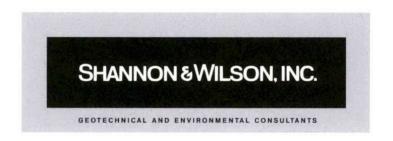
NW 2491

Hilton Seattle Hotel Eighth Quarter Groundwater Monitoring Report Seattle, Washington



August 4, 2015



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> > 21-1-12341-004

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MW-5 Product Thickness and Gasoline Concentrations

MW-5 Product Thickness and Benzene Concentrations

# HILTON SEATTLE HOTEL EIGHTH QUARTER GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the status of groundwater-monitoring activities at the Hilton Seattle Hotel in Seattle, Washington (the Site), facility No. 56642815. Cleanup of gasoline-contaminated groundwater is being conducted in response to the rescission of No Further Action (NFA) determination by the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). The cleanup action is being conducted on behalf of the former property owner, R.C. Hedreen Company of Seattle, Washington, as part of a real estate transaction agreement with the purchaser, Stonebridge Companies of Englewood, Colorado. Cleanup activities have been performed in general accordance with our Cleanup Action Plan (CAP), dated July 18, 2012. Cleanup activities have included the installation of a single-phase skimmer pump to recover free-floating petroleum product to the extent practicable from one monitoring well located in the sidewalk right-of-way (ROW) adjacent to the east of the Site and in-situ groundwater treatment using oxygen release compounds. This report summarizes monitoring activities performed for the period December 2014 to February 2015, considered to be the eighth quarter of monitoring.

#### 2.0 BACKGROUND

The Site is located at 1301 Sixth Avenue in downtown Seattle, Washington (Figure 1, Vicinity Map). The hotel was built over a parking structure in approximately 1970. Two 2,000-gallon gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs) were installed along the eastern property line during construction of the hotel (Figure 2, Site Plan). Approximately two years after installation, it was reported that one of the two USTs developed a leak and was replaced. The two tanks were abandoned in place in 1985 by filling with cement slurry. Although a service station occupied the main level of the parking structure that occupied the site prior to the hotel's construction, no other fuel tanks are known to be present beneath the property.

In the early 1990s, gasoline vapors were encountered in an excavation to extend the hotel's elevator shaft down to the depth of the pedestrian concourse leading toward Rainier Tower (see Figure 2). In 1994, Environmental Associates, Inc., drilled a boring adjacent to the abandoned USTs and confirmed the presence of gasoline-related contamination in soil samples from the boring. In 1997 and 1998, Shannon & Wilson, Inc., conducted site investigations and data evaluations related to closure of the two former USTs beneath the hotel. At the time, no soil contamination was detected in borings advanced at the hotel, but more than a foot of gasoline-

range petroleum product was observed floating in the up-gradient monitoring well MW-5. Gasoline-range hydrocarbons; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX); and lead were detected in groundwater at down-gradient monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 above the Washington Model Toxics Cleanup Act (MTCA) Method A cleanup criterion established at the time.

Because groundwater flow was interpreted to be to the west-northwest at a relatively steep gradient, and a relatively impermeable layer of clay and silt was observed in borings advanced at the Site, the floating product encountered up-gradient of the abandoned USTs was attributed to an offsite source. In 1998, Shannon & Wilson also assessed risks and found no complete exposure pathways exist at the Site. Based on the available site information, Ecology issued an NFA letter in October 1998.

In a periodic review conducted in February 2010, Ecology rescinded the NFA, citing the presence of floating petroleum product at monitoring well MW-5 as a risk to environmental health. In response to Ecology's concern, an investigation was conducted by Shannon & Wilson in August 2011 to assess current groundwater conditions at the Site. The investigation confirmed the presence of approximately 2.3 feet of relatively unweathered floating petroleum product at monitoring well MW-5 and gasoline-range hydrocarbons, BTEX, and lead in groundwater at down-gradient monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4. Vacuum extraction using an eductor truck was attempted as an interim cleanup action on January 24 and February 21, 2012; however, the effort had limited success and resulted in the removal of approximately 3 gallons of free product.

In June 2012, the hotel re-entered Ecology's Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP), and Shannon & Wilson was retained to implement groundwater cleanup action with the goal of re-obtaining NFA determination from Ecology. The preferred cleanup action included the installation of a single-phase product recovery system at monitoring well MW-5 to remove source product and in-situ groundwater treatment at monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, and MW-5 using oxygen release compounds to facilitate the degradation of residual contamination in groundwater under the Site. The overall objective is to remove source contamination and achieve cleanup levels through monitored natural attenuation.

#### 3.0 GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC SETTING

#### 3.1 Regional and Site Geologic Conditions

The Site is situated on the Seattle Drift Plain, a gently rolling, elevated plain that formed approximately 13,500 years ago during the last period of continental glaciations. Geologic maps

for the site vicinity suggest that much of the material underlying the subject site has been modified extensively by excavation, filling, and/or construction. The Site is situated on a west-facing slope at approximately 175 above mean sea level. An arbitrary site datum was established with the sidewalk elevation at monitoring well MW-5 at 175.6 feet in elevation. This elevation was estimated using King County iMap.

Based on borings advanced by Shannon & Wilson in 1997, the Site is underlain by fill and then layers of silty sand, clayey silt, and silty fine sand. Below the fill, the soil is generally dense and hard, having been glacially overridden. The fill thickness ranges from approximately 3 to 12 feet beneath the basement and sidewalk at the Site. The fill layer is underlain by a silty sand/sandy silt layer that ranges from 1 to 12 feet thick. A hard, silty clay/clayey silt underlies the silty sand layer, ranging from 3 to 15 feet thick. The clayey silt layer was absent in the boring at monitoring well MW-5 but appears to be continuous beneath the basement and UST area. The clayey silt layer is underlain by a medium- to very dense, silty, fine sand layer.

#### 3.2 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater is present beneath the Site in the lower silty sand layer, below the clayey silt layer. Water level measurements collected at the four monitoring wells indicate that groundwater is at an elevation of approximately 140 feet and flows to the west-northwest. The groundwater level at monitoring well MW-5 was adjusted to account for the floating product layer, when necessary. Groundwater is approximately 34 feet below ground surface (bgs) at the sidewalk along Sixth Avenue and ranges from approximately 15 to 22 feet bgs in the basement garage levels. Estimated flow gradients from previous groundwater monitoring events are presented below:

- > 0.015 foot/foot in February 2015,
- > 0.017 foot/foot in November 2014,
- > 0.022 foot/foot in July 2014.
- > 0.023 foot/foot in May 2014,
- > 0.017 foot/foot in February 2014,
- > 0.017 foot/foot in November 2013,
- > 0.015 foot/foot in August 2013,
- > 0.018 foot/foot in August 2011, and
- > 0.026 foot/foot in January 1998.

#### 4.0 GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

#### 4.1 Conceptual Site Model

Based on measured water levels, monitoring well MW-5 is up-gradient of the location of the closed USTs, monitoring well MW-2 is cross-gradient, and monitoring wells MW-3 and MW-4 are down-gradient. When present, floating petroleum product had been observed at monitoring well MW-5 but not at monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, or MW-4. Because floating petroleum product was not observed in what are believed to be hydraulically connected wells, the product observed at monitoring well MW-5 appears to be isolated. While the observed dense clayey silt layer is absent at monitoring well MW-5, an unknown boundary condition exists that prevents the floating product plume from migrating to down-gradient locations. The material underlying the subject site has been extensively modified by excavation, filling, and/or construction and has likely created a local subsurface depression that contains the product plume. This is further supported by the condition of the leaded gasoline petroleum product, which, based on a laboratory chromatogram of a collected sample, was relatively unweathered after being released into the environment more than 40 years ago.

Contaminants of concern (COCs) include gasoline-range hydrocarbons, BTEX, and lead. The contamination plume is approximately 34 feet bgs at monitoring well MW-5, and dissolved groundwater contamination is approximately 15 to 22 feet bgs in the basement garage levels. The depth of the contamination below the built environment prevents exposure to contaminated soil and groundwater by human and environmental receptors. Groundwater under downtown Seattle is not likely to be used for drinking water and is not considered a complete exposure pathway. A vapor survey was conducted during our 1998 site evaluation, and gasoline vapors were not measured in the hotel's parking garage, suggesting that this exposure pathway is also incomplete.

#### 4.2 Status of Product Recovery System

A product recovery system was installed in general accordance with our CAP and features a pneumatic, single-phase skimmer pump installed in monitoring well MW-5, with air supply and product-extraction tubing routed under the sidewalk ROW to an equipment compound inside the hotel's parking garage. The system was started on November 6, 2012, and operated until August 14, 2013, when the results of a second rebound test showed petroleum product was no longer readily accumulating in monitoring well MW-5. Product was not observed through the third quarter (February 2014) monitoring event, but has been seasonally observed in monitoring well MW-5. The minor volumes of product were removed using either a submersible pump or a bailer. The extraction system remains turned off. To date, approximately 126 total gallons of

product have been removed by the system, and 129 total gallons have been removed when including interim cleanup actions. Additional system performance details can be found in our *First Quarter Groundwater Monitoring Report* (Shannon & Wilson, 2013).

#### 4.3 Status of In-Situ Groundwater Treatment

In-situ groundwater treatment using oxygen release compounds (ORC) was initiated on May 28, 2013, at monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 and on September 12, 2013, at monitoring well MW-5 to enhance biodegradation of contamination. Regenesis ORC Advanced<sup>™</sup> well socks, containing a mixture of calcium oxyhydroxide and calcium hydroxide, were installed in the wells to deliver oxygen as electron acceptors for the biodegradation of the petroleum compounds. An oil-absorbent sock was also installed at monitoring well MW-5 to remove minor amounts of free product from the groundwater surface as treatment continued. The socks were removed from the monitoring wells and not reinstalled during the eighth quarter monitoring event so an evaluation of subsurface conditions upon cessation of remedial activity can be made for closure planning.

#### 5.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

#### 5.1 Monitoring Program

Quarterly monitoring is being conducted to document groundwater conditions during cleanup actions at the Site. Monitoring events are generally scheduled for the months of February, May, August, and November. While up-gradient of the closed USTs, floating product had been confined to the vicinity of monitoring well MW-5, and the well is considered to be within the contamination source. Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 are considered to be downgradient of the source, within the contaminated groundwater plume. Eighth quarter monitoring was performed at monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, and MW-5. Groundwater monitoring parameters include the following:

- > COCs
  - Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons
  - BTEX
  - Total Lead
- > Primary Geochemical Indicators
  - Dissolved Oxygen (DO)
  - Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP)
  - pH
  - Specific Conductance
  - Temperature
- > Secondary Geochemical Indicators

- Ferrous Iron
- Nitrate
- Sulfate

#### 5.2 Groundwater Sampling

On June 1, 2015, groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 using a peristaltic pump and low-flow sampling techniques, and from monitoring well MW-5 using a high-density polyethylene bailer. The bailer was used at monitoring well MW-5 due to the limitations of the peristaltic pump as well as to better evaluate the presence of potential floating product or sheen. ORC socks in these wells were removed one month prior to sampling to allow for subsurface conditions to equilibrate. The absorbent sock was also removed from monitoring well MW-5 prior to sampling.

Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 were purged at a low-flow (less than 500 milliliter per minute) pumping rate prior to sampling. The purge water was monitored using a YSI water quality meter until the measured groundwater quality parameters (pH, conductivity, temperature, etc.) stabilized to ±5 percent for three consecutive readings taken at three- to five-minute intervals. Monitoring well MW-5 was purged by bailing three well volumes, and water quality parameters were collected by emptying the bailer contents into the YSI flow cell. The purge water was collected in a bucket and transferred to the storage tank at the equipment compound for future disposal.

Following purging, groundwater samples were collected in clean, laboratory-supplied containers and placed in a cooler with ice for transport to the laboratory. Purging and sampling data are presented in Table 1.

#### 5.3 Laboratory Analyses

Groundwater samples were submitted under chain-of-custody procedures to Fremont Analytical in Seattle, Washington. The collected samples were analyzed for COCs as well as geochemical indicators to continue evaluation of the potential for natural attenuation. Analyses for COCs included gasoline-range hydrocarbons by the Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Gasoline Method (NWTPH-Gx), BTEX by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 8021B, and total lead by EPA Method 6020/200.8. Analyses for geochemical indicators included ferrous iron by Standard Method 3500B and nitrate and sulfate by EPA Method 300.0.

#### 5.4 Monitoring Results

The eighth quarter groundwater monitoring results for COCs are shown in Table 2. The data are presented along with previous quarterly results and two historical datasets for comparison. One of the historical datasets is from our initial site assessment in 1997, and the other is from our evaluation of groundwater conditions prior to cleanup activities in 2011. Similarly, eighth quarter results for geochemical indicators are shown in Table 3, with available historical results shown for comparison. The analytical laboratory report for the eighth quarter results is provided in Appendix A.

#### 5.4.1 Contaminants of Concern

In the eighth quarter, the samples collected from the monitoring wells had detectable concentrations of gasoline, BTEX, and/or lead. Source well MW-5 had detections of all COCs above their respective MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup criteria, except for toluene. Down-gradient monitoring well MW-2 had a detection of gasoline above the MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup criterion as well as detections of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes below their respective MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup criterion. Gasoline and xylenes were detected at monitoring well MW-3 below their respective MTCA cleanup criterion. No COCs were detected at monitoring well MW-4.

The concentrations of all COCs except lead in the groundwater at source well MW-5 increased from the seventh quarter to the eighth quarter. Concentrations of all COCs at monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3 remained relatively stable over seventh quarter results. Benzene was not detected at monitoring well MW-2 for the second consecutive quarter.

The estimated extents of gasoline and benzene in groundwater for the four most recent quarters (fifth through eighth quarters) of monitoring at the Site are shown on Figures 3 and 4, respectively. The leading edge of groundwater contaminated with gasoline extended past monitoring well MW-4 prior to cleanup and receded through the third quarter but expanded slightly through the sixth quarter (Figure 3). The leading edge again receded in the seventh quarter and has remained stable in the eighth quarter. The estimated extent of gasoline at concentrations above its MTCA cleanup criterion (i.e., 800 micrograms per liter [ $\mu$ g/L]) had been relatively stable in the central portion of the Site but receded in the seventh and eighth quarters. The leading edge of groundwater contaminated with benzene at concentrations above its MTCA cleanup criterion (i.e., 5  $\mu$ g/L) has receded significantly from levels observed historically, which was beyond monitoring well MW-4, and remained stable through the eighth

quarter, with the leading edge receding to a point up-gradient of monitoring well MW-2 for the second consecutive quarter (Figure 4).

#### 5.4.2 Geochemical Indicators

Geochemical indicators are categorized as primary or secondary. Primary indicators were measured in the field during purging using a YSI water quality meter, and the secondary indicators were analyzed by the laboratory. Low DO concentrations (e.g., 0 to 1.0 milligrams per liter [mg/L]), measurable ferrous iron, and depleted nitrate and sulfate concentrations generally suggest that active biodegradation of hydrocarbons is occurring. ORP values are a measure of the reducing conditions present and can be correlated to the presence or absence of secondary geochemical indicators to support the identification of biodegradation processes.

In the eighth quarter, DO was depleted at 0.58 and 1.04 mg/L at monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3, respectively, while DO was elevated at 2.11 and 2.87 mg/L at monitoring wells MW-4 and MW-5, respectively. The elevated DO measurement at monitoring well MW-5 is likely due to aeration of groundwater during transfer from bailer to water quality flow cell. Relatively low concentrations of ferrous iron was measured at 600 micrograms per liter (ug/L) at monitoring well MW-2. Ferrous iron was non-detect at monitoring well MW-4. Wells MW-3 and MW-5 had relatively elevated ferrous iron concentrations for the second consecutive at 1,750 and 4,200 ug/L, respectively, after both being non-detect in the sixth quarter. Low concentrations of nitrate were detected at all monitoring well locations, ranging from 96.5 and 201 ug/L. Sulfate was elevated at 33,300 ug/L at monitoring well MW-4 but non-detect at all other locations. The ORP values measured correlate well with the observed detections. Additionally, elevated groundwater temperatures were observed in all wells (Table 1). The elevated temperatures, ranging from 20.1 to 21.1 degrees Celsius in monitoring wells MW-2 through MW-4 are likely attributable to the hotel's underground electrical vault in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring wells and may be beneficial to microbial growth. The elevated temperature measured at monitoring well MW-5 is likely due to exposure to ambient temperatures during bailing and parameter measurement.

#### 5.5 Water Level Monitoring

Table 4 presents water level data for the eighth quarter monitoring event and historical sampling events. Figure 5 shows approximate groundwater elevation contours for the eighth quarter data. The measurements show the groundwater flow direction to the west-northwest, with a calculated groundwater flow gradient of approximately 0.017 foot/foot. The calculated flow gradient has historically ranged from approximately 0.015 foot/foot to 0.026 foot/foot.

#### 5.6 Investigation-Derived Waste

Investigation-derived waste during the eighth quarter monitoring event included purge water from groundwater monitoring and disposable sampling equipment (nitrile gloves, bailers, etc.). Approximately 10 gallons of purge water from groundwater sampling and 57 gallons of purge water from product removal at monitoring well MW-5 were added to the system storage tank during groundwater sampling in the eighth quarter for an approximate cumulative total of 97.5 gallons of waste in the tank. Shannon & Wilson will again coordinate disposal once the tank is full. Disposable sampling equipment was placed in a plastic bag and disposed as solid waste.

#### 6.0 DATA ANALYSIS

Groundwater monitoring data was analyzed using Ecology's natural attenuation guidance for petroleum-contaminated groundwater (Ecology, 2005a,b). The technical guidance package provides six computational tools, or modules, for evaluating the feasibility and performance of natural attenuation as a cleanup action for groundwater. Available data were analyzed using modules that do not incorporate groundwater flow models, including *Module 1: Non-Parametric Analysis for Plume Stability Test, Module 2: Graphical and Regression Analysis for Plume Stability & Restoration Time Calculation*, and *Module 3: Evaluation of Geochemical Indicators*. The computational module output is provided in Appendix B.

The data analysis results for Modules 1 and 2 are summarized in Table 5. Module 1 evaluates plume stability using the Mann-Kendall non-parametric statistical method, while Module 2 evaluates plume stability using linear regression. Both evaluations provide evidence that gasoline and BTEX concentrations at monitoring well MW-2 are shrinking with high levels of confidence. The Mann-Kendall method shows gasoline concentrations as stable at monitoring well MW-3 and undetermined for BTEX, while linear regression shows gasoline and BTEX concentrations as shrinking. The results for monitoring well MW-3 are reported with moderateto-high levels of confidence for the Mann-Kendall method and are reported with high levels of confidence using linear regression. While benzene and toluene at monitoring well MW-3 are undetermined by the Mann-Kendall method, the parameters have been non-detect for the past nine sampling events and therefore do not show a strong decreasing trend. Ethylbenzene and xylenes at monitoring well MW-3 are undetermined but recent low level detections have reduced the certainty of the model result. Trend analyses are again limited in their application at monitoring well MW-4 because parameter concentrations are predominantly non-detect. The Mann-Kendall method shows gasoline and BTEX as stable at monitoring well MW-4 and linear regression shows gasoline and xylenes as stable with benzene, toluene and ethylbenzene as not applicable.

Point decay rates and half-life results at 50 and 85 percent confidence levels were determined using linear regression (Table 5). While the module calculates values for both stable and shrinking plumes as shown, the regression analysis is only appropriate for shrinking plumes. Furthermore, because concentrations of gasoline and BTEX at monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 are generally below their respective cleanup criterion, estimating the time to achieve cleanup is also not appropriate. However, gasoline at monitoring well MW-2 is above the cleanup criterion in the eighth quarter and has point decay rates of 0.076 and 0.037 per year at 50 and 85 percent confidence levels, respectively. Half-life results for gasoline at monitoring well MW-2 were calculated to be 9.166 and 18.695 years at 50 and 85 percent confidence levels, respectively.

Module 3 calculates assimilative capacity and plots geochemical indicators. Assimilative capacity is the potential capacity of groundwater to biodegrade contaminants, and the calculation is based on background concentrations of electron acceptors (e.g., DO, nitrate, sulfate, etc.). Background geochemical values for downtown Seattle groundwater have not been established for this project; therefore, the assimilative capacities calculated by the module are not usable. However, the plots of geochemical indicators provide evidence that biodegradation is occurring. Biodegradation proceeds according to reactions that are energetically preferred by microbes. Electron acceptors evaluated for this project, from most preferred to least preferred, are oxygen, nitrate, ferric iron, and sulfate.

DO was depleted at down-gradient monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3, but was elevated at monitoring well MW-4 and MW-5. The elevated DO measurement at MW-5 is likely due to aeration of the sampled groundwater during transfer from the bailer to the monitoring flow cell. Nitrate was depleted at all monitoring well locations. Concentrations of ferrous iron, a metabolic by-product of reactions involving ferric iron, have historically decreased with distance from source well MW-5; however, in the eighth quarter ferrous iron was detected at low levels at monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-4 with relatively elevated levels measured at monitoring wells MW-3 and MW-5. Sulfate was depleted in the source well MW-5 and monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3, but was elevated in monitoring wells MW-4. Overall, ORP and pH field measurements correlate well with the observed detections.

Groundwater contaminant concentrations for gasoline and benzene were also plotted along with groundwater levels for each monitoring well location to evaluate potential trends in the data (Figures 6 through 9). Data from August 2013 to present were plotted for each location to show potential seasonal variation since the start of cleanup activities. Increasing groundwater levels at the Site during spring months have historically resulted in a corresponding increase in gasoline concentrations at monitoring well MW-2, while benzene concentrations are low and do not show

much variation (Figure 6). The increases of gasoline concentration at monitoring well MW-2 have decreased over the past three seasons. A similar trend is observed at monitoring well MW-3 but the concentration of gasoline lags behind the groundwater fluctuation due to its proximity to source well MW-5 (Figure 7). No trends are observed in the data from monitoring well MW-4 because gasoline and benzene concentrations are non-detect (Figure 8).

Source monitoring well MW-5 shows a trend similar to monitoring wells MW-2 and MW-3 for gasoline, but also shows an increase in benzene concentrations as groundwater levels increase in spring 2014 and so far in 2015 (Figure 9). This seasonal rise in contaminant concentrations is associated with rising groundwater levels and residual petroleum product in the smear zone (or region of water table fluctuation). Figure 10 shows that the presence of product in source well MW-5 occurs during periods of rising groundwater levels. Product thickness appears to show a decreasing trend over the past two seasons. Further, as shown in Figures 11 and 12, the presence of product corresponds to increases in dissolved gasoline and benzene concentrations at source well MW-5, respectively.

#### 7.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on our review and analysis of the eighth quarter monitoring results, we offer the following conclusions regarding remediation at the Site.

- Deserved occurrences of product returning to source well MW-5 appears to be in response to rising groundwater levels contacting and providing a pathway of transport for residual contamination in the smear zone. Increases in dissolved contaminant concentrations subsequently follow the product observations.
- ➤ Source monitoring well MW-5 had detected concentrations of all COCs and, except for toluene, the concentrations exceeded their respective MTCA Method A cleanup criterion. Concentrations of COCs except for lead increased over seventh quarter results. Concentrations at this location are expected to continue on an overall decreasing trend as residual petroleum in the smear zone is removed.
- ➤ Down-gradient monitoring well MW-2 had a detected concentration of gasoline above its MTCA Method A cleanup criterion. The gasoline concentration had been below the cleanup criterion in the fifth quarter, but rebounded above the criterion in the sixth quarter. Gasoline at this location has shown a decreasing trend over the past three quarters. Toluene, ethlybenzene and xylenes were detected at monitoring well MW-2 but below their respective MTCA Method A cleanup criteria; benzene and lead were non-detect. The concentrations of all detected parameters remained relatively stable over seventh quarter results.

- Soline and xylenes were detected below their respective cleanup criterion in downgradient monitoring well MW-3. The gasoline detection represented a minor increase over the seventh quarter result. Xylenes have been detected for the previous five quarters after being non-detect for three quarters prior. The eighth quarter xylenes detection also represents a minor increase over seventh quarter results. Ethylbenzene had been detected for the first at this location since before cleanup started in the sixth quarter, but was again not detected in the seventh and eighth quarters.
- ➤ No COCs were detected at down-gradient monitoring well MW-4. Lead had been previously detected at this location at concentrations below its MTCA Method A cleanup criterion in the fourth and fifth quarters.
- > Contamination is not migrating off-site, and an analysis of the data indicates that the contamination plume is stable and/or shrinking in response to remedial efforts.
- > Geochemical indicators continue to suggest that biodegradation is occurring at the Site and monitored natural attenuation appears to be a viable long-term remediation alternative.

The ninth quarter groundwater monitoring event is scheduled to be conducted August 2015. The ninth quarter will be the first quarter of monitoring without active remediation (e.g., product removal and/or in situ treatment with ORC sock) since cleanup began. These activities will be the subject of the next quarterly groundwater monitoring report.

#### 8.0 LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared for the exclusive use of the R.C. Hedreen Company and its representatives, and in no way guarantees that any agency or its staff will reach the same conclusions as Shannon & Wilson. The findings and conclusions documented in this report have been prepared for specific application to this project and have been developed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill normally exercised by members of the environmental science profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the area, and in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in our agreement. The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based on interpretation of information currently available to us and are made within the operational scope, budget, and schedule constraints of this project. No warranty, express or implied, is made.

Shannon & Wilson has prepared Appendix C, "Important Information About Your Geotechnical/Environmental Report." While not written specifically for this project, this enclosure should assist you and other in understanding the use and limitations of our reports.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service on this project. If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (206) 632-8020.

Sincerely,

SHANNON'& WILSON, INC.



Michael S. Reynolds, PE Principal Environmental Engineer

MSR:SWG/msr:aeb

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Vice President

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# TABLE 1 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING LOG

		Monitoring Well					
	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5			
Water Level Measurement Data							
Date Water Level Measured	6/1/2015	6/1/2015	6/1/2015	6/1/2015			
Time Water Level Measured	11:55	11:00	9:30	12:30			
Measuring Point (MP) Elevation, Feet	162.55	161.24	154.30	174.35			
Depth to Water Below MP, Feet	22.45	21.21	15.30	33.21			
Water Level Elevation, Feet	140.10	140.03	139.00	141.14			
Purging/Sampling Data							
Date Sampled	6/1/2015	6/1/2015	6/1/2015	6/1/2015			
Time Sampled	12:25	11:35	10:30	12:50			
Depth to Water Below MP, Feet	22.45	21.21	15.30	33.21			
Total Depth of Well Below MP, Feet	29.40	29.23	20.61	38.50			
Water Column in Well, Feet	6.95	8.02	5.31	5.10			
Gallons per Foot	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16			
Gallons in Well	1.05	1.28	0.68	0.82			
Total Gallons Pumped/Bailed	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0			
Purging Method	Peristaltic	Peristaltic	Peristaltic	Bailer			
Sampling Method	Peristaltic	Peristaltic	Peristaltic	Bailer			
Diameter of Well Casing	2-inch	2-inch	2-inch	2-inch			
Water Quality Data <sup>B</sup>							
Temperature, °C	20.1	20.3	21.1	24.0			
Dissolved Oxygen, mg/L	0.58	1.04	2.11	2.87			
Specific Conductance, μS/cm	0.841	0.811	0.599	0.899			
pH, standard units	6.98	6.87	8.61	6.95			
Oxidation-Reduction Potential, mV	-74.9	-80.8	99.4	-134.8			
Remarks	No free product	No free product	No free product	0.20 feet of free			
·	observed.	observed.	observed.	product			
	Strong	Hydrocarbon		observed.			
·	hydrocarbon	odor.		Strong			
	odor.			hydrocarbon			
				odor.			

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>Water level was adjusted to account for free product observed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>Water quality parameters were measured with YSI instruments.

<sup>-- =</sup> not applicable or not measured

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}C = degrees Celsius$ 

mg/L = milligram per liter

 $<sup>\</sup>mu S/cm = microsiemens per centimeter$ 

mV = millivolt

TABLE 2
GROUNDWATER MONITORING RESULTS

### SHANNON&VVILSON, INC.

Monitoring Well	Sample Date	Quarter	Product Thickness	*		Sampling F	tesults (µg/L)		
			(feet)	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Lead
	MTCA Method A Groundwater Cleanup Levels:				5	1,000	700	1,000	15
	9/25/1997	Historical		4,700	6,700	210	670	590	8.00
	8/25/2011	Historical		2,950	76:1	2.19	863	. 22,0	< 1.0
	8/22/2013	Q1	-	5,000	3.07	2.01	408	10.8	8.14
•	11/21/2013	Q2	1	1,760	1.40	1.57	83,3	6.89	< 1.0
MW-2	2/21/2014	Q3	-	- 1,360	2.90	1.62	20.8	7.44	8.10
IVI W-Z	5/30/2014	Q4	-	2,070	1.82	2.00	36.5	8.47	2.71
	7/11/2014	Q5	-	. 642	1.22	< 1.0	4.80	3.07	< 1.0
	11/25/2014	Q6	-	1,350	1.01	1.63	6.53	8.19	< 1.0
	2/25/2015	Q7		1,170	< 1.0	1,33	3.36	4.52	< 1.0
	6/1/2015 .	Q8	-	1,030	< 1.0	1,52	1.96	4.48	< 1,0
	9/25/1997	Historical	_	700	7,200	10.0	74.0	97.0	9.00
	8/25/2011	Historical	-	153	< 1.0	. <1.0	< 1.0	1.35	< 1.0
	8/22/2013	Q1	-	209	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
	11/21/2013	Q2	-	235	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
MW-3	2/21/2014	Q3	-	114	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1,0
141.44-2	5/30/2014	Q4		187	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	3,59	3,42
	7/11/2014	Q5		397	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	1.31	< 1.0
	11/25/2014	Q6	-	208	< 1.0	< 1.0	1.34	5.04	< 1,0
	2/25/2015	Q7	-	140	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	1.16	< 1.0
	6/1/2015	Q8	-	152	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	1.21	< 1.0
	11/14/1997	Historical		< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	. <1.0	< 3.0	< 4.0
•	8/26/2011	Historical	-	135	< 1.0	< 1.0	. < 1.0	< 2.0	5.57
	8/22/2013	Q1	-	< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0 '
	11/21/2013	Q2		< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
MW-4	2/21/2014	Q3	-	< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
TAT AA <del> A</del>	5/30/2014	Q4	-	< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	11.1
	7/11/2014	Q5		< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	<2.0	2.40
	11/25/2014	Q6	_	< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
	2/25/2015	Q7	-	< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0
	6/1/2015	Q8		< 50	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 2.0	< 1.0

Monitoring Well	Sample Date	Sample Date	Quarter	Product Thickness			Sampling	Results (µg/L)		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(feet)	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene.	Xylenes	Lead	
	MTCA Method A	Groundwater C	leanup Levels:	800	5	1,000	700	1,000	15	
	12/22/1997	Historical	1.69	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
	8/11/2011	Historical	2.33	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
	8/22/2013	Q1	_	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
	11/21/2013	Q2	- 1	. 98,100	230	179	1,070	6,100	26.1	
MW-5	2/21/2014	Q3		30,300	193	122	796	3,670	47.2	
W W-3	5/30/2014	Q4	0.36	51,400	927	552	1,820	7,610	9.97	
	7/11/2014	Q5	0.44	59,300	1,050	837	1,940	9,960	44.9	
	11/25/2014	Q6		53,500	, 566	204	1,480	7,610	47.0	
	2/25/2015	Q7	0.10	43,900	605	262	1,320	. 6,680	39.0	
	6/1/2015	Q8	0.20	60,900	1,080	570	1,990:	10,390	22.8	

Notes:

Bold indicates analyte detected above method reporting limit.

Shaded cell indicates detection is above the groundwater cleanup criterion.

-- = no product observed

<= detection below reporting limit shown

μg/L = micrograms per liter

MTCA = Washington State Model Toxics Control Act

NS = not sampled

TABLE 3
GEOCHEMICAL INDICATORS

Monitoring Well	<del></del>			-	Primary Indicator	, 8	Secondary Indicators			
	Sample Date	Quarter	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Oxidation- Reduction Potential (mV)	рН	Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	Temperature (°C)	Nitrate (µg/L)	Ferrous Iron (μg/L)	Sulfate (µg/L)
	9/25/1997	Historical	-			_		_	_	_
	8/25/2011	Historical	0.25	-86.0 <sup>-</sup>	6.94	0.701	20.5	_	_	_
	8/22/2013	Q1	0.10	40.8	8.33	0.833	22.4	< 100	980	970
	11/21/2013	Q2	0.29	-136.2	6.88	0.759	19.0	< 100	3,150	< 300
MW-2	2/21/2014	Q3	0.21	-154.1	6.95	0.845	17.8	< 100	5,100	< 300
MW-2	5/30/2014	Q4	0.19	-153.9	6.89	0.840	17.9	< 100	1,150	304
	7/11/2014	Q5	2.01	-70.4	7.06	0.831	20.5	393	< 30	428
	11/25/2014	Q6	0.41	89.4	7.63	0.647	20.0	346	60	1,340
	2/25/2015	Q7	0.27	-148.7	7.21	0.805	19.8	< 200	290	< 600
	6/1/2015	Q8	0.58	-74.9	6.98	0.841	20.1	178	600	< 1,500
	9/25/1997	Historical	_	-	_	-	T - T	-	-	
	8/25/2011	Historical	- 1.87	-92.8	6.95	0.718	20.5	_	-	
	8/22/2013	Q1	0.27	-99.8	6.37	0.739	21.5	< 100	2,430	< 300
	11/21/2013	Q2	0,31	-152.1	6.91	0.717	20.0	< 100	4,900	< 300
MW-3	2/21/2014	Q3	0.23	-142.1	7.07	0.791	18.4	< 100	3,270	< 300
MW-3	5/30/2014	Q4	0.14	-149.2	7.15	0.728	18.4	< 100	600	< 300
	7/11/2014	Q5	0,28	-118.7	6.94	0.824	21.1	528	2,940	< 300
	11/25/2014	Q6	2.43	214.3	6.90	0.703	21.0	< 100	< 30	< 300
	2/25/2015	Q7	0.24	-131.4	、7.27	0.772	20.1	41	1,600	< 600
	6/1/2015	Q8	1.04	-80.8	6.87	0.819	20.3	118	1,750	< 1,500
	11/14/1997	Historical	_	_	_ ·		_	_		_
	8/26/2011	Historical	1.26	-85.1	7.56	0.447	21.2 -	_		_
	8/22/2013	. Q1	0.10	51.3	9.22	0.599	21,5	< 100	80	39,100
	11/21/2013	Q2	0.51	-150.2	7.69	0.602	20.8	< 100	80	30,900
NOVA	2/21/2014	Q3	0.39	-105.6	7.80	0.680	19.3	< 100	100	18,300
MW-4	5/30/2014	Q4	0.41	-81.4	7.77	0.675	19.3	< 100	2,380	31,500
	7/11/2014	Q5	2.11	-43.1	7.58	0.654	21.3	249	< 30	34,600
	11/25/2014	Q6	1.50	209.4	7.59	0.561	21.5	222	80	26,200
	2/25/2015	Q7	5.98	-132,4	8.80	0.546	21.0	< 200	30	24,000
	6/1/2015	Q8	2.11	99.4	8.61	0.599	21.1	201	< 30	33,300

# TABLE 3 GEOCHEMICAL INDICATORS

Monitoring Well	Sample Date			•	Secondary Indicators					
		Quarter	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Oxidation- Reduction Potential (mV)	рН	Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	Temperature (°C)	Nitrate (µg/L)	Ferrous Iron (µg/L)	Sulfate (µg/L)
	11/21/2013	Q2	_	-	_		_	< 100	5,300	3,860
	2/21/2014	Q3	-	1	_	_		< 100	7,100	16,300
	5/30/2014	Q4	-		_	_	- 1	< 100	3,180	2,360
MW-5	7/11/2014	Q5	2.23	-121.9	6.68	0.801	24.7	497	3,600	1,170
	11/25/2014	Q6	1.42	-71.4	7.10	0.697	23.8	< 100	< 30	962
	2/25/2015	Q7	6.53	-131.4	6.72	0.811	24.5	473	3,100	< 600
	6/1/2015	Q8	2.87	-134.8	6.95	0.899	24.0	96.5	4,200	< 1,500

Notes:

°C = degrees Celsius

mg/L = milligrams per liter

mV = millivolt

μg/L = micrograms per liter

μS/cm = microsiemens per centimeter

<= analyte not detected below reporting limit shown

-- = not tested

# TABLE 4 WATER LEVEL DATA

Monitoring Well	Date	Quarter	Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (feet)	
·	9/25/1997	Historical	162.55	21.36	141.19	
	8/25/2011	Historical	162.55	22.09	140.46	
	8/22/2013	Q1	162.55	22.20	140.35	
	11/21/2013	Q2	162.55	22.85	139.70	
MW-2	2/21/2014	Q3	162.55	22.67	139.88	
IVI VV -2	5/30/2014	Q4	162.55	21.90	140.65	
	7/11/2014	Q5	162.55	22.45	140.10	
	11/25/2014	Q6	162.55	22.83	139.72	
n.	2/25/2015	Q7	162.55	22.37	140.18	
	6/1/2015	Q8	162.55	22.45	140.10	
	9/25/1997	Historical	161.24	20.49	140.75	
	8/25/2011	Historical	161.24	21.08	140.16	
	8/22/2013	Q1	161.24 2		140.14	
	11/21/2013	Q2	161.24	21.72	139.52	
MOV 2	2/21/2014	Q3	161.24	21.60	139.64	
. MW-3	5/30/2014	Q4	161.24	20.92	140.32	
	7/11/2014	Q5	161.24	22.25	138.99	
	11/25/2014	Q6	161.24	21.80	139.44	
	2/25/2015	Q7	161.24	21.35	139.89	
	6/1/2015	Q8	161.24	21.21	140.03	
-	11/14/1997	Historical	154.30	15.31	138.99	
	8/26/2011	Historical	154.30	15.43	138.87	
	8/22/2013	Q1	154.30	15.26	139.04	
	11/21/2013	Q2	154.30	16.25	138.05	
MW-4	2/21/2014	Q3	154.30	16.20	138.10	
TAY AA4	5/30/2014	Q4	154.30	14.98	139.32	
	7/11/2014	Q5	154.30	16.16	138.14	
	11/25/2014	Q6	154.30	16.32	137.98	
	2/25/2015	Q7	154.30	15.71	138.59	
	6/1/2015	Q8	154.30	15.30	139.00	

# TABLE 4 WATER LEVEL DATA

Monitoring Well	Date	Quarter	Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (feet)
	11/14/1997	Historical	175.38	32.79	142.59
	8/26/2011	Historical	175.38	34.21	141.17
	8/14/2013	Q1	174.35	33.51	140.84
	11/21/2013	Q2 .	174.35	34.17	140.18
MW-5	2/21/2014	Q3	174.35	34.10	140.25
101 00 -5	5/30/2014	Q4	174.35	33.40	140.95
	7/11/2014	Q5	174.35	33.40	140.95
	11/25/2014	Q6	174.35	34.17	140.18
	2/25/2015	Q7	174.35	33.90	140.45
	6/1/2015	Q8	174.35	33.21	141.14

Notes:

Elevations were estimated from King County iMap (Aug 2011).

Depth to groundwater for 1997, 2011, May 2014, and July 2014 for MW-5 were adjusted to account for floating product.

Top of casing elevation for MW-5 modified during system installation in 2012.

# TABLE 5 DATA ANALYSIS SUMMARY

### SHANNON&WILSON, INC.

Monitoring	Analysis				Parameter		
Well			Gasoline	Benzenė	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes
	Mann-Kendall	Plume Stability	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking
	Maini-Kendan	CL	99.8%	100.0%	99.2%	100.0%	99.5%
		Plume Stability	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking
MW-2		CL	93.7%	100.0%	100.0%	93.6%	100.0%
10144-2	Linear Regression	Point Decay Rate at 50% CL, yr-1	0.076	0.525	0.294	0.259	0.274
	Linear Regression	Point Decay Rate at 85% CL, yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.037	0.458	0.264	0.126	0.249
		Half Life at 50% CL, yr	9.166	1.321	2.354	2.676	2.532
		Half Life at 85% CL, yr	18.695	1.513	2.625	5.485	2.788
	Mann-Kendall	Plume Stability	Shrinking	Undetermined	Undetermined	Undetermined	Undetermined
	Walli-Keliuali	CL	85.4%	75.8%	75.8%	63,6%	50.0%
	Linear Regression	Plume Stability	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking
MW-3		CL	98.8%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.9%
10104-3		Point Decay Rate at 50% CL, yr-1	0.076	0.599	0.175	0.282	0,238
		Point Decay Rate at 85% CL, yr-1	0.050	0.515	0.161	0,247	0.189
		Half Life at 50% CL, yr	9.099	1.241	3.966	2.455	2.915
		Half Life at 85% CL, yr	13.847	1.347	4,304.000	2.806	3.669
	Mann-Kendall	Plume Stability	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
	Maini-Rendan	CL	70.0%	-900.0%	-900.0%	-900.0%	-900.0%
		Plume Stability	Stable	NA	NA	NA	Stable
MW-4		CL	13.0%	NA	NA	NA	0.0%
TAT AA	Linear Regression	Point Decay Rate at 50% CL, yr <sup>-1</sup>	0,006	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Émeai Veglession	Point Decay Rate at 85% CL, yr-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Half Life at 50% CL, yr	116.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Half Life at 85% CL, yr	. NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA

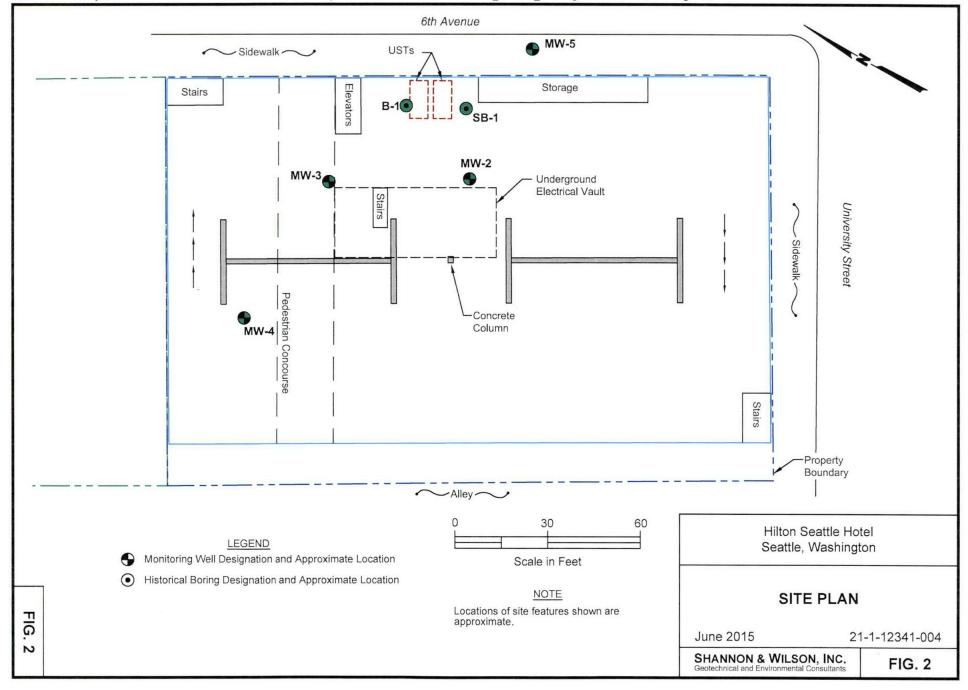
Notes:

CL = confidence level

NA = not applicable

yr = year

Login: ath Date: 06-18-2015 Filename: I:WMP\Projects\21-1-12341-004 Seattle\All-10341-004 Seattle\Biton Hote\Graphics\Cad\For\Surfer\21-1-12341-004 Fig 1.dwg



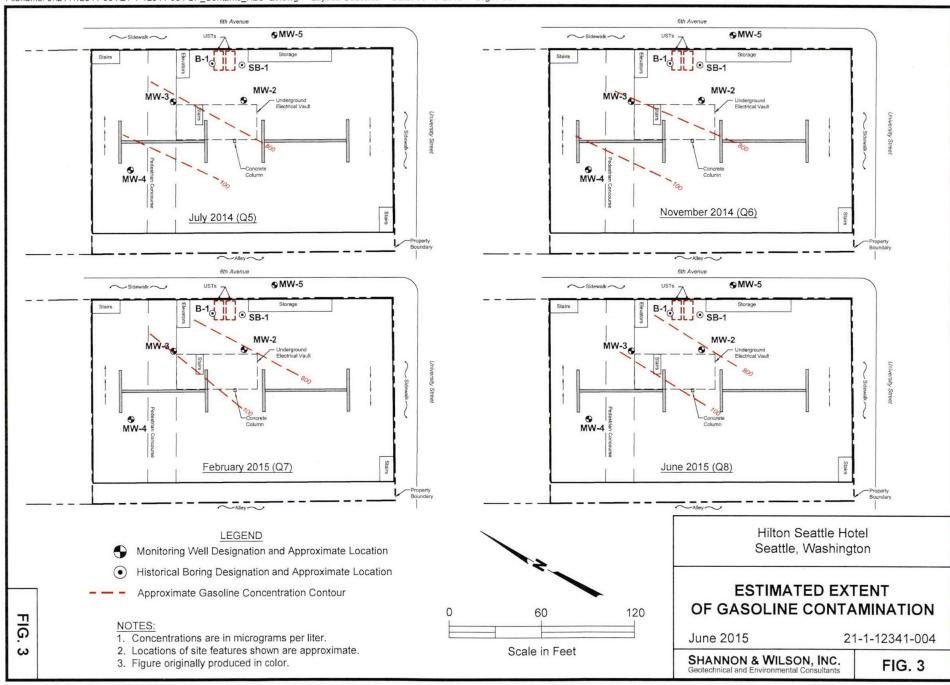
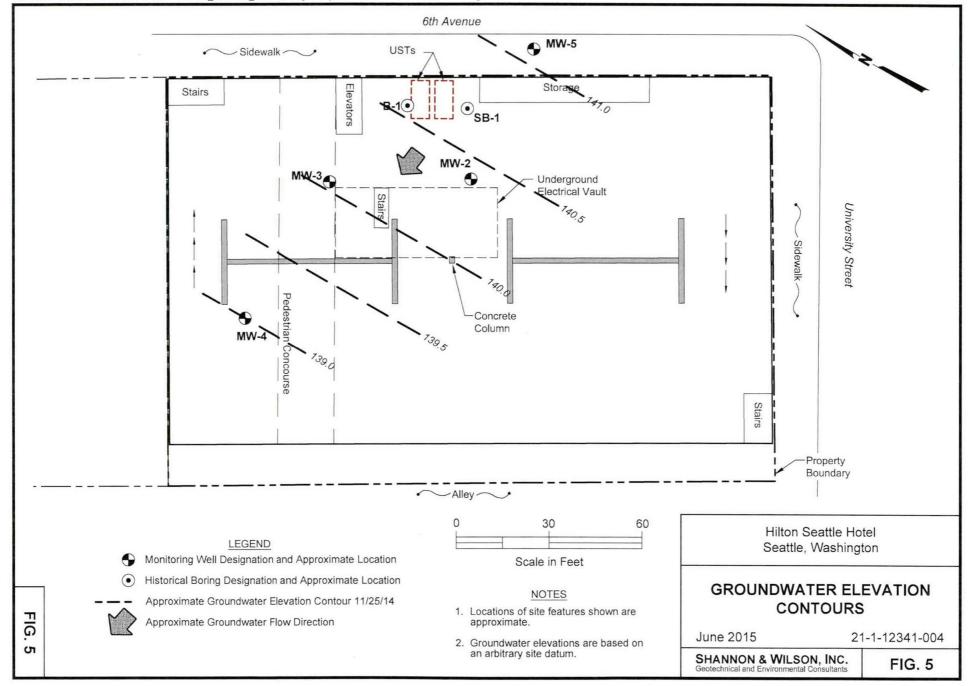


FIG. 4

Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants

3. Figure originally produced in color.



MW-2
CONTAMINANT CONCENTRATIONS
AND GROUNDWATER LEVELS

June 2015

21-1-12341-004

SHANNON & WILSON, INC. Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants

FIG. 6

FIG. 6

FIG. AND GROUNDWATER LEVELS June 2015 21-1-12341-004 8 SHANNON & WILSON, INC. FIG. 8 Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants

SHANNON & WILSON, INC. Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants

FIG. 9

SHANNON & WILSON, INC. Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants

FIG. 12

12

Appendix A

Appendix A

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## SHANNON & WILSON, INC.

## APPENDIX A ANALYTICAL LABORATORY REPORT



3600 Fremont Ave. N.
Seattle, WA 98103
T: (206) 352-3790
F: (206) 352-7178
info@fremontanalytical.com

Shannon & Wilson

Michael Reynolds 400 N. 34th Street, Suite 100 Seattle, WA 98103

RE: Seattle Hilton Lab ID: 1506014

June 09, 2015

#### Attention Michael Reynolds:

Fremont Analytical, Inc. received 5 sample(s) on 6/1/2015 for the analyses presented in the following report.

Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B
Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx
Ion Chromatography by EPA Method 300.0
Total Metals by EPA Method 200.8
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260

This report consists of the following:

- Case Narrative
- Analytical Results
- Applicable Quality Control Summary Reports
- Chain of Custody

All analyses were performed consistent with the Quality Assurance program of Fremont Analytical, Inc. Please contact the laboratory if you should have any questions about the results.

Thank you for using Fremont Analytical.

Malchay.

Sincerely,

Mike Ridgeway President

Date: 06/09/2015



CLIENT: Project: Shannon & Wilson

Seattle Hilton

Lab Order:

1506014

## **Work Order Sample Summary**

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Date/Time Collected	Date/Time Received
1506014-001	MW-5	06/01/2015 12:50 PM	06/01/2015 1:43 PM
1506014-002	MW-4	06/01/2015 10:30 AM	06/01/2015 1:43 PM
1506014-003	MW-3	06/01/2015 11:35 AM	06/01/2015 1:43 PM
1506014-004	MW-2	06/01/2015 12:25 PM	06/01/2015 1:43 PM
1506014-005	Trip Blank	05/28/2015 11:45 AM	06/01/2015 1:43 PM



#### **Case Narrative**

WO#: **1506014**Date: **6/9/2015** 

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### I. SAMPLE RECEIPT:

Samples receipt information is recorded on the attached Sample Receipt Checklist.

#### II. GENERAL REPORTING COMMENTS:

Results are reported on a wet weight basis unless dry-weight correction is denoted in the units field on the analytical report ("mg/kg-dry" or "ug/kg-dry").

Matrix Spike (MS) and MS Duplicate (MSD) samples are tested from an analytical batch of "like" matrix to check for possible matrix effect. The MS and MSD will provide site specific matrix data only for those samples which are spiked by the laboratory. The sample chosen for spike purposes may or may not have been a sample submitted in this sample delivery group. The validity of the analytical procedures for which data is reported in this analytical report is determined by the Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and the Method Blank (MB). The LCS and the MB are processed with the samples and the MS/MSD to ensure method criteria are achieved throughout the entire analytical process.

#### III. ANALYSES AND EXCEPTIONS:

Exceptions associated with this report will be footnoted in the analytical results page(s) or the quality control summary page(s) and/or noted below.



### **Qualifiers & Acronyms**

WO#:

1506014

Date Reported:

6/9/2015

#### Qualifiers:

- \* Flagged value is not within established control limits
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- D Dilution was required
- E Value above quantitation range
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- I Analyte with an internal standard that does not meet established acceptance criteria
- J Analyte detected below LOQ
- N Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC)
- Q Analyte with an initial or continuing calibration that does not meet established acceptance criteria (<20%RSD, <20% Drift or minimum RRF)
- S Spike recovery outside accepted recovery limits
- ND Not detected at the Reporting Limit

#### Acronyms:

%Rec - Percent Recovery

CCB - Continued Calibration Blank

CCV - Continued Calibration Verification

DF - Dilution Factor

HEM - Hexane Extractable Material

ICV - Initial Calibration Verification

LCS/LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample / Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

MB or MBLANK - Method Blank

MDL - Method Detection Limit

MS/MSD - Matrix Spike / Matrix Spike Duplicate

PDS - Post Digestion Spike

Ref Val - Reference Value

RL - Reporting Limit

RPD - Relative Percent Difference

SD - Serial Dilution

SGT - Silica Gel Treatment

SPK - Spike

Surr - Surrogate



WO#: 1506014

Date Reported: 6/9/2015

Client: Shannon & Wilson Collection Date: 6/1/2015 12:50:00 PM

Project: Seattle Hilton

**Lab ID:** 1506014-001 **Matrix:** Water

Analyses	Result	RL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Ana	lyzed
Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx				Bato	h ID: R22	2758 Analy	/st: BC
Gasoline	60,900	5,000	D	μg/L	100	6/5/2015 3:09	:00 AM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	92.0	65-135	D	%REC	100	6/5/2015 3:09	MA 00:
Surr: Toluene-d8	99.4	65-135	D	%REC	100	6/5/2015 3:09	MA 00:
Volatile Organic Compounds by	EPA Method 8	3260		Bato	h ID: R22	2757 Analy	st: BC
Benzene	1,080	100	D	μg/L	100	6/5/2015 3:09	:00 AM
Toluene	570	100	D	μg/L	100	6/8/2015 5:11	:00 PM
Ethylbenzene	1,990	100	D	μg/L	100	6/5/2015 3:09	MA 00:
m,p-Xylene	7,690	100	D	μg/L	100	6/5/2015 3:09	MA 00:
o-Xylene	2,700	100	D	μg/L	100	6/5/2015 3:09	MA 00:
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	99.1	77.4-147		%REC	1	6/3/2015 9:30	:00 PM
Surr: Toluene-d8	135	40.1-139		%REC	1	6/3/2015 9:30	:00 PM
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	121	64.2-128		%REC	1	6/3/2015 9:30	:00 PM
on Chromatography by EPA Me	thod 300.0			Batc	h ID: R22	2728 Analy	st: KT
Nitrate	0.0965	0.500	JD	mg/L	5	6/2/2015 1:50	:00 PM
Sulfate	ND	1.50	D	mg/L	5	6/2/2015 1:50	:00 PM
<b>NOTES:</b> Diluted due to matrix and high levels of r	non-target analytes						
Total Metals by EPA Method 200	0.8			Batc	h ID: 109	23 Analy	st: TN
Lead	22.8	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2015 5:03	:12 PM
Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B				Batc	h ID: R22	2703 Analy	st: KT
Ferrous Iron	4.20	0.300	D	mg/L	10	6/1/2015 6:00	:00 PM



WO#:

1506014

Date Reported:

6/9/2015

Client: Shannon & Wilson

Collection Date: 6/1/2015 10:30:00 AM

**Project:** Seattle Hilton **Lab ID:** 1506014-002

Matrix: Water

Analyses	Result	RL	Qual	Units	DF	Da	ate Analyzed	
Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx				Bato	h ID:	R22758	Analyst: BC	
Gasoline	ND	50.0		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	132	65-135		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Surr: Toluene-d8	135	65-135		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA Method	3260		Batc	h ID:	R22757	Analyst: BC	
Benzene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Toluene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/5/2	2015 12:43:00 AM	
o-Xylene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	98.8	77.4-147		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Surr: Toluene-d8	101	40.1-139		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	101	64.2-128		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 6:41:00 PM	
Ion Chromatography by EPA Meth	od 300.0			Batc	h ID:	R22728	Analyst: KT	
Nitrate	0.201	0.500	JD	mg/L	5	6/2/2	2015 2:00:00 PM	
Sulfate	33.3	1.50	D	mg/L	5	6/2/2	015 2:00:00 PM	
NOTES:								
Diluted due to matrix and high levels of nor	n-target analytes							
Total Metals by EPA Method 200.	<u>8</u>			Batc	h ID:	10923	Analyst: TN	
Lead	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 5:06:43 PM	
Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B				Batc	h ID:	R22703	Analyst: KT	
Ferrous Iron	ND	0.0300		mg/L	1	6/1/2	015 5:54:00 PM	



WO#:

1506014

Date Reported:

6/9/2015

Client: Shannon & Wilson

Collection Date: 6/1/2015 11:35:00 AM

Project: Seattle Hilton

Lab ID: 1506014-003

Matrix: Water

Client Sample ID: MW-3 Analyses	Result	RL	Qual	Units	DF	= Da	ate Analyzed
Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx				Bato	h ID:	R22758	Analyst: BC
Gasoline	152	50.0		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 8:05:00 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	135	65-135		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 8:05:00 PM
Surr: Toluene-d8	139	65-135	S	%REC	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
NOTES:							
S - Outlying surrogate recovery observed, a	duplicate analy	sis was perfor	med and re	covered with	in ran	ige.	
Volatile Organic Compounds by EF	PA Method 8	<u>3260</u>		Bato	h ID:	R22757	Analyst: BC
Benzene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 8:05:00 PM
Toluene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
m,p-Xylene	1.21	1.00		μg/L	1	6/5/2	015 1:12:00 AM
o-Xylene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	97.5	77.4-147		%REC	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
Surr: Toluene-d8	101	40.1-139		%REC	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	103	64.2-128		%REC	1	6/3/2	015 8:05:00 PM
on Chromatography by EPA Metho	od 300.0			Bato	h ID:	R22728	Analyst: KT
Nitrate	0.118	0.500	JD	mg/L	5	6/2/2	2015 2:35:00 PM
Sulfate	ND	1.50	D	mg/L	5	6/2/2	015 2:35:00 PM
NOTES:							
Diluted due to matrix and high levels of non-	target analytes						
Total Metals by EPA Method 200.8				Batc	h ID:	10923	Analyst: TN
Lead	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	015 5:10:15 PM
Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B				Batc	h ID:	R22703	Analyst: KT
Ferrous Iron	1.75	0.0300		mg/L	1	6/1/2	2015 5:56:00 PM



WO#

1506014

Date Reported:

6/9/2015

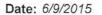
Client: Shannon & Wilson

Collection Date: 6/1/2015 12:25:00 PM

**Project:** Seattle Hilton **Lab ID:** 1506014-004

Matrix: Water

Analyses	Result	RL	Qual	Units	DF	= Da	ate Analyzed	
Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx				Bato	h ID:	R22758	Analyst: BC	
Gasoline	1,030	50.0		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	131	65-135		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Surr: Toluene-d8	133	65-135		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Volatile Organic Compounds by I	EPA Method 8	3260		Batc	h ID:	R22757	Analyst: BC	
Benzene	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Toluene	1.52	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Ethylbenzene	1.96	1.00		µg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
m,p-Xylene	2.62	1.00		µg/L	1	6/5/2	2015 1:42:00 AM	
o-Xylene	1.86	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	95.3	77.4-147		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Surr: Toluene-d8	100	40.1-139		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	100	64.2-128		%REC	1	6/3/2	2015 9:02:00 PM	
Ion Chromatography by EPA Met	nod 300.0			Batc	h ID:	R22728	Analyst: KT	
Nitrate	0.178	0.500	JD	mg/L	5	6/2/2	2015 2:45:00 PM	
Sulfate	ND	1.50	D	mg/L	5	6/2/2	2015 2:45:00 PM	
NOTES:								
Diluted due to matrix and high levels of no	n-target analytes							
Total Metals by EPA Method 200	8			Batc	h ID:	10923	Analyst: TN	
Lead	ND	1.00		μg/L	1	6/3/2	2015 5:13:46 PM	
Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B				Batc	h ID:	R22703	Analyst: KT	
Ferrous Iron	0.600	0.0300		mg/L	1	6/1/2	2015 5:58:00 PM	





1506014

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

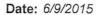
Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### **QC SUMMARY REPORT**

## Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260

Sample ID: CCV-B-R22757	SampTyp	e: CCV			Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/4/201	15	RunNo: 227	757	
Client ID: CCV	Batch ID:	R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/4/201	15	SeqNo: 431	1816	
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane		28.8		25.00		115	72.1	122				
Surr: Toluene-d8		33.3		25.00		133	62.1	129				S
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene		25.4		25.00		101	63.3	132				
Sample ID: CCV-C-R22757	SampTyp	e: CCV			Units: μg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/8/201	15	RunNo: 227	757	
Client ID: CCV	Batch ID:	R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/8/201	5	SeqNo: 432	2740	
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Toluene		17.9	1.00	20.00	0	89.7	80	120				
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane		23.7		25.00		94.6	72.1	122				
O T I 10												
Surr: Toluene-d8		22.1		25.00		88.5	62.1	129				





1506014

Shannon & Wilson

CLIENT: Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### **QC SUMMARY REPORT**

## Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260

Sample ID: 1506014-002AMS	SampType: MS			Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 227	757	
Client ID: MW-4	Batch ID: R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	5	SeqNo: 431	1371	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Ethylbenzene	20.2	1.00	20.00	0	101	64.5	136				
m,p-Xylene	21.1	1.00	40.00	0	52.8	63.3	135				S
o-Xylene	20.1	1.00	20.00	0	101	65.4	134				
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	25.8		25.00		103	77.4	147				
Surr: Toluene-d8	25.6		25.00		102	40.1	139				
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene NOTES:	24.6		25.00		98.3	64.2	128				

S - Outlying QC recoveries were associated with this sample. The method is in control as indicated by the LCS.

Sample ID: 1506014-003ADUP	SampType: DUP			Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 22	757	
Client ID: MW-3	Batch ID: R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	5	SeqNo: 43	1373	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	ND	1.00						0		30	
Toluene	ND	1.00						0		30	
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.00						0		30	
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.00						0		30	*
o-Xylene	ND	1.00						0		30	
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	26.5		25.00		106	77.4	147		0	00	
Surr: Toluene-d8	25.3		25.00		101	40.1	139		0		
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	25.5		25.00		102	64.2	128		0		
NOTES:									Ü		
	and the second of the second o										

\* - Flagged value is not within established control limits.

SampType: CCV			Units: µg/L	Prep Date: 6/4/2015				RunNo: 227		
Batch ID: R22757			1		Analysis Da	te: 6/4/201	5	SeqNo: 431816		
Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
21.3	1.00	20.00	0	106	80	120				
19.2	1.00	20.00	0	96.0	80	120				
38.1	1.00	40.00	0	95.3	80	120				
18.9	1.00	20.00	0	94.4	80	120				
	Batch ID: R22757  Result  21.3 19.2 38.1	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL  21.3 1.00 19.2 1.00 38.1 1.00	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL SPK value  21.3 1.00 20.00 19.2 1.00 20.00 38.1 1.00 40.00	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val  21.3 1.00 20.00 0  19.2 1.00 20.00 0  38.1 1.00 40.00 0	Batch ID: R22757           Result         RL         SPK value         SPK Ref Val         %REC           21.3         1.00         20.00         0         106           19.2         1.00         20.00         0         96.0           38.1         1.00         40.00         0         95.3	Batch ID: R22757         Analysis Da           Result         RL         SPK value         SPK Ref Val         %REC         LowLimit           21.3         1.00         20.00         0         106         80           19.2         1.00         20.00         0         96.0         80           38.1         1.00         40.00         0         95.3         80	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit  21.3 1.00 20.00 0 106 80 120 19.2 1.00 20.00 0 96.0 80 120 38.1 1.00 40.00 0 95.3 80 120	Batch ID:         R22757         Analysis Date:         6/4/2015           Result         RL         SPK value         SPK Ref Val         %REC         LowLimit         HighLimit         RPD Ref Val           21.3         1.00         20.00         0         106         80         120           19.2         1.00         20.00         0         96.0         80         120           38.1         1.00         40.00         0         95.3         80         120	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD  21.3 1.00 20.00 0 106 80 120  19.2 1.00 20.00 0 96.0 80 120  38.1 1.00 40.00 0 95.3 80 120	Batch ID: R22757  Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit  21.3 1.00 20.00 0 106 80 120  19.2 1.00 20.00 0 96.0 80 120  38.1 1.00 40.00 0 95.3 80 120





1506014

Shannon & Wilson

CLIENT: Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### **QC SUMMARY REPORT**

#### Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260

Sample ID: LCS-R22757	SampType: LCS			Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	15	RunNo: 227		
Client ID: LCSW	Batch ID: R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	15	SeqNo: 431	1032	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	19.4	1.00	20.00	0	96.8	69.3	132				
Toluene	19.7	1.00	20.00	0	98.4	61.3	145				
Ethylbenzene	19.5	1.00	20.00	0	97.5	72	130				
m,p-Xylene	20.7	1.00	40.00	0	51.7	70.3	134				S
o-Xylene	21.4	1.00	20.00	0	107	72.1	131				
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	24.0		25.00		95.8	77.4	147				
Surr: Toluene-d8	25.3		25.00		101	40.1	139				
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	24.2		25.00		97.0	64.2	128				
NOTES:											

S - Outlying spike recovery observed for m,p-Xylene (low bias). Samples will be qualified with an \*.

Sample ID: MB-R22757	SampType: MBLK			Units: µg/L		Prep Date	6/3/2015	RunNo: 2275	57	
Client ID: MBLKW	Batch ID: R22757					Analysis Date	6/3/2015	SeqNo: 4310	33	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	ND	1.00								
Toluene	ND	1.00								
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.00								
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.00								*
o-Xylene	ND	1.00								
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	24.7		25.00		98.6	77.4	147			
Surr: Toluene-d8	24.2		25.00		96.8	40.1	139			
Surr: 1-Bromo-4-fluorobenzene	24.6		25.00		98.2	64.2	128			
NOTES:										
* Flagged value is not within as	tablished sented limits									19

<sup>\* -</sup> Flagged value is not within established control limits.

Sample ID: 1506014-002AMS	SampType: MS			Units: µg/L		Prep Dat	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 227	57	
Client ID: MW-4	Batch ID: R22757					Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	5	SeqNo: 431	371	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	22.1	1.00	20.00	0	110	65.4	138				
Toluene	21.6	1.00	20.00	0	108	64	139				





CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### **QC SUMMARY REPORT**

Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx

Project: Seattle Hilto	on 								Gasonne	Dy NVV	PH-G
Sample ID: LCS-R22758	SampType: L	CS		Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 227	758	
Client ID: LCSW	Batch ID: R	22758				Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	5	SeqNo: 431	041	
Analyte	Res	sult R	L SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Gasoline	4	.47 50.	0 500.0	0	89.3	65	135				
Surr: Toluene-d8	32	2.4	25.00		130	65	135				
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30	0.5	25.00		122	65	135				
Sample ID: MB-R22758	SampType: N	IBLK	1000	Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 227	758	
Client ID: MBLKW	Batch ID: R	22758				Analysis Da			SeqNo: 431		
Analyte	Res	sult R	L SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Gasoline	1	ND 50.	0								
Surr: Toluene-d8	3.	1.8	25.00		127	65	135				
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	32	2.0	25.00		128	65	135				
Sample ID: 1506014-003ADUP	SampType: D	UP		Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/3/201	5	RunNo: 227	758	
Client ID: MW-3	Batch ID: R	22758		, =		Analysis Da	te: 6/3/201	5	SeqNo: 431		
Analyte	Res	ult R	L SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC			RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Gasoline	1	12 50.	0					151.6	29.7	30	
Surr: Toluene-d8	33	3.4	25.00		134	65	135		0	0	
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	33	3.2	25.00		133	65	135		0	0	
Sample ID: CCV-C-R22758	SampType: C	CV		Units: µg/L		Prep Da	te: 6/5/201	5	RunNo: 227	758	
Client ID: CCV	Batch ID: R	22758		-		Analysis Da			SeqNo: 431		
Analyte	Res	ult R	L SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC			RPD Ref Val		RPDLimit	Qual
Gasoline	4	39 50.	0 500.0	0	87.7	80	120		W-05-0000 - 10 ' 21 '		
Surr: Toluene-d8	24	4.8	25.00		99.3	65	135				





1506014

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

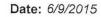
Project:

Seattle Hilton

**QC SUMMARY REPORT** 

Total Metals by EPA Method 200.8

Sample ID: MB-10	923	SampType: MBLK			Units: µg/L		Prep Date: 6/3/2015	RunNo: 22759
Client ID: MBLK	V	Batch ID: 10923					Analysis Date: 6/3/2015	SeqNo: 431062
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qua
Lead		ND	1.00					
Sample ID: LCS-1	923	SampType: LCS			Units: µg/L		Prep Date: 6/3/2015	RunNo: 22759
Client ID: LCSW		Batch ID: 10923					Analysis Date: 6/3/2015	SeqNo: 431063
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qua
Lead		44.6	1.00	50.00	0	89.3	85 115	
Sample ID: 150600	5-001ADUP	SampType: DUP			Units: µg/L		Prep Date: 6/3/2015	RunNo: 22759
Client ID: BATCH		Batch ID: 10923					Analysis Date: 6/3/2015	SeqNo: 431065
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qua
Lead		29.3	1.00				28.77	1.95 30
Sample ID: 150600	5-001AMS	SampType: MS			Units: µg/L		Prep Date: 6/3/2015	RunNo: 22759
Client ID: BATCH		Batch ID: 10923					Analysis Date: 6/3/2015	SeqNo: 431066
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qua
Lead		244	1.00	250.0	28.77	86.0	70 130	
Sample ID: 150600	5-001AMSD	SampType: MSD			Units: µg/L		Prep Date: 6/3/2015	RunNo: 22759
Client ID: BATCH		Batch ID: 10923					Analysis Date: 6/3/2015	SeqNo: 431067
Analyte		Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qua
Lead		245	1.00	250.0	28.77	86.3	70 130 243.7	0.359 30





1506014

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

Project:

Seattle Hilton

**QC SUMMARY REPORT** 

Ion Chromatography by EPA Method 300.0

Sample ID: MB-R22728

SampType: MBLK

Units: mg/L

Prep Date: 6/2/2015

RunNo: 22728

Client ID: MBLKW

Batch ID: R22728

Analysis Date: 6/2/2015

SeqNo: 430391

Analyte

Result

SPK value SPK Ref Val

%REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val

%RPD RPDLimit Qual

Sulfate

ND 0.300





1506014

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

Project:

Seattle Hilton

#### **QC SUMMARY REPORT**

#### Ion Chromatography by EPA Method 300.0

Froject. Seattle Fill C	) I I							3	,,		
Sample ID: 1506035-001ADUP	SampType: DUP			Units: mg/L		Prep Date	6/2/2018	5	RunNo: 227	728	
Client ID: BATCH	Batch ID: R22728					Analysis Date	6/2/2018	5	SeqNo: 430	386	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Nitrate	ND	0.100						0		20	
Sulfate	1.85	0.300						1.832	1.24	20	
Sample ID: 1506035-001AMS	SampType: MS			Units: mg/L		Prep Date	e: 6/2/2018	5	RunNo: 227	728	
Client ID: BATCH	Batch ID: R22728					Analysis Date	6/2/2018	5	SeqNo: 430	387	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Nitrate	2.88	0.100	3.000	0	95.9	80	120				
Sulfate	15.2	0.300	15.00	1.832	89.3	80	120				
Sample ID: 1506035-001AMSD	SampType: MSD			Units: mg/L		Prep Date	6/2/2015	5	RunNo: 227	28	
Client ID: BATCH	Batch ID: R22728					Analysis Date	6/2/2015	5	SeqNo: 430	388	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit I	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Nitrate	2.91	0.100	3.000	0	96.9	80	120	2.878	1.02	20	
Sulfate	15.3	0.300	15.00	1.832	90.0	80	120	15.23	0.638	20	
Sample ID: LCS-R22728	SampType: LCS		*	Units: mg/L		Prep Date	: 6/2/2018	5	RunNo: 227	28	
Client ID: LCSW	Batch ID: R22728					Analysis Date	: 6/2/2015	5	SeqNo: 430	390	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit I	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Nitrate	2.30	0.100	2.250	0	102	90	110				
Sulfate	14.0	0.300	15.00	0	93.4	90	110	×			
Sample ID: MB-R22728	SampType: MBLK			Units: mg/L	-	Prep Date	: 6/2/2015	5	RunNo: 227	28	
Client ID: MBLKW	Batch ID: R22728					Analysis Date			SeqNo: 430	391	
Analyte	Result	RL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit I	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Nitrate	ND	0.100						74			





1506014

CLIENT:

Shannon & Wilson

Project:

Seattle Hilton

**QC SUMMARY REPORT** 

Ferrous Iron by SM3500-Fe B

Sample ID: MB-R22703 SampType: MBLK Units: ma/L Prep Date: 6/1/2015 RunNo: 22703 Client ID: MBLKW Batch ID: R22703 Analysis Date: 6/1/2015 SeqNo: 429883 Analyte Result SPK value SPK Ref Val LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Qual Ferrous Iron ND 0.0300 Sample ID: LCS-R22703 SampType: LCS Units: mg/L Prep Date: 6/1/2015 RunNo: 22703 Client ID: LCSW Batch ID: R22703 Analysis Date: 6/1/2015 SeqNo: 429884 Analyte Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %REC %RPD RPDLimit Qual Ferrous Iron 0.960 0.0300 1.000 0 90 110 96.0 Sample ID: 1506014-003CDUP SampType: DUP Units: mg/L Prep Date: 6/1/2015 RunNo: 22703 Client ID: MW-3 Batch ID: R22703 Analysis Date: 6/1/2015 SeqNo: 429889 Analyte Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Qual Ferrous Iron 1.46 0.0300 1.750 18.1 20 Sample ID: 1506014-004CMS SampType: MS Units: mg/L Prep Date: 6/1/2015 RunNo: 22703 Client ID: MW-2 Batch ID: R22703 Analysis Date: 6/1/2015 SeqNo: 429890 Analyte Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Qual Ferrous Iron 1.51 0.0300 1.000 0.6000 91.0 85 115 Sample ID: 1506014-004CMSD SampType: MSD Units: mg/L Prep Date: 6/1/2015 RunNo: 22703 Client ID: MW-2 Batch ID: R22703 Analysis Date: 6/1/2015 SeqNo: 429891 Analyte Result RL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Qual Ferrous Iron 1.50 0.0300 1.000 0.6000 90.0 85 115 1.510 0.664 20



## Sample Log-In Check List

Client Name: SW	Work Order Numb	oer: 1506014		
Logged by: Erica Silva	Date Received:	6/1/2015	1:43:00 PM	
Chain of Custody				
Is Chain of Custody complete?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌	Not Present	
2. How was the sample delivered?	<u>Client</u>			
<u>Log In</u>				
3. Coolers are present?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA 🗆	
5. Obolets are present:	165	140	IVA 🗆	
4. Shipping container/cooler in good condition?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
<ol><li>Custody Seals present on shipping container/cooler? (Refer to comments for Custody Seals not intact)</li></ol>	Yes	No 🗌	Not Required <b>✓</b>	
6. Was an attempt made to cool the samples?	Yes	No 🗸	NA $\square$	
Sam	ples received straight	t from field	_	
7. Were all items received at a temperature of >0°C to 10.0°C*	Yes	No 🗌	NA 🗹	
8. Sample(s) in proper container(s)?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆		
9. Sufficient sample volume for indicated test(s)?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
10. Are samples properly preserved?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
11. Was preservative added to bottles?	Yes	No 🗸	NA 🗆	
12. Is there headspace in the VOA vials?	Yes	No 🗸	NA 🗆	
13. Did all samples containers arrive in good condition(unbroken)?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
14. Does paperwork match bottle labels?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
15. Are matrices correctly identified on Chain of Custody?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
16. Is it clear what analyses were requested?	Yes 🗹	No 🗆		
17. Were all holding times able to be met?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	-	
Special Handling (if applicable)				
18. Was client notified of all discrepancies with this order?	Yes	No 🗌	NA 🗸	
Person Notified: Dat	re:			
By Whom: Via		ne Fax	In Person	
Regarding:				

Item#	Temp °C
Cooler	14.2
Sample	17.5
Temp Blank	4.9

3600 Fremont Ave M. Tell Seattle, WA 98103 For Client: She Address: 4000	Antalyti : 206-352-379 :: 206-352-717 MMCM &	हिंदा है 0 78		Date: 6/1	Project N Project N Location	Page:	1-13341-0 1-13341-0 2014 He He	of:	nain of Custo	dy Record
Tel: 206-633-8020	HIT, WA	2-			Reports 1	(PM):	MIC MARI	Reynolds	5	
*Matrix Codes: A = Au, AQ = Aqueous.				-6777	Email:	just eshol	nuil.com			
Sample Name	Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type (Matrix)*	\$ 10 gr 20 g				A PARTIES N	Comments	
. Mw-5	6/1/15		GW		-		X X			
2 Mw-4	1	1030				TX	XX			
3 Mw-3		1135		X		XT				
4 MW-2	1	1225	+	X		XT	- X X			
5										
ž.					+++		+++			
3					+++	-	+++	+++		
				-+++	+++	-	+++	+++		
8	-						+			
9				$\rightarrow$			$\bot$			
10										
"'Metals Analysis (Circle): MTCA-5	RCRA-B	Priority Pollul	ants TAI	( Included on !	Ag Al As B Ba Be	Ca Cd Co Cr Cu	Fe Hg E Mg 1	An Ma Na Mil	Pb Sb Se Sr Sn Ti 11 tr V 7	п
Sample Disposal: Ret	ite Chloride um to Client Date/Time	<b>D</b> isposa	-	may be assessed if an	nate Fluoride	Nitrate+Nitrite		Olpm will begin	Special Remarks	
Refriquished x	Date/Time			nochod	July	Date/Time	9 17	, , , ,	TAT -> SameDay^ NextDay^	2 Day 3 Day STD

## SHANNON & WILSON, INC.

# APPENDIX B NATURAL ATTENUATION ANALYSIS OUTPUT

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Well (Sampling) Location? MW-2
Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85%

1. Monitoring Well Information: Contaminant Concentration at a well: Quarterly sampling recommended.

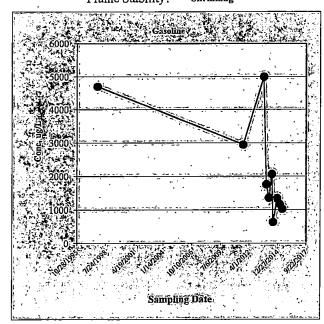
		Hazardous Substances (unit is ug/L)								
Sampling Event	Date Sampled	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes				
#1	9/25/1997	4700	6700	210	670	590				
#2	8/25/2011	2950	76.1	2.19	863	22				
#3	8/22/2013	5000	3.07	2.01	408	10.8				
#4	11/21/2013	1760	1.4	1.57	83.3	6.89				
#5	2/21/2014	1360	2.9	1.62	20.8	7.44				
#6	5/30/2014	2070	1.82	2	36.5	8.47				
#7	7/11/2014	642	1.22	0.5	4.8	3.07				
#8	11/25/2014	1350	1.01	1.63	6.53	8.19				
#9	2/25/2015	1170	0.5	1.33	3.36	4.52				
#10	6/1/2015	1030	0.5	1.52	1.96	4.48				
#11										
#12				•						
#13										
#14										
#15										
#16										

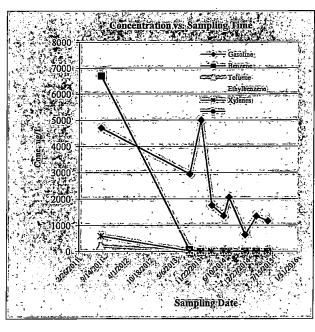
#### 2. Mann-Kendall Non-parametric Statistical Test Results

Hazardous Substance?	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	
Confidence Level Calculated?	99.80%	100.00%	99.20%	100.00%	99.50%	NA
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	Shrinking	NA
Coefficient of Variation?						n<4
Mann-Kendall Statistic "S" value?	-31	-40	-27	-39	-29	0
Number of Sampling Rounds?	10	10	10	10	10	0
Average Concentration?	2203.20	678.85	22.44	209.83	66.59	NA
Standard Deviation?	1532.90	2115.75	65.90	321.22	183.99	NA
Coefficient of Variation?	0.70	3.12	2.94	1.53	2.76	NA
Blank if No Errors found						n<4

#### 3. Temporal Trend: Plot of Concentration vs. Sampling Time

Hazardous substance? Gasoline
Plume Stability? Shrinking





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Well (Sampling) Location? MW-3
Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85%

1. Monitoring Well Information: Contaminant Concentration at a well: Quarterly sampling recommended.

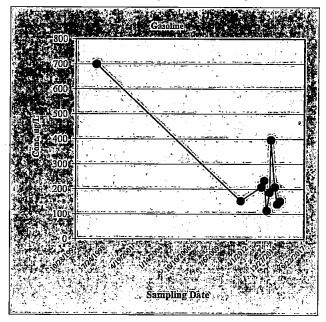
			Hazardous Substances (unit is ug/L)							
Sampling Event	Date Sampled	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes				
#1	9/25/1997	700	7200	10	74	97				
#2	8/25/2011	153	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.35				
#3	8/22/2013	209	0.5	0.5	0.5	1				
#4	11/21/2013	235	0.5	0.5	0.5	1				
#5	2/21/2014	114	0.5	0.5	0.5	1 .				
#6	5/30/2014	187	0.5	0.5	0.5	3.59				
#7	7/11/2014	397	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.31				
#8	11/25/2014	208	0.5	0.5	1.34	5.04				
#9	2/25/2015	140	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.16				
#10	6/1/2015	152	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.21				
#11										
#12										
#13										
#14										
#15										
#16	-	•								

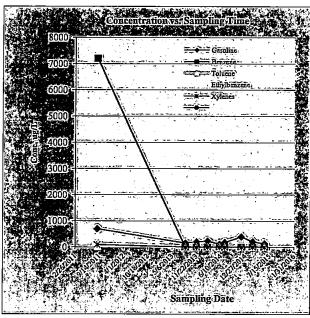
#### 2. Mann-Kendall Non-parametric Statistical Test Results

Hazardous Substance?	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	_
Confidence Level Calculated?	85.40%	75.80%	75.80%	63.60%	50.00%	NA
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	Undetermined	Undetermined	Undetermined	Undetermined	NA
Coefficient of Variation?		CV > 1	CV > 1	CV > 1	CV > 1	n<4
Mann-Kendall Statistic "S" value?	-13	-9	-9	-5	-2	. 0
Number of Sampling Rounds?	10	10	· 10	10	10	0
Average Concentration?	249.50	720.45	1.45	7.93	11.37	NA
Standard Deviation?	176.81	2276.68	3.00	23.21	30.12	NA:
Coefficient of Variation?	0.71	3.16	2.07	2.93	2.65	NA
Blank if No Errors found	,					n<4

#### 3. Temporal Trend: Plot of Concentration vs. Sampling Time

Hazardous substance? Gasoline
Plume Stability? Shrinking





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Well (Sampling) Location? MW-4
Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85%

1. Monitoring Well Information: Contaminant Concentration at a well: Quarterly sampling recommended.

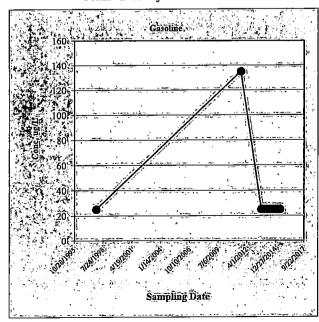
			Hazardous Substances (unit is ug/L)									
Sampling Event	Date Sampled	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes						
#1	11/14/1997	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	_					
#2	8/26/2011	135	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	_					
#3	8/22/2013	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
. #4	11/21/2013	25	0:5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#5	2/21/2014	.25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#6	5/30/2014	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#7	7/11/2014	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#8	11/25/2014	25	. 0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#9	2/25/2015	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#10	6/1/2015	25	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5						
#11				1								
#12												
#13												
#14												
#15												
#16												

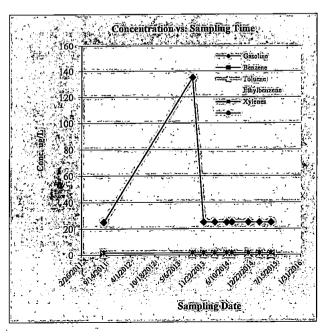
2. Mann-Kendall Non-parametric Statistical Test Results

Hazardous Substance?	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	
Confidence Level Calculated?	70.00%	-900.00%	-900.00%	-900.00%	-900.00%	NA
Plume Stability?	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	NA
Coefficient of Variation?	CV <= 1	CV <= 1	CV <= 1	CV <= 1	CV <= 1	n<4
Mann-Kendall Statistic "S" value?	-7	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Sampling Rounds?	10	10	10	10	10	0
Average Concentration?	36.00	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.50	NA
Standard Deviation?	34.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	NA
Coefficient of Variation?	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	NA
Blank if No Errors found						n<4

#### 3. Temporal Trend: Plot of Concentration vs. Sampling Time

Hazardous substance? Gasoline
Plume Stability? Stable





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Well (Sampling) Location? MW-5
Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85%

1. Monitoring Well Information: Contaminant Concentration at a well: Quarterly sampling recommended.

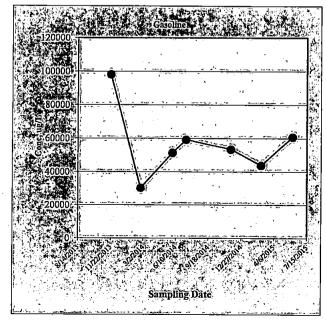
		Hazardous Substances (unit is ug/L)						
Sampling Event	Date Sampled	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes		
#1	11/21/2013	98100	230	179 ·	1070	6100		
#2	2/21/2014	30300	193	122	796	3670		
#3	5/30/2014	51400	927	552	1820	7610		
#4	7/11/2014	59300	1050	837	1940	9960		
#5	11/25/2014	53500	566	204	1480	7610		
#6	2/25/2015	43900	605	262	1320	6680		
#7	6/1/2015	60900	1080	570	1990	10390		
#8								
#9								
#10						_		
#11								
#12								
#13		· <u>-</u>				-		
#14								
#15					<del> </del>			
#16								

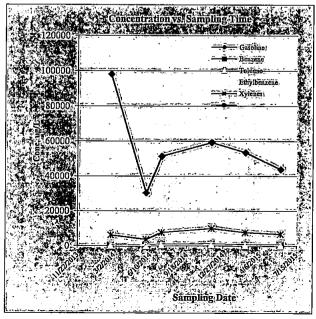
#### 2. Mann-Kendall Non-parametric Statistical Test Results

Hazardous Substance?	Gasoline	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	
Confidence Level Calculated?	50.00%	93.20%	88.10%	88.10%	88.10%	NA
Plume Stability?	Stable	Expanding	Expanding	Expanding	Expanding	NA
Coefficient of Variation?			-			n<4
Mann-Kendall Statistic "S" value?	1	11	9	9	10	0
Number of Sampling Rounds?	7	7	7	7	7	0
Average Concentration?	56771.43	664.43	389.43	1488.00	7431.43	NA
Standard Deviation?	20966.06	368.44	266.39	456.14	2298.42	NA
Coefficient of Variation?	0.37	0.55	0.68	0.31	0.31	NA
Blank if No Errors found						n<4

#### 3. Temporal Trend: Plot of Concentration vs. Sampling Time

Hazardous substance? Gasoline
Plume Stability? Stable

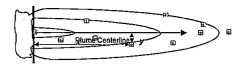




Module 2: Inputs: Enter Historical Ground Water Data

Site Name:
Site Address:
Site Address:
Additional Description:
Hazardous Substance

Hilton Seattle Hotel
Seattle, WA
Additional Description:
Gasoline



1. Monitoring W	ell information	: Contami	inant Co	ncentra	ition at	a well:			Note	: relatio	nship of	"y/x ≤ (	0.33" is	preferre	ď.			
Well Location:		Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4		-										
Dist from source, x	-direction	ft	0.001	44	78	128		,			_							
Off-centerline dist,	y-direction	ft	0.001	18	13	0.001	•										•	
Sampling Event	Date sampled	day	Unit of a	concentra	tion is u	g/L										-		٠.
#1	9/25/97	0	f –	4700	700	25												
#2	8/25/11	5082		2950	153	135												
#3	8/22/13	5810		5000	209	25	-	_	_		_							
#4	11/21/13	5901	98100	1760	235-	25												
#5	2/21/14	5993	30300	1360	114	25												
#6	5/30/14	6091	51400	2070	187	25					1							
#7	7/11/14	6133	59300	642	397	25												
#8	11/25/14	6270	53500	1350	208	25												
#9	2/25/15	6362	43900	1170	140	25												
#10	6/1/15	6458	60900	1030	152	25												
#11					L										_			
#12		•			1													
#13																	[	
#14																l		
#15											,							•
#16					ļ													
#17	•				ļ													
#18											l	_						
#19			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>											ļ		
#20			<u> </u>		<u> </u>							ŀ					L	
Average Concen			56771.4	2203.2	249.5	36.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum Conce			98100	5000	700	135	NA	NA	ÑΑ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Minimum Conce	ntration		30300	642	114	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

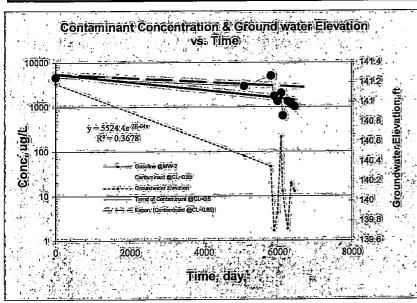
#### 2. Groundwater Elevation:

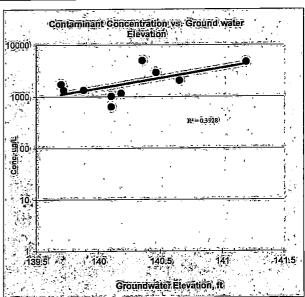
Well Location:			_													
Sampling Event	Date sampled	Day														
#1	9/25/97	0	142.59	141.19	140,75	138.99	Ì	,								
#2	8/25/11	5082	141.17	140.46	140.16	138.87										
#3	8/22/13	5810	140.84	140.35	140.14	139.04										
#4	11/21/13	5901	140.18	139.7	139.52	138.05										1
#5	2/21/14	5993	140.25	139.88	139.64	138.1										
#6	5/30/14	6091	140.95	140.65	140.32	139.32										
#7	7/11/14	6133	140.95	140.1	138.99	138.14										
#8	11/25/14	6270	140.18	139.72	139.44	137.98						<u> </u>				
#9	2/25/15	6362	140,45	140.18	139.89	138.59							l			
#10.	6/1/15	6458	141.14	140.1	140.03	139										
#11		-									_				· _	
#12				l												
#13										Ì						
#14																
#15	T ~ 1												]			
#16																
#17										1						
#18																
#19																
#20								1		1				I		

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Gasoline

1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

Name of Sampling Well?	MW-2	Confidence Level (Decision	n Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with log-l	93.696%			
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteri	ia is 85%	•
Slope: Point decay rate constant (k point	), yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.076 @50% C.L.;	0.037	@85% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{point}$ , yr		9.166 @50% C.L.;	18.695	@85% C.L.





#### 2. Spatial and Temporal Trend along Overall Plume Length for Multiple Wells:

 Plot #1:
 Sampling date #1
 21-Feb-14

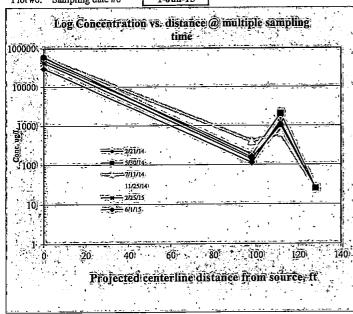
 Plot #2:
 Sampling date #2
 30-May-14

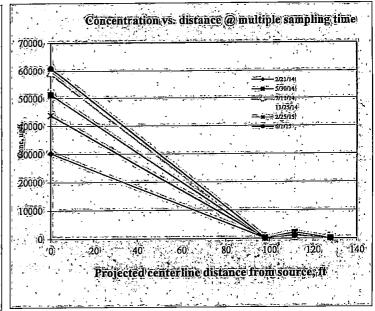
 Plot #3:
 Sampling date #3
 11-Jul-14

 Plot #4:
 Sampling date #4
 25-Nov-14

 Plot #5:
 Sampling date #5
 25-Feb-15

 Plot #6:
 Sampling date #6
 1-Jun-15

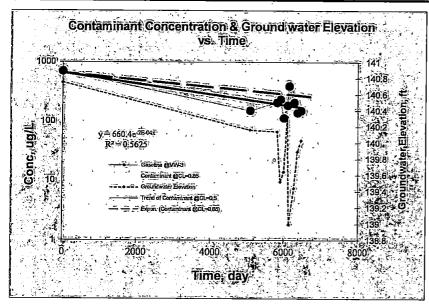


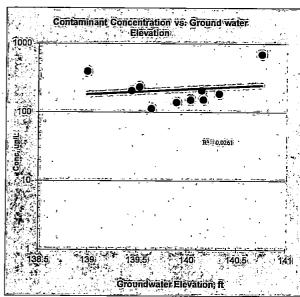


Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Gasoline

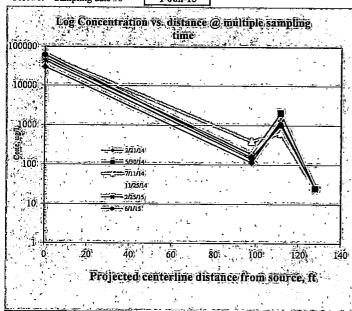
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

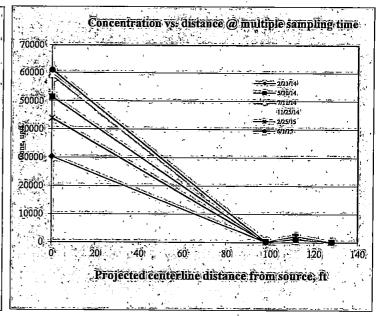
Name of Sampling Well? MW-3		Confidence Level (Decision	n Criteria)?   85.0%			
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	98.752%				
Plume Stability? Shrinking		; Decision Criteria is 85%.				
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.076 @50% C.L.;	0.050 @85% C.L.			
Half Life for k point, yr		9.099 @50% C.L.;	13.847 @85% C.L.			





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Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Yun-15

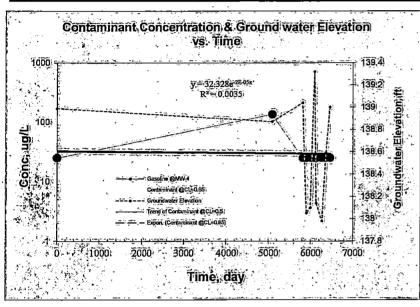


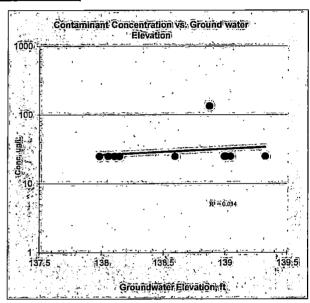


Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Gasoline

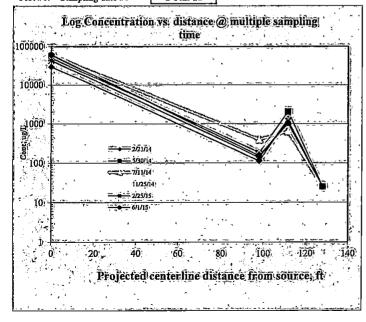
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

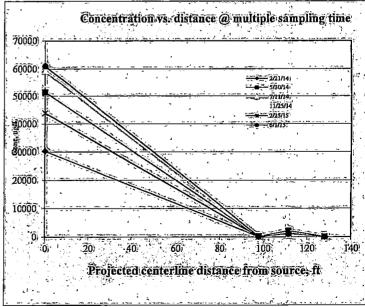
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-4	Confidence Level (Decision C	riteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	12.954%		
Plume Stability?	ty? Stable ; Decision Criteria is 85%.			
Slope: Point decay rate constant (k point), yr-1		0.006 @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr		116.205 @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





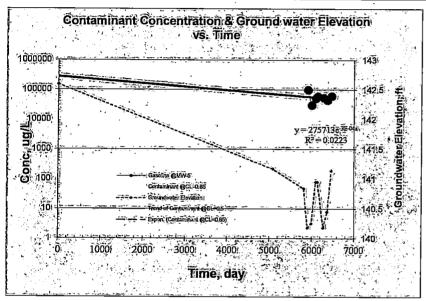
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

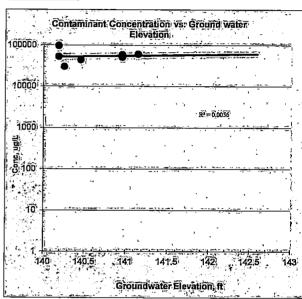
Site Address: Seattle, WA

Additional Description: NA Evaluation Hazardous Substance Gasoline

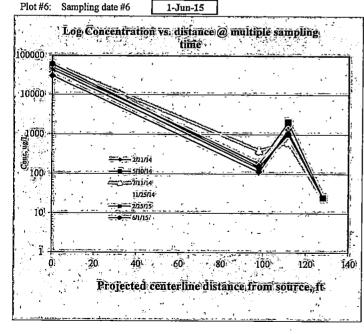
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

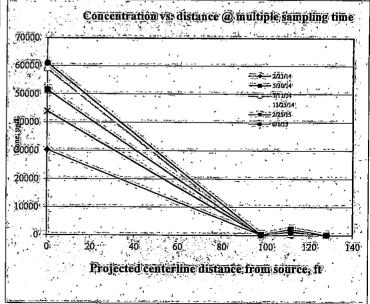
Name of Sampling Well? MW-5		Confidence Level (Decision Criteria)? 85.0%		
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	25.065%		
Plume Stability? Stable ; Decision Criteria is 85%.				
Slope: Point decay rate constant $(k_{point})$ , yr <sup>-1</sup>		0.097 @50% C.L.; NA	@85% C.L.	
Half Life for $k_{point}$ , yr		7.169 @50% C.L.; NA	@85% C.L.	





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Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15





Module 2: Temporal Analysis: Concentration of contaminant vs. time (Regression Analysis at each well)

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

Site Address: Seattle, WA Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Hazardous Substance Gasoline 1. Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85% 2. Prediction: Calculation of Restoration Time and Predicted Concentration at Wells Well Location MW-5 MW-2 MW-3 NA A. Cleanup Level (Criterion) to be achieved? ug/L 800 800 800 800 A.1 Average (@50% CL<sup>1</sup> best-fitting values) Time to reach the criterion NA уr 25.55 -2.52 NA Date when the Criterion to be achieved date NA 4/8/23 3/21/95 NA A.2 Boundary (@85% CL) Time to reach the criterion<sup>2</sup> NA 52,12 yr -3.83 NA Date when the Criterion to be achieved date NA 10/24/49 11/26/93 NA Date of Prediction? date 9/30/15 9/30/15 9/30/15 9/30/15 B.1 Average conc predicted (@50% CL) ug/L NA 1413.48 167.30 NΑ NA B.2 Boundary conc predicted (@85% CL) ug/L 2831,71 NA 267.90 NA 3. Log-Linear Regression Results Coefficient of Determination 0.022 0.368 0.563 0.004 NA Correlation Coefficient -0.149 -0.606 -0,750 -0.059 NA Number of data points NA NΑ NA NA NA NA NΑ NA NA NA NA NA 4. Statistical Inference on the Slope of the Log-Linear Regression Line with t-statistics One-tailed Confidence Level calculated, % 25,065% 93.696% 98.752% 12.954% NA Sufficient evidence to support that the slope of the NO! YESI YES! NO! NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA regression line is significantly different from zero? NA NΑ NA Coefficient of Variation? 0.369 NA NA 0.966 NA Plume Stability? Stable Shrinking Shrinking Stable NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 5. Calculation of Point Decay Rate Constant  $(k_{point})$ Slope: Point decay rate @50% CL vr-1 0.097 0.076 0.076 0.006 NA constant (k point) @85% CL vr-1 NA 0.037 0.050 NA @50% CL уr 7.169 9.166 9,099 116.205 Half Life for  $(k_{point})$ NA @85% CL ٧r NA 18,695 13,847 NA NA NA

NA

NA

NA

NA

NA

NA

Note: 1. CL: Confidence Level: UD= Undetermined

<sup>2.</sup> The length of time that will actually be required is estimated to be no more than years calculated (@, 85% of confidence level.)

Module 2: Inputs: Enter Historical Ground Water Data

module 21 inputs.	Module 2. Inputs. Enter Historical Ground Water Data					
Site Name:	Hilton Seattle Hotel					
Site Address:	Seattle, WA					
Additional Description:	NA Evaluation					
Hazardous Substance	Benzene					



1. Monitoring We	ell information	: Contami	nant Co	ncentra	ation at	a well:			Note	e: relatio	nship of	f "y/x ≤	0.3 <b>3</b> " is	preferre	ed .			
Well Location:		Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4		l						i -		[		
Dist from source, x-	direction	ft	0.001	44	78	128			-		T		-	<del>                                     </del>				
Off-centerline dist, y	-direction	ft	0.001	18	13	0.001	_					-			1			
Sampling Event	Date sampled	day	Unit of a	concentra	tion is u	g/L			<u> </u>									<u> </u>
#1 .	9/25/97	0		6700	7200	0.5		ĺ			1	Π		<u> </u>	Γ -			
#2	8/25/11	5082		76.1	0.5	0.5											-	
#3	8/22/13	5810		3.07	0.5	0.5		_	i -		<b>T</b>				_	_	-	
#4	11/21/13	5901	230	1.4	0.5	0.5												
#5	2/21/14	5993	193	2.9	0.5	0.5		_										
#6	5/30/14	6091	927	1.82	0.5	0.5				l — —	-		_		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		
#7	7/11/14	6133	1050	1.22	0,5	0.5			_			Ī .		1				
#8	11/25/14	6270	566	1.01	0.5	0.5									i -			
#9	2/25/15	6362	605	0.5	0,5	0.5			-					-	_	-		
#10	6/1/15	6458	1080	0.5	0.5	0.5					_	T	-	1				
#11		_		_		-				_			_	_				
#12															_			<b>-</b>
#13											_				_ <del></del>	-	-	<u> </u>
#14			1		_				_		_				_			
#15					_						_							
#16																		_
#17				٠.														_
#18																		
#19										Ì								
#20											i .							
Average Concentra			664.4	678.9	720.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum Concen	tration		1080	6700	7200	0.5	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Minimum Concent	tration		193	0.5	0,5	0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

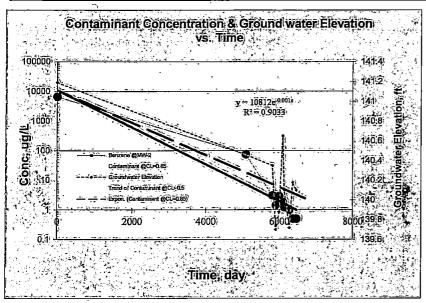
2	Grandwater	Fleve	ti	_	n

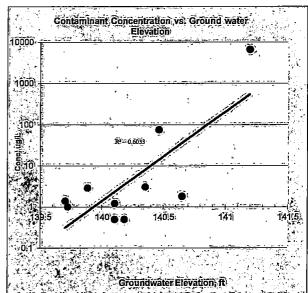
Well Location:			T										Ī					
Sampling Event	Date sampled	Day			-		•	•	•					-	<del>'</del>	<u> </u>	-	
#1	9/25/97	0	142.59	141.19	140.75	138.99							1		_			_
#2	8/25/11	5082	141.17	140,46	140.16	138.87									_			
#3	8/22/13	5810	140.84	140.35	140.14	139.04									-		-	
#4	11/21/13	5901	140.18	139.7	139,52	138.05	1				_				1			
#5	2/21/14	5993	140,25	139,88	139.64	138.1									i			
#6	5/30/14	6091	140.95	140.65	140.32	139.32												
#7	7/11/14	6133	140.95	140.1	138.99	138.14		Ī						1			-	<del>                                     </del>
#8	11/25/14	6270	140.18	139.72	139.44	137.98			_		1							
#9	2/25/15	6362	140.45	140.18	139.89	138,59						_		·				
#10	6/1/15	6458	141.14	140.1	140.03	139												
#11				_									-					_
#12				Ī													-	
#13														1	<del> </del>	_		
#14 .										_	_		1			-		
#15															<del>                                     </del>		_	
#16							i –				i — —		l —		Ι.		i -	
#17											_		i		i		<u> </u>	
#18											<u> </u>				_	-		
#19					_						1				-			
#20														-	-			

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Benzene

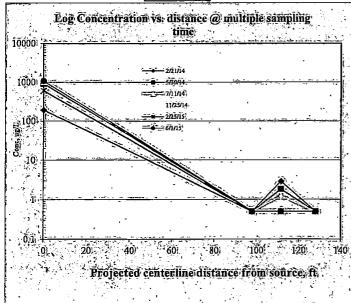
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

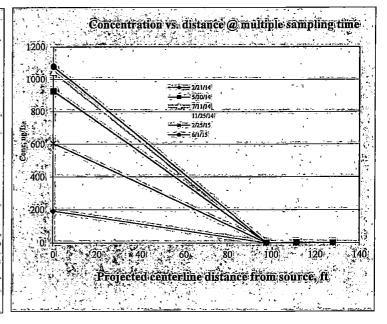
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-2	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)? 85.0%	<u></u> i		
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	99.998%				
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteria is 85%.				
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.525 @50% C.L.;	0.458 @85% C.I	L.		
Half Life for k point, yr		1.321 @50% C.L.;	1.513 @85% C.I	L.		





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15

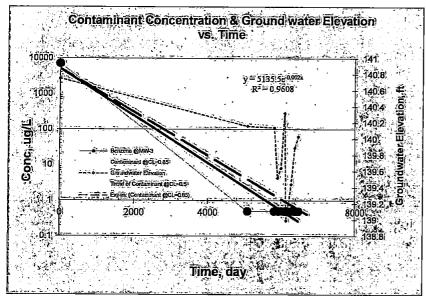


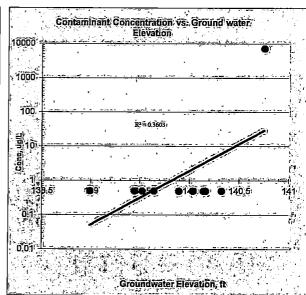


Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Benzene

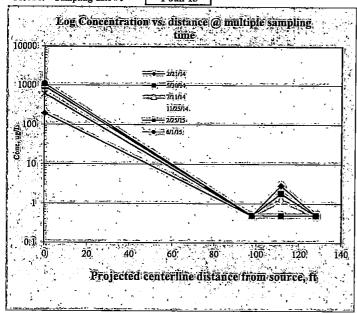
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

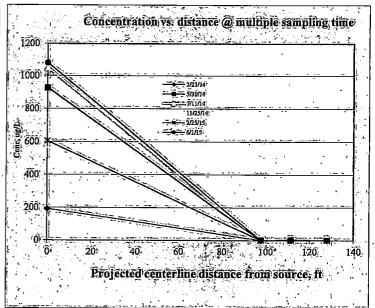
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-3	Confidence Level (Decision	1 Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	100.000%		
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteri		
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.559 @50% C.L.;	0.515	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr		1.241 @50% C.L.;	1.347	@85% C.L.





Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3;	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





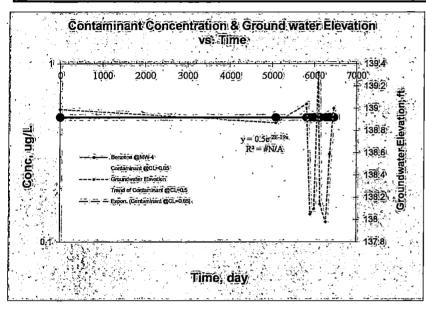
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

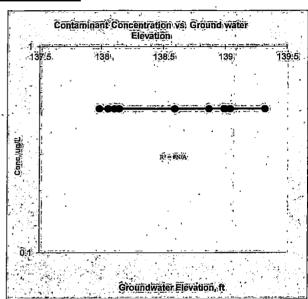
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Hazardous Substance Benzene

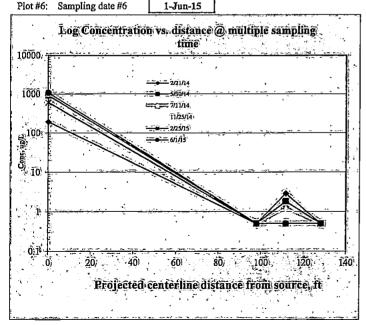
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

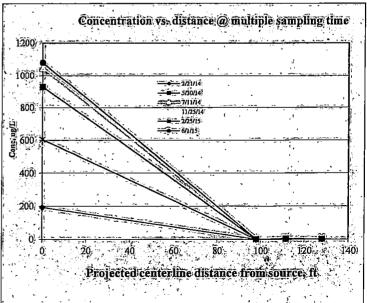
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-4	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	NA .		
Plume Stability?	NA	; Decision Criteria	is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k <sub>point</sub> ), yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr		NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.





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Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15





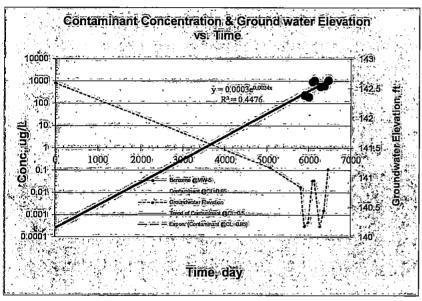
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

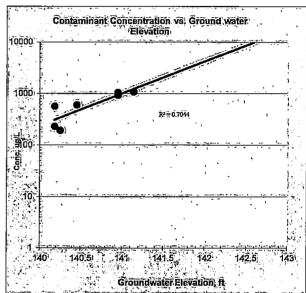
Benzene

Hazardous Substance

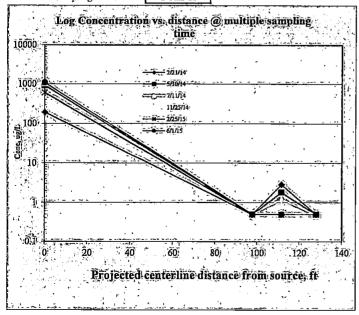
1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

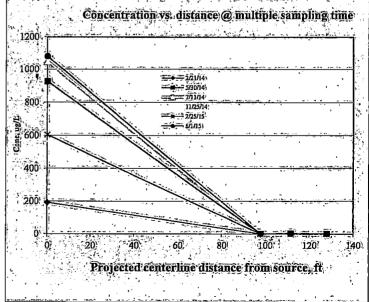
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-5	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	h log-linear regression is?	89.970%		
Plume Stability?	Expanding	; Decision Criteria	is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant	(k <sub>point</sub> ), yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{\it point}$ , yr		NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.





Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot#6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





Module 2: Temporal Analysis: Concentration of contaminant vs. time (Regression Analysis at each well)

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Benzene

1. Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)?

85%

## 2. Prediction: Calculation of Restoration Time and Predicted Concentration at Wells

Well Location		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA
A. Cleanup Level (Criterion) to be achieved?	ug/L	5	5	5	5		_								102	102	- 11/1
A.1 Average (@50% CL <sup>1</sup> best-fitting values)											i <del></del> -	<del></del>	<u> </u>		<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>
Time to reach the criterion	уг	NA	14.63	12.41	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.
Date when the Criterion to be achieved	date	NA	5/8/12	2/20/10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.
A.2 Boundary (@85% CL)			-						_	_			<del></del>			- ```	
Time to reach the criterion <sup>2</sup>	yr	NA	16.76	13.47	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA
Date when the Criterion to be achieved	date	NΑ	6/26/14	3/13/11	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	' NA	NA ·	NA	NA	NA
B Date of Prediction?	date	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15					_							$\overline{}$
B.1 Average conc predicted (@50% CL)	ug/L	NA	0.84	0.22	#DIV/01	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA	NA
B.2 Boundary conc predicted (@85% CL)	ug/L		2.80	0.48	#DIV/0!	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3. Log-Linear Regression Results				· .							<u>'</u>	I	<u> </u>				
Coefficient of Determination $r^2$		0.448	0,903	0.961	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA

Coefficient of Determination	r^	0.448	0,903	0.961	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA
Correlation Coefficient	r	0,669	-0.950	-0.980	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of data points	n	7	10	10	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

4. Statistical Inference on the Slope of the Log-Linear Regression Line with t-statistics

One-tailed Confidence Level calculated, %	89.970%	99,998%	100.000%	NA	NA	NA _	NA	NA								
Sufficient evidence to support that the slope of the	T TOOL	******								-						
regression line is significantly different from zero?	YES!	YES!	YES!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Coefficient of Variation?	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA :	NA
Plume Stability?	Expanding	Shrinking	Shrinking	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.

5. Calculation of Point Decay Rate Constant  $(k_{point})$ 

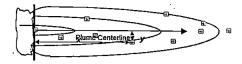
Slope: Point decay rate	@50% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA	0,525	0.559	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
constant (k point)	@85% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA	0.458	0.515	NA	NA	NA ·	NA									
Half Life for $(k_{point})$	@50% CL	yr	NA	1.321	1.241	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	@85% CL	yr	NA	1.513	1.347	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: 1. CL: Confidence Level; UD= Undetermined

2. The length of time that will actually be required is estimated to be no more than years calculated (@ 85% of confidence level.)

Module 2: Inputs: Enter Historical Ground Water Data

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Toluene



ell information	: Contami	nant Co	ncentra	tion at	a well:			Not	e: relatio	nship of	[ "y/x ≤	0.33" is	preferre	ed			
	Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4							1		Î			
direction	ft	0.001	44	78	128						i –	<del> </del>			1		
y-direction	ft	0.001	18	13	0.001											<b>-</b>	
Date sampled	day	Unit of o	concentra	tion is u	e/L		•				<del>'</del>						
9/25/97	0		210	10	0.5				i								
8/25/11	5082		2.19	0.5	0.5							_	<del> -</del>	_			
8/22/13	5810		2.01	0.5	0.5			<del>                                     </del>					<del> </del>		1		
11/21/13	5901	179	1.57	0.5	0,5					_				_			
2/21/14	5993	122	1.62	0.5	0.5	_					<del> </del>	_	<u> </u>			-	i
5/30/14	6091	552	2	0.5	0.5					<u> </u>		-		-		<del>                                     </del>	
7/11/14	6133	837	0.5	0.5	0.5					-					<del> </del>	-	
11/25/14	6270	204	1.63	0.5	0.5									<del></del>			
2/25/15	6362	262	1.33	0.5	0.5	_									-		
6/1/15	6458	570	1.52	0.5	0.5	-							-	<del> </del>			,
									_	$\vdash$			_		_		
								_								<del></del> -	
	_									<del>                                     </del>		-		<del>                                     </del>			
									_		_					<del></del>	
	_									-					_		
									_								
						-		i -					-				
						_					,						
																	i -
ation		389.4	22.4	1.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
itration		837	210	10	0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
tration		122	0,5	0.5	0,5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			-	NA
	direction /-direction  Date sampled 9/25/97 8/25/11 8/22/13 11/21/13 2/21/14 5/30/14 7/11/14 11/25/14 2/25/15 6/1/15  ation tration	Unit direction ft ft /-direction ft ft /-direction ft ft /-direction ft day  Date sampled day  9/25/97 0  8/25/11 5082  8/22/13 5810  11/21/13 5901  2/21/14 5993  5/30/14 6091  7/11/14 6133  11/25/14 6270  2/25/15 6362  6/1/15 6458	Unit   MW-5	Unit   MW-5   MW-2	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3	direction         ft         0.001         44         78         128           y-direction         ft         0.001         18         13         0.001           Date sampled         day         Unit of concentration is ug/L           9/25/97         0         210         10         0.5           8/25/11         5082         2.19         0.5         0.5           8/22/13         5810         2.01         0.5         0.5           11/21/13         5901         179         1.57         0.5         0.5           2/21/14         5993         122         1.62         0.5         0.5           5/30/14         6091         552         2         0.5         0.5           7/11/14         6133         837         0.5         0.5         0.5           11/25/14         6270         204         1.63         0.5         0.5           2/25/15         6362         262         1.33         0.5         0.5           6/1/15         6458         570         1.52         0.5         0.5           3         5         36         2.5         0.5         0.5         0.5           4<	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4	Unit   MW-5   MW-2   MW-3   MW-4

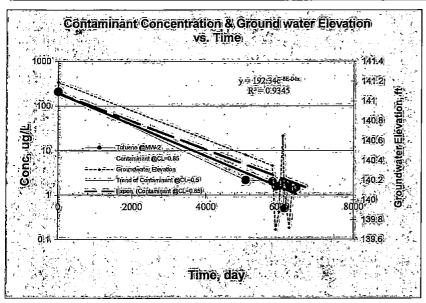
#### 2. Groundwater Elevation:

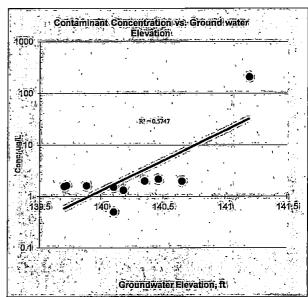
Well Location:												1		ì	i			1
Sampling Event	Date sampled	Day			_												1	<del>'                                    </del>
#1	9/25/97	0	142,59	141.19	140.75	138.99			l					Τ	ŀ		1	
#2	8/25/11	5082	141.17	140.46	140.16	138,87		-		i –								+
#3	8/22/13	5810	140,84	140.35	140.14	139.04				1	-			1				
#4	11/21/13	5901	140.18	139.7	139,52	138.05			_									<del> </del>
#5	2/21/14	5993	140.25	139.88	139,64	138.1								i	<del>                                     </del>	,	<del>                                     </del>	1
#6	5/30/14	6091	140,95	140.65	140,32	139.32							_	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	-	<del> </del>
#7	7/11/14	6133	140.95	140.1	138.99	138.14					1		<u> </u>					<del> </del> -
#8	11/25/14	6270	140.18	139.72	139.44	137.98		_		_			-	-			-	<del> </del>
#9	2/25/15	6362	140.45	140.18	139.89	138.59						-		-				
#10	6/1/15	6458	141.14	140.1	140.03	139				_								<del> </del>
#11								-			1		-	_				<del> </del>
#12						-					<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>			-			<del>                                     </del>
#13											<del></del>				1			-
#14		_										<del></del> -			<del> </del>			<del>  .</del>
#15			_													<b>-</b>		
#16													<u> </u>					<del>                                     </del>
#17							-		-		-	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>		-		-
#18			-				-					<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		
#19					-		-					<del> </del>	<del>  -</del>			<del> </del>		
#20	<del>   </del>					-			-		<del>  -</del>		-		<del>                                     </del>	-		

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Toluene

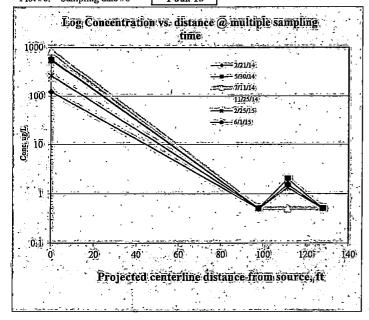
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

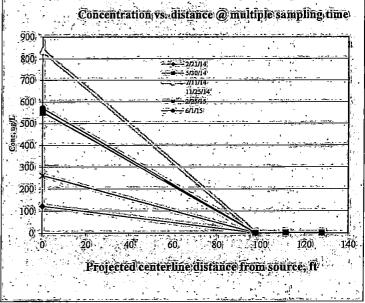
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-2	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)? 85.09	% .
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	99.999%		
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteri	a is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.294 @50% C.L.;	0.264 @85% 0	C.L.
Half Life for $k_{point}$ , yr	<u> </u>	2.354 @50% C.L.;	2.625 @85% (	C.L.





-	-	_
Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

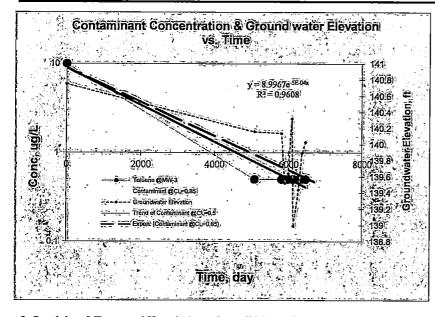
Cita Adduson

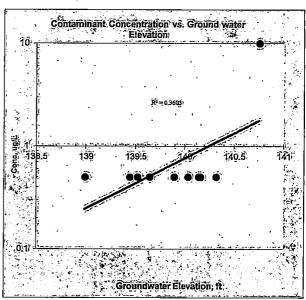
Seattle, WA

Additional Description: Hazardous Substance NA Evaluation Toluene

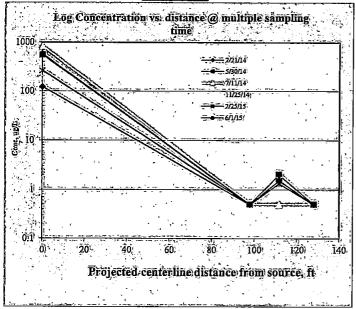
## 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

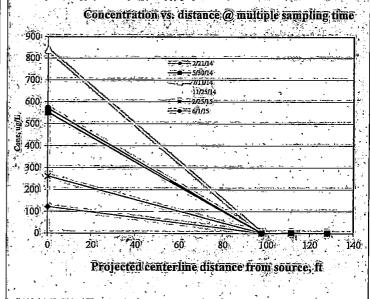
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-3 .	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with I	og-linear regression is?	100.000%		
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteri	a is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (k	point), yr-1	0.175 @50% C.L.;	0.161 (	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr		3.966 @50% C.L.;	4.304 (	@85% C.L.





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





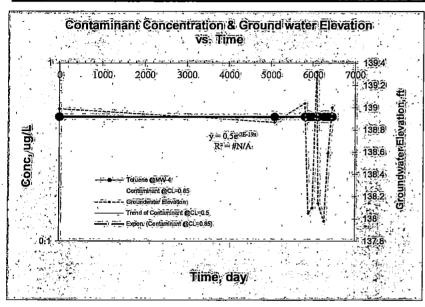
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

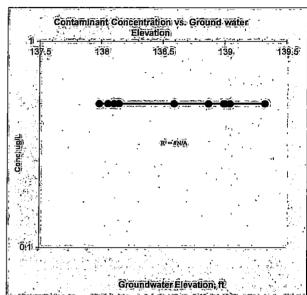
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Hazardous Substance Toluene

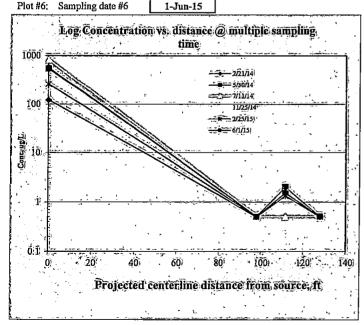
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

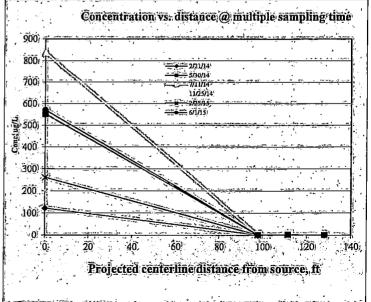
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-4	Confidence Level (Decision Crite	ria)? 85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	NA	
Plume Stability?	NA	; Decision Criteria is 85	%.
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k <sub>point</sub> ), yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA @50% C.L.;	NA @85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr	,	NA @50% C.L.;	NA @85% C.L.





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
DI - + #C	G 1: - 1.4. BC	4 7 44



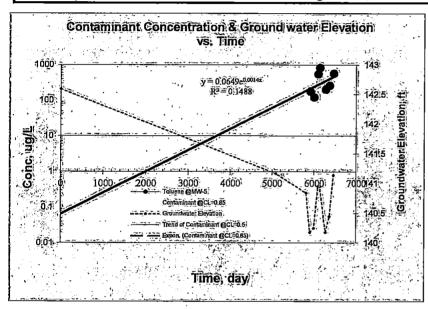


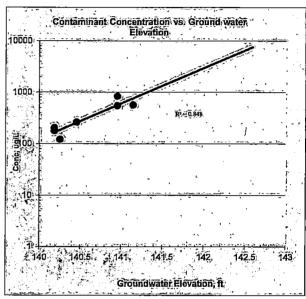
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA

Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Toluene

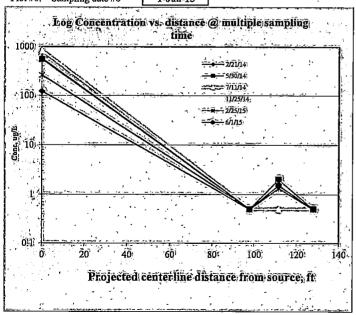
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

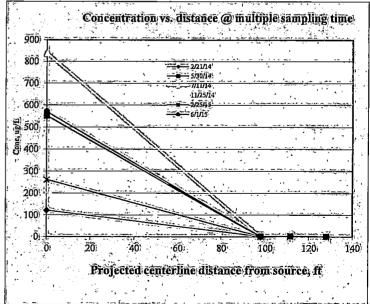
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-5	Confidence Level (Decision (	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with lo	g-linear regression is?	60.718%		
Plume Stability?	Stable	; Decision Criteria	is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant ( $k_p$	point), yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.502 @50% C.L.,	NA	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr		1.381 @50% C.L.;	NA.	@85% C.L.





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6	Sampling date #6	1- Tun 15





Module 2: Temporal Analysis: Concentration of contaminant vs. time (Regression Analysis at each well)

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

Site Address: Seattle, WA Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Hazardous Substance Toluene

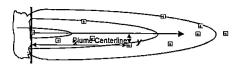
Hazardous Subs	tance Toluene														_			
1. Level of Confidence (D	ecision Criteria	a)?		85	%					-			-					
2. Prediction: Calculation of	Restoration Tir	ne and	Predicted	Concent	ration at	Wells												
Well Location			MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	·NA	NA	NA	NA ·	NA	NA	NA.	NA.
A. Cleanup Level (Criterion)	to be achieved?	ug/L	1000	1000	1000	1000			-		_	· · ·	-					
A.1 Average (@50% CL <sup>1</sup> bes	t-fitting values)							-										
Time to reach the criterion	-	уr	NA	-5.60	-26.95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Date when the Criterion to	be achieved	date	NA	2/20/92	10/18/70	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
A.2 Boundary (@85% CL)																		
Time to reach the criterion	n <sup>2</sup>	· yr	NA	-6.24	-29.25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ÑΑ	NA	NA	NA	NA .
Date when the Criterion to	be achieved	date	NA	6/30/91	7/1/68	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B Date of Prediction?		date	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15	-		· · · -									
B.1 Average conc predicted (	@50% CL)	ug/L	NA	0.95	0.39	#DIV/0!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
B.2 Boundary conc predicted	(@85% CL)	ug/L	NA	1.65	0.49	#DIV/0!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA
3. Log-Linear Regression	Results															•		
Coefficient of Determination	$r^2$		0.149	0.934	0.961	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	NA '	NA
Correlation Coefficient	r		0.386	-0,967	-0.980	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of data points	n		7	10	10	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	· NA	NA
4. Statistical Inference on th	e Slope of the Lo	og-Line	ar Regre	ssion Lin	e with t-s	tatistics		`			<del>-</del>							
One-tailed Confidence Level			60.718%	99.999%	100.000%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sufficient evidence to support regression line is significantly			NO!	YESI	YESI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA .	NA	NA
Coefficient of Variation?			0.684	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA.	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
Plume Stability?			Stable	Shrinking	Shrinking	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA -	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA
5. Calculation of Point De	ecay Rate Cons	tant (k	point)					<u> </u>	<u> </u>				· ,	<u> </u>				
Slope: Point decay rate	@50% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.502	0.294	0.175	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA
constant (k point)	@85% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA	0.264	0.161	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA.	NA	NA.
Half Life for $(k_{point})$	@50% CL	yr	1.381	2.354	3.966	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
riali Dile ioi (a point)	@85% CL	yr	NA	2.625	4,304	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
								•		_					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Note: 1. CL: Confidence Level; UD= Undetermined

2. The length of time that will actually be required is estimated to be no more than years calculated (@ 85% of confidence level.)

Module 2: Inputs: Enter Historical Ground Water Data

	Ziroti Ziroti Gi Gara Water Bata
Site Name:	Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address:	
Additional Description:	NA Evaluation
77	ruttt.



1. Monitoring Wo	ell information	Contami	nant Co	ncentra	tion at	a well:			Not	e: relatio	nship of	 "y/x ≤	0.33" is	preferre	ed:			
Well Location:		Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4							Γ -	Î		_	ī	<del>,                                    </del>
Dist from source, x-	direction	ft	0,001	44	78	128			†	i –	-				<del>-</del>	<del></del>	-	
Off-centerline dist, y	-direction	ft	0.001	18	13	0.001		-		-	_	<b>-</b>	-	-	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	_
Sampling Event	Date sampled	dav	Unit of	concentra	tion is u	γ/(.			<u>*                                      </u>			-					٠	1
#1	9/25/97	0		670	74	0.5				_	Γ	$\overline{}$	_	1		<del>,</del>	T	
#2	8/25/11	5082		863	0,5	0.5			_				<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	-			
#3	8/22/13	5810	_	408	0.5	0.5		i -	<del>-</del> -	_				<del>-</del>	<del>  -</del> -	-	-	-
#4	11/21/13	5901	1070	83	0.5	0.5			<del>                                     </del>					_			-	-
#5	2/21/14	5993	796	21	0.5	0,5			İ			-			-		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>
#6	5/30/14	6091	1820	36.5	0.5	0.5			†									<del>                                     </del>
#7	7/11/14	6133	1940	4.8	0.5	0,5			-						<del>                                     </del>		<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>
#8	11/25/14	6270	1480	6.53	1.34	0,5				i					t			
#9	2/25/15	6362	1320	3.36	0.5	0.5	_					-	_		i		<u> </u>	
#10	6/1/15	6458	1990	1.96	0.5	0,5								i -				-
#11														_		<del> </del> -	-	
#12										_			i		_	-		
#13													i					
#14															_			-
#15 ·											i –				_	<b>†</b>		i
#16		_																
#17																		_
#1 <u>8</u>					-										-			
#19																		
#20	1															T		
Average Concentra			1488.0	209.8	7.9	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum Concen			1990	863	74	0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Minimum Concent	tration		796	1.96	0.5	0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA ·	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	NA	NA

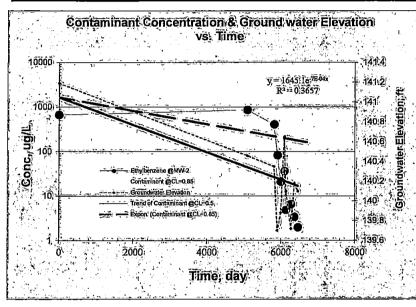
2.	Crow	ndwater	Elevation	· n ·
4.	GAUU.	uuwatet	Lievain	ш:

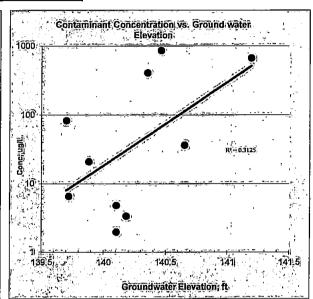
														Τ			
Date sampled	Day						•			•						I	
9/25/97	0	142.59	141.19	140.75	138.99				Ī				T				
8/25/11	5082	141.17	140.46	140,16	138.87	-		_	1			<del>                                     </del>	-		-		_
8/22/13	5810	140.84	140.35	140,14	139.04							_		<del>                                     </del>			
11/21/13	5901	140.18	139.7	139.52	138.05	_			i e			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<del> </del>		
2/21/14	5993	140.25	139,88	139.64	138.1		-					-		<b></b> -	<del></del>		
5/30/14	6091	140,95	140.65	140.32	139.32						_		<u> </u>	<del></del>			
7/11/14	6133	140.95	140.1	138.99	138.14	_		_									
11/25/14	6270	140.18	139.72	139.44	137,98	Ī.	_						· -				
2/25/15	6362	140.45	140.18	139.89	138.59								1	<del> </del>	-		
6/1/15	6458	141.14	140.1	140.03	139		-			1			<del> </del>				
			_							<del>-</del> -	<del> </del> -	1	<del> </del> -			+	<del> </del>
						_		,		<del>                                     </del>		-	1				<del> </del>
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									1	<del> </del>	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	_		<del>                                     </del>
	9/25/97 8/25/11 8/22/13 11/21/13 2/21/14 5/30/14 7/11/14 11/25/14 2/25/15	9/25/97 0 8/25/11 5082 8/22/13 5810 11/21/13 5901 2/21/14 5993 5/30/14 6091 7/11/14 6133 11/25/14 6270 2/25/15 6362 6/1/15 6458	9/25/97 0 142.59   8/25/11 5082 141.17   8/22/13 5810 140.84   11/21/13 5901 140.18   2/21/14 5993 140.25   5/30/14 6091 140.95   7/11/14 6133 140.95   11/25/14 6270 140.18   2/25/15 6362 140.45   6/1/15 6458 141.14	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7           2/21/14         5993         140.25         139.88           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19         140.75           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46         140.16           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35         140.14           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7         139.52           2/21/14         5993         140.25         139.88         139.64           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65         140.32           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1         138.99           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72         139.44           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18         139.89           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1         140.03	9/25/97	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19         140.75         138.99           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46         140.16         138.87           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35         140.14         139.04           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7         139.52         138.05           2/21/14         5993         140.25         139.88         139.64         138.1           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65         140.32         139.32           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1         138.99         138.14           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72         139.44         137.98           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18         139.89         138.59           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1         140.03         139	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19         140.75         138.99           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46         140.16         138.87           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35         140.14         139.04           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7         139.52         138.05           2/21/14         5993         140.25         139.88         139.64         138.1           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65         140.32         139.32           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1         138.99         138.14           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72         139.44         137.98           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18         139.89         138.59           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1         140.03         139	9/25/97	9/25/97   0   142.59   141.19   140.75   138.99	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19         140.75         138.99           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46         140.16         138.87           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35         140.14         139.04           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7         139.52         138.05           2/21/14         5993         140.25         139.88         139.64         138.1           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65         140.32         139.32           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1         138.99         138.14           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72         139.44         137.98           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18         139.89         138.59           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1         140.03         139	9/25/97	9/25/97   0   142.59   141.19   140.75   138.99	9/25/97         0         142.59         141.19         140.75         138.99           8/25/11         5082         141.17         140.46         140.16         138.87           8/22/13         5810         140.84         140.35         140.14         139.04           11/21/13         5901         140.18         139.7         139.52         138.05           221/14         5993         140.25         139.88         139.64         138.1           5/30/14         6091         140.95         140.65         140.32         139.32           7/11/14         6133         140.95         140.1         138.99         138.14           11/25/14         6270         140.18         139.72         139.44         137.98           2/25/15         6362         140.45         140.18         139.89         138.59           6/1/15         6458         141.14         140.1         140.03         139	9/25/97   0   142.59   141.19   140.75   138.99	9/25/97   0   142.59   141.19   140.75   138.99	9/25/97   0   142.59   141.19   140.75   138.99

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Ethylbenzene

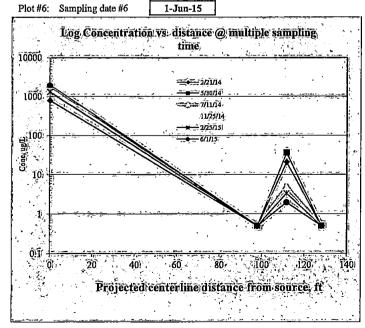
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

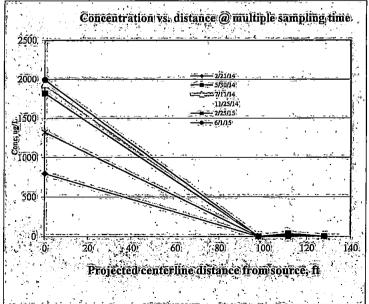
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-2	Confidence Level (Decision	n Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	93.601%		
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criter	ia is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.259 @50% C.L.;	0.126	@85% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{\it point}$ , yr		2.676 @50% C.L.;	5.485	@85% C,L.





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Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
		4 - 4 -





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

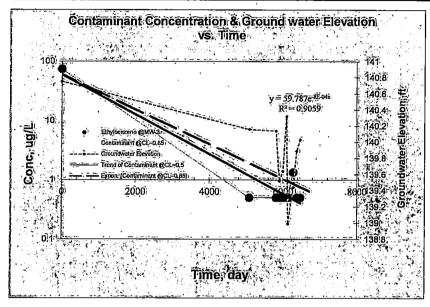
Site Address: S

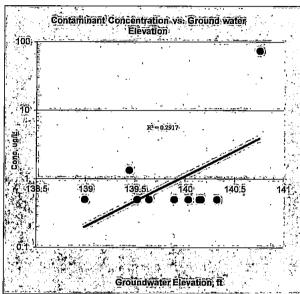
Seattle, WA

Additional Description: Hazardous Substance NA Evaluation Ethylbenzene

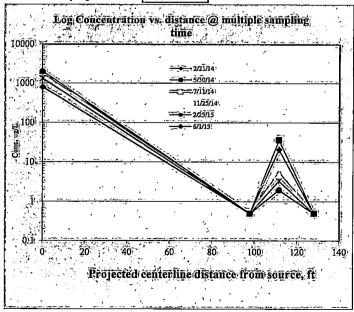
## 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

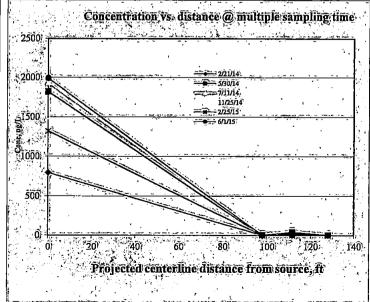
37 CO 11 TT 110 F	3.6371.0	0 71 7 1/0 11		
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-3	Confidence Level (Decision	1 Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	99.998%		
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteri	a is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (k	point), yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.282 @50% C.L.;	0.247 @	985% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{\it point}$ , yr		2.455 @50% C.L.;	2.806 @	985% C.L.





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Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	_ 21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15



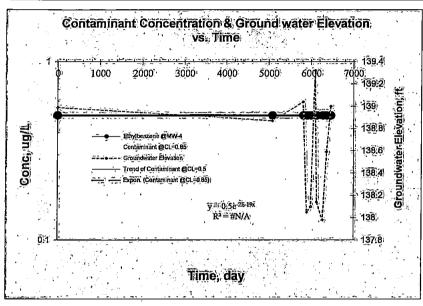


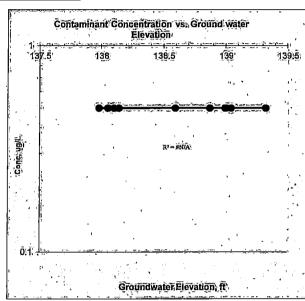
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Ethylbenzene

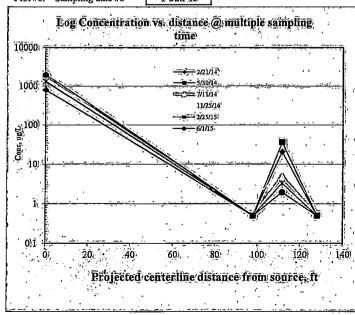
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

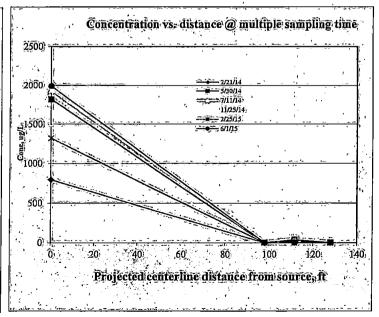
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-4	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	ı log-linear regression is?	NA .		
Plume Stability?	NA	; Decision Criteria	is 85%.	•
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	(k point), yr <sup>-1</sup>	NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{point}$ , yr		NA @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

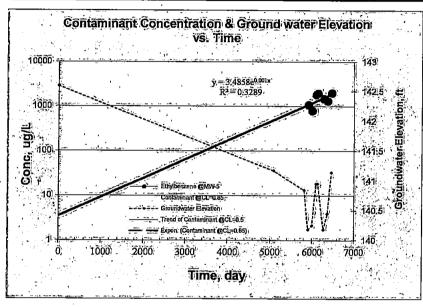
Site Address:

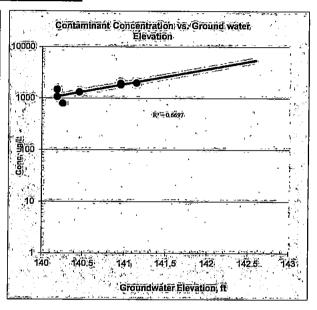
Seattle, WA

Additional Description: Hazardous Substance NA Evaluation Ethylbenzene

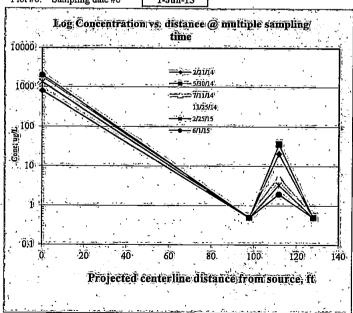
1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

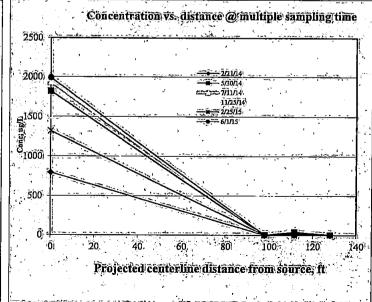
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-5	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	h log-linear regression is?	82.170%		-
Plume Stability?	Stable	; Decision Criteri	a is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant	(k point), yr 1	0.355 @50% C.L.;	0.098	@85% C.L.
Half Life for $k_{\it point}$ , yr		1.950 @50% C.L.;	7.081	@85% C.L.





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Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5;	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6.	Sampling date #6	1 Yun 15





Module 2: Temporal Analysis: Concentration of contaminant vs. time (Regression Analysis at each well)

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel Site Address: Seattle, WA

Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Ethylbenzene

nazaraous Sui	bstance Ethylbenz	zene																
1. Level of Confidence (I	Decision Criteri	ia)?	<u> </u>	85	%	-												
2. Prediction: Calculation	of Restoration Ti	me and	Predicte	d Concen	tration at	Wells												
Well Location	-		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA
A. Cleanup Level (Criterion)	) to be achieved?	ug/L	700	700	700	700					_							
A.1 Average (@50% CL1 be	st-fitting values)			1				<u> </u>								<u> </u>		<del>                                     </del>
Time to reach the criterio		yr	NA	3,30	-8.71	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Date when the Criterion	to be achieved	date	NA	1/11/01	1/10/89	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	·NA	NA	NA	NA
A.2 Boundary (@85% CL)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											_						
Time to reach the criterion	on <sup>2</sup>	yr	NA	6.76	-9.96	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ΝA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA
Date when the Criterion	to be achieved	date	NA	6/27/04	10/12/87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B Date of Prediction?		date	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15	9/30/15		_										
B.1 Average conc predicted	(@50% CL)	ug/L	NA	15.45	0.37	#DIV/0!	NA	NA	NA	ŇA	NA	NA NA						
B.2 Boundary conc predicted	d (@85% CL)	ug/L	NA	168.61	0.70	#DIV/0!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA.	NA
3. Log-Linear Regression	n Results													<u></u>				
Coefficient of Determination	$r^2$		0.329	0.366	0.906	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Correlation Coefficient	r		0.573	-0.605	-0.952	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	- NA	NA.	NA	NA.	NA	NA
Number of data points	n		7	10	10	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4. Statistical Inference on t	the Slope of the L	.og-Line	ar Regre	ssion Lin	e with t-s	tatistics									<u> </u>			
One-tailed Confidence Leve	l calculated, %		82.170%	93.601%	99.998%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sufficient evidence to supportegression line is significant			NO!	YESI	YES!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Coefficient of Variation?			0.307	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA.	NA	NA
Plume Stability?	-		Stable	Shrinking	Shrinking	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA NA	NA NA	NA
5. Calculation of Point D	Decay Rate Cons	stant (A	( noint )	L				1						!	1			1173
Slope: Point decay rate	@50% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.355	0.259	0.282	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	274	374		
constant (k point)	@85% CL	yr-1	0.098	0.126	0.282	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA.									
	@50% CL	yr yr	1,950	2.676	2.455	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA									
Half Life for $(k_{point})$	@85% CL	At.	7.081	5.485	2.806	NA.	NA NA	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
		,-						<u> </u>		444.8		1121	11/1	1472	1477	11/1	INA	I IVA

Note: 1. CL: Confidence Level; UD= Undetermined

<sup>2.</sup> The length of time that will actually be required is estimated to be no more than years calculated (@ 85% of confidence level.)

Module 2: Inputs: Enter Historical Ground Water Data

Site Name: Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: Hazardous Substance Xylenes



1. Monitoring Well inform	nation: Contam	inant Co	ncentra	ition at	a well:			Note	e: relatio	nship of	f "y/x ≤	0.33" is	preferre	ed =		<u> </u>	
Well Location:	Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4									$\overline{}$			
Dist from source, x-direction	ft	0,001	44	78	128									Ì			
Off-centerline dist, y-direction	ft	0.001	18	13	0.001			_	-					r			-
Sampling Event Date sam	npled day	Unit of	concentra	tion is u	z/L				<del>'</del>		1			<u>.                                    </u>	<u> </u>		
#1 . 9/2	5/97 0		590	97	1.5	_		1		İ		_	ī				ī
#2 8/2	25/11 5082		22	1.35	1.5												
. #3 8/2	22/13 5810		10.8	1	1.5								<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	-		-
#4 11/2	21/13 5901	6100	6.9	1	1.5								<del> </del>				
#5 2/2	1/14 5993	3670	7.4	1	1.5												
#6 5/3	0/14 6091	7610	8.47	3.59	1.5										-		
#7 7/1	1/14 6133	9960	3.07	1.31	1.5			i -				_					
#8 11/	25/14 6270	7610	8.19	5.04	1.5									_			
#9 2/2	5/15 6362	6680	4.52	1.16	1.5						-				-		
#10 6/	1/15 6458	10390	4.48	1.21	1.5				_			-				_	
#11													-				
#12														<u> </u>			-
#13																	-
#14															-		_
#15														_			
#16																	
#17								-			1	_	1	_			
#18													1	1			
#19													l —				
#20															İ		
Average Concentration		7431.4	66,6	11.4	1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum Concentration		10390	590	97	1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA
Minimum Concentration		3670	3.07	1	1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ΝA

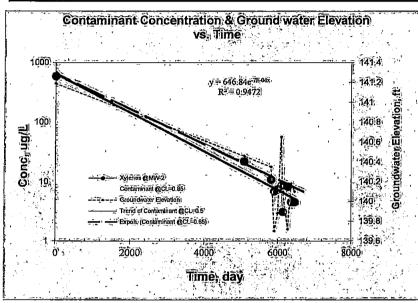
#### 2. Groundwater Elevation:

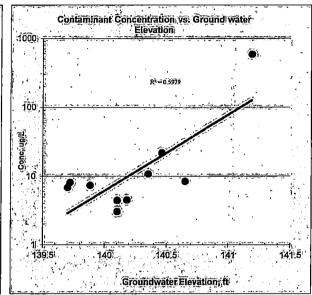
Well Location;								j –			1	_					· ·	Т
Sampling Event	Date sampled	Day		_	-							•		<u> </u>				<u>.                                    </u>
#1	9/25/97	0	142.59	141.19	140.75	138.99		_		ĺ				1				T-
#2	8/25/11	5082	141.17	140.46	140.16	138.87									İ	1		<del>                                     </del>
#3	8/22/13	5810	140.84	140.35	140.14	139,04							_	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>			<del>                                     </del>
#4	11/21/13	5901	140.18	139.7	139.52	138,05								·-		-		<del>                                     </del>
#5	2/21/14	5993	140.25	139.88	139.64	138.1												<del>                                     </del>
#6	5/30/14	6091	140.95	140,65	140,32	139.32			_					<del> </del>				+
#7	7/11/14	6133	140,95	140.1	138,99	138.14	-							<u> </u>	1		-	<del>                                     </del>
#8	11/25/14	6270	140.18	139.72	139.44	137.98						-	-	<b>T</b>				
#9	2/25/15	6362	140.45	140,18	139.89	138.59								<del> </del> -	<del> </del>			<del>                                     </del>
# <u>10</u>	6/1/15	6458	141.14	140.1	140.03	139		_		_		-	_	<del> </del> -	-			<del> </del>
#11		_			_						-			<del> </del>	<b>-</b>	_		<del>                                     </del>
#12			1				_						<del>-</del>	<del>                                     </del>				<del>                                     </del>
#13					-					_						<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>
#14									_				i				-	<del> </del>
#15							_	i		-			<del>                                     </del>	-				<del> </del>
#16		•				_					<del>                                     </del>		-	<del> </del>	<del>-</del>			<del> </del>
#17						-						-				<del>                                     </del>	_	<del>                                     </del>
#18		-					_								-	-	-	<del>                                     </del>
#19							-					<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
#20								_	-			<del> </del>						-

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Xylenes

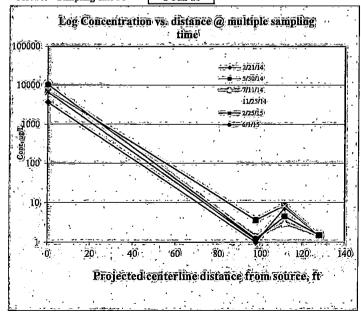
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation: well-to-well analysis)

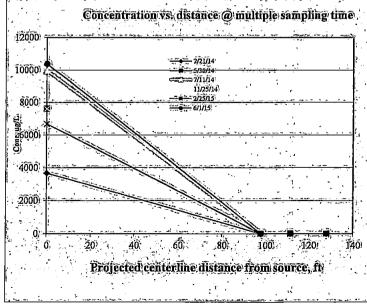
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-2	Confidence Level (Decision Criteria)?	85.0%
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	100.000%	
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteria is 85%.	
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.274 @50% C.L.; 0.249	@85% C.L.
Half Life for k point, yr	<del></del>	• @50% C.L.; 2.788	@85% C.L.





-	_	
Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1_Tun_15





Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA

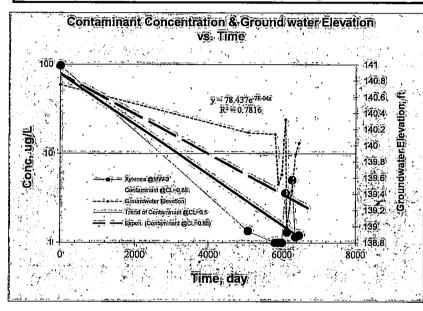
NA Evaluation

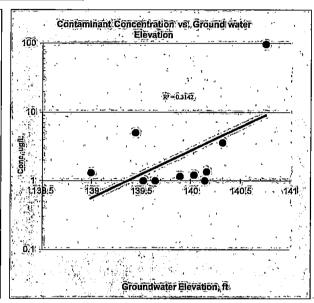
Hazardous Substance Xylenes

Additional Description:

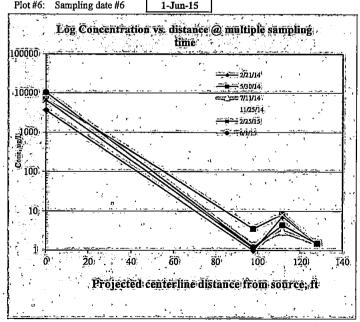
## 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

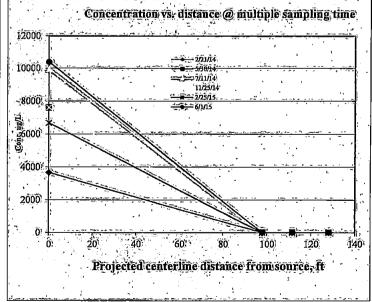
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-3	Confidence Level (Decision	1 Criteria)?	85.0%				
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	99.932%						
Plume Stability?	Shrinking	; Decision Criteria is 85%.						
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	( point ), yr 1	0.238 @50% C.L.;	0.189 (	985% C.L.				
Half Life for $k_{\it point}$ , yr		, @50% C.L.;	3.669 @	985% C.L.				





Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1. Tun-15

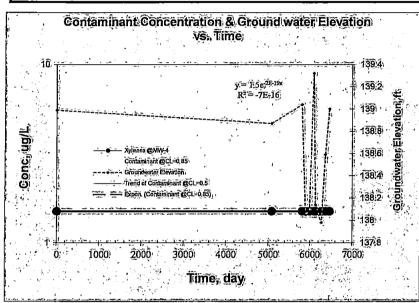


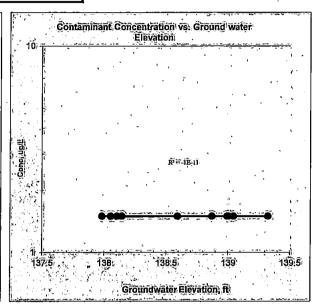


Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation
Hazardous Substance Xylenes

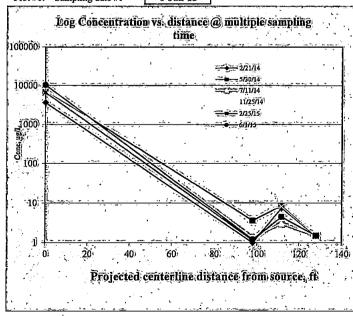
## 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

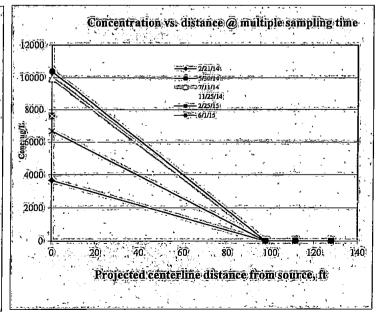
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-4	Confidence Level (Decision	Criteria)?	85.0%				
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	0.000%						
Plume Stability?	Stable	; Decision Criteria is 85%.						
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k point), yr 1	0.000 @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.				
Half Life for k point, yr	-	∾ @50% C.L.;	NA	@85% C.L.				





Plot #1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





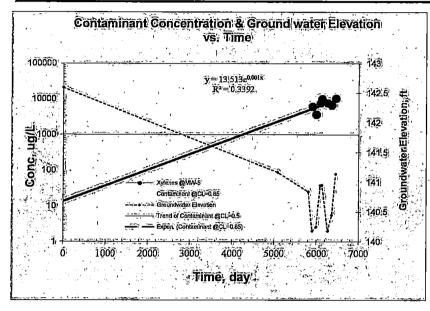
Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

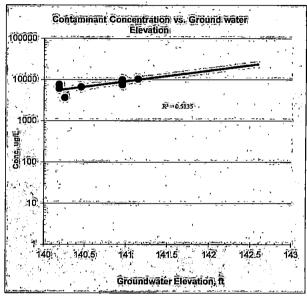
Xylenes

Hazardous Substance

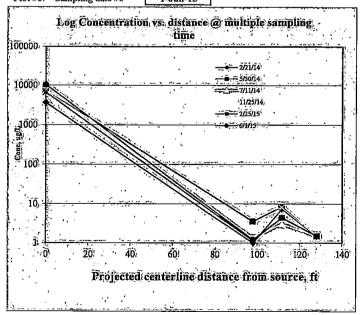
#### 1. Temporal Trend at a Well (Concentration vs. Time & Groundwater Elevation : well-to-well analysis)

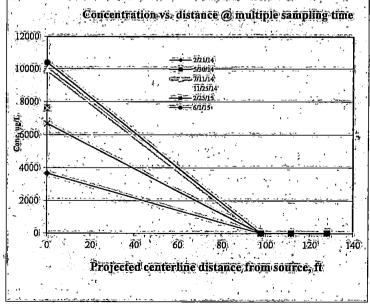
Name of Sampling Well?	MW-5	_ Confidence Level (Decis	ion Criteria)?	85.0%					
Confidence Level calculated with	log-linear regression is?	82.998%							
Plume Stability?	Stable	; Decision Criteria is 85%.							
Slope: Point decay rate constant (	k <sub>point</sub> ), yr <sup>1</sup>	0.370 @50% C.L.;	, 0.108	@85% C.L.					
Half Life for k point, yr		, @50% C.L.;	6.408	@85% C,L.					





Plot#1:	Sampling date #1	21-Feb-14
Plot #2:	Sampling date #2	30-May-14
Plot #3:	Sampling date #3	11-Jul-14
Plot #4:	Sampling date #4	25-Nov-14
Plot #5:	Sampling date #5	25-Feb-15
Plot #6:	Sampling date #6	1-Jun-15





Module 2: Temporal Analysis: Concentration of contaminant vs. time (Regression Analysis at each well)

Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel

Site Address: Seattle, WA Additional Description: NA Evaluation

Hazardous Substance Xvlenes

1. Level of Confidence (Decision Criteria)? 85% 2. Prediction: Calculation of Restoration Time and Predicted Concentration at Wells Well Location MW-5 MW-2 MW-3 MW-4 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA A. Cleanup Level (Criterion) to be achieved? ug/L 1000 1000 1000 1000 A.1 Average (@50% CL1 best-fitting values) Time to reach the criterion yr -1,59 NA -10.71 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA Date when the Criterion to be achieved NA date 2/22/96 1/13/87 NΑ NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA A.2 Boundary (@85% CL) Time to reach the criterion<sup>2</sup> yr NA -1.75 -13,47 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA. NA NA NA Date when the Criterion to be achieved date NA 12/25/95 4/7/84 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA B Date of Prediction? date 9/30/15 9/30/15 9/30/15 9/30/15 B.1 Average conc predicted (@50% CL) ug/L NA 4.66 1,08 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA B.2 Boundary conc predicted (@85% CL) NA 2.60 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3. Log-Linear Regression Results Coefficient of Determination 0.339 0.947 0.782 0.000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NΑ NA Correlation Coefficient 0.582 -0.973 -0.884 0.000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NΑ NA NA Number of data points NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA

4. Statistical Inference on the Slope of the Log-Linear Regression Line with t-statistics

	NA	
		NA
NA	NA	NA
NA.	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA NA

## 5. Calculation of Point Decay Rate Constant (k point)

Slope: Point decay rate	@50% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	0.370	0.274	0.238	0,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
constant (k point)	@85% CL	yr <sup>-1</sup>	0,108	0.249	0.189	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Half Life for $(k_{point})$	@50% CL	yr	1.872	· 2.532	2.915	#DIV/0!	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tital Dilo for (10 point)	@85% CL	yr	6.408	2,788	3.669	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA

Note: 1. CL: Confidence Level; UD= Undetermined

<sup>2.</sup> The length of time that will actually be required is estimated to be no more than years calculated (@ 85% of confidence level.)

Site Name:	Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address:	Seattle, WA
Additional Description:	NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4				
Centerline Distance from source	ft	0	44	78	128				
Benzene	ug/L	1080	0.5	0.5	0.5		•		
Toluene	ug/L	570	1.52	0.5	0.5				
Ethylbenzene	ug/L	1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				
Total Xylenes	ug/L	10390	4.48	1.21	1.5				
Gasoline	ug/L	60900	1030	152	25				
User-specified chemical1	ug/L					_		l	
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	· NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2,87	0.58	1.04	2.11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0,201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese	mg/L													
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015					
Methane	mg/L										·			
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pН	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

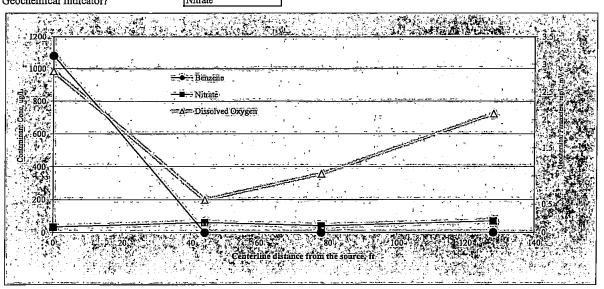
## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

Contaminant for UF Selection Benzene

Equivalent C	Equivalent Contaminant Degradation														
·		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.33	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.8	0.6	0.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0,22	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.047	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-7.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Benzene
Dissolved Oxygen
Nitrate



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4				
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128		i	1	1
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0.5	0,5	0.5	_		Ì	
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5	Ť			
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5				
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25			1	
User-specified chemical1	ug/L									
User-specified chemical3	ug/L		,						İ	

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87		_	Ì	2,87	0.58	1.04	2.11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33,3					
Manganese	mg/L									-		1		
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015					
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pH	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61	-			-	

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

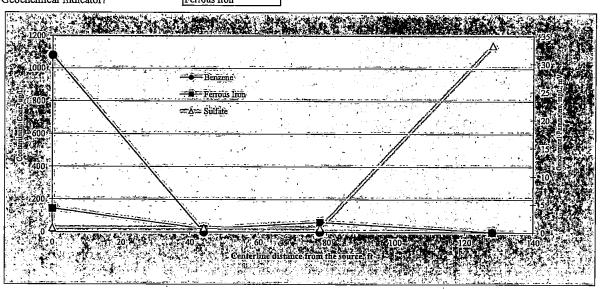
Contaminant for UF Selection

Benzene

Equivalent C	ontaminar	ıt Degrad	lation												
		Unit	UF	NÁ	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.33	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.8	0,6	0.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0,0	-7.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.047	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-7.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Benzene
Sulfate
Ferrous Iron



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5 .	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4			
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128			
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0.5	0.5	0.5			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5			
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5			
Total Xylenes	ug/L	l .	10390	4.48	1.21	1.5			
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25		<u> </u>	
User-specified chemical 1	ug/L								
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1,04	2.11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0,201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese	mg/L									,			:	
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0,015					
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pН	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

#### 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

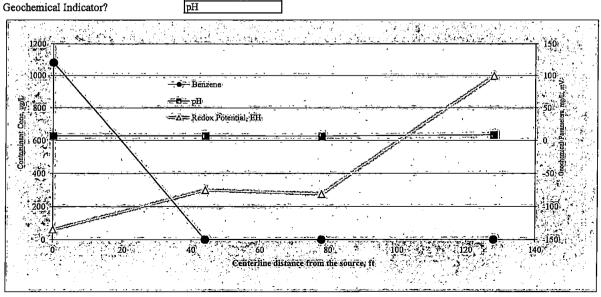
Contaminant for UF Selection Benzene

		_	201120												
Equivalent C	ontamina	nt Degrad	lation												
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0,33	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0,8	0.6	0.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	0,0	0,0	0.0	-7.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.047	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	-	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0,6	0.5	-7.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator?

Benzene	
Redox Potential, EH	
pH	



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	1			Т
Centerline Distance from source	ft	0	44	78	128	1			
Benzene	ug/L	 1080	0.5	0.5	0.5				<del></del>
Toluene	ug/L	570	1.52	0.5	0.5	1			†
Ethylbenzene	ug/L	1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				
Total Xylenes	ug/L	 10390	4.48	1.21	1.5	 1		_	1
Gasoline	ug/L	60900	1030	152	25				1
User-specified chemical1	ug/L								<u> </u>
User-specified chemical3	ug/L						1	1	

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1.04	2.11					Ì
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3	-				
Manganese	mg/L									_				
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015				_	
Methane	mg/L							-						
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L							-						
pН	unitless	6,95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

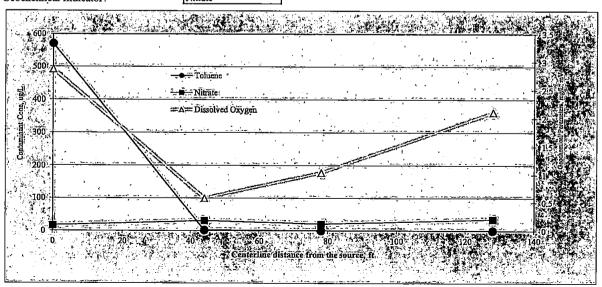
Contaminant for UF Selection

Toluene

Equivalent C	ontamina	nt Degrad	lation												
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.046	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Toluene
Dissolved Oxygen
Nitrate



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4			
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128			T
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0.5	0.5	0.5			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5			1
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1,96	0.5	0,5		T	
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5			T .
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25			
User-specified chemical I	ug/L								
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								T

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA.	NA -	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1.04	2:11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese `	mg/L													
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0,6	1.75	0.015			-		
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134,8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pН	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

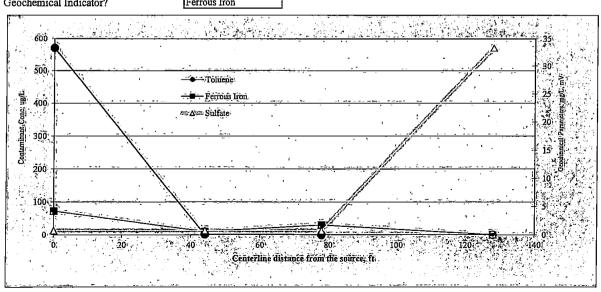
Contaminant for UF Selection

Toluene

Equivalent C	ontaminai	at Degrad	lation												
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0,32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.046	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.I	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L	* '	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Toluene Sulfate Ferrous Iron



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit			MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4				1	
Centerline Distance from source	ft			0	44	78	128		1	_		1
Benzene	ug/L			1080	0.5	0.5	0.5				1	1
Toluene	ug/L		_	570	1.52	0,5	0.5			1	1	
Ethylbenzene	ug/L	 1		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				1	
Total Xylenes	ug/L		1	10390	4.48	1.21	1.5					1
Gasoline	ug/L			60900	1030	152	25					1
User-specified chemical!	ug/L							-				1
User-specified chemical3	ug/L	 1			_							1

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1.04	2.11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965			٠.	0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese	mg/L													
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015		İ	-		
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, E <sub>H</sub>	mV	-134.8		-		-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L	_										-		
pH	unitless	6.95			-	6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61			i		

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

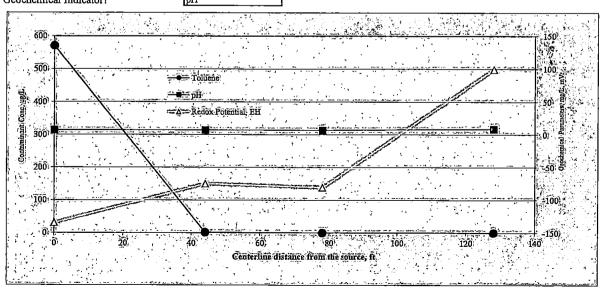
Contaminant for UF Selection

Toluene

Equivalent C	ontaminar	it Degrad	ation												
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0,6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0 .	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0,21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.046	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1,28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0,5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Toluene Redox Potential, EH pH



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4			
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128			
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0.5	0,5	0,5			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5			1
Ethylbenzene	· ug/L		1990	1.96	0,5	0.5			
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5			
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25			
User-specified chemical1	ug/L								
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87		j		2.87	0.58	1.04	2.11					_
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33,3					
Manganese	mg/L				_									
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4,2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015				7.	
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8	-			-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L					_						İ		
pH	unitless	6.95		•		6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

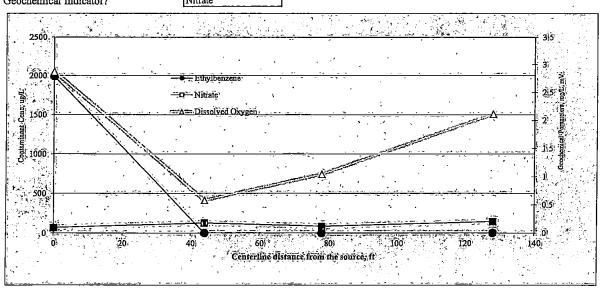
## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

Contaminant for UF Selection Ethylbenzene

Equivalent C	ontamina	nt Degrad	lation												
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	, NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	<b>0.7</b>	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total .		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6,8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Ethylbenzene
Dissolved Oxygen
Nitrate



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit			MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4			T	T
Centerline Distance from source	ft		i	0	44	78	128				
Benzene	ug/L			1080	0.5	0.5	0.5		1		
Toluene	ug/L			570	1.52	0.5	0.5			-	
Ethylbenzene	ug/L			1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				
Total Xylenes	ug/L			10390	4.48	1.21	1.5				1
Gasoline	ug/L			60900	1030	152	25				
User-specified chemical1	ug/L										
User-specified chemical3	ug/L		_					1			T

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

· -	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	· NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2,87	0.58	1.04	2.11			-	İ	
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					-
Manganese	mg/L													
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0,6	1.75	0.015					
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4	-				
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pH	unitless	6.95				6.95	6,98	6.87	8.61					

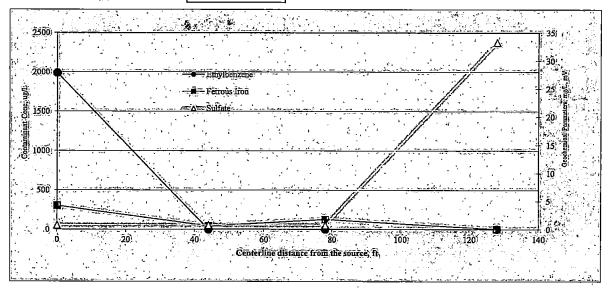
## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

Contaminant for UF Selection Ethylbenzene

Equivalent C	ontamina	it Degrad	ation			•									
	<u>-</u>	Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA.	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0,0	0,0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	· N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0,1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mġ/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0,5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Ethylbenzene Sulfate Ferrous Iron



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location: .	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4				
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128_				]
Benzene	ug/L	 	1080	0.5	0.5	0,5				
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5				
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5				
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5 .	- "-			
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25	_	-		
User-specified chemical1	ug/L									
User-specified chemical3	ug/L									

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1.04	2.11	_				
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201	·				
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese	mg/L													
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4,2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015					
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8	-			-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L										_		_	
рН	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61	_				

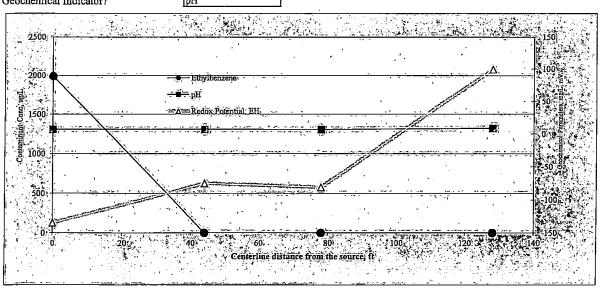
## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

Contaminant for UF Selection Ethylbenzene

Equivalent Contaminant Degradation															
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0,045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Ethylbenzene Redox Potential, EH pH



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	Ĭ			
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128				İ
Benzene	ug/L	-	1080	0,5	0.5	0.5	Ì			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5			1	
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5	1		j	
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5	· -			
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25				
User-specified chemical1	ug/L				-			1		
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								i i	

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2,87				2.87	0,58	1.04	2.11					Ì
Nitrate	_ mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201	_				
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33,3					
Manganese	mg/L	, =			_									i
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015	-			-	
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8				-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L				-	•				-				
pH	unitless	6.95				6.95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

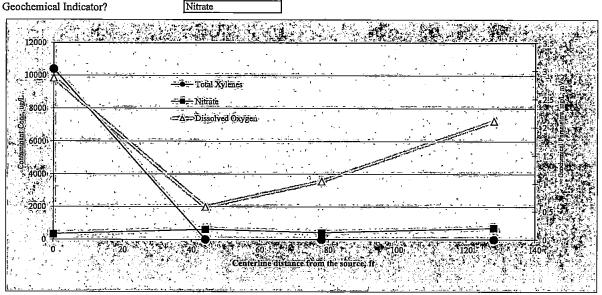
Contaminant for UF Selection

**Total Xylenes** 

Equivalent Contaminant Degradation															
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0,32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0,5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Total Xylenes
Dissolved Oxygen
Nitrate



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

## 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4			ĺ
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128			]
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0,5	0.5	0.5			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0.5	0.5			
Ethylbenzene	ug/L		1990	1.96	0.5	0.5			<u> </u>
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1,5		<u> </u>	
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25		 <u> </u>	
User-specified chemical1	ug/L							 	
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0,58	1.04	2.11					_
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33,3					
Manganese	mg/L								•					
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015					
Methane .	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV ·	-134.8			_	-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4	_				
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pН	unitless	6.95				6,95	6.98	6.87	8.61	_				

## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

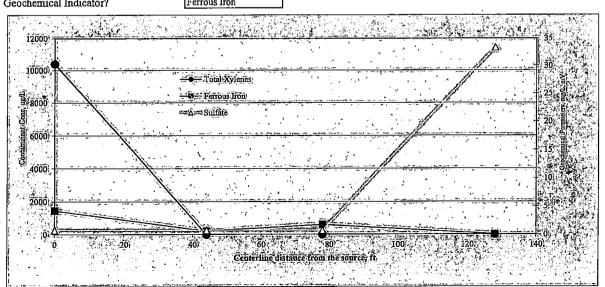
Contaminant for UF Selection Total Xylenes

Equivalent Contaminant Degradation															
		Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0,2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0,21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1,27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator?

Total Xylenes	
Sulfate	
Ferrous Iron	



Site Name: Hilton Seattle Hotel
Site Address: Seattle, WA
Additional Description: NA Evaluation

#### 1. Monitoring Well information: Enter Average Contaminant Concentrations at the Monitoring Wells

Sampling Location:	Unit		MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	1		
Centerline Distance from source	ft		0	44	78	128			
Benzene	ug/L		1080	0.5	0.5	0.5			
Toluene	ug/L		570	1.52	0,5	0.5		1.	
Ethylbenzene	ug/L	_	1990	1.96	0.5	0.5			
Total Xylenes	ug/L		10390	4.48	1.21	1.5			
Gasoline	ug/L		60900	1030	152	25			
User-specified chemical1	ug/L								
User-specified chemical3	ug/L								

2. Enter Average Geochemical Indicator's Concentrations (direct measurement) at the Monitoring Wells.

	Unit	Background	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	2.87				2.87	0.58	1.04	2.11					
Nitrate	mg/L	0.0965				0.0965	0.178	0.118	0.201					
Sulfate	mg/L	0.75				0.75	0.75	0.75	33.3					
Manganese	mg/L		•										]	
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	4.2				4.2	0.6	1.75	0.015					
Methane	mg/L													
Redox Potential, $E_H$	mV	-134.8	•			-134.8	-74.9	-80.8	99.4					
Alkalinity	mg/L													
pН	unitless	6.95				6,95	6.98	6.87	8.61					

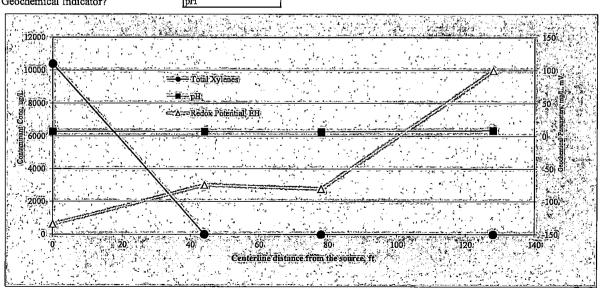
## 3. Expressed Assimilative Capacity Calculation: Utilization Factor (UF)

Contaminant for UF Selection Total Xylenes

Equivalent Contaminant Degradation															
	·	Unit	UF	NA	NA	NA	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Oxygen	utilized	mg/L	0.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.7	0.6	0,2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrate	utilized	mg/L	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfate	utilized	mg/L	0.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manganese	produced	mg/L	0.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron	produced	mg/L	0.045	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methane	produced	mg/L	1.27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total		mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.6	0.5	-6.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### 4. Geochemical Indicator Plot

Hazardous Substance Geochemical Indicator? Geochemical Indicator? Total Xylenes Redox Potential, EH pH



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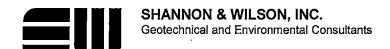
Append

Appendix C

## SHANNON & WILSON, INC.

## APPENDIX C

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR GEOTECHNICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT



Attachment to and part of Report 21-1-12341-004

Date:

August 2015

To:

Mr. Zahoor Ahmed R.C. Hedreen Company

# IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR GEOTECHNICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT

#### CONSULTING SERVICES ARE PERFORMED FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSES AND FOR SPECIFIC CLIENTS.

Consultants prepare reports to meet the specific needs of specific individuals. A report prepared for a civil engineer may not be adequate for a construction contractor or even another civil engineer. Unless indicated otherwise, your consultant prepared your report expressly for you and expressly for the purposes you indicated. No one other than you should apply this report for its intended purpose without first conferring with the consultant. No party should apply this report for any purpose other than that originally contemplated without first conferring with the consultant.

#### THE CONSULTANT'S REPORT IS BASED ON PROJECT-SPECIFIC FACTORS.

A geotechnical/environmental report is based on a subsurface exploration plan designed to consider a unique set of project-specific factors. Depending on the project, these may include: the general nature of the structure and property involved; its size and configuration; its historical use and practice; the location of the structure on the site and its orientation; other improvements such as access roads, parking lots, and underground utilities; and the additional risk created by scope-of-service limitations imposed by the client. To help avoid costly problems, ask the consultant to evaluate how any factors that change subsequent to the date of the report may affect the recommendations. Unless your consultant indicates otherwise, your report should not be used: (1) when the nature of the proposed project is changed (for example, if an office building will be erected instead of a parking garage, or if a refrigerated warehouse will be built instead of an unrefrigerated one, or chemicals are discovered on or near the site); (2) when the size, elevation, or configuration of the proposed project is altered; (3) when the location or orientation of the proposed project is modified; (4) when there is a change of ownership; or (5) for application to an adjacent site. Consultants cannot accept responsibility for problems that may occur if they are not consulted after factors which were considered in the development of the report have changed.

#### SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS CAN CHANGE.

Subsurface conditions may be affected as a result of natural processes or human activity. Because a geotechnical/environmental report is based on conditions that existed at the time of subsurface exploration, construction decisions should not be based on a report whose adequacy may have been affected by time. Ask the consultant to advise if additional tests are desirable before construction starts; for example, groundwater conditions commonly vary seasonally.

Construction operations at or adjacent to the site and natural events such as floods, earthquakes, or groundwater fluctuations may also affect subsurface conditions and, thus, the continuing adequacy of a geotechnical/environmental report. The consultant should be kept apprised of any such events, and should be consulted to determine if additional tests are necessary.

#### MOST RECOMMENDATIONS ARE PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENTS.

Site exploration and testing identifies actual surface and subsurface conditions only at those points where samples are taken. The data were extrapolated by your consultant, who then applied judgment to render an opinion about overall subsurface conditions. The actual interface between materials may be far more gradual or abrupt than your report indicates. Actual conditions in areas not sampled may differ from those predicted in your report. While nothing can be done to prevent such situations, you and your consultant can work together to help reduce their impacts. Retaining your consultant to observe subsurface construction operations can be particularly beneficial in this respect.

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#### A REPORT'S CONCLUSIONS ARE PRELIMINARY.

The conclusions contained in your consultant's report are preliminary because they must be based on the assumption that conditions revealed through selective exploratory sampling are indicative of actual conditions throughout a site. Actual subsurface conditions can be discerned only during earthwork; therefore, you should retain your consultant to observe actual conditions and to provide conclusions. Only the consultant who prepared the report is fully familiar with the background information needed to determine whether or not the report's recommendations based on those conclusions are valid and whether or not the contractor is abiding by applicable recommendations. The consultant who developed your report cannot assume responsibility or liability for the adequacy of the report's recommendations if another party is retained to observe construction.

#### THE CONSULTANT'S REPORT IS SUBJECT TO MISINTERPRETATION.

Costly problems can occur when other design professionals develop their plans based on misinterpretation of a geotechnical/environmental report. To help avoid these problems, the consultant should be retained to work with other project design professionals to explain relevant geotechnical, geological, hydrogeological, and environmental findings, and to review the adequacy of their plans and specifications relative to these issues.

#### BORING LOGS AND/OR MONITORING WELL DATA SHOULD NOT BE SEPARATED FROM THE REPORT.

Final boring logs developed by the consultant are based upon interpretation of field logs (assembled by site personnel), field test results, and laboratory and/or office evaluation of field samples and data. Only final boring logs and data are customarily included in geotechnical/environmental reports. These final logs should not, under any circumstances, be redrawn for inclusion in architectural or other design drawings, because drafters may commit errors or omissions in the transfer process.

To reduce the likelihood of boring log or monitoring well misinterpretation, contractors should be given ready access to the complete geotechnical engineering/environmental report prepared or authorized for their use. If access is provided only to the report prepared for you, you should advise contractors of the report's limitations, assuming that a contractor was not one of the specific persons for whom the report was prepared, and that developing construction cost estimates was not one of the specific purposes for which it was prepared. While a contractor may gain important knowledge from a report prepared for another party, the contractor should discuss the report with your consultant and perform the additional or alternative work believed necessary to obtain the data specifically appropriate for construction cost estimating purposes. Some clients hold the mistaken impression that simply disclaiming responsibility for the accuracy of subsurface information always insulates them from attendant liability. Providing the best available information to contractors helps prevent costly construction problems and the adversarial attitudes that aggravate them to a disproportionate scale.

#### READ RESPONSIBILITY CLAUSES CLOSELY.

Because geotechnical/environmental engineering is based extensively on judgment and opinion, it is far less exact than other design disciplines. This situation has resulted in wholly unwarranted claims being lodged against consultants. To help prevent this problem, consultants have developed a number of clauses for use in their contracts, reports and other documents. These responsibility clauses are not exculpatory clauses designed to transfer the consultant's liabilities to other parties; rather, they are definitive clauses that identify where the consultant's responsibilities begin and end. Their use helps all parties involved recognize their individual responsibilities and take appropriate action. Some of these definitive clauses are likely to appear in your report, and you are encouraged to read them closely. Your consultant will be pleased to give full and frank answers to your questions.

The preceding paragraphs are based on information provided by the ASFE/Association of Engineering Firms Practicing in the Geosciences, Silver Spring, Maryland

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