

HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY

Lake Goodwin Landfill

.Snohomish County, Washington



Cascade Savings Financial Center
2828 Colby Avenue
Suite 407
Everett, Washington 98201
(206) 339-5192

RECEIVED

JUL 29 1991

DEPT. OF ECOLOGY

HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY

Lake Goodwin Landfill

.Snohomish County, Washington

Prepared for:

**Snohomish County Public Works Department
Solid Waste Management Division**

Converse Project No. 89-35228-10

July 8, 1991

7/31/91



Cascade Savings Financial Center
2828 Colby Avenue
Suite 407
Everett, Washington 98201
(206) 339-5192 TEL

July 8, 1991

89-35228-10

Mr. Ken Miller
Snohomish County Public Works Department
Solid Waste Management Division
2930 Wetmore Avenue
Everett, Washington 98201

Dear Ken:

Our Hydrogeologic Study report for the Lake Goodwin Landfill accompanies this letter. A copy of the Water-Vel program documentation and diskette by In-situ, Inc. was sent with our draft report. Four monitoring wells were installed at Lake Goodwin Landfill in this investigation. The monitoring wells were completed in an advance glacial outwash aquifer, at a depth of about 100 feet below ground surface. This was the first aquifer encountered beneath the site. Driller's logs for water supply wells in the area, on file with the Department of Ecology, indicate little use of this aquifer for water supply purposes. Most groundwater for domestic supply purposes is obtained from a significantly deeper aquifer.


Groundwater samples obtained from the monitoring wells did not indicate any parameters exceeding health-based drinking water standards. However, well LG-3 approaches the MCL for nitrate. A minor leachate impact may be affecting well LG-4, located at the northwest corner of the landfill, although additional monitoring will be required to confirm this. The possibility exists that leachate-impacted groundwater may be passing beneath the north end of the landfill, between wells LG-3 and LG-4. A recommendation is included for an additional monitoring well in this location.

The Water-Vel program by In-situ provides a model for updating groundwater flow direction and velocity. Additional instructions for the program are included in Appendix D of the report.

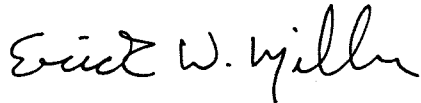
Snohomish County Public Works Department
Solid Waste Management Division
89-35228-10
July 8, 1991
Page Two

If you have any questions on the report or use and application of the Water-Vel program, please do not hesitate to call.

CONVERSE CONSULTANTS NW



John J. Strunk
Hydrogeologist



Erick W. Miller
Project Hydrogeologist

JJS/EWM/kpp

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page No.</u>
INTRODUCTION	1
Purpose and Scope	1
Facility Description	1
REGIONAL SETTING	2
Physiography	2
Surface Conditions	2
Climate	3
Regional Geology	3
Regional Hydrogeology	4
Deep Aquifer	4
Intermediate Aquifer	7
Shallow Aquifer	7
SITE CHARACTERIZATION	8
Site Geology	8
Groundwater	10
Advance Outwash Aquifer	11
Groundwater Flow Direction	12
Aquifer Properties	13
Groundwater Velocity	13
GROUNDWATER QUALITY	15
Water Quality Standards	16
Background Conditions	16
Groundwater Quality	19
CONCLUSIONS	21
RECOMMENDATIONS	22
BIBLIOGRAPHY	24

Table of Contents (continued)

Page No.

TABLES

1. Water Wells in Vicinity of Lake Goodwin	5
2. Monitoring Well Completion	9
3. Static Water Elevations	12
4. Field-Measured Parameters	16
5. MFS Monitoring Parameters - Analytical Results	17
6. Summary of Priority Pollutant Analytical Results	18

FIGURES

1. Water Wells in Vicinity of Lake Goodwin Landfill
2. Groundwater Elevation Contours
3. Geologic Cross Section A-A'
4. Geologic Cross Section B-B'

APPENDIX A - Monitoring Well Installations and Boring Logs
APPENDIX B - Aquifer Tests
APPENDIX C - Laboratory-Reported Analytical Results
APPENDIX D - Water-Vel

INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this investigation was to evaluate hydrogeologic conditions beneath the Lake Goodwin Landfill. Four groundwater monitoring wells were installed around the perimeter of the Lake Goodwin Landfill between October 13 and October 30, 1990. Final written authorization for this work was received on September 5, 1990 as part of a contract for hydrogeological services at five Snohomish County solid waste facilities. Existing geologic and well log data for the site vicinity was reviewed in a previous Converse report "Groundwater Monitoring Plan Lake Goodwin Landfill" dated August 31, 1989. That report included recommendations for monitoring well locations and construction.

Facility Description

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is located immediately west of Frank Waters Road in northwestern Snohomish County, about 1½ miles northwest of Lake Goodwin and about 5½ miles south of Stanwood (NE¼, Section 20, Township 31 North, Range 4 East). The landfill location is shown in Figure 1. The landfill is sited within a former County gravel pit. Waste disposed at the landfill reportedly consisted of municipal waste, including garbage and demolition debris, and some industrial waste. Debris filling at the site was terminated in September, 1982, and final cover placed during 1983. Apparently, the bottom and sides of the gravel pit were not lined prior to the start of filling, nor were engineered leachate or gas collection systems installed. Monitoring of groundwater quality directly beneath or adjacent to the site borders reportedly was not performed prior to this investigation.

REGIONAL SETTING

Physiography

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is located on a rolling topographic upland with elevations ranging from about 320 to 370 feet across the site. The upland surface is occupied by seven lakes, of which Lake Goodwin is the largest. The nearest lakes to the landfill are about 1/2 mile to the west and south. The area surrounding the landfill vicinity is primarily used for commercial forest production; however, population of the Lake Goodwin area is rapidly increasing as the land is subdivided into residential properties.

Surface Conditions

The footprint of the existing waste mound covers about 11.5 acres. In most places, the landfill cover is fairly well vegetated with grass, clover and weeds. A few Douglas fir have naturally reseeded in the fill cover material near the edge of the site. Small areas of bare, eroded soil occur on the graveled access road that crosses the fill. The site is surrounded by second growth forest on all sides except on the east and north, where the second growth has been clear cut. Some rutting of the landfill cap occurred during drilling operations. The County has plans to back-blade and reseed the rutted areas and continue maintenance of the existing cap.

Surface water was not observed at the site, but limited areas of intermittent surface water probably occur in closed topographic depressions during the wetter months of the year. Reportedly, leachate seepage was observed on the west and northwest perimeters of the landfill in 1980. While staking the monitoring well locations in August, 1989, probable leachate stains were noted on the ground surface in a drainage swale located on the northwest side of the landfill. It is recommended the County consider analysis of leachate components if surface leachate seepage is observed again at the landfill.

Climate

The Snohomish County area enjoys a maritime climate tempered by winds from the Pacific Ocean. Average annual precipitation measured at Arlington was about 46 inches for the 34-year period from 1951 through 1985, with most of the rainfall occurring between October and May. Mean annual temperature measured at Everett is about 50°F with a mean monthly low of 38°F occurring in January and mean monthly high of about 63°F in July and August.

Regional Geology

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is located in the Puget Sound Lowland physiographic province, which is bounded to the west by the Olympic Mountains and to the east by the Cascade Mountains. The oldest rock units in this area are pre-Tertiary metamorphic and igneous complexes consisting of greenstones, quartzites, schists, marbles and gneisses, into which granitic and some basic igneous rocks have intruded.

Overlying the pre-Tertiary complex along the west flank of the Cascade Mountains is a discontinuous zone of sedimentary and volcanic rocks of early Tertiary (mainly Eocene) age. Slightly younger Tertiary (Oligocene) sedimentary rocks outcrop locally in a bank 2 or 3 miles wide along the east edge of the Puget Sound Lowland. These rocks consist of medium-gray siltstones, yellowish sandstones, dark conglomerates, and light-colored shales.

Unconsolidated deposits, generally of glacial origin, overlie the Tertiary sedimentary bedrock. Minard (1985) reports exposures of coarse sand and gravel deposits, informally named Olympic Gravel, are present at the base of the bluff near the mouth of the Stillaguamish River Valley and overlooking Puget Sound near Kayak Point. Wood is locally present in the top of the unit.

Glacio-lacustrine clay and silt rest immediately above the Olympia Gravel, and in some locations, immediately overlie bedrock. These materials consist of a series of hard, evenly bedded brown and gray silt and clay, with thin sand and gravel beds. Peat occurs locally in the lower part of the unit. The materials were mapped by Minard (1985) as pre-glacial "Transitional Beds".

Above the silt-clay transitional beds, a sequence of deposits related to Vashon glaciation occur. A typical glacial sequence includes, in ascending order, glacio-lacustrine clay and silt, the advance outwash (sand and gravel meltwater deposits in front of the advancing glacier), glacial till (highly compacted "concrete-like" material that was deposited and overridden by glacial ice), and recessional outwash (sand and gravel meltwater deposits left by retreating glaciers).

Regional Hydrogeology

The approximate locations of wells on file at Washington State Department of Ecology or compiled by Newcomb (1952) are listed in Table 1 and indicated on Figure 1. With the exception of the George Elder well (20G) located near the landfill, the well locations were not field checked. Copies of the driller's logs for the wells shown on Figure 1 are included at the end of Appendix A. In our opinion, many additional drilled wells exist in the project vicinity but records for these wells are not publicly available.

Deep Aquifer

The regional aquifer of common beneficial use indicated by the well logs in the landfill vicinity is found in the lower section of the Transitional Beds and the underlying Olympia Gravels. Groundwater in this aquifer is apparently confined to semi-confined by the silt and clay units of the overlying Transitional Beds. The Transitional Beds as a whole are relatively impermeable but include water-bearing sand and gravel interbeds.

Static water level elevations measured in wells producing from the Transitional Beds/Olympia Gravels vary from about 200 to 300 feet in elevation east and northeast of the landfill, to about elevation 10 to 50 west of the landfill. This data indicates a generally westerly sloping groundwater gradient toward Puget Sound.

TABLE 1
WATER WELLS IN VICINITY OF LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL⁽¹⁾

<u>Well Number</u>	<u>Owner of Record</u>	<u>Date Installed</u>	<u>Depth (feet)</u>	<u>Depth to Water (feet)</u>	<u>Interpreted Completion Zone / Remarks</u>
Section 16					
16Q1	Don Paquette	5/21/82	131	85	Transitional Beds (?)
16Q2	Scheid	4/6/87	159	--	Transitional Beds (?)
16Q3	Bonnie Christianson	3/30/87	161	--	Transitional Beds (?)
16P	Duneoin Industries	---	160	127	?
Section 17					
17D	Andrew Folden	---	15.6	13	Till / dug
17E	A. Bustad	8/22/88	156	134	?
Section 18					
18E1	A.H. Reinecke	---	225	187	hardness reported of 130 ppm
18E2	H. Peterson	5/21/87	210	158	Base of Transitional Beds (?)
18M	William A. Murraray, Jr.	6/10/81	230	126	Olympia Gravels (?)
18L	Earl Bivins	11/17/87	495	230	?
Section 19					
19A	Nina Randle	1/24/76	406	--	? / 16 lbs methane shut-in pressure reported at 300'
19G1	Bud Wessman	8/16/79	315	211	Olympia Gravels / wood 220-300'
19G2	Versel Nance	9/16/79	329	220	Olympia Gravels
19H	Jim Grandon	8/17/84	315	251	Olympia Gravels

⁽¹⁾Sources: Well logs on file with Department of Ecology and Newcomb (1952).
Well locations were not field checked.

Table 1 (continued)

<u>Well Number</u>	<u>Owner of Record</u>	<u>Date Installed</u>	<u>Depth (feet)</u>	<u>Depth to Water (feet)</u>	<u>Interpreted Completion Zone / Remarks</u>
Section 20					
20B	William Sinn	---	16	9.1	Till / dug
20G	George Elder	8/27/82	301	270	Olympia Gravels
20K	Elliott Tanner	4/20/88	409	342	?
20Q	Robert Hiatt	12/1/80	238	195	Transitional Beds
Section 21					
21F	---	---	23.1	11.4	Till / dug
21K	M. Lewis	---	22.3	9.3	Till / dug
21L	M. Lewis	---	14	11.9	Till / dug
21N	Pocshcel & Schultz	8/8/79	220	180	Olympia Gravels (?)

⁽¹⁾Sources: Well logs on file with Department of Ecology and Newcomb (1952).
Well locations were not field checked.

Intermediate Aquifer

The lower portion of the advance outwash comprises an intermediate aquifer system. The saturated thickness of this aquifer is reported to range from 20 to 65 feet (Entranco, 1986), although some driller's logs (for example, well 19H, Jim Grandon) indicate the advance outwash may be unsaturated in places. Where water does occur in the advance outwash, it is apparently perched on the underlying Transitional Beds. Groundwater monitoring wells at the landfill were installed in this aquifer. Water levels in these wells were about 100 feet below ground surface. Well logs on file with the Department of Ecology do not indicate any substantial use of this aquifer for water supply within a one-mile radius of the landfill.

Shallow Aquifer

Less common sources of water appear to be shallow dug wells that penetrate perched groundwater zones in the glacial till, which provide a limited groundwater resource. It is not known how many dug wells are still presently used. Many of the dug wells are reported to become not usable during part of the year, when groundwater levels drop below the bottom of the well. The locations of dug wells reported by Newcomb are shown on Figure 1 and logs are included in Appendix A.

Static water levels in dug wells were reported by Newcomb to vary in depth from about 5 to 20 feet below the ground surface. As shallow groundwater occurs mostly in irregular lenses of sand, weathered till, and sandy zones in the till, shallow groundwater flow directions in the till are complex and difficult to predict.

SITE CHARACTERIZATION

Groundwater conditions at Lake Goodwin Landfill have been investigated by the following explorations:

- 1) Field geologic reconnaissance.
- 2) Geologic logging (Appendix A) and hydraulic monitoring and testing (Appendix B) of groundwater monitoring wells.
- 3) Sampling and field and laboratory analysis of water quality from monitoring wells (Appendix C).

Details of exploration procedures and data tabulations are presented in the appendices cited above. Monitoring well construction details are included in Appendix A and summarized in Table 2. Locations of borings are shown in Figure 2.

Site Geology

The subsurface geologic conditions are presented in the geologic logs of borings (Appendix A) and are depicted in the two cross sections shown in Figures 3 and 4. The lines of section are shown in Figure 2.

Advance outwash sand and gravel was encountered from ground surface to about elevation 140 feet (relative to local datum; refer to Appendix A for explanation of datum) throughout most of the site, a thickness of about 110 feet. Logged descriptions of the outwash material include textures ranging from silty sand to gravel.

Glacial till was encountered in monitoring well LG-2, located on the elevated southwest portion of the site. Till is present in that area from ground surface to a depth of about 20 feet and was comprised of dense, sandy silt.

Boring LG-3 was drilled within the limits of refuse at the northwest corner of the fill area (Figure 2). Cloth, glass, wood and metal fragments were found in a matrix of reworked outwash and till from ground surface to a depth of about 15 feet.

TABLE 2
MONITORING WELL COMPLETION

<u>Well</u>	<u>Date Installed</u>	<u>Ground Surface Elevation⁽¹⁾ (feet)</u>	<u>Top of 2-inch Well Casing Elevation⁽¹⁾ (feet)</u>	<u>Total Depth⁽²⁾ (feet)</u>	<u>Screened Depth⁽²⁾ (feet)</u>	<u>Screened Elevation⁽¹⁾ (feet)</u>	<u>Depth⁽²⁾ to Top of Silt or Clay Aquitard (feet)</u>	<u>Elevation⁽¹⁾ of Top of Silt or Clay Aquitard</u>	<u>Geologic Material at Screened Interval</u>
LG-1	10/15/90	239.6	240.41	97.0	82-92	147.6-157.6	93	146.6	Advance Outwash
LG-2	10/29/90	269.4	270.15	127.0	104-124	145.4-165.4	127	142.4	Advance Outwash
LG-3	10/25/90	241.7	242.52	103.0	81-101	140.7-160.7	101	140.7	Advance Outwash
LG-4	10/31/90	207.4	208.16	75.5	53.5-73.5	153.9-133.9	60	147.4	Advance Outwash

⁽¹⁾Elevations based on arbitrary datum of 200 feet in landfill vicinity

⁽²⁾All depths measured from ground surface

The deepest geologic unit encountered at the site was fine-grained clay, silt, or clayey silt. The depths and elevations of this unit in the monitoring wells are listed in Table 2. The fine-grained texture of this unit and its probable position in the lower portion of the advance outwash or upper portion of the Transitional Beds suggests it was deposited in a locally ponded environment. Borings on the west side of the landfill encountered this unit at an elevation about 5 feet lower than the borings on the east side, indicating a slight westward dip. However, the geometry of this unit is probably more complex than it appears from the limited number of stratigraphic control points. Because of the uncertainty of the depositional environment of this unit, it is referenced in this report as "glacio-lacustrine (?) sediments".

Descriptions of the geologic units encountered at Lake Goodwin Landfill are summarized below.

Glacial Till

Very dense, brown-gray, sandy silt with scattered medium to coarse-grained, rounded to subrounded gravel. Till was encountered in only one boring, LG-2.

Advance Outwash

Fine to coarse sand, silty and gravelly sand, and sandy gravel; lenses of silt and clayey silt; dry in upper boring to saturated below water table; well-sorted with alternating layers of sand and gravel; gravel ranges from pebble to cobble.

Glacio-Lacustrine (?) Sediment

Clay, clayey silt, silt, and gravelly clay; very fine grained; gray; thinly laminated; very moist to saturated.

Groundwater

Four monitoring wells were installed in the uppermost aquifer capable of yielding monitorable quantities of groundwater. Dedicated Hydrostar pneumatic sampling pumps were installed in each well. Table 2 presents the monitoring well completion data, including screen depths, elevations, and the type of geologic material screened. Pump intake depths are included in Table A-1. All wells were completed in groundwater within the advance outwash aquifer perched on the glacio-lacustrine (?) silt/clay layer. The base of the wells

extend into the upper surface of the glacio-lacustrine (?) silt/clay layer. One shallow soil boring (LG-4S) was advanced to explore for shallow, perched groundwater with a hollow stem auger rig. This well was located approximately ten feet from LG-4. No groundwater was encountered and the boring was abandoned. The boring log is included in Appendix A.

Advance Outwash Aquifer

Unconfined aquifer conditions were observed in all wells screened in the advance outwash sand and gravel aquifer. Groundwater levels encountered at the time of drilling did not change appreciably with time. This and a thick unsaturated outwash zone above the water table suggest that the advance outwash aquifer behaves in an unconfined condition at the landfill.

Water well reports for water supply wells in the vicinity of the Lake Goodwin Landfill suggest a deep regional aquifer completed in the base of the Transitional Beds or in the upper portion of the Olympia inter-glacial deposits at a depth of 250 to 300 feet. The nearest water supply well identified in Washington State Department of Ecology files was well 20G owned by George Elder. The location of this well is shown in Figure 1 and the driller's log for this well is included at the end of Appendix A. This well had a reported depth to water of 270 feet, at a ground surface elevation estimated at approximately 40 feet higher than the landfill. Driller's logs for wells completed in the deep regional aquifer suggest a westerly groundwater flow direction discharging in the bluffs above Puget Sound.

Water level data and groundwater flow suggest the completion zone of the groundwater monitoring wells is perched above the deep regional aquifer. Monitoring wells at the landfill were completed approximately 100 feet above the groundwater depth estimated from water well reports for the deep regional aquifer. The groundwater flow direction beneath the landfill, evaluated from the monitoring wells, trends north-northeast rather than westerly toward Puget Sound, as suggested from deeper water well reports near the landfill. These data suggest that the monitoring wells at the landfill are completed in an aquifer perched on the underlying silt and clay layer.

Groundwater Flow Direction

A groundwater flow map is presented in Figure 2. Table 3 contains groundwater elevation data for each monitoring well. The groundwater contours or equipotential lines shown on Figure 2 represent lines of equal hydraulic head. The direction of groundwater flow can be determined by drawing flow lines perpendicular to the contour lines. Equipotential lines for the perched, advance outwash aquifer suggest that the groundwater flow direction is north-northeast across the site toward an unnamed stream shown on Figure 1. The hydraulic gradient is relatively shallow at the landfill, varying from 0.003 to 0.005. The unnamed stream has an elevation approximately 100 feet lower than the landfill and is incised in advance outwash (Minard, 1985), suggesting it may serve as a groundwater discharge zone for the advance outwash aquifer.

TABLE 3
STATIC WATER ELEVATIONS

<u>Monitoring Well</u>	<u>2-inch Casing Top Elevation (feet)</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Static Water Level Depth (feet)</u>	<u>Static Water Level Elevation⁽¹⁾ (feet)</u>
LG-1	240.41	10/28/90	09:00	87.74	152.67
		2/25/91	08:30	86.88	153.53
		3/13/91		86.67	153.74
LG-2	270.15	10/28/90	09:00	116.94	153.21
		2/25/91	08:30	116.31	153.84
		3/15/91		116.17	153.98
LG-3	242.52	10/28/90	08:30	90.89	151.63
		2/25/91	09:00	86.99	155.53
		3/13/91		89.66	152.86
LG-4	208.16	2/25/91	08:30	56.25	151.91
		3/15/91		55.95	152.21

⁽¹⁾Elevations are relative to arbitrary 200 feet datum in landfill vicinity

Aquifer Properties

Hydraulic properties of the perched, advance outwash aquifer at the Lake Goodwin site were tested. Aquifer properties were analyzed by pump tests of wells LG-1, LG-3, and LG-4. Test results are presented below; the aquifer test procedures are described in Appendix B.

<u>Well</u>	<u>Analysis Method</u>	<u>Transmissivity (ft²/day)</u>	<u>Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)</u>
LG-1	Cooper & Jacob, 1946	469.0	104.2
LG-3	Cooper & Jacob, 1946	1588.0	144.4
LG-4	Cooper & Jacob, 1946	576.0	38.4

The geometric mean of hydraulic conductivity estimates for advance outwash wells at the site is 83.3 ft/day, typical of clean sand and the upper limit of silty sand (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). The range of values varied from 38.4 to 144.4 ft/day (Table 3). The geometric mean of more than one hydraulic conductivity estimate from the same flow system is the best indicator of the overall effective hydraulic conductivity because the value takes into account the anisotropy of the aquifer matrix. The geometric mean lies between the harmonic mean, representative of the hydraulic conductivity parallel to permeability boundaries (e.g., along bedding), and the arithmetic mean, representative of the hydraulic conductivity perpendicular to permeability boundaries (e.g., across bedding) (Bouwer, 1978).

Groundwater Velocity

An estimate of groundwater flow velocity was made for the advance outwash aquifer using a modified form of Darcy's Law, as shown below:

$$v = \frac{KI}{\eta_e}$$

Where: v = Groundwater Velocity (L/t)
 K = Hydraulic Conductivity (L/t)
 I = Hydraulic Gradient (L/L)
 η_e = Effective Porosity (Dimensionless)

Assuming an effective porosity of 0.20, a hydraulic conductivity of 83.3 ft/day (from pump test results), and a hydraulic gradient of 0.004 ft/ft (estimated from hydraulic head data), the average linear velocity for groundwater flow in the advance outwash aquifer at the site was estimated to be about 1.6 ft/day.

At the request of Snohomish County, the groundwater flow direction and velocity were also calculated using a computer model called Water-Vel (In-Situ, Inc.). The purpose of the computer model is to enable the County to provide annual updates of groundwater flow direction and velocity. Water Vel results indicate a groundwater flow velocity of 1.24 ft/day, which compares favorably with the hand-calculated velocity. Appendix D provides an explanation of the program and input parameters.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY

Snohomish County personnel collected a single groundwater sample from each monitoring well at the Lake Goodwin Landfill on December 17, 1990 for analysis of parameters listed in the Minimum Functional Standards (MFS) and on December 27, 1990 for priority pollutant compounds. The samples were submitted to Laucks Testing Laboratories, located in Seattle , Washington. Parameters analyzed in the laboratory included:

A. Parameters and constituents stated in WAC 173-304-490 (MFS parameters):

<u>Parameters</u>	<u>Constituents</u>
pH	chloride (300.0)
specific conductance	nitrate, nitrite, ammonia
chemical oxygen demand	sulfate
total organic carbon	dissolved iron (236.1)
total coliform	dissolved manganese (243.1)
	dissolved zinc (289.1)

B. Priority pollutant inorganics and organics:

<u>Inorganic Compounds</u>	<u>Organic Compounds</u>
13 priority pollutant metals	Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs (8080)
total phenol	Semivolatile Organics (8270)
cyanide	Volatile Organics (8240)

Field measured parameters are presented in Table 4. Laboratory-reported analytical results and analytical test methods are listed in Appendix C and detected concentrations are summarized in Tables 5 and 6.

TABLE 4
FIELD-MEASURED PARAMETERS

<u>Well Number</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>Specific Conductance (μmhos @ 25°C)</u>	<u>Temperature (°C)</u>
LG-1	12/27/90	6.69	244	9.7
LG-2	12/27/90	7.42	195	8.5
LG-3	12/27/90	6.79	1010	11.9
LG-4	12/27/90	6.62	360	9.0

Water Quality Standards

Standards for several inorganic and organic chemicals have been promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). These standards are listed in Tables 5 and 6. The Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) is the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water delivered to any user of a public water system. National Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) are federally non-enforceable regulations used to control non-health-based factors that affect the aesthetic qualities of water such as taste, odor, or staining characteristics. No health based drinking water standards were exceeded in the groundwater samples obtained from Lake Goodwin Landfill.

Background Conditions

Because many of the parameters measured to evaluate leachate-impacted groundwater occur naturally, data can be collected to represent natural background conditions. Monitoring data can then be compared to background levels to determine if the sample parameter is elevated. Chloride, nitrate, nitrite, specific conductance, and sulfate appear to be the best indicator parameters of landfill effects on water quality. The relative concentration for this set of parameters is generally consistent with the groundwater flow pattern shown in Figure 2.

TABLE 5
MFS MONITORING PARAMETERS – ANALYTICAL RESULTS

PARAMETER	LG-1	LG-2	LG-3	LG-4	MCL	SMCL
AMMONIA as N (mg/l)	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	--	--
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (mg/l)	<10	<10	<10	<10	--	--
CHLORIDE (mg/l)	9	7	51	10	--	250
HARDNESS AS CaCO ₃ (mg/l)	170	76	360	170	--	--
DISSOLVED IRON (mg/l)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	--	0.3
DISSOLVED MANGANESE (mg/l)	0.005	0.032	0.016	0.004	--	0.05
NITRATE as N (mg/l)	1.2	0.5	9.7	1.6	10	--
NITRITE as N (mg/l)	<0.005	<0.005	0.008	<0.005	--	--
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE (umohs/cm)	240	180	1000	350	--	700
SULFATE as SO ₄ (mg/l)	24	10	110	22	--	250
TOTAL COLIFORM (MPN per 100ml)	17	70	8	7	--	*
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (mg/l)	3.1	2.7	6.7	1.8	--	--
DISSOLVED ZINC (mg/l)	0.007	0.01	0.006	0.011	--	5
pH	6.8	7.2	6.7	6.6	--	6.5–8.5

*No more than 5% of the samples may be positive. For systems collecting fewer than 40 samples/mo., no more than 1 sample may be positive (USEPA).

TABLE 6

SUMMARY OF PRIORITY POLLUTANT ANALYTICAL RESULTS

PARAMETER	DATE	LG-1	LG-2	LG-3	LG-4	MCL	SMCL
DISSOLVED METALS							
CHROMIUM (ug/l)	12/27/90	15	10	12	6.6	50	--
COPPER (ug/l)	12/27/90	2.9	4	7	1.5	1300**	1000
NICKEL (ug/l)	12/27/90	7.2	3.6	15	4.4	100**	--
ZINC (ug/l)	12/27/90	2.9	3.3	2.8	3	--	5000
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE (ug/l)	12/27/90	1	<1	1	<1	--	--
ACETONE (ug/l)	12/27/90	22*	18*	13*	59*	--	--

*11 ug/l present in method blank

**Proposed or tentative MCL

Monitoring well LG-2, located hydraulically upgradient of the landfill, had the lowest value for each of the five indicator parameters with the values close to groundwater quality conditions reported by Newcomb (1952) for the advance outwash aquifer. Other parameters were not considered good leachate indicators because either regional concentrations showed considerable variation or they were not present in detectable concentrations. Well LG-2 is considered to be indicative of background conditions.

Groundwater Quality

Water quality parameters were slightly elevated in wells LG-1 and LG-4 compared to background conditions measured in well LG-2 (Table 5). Well LG-1 is located east of the landfill also hydraulically upgradient (Figure 2). Water quality parameters in this well were slightly elevated in some parameters compared to LG-2, but probably still within the range of natural background conditions.

Water quality downgradient of the east side of the fill area was monitored by well LG-4. This monitoring point had slightly higher concentrations of indicator parameters than upgradient wells LG-1 and LG-2. A relatively minor impact to groundwater from landfill leachate may be affecting this well, but additional sampling will be necessary for confirmation.

The indicator parameters were most elevated in well LG-3, consistent with its hydraulic location. This well lies downgradient of a relatively larger portion of fill material than well LG-4. In addition, approximately 15 feet of refuse mixed with daily cover material was encountered during the drilling of LG-3, making this well susceptible to directly downward migrating leachate.

Specific conductance in this well was measured at 1000 $\mu\text{mhos/cm}$ compared to 180 $\mu\text{mhos/cm}$ in background well LG-2. Other indicator parameters ranged from 5 to 10 times greater than their respective background concentrations, with the exception of nitrate, which was 20 times the background concentration. With the exception of nitrate in this well, no other monitoring wells indicate contamination approaching primary drinking water standards.

CONCLUSIONS

1. Groundwater was encountered in advance outwash material at a depth of about 100 feet below ground surface. This uppermost aquifer is perched above the deeper, regional aquifer on a silt or clayey aquitard. All monitoring wells terminate in the aquitard. Wells LG-1, LG-2 and LG-3 were terminated in the silt and/or clay, while in well LG-4 the aquitard consisted of lenses of clay and silt within a silty sand.
2. Groundwater flow direction in the uppermost aquifer is north-northeast at a calculated velocity of about 1.6 ft/day.
3. Wells LG-1 and LG-2 are located upgradient and are indicative of background water quality conditions. Well LG-2 is most likely to be continuously representative of background conditions.
4. The greatest leachate impact to groundwater was observed at well LG-3. No health based standards were exceeded in any of the wells, although nitrate approaches the MCL of 10 mg/l in well LG-3. Four priority pollutant metal compounds were detected in all wells: chromium, copper, nickel and zinc. However, only copper and nickel appear to have a relationship to landfill leachate.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. The Water-Vel model appears appropriately suited for updating groundwater flow velocity and direction. This model could be used by County staff in the future for calculating these parameters.
2. Because of the relatively flat groundwater gradient, it is recommended static water level measurements be obtained with an electronic sounder instead of the differential pressure gages (refer to Appendix A for further discussion).
3. If surface leachate seepage is observed again in the drainage swale on the west side of the fill area, the County should obtain samples to evaluate leachate components.
4. It is our understanding that the County will perform quarterly monitoring of the existing wells for MFS parameters and semi-annual sampling for priority pollutants. If no significant change in water quality is observed in well LG-1 after the first year, we recommend sampling of this well be terminated. This well should continue to be used for groundwater level measurements and evaluation of groundwater flow direction and velocity.
5. The possibility exists leachate-impacted groundwater is passing beneath the north end of the landfill between wells LG-3 and LG-4. An additional well installed at the location indicated on Figure 2 is recommended to evaluate this. The well should be completed in the advance outwash with the screened interval extending 10 feet into the aquifer and 10 feet above the aquifer. This well could be overdrilled to a depth of about 200 feet to determine the depth and continuity of the aquitard.
6. The deeper, regional aquifer beneath the landfill may be recharged by seepage through the aquitard underlying the uppermost aquifer. If sampling of the existing wells or the proposed well indicates an MCL has been exceeded, consideration should be given to completing three deep

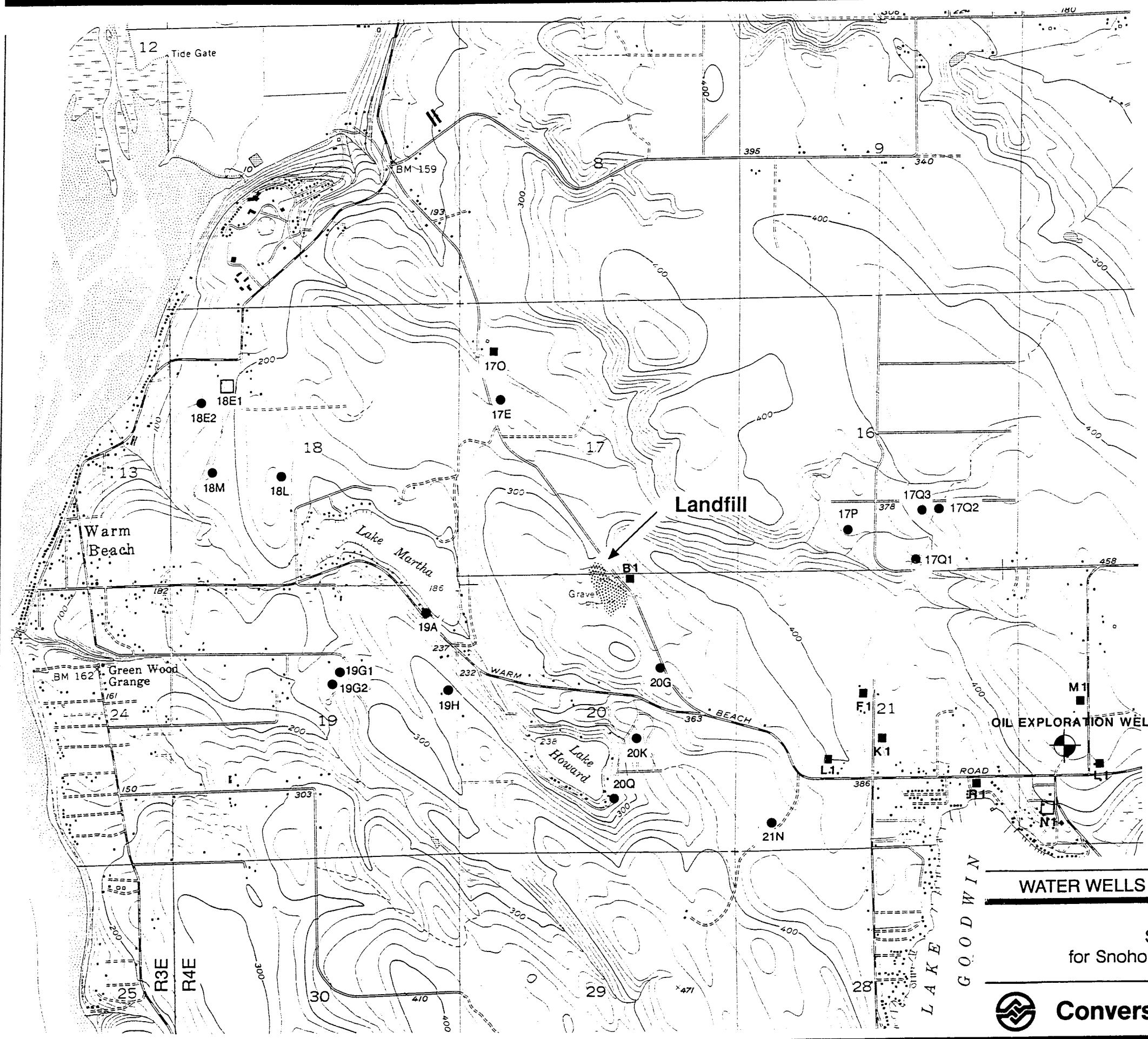
monitoring wells to monitor potential impacts to the regional aquifer. Geologic conditions encountered when overdrilling the proposed well should be evaluated to determine if monitoring of the deep aquifer is necessary. If the deep wells are necessary, two wells should be located on the west side and an upgradient well should be located in the vicinity of LG-1. The two wells on the west side should be located outside the extent of refuse.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Bouwer, H., 1978, *Ground-Water Hydrology*, McGraw-Hill, New York, N.Y., 480 p.
- Converse Consultants NW, 1989, *Groundwater Monitoring Plan, Lake Goodwin Landfill, Snohomish County, Washington*, Converse Project No. 89-45523-04, 8 p.
- Cooper, H.H., and Jacob, C.E., 1946, *A Generalized Graphical Method for Evaluating Formation Constants and Summarizing Well Field History*, Transactions, American Geophysical Union, vol. 27, no. 4.
- Entranco Engineers, 1986, *Seven Lakes Water Quality Analysis and Management Plan*, prepared for Seven Lakes Sewer District.
- Freeze, R.A., and Cherry, J.A., 1979, *Groundwater*, Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 604 p.
- Minard, J.P., 1985, *Geologic map of the Stanwood Quadrangle, Snohomish County, Washington*, U.S. Geological Survey, Map MF-1741.
- Newcomb, R.C., 1952, *Ground Water Resources of Snohomish County, Washington*, U.S. Geological Survey Water Supply Paper 1135.
- Theis, C.V., 1935, *The Relationship Between the Lowering of the Piezometric Surface and the Rate and Duration of Discharge of a Well using Ground Water Storage*, Transactions, American Geophysical Union, Washington D.C., pp. 518-524.

T31N

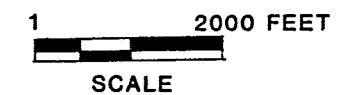
BRUNING 40-107



LEGEND

- APPROXIMATE WASTE FILL AREA
- 24
APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF DRILLED WELL WITH DRILLER LOG
- L1
APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF HAND DUG WELL (NEWCOMB 1952)
- M2
APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF DRILLED WELL (NEWCOMB 1952)

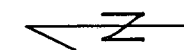
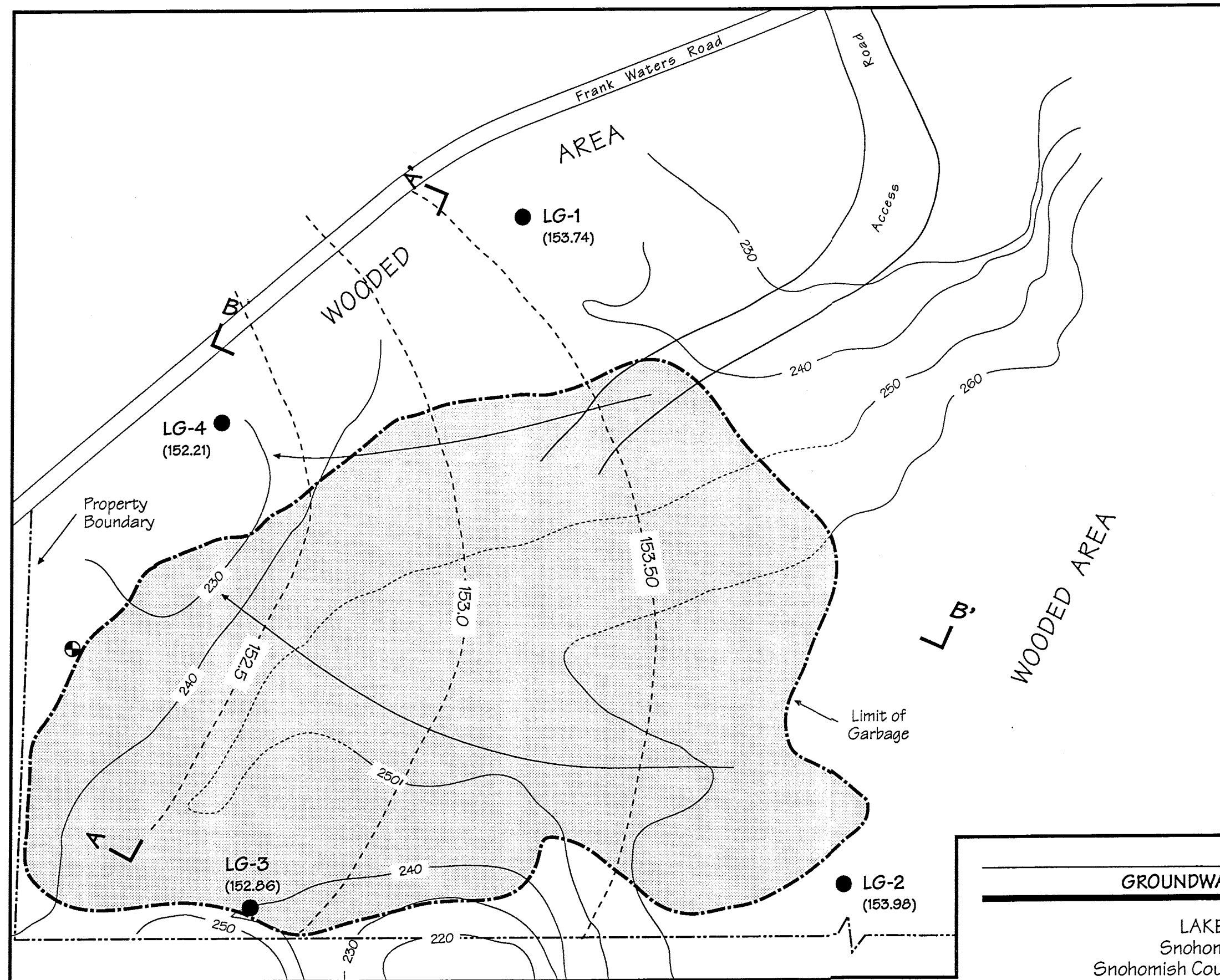
REFERENCE: Base map compiled from portion of USGS 7 1/2' STANWOOD, WASHINGTON QUADRANGLE



WATER WELLS IN VICINITY OF LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL

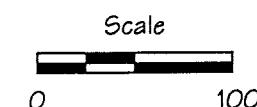
LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
for Snohomish County Department of Public Works

Project No.
89-35228-10
Figure No.



Legend

- LG-1** ● (153.74) Monitoring Well Location and No. with Static Water Level Elevation (in feet relative to assumed 200 foot datum)
- ⊕ Proposed Well Location
- - 152.5 - - Interpolated Contours of Potentiometric Surface (in feet relative to assumed 200 foot datum)
- 240 — Controlled Elevation Contours (in feet, contour interval 10 feet)
- - 250 - - Interpolated Elevation Contours (in feet, contour interval 10 feet)



Source: Lake Goodwin Dump Closure
—Site Plan, 1981

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOURS

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
Snohomish County Department of Public Works

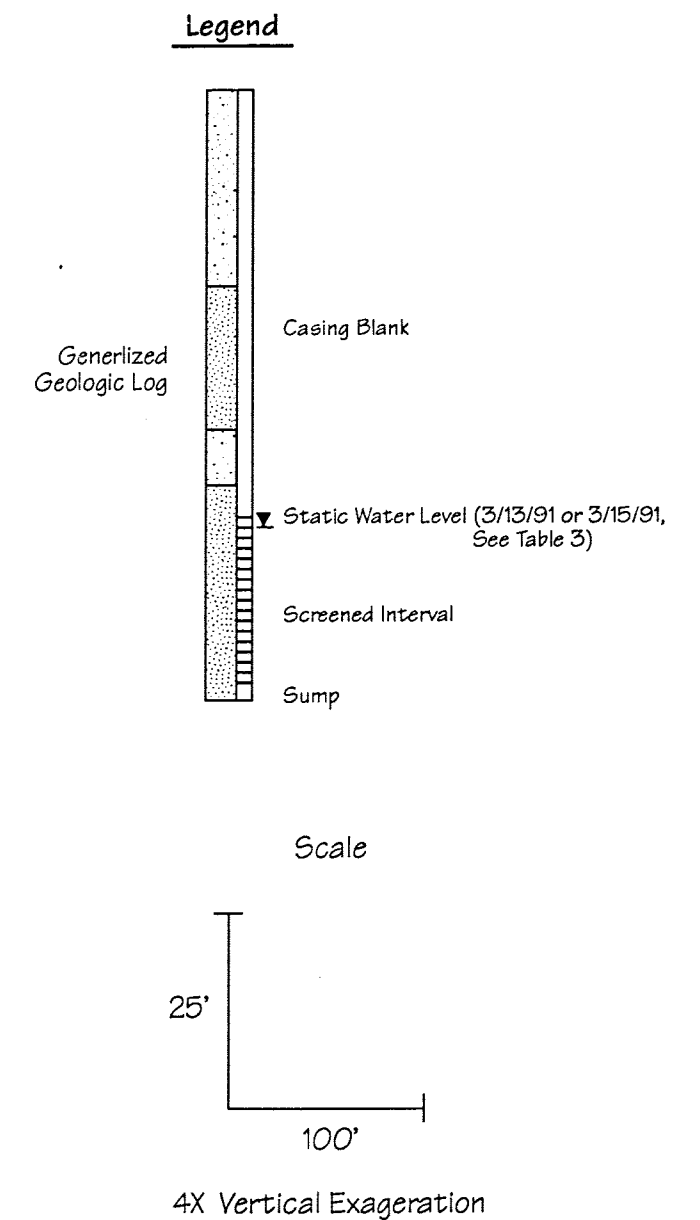
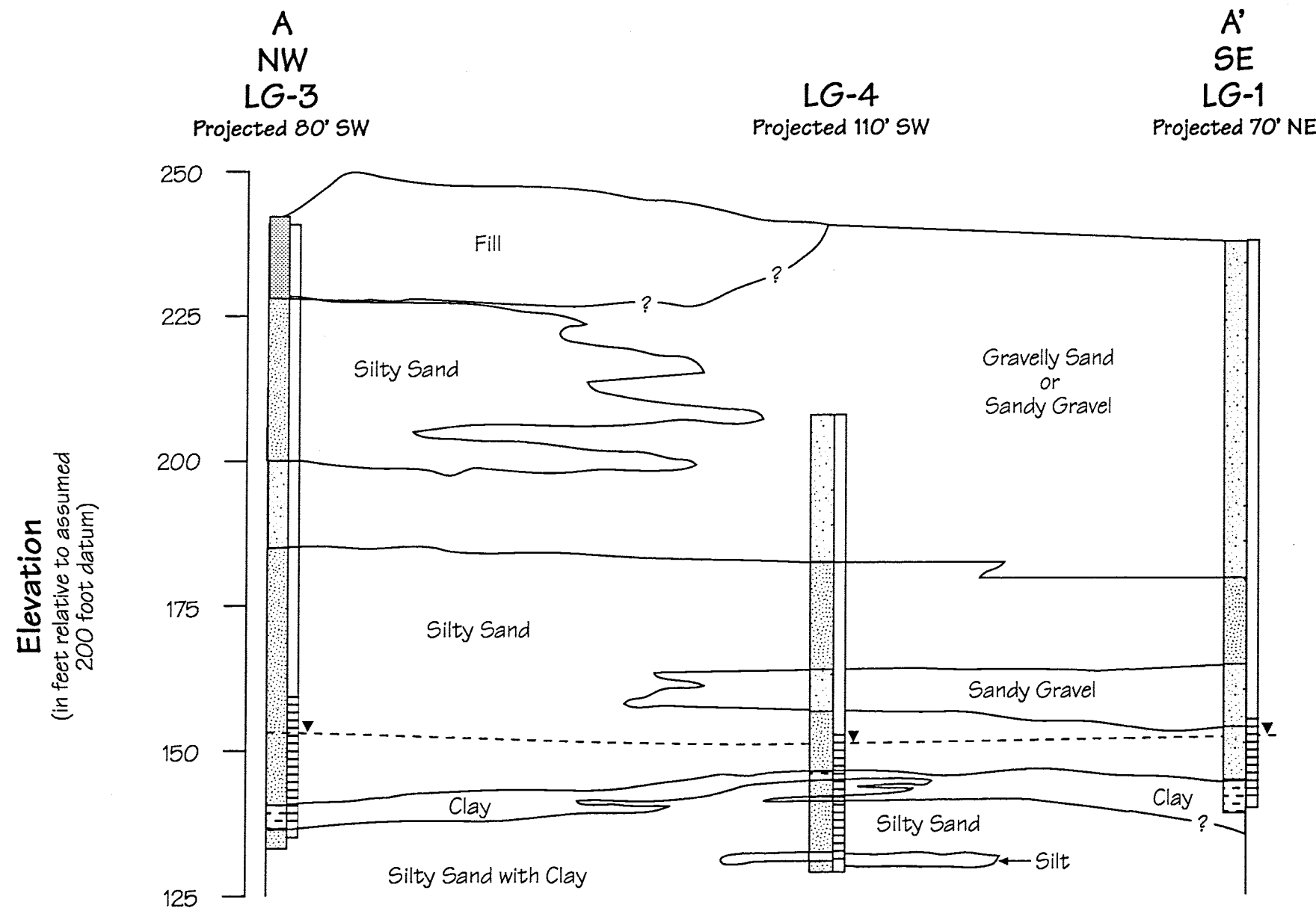
Project No.
89-35228-1C

Figure No.



Converse Consultants NW

Geotechnical Engineering
and Applied Earth Sciences



GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION A-A'

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
Snohomish County Department of Public Works

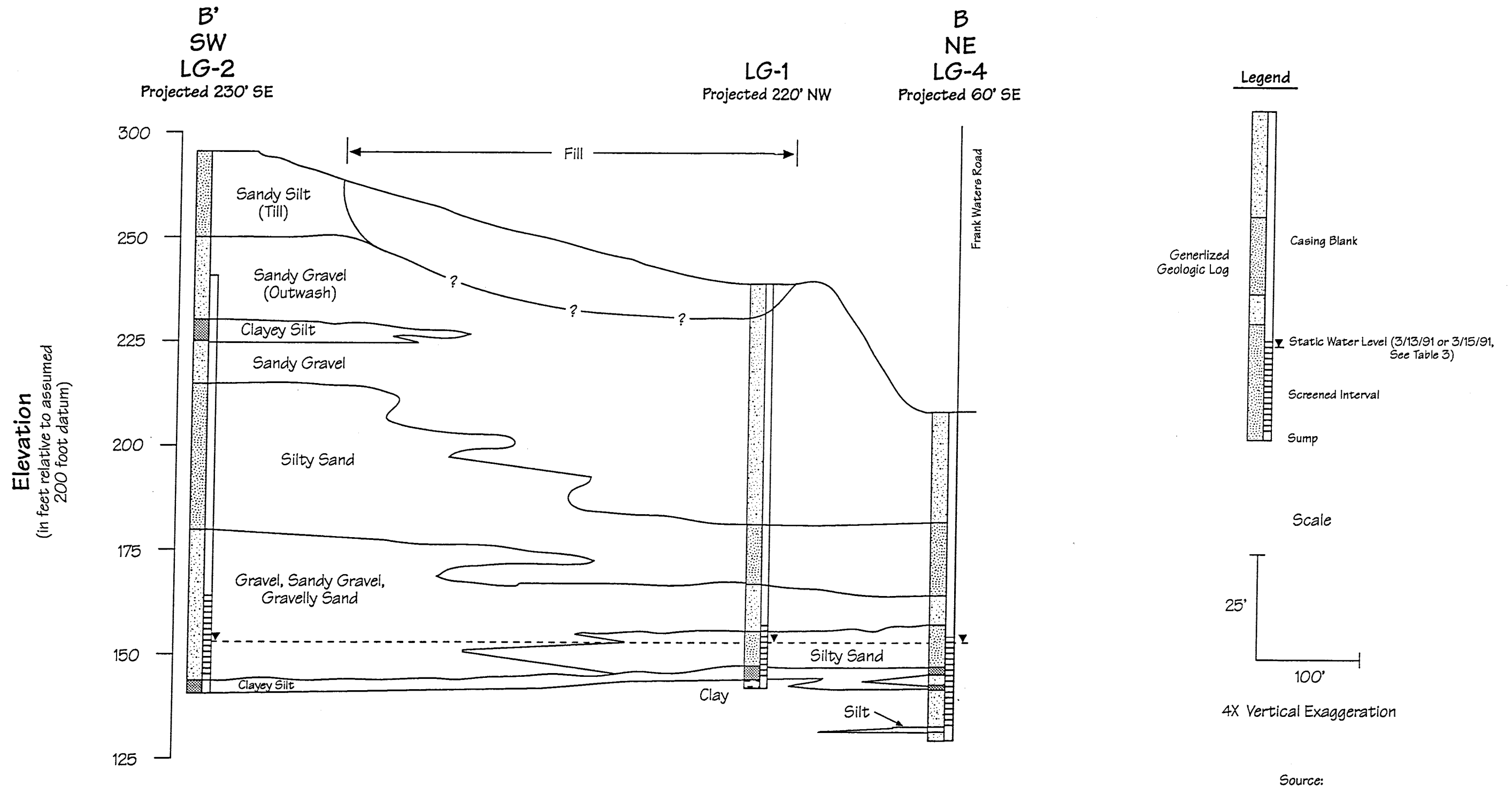
Project No.
89-35228-10

Figure No.



Converse Consultants NW

Geotechnical Engineering
and Applied Earth Sciences



GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION B-B'

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
Snohomish County Department of Public Works

Project No.
89-35228-10

Figure No.

Appendix A

APPENDIX A

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATIONS AND BORING LOGS

Four groundwater monitoring wells, LG-1 through LG-4, were drilled around the perimeter of the Lake Goodwin Landfill between October 15 and 30, 1990. In addition, one boring, LG-4S, was drilled to investigate potential shallow perched groundwater. No shallow groundwater was encountered and this well was subsequently abandoned. Boring LG-4S was located approximately 20 feet from well LG-4.

WELL LOCATIONS

Well locations are shown in Figure 2. Wells LG-1 through LG-3 were drilled first. The locations of these wells were selected based on the preliminary hydrogeologic assessment report (Converse, 1989). During drilling, it was recognized that perched groundwater, substantially shallower than indicated on the water well reports for nearby domestic supply wells, was present beneath the landfill. Wells LG-1, LG-2, and LG-3 were surveyed by Converse on November 29, 1990 and the groundwater flow direction was estimated based on the surveyed elevations and static water level measurements. Well LG-4 was then sited in a downgradient location based on this analysis.

Surveyors from Snohomish County Public Works Department surveyed the top of the 2-inch-diameter stainless steel casing on January 2, 1991. Surveyed elevations for the wells are presented in Table 2. An arbitrary datum of 200 feet was assigned to a temporary benchmark on Frank Water Road, in the vicinity of well LG-4.

Boring and well completion diagrams are included at the end of this appendix. In addition, the well logs shown on Figure 1 are included at the end of the boring logs. Hydraulic test methods are presented in Appendix B.

DRILLING AND SAMPLING

Ponderosa Drilling of Spokane, Washington, under contract to John Mathes, drilled the four borings installed in this investigation using a CP 7000 truck-mounted drill rig. They advanced the borings with air rotary methods using a 6-inch-diameter tricone bit. Six-inch inside diameter (I.D.) steel casing was used to temporarily seal the borings during drilling.

Drilling equipment was decontaminated using a steam cleaner prior to the beginning of the project, between borings, and at the conclusion of the project. Water used during drilling was obtained from a nearby hydrant. Prior to use, a sample of the water (LG-F) was collected by Snohomish County Solid Waste Management Division personnel and analyzed for MFS parameters. Analytical testing results are included in Appendix C for sample LG-F. Air from the rig was tested prior to use for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes. None of these compounds were detected in the analytical testing.

All drilling and sampling operations were continuously observed by a hydrogeologist from Converse Consultants NW. Classifications and descriptions of soil were recorded and additional information, such as drilling action and drillers comments, were also recorded. Drilling operations were monitored between 20-foot runs for organic vapors, combustible gases, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen cyanide, and carbon monoxide using a photoionization detector, an explosimeter, a hydrogen sulfide meter, and Dräger tubes, respectively.

Soil samples were captured at 5-foot intervals or less from a cyclone using a stainless steel strainer. Soil samples were placed in a wide mouth polyethylene container. All samples recovered in the field were classified and described according to their geologic mode of origin and their textural characteristics. Soil samples from 5 feet below ground surface, immediately above the water table, and immediately below the water table were submitted for testing of MFS parameters at an analytical laboratory. Results of these analyses are presented in Appendix C.

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATIONS

Monitoring wells were installed following completion of drilling and sampling operations. The final monitoring well assemblies are shown on the boring logs.

All monitoring well casing and screen sections consisted of 2-inch-diameter threaded joint, Schedule 5S Type 316 stainless steel. Well screen slot size was 0.01-inch slot. A 5-foot bottom sump with a threaded end cap was attached to the bottom of the screened interval of each well as a sediment trap. Two stainless steel centralizers were placed above and below the screened interval. The casing assembly was installed through the 6-inch-diameter temporary casing. The temporary casing was pulled back using a combination of hydraulic lift and casing hammer.

Colorado silica sand (U.S. sieve size 10/20) was placed from the bottom of the well to approximately 7 feet above the top of the well screen. A 5-foot-thick bentonite chip seal (Medium PureGold bentonite chips) was placed at the top of the sand pack. Both the sand pack and bentonite chip seal were placed by hand and allowed to settle in place. The filter pack was sounded continuously during installation. The depth to the top of the sand pack and bentonite seal was checked with a weighted fiberglass tape.

A high solids bentonite slurry (high solids bentonite clay grout) was placed with a tremie pipe on top of the bentonite chip seal. A cement grout (Portland cement types 1 and 2) was tremied on top of the high solids bentonite slurry. Bentonite was added to the cement grout mixture to reduce shrinkage. The cement grout was brought to within about 3 feet below ground surface.

A 10-inch-diameter, steel, locking, protective casing was set in place with concrete. The protective casing extended from 3 feet below ground surface to 14 inches above the top of the monitoring well. The top of each monitoring well was cut off 0.79 foot above ground surface. Concrete was added inside the protective casing to ground surface. A padlock supplied by Snohomish County Solid Waste Management Division was used to lock all protective casings. Concrete traffic barriers were placed in a triangular arrangement around the protective casing.

WELL DEVELOPMENT

The monitoring wells were developed by overpumping with an air-lift pump, a hand pump, or a bailer until the groundwater was relatively clear and free of suspended material. The wells, completed in the advance outwash sand and gravel, developed in a relatively short period of time.

Additional development was performed on well LG-3. Cement bentonite grout was found in the inside of the casing of this well at the 20-foot casing blank joint. Apparently, the jarring action of the casing hammer caused the joint to loosen. Upon discovering the grout seepage, the driller was able to tighten the joint about one-half turn. In order to flush the grout out of the blank, a packer was placed beneath the joint at about 40 feet below ground surface. The upper portion of the well casing was then alternately flushed, the packer was partially deflated and used to swab the 20-foot joint, the packer was removed and cleaned, and the packer replaced to 45 feet and the casing flushed again. This procedure was repeated for approximately 1 hour. During development, pH was carefully monitored. pH decreased from about 9.0 in the initial measurement to a stabilized measurement of about 7.0.

DEDICATED SAMPLING PUMPS

Hydrostar dedicated pneumatic sampling pumps and differential pressure gauges were installed in all of the monitoring wells. Intake depths of the Hydrostar pumps are listed in Table A-1 and shown on the boring logs. Groundwater levels are determined utilizing a Differential Pressure Gauge (DPG), which measures the pressure exerted by the groundwater within a small diameter air tube. The depth to groundwater below ground surface is calculated by the following relationship.

$$ATD - X$$

Where: X = digital reading on the DPG converted from inches to feet
ATD = Air tube orifice depth (feet)

Table A-1 lists the installation parameters of the air lines and groundwater depths obtained on February 25, 1991.

Alternatively, groundwater level measurements can be made using an electrical sounder through an access port at the top of the casing cap. Hand measurements are recommended at Lake Goodwin Landfill over the DPG. A minor lack of sensitivity could potentially result in significant errors in calculating the groundwater gradient under such low gradient conditions. In addition, well LG-2 has been observed venting air. Pressure build up in this well could result in erroneous measurements with the DPG.

The gas venting from LG-2 was field-tested for methane, total organic vapors, carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulfide. None of these constituents were detected. The gas had no odor and is believed to be air. The discharge is intermittent and may be related to barometric pressure changes.

TABLE A-1
Snohomish County Lake Goodwin Landfill
Groundwater Level Data from Air Tube

MONITORING WELL	DATE	HYDROSTAR		DPG READING (FEET)	DEPTH TO WATER (FEET)	TOP OF PROTECTIVE		GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET)	WATER ELEVATION (FEET)
		INTAKE DEPTH (FEET)	AIR TUBE DEPTH (FEET)			SURFACE CASING ELEVATION (FEET)	TOP OF WELL CASING ELEVATION (FEET)		
LG-1	2/25/91	91.00	89.79	4.13	85.66	242.08	240.41	239.6	153.9
LG-2	2/25/91	120.00	118.79	0.07	118.72	271.82	270.15	269.4	150.7
LG-3	2/25/91	94.00	92.79	4.22	88.57	244.19	242.52	241.7	153.1
LG-4	2/25/91	61.00	59.79	3.92	55.87	209.83	208.16	207.4	151.5

NOTES: 1. DEPTHS MEASURED FROM GROUND SURFACE
2. ELEVATIONS RELATIVE TO ARBITRARY 200 FT DATUM



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-1

Sheet **1** of **3**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **240.41**

Water Level Elev. **153**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Surface Elevation **240**

Start Date **October 13, 1990**

Finish Date **October 15, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
	locking 10" steel protective casing				Topsoil
	Quikcrete annular seal				ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
5	well casing, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel				SILTY SAND; brown; fine to very coarse sand, some granules; dry; loose
					hard drilling, large boulder
10	cement grout annular seal				SILTY SANDY GRAVEL; gravel cobble to small boulder in size
15					SILTY SANDY GRAVEL; cobble-size gravel
20					SANDY GRAVEL; brown; trace silt; coarse to very coarse sand; well rounded to subrounded gravel, pebble to small cobble in size
25					SANDY GRAVEL; brown; trace silt; medium to very coarse sand; subangular to rounded gravel, granule to pebble size
30					increasing silt, some fine sand
					increasing sand
35	high solids bentonite slurry				VERY SANDY GRAVEL; brown; gravel granule with some pebbles

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-1**

**Converse NW****Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log**Project Number
89-35228-10Well Number
LG-1Sheet **2** of **3**Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **240.41**Water Level Elev. **153**Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**Drilling Method **Air Rotary**Location **Snohomish County, Washington**Surface Elevation **240**Start Date **October 13, 1990**Finish Date **October 15, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
					SAND; medium to coarse; trace silt; some gravel, pebble size
45					increasing fines
50					SAND; gray-brown; medium to coarse; some fine sand and silt
55					GRAVELLY SAND; gray-brown; some silt; medium to coarse sand; gravel granule to small pebble size
60					SILTY SAND; brown; fine to medium
65					few pebbles; less silt
70					no gravel; increasing silt
75	bentonite pellets				grades gravelly
	10/20 silica sand filter pack				SANDY GRAVEL; gravel is pebble to small cobble size, mostly subangular, clasts are quartz, siltstone, granitic, volcanic rock fragments

ST - Sampler Type:

| 2" OD Split Spoon

□ Bulk Grab Sample

▨ Drive Barrel

▼ Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

▽ Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**Approved by: **EWM**Figure No. **A-1**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-1

Sheet **3** of **3**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **240.41**

Water Level Elev. **153**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Surface Elevation **240**

Start Date **October 13, 1990**

Finish Date **October 15, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	SB Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH SANDY GRAVEL; some silt; gravel pebble to cobble size
85	well screen 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel, 0.01" slot 3/13/91 ATD				CLAYEY SILTY SANDY GRAVEL; brown; water
90	Hydrostar pump intake				VERY SILT CLAYEY SAND; brown; coarse to very coarse sand; gravel granule size; possible water
95	sediment trap, Type 316 stainless steel				GLACIO-LACUSTRINE (?) SILT; trace clay
	threaded end plug cave in				GRAVELLY CLAY; gray; gravel pebble size, in clay matrix
100					Total depth, 100 feet *Elevations relative to arbitrary 200 feet datum
105					
110					
115					

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level

(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-1**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-2

Sheet **1** of **4**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **270.15**

Surface Elevation **269**

Water Level Elev. **153**

Start Date **October 27, 1990**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Finish Date **October 29, 1990**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
	locking 10" steel protective casing Quikcrete annular seal				GLACIAL TILL
5	well casing, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel				SANDY SILT WITH GRAVEL; brown-gray; medium to coarse gravel, rounded to subrounded; moist
10	cement grout annular seal				increasing sand
15					increasing gravel
20					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH SANDY GRAVEL; gray-brown; some silt; medium to coarse sand; rounded to subrounded gravel, granule to pebble size
25					
30					SANDY GRAVEL; brown; less silt
35					SANDY GRAVEL; increasing amounts of coarse sand

ST - Sampler Type:

- 2" OD Split Spoon
- Bulk Grab Sample
- Drive Barrel

Lab Tests:

- S - Soil Properties
- C - Chemical Properties
- Water Level (date measured)
- Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **JJS**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-2**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-2

Sheet **2** of **4**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **270.15**

Water Level Elev. **153**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Surface Elevation **269**

Start Date **October 27, 1990**

Finish Date **October 29, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
45	high solids bentonite slurry				ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH CLAYEY SILT; rust-brown; little fine gravel; very fine grained
					SILTY GRAVEL; brown; fine silt; granule to coarse gravel
50					increasing sand SILTY SANDY GRAVEL; brown; unsorted; fine to coarse sand; rounded to angular gravel
55					SILTY SAND; brown; fine to medium; few to little gravel; well sorted
60					SILTY SAND; brown; medium to coarse sand
65					increasing brown silt - clayey silt
70					SILTY SANDY GRAVEL; brown; fine to coarse sand; medium to coarse gravel, few pebble size; unsorted
75					SILTY SAND; gray-brown; little gravel; fine to coarse sand

ST - Sampler Type:

- 2" OD Split Spoon
- Bulk Grab Sample
- Drive Barrel

Lab Tests:

- S - Soil Properties
- C - Chemical Properties
- Water Level (date measured)
- Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **JJS**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-2**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-2

Sheet **3** of **4**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **270.15**

Water Level Elev. **153**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Surface Elevation **269**

Start Date **October 27, 1990**

Finish Date **October 29, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	SB Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH SAND; brown; medium to coarse; well sorted
85					
90	bentonite pellets				grades more silty sand
95	10/20 silica sand filter pack				SAND; brown; grades coarser
100					GRAVEL; gray; coarse to pebble size
105	well screen, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel, 0.01" slot				GRAVEL; gray-brown; some coarse sand; rounded to subrounded gravel, granule to pebble size
110					grades more sand
115	ATD 3/15/91				grades more pebbles; well rounded
					grades to coarse sandy gravel, gray
					grades more sand

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **JJS**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-2**

**Converse NW****Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log**Project Number
89-35228-10Well Number
LG-2Sheet **4** of **4**Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**Location **Snohomish County, Washington**Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **270.15**Surface Elevation **269**Water Level Elev. **153**Start Date **October 27, 1990**Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**Finish Date **October 29, 1990**Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/6"	OVN Reading	Description
	Hydrostar pump intake				ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH GRAVELLY SAND; gray; fine to coarse sand; gravel granule to pebble size
125	sediment trap, Type 316 stainless steel				grades coarser sand and gravel
	threaded end plug				GLACIO-LACUSTRINE (?) CLAYEY SILT; gray
130	heave 127 to 131 feet				
135					Total depth, 131 feet *Elevations relative to arbitrary 200 feet datum
140					
145					
150					
155					

ST - Sampler Type:

Lab Tests:

Logged by: **JJS**

2" OD Split Spoon

S - Soil Properties

Approved by: **EWM**

Bulk Grab Sample

C - Chemical Properties

Drive Barrel

 Water Level
(date measured)

Water Level (ATD)

Figure No. **A-2**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-3

Sheet 1 of 3

Project Lake Goodwin Landfill

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) 245.52

Water Level Elev. 151

Drilling Contractor Ponderosa Drilling

Drilling Method Air Rotary

Location Snohomish County, Washington

Surface Elevation 242

Start Date October 23, 1990

Finish Date October 25, 1990

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
	locking 10" steel protective casing				Topsoil
	Quikrete annular seal				FILL
					refuse mixed with gravel
5	well casing, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel				Refuse; brown and black; minor gravel and wood fragments; refuse consists of cloth, metal, glass fragments; moist
	cement grout annular seal				GRAVEL; brown; some refuse; granule to pebble size; wet
10					
15					SILTY SAND; gray-brown; some clay and gravel; cloth fragments; medium sand
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
20					SILTY SAND; minor gravel; few twig fragments; medium to coarse sand
					SILTY GRAVELLY SAND; gray; medium to very coarse sand
25					
					SILTY SAND; brownish-gray; fine to medium sand
30					
35					decreasing silt

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level
(date measured)

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: EWM

Approved by: EWM

Figure No. A-3

**Converse NW****Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log**Project Number
89-35228-10Well Number
LG-3Sheet **2** of **3**Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **245.52**Water Level Elev. **151**Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**Drilling Method **Air Rotary**Location **Snohomish County, Washington**Surface Elevation **242**Start Date **October 23, 1990**Finish Date **October 25, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH SAND; gray-brown; minor silt; fine to medium sand
45	high solids bentonite slurry				SILTY GRAVELLY SAND; gray; fine to coarse sand; gravel granule to pebble size
					GRAVELLY SAND
50					GRAVELLY SAND; gray-brown; trace silt; medium to coarse sand; gravel granule to pebble size
55					SILTY SAND; gray-brown; fine to medium sand, trace coarse
60					
65					
70	bentonite pellets				
75					increasing silt
	10/20 silica sand filter pack				

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

 Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**Approved by: **EWM**Figure No. **A-3**

**Converse NW****Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log**Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number

LG-3Sheet **3** of **3**Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **245.52**Water Level Elev. **151**Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**Drilling Method **Air Rotary**Location **Snohomish County, Washington**Surface Elevation **242**Start Date **October 23, 1990**Finish Date **October 25, 1990**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OV Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH SILTY SAND (continued)
85	well screen, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel, 0.01" slot				SILTY SAND; gray-brown; fine to some medium sand grades coarser
90	3/13/91 ATD				SILTY SAND; gray-brown; with minor pebbles; fine to medium sand, some coarse
95	Hydrostar pump intake				SILTY SAND; with minor pebbles grades siltier
100	sediment trap, Type 316 stainless steel threaded end plug				GLACIO-LACUSTRINE (?) SANDY SILTY CLAY; gray; dense occasional silty clay stringers
105	heave 103 to 107 feet				CLAYEY SILT SAND; brown; with silty clay stringers; very fine to fine sand grades more clay
110					Total depth, 107 feet *Elevations relative to arbitrary 200 feet datum
115					

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**Approved by: **EWM**Figure No. **A-3**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-4

Sheet 1 of 2

Project Lake Goodwin Landfill

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) 208.16

Water Level Elev. 143

Drilling Contractor Ponderosa Drilling

Drilling Method Air Rotary

Location Snohomish County, Washington

Surface Elevation 207

Start Date October 29, 1990

Finish Date October 30, 1990

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	SB T	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
	locking 10" steel protective casing Quikcrete annular seal					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
5	well casing, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel					SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL; brown; weathered; fine to medium sand; well rounded to subrounded gravel; dry
10	cement grout annular seal					SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL; gray-brown; medium to coarse sand; rounded to subrounded gravel, granule to pebble size
15						less gravel, well sorted
20						SAND; gray-brown; some gravel; few silt; medium to coarse sand, well sorted; rounded to angular gravel, coarse to cobble size
25						SILTY SAND; brown; few gravel; fine to medium sand
30	high solids bentonite slurry					
35						grades to coarse sand
						grades to gravelly sand

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level

(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: JJS

Approved by: EWM

Figure No. A-4



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-4

Sheet **2** of **2**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) **208.16**

Surface Elevation **207**

Water Level Elev. **143**

Start Date **October 29, 1990**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Finish Date **October 30, 1990**

Drilling Method **Air Rotary**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OVM Reading	Description
	bentonite pellets				ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH GRAVELLY SAND; gray-brown; little silt; medium to coarse sand; coarse gravel
45					GRAVEL; gray; some sand; well rounded to subangular gravel, granule to cobble size
	10/20 silica sand filter pack				SILTY SAND; gray; with some gravel; fine to medium
50					
55	3/15/91 well screen, 2" ID Type 316 stainless steel, 0.01" slot				SILTY SAND; gray; well sorted grades to coarser sand
60	Hydrostar pump intake				SILTY SAND; gray; fine; gray clay stringers
65	ATD				SILTY SAND; gray; fine
70					
75	sediment trap, Type 316 stainless steel threaded end plug heave 75.5 to 77 feet				with light brown silt lenses
					Total depth, 77 feet *Elevations relative to arbitrary 200 feet datum

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Water Level
(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **JJS**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-4**

**Converse NW****Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log**Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number

LG-4SSheet **1** of **2**Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) _____

Surface Elevation **207**

Water Level Elev. _____

Start Date **October 13, 1990**Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**Finish Date **October 13, 1990**Drilling Method **Hollow Stem Auger**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	SB Blows/ 6"	OV Reading	Description
					Topsoil
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
					VERY GRAVELLY SILTY SAND ; brown; well rounded gravel, pebble to small cobble size; dry; loose
5	cement grout backfill		8 8 11		cobbles
					SAND ; dark brown; trace silt; medium to very coarse; minor granule size gravel; slightly moist
10			7 11 14		grades finer
					SAND ; dark brown; medium; trace silt; minor granule size gravel; subrounded to subangular sand, 50% quartz; well sorted
15			8 14 15		increasing silt
					SILTY SAND ; dark brown; fine to medium; moist
20			8 17 19		
					SILTY SAND ; fine to medium; moist
25			11 20 26		
					increasing silt
30			13 28 34		
					increasing silt, increasing moisture
35			15 31 41		
					VERY SILTY GRAVELLY SAND ; gray; cohesive; coarse to very coarse sand; gravel granule to small cobble size
			38 58 49		

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

▼ Water Level

(date measured)

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

▽ Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**Approved by: **EWM**Figure No. **A-5**



Converse NW

Monitoring Well Geologic & Construction Log

Project Number
89-35228-10

Well Number
LG-4S

Sheet **2** of **2**

Project **Lake Goodwin Landfill**

Location **Snohomish County, Washington**

Elevation (Top of Well Casing) _____

Surface Elevation **207**

Water Level Elev. _____

Start Date **October 13, 1990**

Drilling Contractor **Ponderosa Drilling**

Finish Date **October 13, 1990**

Drilling Method **Hollow Stem Auger**

Depth feet	Well Construction	Lab Tests	Blows/ 6"	OV Reading	Description
					ADVANCE GLACIAL OUTWASH
45			26 55 67		SILTY SANDY GRAVEL ; dark grayish brown; gravel to small cobbles; well rounded; very dense
50			16 36 59		SILTY SAND ; gray; fine to medium; well sorted; moist; very dense
55			17 42 60		grades slightly coarser
60					Total depth, 54.5 feet Boring backfilled with cement grout
65					
70					
75					

ST - Sampler Type:

2" OD Split Spoon

Bulk Grab Sample

Drive Barrel

Lab Tests:

S - Soil Properties

C - Chemical Properties

Water Level
(date measured)

Water Level (ATD)

Logged by: **EWM**

Approved by: **EWM**

Figure No. **A-5**

WATER WELL REPORTS WITHIN APPROXIMATE ONE-MILE RADIUS OF LANDFILL

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner



FCY 050-1-20

CONFIDENTIAL

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application No.

Permit No.

(1) OWNER: Name A. Bustad Address 5406-130th Pl. NE Marysville, WA.

(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Snohomish — SH 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 17 T. 31 N. R. 4 E. W.M.

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☒ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)
New well ☒ Method: Dug ☐ Bored ☐
Deepened ☐ Cable ☒ Driven ☐
Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☐ Jetted ☐

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
Drilled 156 ft. Depth of completed well 156 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:
Casing installed: 6" Diam. from +1 ft. to 151 ft.
Threaded ☐ " Diam. from " ft. to " ft.
Welded ☒ " Diam. from " ft. to " ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒
Type of perforator used
SIZE of perforations " in. by " in.
perforations from " ft. to " ft.
perforations from " ft. to " ft.
perforations from " ft. to " ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐
Manufacturer's Name Johnson
Type wirewound Model No Stainless
Diam. 6 Slot size .030 from 151 ft. to 156 ft.
Diam. " Slot size " from " ft. to " ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel:
Gravel placed from " ft. to " ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.
Material used in seal Puddling clay
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☒
Type of water? " Depth of strata
Method of sealing strata off

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name
Type: " H.P.

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 400 ft.
above mean sea level
Static level 134 ft. below top of well Date 8-17-88
Artesian pressure " lbs. per square inch Date
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.)

WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level
Was a pump test made? Yes ☐ No ☒ If yes, by whom?
Field: gal./min. with " ft. drawdown after " hrs.
" " " " " "

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level
Date of test
after test 10 gal./min. with 3 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.
Artesian flow " g.p.m. Date
Temperature of water 50 Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☐ No ☒

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Soil, sandy	0	3
Hardpan	3	94
Clay, gray, sand layers	94	134
Gravel, wet, silty	134	145
Gravel, pea, sand	145	156

Work started 8-9, 19 88 Completed 8-22, 19 88

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME Ace Drilling & Pump Service
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 14503-23rd Av NE Arlington, WA.

[Signed] Edward H. Countryman
(Well Driller)

License No. 0697 Date 8-22, 19 88

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application No.

Permit No.

(1) OWNER: Name WILLIAM A. MURRAY JR. Address 5129 New Castle Ave. Encino Ca. 913

(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Snohomish NW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 10 T. 31 N. R. 4E W.M.

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☐ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☒
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one).... 8126
New well ☒ Method: Dug ☐ Bored ☐
Deepened ☐ Cable ☐ Driven ☐
Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☐ Jetted ☐

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
Drilled..... 230 ft. Depth of completed well 230 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

Casing installed: 6" Diam. from +1 ft. to 220 ft.
Threaded ☐ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
Welded ☒ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of perforator used.....
SIZE of perforations _____ in. by _____ in.
_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐

Manufacturer's Name Johnson
Type stainless wirew Model No. _____
Diam. 6 Slot size 1/8 from 220 ft. to 230 ft.
Diam. 6 Slot size 1/8 from 220 ft. to 230 ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel: _____
Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.
Material used in seal benzoinite
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☒
Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____
Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name _____
Type: _____ HP _____

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 150
above mean sea level.... 6/5/81
Static level 110 ft. below top of well Date _____
Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____
Artesian water is controlled by _____
(Cap, valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

Was a pump test made? Yes ☐ No ☒ If yes, by whom? _____
Yield: _____ gal./min. with _____ ft. drawdown after _____ hrs.

_____ " " " " " "

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level

Date of test 10 gal./min. with 75 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.

Artesian flow _____ g.p.m. Date _____

Temperature of water _____ Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☐ No ☒

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Soil brown	0	3
Cemented gravel	3	120
Sandstone soft	120	150
Brown clay sandy	150	205
Claystone brown	205	210
Sandstone	210	215
Sand	215	230

Work started _____, 19____ Completed _____, 19____

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME JANNSEN WELL DRILLING
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 430 West Ave Arlington, Wa. 98223

[Signed] Michael A. Jannsen
(Well Driller)

License No. 0749 Date 6/10/81, 19____

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Start Card No. _____

Water Right Permit No. _____

(1) OWNER: Name E Earl Bivins Address 312-NW 178th St, Seattle 98177(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Snohomish NE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec 18 T 31 N. R. 4E W.M.(2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) 198th & Marine View Drive(3) PROPOSED USE: ☒ Domestic ☐ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
☐ Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐
☐ DeWater(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well
(if more than one)Abandoned ☐ New well ☒ Method: Dug ☐ Bored ☐
Deepened ☐ Cable ☐ Driven ☐
Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☒ Jetted ☐(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
Drilled 495 feet. Depth of completed well 453 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

Casing installed: 6 • Diam. from +1 ft. to 443 ft.
Welded ☒ • Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
Liner installed ☐ • Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
Threaded ☐ • Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of perforator used _____

SIZE of perforations _____ in. by _____ in.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐Manufacturer's Name JohnsonType Stainless steel Model No. _____Diam. 5 Slot size .016 from 443 ft. to 453 ft.

Diam. _____ Slot size _____ from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel _____

Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.Material used in seal bentoniteDid any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____

Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name N/A

Type _____ H.P. _____

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation _____ ft.

Static level 230 ft. below top of well Date 11/17/87

Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____

Artesian water is controlled by _____
(Cap, valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

/ 11/17/87 Was a pump test made? Yes ☒ No ☐ If yes, by whom? XXXXXXXXXXYield: 6 gal./min. with _____ ft. drawdown after _____ hrs.

" " " " " "

" " " " " "

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured

from well top to water level)

Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level

Date of test _____

Bailer test 6 gal./min. with 20 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.

Artest _____ gal./min. with stem set at _____ ft. for _____ hrs.

Artesian flow _____ g.p.m. Date _____

Temperature of water 51 Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☒ No ☐

Iron 5.0ppm

(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of information.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Brown till & boulders	0	20
Blue gray till	20	105
Brown silty sand & gravel	105	115
Brown silty dry sand	115	222
Gray silty sand, some gravel	162	185
Blue /gray till	185	203
Damp brpww sand	203	225
Gray silty clay	225	260
Gray silt-stone,	260	365
Gray siltstone & sands	365	370
Gray siltstone, clay, wet	370	420
Gray silty sand, water, silt	420	433
Gray siltstone, sand/water	433	440
Gray silty sand, water	440	495

RECEIVED
JAN 22 1988
DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
NORTHWEST REGIONWork started 10/23 87 Completed 11/17 87

WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:

I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.

NAME OELKE DRILLING, INC
(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION) (TYPE OR PRINT)Address 4312 166th Ave E., Sumner 98390(Signed) [Signature] License No. 0837
(WELL DRILLER)Contractor's
Registration
No. OELREDI1360C Date 1/18 1988

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application No.

Permit No.

(1) OWNER: Name H. Peterson Address 20001 - 122nd St. N.E. STANLEY
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Sno. - SW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 18, T. 31 N., R. 41 W.M.
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☐ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☒

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)
New well ☒ Method: Dug ☐ Bored ☐
Deepened ☐ Cable ☐ Driven ☐
Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☒ Jetted ☐

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
Drilled 210 ft. Depth of completed well 210 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: 4
Casing installed: " Diam. from ft. to ft.
Threaded ☐ " Diam. from ft. to ft.
Welded ☒ 6" Diam. from 12 ft. to 200 ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒
Type of perforator used
SIZE of perforations in. by in.
perforations from ft. to ft.
perforations from ft. to ft.
perforations from ft. to ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐
Manufacturer's Name
Type Model No.
Diam. 5 1/2 Slot size 15 from 20 ft. to 200 ft.
Diam. 5 1/2 Slot size 612 from 200 ft. to 210 ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel:
Gravel placed from ft. to ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.
Material used in seal 1. Bentonite
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☐
Type of water? Depth of strata
Method of sealing strata off

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name
Type: HP

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level ft.
Static level 150 ft. below top of well Date 9-3-57
Artesian pressure lbs. per square inch Date
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level
as a pump test made? Yes ☒ No ☐ If yes, by whom? C.H.P.
Yield: 30 gal./min. with 192 ft. drawdown after 4 hrs.
" " " " " "
" " " " " "

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level

Date of test
Pump test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.

Artesian flow g.p.m. Date
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☒ No ☐

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
SAND & GRAVEL	0	3
TAN HARD PAN	3	24
BLUE HARD PAN	24	56
TAN SAND w/ GRAVEL	56	96
BLUE CLAY	96	113
FINE SAND w/ BLUE CLAY	113	120
SAND w/ CLAY	120	144
SAND	144	157
BLUE CLAY	157	158
SAND	158	163
BLUE CLAY w/ SAND	163	176
WEDD SAND GRAVEL	176	185
WEDD SAND & BLUE CLAY	185	194
SAND GRAVEL w/	194	210
WATER		

Work started 9-15, 1957. Completed 5-21, 1957

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME CANIAN O WELL DRILLING
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 215 N. Goodland Rd CT

[Signed] Jay, oh Jones
(Well Driller)

License No. 6611 Date 9-30, 1957

(1) OWNER: Name Bird L. Johnson Address 8131-183 71st St. NW

(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Leach - S4 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec 17 T 31 N., R 41 W. M.

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☒ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well
(if more than one)....

New well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Method: Dug	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bored	<input type="checkbox"/>
Deepened	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cable	<input type="checkbox"/>	Driven	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reconditioned	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rotary	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Jetted	<input type="checkbox"/>

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
 Drilled _____ ft. Depth of completed well 315 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

Casing installed: 6" Diam. from 1.12 ft. to 310 ft.
 Threaded ☐ _____" Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 Welded ☒ _____" Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of perforator used _____
 SIZE of perforations _____ in. by _____ in.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐

Manufacturer's Name Johnson
Type _____ Model No. _____
Diam. 5/8 Slot size 1/2 from 3/0 ft. to 3/5 ft.
Diam. _____ Slot size _____ from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☐ Size of gravel: _____
Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 20 ft.
Material used in seal Portland Cement
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☐
Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____
Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name.....
Type: HP

(8) **WATER LEVELS:** Land-surface elevation _____ ft.
 above mean sea level. *258*
 Static level *211* ft. below top of well Date *Aug 21-19*
 Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____
 Artesian water is controlled by _____
 (Cap. valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

Was a pump test made? Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, by whom?.....

Yield:	gal./min. with	ft. drawdown after	hrs.
--------	----------------	--------------------	------

10 20 30 40

10 20 30 40

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level
------	-------------	------	-------------	------	-------------

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

.....

Boiler test 15 gal/min with 14 ft drawdown after 2 hrs

Artesian flow gpm Date _____

Temperature of water 51 Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☐ No ☒

Work started June 16 1979 Completed June 21 1979

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME Carpenter Wall Dilling
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 21517. Parodick Rd

[Signed] Joseph Muires
(Well Driller)

License No. 0611 Date Aug 22, 1979

WATER WELL REPORT

Application No.

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Permit No.

(1) OWNER: Name VERSEL NANCE Address 18316-82nd Dr. N.W. Stanwood, Wa. 982

(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Snohomish SW 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec 19 T 31 N. R. 4E W.M.

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☒ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 7913
(if more than one)
New well ☒ Method: Dug ☐ Bored ☐
Deepened ☐ Cable ☐ Driven ☐
Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☒ Jetted ☐

(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
Drilled 329 ft. Depth of completed well 328 ft.

(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

Casing installed: 6 5/8 Diam. from +1 ft. to 322 ft.
Threaded ☐ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
Welded ☒ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of perforator used _____

SIZE of perforations _____ in. by _____ in.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

_____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐

Manufacturer's Name Johnson

Type Stainless Model No. _____

Diam. 6" Slot size 10 from 322 ft. to 328 ft.

Diam. 6" Slot size blank from 321 ft. to 322 ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel: _____

Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.

Material used in seal Cement-bentonite

Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____

Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name _____

Type: _____ HP _____

(3) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 240

Static level 220 ft. below top of well Date 9/16/79

Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____

Artesian water is controlled by _____
(Cap, valve, etc.)

(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

as a pump test made? Yes ☐ No ☒ If yes, by whom? _____

yield: _____ gal./min. with _____ ft. drawdown after _____ hrs.

" " " "

" " " "

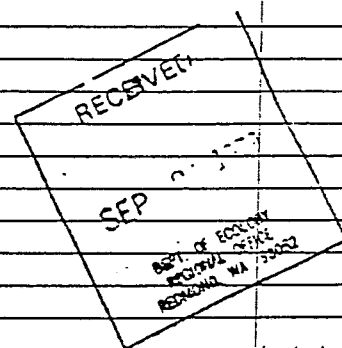
covery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Soil brown sandy	0	2
Clay brown sandy med boulders	0	7
Clay brown sandy	7	23
SSand and gravels	23	86
Clay gray sandy	86	126
Sand gravel/ clay streaks	126	139
Clay gray sandy	139	154
Sand med gray clay streaks	154	175
Clay gray sandy sand streaks	175	318
Sand med fine (water bearing	318	329



Work started 9/10/79, 19____ Completed 9/16/79, 19____

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME JANNSEN WELL DRILLING

(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 430 West Ave. Arlington, Wa. 98223

[Signed] Kick Wallaert
(Well Driller)

License No. 1060 Date 9/18/79, 19____

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

Address.....7215 South Forest Hill Drive, #2

Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner Birmingham and Crony Estates

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
soil, sandy	0	0
boulders, cobbles, cemented	3	10
gravel, coarse, cemented	10	71
sand, gravel, fine, dry, loose	71	101
sand, brown, fine, thin clay layers	101	163
sand, blue, silty, wet	163	187
clay, silt, thin layers of fine sand, wet	187	211
clay, blue	211	280
clay, blue, thin layers of peat (some gas)	280	300
peat, dark brown, thin sand layers, 16 lbs gas (water methane)	300	307
clay, blue, silty	307	341
peat, silt, thin layers	341	343
of	343	354
shale, grey green, soft	354	406
Sandstone water blue color		

Surface seal: Yes ☐ No ☐ To what depth? _____ ft.
 Material used in seal _____
 Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☐
 Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____
 Method of sealing strata off _____

(S) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation ft.
above mean sea level ft.
Static level ft. below top of well Date
Hydraulic pressure lbs. per square inch Date
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap. valve, etc.)

Date of test _____
 Filter test 3 gal./min. with 1.0 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.
 Artesian flow _____ g.p.m. Date _____
 Temperature of water 51 Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☐ No ☒

Work started..... 19..... Completed..... 19.....

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME Joe Drilling & Pump Service
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address 17 1 Box 205 Arlington, Va

[Signed] Robert E. Freeman
(Well Driller)

License No. 3157 Date 1-22, 1975

(1) OWNER: Name Jim Grandon Address 18101-76th Av NW Stanwood, WA.
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Snohomish - 1/4 1/4 Sec 20 T 31 N. R 4E W.M.
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner Lot 3-Div 1-Block 54-C.D. Hillmans Div. Birm. Add.

(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic ☒ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐
Irrigation ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐

(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well
(if more than one).....

New well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Method: Dug	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bored	<input type="checkbox"/>
Deepened	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Driven	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reconditioned	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rotary	<input type="checkbox"/>	Jetted	<input type="checkbox"/>

5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.
 Drilled 315 ft. Depth of completed well 315 ft.

6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

Casing installed: 6" Diam. from +1 ft. to 310 ft.
Threaded ☐ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
Welded ☒ " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Perforations: Yes ☐ No ☒

Type of perforator used.....

SIZE of perforations in. by in.

..... perforations from ft. to ft.

..... perforations from ft. to ft.

..... perforations from ft. to ft.

Screens: Yes ☒ No ☐

Manufacturer's Name Johnson
Type wirewound Model No Stainless
Diam. 6 Slot size .030 from 310 ft. to 315 ft.
Diam. _____ Slot size _____ from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Gravel packed: Yes ☐ No ☒ Size of gravel: _____
Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

Surface seal: Yes ☒ No ☐ To what depth? 18 ft.
Material used in seal Puddled clay
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes ☐ No ☒
Type of water? _____ Depth of strata _____
Method of sealing strata off _____

(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Pioneer
Type: Sub HP 1 hp

(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 400 ft.
Static level 251 ft. below top of well Date 3-17-84
Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____
Artesian water is controlled by _____ (Cap. valve, etc.)

1) WELL TESTS:

Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

is a pump test made? Yes ☐ No ☒ If yes, by whom?.....

Yield:	gal./min. with	ft. drawdown after	hrs.
--------	----------------	--------------------	------

.. .. .

00 00 00

Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)

Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level	Time	Water Level
------	-------------	------	-------------	------	-------------

[illegible]

[illegible]

Date of test _____

Per test 10 gal/min. with 20 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.

Artesian flow.....g.p.m. Date.....

Temperature of water.....50... Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ☐ No ☒

(10) WELL LOG:

Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.

MATERIAL	FROM	TO
Soil	0	3
Hardpan	3	58
Gravel, sand, dry, clay layers	58	158
Clay, silty, gay	158	189
Clay, blue	189	193
Gravel, silty	193	196
Sand, silty	196	260
Clay, blue, silty	260	300
Gravel, sand, loose, wet	300	315

SEP 26 1984

Work started 8-1 1984 Completed 8-17 1984

WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME ace Drilling & Pump Service
(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address: 14503-23rd Av NE Arlington, WA.

[Signed] Robert E. Freeman
(Well Driller)

License No. 0137 Date 8-25 1984

Beuring and distance from section or subdivision corner

67-050-1-20

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

APPENDIX B

AQUIFER TESTS

Hydraulic properties of the advance outwash were tested by performing short-term pump tests in wells LG-1, LG-3 and LG-4. A 2-inch-diameter submersible stainless steel Grundfos pump was used for pumping. Wells LG-1 and LG-4 were pumped for a period of approximately 120 minutes. Well LG-3 was pumped for approximately 80 minutes. Because of the similarity of the test results for the first three wells and the similar aquifer characteristics observed in all wells during drilling, well LG-2 was not tested. The average discharge rates and maximum drawdown values are given below:

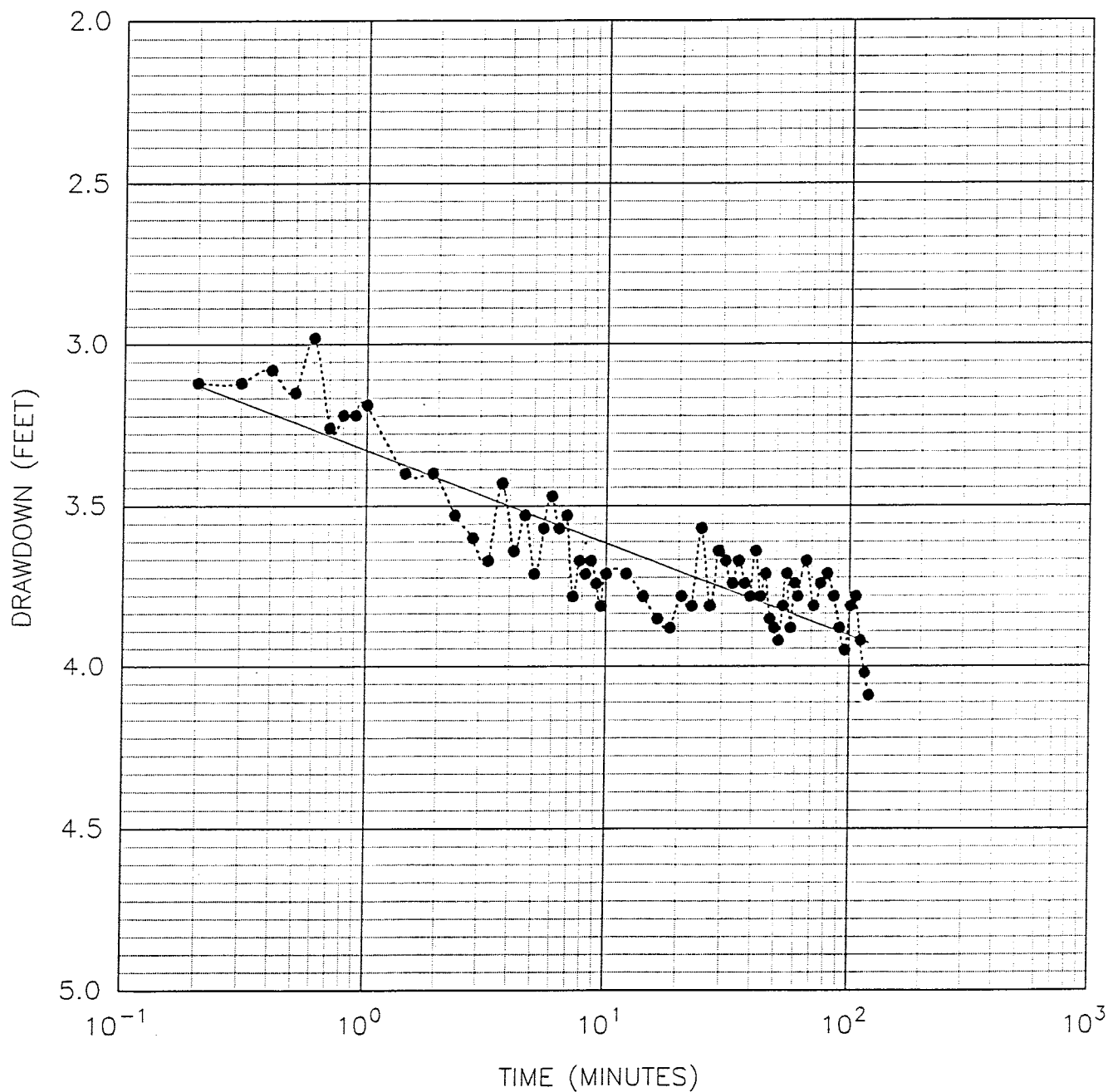
<u>Well</u>	<u>Q (gpm)</u>	<u>Drawdown (feet)</u>
LG-1	3.7	4.1
LG-3	4.3	3.2
LG-4	4.8	2.0

Water levels during the pump tests were monitored using a data logger and 15-psi transducer. Flow was measured with a totalizer and cross checked with periodic volumetric measurements. Semi-logarithmic plots of drawdown versus pumping time are presented in Figures B-1, B-2, and B-3.

The Cooper and Jacob (1946) solution was used to estimate aquifer properties. Cooper and Jacob devised a form of the Theis (1935) solution, which uses a semi-log plot of drawdown versus time rather than a log-log, curve-matching technique. Assumptions inherent in the two solutions are identical. The Cooper and Jacob method was chosen for two reasons: (1) the drawdown from each pump test was small, making the degree of curve-matching accuracy for the Theis solution low; and (2) discharge fluctuations made the curve-matching procedure difficult. The discharge fluctuations were simplified by doing a regression analysis on the linear drawdown on semi-log plots. The resulting slope of drawdown values was used to obtain parameters for the Cooper and Jacob solution.

Transmissivity calculations are shown on the drawdown plots. Hydraulic conductivity was determined from the saturated aquifer thickness above the aquitard in wells LG-1 and LG-3. For well LG-4, which was completed in a silty sand with silt and clay stringers, an aquifer thickness equal to the saturated screened interval was used.

Semilog Plot: Drawdown vs. Time



$$T = 264 (Q)/\Delta S$$

$$\Delta S = 0.28 \text{ ft}$$

$$K = T/b$$

$$T = 264 (3.72)/0.28$$

$$Q = 3.72 \text{ gpm}$$

$$b = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$T = 3507 \text{ gpd/ft}$$

$$K = 104.2 \text{ ft/day}$$

$$T = 469 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$$

LG-1 PUMP TEST DATA

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
for Snohomish County Department of Public Works

Project No.

89-35228-10

Figure No.

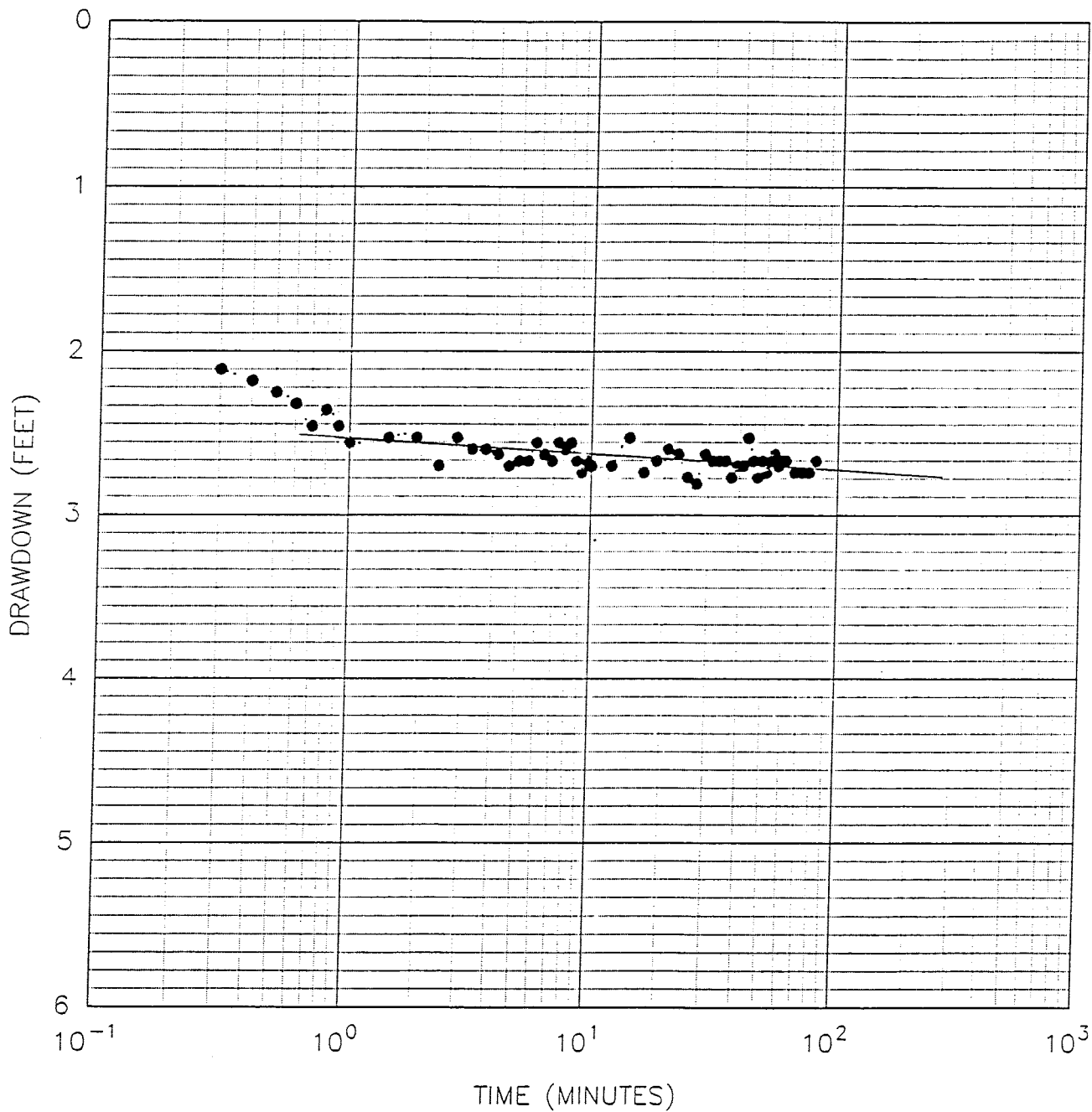
B-1



Converse Consultants NW

Geotechnical Engineering
and Applied Earth Sciences

Semilog Plot: Drawdown vs. Time



$$T = 264 (Q) / \Delta S$$

$$\Delta S = 0.1 \text{ ft}$$

$$K = T/b$$

$$T = 264 (4.5 \text{ gpm}) / 0.1$$

$$Q = 4.5 \text{ gpm}$$

$$b = 11 \text{ ft}$$

$$T = 11,880 \text{ gpd/ft}$$

$$K = 144.36 \text{ ft/day}$$

$$T = 1588 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$$

LG-3 PUMP TEST DATA

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
for Snohomish County Department of Public Works

Project No.

89-35228-10

Figure No.

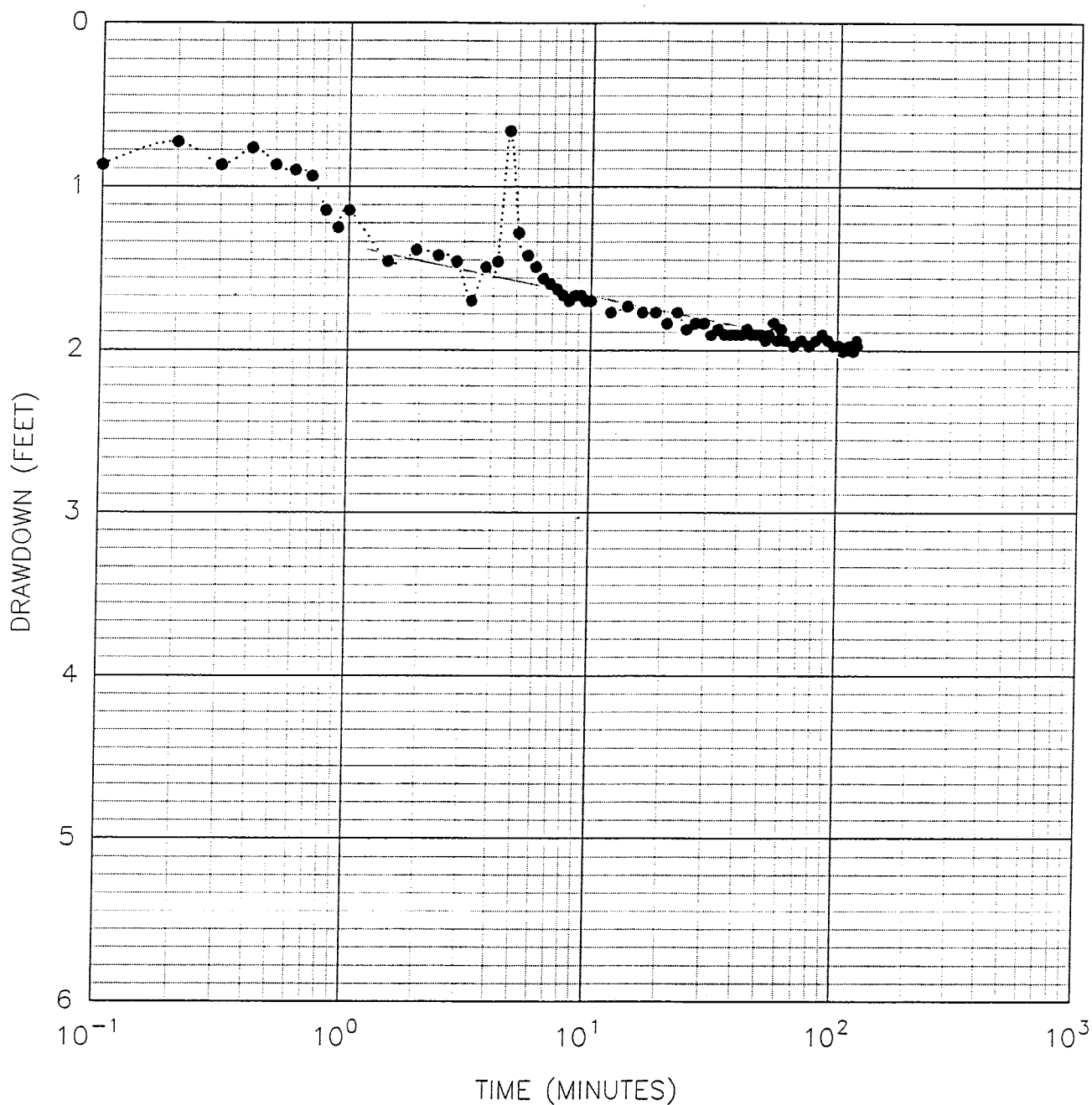
B-2



Converse Consultants NW

Geotechnical Engineering
and Applied Earth Sciences

Semilog Plot: Drawdown vs. Time



$$T = 264 (Q)/\Delta S$$

$$\Delta S = 0.3 \text{ ft}$$

$$K = T/b$$

$$T = 264 (4.9)/0.3$$

$$Q = 4.9 \text{ gpm}$$

$$b = 15 \text{ ft}$$

$$T = 4,312 \text{ gpd/ft}$$

$$T = 576 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$$

LG-4 PUMP TEST DATA

LAKE GOODWIN LANDFILL
Snohomish County, Washington
for Snohomish County Department of Public Works

Project No.

89-35228-10

Figure No.

B-3



Converse Consultants NW

Geotechnical Engineering
and Applied Earth Sciences

Appendix C

APPENDIX C

LABORATORY-REPORTED ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Laboratory analytical results are presented in this appendix. Three sets of analytical data are included in the following order:

- Groundwater quality (MFS parameters)
- Groundwater quality (priority pollutant compounds)
- Drill water (MFS parameters)
- Soils tests (MFS parameters plus total organic halides)

Sample designations for water quality samples refer to the monitoring well that the sample was obtained from. Soil sample numbers reference the boring number and the sequence depth. For example, sample LG-1-1 was obtained from boring LG-1 at a depth of 5 feet. Sample LG-1-17 refers to sample from boring LG-1 obtained at a depth of 85 feet.

One sample of the drill water was obtained and analyzed for MFS parameters. This sample is designated LG-F.

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

RECEIVED
CATHCART SANITARY LANDFILL
JAN 18 1991
SNOHOMISH COUNTY
SOLID WASTE DIVISION

CLIENT: Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk
Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN : Dawn Shroy-Marshall

Certificate of Analysis

Work Order# : 90-12-281
DATE RECEIVED : 12/17/90
DATE OF REPORT: 01/16/91

Work ID : MFS
Taken By : Client
Transported by: Hand Delivered
Type : Water

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION:

	<u>Sample Description</u>	<u>Collection Date</u>
01	110 LG-3	12/17/90 10:45
02	111 LG-1	12/17/90 11:40
03	112 LG-2	12/17/90 12:50
04	113 LG-4	12/17/90 14:00
05	Method Blank	N/A

COMMENTS ON TOTAL COLIFORM ANALYSIS:

A Total Coliform Count of under 2.2 MPN per 100 mls meets U.S.E.P.A. and Public Health criteria for drinking water. A Total Coliform Count above 2.2 MPN per 100 mls does not meet these criteria. If the symbol >/ appears in your report, it means that the total coliform concentration is greater than or equal to the number shown.

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT : Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk

Certificate of Analysis

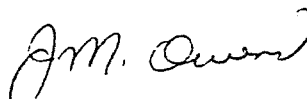
Work Order# : 90-12-281

Aliquots for metals (Iron, Manganese, Zinc), and Soluble NO₃NO₂ are being reported as dissolved, samples were filtered and preserved upon receipt at the laboratory. All other metals are being reported as total metals.

The flag "U" indicates the analyte of interest was not detected, to the limit of detection shown.

Unless otherwise instructed all samples will be discarded on 03/02/91

Respectfully submitted,
Laucks Testing Laboratories, Inc.


J. M. Owens

Laucks ⁸² YEARS

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT : Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk

Certificate of Analysis

Work Order # 90-12-281

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

Analyte	Units	<u>01</u>	<u>02</u>	<u>03</u>	<u>04</u>
Ammonia as N	mg/L	0.01 U	0.01 U	0.01 U	0.01
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	10. U	10. U	10. U	10. U
Chloride (Method 300.0)	mg/L	51.	9.	7.	10.
Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	360.	170.	76.	170.
Iron (Method 236.1)	mg/L	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U
Manganese (Method 243.1)	mg/L	0.016	0.005	0.032	0.004
Nitrate as N	mg/L	9.7	1.2	0.5	1.6
Nitrite as N	mg/L	0.008	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U
Specific Conductance	Microamhos/cm	1000.	240.	180.	350.
Sulfate as SO ₄	mg/L	110.	24.	10.	22.
Total Coliform Count	MPN per 100 ml	8.	17.	70.	7.
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	6.7	3.1	2.7	1.8
Zinc (Method 289.1)	mg/L	0.006	0.007	0.010	0.011
pH	gl elec @25C	6.7	6.8	7.2	6.6

Laucks®

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012281 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Iron (Method 236.1)
Blank Name : B1219AA01 Preparation Date: 12/19/90
Conc Found : 0.050 _ Control Limit : 0.050
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Manganese (Method 243.1)
Blank Name : B1219AA01 Preparation Date: 12/19/90
Conc Found : 0.002 U Control Limit : 0.004
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Zinc (Method 289.1)
Blank Name : B1219AA01 Preparation Date: 12/19/90
Conc Found : 0.005 _ Control Limit : 0.010
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Nitrate as N
Blank Name : B1220ICW01 Preparation Date: 12/20/90
Conc Found : 0.200 U Control Limit : 0.400
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Laucks ⁸²_{runs}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012281 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Sulfate as SO₄
Blank Name : B1220ICW01 Preparation Date: 12/20/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Chemical Oxygen Demand
Blank Name : B1226CODW01 Preparation Date: 12/26/90
Conc Found : 10.000 U Control Limit : 20.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Hardness as CaCO₃
Blank Name : B1228HARD01 Preparation Date: 12/28/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Chloride (Method 300.0)
Blank Name : B1227ICW01 Preparation Date: 12/27/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Laucks⁸²_{11/15}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012281 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Ammonia as N
Blank Name : B0102NH3W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 0.012 Control Limit : 0.020
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Total Organic Carbon
Blank Name : B0102TOC_W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Nitrite as N
Blank Name : B1218NO2_W01 Preparation Date: 12/18/90
Conc Found : 0.005 U Control Limit : 0.010
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

* = outside control limits
U = analyte not detected

Laucks ⁸² _{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology and Technical Services

RECEIVED
FEB 21 1991
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
DIVISION - OPERATIONS

CLIENT: Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk
Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN : Dawn Shroy-Marshall

Certificate of Analysis

Work Order# : 90-12-389
DATE RECEIVED : 12/27/90
DATE OF REPORT: 02/14/91

Work ID : Lk. Goodwin
Taken By : Client
Transported by: Hand Delivered
Type : Water

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION:

	<u>Sample Description</u>	<u>Collection Date</u>
01	#110 LG-3	12/27/90 11:10
02	#111 LG-1	12/27/90 13:05
03	#112 LG-2	12/27/90 12:05
04	#113 LG-4	12/27/90 14:10
05	Method Blank	N/A
06	Quality Control	N/A
07	Quality Control	N/A

Aliquots for metals (Iron, Manganese, Zinc), and Soluble
NO3NO2 are being reported as dissolved, samples were filtered
and preserved upon receipt at the laboratory. All other
metals are being reported as total metals.

Unless otherwise instructed all samples will be discarded on 03/12/91

Respectfully submitted,
Laucks Testing Laboratories, Inc.


J. M. Owens

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

USING OUR REPORTS

Laucks has installed an electronic Laboratory Information Management System which now produces both our reports and invoices. The following information and definitions will help you use the new formats; and we encourage you to call us if your questions are not answered here.

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION - Sample IDs are recorded as they appear on your sample containers or chain-of-custody documents. One "sample" may have several "fractions" (different analytical tasks), so a sample's ID may appear more than once on the cover page. You may notice "extra" samples, not submitted by you. These were added by Laucks to allow our electronic system to accommodate quality control analyses, such as method blanks and matrix spikes.

TEST RESULTS - Analyses which result in a single data point are shown in alphabetical order in the body of the report. Tests which yield multiple results are generally reported on separate pages, on a sample-by-sample basis.

MEASUREMENT UNITS - The reporting units are shown to the right of the analyte name. In the event that a different unit was more appropriate to a specific sample, that exception is shown immediately beneath the test result. Units commonly employed are mg/kg (solids) or mg/L (liquids), comparable to parts per million; ug/kg (solids) or ug/L (liquids), comparable to parts per billion; and percent (%).

METHODS OF ANALYSIS - The EPA or Standard Methods method number is now shown in parentheses after the analyte name; or, for analyses which yield multiple data points, in the header information on the individual report page.

ABBREVIATIONS - Several abbreviations can appear in our reports. The most commonly employed abbreviations are:

- U : The analyte of interest was not detected, to the limit of detection indicated.
- B : The analyte of interest was detected in the method blank associated with the sample, as well as in the sample itself. The B flag is applied without regard to the relative concentrations detected in the blank and sample.
- J : The analyte of interest was detected below the routine reporting limit. This value should be regarded as an estimate.

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

- T : The flagged values represent the SUM of two co-eluting compounds. The SUM of these two values is shown as though it were a result for each of them, but in fact it represents the total and the two figures should not be further added together.
- D : The value reported derives from analysis of a diluted sample or sample extract.
- SDL : Sample Detection Limit. The SDL can vary from sample to sample, depending on sample size, matrix interferences, moisture content and other sample-specific conditions.
- PQL : Practical Quantitation Limit. This limit is drawn from the test method and usually represents the SDL multiplied by a matrix-specific factor.
- CRQL : Client Requested Quantitation Limit, usually the limit of detection specified at your request. Might also be referred to as Contract Required Quantitation Limit.
- DB : Dry Basis. The value reported has been back-calculated to normalize for the moisture content of the sample.
- AR : As-Received. The value has NOT been normalized for moisture.

Other abbreviations, used in special applications, are defined where they appear.

DISPOSAL DATE - Our reports now include the date on which we will dispose of your samples. (In limited instances, we may require that the samples be returned to your custody.) If you wish to have the samples back, or would like to have them stored for a longer period, please notify us before the disposal date.

Laucks ⁸²_{YEARS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT : Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk

Certificate of Analysis

Work Order # 90-12-389

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

Analyte	Units	<u>01</u>	<u>02</u>	<u>03</u>	<u>04</u>
Antimony (Method 7041)	ug/L	3. U	3. U	3. U	3. U
Arsenic (Method 206.3)	mg/L	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U
Beryllium (Method 6010)	ug/L	1. U	1. U	1. U	1. U
Cadmium (Method 6010)	ug/L	1. U	1. U	1. U	1. U
Chromium (Method 6010)	ug/L	12.	15.	10.	6.6
Copper (Method 6010)	ug/L	7.	2.9	4.	1.5
Cyanide, Total (335.3)	mg/L	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U
Lead (Method 6010)	ug/L	5. U	5. U	5. U	5. U
Mercury (Method 7470)	ug/L	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Nickel (Method 6010)	ug/L	15.	7.2	3.6	4.4
Selenium (Method 7741)	ug/L	5. U	5. U	5. U	5. U
Silver (Method 6010)	ug/L	1. U	1. U	1. U	1. U
Thallium (Method 7841)	ug/L	2. U	2. U	2. U	2. U
Total Phenol	mg/L	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.005 U
Zinc (Method 6010)	ug/L	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.

Laucks⁸²_{runs}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-01A
Client Sample ID: #110 LG-3

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : 8080

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 01/24/91
Test Method : SW 8080
Extraction Method : SW 3510

Report Units : ug/L

Compound	Result	SDL	Analysis Date	Confirmation Date
Alpha-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Beta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Delta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aldrin	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor Epoxide .	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan I	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Dieldrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDE	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan II	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDD	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan Sulfate .	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDT	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Methoxychlor	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin Ketone	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Alpha Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Toxaphene	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1016	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1221	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1232	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1242	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1248	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1254	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1260	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91

Laucks

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-01A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Dibutylchloroendate	97	43	152
Isodrin	95	32	96
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	69.	60	150
Decachlorobiphenyl	99.	60	150

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-02A

Client Sample ID: #111 LG-1

Date Received : 12/27/90

Date Extracted : N/A

Test Code : 8080

Collection Date : 12/27/90

Date Analyzed : 01/24/91

Test Method : SW 8080

Extraction Method : SW 3510

Report Units : ug/L

Compound	Result	SDL	Analysis Date	Confirmation Date
Alpha-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Beta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Delta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aldrin	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor Epoxide .	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan I	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Dieldrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDE	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan II	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDD	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan Sulfate .	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDT	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Methoxychlor	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin Ketone	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Alpha Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Toxaphene	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1016	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1221	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1232	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1242	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1248	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1254	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1260	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91

Laucks® Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-02A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Dibutylchloroendate	80	43	152
Isodrin	95	32	96
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	75.	60	150
Decachlorobiphenyl	85.	60	150

Laucks⁸²_{RUHS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-03A
Client Sample ID: #112 LG-2

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : 8080

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 01/24/91
Test Method : SW 8080
Extraction Method : SW 3510

Report Units : ug/L

Compound	Result	SDL	Analysis Date	Confirmation Date
Alpha-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Beta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Delta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aldrin	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor Epoxide .	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan I	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Dieldrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDE	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan II	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDD	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan Sulfate .	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDT	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Methoxychlor	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin Ketone	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Alpha Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Toxaphene	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1016	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1221	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1232	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1242	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1248	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1254	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1260	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91

Laucks® Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-03A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Dibutylchloroendate	76	43	152
Isodrin	90	32	96
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	69.	60	150
Decachlorobiphenyl	77.	60	150

Laucks⁸²_{RUS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-04A
Client Sample ID: #113 LG-4

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : 8080

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 01/24/91
Test Method : SW 8080
Extraction Method : SW 3510

Report Units : ug/L

Compound	Result	SDL	Analysis Date	Confirmation Date
Alpha-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Beta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Delta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aldrin	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor Epoxide .	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan I	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Dieldrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDE	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan II	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDD	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan Sulfate .	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDT	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Methoxychlor	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin Ketone	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Alpha Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Toxaphene	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1016	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1221	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1232	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1242	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1248	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1254	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1260	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91



Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-04A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Dibutylchloroendate	86	43	152
Isodrin	96	32	96
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	61.	60	150
Decachlorobiphenyl	86.	60	150

Laucks⁸²_{PLUS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-05A
Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : 8080

Collection Date : N/A
Date Analyzed : 01/24/91
Test Method : SW 8080
Extraction Method : SW 3510

Report Units : ug/L

Compound	Result	SDL	Analysis Date	Confirmation Date
Alpha-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Beta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Delta-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma-BHC	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aldrin	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Heptachlor Epoxide .	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan I	0.05 U	0.05	01/24/91	01/24/91
Dieldrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDE	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan II	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDD	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endosulfan Sulfate .	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
4,4'-DDT	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Methoxychlor	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Endrin Ketone	0.1 U	0.1	01/24/91	01/24/91
Alpha Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Gamma Chlordane	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Toxaphene	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1016	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1221	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1232	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1242	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1248	0.5 U	0.5	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1254	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91
Aroclor-1260	1.0 U	1.0	01/24/91	01/24/91

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-05A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Dibutylchloroendate	96	43	152
Isodrin	97	32	96
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	77.	60	150
Decachlorobiphenyl	96.	60	150

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-01A
Client Sample ID: #110 LG-3

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : 01/02/91
Test Code : LXTCSW

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 01/23/91
Test Method : SW8270
Extraction Method : SW3510

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Phenol.....	1 U	1	3-Nitroaniline.....	5 U	5
Aniline.....	5 U	5	Acenaphthene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrophenol.....	10 U	10
2-Chlorophenol.....	1 U	1	4-Nitrophenol.....	10 U	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzofuran.....	1 U	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2
Benzyl alcohol.....	1 U	1	Diethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Chlorophenyl phenylether..	1 U	1
2-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	Fluorene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether..	1 U	1	4-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2
4-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol..	10 U	10
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine..	1 U	1	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine.....	1 U	1
Hexachloroethane.....	2 U	2	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine.....	2 U	2
Nitrobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Bromophenyl phenylether...	2 U	2
Isophorone.....	1 U	1	Hexachlorobenzene.....	2 U	2
2-Nitrophenol.....	2 U	2	Pentachlorophenol.....	10 U	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol.....	1 U	1	Phenanthrene.....	1 U	1
Benzoic acid.....	25 U	25	Anthracene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane..	1 U	1	Di-n-butyl phthalate.....	1	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Pyrene.....	1 U	1
Naphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzidine.....	25 U	25
4-Chloroaniline.....	1 U	1	Butylbenzylphthalate.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorobutadiene.....	1 U	1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine.....	10 U	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2-Methylnaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Chrysene.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene...	2 U	2	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate..	1 U	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Di-n-octyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Chloronaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzo(k)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Dimethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Acenaphthylene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene.....	1 U	1

Charter Member American Council of Independent Laboratories

Laucks® Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

GC/MS ABN surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-01A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Nitrobenzene d5.....	82	37	104
2-Fluorobiphenyl.....	82	37	105
Terphenyl d14.....	106	20	126
Phenol d6.....	41	10	69
2-Fluorophenol.....	53	20	86
2,4,6-Tribromophenol.	109	24	124
D10-Azobenzene.....	91	35	114
2-Bromophenol.....	72	27	97

* = Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits.

Laucks⁸²_{YRS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-02A
Client Sample ID: #111 LG-1

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : 01/02/91
Test Code : LXTCSW

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 01/23/91
Test Method : SW8270
Extraction Method : SW3510

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Phenol.....	1 U	1	3-Nitroaniline.....	5 U	5
Aniline.....	5 U	5	Acenaphthene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrophenol.....	10 U	10
2-Chlorophenol.....	1 U	1	4-Nitrophenol.....	10 U	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzofuran.....	1 U	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2
Benzyl alcohol.....	1 U	1	Diethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Chlorophenyl phenylether..	1 U	1
2-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	Fluorene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether..	1 U	1	4-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2
4-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol..	10 U	10
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine..	1 U	1	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine.....	1 U	1
Hexachloroethane.....	2 U	2	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine.....	2 U	2
Nitrobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Bromophenyl phenylether...	2 U	2
Isophorone.....	1 U	1	Hexachlorobenzene.....	2 U	2
2-Nitrophenol.....	2 U	2	Pentachlorophenol.....	10 U	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol.....	1 U	1	Phenanthrene.....	1 U	1
Benzoic acid.....	25 U	25	Anthracene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane..	1 U	1	Di-n-butyl phthalate.....	1	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Pyrene.....	1 U	1
Naphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzidine.....	25 U	25
4-Chloroaniline.....	1 U	1	Butylbenzylphthalate.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorobutadiene.....	1 U	1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine.....	10 U	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2-Methylnaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Chrysene.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene...	2 U	2	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate..	1 U	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Di-n-octyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Chloronaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzo(k)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Dimethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Acenaphthylene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene.....	1 U	1

Charter Member American Council of Independent Laboratories



Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry Microbiology and Technical Services

GC/MS ABN surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-02A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Nitrobenzene d5.....	89	37	104
2-Fluorobiphenyl.....	89	37	105
Terphenyl d14.....	113	20	126
Phenol d6.....	45	10	69
2-Fluorophenol.....	57	20	86
2,4,6-Tribromophenol.	119	24	124
D10-Azobenzene.....	101	35	114
2-Bromophenol.....	79	27	97

* = Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits.

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-03A

Client Sample ID: #112 LG-2

Date Received : 12/27/90

Date Extracted : 01/02/91

Test Code : LXTCSW

Collection Date : 12/27/90

Date Analyzed : 01/23/91

Test Method : SW8270

Extraction Method : SW3510

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Phenol.....	1 U	1	3-Nitroaniline.....	5 U	5
Aniline.....	5 U	5	Acenaphthene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrophenol.....	10 U	10
2-Chlorophenol.....	1 U	1	4-Nitrophenol.....	10 U	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzofuran.....	1 U	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2
Benzyl alcohol.....	1 U	1	Diethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Chlorophenyl phenylether..	1 U	1
2-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	Fluorene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether..	1 U	1	4-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2
4-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol..	10 U	10
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine..	1 U	1	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine.....	1 U	1
Hexachloroethane.....	2 U	2	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine.....	2 U	2
Nitrobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Bromophenyl phenylether...	2 U	2
Isophorone.....	1 U	1	Hexachlorobenzene.....	2 U	2
2-Nitrophenol.....	2 U	2	Pentachlorophenol.....	10 U	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol.....	1 U	1	Phenanthrene.....	1 U	1
Benzoic acid.....	25 U	25	Anthracene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane..	1 U	1	Di-n-butyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Pyrene.....	1 U	1
Naphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzidine.....	25 U	25
4-Chloroaniline.....	1 U	1	Butylbenzylphthalate.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorobutadiene.....	1 U	1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine.....	10 U	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2-Methylnaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Chrysene.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene...	2 U	2	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate..	1 U	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Di-n-octyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Chloronaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzo(k)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Dimethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Acenaphthylene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene.....	1 U	1

Charter Member American Council of Independent Laboratories

Laucks ⁸² YEARS

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

GC/MS ABN surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-03A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Nitrobenzene d5.....	93	37	104
2-Fluorobiphenyl.....	93	37	105
Terphenyl d14.....	107	20	126
Phenol d6.....	42	10	69
2-Fluorophenol.....	55	20	86
2,4,6-Tribromophenol.	112	24	124
D10-Azobenzene.....	93	35	114
2-Bromophenol.....	77	27	97

* = Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits.

Laucks® Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

GC/MS ABN surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-04A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Nitrobenzene d5.....	92	37	104
2-Fluorobiphenyl.....	83	37	105
Terphenyl d14.....	104	20	126
Phenol d6.....	49	10	69
2-Fluorophenol.....	62	20	86
2,4,6-Tribromophenol.	110	24	124
D10-Azobenzene.....	91	35	114
2-Bromophenol.....	77	27	97

* = Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits.

Laucks⁸²_{YRS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-05A
Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : 01/02/91
Test Code : LXTCSW

Collection Date : N/A
Date Analyzed : 01/23/91
Test Method : SW8270
Extraction Method : SW3510

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Phenol.....	1 U	1	3-Nitroaniline.....	5 U	5
Aniline.....	5 U	5	Acenaphthene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrophenol.....	10 U	10
2-Chlorophenol.....	1 U	1	4-Nitrophenol.....	10 U	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzofuran.....	1 U	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	2,4-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2
Benzyl alcohol.....	1 U	1	Diethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Chlorophenyl phenylether..	1 U	1
2-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	Fluorene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether..	1 U	1	4-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2
4-Methylphenol.....	1 U	1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol..	10 U	10
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine..	1 U	1	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine.....	1 U	1
Hexachloroethane.....	2 U	2	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine.....	2 U	2
Nitrobenzene.....	1 U	1	4-Bromophenyl phenylether...	2 U	2
Isophorone.....	1 U	1	Hexachlorobenzene.....	2 U	2
2-Nitrophenol.....	2 U	2	Pentachlorophenol.....	10 U	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol.....	1 U	1	Phenanthrene.....	1 U	1
Benzoic acid.....	25 U	25	Anthracene.....	1 U	1
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane..	1 U	1	Di-n-butyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene.....	1 U	1	Pyrene.....	1 U	1
Naphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzidine.....	25 U	25
4-Chloroaniline.....	1 U	1	Butylbenzylphthalate.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorobutadiene.....	1 U	1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine.....	10 U	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2-Methylnaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Chrysene.....	1 U	1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene...	2 U	2	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate..	1 U	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Di-n-octyl phthalate.....	1 U	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol.....	2 U	2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Chloronaphthalene.....	1 U	1	Benzo(k)fluoranthene.....	1 U	1
2-Nitroaniline.....	2 U	2	Benzo(a)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Dimethyl phthalate.....	1 U	1	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.....	1 U	1
Acenaphthylene.....	1 U	1	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.....	1 U	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene.....	2 U	2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene.....	1 U	1

Charter Member American Council of Independent Laboratories

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology and Technical Services

GC/MS ABN surrogate recovery report for sample 9012389-05A

Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
Nitrobenzene d5.....	87	37	104
2-Fluorobiphenyl.....	83	37	105
Terphenyl d14.....	101	20	126
Phenol d6.....	42	10	69
2-Fluorophenol.....	55	20	86
2,4,6-Tribromophenol.	103	24	124
D10-Azobenzene.....	87	35	114
2-Bromophenol.....	71	27	97

* = Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits.

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-01A
Client Sample ID: #110 LG-3

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : LXTCVW

Collection Date : 12/27/90
Date Analyzed : 12/28/90
Test Method : SW 8240

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Chloromethane.....	1 U	1	Bromodichloromethane.....	1 U	1
Bromomethane.....	1 U	1	1,2-Dichloropropane.....	1 U	1
Vinyl chloride.....	1 U	1	Trichloroethene.....	1 U	1
Chloroethane.....	3 U	3	Benzene.....	1 U	1
Methylene chloride.....	1 U	1	Dibromochloromethane.....	3 U	3
Acetone.....	13	5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1
Carbon disulfide.....	1 U	1	Bromoform.....	1 U	1
1,1-Dichloroethene.....	1 U	1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone.....	3 U	3
1,1-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	2-Hexanone.....	3 U	3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane..	3 U	3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene.....	1 U	1	Tetrachloroethene.....	1 U	1
Total 1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	Toluene.....	1 U	1
Chloroform.....	1 U	1	Chlorobenzene.....	3 U	3
2-Butanone.....	3 U	3	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene..	3 U	3
1,2-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	Ethylbenzene.....	1 U	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene....	3 U	3
Carbon tetrachloride.....	1 U	1	Styrene.....	1 U	1
Vinyl acetate.....	1 U	1	Total Xylene.....	1 U	1

Surrogate Recovery Report

Surrogate Compound	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
1,2-Dichloroethane d4...	99	78	118
Toluene d8.....	98	83	117
p-Bromofluorobenzene....	96	81	115

* Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits. See comments.

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry Microbiology and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-04A

Client Sample ID: #113 LG-4

Date Received : 12/27/90

Date Extracted : N/A

Test Code : LXTCVW

Collection Date : 12/27/90

Date Analyzed : 12/28/90

Test Method : SW 8240

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Chloromethane.....	1 U	1	Bromodichloromethane.....	1 U	1
Bromomethane.....	1 U	1	1,2-Dichloropropane.....	1 U	1
Vinyl chloride.....	1 U	1	Trichloroethene.....	1 U	1
Chloroethane.....	3 U	3	Benzene.....	1 U	1
Methylene chloride.....	1 U	1	Dibromochloromethane.....	3 U	3
Acetone.....	59	5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1
Carbon disulfide.....	1 U	1	Bromoform.....	1 U	1
1,1-Dichloroethene.....	1 U	1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone.....	3 U	3
1,1-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	2-Hexanone.....	3 U	3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane..	3 U	3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene....	1 U	1	Tetrachloroethene.....	1 U	1
Total 1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	Toluene.....	1 U	1
Chloroform.....	1 U	1	Chlorobenzene.....	3 U	3
2-Butanone.....	3 U	3	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene..	3 U	3
1,2-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	Ethylbenzene.....	1 U	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene....	3 U	3
Carbon tetrachloride.....	1 U	1	Styrene.....	1 U	1
Vinyl acetate.....	1 U	1	Total Xylene.....	1 U	1

Surrogate Recovery Report

Surrogate Compound	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
1,2-Dichloroethane d4...	104	78	118
Toluene d8.....	100	83	117
p-Bromofluorobenzene....	99	81	115

* Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits. See comments.

Laucks ⁸² _{WUS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON SAMPLE: 9012389-05A
Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Date Received : 12/27/90
Date Extracted : N/A
Test Code : LITCVW

Collection Date :
Date Analyzed : 12/28/90
Test Method : SW 8240

Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)	Compound	Result (ug/L)	SDL (ug/L)
Chloromethane.....	1 U	1	Bromodichloromethane.....	1 U	1
Bromomethane.....	1 U	1	1,2-Dichloropropane.....	1 U	1
Vinyl chloride.....	1 U	1	Trichloroethene.....	1 U	1
Chloroethane.....	3 U	3	Benzene.....	1 U	1
Methylene chloride.....	1 U	1	Dibromochloromethane.....	3 U	3
Acetone.....	11	5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1
Carbon disulfide.....	1 U	1	Bromoform.....	1 U	1
1,1-Dichloroethene.....	1 U	1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone.....	3 U	3
1,1-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	2-Hexanone.....	3 U	3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane..	3 U	3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene....	1 U	1	Tetrachloroethene.....	1 U	1
Total 1,2-Dichloroethene...	1 U	1	Toluene.....	1 U	1
Chloroform.....	1 U	1	Chlorobenzene.....	3 U	3
2-Butanone.....	3 U	3	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene..	3 U	3
1,2-Dichloroethane.....	1 U	1	Ethylbenzene.....	1 U	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane.....	1 U	1	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene....	3 U	3
Carbon tetrachloride.....	1 U	1	Styrene.....	1 U	1
Vinyl acetate.....	1 U	1	Total Xylene.....	1 U	1

Surrogate Recovery Report

Surrogate Compound	Percent Recovery	Limits:	
		Min.	Max.
1,2-Dichloroethane d4...	100	78	118
Toluene d8.....	96	83	117
p-Bromofluorobenzene....	97	81	115

* Surrogate recovery is outside of control limits. See comments.

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Arsenic (Method 206.3)
Blank Name : B1231HY02 Preparation Date: 12/31/90
Conc Found : 0.005 U Control Limit : 0.010
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Selenium (Method 7741)
Blank Name : B1231HY05 Preparation Date: 12/31/90
Conc Found : 5.000 U Control Limit : 10.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Cyanide, Total (335.3)
Blank Name : B1228CN_W01 Preparation Date: 12/28/90
Conc Found : 0.005 U Control Limit : 0.010
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Silver (Method 6010)
Blank Name : B0102ICP_W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Nickel (Method 6010)
Blank Name : B0102ICP_W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 2.000 U Control Limit : 4.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Lead (Method 6010)
Blank Name : B0102ICP_W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 5.000 U Control Limit : 10.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Zinc (Method 6010)
Blank Name : B0102ICP_W01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 5.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test : Mercury (Method 7470)
Blank Name : B0104HGW01 Preparation Date: 01/04/91
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Laucks⁸²_{PLUS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Total Phenol
Blank Name : B0102PNL_W01 Control Limit : 0.010
Conc Found : 0.005 U
Units : mg/L Preparation Date: 01/02/91

This blank applies to the following samples:
1-4

Test : Antimony (Method 7041)
Blank Name : B0102GFW01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 3.000 U Control Limit : 6.000
Units : ug/L

This blank applies to the following samples:
1-4

* = outside control limits
U = analyte not detected

Laucks®

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Thallium (Method 7841)
Blank Name : B0102GFW01 Preparation Date: 01/02/91
Conc Found : 2.000 U Control Limit : 4.000
Units : ug/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

* = outside control limits
U = analyte not detected

Charter Member American Council of Independent Laboratories

Laucks ⁸² _{Years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Test	:	Arsenic (Method 206.3)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	90%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	95%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	5	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		74 - 136 17

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Selenium (Method 270.3)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	90%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	95%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	5	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		55 - 147 19

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Cyanide, Total (335.3)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	73%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	72%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	2	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		69 - 133 30

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
9012389-01-04

U = not detected
* = outside control limits

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Test	:	Silver (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	87%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	81%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	7	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		57 - 119 25

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Beryllium (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	95%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	108%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	12	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		69 - 129 16

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Cadmium (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	92%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	90%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	2	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		62 - 118 17

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

U = not detected
* = outside control limits

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Test	:	Chromium (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	94%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	92%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	3	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		55 - 124 23

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Copper (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	93%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	93%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	0	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		62 - 119 28

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Nickel (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	91%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	88%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	3	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		62 - 117 13

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

U = not detected
* = outside control limits

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Test	:	Lead (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	99%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	88%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	12	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		65 - 118 14

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Zinc (Method 6010)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	95%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	89%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	7	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		50 - 123 24

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Mercury (Method 7470)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	104%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	104%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	0	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		75 - 122 30

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
9012389 1-4

U = not detected
* = outside control limits

Laucks ⁸² _{RR/S}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9012389 MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATES

Test	:	Total Phenol	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	112%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	109%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	3	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		69 - 126 14

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
9012389 1-4

Test	:	Thallium (Method 7841)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	76%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	76%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	1	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		50 - 150 30

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

Test	:	Antimony (Method 7041)	
Matrix Spike Recovery	:	80%	
Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery	:	80%	Control Limits
Relative percent difference	:	1	<u>Recovery</u> <u>RPD</u>
Control limits	:		50 - 150 30

This MS/MSD and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1-4

U = not detected
* = outside control limits

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

RECEIVED
CATHCART SANITARY LANDFILL
OCT 29 1990
SNOHOMISH COUNTY
SOLID WASTE DIVISION

CLIENT: Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk
Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN : Dawn Shroy-Marshall

Certificate of Analysis

Work Order# : 90-10-269
DATE RECEIVED : 10/15/90
DATE OF REPORT: 10/24/90

Work ID : Lk Goodwin
Taken By : Client
Transported by: Hand Delivered
Type : Water

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION:

	Sample Description	Collection Date
01	90 LG-F	10/15/90 09:50
02	Method Blank	N/A

A Total Coliform Count of under 2.2 MPN per 100 mls meets U.S.E.P.A. and Public Health criteria for drinking water. A Total Coliform Count above 2.2 MPN per 100 mls does not meet these criteria. If the symbol >/ appears in your report, it means that the total coliform concentration is greater than or equal to the number shown.

Aliquots for metals (Iron, Manganese, Zinc), and Soluble NO3NO2 are being reported as dissolved, samples were filtered and preserved upon receipt at the laboratory.

The flag "U" indicates the analyte of interest was not detected, to the limit of detection shown.

The flag "B" indicates the analyte of interest was detected in the method blank associated with the sample, as well as in the sample itself.



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸² years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

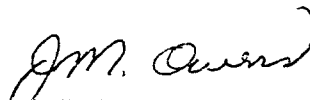
CLIENT : Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk

C e r t i f i c a t e o f A n a l y s i s

Work Order# : 90-10-269

Unless otherwise instructed all samples will be discarded on 12/09/90

Respectfully submitted,
Laucks Testing Laboratories, Inc.


J. M. Owens



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks⁸²_{TESTS}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT : Snohomish County Dept Pub Wrk

C e r t i f i c a t e o f A n a l y s i s

Work Order # 90-10-269

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

Analyte	Units	<u>01</u>
Ammonia as N	mg/L	0.01 U
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	10. U
Chloride (Method 300.0)	mg/L	5.
Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	74.
Iron (Method 236.1)	mg/L	0.08
Manganese (Method 243.1)	mg/L	0.013
Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L	1.4
Nitrate as N	mg/L	1.4
Specific Conductance	Micromhos/cm	160.
Sulfate as SO ₄	mg/L	6.
Total Coliform Count	MPN per 100 ml	2.2 U
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	1.3
Zinc (Method 289.1)	mg/L	0.005 B
pH	gl elec @25C	8.6



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks® Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9010269 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Chemical Oxygen Demand
Blank Name : B1016CODW01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 10.000 U Control Limit : 20.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Nitrate + Nitrite as N
Blank Name : B1016NNW01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 0.010 U Control Limit : 0.020
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Chloride (Method 300.0)
Blank Name : B1016ICW01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Nitrate as N
Blank Name : B1016ICW01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 0.200 U Control Limit : 0.400
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9010269 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Sulfate as SO₄
Blank Name : B1016ICW01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Ammonia as N
Blank Name : B1017NH3W01 Preparation Date: 10/17/90
Conc Found : 0.010 U Control Limit : 0.020
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Iron (Method 236.1)
Blank Name : B1016AA01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 0.050 U Control Limit : 0.250
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Manganese (Method 243.1)
Blank Name : B1016AA01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 0.002 U Control Limit : 0.004
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks⁸²_{years}

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

REPORT ON WORK ORDER 9010269 PREPARATION BLANKS

Test : Zinc (Method 289.1)
Blank Name : B1016AA01 Preparation Date: 10/16/90
Conc Found : 0.002 Control Limit : 0.004
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Total Organic Carbon
Blank Name : B1018TOC W01 Preparation Date: 10/18/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

Test : Hardness as CaCO3
Blank Name : B1024HARW01 Preparation Date: 10/24/90
Conc Found : 1.000 U Control Limit : 2.000
Units : mg/L

This blank and comments, if any, apply to the following sample(s):
1

* = outside control limits
U = analyte not detected



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT: Solid Waste Division
c/o Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN: Dawn Shroy-Marshall

LABORATORY NO. 9010289

DATE: Dec. 18, 1990

REPORT ON: SOIL

SAMPLE

IDENTIFICATION: Submitted 10/16/90 and identified as shown below:

- 1) LG-1-1 10/13/90 Lake Goodwin Landfill
- 2) LG-1-17 10/14/90 Lake Goodwin Landfill
- 3) LG-1-18 10/14/90 Lake Goodwin Landfill

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Total Coliform Count, MPN/per gram	<2.	5.	<2.
Total Solids, %	97.0	65.6	75.4
Conductivity, umhos/cm	11.	12.	28.
Total Organic Carbon, %	0.6	0.2	0.4
pH, glass electrode at 25°C	5.8	6.8	7.2

parts per million (mg/kg), dry basis

Halogenated Hydrocarbons	<40.	<40.	<40.
Chemical Oxygen Demand	5700.	2400.	2500.
Chloride	<15.	18.	<15.
Nitrate as N	<2.1	3.6	2.8
Nitrite as N	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20
Ammonia	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Sulfate as SO ₄	21.	20.	12.
Iron	14000.	34000.	21000.
Zinc	24.	120.	47.
Manganese	210.	570.	330.



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology and Technical Services

Solid Waste Division

PAGE 2

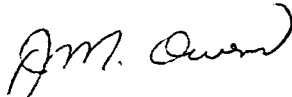
LABORATORY NO. 9010289

Key

< indicates "less than"

Respectfully submitted,

LAUCKS TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.



J. M. Owens

JMO:bv



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

APPENDIX

Copy of Chain-of-Custody Attached



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

DEC 26 1990
SNOHOMISH CO.
WASTE DIVISION

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CLIENT: Solid Waste Division
c/o Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN: Dawn Shroy-Marshall

LABORATORY NO. 9010548

DATE: Dec. 18, 1990

REPORT ON: SOIL

SAMPLE

IDENTIFICATION: Submitted 10/30/90 and identified as shown below:

- 1) LG-2-1 10/27/90
- 2) LG-2-23 10/27/90
- 3) LG-2-24 10/27/90

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Total Coliform Count, MPN/per gram	1700.	<2.	2.
Total Solids, %	93.0	92.5	82.1
Conductivity, umhos/cm	14.	14.	26.
Total Organic Carbon, %	0.5	0.2	0.2
pH, glass electrode at 25°C	7.0	6.9	7.2

parts per million (mg/kg), dry basis

Halogenated Hydrocarbons	<18.	<18.	<18.
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1800.	1100.	2800.
Chloride	<12.	<12.	<12.
Nitrate as N	<2.4	<2.4	<2.4
Nitrite as N	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Ammonia	<0.11	<0.11	<0.11
Sulfate as SO ₄	10.	13.	13.
Iron	13000.	20000.	17000.
Zinc	25.	39.	37.
Manganese	230.	430.	260.



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Solid Waste Division

PAGE 2

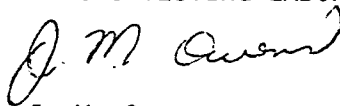
LABORATORY NO. 9010548

Key

< indicates "less than"

Respectfully submitted,

LAUCKS TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.



J. M. Owens

JMO:bv



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

APPENDIX

Copy of Chain-of-Custody Attached



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

~~14603 N.E. 87th St.~~
~~REDMOND, WA 98052~~
~~(206) 885-1881~~

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

CATHCART
DEC 26 1990
SNOHOMISH CO
SOLID WASTE DIV.

CLIENT: Solid Waste Division
c/o Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN: Dawn Shroy-Marshall

LABORATORY NO. 9010515

DATE: Dec. 18, 1990

REPORT ON: SOIL

SAMPLE

IDENTIFICATION: Submitted 10/26/90 and identified as shown below:

- 1) LG-3-1 10/23/90
- 2) LG-3-17 10/23/90
- 3) LG-3-18 10/23/90

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Total Coliform Count, MPN/per gram	280,000.	5.	110.
Total Solids, %	73.4	81.5	82.9
Conductivity, umhos/cm	620.	44.	38.
Total Organic Carbon, %	2.0	0.6	0.2
pH, glass electrode at 25°C	6.1	7.9	7.9
<u>parts per million (mg/kg), dry basis</u>			
Halogenated Hydrocarbons	<35.	<35.	<35.
Chemical Oxygen Demand	100,000.	2,400.	2,600.
Chloride	<13.	<13.	<13.
Nitrate as N	4.9	3.2	<2.
Nitrite as N	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3
Ammonia	2.7	3.0	<0.12
Sulfate as SO4	1600.	14.	15.
Iron	29,000.	16,000.	16,000.
Zinc	220.	32.	34.
Manganese	470.	250.	240.



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Solid Waste Division

PAGE 2

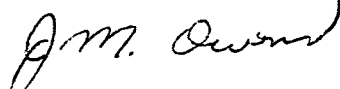
LABORATORY NO. 9010515

Key

< indicates "less than"

Respectfully submitted,

LAUCKS TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.



J. M. Owens

JMO:bv



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Lauck's
Testing Laboratories, Inc.
940 South Harney St. Seattle, Washington 98108 (206) 767-5060

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

DATE _____ PAGE _____ OF _____

[illegible]

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

DATE _____ PAGE _____ OF _____

[illegible]

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology and Technical Services

RECEIVED
DEC 20 1990
SNOHOMISH COUNTY
DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS

CLIENT: Solid Waste Division
c/o Cathcart Landfill
14528 Highway 9
Snohomish, WA 98290
ATTN: Dawn Shroy-Marshall

LABORATORY NO. 9010557

DATE: Dec. 20, 1990

REPORT ON: SOIL

SAMPLE

IDENTIFICATION: Submitted 10/31/90 and identified as shown below:

- 1) LG-4-1 10/29/90
- 2) LG-4-11 10/30/90
- 3) LG-4-12 10/30/90

TESTS PERFORMED AND RESULTS:

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Total Coliform Count, MPN/per gram	5.	2.	<2.2
Total Solids, %	95.7	80.1	76.3
Conductivity, umhos/cm	7.	17.	21.
Total Organic Carbon, %	0.5	0.2	<0.1
pH, glass electrode at 25°C	6.6	7.6	7.7

parts per million (mg/kg), dry basis

Halogenated Hydrocarbons	<20.	<20.	<20.
Chemical Oxygen Demand	14,000.	2,600.	2,800.
Chloride	<10.	<11.	9.2
Nitrate as N	<2.	<2.	<1.
Nitrite as N	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3
Ammonia	<0.10	<0.12	<0.13
Sulfate as SO ₄	17.	<11.	7.3
Iron	19,000.	15,000.	19,000.
Zinc	38.	30.	43.
Manganese	310.	230.	440.



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks ⁸³ years

Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology, and Technical Services

Solid Waste Division

PAGE 2

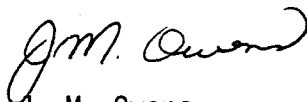
LABORATORY NO. 9010557

Key

< indicates "less than"

Respectfully submitted,

LAUCKS TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.



J. M. Owens

JMO:bv



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.



Testing Laboratories, Inc.

940 South Harney St., Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 767-5060 FAX 767-5063

Chemistry, Microbiology and Technical Services

APPENDIX

Copy of Chain-of-Custody Attached



This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the person, partnership, or corporation to whom it is addressed. Subsequent use of the name of this company or any member of its staff in connection with the advertising or sale of any product or process will be granted only on contract. This company accepts no responsibility except for the due performance of inspection and/or analysis in good faith and according to the rules of the trade and of science.

Laucks
Testing Laboratories, Inc.
940 South Harney St. Seattle Washington 98108 (206)767 5000

DATE 10.31.90 PAGE OF

TESTING PARAMETERS

JOHN STRUNK

C. COMPANY		LAUCKS TE
		COMPANY

OF CONTAINERS

NO OF CONTAINERS

OBSERVATIONS, COMMENTS,
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

RUN MFS PARAMETERS
ON FORT SAMPLES

RG-4-1	5'
LG-4-11	55'
LG-4-12	60

[illegible]

TIME

LAUCKS TESTING LABS

TIME

TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS:

6

SHIPMENT METHOD:

SPECIAL SHIPMENT, HANDLING OR STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Shaded areas for lab use only.
2. Complete in ballpoint pen. Draw one line through errors and initial.
3. Be specific in test requests.
4. Check off tests to be performed for each sample.
5. Retain final copy after signing.
6. Provide name and telephone of your contact person.

NAME DAWN SHROY MARSHALL

TELEPHONE 668-6132

BILLING INFORMATION, IF DIFFERENT

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

ATTN: _____



APPENDIX D

WATER-VEL

Water-Vel program by In-Situ, Inc. is designed to predict groundwater direction and flow rate based on potentiometric (head) measurements and hydraulic conductivity. The hydraulic gradient is computed by the program with a least squares fit to the static water level elevations, and the groundwater velocity is obtained using generalized Darcy's Law, shown below. The program is capable of developing solutions for varying horizontal and vertical hydraulic conductivities.

$$v = \frac{KI}{\eta_e}$$

Where:

- v = Groundwater Velocity (L/t)
- K = Hydraulic Conductivity (L/t)
- I = Hydraulic Gradient (L/L)
- η_e = Effective Porosity (Dimensionless)

Water-Vel calculations were done assuming an isotropic aquifer (vertical hydraulic conductivity = horizontal hydraulic conductivity). A sensitivity analysis was performed where the vertical hydraulic conductivity was given a value 5 orders of magnitude less than the horizontal. Results indicated only minor variation from the isotropic case.

The groundwater velocity estimated from Water-Vel program for the advance outwash aquifer is 1.24 ft/day, which is 0.42 ft/day less than the velocity estimated from the modified Darcy equation (1.66 ft/day). Water-Vel results suggest that either the gradient used in the Darcy equation is too high or the computer estimates are low. A gradient of 0.003 used in the Darcy equation results in a groundwater velocity estimate of 1.25 ft/day, which is much closer to the Water-Vel estimate. These results suggest that Water-Vel least squares fit agrees reasonably well with hand-calculated groundwater velocities at the site. An output listing of the Water-vel run is included at the end of this Appendix (Table D-1). Input parameters for Water-Vel, including coordinates for all well locations, are listed on the output.

*Lake Goodwin LT
Snohomish CO
Solid Waste*

Snohomish County Public Works

Gerald E. Weed, P.E. Director

Wall Street Building
2930 Wetmore Avenue
Everett, Washington 98201
Willis D. Tucker, County Executive

RECEIVED

MAY 11 1991

DEPT. OF ECOLOGY

April 23, 1991

RECEIVED

MAY 11 1991

DEPT. OF ECOLOGY

Ms. Sally Saffioles
Department of Ecology
Northwest Regional Office
4350 - 150th N.E.
Redmond, WA 98052

Re: Lake Goodwin Landfill - Ecology Grant No. TAX 89064

Dear Sally:

Attached is the draft Hydrogeologic Study of the Lake Goodwin Landfill by Converse Consultants N.W. I have also sent a copy to Iloba Odum. I would like to meet with you and the Snohomish Health District in a couple of weeks to receive your comments and perhaps a quick field trip to locate a fifth groundwater monitoring well location. I will give you a call soon to set up that meeting.

Sincerely,



KENNETH B. MILLER, PROJECT MANAGER
Solid Waste Management Division

KBM/sc

c: Jeff Defenbach, SHD
Dave Schonhard, SWMD
s;dsk1miller/lk goodwin grant

CHRISTINE O. GREGOIRE
Director



STATE OF WASHINGTON

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

4350-150th Ave. N.E. • Redmond, Washington 98052-5301 • (206) 867-7000

August 24, 1990

TO: Iloba Odum

FROM: Sally Safioles

SUBJECT: Preconstruction Meeting for Lake Goodwin Landfill,
Grant No. Tax 89064

On August 21, 1990 the following persons attended the preconstruction meeting and field trip to Lake Goodwin:

Ken Miller	Snohomish County Solid Waste Division
Erick Miller	Converse Consultants
John Strunk	Converse Consultants
Dawn Shroy-Marshall	Snohomish County Solid Waste Division
Thomas Fuhrhapp	John Mathias & Associates Inc.
Mike Young	Snohomish Health District
Sally Safioles	Ecology-NWRO

FIELD INSPECTION

Prior to the preconstruction meeting, the above attendees and Jeff Defenbach of the Snohomish Health District met at Lake Goodwin Landfill to field inspect and flag the well locations. It was agreed upon that five wells would be installed: 3 deep and 2 shallow. Well LG-1 will be the upgradient well for the deep aquifer located on the east side of the landfill. Wells LG-2 and LG-3 are downgradient for the deep aquifer located on the west side on the landfill. It is anticipated, based on the drilling of LG-2, that a shallow perched zone will allow the placement of one of the shallow well as a cluster with LG-2 and will be designated as LG-2S. The second shallow will be placed on the Northeast side of the landfill.

PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

At the preconstruction meeting the initial discussion focused on Lake Goodwin Landfill as a WAC 173-301 closed landfill and its status on the state's contaminated site list and the implications of the Model Toxic Control Act (MTCA). Lake Goodwin is currently a C2 on the state's contaminated sites list. This C2 status implies that there is no documentation to-date (such as ground or surface water data) of contamination. A C1 indicates that contamination has been documented. Once the wells are installed and depending on the water quality results, the status of this site may change. At that point Snohomish County Solid Waste Division has been advised to talk with Mike Gallagher, the Supervisor for

Ecology's NWRO Cleanup Section, to discuss further action on the site.

In order to provide the Cleanup Program with the appropriate water quality information, the wells will be sampled twice a year for the full priority pollutant scan (metals will be total), plus the MFS parameters. On a quarterly basis the wells will be sampled for the MFS parameters.

The following minutes are based on responses to review comments dated July 17, 1990 from Ecology to Ken Miller on the preliminary preconstruction bid package and hydrogeologic assessment of the site:

Well Construction Details: The well screen will be 10 feet in all wells for a more discrete sample. The joints will be flushed tread with no use of glues. No water is anticipated to be used downhole. If water is to be used, the closest source is the Seven Lakes Water District. It would first be checked for chlorination. The placement of the sand pack and other materials will be "sounded" with a Lufkin Tape which is weighted with a steel rod and depths indicated on the tape. Water levels will be measured with well probes. The final design for the well seal will be a thick bentonite slurry that will be tremied into the annular space. The wells will be protected with 2 or 3 Ecology blocks or concrete post. The driller does have a Washington State License and the 40 hour safety course.

Decontamination: The drill rig will be steam cleaned between each well site. All objects that go downhole and in contact with the soil will have a four wash decon. consisting of an Aquinox plus tap water rinse, tap rinse, methanol rinse, then distilled water rinse. This four wash decon. is used also for ground water sampling devices.

Logging the Well/Reporting Well Log: Converse Consultants will log the well from five-foot grab samples. The well logs will be included in the final report including details on surface seal and well protection. The well driller will submit the well logs to Ecology.

Sampling Devices: The deep wells will have dedicated Hydrostar pumps; the shallow wells will have dedicated Hydrostar pumps if greater than 30 feet, if less than 30 feet teflon tubing will be installed for use with a peristaltic pump. The Snohomish Solid Waste Division will collect the ground water samples.

Soil Samples: Soil samples will be collected every five feet for sieve analysis and for soil descriptions. Three soil samples in each well will be collected for chemical testing--one near surface sample (five foot depth) and one above and below the water table and tested for the MFS parameters.

Aquifer Testing/Groundwater Flow Velocity and Direction: A rising head aquifer test will be conducted in each well with a stainless steel slug bar. Wells will be surveyed in by Snohomish County personnel. Groundwater flow velocity and directions will then be determined.

Completion Dates: The estimated completion dates on the grant have passed (July 1990). Ken Miller will update those dates. Drilling is planned in September 1990. Ecology will be notified when the drilling is to begin.

Final Report: The final report should include, but is not limited to, site history, regional and site specific geology/hydrogeology, geologic cross-sections, well logs, ground water contour maps, well development methods, soils analyses, water quality data, aquifer testing methods and data, decontamination procedure, QA/QC sampling, suggestions and recommendations, and other information to fully document field activities.

cc: Ken Miller/Dawn Shroy-Marshall, Snohomish County SWMD
Erick Miller/John Strunk, Converse Consultant
Mike Young, Snohomish Health District
Cullen Stephenson, SW Unit Supervisor
Mike Gallagher, Toxic Cleanup Section, Supervisor