

INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

ERTS: 635466

Parcel(s): 10132, 10134, 10137 County: Cowlitz

SITE INFORMATION				
Site Name (e.g., Co. name over door):	Site Address (including City and Zip+4):		Site Phone:	
Puget Sound Freight Lines	146 Industrial Way, Longview, WA 98632-100)4	N/A	
Site Contact and Title:	Site Contact Address (including City and Zip+4	4):	Site Contact Phone:	
Brett MacDonald, RG	1311 Grace Avenue, Battle Ground, WA 98604		360-666-8202	
3 Kings Environmental, Inc.				
Site Owner:	Site Owner Address (including City and Zip+4)):	Site Owner Phone:	
Wil-Hunt I LLC	PO Box 3456, Spokane, WA, 99220-3456		N/A	
Site Owner Contact:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City an	ıd Zip+4):	Owner Contact Phone	
Tom Lovejoy	PO Box 24526, Seattle, WA 98124-0526		206-623-1600	
Puget Sound Freight Lines			++	
Alternate Site Name(s):	Comments:		•	
Previous Site Owner(s):	Comments:			
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I atituda (Dacimal)	Degrees): 46.116220]	
	Degrees): -122.923131			
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INSPECTION INFORMATION				
Inspection Conducted? Date/ Yes ☐ No ☒	Time: Entry Notice: Ann	nounced Unannour	nced	
Photographs taken? Ye	es 🗌 No 🛛			
Samples collected? Ye	es 🛛 No 🗌 As part of 3 Kings E	nvironmental, Inc. investiga	tion / remediation	
RECOMMENDATION				
No Further Action (Check appropriate	box below):	LIST on Confirmed a		
Release or threatened release does no	Contaminated Sites I	List: ⊠		
No release or threatened release				
Refer to program/agency (Name:) 🗍			
Independent Cleanup Action Compl	eted (i.e., contamination removed)			
COMPLAINT (Priof Summers of EP)	TS Complaint): A phase II environmental invest	tigation in 2011 found nate	olaum hudrocarbon	
	at the Puget Sound Freight Lines yard in east Lo		oleum nyurocaroon	
CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Sun	nmary of why Site is recommended for <u>Listing</u>):			
Remedial work in 2012 included conta	minated soil removal and push-probe characteric	zation of groundwater. Th	ne work eliminated the	
soil source and majority of the pathwa	y but diesel contamination in shallow groundwar	ter was confirmed above M	ATCA CULs.	
Investigator: Cris Matthews		Date	Submitted: 1/17/2013	

OBSERVATIONS

Description (please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

In December 2011, Adapt Engineering, Inc. was contracted by Puget Sound Freight Lines to conduct a Phase I environmental investigation of a freight yard property in Longview. Based on the results, a limited Phase II investigation was undertaken to follow on. This work consisted of soil and groundwater sampling by push probe in each of three areas on site identified as potential contamination sources:

- Above-ground fuel storage tank (AST)
- Former waste oil underground storage tank (UST)
- Dry well

The probe was advanced to approximately 12' bgs in each location. The latter two site borings – noted as SB-2 and SB-3 – found no visual or olfactory evidence of petroleum contamination. However, boring SB-1 adjacent to the AST encountered obvious soil contamination and 'moderate' sheen on the groundwater collected. Sample analyses found 4,200 mg/kg diesel range organics (DRO) in SB-1 soil collected from an interval 5 – 7' bgs, and DRO values of 530,000 and 2,400 μg/L in groundwater from SB-1 and SB-2, respectively (MTCA Method A CUL for groundwater = 500 μg/L).

Later, in January 2012, 3 Kings Environmental, Inc. (3 Kings) excavated 11 test pits to characterize the extent of contamination and define areas for remedial excavation. A total of 12 soil samples found DRO contamination exceeding MTCA Method A CULs for soil in only one location, TP-7 adjacent to the AST. The other pit samples detected DRO, but at values below CULs. Selective grab samples of water collecting in some of the pits found DRO values ranging as high as 15.4 mg/L in TP-9, approximately 30 times the CUL.

3 Kings then excavated an area including the former AST site where the previous sampling had indicated soil impact, removing 2,850 tons of soil – approximately 4000 ft² to a depth of 10'bgs – for disposal in the Weyerhaeuser HQ Road LF. Confirmation soil sampling following removal detected only minor amounts of DRO contaminant, all well below CULs. However, analysis of water accumulating in the excavation – assumed to be groundwater – was found to substantially exceed CULs:

• TP1H2O-020212 @ 8.35 mg/L TPH-Dx (approximately 16 times CUL)

In an attempt to characterize the apparent groundwater impact, 3 Kings returned to the site three times later in the year to obtain representative samples with push-probe equipment. Two borings to a depth of 10' bgs in the footprint of the excavation were completed in both June and July. The site was allowed to stabilize and followed in December 2012 with four borings—two in the excavation footprint and two additional in presumed up / down hydraulic gradient locations. Groundwater was encountered at approximately 4' bgs—presumably a local static groundwater level—in each boring in the latest sampling. Analysis included NWTPH-Dx and BTEX components.

Results for the June and July samplings were mixed. Three of the four samples obtained were below the CUL (one was essentially non-detect) for DRO, with only one exceedance:

• B4H2O-071012 @ 1.18 mg/L TPH-Dx. Ethylbenzene and xylenes were detected at values far below CULs

The December sampling had similar mixed results, with a single outright exceedance of CULs:

• DP-2-W @ 174 mg/L TPH Dx. Toluene and xylenes were detected at values far below the CULs

As a result of this additional characterization, 3 Kings recommends the installation of at least 4 permanent groundwater monitoring wells with a program of quarterly monitoring for the site. The wells would bracket the affected area to include a hydraulically up-gradient point, one placement within the excavation area, and 2 wells down gradient spaced along the southern edge of the main site.

Based on these findings and contractor recommendations, this site will be placed on Ecology's Confirmed & Suspected Contaminated Sites Report for future disposition.

(fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

			ATER	MITTER		ð	
CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	ĕ	Q.	ij	\$	8	DESCRIPTION
			ğ	1			
			6	্ধ			Compounds containing phenois (Evamples: phenoi: 4-
	Phenolic Compounds						methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
			В				Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing halogens, i.e., Chlorine, Iodine, Bromine or Fluorine. (Examples include acetone, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene & xylenes [BTEX], methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol,
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, Stoddard solvent and naphtha)
	Polynuclear Aromatic						tt. t
	Hydrocarbons (PAH)	+					
Non-Halogenated Organics	Tributyltin						spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
							MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was
Tributyltin Camples: Tribut MTBE is a volatile formerly used as combustion and it is not specifically of the petroleum Other Petroleum Other							
		_					
							Other Non-Halogenated Organics (Example: Phthalates)
		RB	С				Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline						Petroleum Gasoline
	Phenolic Compounds Compounds	Crude oil and any fraction thereof. Petroleum products that are					
	Petroleum Other					.7.111.31	not specifically Gasoline or Diesel.
	PBDE				12000000 1000000		Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
Halogenated Organics (see notes at bottom)	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
	Halogenated solvents						Solvents containing halogens (Halogen is typically chlorine, but can also be fluorine, bromine, iodine), and their breakdown products (Examples: Trichloroethylene; Tetrachloroethylene (aka Perchloroethylene); TCE; TCA; trans and cis 1,2 dichloroethylene;
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
							A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270.
	Metals - Other						Metals other than arsenic, lead, or mercury. (Examples: cadmium,
Metals	Lead						Lead
	Mercury						Mercury
	Arsenic						
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides		10001000000000000000000000000000000000				Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides						Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan,
	Radioactive Wastes	1					Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
Other Contaminants	•						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	TIOS	GRÖUNDWATER	SUREACE WATER	AIR	ВЕВКОСК	DESCRIPTION
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
,	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
·	Bioassay Failures						For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
Reactive Wastes	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes		100 m	111 M			Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B - Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S - Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C - Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example - above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA - Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example - capped area).
RB - Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example - complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, lodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or funigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivitive. Referral to the HSDB is recommended you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in Ch. 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

OR ECOLOGY USE ONLY (For Listing Sites):	
Iow did the Site come to be known: Site Discovery (received a report): 12/28/2012 (Date Report Received) ERTS Complaint Other (please explain): The original ERTS was logged 7/30/2012. Ecology a supplementary cleanup report from 3 Kings Environmental, Inc. 12/28/2012	received
Does an Early Notice Letter need to be sent: Yes No If No, please explain why:	
IAICS Code (if known): Otherwise, briefly explain how property is/was used (i.e., gas station, dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.) Truck freight yard	:
ite Unit(s) to be created (Unit Type):	
Cleanup Process Type (for the Unit): No Process Voluntary Cleanup Program Federal-supervised or conducted Independent Action Ecology-supervised or conducted	
ite Status: Awaiting Cleanup ☐ Construction Complete – Performance Monitoring ☐ Cleanup Started ☐ Cleanup Complete – Active O&M/Monitoring ☐ No Further Action Required	
ite Manager (Default: Southwest Region): <u>SWRO</u>	
pecific confirmed contaminants include: in Soil Facility/Site ID No. (if known):	
TPH-Dx (diesel) in Groundwaterin Other (specify matrix:)	
in outer appears instance	

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO:

Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

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STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

PO Box 47775 • Olympia, Washington 98504-7775 • (360) 407-6300

July 9, 2013

Tom Lovejoy
Puget Sound Freight Lines
PO Box 24526
Seattle WA 98124-0526

Re: EARLY NOTICE LETTER Regarding the release of Hazardous Substances at

Puget Sound Truck Lines Longview (Site Name)

Located at: 146 Industrial Way, Longview Washington 98632-1004

Facility Site Identification Number: 74481279 (existing)

ISIS Cleanup Site ID No.: 12165

Dear Mr. Lovejoy:

Under Chapter 70.105D Revised Code of Washington (RCW) the Department of Ecology (Ecology) is required to conduct an Initial Investigation, of properties where we have received a report that there has been a release or threatened release of hazardous substance that could pose a threat to human health or the environment.

Ecology maintains a list of sites where an initial investigation has found that further testing and possible cleanup is needed. We call this our "database of Confirmed or Suspected Contaminated Sites". As a result of the initial investigation conducted by the Department of Ecology, this property has been added to the database as a State Cleanup Site. The Facility Site Identification number assigned to this site is 74481279 (existing). Please note that inclusion in this database does not mean Ecology has determined you liable for cleanup of the site, as that is a separate determination under the law.

This site has been added to our database as a result of an initial investigation involving the report of contaminated soil and groundwater discovered in 2011 at the Puget Sound Freight Lines yard in east Longview. Our report indicates that remedial work in 2012 included contaminated soil removal and push-probe characterization of groundwater. According to our records the work eliminated the soil source and the majority of the pathway but diesel contamination in shallow groundwater was confirmed above MTCA CULs. The purpose of the initial investigation is to confirm or deny the possibility of contamination on site.

In the future, Ecology may conduct a more detailed inspection of this property including testing for possible contamination. This inspection is called a "Site Hazard Assessment". At that time, Ecology will assess whether action will be needed and if necessary establish a priority for the work.

Ecology's policy is to work cooperatively with individuals to accomplish prompt and effective cleanups. Your cooperation with Ecology in planning or conducting a remedial action is not an admission of guilt or liability. Please be aware of state laws that must be adhered to if you decide to proceed with cleanup work on your own. The primary law is Chapter 70.105D RCW and the implementing regulations, the Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulation (MTCA or Chapter 173-340 WAC). These laws can be found at Ecology's Toxics Cleanup Program website, http://www.ecy.wa.gov/toxicscleanup/policy.

If you would like a printed copy of the MTCA regulations or if you have questions call me at (360) 407-6240. These rules and how they impact each site can be confusing and complicated. There are Environmental Consultants that can be employed to assist property owners with the cleanup and site assessment process.

Ecology's Voluntary Cleanup Program is designed to provide technical assistance, for a fee, to cleanup sites that qualify. If you would like additional information regarding this program you can find information on our website at http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/tcp/vcp/vcpmain.htm or you can contact Scott Rose at 360-407-6347.

Sincerely,

Kim Cross

Toxics Cleanup Program
Southwest Regional Office

ksc:ENL Puget S Freight lines longview 07092013

by certified mail: (7011 3500 0003 5810 5762)

cc: Cris Matthews, Department of Ecology
Scott Rose, Department of Ecology