



FILE COPY

STATE OF WASHINGTON  
DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

August 20, 1991

Mr. Don Sump, Vice President  
PureGro Company  
3482 Glade Road North  
Pasco, WA 99301-9389

Dear Mr. Sump:

The Department of Ecology has now assessed a hazard ranking for the Puregro, Othello site, as required by the Model Toxics Control Act. This is an estimation of the potential threat of this site to human health and the environment, relative to other Washington State sites scored at this time. A ranking of 5 (with 1 being the highest relative risk and 5 being the lowest) has been calculated for this site.

For your information, Ecology will be publishing the ranking of this and other sites in the August 27, 1991 Site Register. The rankings will be used in conjunction with other considerations in determining Ecology's priority for future actions at sites. It is not anticipated this ranking will affect the current activities at the PureGro, Othello site.

For further information, please contact me at (509) 456-6167.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Patti Y. Carter".

Patti Y. Carter  
Site Hazard Assessments  
Toxics Cleanup Section

PYC:adw

## WASHINGTON RANKING METHOD

## ROUTE SCORES SUMMARY AND RANKING CALCULATION SHEET

Western Farm Service -

Site name: Panama Othello Region: EROCity, county: Othello, AdamsThis site was ranked on August 12, 1991, based on quintile values from 259 assessed/scored sites.

Pathway	Route Score(s)	Quintile Group number(s)
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SW-HH	<u>NS</u>	<u>-</u>
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Air-HH	<u>9.6 6.3</u>	<u>4 2</u>
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GW-HH	<u>30.1 28.1</u>	<u>4 2</u>
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Sed-HH	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
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SW-En	<u>NS</u>	<u>-</u>
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Air-En	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
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Sed-En	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
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Priority scores:

$$\frac{H^2 + 2M + L}{8} = \frac{4 + 4 + 0}{8} = \frac{8}{8} = 1$$

$$\frac{H^2 + 2L}{7} = \frac{1 + 0}{7} = \frac{1}{7} = 1$$

Use the matrix presented to the right, along with the two priority scores, to determine the site ranking. N/A refers to where there is no applicable pathway.

Human Health	Environment					
	5	4	3	2	1	N/A
5	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	2	2	2	3	4
3	1	2	3	4	4	5
2	2	3	4	4	5	5
1	2	3	4	5	5	5
N/A	3	4	5	5	5	5

DRAFT / FINALMatrix ("bin") Ranking: 5, or        No Further Action

CONFIDENCE LEVEL: The relative position of this site within this bin is:

- ☐ almost into the next higher bin.  
☒ right in the middle, unlikely to ever change.  
☐ almost into the next lower bin.

WORKSHEET 1  
SUMMARY SCORE SHEET

Site Name/Location (City, County, Section/Township/Range):

PureGro - Othello  
Othello, WA - Adams County  
NE1/4, NE1/4, Section 33, T. 16 N., R.30 E.

Site Description (Include management areas, compounds of concern, and quantities):

PureGro Company is a distributor of agricultural chemicals. The Othello facility includes a shop/office/chemical storage building, dry fertilizer storage, several tanks, a rinse pad, and holding pond. Spills reported at the site include an unknown quantity of chemical rinsate (herbicides, 2,4-D, Eptam), an unknown amount of phosphate, and approximately 1,000 gallons of ammonium poly phosphate fertilizer. In addition, a green acid (phosphate) tank broke and released an unknown volume of liquid. The liquid was pumped up, but no soil was removed. In 1989, approximately 750 gallons of urea solution was spilled. In 1990, a valve problem allowed approximately 1,000 gallons of ammonium poly phosphate fertilizer to flow along the railroad siding to a depression where it pooled on the frozen ground. About 600 gallons were retrieved, but an area about 10 yards wide by 150 yards long was reportedly contaminated.

Special Considerations (Include limitations in site file data or data which cannot be accommodated in the model, but which are important in evaluating the risk associated with the site, or any other factor(s) over-riding a decision of no further action for the site):

ROUTE SCORES:

Surface Water/Human Health:	<u>NS</u>	Surface Water/Environ.:	<u>NS</u>
Air/Human Health:	<u>6.3</u>	Air/Environmental:	<u>0.0</u>
Ground Water/Human Health:	<u>28.1</u>		

OVERALL RANK: 5

Rev. 5/31/91

WORKSHEET 2  
ROUTE DOCUMENTATION

1. SURFACE WATER ROUTE

List substances to be considered for scoring: Source: 1

NOT SCORED

Explain basis for choice of substance(s) to be used in scoring.

List management units to be considered in scoring: Source: \_\_\_\_\_

Explain basis for choice of unit used in scoring. Source: \_\_\_\_\_

2. AIR ROUTE

List substances to be considered for scoring: Source: 1

Lindane, 4,4-DDT, 4,4-DDE, dieldrin, aldrin.

Explain basis for choice of substance(s) to be used in scoring.

Substances detected in soil samples.

List management units to be considered in scoring: Source: 1

Spills, contaminated soil.

Explain basis for choice of unit used in scoring.

Documented surface spills.

WORKSHEET 2 (CONTINUED)  
ROUTE DOCUMENTATION

3. GROUND WATER ROUTE

List substances to be considered for scoring:

Source: 1

Lindane, 4,4-DDT, 4,4-DDE, dieldrin, aldrin.

Explain basis for choice of substance(s) to be used in scoring.

Substances detected in soil samples.

List management units to be considered in scoring:

Source: 1

Spills, contaminated soil.

Explain basis for choice of unit used in scoring.

Documented surface spills.

WORKSHEET 3  
SUBSTANCE CHARACTERISTICS WORKSHEET  
FOR MULTIPLE UNIT/SUBSTANCE SITES

Combination 1      Combination 2      Combination 3

Unit:

Substance:

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SURFACE WATER ROUTE

Human Toxicity Value:

Environ. Toxicity Value:

Containment Value:

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Surface Water Human  
Subscore:

Surface Water Environ.  
Subscore:

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AIR ROUTE

Human Toxicity/Mobility  
Value:

Environ. Toxicity/  
Mobility Value:

Containment Value:

-----

Air Human Subscore:

Air Environ. Subscore:

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GROUND WATER ROUTE

Human Toxicity/  
Mobility Value:

Containment Value:

-----

Ground Water Subscore:

**WORKSHEET 4**  
**SURFACE WATER ROUTE**

**1.0 SUBSTANCE CHARACTERISTICS NOT SCORED**

**1.1 Human Toxicity**

Substance	Drinking Water Standard (ug/l) Val.	Chronic Toxicity (mg/kg/day) Val.	Acute Toxicity (mg/kg-bw) Val.	Carcino- genicity WOE PF* Val.
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				

\*Potency Factor

Source: \_\_\_\_\_  
Highest Value: \_\_\_\_\_  
+2 Bonus Points? \_\_\_\_\_  
Final Toxicity Value \_\_\_\_\_

**1.2 Environmental Toxicity**

Substance	Acute Criteria (ug/l)	Non-human Mammalian Acute Toxicity (mg/kg) Value	Source: _____ Value: _____
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			

**1.3 Substance Quantity**

Source: \_\_\_\_\_ Value: \_\_\_\_\_

Explain basis: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

WORKSHEET 4 (CONTINUED)  
SURFACE WATER ROUTE

2.0 MIGRATION POTENTIAL

- 2.1 Containment Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_  
Explain basis:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.2 Surface Soil Permeability:\_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.3 Total Annual Precipitation:\_\_\_\_\_ inches Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.4 Max. 2-Yr/24-hour Precipitation:\_\_\_\_\_ inches Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.5 Flood Plain:\_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2.6 Terrain Slope:\_\_\_\_\_ % Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_

3.0 TARGETS

- 3.1 Distance to Surface Water:\_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 3.2 Population Served within 2 miles:  $\sqrt{\text{pop.}}$  = \_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 3.3 Area Irrigated within 2 miles:  $0.75/\text{no. acres}$  = \_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 3.4 Distance to Nearest Fishery Resource:\_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_
- 3.5 Distance to, and Name(s) of, Nearest Sensitive  
Environment(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

4.0 RELEASE

- Explain basis for scoring a release to surface water: \_\_\_\_\_ Source:\_\_\_\_\_ Value:\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



WORKSHEET 5  
AIR ROUTE

1.0 SUBSTANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 Introduction (WARM Scoring Manual) - Please review before scoring

1.2 Human Toxicity

Substance	Air Standard		Chronic Toxicity		Acute Toxicity		Carcinogenicity		
	(ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Val.	(mg/kg/day)	Val.	(mg/kg-bw)	Val.	WOE	PF*	Val.
1. lindane	0.003	10	X	0	X	0	0.8	X	0
2. DDT	X	0	X	0	X	0	0.8	5	4
3. DDE	X	0	X	0	X	0	0.8	X	0
4. dieldrin	X	0	X	0	13 (rat)	10	0.8	9	7
5. aldrin	X	0	X	0	X	0	0.8	9	7
6.									

\*Potency Factor

Source: 2  
Highest Value: 10  
+2 Bonus Points? 2  
Final Toxicity Value: 12

1.3 Mobility (Use numbers to refer to above listed substances)

1.3.1 Gaseous Mobility

Vapor Pressure(s): 1= ; 2= ; 3= Source:         
4= ; 5= ; 6= Value:       

1.3.2 Particulate Mobility

Soil type: silt loam Source: 1  
Erodibility: 47 Value: 1  
Climatic Factor: 10 - 30

1.4 Final Human Health Toxicity/Mobility Matrix Value: 6

1.5 Environmental Toxicity/Mobility

Substance	Non-human Mammalian		Value	Mobility	Value
	Acute Toxicity				
1. lindane	X				
2. DDT	X				
3. DDE	X				
4. dieldrin	13 (rat)	10		1	
5. aldrin	X				
6.					

Environmental Toxicity/Mobility Matrix Source: 2 Value: 5

WORKSHEET 5 (CONTINUED)  
AIR ROUTE

1.6 Substance Quantity: Est. 13,500 sq ft Source: 3 Value: 5  
Explain basis: Contaminated soil

2.0 MIGRATION POTENTIAL

2.1 Containment: Contaminated soil, no cover Source: 1 Value: 10

3.0 TARGETS

3.1 Nearest Population: 300 ft Source: 3 Value: 10

3.2 Distance to, and Name(s) of, Nearest Sensitive  
Environment(s) >10,000 ft Source: 1 Value: 0

3.3 Population within 0.5 miles:  $\sqrt{30} = 5.5$  Source: 1 Value: 6

4.0 RELEASE

Explain basis for scoring a release to air: \_\_\_\_\_ Source: 1 Value: 0  
None known or observed

WORKSHEET 6  
GROUND WATER ROUTE

1.0 SUBSTANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 Human Toxicity

Substance	Drinking Water Standard (ug/l)	Val.	Chronic Toxicity (mg/kg/day)	Val.	Acute Toxicity (mg/kg-bw)	Val.	Carcino- genicity WOE PF*	Val.
1. lindane	0.2	10	0.0003	5	76 (rat)	8	0.5 7	4
2. DDT	X	0	0.0005	5	87 (rat)	8	0.8 5	4
3. DDE	X	0	X	0	880 (rat)	5	0.8 5	4
4. dieldrin	X	0	0.00005	8	38.3 (rat)	10	0.8 9	7
5. aldrin	X	0	0.00003	8	39 (rat)	10	0.8 9	7
6.								

\*Potency Factor

Source: 2  
Highest Value: 10  
+2 Bonus Points? 2  
Final Toxicity Value 12

1.2 Mobility (Use numbers to refer to above listed substances)

Cations/Anions \_\_\_\_\_ Source: 2 Value: 0

OR

Solubility(mg/l) 1 - 0, 2 - 0, 3 - 0, 4 - 0,  
5 - 0

1.3 Substance Quantity

Source: 3 Value: 5

Explain basis: 7500 cu yds contaminated soil

2.0 MIGRATION POTENTIAL

2.1 Containment

Source: 1 Value: 10

Explain basis: Spills, contaminated soil

2.2 Net Precipitation: 3.5 inches Source: 1 Value: 1

2.3 Subsurface Hydraulic Conductivity: >10<sup>-5</sup> - 10<sup>-3</sup> Source: 1 Value: 3

2.4 Vertical Depth to Ground Water: 130 feet Source: 1 Value: 3

WORKSHEET 6 (CONTINUED)  
GROUND WATER ROUTE

3.0 TARGETS

- 3.1 Ground Water Usage: Private, irrigation Source: 1 Value: 5
- 3.2 Distance to Nearest Drinking Water Well: 900 ft Source: 1 Value: 4
- 3.3 Population Served within 2 Miles: √43 = 6.5 Source: 1 Value: 7
- 3.4 Area Irrigated by (Groundwater) Wells  
within 2 miles: 0.75/2990 = 41 Source: 1 Value: 41

4.0 RELEASE

Explain basis for scoring a release to ground water: None known or observed Source: 1 Value: 0

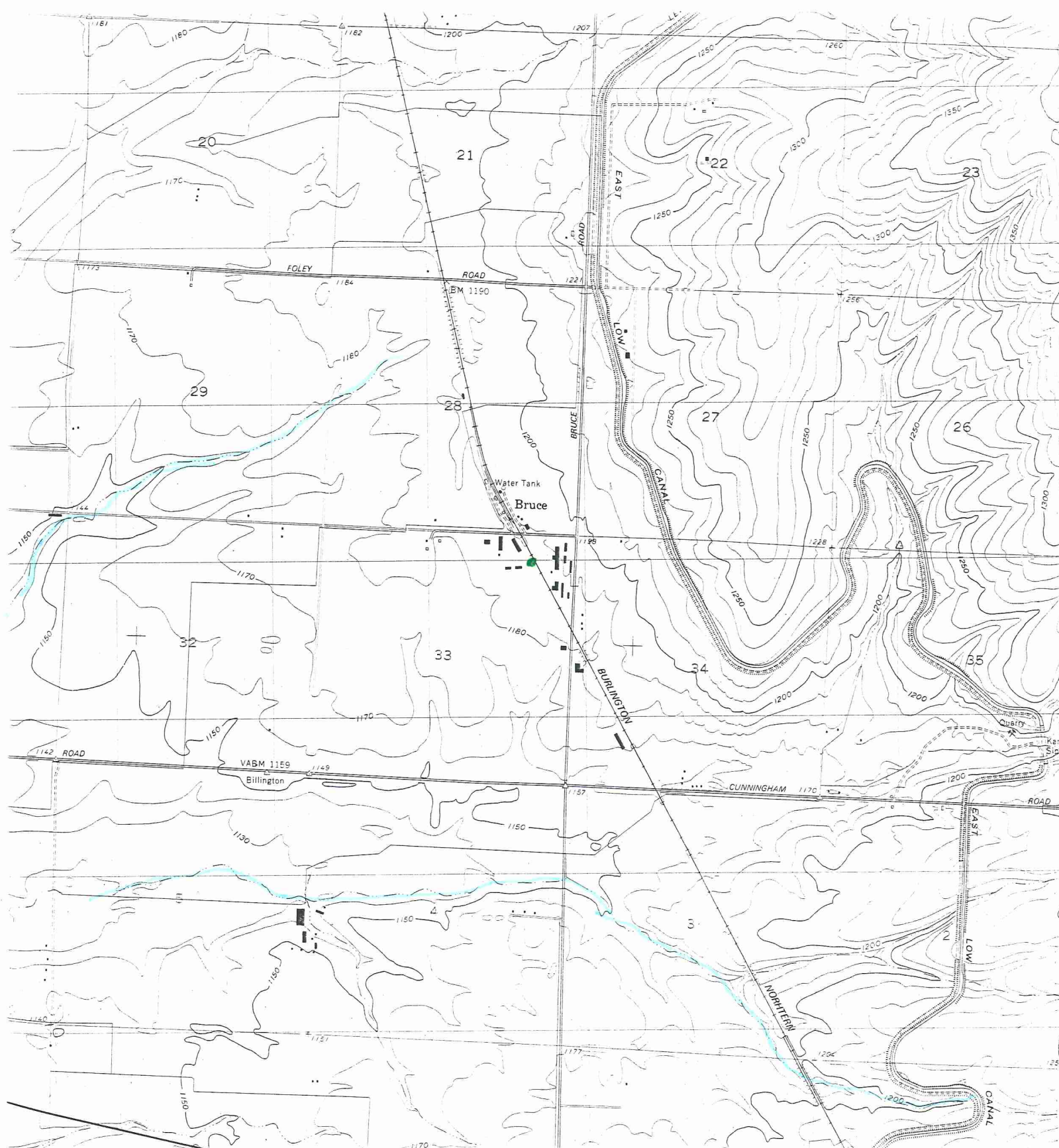
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

SOURCES USED IN SCORING

1. Site Hazard Assessment Data Collection Sheets, SAIC, 1991
2. Toxicology Database for use in WARM Scoring, SAIC, June, 1991.
3. George, Dave, 1990. Initial Investigation Data Sheet, PureGro Othello Site, Adams County, WA. WA Department of Ecology, August 29, 1990.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.



Census: 30



R. 30 E.

(Joins sheet 100)



(Joins sheet 133)

1 Mile

Scale 1:20 000

0

5000 Feet



is in hay and pasture. Sprinkling is the most suitable method of irrigation. (Capability unit IIs-3, irrigated; range site 7)

**Royal fine sandy loam, loamy subsoil, 0 to 2 percent slopes (RtA).**—Below the surface layer and to a depth of 20 to 36 inches, this soil is very fine sandy loam. It holds 7 to 9 inches of water that plants can use. In places depressions cause localized drainage problems.

Most of the acreage is irrigated. Both surface and sprinkler irrigation are suitable. The major crops are beans, sugar beets, corn, small grain, potatoes, and hay and pasture crops. Nitrogen is needed for nonlegumes. Nitrogen and zinc are needed for beans. In places where deep cuts have been made in leveling, fertility problems are likely to occur because of strong concentrations of lime. Generally, these problems can be corrected by applications of fertilizer, mainly phosphate. (Capability unit I-1, irrigated; range site 8)

**Royal fine sandy loam, loamy subsoil, 2 to 5 percent slopes (RtB).**—In irrigated areas of this soil, runoff is medium and the hazard of erosion is moderate. The crops are the same as are grown on Royal fine sandy loam, loamy subsoil, 0 to 2 percent slopes, but irrigation runs should be shorter, or corrugations and furrows should be held to a 2 percent gradient. (Capability unit IIe-1, irrigated; range site 8)

**Royal fine sandy loam, loamy subsoil, 5 to 15 percent slopes (RtD).**—In irrigated areas of this soil, runoff is rapid and the hazard of erosion is severe. Most slopes are between 5 and 10 percent. Sprinkling is the only suitable method of irrigation. (Capability unit IIIe-1, irrigated; range site 8)

**Royal loamy fine sand, loamy subsoil, 0 to 5 percent slopes, eroded (RwB2).**—The surface layer of this soil has been altered by wind erosion. In irrigated areas, runoff is slow to medium and the hazard of water erosion is slight to moderate. The hazard of wind erosion is severe. Drifting soil may injure young plants and fill irrigation ditches.

The crops are the same as those grown on Royal fine sandy loam, loamy subsoil, 0 to 2 percent slopes, but more of the acreage is in hay and pasture. Sprinkling is the most suitable method of irrigation. (Capability unit IIs-3, irrigated; range site 7)

## Sagemoor Series

The Sagemoor series consists of well-drained, medium-textured soils underlain by slowly permeable or very slowly permeable lacustrine sediments of the Ringold or Touchet beds at a depth of 20 to 40 inches. These soils formed under bunchgrass and big sagebrush, from loess and lacustrine sediments. They occupy gently sloping to moderately sloping dissected terraces in the western part of the county. The elevation is about 1,200 feet. The annual precipitation is about 8 inches.

The surface layer is dark grayish-brown silt loam. The subsoil to a depth of 15 to 40 inches is uniform silt loam. The substratum consists of stratified lacustrine deposits of silty or very fine sandy loam.

Most of the acreage is irrigated as part of the Columbia Basin Irrigation Project.

**Sagemoor silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (ScA).**—This is a silty soil on dissected terraces. Most slopes are about 1 percent.

Representative profile:

Surface layer—

0 to 9 inches, dark grayish-brown silt loam; weak, fine, granular structure; very friable; mildly alkaline; plentiful roots.

Subsoil—

9 to 19 inches, dark-brown silt loam; weak, medium and coarse, prismatic structure; very friable; mildly alkaline; plentiful roots.

Substratum—

19 to 46 inches, dark grayish-brown silt loam and very fine sandy loam; finely laminated; firm; moderately alkaline; strongly calcareous; few roots.

46 to 60 inches +, very dark grayish-brown silt loam; finely laminated; firm; strongly alkaline; strongly calcareous; no roots.

The surface layer ranges from dark grayish brown to dark brown. In cultivated areas, the surface layer is thicker than in the profile described. The depth to the laminated silty layers ranges from 15 to 40 inches but commonly is about 22 inches. The laminations are thin and consist of lenses of silt loam, silt, very fine sandy loam, and very fine sand. In places, piles of ice-raftered boulders are on the surface.

This soil is well drained, is easily worked, and holds 7 to 9 inches of water that plants can use. The subsoil is moderately permeable, and the substratum is slowly permeable. Because of the restrictive nature of the substratum, problems of drainage or of alkalinity and salinity may develop if too much irrigation water is applied or if water seeps from higher lying soils. Runoff is slow, and the hazard of water erosion is slight. The hazard of wind erosion is slight to moderate.

Corn, sugar beets, peas, potatoes, beans, wheat, and hay and pasture crops are grown. Both surface and sprinkler irrigation are suitable. Nitrogen is needed for nonlegumes. Zinc and nitrogen are needed for beans. (Capability unit IIs-2 irrigated; range site 4)

**Sagemoor silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (ScB).**—In irrigated areas of this soil, runoff is medium and the hazard of water erosion is moderate.

The crops are the same as those grown on Sagemoor silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes. The same irrigation methods are suitable, but irrigation runs should be shorter, or furrows and corrugations should be held to a 2 percent gradient. (Capability unit IIe-3, irrigated; range site 4)

**Sagemoor silt loam, 5 to 15 percent slopes (ScD).**—Small areas where the slope is more than 15 percent were included with this soil in mapping. The slope is dominantly between 5 and 10 percent. In irrigated areas, runoff is rapid to very rapid and the hazard of water erosion is severe to very severe. Sprinkling is the most suitable method of irrigation. Row crops are not generally grown. (Capability unit IIIe-3, irrigated; range site 4)

**Sagemoor silt loam, compact substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes (ScA).**—This soil is underlain by the compact, semiconsolidated, very slowly permeable lacustrine sediments of the Ringold beds at a depth of 20 to 40 inches. It holds 5 to 7 inches of water that plants can use. It is used for the same crops that are grown on Sagemoor silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, but is less productive of some crops. Also, this soil requires more frequent and more

R29E

R30E

Othello

NE1/4, NE1/4, Sec 33

T16N, R30E

T16

T15N

6	5	4	3	2	1	6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12	7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13	18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24	19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25	30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36	31	32	33	34	35	36
6	5	4	3	2	1	6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12	7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13	18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24	19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25	30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36	31	32	33	34	35	36

Township, Range, and Section Diagram for Determining Well Data Collection Needs





STATE OF WASHINGTON  
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM LISTING  
PUBLIC  
H2D/SITES/TOXICS-SPD

ID NO.	SYSTEM NAME	SYSTEM MAILING ADDRESS	MANAGER/OWNER NAME	BACTI SAMPLING SCHEDULE	POPULATION	SOURCE NO.	SOURCE NAME	COUNTY	CITY, ST	ZIP	TELEPHONE	ACTUAL	POTEN	TREATMENT	TWP	RNG	SEC
30544U	RANCH ESTATES WATER	16455 NE 85TH, #103	Mgr: GEORGE WHITE	Bacti: once/12 months	12			ADAMS	REDMOND, WA	98052	(206) 868-1952	4	0				
85203C	H1-LO HOME OWNERS ASSN	2062 H1 LO DRIVE	Mgr: WILLIAM BAUER	Bacti: once/3 months (*)	78			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 448-9445	26	0				
707004	RADAR WATER ASSOCIATION	2012 W. YEISLEY RD	Mgr: MELVIN METZER	Bacti: once/3 months (*)	50			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 488-2542	12	0				
85201B	SUNBURST WATER ASSN.	BOX 551	Mgr: P.M. KRUPA	Bacti: once/3 months (*)	100			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	488-2579	29	0				
15	COUNTRY LANE EAST	1687 WEST GILLIS RD.	Mgr: LARRY MCCOURTIE	Bacti: once/3 months (*)	42			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 488-2211	14	0				
14116R	COLUMBIA BASIN RESEARCH UNIT #1	BRUCE/WARDEN RD.	Mgr: BILL BOLANDER	Bacti: once/12 months	10			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 768-2226	7	0				
64827L	OTHELLO AIRPORT	PO BOX 572	Mgr: TED RUSCOTT	Bacti: once/12 months	10			ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	488-2544	0	0				

STATE OF WASHINGTON

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Permit: 0 Transitory: 0  
Source: 1 WELL 0 FRI. 15 270' 152 NONE. 15 15 15 0 0 15N 30E 17

STATE OF WASHINGTON  
PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM LISTING  
HSD/SITES/10X10S-570

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ID NO.	SYSTEM NAME	MANAGER/OWNER NAME	POPULATION	SOURCE NO.	SOURCE NAME	COUNTY	CITY, ST	ZIP	TELEPHONE	ACTUAL	POTENTIAL	TREATMENT	TWP	RNS	SEC							
										JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
31600X	HATTON, TOWN OF	P O BOX 148				ADAMS	HATTON, WA	99332	(509) 488-9774	26	0											
		Mgr: LESTER ROBINSON, MAYOR																				
		Bacti: once/ 3 months (*)																				
		Permit: 67																				
		Source: 1 WELL # 1																				
934509	WASHUONA WATER DEPARTMENT	BOX 713				ADAMS	WASHUONA, WA	99371	(509) 646-3423	142	145											
		Mgr: DENNIS HILLE																				
		Bacti: 1/month																				
		Permit: 305																				
		Source: 1 SPRING #1																				
		Source: 2 WELL # 2 (RR WELL)																				
		Source: 3 WELL # 3																				
83116X	SPORTSMAN TRAILER PARK	372 S REYNOLD RD				ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 488-9098	20	18											
		Mgr: LOUIS J. MASSA																				
		Bacti: once/ 3 months (*)																				
		Permit: 48																				
		Source: 1 WELL # 2																				
		Source: 2 WELL # 1																				
088877	BRUCE FARMS WATER SYSTEM	1628 W LEE RD				ADAMS	OTHELLO, WA	99344	(509) 488-2334	5	0											
		Mgr: KEN GARDNER																				
		Bacti: once/12 months																				
		Permit: 40																				
		Source: 1																				
28456F	ADAMS COUNTY LANDFILL	KVERN CHURCH PUBLIC WORKS				ADAMS	RITZVILLE, WA	99169	(509) 488-6171	0	0											
		Mgr: JERRY WILKINS																				
		Bacti: once/12 months																				
		Permit: 0																				
		Source: 1 WELL #1																				
10101N	BUTTERFIELD WATER SYSTEM	2W. 3517 BRUCE				ADAMS	SPOKANE, WA	99208	(509) 326-1291	4	0											
		Mgr: MELVIN BUTTERFIELD																				
		Bacti: once/12 months																				
		Permit: 20																				
		Source: 1																				

Asotin

Benton

Chelan

Columbia

Franklin

Grant

TABLE 1 - WEATHER REPORTING STATIONS

Station	County	Elevation	Latitude	Longitude	Period of Record
Hatton 8E	Adams	1428	46° 46'	118° 40'	1931-60
*Kahlotus 4SW	Franklin	1340	46° 36'	118° 36'	1931-60
Lind Exp. Sta.	Adams	1625	47° 00'	118° 35'	1931-60
*Moses Lake 3E	Grant	1208	47° 07'	119° 12'	1948-60
Othello	Adams	1110	46° 50'	119° 10'	1941-60
Ritzville	Adams	1825	47° 07'	118° 22'	1931-60
*Ruff 3SW	Grant	1440	48° 07'	119° 03'	1918-55
*Coulee Dam 1SW	Grant	1702	47° 57'	119° 00'	1935-53
Davenport	Lincoln	2450	47° 39'	118° 09'	1931-60
*Hartline	Grant	1905	47° 41'	119° 06'	1931-60
Harrington 1N	Lincoln	2177	47° 29'	118° 15'	1949-55
Harrington 5S	Lincoln	2167	47° 25'	118° 15'	1931-60
Odessa	Lincoln	1540	47° 20'	118° 40'	1931-60
Sprague	Lincoln	1925	47° 18'	117° 59'	1931-60
*Wellpinit	Stevens	2450	47° 53'	117° 59'	1931-60
Wilbur	Lincoln	2163	47° 45'	118° 42'	1931-60
*Wilson Creek	Grant	1276	47° 25'	119° 07'	1940-60
Cheney	Spokane	2400	47° 29'	117° 35'	1938-55
*Coeur d'Alene, Idaho	Kootenai	2160	47° 41'	116° 45'	1931-60
Deer Park 2E	Spokane	2114	47° 57'	117° 26'	1931-60
Mt. Spokane Summit	Spokane	5890	47° 55'	117° 07'	1953-60
*Newport	Pend Oreille	2135	48° 11'	117° 03'	1931-60
Spokane WBAS	Spokane	2357	47° 37'	117° 31'	1931-60
*Clarkston Heights	Asotin	1185	46° 23'	117° 05'	1938-59
Colfax 1NW	Whitman	1955	46° 53'	117° 23'	1931-60
Ewan	Whitman	1720	47° 07'	117° 44'	1940-60
LaCrosse 3ESE	Whitman	1546	46° 48'	117° 49'	1931-60
*Lewiston AP, Idaho	Nez-Perce	1413	46° 23'	117° 01'	1931-60
*Moscow, Idaho	Latah	2628	46° 44'	117° 00'	1931-60
*Potlatch, Idaho	Latah	2550	46° 55'	116° 53'	1931-60
Pullman 2NW	Whitman	2545	46° 46'	117° 12'	1931-60
Rosalia	Whitman	2400	47° 14'	117° 22'	1931-60
Tekoa	Whitman	2610	47° 13'	117° 05'	1939-60
*Wawawai 2NW	Garfield	695	46° 39'	117° 24'	1931-60

\*Weather reporting stations located near counties included in summary.

The variability of monthly and annual precipitation is given in Table 11. Here, specific amounts corresponding with selected frequencies are given. For example, at Lind Experiment Station, the total precipitation for July is only a trace in 1 summer out of 10; also, it exceeds 0.6 of an inch in 1 summer out of 10. Annual precipitation is less than 6 inches in 1 year out of 10; also, it is more than 12 inches in 1 year out of 10.

Fig. 2 ANNUAL PRECIPITATION  
(Inches)

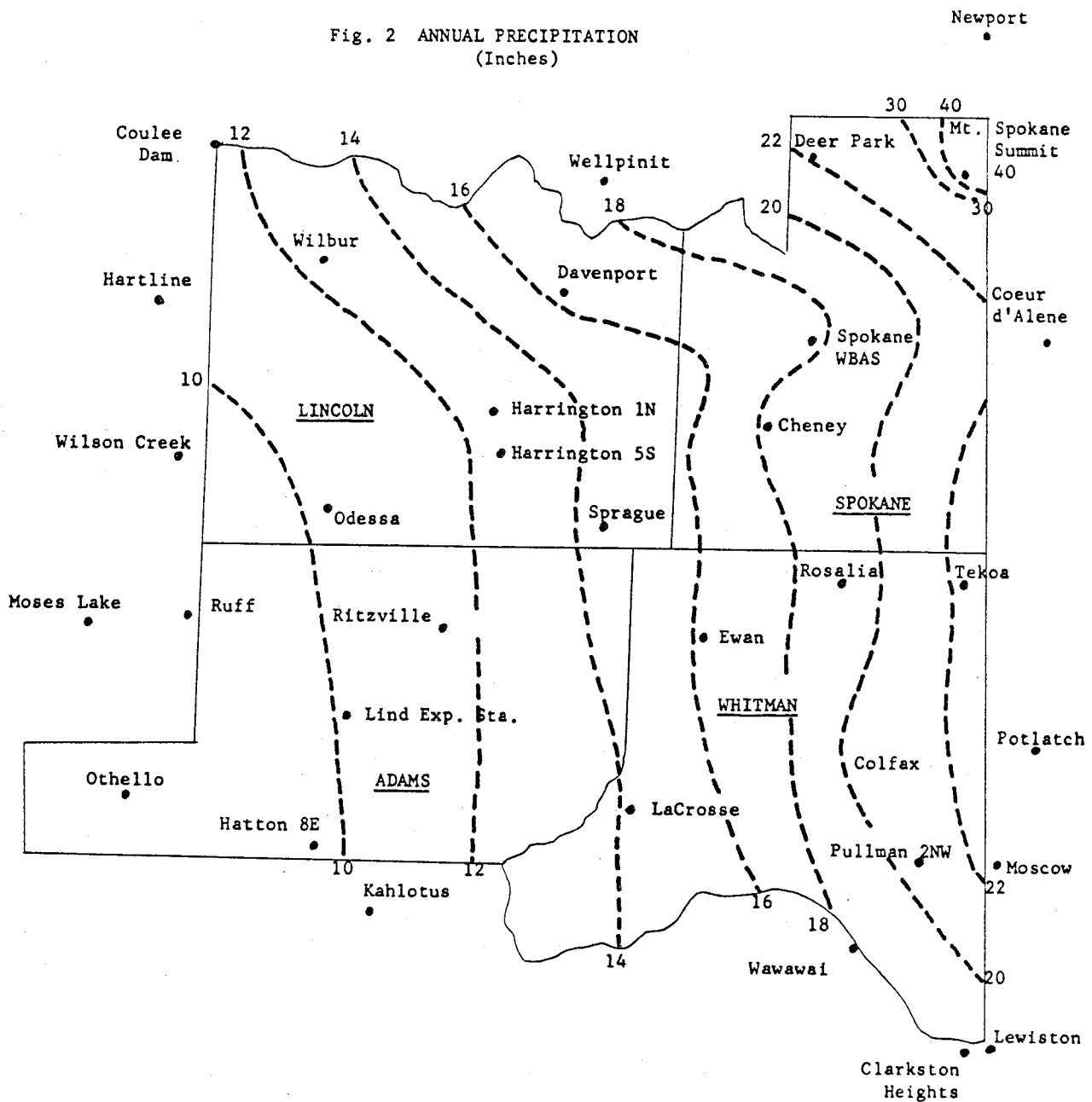




TABLE 24 ESTIMATED EVAPOTRANSPIRATION  
(inches of water)

	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	ANNUAL
ADAMS COUNTY					Hatton 8E								
Precip	1.1	.9	.9	.7	.7	.9	.2	.1	.5	1.2	1.2	1.4	9.8
PET		.1	.7	1.8	3.3	4.3	5.5	4.9	3.2	1.6	.4		25.8
Ea(6)		.1	.7	1.7	2.2	1.9	.8	.3	.5	1.2	.4		9.8
					Lind Exp. Station								
Precip	1.1	.9	.8	.7	.9	1.1	.3	.3	.6	1.1	1.1	1.4	10.3
PET		.1	1.7	1.9	3.3	4.3	5.7	5.0	3.2	1.7	.3		27.2
Ea(6)		.1	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	.7	.4	.7	1.1	.3		10.0
					Othello								
Precip	1.1	.8	.6	.6	.8	1.0	.2	.1	.5	1.1	1.0	1.0	8.8
PET		.1	.7	1.9	3.4	4.4	5.9	5.1	3.3	1.6	.3		26.7
Ea(6)		.1	.7	1.7	2.0	1.7	.5	.2	.5	1.1	.3		8.8
					Ritzville								
Precip	1.3	1.0	1.0	.7	.9	1.2	.3	.3	.6	1.2	1.4	1.6	11.5
PET			.7	1.8	3.2	4.3	5.5	4.9	3.2	1.7	.3		25.6
Ea(6)			.7	1.7	2.5	2.5	1.3	.6	.7	1.2	.3		11.5
					*Ruff								
Precip	1.2	.9	.8	.5	.9	1.1	.4	.2	.4	1.0	1.1	1.6	10.1
PET			.8	2.0	3.3	4.4	5.7	5.0	3.3	1.6	.3		26.4
Ea(6)			.8	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.0	.4	.4	1.0	.3		10.1
LINCOLN COUNTY					Davenport								
Precip	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.5	.6	.5	.9	1.4	2.0	2.4	16.7
PET			.6	1.8	3.0	3.9	5.1	4.5	3.0	1.5	.2		23.6
Ea(6)			.6	1.8	2.7	2.9	2.0	1.1	1.1	1.5	.2		13.9
					*Hartline								
Precip	1.1	.9	.7	.8	1.1	1.3	.4	.3	.5	1.0	1.3	1.6	11.0
PET			.7	1.8	3.4	4.4	5.9	5.0	3.3	1.6	.2		26.3
Ea(6)			.7	1.6	2.4	2.4	1.4	.7	.6	1.0	.2		11.0
					Odessa								
Precip	1.3	.9	.9	.7	.9	1.2	.4	.2	.6	1.0	1.2	1.3	10.6
PET			.7	1.9	3.2	4.3	5.6	4.8	3.1	1.6	.3		25.5
Ea(6)			.7	1.6	2.2	2.3	1.3	.6	.7	1.0	.3		10.7
					Sprague								
Precip	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.2	.3	.4	.8	1.6	1.8	2.2	14.7
PET			.8	1.8	3.2	4.1	5.5	4.7	3.1	1.6	.4		25.2
Ea(6)			.8	1.8	2.7	2.6	1.6	.9	.9	1.6	.4		13.3
					Wilbur								
Precip	1.5	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	1.2	.4	.3	.7	1.3	1.6	1.7	12.8
PET			.7	1.7	3.1	4.0	5.2	4.5	3.0	1.5	.2		23.9
Ea(6)			.7	1.7	2.6	2.6	1.7	.8	.9	1.3	.2		12.5
					*Wilson Creek								
Precip	1.0	.8	.7	.5	.8	1.3	.3	.2	.4	.9	1.1	1.3	9.3
PET		.1	.8	1.9	3.4	4.4	5.6	4.8	3.3	1.6	.3		26.2
Ea(6)		.1	.8	1.6	2.1	2.0	.8	.3	.4	.9	.3		9.3

Table 24 continued:

	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	ANNUAL
SPOKANE COUNTY													
	Deer Park 2E												
Precip	2.8	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.6	.5	.5	1.2	2.3	2.6	3.5	21.9
PET			.4	1.7	3.1	4.0	5.0	4.4	2.8	1.4	.2		23.0
Ea(6)			.4	1.7	2.9	3.1	2.0	1.1	1.4	1.4	.2		14.2
	*Newport												
Precip	3.4	2.5	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	.7	.7	1.5	2.8	3.3	3.9	26.7
PET			.4	1.7	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	2.7	1.4	.2		22.6
Ea(6)			.4	1.7	2.9	3.4	2.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	.2		15.6
	Spokane WBAS												
Precip	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.2	.4	.5	.9	1.3	1.9	2.2	14.9
PET			.6	1.6	3.1	4.1	5.5	4.7	3.0	1.6	.2		24.4
Ea(6)			.6	1.6	2.0	2.6	1.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	.2		12.8
WHITMAN COUNTY													
	*Clarkston Heights												
Precip	.9	1.0	.9	1.3	1.6	1.8	.5	.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	13.1
PET		.3	.9	2.0	3.3	4.3	5.8	5.0	3.2	1.6	.4	.1	26.9
Ea(6)		.3	.9	1.9	2.7	2.8	1.2	.4	1.2	1.2	.4	.1	13.1
	Colfax 1NW												
Precip	2.6	1.9	2.2	1.5	1.3	1.7	.5	.4	1.2	2.0	2.7	3.2	21.2
PET		.1	.8	1.9	3.1	4.0	5.2	4.5	3.0	1.7	.5	.1	24.9
Ea(6)		.1	.8	1.9	2.8	3.0	2.0	1.1	1.4	1.7	.5	.1	15.4
	LaCrosse 3ESE												
Precip	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.0	.9	1.2	.3	.3	.7	1.4	1.7	2.2	14.2
PET		.2	.9	1.9	3.1	4.0	5.5	4.7	3.1	1.6	.4	.1	25.5
Ea(6)		.2	.9	1.9	2.5	2.5	1.6	.8	.8	1.4	.4	.1	13.1
	Pullman 2NW												
Precip	2.5	2.0	2.1	1.4	1.3	1.5	.4	.4	1.1	1.8	2.2	2.7	19.4
PET		.1	.7	1.8	3.0	3.8	5.2	4.6	3.1	1.7	.5	.1	24.6
Ea(6)		.1	.7	1.8	2.7	2.8	2.0	1.1	1.3	1.7	.5	.1	14.8
	Rosalia												
Precip	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.6	.4	.4	1.2	1.8	2.2	2.6	18.3
PET			.7	1.7	3.1	4.0	5.3	4.6	3.0	1.6	.5		24.5
Ea(6)			.7	1.7	2.8	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.4	1.6	.5		14.7

Precipitation (Precip), Potential Evapotranspiration (PET), Actual Evapotranspiration for the 6-inch waterholding capacity soil (Ea[6])