TOXICITY TEST REPORT

TEST IDENTIFICATION

Test No.: 658-73

Title: Mussel (Mytilus galloprovincialis) larval test using static 48-hr exposure to CH2M Hill-Wyckoff

Treatment Plant SP11 Final Effluent. EPA permit number WAD009248295.

<u>Protocol No.</u>: NAS-XXX-CG/MG2, August 28, 1990, Revision 3 (9-8-01). This protocol complies with the U.S. EPA West Coast chronic toxicity manual (EPA/600/R-95/136) and the ASTM bivalve toxicity method (E 724-89).

STUDY MANAGEMENT

Study Sponsor: CH2M Wyckoff Treatment Plant, 5350 Creosote Place NE, Bainbridge Island, WA 98110.

Sponsor's Study Monitor: Mr. Stanley Warner

Testing Laboratory: Northwestern Aquatic Sciences, P.O. Box 1437, Newport, OR 97365.

Test Location: Newport laboratory.

<u>Laboratory's Study Personnel</u>: G.A. Buhler, B.S., Proj. Man.; G.J. Irissarri, B.S., Study Dir.; L.K. Nemeth, B.A., M.B.A., QA Officer; J. B. Brown, B.S., D.V.M., Assoc. Aq. Toxicol.; Y. Nakahama, Sr. Tech.; L. Brady, Tech.

Study Schedule:

Test Beginning: 2-10-16, 1445 hrs.

Test Ending: 2-12-16, 1445 hrs.

<u>Disposition of Study Records</u>: All raw data, reports and other study records are stored at Northwestern Aquatic Sciences, 3814 Yaquina Bay Rd., Newport, OR 97365.

Statement of Quality Assurance: The test data were reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit to assure that the study was performed in accordance with the protocol and standard operating procedures. This report is an accurate reflection of the raw data.

TEST MATERIAL

Description: CH2M Hill-Wyckoff Treatment Plant SP11 Final Effluent. Details are as follows:

NAS Sample No.	5516G
Collection Date	2-9-16
Receipt Date	2-10-16
Temperature (°C)	4.7
pH	7.6
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	9.5
Salinity (‰)	3.0

Treatments: Samples briefly temperature-equilibrated prior to use.

Storage: Used date of receipt.

DILUTION WATER

Source: Yaquina Bay, Oregon seawater.

Date of Collection: 2-9-16

Water Quality: Salinity, 30.0 %; pH, 8.0

Pretreatment: Filtered to ≤0.45 µm, aerated, salinity adjusted with Milli-O.

BRINE USED FOR DILUTION WATER AND SALINITY CONTROL

Source: Filtered Yaquina Bay, Oregon, sea water

Salinity: 100.0 %

Date of Preparation: 1-21-16

Method of Preparation: Freezing method

TEST ORGANISMS

Species: Mussel (Mytilus galloprovincialis).

Age: 3.3 hrs post-fertilization.

Source: Kamilche Sea Farms, Shelton, WA.

Conditioning: Adult mussels were received on 2-9-16 and placed in trays with flowing seawater. Holding conditions prior to testing were: temperature, 12.7°C; pH, 7.8; salinity, 28.0%; and dissolved oxygen, 7.1 mg/L. Photoperiod was natural daylight.

Source of Gametes: 4 females and 3 males.

TEST PROCEDURES AND CONDITIONS

Test Chambers: 30 ml borosilicate glass vials containing 10 ml of test solutions.

Test Concentrations: 70, 35, 18, 9, 4, 2, and 0% (Control).

<u>Brine Control</u>: A brine control was run in which salinity-adjusted Milli-Q[®] deionized water (3.0 ppt) was substituted for effluent in the preparation of the highest test solution concentration. As a result, the amount of brine in the brine control was the same as used in the 70.0% effluent test concentration.

Replicates/Treatment: 4

<u>Initial Concentration of Test Organisms</u>: 23.0/ml. <u>Volume of Subsamples Taken for Counting</u>: NA

Water Volume Changes per 24 hr: None (non-renewal static test).

<u>Aeration</u>: None <u>Feeding</u>: None

Effects Criteria: The effect criteria used were: 1) ability of embryos to survive and produce completely developed shells; and 2) survival. Data collected were: 1) the initial embryo density; 2) the number of abnormal larvae observed; and 3) the number of normal (live with completely developed shells) larvae observed.

Water Quality and Other Test Conditions: Temperature, 16.4 ± 0.3 °C; pH, 8.0 ± 0.2 ; salinity, 30.3 ± 0.4 %; and dissolved oxygen, 7.9 ± 0.1 mg/L. Photoperiod 16:8 hr, L:D.

DATA ANALYSIS METHODS

The proportion of surviving larvae, and the proportion of normal surviving larvae were calculated for each treatment replicate. The calculation used for the proportion of normal surviving larvae, Combined Proportion Normal, was the combined endpoint specified by EPA/600/R-95/136. The means were obtained for each treatment level and the latter were then corrected for control response using Abbott's formula. The LC50 (survival) and the EC50 (normality) were calculated, where data permitted, using either the Maximum-Likelihood Probit or the Trimmed Spearman-Karber methods. An IC25 was determined by linear interpolation with bootstrapping. NOEC and LOEC values for survival and normality were computed using either Dunnett's test, T-test with Bonferroni's adjustment, Steel's Many-One Rank Test, or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test with Bonferroni Adjustment. The appropriate test was selected after evaluating the data for normality and homogeneity of variance. An arcsine-square root (angular) transformation was performed on the data prior to statistical analysis. The statistical software employed for these calculations was CETIS, v1.8.7.4, Tidepool Scientific Software. Toxic units (TU_c) were computed as 100/NOEC, 100/EC50, or 100/IC25.

PROTOCOL DEVIATIONS

None.

REFERENCE TOXICANT TEST

The routine reference toxicant test is a standard multi-concentration toxicity test using copper sulfate to evaluate the performance of the test organisms used in the effluent toxicity test. The performance is evaluated by comparing the results of this test with historical results obtained at the laboratory. A summary of the reference toxicant test result is given below. The reference toxicant test raw data are found in Appendix III.

Test No.: 999-3521

Reference Toxicant and Source: Copper as CuSO₄-5H₂O, Argent Lot No. 0195, 1.0 mg/ml stock prepared 6-19-14.

Test Date: 2-10-16

Dilution Water Used: Yaquina Bay, OR seawater. Salinity 30.0 ppt, pH 8.0

Results: EC50, 9.56 μ g/L; NOEC, 4 μ g/L; IC25, 8.32 μ g/L. The EC50 result was within the laboratory's control chart warning limits (7.92 – 12.7 μ g/L).

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TEST RESULTS

Detailed tabulations of the test results are given in Table 1. The biological effects, given as the NOEC, LOEC, EC50/LC50 for normality and survival, and IC25 for normality are summarized below.

	Combined Proportion Normal	Survival
NOEC (%)	70 (TU _c =1.43)	70 (TU _c =1.43)
LOEC (%)	>70 (TU _c <1.43)	>70 (TU _c <1.43)
EC50/LC50 (%)	>70 (TU _c <1.43)	>70 (TU _c <1.43)
(95% C.I.)		
Method of Calculation	By Data Inspection	By Data Inspection
IC25 (%)	>70 (TU _c <1.43)	
(95% C.I.)		
Method of Calculation	Linear Interpolation	

DISCUSSION/CONCLUSIONS

The NOEC for combined proportion normal was 70% effluent. The EC50 and IC25 for abnormal development were both >70%. The brine control test indicated that the brine did not contribute to effluent toxicity.

STUDY APPROVAL

Table 1. Test response of mussel (Mytilus galloprovincialis) larvae exposed to CH2M Hill-Wyckoff Treatment Plant SP11 Final Effluent.

Test Material					Prop	nbined portion rmal*		ortion vived*
Concentration (%)	Repl.	Norm.	Abn.	Total		Mean	.	Mean
70	1	213	11	224	0.926		0.974	
	2	235	9	244	0.963		1.000	
	3	221	7	228	0.961		0.991	
	4	226	18	244	0.983	0.958	1.000	0.991
35	1	218	9	227	0.948		0.987	
	2	219	11	230	0.952		1.000	
	3	227	2	229	0.987		0.996	
	4	228	12	240	0.991	0.970	1.000	0.996
18	1	242	11	253	0.957		1.000	
	2	227	7	234	0.987		1.000	
	3	248	8	256	0.969		1.000	
	4	225	9	234	0.978	0.973	1.000	1.000
9	1	213	13	226	0.926		0.983	
	2	235	11	246	0.955		1.000	
	3	232	2	234	0.992		1.000	
	4	215	9	224	0.935	0.952	0.974	0.989
4	1	231	13	244	0.947		1.000	
	2	225	7	232	0.978		1.000	
	3	236	8	244	0.967		1.000	
	4	221	10	231	0.961	0.963	1.000	1.000
2	1	234	10	244	0.959		1.000	
	2	235	13	248	0.948		1.000	
	3	201	4	205	0.874		0.891	
	4	232	10	242	0.959	0.935	1.000	0.973
Normal Control	1	211	7	218	0.917		0.948	
	2	225	7	232	0.978		1.000	
	3	225	8	233	0.978		1.000	
	4	239	9	248	0.964	0.959	1.000	0.987
Brine Control ¹	1	223	10	233	0.970		1.000	
	2	192	11	203	0.835		0.883	
	3	219	12	231	0.952		1.000	
	4	236	12	248	0.952	0.927	1.000	0.971

^{*} Based on an average initial count of 230 embryos per 10 ml sample, except that for the case in the combined proportion normal endpoint where number normal>average initial count, number normal is divided by the total count (as per EPA/600/R-95/136).

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[†] Result significantly different ($P \le 0.05$) from the control. Salinity-adjusted Milli Q^{\oplus} deionized water (3.0 ppt) was substituted for effluent so that the brine concentration is equivalent to that for the 70.0% effluent concentration.

APPENDIX I PROTOCOL

TEST PROTOCOL

BIVALVE, PACIFIC OYSTER OR BLUE MUSSEL, 48-HR LARVAL DEVELOPMENT TEST

1. INTRODUCTION

2. STUDY MANAGEMENT

- 1.1 <u>Purpose of Study</u>: The purpose of this test is to estimate chronic toxicity of effluents, receiving waters, or other test materials using bivalve larval development in a 48-hr static test.
- 1.2 <u>Referenced Method</u>: This protocol complies with the U.S. EPA West Coast chronic toxicity manual (EPA/600/R-95/136), ASTM bivalve toxicity method (E 724-89), and the WDOE toxicity guidance manual (WQ-R-95-80). Amendments may be incorporated to meet other methods or regulatory requirements as needed.
- 1.3 Summary of Method: Pacific oyster or blue mussel larvae (<4-hr-old) are exposed for 48-hr to different concentrations of test material in a static test. Salinity adjustment and brine controls are used when testing low salinity effluents. The test chambers are 30 ml borosilicate glass vials each containing 10 ml of test solution. Four replicate chambers each with 15-30 larvae per milliliter of test solution are employed at each test concentration. Test results are based on abnormal shell development and mortality. Data analysis normally consists of the calculation of an EC50 and IC25 for "percent normal", the calculation of an LC50 for percent survival, and the determination of NOECs and LOECs for both criteria. Special requirements may apply for the State of Washington or other regulatory entities. A test summary table is appended to the end of this protocol.

2.1 Sponsor's Name and Address:
2.2 <u>Sponsor's Study Monitor</u> :
2.3 Name of Testing Laboratory: Northwestern Aquatic Sciences 3814 Yaquina Bay Road P.O. Box 1437
Newport, OR 97365
2.4 Test Location:
2.5 <u>Laboratory's Personnel to be Assigned to the Study</u> : Study Director: Quality Assurance Unit:
Aquatic Toxicologist:

- 2.6 <u>Proposed Study Schedule</u>: Effluent/receiving water tests must begin within 36 hours of the end of the sample collection period. In no case should the test be started more than 72 hours after sample collection.
- 2.7 Good Laboratory Practices: The test is conducted following the principles of Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) as defined in the EPA/TSCA Good Laboratory Practice regulations revised August 17, 1989 (40 CFR Part 792).

3. TEST MATERIAL

An effluent, receiving water sample, pore water or elutriate sample, or other test material as requested. A reference toxicant test is run concurrently.

4. DILUTION WATER

Dilution water is filtered ($\leq 0.45 \, \mu m$) Yaquina Bay seawater or other suitable seawater, adjusted to $30 \pm 2 \, \%$ salinity with deionized water and/or hypersaline brine. Hypersaline brine is prepared from filtered ($\leq 0.45 \, \mu m$) Yaquina Bay water adjusted to $100 \, \%$ by the freezing method. When testing low salinity effluents, hypersaline brine is administered with dilution water for salinity adjustment.

5. TEST ORGANISMS

- 5.1 Species: Commonly used West Coast species are Pacific oyster, Crassostrea gigas, or blue mussel, Mytilus edulis, M. galloprovincialis, or M. trossulus. These three Mytilus species were formerly all believed to be a single cosmopolitan species, M. edulis (Geller et al., 1993; McDonald & Koehn, 1988; McDonald et al., 1991). The test conditions specified in this protocol apply to the aforementioned species. Other species (e.g. M. californianus, C. virginica and Mercenaria mercenaria) are allowed by one or more of the referenced methods applicable to this protocol, but their use may require modified test conditions or procedures.
- 5.2 <u>Source</u>: Adult oysters are purchased from commercial sources. Mussels are purchased from commercial sources or field collected as required.
- 5.3 Age at Study Initiation: <4-hr-old embryos.
- 5.4 Conditioning of Adult Oysters: Adult oysters may be conditioned if needed by holding for one to eight weeks in seasoned plastic tubs supplied with about 1-2 L/min of unfiltered Yaquina Bay, OR water (25-32 ‰) at a temperature of approximately 20°C. For mussels, conditioning is not ordinarily required.
- 5.5 <u>Spawning and Fertilization</u>: Adult bivalves are cleaned by brushing and placed into spawning trays supplied with seawater. Oysters are spawned by gradually increasing the water temperature to 25-28°C (23-25°C for mussels) over approximately a one-hour period. Sperm from a sacrificed male may be added to the spawning tray to aid stimulation of natural spawning in oysters. If spawning does not occur, the water is cooled to about 20°C (16°C for mussels) and the cycle is repeated. Bivalves that begin spawning are isolated in clean seawater for collection of gametes. After spawning is complete, the temperature is returned to approximately 20°C (16°C for mussels).

Eggs from two or more females are combined and filtered (200-300 μ m) to remove feces and psuedofeces and adjusted in concentration to about 2500-6000/ml. Eggs are then fertilized by addition of sperm from two or more males at a concentration of 10^5 to 10^7 /ml. For mussels, ten minutes after adding sperm, the egg and sperm mixture is poured through a 25 μ m screen to remove excess sperm; then the eggs are rinsed and resuspended in dilution water. Next, the embryo density is adjusted to between 1500 and 3000/ml. Embryos are kept suspended by frequent gentle agitation with a perforated plunger and the temperature is maintained at approximately 20°C (16 \pm 1°C for mussels). The quality of the embryos is verified before testing by microscopic examination. Embryos are used to initiate the test within 4 hours of fertilization

6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

- 6.1 <u>Preparation of Test Concentrations</u>: Test concentrations are prepared by manual dilution of test material with dilution water or with a combination of hypersaline brine and dilution water. Hypersaline brine may be required when testing dilute effluents to adjust the salinity of the test solutions to the appropriate salinity. Stock test solutions are prepared then distributed to appropriate replicate test chambers. The method for determining the appropriate volume of test material, brine and dilution water to be used in preparing the stock test solution is described in the laboratory SOP for salinity adjustment using hypersaline brine. Prior to mixing, the test material and dilution water are brought to test temperature. Effluents may not be aerated, or are aerated only if necessary to maintain a minimal dissolved oxygen concentration. When necessary, a brine control is prepared at the highest test concentration by substituting for the effluent deionized water to which has been added sufficient dilution water to achieve a salinity equal to that of the effluent.
- 6.2 <u>Test Chambers and Environmental Control</u>: Larvae are tested in 30 ml glass vials containing 10 ml of the test solutions. Temperature control of test chambers is provided by placement in a constant temperature room. No aeration is required. The required photoperiod is achieved by timer control of the room lights.
- 6.3 <u>Cleaning</u>: All laboratory glassware, including test chambers, is cleaned as described in EPA/600/4-90/027F. New glassware and test systems are soaked 15 minutes in tap water and scrubbed with detergent (or cleaned in automatic dishwasher); rinsed twice with tap water; carefully rinsed once with fresh, dilute (10%, V:V) hydrochloric or nitric acid to remove scale, metals, and bases; rinsed twice with deionized water; rinsed once with acetone to remove organic compounds (using a fume hood or canopy); and rinsed three times with deionized water. Test systems and chambers are rinsed again with dilution water just before use. For this test, there is an exception in that the <u>test chambers</u> are used new and unwashed

7. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN AND TEST PROCEDURES

- 7.1 Experimental Design: The test involves exposure of test embryos, within 4 hr of fertilization, to five or more test material concentrations and a dilution water control. Low salinity effluents require brine adjustment of salinity. Brine controls (substituting Milli-Q or low salinity water for the effluent) are run when brine is used to test effluent concentrations up to 70% effluent. A typical effluent concentration series might be 70%, 35%, 18%, 9%, 4%, 2%, 1%, and control. Exposures are for approximately 48 hours, but in no case shall the duration of exposure exceed 54 hours. Each treatment and control consists of four replicate 30 ml test vessels containing 10 ml of test solution. The final density of the embryos is between 15 and 30 embryos/ml in the test solutions. A stratified random design is employed to position vials in the temperature control chamber.
- 7.2 <u>Test Procedure</u>: Each test container is filled with 10 ml of test solution to which is added embryos at a final density of 15-30 embryos/ml. The embryos are incubated at 20 ± 1 °C (16 ± 1 °C for mussels) for approximately 48 hr to permit development into prodissoconch I larvae. Larvae are subsequently counted to determine the total number of abnormal and normal surviving larvae. These data are used for calculating the EC50s and LC50s.
- 7.3 <u>Effect Criteria</u>: The effect criteria are: 1) failure of embryos to survive and produce completely developed shells (abnormal/dead); and 2) mortality of the embryos.
- 7.4 Test Conditions: The test temperature is $20 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ for oysters, $16 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ for blue mussels. The test temperatures specified by EPA (EPA/600/R-95/136) are $15 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $18 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, but these specifications were based on erroneous assumptions of the agency authors. Consequently, this protocol specifies $16 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$. The salinity is 30 \pm 2 ‰. The dissolved oxygen concentration should be at least 60% of saturation at the test temperature and salinity. The photoperiod is a 16:8 hr, L/D cycle of fluorescent light. Test chambers are 30 ml glass vials held in a constant temperature room to obtain precise temperature control.
- 7.5 <u>Beginning of Test</u>: 10 ml of each test concentration is dispensed to each of the corresponding four replicate test vials. The test is then started by the addition of 0.1 ml of a suspension (1,500-3,000 embryos/ml) of <4-hr-old

embryos to the test chambers. Six extra vials of seawater controls are preserved with 5% buffered formalin for establishing the initial count of embryos in the test vessels.

- 7.6 Feeding: Embryos are not fed during the test.
- 7.7 <u>Test Duration, Type and Frequency of Observations, and Methods</u>: The test duration is approximately 48 hours. The type and frequency of observations to be made during the test are summarized as follows:

Type of Observation	Times of Observation
Biological Data	
Initial number of embryos/10 ml	At start of test in six 0-time vials
Number of live abnormal larvae/10 ml	At end of test (48 hr)
Number of live normal larvae/10 ml	At end of test (48 hr)
Physical and Chemical Data	
Temperature	Daily - in water bath or two locations in the temperature control room. Beginning & end of test - in the beaker reservoirs of each test concentration and controls.
Dissolved oxygen, salinity & pH	Beginning & end of test - in the beaker reservoirs of each test concentration and controls.

The initial number of embryos is determined according to method 2 (Sect. 11.4.6.2) of ASTM 1989. This consists of the average count of all embryos exhibiting cell division in six extra test containers at time zero. Live abnormal larvae are those observed at 48 hr in which shell development is incomplete. Live normal larvae are those observed at 48 hr that have completely developed shells containing meat. Larvae possessing misshapen or otherwise malformed shells are considered normal, provided shell development has been completed.

Temperature is measured using a thermister thermometer. Dissolved oxygen is measured using a polarographic oxygen probe calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Salinity is measured using a refractometer. The pH is measured with a pH probe and a calibrated meter with scale divisions of 0.1 pH units.

8. CRITERIA OF TEST ACCEPTANCE:

For the EPA West Coast bivalve toxicity method (EPA/600/R-95/136) the test is considered acceptable if:

- 1. ≥70% of embryos introduced into a required control treatment result in live larvae (≥50% for mussels).
- 2. normal shell development in surviving controls is ≥90%.

For the WDOE bivalve toxicity method (Publication No. WQ-R-95-80) the test is considered acceptable if:

- 1. ≥70% of embryos introduced into a required control treatment result in live larvae.
- 2. normal shell development in surviving controls is ≥90%.
- 3. the test must achieve a minimum significant difference (%MSD) of <25% relative to the control.
- 4. the coefficient of variation of the six zero time counts must be $\leq 15\%$.

For the ASTM bivalve toxicity method (E 724-89) the test is considered acceptable if:

- 1. All test chambers were identical.
- 2. Treatments were randomly assigned to individual test chamber locations.
- 3. Either a dilution water or solvent control was included.
- 4. All brood stock animals came from the same location.
- 5. Embryos were used at <4 hr after fertilization.
- 6. ≥70% of embryos introduced into a required control treatment resulted in live larvae with completely developed shells at the end of the test.
- 7. The DO and temperature were measured as specified in Sect. 7.7 of the method.
- 8. Every measured DO concentration was between 60% and 100% saturation.
- 9. The difference between the time-weighted average measured temperatures for any two test chambers from the beginning to the end of the test was ≤1°C.

- Any single measured temperature was not more than 3°C different from the mean of the time-weighted average measured temperatures for individual test chambers.
- 11. At any one time, the difference between the measured temperatures in any two chambers was not more than 2°C.
- 12. Each data set must have at least one mean treatment response, corrected for controls, that is <37% and one that is >63% (not applicable for many applications).

9. DATA ANALYSIS

The proportion of normal larvae and the proportion of surviving larvae are calculated for each treatment replicate. The means are obtained for each treatment level and the latter are then corrected for control response using Abbott's formula.

For ASTM (ASTM Standard E 724-89) and EPA (EPA/600/R-95/136) the LC50 (survival) and the EC50 (normal) are calculated, where data permits, using either the Maximum Likelihood Probit or the Trimmed Spearman-Karber methods (EPA 600/4-90-027F). An IC25 is calculated by linear interpolation with bootstrapping (EPA 600/4-89/001a). NOEC and LOEC values for survival and normality are computed using either Dunnett's test, T-test with Bonferroni's Adjustment, Steel's Many-One Rank Test, or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test with Bonferroni's Adjustment. The appropriate test is selected after evaluating the data for normality and homogeneity of variance. An arcsine square root transformation is performed on the data prior to statistical analysis. The statistical software employed for these calculations is ToxCalc, (most recent version), Tidepool Scientific Software.

For special endpoints requirements applicable in the State of Washington, refer to the WDOE guidance manual (Publication No. WQ-R-95-80, Revised December 1998) or latest version.

Some agencies require that toxic units (TU) be reported. This is reported as either toxic unit acute (TU_a), which is 100/LC50, or toxic unit chronic (TU_c), which is 100/NOEC.

10. REPORTING

A report of the test results must include all of the following standard information at a minimum:

- 1. Name and identification of the test; the investigator and laboratory;
- 2. Information on the test material;
- 3. Information on the dilution water;
- 4. Detailed information about the test organisms including acclimation conditions;
- 5. A description of the experimental design and test chambers and other test conditions including water quality;
- 6. Information about any aeration that may have been required;
- 7. Definition of the effect criteria and other observations;
- 8. Responses, if any, in the control treatment;
- 9. Tabulation and statistical analysis of measured responses;
- 10. A description of the statistical methods used;
- 11. Any unusual information about the test or deviations from procedures;
- 12. Reference toxicant testing information.

11. STUDY DESIGN ALTERATION

Amendments made to the protocol must be approved by the Sponsor and Study Director and should include a description of the change, the reason for the change, the date the change took effect, and the dated signatures of the Study Director and Sponsor. Any deviations in the protocol must be described and recorded in the study raw data.

12. REFERENCE TOXICANT

Reference toxicant testing should be included with each study or at regular intervals as defined in the Quality Assurance Program of the laboratory.

13. REFERENCES AND GUIDELINES

Geller, J.B. *et al.* 1993. Interspecific and intrapopulation variation in mitochondrial ribosomal DNA sequences of *Mytilus* spp. (Bivalvia: Mollusca). Molecular Marine Biology and Biotechnology. 2:44-50.

McDonald, J.H. and R.K. Koehn. 1988. The mussels *Mytilus galloprovincialis* and *M. trossulus* on the Pacific coast of North America. Marine Biology. 99:111-118.

McDonald, J.H. et al. 1991. Allozymes and morphometric characters of three species of *Mytilus* in the northern and southern hemispheres. Marine Biology.

Standard Guide for Conducting Static Acute Toxicity Tests with Embryos of Four Species of Saltwater Bivalve Molluscs. 1989. ASTM Standard E 724-89.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1989. Supplement to "Short-term methods for estimating the chronic toxicity of effluents and surface waters to freshwater organisms". Revision 1. EPA/600/4-89/001a.

Washington State Department of Ecology. 1998. Laboratory Guidance and Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Review Criteria. Publication No. WQ-R-95-80. Revised December 1998.

Weber, C.I. (Ed.) 1993. Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms (Fourth Edition). EPA/600/4-90/027F.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1995. Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to West Coast Marine and Estuarine Organisms (First Edition). EPA/600/R-95/136.

14. APPROVALS

		for
Name	Date	
		for Northwestern Aquatic Sciences
		for Politiwesient Aquatic Sciences
Name	Date	

Appendix A Test Conditions Summary

1. Test type:	Static non-renewal
2. Test duration:	48 hours, or until complete development up to 54 hours
3. Temperature:	20 ± 1°C oysters
	16 ± 1 °C mussels (ASTM), 15 or 18 ± 1 °C (EPA 1995)
4. Dissolved oxygen:	≥ 60% saturation
5. Salinity:	$30 \pm 2\%$
6. Light quality & intensity:	Ambient laboratory light (50-100 ft-c)
7. Photoperiod:	16:8 hr L/D
8. Test chambers:	30 ml glass vials
9. Test solution volume:	10 ml per replicate
10. Renewal of test solutions:	None
11. Age of test organisms:	<4 hr old embryos
12. No. of larvae/container:	150-300
13. No. of replicates/treatment:	4
14. No. of zero time replicates:	6
15. Feeding regime:	Organisms are not fed during the test.
16. Aeration:	None. Initially aerated if necessary to achieve >60% saturation.
17. Dilution water:	Filtered Yaquina Bay seawater, salinity adjusted to $30 \pm 2\%$ and filtered to
	≤0.45 μm.
18. Effects measured:	Survival and normal shell development.
19. Test acceptability:	≥70% of embryos introduced into a required control treatment resulted in
	live larvae (≥50% for mussels, EPA 1995); ≥90% normal shell development
	in surviving controls; must achieve minimum significant difference
	(%MSD) of <25% relative to the control. The cv of six zero time counts
	must be ≤15%.
20. Sample volume required:	1 L normally requested.

APPENDIX II RAW DATA

NORTHWESTERN AQUATIC SCIENCES

PROTOCOL NO. NAS-XXX-CG/MG2 0/R-95/136

BIVALVE	LARVAL	TEST	BASED	ON	EPA/600/R-	95/13

Test No	658-7	3Client:	C	H2M Hill - Wycko	ff	_ Investiga	ator
STUDY MAN	NAGEN	IENT	_	_			
Client:			koff Treatn	nent Plant, 5350 (Creosote Place NE, I	Rainhridge Isla	nd WA 98110
Client's S			Mr. Stanley		STOUSDAY THEOC TYLE, T	ballibliage tola	114, 11/10/10
		ory: Northwes					
		ewport Labor		ic ociences			
		•	-	Λ			
	•	dy Personnel		643	677		
Proj. Mo		-	G.A. Buhle	r /G.J. Irissarri			
QA Offi		L,K. Ne		_		,	
1	Wes.	Makara	in E		2. Lauren Bizel	y Us	
3		Mun X3			4	<u>, </u>	
Study Scl	hedule:	.0					
Test Begi	inning:	2-1	0-16 1	445	Test Ending: 2	2-12-16	1445
TEST MATE							
	ription:		142M-1	LydGe FF	- SP -11		
NAS	Sample	e No.		55169			
Date	of Colle	ection:		2-9-16			
Date	of Rec	eipt:		2-10-16			
Temp	perature	e (deg C):		4,7-			
pH:				7,6			
Disso	olved ox	kygen (mg/L).		9.5			
		(umhos/cm)			-		
	ness (n		_				
	inity (m						
	ity (ppt)			3,0			
		e (mg/L):	_				
		nia-N (mg/L):	_				
10101	G 1111110	g. 11 (g. =).					
DILUTION V	VATED		_				
			Voquina P	ov. OB			
	ription:		Yaquina Ba		0 - 1::4 - 74		-11 0 -
	of Colle	_		~4-16	Salinity (ppt)		_pH §, o
I reat	lments:	Aerate	a, filtered to	<u> </u>	nity adju sted with M il	II-Q deionized v	water
TEST ORGA	ANISMS	6					
Spec	ies:	Mytilus	galloprovii	ncialis	D	ate Received:	2-9-16
Sour				erms, Shelton, W			
	mation	Data:					
D	ate Te	emp (d eg.C)	pН	Sal (ppt)	D.O. (mg/L)		mments
2-10		12.7	7.8	28.0	7.1	Held outside	in trays of
						flowing se	awater
	ean						
	.D.						
(N)						
Photo	period	during acclin	nation:	Outdoor ambi	ent conditions		

Error codes: 1) correction of handwriting error

²⁾ written in wrong location; entry deleted

³⁾ wrong date deleted, replaced with correct date

NORTHWESTERN AQUATIC SCIENCES

PROTOCOL NO. NAS-XXX-CG/MG2

BIVALVE LARVAL TEST BASED ON EPA/600/R-95/136

Test No.	658-73	Client	CH2M Hill - Wyckoff			Investigator		
SPAWNIN	G AND GA	METE HANDLII	NG					
Spawr	ning: Initial:	1010	Final:	1035	F	ertilization:	1130	
Numbe	er of organi	sms used: fe	emales: 4		males:	3		
Egg D	ilution (1 ml	I diluted to 100 m	nl):		_		_	
	Count/m	l of dilution: 1	. 38 2.	36	3	34	Mean: 36	
	Dilution 1	factor = DF (mea	an x 100/2500) =	1, 4				
TEST PRO	CEDURES	S AND CONDITI	ONS					
Test c	oncentratio	ns (50% series r	ecommended):	70, 35, 18, 9	<u>4, 2, 0%</u>	+ Brine Cor	ntrol	
Test c	hamber: 30	ml glass vials	Test volun	ne: 10 ml	F	Replicates/tr	eatment (4):	4
Organ	isms/ml (15	5-30): <u>23.0</u>	Test water	r changes: Noi	ne A	eration dur	ing test: None	
	ng: None			od: 16L:8D	8	Salinity: 30 +	-/- 2 ppt	
Tempe	erature: 20	+/- 1 °C, oysters;	(6 +/- 1 °C, muss	sels l	Beaker pla	cement:Str	atified randomiz	zation

RANDOMIZATION CHART

Α	(8	35	70	POR	A	2	4	Ø	
В	Q	9	35	70	(8	Brown	2	4	
С	70	Ŋ	Brine	(8	35	4	Ø	q	
D	35	70	4	2	Ø	9	(8-	Brine	

PREPARATION OF TEST SOLUTIONS

This test uses a brine control _____; a salinity control

If a brine control is used, follow SOP #6208 to prepare test solutions

Date of brine preparation: 1-21-16; brine salinity (ppt) 100.0

Source of seawater: Yaquina Bay, Oregon

VB =
$$VE = \frac{(TS - SE)}{(SB - TS)} = VE = \frac{(30 - 3)}{(100 - 30)} = VE (0.3%6)$$

VB=volume brine VE=volume effluent SB=salinity of brine SE=salinity of effluent TS=target salinity

Where:

In making up either a brine control or a salinity control, use salinity-adjusted deionized water in place of the effluent.

	Test Conc.	Effluent	Brine	Dilution Water
	(%)	(ml/100ml)	(ml/100ml)	(ml/100ml)
10-16	70	70	27.0	Brought up to a final
2-10-16	35	35	13.5	volume of 100 ml
	18	18	6.9	with dilution water
	9	9	3,5	
	4	4	1,5	
	2	2	0,8	
	0	0	Ø	
	Brine Control *	1	27.0	

* 70 ML OF SALINITY ADJUSTED MILLI-9 DEIONIZED WATER AT 3 PPT WAS MIXED W/ 27.0 ML OF BRINE AND BROUGHT UP TO 100 ML W/ DILUTION WATER.

BIVALVE LARVAL TEST BASED ON EPA/600/R-95/136

Test No. 658-73 Client CH2M Hill - Wyckoff Investigator

WATER QUALITY DATA

	Date:	2-10-16	initials:	7	Date:	2-12-16	initials:	<u>us</u>
Conc. (%)	Temp. (deg.C)	рН	Sal. (ppt)	DO (mg/L)	Temp. (deg.C)	pН	Sal. (ppt)	DO (mg/L)
70	15.8	76	30.5	79	163	84	31.0	7.8
35	16.1	ブチ	30.0	9.0	16 4	83	30 5	7.7
18	16:1	78	30,0	8.0	63	8 Z	31.0	77
9	16.4	79	30.0	8.0	164	8.1	31.0	78
4	16.5	79	30.0	8.0	163	80	305	7.8
2	16.6	7.9	30.0	8.0	16.15	80	305	7.8
Control	167	8,0	30,0	8.0	16.5	80	30.0	7.8
Brine control	(7.0	8.2	29.5	8,1	16.5	7.9	300	7.8

WATER QUALITY: SD Mean <u>N</u> Temperature (℃): 0.3 16.4 16 рΗ 8,0 0.2 16 Salinity (ppt): <u> 30,3</u> 0.4 16 DO (mg/L): 0.1 16

Room/ Water bath temperature: (°C)

Day 0: 16.6
Day 1: 16.7
Day 2: 16.7
Day 2: 16.7

				2-15-16 25+ Replicate 4				
Conc.	Repli	cate 1	Repli	cate 2	Replic	cate 3	Replic	cate 4
(%)	N A		N	Α	N A		N	A
70	213	11	735	9	221	7	224	18
35 18	218	9	227	7	227	2	228	12
9	5(3	13	235	1	252	8	215	9
4	231	13	225	7	736	8	221	70
2	234	10	235	13	201	4	232	10
Control	211	7	225	7	225	8	239	9
Brine control	223	10	192		219	12_	236	12
Zero time	234	220	232	225	242	242		
		440 00	~		225			

Zero time: Mean 230 SD 8 N 6 251 CV=(sd/mean)x100 3,470

Remarks:



S E A F A R M S
Kamilche Sea Farms, Inc.
2741 SE Bloomfield Road • Shelton, WA 98584
360 427 5774 • Fax 360 427 0610
WA Cert. #217-SS
Harvested: Totten Inlet, Puget Sound

North West Aquatic Sciences (Gerald)

35313

DATE	
2-9-16	
CUSTOMER ORDER NO.	
SALESPERSON	
VIA	

UANTITY	DESCRIPTION	PRICE	AMOUNT
10 bs.	Mussels - Beard On 1@10165.		
		Total	
	RECEIVED 2-9-16		
	-631		
	7		

Thank You!

TERMS.

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date:

15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 2 of 2)

Test Code: (658-73) **00-0129-5616** Bivalve Larval Survival and Development Test Northwestern Aquatic Sciences Endpoint: Proportion Survived Analysis ID: 19-9888-4937 **CETIS Version: CETISv1.8.7** Analyzed: 15 Feb-16 15:16 Analysis: Nonparametric-Two Sample Official Results: Yes Batch ID: 09-1467-2228 Test Type: Development-Survival Analyst: Start Date: 10 Feb-16 14:45 Protocol: EPA/600/R-95/136 (1995) Diluent: Yaquina Bay Seawater Ending Date: 12 Feb-16 14:45 Species: Brine: Mytilis galloprovincialis **Duration:** 48h Source: Kamilche Sea Farms, WA Age: Sample ID: 21-3509-8601 Code: 7F4304F9 Client: Wyckoff Treatment Plant Sample Date: 09 Feb-16 09:20 Material: Industrial Effluent Project: Receive Date: 10 Feb-16 11:55 Source: Wyckoff Sample Age: 29h (4.7 °C) Station: **Data Transform** Zeta Alt Hyp **Trials** Seed **PMSD Test Result** Angular (Corrected) NA C <> T NA NA 8.15% Passes proportion survived Wilcoxon Rank Sum Two-Sample Test Control P-Type Control Critical DF P-Value Decision(a:5%) VS Test Stat **Ties** Dilution Water Brine Reagent 17.5 NA 1 6 1.0000 Exact Non-Significant Effect **ANOVA Table** Source **Sum Squares** Mean Square DF F Stat P-Value Decision(a:5%) Between 0.001777816 0.001777816 1 0.1021 0.7602 Non-Significant Effect Error 0.1044876 0.0174146 6 Total 0.1062654 7 **Distributional Tests** Attribute Test Test Stat Critical P-Value Decision(a:1%) Variances Variance Ratio F 2.573 47.47 0.4582 Equal Variances Variances Mod Levene Equality of Variance 0.1021 13.75 0.7602 Equal Variances Variances Levene Equality of Variance 0.9188 13.75 0.3748 **Equal Variances** Distribution Shapiro-Wilk W Normality 0.6913 0.6451 0.0018 Non-normal Distribution Distribution Kolmogorov-Smirnov D 0.4069 0.3313 0.0003 Non-normal Distribution Distribution Anderson-Darling A2 Normality 1.345 3.878 0.0012 Non-normal Distribution **Proportion Survived Summary** C-% **Control Type** Count 95% UCL Mean 95% LCL Median Min Max Std Err CV% %Effect 0 Dilution Water 4 0.987 0.9454 1 0.9478 0.01304 2.64% 0.0% 1 0 **Brine Reagent** 0.9707 0.8773 1 1 0.8826 0.02935 6.05% 1.65% 1 Angular (Corrected) Transformed Summary C-% **Control Type** Count 95% LCL 95% UCL Median Mean Min Max Std Err CV% %Effect Dilution Water 0 1.488 1.331 1.646 1.538 1.34 1.538 0.04937 6.63% 0.0% 0 Brine Reagent 4 1.459 1.207 1,711 1.538 1.221 1.538 0.07918 10.86% 2.0% **Proportion Survived Detail** C-% Control Type Rep 1 Rep 2 Rep 3 Rep 4 0 **Dilution Water** 0.9478 1 1 1 0 0.8826 Brine Reagent 1 1 1 Angular (Corrected) Transformed Detail C-% **Control Type** Rep 1 Rep 2 Rep 3 Rep 4

000-091-187-4

Dilution Water

Brine Reagent

1.34

1.538

1.538

1.221

1.538

1.538

0

0

CETIS™ v1.8.7.4

1.538

1.538

Analyst:_____ QA:___

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 3 of 3) 658-73 00-0129-5616

Blyalve Larval Survival and Development Test **Northwestern Aquatic Sciences** Endpoint: (Proportion Survived Analysis ID: 04-4464-3684 **CETIS Version:** CETISv1.8.7 Nonparametric-Control vs Treatments Analyzed: 15 Feb-16 15:14 Analysis: Official Results: Yes Batch ID: 09-1467-2228 Test Type: Development-Survival Analyst: Start Date: 10 Feb-16 14:45 Protocol: EPA/600/R-95/136 (1995) Diluent: Yaquina Bay Seawater Ending Date: 12 Feb-16 14:45 Species: Mytilis galloprovincialis Brine: **Duration:** 48h Source: Kamilche Sea Farms, WA Age: 21-3509-8601 Code: 7F4304E9 Sample ID: Client: Wyckoff Treatment Plant Sample Date: 09 Feb-16 09:20 Industrial Effluent Material: Project: Receive Date: 10 Feb-16 11:55 Source: Wyckoff Sample Age: 29h (4.7 °C) Station: **PMSD** NOEL **Data Transform** Zeta Alt Hyp **Trials** Seed LOEL TOEL TU C > T 3.38% 70 Angular (Corrected) NA NA NA >70 NA 1.429 Steel Many-One Rank Sum Test Test Stat Critical Control VS C-% Ties DF P-Value P-Type Decision(a:5%) 2 **Dilution Water** 17.5 10 1 6 0.8141 Asymp Non-Significant Effect 4 20 10 Asymp Non-Significant Effect 1 6 0.9616 9 17 10 1 6 0.7639 Asymp Non-Significant Effect 18 20 10 1 6 0.9616 Asymp Non-Significant Effect 35 17 10 1 6 0.7639 Asymp Non-Significant Effect 70 17 10 1 6 0.7639 Non-Significant Effect Asymp **ANOVA Table** Source Sum Squares Mean Square DF F Stat P-Value Decision(a:5%) Between 0.01990607 0.003317679 6 0.5468 0.7669 Non-Significant Effect 21 Error 0.1274247 0.006067846 Total 0.1473308 27 **Distributional Tests** Test Stat Attribute Test Critical P-Value Decision(a:1%) Variances Mod Levene Equality of Variance 0.6693 3.812 0.6754 **Equal Variances** Variances Levene Equality of Variance 4.919 3.812 0.0028 **Unequal Variances** Non-normal Distribution Distribution Shapiro-Wilk W Normality 0.8362 0.8975 0.0005 **Proportion Survived Summary** C-% **Control Type** Count Mean 95% LCL 95% UCL Median Min Max Std Err CV% %Effect 0.987 0 **Dilution Water** 4 0.9454 1 1 0.9478 1 0.01304 2.64% 0.0% 0.9728 0.8863 0.8913 2 4 1 1 1 0.02717 5.59% 1.43% 4 4 -1.32% 1 1 1 0.0% 0.9913 9 4 0.9891 0.9684 1 0.9739 1 0.006521 1.32% -0.22% 18 4 1 0.0% -1.32% 1 35 4 0.9957 0.9859 1 0.9978 0.987 0.003074 0.62% -0.88% 1 0.006149 70 4 0.9913 0.9717 1 0.9957 0.9739 1.24% -0.44% 1 Angular (Corrected) Transformed Summary C-% **Control Type** Count 95% UCL Mean 95% LCL Median Min Max **Std Err** CV% %Effect Dilution Water 4 1.538 1.34 0.04937 6.63% 0.0% 0 1.488 1.331 1.646 1.538 1.221 1.703 1.538 1.235 1.538 0.07575 1.77% 2 4 1,462 10.36% 1.538 4 4 1.538 1.537 1.538 1.538 1.538 0.0% -3.32% 0 9 4 1.374 1.488 1.409 0.03355 0.52% 1.481 1.587 1.538 4.53% 18 4 1,538 1.537 1,538 1.538 1.538 1.538 0 0.0% -3.32% 35 4 1.509 1,448 1.57 1,521 1.456 1.538 0.01926 2.55% -1.39% 70 4 1.49 1.392 1.588 1.508 1.409 1.538 0.03077 4.13% -0.13%

> CETIS™ V1.8.7.4 PAGE 6 OF 14

Analyst:_____ QA:____

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 4 of 3) 658-73) 00-0129-5616

							Test Code:	658-73 00-0129-561
Bivalve Larva	al Survival and [Developme	nt Test					orthwestern Aquatic Sciences
Analysis ID: Analyz <u>ed:</u>	04-4464-3684 15 Feb-16 15:				Control vs Treatments		CETISv1.8.7 Yes	
Proportion S	urvived Detail				-			
C-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4			
0	Dilution Water	0.9478	1	1	1	-		
2		1	1	0.8913	1			
4		1	1	1	1			
9		0.9826	1	1	0.9739			
18		1	1	1	1			
35		0.987	1	0.9957	1			
70	_	0.9739	1	0.9913	1			
Angular (Cor	rected) Transfor	med Detai		_				
C-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4			
0	Dilution Water	1.34	1.538	1.536	1.538			
2		1.538	1.538	1.235	1.538			
4		1.538	1.538	1.538	1.538			
9		1.439	1.538	1.538	1.409			
18		1.538	1.538	1.538	1.538			
35		1.456	1.538	1.505	1.538			
70		1.409	1.538	1.477	1.538			
Graphics			:					
1.0 F			•	+	(0.15	1	
0.9								
£					(0.10		/o
78 0.8 E						0.05		0000000
0.7 0.6 0.6 0.5					Centhred Corr. Angle	.00		<i>-</i>
Q 0.5					ଅନ୍ତି ୍ର	0.05		

-0.10 -0.15

-0.20

-2.5 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 0.0

LC50 > 70% BY DATA INSPECTION -612

C-%

0.2

0.1

Analyst:_____ QA:____

1.5 2.0

Rankits

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: **Test Code:**

15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 1 of 2) 658-73 00-0129-5616

Bivalve Larval Survival and Development Test Northwestern Aquatic Sciences Endpoint: Combined Proportion Normal Analysis ID: 14-7284-2081 **CETIS Version: CETISv1.8.7** Parametric-Two Sample Analyzed: 15 Feb-16 15:16 Analysis: Official Results: Yes Batch ID: 09-1467-2228 Test Type: Development-Survival Analyst: Start Date: 10 Feb-16 14:45 EPA/600/R-95/136 (1995) Protocol: **Diluent:** Yaquina Bay Seawater **Ending Date:** 12 Feb-16 14:45 Species: Mytilis galloprovincialis Brine: **Duration:** 48h Source: Kamilche Sea Farms, WA Age: Sample ID: 21-3509-8601 Code: 7F4304E9 Client: Wyckoff Treatment Plant Sample Date: 09 Feb-16 09:20 Material: Industrial Effluent Project: Receive Date: 10 Feb-16 11:55 Source: Wyckoff 29h (4.7 °C) Station: Sample Age: Data Transform Zeta Alt Hyp **Trials** Seed **PM\$D Test Result** Angular (Corrected) NA C <> T NA 8.11% NA Passes combined proportion normal **Equal Variance t Two-Sample Test** Control Control Test Stat Critical MSD DF P-Value P-Type Decision(a:5%) VS **Dilution Water** 1.005 2.447 0.3538 **CDF** Brine Reagent 0.157 6 Non-Significant Effect **ANOVA Table** Source DF Sum Squares Mean Square F Stat P-Value Decision(a:5%) Between 0.008258287 0.008258287 1 1.009 0.3538 Non-Significant Effect Error 0.04908425 0.008180709 6 Total 7 0.05734254 **Distributional Tests Attribute** Test Test Stat Critical P-Value Decision(a:1%) Variance Ratio F **Equal Variances** Variances 2.57 47.47 0.4587 Variances Mod Levene Equality of Variance 13.75 0.7957 **Equal Variances** 0.07327 Variances Levene Equality of Variance 0.8289 13.75 0.3977 **Equal Variances** Distribution Shapiro-Wilk W Normality 0.0438 Normal Distribution 0.8174 0.6451 0.2968 Distribution Kolmogorov-Smirnov D 0.3313 0.0365 Normal Distribution Distribution Anderson-Darling A2 Normality 0.837 3.878 0.0308 **Normal Distribution** Combined Proportion Normal Summary C-% **Control Type** Count Mean 95% LCL 95% UCL Median Min CV% %Effect Max Std Err 0 Dilution Water 0.9594 0.9135 1 0.9579 0.9174 0.9783 0.01442 3.01% 0.0% 0.927 0.8283 0.9579 ٥ **Brine Reagent** 4 1 0.8348 0.9696 0.03103 6.7% 3.37% **Angular (Corrected) Transformed Summary Control Type** C-% Count Mean 95% LCL 95% UCL Median Min Max Std Err CV% %Effect 0 **Dilution Water** 4 1.376 1.268 1.484 1.365 1.279 1.423 0.03385 4.92% 0.0% Brine Reagent 4 1.139 1.365 1.395 0.05426 1.312 1.484 1.152 8.27% 4.67% **Combined Proportion Normal Detail** C-% **Control Type** Rep 1 Rep 2 Rep 3 Rep 4 Dilution Water 0 0.9174 0.9783 0.9783 0.9637 0 0.8348 Brine Reagent 0.9696 0.9522 0.9516 Angular (Corrected) Transformed Detail C-% **Control Type** Rep 1 Rep 2 Rep 3 Rep 4 0 **Dilution Water** 1.279 1.423 1.423 1.379 0 Brine Reagent 1.395 1.152 1.35 1.349

000-091-187-4

CETIS™ v1.8.7.4 PAGE 8 OF 14 Analyst:_ QA:_

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 1 of 3) 658-73)00-0129-5616

Bivalve Larval	Survival and Devel	opment Test						Northweste	m Aquati	c Sciences
Analysis ID: Analyzed:	14-5834-6338 15 Feb-16 15:15			ortion Norm trol vs Treat			S Version: al Results:	CETISv1. Yes	8.7	
Batch ID: Start Date: Ending Date: Duration:	09-1467-2228 10 Feb-16 14:45 12 Feb-16 14:45 48h	Species: Myti	elopment-S V600/R-95/1 llis galloprov nilche Sea F	i36 (1995) rincialis		Analy Dilue Brine Age:	nt: Yaqı	uina Bay Se	awater	
1 '	21-3509-8601 09 Feb-16 09:20 10 Feb-16 11:55 29h (4.7 °C)	Material: Indu	304E9 Istrial Efflue Ekoff	nt		Clien Proje	•	koff Treatme	ent Plant	
Data Transfor			Trials	Seed		PMSD	NOEL	LOEL	TOEL	TU
Angular (Corre	cted) NA	C > T	NA	NA .		5.18%	70	>70	NA	1.429
Control	vs C-%	Test Stat	Critical		P-Value	P-Type	Decision(· •		
Dilution Water	2 4 9 18 35 70	1.237 -0.09447 0.3326 -0.7142 -0.6668 0.1153	2.448 2.448 2.448 2.448 2.448 2.448	0.111 6 0.111 6 0.111 6 0.111 6 0.111 6 0.111 6	0.3497 0.8811 0.7484 0.9719 0.9682 0.8237	CDF CDF CDF CDF CDF	Non-Signi Non-Signi Non-Signi Non-Signi	ficant Effect ficant Effect ficant Effect ficant Effect ficant Effect ficant Effect		
ANOVA Table										
Source Between Error	Sum Squares 0.02129032 0.08557164	Mean Squ 0.0035483 0.0040748	87	DF 6 21	F Stat 0.8708	P-Value 0.5324	Decision(Non-Signi	α:5%) ficant Effect		
Total	0.106862	727.411.7		27						
Distributional	Tests	_						-		
Attribute	Test		Test Stat	Critical	P-Value	Decision(a:1%)			
Variances Variances Variances		ty of Variance equality of Variance ty of Variance	2.817 0.373 0.7282	16.81 3.812 3.812	0.8315 0.8879 0.6321	Equal Vari Equal Vari Equal Vari	ances		-	
Distribution Distribution Distribution	Shapiro-Wilk \ Kolmogorov-S D'Agostino Sk	mirnov D	0.9685 0.1322 0.4173	0.8975 0.1914 2.576	0.5413 0.2335 0.6765	Normal Dis Normal Dis Normal Dis	stribution			
Distribution Distribution Distribution	D'Agostino Ku D'Agostino-Pe		0.6131	2.576 9.21 3.878	0.5398 0.7596 0.2517	Normal Dis Normal Dis Normal Dis	stribution stribution			
Combined Pro	portion Normal Sur	nmary								
C-%	Control Type Co	unt Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Median	Min	Max	Std Err	CV%	%Effect
2 4	Dilution Water 4 4 4	0.9594 0.9348 0.9633	0.9135 0.8697 0.9423	1 0.9999 0.9842	0.971 0.9531 0.964	0.9174 0.8739 0.9467	0.9783 0.959 0.9783	0.01442 0.02047 0.006582	3.01% 4.38% 1.37%	0.0% 2.57% -0.4%
9 18 35	4 4 4	0.9519 0.9726 0.9696	0.9056 0.9518 0.9334	0.9982 0.9934 1	0.945 0.9735 0.9696	0.9261 0.9565 0.9478	0.9915 0.987 0.9913	0.01454 0.006529 0.01137	3.05% 1.34% 2.34%	0.78% -1.38% -1.06%
70	4	0.9582	0.9208	0.9956	0.962	0.9261	0.9826	0.01176	2.45%	0.13%

CETIS™ v1.8.7.4 Analyst:____ QA:___ PAGE 9 oF 14

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 2 of 3) 658-73) 00-0129-5616

Analysis ID:	al Survival and D 			mbined Prop	oortion Norm	al	CE		Northwestern Aquatic Scienc CETIS Version: CETISv1.8.7			
nalyzed:	15 Feb-16 15:1			rametric-Cor				cial Results:				
ngular (Cor	rected) Transfor	med Sumr	nary			_						
-%	Control Type	Count	Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Median	Min	Max	Std Err	CV%	%Effect	
	Dilution Water	4	1.376	1.268	1.484	1.401	1.279	1.423	0.03385	4.92%	0.0%	
		4	1.32	1.199	1.441	1.353	1.208	1.367	0.03798	5.75%	4.06%	
		4	1.38	1.324	1.437	1.38	1.338	1.423	0.01768	2.56%	-0.31%	
		4	1.361	1.23	1.492	1.335	1.295	1.478	0.04122	6.06%	1.09%	
8		4	1.408	1.343	1.473	1.408	1.361	1.456	0.02044	2.9%	-2.34%	
5		4	1.406	1.293	1.519	1.403	1.34	1.477	0.03541	5.04%	-2.19%	
0		4	1.371	1.278	1.464	1.375	1.295	1.439	0.02931	4.28%	0.38%	
ombined P	roportion Norma	l Detail										
-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4							
	Dilution Water	0.9174	0.9783	0.9783	0.9637							
		0.959	0.9476	0.8739	0.9587							
		0.9467	0.9783	0.9672	0.9609							
		0.9261	0.9553	0.9915	0.9348							
8		0.9565	0.987	0.9688	0.9783							
5		0.9478	0.9522	0.987	0.9913							
0		0.9261	0.9631	0.9609	0.9826							
ngular (Cor	rected) Transfor	med Detai	<u> </u>									
-%	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4							
	Dilution Water	1.279	1,423	1.423	1.379							
		1.367	1.34	1.208	1.366							
		1.338	1.423	1.389	1.372							
		1.295	1.358	1.478	1.313							
8		1.361	1.456	1.393	1.423							
5		1.34	1.35	1.456	1.423							
·0					1.477							
		1.295	1.378	1.372	1.439							
Graphics												
1.0		2	=	E		0.12		Ī		~		
0.9				Reject Null								
0.8						0,08 -			/	. •		
5 0.7					_							
E						D 0.01						
0.6					Š	Corr. Angle			9 87			
0.5 0.5 0.5						0,00		•/			_	
- t						-0.04		/•				
0.3						E						
0.2						-0.08						
0.1	, ,				1		, .	ļ., ļ.				
		-			_	-0.12						
0.0	0 D 2	4 9	18	35 70		-2.5	-2.0 -1.5	-1.0 -0.5 0.0	0.5 1.0	1.5 2.0	2.5	

EC50 > 70% BY DATA INSPECTION -611

Analyst:____ QA:___

CETIS Analytical Report

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:16 (p 1 of 1) 658-73 100-0129-5616

Bivalve L	Larval	Survival a	nd Develo	pmen	t Test				_		Northweste	em Aquat	ic Science
Analysis Analyzed		21-4181-9 15 Feb-16		End _I Anal	•	Combined Prop Linear Interpola		al		IS Version		.8.7	
Batch ID: Start Dat Ending D Duration	te: Date:	09-1467-22 10 Feb-16 12 Feb-16 48h	14:45		ocol: :ies:	Development-S EPA/600/R-95/ ⁻ Mytilis galloprov Kamilche Sea F	136 (1995) vincialis		Ana Dilu Brin Age	ent: Ya e:	quina Bay Se	awater	
•	Date: Date:	21-3509-86 09 Feb-16 10 Feb-16 29h (4.7 °C	09:20 11:55	Code Mate Sour	rial: rce:	7F4304E9 Industrial Efflue Wyckoff	nt		Clie Proj	•	/ckoff Treatm	ent Plant	
Linear In	nterpo	lation Opti	ons										
X Transfo	orm	Y Trans Linear	form	Seed		Resamples 280	Exp 95% Yes		od Point Interp	olation			
Point Es	timate	rs				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Level	%	95%	CL 95%	UCL	TU	95% LCL	95% UCL						
	>70	N/A	N/A		<1.429	NA	NA						
Combine	ed Pro	portion No	rmal Surr	mary			Calcu	lated Varia	te(A/B)				
C-%	C	ontrol Type	Cou	int	Mean	Min	Max	Std Err	Std Dev	CV%	%Effect	A	В
0	D	ilution Wate	er 4		0.9594	0.9174	0.9783	0.01442	0.02884	3.01%	0.0%	900	938
2			4		0.9348	0.8739	0.959	0.02047	0.04094	4.38%	2.57%	902	964
4			4		0.9633	0.9467	0.9783	0.006582	0.01316	1.37%	-0.4%	913	948
9			4		0.9519	0.9261	0.9915	0.01454	0.02907	3.05%	0.78%	895	940
18			4		0.9726	0.9565	0.987	0.006529	0.01306	1.34%	-1.38%	942	9 69
35			4		0.9696		0.9913	0.01137	0.02273	2.34%	-1.06%	892	920
70			4		0.9582	0.9261	0.9826	0.01176	0.02351	2.45%	0.13%	895	934
Combine	ed Pro	portion No	rmal Deta	il									
		portion No			Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4						
C-%	С	•	Rep	1	Rep 2		Rep 4 0.9637	_					
C-% 0	С	ontrol Type	Rep	1 74		0.9783							
C-% 0 2	С	ontrol Type	Rep	74 59	0,9783	0.9783 0.8739	0.9637						
C-% 0 2 4	С	ontrol Type	Rep er 0.91 0.95	74 59 67	0.9783 0.9476	0.9783 0.8739 0.9672	0.9637 0.9587						
C-% 0 2 4 9	С	ontrol Type	Rep er 0.91 0.95 0.94	74 69 67	0.9783 0.9476 0.9783	0.9783 0.8739 0.9672	0.9637 0.9587 0.9609	_					
Combine C-% 0 2 4 9 18 35	С	ontrol Type	Rep er 0.91 0.95 0.94 0.92	74 69 67 61 665	0.9783 0.9476 0.9783 0.9553	0.9783 0.8739 0.9672 0.9915 0.9688	0.9637 0.9587 0.9609 0.9348						

CETIS Test Data Worksheet

Report Date: Test Code: 15 Feb-16 15:13 (p 1 of 1) 00-0129-5616/658-73

Bivalve Larv	/al Sur	vival	and De	velopment Tes		Northwestern Aquatic Sciences			
Start Date:	10	Feb-1	6 14:45	Species:	Mytilis galloprovir	ncialis		Sample Code:	7F4304E9
End Date: 12 Feb-16 14:45 Protocol: EPA/600/R-95/136 (1995)					EPA/600/R-95/13		Sample Source:	Wyckoff	
Sample Date	e: 09 l	Feb-1	6 09:20	Material:	Industrial Effluent	t		Sample Station:	
C-%	Code	Rep	Pos	Initial Density	Final Density	# Counted	# Normal		Notes
0	В	1	32	230	233	233	223		

C-%	Code	Rep	Pos	initial Density	Final Density	# Counted	# Normal	Notes
0	В	1	32	230	233	233	223	
0	В	2	11	230	203	203	192	
0	В	3	12	230	231	231	219	
0	В	4	3	230	246	248	236	
0	D	1	10	230	218	218	211	
0	D	2	2	230	232	232	225	
0	D	3	23	230	233	233	225	
0	D	4	9	230	248	248	239	
2		1	18	230	244	244	234	
2		2	27	230	248	248	235	
2		3	22	230	205	205	201	
2		4	30	230	242	242	232	
4		1	28	230	244	244	231	
4		2	15	230	232	232	225	
4		3	14	230	244	244	236	
4		4	24	230	231	231	221	
9		1	6	230	226	226	213	
9		2	29	230	246	246	235	
9		3	5	230	234	234	232	-
9		4	17	230	224	224	215	
18		1	16	230	253	253	242	
18		2	13	230	234	234	227	
18		3	1	230	256	258	248	
18		4	31	230	234	234	225	
35	_	1	7	230	227	227	218	
35		2	26	230	230	230	219	
35	1	3	21	230	229	229	227	
35		4	8	230	240	240	228	
70		1	4	230	224	224	213	
70		2	20	230	244	244	235	
70		3	19	230	228	228	221	
70		4	25	230	244	244	226	

data entry verified against laboration beach sheets 2 22-16 step

Page 1 of 1

EPA Lab Manchester (REGION COPY) AirbillNo: 7823 3950 0516 DateShipped 2/9/2016 CarrierName: FedEx

Matrix/Sampler Sample Identifier CLP Sample ŝ

NAS# 5-516G

658- 1st Quarter

Composite Method Coll. Ground Water/ K Allers

Analysis/Turnaround (Days) CHRTOX(8 Weeks)

Wyckoff Eagle Harbor GWTP 2015/WA CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Project Code: WEH-024S

Cooler # 1 of 1

Tag/Preservative/Bottles

2016T10P303DD210W2LA00 No: 10-020916-094031-0081

Contact Name: Keith Allers Contact Phone: 206-780-1711

Collection Date/Time

Sample Type

02/09/2016 09 20

Field Sample

SP-11

Location

A (< 6 C) (1)

Samples Transferred From Chain of Custody # Shipment for Case Complete? N

Special Instructions:

Analysis Key CHRTOX=Chronic Toxicity

Items/Reason

Relinquished by (Signature and Organization) MARS CHEM

Received by (Signature and Organization) 2-9-2016 Date/Time

Sample Condition Upon Receipt

ORIGIN ID BFIA (206) KEITH ALLERS CH2MHILL INC 5350 CREOSOTE PLACE N E

(206) 780-1711

BAINBRIDGE ISLAND, WA 98110 UNITED STATES US

SHIP DATE. 09FEB16 ACTWGT: 6.00 LB CAD 103963466WSX(2500 DIMS 7x8x10 IN

BILL SENDER

TO GEARLD IRISSARRI NORTHWESTERN AQUATIC SCIENCES 3814 YAQUINA BAY ROAD

540J1/97D7/727F

NEWPORT OR 97365

(541) **265-7225** INV PO

REF 436558 T1 V4 04





TRK# 7823 3950 0516

WED - 10 FEB 12:00P PRIORITY OVERNIGHT

86 ONPA

97365

PDX OR-US



NORTHWESTERN AQUATIC SCIENCES

A Division of NAS Associates, Inc.

SAMPLE NO SIGNATURE

SEAL BROKEN BY

PAGE 14 OF 14

APPENDIX III RAW DATA – REFERENCE TOXICANT TEST

NORTHW	/ESTERN AQI			ED	PROTOCOL NO. NAS-XXX-CG/MG2 ON EPA/600/R-95/136
Test No.	999-3521	_Client:	QC Test		Investigator
Client:		QC Test		_	
	s Study Monito		QC Test		
	g Laboratory: i ocation: Newp		Aquatic Sciences		
	ocation, Newp atory's Study P				
	. Mgr./Study Di		G.J. Irissarri		
_	Officer		lemeth	-	
1.		Makuru)		2	Lauren Bizely Us
3.	Totaline			- <u>-</u> -	
Study	Schedule:	()			
Test B	leginning:	2-10-	16 1445		Test Ending: 2-12-/6 /445
TEST MA	TERIAL			_	
De	escription:	Copper as C	uSO ₄ ·5H ₂ O, Argent I	Lot#	# 0195,
Da Da	AS Sample No ate of Collection ate of Receipt:	en:		- ^{1.} -	0 mg/ml stock prepared: 6-19-≀4
рŀ		,		_	
	ssolved oxyge				
	onductivity (um			_	
	ardness (mg/L)	•		_	
	kalinity (mg/L): alinity (ppt):	•		_	
	otal chlorine (m	ng/L):		_	
	otal ammonia-l			-	
		: (····g/ = /·		_	
DILUTIO	N WATER			_	
De	escription:	Yaqui	na Bay, OR Seawate	ε Γ	
	ate of Collectio		2-9-16		Salinity (ppt) 30,0 pH 8.0
Tr	eatments:	Aerat	ed, filtered to ≤ 0.45	um,	salinity adjusted with Milli-Q® deionized water
TEST OF	GANISMS				
	ecies:	Mytilus gallo	provincialis		Date Received:
	ource:		ea Farms, Shelton, V	٧A	

Source: Kamilche Sea Farms, Shelton, WA

Acclimation Data:

Date Temp (deg.C) pH Sal (ppt) D.O. (mg/L) Comments

2-10-16 12.7 7.8 25.0 7.1 Held outside in trays of flowing seawater

Mean

S.D.

Photoperiod during acclimation: Outdoor ambient conditions

Error codes: 1) correction of handwriting error

²⁾ written in wrong location; entry deleted

³⁾ wrong date deleted, replaced with correct date

BIVALVE LARVAL TEST BASED ON EPA/600/R-95/136

Test No.	999-3521	Client _		Q	C Test_			Invest	igator				
Spawnin Number	SPAWNING AND GAMETE HANDLING Spawning: Initial: ICIC Final: 1035 Fertilization: 1130 Number of organisms used: females: 4 males: 3 Egg Dilution (1 ml diluted to 100 ml): Count/ml of dilution: 1. 38 2. 36 3. 34 Mean: 36 Dilution factor = DF (mean x 100/2500) = 1.4												
TEST PROCEDURES AND CONDITIONS Test concentrations (50% series recommended): 64, 32, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1 and 0 ug/L													
Test chamber: 30 ml glass vials Organisms/ml (15-30): Photoperiod: 16L:8D Temperature: 20 +/- 1 °C, oysters; 16 +/- 1 °C, mussels Test volume: 10 ml Replicates/treatment (4): Aeration during test: None Salinity: 30 +/- 2 ppt Beaker placement: Stratified randomization													
RANDOMIZ	ATION CH	ART											
А	4	1	16	8	32	64	Ø	2					
В	\$	Ø	2	32	16	4	1	64					
С	32	64	\$	16	2	(4	8					
D	64	32	1	2	4	8	ile	ø					

PREPARATION OF TEST SOLUTIONS

2-10-16

Test Conc.	ml of working stock #2	Dilution water
(Cu, ug/L)	(2 ug/mL)	(ml/100mL)
64	3.2	Brought up to a
32	1.6	final volume of
16	0.8	100 ml with
8	0.4	dilution water.
4	0.2	
2	0.1	
1	0.05	
0	0	

1st working stock made by 1:99 (1.0 mL \$\frac{1}{100mL}\$) dilution of concentrated 1 mg/mL stock solution. Final concentration 10 ug/mL.

2nd working stock made (working stock #2) made by 20:80 (20 mL 100mL) dilution of 1st working stock. Final concentration 2 ug/mL.

Comments:

Test No.

999-3521

Client

QC Test

Investigator

WATER QUALITY DATA

	Date:	2-10-16	Date: 2-12-16 initials: US					
Conc.	Temp.	pН	Sal.	DO	Temp.	pН	Sal.	DO
(ug/L)	(deg.C)		(ppt)	(mg/L)	(deg.C)		(ppt)	(mg/L)
64	16.5	8.0	29.0	8.1	16 4	ن تع	29.5	7.9
32	16.5	8.0	29.5	8.1	16 4	80	So. c	3.2
16	16.5	8.0	30.0	8.1	165	8.0	30 C	7.8
8	16.4	8.0	30.0	8.1	165	80	300	78
4	16.4	8.0	30.0	8.1	16.5	80	30.0	78
2	16.5	8.0	30,0	8.1	14.5	79	300	7.7
1	16.5	8.0	30.0	8.1	i6 6	19	30.0	77
Control	16.5	8.0	30.0	8 1	16.5	79	30.0	7.7
Brine control								

WATER QUALITY: Temperature (°C):

SD Mean Ν 16.5 0.1 16 8,0 0,0 16 29.9 7.9 0.3 16

Room/ Water bath temperature: (°C)

Day 0: 16.5 Day 1: 16.4 Day 1: 16.5 Day 2: /(a.) Day 2: (6.5

pH: Salinity (ppt): DO (mg/L):

LARVAL COUNT DATA

16

		- 2-19	5-16 yr		2-15-16 1 162-15-16 13-				
Conc.	Repli	cate 1	Repli	cate 2		cate 3	Replicate 4		
(ug/L)	N	Α	N	A	N.	Α	N	Α	
64	(P)	0	Ø	Ø	10	(0	/	
32	Ø	(31	Ø	(67	0	145	0	133	
16	_3	209	Ø	207	5	198	10	195	
- 8	190	48	163	60	177	69	152	68	
4	235	17	236	10	.243	12_	229	13	
2	203	10	192	11	219	9	232	20	
1	246	((224	12	216	12	235	9	
Control	208	11	233	ભ	.52,2	11	215	6	
Brine control							-		
Zero time	134	·22 C	.232	225	225	242]		

Zero time: Mean 230 SD 8 N 6

CV=(sd/mean)x100 3.470

Remarks:



S E A F A R M S

Kamilche Sea Farms, Inc.

2741 SE Bloomfield Road • Shelton, WA 98584
360 427 5774 • Fax 360 427 0610

WA Cert. #217-SS

Harvested: Totten Inlet. Puget Sound

35313

	Harvested: Totten Inlet, Puget Sound	DATE
TO	North West Aquatic Sciences	2-9-16
	(Gerald)	CUSTOMER ORDER NO
		SALESPERSON
		VIA

Thank You!

TERMS

CETIS Summary Report

Report Date: Test Code:

15 Feb-16 14:49 (p 1 of 2)

999-3521 | 18-2305-5641

							1631	Code:	98	19-35211 18	-2303-364
Bivalve Larva	I Survival and D	evelopmen	t Test						Northwest	ern Aquatio	: Sclences
Batch ID:	01-9994-3420	Test	Type: D	evelopment-S	Burvival		Anal	vst:			
Start Date:	10 Feb-16 14:4			PA/600/R-95/			Dilu	-	uina Bay Se	awater	
Ending Date:	12 Feb-16 14:4	5 Spe		ytilis gallopro			Brin	•	Day 00		
Duration:	48h	Sou		amilche Sea I			Age				
0	45 7505 7740										<u>-</u>
Sample ID:	15-7585-7746	Cod		DEDAE52			Clie		rnal Lab		
,	12 Feb-16 14:4			opper sulfate			Proj	ect:			
	: 12 Feb-16 14:4			eference Toxi	icant						
Sample Age:	NA	Stat	ion:			_					
Comparison :	Summary		-								<u> </u>
Analysis ID	Endpoint		NOEL	LOEL	TOEL	PMSD	TU	Method			
01-9665-7087	Combined Prop	ortion Nort	4	8	5.657	7.23%		Dunnett M	lulliple Com	parison Tes	:1
10-4861-0942	Proportion Norr	mal	4	8	5.657	6.39%			i Adj t Test		
09-0422-3868	Proportion Surv	vived	8	16	11.31	4.85%			y-One Rank	Sum Test	
Point Estimat	e Summary								·		
Analysis ID	Endpoint		Level	μg/L	95% LCL	95% UCL	TU	Method			
16-1101-9044	Combined Prop	ortion Norm	EC25	8.321	6.977	9.235			erpolation (I	CPIN)	
14-7293-2864	Combined Prop	ortion Norm		9.559	9.35	9.772		Spearmar		,	
21-1976-5401	Proportion Norr		EC25	8.068	7.179	8.767		Linear Inte	erpolation (I	CPIN)	
18-2643-9658			EC50	9.516	9.293	9.745	4.0		Spearman-k		
18-7030-3643	Proportion Surv	rived	EC50	32.45	31.59	33.34	111	Trimmed \$	Spearman-K	(ärber	
Combined Pr	oportion Norma	Summary								-	
C-µg/L	Control Type	Count	Mean	95% LCL	95% UCL	Min	Max	Std Err	Std Dev	CV%	%Effect
0	Dilution Water	4	0.9401	0.8974	0.9829	0.9043	0.9628	0.01344	0.02687	2.86%	0.0%
1		4	0.9583	0.9352	0.9815	0.9391	0.9739	0.007278	0.01456	1.52%	-1.94%
2		4	0.8976	0.817	0.9781	0.8348	0.9522	0.0253	0.0506	5.64%	4.53%
4		4	0.9601	0.9183	1	0.9325	0.9957	0.01315	0.0263	2.74%	-2.13%
8		4	0.7413	0.6269	0.8558	0.6609	0.8261	0.03596	0.07193	9.7%	21.15%
16		4	0.01957	0	0.04864	0	0.04348	0.009137	0.01827	93.4%	97.92%
32 64		4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100.0%
			0	0	0	0	0				100.0%
	rvived Summar	-		A 100/							
C-µg/L	Control Type	Count	Mean		95% UCL		Max	Std Err	Std Dev	CV%	%Effect
1	Dilution Water	_	0.9783	0.9379	1	0.9522	1	0.01268	0.02535	2.59%	0.0%
1		4	0.9978	0.9909	1	0.9913	1	0.002174	0.004348	0.44%	-2.0%
2 4		4	0.95 1	0.8613	1	0.8826	1	0.02787	0.05574	5.87%	2.89%
8		4	0.9815	1 0.0466	1	1	1	0	0	0.0%	-2.22%
16		4	0.8989	0.9465 0.8722	1 0.9256	0.9565	1 0.0247	0.011	0.02199	2.24%	-0.33%
32		4	0.6261	0.6722	0.7405	0.8826 0.5696	0.9217	0.008396	0.01679	1.87%	8.11%
64		4	0.00201		0.006168	0.5696	0.7261 0.004348	0.03594 0.001255	0.07188	11.48%	36.0%
			3.002177		J.000100	-		0.001255	0.00251	115.5%	99 78%

Analyst:____ QA:___

Report Date:

15 Feb-16 14:49 (p 2 of 2) 999-3521 18-2305-5641

						Test code.	999-3321 116-2303-364
Bivalve La	rval Survival and I	Developme	nt Test				Northwestern Aquatic Sciences
Combined	Proportion Norma	al Detail					<u> </u>
C-µg/L	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4		
0	Dilution Water	0.9043	0.9628	0.9586	0.9348		
1		0.9572	0.9739	0.9391	0.9631		
2		0.8826	0.8348	0.9522	0.9206		
4		0.9325	0.9593	0.9529	0.9957		
8		0.8261	0.7087	0.7696	0.6609		
16		0.01304	0	0.02174	0.04348		
32		0	0	0	0		
64		0	0	0	0		
Proportion	Survived Detail						
C-µg/L	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4		
0	Dilution Water	0.9522	1	1	0.9609		
1		1	1	0.9913	1		
2		0.9261	0.8826	0.9913	1		
4		1	1	1	1		
8		1	0.9696	1	0.9565		
16		0.9217	0.9	0.8826	0.8913		
32		0.5696	0.7261	0.6304	0.5783		
64		0	0	0.004348	0.004348		
Combined	Proportion Norma	il Binomials	S	·			
C-µg/L	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4		
0	Dilution Water	208/230	233/242	255/266	215/230		
1		246/257	224/230	216/230	235/244		
2		203/230	192/230	219/230	232/252		
4		235/252	236/246	243/255	229/230		
8		190/230	163/230	177/230	152/230		
16		3/230	0/230	5/230	10/230		
32		0/230	0/230	0/230	0/230		
64		0/230	0/230	0/230	0/230		
Proportion	Survived Binomia	als					
C-µg/L	Control Type	Rep 1	Rep 2	Rep 3	Rep 4		
0	Dilution Water	219/230	230/230	230/230	221/230		
1		230/230	230/230	228/230	230/230		
2		213/230	203/230	228/230	230/230		
4		230/230	230/230	230/230	230/230		
8		230/230	223/230	230/230	220/230		
16		212/230	207/230	203/230	205/230		
32		131/230	167/230	145/230	133/230		
		0.000					

64

0/230

0/230

1/230

1/230

Analyst:_____ QA:____

Report Date:

15 Feb-16 14:47 (p_1 of_1) 18-2305-564 (999-3521)

Test Code:

DIVAIVE LAIV	aı Sur	AIASI.	anu De	relopment Te					Northwestern Aquatic Science		
Start Date: 10 Feb-16 14:45 End Date: 12 Feb-16 14:45 Sample Date: 12 Feb-16 14:45			6 14.45	Species: Protocol: Material:	Mytilis galloprovid EPA/600/R-95/13 Copper sulfate			Sample Code: Sample Source: Sample Station:	5DEDAE52 Reference Toxicant		
C-µg/L	Code	Rep	Pos	Initial Density	Final Density	# Counted	# Normal	-,,,	Notes		
0	D	1	3	230	219	219	208				
0	D	2	4	230	242	242	233				
0	D	3	8	230	266	266	255				
0	D	4	26	230	. 221	221	215				
1		1	28	230	257	257	246				
1		2	9	230	236	236	224				
1		3	7	230	228	228	216				
1		4	10	230	244	244	235				
2	1	1	1	230	213	213	203				
2		2	6	230	203	203	192				
2		3	27	230	228	228	219				
2		4	14	230	252	252	232				
4		1	11	230	252	252	235				
4		2	13	230	246	246	236				
4		3	21	230	255	255	243				
4		4	32	230	242	242	229				
8		1	22	230	238	238	190				
8		2	25	230	223	223	163				
		3	12	230	246	246	177				
В	1	4	30	230	220	220	152				
16		1	31	230	212	212	3				
16		2	20	230	207	207	0				
16		3	17	230	203	203	5				
16		4	23	230	205	205	10				
32		1	15	230	131	131	0				
32		2	2	230	167	167	0				
32		3	18	230	145	145	0	<u> </u>			
32		4	19	230	133	133	0				
64	==-	1	29	230	0	Ö	0		= =		
64	= 1	2	16	230	0	0	0				
64		3	5	230	1	1	0				
64	. 7	4	24	230		1 7 7	0				

data cuting ventied against laborating bench sheets 2-17-16 met

Report Date:

16 Feb-16 09:30 (1 of 1)

Bivalve Larval Survival and Development Test

Northwestern Aquatic Sciences

Test Type: Development-Survival
Protocol: EPA/600/R-95/136 (1995)

organism

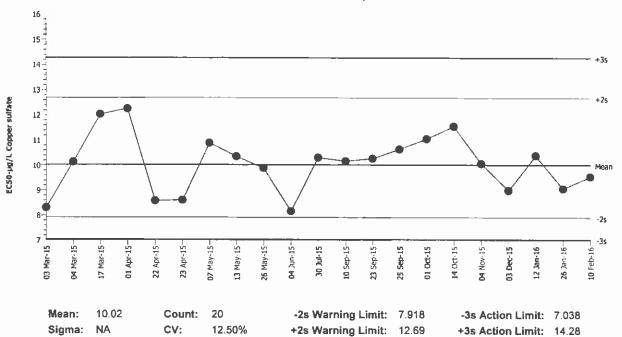
Organism: Mytilis galloprovincialis (Bay Mussel)
Endpoint: Combined Proportion Normal

Source:

Material: Copper sulfate

rce: Reference Toxicant-REF





Quality Control Dat	a
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Point Year	Month	Day	Time	QC Data	Delta	Sigma	Warning	Action	Test ID	Analysis ID
1 2015	Mar	3	13:25	8.311	-1.713	-1.59			04-6089-3353	10-0884-4050
2		4	14:10	10.14	0.1131	0.09519			11-1749-6172	02-6924-0562
3		17	14:00	12.03	2.007	1.548			18-5112-6398	01-9547-9299
4	Apr	1	16:30	12.26	2.233	1.705			13-0618-2511	09-3363-8398
5		22	13:40	8.585	-1.439	-1.314			00-3213-1743	14-0335-9169
6		23	14:55	8.612	-1.412	-1.288			04-5651-6084	07-9131-6184
7	May	7	15:35	10.89	0.8699	0.7059			00-3523-0479	12-8078-2374
8		13	13:45	10.35	0.3305	0.2752			16-6504-7989	11-4000-6150
9		26	12:40	9.895	-0.1288	-0.1097			15-2938-1576	00-3109-6336
10	Jun	4	16:30	8.168	-1.857	-1.737			17-2527-9288	05-3466-4089
11	Jul	30	16:35	10.31	0.2885	0.2407			09-9236-7237	16-6604-3815
12	Sep	10	14:20	10.17	0.1483	0.1246			14-2847-3680	18-2495-6117
13		23	15:20	10.27	0.2492	0.2083			07-5017-0556	12-5711-0160
14		25	14:45	10.64	0 6201	0.5091			08-8031-4805	17-8304-1379
15	Ocl	1	15:00	11.05	1.03	0.8294			02-0435-7572	17-5283-9042
16		14	14:20	11.56	1.534	1.208			04-2701-8188	06-5641-7689
17	Nov	4	14:35	10.07	0 05007	0.04226			01-4945-0913	12-4167-7901
18	Dec	3	12:10	9.003	-1.022	-0.9117			03-1706-3107	08-0944-2928
19 2016	Jan	12	14:40	10.4	0.3742	0.3109			10-6038-5674	20-9220-6975
20		26	13:20	9.075	-0.9494	-0.844			18-1116-9330	06-8399-0866
21	Feb	10	14:45	9.559	-0.4655	-0.4033			18-2305-5641	14-7293-2864