

Abandoned Mine Lands Initial Investigation Report Washington Mine Metaline Falls, Washington

Prepared for
Washington State
Department of Ecology

December 28, 2006 17274-00(WA)







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Prepared for Washington State Department of Ecology Rick Roeder, Project Manager

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Prepared by Hart Crowser, Inc.

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EXPIRES 12 /03/2007

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APPENDIX A FIELD DOCUMENTATION

ABANDONED MINE LANDS INITIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT WASHINGTON MINE METALINE FALLS, WASHINGTON

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Information obtained during this assessment is summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 - Washington Mine Data Summary

Mine Name:	Washington (Washington Rock), alias Gem, Davenport-Troyer
Last Known Operation:	Huntting (1956) notes that, in 1936, limonite was mined by the
	Lehigh Portland Cement Company for use in its Portland cement.
	Development included a 90-foot-long adit, and several open cuts.
	Huntting refers to the mine as being on top of Washington Rock.
	No adits were located on top of the rock; however, one was
	located at the base of the rock.
Location:	0.25 mile by road north of Metaline Falls
	Latitude, Longitude: 48.86583, 117.37286
	Quadrangle Map: Metaline Falls and Metaline
	TRS: Township 39N, Range 43E, Section 22, NE 1/4
Features Observed	One open flooded adit
	One apparent prospect test pit
	Ferricrete deposits between open adit and Pend Oreille River
	Seasonally wet area
Results above Criteria	Surface water exceeded freshwater criteria for cadmium and
	zinc. Sediment exceeded MTCA human health criteria for
	arsenic, cadmium, iron, lead, thallium, and zinc; and ecological
	criteria for aluminum, arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, thallium,
	and zinc.
Work by Others	No previous site assessment information was identified.
Potential Receptors /	Human health risks possible for recreational users. Possible
Degree of Hazard	releases to Pend Oreille River. Sediment has the potential to fail
	TCLP lead criteria for dangerous waste.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the results of the initial limited soil and surface water investigation at the Washington Mine site located near Metaline Falls, Washington (Figures 1 and 2). Hart Crowser performed this initial investigation for the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) under Contract No.

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C06254 according to the Ecology Statement of Work (SOW) and project Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) prepared by Hart Crowser (Hart Crowser 2006).

The objectives of this initial investigation are to:

- Determine whether the site has released or has a potential to release hazardous substances to the environment at concentrations above Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) human health or ecological screening levels, to identify sites that may require additional investigation and sampling;
- Identify and document waste source areas including estimates of waste mass and/or volume; and
- Identify and document the presence of potential waste transport pathways and receptors.

For this study, samples were collected of the soil-like fraction of waste rock, mine tailings, and/or natural soils that was potentially affected by mining. Analytical results were compared to the MTCA criteria for soils. Use of terms such as "soils" or "waste rock", etc. are for convenience only and do not indicate potential future designation in accordance with Chapter 173-350 WAC, or Chapter 173-303 WAC, or other regulatory criteria.

Subsurface openings observed for this study may include shafts, adits, prospect pits, collapsed stopes, and/or excavations completed fro other purposes. The terms used in this report are based on visual interpretation in the field and may not fully characterize historic site use.

Prior to the site visit, Hart Crowser performed file reviews; evaluated aerial photographs, U.S. Forest Service and USGS maps; reviewed the Inventory of Washington Minerals; and reviewed county tax assessor records to:

- Identify the location of mines and associated features/structures;
- Identify property owners, mineral claimants, and mine operators; and
- Obtain contact information to gain permission for site access.

Table 2 presents the project team members and their roles and responsibilities for this investigation. A site visit was accomplished on June 16, 2006.

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3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION, OPERATIONAL HISTORY, AND WASTE **CHARACTERISTICS**

3.1 Site Location

The Washington Mine site is located on BLM Spokane District and Shoshone Tree Farm Inc. land (Figures 1 and 2). The site has an open adit that is visible from the eastern end of the Highway 31 Bridge where it crosses the Pend Oreille River west of Metaline Falls. The adit is in the rock face north of the bridge, about 20 feet above the river. A potential mining prospect is located at the top of Washington Rock. This prospect may be a part of one of the surrounding mining claims. Directions to the mine are as follows:

- Leave Metaline Falls heading west on Highway 31.
- Cross the bridge to the western abutment.
- Park on the north side of the road.
- Step over the highway railing, and walk up to the base of the talus slope. The trail is through the trees to the north, along the talus above the river. The adit is adjacent to the trail.

The access description provided herein is based on observations at the time the site was visited for this work. References to roads do not reflect property ownership, and does not imply that public access is available.

The Washington Mine is located on Pend Oreille County Tax Parcel No. 43-39-21-50-0001; latitude 48.86583°, longitude 117.37286°, Township 39N, Range 43E, Section 22, NE 1/4; as shown on the USGS Metaline alls and Metaline quadrangle maps.

3.2 Site Description

The Washington Mine is an inactive lead, zinc, silver, and iron mine. A large, open, flooded adit lies at the base of Washington Rock, adjacent to the Pend Oreille River (Photographs 1 and 2). A short trail leads to the adit, which is visible from Highway 31. Iron staining was observed leading from the adit into the river (Photographs 2 and 3). No waste rock is visible, although it may have been washed downstream. A Site Plan and cross section view of the site are shown on Figures 3 and 4, respectively.

Page 3

Huntting indicates that the Washington Mine is located on top of Washington Rock. An apparent collapsed prospect excavation (adit?) was located on a small hill at the top of Washington Rock (Photograph 4), but this prospect may not be a part of the Washington Mine. The hill sits above a wetland that drains to the east (Photograph 5). No drainage channels were observed exiting from the prospect, and no waste rock was visible near the collapsed feature. The wetland is fed by several small seeps to the south. Plan and cross-sectional views are depicted on Figures 5 and 6.

The Pend Oreille River lies adjacent to the site. It is likely that the adit discharges water to the river during wet periods. No residences can be seen from the site, but Metaline Falls is located directly across the Pend Oreille River, approximately 750 feet to the east.

3.3 Site Ownership and Operations History

The mine is located on parcels owned by BLM and Shoshone Tree Farms. While Pend Oreille Mines and Metals Company was listed as the claim owner in 1943, years of operation are unknown. Table 3 presents the available information concerning the ownership of this mine.

Information on site ownership and operations is based on readily available public information and may not reflect all details of ownership and operations.

Table 3 - Ownership Timeline

Year	Owner	Notes
Current Land Owner	Bureau of Land Management,	Pend Oreille County
	Spokane District	Assessor's records
Current Claim Owner	The Tax Assessor's office did not	Pend Oreille County
	have a record of a patented	Assessor's records
	claim at this location.	
1943	Pend Oreille Mines & Metals	Huntting (1956)
	Company	
1935-1936	Lehigh Portland Cement	Huntting (1956)
	Company	
1924-1926	Lead King Mines Company, Inc.	Huntting (1956)

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4.0 SITE INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES

An initial site investigation was conducted on June 16, 2006. Mine features, photograph locations and directions, GPS waypoints, sample locations, and the likely direction of surface water flows are shown on Figure 3. Sample descriptions are provided in Table 4.

4.1 Soil and Waste Pile Sampling

No soil or waste rock samples were collected since waste rock was not observed on the site.

4.2 Surface Water and Seep Sampling

No seeps were present and no water was discharging from the open adit at the time of the investigation. A surface water sample was collected from the stagnant water within the lower adit.

4.3 Sediment Sampling

Iron deposits and ferricrete have formed on the hillside leading from the open adit to the Pend Oreille River (Photograph 3). A five-point composite sediment sample was collected along the dry drainage path between the adit and the river.

5.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Sediment and water quality data were compared to regulatory criteria for screening purposes as discussed below. Further analysis, including risk-based analyses may be appropriate in additional future site assessments.

5.1 Surface Water and Sediment

Analytical results for surface water and sediment samples are summarized in Tables 4 and 5, respectively.

The water sample collected from the stagnant water within the adit exceeded the cadmium chronic water quality standard for surface waters. The sample also exceeded both the chronic and the acute water quality criteria for zinc. Hardness dependent metals criteria were calculated based on the hardness of the adit water, not the receiving water at the Pend Oreille River.

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The sediment sample analytical results were compared with applicable MTCA Method A cleanup levels, MTCA Method B cleanup levels for soil ingestion, soil ingestion and dermal contact combined, and with criteria for ecological protection of plants, soil biota, and wildlife. The sample exceeded MTCA Method A criteria for arsenic, cadmium, and lead. It should be noted that the Method A criterion for cadmium is based on groundwater protection. The cadmium concentration was below the Method B direct contact criterion. Concentrations of arsenic, iron, thallium, and zinc exceeded the Method B criteria. Sample concentrations exceeded the ecological protection criteria for aluminum, arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, thallium, and zinc. While TCLP analysis was not performed, the lead concentration is high enough to potentially fail toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) criteria for dangerous waste.

5.2 Air

No contaminated airborne dust was observed during the site visit. Because no waste rock was present near Adit 1 or the potential adit, and because the ferricrete has formed a hardened layer, it is unlikely that contaminated airborne dust will be a concern at this site.

5.3 Methodology for Threatened and Endangered Species Information

We contacted the Washington State Department of Natural Resources (DNR), the Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW), the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), and the Colville National Forest - USDA Forest Service to obtain information on the presence of state and federal threatened or endangered terrestrial and aquatic species. We determined that the WDFW maintained the most accurate and up-to-date information on species distribution in its Priority Habitats and Species (PHS) Database. We requested maps and narratives identifying documented species presence at the Washington Mine. In addition, we contacted DNR and requested information on rare plants and high quality native wetland and terrestrial ecosystems within the vicinity of the Washington Mine.

Our search ranges included a 4-mile radius for terrestrial species and a 15-mile radius for aquatic species.

We reviewed approximately 86 PHS maps and accompanying narratives to determine whether any threatened or endangered species were documented within our search ranges. We drew 4- and 15-mile radii around the Washington Mine on a Colville National Forest Map. We then examined the PHS maps in relation to the search ranges for our project areas. All state and federal threatened and endangered species and habitats that occurred within our search

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ranges were recorded. Species and habitats that occurred on the edge of our search range were considered within the range and recorded.

A summary of the threatened and endangered species within our search ranges is provided in Table 7.

6.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The open adit at the base of Washington Rock has the potential to discharge water containing metals at concentrations above chronic and acute freshwater criteria to the Pend Oreille River. Both the water and sediment samples indicate that the constituents of concern are cadmium and zinc. The sediment sample also had elevated concentrations of aluminum, arsenic, cadmium, iron, lead, mercury, thallium, and zinc. In addition, the sediment sample has the potential to fail the TCLP lead criterion for dangerous waste.

Additional surface water sampling and analysis are recommended when water from the adit is flowing to the river. At the same time, a sample of upgradient river water should be collected for hardness analysis so that the site-specific hardness dependent criteria can be calculated. Lead TCLP analysis of a sediment sample is recommended to determine whether the material might be dangerous waste. Human health risks would most likely be limited to potential recreational users. MTCA Method A and B screening criteria may overestimate risk to recreational users since their exposure duration is less than the duration for a residential scenario. A site-specific terrestrial ecological evaluation (TEE) would be required to evaluate ecological risks.

Potential exposure pathways are shown on Figure 5.

7.0 USE OF THIS REPORT

Work for this project was performed, and this report prepared, in accordance with generally accepted professional practices for the nature and conditions of the work completed, in the same or similar localities, at the time the work was performed. It is intended for the exclusive use of the Washington State Department of Ecology for specific application to the referenced property. This report is not meant to represent a legal opinion. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.

The information in this report is intended to be used to determine whether the site has released or has a potential to release hazardous substances to the

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environment at concentrations above Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) human health or ecological screening levels.

8.0 REFERENCES

Ecology 1990. Washington Ranking Method Scoring Manual. Ecology Publication 90-14. Revised April 1992.

Ecology 2001a. Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Levels and Risk Calculations (CLARC II) Update. November 2001.

Ecology 2001b. Adopted Amendments. Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulations. Chapter 173-340-WAC. February 2001.

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Huntting, Marshall T., 1956. "Inventory of Washington Minerals", Part II Metallic Minerals, 2 volumes. State of Washington Department of Conservation and Development, Bulletin No. 37, Washington State printing office, Olympia, Washington.

Henry Day, "The Records of the Aurum Mining Company" University of Idaho Special Collections, accessed on 6/26/06 by PLR, at http://www.lib.uidaho.edu/special-collections/Manuscripts/dmginv/mg235.htm

Mindat.org website http://www.mindat.org/index.php

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Table 2 - Project Team Roles and Responsibilities

	Personnel	
Project Role	Assignment	Roles/Responsibilities
Ecology Project Manager	Rick Roeder	Client Project Manager
	Ecology	
	(509) 454-7837	
Program Manager	Mike Bailey	Ensures that all work is carried out in accordance with
	Hart Crowser	contractual obligations and the Delivery Order statement of
	(206) 324-9530	work. Assists the Project Manager as needed with
		technical decisions and in resolving issues. Final reviewer.
Project/Task Manager	Roger McGinnis	Overall responsibility for execution of the Work Plan.
	Hart Crowser	Coordinate with Client, Field Manager and Program
	(206) 324-9530	Manager as necessary to resolve issues.
Corporate Health and	Mike Ehlebracht	Overall responsibility for review and answering questions
Safety Officer (HSO)	Hart Crowser	regarding H&S.
	(206) 324-9530	
Field Manager and Site	Abby Bazin/Pat Reed	Ensures that explorations are conducted and samples are
Safety Coordinators (SSC)	Hart Crowser	collected in accordance with project specifications.
	(206) 324-9530	Coordinates field activities with Project and Program
		Managers.
Mine Information Research	Pat Reed	Determined location of mine, access route, and ownership
	Mike Swenson	
	Hart Crowser	
	(206) 324-9530	
Project Chemist	Erin Breckel	Performs laboratory coordination and data quality review to
	Hart Crowser	assure analytical methods and data are consistent with
	(206) 324-9530	project needs and data quality objectives.
Laboratory Services	Harvey Jacky	Analyzes soil, sediment, and water samples.
	Columbia Analytical	
	Services	
	(360) 577-7222	

Table 4 - Washington Mine Sample Inventory

Sample Name	Sample Location	Sample Description
Water Sample		
WA-Adits-W1	Stagnant water in Adit 2	pH: 6.86
		Conductivity: 0.666 mS/cm
		Turbidity: 200 NTU
		Dissolved Oxygen: 2.20 mg/L
		Temperature: 10.7 C
		Other: Strong H ₂ S odor.
Sediment Sample		
Wash-Sed 1	Five-point composite sample	Moist, reddish-brown, silty GRAVEL
	in drainage channel between	with sand.
	Adit 2 and the Pend Oreille	
	River	

Table 5 - Analytical Results for Water Sample - Washington Mine

				1
SDG				K0605186
Sample ID	Drinking Water	Chapter 173	-201A WAC ^a	WA-Adit 2-W1
Sampling Date	MCL	Acute	Chronic	6/14/2006
Conventionals in mg/L				
Hardness as CaCO3				554
Sulfate				211
Total Dissolved Solids				686 J
Total Suspended Solids				8 J
Turbidity				16.3 J
Dissolved Metals in µg/L				
Arsenic	10	360	190	3.68
Cadmium ^b	5	23.6	3.6	4.92
Copper ^b	1300 (at tap)	85	49	1.26
Lead ^b	15 (treatment)	391	15	8.34
Zinc ^b	5000 (secondary)	488	446	2670
Total Metals in µg/L				
Aluminum				50 U
Iron				375
Mercury	2	2.1	0.012	0.0006 J

Notes:

U = Not detected at the detection limit indicated.

J = Estimated value.

-- Not established or Not applicable.

Bold - Concentration exceeds chronic criterion.

Box - Concentration exceeds acute criterion.

a Chapter 173-201A WAC. Water Quality Standards for Surface Waters of the State of Washington (Last update July 1, 2003).

b Hardness dependent criteria.

Table 6 - Analytical Results for Sediment Sample - Washington Mine

SDG	MTCA	MTCA	A Method B	Ecological	K0606045
Sample ID	Method A	Soil	Soil	Protection (c)	Wash-Sed 1
Sampling Date	(a)	Ingestion (b)	Ingestion &	Plant/Soil Biota/Wildlife	6/16/2006
		-	Dermal Contact (b)		
Total Solids in %					83.2
Total Metals in mg/kg					
Aluminum		80,000	72,072	50 / /	967
Antimony		32	29	5 / /	1.07
Arsenic	20	0.67	0.62	10 ^(d) / 60 / 132	44.2
Beryllium		160	144	10 / /	0.1
Cadmium	2	80	74	4 / 20 / 14	7.33
Chromium	2,000 ^e	120,000 ^e	44,571 ^e	42 / 42 / 67	1.8
Copper		2,960	2,700	100 / 50 / 217	4.8 U
Iron		24,000	21,622	/ /	198,000
Lead	250			50 / 500 / 118	1,740
Manganese		11,200	10,090	1,100 / / 1,500	168
Mercury	2	24	18	0.3 / 0.1 / 5.5	0.57 J
Nickel		1,600	1,441	30 / 200 / 980	10.8
Selenium		400	360	1 / 70 / 0.3	1.2 U
Silver		400	360	2 / /	1.42
Thallium		5.6	5.0	1 / /	23.6
Zinc		24,000	22,000	86 / 200 / 360	52,000

Notes:

U = Not detected at the detection limit indicated.

- J = Estimated value.
- -- Not established or Not applicable.

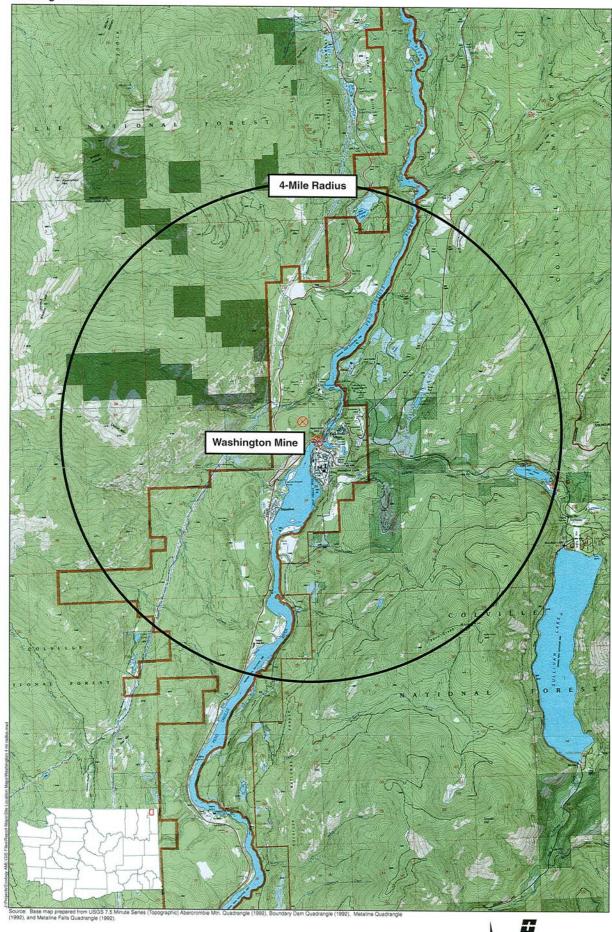
Bold - Concentration exceeds ecological criterion.

Box - Concentration exceeds MTCA Method A or Method B criterion.

- (a) WAC 173-340-740(2), WAC 173-340-900 (Table 740-1). Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A.
- (b) WAC 173-340-740(3). MTCA Method B Unrestricted land use soil cleanup standards. For carcinogenic constituents, the value presented is the lower of the non-carcinogenic and carcinogenic level calculated using Equations 740-1 and 740-2 for ingestion only. Equations 740-4 and 740-5 for ingestion and dermal contact. Information from CLARC 3.1 was used unless otherwise noted.
- (c) WAC 173-340-740(3)(b)(ii), WAC 173-340-749, WAC 173-340-900 (Table 749-3).
- (d) Based on Arsenic V (10 mg/kg)
- (e) Based on Chromium III

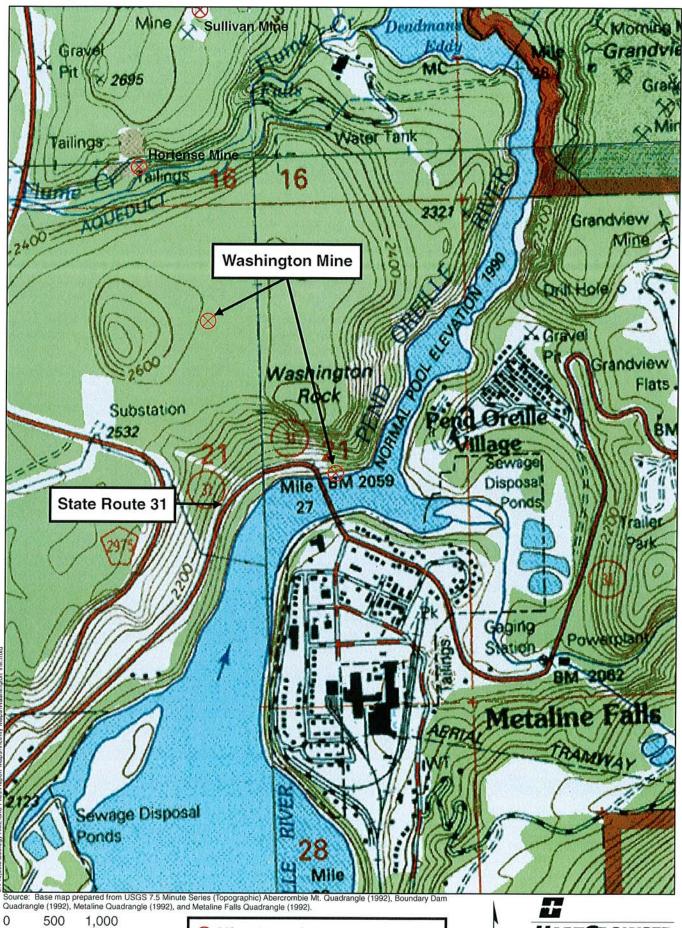
Table 7 - Threatened and Endangered Species

Species	Fede	ral Status	Stat	~	Narrative
	Т	E	Т	E	
Lynx (<i>Lynx</i> canadensis)	Х		Х		Crowell Mtn
Grizzly bear (<i>Ursus</i> arctos)	Х			Х	Flume Creek
Bull trout (Salvelinus confluentus)	X				Pend Oreille River, Slate Creek, South Salmo River and Bench Creek
Woodland caribou (Rangifer trandus)		X		X	Beaver Creek and Slate Creek
Fisher (<i>Martes</i> pennanti)				X	Slate Creek and north end of Sullivan Lake
Bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus)	Х		X		Pend Oreille River south of Metaline Falls and north end of Sullivan Lake





Vicinity Map Washington Mine



Scale in Feet

⊗ Mine Location Visited in Field



Standard Key for Site Plan Washington Mine

G2 ⇔	GPS Data Point Location and Number
WR1-S2 ⊗	Soil or Waste Rock Sample Location and Number (Note: Site name prefix also part of sample number)
W 1	Water Sample Location and Number
45 �	Composite Sediment Sample Location and Number
×	Adit
\boxtimes	Shaft
**************************************	Prospect/Pit
	Building/Structure
8	Seep
~~~	Drainage Channel
	Intermittent/Seasonal Drainage Channel
	Wood Debris
	Metal Debris
	Wood/Metal Debris
	Soil or Seep Staining
	Other Feature
•	Groundwater Well
<b>+</b>	Claim Corner Marker
10	Photo Location, Number and Direction
A A'	Approximate Cross Section Location and Designation



Scale in Feet

Washington Mine Site Plan

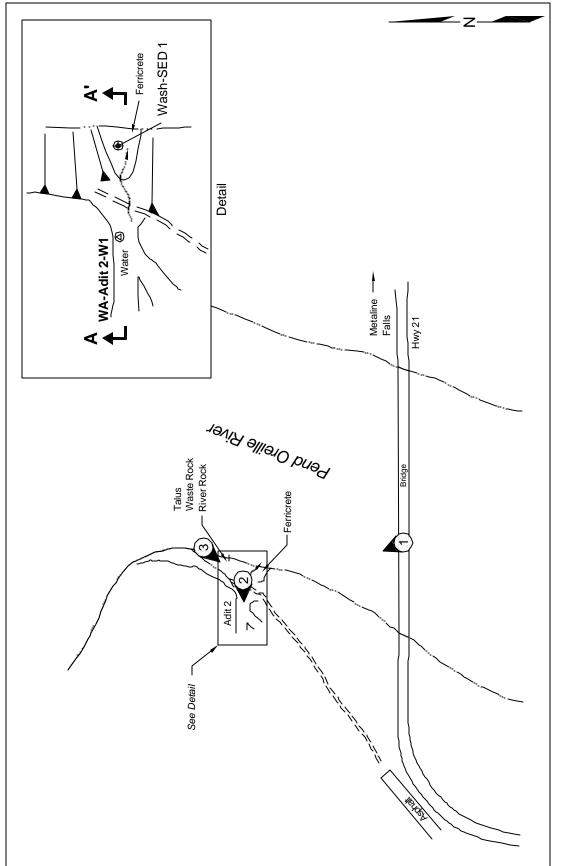
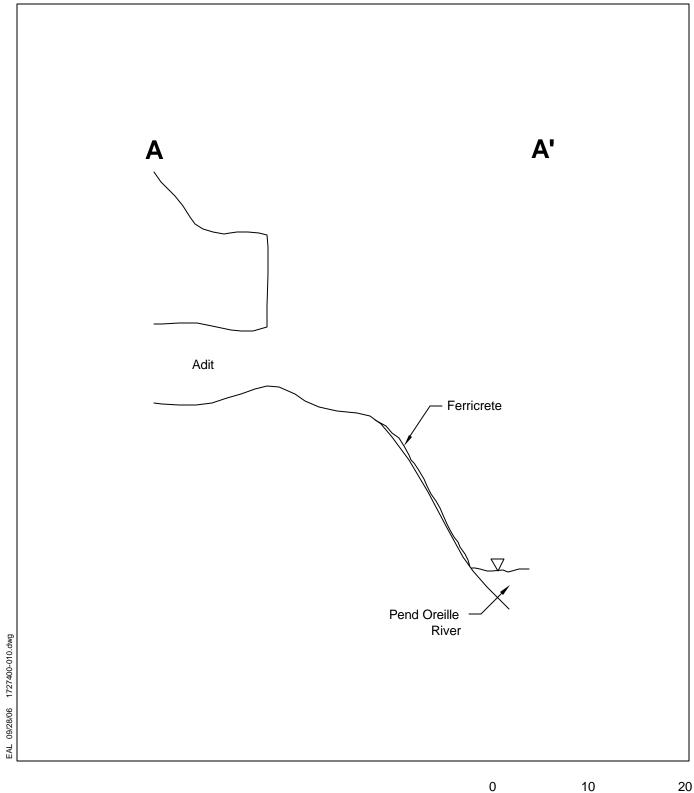
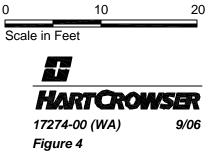
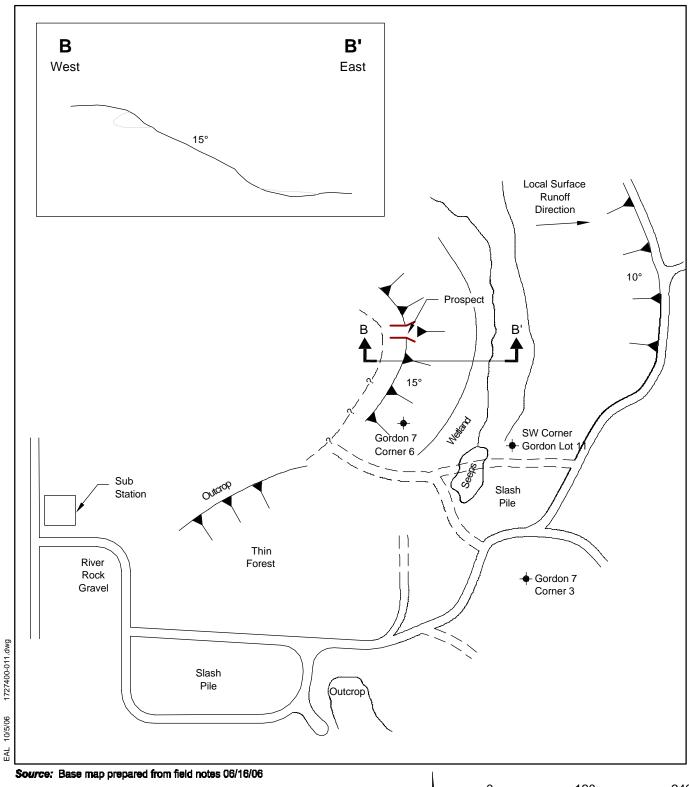


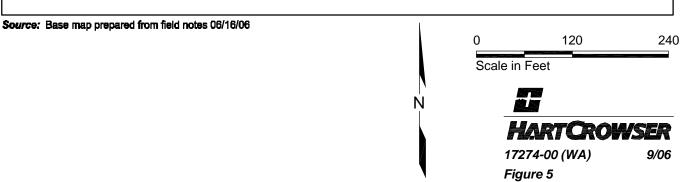
Figure 3

# Cross Section A-A' Washington Mine

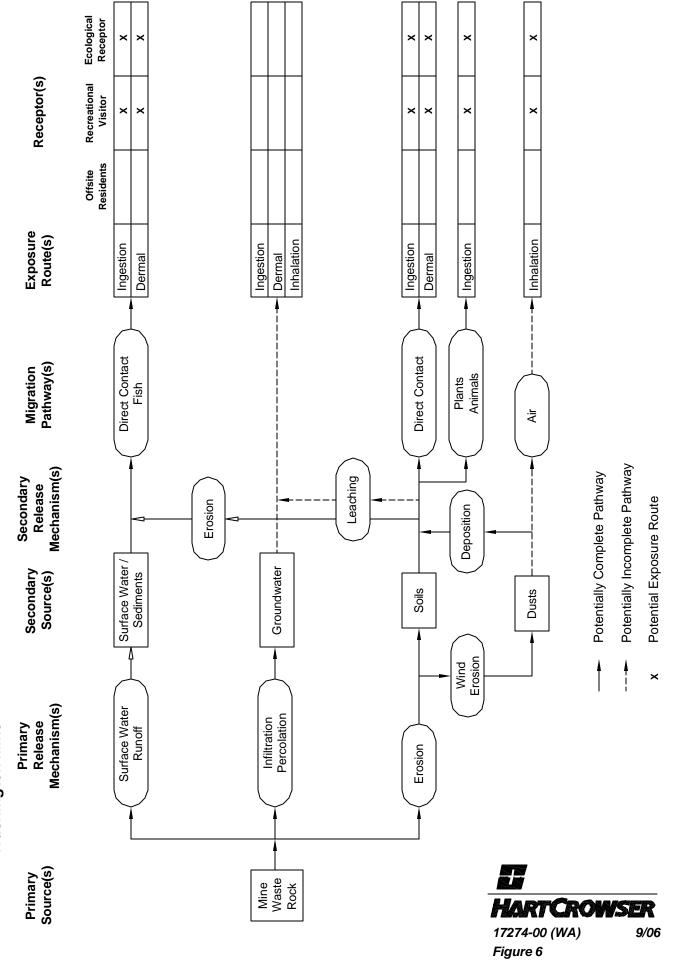








# Mine Waste Rock Conceptual Site Model for Human and Ecological Risk Washington Mine



# APPENDIX A FIELD DOCUMENTATION

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Survey Date (0/16/04			
uses aund: Melaline Falls	100 T		
Feature 10 [1) As Lung My Runger 5.14C Surveyor(s)	Park at west each of another appearing on map)		

Terrain Slope (Circle where applicable): 1. Flat 2. Vertical

slope angle: deg

Physical Features / Sources Mine Openings:

			Nominal				,		
	C 1000	Congram, (open/closed/	Dimensions	Water Present			Paramete	373:	
	Common	collapsed / flooded / other)	in feet	CV/W	Flowrate in GPM	ł	Cond in mS	Temp in C	ş
Shaff(s	•							O in direct	2
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s)))pe		255		2					Ī
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illing (explain								-	

d Activity-Related Piles.

	General Description of Location(s):	ank				
Recent Human	(V/N)					
Distressed Vegetation Recent	(Y/N) Activity	2				
J. Committee of the control of the c	29 Ground Cover					
	L					
Estimated Particle Gradation	1 LAN - MACA .	-				
Seepage: Active / Inactive?	TAMERY		-			
Seepage Visible:	7	b				
Feature Vol. in yds 3						
Dimensions in it Feature Vol.	57 64X 07					
Count/ID	_					
	waste rock pile(s)	tailings pile(s)	ore / leach pile(s)	debris pile(s)	other (explain)	

iscellaneous Notes:

Survey Date 6/(6/06

r adit	0azin
AM RINE	, story
Washing	12+ Rece
Feature ID	Surveyor(s)

Physical Features / Sources (Continued)

Mining Activity-Related Ponds or Liquid Containment Structures:

	Present	(e.g. bars, other) # of Samples						
•								
ers:	Temp in C		,					
Parameters:	Cond in mS Temp in C							
	£							
Liquid Vol	in yds³							
Feature Vol	in yds ³							
Liquid Present	(V/N)							
Lined	(X/N)							
Dimensions in ft	(LXWXH)							
9	Councy II	9	5	3	ş	3		
		leach bond(s)	And the second second	(s)puod sõullen	tailing important	(s) III all poor III se III se	Charley (avalais)	Jrinad (exprain)

Seep(s), Creek(s), Pond(s), Lake(s)

_

Soil or Seep Staining

Source & Receptor	dit - Rom
Distance from Potential Contaminant Source to Receptor	20' a
Color	Resty
/ID Location	Ferricula legino adit
Count / ID	seep
<b></b>	<b>3</b> 8

Seasonal Flow Paths or Channels

		Source & Receptor					
	Distance from Potential	Confaminant Source to Receptor					
Parameters:	Tempin C						
Pa	Cond in mS						
	Hď						
Flowrate in .	Wd5	V	<b>₹</b> 2				
Water Present Flowrate in	(V/N)		5	0			
	Count / ID						

Wetlands

	!	# of Samples		
	County & December			
	Distance from Potential Contaminant			
arameters:	Temp in C			
Parar	Cond in mS			
	Н			
	Flowrate in GPM			
	Count / ID	B	_	

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AML Feature Inventory	Feature 10 Washington River Hait	Surveyorts) Pat Reed, Abby Bazin

Physical Features / Sources (Continued)

Water Supply Structures

General Location	Chemicals Assoc with All!	
Distance from Potential Contaminant Source	with Mill	
Served	Waste Associated with Mill.	Comments
Soil Type	3	Bldt. Condition
Depth		Suspected Bidg. Use
Count / ID Inner Diameter	Mill Footprint in ft. ²	Bidg, Footprint in ft. 2
Count / 10	Mill Present	Count / ID
groundwater wells surface water intakes pit toilets	W W	Buildings / Structures Other Buildings

Suspected Contents				
Condition				
Count / ID Volume in Gal. Condition				•
Count / ID	9	•		:
<b>1</b>	drums	tanks	other	Refuse

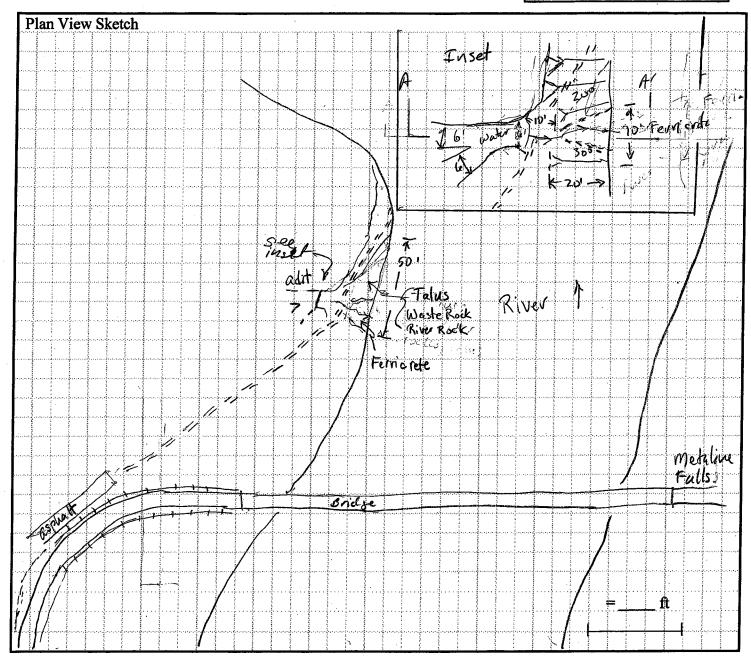
Decorintian	J. D. D. J. D.						
Size							
Number	ALONO	-				~	
	assay equip & retorts	drums	scrap lumber	scrap metal	machinery	other	

Commente			
Endangered / Threatened (Y / N)			
Number Number	also was 10% shruhs	10% orass	*Note whether vegetation is distressed

# AML FEATURE INVENTORY/MONITORING FIELD FORM

River adit

Feature ID Washington
Date 6/16/06
Weather Dty Claudy



### INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING IN THE FIELD SKETCH FOR:

North Arrow Scale Bar

Photo Location(s) and View Direction(s)

Sample Location(s) and ID(s):

W-# Water

S-# Soil T-# Tailings

R-# Rock (Waste)

O-# Ore

S-# Other (Describe)

FOOTPRINT(S) OF:

MILLS BUILDINGS

STRUCTURES
MINING-RELATED PILES

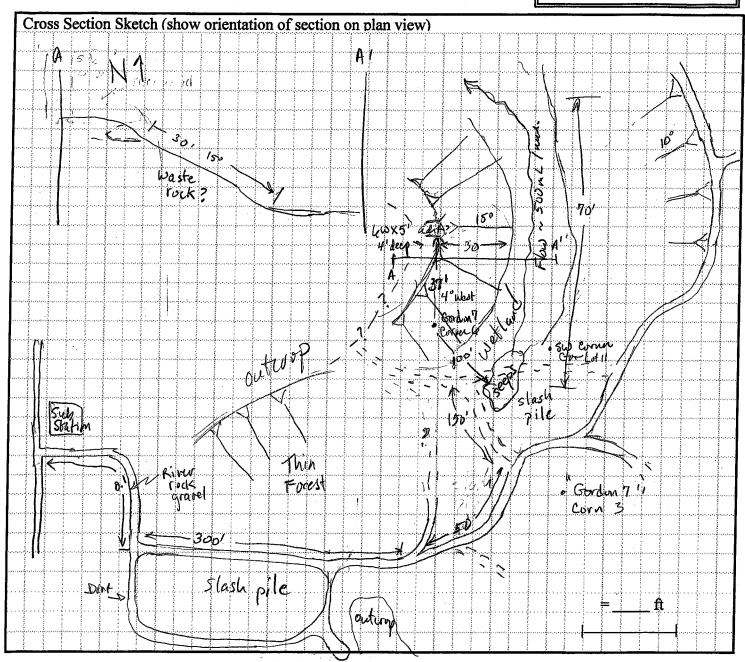
OTHER

Elevation (Topographic Variation)

Slope Direction

## Top of Rock

Weather



### INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING IN THE FIELD SKETCH FOR:

X - X' Cross Section Orientation Scale Bar

Photo Location(s) and View Direction(s) Sample Location(s) and ID(s):

W-# Water

S-# Soil

T-# Tailings

R-# Rock (Waste)

O-# Ore

S-# Other (Describe)

Seeps & 500 ml/min.

Vegetation on waste roch (?) pile: 40% cedar 4-10" 30% Mt. Hembrih Healthy

20% birch

10% nos MINING-RELATED PILES

Seep Vegetation:

SURFACE WATER (PONDS, SEEPS, ETC.) GPS Collection Location 🌣

Elevation (Topographic Variation)

LOCATION(S) OF:

MILLS

OTHER

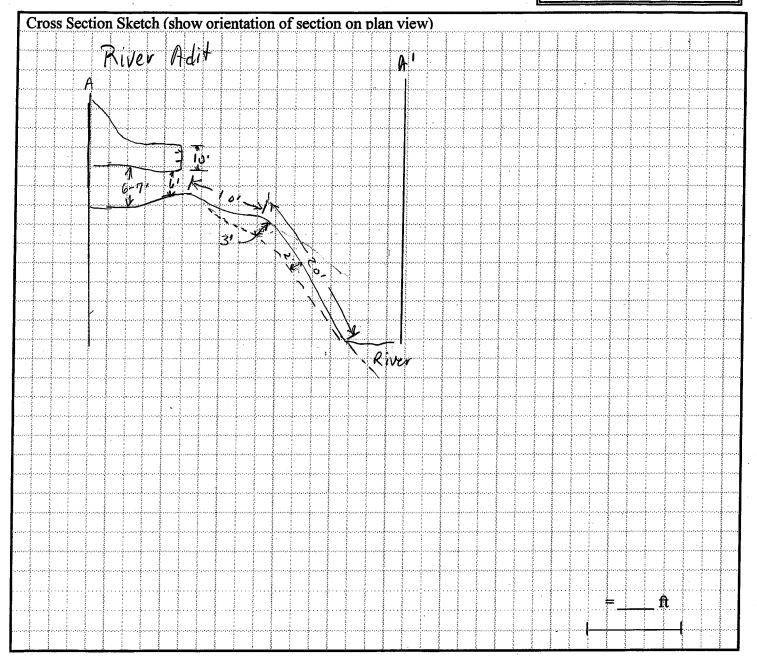
**BUILDINGS** 

STRUCTURES

20% herbs 20% grass 20% birch, willow

J:\Jobs\1727400\AML Field Forms\AML Feature Inventory Sketch Forms.doc Last modified 6/6/2006

Feature ID	Washington
Date	,116/06
Weather	
•	



### Include the following in the field sketch for:

X - X' Cross Section Orientation

Scale Bar

Photo Location(s) and View Direction(s) Sample Location(s) and ID(s):

W-# Water

S-# Soil

T-# Tailings

R-# Rock (Waste)

O-# Ore

S-# Other (Describe)

Location(s) of:

MILLS

BUILDINGS

STRUCTURES

MINING-RELATED PILES

OTHER

SURFACE WATER (PONDS, SEEPS, ETC.)

GPS Collection Location 🌣

**Elevation (Topographic Variation)** 



Photograph 1 - View of Adit 2 above the Pend Oreille River.



Photograph 2 - View of Adit 2.



Photograph 3 - Ferricrete below Adit 2. ←Up



Photograph 4 - View of Washington Rock Prospect.



Photograph 5 - Wetland near Washington Mine Prospect.