# Lake Goodwin Landfill 2013 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Environmental Monitoring Report



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SEP 2 6 2013 DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

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#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

The following report presents the third quarter ground water monitoring results for 2013 at the Lake Goodwin Landfill (*Lake Goodwin Landfill, Site*). The site is located immediately west of Frank Waters Road in northwestern Snohomish County, about one and one half (*1.5*) miles northwest of Lake Goodwin and about five-(5) miles south of Stanwood (*T31N, R4E, sections 17, 20 Willamette Meridian*). The landfill is located at 18520 Frank Waters Road, Stanwood, Washington, 98292. The location of the site relative to existing municipal improvements is shown on the **Vicinity Map** (*figure 1*).

This report has been prepared in compliance with the sites **Safety and Analysis Plan** (*SAP*) as approved by the **Snohomish Health District**, June, 2012.

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is sited within a former County gravel pit. Waste disposed at the landfill reportedly consisted of municipal waste, including garbage and demolition debris, and some industrial waste. Waste was placed in the landfill starting in the early 1960's under the direction of **Snohomish County's Road Maintenance Division**. The landfill was closed in September 1982. Upon closure a cover system was installed. The landfill is not lined nor does it have leachate or gas collection systems. The Lake Goodwin Landfill is currently permitted for post-closure monitoring by the **Snohomish Health District** (*SHD*) with a <u>Solid Waste Facility Permit</u> (*SW-085, 2013*). Monitoring results are reviewed by both the **SHD** and the **Department of Ecology**.

#### **1.2 PERMIT INFORMATION**

Monitoring activities at the landfill are governed by the <u>Solid Waste Facility Permit SW-085</u> (*landfill permit, Snohomish Health District 2013*). This permit requires post-closure ground water monitoring on a quarterly basis until the facility has been shown to be stable and/or not harmful to human health or the environment. The **SHD** permits and evaluates post-closure conditions at the Lake Goodwin Landfill using the <u>Snohomish Health District Sanitary Codes</u>, *Chapter 3.1, Solid Waste Handling Regulations; Chapter 173-304 WAC Minimum Functional Standards for Solid Waste; Chapter 173-200 WAC Water Quality Standards for Ground Waters;* and *Chapter 246-290 WAC Drinking Water Regulations*. There is an approved **Sampling & Analysis Plan** (SAP) for this landfill.

#### **1.3 SITE DESCRIPTION AND PHYSICAL CONDITIONS**

The closed landfill is approximately 11.5 acres in size and is part of a larger County owned parcel of land. The Lake Goodwin Landfill is bounded by private residential property or commercial forest to the south, west and north. The Frank Waters Road is located along the eastern side of the site. Access into the site is from a partially paved and partially graveled driveway off of the Frank Waters Road. Existing site improvements are shown on the **Site Map** (*figure 2*).

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is located on a topographic feature known as the Tulalip Plateau, a rolling upland area bounded by the Stillaguamish River to the north, the Puget Sound to the west and south, and by a topographic low called the Marysville Trough to the east. The general topography in the immediate vicinity of the site is typical of glaciated areas within western Washington State – gently rolling landscapes bisected by seasonal and/or year round drainages, creeks and rivers. Several small to medium sized lakes are found in the immediate vicinity of the site. Lake Martha, Lake Howard and Lake Goodwin are all located within a few miles of the Landfill. There are no named drainages, creeks or rivers located in the immediate vicinity of the site. Elevations in the immediate vicinity of the landfill range from approximately el. 320 to el. 380 feet above mean sea level. Relative to existing surrounding topography the landfill itself is approximately 60 ft high. It has been graded and slopes gently in a north to northeast direction. Site Topography is shown on the **Topographic Map** (*figure 3*). In most places the landfill cover is well vegetated with grass, clover and weeds. A few Douglas fir have naturally reseeded in the fill cover near the edge of the site. There are no stormwater detention ponds or leachate collection ponds located on the site.

#### 1.4 LOCAL HYDROGEOLOGY

Surficial geology of the site area is shown on the **Geologic Map** (*figure 4*). Based on the Geologic Map and the site explorations, surficial geology at the landfill site consists of Advance Outwash (*Qva*) sands and gravels locally overlain by sandy silts to silty sands and gravels – Glacial Till (*Qvt*).

The Lake Goodwin Landfill is located on an upland area known as the Tulalip Plateau. Below the Tulalip Plateau the most productive aquifer is the Advance Outwash (*Qva*) aquifer which is underlain by Transitional Bed (*Qtb*) silts and clays. Where overlain by Glacial Till (*Qvt*), the aquifer is confined. In the vicinity of the Lake Goodwin Landfill where Glacial Till (*Qvt*) is absent, the aquifer is unconfined. With the exception of the surficial Glacial Till (*Qvt*) found overlying the Advance Outwash (*Qva*) sands and gravels along the southern edge of the landfill (*LG-02*), permeable soils were encountered from the surface down in all site explorations at the landfill. Ground water elevations below the landfill during the  $3^{rd}$  quarter sampling event ranged from el. 154.14 to el. 156.53 with a north to northeast gradient in an unconfined condition within the Advance Outwash (*Qva*) aquifer.

### **1.5 EXISTING MONITORING NETWORK**

As outlined in the <u>Solid Waste Facility Permit SW-085</u>, quarterly monitoring of ground water is required at the Lake Goodwin Landfill. There are currently four-(4) ground water monitoring wells (*LG-01, LG-02, LG-04, and LG-05*) at the Lake Goodwin Landfill site that are read on a quarterly basis. Well locations are shown on the **Network Monitoring Map** (*figure 5*). Of these wells, one-(1) is considered to be an up-gradient well monitoring background ground water conditions in the immediate vicinity of the site (*LG-02*). The remaining three-(3) wells are located in and/or down gradient of the landfill (*LG-01, and LG-04 and LG-05*) and monitor ground water conditions that may be impacted from the site. Third quarter monitoring results are discussed in section 2.0 below.

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### 2.0 GROUND WATER MONITORING

Third quarter 2013 monitoring of the ground water wells at the Lake Goodwin Landfill was performed by **Snohomish County** personnel. Depth to water was measured and ground water samples were collected following approved sampling protocol. The following sections describe field procedures used and analytical results derived from the sampling event.

### 2.1 Ground Water Level Measurements

The depth to ground water within each well was measured prior to ground water sampling activities. The depth to ground water was measured using an electronic water level indicator in increments to the nearest 0.01 ft. as taken from a marked survey point on the top of each well casing.

Third Quarter Ground Water Measurements are shown in *Table 1* below. Hydrographs of the third quarter 2013 monitoring well readings are contained in *Appendix A* of this report. Third quarter well readings show a general decrease in water levels in the wells except in LG-01 which increased 6.3 feet. This may be the ghost of an operator error from second quarter. Readings confirm that the aquifer is unconfined in the immediate vicinity of the site. The Third

Quarter Ground Water Contour Map developed from the field data is shown in *Figure 6* of this report.

Measured precipitation at the Stanwood Weather Station (*WA-SN-11 http://www.cocorahs.org/state.aspx?state=wa*) during the third quarter monitoring period was 1.53" through August 29, 2013. For reference purposes, precipitation measured at station WA-SN-11 during the monitoring period has been included on the hydrographs.

Table 1 – Third Quarter Groundwater Measurements and Elevations

Well Numbers	Casing Elevation	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter De	elta/Elevation
LG-01	239.18	+6.3	155.61
LG-02	268.67	-0.65	156.53
LG-04	206.93	-0.28	154.14
LG-05	235.00	-0.11	154.75

#### 2.2 Third Quarter Ground Water Sampling Event

Purging and sampling of each of the four-(4) sampled monitoring wells was performed during the third quarter by Snohomish County personnel in accordance with the facilities closure permit. Approximately 2.1 to 3.6 gallons of water were purged from each well prior to sampling. Water samples were collected by slowly filling laboratory-supplied containers in such a manner as to reduce aeration. Sample containers were filled so that no headspace or air bubbles remained within the container. Samples were placed in coolers and packed in ice to keep samples at approximately 4C for delivery to the laboratory for testing. Samples were picked up by **Amtest** and taken to their Kirkland, WA laboratory for analysis of dissolved metals and conventional chemistry parameters. Analytical Data is included in *Appendix B*, Ground Water Analytical Data of this report. The analytical data was compared to the maximum contaminant levels (*MCL's*). A complete statistical analysis of the data was also performed utilizing **DUMPStat**. Results are discussed below.

#### 2.3 Evaluation of Third Quarter Ground Water Analytical Results

**Third Quarter Ground Water Test Results** for each well are summarized in *Table 2* below. Comparison of results to regulatory criteria (*MCL's*) shows:

<u>Third Quarter</u>: Other than arsenic in all wells and pH in LG-01, LG-04 and LG-05, there were no measured exceedances of the MCL's in any well except LG-05. There were measured exceedances of the MCL's for conductivity, nitrate nitrogen, pH, sodium, total dissolved solids

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and arsenic in well LG-05. No other dissolved metals were observed exceeding WAC level MCL's during this sampling event.

Well	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2013 Groundwater Standard Exceedances
LG-01	pH, arsenic
LG-02	Arsenic
LG-04	pH, arsenic
LG-05	Conductivity, nitrate nitrogen, pH, sodium, TDS, arsenic

Table 2 - Summary of Test Results – Third Quarter

#### 2.4 Statistical Evaluation

State health regulations under which the Lake Goodwin Landfill closure is permitted require that the landfill "...shall not cause exceedances of *Chapter 173-200 WAC*, **Water Quality Standards for Groundwater**, and *Chapter 246-290 WAC*, **Drinking Water Regulations**." The intent of these state regulations is to limit the impact that a landfill will have on the surrounding ground water resources. Collected ground water samples are tested for Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and Dissolved Metals – and compared to the standards listed in the above referenced WAC's. Where an exceedance to the standards occurs, a statistical analysis is provided to determine the significance of the change or exceedance. Each of these exceedances has been statistically analyzed using **DUMPStat Software** (*version 2.1.9 by Robert D. Gibbons Lt., 2000*) per the *Subtitle D* regulations and as specifically referenced in the **U.S. EPA** guidance manual. Mean, standard deviation, prediction limits, and confidence values were calculated by **DUMPStat**.

The Sens Trend analysis test was performed for the entire data set stretching back to 1988 and the results of that analysis – increasing or decreasing trends are recorded on the spreadsheet in Appendix B. The trend analysis in Appendix C is run between 2005 and current time. This allows us to place multiple constituents on a single graph to better see any potential correlation between the geochemistry and dissolved metals. Per Ecology and Snohomish Health District request, the prediction limit is updated in the first quarter of the year and subsequent data sets are compared against that prediction limit.

Based on the statistical analysis, exceedances to the prediction limits in down-gradient wells LG-01 and LG-05 were high for conventional chemistry parameters and minimal for the dissolved metals. Down-gradient well LG-04 was less impacted by leachate and had only

minimal exceedances to the calculated prediction limits during the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter sampling event. There were no exceedances to the calculated prediction limits for up-gradient well LG-02 during this quarter. Calculated exceedances to the prediction limits in the third quarter are shown in *Table 3* below.

Well 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2013 Exceedances							
LG-01	Alkalinity, bicarbonate, conductivity, magnesium, potassium, barium						
LG-02	Bicarbonate, calcium, conductivity, magnesium, barium						
LG-04	Magnesium, pH, barium						
LG-05	Alkalinity, bicarbonate, calcium, chloride, conductivity, magnesium, nitrate, nitrite, pH,						
	potassium, sodium, sulfate, TDS, barium, manganese, nickel						

#### Table 3 - Statistical Summary – Third Quarter Prediction Limit Exceedances for 2013

Stiff Diagrams, Trilinear Diagrams and Statistically Significant Trends Analyses results are

included in Appendix C of this report

## **3.0 GAS PROBE MEASUREMENTS**

We reported in our SAP and to SHD that neighbors removed / damaged the bar hole probes

at the Lake Goodwin Landfill. We will perform another gas study in the fall of 2013.

# 4.0 SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The ground water data collected during the 2013 third quarter sampling events indicates the

following:

- Precipitation during the third quarter decreased compared to the second quarter, and water levels generally dropped, but not significantly. The ground water elevation trend of all wells has been steadily rising since 2005.
- The conductivity level observed at well LG-05 was significantly higher than the surrounding wells during this sampling event.
- Statistical analysis did show significant impacts to well LG-05. Lesser impacts where indicated in wells LG-01 and minimal impacts were measured for LG-04. Time series plots based on the **DUMPStat** analysis indicates that there were more significant decreasing trends (*11*) than increasing trends (*8*) during this sampling event.
- There were very minimal impacts to the ground water from dissolved metals. Small exceedances to the calculated prediction limits for barium, manganese and nickel were found in the down-gradient wells.
- Every well exceeded the arsenic level.

## 4.1 CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

Third quarter 2013 data indicates a continued moderate leachate impact to the underlying Advance Outwash (*Qva*) aquifer below the Lake Goodwin Landfill. Statistical analysis indicates a large number of significantly decreasing trends which would suggest that the leachate impact to the ground water below the landfill is decreasing at this time, however, increasing trends were calculated for down gradient well LG-01 during this sampling event. Interpretation of the data suggests that a leachate plume impacting ground water extends beyond the landfill boundaries following the ground water gradient to the north-northeast in the immediate vicinity of LG-05.

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### 4.2 SIGNATURES and CERTIFICATIONS

Kirk<sup>1</sup>R. Bailey, LEG, LHG SCPW – Engineering Services KIRK R. BAILEY " Marall

Deanna Carveth SCPW – Solid Waste Division

September 18, 2013

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## Figure 1







# Figure 3 Lake Goodwin Landfill Topography

## **Map Features**

Parcel Boundary

Subject Property Boundary5 Foot Contours





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qeM sigolo92

## Subject Property Boundary Parcel Boundary Subject Property Boundary

## Geologic Description

(ovD) Assional outwash (Qva) Vashon recessional outwash

(JvD) Ilii nodesV |

Water

bnsJ beitiboM





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## Figure 5

## Lake Goodwin Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Network

## Map Features

Parcel Boundary

Subject Property Boundary

# Aquifer Unit (Active Wells)Deep Aquifer



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Water Elevation Contours 3rd Quarter 2013

- DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW 1.34 fVday 1.34 fVyear
- 488 ft/year 70.12 degrees to the positive x-axis

PARCEL BOUNDARY

- SUBJECT PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- ✓ 1 FT CONTOUR
- MELL LOCATION
- Крипоў узішоцоцз Providence Street Stree 640 084 08 320 091 0 1997 L H səliM E 90.0 0 0.015 0.03 21.0 60.0 ET0Z/6/L SL'7ST 50-91 ET0Z/6/L 754.14 to-91 J26.85 ET0Z/6/L TG-02 **T9'SST** ET07/6/L T0-97 DAAH\_RAAM ATAQ\_AMAR DI\_JJAW



# Appendix A

## Hydrographs



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## Appendix B

## Analytical Data

		No.	No.				Downgradient		Upgradient
	Statistical	of	of	Prediction	MCL	LG-01	LG-04	LG-05	LG-02
	Method	Samples	Detects	Limit (a)		7/9/13 DVTC	7/9/13 DVTC	7/9/13 DVTC	7/9/13 DVTC
CONVENTIONAL CHEMISTRY P	ARAMETERS								
(mg/L unless noted)						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Alkalinity (as CaCO3)	normal	36	36	146.5294		160 E	120	440 VIN	170 I N
Ammonia Nitrogen	nonpar	32	8	0.069		0.01 U	0.01 U	0.01 U	0.01 U
Bicarbonate	lognor	36	36	130.7348		160 V	120	440 V	170
Calcium, Dissolved	nonpar	36	36	23.2667		19.5 I N	20.8	52.2 V	29.6
Chemical Oxygen Demand	nonpar	28	2	26		10 U	10 U	10 U	10 U
Chloride	normal	36	36	9.4	250	6.1 IN	8	36 V	6
Conductivity (umhos/cm)	normal	36	36	332.9631	700	340	290	1000 V	370
Magnesium, Dissolved	lognor	36	36	20.2949		27.6 VIN	20.5	<b>74.9</b> ∨	24.2
Nitrate Nitrogen (mg-N/L)	nonpar	35	35	6	10	2.4 I N	1.1	16 V	1.7
Nitrite Nitrogen (mg-N/L)	nonpar	33	8	0.003	1	0.002 U	0.002 U	0.012 EDN	0.002 U
pH (std units)	nonpar	36	36	6.06-7.51	6.5-8.5	6.21 DN	5.91 VDN	5.91 E D N	6.76 DN
Potassium, Dissolved	normal	36	36	3.5853		3.65 E	3.34	7.75 ∨	3.55
Sodium, Dissolved	nonpar	35	35	13.8	20	8.65 D N	9.2 D N	44.3 VDN	10
Sulfate	nonpar	36	36	24	250	15.5	11.9 D N	38.5 VDN	11.4
Total Dissolved Solids	nonpar	36	36	550	500	230	220	660 V	260
Total Organic Carbon	nonpar	36	16	19		0.5 U	0.5 U	4.6	0.5 U
DISSOLVED METALS									
EPA Methods 6010B/7131A (mg	/L)								
Arsenic	nonpar	30	30	0.0078	0.00005	0.000681	0.000500	0.00138	0.00338
Barium	nonpar	31	31	0.0151	2	0.0177 I N	0.0208 V D N	0.076 V	0.0193 I N
Beryllium	nonpar	36	0	0.0005	0.004	0.0005 U	0.0005 U	0.0005 U	0.0005 U
Cadmium	nonpar	32	12	0.0002	0.005	0.000067	0.000025 U	0.000045	0.000025 U
Chromium	normal	33	25	0.0091	0.1	0.001 U	0.001 U	0.0027	0.0041
Cobalt	nonpar	36	6	0.008		0.001 U	0.001 U	0.001 U	0.001 U
Copper	nonpar	32	11	0.007	1.3	0.001 U	0.001 U	0.006	0.002
Iron	nonpar	36	6	0.032	0.3	0.009 U	0.009 U	0.019	0.009 U
Manganese	nonpar	33	13	0.0061	0.05	0.0047 P	0.0034 P	0.0115 V	0.0039
Nickel	nonpar	36	0	0.005	0.1	0.005 U	0.005 U	0.007 E	0.005 U

## Groundwater Statistical Summary: Third Quarter 2013 Lake Goodwin Landfill, Snohomish County, WA

D Column: U = Compound not detected in any sample; V Column: V = verified hit, E = exceedance, waiting verification; P = Passed, exceedance not verified

I means increasing trend, D means decreasing trend via Mann-Kendall Analysis; Ch? = a change in the trend analysis, N is no, Y is yes. Compared to previous quarter.

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## Appendix C

## Stiff, Tri-linear and Trend Analysis



## Q-3 2013 Goodwin Landfill



Q-3 2013 Goodwin Landfill



Prepared by: Snohomish County Solid Waste

## Goodwin Landfill



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-01

Prepared by: Snohomish County Solid Waste

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## Goodwin Landfill



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-01

Goodwin Landfill



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-02

Prepared by: Snohomish County Solid Waste

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## Goodwin Landfill



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-02

## Goodwin Landfill

Time Series Plot for LG-02



## <u>Goodwin Landfill</u>



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-04

Prepared by: Snohomish County Solid Waste

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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-04

## **Goodwin Landfill**



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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-05

## Goodwin Landfill



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Prepared by: Snohomish County Solid Waste

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Q-3 2013 Time Series Plot for LG-05