

Legend

Area of Investigation

Shoreline (OHWM)

Explorations through 1998

Explorations from 1999 through 2001

Explorations from 2002 through 2003

Explorations from 2004 through 2005

Explorations from 2006 to Present

Notes:

1. Basemap 2005 USGS aerial photograph. Does not show

current conditions.
2. Projection: NAD 1983 StatePlane Washington North FIPS 4601 Feet.

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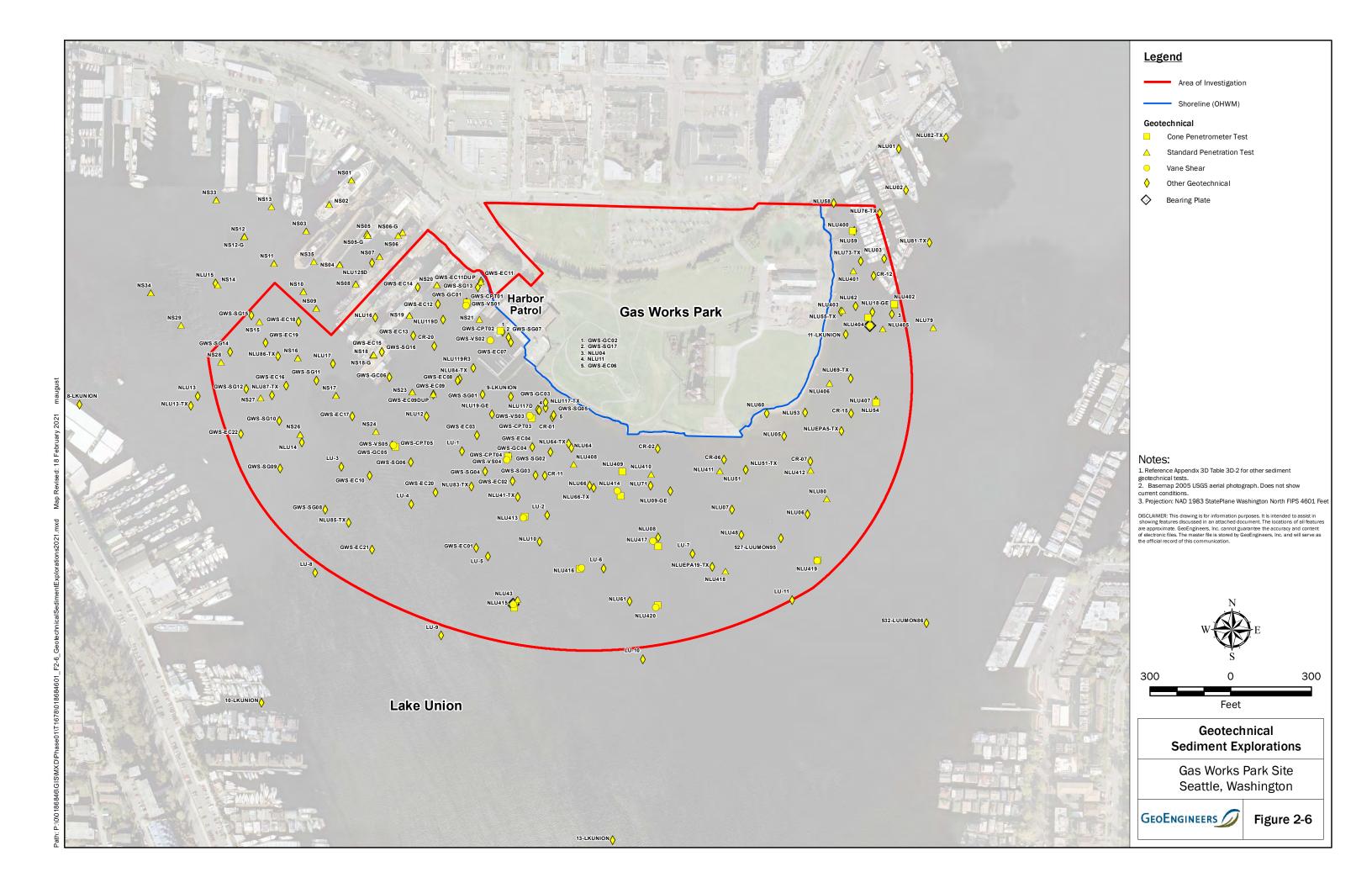


Chemical Sediment Explorations By Date

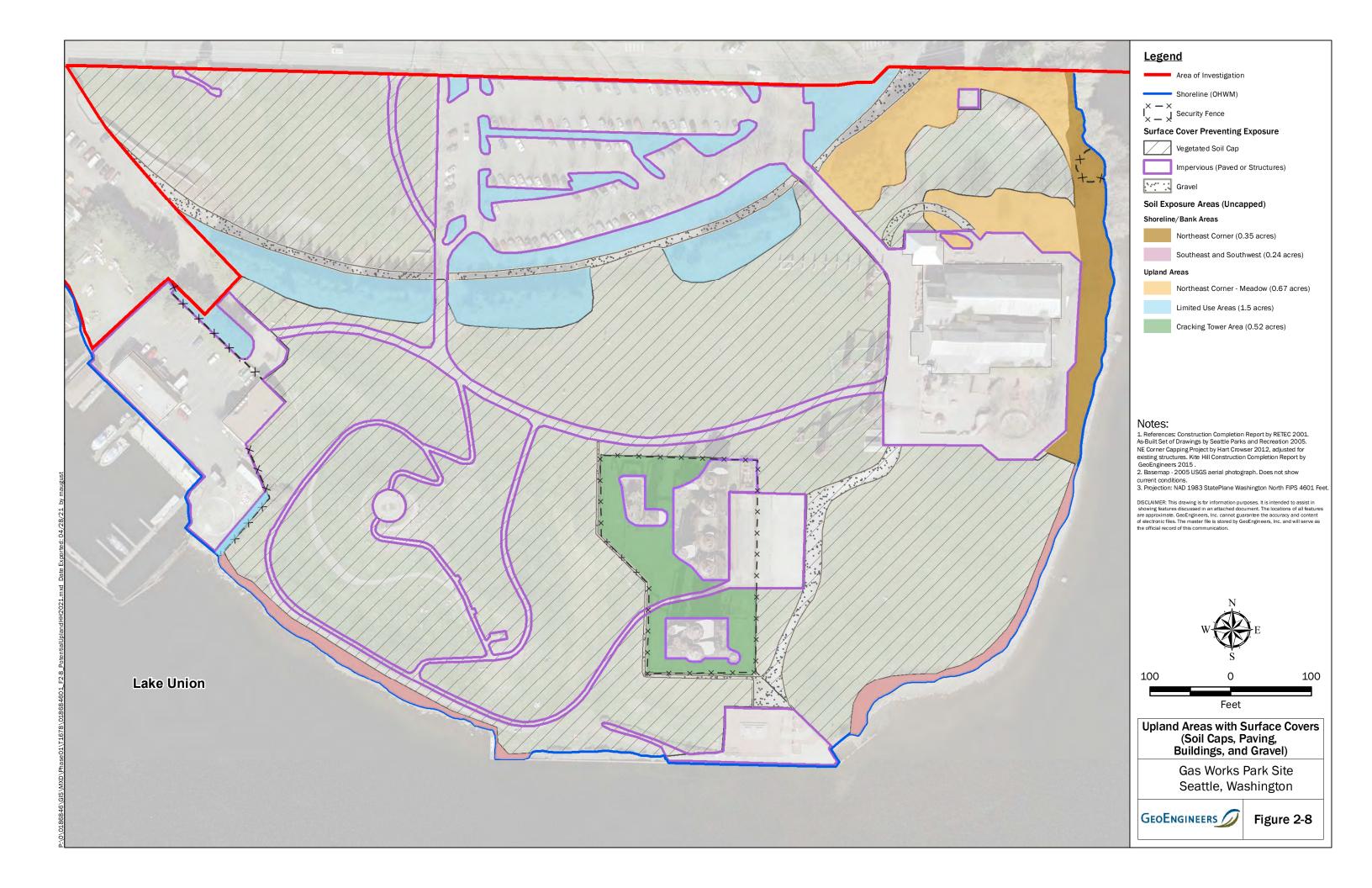
Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington



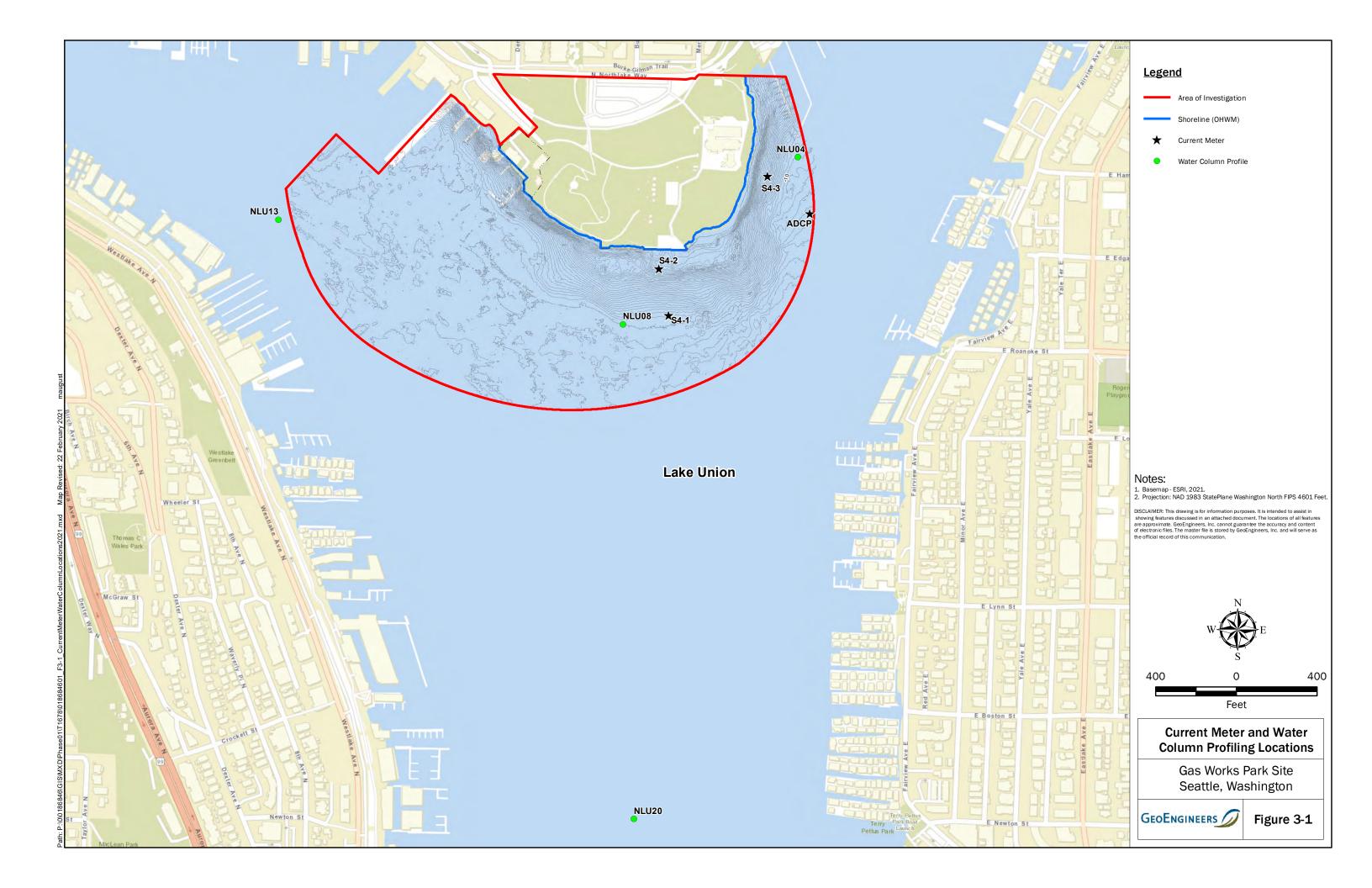
Figure 2-5

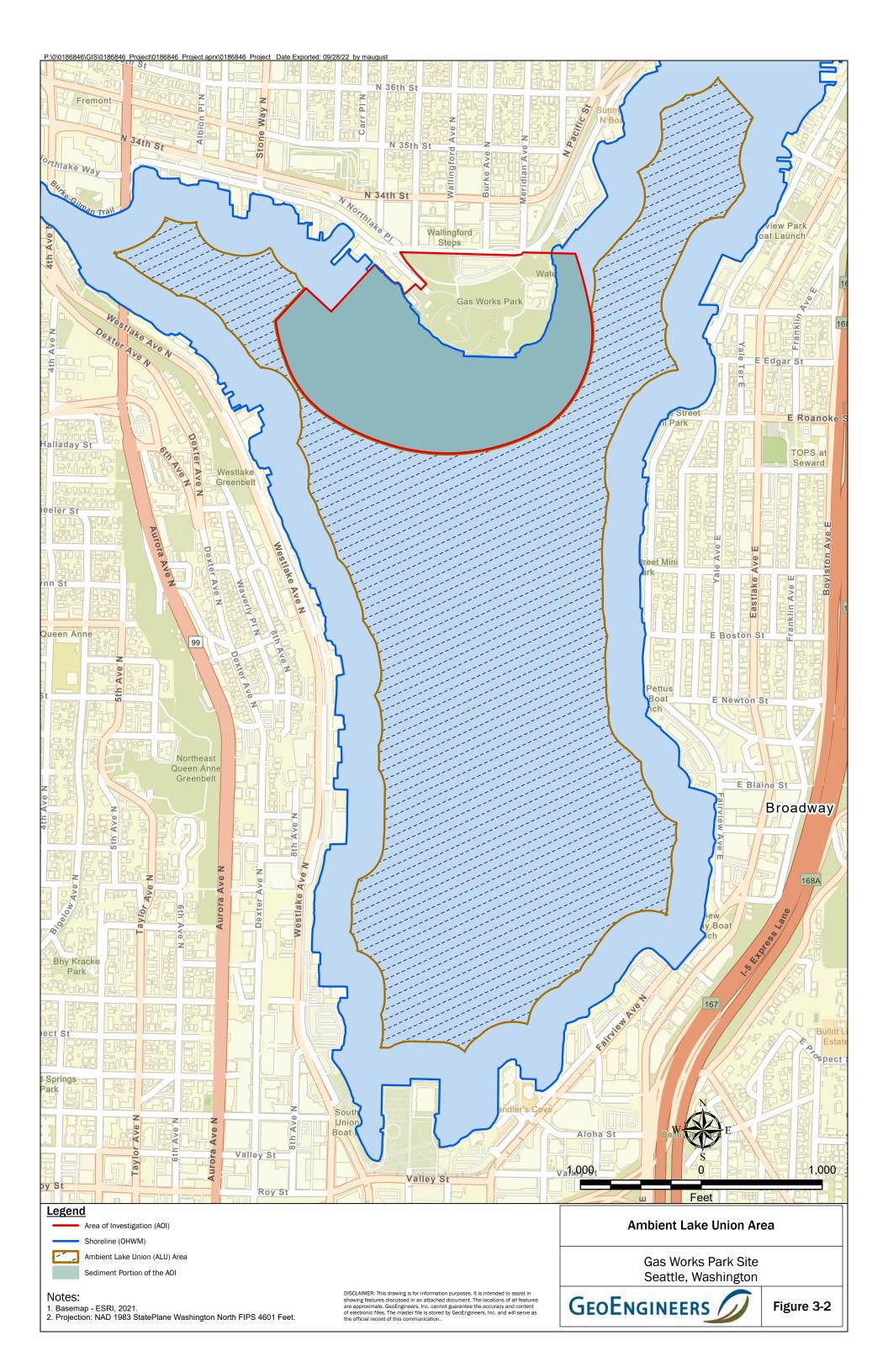


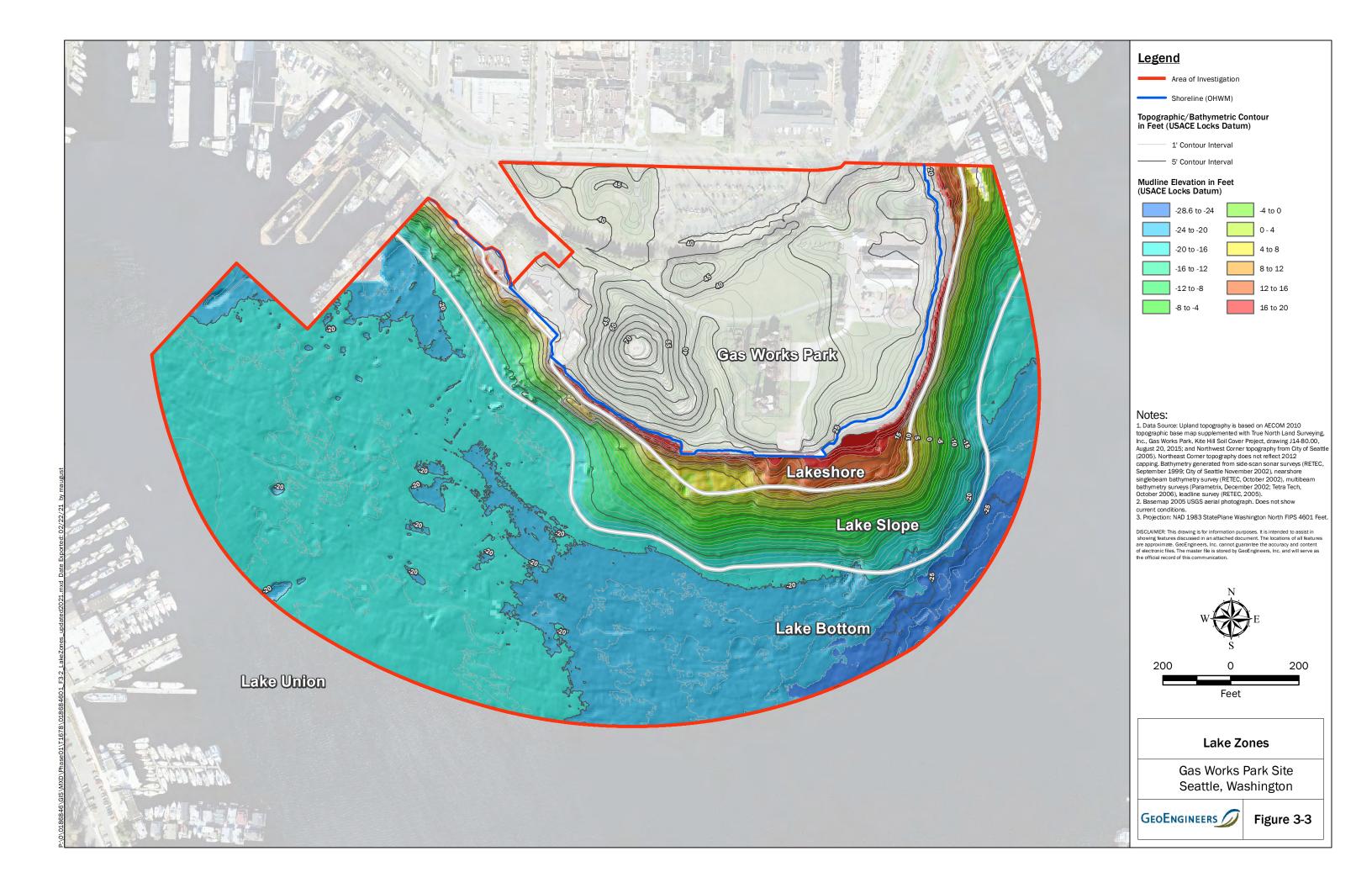


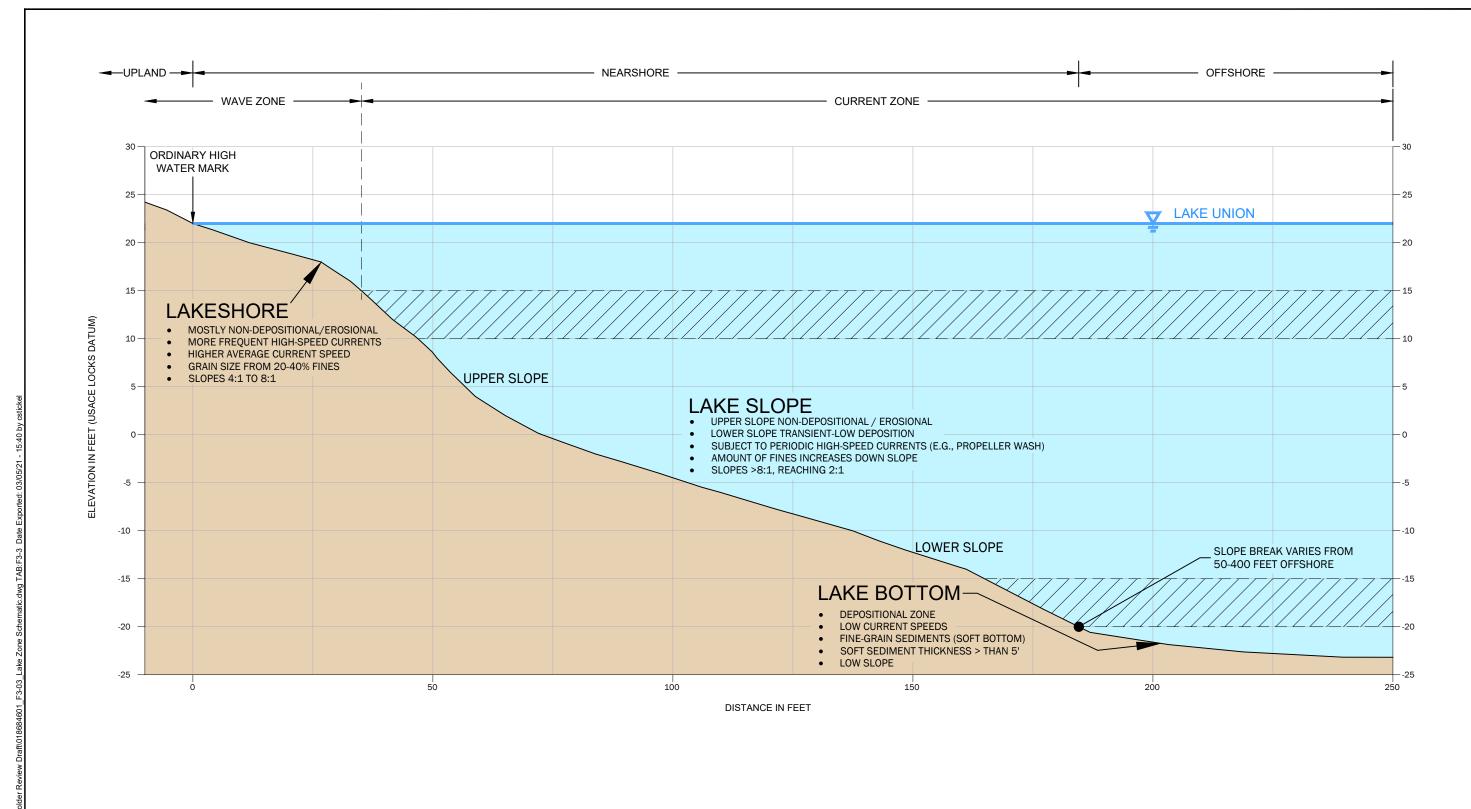












Legend

Lake zone elevations vary from the western part to the eastern part of the AOI.

SCALE IN FEET

Vertical Exaggeration: 2

Lake Zone Schematic

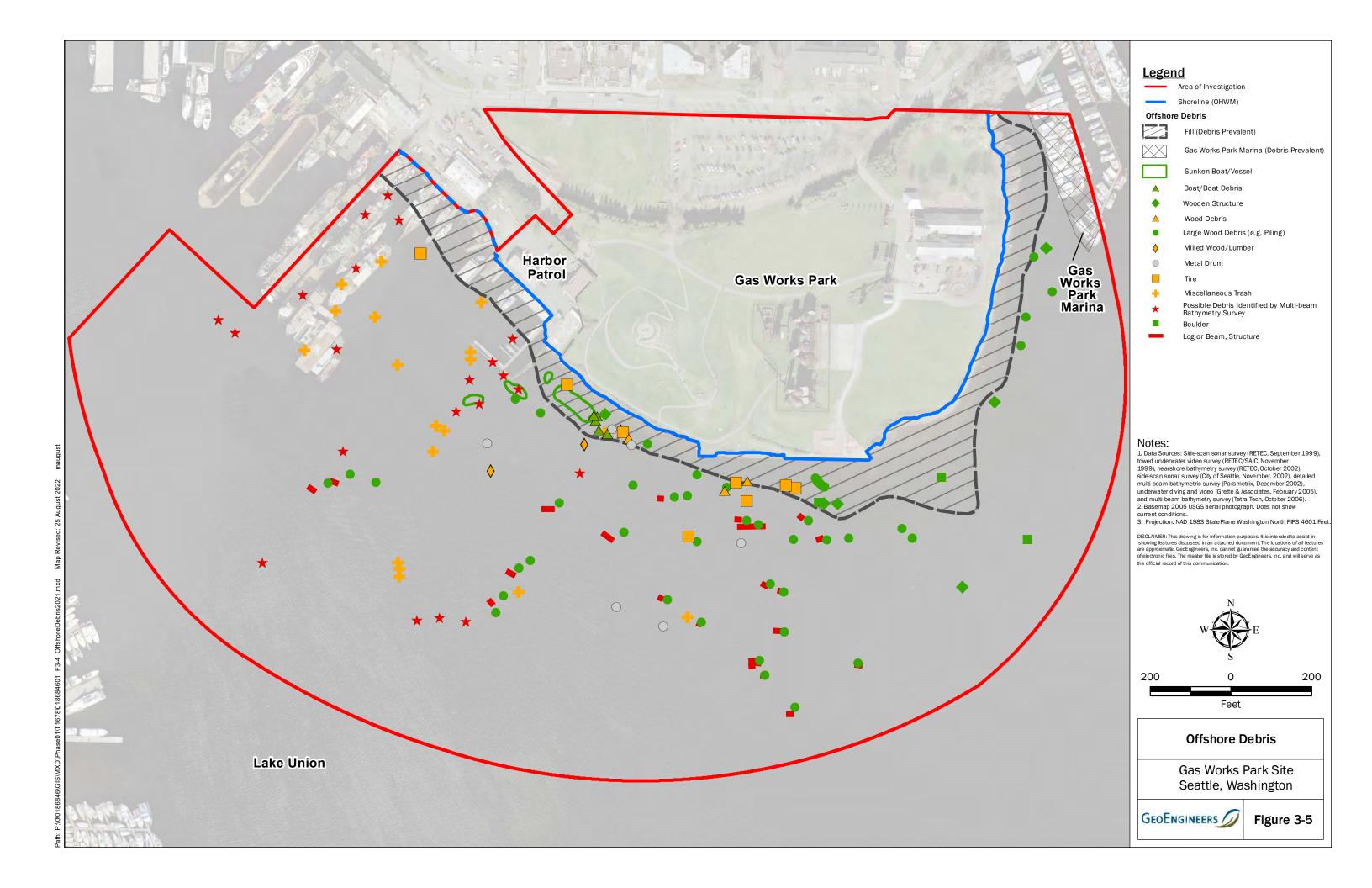
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Figure 3-4

Notes:

Lakeshore zone characteristics not applicable to western area northwest and southeast of Waterway 20.



		Geologic Unit Name	Unit Description	Graphic Symbol
Post Development (1890-present)		Fill (Af) (0 to 35' thick)	Fill: Loose to medium dense brown to black, poorly graded sand with silt, clay, gravel and debris (ash, soot, cinders, reddish-brown smooth fused and platy agglomerate, black vesicular low-density gravel, wood, brick fragments, and other anthropogenic debris).	
Pleistocene Glacial deposits	Vashon Stade (12,000 to 18,000 years old T	Vashon Recessional Outwash ¹ (Qvr) (0 to 25' thick)	SP/GP, SM: Loose to dense brown to gray sand and gravel, to sand and gravel mixtures with variable amounts of silt.	
		Vashon Advance Outwash (Qva) (0 to 20' thick)	SP/GP: Dense to very dense gray to brown poorly graded slightly silty sand (predominantly fine and medium grained) with interbeds of clean coarser sand, thin silt beds, or sand and gravel mixtures.	
	Pre-Fraser (70,000 to 250,000 years old)	Pre-Fraser Till (Qpgt)	SM: Medium dense to very dense diamicts with clayey to silty fine sand matrix with variable gravel content and scattered cobbles and boulders.	

Notes:

- Recent Beach and Shallow Shelf Deposits (Qb) are present stratigraphically between fill and Qvr. The Qb is a localized deposit and is absent in most areas. For this reason, Qb was grouped with Qvr in the cross-sections and lateral extent maps. See Appendix 3B for more information.
- Vashon Recessional Glaciolacustrine Deposits (Qvrl) are present locally at or near the top of the Qvr. Qvrl is a localized deposit and is absent in most areas. Qvrl is shown on Cross-section A-A' (Figure 3-8) but is grouped with Qvr on the lateral extent map (Appendix 3B). See Figure 3-5B for description of Qvrl.
- This figure includes generalized descriptions of the main geologic units at GWPS encountered in uplands. For additional detail or for sub-units or other minor geologic units please refer to the Geologic CSM Package (GWSA, 2011a).
- Graphic Symbols color-coded based on CSM Package (GWSA, 2011a). Ages of deposits are from Seattle Geologic map (Troost et. al., 2005)

Generalized Upland Geologic Stratigraphic Section

Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington



Figure 3-6A

Generalized Geologic Stratigraphic Section

	Geologic Unit Name	Unit Description	Graphic Symbol
Post Development (1890-present)	Fill (Af) (0 to 35' thick)	Fill: Loose to medium dense black, poorly graded sand with silt, clay, gravel and debris (ash, soot, cinders, reddish-brown smooth fused and platy agglomerate, black vesicular low-density gravel, wood, brick fragments, and other anthropogenic debris).	
 Holocene Postglacial ¬ Deposits (0 to 12,000 years old) 	Recent Lacustrine Deposits (QI) (0 to 50' feet thick)	ML/OL: Very soft reddish-brown to black organic silt and clay with fibrous organic matter and minor component of sand. The unit is separated into upper and lower Ql. The upper Ql also includes varying amounts of woody material and/or anthropogenic debris and is often separated from the lower Ql by a thin gray silt layer.	
T List old)	Vashon Recessional Glaciolacustrine Deposits (Qvrl) (0 to 20' thick)	ML/CL: Gray, firm to stiff silt and clay with thin interbeds of fine sand, occasional sandy or gravelly layers, scattered dropstones, and trace amounts of organic matter.	
al deposits	Vashon Recessional Outwash (Qvr) (0 to 25' thick)	SP/GP, SM: Loose to dense brown to gray sand and gravel, to sand and gravel mixtures with variable amounts of silt.	
Pleistocene Glacial deposits - 30 years old)	Vashon Advance Outwash (Qva) (0 to 20' thick)	SP/GP: Dense to very dense gray to brown poorly graded slightly silty sand (predominantly fine and medium grained) with interbeds of clean coarser sand, thin silt beds, or sand and gravel mixtures.	
Pleistocene Gli Pre-Fraser (70,000 to 250,000 years old)	Pre-Fraser Till (Qpgt)	SM: Medium dense to very dense diamicts with clayey to silty fine sand matrix with variable gravel content and scattered cobbles and boulders.	

Notes:

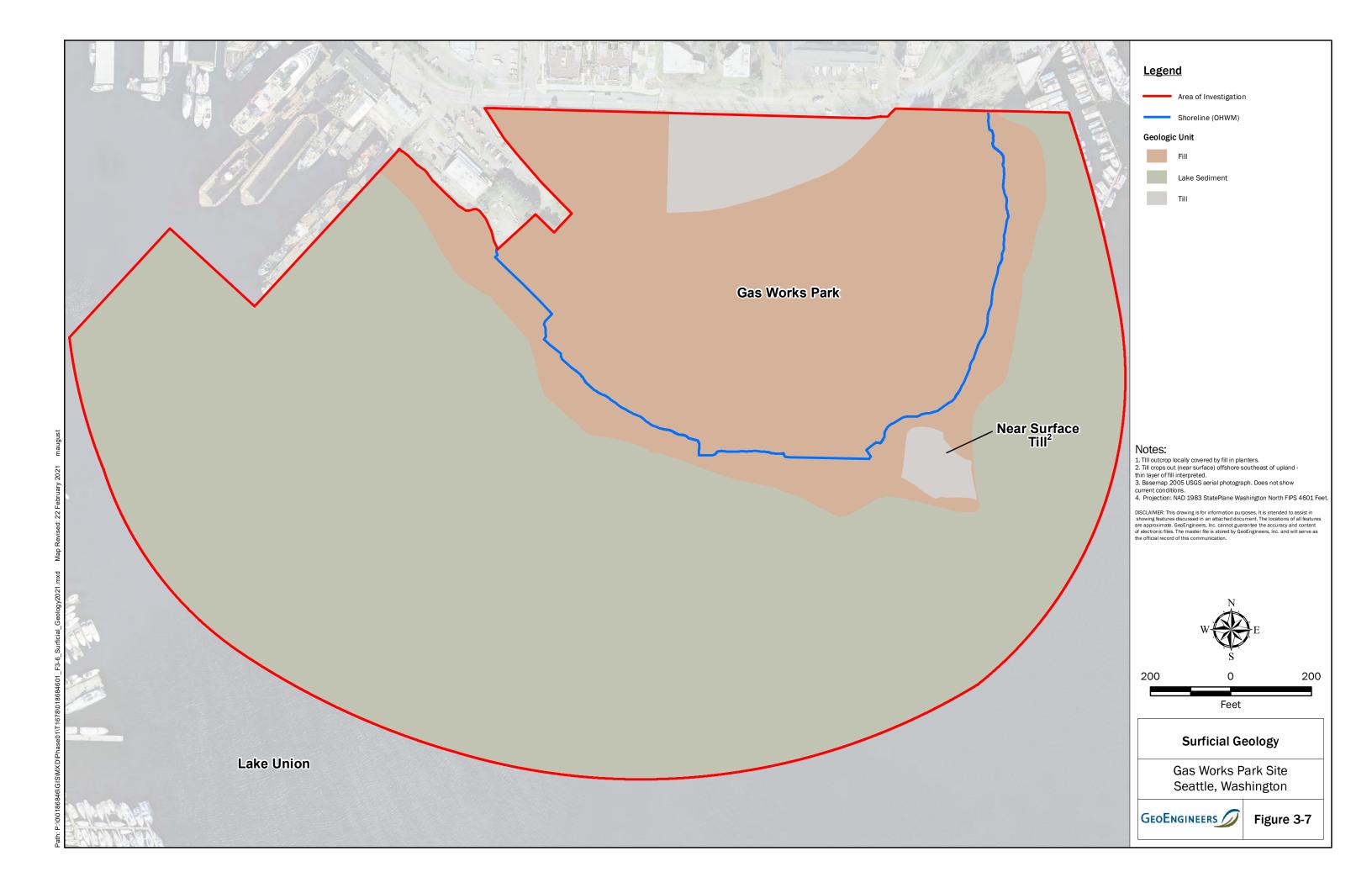
- This figure includes generalized descriptions of the main geologic units encountered in AOI sediment. For additional detail or for sub-units or other minor geologic units please refer to the Geologic CSM Package (GWSA, 2011a).
- 2. Graphic Symbols color-coded based on CSM Package (GWSA, 2011a). Ages of deposits are from Seattle Geologic Map (Troost et. al., 2005)

Generalized Offshore Geologic Stratigraphic Section

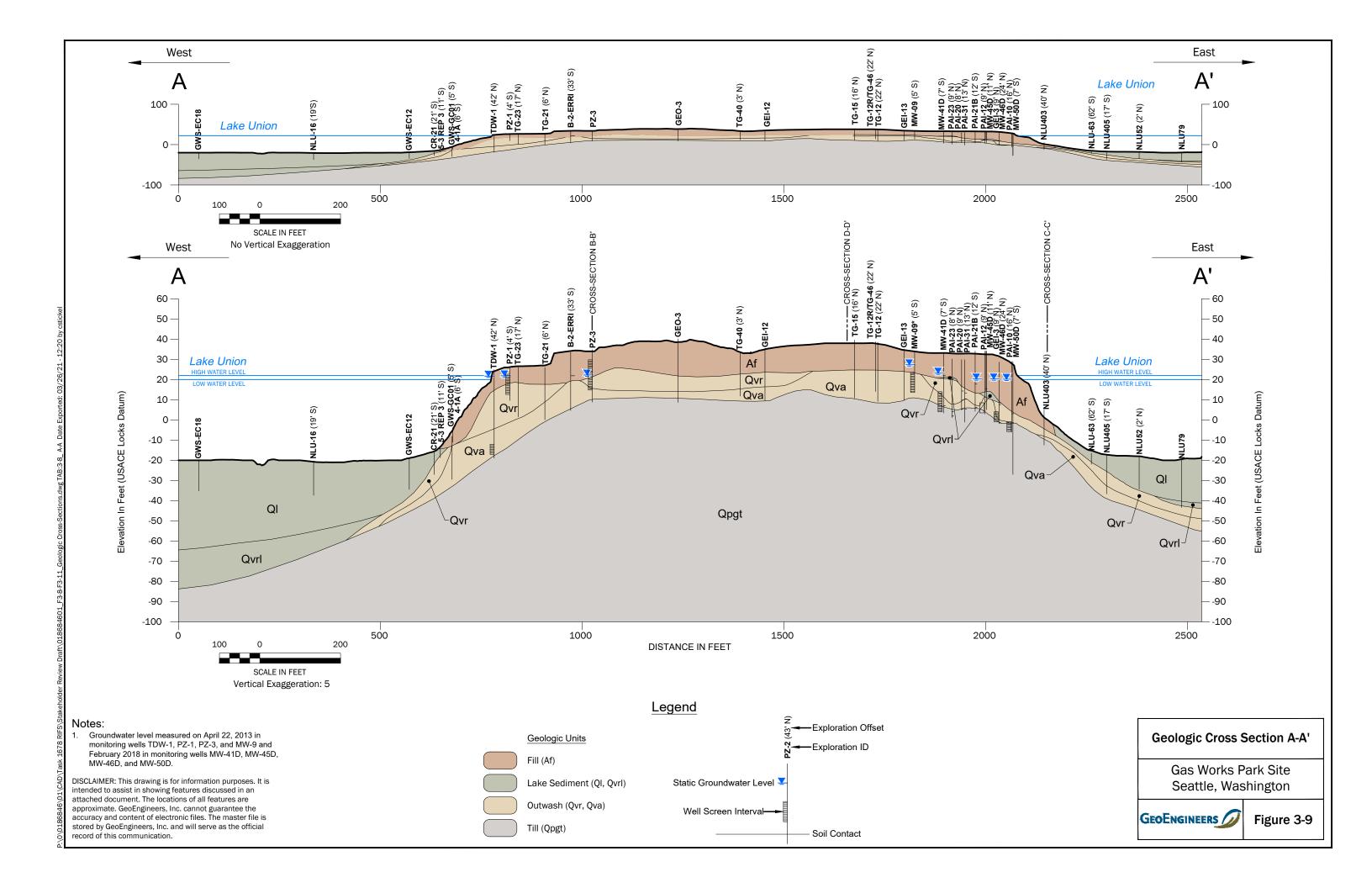
Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington

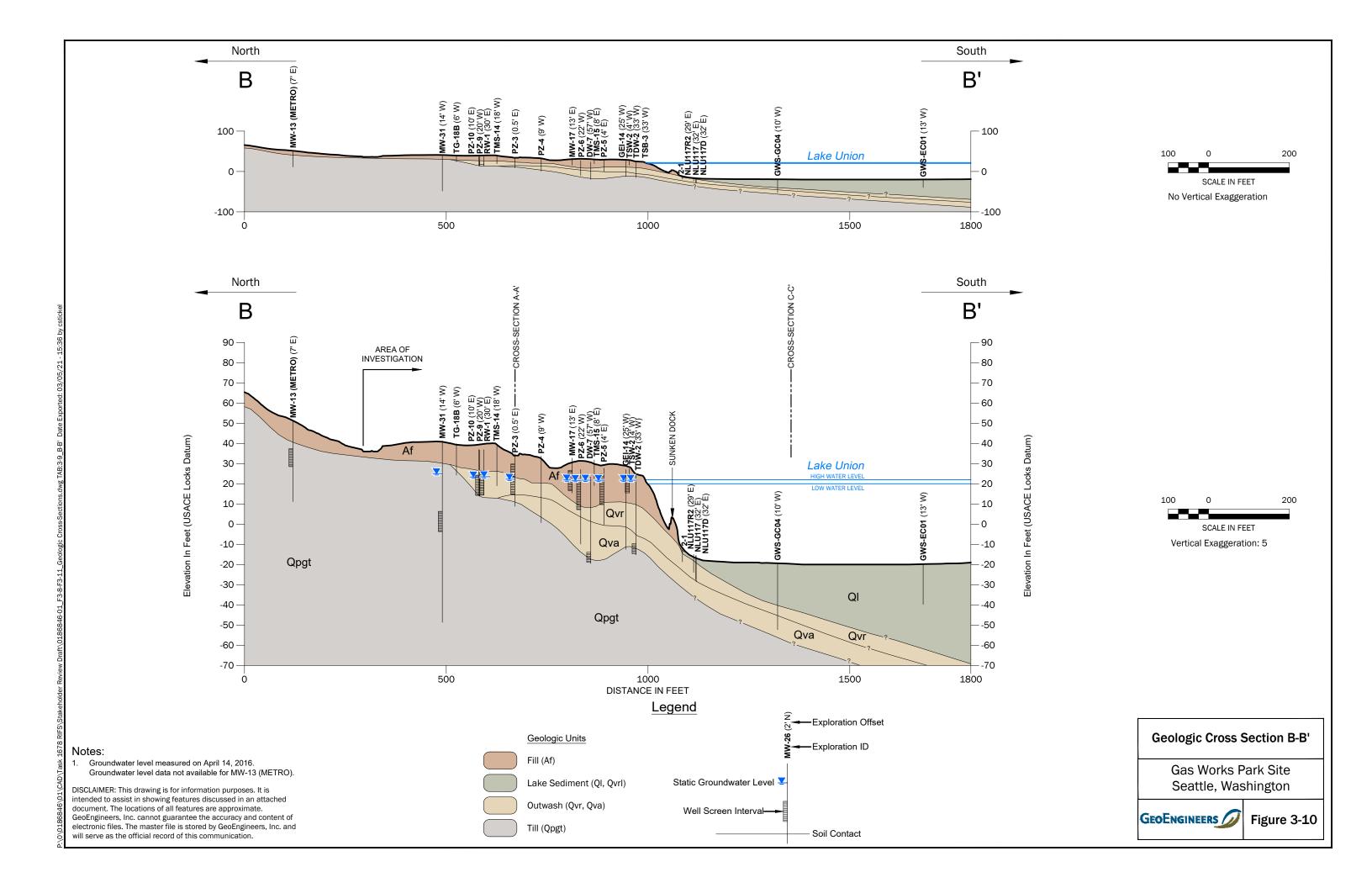


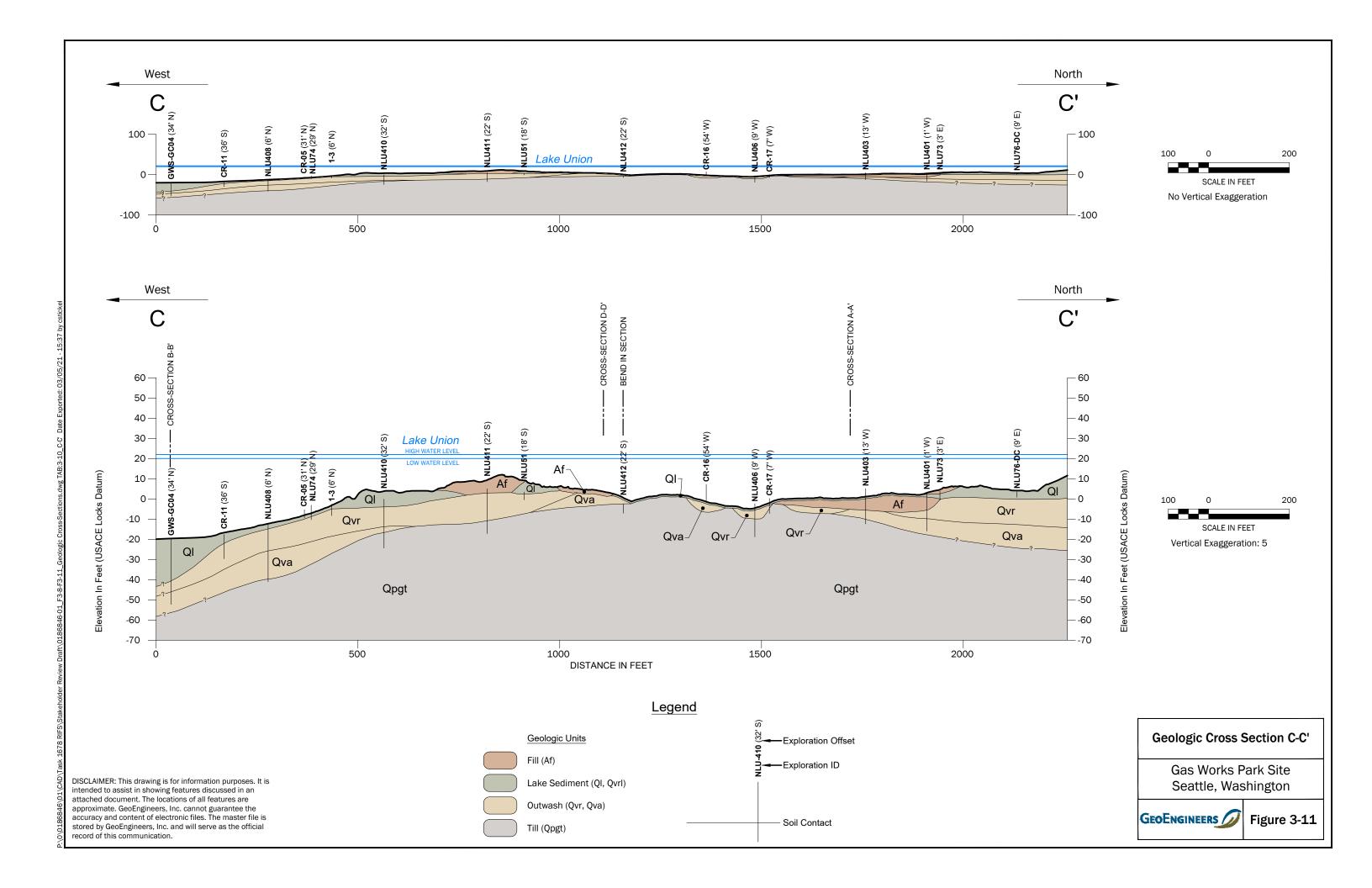
Figure 3-6B

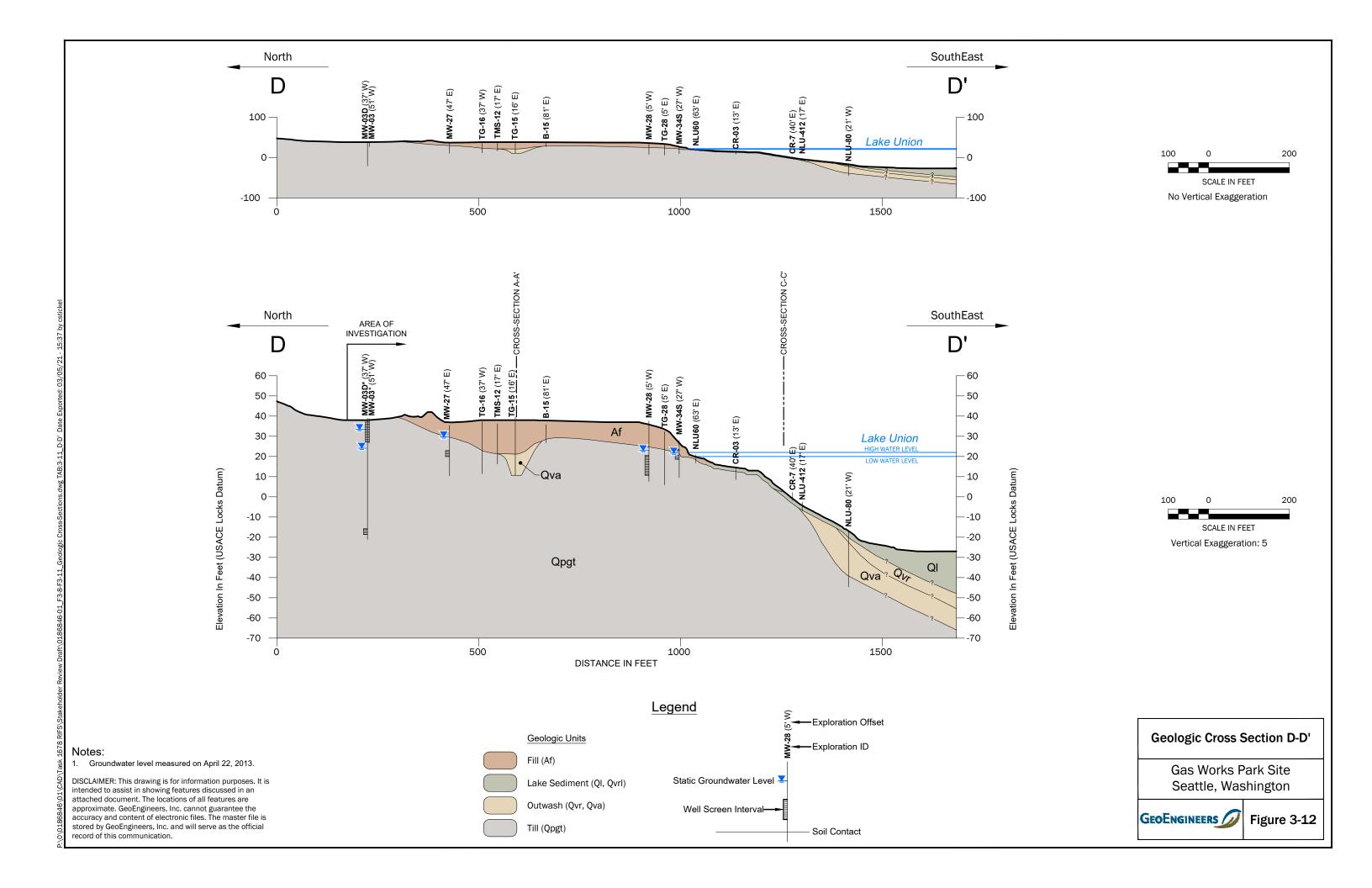


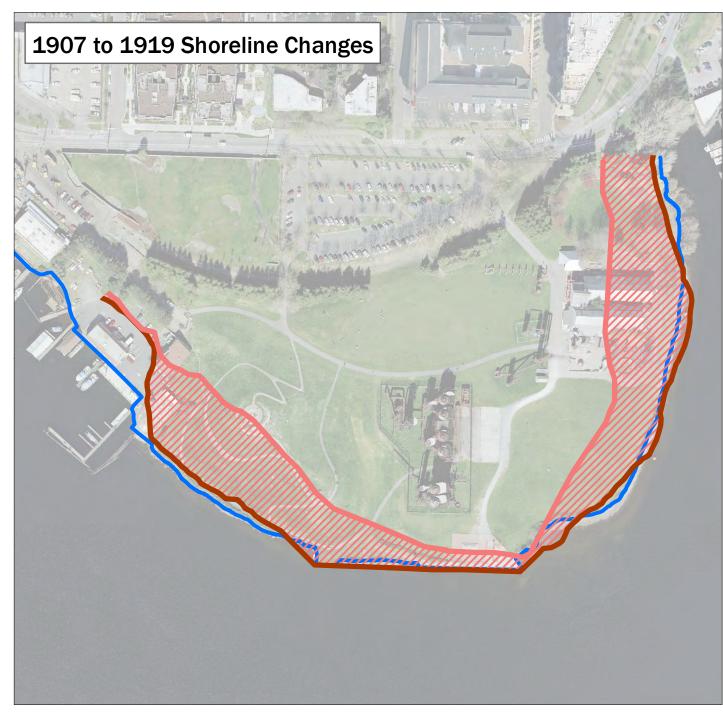




















Shoreline Changes and Fill History

Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington



Notes:

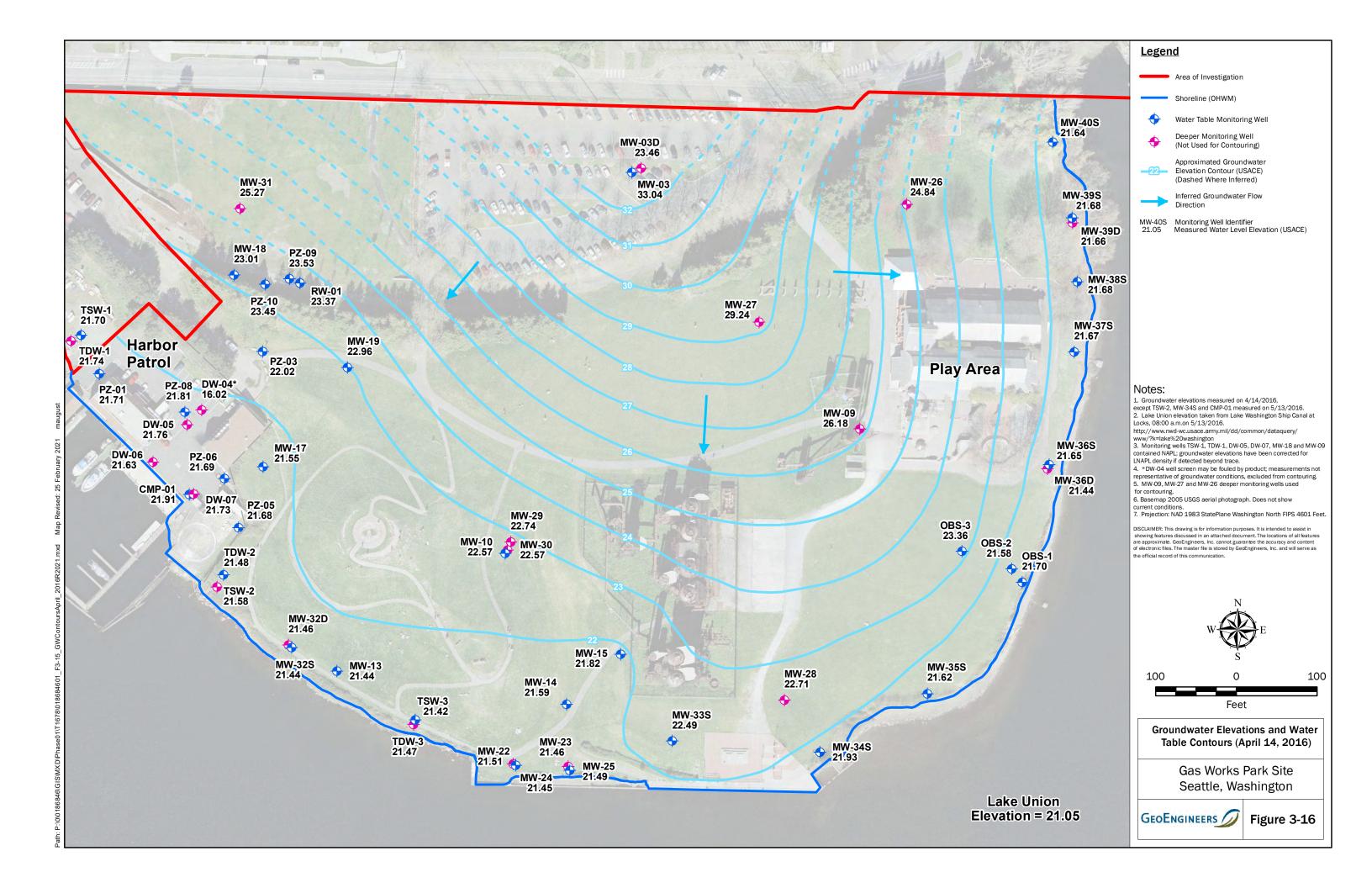
1. Source: Current shoreline shown as observed in a 2011 aerial photo. The 1973 shoreline shown as in Gas Works Park Grading Plan by Haag (1973) a or b. The 1929 shoreline shown as delineated in USACE bathymetric map, drafted in 1927 revised in 1929. The 1919 shoreline shown as delineated in 1919 Sanborn Maps. The 1907 shoreline shown as delineated in the Lake Union Shore Lands, 1907. The 1899 shoreline shown as delineated in US Coast and Geodetic Survey (1899).

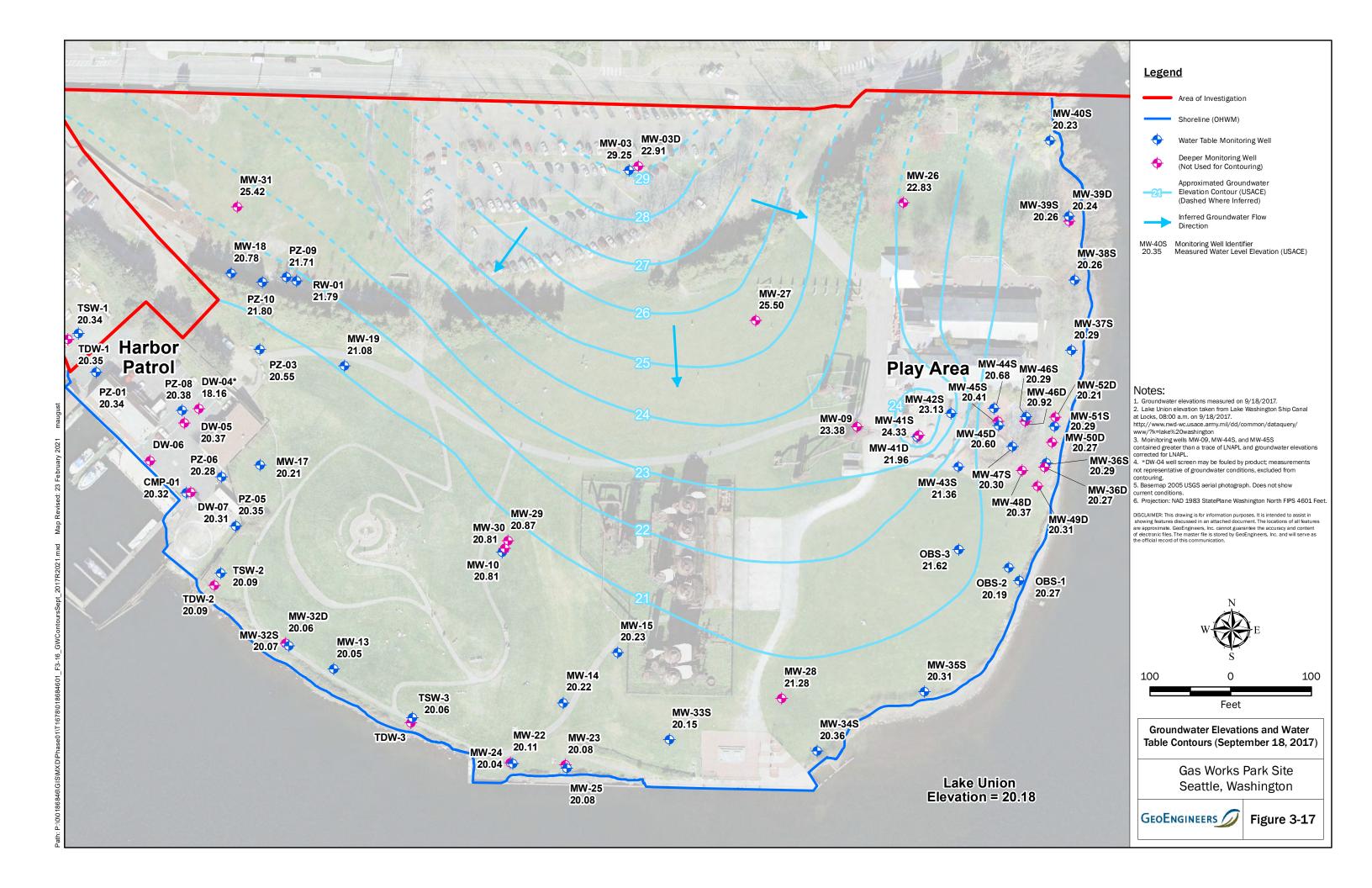
2. Shoreline depictions are approximate and do not take into account seasonal fluctuations of lake level.

3. Basemap 2005 USGS aerial photograph. Does not show current conditions.

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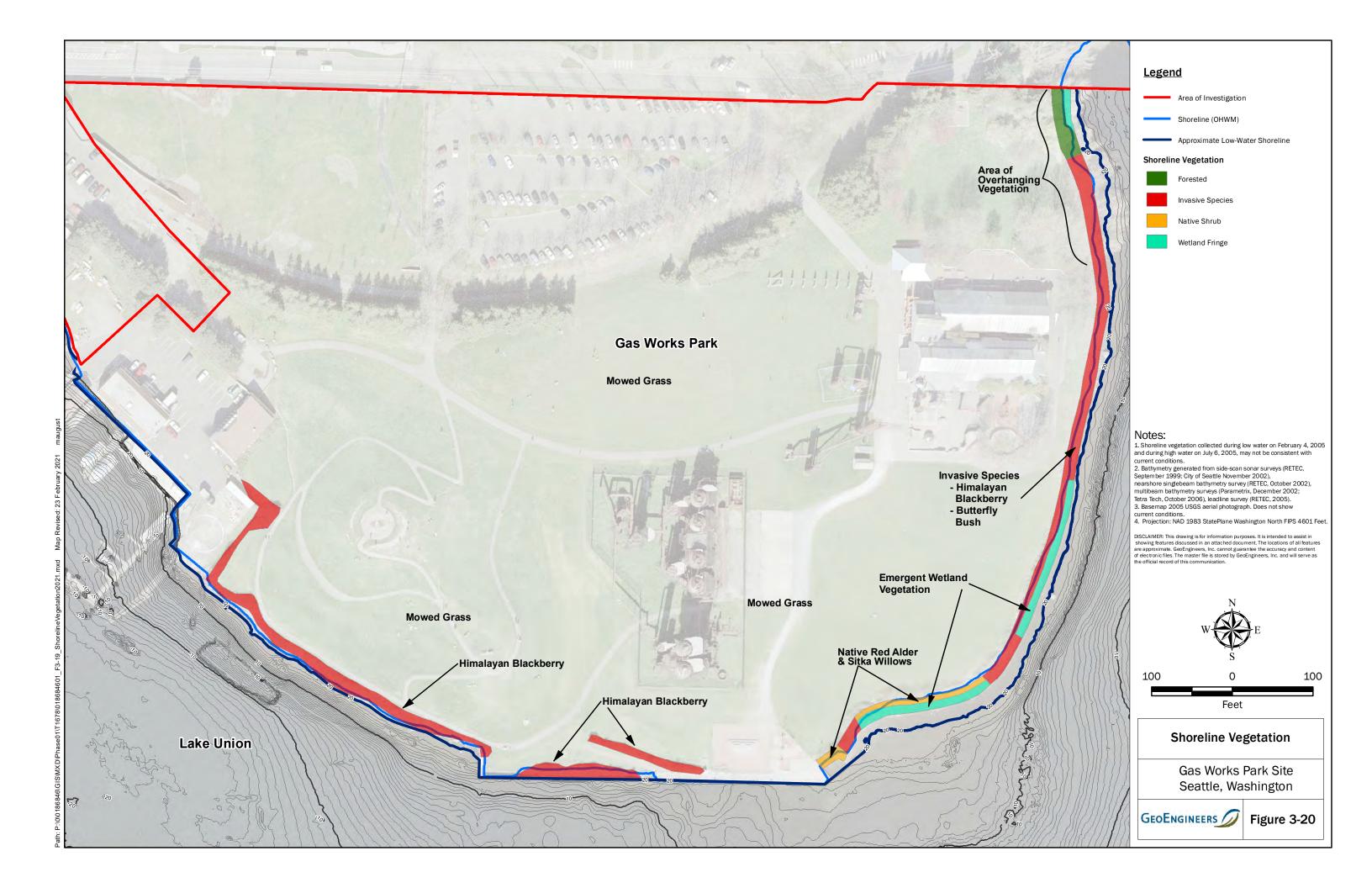


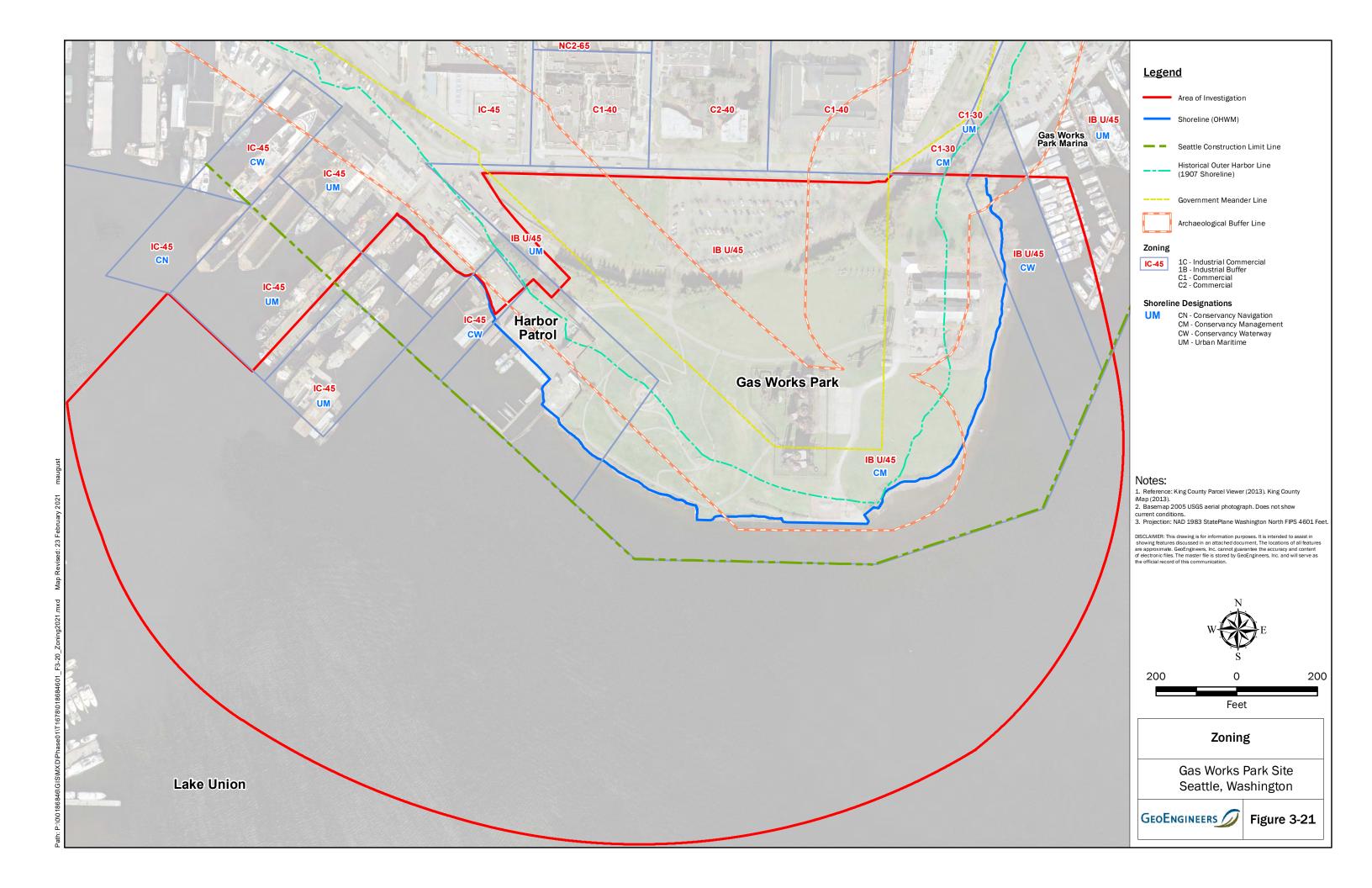


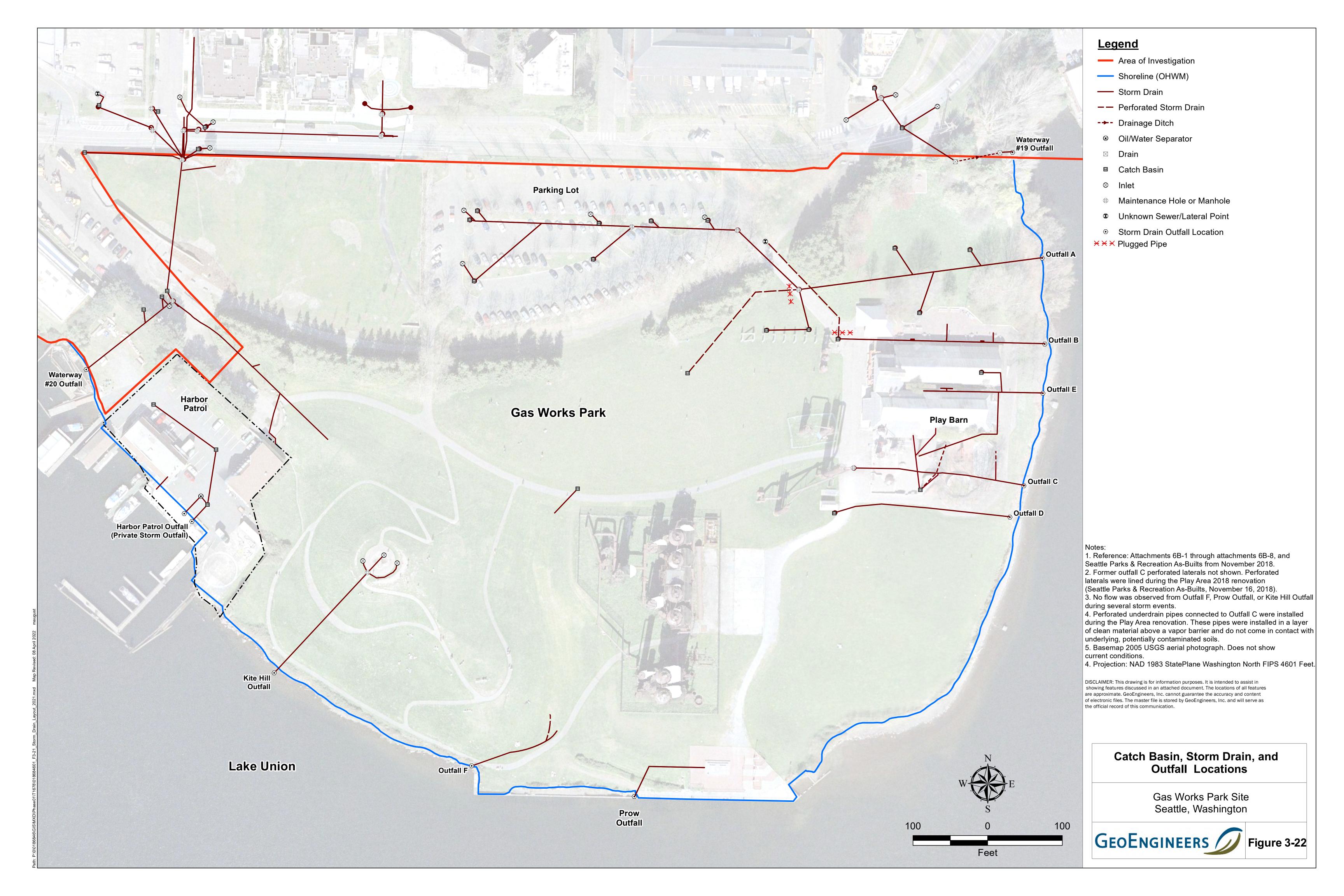
Sediment Characteristics and Biologically Active Zone

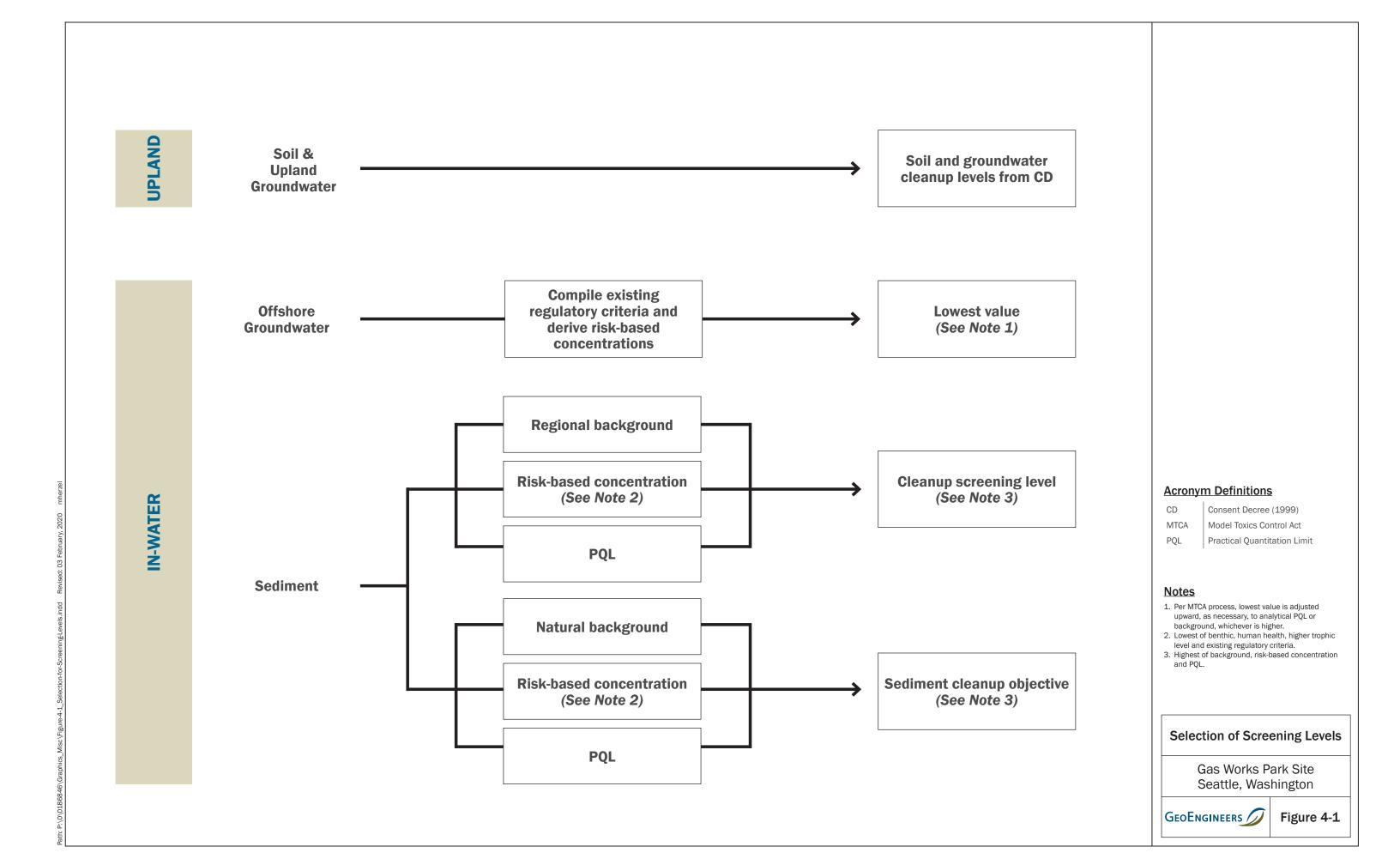
Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington

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Acronym Definitions

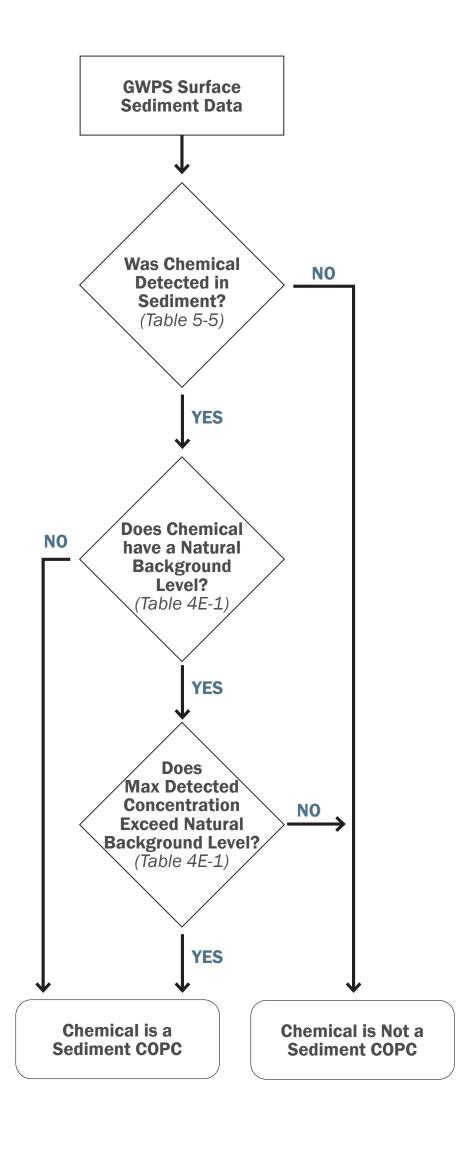
COC Contaminant of Concern
COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern
GWPS Gas Works Park Site

Process for Identifying Sediment COCs

Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington

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Figure 4-2



The answers to the questions above can be found in Table 5-5 or Appendix 4E. $\label{eq:canonical} % \begin{center} \end{center} % \begin{center} \end{cen$

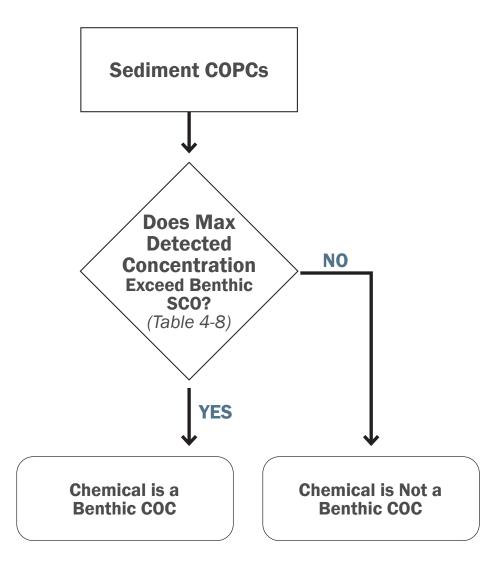
Acronym Definitions

COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern
GWPS Gas Works Park Site

Decision Flowchart for Identifying Sediment COPCs

> Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington





The answers to the section above can be found in Table 4-10.

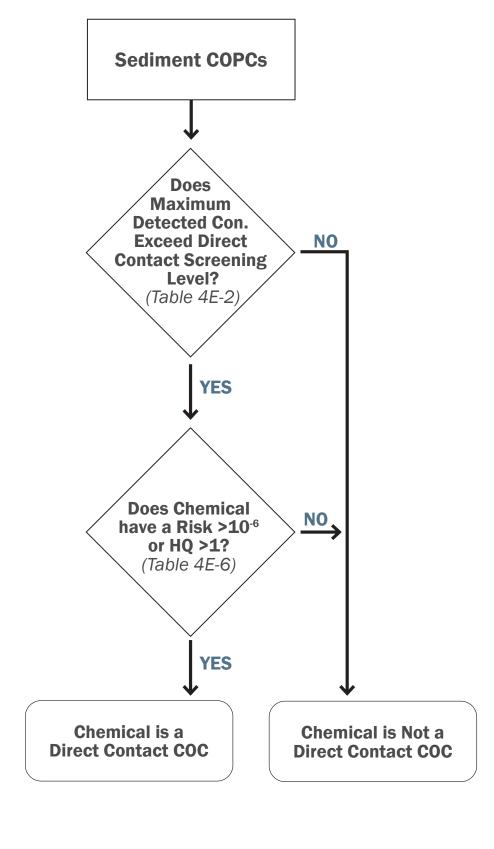
Acronym Definitions

COC Contaminant of Concern COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern Sediment Cleanup Objective SCO

Decision Flowchart for Identifying Benthic Sediment COCs

> Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington





The answers to the questions above can be found in Appendix 4E.

Acronym Definitions

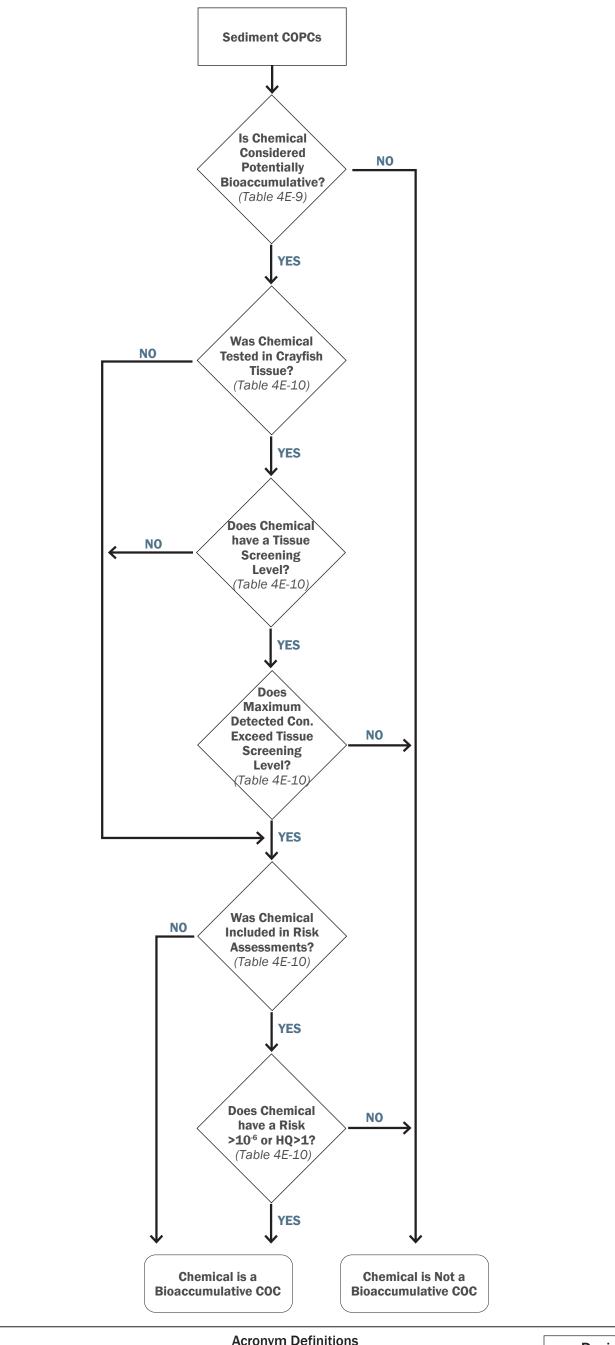
COC Contaminant of Concern
COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern
HQ Hazard Quotient

Decision Flowchart for Identifying Direct Contact Sediment COCs

Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington



Figure 4-5



Path: P:\0\0186846\Graphics_Misc\Decision-Flowcharts-for-Identifiying-Sediment-COCs.indd Revised: 26 Febru

The answers to the questions above can be found in Appendix 4E.

Acronym Definitions

COC Contaminant of Concern COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern HQ Hazard Quotient

Decision Flowchart for Identifying Bioaccumulative Sediment COCs

> Gas Works Park Site Seattle, Washington

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Figure 4-6