TIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

Check this box if you have attached any documents to this form (using the paperclip icon on the left).

ERTS #(s): Parcel #(s): County: FSID #: CSID #: UST #:

717368
S7095-01-00004-1
Island
99999148
16780

SITE INICODMINATION

OITE IN ORMATION		
Site Name (Name over door):	Site Address (including City, State and Zip):	<u>Phone</u>
Harrington Lagoon Area PFAS	30 S Harrington Lagoon Rd [well location, source location unknown] Coupeville, WA 98239	<u>Email</u>
Site Contact, Title, Business:	Site Contact Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone Email
Site Owner, Title, Business: source unknown	Site Owner Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone Email
Site Owner Contact, Title, Business:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone Email
Previous Site Owner(s):	Additional Info (for any Site Information Item):	
Alternate Site Name(s):	Interested Parties (should be included in any notification): Harrington Lagoon Water Assocaition [Sandra Bodamer, PO Box 2243, Oa Central Whidbey Island Fire & Rescue [logistics facility/former station 52 @	
Latitude (Decimal De	egrees): 48.20863]

Longitude (Decimal Degrees): -122.61469								
INSPECTION INFO	RMATION	I	Please check this box if there is relevant inspection infor photos, in an existing site report for this site.	mation, such as data or				
Inspection Conduction	cted?	Date/Time:	Entry Notice: Announced 🔲 Unanno	ounced				

Note: Attach photographs or upload to PIMS

Note: Attach record with media, location, depth, etc.

Photographs taken?

Samples collected?

Yes \square

RECOMMENDATION	
No Further Action (Check appropriate box below):	LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List:
Release or threatened release does not pose a threat	Containinated Sites List.
No release or threatened release	
Refer to program/agency (Name:)	
Independent Cleanup Action Completed (contamination removed)	

COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERTS Complaint):

Yes

Yes 🔲

The Whidbey Island Water System Association made a report to ERTS to alert Ecology to Group A water systems in Island County that had detected PFAS in samples collected related to the requirements of the Department of Health's PFAS SAL establishment.

CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Summary of why Site is recommended for Listing or NFA):

No 🔲

No □

Based on limited sampling, a release of PFAS has occurred in the general area of the location above; the source, extent, and severity of this release is unknown at this time.

Recommendation: add to Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List with a general name and approximate location. All of that information (name, location) should be updated in the site file as additional information confirming a source becomes available.

Investigator: Kim Wooten Date Submitted: 3/15/2023

Description (If site visit made, please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

The Harrington Lagoon water system was one included in the submitted list of systems with perand poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) detections in samples collected from Group A water systems to meet the requirements for initial sampling related to State Action Levels (SALs) for PFAS in drinking water. The initial sample analyzed from this water system is noted as a post-treatment sample from a single well source. The well depth is approximately 80 feet below ground surface. The initial sample was taken in January 2022. Based on the results of the initial sample, a confirmation sample was collected in March 2022.

Results from both samples were similar, and contained the following PFAS at concentrations between 2 and 80 ng/L: PFBS, PFOS, PFOA, PFHxS, PFBA, PFHpA, PFHxA, PFPeA, and PFPeS (see below for full names of all compounds referred to by abbreviation throughout the IIFR). The additional 14 PFAS compounds included in the analysis were not present above the laboratory reporting limit (2 ng/L for each compound).

The WA State Department of Health has established SALs for 5 PFAS: PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, PFOA, and PFNA, which are also the basis for MTCA groundwater cleanup levels for these compounds. Cleanup levels have also been derived for PFBA and HPFO-DA. PFOS in the water system sample was present above the applicable SAL/cleanup level. None of the other detected PFAS were above a cleanup level.

The existing data, though a small number of samples, confirm a release of PFAS somewhere near the water system. Additional investigation is warranted to determine the source and extent of PFAS contamination, and if cleanup is required under MTCA.

There are a number of industries and historic property uses that suggest a potential PFAS source - things like landfills, textile manufacturing, and firefighting foam. This well is located in a rural, residential area, and current maps do not indicate many of these uses in the area to help target additional investigation. There is a fire facility located on W Morris Rd, within one-quarter mile south of the well. The facility is currently a logistics facility only, not used for daily firefighting operations, but historically was Station 52 of Central Whidbey Island Fire & Rescue.

Documents reviewed:

Island County - ICGeoMap. https://icgeomap.islandcountywa.gov/Html5Viewer/Index.html? viewer=ICGeoMap#

WA State Department of Health water system information:

Source Water Assessment Program Map. https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/swap/index.html Find Water System database. https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/eh/portal/odw/si/Disclaimer.aspx? Page=/portal/odw/si/findwatersystem.aspx

Find Water Quality database - results for sample IDs 17201 and 23901 from Harrington Lagoon Water Association (system ID 31440). https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/eh/portal/odw/si/FindWaterQuality.aspx

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	TIOS	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	SEDIMENT	DESCRIPTION
	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents Polynuclear Aromatic						Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a CI, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX contaminants are present independently of gasoline.
Non-	Hydrocarbons (PAH)						rings.
Halogenated Organics	Tributyltin						The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether						MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Benzene						Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics						TEX
	Petroleum Diesel						Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline						Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other						Oil-range organics
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
	Other Halogenated Organics		С				Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
Halogenated Organics (see	Halogenated solvents						PCE, chloroform, EDB, EDC, MTBE
notes at bottom)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
	Metals - Other						Cr, Se, Ag, Ba, Cd
Motals	Lead						Lead
Metals	Mercury						Mercury
	Arsenic						Arsenic
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
Pesticides	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	SEDIMENT	DESCRIPTION
	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
Other Contaminants	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures						For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
Reactive Wastes	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

(fill in contaminant matrix above with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B— Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S— Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C— Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example—above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA— Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example—capped area).
RB— Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example— complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivative. Referral to the HSDB is recommended if you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in WAC 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

FOR ECOLOGY II REVIEWER	USE ONLY (For Listing Sites):	<u>:</u>
How did the Site come to be k	nown: Site Discovery (r ERTS Complain Other (please ex	
Does an Early Notice Letter I If <i>No</i> , please explain why: <u>No k</u>		
NAICS Code (if known): Otherwise, briefly explain ho	_ w property is/was used (i.e.,	gas station, dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.):
Site Unit(s) to be created (Unit If multiple Units needed, pleas	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	CP & LUST)
Cleanup Process Type (for ti	ne Unit): ☑ No Process ☐ Voluntary Cleanup I☐ Federal-supervised	
Site Status:	ted Cleanup Complete	lete – Performance Monitoring – Active O&M/Monitoring If yes, was this a transformer spill?
Site Manager (Default:):	
Specific confirmed contamina	nts include:	Facility/Site ID No. (if known):
in Soil		Cleanup Site ID No. (if known):
_ PFAS_ in Grou	ndwater	
in Other	(specify matrix:)	

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO: Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

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General area shown above (from ICGeoMap) - water system well sampled is located south of S Harrington Lagoon Rd, southwest of the lagoon.

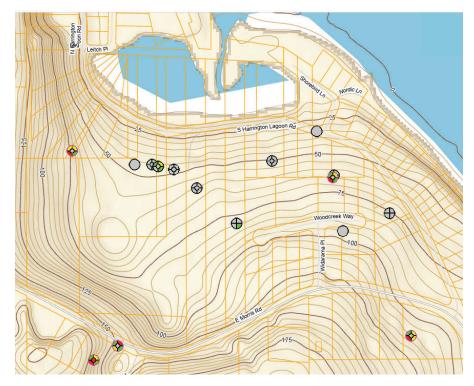
Additional or Supplemental Information from Observations Page

Please use this box for any text that requires special formatting

Top: Group A (multi-colored rings) and B (gray circles) in the area of interest, from the DOH Source Water Assessment Program map. Widarama Beach Water Rights Association sampled their water for PFAS in January 2022, and did not have any PFAS present above reporting limits in their sample. Bottom: There are additional private wells in the area (from IC Geo Map; different patterns in gray circles indicating wells represent degree of location accuracy, and different colored wedges represent sampling for specific contaminants; Group A and B wells also

shown).





PFAS sampling results from water systems in Island County reported under ERTS 717368. Sampling was completed between January and April 2022. Sampling was completed to meet requirements for DOH SAL testing - only one sample is required as part of the initial testing unless a compound is present above a SAL.

	MTCA Method B Groundwater Cleanup Level	Crosswoods Water Co	Deer Lake Estates	Harringto	on Lagoon	Hillcrest Village Water Co	Lyon Rd Community Association	Mabana Shores	Maple Hill Park	Mecca Community Association	Northgate Terrace Community Club	Penn Cove	Pine Terrace Water Association	Rolling Hills - Glencairn	Sierra Country Club	Whispering Pines Homeowners Coop
				intial	confirmation											
PFBS	345	<2	4.97	17.2	17.9	<2	4.63	63.4	<2	<2	3.14	<2	<2	<2	<2	4.24
PFHxS	65	2.25	2.5	52.8	63.9	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	4.15	<2	<2	<2	2.25	31.4
PFOS	15	<2	2.53	63.7	79.9	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	4.95
PFOA	9	<2	2.54	2.35	3.45	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	4.35
PFNA	10	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
PFBA	8000	<2	<2	5.55	6.89	<2	2.31	3.49	5.25	<2	<2	<2	50.6	<2	3.42	<2
HPFO-DA	24	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
PFHpA		<2	<2	5	6.99	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	3.03	11.1	6.19	<2	<2
PFHxA		<2	2.32	25.5	30.8	<2	5.2	58.2	2.33	4.08	<2	<2	85.6	<2	<2	2.6
PFHpS		<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	2.67
PFPeA		<2	<2	8.25	16.9	2.25	4.63	5.44	6.07	2.43	<2	<2	174	<2	<2	<2
PFPeS		<2	<2	23.1	23.8	<2	<2	73.5	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	2.78

concentrations in ng/L

table includes all PFAS with existing cleanup levels, and any others present above reporting limits (2 ng/L) in at least one sample

Groundwater Cleanup Levels are protective of use as drinking water

[&]quot;-" indicates no cleanup level has been established for that compound; note that all PFAS are designated MTCA hazardous substances and cleanup levels may be developed for these in the future

FULL NAMES OF PFAS COMPOUNDS

PFBA – perfluorobutanoic acid

PFBS – perfluorobutane sulfonic acid

PFPeA – perfluoropentanoic acid

PFPeS – perfluoropentane sulfonic acid

PFHxA – perfluorohexanoic acid

PFHxS – perfluorohexane sulfonic acid

PFHpA – perfluoroheptanoic acid

PFHpS – perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid

PFOA – perfluorooctanoic acid

PFOS – perfluoroctance sulfonic acid

PFNA – perfluorononanoic acid

HFPO-DA – hexafluoropropropylene oxide-dimer acid (also known as GenX)