

SoundEarth Strategies, Inc. 1011 SW Klickitat Way, Suite 212 Seattle, Washington 98134

# **GROUNDWATER PILOT TEST WORK PLAN ADDENDUM**



## Property:

Plastic Sales and Service Site 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washington

Report Date: January 30, 2024

## Prepared for:

Washington State Department of Ecology Toxics Cleanup Program Northwest Regional Office 15700 Dayton Avenue North Shoreline, Washington

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Prepared for:

Washington State Department of Ecology Toxics Cleanup Program, Northwest Regional Office 15700 Dayton Avenue North Shoreline, Washington 98133

**Plastic Sales and Service Site** 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washington 98115

Project No.: 0651-002

Prepared by:

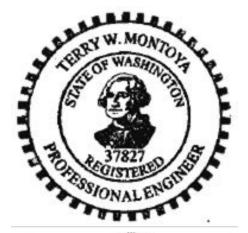
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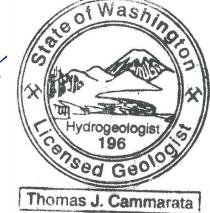
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January 30, 2024







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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of the Lutheran Retirement Home of Greater Seattle (The Hearthstone), SoundEarth Strategies, Inc. (SoundEarth) has prepared this addendum to Groundwater Pilot Test Work Plan to describe the groundwater remediation pilot test to be conducted at the Plastic Sales and Service Site (the Site).

The Site is defined in the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) Agreed Order No. DE 7084 (Agreed Order), dated September 14, 2009, as the extent of contamination caused by the releases of hazardous substances at the property located at 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast (the Dry Cleaner Building Property). The Site includes the Dry Cleaner Building Property and both the north-adjoining property, located at 6869 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast (Janke Property) and the west-adjoining property, located at 6860 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast (the Hearthstone Property), along with portions of the western alley (the alley) and the Woodlawn Avenue Northeast and 4th Avenue Northeast rights-of-way (ROWs). The Site is collectively referred to as the Plastic Sales and Service Site (PSS Site).

The purpose of this addendum to the Pilot Test Work Plan is to describe changes in the treatment area of groundwater remediation pilot test to be conducted at the PSS Site. The addendum to the Pilot Test was necessary to address potential impacts to indoor air quality associated with elevated concentrations of chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) in the groundwater in Woodlawn Avenue Northeast and in 4th Avenue Northeast ROW. The addendum to the Pilot Test Work Plan identifies specific protocols, treatment locations, equipment, field documentation reporting requirements, and other procedures SoundEarth will use during the 18-month duration of the pilot test.

## 1.1 BACKGROUND

An initial groundwater remedy was implemented at the Site in 2019 to treat CVOCs released into groundwater from the former industrial dry cleaning operation at the Hearthstone Property, which predated the Plastic Sales and Service facility. The initial groundwater remedy consisted of installing 34 pairs of injection wells in the shallow and deep water-bearing zones beneath the PSS Site and injecting carbon into the injection wells to promote the biological degradation of CVOCs in groundwater and bring CVOC concentrations into compliance with regulatory cleanup standards. The initial groundwater treatment remedy successfully degraded CVOCs in groundwater to concentrations below regulatory cleanup standards on a portion of the PSS Site, but in some areas of the PSS Site, residual CVOC concentrations in groundwater remain well above regulatory cleanup standards. In addition, the CVOC groundwater plume has moved beyond the injection well network installed in 2019 into the 4th Avenue Northeast ROW east of the Janke Property. CVOCs were detected at concentrations well above regulatory cleanup levels in groundwater samples collected from the new groundwater monitoring well installed in the 4th Avenue Northeast ROW in early 2023. Ecology has requested that the groundwater cleanup remedy for the PSS Site be expanded to treat contaminated groundwater in the 4th Avenue Northeast ROW.

## 2.0 PILOT STUDY DESIGN

This section presents the selected in situ groundwater treatment technology, pilot study treatment area and layout, and design.

## 2.1 IN SITU GROUNDWATER TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

The selected in situ groundwater treatment approach includes combining in situ biological enhanced reductive dechlorination with abiotic degradation simulated by zero valent iron (ZVI). Anaerobic conditions

will be created in groundwater by injecting carbon into groundwater. Carbon functions as an energy source for microbes under anaerobic conditions to degrade CVOCs to harmless end products (e.g., carbon dioxide, ethene). ZVI serves as the reductant and CVOCs serve as the oxidants. The two major relevant dechlorination pathways are hydrogenolysis and reductive  $\beta$ -elimination. In hydrogenolysis (also known as reductive dehalogenation), a chlorine or other halogen atom in the molecule is replaced with a hydrogen atom. In reductive  $\beta$ -elimination (also known as vicinal dehalogenation), two chlorine atoms or other halogens bonded to adjacent carbon atoms are removed, leaving behind two electrons. ZVI also reduces the potential for formation of daughter products (i.e., cis-1,2-DCE and VC).

## 2.2 CHANGES TO THE PILOT STUDY TREATMENT AREA AND LAYOUT

The pilot test injections will consist of a mixture of ZVI and Electron Donor Solution, Extended Release (EDS-ER), which is a self-emulsifying vegetable oil produced by Tersus Environmental. The mixture will be injected into seven existing shallow water-bearing zone injection wells (IW16, IW21, IW29, IW31, IW33, IW59, and IW61). Pilot test injections will also be performed on six existing deep water-bearing zone injection wells (IW22, IW30, IW32, IW34, IW36, and IW38)at the Site. The original treatment area for the pilot test included a combination of 10 existing injection and monitoring wells and four newly installed injection wells. The discussion of original pilot test treatment area is presented in the *Pilot Test Work Plan Plastic Sales and Service Site 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast, Seattle, Washington* prepared by SoundEarth and dated September 11, 2023.

The injection wells would provide the data needed to evaluate the effectiveness of the ZVI additive to increase the degradation of CVOCs in groundwater. Based on the results of performance groundwater monitoring across the 18 months after implementing the pilot test, SoundEarth will determine whether the pilot test results warrant full-scale implementation. The locations of existing injection and monitoring wells for the pilot test are presented on Figures 1 and 2.

## 2.3 DESIGN PARAMETERS

The product loading and injection volumes for EDS-ER and ZVI are based on the original injection program implemented at the Site. In general, the product loading is as follows:

- EDS-ER: The injection concentrations for this project will be the same as previous injections completed in 2019: a dosing of 16 percent (%) of EDS-ER. This concentration is higher than normal injection concentrations to compensate for the limited total volume that can be injected to avoid daylighting of the injectate. The increased concentrations allow for longer treatment times and migration of the product from the injection point.
- ZVI: A dosing of 3% by mass for the ZVI was selected based on its use as a secondary treatment mechanism, such as by reducing the potential for generation of cis-1,2-DCE and VC. Given this dosing, the total mass of ZVI concentrate is estimated at 1000 pounds.

Based on the dosing, the total volume of prepared EDS-ER and ZVI solution is estimated at 2,800 gallons, equating to an approximately 3% to 5% pore volume replacement in the treatment area. The total EDS-ER and powered ZVI application volume equates to a delivery volume of approximately 100 gallons per shallow injection well and 350 gallons per deep injection well. The pilot study design specifics for the Site are summarized in Table 1.

## 3.0 PILOT STUDY ACTIVITIES

## 3.1 PRELIMINARY ACTIVITIES

## 3.1.1 <u>Underground Injection Control Registration</u>

An application for an Underground Injection Control (UIC) registration will be completed through Ecology.

## 3.1.2 Health and Safety Plan

A Site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) will be prepared under separate cover for the injection activities that meets the minimum requirements for such a plan identified in federal regulations (Parts 1910.120 and 1926 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations) and state regulations (Chapter 296 of the Washington Administrative Code). The HASP will identify the known physical, chemical, and biological hazards; hazard monitoring protocols; and administrative and engineering controls required to mitigate the identified hazards. The Safety Data Sheets for EDS-ER and ZVI are provided in Appendix A.

## 3.1.3 Street Use Permits

Access to the Woodlawn Avenue Northeast ROW to perform injections into the existing injection wells requires a Major Utility Permit from the City of Seattle.

## 3.2 INJECTION ACTIVITIES

SoundEarth will mobilize an injection trailer to perform and monitor the injections of EDS-ER and ZVI. The injection design is based on past injections and the physical limitations of the injection wells in the lower and upper aquifer zones. Injections will be performed at seven existing injection wells screened in the shallow water-bearing zone (depths of 5 to 25 feet bgs) and at six existing injection wells screened in the deep water-bearing zone (35 to 50 feet bgs).

A total of 440 gallons of EDS-ER concentrate will be used to make 2,800 gallons of injectate. Approximately 1000 pounds of ZVI solution will be added to the injectate for final injection. The goal will be to inject 100 gallons into each of the shallow wells and 350 gallons into each of the deep wells.

## 3.2.1 Injection Equipment

The mobile injection trailer will include a 150-gallon batch tank, centrifugal mixing pump, centrifugal injection pump, and generator. The injection manifold will include gate and check valves, pressure gauges, and a recycle line.

## 3.2.2 Injection Solution Preparation

The EDS-ER and ZVI concentrate will be provided in 55-gallon drums. The EDS-ER and ZVI solution will be prepared in approximately 150-gallon batches by mixing 25 gallons of EDS-ER concentrate with 130 gallons of potable water followed by 50 pounds of ZVI.

## 3.2.3 Injections and Monitoring

The prepared solution will be delivered to seven shallow water-bearing zone injection wells (IW16, IW21, IW29, IW31, IW33, IW59, and IW61) and system pressures, flow rates, and total flow will be recorded; changes in groundwater elevation will also be monitored by measuring water levels

in adjacent injection and monitoring wells to assess the saturated zone response. The injection process will continue by injecting the prepared solution into the six deep injection wells (IW22, IW30, IW32, IW34, IW36, and IW38) while monitoring system injection parameters and groundwater-level changes in adjacent wells. The targeted injection volume per injection well is estimated at 100 gallons for shallow wells and 350 gallons for deep wells. The solution volume is based on injection well performance; therefore, the solution may be distributed unevenly to the injection wells, but a total injection volume of 2,800 gallons will be maintained.

## 4.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM

The groundwater monitoring program will consist of a baseline event and six post-injection groundwater monitoring events. The groundwater monitoring program is summarized in Table 2.

## 4.1 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

Groundwater performance monitoring for the pilot test will occur over a period of 18 months after the pilot test injections are performed. To monitor the pilot test performance, groundwater samples will be collected from the shallow and deep water-bearing zone injection/monitoring wells listed in Table 2. Groundwater sample collection will be performed in general accordance with the *Groundwater Performance Monitoring Plan, Plastic Sales and Service Site, 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast, Seattle, Washington, Agreed Order No. DE 7084* prepared by SoundEarth dated March 4, 2020.

Groundwater monitoring wells used to monitor the performance of the pilot test will be sampled using low-flow sampling techniques or passive diffusion samplers if injectate is present in the water column. If low-flow sampling is used, SoundEarth will collect field parameter measurements (pH, temperature, electrical conductivity, dissolved oxygen, and oxidation-reduction potential) during groundwater sampling events. SoundEarth will submit the samples for laboratory analysis of CVOCs by EPA Method 8260D.

## 4.1.1 <u>Post-Injection Groundwater Monitoring</u>

Six groundwater monitoring events will be performed over a period of 18 months following the completion of the pilot test injections. Performance groundwater sampling will take place 30, 90, 120, 150, 180, and 210 days after the injection event. The duration of groundwater performance monitoring was designed in consideration of the contamination velocity in the shallow and deep water-bearing zones, seasonal fluctuations in groundwater elevations, the anticipated degradation rate of CVOCs over time, and the need to gather sufficient data to have certainty in the efficacy of the pilot test results. The performance groundwater monitoring events will consist of measuring water levels and collecting groundwater samples from injection/monitoring wells for field parameter measurements, where applicable, and laboratory analyses as specified in Table 2.

## 4.2 CONTINGENCY ACTION

If CVOC concentrations in deep water-bearing zone injection wells IW32 and IW34 located on southern side of Janke building fail to show qualitative decrease after the 90-day groundwater sampling event, additional groundwater treatment may be warranted. Any decision to perform additional groundwater treatment will be made in consultation with Ecology.

## 5.0 SCHEDULE

The injection and groundwater monitoring schedule are predicated on Ecology's designation of a Site Manager for the Site under the Voluntary Cleanup Program. The preliminary schedule for the full injection and monitoring plan is as follows:

Injection and Monitoring Item	Schedule or Condition
Approval of the Pilot Test Work Plan	Following Ecology's designation of a Site Manager for the Site
UIC registration	Following approval of the Pilot Test Work Plan
Major Utility Permit	60 to 100 days following approval of the Pilot Test Work Plan by Ecology dated September 11, 2023
Injections	Within 30 business days following approval of the Major Utility Permit by the City of Seattle
Performance of groundwater monitoring events	18 months following injections

## 6.0 **REPORTING**

A Pilot Study Report will be prepared following post-injection groundwater monitoring activities. The Pilot Study Report will include the following:

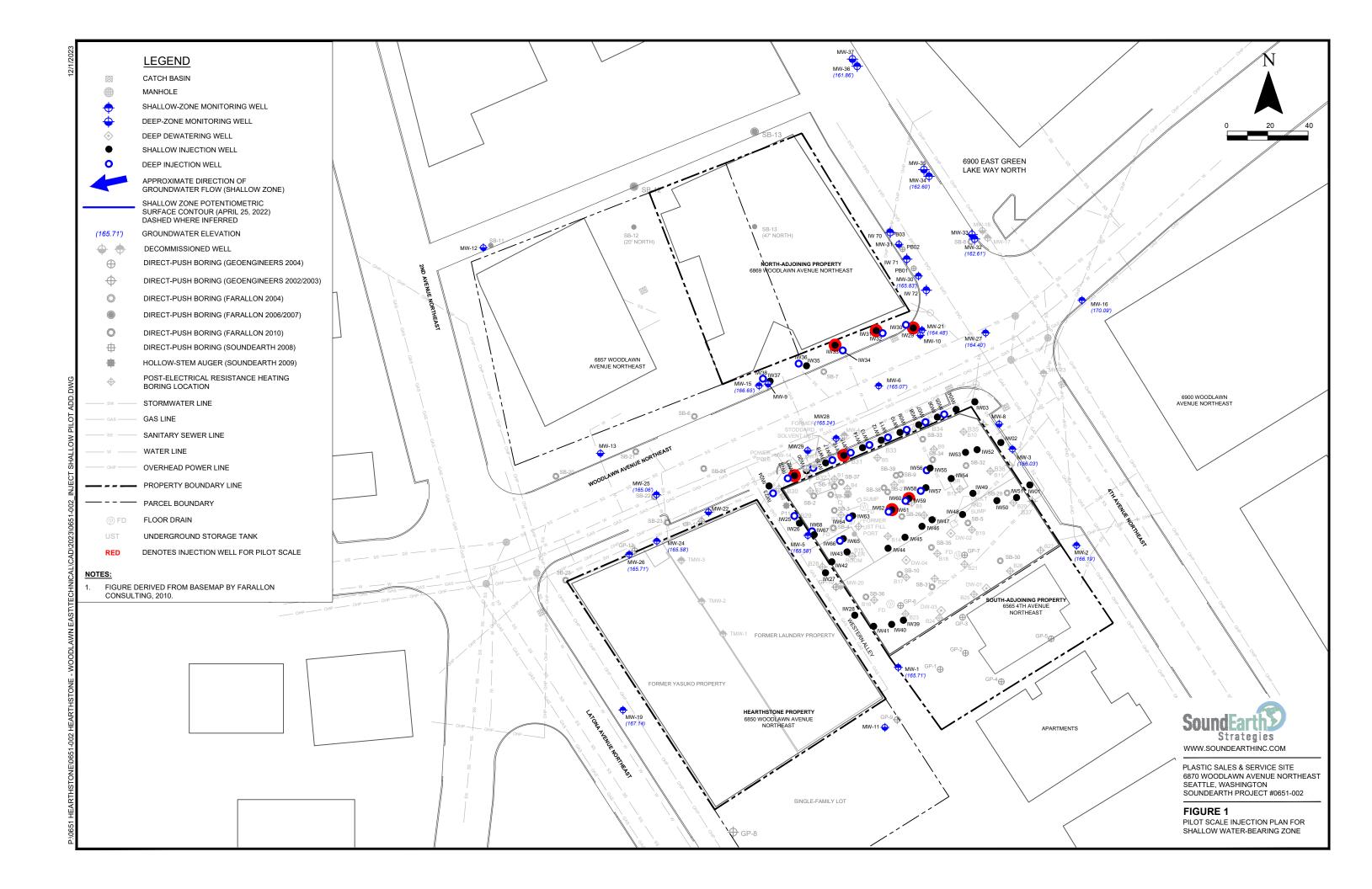
- A description of injections and baseline and post-injection groundwater monitoring activities
- Summary tables of groundwater monitoring analytical results
- Summary tables of injection parameters (pressures, injection flow rates, and volumes)
- A figure depicting the injection and monitoring well network
- Findings of the pilot study and recommendations for full-scale application

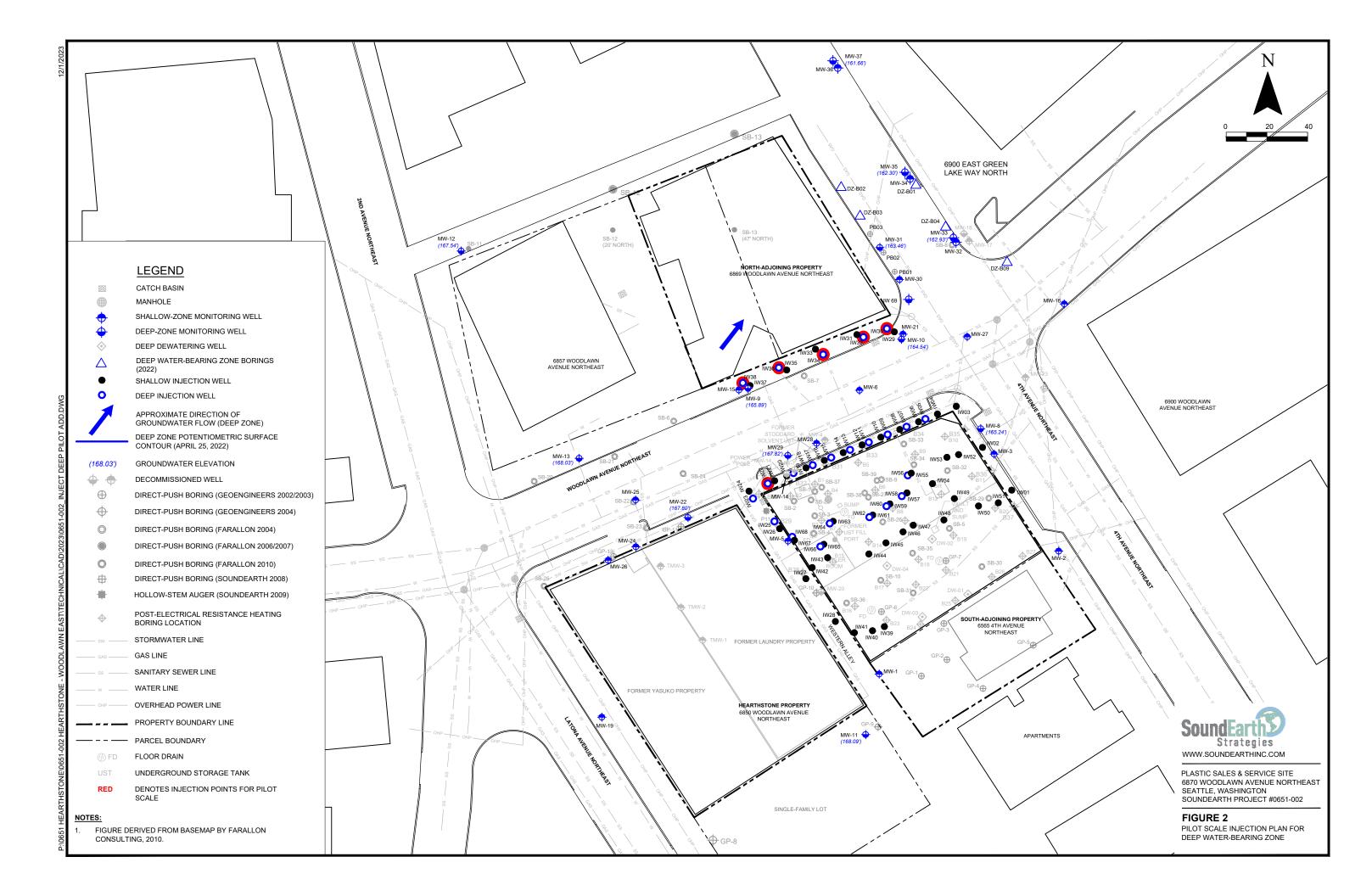
## 7.0 LIMITATIONS

The services described in this report were performed consistent with generally accepted professional consulting principles and practices. No other warranty, express or implied, is made. These services were performed consistent with SoundEarth's agreement with the client. This report is solely for the use and information of the client unless otherwise noted. Any reliance on this report by a third party is at such party's sole risk.

Opinions and recommendations contained in this report are derived, in part, from data gathered by others, and from conditions evaluated when services were performed, and are intended only for the client, purposes, locations, time frames, and project parameters indicated. SoundEarth does not warrant and is not responsible for the accuracy or validity of work performed by others, nor from the impacts of changes in environmental standards, practices, or regulations subsequent to performance of services. SoundEarth does not warrant the use of segregated portions of this report.

FIGURES





TABLES



Table 1 Pilot Test Injection Design Plastic Sales and Service Site 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washngton

Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
Treatment Area Layout			•
Total Injection Wells in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	7	injection wells	IW16, IW21, IW29, IW31, IW33, IW59, and IW61
Total Injection Wells in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	6	injection wells	IW22, IW30, IW32 , IW34, IW36, and IW38
Radius of Influence	5	feet	Estimated based on previous work
Treatment Interval	10 to 45	feet bgs	Shallow and deep water-bearing zones
Treatment Interval Thickness in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	10	feet	
Treatment Interval Thickness inDeep Water-Bearing Zone	20	feet	
Injection Well Hydraulics			
Hydraulic Conductivity in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	0.0385	feet per day	
Hydraulic Conductivity inDeep Water-Bearing Zone	9.6	feet per day	
Hydraulic Gradient in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	0.046	feet per foot	
Hydraulic Gradient in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	0.028	feet per foot	
Effective Porosity in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	25	percent	
Effective Porosity in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	30	percent	
Groundwater Seepage Velocity in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	0.01	feet per day	
Groundwater Seepage Velocity in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	0.90	feet per day	
Travel Distance over 1 Month in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	0.21	feet	
Travel Distance over 1 Month in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	26.88	feet	
Total Pore Volume in Shallow Water-Bearing Zone	41,140	gallons	
Total Pore Volume in Deep Water-Bearing Zone	35,904	gallons	
Reagent Dosing			
EDS-ER	3,360	pounds	
EDS-ER Concentrate Volume	440	gallons	Density of 7.63 pounds per gallon
EDS-ER Mix Ratio	15.7	percent	
Volume of Water	16	gallons	
EDS-ER Mix Volume	2,803	gallons	
EDS-ER Mix Volume to Total Pore Volume Ratio - Shallow	3	percent	
EDS-ER Mix Volume to Total Pore Volume Ratio - Deep	5	percent	
ZVI Mass	1000	pounds	
EDS-ER Concentrate per Well - Shallow	14	gallons	Density of 15 pounds per gallon
EDS-ER Concentrate per Well - Deep	50	gallons	
Water Mix per Well - Shallow	100	gallons	
Water Mix per Well - Deep	350	gallons	
ZVI per Well - Shallow	36	pounds	
ZVI per Well - Deep	125	pounds	
Total Application Volume	2,803	gallons	

NOTES:

bgs = below ground surface

EDS-ER = Electron Donor Solution, Extended Release by Tersus Environmental ROW = right-of-way



## Table 2 Post Pilot Test Groundwater Monitoring Plastic Sales and Service Site 6870 Woodlawn Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washngton

Injection and Monitoring Well	Water-Bearing Zone	Post-Injection Event <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
IW16	Shallow	CVOCs
IW21	Shallow	CVOCs
IW29	Shallow	CVOCs
IW31	Shallow	CVOCs
IW33	Shallow	CVOCs
IW59	Shallow	CVOCs
IW61	Shallow	CVOCs
IW22	Deep	CVOCs
IW30	Deep	CVOCs
IW32	Deep	CVOCs
IW34	Deep	CVOCs
IW36	Deep	CVOCs
IW38	Deep	CVOCs

NOTES:

<sup>1)</sup> Chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) will be analyzed by US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 8260D.

Agency (EPA) Method 8260D.

<sup>2)</sup> Groundwater samples will be collected with a passive diffusive sampler if injectate is present in the well.

# APPENDIX A Materials Safety Data Sheets

## SAFETY DATA SHEET EDS-ER™



Creation Date: 2/1/2019 Revision Date: 5/29/2023 Version 1.2 SDS # 01A

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

## 1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name: EDS-ER™

Synonyms: Electron Donor Solution – Extended Release

Product Form: Mixture

#### 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: Remediation of contaminated groundwater and soils. Use as recommended by the label.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Tersus Environmental, LLC
	1116 Colonial Club Rd
	Wake Forest, NC 27587
	Phone: +1-919-453-5577
	Email: info@tersusenv.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

+1-919-453-5577 (Tersus Office Hours, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Eastern)

+1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec 24 Hour Service – Emergency Only)

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

No applicable GHS categories. This product is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

- Other hazards None known.
- **<u>2.2 Label element</u>** The product does not require a hazard warning label in accordance with GHS. The normal safety precautions for the handling of chemicals must be observed.
- Hazard statement Non-Regulated Material

#### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention	No GHS prevention statements
Response	No GHS response statements
Storage	No GHS storage statements
Disposal	No GHS disposal statements

## 2.3 Classification system

NFPA Ratings (scale 0-4) Health = 0 Fire = 1 Reactivity = 0 HMIS Ratings (scale 0-4) Health = 0 Flammability = 1 Reactivity = 0

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Chemical Formula Mixture

## 3.2 Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Concentration (%)	CAS Number
None	None	None

### 3.3 Nonhazardous components

Chemical Name	Concentration (%)	CAS Number
Soybean Oil	90 to 93	8001-22-7
Emulsifiers	7 to 10	Proprietary

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Synonyms are provided in Section 1.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<u>4.1 General</u> Information	Check the vital functions. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of respiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration. Cardiac arrest, perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Take the victim to a doctor if irritation persists. Remove affected person from source of contamination.
Eye Contact	Promptly wash eye with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.
Skin Contact	Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing of soaked through and flush skin with water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents.
Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

Ingestion	Drink plenty of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep the affected person warm and at rest.	
4.2 Important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Eye damage / irritation.	
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
<u>5.1 Suitable Extinguishin</u> Media	g Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite, etc. Water spray	
5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the chemica or mixture	Fire hazard: high. II Explosion hazard: Not known. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon, Sulfurous gases (SOx)	
5.3 Special Fire Fighting Procedures	Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water spray to reduce vapors. If the risk of water pollution	

Proceduresout. Use water spray to reduce vapors. If the risk of water pollution<br/>occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Avoid water in straight hose<br/>stream; will scatter and spread fire. Keep upwind. Do not inhale<br/>explosions and combustion gases. Collect contaminated fire<br/>extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into<br/>drains. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after<br/>the fire is out. Use water spray to reduce vapor. If the risk of water<br/>pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Avoid water in straight<br/>hose stream; will scatter and spread fire. Wear positive-pressure, self-<br/>contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical protective<br/>clothing.5.4 Unusual Fire and<br/>Explosion HazardsRags containing this material may heat and burn spontaneously. If a

Rags containing this material may heat and burn spontaneously. If a material with a large surface area, like rags, filters etc., is saturated with vegetable oils spontaneous combustion has been known to happen

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not smoke or use open fire or other sources of ignition. Contact with walking surface may result in formation of slippery film/falling hazard.
<u>6.2 First Aid</u> 6.3 Environmental Precautions	In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. If symptoms occur, seek medical attention. In case of contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and see an eye specialist if irritation persists. In case of inhalation, remove to fresh air. In case of ingestion, drink water. If symptoms occur, seek medical assistance. Do not discharge into drains, sewers, or watercourses or onto the ground. Inform the relevant authorities if this occurs.
6.4 Methods for	Spilled product should be removed immediately. Provide enough

**Containment and Clean Up** ventilation. Recover product for reuse if possible. Avoid contamination of waterways and (if large quantity) vegetation. Absorb in noncombustible material, vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. If in mist form and levels are above 12mg/m3(total), an air purifying respirator (APR) and goggles are recommended Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterway.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	Contain with applicable regulations. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mist. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations. Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Keep container tightly closed. Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.
7.2 Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Use good personal hygiene practices.
7.3 Conditions for safe storage (with incompatibilities)	<ul> <li>Technical measures: Clean bulk tanks periodically to prevent accumulation of bacteria</li> <li>Storage conditions: Store in tightly closed, original container in a well-ventilated place. Protect against frost. Protect against direct sunlight.</li> <li>Storage temperature: See technical datasheet. Above 10°C (50°F) and away from heat or flame.</li> <li>Storage area: Store in a dry area. Comply with applicable regulations. Collect spillage.</li> <li>Packaging materials: Stainless steel. Plastic.</li> </ul>

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure guidelines, ingredients with workplace control parameters.

## Components with occupational exposure limits

Soybean Oil (8001-22-7) TWA Short-term value: 5 mg/m3 Long-term value: 15 mg/m3

### 8.2 Exposure Control



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Respiratory protection	An approved NIOSH respirator must be worn if exposed to excessive oil vapors
Hand protection	Neoprene. Vinyl, Rubber (natural, latex), Butyl rubber. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Manufactured/tested in accordance with EN 374, Avoid the following conditions: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. If using hot oil, insulated gloves may be required
Hygiene measures	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking, and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink, or smoke.
Environmental Exposure Controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point /Freezing Point Initial Boiling point and boiling point	Clear yellow to clear brown, amber Light Vegetable Oil Not determined. Not determined. Natural when diluted with water. -2°C Not determined.
range	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Flash Point	282°C (540°F)
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Flammability (solid; gas)	Not determined.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Not determined.
limits	
Vapor pressure	Not determined.
Vapor density	Not determined.
Relative density	0.925 g/cm3 (7.719 lbs/gal)
Solubility (ies)	Dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not determined.
Initial Boiling point and boiling point	Not determined.
range	
Auto-ignition temperature	Unknown
Decomposition temperature	Unknown
Viscosity	80 cP at 24°C; 35 cSt at 40°C
Viscosity	0001 4124 0,000014140 0

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions and use.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reactions known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	No further relevant information available.
10.5 Incompatible materials	No further relevant information available.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon (CO <sub>x</sub> ).
<u>10.7 Hazardous</u> Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
	11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1 Acute Toxicity Acute toxicity (oral)	LD50 Species: Rat (male/female)

Dose: >2.000 ma/ka

	D036. >2.000 mg/kg
	Method: OECD 423
Skin	Acute toxicity estimate: 3,571 mg/kg
	Method: Calculation method
Serious Eye	Not classified
Damage/Irritation	
Respiratory or Skin	Not classified
Sensitization	
Ingestion	Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	Not classified
Reproductive Toxicity	Not classified
Specific Target Organ	Not classified
Toxicity (Single Exposure)	
Specific Organ Toxicity	Not classified
(Repeated Exposure)	
Aspiration Hazard	Not classified
General Remarks	Not classified
Repeated does toxicity	> 5000 mg/Kg bw/day [OECD 422, CAS# 8001-30-7]
Reproductive toxicity	> 2000 mg/Kg bw/day [OECD 422, CAS# 8001-30-7]
· ····································	

## 11.2 Additional Toxicological Information

When used and handled according to specifications, the product does not have any harmful effects according to our experience and the information provided to us. The substance is not subject to classification.

### 11.3 Carcinogenic Categories

- **11.3.1 IRAC** (International Agency for Research on Cancer): No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible, or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
- **11.3.2 ACGIH** (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists): No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible, or confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

- **11.3.3 NTP** (National Toxicology Program): No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible, or confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.
- **11.3.4 OSHA** (Occupational Safety & Health Administration): No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **12.1 Chemical Fate Information**

Product is readily biodegradable in wastewater treatment systems.

#### 12.2 Biodegradability

Slow, not readily degradable Method: OECD 301 D Chemical Oxygen Demand: 2.324 mg/g DIN 38409 T.31

#### 12.3 Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish- LC0: >100 mh/L 96h (no data, OCED 203, s-s) Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates: No data Toxicity to aquatic algae: No data Toxicity to microorganisms- EC50: >100 mg/L 3 h (a.s. bacteria, OCED 209, s)

#### 12.4 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.5 Aquatoxicity, invertebrates

Species: *Daphnia magna* Exposure duration: 48 h EC50: > 100 mg/l Method: OECD 202

#### 12.6 Aquatoxicity, algae / aquatic plants

Species: *Scenedesmus subspicatus* Exposure duration: 72 h EbC50: 341 mg/l Method: OECD 201

#### 12.7 Mobility in soil

Adsorption coefficient in soil (log Koc): no data

#### 12.8 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance is not PBT or vPvB

#### 12.9 Other adverse effects

No information available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste Disposal Methods

Dispose according to federal, state, and local laws. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Authority. Waste is suitable for incineration.

## **14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

## 14.1 U.S. (D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name:	Chemicals not otherwise indexed (NOI) nonhazardous.
Hazard Class:	N/A
UN/NA:	N/A
Labels:	N/A

### 14.2 Canada (T.D.G.)

Proper Shipping Name:	Chemicals not otherwise indexed (NOI) nonhazardous.
Hazard Class:	N/A
UN/NA:	N/A
Labels	N/A

#### 14.3 IMDG

Proper Shipping Name:	
Hazard Class:	
UN/NA:	
Labels:	

Chemicals not otherwise indexed (NOI) nonhazardous. N/A N/A N/A

## <u>14.4 IATA</u>

Proper Shipping Name:	
Hazard Class:	
UN/NA:	
Labels:	

Chemicals not otherwise indexed (NOI) nonhazardous. N/A N/A N/A

## 14.5 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

N/A for product as supplied.

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1 EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

### 15.2 SARA 311/312 Hazards No SARA Hazards

SARA 313:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

#### 15.3 California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### 15.4 The components of this product are reported in the following inventories

CH INV:On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventoryDSL:All components of this product are on the Canadian DSLAICS:On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

<b>TSCA:</b> On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	NZIOC: ENCS: KECI: PICCS: IECSC: TCSI: TSCA:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory Not in compliance with the inventory On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
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## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### 16.1 Abbreviation/acronyms used

UVCB (substance)- Chemical substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, complex reaction products and biological materials

CAS (number)- Chemical Abstracts Service EC (number)- Ref. EINECS/ELINCS number R.E.A.Ch.- Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals TARIC - Tariffa Integrata della Comunità (Integrated Community Tariff code) GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CLP - Classification, Labelling and Packaging regulation n/a - not apllicable **PPE - Personal Protection Equipment** (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure-Activity Relationship bw - body weight NOAEL - No Observed Adverse Effect Levels STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity **BCF** - Bioconcentration Factor PBT (substance) - Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic vPvB (substance) - very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative SVHC (substance) - Substances of Verv High Concern

## Components not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous.

### Mixture classified as not dangerous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.

#### Observe employment restrictions for people.

#### Product is not listed with IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA as a carcinogen.

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All recommendations for the use of our products, whether given by us, orally or to be implied from data or lab tests results by us, are based on the current state of our knowledge at the time those recommendations are made. When additional information is obtained, these recommendations may be

updated. They may also be influenced by circumstances outside our control. Notwithstanding such recommendation the user is responsible for ensuring that the product supplied by us is suitable for the process or purpose he/she intends to use it.

Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer specific SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.



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**End of Safety Data Sheet** 

## SAFETY DATA SHEET Zero Valent Iron (ZVI) Powder D50 = 7-8 um



Revision Date: 4/19/2022 Version: 1.1

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### **Product identifier**

Product Name Zero Valent Iron (ZVI) Powder D50 = 7-8 um

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use: Professional use, Industrial use. Remediation of Groundwater and Soil. Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label

### Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Tersus Environmental, LLC
	1116 Colonial Club Rd
	Wake Forest, NC 27587
	Phone: +1-919-453-5577
	Email: info@tersusenv.com

#### **Emergency telephone number**

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

- +1-919-453-5577 (Tersus Office Hours, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Eastern)
- +1-919-638-7892 (Tersus Outside office hours)
- +1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec 24 Hour Service Emergency Only)
- +1-703-527-3887 (Chemtrec Outside United States 24 Hour Service Emergency Only)

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) Combustible dust Classified

#### Label Elements

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Precautionary Statements Not applicable

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) Not applicable

#### **Other hazards**

Not classified as PBT or vPvB

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered hazardous to health.

Appearance
Physical State
Odor

Appearance	Physical State	Odor
Light grey metal Powder	Powder	Odorless

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Substances/Mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Content (%)	Trade Secret
Iron	7439-89-6	>99%	-

Synonyms are provided in Section 1.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion	Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. If possible, drink milk afterwards. Get medical attention.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Main symptoms: Cough and shortness of breath. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Skin contact	Long term contact can cause irritation.
Eye contact	May cause mechanical irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray. Confining and smothering metal fires is preferable rather than applying water. Use: Dry powder, dry chemical.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### Special Hazard

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

## 6. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Remove all sources of ignition. For personal protection equipment see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water sources.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in section 8 and 13.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Use sufficient dust extraction. Keep workplace clean from dust. Accumulated dust dispersed in air may cause dust explosion if ignited.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure safe handling of the substance. The measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e., regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices), no drinking, eating, and smoking at the workplace. Shower and change clothes at end of work shift.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in dry place to avoid oxidation of material. Make sure the product does not come in contact with acids or strong oxidizers.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information available.

## 8. EXPOSRE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limits	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Iron	Nuisance dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Nuisance Dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
7439-89-6			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas
----------------------	---

### Protective measures

Eye/Face Protection	ANSI approved safety glasses or protective goggles
Skin protection	Long sleeved clothing.
Hand Protection	Use of canvass gloves is advisable.
Respiratory protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA
	approved respiratory protection should be worn. Respiratory protection must be
	provided in accordance with current local regulations minimum N95
Thermal hazards	The substance does not represent a thermal hazard, thus special consideration
	is not required.
Environmental Experi	ure Controlo

### Environmental Exposure Controls

Dust from exhaust ventilation should be separated out in order to avoid release to the natural environment.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Powder
Appearance	Light grey metal Powder.
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	Not applicable
Particle size	D50 = 7-8 um (micron)

Property	Values	Note
рН	Not applicable	Insoluble in water.
Melting/freezing point	1538°C @ 1013hPa	
Boiling point/boiling range	2861°C @ 1013hPa	
Flash Point	Not Applicable	Not relevant for inorganic substance
Evaporation rate	Solid with a melting point >300°C	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.	According to Method A10, EU- Regulation 440/2008
<ul> <li>Flammability Limits in Air</li> <li>Upper flammability or explosive limit</li> </ul>	No information available	
Lower flammability or explosive limit	No information available	

Property	Values	Note
Vapor pressure	No information available	Solid with a melting point
		>300°C
Vapor density	No information available	Solid with a melting point
		>300°C
Relative density	7.87g/cm3 @ 20°C	
Water Solubility	0.015 mg/l @ 22°C	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition coefficient: n-	Not determined	Not relevant for inorganic
octanol/water		substances
Autoignition temperature	Not classified.	UN test N.4
Decomposition temperature	Will not decompose	Not relevant for inorganic
		substances
Viscosity	No information available	Solid with a melting point
		>300°C
Explosive properties	Not explosive	The substance contains no
		chemical groups
		associated with explosive
		properties.
Oxidizing Properties	Not oxidizing	The substance is incapable of
		reacting exothermically with
		combustible materials based on
		the chemical structure.

## 9.2 Other information

VOC Content (%)Not applicableBulk Density1.0-3.0 g/cm3Dust explosion classSt 1

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

#### 10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

#### **10.5 Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizing agents and strong acids.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal use

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Information on likely routes of exposure

The principal risk to human health presented by "iron" dust is related to	
the concentration of dust in the air acting as a nuisance dust. The higher	
the concentration of dust the greater the risk of irritation to the respiratory	
system and mechanical irritation to the eyes	
The substance is not toxic for skin, inhalation or ingestion	
Not irritating.	
OECD 405: Not irritating	
Not sensitizing.	
-	
Ames test OECD 471 negative	
Testing of metallic iron for reproductive toxicity is not appropriate due to	
a lack of systemic exposure.	
Not classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized	
System (GHS)	
Not classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized	
System (GHS)	
Not classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized	
System (GHS)	

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Iron 7439-89-6	7500 mg/kg bw (Rat)	-	-

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

#### Legend:

#### ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen

- A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen
- A3 Animal Carcinogen
- A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### IARC: (International Agency for

Research on Cancer) Group 1 -

Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably

Carcinogenic to Humans Group

2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to

Humans Group 3 - Not Classifiable

as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

## NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

X – Present

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1 Toxicity

### Ecotoxicity effects

Contains forms of iron which are highly insoluble and non-hazardous.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Toxicity to daphnia and
Iron	-	LC50 96 h = 13.6 mg/L (Morone saxatilis - static) LC50 96 h = 0.56 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio -	-	-

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Iron and its compounds are essential compounds. Iron is an essential trace element, well regulated in all living organisms. The available evidence shows the absence of iron biomagnification across the trophic chain both in the aquatic and terrestrial food chains. The existing information suggests not only that iron does not biomagnify, but rather that it tends to exhibit biodelution.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Iron and its compounds are found in the form of hydroxides in the environment. They are stabilized in the form of oxides in the long term.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

As iron is not bio-available, owing to its extreme insolubility in water, it is not systematically available or bio-accumulative, and hence it does not fulfil either of the PBT or vPvB criteria for classification.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

None anticipated.

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product disposal**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Packaging disposal

Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

## **14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

## DOT

UN/ID No	
Proper shipping name	
Transport hazard class(es)	
Packaging group	

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

ΙΑΤΑ	
UN/ID No	Not applicable
Proper shipping name	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
Packing Group	Not applicable
IMDG	
UN/ID No	Not applicable
Proper shipping name	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
Packing Group	Not applicable
Marine pollutant	Not applicable

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# <u>15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</u>

#### International Inventories

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists:

TSCA EINECS/ELINCS DSL/NDSL	Complies Complies Complies
ENCS	- '
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

#### Legend:

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances AICS -Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances **U.S. Federal Regulations** 

### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

## Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

## U.S. State Regulations

## **California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Components not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous.

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Instability 0	Physical and chemical hazards -
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Physical Hazard 0	Personal protection E

#### Abbreviations

EC50: median effective concentration LC50: median lethal concentration. LD50: median lethal dose. NIOSH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOEC: no observable effect concentration OEL: occupational exposure limit OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic chemicals PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC) STEL: short-term exposure limit TLV: Substance with TLV-values TWA: Time weighted average vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative chemical

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ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. Since we cannot control the application, use or processing of the product, we do not accept responsibility. Therefore, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product and assure that the intended use of the product will not infringe in any party's intellectual property right. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped.

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**