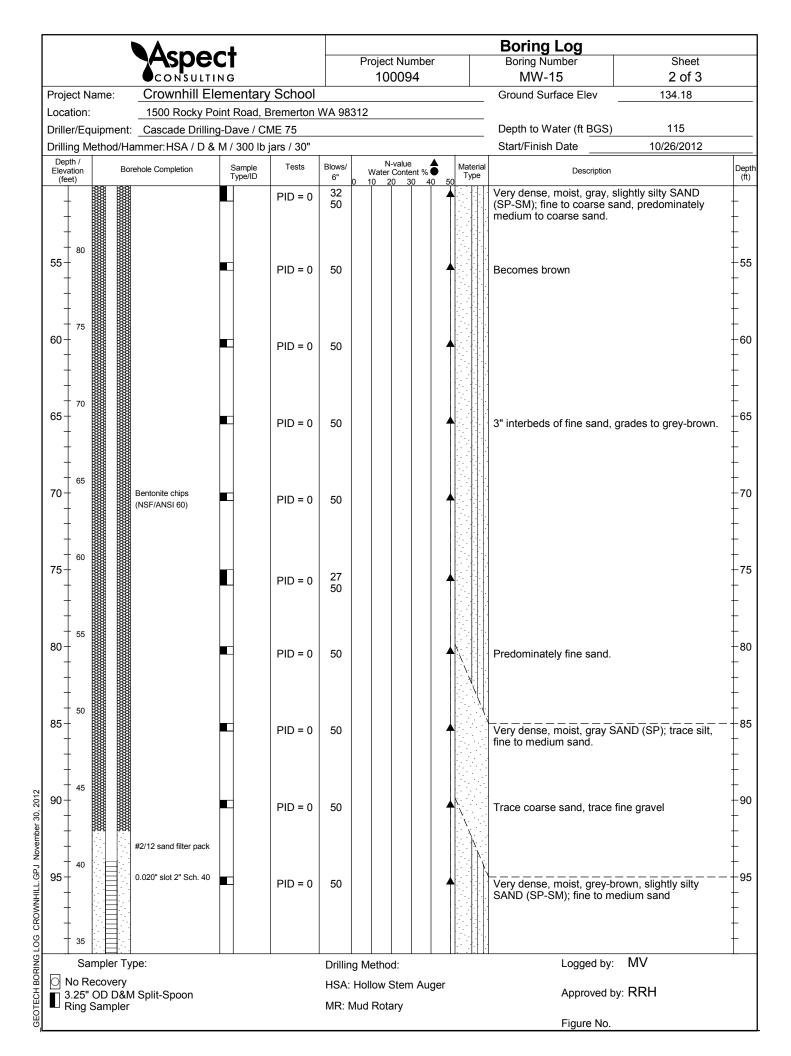


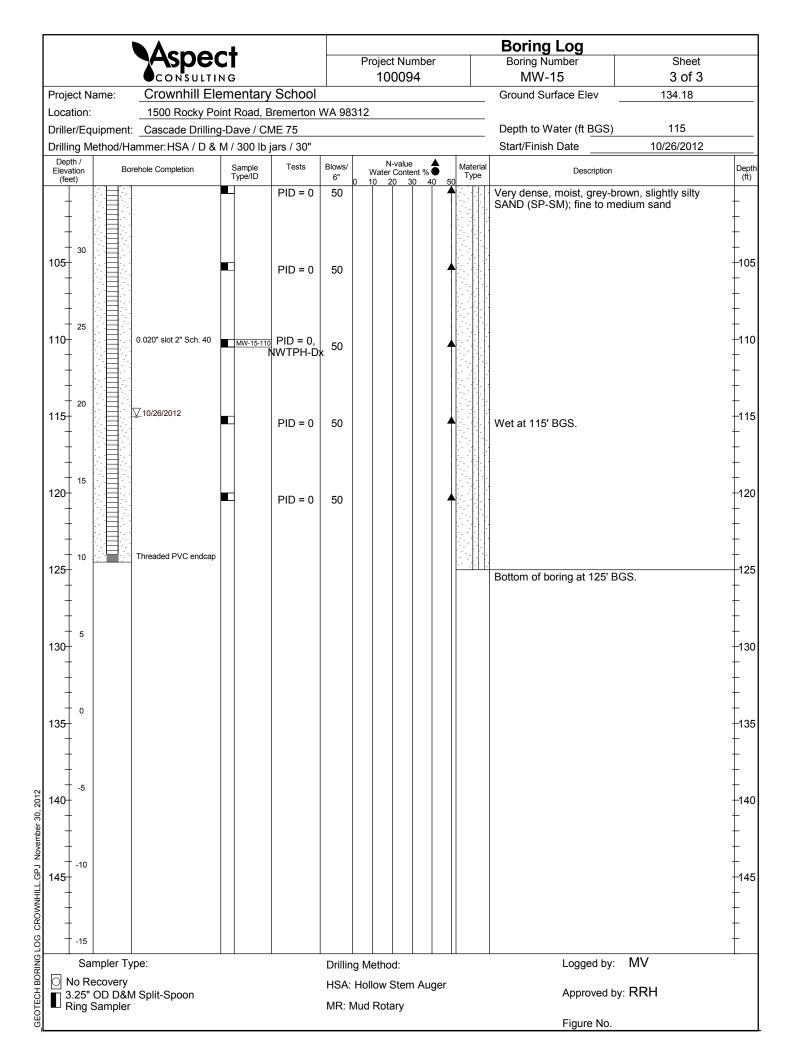


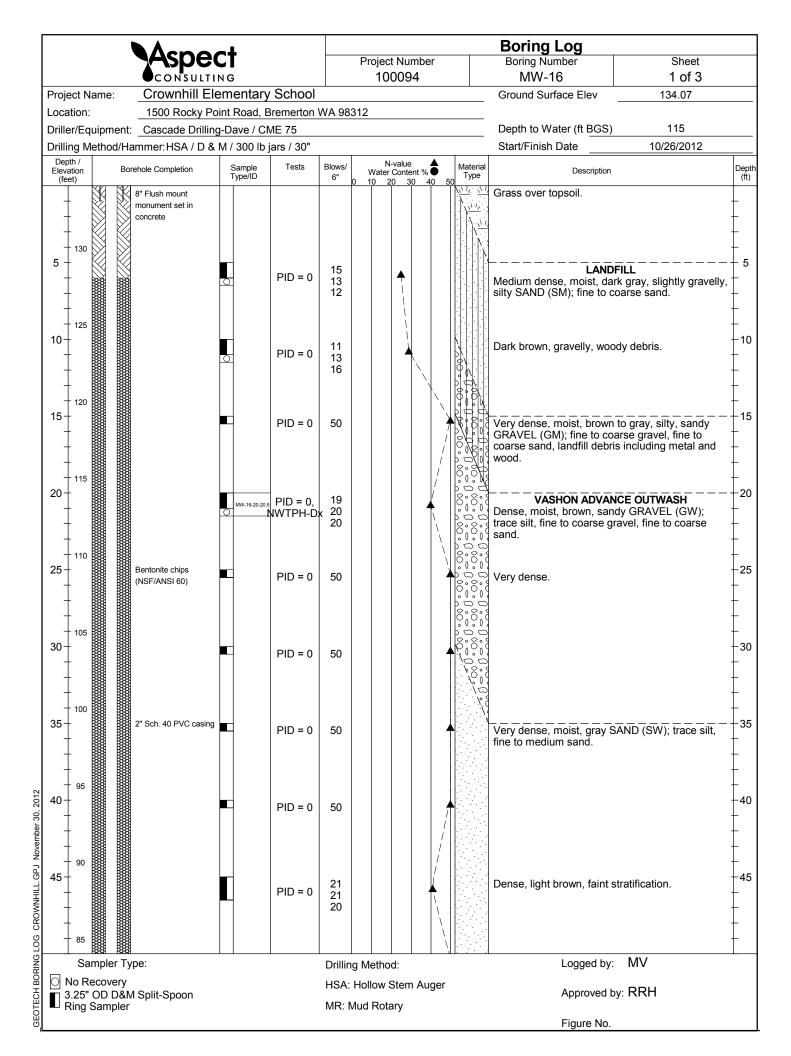


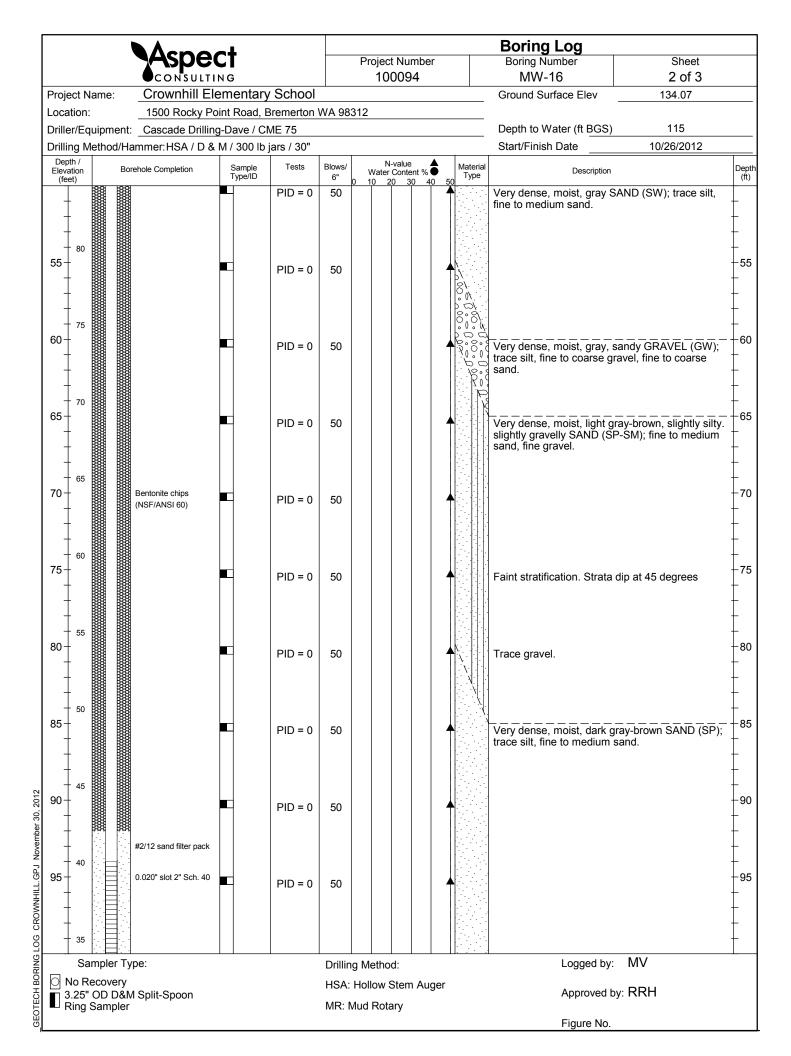


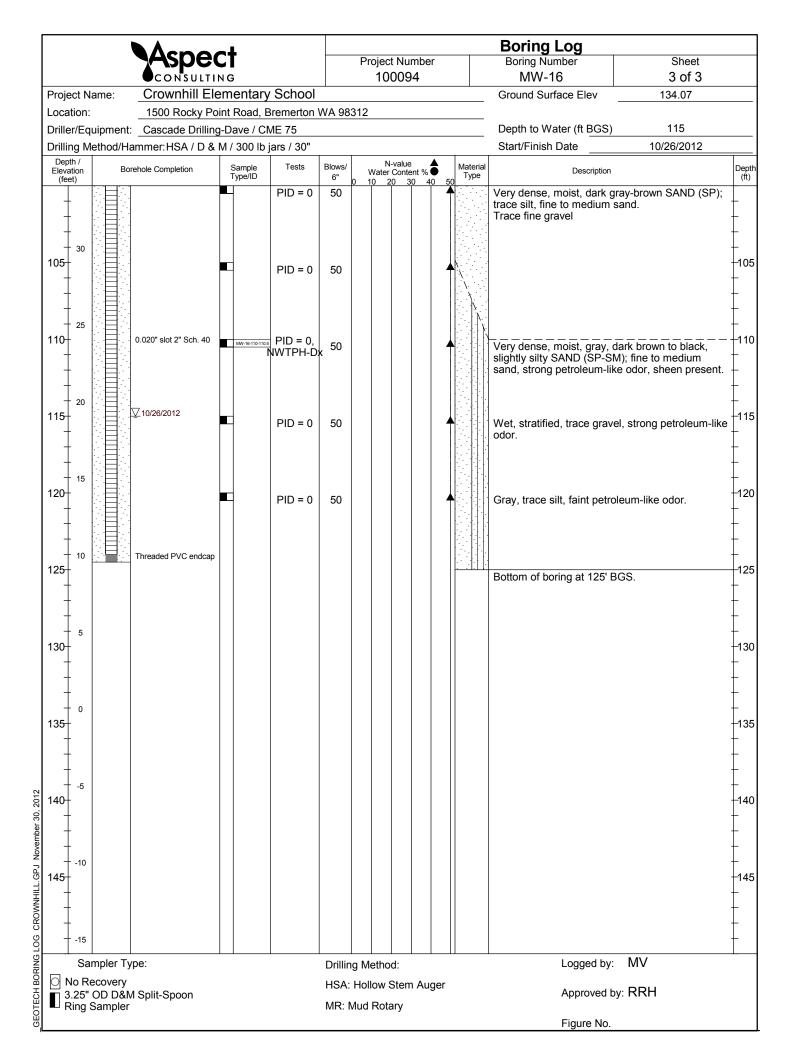










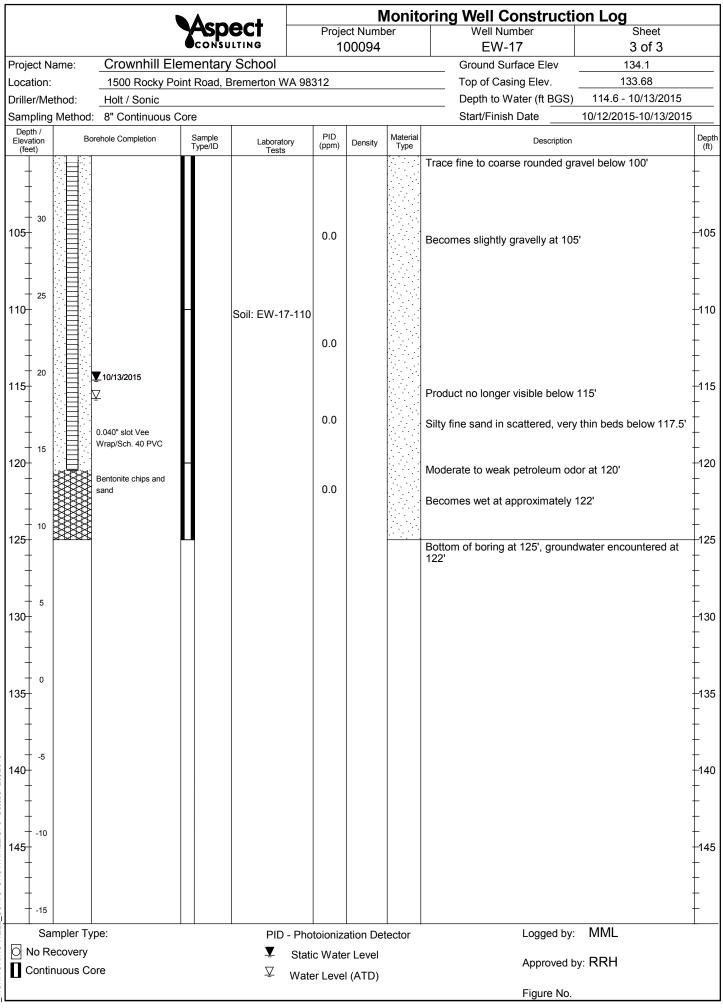


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Driller/Method:	Holt / Sonic		11 11/1 00012			Depth to Water (ft BGS)	114.6 - 10/13/2015	
	8" Continuous C	ore				Start/Finish Date	10/12/2015-10/13/2015	5
Depth /	rehole Completion	Sample Lab	oratory (ppr		Material Type	Description		Depth (ft)
	12" Eluch mount		0010		<u><u>x</u>, <i>y</i>, <i>x</i>, <i>y</i>,</u>	Grass over moist, brown, silty, s	sandy TOPSOIL; trace	
$ \begin{array}{c} (1000) \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ -$	12" Flush mount monument set in concrete Bentonite chips (NSF/ANSI 60) 4" Sch. 40 PVC casing					Grass over moist, brown, silty, s (ine gravel Moist, brown, silty, sandy, FILL; Gray, moist, silty, sandy GRAV sand, fine to coarse subrounded debris: metal, wire, glass Gray, moist, sandy, very gravell coarse subrounded gravel, prece abundant debris: metal, glass Brown, moist, silty, very gravelly GRAVEL (SM-GM); fine to coar subrounded gravel, predominar sand, glass and metal debris Becomes dark brown with wood Becomes very moist at 14' Very moist, dark brown, silty, sa fine to medium sand, fine to coar glass and metal debris VASHON ADVANCE Moist, brown, sandy GRAVEL((predominantly medium to coars rounded to subrounded gravel v debris Moist, brown, gravelly SAND (S coarse sand, fine rounded to su odor Becomes slightly gravelly with f	EL (GM); fine to coarse d gravel, abundant y SILT (ML); fine to lominantly fine sand, y SAND to very sandy se rounded to thy fine to medium ly debris at 11' andy, GRAVEL (GM); arse subrounded gravel, BW); trace silt, e sand, fine to coarse with cobbles, no visible	- 5
			0.0)	× • • •	Moist, brown SAND (SP); predo scattered very thinly bedded slig odor		+
Sampler Ty	pe:	F	PID - Photoior	ization De	etector	Logged by:	MML	
O No Recovery	bre	Ţ	7	ater Level		Approved b	by: RRH	
		Ţ	Water Le	vel (ATD)				
L						Figure No.		

MONITORING WELL_SONIC CROWNHILL.GPJ October 29, 2015

	· · · · · ·			ct Numb	er	oring Well Constructi	Sheet	
			1	00094		EW-17	2 of 3	
Project Name:		ementary School	00040			Ground Surface Elev	<u> </u>	
ocation: Driller/Method:		int Road, Bremerton W/	4 98312			Top of Casing Elev. Depth to Water (ft BGS)	114.6 - 10/13/2015	
	Holt / Sonic od: 8" Continuous C	`ore				Start/Finish Date	10/12/2015-10/13/2015	5
Depth /			DID		Material		10/12/2013-10/13/2013	
Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID Laboratory Tests	PID (ppm)	Density	Material Type	Description		De (1
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- 75								t_
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- 🗱 🎙			0.0					+
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+					6			+
+ 60	×		0.0			Moist, gray, sandy GRAVEL (G	W); fine to coarse	$+$ _
75-					DDD	rounded gravel, predominantly r petroleum odor, visible product	medium sand, strong	+7
					0,0,0			1
-	×		0.0		0,0,0			+
- 55					000			t.
80 -					0000			-8
-	×		60.1					+
- 🕅			00.1					+
- 50		Soil: EW-17	-84 145		8.8.8			+
85	×					Moist, gray SAND (SP); fine to	medium sand, strong	
						petroleum odor, medium sheen	, no visible product	+
- 💥			61.6					+
45								t_
90+						Petroleum odor becomes faint a	at 90'	<u>+</u> 9
- 8								+
- 🗱								+
40								+
95						Product visible below 95.25'		+9
								Ļ
	#8/12 sand filter pack							+
- 35			319					+
Sampler	Туре:	PID -	Photoioniz	ation Det	tector	Logged by:	MML	
O No Recover	ŷ	Ţ	Static Wate	er Level		A		
Continuous	Core	Σ,	Water Leve	l (ATD)		Approved b	9. ККП	
				· -/		Figure No.		

MONITORING WELL_SONIC CROWNHILL.GPJ October 29, 2015



MONITORING WELL_SONIC CROWNHILL.GPJ October 29, 2015

APPENDIX B

Soil Gas Data Sheets

Well ID: MW-5 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):108Depth to Water (ft TOC):133Total Depth (ft TOC):133Baro. Pressure (in Hg):133Probe Pressure (" wc):100Total Casing Volume (L):67Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)13

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged (L)	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO (ppm)	H ₂ S (ppm)	Bal (%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	16.7	5	200						
0.50	33.4	5	400						
0.75	50.0	5	600						
1.00	66.7	5	801						
1.25	83.4	5	1001						
1.50	100.1	5	1201						
1.75	116.8	5	1401						
2.00	133.4	5	1601						
2.25	150.1	5	1801						
2.50	166.8	5	2002						
2.75	183.5	5	2202						
3.00	200.2	5	2402						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-6 Date & Time:

> Top of Screen (ft TOC): 116 Depth to Water (ft TOC): Total Depth (ft TOC): 136.17 Baro. Pressure (in Hg): Probe Pressure (" wc): Total Casing Volume (L): 72 Probe Diameter (in): 2 1 CV Purge Time (min) 14

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO	H ₂ S	Bal (%volume)
	(L)			(%voluitie)	(%volume)	(%volume)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	17.9	5	215						
0.50	35.9	5	431						
0.75	53.8	5	646						
1.00	71.8	5	861						
1.25	89.7	5	1077						
1.50	107.7	5	1292						
1.75	125.6	5	1507						
2.00	143.5	5	1722						
2.25	161.5	5	1938						
2.50	179.4	5	2153						
2.75	197.4	5	2368						
3.00	215.3	5	2584						
Comments:									

C O N S U L T I N G



Well ID: MW-8 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):100Depth to Water (ft TOC):120Total Depth (ft TOC):120Baro. Pressure (in Hg):120Probe Pressure (" wc):120Total Casing Volume (L):62Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged (L)	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO (ppm)	H ₂ S (ppm)	Bal (%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	15.4	5	185						
0.50	30.9	5	371						
0.75	46.3	5	556						
1.00	61.8	5	741						
1.25	77.2	5	927						
1.50	92.7	5	1112						
1.75	108.1	5	1297						
2.00	123.6	5	1483						
2.25	139.0	5	1668						
2.50	154.4	5	1853						
2.75	169.9	5	2039						
3.00	185.3	5	2224						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-9 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):107Depth to Water (ft TOC):126.6Total Depth (ft TOC):126.6Baro. Pressure (in Hg):126.6Probe Pressure (" wc):126.6Total Casing Volume (L):66Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)13

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄	CO ₂	O_2	CO	H ₂ S	Bal
_	(L)		-	(%volume)	(%volume)	(%volume)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	16.5	5	198						
0.50	32.9	5	395						
0.75	49.4	5	593						
1.00	65.9	5	790						
1.25	82.3	5	988						
1.50	98.8	5	1185						
1.75	115.2	5	1383						
2.00	131.7	5	1581						
2.25	148.2	5	1778						
2.50	164.6	5	1976						
2.75	181.1	5	2173						
3.00	197.6	5	2371						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-12 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):94Depth to Water (ft TOC):124Total Depth (ft TOC):124Baro. Pressure (in Hg):124Probe Pressure (" wc):124Total Casing Volume (L):58Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO	H ₂ S	Bal (%volume)
	(L)		0	(%voluitie)	(%volume)	(%volume)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	14.5	5	174						
0.50	29.0	5	348						
0.75	43.6	5	523						
1.00	58.1	5	697						
1.25	72.6	5	871						
1.50	87.1	5	1045						
1.75	101.6	5	1219						
2.00	116.1	5	1394						
2.25	130.7	5	1568						
2.50	145.2	5	1742						
2.75	159.7	5	1916						
3.00	174.2	5	2091						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-13 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):94Depth to Water (ft TOC):124Total Depth (ft TOC):124Baro. Pressure (in Hg):124Probe Pressure (" wc):12Total Casing Volume (L):58Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged (L)	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO (ppm)	H ₂ S (ppm)	Bal (%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	14.5	5	174						
0.50	29.0	5	348						
0.75	43.6	5	523						
1.00	58.1	5	697						
1.25	72.6	5	871						
1.50	87.1	5	1045						
1.75	101.6	5	1219						
2.00	116.1	5	1394						
2.25	130.7	5	1568						
2.50	145.2	5	1742						
2.75	159.7	5	1916						
3.00	174.2	5	2091						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-15 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):93Depth to Water (ft TOC):123.19Total Depth (ft TOC):123.19Baro. Pressure (in Hg):123.19Probe Pressure (" wc):12Total Casing Volume (L):58Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged (L)	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO (ppm)	H ₂ S (ppm)	Bal (%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	14.4	5	173						
0.50	28.8	5	345						
0.75	43.2	5	518						
1.00	57.6	5	691						
1.25	72.0	5	864						
1.50	86.4	5	1036						
1.75	100.7	5	1209						
2.00	115.1	5	1382						
2.25	129.5	5	1554						
2.50	143.9	5	1727						
2.75	158.3	5	1900						
3.00	172.7	5	2073						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-16 Date & Time:

> Top of Screen (ft TOC): 94 Depth to Water (ft TOC): Total Depth (ft TOC): 124 Baro. Pressure (in Hg): Probe Pressure (" wc): Total Casing Volume (L): 58 Probe Diameter (in): 2 1 CV Purge Time (min) 12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume Purged	Volume Purged (L)	Purge Rate (L/min)	Purge Time (s)	CH ₄ (%volume)	CO ₂ (%volume)	O ₂ (%volume)	CO (ppm)	H ₂ S (ppm)	Bal (%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	14.5	5	174						
0.50	29.0	5	348						
0.75	43.6	5	523						
1.00	58.1	5	697						
1.25	72.6	5	871						
1.50	87.1	5	1045						
1.75	101.6	5	1219						
2.00	116.1	5	1394						
2.25	130.7	5	1568						
2.50	145.2	5	1742						
2.75	159.7	5	1916						
3.00	174.2	5	2091						
Comments:									



Well ID: MW-17 Date & Time:

Top of Screen (ft TOC):101Depth to Water (ft TOC):120.5Total Depth (ft TOC):120.5Baro. Pressure (in Hg):120.5Probe Pressure (" wc):120.5Total Casing Volume (L):62Probe Diameter (in):21 CV Purge Time (min)12

Screen submerged?

Rising or falling?

Casing Volume	Volume Purged	Purge Rate	Purge Time (s)	CH_4	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	H ₂ S	Bal
Purged	(L)	(L/min)	r arge rine (c)	(%volume)	(%volume)	(%volume)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%volume)
0	0	0	0						
0.25	15.5	5	186						
0.50	31.0	5	373						
0.75	46.6	5	559						
1.00	62.1	5	745						
1.25	77.6	5	931						
1.50	93.1	5	1118						
1.75	108.7	5	1304						
2.00	124.2	5	1490						
2.25	139.7	5	1676						
2.50	155.2	5	1863						
2.75	170.7	5	2049						
3.00	186.3	5	2235						
Comments:									