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DATA GAPS INVESTIGATION WORK PLAN ADDENDUM 1 – Hydrogeological Characterization Well Installation

LOWER ISSAQUAH VALLEY ISSAQUAH, WASHINGTON

Prepared for

The City of Issaquah 1775 – 12th Ave NW Issaquah, WA 98027

Prepared by

Geosyntec Consultants, Inc. 520 Pike Street, Suite 2600 Seattle, Washington 98101

Project Number: PNG0989

November 2022



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Robert H. Adenie

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Cup Butt

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November 2022



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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

CSM Conceptual Site Model



DAHP Department of Archeology and Historical Preservation

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

ft bgs feet below ground surface Geosyntec Geosyntec Consultants, Inc.

HASP Health & Safety Plan
IAA Interagency Agreement
IDP Inadvertent Discovery Plan
IDW Investigation-derived waste
LIV Lower Issaquah Valley

NTUs nephelometric turbidity units

PFAS per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances

PFBS perfluorobutanesulfonic acid

PFNA perfluorononanoic acid PFOA perfluorooctanoic acid

PFOS perfluorooctanesulfonic acid PFHxS perfluorohexanesulfonic acid PID photoionization detector

POTW Publicly Owned Treatment Works

PVC polyvinylchloride

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan SOP Standard Operating Procedures

SPWD Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District

THAs Task Hazard Analyses

USCS United Soil Classification System

VOCs volatile organic compounds



1. INTRODUCTION

The Per-and Poly-Fluoroalkyl Substances Data Gaps Investigation Work Plan (Work Plan) was prepared by Farallon for Eastside Fire and Rescue in July 2022 as part of the Interagency Agreement (IAA) for the Lower Issaquah Valley Partnership. This Hydrogeological Characterization Work Plan is an addendum (Work Plan Addendum) to the Work Plan and has been prepared by Geosyntec Consultants, Inc. (Geosyntec) on behalf of the City of Issaquah. This Work Plan Addendum describes installation of one deep groundwater monitoring well to collect geologic and hydrogeologic information and per-and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) data. These data will be used to refine the Conceptual Site Model (CSM) and groundwater MODFLOW model.

This work will be completed following the procedures outlined in the Work Plan and its appendices, including:

- Work Plan Appendix A Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP).
- Work Plan Appendix B Inadvertent Discovery Plan (IDP).
- Work Plan Appendix C Standard Operating Procedures.
- Work Plan Appendix D Field Forms. Field forms will generally mirror these forms but will be Geosyntec forms.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Work Plan Addendum is to describe proposed additional well installation and sampling procedures that will be performed under IAA No. C2200183. The rationale for the well location and CSM data gaps were described in the CSM Report (Geosyntec, November 2022). The proposed monitoring well location is shown on Figure 1.

1.2 Previous Investigations and Background

The project background and prior investigations were described in the Work Plan. Five monitoring wells were installed in August 2022 by Farallon. The new monitoring well proposed in this Work Plan Addendum will be co-located with or nearby existing monitoring wells.

1.3 Scope of Work Overview

The scope of work included in this Work Plan Addendum includes the following:

- Installation of one monitoring well to a maximum depth of three-hundred (300) feet below ground surface (bgs);
- Observation and sampling of the deeper portions of the A Zone Aquifer and Deep Aquitard (deep silt);



- Collection of grab-groundwater samples during drilling to characterize the vertical changes in PFAS concentrations in the deeper portion of the A Zone Aquifer and Deep Aquitard;
- Collocation of soil samples from the deeper portion of the A Zone Aquifer and Deep Aquitard to provide data to evaluate potential diffusion through the Aquitard;
- Development of the newly installed monitoring well;
- Incorporation of the newly installed monitoring wells into the quarterly sampling schedule for the Lower Issaquah Valley (LIV) that is implemented by Farallon; and
- Coordination and disposal of investigation-derived waste (IDW) characterization and off-site disposal.

2. TASK 1 - MONITORING WELL DRILLING, INSTALLATION, AND SAMPLING

Task 1 includes drilling, installation, and development of the monitoring well and collection of baseline groundwater quality samples in the LIV. The proposed monitoring well location is shown in Figure 1. The location of the well was determined based on flow paths to City Well 4 (COI-PW04), as described in the CSM Report (Geosyntec, November 2022), PFAS results from the new wells installed in August 2022 (Farallon, October 2022), and accessibility for drilling (i.e. utility clearance).

2.1 Pre-Field Activities

2.1.1 Notification and Coordination with Tribes and the Department of Archeology and Historical Preservation (DAHP)

Prior to the investigation, a site walk will be conducted by Geosyntec and representatives from the City to identify potential well locations. If required, the well location will be submitted to the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) to share with the Tribes and the DAHP for their review of the proposed monitoring well location and general work areas. A map of well location will be sent to a DAHP representative at least one month prior to the implementation of drilling activities.

2.1.2 Notification and Coordination with Other Public and Private Entities

Coordination with the City and private landowners will be completed to identify private underground utilities and obtain concurrence on proposed drilling locations. In addition, coordination will be needed with the City for traffic control and permits, if required, and temporary storage of IDW.



2.1.2.1 Utility Clearance

A Washington Utility Ticket will be called in (811) prior to the investigation. In addition, Geosyntec will work with a private utility locator to identify underground utilities in the area of the planned monitoring well. The monitoring well location will be adjusted in the field as needed based on utility locations.

2.1.3 Coordination with Subcontractors

Subcontractors will include an analytical laboratory and drilling subcontractors. Prior to fieldwork, Geosyntec will coordinate with the laboratory to determine appropriate analytical methods, sample containers and preservation, reporting limits, and data reporting packages. Geosyntec will also coordinate with the drilling subcontractor to determine the drilling schedule, staging, sequencing, water sampling strategies during drilling, and well construction specifications.

2.1.4 Health & Safety

Prior to field activities, a project-specific HASP was prepared (Appendix A). Task Hazard Analyses (THAs) will also be prepared to evaluate specific tasks.

2.2 Well Locations and Drilling Methodology

One new groundwater monitoring well (NLS-MW03) will be installed as follows:

- Location: The well will be installed in the southeast portion of Salmon Run Nature Park near existing wells COI-MW05, IES-MW07, and IES-MW12. The well will provide hydrogeologic information along the flow path to COI-PW04, from the Shallow and A Zone Aquifers, and the Deep Aquitard.
- Screen Interval: It is anticipated that the monitoring well will be screened in the deep A Zone Aquifer above the silt aquitard (if encountered) or in the upper B Zone Aquifer below the silt aquitard, depending on the depth the silt is encountered. The priority will be to install the well in the upper B Zone Aquifer if it is encountered within the planned drilling depths. If a distinct silt aquitard is not encountered or if it does not correlate with the aquitard logged at COI-PW05, the well will be completed at the bottom of the boring (i.e., 300 feet bgs).

Drilling and monitoring well installation will be performed by a Washington-licensed and bonded well driller using a SonicTM drilling rig (Holt Drilling LLC, Tacoma, Washington). Drilling and well installation methods will be conducted in accordance with Ecology regulations.

Sonic drilling method will also include the retrieval of a continuous core for logging geology. Soil cores will be laid on plastic sheeting (visqueen) until the entire well has been logged by the onsite geologist. The maximum total depth of the well is assumed to be approximately 300 feet bgs. The cores will be logged by visual-manual methods using the United Soil Classification System (USCS). The soil core will be field screened for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a photoionization detector (PID) and for petroleum hydrocarbons using sheen testing. Field



screening and classification information will be recorded on a field boring log, along with information from the drilling rig, such as drilling penetration rate, heaving sands, and other information from the driller. Select soil samples will be collected for grain size analysis and possible PFAS testing. Photographs of the soil core will be taken in the field. Once the target depth or zone (below the Deep Aquitard) is reached, the monitoring well will be installed. The well depth and screened interval may be adjusted in the field depending on observations made during drilling.

The monitoring well will be completed using 4-inch schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing and screen with flush-joint threaded PVC materials, 0.010-inch slot, factory-cut well screens (10 up to 20 feet). Once the casing and screen are set, clean silica sand will be tremied from the base of the borehole to approximately 2 to 3 feet above the top of the screen interval. An annular seal will be placed above the sand pack and will consist of approximately 2 to 3 feet of hydrated bentonite chips. Following placement of the annular seal, the remainder of the borehole will be filled with hydrated bentonite chips to the ground surface.

The surface completion of the well will be a flush-mounted, traffic-rated monument (minimum diameter 7 inches) set in concrete. After installation, the wells will be secured with lockable, expandable-gasket caps. Well construction details will be recorded by Geosyntec's onsite geologist during well installation.

Soil cuttings and decontamination water will be contained in 55-gallon drums by the driller and stored in a location indicated by the City.

2.3 Groundwater and Soil Sample Collection During Drilling

Groundwater samples will be obtained at approximately 150 feet bgs and every 50 feet thereafter (150, 200, 250, and 300, or 4 samples). Groundwater samples will be obtained by setting a one- or two-inch diameter temporary stainless steel well screen in the casing and pulling back the casing to expose the well screen. Groundwater samples will be obtained using a submersible pump inserted into the temporary well. Approximately one tubing volume will be purged prior to sample collection.

Soil samples will be collected from the silt aquitard, if encountered, for analytical testing of PFAS. Samples will be grab samples obtained from the top of the silt (Deep Aquitard) and every 10 to 20 feet of thickness.

Groundwater and soil samples will be obtained in laboratory-supplied containers, placed into a cooler with ice, and submitted to Eurofins Laboratory (Sacramento, CA). The laboratory certification is provided in Appendix B.

2.4 Monitoring Well Development

After a minimum of 48 hours following well installation, the monitoring wells will be developed using a combination of bailing, surging, and pumping. Groundwater quality parameters (temperature, pH, specific conductance, and turbidity) will be measured during purging activities to determine when development can cease. Wells will be developed to remove the fine-grained



materials inside the filter pack and casing, stabilize the filter pack around the well screen, and produce representative water samples from the water-bearing zone. The turbidity of the water purged from the well during well development will be measured. Development will continue until low turbidity conditions are measured (<50 nephelometric turbidity units [NTUs]), field parameters are stable, and/or 10 well volumes have been removed. The well development SOP is included in Appendix B of the Work Plan.

Field personnel shall not use Teflon® tubing, other equipment made of Teflon® or other potentially PFAS-containing materials for well installation and development, as stipulated in the Work Plan.

Following installation and development, we will coordinate with Farallon to survey the newly installed monitoring well and tie the well into the existing well network. A licensed surveyor will collect location coordinates (x,y) and top of casing and ground surface elevations (z).

2.5 Investigation-Derived Waste (IDW)

IDW will consist of soil cuttings, development and purge water, and solid waste.

- Soil cuttings will be placed into 55-gallon drums staged at the drilling site during well installation. Once the drilling is complete, the drums will be labeled and moved to a temporary storage location designated by the City. An SOP for field IDW management is included in Appendix C of the Work Plan. We estimate that one composite soil sample will be collected from the drums for waste characterization. Once characterized and accepted by the landfill, soil IDW will be disposed of at an off-site permitted facility.
- Decontamination, development, and purge water will be temporarily contained in 300-gallon totes or 55-gallon drums, labeled, and staged at a location designated by the City. The water IDW will be sampled and disposed of upon approval from the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) (either King county or Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District [SPWD]) (into the sanitary sewer) or to an offsite permitted facility.
- Solid waste consisting of disposable gloves, disposable tubing, paper towels, etc., will be disposed of offsite as municipal solid waste.

2.6 Analytical Testing

The groundwater and soil samples collected during drilling will be submitted for analytical testing of the following:

- PFAS compounds using EPA Modified Method 537.1, including:
- perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)
- perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)
- perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)



- perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)
- perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)
- Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)
- Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)
- Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)
- Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)
- Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA)
- Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)
- Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)
- N-ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (NEtFOSAA
- N-methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (NMeFOSAA)
- Grain size by ASTM D422

Analytical testing will be completed using standard turnaround times. A data validation checklist will be completed upon receiving analytical laboratory results. Tier II data validation will consist of checking technical holding times, a completeness check to ensure that sample results are presented as requested, and a check that the associated quality control results are within specified method criteria.

Following well installation and development, the newly installed monitoring well will be incorporated into the monitoring well network and sampled for PFAS by Farallon.

3. DATA EVALUATION AND REPORTING

A well installation completion report, including draft boring logs and well construction details, and PFAS laboratory reports will be provided to Ecology thirty (30) days following completion of groundwater well drilling, assuming analytical results are received on time.



4. SCHEDULE

The project schedule is summarized in the table below.

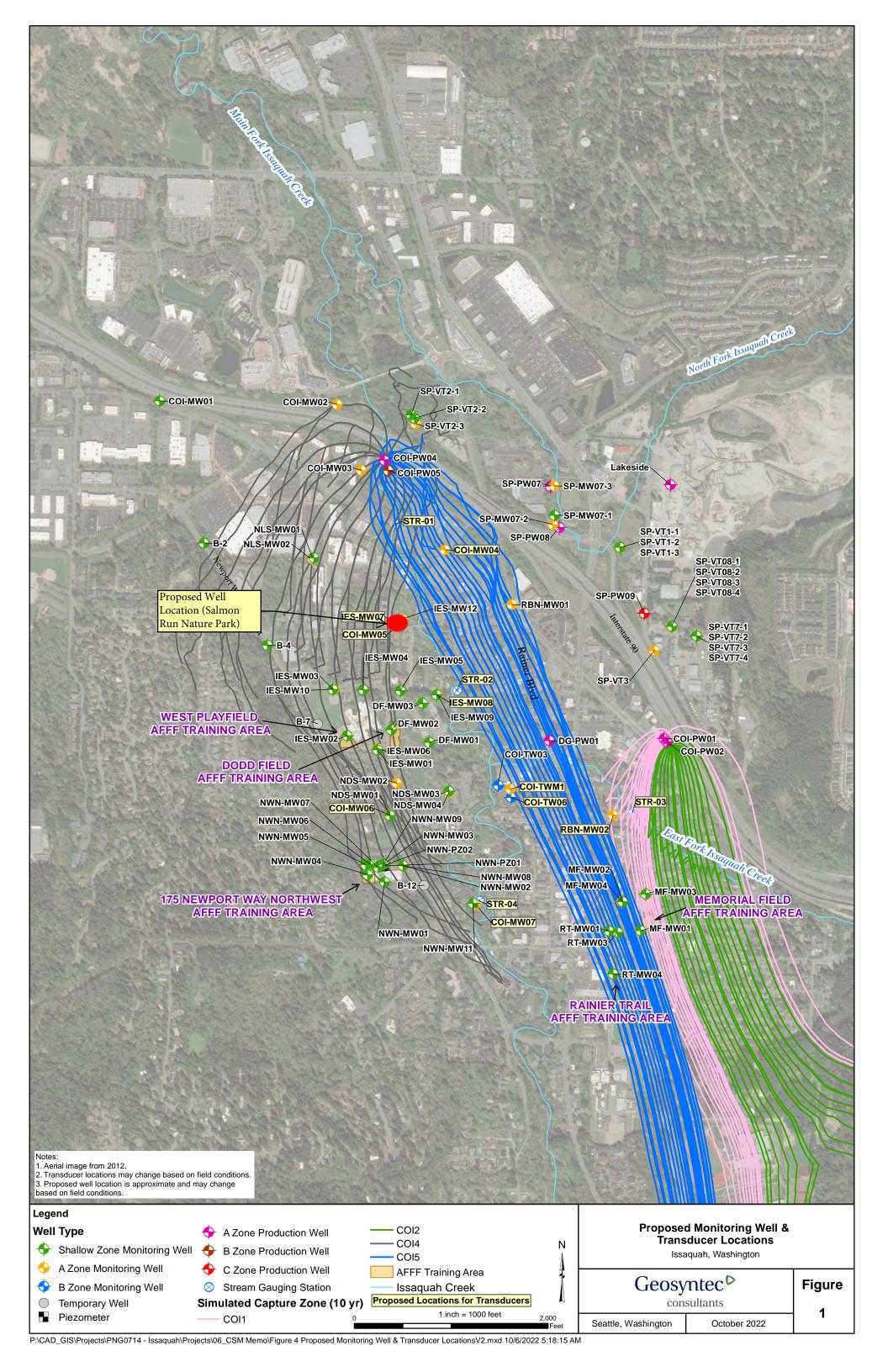
Task	Start Date	Finish Date
Draft Hydrogeological Work Plan Addendum Ecology Review Work Plan (complete)	10/7/22	11/15/22
Ecology Agreement on Proposed Well Location (complete)	10/7/22	10/21/22
Ecology and Tribe Cultural Resources consultation (complete)	10/22/22	11/21/22
FINAL Hydrogeological Work Plan Addendum (complete)	11/16/22	11/28/22
Field work - well install Assume 2 weeks (10 days), including development.	11/28/22	12/09/22
New Well Sampling (4Q) - Sampled by Farallon	12/12/2022	12/16/22
Draft Well Installation Completion Report (30 days from completion of drilling)	12/09/22	1/08/23

5. REFERENCE

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. (Farallon), 2022. Per- And Poly-Fluoroalkyl Substances Data Gap Investigation Work Plan, Lower Issaquah Valley, 175 Newport way Northwest, Issaquah, Washington, July 15, 2022.



FIGURE



APPENDIX A Health and Safety Plan (HASP)

City of Issaquah 670 1st Avenue N.E. Issaquah, WA 98027

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

City of Issaquah Hydrogeological Characterization Well Installation Issaquah, Washington

Prepared by



engineers | scientists | innovators

520 Pike St., Suite 2600 Seattle, WA 98101

Project Number: PNG0989

November 2022



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HSE Event Response and Notification



CHOOSE THE BEST PATH!

EMERGENCY EVENT

(catastrophic occurrence, injury or illness requiring emergency medical care, etc.)

IMMEDIATELY **CALL 911**

or alternate emergency number for your locale*

provide initial

:are/support*

Conduct First Responses

(rescue/assist injured, stop work, evacuate. stabilize worksite. other**)

Meet Arriving Emergency Responders

and apprise them of the situation (fire, ambulance, police, other)

Notify HSE TEAM ASAP

by phone or EVENT NOTIFICATION TOOL

NON-**EMERGENCY** EVENT or

NEAR MISS

Notify HSE Team using EVENT Stabilize the NOTIFICATION TOOL situation and

within 1 hour after injury/illness or vehicle accident: by end of workday for other events.

For injury/illness or vehicle accident, HSE ill attempt callback within hour of EVENT NOTIFICATION

Proceed as Directed by Medical and other

NOTIFY your Manager, Supervisor, Client, and other key contacts ASAP

For Incidents, COMPLETE full Incident Report within 24 hours (use link in followup email you'll receive after submitting an **EVENT NOTIFICATION)**

GOOD CATCH

(Observed unsafe condition or non-compliance, positive safety observation. improvement suggestion, etc.) Submit a Good Catch using the **EVENT NOTIFICATION TOOL** (on same day of occurrence)

IMPORTANT: To load the **EVENT NOTIFICATION TOOL** onto your mobile device, scan this QR code:



- * 911 in North America; 112 in EU; 999 & 112 both applicable in UK; 000 in Australia; for other country- or site-specific numbers, see your Written Safety Plan or Office Emergency Plan ** First response actions by site/project team should always be in accordance with general-duty obligations, on-site roles, and training qualifications
- *** Employees may initiate a call for medical triage/support if no call-back received from HSE within 60 minutes of Event Notification, or if HSE is not available directly by phone. For the medical support contact in your location (WorkCare in North America; location-specific elsewhere) see your Written Safety Plan or Office Emergency Plan, as applicable

If you have questions or concerns about any workplace health and safety matter, please contact a member of your Corporate SE Team for assistance:

Global HSE Director **Bob Poll** M: +1 813-240-9231

HSE Programs Professional Andrew Thomas M: +1 508-649-3254

Multinational Region/US Mark Malchik M: +1 781-392-5440

Multinational Region/Intl Jason Ford M: +1 226-220-3401

South Region M: +1 404-435-4722

Central Region Joe Esseichick M: +1 734-417-0909

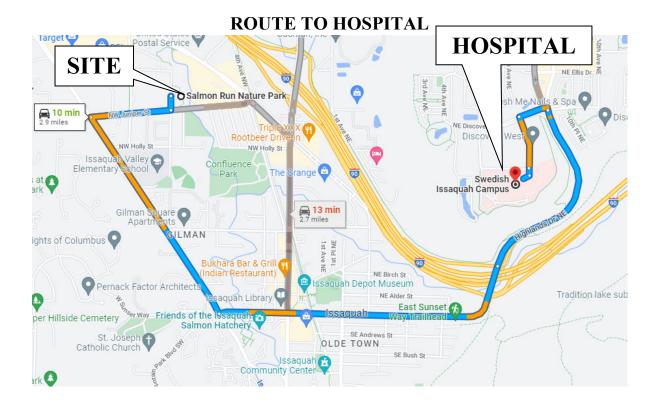
West Region Madison McLaughlin M: +1 951-990-2888

Canada Dean Zapishny M: +1 519-494-3031

GEOSYNTEC FAMILY OF COMPANIES







Swedish Medical Center - Issaquah

425-313-4000 751 NE Blakely Dr Issaquah, WA 98029

Written Directions to Hospital from Site:

Turn right (west) on Juniper Street go $\rightarrow 0.2$ mi then Turn left onto Newport Way NW go $\rightarrow 2.3$ mi then Turn left onto W Sunset Way go $\rightarrow 1.0$ mi Continue onto Highlands Dr NE $\rightarrow 0.3$ mi Turn left onto NE Discovery Dr $\rightarrow 0.1$ mi Turn left onto 8th Ave NE $\rightarrow 0.2$ mi Continue straight $\rightarrow 115$ ft

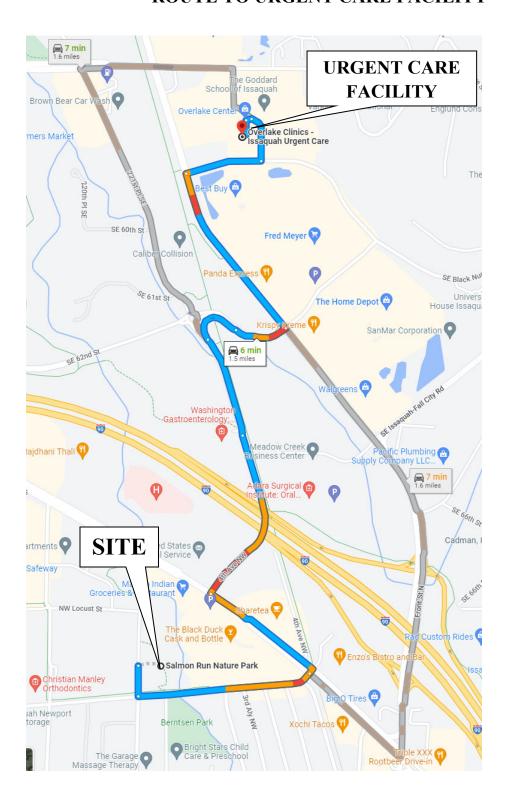
Turn right onto NE Blakely Dr → 108 ft

Arrive at NE Blakely Dr The last intersection is 8th Ave NE If you reach 7th Ave NE, you've gone too far

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ROUTE TO URGENT CARE FACILITY





Overlake Medical Clinics Urgent Care Issaquah

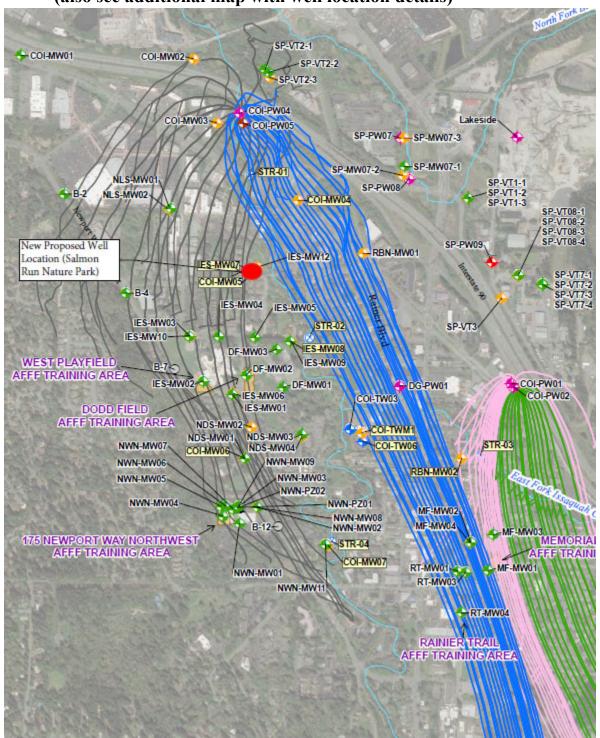
425-688-5777 5708 E Lake Sammamish Pkwy SE Issaquah, WA 98029

Written Directions to Urgent Care Facility from Site:

Turn Left onto NW Juniper St and go \rightarrow 0.2 mi Turn Left onto NW Gilman Blvd \rightarrow 0.3 mi Turn right onto 4th Ave NW, Continue onto 221st Pl SE Slight right toward and merge onto SE 62nd St (go right at traffic circle) Turn left onto E Lake Sammamish Pkwy SE \rightarrow 0.3 mi Turn right onto SE Black Nuggest Rd and arrive at clinic on the left



SITE MAPS
(also see additional map with well location details)



1. INTRODUCTION

This site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) was prepared to address project-specific hazards known or suspected to be present associated with the existing conditions and work to be performed at the work site(s). This HASP was prepared to meet the requirements specified in Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) Hazardous Waste Operations Emergency and Response (HAZWOPER) program, Geosyntec's Health and Safety (H&S) Procedure HS 301, and the H&S requirements of the client.

2. SIGNATURES

2.1 <u>Preparers and Reviewers</u>

This HASP must be maintained on site when fieldwork is being performed. The Site Health and Safety Officer (SHSO) can change or amend this document, in agreement with the Health and Safety Coordinator (HSC) or Project Manager. Amendments (e.g., changes in personal protective equipment, addition of tasks, etc.) must be documented in Section 19 and in Appendix A. This HASP must be reviewed and amended on an annual basis for projects lasting more than one year.

7/11/10

Prepared by:		10/18/22		
Trepared by.	Vanessa Maldonado	Date		
Reviewed by:	Adman Jano	10/18/22		
	HSC – Adrianna Jarosz	Date		
Approved by:	Cing Butt	11/18/22		
	Project Manager – Cindy Bartlett	Date		
This HASP has been given to the following H&S approved subcontractor(s).				
Subcontractor:	Representative:	Date:		
Subcontractor:	Representative:	Date:		

1

			Geosyntec consultants
Subcontractor:	Representative:	Date:	
2.2 <u>Site Workers</u>			
This HASP must be reviewed initial meeting must be trained After reading the HASP and parties covered under this HAS "I have read, understand, and in this HASP."	by the SHSO on the information attending a pre-entry briefing SP must sign the following ack	ion covered in the pag, Geosyntec empenoveledgment state	ore-entry briefing. oloyees and other ement.
Signature	Printed Na	me	Date



3. EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

	Telephone Numbers		
Contact	Office	Alternate (Type)	
Fire Department	911	-	
Police Department	911	-	
Site Emergency Response (if applicable)	-	-	
Hospital - Swedish Medical Center in Issaquah	(425) 313-4000	-	
Director of H&S – Bob Poll	(831) 379-4420	(813) 240-9231	
H&S Regional Manager – Madison McLaughlin	(858) 716-2900	(951)-990-2888	
Project Manager – Cindy Bartlett	(971) 271-5895	(503) 505-4145 (Cell)	
Health & Safety Coordinator – Adrianna Jarosz	-	(206) 379-2002 (Cell)	
Site Health & Safety Officer – Jobe Traywick		707-854-8161 (Cell)	
Principal-in-Charge – Bob Anderson		(425) 922-0054 (Cell)	
Office manager – Lisa Curtis	(971) 271-5903	(971) 563-3651 (Cell)	
Utility Emergencies	811	-	
Work Care	(888) 449-7787	(714) 978-7488	
Client Contact – Matt Ellis (City of Issaquah)	(425) 837-3410	(425) 539-3654	

4. APPLICABILITY OF THIS HASP

This HASP was prepared in accordance with Geosyntec Consultants' H&S Procedures for use by Geosyntec project staff and subcontractors. Subcontractors, at a minimum, shall ensure that their employees, and those of its lower tier subcontractors, comply with these procedures and other health, safety and security provisions in the Subcontract. Compliance with this HASP shall represent the minimum requirements to be met by subcontractors, who shall be responsible for examining all requirements and determining whether additional or more stringent health, safety, and security provisions are appropriate for their portion of the work and implementing them accordingly. Therefore, for firms executing all or any portion of the work, this document and its contents should not be used without a thorough peer review by their health and safety managers. Prior to commencing work, such firms are responsible for reviewing and supplementing the HASP to add appropriate procedures specific to their portion of the work.

5. SITE/TASK/HAZARD DESCRIPTION

5.1 Site Background

The following is a brief description of the site, including information as to the location, approximate size, previous usage, and current usage. A description of the tasks to be performed is also presented.

	Site Location:	Juniper S	Run Nature Park, 5 th Ave NW and Street, Issaquah, Washington (see
• ,	Site Location:	site maps)
• 1	Approximate Size of Site:	N/A	
•]	Previous Site Usage:	N/A	
		• •	lic park next to Issaquah Creek.
Current Site Usage:		Three oth	er groundwater monitoring wells.
•]	Description of Surrounding Pr	roperty/Populatio	n:
North	varies	East	varies
South	varies	West	varies



• Summary of previous site investigations (if available/applicable):

The City of Issaquah (City) operates several drinking water supply wells that have become contaminated with Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Investigations in the Lower Issaquah Valley (LIV) have detected PFAS in unsaturated soil, saturated soil, and groundwater in four sites (areas) where Aqueous Film Forming Foams (AFFF) were used for fire suppression training. These four site have received Ecology early notice letters for investigation and cleanup.

PFAS monitoring at the four sites were comprehensively reported by Farallon in 2021 and 2022. Geosyntec identified 38 monitoring wells with PFAS concentrations that exceeded the Washington State Department of Health State Action Levels (SALs) for at least one of the five PFAS detected.

Additional investigation requires of the installation of one well to further characterize the extent of contamination and potential migration pathways to the City's deep production well.

5.2 Task Descriptions

Task 1: Oversight for Monitoring Well Installation and Development

This task involves oversight of a drilling subcontractor for drilling a deep boring and installation of one new groundwater monitoring well. The drilling methods will be conducted by a licensed driller subcontracted to Geosyntec. Prior to well installation, a "one call" and utility locator will be employed to identify potential subsurface utilities and marked accordingly.

The boring and well installation will be completed using sonic drilling methods. Soil will be characterized from soil cores and drill cuttings and collected for analytical testing. Discrete-depth groundwater sampling also will be conducted during drilling.

Well construction will occur following completion of the soil boring (total depth approximately 300 feet below ground surface). Following installation, the well will be developed by the driller using pumping and surging. Investigation-derived waste (soil cuttings, purge, and decontamination water) generated will be transferred to 55-gallon drums, staged at the City's maintenance shop or another location as directed by the City, and disposed off-site at a permitted facility.

Task Hazard Analyses (THAs) associated with these tasks are presented in Appendix B.

5.3 Chemical Hazards

The classes of chemicals that are known or suspected to be present that may be encountered while performing site work include the following:

• Perfluoroalkyl acids (PFAAs), including perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA), perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS), and perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS).

Controls for these hazards are presented in the THAs included in Appendix B. A summary of these chemical hazards is presented in Appendix C.

5.4 Physical Hazards

The following physical hazards have been identified associated with the work to be performed and the site conditions.

- Cold Stress
- Drilling
- Drum and Container Handling
- Hand/Foot Injury
- Heat Stress
- Heavy Equipment
- Lifting Heavy Loads
- Loud Noise/Vibration
- Slips, Trips, and Falls
- Thoroughfares / Traffic
- Urban Environments
- Utility Protection

Controls for these hazards are presented in the THAs included in Appendix B.



5.5 Biological Hazards

The following biological hazards have been identified associated with the work to be performed and the site conditions.

- Biting/mauling animals (bears, dogs, mountain lions, etc.)
- Biting/stinging insects

Controls for these hazards are presented in the THAs included in Appendix B.

6. GENERAL SAFE WORK PRACTICES

The following general safe work practices must be adhered to while performing site work:

- Basic PPE shall be worn, including hard hats, safety glasses, hard-toed boots, and high-visibility vests. If conditions allow, the requirement for hard hats and hard-toed boots may be reduced with approval of the SHSO and Project Manager.
- Minimize contact with impacted materials. Do not place equipment on the ground. Do not sit or kneel on potentially contaminated surfaces.
- Smoking, eating, or drinking after entering the work zone and before personal
 decontamination is not allowed. Employees who are suspected of being under the
 influence of illegal drugs or alcohol will be removed from the site. Workers taking
 prescribed medication that may cause drowsiness shall not operate heavy equipment and
 are prohibited from performing tasks where Level C or B personal protective equipment
 is required.
- Practice good housekeeping.
- Use of contact lenses is not allowed under certain hazardous working conditions.
- The following conditions must be observed when operating a motor vehicle:
 - Wearing of seat belts is mandatory
 - o The use of headlights is mandatory during periods of rain, fog, or other adverse weather or low-light conditions
 - o A backup warning system or use of vehicle horn is mandatory when the vehicle is engaged in a backward motion
 - o Posted traffic signs and directions from flagmen must be observed
 - Equipment and/or samples transported in vehicles must be secured from movement
 - o The use of vehicles acquired by Geosyntec by non-Geosyntec personnel is prohibited
- In an unknown situation, always assume the worst reasonable conditions.

- Be observant of your immediate surroundings and the surroundings of others. It is a team effort to notice and warn of dangerous situations. Withdrawal from a hazardous situation to reassess procedures is the preferred course of action.
- Conflicting situations may arise concerning safety requirements and working conditions. These must be addressed and resolved rapidly by the SHSO and PM to relieve motivations or pressures to circumvent established safety policies.
- Unauthorized breaches of specified safety protocol are not allowed. Workers unwilling or unable to comply with established procedures will be asked to leave the work site.

7. EMERGENCY RESPONSE

This section discusses emergency response procedures and response equipment to be maintained on site. A table presenting a list of contacts and telephone numbers for the applicable local and off-site emergency responders is provided inside the front cover of this HASP (after figures).

7.1 <u>Injury and Emergency Response Procedures</u>

In the event of an **injury** to an employee, the instructions for injury response and reporting, located in the front of this HASP, must be implemented immediately. In the event that an **emergency** develops, the following procedures are to be implemented:

- The Site Health and Safety Officer (SHSO), or designated alternate, should be immediately notified via the on-site communication system. The SHSO assumes control of the emergency response.
- If applicable, the SHSO must immediately notify off-site emergency responders (e.g., fire department, hospital, police department, etc.) and must inform the response team of the nature and location of the emergency on site.
- If applicable, the SHSO may call for evacuation of the site. Site workers should move to their respective refuge stations using the evacuation routes provided on the Site Map.
- For small fires, flames should be extinguished using the appropriate type of fire extinguisher. Large fires should be handled by the local fire department.
- If a worker is injured, the procedures presented in "Instructions for Injury Response", located in the front of this HASP, must be implemented immediately.
- After an incident has stabilized, the procedures presented in "Instructions for Incident Reporting", located in the front of this HASP, must be followed.

7.2 <u>Emergency Response Equipment</u>

Emergency response equipment will be maintained in the work area as necessary for this project. Examples of emergency response equipment include first aid kits, fire extinguishers (Type ABC), and eyewash bottles.

8. KEY PERSONNEL AND HEALTH AND SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES

Project personnel and their responsibilities in regard to health and safety concerns on this project are as follows:

Project Manager (PM): Cindy Bartlett

- Approve this HASP and amendments, if any;
- Monitor the field logbooks for health and safety work practices employed;
- Coordinate with SHSO so that emergency response procedures are implemented;
- Check that corrective actions are implemented;
- Check and document that qualified personnel receive this plan and are aware of its provisions and potential hazards associated with site operations, and that they are instructed in safe work practices and familiar with emergency response procedures; and
- Provide for appropriate monitoring, personal protective equipment, and decontamination materials.

Site Health and Safety Officer (SHSO): Jobe Traywick

- Prepare and implement project HASP and amendments, if any, and report to the Project Manager for action if deviations from the anticipated conditions exist and authorize the cessation of work if necessary;
- Check that site personnel meet the training and medical requirements;
- Conduct pre-entry briefing and daily tailgate safety meetings;
- Check that monitoring equipment and personal protective equipment are operating correctly according to manufacturer's instructions and such equipment is utilized by onsite personnel. Calibrate or check calibration of monitoring equipment and record results;
- Check that decontamination procedures are being implemented;
- Implement site emergency response and follow-up procedures;
- Notify the HSC in the event an emergency occurs; and
- Perform and document weekly inspections.

Health and Safety Coordinator (HSC): Adrianna Jarosz

- Review and audit HASP and amendments;
- Notify Director of Health & Safety when an emergency occurs;
- Assist with the implementation of the corporate health and safety program; and
- Consult with staff on health and safety issues.

Site Workers

- Provide verification of required health and safety training and medical surveillance prior to arriving at the site;
- Notify supervisors of workplace accomodation requirements as the result of physical limitations or medical conditions;
- Attend pre-entry briefings and daily tailgate safety meetings;
- Immediately report accidents and/or unsafe conditions to the SHSO;
- Be familiar with and abide by the HASP; and
- Be ultimately responsible for his or her own safety.

9. WORKER TRAINING AND MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE

Personnel involved in field activities subject to OSHA HAZWOPER 29 CFR 1910.120 will be required to participate in both a health and safety training program that complies with criteria primarily set forth by the OSHA HAZWOPER in 29 CFR 1910.120(e) and a medical surveillance program covered under 29 CFR 1910.120(f), or equivalent regulations based on the jurisdiction in which the project is performed.

9.1 Pre-Assignment and Annual Refresher Training

Prior to arrival on site, the Geosyntec Project Manager will be responsible for monitoring that their staff meet the requirements of pre-assignment training (40/24 hours per Procedure HS 301). In addition, personnel must be able to document dates of attendance at an annual 8-hour refresher and three days of fieldwork under a qualified supervisor. Failure to provide this documentation will prohibit entry to the active work area(s) (i.e., Exclusion Zone).

9.2 Site Supervisor Training

Consistent with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120 (e)(4), prior to arrival on site, individuals designated as site supervisors require an additional eight hours of specialized training.

9.3 Initial Site Safety Orientation and HASP Review

In addition to complying with 29 CFR 1910(e), site personnel will attend an initial safety orientation during which the HASP and applicable THAs will be reviewed prior to initiating field activities. This review will include the following:

- Understanding the lines of authority regarding health and safety and site personnel roles and responsibilities;
- Information of specific hazard agents related to the site and site operations will be discussed, such as health hazards of site chemicals and specific safety hazards of processes, tools, and equipment;
- Training in the proper use, maintenance, and decon protocol of PPE and Level(s) of Protection:
- Appropriate work practices and engineering controls to reduce/eliminate exposures to site hazards will be reviewed:
- Personnel will be informed of means for normal site and emergency communication(s);
- Unique/site specific medical surveillance requirements that need to be considered based on site contaminants;
- Understanding site control measures, work zones, and proper decontamination procedures for personnel/tools/vehicles, etc. to reduce the potential for both on/off site contamination;
- Personnel will be trained to respond quickly and properly in the event of an emergency; and
- Personnel involved in specific hazardous activities, such as confined space entry, drum handling, sampling unknowns, etc. will receive specialized training in the appropriate techniques to employ prior to commencing these operations.

9.4 <u>Baseline Medical Surveillance Exam</u>

The baseline medical examination is used to identify physical capabilities and certain medical limitations that may have an impact on the candidate's ability to perform in the position and/or job activity for which he/she is being considered, as well as to establish certain baseline medical parameters. The initial test results can then be compared against future periodic or project-specific monitoring results.

9.5 Periodic/Annual/Biennial Medical Exam

The periodic medical examination is used to evaluate an employee's continued fitness for duty and to assess possible impact(s) occupational exposures may have had on their health status. The



periodic examination includes an update to the medical and work history, results of previous occupational exposure assessments, and a detailed medical exam tailored to the job description.

The Medical Director from WorkCare determines the frequency of the periodic medical exams based on regulatory requirements, the position/work activities of the employee, and the level of exposure to physical, chemical, and biological agents.

9.6 Exposure/Activity/Project-Specific Medical Testing

Exposure-specific medical tests and/or evaluation of biological indices may be conducted to establish a baseline for certain project-specific parameters, to monitor the effectiveness of hazard controls, and/or to assess the impact of occupational exposures associated with a particular work activity or project. The Medical Director, in coordination with the H&S Department, will require or recommend an exposure-specific exam when deemed appropriate based on knowledge of project hazards, occurance of employee health symptoms, or an unexpected exposure event. Requests for exposure-specific examinations will be forwarded to the H&S Department, who will process the requests in collaboration with the Medical Director. The Medical Director will determine the type and frequency of the exposure-specific medical exams for employees designated to participate based on sound medical practice, latest toxicology information, and current regulatory requirements.

9.7 Exit Exam

An exit medical examination is offered when an employee leaves the medical surveillance program, either because of termination of employment with Geosyntec or because of reassignment to a position not designated or identified to participate in the medical surveillance program. This optional exit examination may be used to assess potential changes in medical status that have occurred during the course of employees' previous work activities, and to establish a medical baseline at the time of departure.

9.8 <u>Exit/Termination</u>

An exit medical examination is offered when an employee leaves the medical surveillance program, either because of termination of employment with Geosyntec or because of reassignment to a position not designated or identified to participate in the medical surveillance program. This optional exit examination assesses potential adverse impacts occupational exposures may have contributed to the employee's health status.

10. MAPS AND SITE CONTROL

10.1 Routes to Hospital and Urgent Care Facility

A hospital and an urgent care facility near the site have been identified. Maps to the hospital and urgent care are included after the Table of Contents of this HASP. Both figures also include the facility name and phone number.

10.2 Site Map

A site map is located inside the cover of this HASP. The site map is intended to show the location of the work zone(s), to provide on-site orientation, and to delineate evacuation routes. Changes may be made to the site map by the SHSO based on changing site conditions. The site map should be accessible in the work area.

10.3 Buddy System

Controlled Work Zones

10.4

The buddy system is required when work is performed in hazardous areas. The buddy system includes maintaining regular contact with one or more onsite Geosyntec personnel, clients, and/or contractors to periodically check on the condition of site workers such that each employee in the work group is observed by (or in verbal contact with) at least one other employee in the work group. For field visits with only one employee onsite, the buddy system shall be implemented via periodic telephone contact with offsite Geosyntec personnel. The purpose of the buddy system is to provide rapid assistance to employees in the event of an emergency.

APPLIES TO TASK: ☐① ☐② ☐③ ☐④ ☐⑤ ☐② ☐® ☒ Not Applicable

Three controlled work zones, including an Exclusion Zone, a Contaminant Reduction Zone (CRZ), and a Support Zone, are required for the task(s) indicated above. Geosyntec employees must not be allowed into the CRZ or Exclusion Zone or the Work Zone until they have received the proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and they have read, understand, and meet the requirements outlined in this HASP. The Exclusion Zone is defined as the area on site where contamination is suspected and tasks are to be performed. The CRZ is defined as the area where equipment and workers are to be decontaminated as they leave the Exclusion Zone. The Support Zone is defined as the command area and may serve as a staging and storage area for supplies. The location and extent of the work zones may be modified as necessary as site investigation information becomes available. For sites that do not require the three controlled work zones, the area(s) where work is to be performed shall be called the Work Zone.



Visitors to the site may need to be continually escorted for safety purposes. Visitors under Geosyntec's direction need to check in with the SHSO upon visiting the site.

For the tasks identified above, the boundaries of the Exclusion Zone, CRZ, and Support Zone, or the Work Zone, shall be marked using appropriate methods, including but not limited to warning tape, signs, traffic cones, fencing, or other appropriate means.

10.5 Site Access

Certain sites require controlled access to the work area. Examples of access controls include sign in/sign out logs, checking in with guards, and donning identification badges. Geosyntec personnel will adhere to the site-specific access requirements and monitor that subcontractors and other Geosyntec visitors abide by site-specific access control requirements.

10.6 <u>Inspections</u>	
☐ APPLICABLE ⊠ NOT APPLICAB	LE
<u>-</u> ,	eject, periodic health and safety inspections may be on Checklist records should be kept on file at the ections is:
 Weekly Monthly Other:	

11. TAILGATE MEETINGS

Tailgate meetings must be held daily prior to starting work to discuss important health and safety issues concerning tasks to be performed during that shift. Non-Geosyntec site workers should also communicate health and safety concerns associated with the tasks they will be performing. Topics discussed in the tailgate meetings must be documented.

12. STOP WORK AUTHORITY

In accordance with the Company's Procedure HS 203 - Stop Work Authority, Geosyntec personnel and subcontractor personnel have the <u>authority and responsibility</u> to issue a Stop Work Order if unsafe actions and/or conditions are identified. The Stop Work Authority (SWA) process involves a stop, notify, correct, and resume approach for resolving observed unsafe work actions or conditions. The person issuing the work stoppage will first notify workers engaged in or affected by the unsafe activity or condition and require that associated work be stopped. After



this Stop Work Order is issued, the Geosyntec project manager and the supervisors for affected or concerned contractors will also be notified. The Geosyntec project manager will document the issuance of the Stop Work Order on the form provided in Procedure HS 203. Work will not resume until the issues and concerns of the Stop Work Order have been adequately addressed.

13. AIR MONITORING

APPLIES TO TASK: 🔲 🤇) [2]	3	(4)	(5)	П @	\Box	(8)	\boxtimes	Not Applicable
MILLIED TO TABLE.	<i>,</i> Ш		\square	\Box	\square	\square	\square	\sim	Tiot Tippiicable

Air monitoring will be performed to evaluate airborne chemical and/or dust exposure levels within the breathing zone of site workers. Hazardous conditions may include concentrations that may cause acute or chronic illness, potential oxygen deficient environments, or potential explosive environments. Air monitoring may also be performed to evaluate the adequacy of engineering, administrative, and/or PPE controls. Air monitoring may be "real-time" (e.g., the instrument provides immediate results at the project), using multi-gas meters, photoionization detectors (PIDs), or colorimetric tubes. Personal monitoring may also be performed by collecting samples and forwarding to a laboratory for analysis and quantification.

The type(s) of air monitoring equipment required and associated action levels are outlined in Appendix D. Monitoring equipment must be calibrated based on the manufacturer's requirements. Calibration results and air monitoring measurements must be documented. Based on the results noted and site activities or scope of work changes, the frequency of air monitoring may be adjusted on site by the SHSO with the consent of the Project Manager and communication with the HSC.

14. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

The levels of PPE required for each task are presented in Appendix E. Required equipment and types of protective clothing materials, as well as an indication of the initial level of protection to be utilized, are listed. The level of protection may be upgraded or downgraded by the SHSO according to controls requirements in Appendix E or according to action levels provided in Appendix D.

If respirators are worn, workers must abide by the company's Respiratory Protection Program in accordance with company's Respiratory Protection Program (HS 112).

15. DECONTAMINATION

The SHSO and Project Manager will determine the type and level of decontamination procedures for both personnel and equipment based on evaluation of specific work activities in the controlled work zones. Medical treatment will take precedence over decontamination in the



event of a life threatening and/or serious injury/illness. Personnel will perform decontamination in designated and identified areas upon leaving "hot zones" where the potential exists for exposure to hazardous chemical, biological, or environmental conditions.

Decontamination of personnel in Level D (modified) will consist of proper containerization and disposal of coveralls, disposable boots, and gloves (if applicable).

Decontamination of personnel in Level C, if applicable, will consist, at a minimum, of:

- Removal and cleaning/disposal of boot covers, coveralls, and outer gloves;
- Removal, cleaning, and storage of respiratory protection;
- Washing of non-disposable PPE suspected of being contaminated using a soap solution followed by a water rinse; and
- Removal and disposal of inner gloves.

Hand tools and sampling equipment shall be decontaminated as needed by washing in decontamination basins with appropriate solutions, or, if possible, by dry decontamination. Wash solutions and PPE may require disposal at a licensed waste facility.

16. SPILL CONTAINMENT

The task(s) for this project may involve the handling of drums and/or containers that contain stored chemicals, hazardous materials, and/or wastes. The drums and/or containers may have been spilled/dislodged during site activities due to compromised construction of the drum/container, transportation accidents, improper packaging practices, and improper handling of hazardous materials during on/off loading. Containers shall be inspected and their integrity assured prior to being moved and/or handled. If the integrity of the container is in question, the container shall be over packed or its contents transferred. Operations shall be organized and coordinated to minimize movement of such containers. Where spills, leaks, or ruptures may potentially occur, a supply of sorbents shall be located in the immediate area. Additional preventative measures include:

- UN-approved 55-gallon drums, bins, and/or Baker tanks will be inspected for visible defects upon delivery to the site;
- UN-approved 55-galon drums will also be inspected to ensure each drum includes a resealable lid with a small resealable sampling port near the top, or on the side of the drum and that the enclosure is not deformed and/or distorted;
- Drums will not be completely filled to allow for possible expansion of liquid and will be set on wooden pallets to facilitate transport by forklift;
- The storage area will be inspected to check for leaks weekly while the containers are being filled and immediately after a relocation to a temporary on-site storage area; and



• Flat areas will be selected for temporary storage away from high-traffic work areas/zones and storm/sewer drains.

In the event of an unplanned release or spill of unknown or hazardous substances, the site supervisor will designate personnel who will support the spill containment, control, and/or clean-up procedures. The team will request additional off-site emergency response assistance if necessary based on the type of spill, volume, potential toxicity, etc.

The spill area will be isolated and restricted to only authorized personnel designated to assist with the containment, control, or clean-up activity. Authorized personnel will be trained to contain and clean spills from typical materials and quantities used at the project location. Physical barriers will be set up to warn unauthorized personnel to stay clear and evacuate the affected area. The spill, leak, or incident will be assessed by the team and characterized to determine the appropriate course(s) of action(s) to consider:

- Small spills (i.e., maximum volume of 55 gallons of a liquid or 100 pounds of a solid) may be remediated using absorbent materials by designated personnel;
- Large spills (i.e., liquid volumes > 55 gallons or solid weights > 100 pounds) and/or spills of highly toxic materials may require assistance by off-site hazardous materials (HAZMAT) teams;
- Attempts shall be made to identify and stop the source(s) of spillage immediately while donning proper PPE (based on action levels)
- The site supervisor will direct spill-response operations and stay at the spill area until it has been cleaned, inspected, and cleared for re-entry; and
- The site supervisor will prepare a spill incident and clean-up report and will communicate findings to the Project and Branch Manager and H&S Department.

17. CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE	☐ APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE
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The task(s) for this project involve confined-space entry. Workers must abide by the company's Confined Space Entry Program (Procedure HS 118).

- Labels on primary chemical containers must not be defaced;
- Chemicals must be stored in appropriate storage containers;
- Secondary containers and storage cabinets must be correctly and clearly labeled;
- Chemicals incompatible with each other must not be stored together;
- Workers must receive training on the chemical hazards; and
- Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) must be added to Appendix F.

When chemicals are used on site, workers must abide by Geosyntec's GHS Hazard Communication Program (Procedure HS 115).

19. HASP AMENDMENTS

Over the course of this project, it is possible that the project-specific hazards and working conditions will change. This HASP may be reviewed and amended as necessary to effectively describe the changing working conditions and measures to mitigate the potential health and safety issues that may arise during the project. Amendments to the HASP should be briefly described in the following spaces provided. The full text of the amendments should be provided in Appendix A and/or additional THAs should be added to Appendix B.

AMENDMENT 1: Date: _____ Project Manager: _____ HSC: _____ Brief description of amendment: ______



AMENDMI	AMENDMENT 2:						
Date:	Project Manager:	HSC:					
	otion of amendment:	-					
AMENDMI	ENT 3:						
Date:	Project Manager:	HSC:					
	otion of amendment:						



Appendix A: HASP Amendments

Discuss details of amendments to this HASP here details of amendments.	. Include amendment number, date, and

Appendix A



Appendix B: Task Hazard Analyses

TASKS Oversight for Monitoring Well Installation and Development

THAs for these tasks are presented in the following pages.

B 11/21/2022



INSERT THAS HERE

B 11/21/2022



Geosyntec H&S Procedures referenced herein are available on Geosyntec's H&S SharePoint site and should be consulted, as appropriate, to ensure requirements are met. This THA has been prepared per "HS-204-Work-Specific Hazard and Risk Assessment, Written Safety Plans."



Part A – PROJECT/TASK INFORMATION

Project/Site Name:	ject/Site Name: City of Issaquah Hydrogeological Characterization Well Installation Proj		PNG0989	
Site Address:	1775- 12 th Ave NW., Issaquah, WA 98027			
Task & Worksite Description:				
Geosyntec Personnel:	Name	Office Phon	e Cell Phone	
Site Safety Lead/Officer Jobe Traywick		206-496-145	707-854-8161	
Task Technical Lead	Task Technical Lead Cindy Bartlett		503-505-4145	
Project Manager	Cindy Bartlett	971-271-589	503-505-4145	
Project Director	ct Director Bob Anderson		425-922-0054	
Local H&S Coordinator Adrianna Jarosz		-	206-379-2002	
Regional H&S Manager Madison McLaughlin		858-716-290	951-990-2888	
Corporate H&S Director	porate H&S Director Bob Poll		813-240-9231	
On-Site Subcontractor(s):	☐ Applicable; provide company name, work task and contact information for each Geosyntec subcontractor below:			
☐ Not Applicable				
Client, Contact(s):	Matt Ellis	425-837-341	.0 425-539-3654	
ETHICS POINT HOTLINE	US & Canada: <u>844-231-3371</u>	Australia: 800-551-15	55 or <u>800.811.011</u>	
	UK: <u>800-89-0011</u> or <u>800-89-0011</u>	Ireland: 800-222-552	<u>88</u> or <u>800-500-000</u>	

Part B - EMERGENCY RESPONSE and FIRST AID

IMPORTANT: After initial emergency response actions and incident stabilization, contact appropriate project and H&S personnel listed in Part A

weather, communications), as well as clie contact numbers other than 911):					
Emergency Communication / Alerting	☐ Verbal ☐ Cell Phone	☐ Land Line	☐ 2-Way Radio	☐ Satellite Phone	☐ On-site alarm/signal system
	☐ Other:				
To Summon Police, Fire, Ambulance	☑ DIAL 911, for external res	ponders \square O	ther:		
WorkCare (for non-emergency injuries)	24/7: 888-449-7787				
Other Emergency Contacts (such as	Fire Department (non-emerg	ency): 911			
security, spill responder, utility-related):	Police Department (non-emergency): 911				
	Utility Emergencies:				
	Gas: 425-557-0418				
	Electrical: 425-577-8468				
Nearest EMERGENCY ROOM Medical	Hospital Name: Swedish Med	dical Center - Issac	uah		
Services	Address: 751 NE Blakely Dr				
	Phone #: 425-313-4000		⊠ Se	e Attached Directions	
Emergency Evacuation - Route, Rally/Muster Point, Shelter Location(s)	To be determined in field bas	sed on site conditi	ons		
EMERGENCY and FIRST AID EQUIPMENT required for this work task is listed in PART C.2. – SAFETY EQUIPMENT LIST					

PART C - TASK / HAZARD / CONTROL SUMMARY and EQUIPMENT LIST

C.1 SUMMARY OF TASKS, HAZARDS AND CONTROLS

1. TASKS / WORK ASPECTS	2. HAZARDS / RISKS	3. CONTROLS
1 – Travel to and from Site	Routine driving hazardsDriving to unknown places	Implement precautions for routine driving safety specified in D.1. ROUTINE HAZARD PREPAREDNESS.



Task/Project Name: City of Issaquah Hydrogeological Characterization Well Installation

THA Date: October 2022

		transportation/driving-related COVID-19 precautions listed in D.13. INFECTIOUS / ALLERGENIC BIOHAZARDS.
2 – Site hazards	General Premises Hazards - Weather, cold stress	Dress appropriately for the weather and take warm-up breaks. Refer to HS-125 Cold Stress Prevention Program
	- Site traffic (vehicle and pedestrian) - Slips, trips, falls	Maintain situational awareness and hazard controls for general site safety.
	- Shorter daylight hours	Do not perform nightwork without appropriate lighting.
	- COVID-19 exposure risk	Follow current Geosyntec COVID-19 procedures.
	Drilling Hazards:	
	- Utilities	Clear for underground utilities prior to drilling; check overhead utilities and hazards
	- Working near a drill rig	 Wear appropriate PPE and stay away from moving parts. Locate fire extinguisher and emergency stop button prior to starting drilling. Drill rig only to be operated by contractor.
	- PFAS in soil and groundwater	Wear appropriate PPE when handling soil and/or groundwater to prevent contact with potential contaminants.

C.2. SAFETY EQUIPMENT LIST (Gear to be brought to the worksite by Geosyntec personnel, or availability confirmed)

011.0							
Site-S	Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications:						
	:		:		:		
\boxtimes	WEATHER,	☑ Project-provided drinking water □ Sunscreen			☐ Rock salt, traction sand		
	CLIMATE,	☐ Canopy for shade, weather protection	☐ Ice creepers (b	oot attachments)	☐ Portable heater (electric or kerosene)		
	SEASONAL	oxtimes Other: Identify warm up shelter (such as perso	nal vehicle)				
\boxtimes	HYGIENE	☐ Hand washing equipment (soap & wash water)	🗵 Hand sanitizer,	disinfectant supplies	☐ Sanitary facility, porta-toilet		
	PROVISIONS	☐ Other:					
\boxtimes	BASIC PPE	☐ Standard work clothes appropriate for task	□ Safety glasses		☐ High-visibility/reflective vest/apparel		
		□ Hard-toed boots/shoes	☑ Work gloves ap	propriate for task	☐ Nuisance dust mask (voluntary use)		
			☑ Noise/hearing	protection			
П	BIOLOGICAL	☐ Insect control (permethrin, repellant, wasp spra	y, other)	☐ Animal warning device	e (for bears/cougars/wolves/large animals)		
⊔	HAZARDS	\square Poison ivy protection (Ivy Block skin cream, Tecr	ıu skin wash)	☐ Hand sanitizer (for ger	neral hygiene or COVID-19)		
		☐ Tick removal kit		\square Disinfectant supplies (for general hygiene or COVID-19)		
		☐ Pant-leg "blousing"/gaiters (tick safe)		☐ Face covers for COVID	-19 prevention		
		☐ Snake chaps/gaiters					
		□ Other:					
П	SPECIAL	☐ Portable GFCI(s) for shock protection	☐ Lockout/tagout equipment		\square Personal fall protection apparatus		
Г	HAZARD	☐ Electrical-hazard-rated boots, gloves	☐ Portable lighting		\square Personal flotation device		
	CONTROLS	\square Arc-resistant (AR) protection PPE for arc flash	☐ Tripod/winch		☐ Ring buoy & rope		
		☐ Flame-resistant (FR) clothing	☐ Ventilation equ	uipment (fan, blower)	☐ Marine survival suit		
		☐ Work-area delineation supplies	☐ Traffic control devices				
		☐ Other:	Other:				
П	CHEMICAL PPE	☐ Goggles and/or face shield	Disposable N95	5 respirator	☐ Decon solution, related supplies		
	and CHEMICAL	☐ Chemical protective gloves	☐ Half-face respir	rator (APR), cartridges	☐ Receptacle for disposable PPE		
	SAFETY GEAR	☐ Coveralls (Tyvek, or other)	☐ Full-face respir	ator (APR), cartridges	☐ Chemical hazard emergency gear – listed		
		☐ Outer boots, boot covers	☐ Exclusion Zone	delineation supplies	in "EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT" below		
		\square Air monitoring equipment, worker exposure mo	re monitoring device(s):				
		☐ Other:					
	EMERGENCY	☐ Air horn, alarm, alerting equipment	☐ Eyewash bottle	e(s)	Vehicle emergency preparedness:		
	EQUIPMENT	☐ 2-Way radios; other communication device	🗆 15-min. eyewa	sh station	☐ Fire extinguisher, first aid kit		
		☐ First aid kit(s) – onsite and/or in vehicles	☐ Emergency del	uge shower	☐ Flares, lights, reflective device		
		☐ Fire extinguisher – onsite and/or in vehicles	☐ Chemical spill I	kit/supplies	☐ Roadside assistance service		
		Other:					

PART D - HAZARD ANALYSIS AND CONTROLS

D.1. ROUTINE HAZARD PREPAREDNESS (This section required for all Tasks)



Site-S	Site-Specific Notes & Clarifications:							
Routine Driving Hazards								
	■ Routine work travel – Use routine safe/defensive driving practices (seat belts, safe speeds, eyes ahead, no tailgating, limit distractions, safe cell phone use,							
	no texting, clear windows, account for weather/road conditions, adequate sleep, other measures as appropriate).							
_	✓ Unfamiliar location – Plan travel route before driving in roadway: view map, plot your route and/or enter destination and activate navigation device.							
	☑ Graffilla of Death of a vertical content of the proof of the pro							
		nce driving during your ordinary sleep hours; total work time and drive time should not exceed 14 hours per day.						
⊠ Unfa	amiliar vehicle – Become familiar with v	ehicle operational controls and handling characteristics <u>before</u> operating vehicle.						
	Geosyntec Procedures: <u>HS-105-Driver and Vehicle Safety</u> ; <u>HS-211-Fatique Management Plan</u>							
Gene	ral Safet <u>y</u>							
		ills (resulting from rough terrain, trip hazards, steep slope, slippery surfaces); maintain good housekeeping.						
☐ Mus	culoskeletal hazards – Prevent strains/	sprains from strenuous tasks, overexertion, repetitive motion/ergonomic/lifting (seek help/lift-aids over 49 lbs.)						
_		t heat/cold-related illness, use sunscreen, monitor weather, i.d. shelter/refuge, use "30/30 rule" for lightning.						
☐ Plan	t/insect/animal hazards – Use precauti	ons: poison ivy blocker/wash; insect repellant; tick checks; wasp spray; animal precautions.						
☐ Com	nmon unsanitary/allergenic hazards – U	se routine hygienic measures/precautions; hand washing/sanitizer, food hygiene, PPE, disinfectant cleaning.						
☑ Infe	ctious/Pathogenic - For COVID-19, and	other non-typical/potentially high-risk pathogenic hazards, see D.13 "Infectious/Pathogenic Biohazards."						
⊠ Woı	ksite traffic hazards – Implement meas	ures to protect personnel (high-visibility/reflective clothing, on-person lighting, traffic control measures).						
☐ Haz	ardous energy – Use caution near electr	ical equipment/wet locations, machinery/physical hazards, stay out of hazard zone/line-of-fire, don't touch.						
☐ Illur	nination hazards/night work – Illumina	te work areas and/or access routes, use high-visibility and reflective clothing or on-person lighting, as appropriate.						
☐ Secu	ırity, potential crime/violence, urban/i	ndustrial zones – Complete the <u>Assessment for Specific Risk: Working in Urban and Industrial Zones</u>						
⊠ Woı	king alone - Develop a project-specific p	plan/procedure on limitations for lone work, and specify a plan for periodic communication/contact.						
		Stress, <u>HS-125-Cold Stress</u> , <u>HS 212- Biting/Stinging Arthropods and Poisonous Plants</u> , <u>HS-207-Working Alone</u> , <u>HS-208-</u>						
Hou	sekeeping, HS-210-Walking and Workin	g Surfaces, HS-401-Back Injury Prevention, HS-517-Traffic Safety, Assessment for Specific Risk: Working in Urban and						
		<u>Industrial Zones</u>						
	Personal Protection							
_	·	Near hardhat or "bump cap" as appropriate for hazard.						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oves appropriate for the hazard and work tasks.						
	•	ide shield or wrap around, either clear or shaded for sun protection), or other appropriate eye protection.						
_		boots/shoes with hard toes, ankle support, puncture resistance, traction, as appropriate for conditions.						
		ffs (or both) as appropriate for conditions; at a minimum where noise levels exceed 85 dBA.						
_	=	or general protection against dust, dirt, oily residues, unsanitary conditions, as needed.						
□ Oth	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	task(s) covered in this THA is described above in Site-Specific Notes & Clarifications						
	Geosynt	ec Procedures: HS 109-Hearing Conservation, HS 112-Respiratory Protection, HS 113-Personal Protective Equipment						
	ECIAL DRIVING / TRAFFIC / TF	RANSPORTATION HAZARDS — Applicable 🔀 Not Applicable, Not Anticipated						
Site-S	pecific Notes & Clarifications:							
	SPECIAL DRIVING HAZARDS	☐ For off-road driving, do not exceed capability of vehicle, beware of wet conditions, keep speed low, avoid						
Ш	Off-Road Driving or use of non-	unsafe orientation on slopes.						
	typical vehicle, heavy vehicle, van,	\Box UTV/ATV-specific procedures for training, use roll-bar or helmet, operate per manufacturer's instructions.						
	UTV/ ATV	\square Special Skills Required for Vehicle type – For vehicles requiring special skills (such as windowless van, heavy						
	Hazards: Worker injury due to	work vehicle, utility vehicle, similar) ensure operator is provided training and/or has appropriate operator						
	vehicle collision, rollover	skills through experience.						
	DOADWAY TRAFFIC HATADDS	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-510-All Terrain Vehicles						
	ROADWAY TRAFFIC HAZARDS	☐ Prepare Management of Traffic (MOT) Plan (address location hazards / client and regulatory requirements).						
	Where the worksite is located in/near vehicle thoroughfare (road,	☐ Wear DOT-approved reflective vests where exposed to traffic hazards.						
	highway, parking lot, etc.).	☐ Where possible, park vehicles as protective shield from oncoming traffic.						
	Hazards: Worker injury from being	Configure work area and support vehicles to minimize worker exposure to traffic hazards.						
struck by vehicle traveling in	Use DOT signal devices and/or signage to re-route vehicles around work area, site entrances/exits.							
	thoroughfare.	Use DOT-trained flaggers or police detail where appropriate or required.						
	TOWING (HALLING LOADS	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-517-Traffic Safety						
Ш	TOWING/HAULING LOADS	☐ Ensure load within vehicle is firmly secured (rope, straps, load configuration) to prevent shifting during travel.						
	Hazards: Vehicle accident, occupant injury from shifting load, unsafe	☐ Slings, chains, strap, rope and related equipment used for towing, hauling, load-securing shall be appropriate						
	equipment, un-roadworthiness of	for use, and used in a manner as to prevent an unsafe condition.						
	trailer.	☐ For trailer use, verify tow-hitch components are compatible, hitch/safety chains secure, signal/braking lights operational, rear-view mirrors effective, tires inflated to proper pressure and tread acceptable.						
	DAIL BOAD HAZARD							
Ш	RAILROAD HAZARD Hazard: Worker injury from being	Coordinate with rail company or on-site host facility and implement required safety and security measures.						
	struck by train in R.R. right-of-way	☐ Site workers to receive safety training for railroad work. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-305-Rail Operations						



Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-305-Rail Operations</u>

	TRANSPORTATION BY WATER	☐ See D.3., "Water Hazards."
		Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-312-Water Transportation Safety</u>
	AIRPORT HAZARDS Worker injury when working on/near airport runway, or use of helicopter, light aircraft	☐ Coordinate safety requirements with airport personnel and implement required safety measures. ☐ Site workers to receive safety training for airport work.
	<u> </u>	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-310-Helicopter Safety, HS 311-General Aviation (Small Aircraft) Safety
	TRAFFIC/VEHICLE HAZARDS RELATED TO HEAVY EQUIPMENT, CONSTRUCTION SITE ACTIVITIES	☐ See D.8., "Construction, Heavy Equipment, Lift Equipment"
).3. W	ATER HAZARDS (Working Over/Ne	ear Water, Ash Ponds, Quicksand) — Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
	ALL HAZARDS (Falls to Lower Level	ls) □ Applicable ☑ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
Site-S	Specific Notes & Clarifications:	
	WORKING AT HEIGHTS (GENERAL) Hazards: Injury from falls onto lower surface or falls into hazardous equipment, chemicals, water Overhead utilities/obstructions Impalement hazard (such as from falling onto unprotected rebar and similar surface projections) Hazard posed to ground personnel from falling tools, equipment,	Fall protection "trigger heights": Built environment − US & CAN: 4 ft. (1.2 m.); Construction: US: 6 ft., 10 ft. for scaffolds; CAN: 10 ft. (3 m) Protect from primary (fall) hazards: Restrict access to hazard (barriers, tape, sign) Ensure safe access to height (ladder, stair, lift) Ensure guardrails/stair-rails/handrails present Ensure covers in place over holes Use designated "watch person/monitor" Use tether or positioning device Use personal fall apparatus (PFA) Use fall protection "trigger heights": Protect from secondary (collateral) hazards: (restrict access, toe-boards, tether tools) Install caps on protruding rebar and similar Working over water; see D.3, "Water Hazards" Working over hazardous machinery/equipment; see D.5, "Power-Tools/Powered Equipment" Overhead electrical; See D.11. "Utility-Related Hazards" Working over chemical hazards; See D.14 and/or D.15
	materials	for chemical and/or contaminant hazards. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-120-Fall Protection, HS-210-Walking and Working Surfaces, HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards
	LADDER / STAIRS Extension/straight ladders Step ladders Fixed/installed ladders Portable/mobile stairs Job-made or scaffold stairs Hazards: - See general fall hazards, above.	 Follow safe work practices: Use ladders according to safe practices and manufacturer's instructions. Maintain 3 points of contact at all times on ladder; keep center of gravity within side rails. Do not use metal (conductive) ladder near electrical hazard. Extension/straight ladders shall be properly footed, secured, angled, extend above upper work surface. Stepladders are set on level ground or properly shimmed, spreaders locked; do not climb/stand on top step, top cap, or rear non-climbing side; use step ladder of sufficient length for work. Equip stairs with stair handrails where more than 4 steps, and for stairway height of 4' or more. Ensure portable stairs are stable, plumb.
	SCAFFOLD Supported scaffold Suspended scaffold Free-standing/mobile scaffold Hazards: See general fall hazards, above Equipment collapse	 ☐ Follow safe work practices: Identify/coordinate operations with the scaffolding "Competent Person." Supported scaffold level, stable, proper attachments, tiebacks, planking, Suspended scaffolds anchored properly. Guardrails or personal fall apparatus required above 10 feet. Proper means of accessing scaffold (proper ladders, stair tower). Total height of free-standing scaffold not to exceed four times the minimum base dimension. Do not exceed load limits; store/stage materials in quantities sufficient for immediate use. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-507-Scaffolds
	AERIAL BOOM/SCISSOR LIFT Hazards: - See general fall hazards, above - Struck-by, run-over, tip over - Caught between (pinch points) - Fluid leaks/fuel hazards or battery-related hazards	 Follow safe work practices: Operators to be trained and certified. Equipment is inspected after mobilization and is in good condition. Harness & lanyard worn whenever operating the lift. Overhead hazards and surface obstructions to be reviewed with operators prior to use. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-509-Aerial Lifts
	WARNING! Confirmed or possible close proximity to OVERHEAD ELECTRICAL UTILITY LINES.	☐ Follow safe work practices per D.11., "Utility-Related Hazards" Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards
	AND TOOLS #1	
	AND TOOLS (Manual, Hand-Powered	d) 🔀 Applicable 🔲 Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
Site-S	Specific Notes & Clarifications:	



MANUAL HAND TOOL INJURIES ☐ Struck by ☐ Pinch points/crushing injuries ☐ Puncture ☐ Cutting blade/laceration risk ☒ Flying objects, eye hazards ☐ Other, describe above MUSCULOSKELETAL (MSK) HAZARDS ☐ Risk of acute physical MSK trauma (strains, sprains, soft tissue injuries) ☐ Risk of cumulative/chronic MSK trauma, repetitive motion injuries	 ✓ Proper tool for the job, maintain in good condition, use vise/clamp to hold work piece, proper follow through, stay clear of "line of fire," appropriate work gloves, keep blades sharp, use wrist strap when dropped tool poses a hazard. Utility/folding/collapsible knives and fixed open-bladed knives/cutting tools are <u>not</u> permitted, unless specifically authorized. Cutting tools with auto-retracting blades, or with enclosed/guarded blades are permitted. Use cut-resistant heavy work gloves, as applicable. ☐ Ground surface penetration – requires utility clearance; see D.11. "Utility-Related Hazards"
OWERED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT Specific Notes & Clarifications:	Γ (For Drilling & Heavy Equipment, see D.7 & D.8) ☐ Applicable ☑ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
Type of powered tools/equipment:	 ☐ General safe work practices for operation of powered tools and equipment: Inspect before each use to ensure safe operating condition.
☐ "Power tools"	 Inspect before each use to ensure safe operating condition. Clear personnel from hazard zone; keep personnel out of the "line-of-fire;" heed warning labels/signage.
Powered portable equipment	Arrange worksite for safe access to equipment and safe use of tool; confirm no overhead obstructions.
Powered fixed equipment	Secure long hair/loose clothing/hanging jewelry near moving/rotating parts.
Energy/power source:	Ensure point-of-operation, mechanical power transmission, other moving parts are guarded with protective
☐ Battery-operated	devices (as applicable); do not override interlocks, guards, protective devices.
☐ Electric-powered	Do not make any equipment modifications that create a greater hazard or bypass safety design features.
□ 120V	Use tool/equipment in accordance with manufacturer's use and safety instructions.
□ 240V	Use PPE and/or other safety protections, as appropriate, for eye/hearing/hand/head/body protection.
□ 480V	Provide training or verify operator competency for use of power tool/equipment.
☐ Extension/flexible cords	Use ventilation, wet methods, respirators, other applicable means to mitigate inhalation hazard.
☐ Fuel-powered (gas or liquid) ☐ Pneumatic ☐ Hydraulic	 Move power cords/pressurized hoses to protect from damage during tool/equipment use. For spark/heat generating tool/equipment, have fire extinguisher available, remove combustible/flammable materials, or use other means to control fire hazard.
Gunpowder-actuated Hazards of Power Tools and	 Use safe lifting practices and/or lift aids for moving heavy portable equipment, and use safe operating procedures to protect from acute strains/sprains, overexertion, and cumulative trauma injuries. Implement safe work practices for compressed air, pressurized systems (pneumatic/hydraulic), stored energy.
Powered Equipment:	☐ Additional requirements for power tools:
☐ Eye/hand/body injury	Use vise/clamp/work bench or other means to hold/secure a portable/moveable work piece.
☐ Point-of-operation hazards	Don't carry electrical tools/equipment by the power cord; don't carry pneumatic tools by hoses.
☐ Pinch points, moving parts	Disconnect tool/equipment from power source before changing bits, blades or making adjustments.
☐ Line-of-fire hazards, struck by	☐ Additional requirements for fixed powered equipment:
☐ Fire/explosion, ignition sources	Implement lockout/tagout controls for repairs/adjustments/tooling changes.
☐ Burns from hot surfaces, steam	Equip pneumatic hoses with whip checks; ensure factory fittings are used for high-pressure hose connections.
☐ Noise	
☐ Inhalation/atmospheric hazards	☐ For climbing/fall hazards associated with large equipment, see D.4. "Fall Hazards."
☐ Working at heights, falls	☐ For electrical hazards, see D.10. "Electrical Work Tasks."
☐ Overhead obstruction(s)	☐ For ground surface penetration, see D.10. "Utility-Related Hazards."



☐ Musculoskeletal hazards

 $\hfill\square$ Potential (stored) energy

 $\hfill\square$ Illumination

 $\hfill \square$ For fuel-safety practices, see **D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products."**

☐ For air monitoring of atmospheric hazards, see Part E, "Air Monitoring, Worker Exposure Monitoring."

Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-109-Hearing Conservation, HS-113-Personal Protective Equipment,

HS-119-Lockout/Tagout, HS-121-Electrical Safety, HS-503-Powered Hand Tools, Others as applicable

і Ш	WELDING, CUTTING, HOT WORK	General safe work practices for operators of welding equipment:
_	\square Arc-welding (electrical arc)	Hot work permit system to be implemented.
	\square Gas-welding/cutting (fuel gases)	Operator properly protected (eye protection, clothing, apron, etc.).
	Hazards:	Fire hazard controls (watcher, fire extinguisher, water, remove combustibles from work area).
	- UV/IR light-eye/skin burns	Protect nearby personnel from hazardous UV, IR light (shielding, curtain); see D.16. "Radiation Hazards."
	- hot-work hazards/fire	☐ For welding gas cylinders, secure them upright with caps on when stored or not in use; protect cylinders from
	- toxic metal welding fumes	damage; NEVER secure gas cylinders to metal welding bench used for electrical arc welding);
	- compressed gases	see D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products."
	- electrical shock	☐ For arc welding, follow electrical safe work practices; see D.10. "Electrical Work Tasks."
		☐ For inhalation hazards from welding fumes (toxic metals) and gases (asphyxiant, flammable), see D.14.
		"Commercial Chemical Products."
		Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-511-Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work
П	PORTABLE ELECTRIC GENERATOR	☐ Follow general safe work practices for Powered Tools & Equipment (above), and as follows:
	Hazards:	Use in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, including instructions for grounding the generator.
	- Electrical shock	Keep generator and work area dry.
	- Carbon monoxide in exhaust	Never use indoors, or near building air intake vents due to carbon monoxide hazard.
	 Fuel-related fire hazard 	Provide for ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible.
	 Injury from mechanical or lifting 	Use hearing protection in close proximity to operating generator, as needed.
	hazard	Use power cords/extension cords specified by instructions.
	- Burns from hot surfaces	Use ground-fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs) in accordance with manufacturer's instructions; see D.10.
		"Electrical Work Tasks."
		Shut down equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids in D.14 .
		"Commercial Chemical Products."
		Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Conservation, HS-111-Air Monitoring,
	DAUGUAAATIO / UMB DAUGUATA DBC	<u>HS-115-Hazard Communication</u> (for fuel), <u>HS-121-Electrical Safety</u> , Others as applicable ☐ Never direct outlet nozzle toward body; use guards, restraints, engineering controls as appropriate.
	PNEUMATIC / HYDRAULIC HAZARDS	□ Never use compressed air for cleaning clothes you are wearing.
	☐ Air compressor	☐ If compressed air is used for cleaning, restrict pressure to 30 psi or below, equip nozzle with chip guard.
	Compressed air system	☐ Use PPE for eye (goggles or face shield)/hand/head/hearing/skin protection, as appropriate for the hazard.
	☐ High-pressure liquid	☐ Ensure tank, hoses, fittings are in good repair using factory fittings, equipped with whip-checks.
	☐ Pressurized steam	☐ If pressure relief device poses a hazard to workers, reconfigure or shield device or restrict access by workers.
	(For compressed gas cylinders, see	in pressure relief device poses a flazard to workers, reconlighte of shield device of restrict access by workers.
	D.14. "Commercial Chemical	
	Products")	
П	PORTABLE HEATER	☐ Follow general safety practices for Operation of Equipment/Machinery (above), and as follows:
	PORTABLE HEATER ☐ electric	☐ Follow general safety practices for Operation of Equipment/Machinery (above), and as follows: • Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping.
	_	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard.
	☐ electric	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible.
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces.
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards:	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater.
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled)	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks."
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled)	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products."
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled)	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel),
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled) - Fires/burns from hot surfaces.	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel), HS-121-Electrical Safety, Others as applicable
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled) - Fires/burns from hot surfaces.	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel), HS-121-Electrical Safety, Others as applicable Prepare site-specific written LO/TO program, and equipment-specific written LO/TO procedures (as
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled) - Fires/burns from hot surfaces.	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel), HS-121-Electrical Safety, Others as applicable
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled) - Fires/burns from hot surfaces. LOCKOUT/TAGOUT (LO/TO) OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY TO prevent	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel), HS-121-Electrical Safety, Others as applicable Prepare site-specific written LO/TO program, and equipment-specific written LO/TO procedures (as applicable); implement control procedures for hazardous energy sources, provide locks/tags, train workers,
	☐ electric ☐ fuel powered Hazards: - Shock (electrical) - Carbon monoxide emissions and fuel-related fire hazards (fueled) - Fires/burns from hot surfaces. LOCKOUT/TAGOUT (LO/TO) OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY To prevent unplanned equipment start-up or	 Keep heater dry and locate heater on level surface away from high traffic areas to prevent tipping. Never use fuel-powered heaters indoors, or near air intake vents, due to carbon monoxide hazard. Provide ventilation and/or air monitoring where hazardous accumulation of exhaust emissions is possible. Keep combustible materials at least 3 feet from hot surfaces. Do not use an extension cord or power strip to power an electric heater. For electric heaters, see D.10., "Electrical Work Tasks." Shut down fuel-powered equipment before refueling; see safe practices for flammable/combustible liquids and/or compressed gases in D.14. "Commercial Chemical Products." Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-115-Hazard Communication (for fuel), HS-121-Electrical Safety, Others as applicable Prepare site-specific written LO/TO program, and equipment-specific written LO/TO procedures (as applicable); implement control procedures for hazardous energy sources, provide locks/tags, train workers,
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	 Suspended equipment Roadway hazards. 	 Ventilate exhaust and conduct air monitoring, as appropriate, when drilling indoors. Never climb drill mast without appropriate fall protection. Use precautions for overhead and underground utilities
		Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-403-Drilling, <u>HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards</u> , Others as applicable
	MECHANICAL LIFTING, RIGGING Applies to lifting truck-mounted boom rig (e.g., drill rig), and all other drilling-related mechanical/electrical hoist equipment. Hazards: - Mechanical hazards - Elevated loads	 ☐ In addition to general drilling & direct push safety practices (above), as applicable: Slings, chains, rope, wire rope, as well as sheaves, boom, and attachments used for lifting/hoisting shall be maintained in good condition, inspected daily, and used/stored in a manner as to protect from damage. Do not exceed loading limits of lifting equipment; perform work in accordance with equipment load chart. Hooks will be equipped with safety latches. Ensure anchor points for winch or other lift device are engineered for intended use. Ensure personnel are not positioned beneath elevated loads. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-506-Cranes
×	WARNING! Confirmed or possible close proximity to OVERHEAD or UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.	☐ Follow safe work practices per D.11. "Utility-Related Hazards." Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards

D.8. CONSTRUCTION, HEAVY EQUIPMENT, LIFT EQUIPMENT Site-Specific Notes & Clarifications: **WORKING NEAR MOBILE HEAVY** ☑ For personnel on-foot/on-the-ground near operating heavy equipment, follow safe work practices: П **EQUIPMENT, ON-SITE VEHICLES** High visibility vests for all personnel in construction vehicle work area, on-site roadways and travel lanes. Hazards: Maintain unobstructed vision: wear shaded eyewear only in bright sun; don't wear hoods. - Struck-by Erect barriers and post signs to identify and isolate the equipment hazard zone, if possible. Caught between Stay out of swing radius of equipment, both in front and operating end, as well as at the back of equipment. Run over, roll over Stay out of the travel path of operating heavy equipment. Overhead hazards/obstructions When crossing vehicle pathway behind moving equipment, cross at a distance not less than 30 feet. Flevated loads When approaching equipment, always be able to see operator so he/she can see you. Make eye contact with operator and use hand signals or make radio contact prior to approaching equipment. Operator to provide "all off" hand signal when it is safe to approach within swing radius of equipment. **OPERATION OF MOBILE HEAVY** ☐ Operators to follow safe work practices for operation of heavy equipment: **EQUIPMENT** Only trained/qualified persons allowed to operate heavy equipment. Hazards: Wear seatbelts; roll-over protection system present/deployed; do not exceed maximum safe slope. - Struck-by No passengers on moving/operating equipment except where passenger seat/restraint is present. Run over, roll over Equipment inspected daily upon mobilization; maintained in good repair, backup alarms. Caught between (pinch points) Leaks or defective safety equipment should be repaired before use; fire extinguisher present. Fluid leaks/fuel-/fire-hazards Maintain eye contact with ground personnel and use hand signals to direct their approach near equipment. Overhead hazards/obstructions High visibility vests for all personnel in construction vehicle work area, on-site roadways and travel lanes. Potential for body Cease operation if personnel enter swing radius, travel path or hazard zone of moving parts, elevated loads. entrapment/crushing Use safe practices for fuel handling/storage/transport; spill equipment available for fuel/fluid leaks. Rotating equipment, moving Equipment locked, secured, brakes set, buckets/forks lowered, when not in use. Shut down/lock out equipment to prevent crush situation beneath or between moving parts of equipment. Ensure personal/support vehicles are parked/located not to obstruct equipment travel lanes/operating zones. Mark temporary roadways clearly, provide berms/stops where needed. Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-504-Heavy Equipment</u>, <u>HS-132-Competent Persons</u> TRENCHING/EXCAVATION ☐ Safe work practices when personnel will enter trenches/excavations: Hazards: · Activities under supervision/oversight of Competent Person, conduct daily inspection of excavation. - Cave-in, entrapment Excavated materials placed at least 2' from trench sidewall. - Hazardous atmosphere Prevent water accumulation in trench. - Water accumulation Sloping & shoring for trenches/excavations >20' deep must be approved by a Professional Engineer. - Falls into excavations Sloping/shoring/trench box for excavations >5' when persons enter trench/excavation. - Utility-related hazards Sloping/shoring/trench box for shallow (<5') trench/excavation with cave-in hazard. - Undermining structures &



foundations

FORKLIFT

Hazards:

- Struck-by

- Run over/roll over/tip over

- Unstable/falling loads

- Elevated forks -Fluid leaks

- Overhead utilities/obstructions

- Caught between (pinch points)

approved by Director of Health and Safety.

Do not exceed lifting load limits.

Workers in trenches to be within 25 feet of ladder or sloped entryway.

If potential for atmospheric hazard, see D.12. "Confined/Enclosed Spaces"

Forklift shall not be moved/driven with empty forks in raised position.

When not in use, forks lowered, brake set, controls in neutral, key removed.

☐ In addition to general safety practices for heavy equipment (above), as applicable:

Excavations to be protected by perimeter fencing (not barricade tape), if potential for personnel to fall into.

Qualified operator, per established forklift training (certificate is required); Geosyntec operator must be

Equipment inspected daily and documented on Forklift Preoperational Inspection Checklist.

Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-402-Excavation and Trenching</u>, <u>HS-132-Competent Persons</u>

Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-505-Safe Operation of Forklifts, HS-132-Competent Persons

	П	AERIAL BOOM/SCISSOR LIFT	☐ Follow safe work practices:			
	_	Hazards:	Operators to be appropriately trained and certified.			
		- Falls from basket	Equipment is inspected after mobilization and is in good condition.			
		- Overhead utilities/obstructions	Harness & lanyard worn whenever operating the lift.			
		- Struck-by, run over, tip over	Overhead hazards and surface obstructions to be reviewed with operators/riders prior to use.			
		- Caught between (pinch points)				
		- Tip over - Fluid leaks.				
			Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-509-Aerial Lifts</u>			
		CRANES	☐ In addition to general safety practices for Operation of Heavy Equipment (above), as applicable:			
		Hazards:	Only qualified persons operate cranes (certificate required).			
		electrocution by overhead utility	 Critical Lift Plan & Checklist prepared/executed (<u>See HS 506-Cranes</u>) prior to mobilization. 			
		injury in swing radiusinjury from falling load	Equipment to be inspected prior to mobilization and daily by crane operator.			
		- crane tipping over due to	Crane operator will remain at the controls at all times during operation.			
		overbalancing, high winds,	Crane operation must be performed under the direction of an appointed signal person at all times using hand			
		unstable ground, unsafe slope,	signals and/or voice/radio communication.			
		bad placement of outriggers	Crane to be level and stable (solid ground or crane mats/timbers, outriggers if present, cribbing); over-			
		 injury from mechanical hazards 	reaching or exceeding load limits is prohibited.			
			Keep area beneath suspended loads clear of personnel; tag lines used to maneuver load. Rigging procedures are Machanical Lifts with Rigging helpsy.			
			 Rigging procedures – see Mechanical Lifts with Rigging, below. Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-506-Cranes, HS-132-Competent Persons 			
		MECHANICAL LIFTS WITH RIGGING				
		Applies to lifting by rigging attached	 In addition to general safety practices for Operation of Heavy Equipment and Cranes (above), as applicable: Slings, chains, rope, wire rope, as well as sheaves, boom and attachments used for lifting/hoisting shall be 			
		to crane, truck-mounted boom rig	maintained in good condition, inspected daily, and used/stored in a manner as to protect from damage.			
		(e.g. drill rig), heavy equipment,	Coordinate lifting operations with competent person.			
		mechanical/electrical hoist, similar	 Do not exceed loading limits of lifting equipment; perform work in accordance with equipment load chart. 			
		equipment.	Hooks will be equipped with safety latches.			
		Hazards:	 Ensure anchor points for winch or other lift device (such as davit arm) are engineered for intended use. 			
		- Mechanical hazards,	Ensure personnel are not positioned beneath elevated loads and that tag lines are used where appropriate.			
		– Elevated loads	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-506-Cranes			
		WARNING! Confirmed or possible	☐ Follow safe work practices per D.11. "Utility-Related Hazards"			
		close proximity to OVERHEAD or				
		UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards			
		DEMOLITION	☐ Develop/implement a demolition safety plan.			
			Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-132-Competent Persons			
		BLASTING, UNEXPLODED	\square Develop/implement safety plan for blasting, unexploded ordnance, as applicable.			
		ORDNANCE	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-307-Blasting and Use of Explosives, <u>HS-132-Competent Persons</u>			
		PUBLIC AT RISK, SITE SECURITY	\square During site operations protect public (overhead protection, fencing, barriers, warning signs).			
			☐ During off hours, protect public with fencing, barriers, warning signs/lights, other measures as appropriate.			
			☐ Lock/secure hazardous materials and/or equipment.			
).9. ST	ORAGE/HANDI ING OF BUI K I	MATERIALS (for Chemical Storage, see D.14 & 15) Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated			
		Specific Notes & Clarifications:	The transfer of the state of th			
	Oite-c	opecine Notes & Olarmeations.				
		BULK STORAGE HAZARDS:	☐ Store materials in stable manner (stacked, racked, blocked, interlocked, tied, wrapped, or otherwise			
		Collapse/movement of stacked/stored	secured) to prevent tipping, sliding, rolling, falling or collapse.			
		bags, blocks, containers, pipe, boxes,	☐ Do not exceed load limits and ensure storage structure is stable, robust, secure for intended load.			
		equipment, and similar.	☐ Ensure stored materials do not block aisles, passageways, electrical panels, emergency equipment,			
		☐ Stack/pallet/rack/shelf	emergency access/egress routes, vehicle routes.			
		CONEX-box storage, or similar				
		LIFTING/MANUAL MATERIAL HANDLING HAZARDS	☐ During manual handling of materials and equipment, use safe lifting practices and/or lift aids; do stretches			
		HANDLING HAZARDS	and use safe postures to protect from acute strains/sprains, overexertion, and cumulative trauma injuries.			
).10. E	LECTRICAL WORK TASKS	☐ Applicable ☒ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated			
D		Specific Notes & Clarifications:	- Typhown - Trot Typhown, Tot Milliopatou			
	Oito-C	Specific Hotes & Startifications.				
D		USE OF BATTERIES, BATTERY-				
		USE OF BATTERIES, BATTERY-	□ Follow Sale work practices to control liazards of voltage, shock, archig, overheading, hazardous gases, irritant			
		POWERED EQUIPMENT <50 V, OR	electrolytes, secondary hazards.			
D			electrolytes, secondary hazards. □ Prevent short-circuiting of terminals when battery is in use (segregated from tools, metal objects) and during			
		POWERED EQUIPMENT < 50 V, OR OTHER DC EQUIPMENT < 50 V Potential fire hazard (if terminals are	electrolytes, secondary hazards. □ Prevent short-circuiting of terminals when battery is in use (segregated from tools, metal objects) and during transport (use battery transport container or install guard/cover on positive terminal).			
		POWERED EQUIPMENT < 50 V, OR OTHER DC EQUIPMENT < 50 V Potential fire hazard (if terminals are shorted), eye/skin hazards (when	electrolytes, secondary hazards. ☐ Prevent short-circuiting of terminals when battery is in use (segregated from tools, metal objects) and during transport (use battery transport container or install guard/cover on positive terminal). ☐ For batteries requiring replenishment of electrolyte, use PPE for eye and skin protection, and have eyewash			
		POWERED EQUIPMENT < 50 V, OR OTHER DC EQUIPMENT < 50 V Potential fire hazard (if terminals are	electrolytes, secondary hazards. □ Prevent short-circuiting of terminals when battery is in use (segregated from tools, metal objects) and during transport (use battery transport container or install guard/cover on positive terminal).			



		"NORMAL OPERATION" OF	☐ Follow "normal operation" requirements:		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTED		ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTED	All electrical enclosures/guards/covers must be in place/closed/secured.		
		TO AC OR DC POWER SOURCE ≥ 50 V:	Electrical equipment maintained per codes/standards/manufacturer's recommendations.		
		Electrically powered tools, equipment,	Ensure no indication of damage or impending failure (heat, smoke, buzzing, odors, arcing, melting).		
		machinery, extension cords, portable	Operate equipment in accordance with manufacturer's standard operating procedures.		
		generators, working near electrical	☐ Follow general electrical safety work practices to minimize shock hazard and secondary hazards:		
equipment.		equipment.	Control water-related/wet-location hazards in a manner appropriate for the job tasks/equipment/tool.		
			 Never touch electrical equipment if you are wet or standing/kneeling in water or on wet surfaces. 		
		Hazards:	Use extension cords/power cords properly, rated for use conditions and current draw, prevent damage.		
		- Electrical shock	Inspect tool/equipment/extension cords/power cords before each use; remove from use if damaged.		
		- Secondary hazards (falls, other	Use GFCI-protected outlet or portable GFCI in wet/moist locations, outdoors, basements, concrete floors. Parada at a second of located by a second of loca		
		injuries).	Do not enter any space delineated by an electrical approach boundary. Consumts Description 1.4.2.4. Floring 1.5.6.4.4. Consumts Description 1.4.4.4. Floring 1.5.6.4.4. Consumts Description 1.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4		
			Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-121-Electrical Safety		
		HANDS-ON DIAGNOSTICS/REPAIR ON CIRCUIT(S) CONNECTED TO POWER	 Implement electrical safe work practices pertaining to: Workers trained appropriately for the task. 		
		SOURCE < 50 V:	Shock prevention measures.		
		□ AC □ DC	Eye/skin protection for arcing hazards.		
		☐ Battery and/or solar power	Protection from secondary hazards.		
			1 000000 1 10 11 0000 1 000 1		
		☐ Capacitor(s)	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-121-Electrical Safety		
		☐ Stray voltage from soil electrodes	Decree weight and if a without (Floridise) Cofety Decree (Floridise) (At a wining (At a wining way)		
		WORK WITHIN "APPROACH BOUNDARY" OF EXPOSED,	Prepare project-specific written "Electrical Safety Program" addressing (at a minimum):		
		ENERGIZED (OR POTENTIALLY	Workers trained/designated as "Qualified Electrical Workers" per NFPA 70E (US)/CSA Z462 (CAN) Assess visite of a lectrical blood (walkers) levels and assess days because the second and assess days are second as a second and assess days because the second and assess days are second as a second and assess days are second as a se		
		ENERGIZED (ON POTENTIALE) ENERGIZED CONDUCTORS AND/OR	 Assess risks of electrical shock (voltage levels and sources), arc flash hazard and secondary hazards. Affix electrical hazard warning label to electrical enclosure(s) to be accessed. 		
		CIRCUIT PARTS CONNECTED TO	 Physically delineate arc flash- or limited approach boundary, whichever is farthest from hazard source. 		
		POWER SOURCE 50-600 V*:	Only "qualified" workers allowed within approach boundaries; prevent entry by non-qualified personnel.		
		☐ AC ☐ DC ☐ 3-phase	Establish electrically safe working condition; work on live circuits prohibited (except for diagnostic testing).		
		☐ Battery and/or solar power	Use PPE for shock/arc flash protection, as required.		
		☐ Capacitor(s)	Use other safe procedures/equipment required for the task, such as lockout/tagout.		
		☐ Induced voltage			
		☐ Stray voltage ≥50V from soil			
		electrodes			
		* Working on >600 V not permitted			
		for Geosyntec personnel	Geosyntec Procedure(s): <u>HS-121-Electrical Safety</u> , <u>HS-129-High Voltage Electricity Safety</u>		
		LOCKOUT/TAGOUT (LO/TO) OF	☐ Prepare site-specific written LO/TO <i>program</i> , and equipment-specific written LO/TO <i>procedures</i> (as		
		ELECTRICAL ENERGY To prevent	applicable); implement control procedures for hazardous energy sources, provide locks/tags, train workers,		
		unplanned start-up or release of	designate "authorized" personnel, notify "affected" personnel.		
		energy when equipment is under			
		maintenance/repair.	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-119-Lockout Tagout, HS-121-Electrical Safety		
		WARNING! Confirmed or possible	☐ Follow safe work practices per D.11. "Utility-Related Hazards."		
	_	close proximity to OVERHEAD			
		ELECTRICAL UTILITY LINES.	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards		
	144 11	TILITY-RELATED HAZARDS	Manufachla II Not Annliaghla Not Anticinated		
ע					
	Site-S	pecific Notes & Clarifications: Clear	for utilities prior to starting drilling.		
		OVERHEAD, AROVE CROHNID	☐ Arrange for power company/utility owner to de-energize power line.		
		OVERHEAD, ABOVE-GROUND UTILITIES	☐ Do not cross approach boundaries with personnel or equipment; employ other appropriate precautions for		
			the conditions (specify above).		
			☐ Use additional controls, as applicable: shielding, flagging, observer/monitor.		
			Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS 304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards		
		UNDERGROUND UTILITIES	□ Confirm appropriate underground utility clearance procedures have been completed prior to ground		
			penetrations, and employ other utility clearance/locator practices, as appropriate for conditions.		
		THE PARTY OF THE P	☐ Hand digging/augering or vacuum post-holing within 3′ of utility locations or other high-risk condition.		
		THE PARTY OF THE P	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS 304-Overhead/Underground Utility Hazards		
	40.5	ONEWED / ENO. 2255 25: 25:			
Ú		ONFINED / ENCLOSED SPACES	S (Including Hazardous Indoor Spaces) Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated		
	Site-S	Specific Notes & Clarifications:			
		T (00)[[] [] []	DECUMPENTS.		
		Type of CONFINED/ENCLOSED/	REQUIREMENTS: 1. Contact Corp. H&S Department to determine applicability of confined space entry regulations, and to		
		HAZARDOUS INDOOR Workspace:	determine safe work practices for entry into any confined, enclosed or hazardous indoor spaces.		
		☐ Indoors (occupied)	acteriance sure work proceeds for each y into dify confined, enclosed of flazardous fluour spaces.		
		☐ Indoors (abandoned, vacant) ☐ Basement, crawl space, attic	2. Classify the work task by checking one of the following:		



	☐ Tunnel, shaft, inspection gallery	□ CONFINED SPACE classified by U.S. OSHA as a "Permit-Required Confined Space;" ensure OSHA
	☐ Storage bin, locker	requirements are met in OSHA jurisdictions.
	☐ Culvert, catch basin, sewer	☐ CONFINED/ENCLOSED/INDOOR/CONFINED space NOT classified as an OSHA Permit-Required Confined
	☐ Well vault, utility vault, manhole☐ Tank, vessel, silo, vat, hopper	Space; develop site-specific entry procedure <u>per applicable regulations and Geosyntec requirements</u> .
	☐ Trench, excavation	Space, develop site specific entry procedure per applicable regulations and decosynice requirements.
	☐ Machine/equipment pit	3. Delineate tasks, hazards and controls associated with the work in Section C.1. "Summary of Tasks, Hazards
	☐ Transportation container, railcar	and Controls," and in applicable sections in Parts C, D and E of this THA; incorporate applicable safety
	☐ Other – describe above	provisions such as, but not limited to, the following:
		Risk assessment; entry plan, entry permit system/safety checklist.
	Confirmed or potential hazards:	Air monitoring for atmospheric hazards.
	☐ Flammable/explosive	 Entry roles (supervisor, entrant, attendant), buddy system, regulatory training requirement.
	☐ Oxygen deficiency	 Protect non-entry personnel from unauthorized entry (labels, signage, barriers)
	☐ Hydrogen sulfide	 Ingress/egress (stairway, ramp, ladder, tripod/winch, harness/lifeline, etc.).
	□ VOCs	Communication/alerting/rescue/emergency plan. Saturbased controls.
	☐ Carbon monoxide	Entry hazard controls: Isolation closeing purging lockout/tagout fire protection
	☐ Combustible dust	 Isolation, cleaning, purging, lockout/tagout, fire protection. Dilution ventilation to introduce fresh air
	☐ Combustion/exhaust emissions	- Exhaust ventilation to control point source of emissions.
	☐ Welding/cutting fumes	- Duct/stack to direct hazardous emissions away from work area.
	Electrical	- Respiratory protection.
	☐ Mechanical equipment	 PPE and safety gear to protect from chemical/physical/biological hazards.
	☐ Entrapment, engulfment,	- Fall protection.
	drowning ☐ Building-related hazards	- Traffic control.
	☐ Other – describe above	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-112-Respiratory Protection,
	□ Other – describe above	<u>HS-113-Personal Protective Equipment</u> , <u>HS-118-Confined Space Entry</u> , Others as applicable to the specific work
D.13. IN	NFECTIOUS / PATHOGENIC BI	OHAZARDS ☐ Applicable ☒ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
	Specific Notes & Clarifications:	
One c	peomo notos a olarmoations.	
	HAZARD TYPE:	☐ Follow Field Work COVID 19 General Prevention Measures (as applicable); list project specific COVID
	☐ COVID-19	interventions above, communicate/coordinate with project team prior to initiation of work.
	☐ Wastewater, sewer	☐ Use "Universal Precautions" as applicable for potential exposures to infectious/pathogenic hazards.
	☐ Bird guano	☐ Low hazard – use basic hygiene practices, protective gloves, provide for hand washing.
	☐ Mold, fungi, valley fever	☐ More severe hazard – add protective clothing, respirator/dust mask, decon, as appropriate.
	☐ Bloodborne pathogens	☐ For bloodborne human pathogens follow Bloodborne Pathogen Program.
	☐ Discarded syringes	☐ Arrange with Human Resources for project-specific immunization. ☐ Implement remedial actions (remove syringes, clean up guano, decon/disinfect surfaces, etc.) as appropriate
	☐ Medical waste	for the scope/scale of work.
	□ Other (describe above)	Geosyntec Procedure(s): HS-133-Bloodborne Pathogens, COVID-19 Considerations
	,	and Mitigations for On-Going Business Operations, Field Work Covid-19 General Prevention Measures
D.14. C	OMMERCIAL CHEMICAL PRO	DUCTS (per HAZCOM or WHMIS) ☐ Applicable ☑ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated
	Specific Notes & Clarifications:	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	PRODUCTS REGULATED BY	☐ Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) available, either on site or readily available within same work shift, containers
	HAZCOM ¹ (US) or WHMIS ² (CAN)	labelled properly, workers trained/oriented on hazards.
		☐ For subcontractor/contractor use of chemical products, confirm SDS availability for affected onsite workers.
	¹ OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (L	Inited States); ² Workplace Hazardous Material Information System (Canada)
	GENERAL SAFE WORK PRACTICES	☐ Consult SDS for H&S hazards, symptoms of exposure; ensure workers have been apprised of safe practices.
	FOR FIELD USE OF CHEMICALS	☐ Handle with care, maintain good housekeeping, provide adequate illumination in work area.
		☐ Pour/dispense/transfer liquid chemicals on stable work surface.
		☐ Use chemicals in well ventilated area; use fans/blowers/exhaust for active ventilation, as appropriate.
		☐ Have eyewash bottles, eyewash station, deluge capabilities, commensurate for the hazard, readily available.
		☐ Have spill/neutralization equipment, appropriate for the chemicals, readily available.
		☐ Conduct air monitoring as appropriate; see Part E, "Air Monitoring, Worker Exposure Monitoring."
	STORAGE/TRANSPORT OF	☐ Transport chemicals only in sealed containers, secured to prevent shifting/breakage during travel.
	CHEMICALS/HAZMAT	☐ Store chemicals only in sealed containers; overnight storage in squirt/spray bottles prohibited.
	□ Non-Emergency (Pourting)	☐ Store flammable/combustible liquids in chemical storage cabinets, or other appropriate storage arrangement.
	☐ Non-Emergency (Routine) Chemical Storage Risk of personal	☐ For liquids, provide secondary containment during storage.
	contact and/or incidental release	☐ Segregate incompatible chemicals during storage.
	-	☐ For incidental release/spill; maintain spill kit suitable for low flammability/toxicity/quantity/volatility release.
	☐ HAZMAT Transport	□ DOT/TDG/IATA-Regulated transport: see D.17. "Hazmat/Dangerous Goods Shipping/ Transportation.
1	☐ Risk of Emergency Spill/Release	For emergency spills: describe spill/release hazard and response plan/procedure above, and indicate



	☐ CFTAS (Chemical Facility Anti-	emerger	icy response contact in Part B, "Emergency Response ar	nd First Aid."	
	Terrorism Standards) Applicability:	☐ Locate er	mergency gear (eyewash, fire extinguisher, spill kit, safety signage) near storage area, as applicable.		
	On-site overnight storage of non-	☐ For CFTA	-applicable chemical storage, a safety and chemical management plan must be prepared and		
	waste chemical product at quantity	reviewed by	a H&S Professional before bringing material to the site	e. (Does not apply to materials brought on to	
	≥25 gal(115L) or ≥250 lbs. (115 kg)	the site for o	daily work purposes and transported away at the end o	f each day)	
П	COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDERS	☐ Secure cy	/linders upright, caps on when not in use.		
	☐ Flammable	☐ Handle w	vith care; use and store cylinders in a manner and locati	on to prevent damage.	
	☐ Non-flammable		cylinders not in use <u>must be stored outdoors</u> in a cage	·	
	☐ Toxic		cetylene cylinders are NOT secured to steel arc welding		
	☐ Asphyxiant		e oxygen and fuel gases by distance (20') or fire-rated b		
	☐ Oxygen		gnition sources.		
	,6	i `	king" signage at cylinder storage area for flammable ga	ses.	
	FLAMMABLE/COMBUSTIBLE		er fuel safety can (metal fuel container with self-closing		
ш	LIQUIDS		remove ignition sources near storage and use areas.	s spout and name arrestor preferred).	
			ng and bonding where appropriate.		
			Type B or ABC fire extinguisher is readily available.		
—	ACIDS CALISTICS OTHER		<u> </u>	ad alia /alaura alaura anna)	
ΙШ	ACIDS, CAUSTICS, OTHER CORROSIVES		opriate protection for eyes/face (goggles/face shield) a		
	CORROSIVES	•	wash, deluge shower, drench hose, hand washing (with	·· · · ·	
		+	re eye hazards (due to high corrosivity, large quantity),	·	
	TOXIC		substances, use/store in a manner to control exposure	-	
		skin abso	orption); use active ventilation and/or PPE as appropria	te.	
	EMISSIONS FROM FUEL	☐ Position	outdoor personnel upwind of exhaust source.		
	COMBUSTION, HOT PROCESSES	☐ Avoid "id	lling" of equipment when not in use.		
	☐ Gasoline	☐ Use pass	ive ventilation (air infiltration/air currents) to disperse a	atmospheric hazards in breathing zone.	
	☐ Diesel	☐ Use dilut	ion ventilation (blowers/fans) to provide fresh air to wo	rk area and dissipate atmospheric hazards.	
	☐ Propane/Natural Gas	☐ Use <i>exha</i>	ust ventilation (hood/duct/exhaust stack/blower) to ca	pture/divert exhaust from work area.	
	☐ Welding/cutting/hot work	☐ Use resp	iratory protection for high levels of smoke, exhaust par	ticulates, soot.	
	☐ Vehicle/equipment exhaust	☐ Conduct	air monitoring as appropriate; see Part E," Air Monitor	ing, Worker Exposure Monitoring."	
	☐ Other				
	OTHER HAZARDS	☐ Describe	other hazardous substances and safety measures unde	r "Site-Specific Notes & Clarifications," above.	
	Geosyntec Proced	ures: HS-115-	<u>US-Hazard Communication</u> , HS-115-CA-WHMIS, <u>HS-111</u>	-Air Monitoring, HS-112-Respiratory Protection,	
	•			- <u>Safety Training Programs</u> , Others as applicable	
) 4E C	ITE CONTAMINANTS CUEMIC	AL MACTE	S Annliacht	Not Applicable Not Applicated	
	ITE CONTAMINANTS, CHEMIC			Not Applicable, Not Anticipated	
Site-S	Specific Notes & Clarifications: PFA	AS compounds	expected in soil and groundwater based on Site knowled	ge. Identify IDW storage procedures with client	
prior to	o starting work.				
CHECK	ALL THAT APPLY. Provide site-specific	notes/clarifica	tions above.		
⊠ Soil	/groundwater contaminants (historical i	release)	☐ Explosive dust	\square Potential for flammable gas (methane)	
☐ Rec	ent release, known high concentrations		☐ Oxygen deficiency	☐ Corrosive, acids/caustics, strong irritants	
☐ For	mer chemical disposal site, landfill		☐ Chlorinated volatile organic compounds (VOCs)	☐ Asbestos abatement work	
☐ Urb	an fill, residual contaminants		☐ BTEX, petroleum derived VOCs	☐ Pesticides, herbicides, fungicides	
☐ Cor	ntainerized waste (drums, process equip	ment)	☐ Fuel oils, petroleum, waste oil, lubricants	☐ Sensitizers	
☐ Bur	ied drums (known or potential)		☐ Metals, metal compounds, metal dusts	☐ Radioactive contaminants	
☐ Lar	ge containers, potential for spills		☐ Elemental mercury	☐ Controlled substances, drugs	
☐ Cor	ntaminated building surfaces		☐ Polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	☐ Other - describe above	
□Une	exploded ordnance		☐ Potential for flammable vapors		
NOTE:	For sites with one or more "high-risk co	ntaminants" (; (below) designated/recognized as a contaminant of cor	ncern, or exceeding an environmental reporting	
	_		on level or exposure limit, the THA must be reviewed by		
☐ Asb	estos		☐ Cadmium	☐ Lead	
☐ Ars	enic/arsenic compounds		☐ Chromium VI (Hexavalent chromium)	☐ Methylene chloride	
☐ Ber	izene (except as trace constituent of pet	roleum fuel)	☐ Dioxins	☐ Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	
☐ Ber			☐ Reactives – Cyanides/sulfides (HCN, H₂S)	☐ Vinyl chloride	
		OPERATIONS	, CORRECTIVE ACTIONS, PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION		
			elineate procedures in "Site-Specific Notes and Clarific		
1	fallandas as soullaskis to the mode.				
	following, as applicable to the work:				
	 Workers attend pre-work ori 		azards, risks, onsite safety measures, emergency contin	_	
	 Workers attend pre-work ori Implement site control plan 	- delineate Exc	azards, risks, onsite safety measures, emergency contin clusion Zone(s), Contaminant Reduction Zone(s), Supporations and other relevant site-specific information.	_	



			re 40-hour HAZWOPER train i	-	r refresher, 3 days sup	ervised field exper	ience.
	•		ave 8-hour Supervisor traini: ticipate in medical monitori :	•	nlicable		
		•	ures for worker protection v	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	nersonal protective	equinment (PPF) air
	monitoring	, decontamination p	rocedures, spill containment	, emergency prepa	aredness and response		equipment (11 2), un
	1		ropriate; see Part E," Air Mo	_	-	,	
			Protectio n and specific PPE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	(COVID-19 face cov	vors allowed)
	0 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	tor, no chemical protective cl No respirator, chemical prote	_			·
	0		ng respirator, chemical protec				
	0		ed respirator, chemical protec				•
	0		psulating suit, self-contained	_		-	=
	•		AZWOPER, HS-108-Medical I				
			nt, HS-114-Safety Training Pr			HS-405-Drum San	<u>npling</u> , Others as applicable
\boxtimes			NTS OR WASTE BUT NOT RE			hility of bozord inf	armatian
		=	aware of chemical hazards the worker exposure through e			=	
	•		ir monitoring/sampling, as a		•		
	Lvaidate w	="	syntec Procedures: <u>HS-111-</u>		=		=
							cation, Others as applicable
\boxtimes	STORAGE/TRANSPO	ORT OF IDW*	☐ Describe site-specific p	rocedures above f	for spill containment, c	ontainer handling,	as applicable.
	Spill/Release Risk:		Drillers will transport drur	ms to location desi	ignated by City. Drums	must be labled an	d secured.
	☐ Risk of <i>incidental</i>	•	☐ For liquids, provide sec				
	☐ Risk of emergenc	y spill/release	☐ Segregate incompatible	e chemicals during	g storage.		
					= :		torage area, as applicable.
	* Investigation-Deriv	ved Waste	☐ For incidental spills; spi			=	
			☐ For emergency spills: d	•	•		bove, and indicate
			Emergency response c				
			☐ DOT/TDG/IATA-Regula	•	=		
							dous Waste Drum Handling
	OFF-SITE MIGRATIO	N OF AIRBORNE	☐ Implement controls to				·
	CONTAMINANTS		☐ Community/perimeter	_	be conducted per peri	meter air monitori	ng plan; see E.3 "Fence
			Line/Perimeter Air Mo	onitoring."			
).16. F	RADIATION HAZA	RDS (Other than S	unlight)		■ Applicable	Not Applie	cable, Not Anticipated
Site-S	Specific Notes & Cla	rifications:					
	IONIZING	Potential hazard so	urces may include nuclear de	ensity gauges, hos	t-facility X-ray equipm	ent, radioactive co	ntaminants (α, β, γ) ,
	RADIATION	medical or laborato	ory waste. Describe hazards	& safety measures	s above in Site-Specific	Notes & Clarificati	ions. Conduct exposure
		monitoring, as appr	ropriate; see Part E, "Air Mo	•			
	NON IONIZING	Detential bazard so	•				and Non-Ionizing Radiation
	NON-IONIZING RADIATION		urces may include lasers, UV le light. Describe hazards & s		• .	•	· ·
	RADIATION		ropriate; see Part E, "Air Mo	•	•		is. Conduct exposure
		3, 11		_	-		and Non-Ionizing Radiation
).17. I	HAZMAT/DANGEF	ROUS GOODS S	HIPPING/TRANSPOR	TATION	□ Applicable	Not Applie	cable, Not Anticipated
MOD	E(S) OF TRANSPORT:	☐ Road	☐ Rail ☐ Air	☐ Sea	☐ Inland V	Vaterway	☐ International
IMPO	ORTANT: Ensure that each	ch individual who will	be involved in shipping/trans	sportation of hazar	rdous material is currer	nt with required tra	ining (awareness, function-
specif	fic, safety, security) in ac	ccordance with applic	able regulatory authority (DO	T, FAA, IATA, TDG)			
0''	0 'C' - N - (0 0)	- 10 - 0			Geosyntec Procedu	res: <u>HS-135-Hazar</u>	dous Materials Procedures
Site-	Specific Notes & Cla	arifications:					
DΔR1	TE_AIR MON	IITORING W	ORKER EXPOSU	IRE MONIT	ORING		
ANI	I L - AIN MON	TOKING, W	ORRER EXT 030	INE MONT	OKING		
E.1. Al	IR MONITORING				Applicable	Not Appli	cable, Not Anticipated
Site-S	Specific Notes, Clari	fications:			• •	•	
AID TO	STING DADAMETERS	Soloot site ansaifis to-	ting narameters, list asses:ist	od oquinment in D	+C2 Safati Emiliani	Liet	
AIK-IE	STING PARAMETERS -	Select site-specific tes	sting parameters; list associate	eu equipment in Par	i G.Z, Salety Equipment	LIST.	



Photoconstation detector (PID): X ev Lower Explosive Level (LEL): LEt meter Level Photoconstation detector (PID)	□ VOCs			☐ Oxygen (O₂) – oxygen meter	☐ Particulates - total dust meter		
Carbon menciode (CO) — CO detector Other: SUBSTANCE-SPECIFIC (PRE-SET) ACTION LEVELS - Sustained breathing zone action levels (qualitating deneral work-area levels for LEL). Qs				☐ Lower Explosive Level (LEL) - LEL meter	☐ % Methane – methane meter		
SUBSTANCE-SPECIFIC (PRE-SET) ACTION LEVELS - <u>Sustained breathing zone action levels (sustained general work-area levels for LEL).</u> □ 19.5-230% Acceptable to continue work without 0, focused respiratory protection. □ 19.5-330 STOP WORK, ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK ventilate to lower 0 to to 23% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact contact the treation of the control of the con			` '		· ·		
October 19.5-23%	☐ Co	lorimetric indicator t	ubes – describe above	☐ Carbon monoxide (CO) – CO detector	☐ Other:		
Qioyagen 2419.5% STOP WORK, ventilate to raise, D to 213% for re-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept.	SUBSTA	NCE-SPECIFIC (PRE-	-SET) ACTION LEVELS - <u>S</u>	ustained breathing zone action levels (sustained general	eral work-area levels for LEL).		
Coxpan \$23.0% \$10° WORK, wentate to have 0.10° \$13.0% for re-entry. For persistent hazards, contact Corp. 188.0 Dept.	_		19.5-23%	Acceptable to continue work without O2-focused	respiratory protection.		
STE-DERIVED ACTION LEVELS - Sustained breathing one action level; contact Corp. H&S Dept.			<19.5%	STOP WORK, ventilate to raise O2 to >19.5% for re	e-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept.		
LEL (Lower Explosive Limit) LES (Lower Expl	(0	oxygen)	>23.0%	STOP WORK, ventilate to lower O2 to <23% for re-	-entry. For persistent hazard, contact Corp. H&S Dept.		
CO (Carbon Monoxide) Carbon			IMPORTANT:	<u> </u>			
Explosive Limit \$10% LEL STOP WORK. Implement controls (reposition workers ventilate, contain/eliminate source, etc.): resume work without hts-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, wentilate, contain/eliminate source, etc.): resume work without hts-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, wentilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to -1ppm, or use APP* with VO/Codepc cartridges (yellow); do not exceed MUC* for respirator yer, confirm acceptable for respirator usage with Corp. NES Dept. Implement controls (reposition workers, wentilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to -1ppm, or use APP* with VO/Codepc cartridges (yellow); do not exceed MUC* for respiratory yer, confirm acceptable to continue work without CO-focused respiratory. For persistent levels >10 ppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. HSS Dept. CO	LE	EL (Lower		1			
Second Process Seco	1 1 1	,					
H ₁ S H ₂			<u>></u> 10% LEL				
Implement controls (reposition workers, wentilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to 1-10 ppm (lydrogen Sulfide)			< 1 ppm	Acceptable to continue work without H ₂ S-focused	d respiratory protection.		
ype; confirm acceptability of respirator usage with corp. H&S Dept. Plant							
Hydrogen Sulfide Sype; continn acceptability of respirator usage with corp. HaS Dept. Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to 4.0ppm (with respirator), or <1ppm (without respirator). For persistent levels >10 ppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Acceptable to continue work without CO-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to <25ppm. Stoppm Acceptable to continue work without Co-focused respiratory protection. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm Stoppm, STOP WORK, ontact Corp. HaS Dept. Stoppm Sto		c	1-10 ppm	exposures to <1ppm, or use APR* with VOC/acid-	gas cartridges (yellow); do not exceed MUC* for respirator		
Note				type; confirm acceptability of respirator usage wi	th Corp. H&S Dept.		
CO Carbon Monoxide 2.25 ppm Acceptable to continue work without CO-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to <25 ppm. For persistent levels >25 ppm. To PWORK, contact Corp. H&S Dept. In this Air Quality Index (AQI) range, it's acceptable to continue work without respiratory protection. In this Air Quality Index (AQI) range, it's acceptable to continue work without respiratory protection. STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action level, to lower dust levels to continue work without particulate-focused respiratory protection. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action level, to lower dust levels to continue work without particulate force drespiratory protection. STOP WORK implement controls for presistent levels greater than action level, to lower dust levels to continue work without particulate fo	(11	iyurogen sumae)		Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate	e, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit		
CO (Carbon Monoxide) 25 ppm			> 10 ppm	exposures to <10ppm (with respirator), or <1ppm	n (without respirator). For persistent levels >10 ppm, STOP		
Garbon Monoxide 2.25 ppm Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate, contain/elliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit exposures to <25ppm. For persistent levels >25ppm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. H&S Dept.				WORK, contact Corp. H&S Dept.			
Carbon Monoxide 25 ppm	_ (o	< 25 ppm	Acceptable to continue work without CO-focused	I respiratory protection.		
WILDFIRE SMOKE S15.500	1 1 1		> 25 nnm	Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilate	e, contain/eliminate source, scheduling, etc.) to limit		
WILDFIRE SMOKE 151-500 STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept.	(0	carbon wionoxiac)	<u> </u>	exposures to <25ppm. For persistent levels >25p	pm, STOP WORK, contact Corp. H&S Dept.		
CAQI for PM 2.5) STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept.		AT DEIDE CNAOKE	<u><</u> 150	In this Air Quality Index (AQI) range, it's acceptab	ble to continue work without respiratory protection.		
STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. COTHERS	1 1 1	:	151-500	Voluntary use of N95 respirator is appropriate.			
SITE-DERIVED ACTION LEVELS — Sustained breathing zone action levels; derived based on site contaminants; REVIEW WITH CORP. H&S DEPT. REQUIRED. Compounds	(A	(Q1 101 PIVI 2.5)	>500	STOP WORK, or use APR* with approval of Corp.	H&S Dept.		
SITE-DERIVED ACTION LEVELS — Sustained breathing zone action levels; derived based on site contaminants; REVIEW WITH CORP. H&S DEPT. REQUIRED. Compounds		_					
VOCs VOCs Ppm Acceptable to continue work without VOC-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilation, containment, eliminate source, etc.) to lower VOC exposures to less than specified action level, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. Volatile Organic Compounds) Vato X ppm Use APR* with VOC cartridges (yellow or black); do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. X to X mg/m³ Acceptable to continue work without particulate-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (water spray, reposition workers, ventilation, containment, etc.) to lower dust levels to less than specified action level, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ Use APR* with particulate cartridges appropriate the hazard; do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ Vato X mg/	⊔ <0	OTHER>					
VOCs VOCs Ppm Acceptable to continue work without VOC-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (reposition workers, ventilation, containment, eliminate source, etc.) to lower VOC exposures to less than specified action level, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. Volatile Organic Compounds) Vato X ppm Use APR* with VOC cartridges (yellow or black); do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. X to X mg/m³ Acceptable to continue work without particulate-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (water spray, reposition workers, ventilation, containment, etc.) to lower dust levels to less than specified action level, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ Use APR* with particulate cartridges appropriate the hazard; do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. Vato X mg/m³ Vato X mg/	SITE-DEF	RIVED ACTION I EVE	S - Sustained breathing	ivone action levels: derived based on site contaminant	ts: REVIEW WITH CORP. H&S DEPT. REQUIRED		
VOCS (Volatile Organic Compounds)		1			·		
VOCS (Volatile Organic Compounds) X to X ppm Use APR* with VOC cartridges (yellow or black); do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. > X ppm STOP WORK. Implement controls, for persistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. AIRBORNE DUST			< X ppm				
(Volatile Organic Compounds)	V	OCs	> " ppm	i i			
Procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept.	_						
STOP WORK. Implement controls, for persistent levels greater than action contact Corp H&S Dept. AIRBORNE DUST	Co	ompounds)	X to X ppm				
ARBORNE DUST (Total Particulates) ** mg/m³ Acceptable to continue work without particulate-focused respiratory protection. Implement controls (water spray, reposition workers, ventilation, containment, etc.) to lower dust levels to less than specified action level, or use APR* with approval of Corp. H&S Dept. X to X mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. OTHER> ** Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated		2	> V				
AIRBORNE DUST (Total Particulates)							
AIRBORNE DUST (Total Particulates) X to X mg/m³ Uses APR* with particulate cartridges appropriate for the hazard; do not exceed MUC** for respirator type; confirm procedures for respirator usage with Corp. H&S Dept. > mg/m³ STOP WORK. Implement controls. For persistent levels greater than action level, contact Corp H&S Dept. * Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration Geosyntec Procedures: H5-111-Air Monitoring, H5-602-Lead, H5-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum			< X mg/m³				
Cotal Particulates X to X mg/m3			> " mg/m ³	1 1 1 1			
* Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-603-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum Heat/Cold Stress Testing/Monitoring Wildfire Smoke - Tracking AQI (Air Quality Index) Cother> Wip-Bulk Sampling (to evaluate worker exposure) Noise Testing Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizing Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated		ja ja					
* Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Heat/Cold Stress Testing/Monitoring Wildfire Smoke - Tracking AQI (Air Quality Index) <0 ther> Air Sampling (sample collection, passive dosimeter) Ionizing or Non-ionizing Radiation Testing <0 ther> Wipe/Bulk Sampling (to evaluate worker exposure) Noise Testing Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizina Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide 3. FENCELINE / PERIMETER AIR MONITORING Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.	(1	otal Particulates)	X to X mg/m ³				
* Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration **Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum **C. OTHER WORKER EXPOSURE MONITORING SAMPLING Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Heat/Cold Stress Testing/Monitoring Wildfire Smoke – Tracking AQI (Air Quality Index) <0ther> Heat/Cold Stress Testing/Monitoring Wildfire Smoke – Tracking AQI (Air Quality Index) <0ther> Air Sampling (sample collection, passive dosimeter) Ionizing or Non-ionizing Radiation Testing <0ther> Wipe/Bulk Sampling (to evaluate worker exposure) Noise Testing Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizing Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide Applicable Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Pence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.			> mg/m ³	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
* Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration **Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum **Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration **Geosyntec Procedures: HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-602-Lead, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide, Wildfire Smoke THA Addendum **Air-purifying respirator ** Maximum use concentration **Applicable		_	·	The state of the s	g. Sate. than action level, contact corp has bepti		
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.2. OTHER WORKER EXPOSURE MONITORING / SAMPLING			Geosynt				
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□ Air Sampling (sample collection, passive dosimeter) □ Wipe/Bulk Sampling (to evaluate worker exposure) Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizing Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide 3. FENCELINE / PERIMETER AIR MONITORING □ Applicable ☑ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.							
□ Wipe/Bulk Sampling (to evaluate worker exposure) □ Noise Testing Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizing Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide 3. FENCELINE / PERIMETER AIR MONITORING □ Applicable ☑ Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.	-	•	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications: **Geosyntec Procedures: HS-109-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention, HS-126-Radiation Safety Program, HS-128-Ionizing and Non-ionizing Radiation, HS-601-Asbestos, HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide **3. FENCELINE / PERIMETER AIR MONITORING** **Deplicable** **Not Applicable, Not Anticipated Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.				_	n Testing □ <other></other>		
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#S-602-Lead, #S-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide ##S-602-Lead, #S-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-		Geo	syntec Procedures: <u>HS-1</u>	09-Hearing Protection, HS-111-Air Monitoring, HS-1	124-Heat Stress Prevention, HS-125-Cold Stress Prevention,		
Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.					——————————————————————————————————————		
Fence line/perimeter air monitoring to be conducted in accordance with a separate "Perimeter Air Monitoring Plan" for this work; results from fence line/perimeter air monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.		HS-602-Lead, HS-604-Respirable Crystalline Silica, HS-605-Hydrogen Sulfide					
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monitoring shall NOT be used as the sole basis for determining work zone atmospheric hazards.							
Site-Specific Notes, Clarifications:		•	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ring Plan for this work; results from Jence line/perimeter air		
	Site-Sp	ecific Notes, Clar	ifications:				



PART F - APPROVALS, ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

F.1. THA PREPARATION, REVIEW/APPROVAL SIGNATURES A THA is typically prepared by project staff, often with input from an HSC, with review/approval, at a minimum, by PM or PD. Corporate H&S staff must be consulted as required or otherwise deemed appropriate*.

	Printed Name	Signature	Date
THA PREPARED BY:	Vanessa Maldonado	Jave Politication	10/14/2022
	Adrianna Jarosz	Adman Jano	11/15/2022
THA	Printed Name	Signature	Date
REVIEWED/ APPROVED BY: (Project Manager or Project Director, at a minimum)	Cindy Bartlett	Cif built	11/18/22

^{*} At a minimum, Corp. H&S **must** review/approve the THA review when Geosyntec staff will encounter "high hazards/high risks," or perform critical tasks, such as (but not limited to):

- Climb ladders to heights >10'
- Use a personal fall apparatus
- Self-perform tasks classified as construction labor
- Climb ladders to heights >10'
- Tow a trailer on roadway
- Oversee a hot-work permit system
- Enter a permit-required confined space
- Operate a UTV/ATV, aerial lift or fork-lift
- Use of unmanned aerial vehicle (drone)
- Implement lockout/tagout controls
- Enter a trench/excavation >5' deep
- Work near heavy equipment or crane
- Function as a construction "Competent Person"
- Operate a pneumatic or powder-actuated tool
- Electrical testing & maintenance (<50 V excluded)Work at height near overhead electrical utility lines
- Derive action levels for VOCs or toxic dusts

- Instrument monitoring for critical exposure risks
- Wear a respirator
- Presence of "high-risk" contaminant(s)
- Sustained exposure to wildfire smoke AQI_{PM 2.5} >150
- Enter EZ/CRZ during HAZWOPER cleanup activities
- Exposure to radioactive isotopes (α, β, γ)
- Onsite risk of emergency chemical spill
- Applicability of Chemical Anti-Terrorism Standards

Corporate H&S <u>must</u> also be consulted when Geosyntec <u>subcontractors</u> (under Geosyntec's oversight) perform high hazard/high risk work (such as demolition, blasting, crane lifts, confined space entry, testing/maintenance of electrical systems, lockout/tagout, HAZWOPER cleanup activities), **OR** when supplemental written H&S programs are required for a project (such as Electrical Safety Program, Lockout Program, Confined Space Entry Program, Emergency Response Plan), **OR** when a written safety plan must be submitted to a public agency. Consultation with Corp. H&S is encouraged for all questions/concerns regarding worker safety, regulatory compliance, risk/liability aspects, or project-specific safety requirements.

Geosyntec H&S Procedure: For more information, see HS-204-Work-Specific Hazard and Risk Assessment, Written Safety Plans.

F.2. GEOSYNTEC FIELD CREW ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Please sign below to acknowledge you reviewed and understand this THA, participated in project safety briefing and had an opportunity to ask questions about the information herein.

Printed Name	Signature	Employee No.	Date

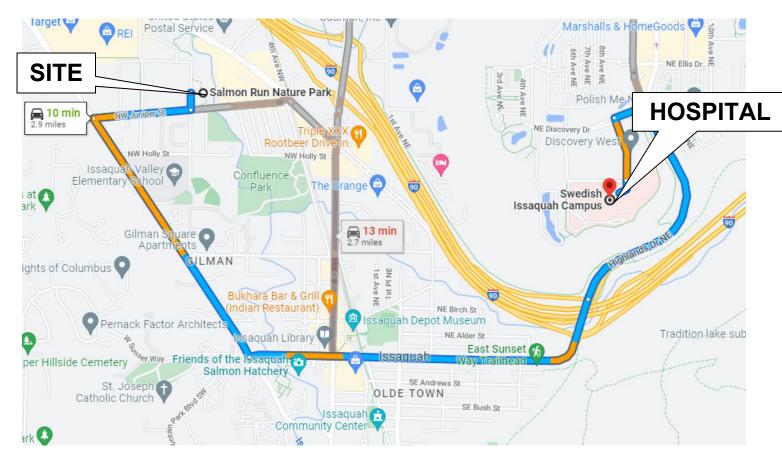
F.3. SUBCONTRACTOR'S FIELD CREW ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Please sign below to acknowledge this THA was made available to you, and you had an opportunity to ask questions about the information herein.

Printed Name	Signature	Company Name	Date



ROUTE TO HOSPITAL



Swedish Medical Center - Issaquah

425-313-4000 751 NE Blakely Dr Issaquah, WA 98029

Written Directions to Hospital from Site:

Turn right (west) on Juniper Street go $\rightarrow 0.2$ mi then Turn left onto Newport Way NW go $\rightarrow 2.3$ mi then Turn left onto W Sunset Way go $\rightarrow 1.0$ mi Continue onto Highlands Dr NE $\rightarrow 0.3$ mi Turn left onto NE Discovery Dr $\rightarrow 0.1$ mi Turn left onto 8^{th} Ave NE $\rightarrow 0.2$ mi Continue straight $\rightarrow 115$ ft

Turn right onto NE Blakely Dr \rightarrow 108 ft

Arrive at NE Blakely Dr The last intersection is 8th Ave NE If you reach 7th Ave NE, you've gone too far







INSERT SDSs HERE

Appendix F 11/21/2022

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Supplier:

Trade Name: Alconox®

I Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

I.I GHS Product identifier

Trade Name: Alconox®

Product number: 1101, 1103, 1104, 1104-1, 1112, 1112-1, 1125, 1150

1.2 Application of the substance / the mixture: Cleaning material/Detergent

I.2.1 Recommended dilution ratio: 1 – 2% in water

1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Alconox Inc. 30 Glenn St White Plains, NY 10603 (914) 948-4040

Manufacturer:

Emergency telephone number:

ChemTel Inc

North America: 1-888-255-3924 International: +1 813-248-0573

2 Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272, 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS requirements.

Hazard-determining components of labeling:

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate Sodium tripolyphosphate Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate

2.2 Label elements:

Eye damage, category 1.

Skin irritation, category 2.

Product at recommended dilution:

Eye irritation, category 2B

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

F7303 | SDS11E.0 | Created by Alconox Inc. | (914) 948-4040 | www.alconox.com

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13.

Hazardous Elements at Use Dilution:

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: Warning **Hazard Statements:**

H320 Causes eye irritation

Precautionary statements:

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13

Additional information: None.

Hazard description

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): May cause surfaces to become slippery if wet. Use caution in areas of foot traffic if on floors.

Information concerning particular hazards for humans and environment:

The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version.

Classification system:

The classification is according to EC regulation No. 1272, 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Requirements, and extended by company and literature data. The classification is in accordance with the latest editions of international substances lists and is supplemented by information from technical literature and by information provided by the company.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Chemical characterization: Not determined or not available.

3.2 Description: None

3.3 Hazardous components (percentages by weight)

Identification	Chemical Name	Classification	W t. %
CAS number: 7758-29-4	Sodium tripolyphosphate	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	12-28
CAS number: 68081-81-2 or 68411-30-3	Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate	Acute Tox. 4; H303 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318	8-22
CAS number: 7722-88-5	Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	2-16

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

Hazardous components at use dilution (percentages by weight):			
Identification	Chemical Name	Classification	Wt. %
CAS number:	Sodium tripolyphosphate	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	0.12 - 0.28
7758-29-4			
CAS number:	Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	0.08 - 0.22
68081-81-2 or			
68411-30-3			
CAS number:	Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	0.02 – 0.16
7722-88-5			

3.4 Additional Information: None.

4 First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: None.

After inhalation:

Maintain an unobstructed airway.

Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position.

After skin contact:

Wash affected area with soap and water.

Seek medical attention if symptoms develop or persist.

After eye contact:

Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing.

Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth thoroughly.

Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort, or vomiting persists.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatmentneeded:

No additional information.

First aid measure at recommended dilution:

General information: None.

After inhalation:

Maintain an unobstructed airway.

Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position.

After skin contact:

Wash affected area with soap and water.

After eye contact:

Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing.

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort, or vomiting develops.

5 Firefighting measures

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment:

Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing.

Refer to Section 8.

5.4 Additional information:

Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor and aerosols.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Ensure air handling systems are operational.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into the environment.

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing.

6.4 Reference to other sections: None

7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

No expected hazards under normal use condition.

Avoid breathing mist or vapor if aerosolized.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or use personal products when handling chemical substances.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

No additional information.

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

8 Exposure controls/personal protection





8.1 Control parameters:

- a) 7722-88-5, Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate, ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m3
- b) 7758-29-4, Sodium Tripolyphosphate, ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m3
- c) Dusts, non-specific OEL, Irish Code of Practice
 - (i) Total inhalable 10 mg/m3 (8hr)
 - (ii) Respirable 4 mg/m3 (8hr)
 - (iii) Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate, OSHA TWA 5 mg/m3, (8hr)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling.

Respiratory protection:

Not needed under normal use conditions.

Protection of skin:

Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance.

Eye protection:

Safety goggles or glasses, or appropriate eye protection. Recommended to comply with ANSI Z87.1 and/or EN 166.

General hygienic measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Exposure Control and Personal Protective Equipment at recommended dilution:

Under normal use and operational conditions, no special personal protective equipment or engineering controls will be necessary. Handle with care.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	White and cream colored flakes - powder	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined or notavailable. Not determined or notavailable.
Odor:	Not determined or not available.	Vapor pressure at 20°C:	Not determined or notavailable.
Odor threshold:	Not determined or not available.	Vapor density:	Not determined or notavailable.
pH-value:	9.5 (1% aqueous solution)	Relative density:	Not determined or notavailable.

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

Melting/Freezing point:	Not determined or not available.	Solubilities:	Not determined or notavailable.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined or not available.	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not determined or notavailable.
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined or not available.	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined or notavailable.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined or not available.	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined or notavailable.
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined or not available.	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: Not determined or not available. b. Dynamic: Not determined or not available.
Density at 20°C:	Not determined or not available	able.	

10 Stability and reactivity

- **IO.I** Reactivity: Not determined or not available.
- **10.2** Chemical stability: Not determined or not available.
- **10.3** Possibility hazardous reactions: Not determined or not available.
- **10.4** Conditions to avoid: Not determined or not available.
- **10.5** Incompatible materials: Not determined or not available.
- **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products: Not determined or not available.

II Toxicological information

II.I Information on toxicological effects:

Acute Toxicity:

Oral:

: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg oral rat - Product.

Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Causes serious eye damage. Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Product information at recommended dilution:

Eye irritation may occur upon direct contact with eyes. No specific hazards for skin contact, inhalation, or chronic exposure are expected within normal use parameters.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No additional information.

 $\textbf{Carcinogenicity:} \ \textbf{No additional information}.$

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer): None of the ingredients are listed.

NTP (National Toxicology Program): None of the ingredients are listed.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No additional information.

Reproductive toxicity: No additional information.

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

STOT-single and repeated exposure: No additional information.

Additional toxicological information: No additional information.

12 Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity:

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Fish, LC50 1.67 mg/l, 96 hours.

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Aquatic invertebrates, EC50 Daphnia 2.9 mg/l, 48 hours.

Sodium Alkylbenzene Sulfonate: Aquatic Plants, EC50 Algae 29 mg/l, 96 hours.

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Fish, LC50 - other fish - 1,380 mg/l - 96 h.

Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate: Aquatic invertebrates, EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 391 mg/l - 48 h.

- **12.2** Persistence and degradability: No additional information.
- **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:** No additional information.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil: No additional information.General notes: No additional information.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT: No additional information. **vPvB:** No additional information.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No additional information.

13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods (consult local, regional and national authorities for proper disposal) Relevant Information:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities. (US 40CFR262.11).

14 Transport information

14.1 UN Number:		None
ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA		
14.2 UN Proper shipping name: ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA		None
I 4.3 Transport hazard classes: ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA	Class: Label: LTD. QTY:	None None None

US DOT

Limited Quantity Exception: None

Bulk: Non Bulk:

RQ (if applicable): None

Proper shipping Name: None

RQ (if applicable): None

Proper shipping Name: None

Hazard Class: NoneHazard Class: NonePacking Group: NonePacking Group: None

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

additional information. additional information.

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

	Comments: None	Comments: None
14.4	Packing group: ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA	None
14.5	Environmental hazards:	None
14.6	Special precautions for user:	None
	Danger code (Kemler):	None
	EMS number:	News
	EMS number:	None
	Segregation groups:	None None
	Segregation groups:	
	Segregation groups: Transport in bulk according to Annex	None
14.7	Segregation groups: Transport in bulk according to Annex Transport/Additional information:	None II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

North American

SARA

Section 313 (specific toxic chemical listings): None of the ingredients are listed. **Section 302 (extremely hazardous substances)**: None of the ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Clean up and Liability Act) Reportable

Spill Quantity: None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

Inventory: All ingredients are listed as active.

Rules and Orders: Not applicable.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer: None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females: None of the ingredients are

listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males: None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity: None of the ingredients are listed.

Canadian

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

ΕU

REACH Article 57 (SVHC): None of the ingredients are listed.

Effective date: 11 May 2020 Revision: 11 May 2020

Trade Name: Alconox®

Germany MAK: Not classified.

EC 648/2004 – This is an industrial detergent. Contains >30% phosphate, 15-30% anionic

surfactant, <5% EDTA salts

EC 551/2009 – This is not a laundry or dishwasher detergent

EC 907/2006 – Contains no enzymes, optical brighteners, perfumes, allergenic fragrances, or

preservative agents

Asia Pacific

Australia

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS): All ingredients are listed.

China

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC): All ingredients are listed.

Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS): All ingredients are listed.

Korea

Existing Chemicals List (ECL): All ingredients are listed.

New Zealand

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZOIC): All ingredients are listed.

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): All ingredients are listed.

Taiwan

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCI): All ingredients are listed.

16 Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Summary of Phrases

Hazard statements: **NFPA:** 1-0-0 **HMIS:** 1-0-0

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

NFPA: 1-0-0

At recommended dilution:

HMIS: 1-0-0

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13.

Manufacturer Statement:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SAFETY DATA SHEET: BENTONITE

1. IDENTIFICATION

BENTONITE Product Name:

Synonyms:

Undefined NA

Formula and Formula Weight: B322.50 Integra numbers beginning with:

Recommended Use: Commercial/industrial use Restrictions on Use: No information available

INTEGRA Chemical Company

24 Hour Emergency Response: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (Outside USA 703-527-3887)

1216 6th Ave N Kent WA 98032 Phone: 253-479-7000

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Classification: Hazard Category: **Hazard Statement:** None identified Not applicable Not applicable

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component **Synonyms** CAS# % Weight **Bentonite** 01302-78-9 Montmorillonite 100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air.

Flush eyes with plenty of water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Eve Contact:

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: If conscious, rinse mouth and give victim large amounts of water. Seek medical attention.

Additional notes: Symptoms and effects include eye, respiratory irritation; intestinal obstruction.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Special Equipment and Precautions: Use water to cool nearby containers and structures. Wear full protective equipment, including suitable

respiratory protection.

Specific Hazards: High dust concentrations may ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

Hazardous combustion products: May liberate toxic and noxious fumes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures: Prevent spread of spill. Sweep or scoop into suitable disposal container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Incompatible Materials: Incompatible with strong acids and strong oxidizers.

Storage and Handling: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed and

protect them from physical damage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA & ACGIH Exposure Limits:

Bentonite None identified

Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep fume and/or dust levels as low as possible. **Engineering Controls:**

Respiratory Protection: If use generates annoying or irritating dusts, mists or vapors, use a NIOSH approved respirator with a particulate

filter.

Skin/Eye Protective Equipment: Safety glasses.

> Facilities storing or utilizing this material should have readily accessible eyewash stations and safety showers. Select respirators and other safety equipment in accordance with regulations and based upon the particular conditions of use and risk of exposure. Always use safe chemical-handling and good industrial hygiene practices.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Apearance: Light yellow or green, cream, pink, or gray to black powder

Odor: Not available Odor Threshold: Not available 6 to 9 Melting/Freezing Point: >1200 °C Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: Not available Flash Point: Not available **Evaporation Rate:** Not available Flammability:

Flammable or Explosive

Limits (% by volume in air)

Vapor Pressure:

Vapor Density:

Not flammable

Upper: Not available

Lower: Not available

Not available

Not available

Relative Density:

Solubility:

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-Ignition Temperature:

Decomposition Temperature:

Viscosity:

Not available
Not available
Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information available

Stability: Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur

Conditions to Avoid: None identified

Incompatibles: Incompatible with strong acids and strong oxidizers.

Decomposition Products: May liberate toxic and noxious fumes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of Over Exposure:

Inhalation: As with most nuisance dusts, inhalation of large quantities, or prolonged inhalation, may irritate the respiratory system.

Skin Contact: No harmful effects expected

Eye Contact: Dusts may cause some eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion of small amounts is not likely to produce harmful effects. Ingestion of large amounts may result in intestinal

obstruction

Chronic Effects: Pneumoconiosis may result from repeated inhalation of large quantities. Chronic ingestion of large quantities has caused

liver tumors in mice.

Target Organs: None identified
Additional Effects: None identified
Reproductive Effects: None identified

Carcinogenicity: Questionable carcinogen with experimental tumorigenic data.

Toxicity Data:

Bentonite

Bentonite No information available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity Data: Terrestrial Toxicity Data:

LC50 Rainbow trout: 19,000 mg/L - 96h

No information available

Persistence and degradability:
Bioaccumulative potential:
Mobility in soil:
Other adverse effects:
No information available
No information available
No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of material and containers in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

This product is not a regulated material for domestic ground transporation.

Environmental hazards: No information available
Special precautions: No information available
Bulk transport: No information available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Bentonite is listed in the TSCA inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

OSHA SDS #: 25211 rev 101 3/27/2015

NE = Not established, NA = Not applicable or Not available

The information presented above is offered for informational purposes only. This SDS, and the associated product, is intended for use only by technically qualified persons, and at their own discretion and risk. Since conditions and manner of use are outside the control of Integra Chemical Company, we make no warranties, either expressed or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

**** END OF SDS ****

Appendix C: Summary of Chemical Hazards

Perfluoroalkyl acids (PFAAs)

Perfluoroalkyl acids (PFAAs) are "emerging contaminants" that are extremely persistent in the environment. These organic compounds are fully fluorinated and are the most widely produced chemicals from the Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) family. Some examples of commonly found PFAS include perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS), perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA), perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS), and perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS). They are distributed widely across higher trophic levels and found in soil, air, and groundwater sites. PFAAs are used in various industial and commercial products including textiles and leather products, metal plating, photography and photolithography, semi-conductors, paper and packaging, coating additives, cleaning products, and pesticides (EPA 2014).

PFAAs can bioaccumulate and biomagify in wildlife. These compounds are readily absorbed via oral exposure and primarily accumulate in the serum, kidney, and liver. Acute- and intermediate-duration studies on rodents have raised concerns regarding potential developmental, reproductive, and other systemic effects (EPA 2014).

As a result of PFAAs being emerging contaminants there is currently no OSHA requirements on exposure levels regarding these contaminants. Exposure levels will be maintained below OSHA PEL or NIOSH REL as shown in the table below.

Chemical Name	HA ^a (ng/L)
PFOA	0.004
PFOS	0.02
PFNA	9 ^b
PFHxS	65 ^b
PFBS	10

^a Health Advisory Levels established by the EPA in 2022.

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^b Washington State Action Levels established by the Department of Ecology in 2021.



Appendix D: Air Monitoring

Photoionization Detector (PID)	Oxygen (O2) Meter	Explosimeter
Brand/Model No.: eV:	Brand/Model No.:	Brand/Model No.:
Monitoring Frequency: Weekly	Monitoring Frequency:	Monitoring Frequency:
Breathing Zone Reading (ppm) 0 to 100 Level D PPE to Level C PPE Greater than 100 Stop work. Evacuate the area. If upon return, levels still exceed the action level, stop work and implement engineering	Reading (%) Less than 19.5 Stop work. Evacuate the area. 19.5 to 23.5 Continue to work with caution. Greater than 23.5 Stop work. Evacuate the area.	Source (% LEL) Reading 1 to 10 Greater than 10 Stop work. Evacuate the area. If upon return, if concentration still exceeds 10% LEL, ventilate until concentration is back to <10% LEL.
controls. Note:	Note:	Note:
Flame Ionization Detector (FID)	Chemical Detector Tube	☐ Other
Brand/Model No.:	Brand/Model No.: Monitoring Frequency:	Brand/Model No.: Monitoring Frequency:
<u> </u>		Monitoring Frequency: Breathing Zone Action Reading to Level D PPE to Level C PPE

Appendix D



Appendix E: Personal Protective Equipment

	Task ①	Task ②	Task ③
Potential PPE Level	⊠D	\boxtimes D	⊠ D
per Task:	☐ C	\Box C	☐ C

Modified 1	Level D	Level C	
Equipment	Material/Type	Equipment	Material/Type
Safety glasses		Full-face air-purifying respirator	Cartridge Type:
Hard-toed boots		Half-mask air-purifying respirator	Cartridge Type:
Protective clothing		Safety glasses	
⊠ Hard hat*		Hard-toed boots	
Hearing protection*		Protective clothing	
⊠ High-visibility vest*		☐ Hard hat	
Outer boots*		Hearing protection*	
Outer gloves*		High-visibility vest*	
Other:		Outer boots*	
		Outer gloves*	
		☐ Inner gloves*	
		Other:	

^{*} PPE items may be downgraded (only with concurrence of SHSO and PM)

Appendix E

Appendix F: Safety Data Sheets

Included in this HASP	Chemical
	Acetone
\boxtimes	Alconox
	Ammonia
\boxtimes	Bentonite
	Diesel Fuel Oil No. 2-D
	Gasoline
	Helium
	Hexane
\boxtimes	Hydrochloric Acid
	Hydrogen
	Isobutylene Calibration Gas
	Isopropyl Alcohol
	KB-1
	Methane Calibration Gas
\boxtimes	Nitric Acid
	Permanganate
	Portland Cement
	Sulfuric Acid
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:

Note: SDSs are for chemicals that used to perform project work, not site contaminants.

Appendix F

APPENDIX B Laboratory Accreditation Certificate

PO Box 488 • Manchester, WA 98353-0488 • (360) 871-8840

April 29, 2022

Lisa Stafford Eurofins Sacramento 880 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento, CA 95605

Dear Lisa Stafford:

Thank you for your application for renewal in the Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program. Attached is a Certificate of Accreditation covering the one-year period beginning May 6, 2022 and a current Scope of Accreditation.

Accreditation is based in part on third party recognition of the Labs ORELAP accreditation.

Alkalinity by SM 2320 B-2011 in Non-Potable Water has been placed into Good Standing from Interim Accreditation in recognition of your ORELAP scope of accreditation.

The following parameters were returned to Good Standing in recognition of your ORELAP scope of accreditation:

- Perfluorodecane sulfonate (PFDS) by SOP WS-LC-0025 in Non-Potable Water
- Perfluorodecane sulfonate (PFDS) by SOP WS-LC-0025 in Solid and Chemical Materials

The following parameters are Denied because they are not present on the labs ORELAP scope of accreditation:

- Nitrate by EPA 353.2 2 1993 in Non-Potable Water
- 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) by EPA 8260C_(8/06) in Solid and Chemical Materials

1,4-Dioxane by EPA 8260C_(8/06) in Solid and Chemical Materials has been Denied because no PTs were reported for this parameter in the previous accreditation year when two approved providers are available. Two acceptable PTs for this parameter are required before your next renewal to return the parameter to Good Standing.

Renewal of accreditation is based in part on review of your lab's performance over the past year as evidenced by participation in proficiency testing (PT) studies. In general, full accreditation is awarded for those parameters for which the two most recent PT results, if applicable, were rated satisfactory. Provisional accreditation is awarded if the latest of the two most recent PT results was rated "Not Acceptable" or only one PT result was submitted during the past twelve months. Accreditation is withheld for those parameters for which the two most recent PT results were rated "Not Acceptable" or no PT results were submitted during the past twelve-months.

As a reminder, continued participation in the Ecology Lab Accreditation Program requires the lab to:

- Submit a renewal application and fees annually
- Report significant changes in facility, personnel, analytical methods, equipment, the lab's quality assurance (QA) manual or QA procedures as they occur
- Participate in proficiency testing studies semi-annually, with the following exception: For each parameter where all PT results were satisfactory, you are required to submit only one PT result over this next year, and in subsequent years, as long as the results are satisfactory.
- Submit copies of current third-party Scopes of Accreditation when they are available.

YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL

You have a right to appeal Ecology's decision to the Pollution Control Hearing Board (PCHB) within 30 days of the date of receipt of this decision letter. The appeal process is governed by Chapter 43.21B RCW and Chapter 371-08 WAC. "Date of receipt" is defined in RCW 43.21B.001(2).

To appeal you must do the following within 30 days of the date of receipt of this decision:

- File your appeal and a copy of this decision with the PCHB (see addresses below). Filing means actual receipt by the PCHB during regular business hours.
- Serve a copy of your appeal and this decision on Ecology in paper form by mail or in person. (See addresses below.) E-mail is not accepted.

You must also comply with other applicable requirements in Chapter 43.21B RCW and Chapter 371-08 WAC.

ADDRESS AND LOCATION INFORMATION

Street Addresses	Mailing Addresses
Department of Ecology Attn: Appeals Processing Desk 300 Desmond Drive SE Lacey, WA 98503	Department of Ecology Attn: Appeals Processing Desk PO Box 47608 Olympia, WA 98504-7608
Pollution Control Hearings Board 1111 Israel Road SW STE 301 Tumwater, WA 98501	Pollution Control Hearings Board PO Box 40903 Olympia, WA 98504-0903

If you have any questions concerning the accreditation of your lab, please contact Ryan Zboralski at (360) 871-8845, fax (360) 871-8849, or by e-mail at ryan.zboralski@ecy.wa.gov.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Wood

Lab Accreditation Unit Supervisor

Wence Con

RW:ERZ:erz Enclosures



Eurofins SacramentoWest Sacramento, CA

has complied with provisions set forth in Chapter 173-50 WAC and is hereby recognized by the Department of Ecology as an ACCREDITED LABORATORY for the analytical parameters listed on the accompanying Scope of Accreditation.

This certificate is effective May 6, 2022 and shall expire May 5, 2023.

Witnessed under my hand on April 29, 2022.

Wesca Cool

Rebecca Wood Lab Accreditation Unit Supervisor

Laboratory ID **C581**

WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM

SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION

Eurofins Sacramento

West Sacramento, CA

is accredited for the analytes listed below using the methods indicated. Full accreditation is granted unless stated otherwise in a note. EPA is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. SM is "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater." SM refers to EPA approved method versions. ASTM is the American Society for Testing and Materials. USGS is the U.S. Geological Survey. AOAC is the Association of Official Analytical Chemists. Other references are described in notes.

Matrix/Analyte	Method	Notes
Drinking Water		
Perchlorate	EPA 331.0_1.0_2005	1
2,3,7,8-TCDD	EPA 1613B_1994	1
11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid (11-Cl-PF3OUdS)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid (9-Cl-PF3ONS)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NMeFOSAA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	EPA 537.1_(11/18)	1
N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NMeFOSAA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1

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Drinking Water		
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	EPA 537_1.1_2009	1
Non-Potable Water		
Bromide	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Chloride	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Fluoride	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Nitrate	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Nitrite	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Orthophosphate	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Sulfate	EPA 300.0_2.1_1993	1
Nitrate + Nitrite	EPA 353.2_2_1993	1
Nitrite	EPA 353.2_2_1993	1
Alkalinity	SM 2320 B-2011	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD)	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Hpcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,4,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,7,8-TCDD	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,7,8-TCDF	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hpcdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hpcdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hxcdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hxcdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1

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Non-Potable Water		
Pecdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Pecdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
TCDD, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
TCDF, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-206)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-194)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-207)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-195)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-196)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-170)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-197)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-171)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-128)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-208)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-198)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-199)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-172)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-200)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-201)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-173)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-174)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-175)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-177)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-129)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-130)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-176)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-131)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-132)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-82)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-202)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-178)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-133)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-179)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-134)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-135)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-83)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-136)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,2',3,3',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-84)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-40)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-203)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-180)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-204)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-181)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-182)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-183)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-137)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-138)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-184)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-139)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-140)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-85)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-185)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-187)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-141)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-146)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-186)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-188)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-142)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-143)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-144)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-147)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-148)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-149)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-86)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-87)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-90)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-97)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-145)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-150)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-88)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-89)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-91)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-98)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-41)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,2',3,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-42)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-151)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-92)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-152)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-93)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-94)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-95)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-43)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-44)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-96)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-45)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-46)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-16)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-153)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-154)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-99)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-155)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-100)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-47)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-101)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-102)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-103)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-48)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-49)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-104)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-50)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-51)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-17)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-52)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-53)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-18)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',6,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-54)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-19)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-4)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-205)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-189)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-190)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,3,3',4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-191)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-156)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-157)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-158)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-105)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-192)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-193)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-159)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-162)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-160)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-163)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-164)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-161)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-106)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-107)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-108)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-122)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-109)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-110)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-55)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-56)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-165)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-111)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-112)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-113)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-57)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-58)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-59)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-20)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-167)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-166)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-168)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-114)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-118)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-123)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-115)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-119)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,3,4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-60)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-66)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-120)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-124)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-116)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-117)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-121)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-125)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-61)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-63)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-68)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-70)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-76)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-67)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-62)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-64)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-69)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-71)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-21)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-22)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-25)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-33)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-72)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-65)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-73)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-23)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-26)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-34)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-24)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-27)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-5)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-6)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-74)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-75)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-28)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-29)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-31)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,4,6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-30)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-32)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-7)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-8)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,5-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-9)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,6-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-10)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-1)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-169)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-126)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-77)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-127)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-78)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-79)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-35)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-80)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-36)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-11)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-81)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-37)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-38)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-39)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-12)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-13)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,5-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-14)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-2)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
4,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-15)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
4-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-3)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Dichlorobiphenyls (BZ-12-+13)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Heptachlorobiphenyls (BZ-171 + BZ-173)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Heptachlorobiphenyls (BZ-180 + BZ-193)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-128 + BZ-166)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-129 + BZ138 + BZ-163)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-135 + BZ-151)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-139 + BZ-140)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-147 + BZ-149)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-153 + BZ-168)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-156 + BZ-157)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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Coelution - Octachlorobiphenyls (BZ-198 + BZ-199)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-107 + BZ-124)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-110 + BZ-115)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-85 + BZ-116 + BZ-117)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-86 + BZ-87 + BZ-90 + BZ-109 + BZ-119 + BZ-125)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-88 + BZ-91)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-90 + BZ-101 + BZ-113)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-93 + BZ-100)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-98 + BZ-102)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-40 + BZ-71)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-44 + BZ-47 + BZ-65)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-49 + BZ-69)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-50 + BZ-53)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-59 + BZ-62 + BZ-75)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-61 + BZ-70 + BZ-74 + BZ-76)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-18 + BZ-30)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-20 + BZ-28)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-21 + BZ-33)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-26 + BZ-29)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Decachlorobiphenyl (BZ-209)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Dichlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Heptachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Hexachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Monochlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Nonachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Octachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Pentachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Tetrachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Trichlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid (11-Cl-PF3OUdS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H,-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H,-Perfluorooctansulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorododecane sulfonic acid (10:2-FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid (9-CI-PF3ONS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3

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N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (EtFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol (EtFOSE)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (MeFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NMeFOSAA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol (MeFOSE)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecane sulfonate (PFDS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid (PFDS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorododecane sulfonic acid (PFDoS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid (PFHpS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorononane sulfonic acid (PFNS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (PFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoropentane sulfonic acid (PFPeS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Solid and Chemical Materials		
Perchlorate	EPA 6850-07	1
Chromium, Hexavalent	EPA 7196A_1_1992	1,2
Aluminum	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Antimony	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Arsenic	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Barium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Beryllium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Cadmium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Calcium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1

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Chromium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Cobalt	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Copper	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
ron	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
ead	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Magnesium (EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Manganese	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Molybdenum	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
lickel	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Potassium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Selenium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
bilver	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
Sodium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
⁻ hallium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
'anadium	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
linc linc	EPA 6010C_(2/07)	1
ntimony	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
vrsenic	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Barium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Beryllium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Cadmium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Chromium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Cobalt	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Copper	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
ron	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
ead	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Nolybdenum	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
lickel	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Selenium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Silver	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
⁻ hallium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
/anadium	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Zinc	EPA 6020A_(2/07)	1
Mercury	EPA 7470A_1_1994	1,2
Mercury	EPA 7471B_(2/07)	1
1,4'-DDD	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
1,4'-DDE	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1

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4,4'-DDT	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Aldrin	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
alpha-BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
alpha-Chlordane	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
beta-BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Chlordane (tech.)	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Chlorobenzilate	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
delta-BHC	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Diallate	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Dieldrin	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endosulfan I	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endosulfan II	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endosulfan sulfate	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endrin	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endrin aldehyde	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Endrin ketone	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
gamma-BHC (Lindane, gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
gamma-Chlordane	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Heptachlor	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Heptachlor epoxide	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Isodrin	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Methoxychlor	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)	EPA 8081B_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1016 (PCB-1016)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1221 (PCB-1221)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1232 (PCB-1232)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1248 (PCB-1248)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1254 (PCB-1254)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1262 (PCB-1262)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Aroclor-1268 (PCB-1268)	EPA 8082A_(2/07)	1
Nitrocellulose	SOP WS-WC-0050	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD)	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1

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1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Hpcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdd	EPA 1613B_1994	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,4,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,7,8-TCDD	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,3,7,8-TCDF	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hpcdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hpcdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hxcdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Hxcdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Pecdd, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
Pecdf, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
TCDD, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
TCDF, total	EPA 1613B_1994	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-206)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,5'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-194)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-207)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-195)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-196)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',5-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-170)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-197)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-171)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,4'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-128)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6,6'-Nonachlorobiphenyl (BZ-208)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-198)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5',6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-199)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-172)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-200)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-201)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-173)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,2',3,3',4,5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-174)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-175)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5',6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-177)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-129)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-130)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-176)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-131)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-132)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',4-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-82)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-202)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-178)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-133)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-179)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-134)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-135)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-83)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-136)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-84)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,3'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-40)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-203)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-180)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-204)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-181)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-182)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-183)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-137)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-138)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-184)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-139)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4',6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-140)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-85)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-185)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-187)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-141)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-146)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-186)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6,6'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-188)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,2',3,4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-142)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-143)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-144)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-147)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-148)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-149)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-86)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-87)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-90)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-97)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-145)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-150)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-88)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-89)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-91)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4',6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-98)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-41)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-42)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-151)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-92)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-152)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-93)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-94)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-95)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-43)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-44)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-96)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-45)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-46)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',3-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-16)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-153)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-154)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-99)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',6,6'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-155)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-100)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-47)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-101)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,2',4,5,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-102)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-103)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-48)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-49)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6,6'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-104)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-50)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-51)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-17)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-52)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-53)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-18)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',6,6'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-54)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-19)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,2'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-4)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,5',6-Octachlorobiphenyl (BZ-205)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-189)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5,6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-190)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-191)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-156)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-157)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-158)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,4'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-105)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-192)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,5',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl (BZ-193)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-159)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-162)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-160)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-163)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-164)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-161)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-106)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-107)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-108)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-122)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-109)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-110)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',4-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-55)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,3,3',4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-56)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-165)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-111)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-112)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-113)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-57)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-58)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-59)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,3'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-20)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-167)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',5,6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-166)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-168)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-114)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-118)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-123)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-115)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-119)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-60)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-66)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-120)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-124)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-116)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',5,6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-117)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-121)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-125)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-61)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-63)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-68)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-70)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-76)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-67)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-62)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-64)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-69)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-71)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-21)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-22)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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2,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-25)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-33)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-72)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-65)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-73)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-23)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-26)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',5'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-34)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3,6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-24)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-27)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-5)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-6)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-74)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4',6-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-75)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-28)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-29)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-31)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4,6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-30)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4',6-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-32)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-7)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-8)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,5-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-9)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2,6-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-10)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
2-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-1)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl (BZ-169)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-126)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-77)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5,5'-Pentachlorobiphenyl (BZ-127)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-78)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-79)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',4-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-35)	EPA 1668C_2010	1,
3,3',5,5'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-80)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-36)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-11)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,4',5-Tetrachlorobiphenyl (BZ-81)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,4'-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-37)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-38)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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3,4',5-Trichlorobiphenyl (BZ-39)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-12)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-13)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3,5-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-14)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
3-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-2)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
4,4'-Dichlorobiphenyl (BZ-15)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
4-Chlorobiphenyl (BZ-3)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Dichlorobiphenyls (BZ-12-+13)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Heptachlorobiphenyls (BZ-171 + BZ-173)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Heptachlorobiphenyls (BZ-180 + BZ-193)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-128 + BZ-166)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-129 + BZ138 + BZ-163)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-135 + BZ-151)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-139 + BZ-140)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-147 + BZ-149)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-153 + BZ-168)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Hexachlorobiphenyls (BZ-156 + BZ-157)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Octachlorobiphenyls (BZ-198 + BZ-199)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-107 + BZ-124)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-110 + BZ-115)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-85 + BZ-116 + BZ-117)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-86 + BZ-87 + BZ-90 + BZ-109 + BZ-119 + BZ-125)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-88 + BZ-91)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-90 + BZ-101 + BZ-113)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-93 + BZ-100)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Pentachlorobiphenyls (BZ-98 + BZ-102)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-40 + BZ-71)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-44 + BZ-47 + BZ-65)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-49 + BZ-69)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-50 + BZ-53)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-59 + BZ-62 + BZ-75)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Tetrachlorobiphenyls (BZ-61 + BZ-70 + BZ-74 + BZ-76)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-18 + BZ-30)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-20 + BZ-28)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-21 + BZ-33)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Coelution - Trichlorobiphenyls (BZ-26 + BZ-29)	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Decachlorobiphenyl (BZ-209)	EPA 1668C_2010	1

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Total Dichlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Heptachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Hexachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Monochlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Nonachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Octachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Pentachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Tetrachlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
Total Trichlorobiphenyls	EPA 1668C_2010	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1-Dichloroethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1-Dichloroethylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene dibromide)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1-Chlorohexane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone, MEK)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
2-Chlorotoluene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
2-Hexanone	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
4-Chlorotoluene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
4-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1

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Solid and Chemical Materials		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Acetone	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Acrolein (Propenal)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Acrylonitrile	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Allyl chloride (3-Chloropropene)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Benzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Bromobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Bromochloromethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Bromodichloromethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Bromoform	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Carbon disulfide	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Carbon tetrachloride	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Chlorobenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Chlorodibromomethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Chloroform	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Chloroprene (2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
cis & trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Dibromomethane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon-12)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Ethyl methacrylate	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Ethylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
lodomethane (Methyl iodide)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Isobutyl alcohol (2-Methyl-1-propanol)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Isopropylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
m+p-xylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Methacrylonitrile	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Naphthalene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
n-Butylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
n-Hexane	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1

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n-Propylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
o-Xylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Propionitrile (Ethyl cyanide)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
sec-Butylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Styrene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
tert-amylmethylether (TAME)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
tert-Butyl alcohol	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
tert-Butylbenzene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Toluene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Vinyl acetate	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Vinyl chloride	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
Xylene (total)	EPA 8260C_(8/06)	1
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (1,3,5-TNB)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,3-Dinitrobenzene (1,3-DNB)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,4-Dinitrobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,4-Naphthoquinone	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,4-Phenylenediamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1-Chloronaphthalene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1-Methylnaphthalene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1-Naphthylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,4-Dimethylphenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1

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2,4-Dinitrophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,6-Dichlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Acetylaminofluorene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Chloronaphthalene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Chlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Methylaniline (o-Toluidine)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Methylnaphthalene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Naphthylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Nitroaniline	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Nitrophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
2-Picoline (2-Methylpyridine)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
3-Methylcholanthrene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
3-Methylphenol (m-Cresol)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
3-Nitroaniline	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Aminobiphenyl	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether (BDE-3)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Chloroaniline	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Chlorophenyl phenylether	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Dimethyl aminoazobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Nitroaniline	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
4-Nitrophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a) anthracene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
a,a-Dimethylphenethylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Acenaphthene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Acenaphthylene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Acetophenone	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Aniline	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Anthracene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1

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Aramite	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzo(a)anthracene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzo(a)pyrene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzoic acid	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Benzyl alcohol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Butyl benzyl phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Carbazole	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Chlorobenzilate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Chrysene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Diallate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dibenz(a,j) acridine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dibenzofuran	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Diethyl phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dimethoate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dimethyl phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Di-n-butyl phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Di-n-octyl phthalate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Dinoseb (2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol, DNBP)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Diphenylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Disulfoton	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Ethyl methanesulfonate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Famphur	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Fluoranthene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Fluorene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Hexachlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Hexachloroethane	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Hexachloropropene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1

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Solid and Chemical Materials		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Isodrin	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Isophorone	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Isosafrole	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Kepone	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Methapyrilene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Methyl methanesulfonate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Methyl parathion (Parathion, methyl)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Naphthalene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Nitrobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitrosopiperidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
o,o,o-Triethyl phosphorothioate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Parathion, ethyl	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pentachlorobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pentachloronitrobenzene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pentachlorophenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Phenacetin	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Phenanthrene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Phenol	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Phorate	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pronamide (Kerb)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pyrene	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Pyridine	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Safrole	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
Thionazin (Zinophos)	EPA 8270D_5_(7/14)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD)	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdd	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Hpcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1

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1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdd	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdd	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
2,3,4,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
2,3,7,8-TCDD	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
2,3,7,8-TCDF	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Hpcdd, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Hpcdf, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Hxcdd, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Hxcdf, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Pecdd, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
Pecdf, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
TCDD, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
TCDF, total	EPA 8280B_2_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF)	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD)	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdd	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hpcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Hpcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdd	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdd	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hxcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdd	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
1,2,3,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hxcdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
2,3,4,7,8-Pecdf	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
2,3,7,8-TCDD	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
2,3,7,8-TCDF	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
Hpcdd, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
Hpcdf, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1

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Hxcdd, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
Hxcdf, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
Pecdd, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
Pecdf, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
TCDD, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
TCDF, total	EPA 8290A_1_(2/07)	1
11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid (11-Cl-PF3OUdS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H,-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H,-Perfluorooctansulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorododecane sulfonic acid (10:2-FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid (9-Cl-PF3ONS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (EtFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NEtFOSAA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol (EtFOSE)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (MeFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamido acetic acid (NMeFOSAA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol (MeFOSE)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecane sulfonate (PFDS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid (PFDS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorododecane sulfonic acid (PFDoS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid (PFHpS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorononane sulfonic acid (PFNS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (PFOSA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoropentane sulfonic acid (PFPeS)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3

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Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	SOP WS-LC-0025	1,3

Accredited Parameter Note Detail

(1) Accreditation based in part on recognition of Oregon NELAP accreditation. (2)Aqueous Matrices only. (3) Based on Labs EPA 537-Modified 1.1 ORELAP accreditation.

Meson Cool	04/29/2022
Authentication Signature	Date
Rebecca Wood, Lab Accreditation Unit Supervisor	

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Laboratory Accreditation Unit