RECEIVED

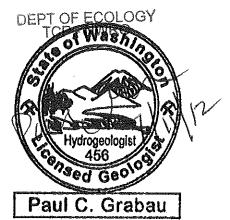
JUL 12 2012

FARALLON CONSULTING, L.L.C.

1201 Cornwall Avenue, Suite 105 Bellingham, Washington 98225

Phone (360) 527-0241

Fax (360) 527-0243



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

TO:

Dr. Jerome Cruz - Washington State Department of Ecology

cc:

Jerry Eide - CHS Inc.

William Joyce - Joyce Ziker Parkinson, LLC

Theresa Gamble - Washington State Independent Auto Dealers Association

FROM:

Paul C. Grabau, Principal Hydrogeologist

DATE:

July 11, 2012

RE:

SUB-SLAB SOIL GAS SAMPLING RESULTS – WASHINGTON STATE

INDEPENDENT AUTO DEALERS ASSOCIATION BUILDING

CHS AUBURN SITE

AUBURN, WASHINGTON FARALLON PN: 301-004

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. (Farallon) has prepared this Technical Memorandum on behalf of CHS Inc. (CHS) to present the results of sub-slab soil gas sampling that was performed as part of an assessment of the potential vapor intrusion exposure pathway at the Washington State Independent Auto Dealers Association (WSIADA) building at 707 Auburn Way South within the CHS Auburn Site in Auburn, Washington (Figure 1). The vapor intrusion assessment was conducted as part of the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study for the CHS Auburn Site that is being conducted under Agreed Order No. 4033 entered into by CHS and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) effective June 12, 2007. Background information regarding the need for the vapor intrusion assessment for the WSIADA building was provided in the Technical Memorandum Regarding Proposed Vapor Intrusion Assessment, CHS Auburn Site (Farallon 2011b).

The sub-slab soil gas sampling activities were conducted in accordance with the Technical Memorandum Regarding Soil Gas Sampling Plan (Farallon 2011c) and the subsequent Technical

Memorandum Regarding Response to Comments - Soil Gas Sampling Plan (Farallon 2012) that was prepared to address Ecology comments on the proposed scope of work (Ecology 2011). Ecology verbally approved the sampling procedures prior to collection of the sub-slab soil gas sample.

The purpose of the vapor intrusion assessment was to characterize the concentrations of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) in soil gas beneath the building slab at the WSIADA building to determine whether the BTEX concentrations in soil gas could potentially pose a health risk to workers in the building via the vapor intrusion pathway. The constituents of concern identified for the Site in the Remedial Investigation Report, CHS Auburn Site, Auburn Washington (Farallon 2011a) are BTEX and total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel-range organics, as gasoline-range organics, and as oil-range organics.

BACKGROUND

Groundwater monitoring well CMW-27 was installed in 2008 as part of the Remedial Investigation activities at the CHS Auburn Site and is located approximately 40 feet downgradient of the WSIADA building within the City of Auburn right-of-way for Auburn Way Volatile organic compounds, including benzene and total petroleum South (Figure 1). hydrocarbons as gasoline-range organics, have been detected in groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-27 at concentrations exceeding Washington State Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulation (MTCA) Method A cleanup levels during monitoring events conducted since the monitoring well was installed in 2008. Groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-27 during the previous several years of monitoring at the CHS Auburn Site have contained the highest concentrations of benzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, and total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline-range organics. Although benzene was not detected in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-27 during the January and April 2011 monitoring events, the concentration of benzene detected in July 2011 rebounded to 37 micrograms per liter (µg/l), which exceeds the Ecology draft screening level of 2.4 µg/l for benzene in groundwater for protection of the vapor intrusion exposure pathway (Ecology 2009).

As described in the draft Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in Washington State: Investigation and Remedial Action (Ecology 2009), Ecology recommends that a vapor intrusion assessment be conducted for buildings within 100 feet of locations with volatile organic compounds in groundwater at concentrations that exceed laboratory practical quantitation limits. Monitoring well CMW-27 is approximately 40 feet down-gradient from the WSIADA building near the intersection of 7th Street Southeast and Auburn Way South (Figure 1). Therefore, Farallon conducted a screening level assessment of potential vapor intrusion for benzene using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Screening Level Johnson and Ettinger Vapor Intrusion Model (Screening-Level Model) with site-specific inputs for soil type, groundwater temperature, and depth to groundwater. The benzene concentration of 37 µg/l detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CMW-27 in July 2011 exceeded the "best estimate" target groundwater concentration of 3.6 µg/l derived using the Screening-Level Model for protection of the vapor intrusion pathway. The average concentration of benzene detected in

groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-27 since the well was installed in 2008 is 32 µg/l.

Cleanup activities conducted beginning in 1994 in the area up-gradient of the WSIADA property have included air sparging and soil vapor extraction. The soil vapor extraction component of the soil and groundwater treatment system in this area was shut down with Ecology approval in late 1999 due to the low concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbon vapors present in the system effluent. The area of the CHS Auburn Site where benzene concentrations in groundwater exceed the Ecology draft screening level for benzene in groundwater for protection of the vapor intrusion exposure pathway does not extend to south of the WSIADA building. Monitoring well CMW-2 is on the adjacent Thai Restaurant property, approximately 20 feet up-gradient and slightly cross-gradient of the WSIADA building (Figure 1). BTEX constituents have not been detected in groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-2 since June 2004 at concentrations exceeding the Ecology draft screening levels for groundwater for protection of the vapor intrusion pathway.

Because of the historical detection of benzene in groundwater samples collected from monitoring well CMW-27 and the proximity of the monitoring well to the WSIADA building, Farallon proposed to collect a sub-slab soil gas sample from the WSIADA building to evaluate potential migration of BTEX constituents from groundwater via the vapor intrusion exposure pathway (Farallon 2011b). Collection of a sub-slab soil gas sample was recommended over deep soil gas sampling because the gravelly soil conditions at the Site precluded collection of deep soil gas samples with a direct-push drill rig.

SAMPLING PROCEDURES

The sub-slab soil gas sample was collected from a Farallon VOC Monitoring System[™] monitoring probe installed through the WSIADA building slab in the northernmost restroom in the eastern portion of the building. The east side of the building was selected for the sampling location because it is closest to monitoring well CMW-27. Details of the soil gas sampling procedure follow.

The sub-slab soil gas monitoring probe was installed on March 14, 2012 by advancing a 1.25-inch-diameter boring through the concrete building slab in the northernmost restroom floor. Figure 1 shows the sampling location and the groundwater analytical results for benzene for October 2011, the most recent monitoring event prior to the soil gas sampling. The concrete floor slab at the sampling location was approximately 3 inches thick. Approximately 3 inches of soil was removed from directly beneath the core hole to facilitate proper installation of the probe, which extends below the slab. The probe assembly was sealed in the core hole using volatile organic compound-free acrylic latex caulk. The sealant was allowed to set for 24 hours before sampling. Farallon did not observe unsealed utilities penetrating the floor slab of the WSIADA building that may cause a preferential pathway for migration of vapors from below the building slab.

The weather forecast was monitored for barometric pressure prior to and during the sub-slab soil gas sampling. The sampling was initiated following a period of falling barometric pressure, considered optimal for assessment of vapor intrusion conditions. Barometric pressure at 6:13 p.m. on March 14, 2012 was 1004.6 millibars and continuously decreased prior to the sampling period to approximately 993.9 millibars at 8:16 a.m. on May 15, 2012 when Farallon mobilized for the sampling. The barometric pressure rose slightly to 997.2 millibars between mobilization and the actual time of sample collection at 12:07 p.m. Plots of the barometric pressure measured at Sea-Tac International Airport and the University of Washington in Seattle from 12:00 a.m. on March 14, 2012 to 12:00 p.m. on March 15, 2012 are shown on Figure 2.

The sampling procedure was conducted using a custom-made acrylic shroud (with 0.25-inch diameter access ports) to allow performance of leak testing for quality assurance purposes. The shroud enclosed the 1-liter Summa canister and valve train over a foam mat floor seal to provide an air-tight enclosure. The foam mat is perforated over the sub-slab soil gas sampling probe to allow sample collection. Fittings that penetrate the shroud are sealed to prevent incursion of ambient air into the sampling apparatus. New dedicated Teflon tubing was used throughout the sampling apparatus. The sampling procedure used both real-time leak detection methods and laboratory analyses of tracer gas to assess for possible leaks in the monitoring probe seal or sampling train. Introduction of ambient indoor air into the sub-slab soil gas sample represents potential dilution of the sample if indoor air does not contain the target hazardous substances being evaluated, or may bias the sampling results high if indoor ambient air contains concentrations of the target hazardous substances.

Real-time leak testing performed during sub-slab soil gas sampling included introduction of pure analytical-grade helium into the sampling enclosure, and collection of an air sample from the sampling train into a Tedlar bag. The purpose of the real-time leak detection was to ensure that possible ambient air incursion into the sample canister was detected and mitigated prior to sample collection and subsequent laboratory analysis. The concentration of helium in the Tedlar bag sample was measured in the field with a helium detector. The concentration of helium introduced into the sampling enclosure was maintained at a level between 15.0 and 21.8 percent during the leak testing and sampling procedures. A concentration of helium of 10 percent or less of the total helium concentration in the sampling enclosure is considered an acceptable level of leakage that will not bias sample results and trigger a need for resampling. Farallon also had the sub-slab soil gas sample analyzed for helium at the laboratory to confirm the real-time leak testing performed prior to collecting the sample.

Helium was not detected in the Tedlar bag sample collected during the real-time leak testing, indicating no appreciable leaks in the sampling manifold system or the slab/probe interface prior to sampling. Table 1 presents a summary of sampling parameters, including leak-detection results, initial and final Summa canister pressures, and sampling durations.

Following completion of the real-time leak testing, a sub-slab soil gas sample was collected using an evacuated 1-liter Summa canister that was certified clean by the analytical laboratory. The initial Summa canister vacuum was measured at 29.5 inches of mercury. Manifold components and tubing were purged of several volumes of air before sampling was initiated to

ensure that the sample collected was representative of soil gas from beneath the building slab. Sampling was discontinued after 2 hours when the Summa canister vacuum reached 8.5 inches of mercury. The final vacuum was in accordance with the recommendation by the analytical laboratory, Air Toxics Ltd. of Folsom, California, that final canister vacuums should not measure less than 5.0 inches of mercury.

Upon completion of collection of the sub-slab soil gas sample, the Summa canister was labeled, sealed, packed into the original shipping container, and returned to the Air Toxics Ltd. laboratory for analysis for BTEX using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method TO-15 and for helium using Modified ASTM Method 1946-D. The chain of custody form is included with the laboratory analytical reports provided in Appendix A.

RESULTS

The analytical results are summarized on Table 2. Copies of the laboratory analytical reports are provided in Attachment A. Toluene and m,p-xylene were the only constituents detected in the sub-slab soil gas sample. The concentration of toluene detected was 24 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$), which is well below the MTCA Method B screening level of 24,000 $\mu g/m^3$ for shallow soil gas samples. The detected concentration of m,p-xylene of 4.8 $\mu g/m^3$ was also well below the MTCA Method B screening level of 460 $\mu g/m^3$ for m-xylene for shallow soil gas samples.

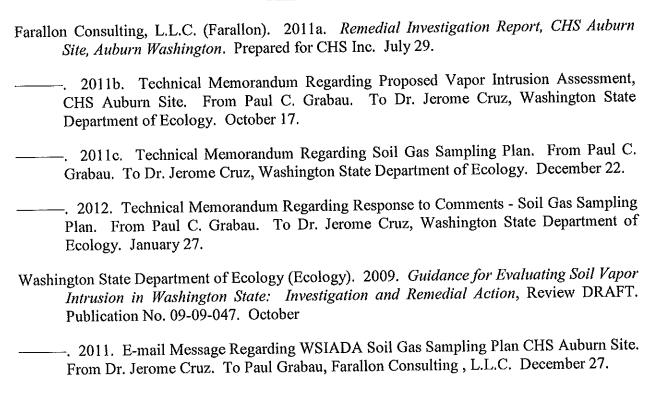
Helium was detected at a concentration of 0.86 percent in the sub-slab soil gas sample, indicating that leakage of ambient air occurred during sampling after the real-time leak testing was conducted. The concentration of helium in the sampling shroud was maintained at approximately 20 percent during the sample collection; therefore, the concentration of 0.86 percent detected in the sample was approximately 4 percent of the helium concentration in the shroud. The leakage indicated by the helium analysis is below the recommended leak rate threshold of 10 percent, and indicates that the sample results are within an acceptable range of tolerance for data quality.

CONCLUSIONS

BTEX constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method B screening levels in the sub-slab soil gas sample collected at the WSIADA building on March 15, 2012. MTCA Method B indoor air cleanup levels from which MTCA Method B soil gas screening levels in Table B-1 of the Ecology vapor intrusion guidance (Ecology 2009) are derived are conservatively based on residential rather than commercial exposure scenarios. Although a commercial exposure scenario is appropriate for the WSIADA building because the building is zoned and used for commercial purposes, Farallon did not derive Modified MTCA Method B sub-slab soil gas screening levels for a commercial exposure scenario for the WSIADA building for this sampling event because the only two constituents in the soil gas sample, toluene and m,p-xylene, were detected at concentrations well below the more conservative residential MTCA Method B screening levels for shallow soil gas.

The results of the sub-slab soil gas sampling conducted at the WSIADA building indicate that the concentrations of BTEX constituents in soil gas beneath the building do not pose an unacceptable risk for human health via the vapor intrusion pathway. Therefore, no further assessment of vapor intrusion is necessary for the WSIADA building at this time. A draft Feasibility Study is currently in preparation for the CHS Auburn Site and will consider the potential effects of the cleanup alternatives on the vapor intrusion pathway, where applicable.

REFERENCES



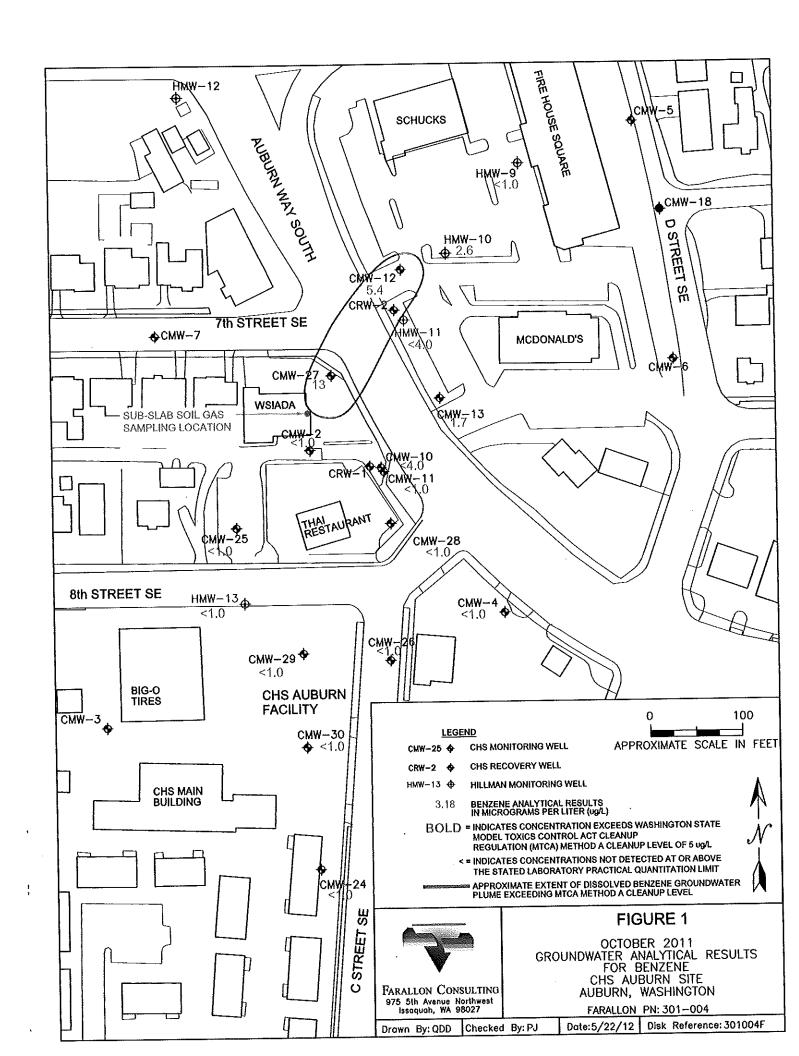
Attachments: Figure 1, October 2011 Groundwater Analytical Results for Benzene Figure 2, Plots of Barometric Pressure - March 14 and 15, 2012
Table 1, Summary of Sub-Slab soil Gas Sampling Parameters
Table 2, Summary of Analytical Results for BTEX in Sub-Slab Soil Gas
Attachment A, Laboratory Analytical Reports

PG:bw

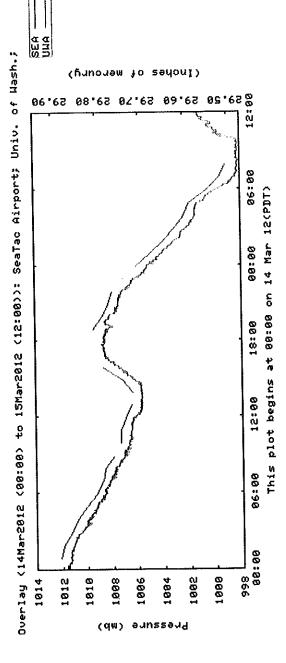
FIGURES

SUB-SLAB SOIL GAS SAMPLING RESULTS – WASHINGTON STATE INDEPENDENT AUTO DEALERS ASSOCIATION BUILDING CHS Auburn Site Auburn, Washington

Farallon PN: 301-004



Plots of Barometric Pressure - March 14 and 15, 2012



Source:
http://www-k12.atmos.washington.edu/k12/grayskies/plot_nw_wx.cgi?Measurement=Pressure&station=SEA&station=UWA&interval=0×one=7&rightlab=y&connect=lines&groupby=overlay&begmonth=3&begday=14&begyear=2012&beghour=0&endmonth=3&endday=15&endyear=2012&endbour=12

TABLES

SUB-SLAB SOIL GAS SAMPLING RESULTS – WASHINGTON STATE INDEPENDENT AUTO DEALERS ASSOCIATION BUILDING CHS Auburn Site Auburn, Washington

Farallon PN: 301-004

Table 1
Summary of Sub-Slab Soil Gas Sampling Parameters
WSIADA Building
CHS Auburn Site
Farallon PN: 457-004

								Sampling Shroud	Leak Test
						Initial Pressure	nitial Pressure Final Pressure	Helium	Helium
7	S. Carriero D.		Sample	Sample	Sample	(inches of	(inches of	Concentration	Concentration
Sample	admiss.	County Date	Start Time	End Time	Duration	mercury)	mercury)	(percent)	(percent)
Type	Identification	Sample Date	Start rime						0.0
Suh-Slah	Sub-Slab FAR-34607-031512	03/15/12	12:07	14:07	2:00	-29.5	-8.5	19.6	0.0
200									

NOTE:

WSIADA = Washington State Independent Auto Dealers Association

Summary of Analytical Results for BTEX in Sub-Slab Soil Gas Table 2

WSIADA Building CHS Auburn Site

Farallon PN: 301-004

Sample Sample Date Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m.p-Xylene o-Xylene FAR-34607-031512 03/15/12 <3.0 24 <4.0 4.8 <4.1 FAR-34607-031512 3.2 22.000 4,600 460³ 460°				Analytical F	Analytical Results (micrograms per cubic meter)	per cubic meter)	
24 <4.0 4.8 3 22,000 4,600 4603	Sample	Committee	Renzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene
3.0 24 <4.0 4.60 3.2 22.000 4,600 460 ³	Identification	Sample Date	AWAREN		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	0 1	-74.1
3.2 22.000 4,600 460 ³	TATE 24507 021519	03/15/12	0.0 0.0	24	0.42	4.0	T.L.
3.2 22.000 4,600 400	FAK-5400/-031512	#T :CT :CO			1	.003	750
	ATTCA Mothed B Coil Cas S.	ereening Level ²	3.2	22,000	4,600	460	400

Results in bold denote concentrations above applicable cleanup levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or above the laboratory reporting limit listed.

WSIADA = Washington State Independent Auto Dealers Association

BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

'Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method TO-15.

²Washington State Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulation (MTCA) Method B Screening Level for Shallow Soil Gas, Table B-1 of Appendix B of the Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in Washington State: Investigation and

Remedial Action. October 2009. 'm.p-Xylene screening level.

ATTACHMENT A ANALYTICAL REPORTS

SUB-SLAB SOIL GAS SAMPLING RESULTS – WASHINGTON STATE INDEPENDENT AUTO DEALERS ASSOCIATION BUILDING CHS Auburn Site Auburn, Washington

Farallon PN: 301-004



3/30/2012 Mr. Paul Grabau Farallon Consulting, LLC 1201 Cornwall Avenue Suite 105 Bellingham WA 98225

Project Name: CHS AUBURN

Project #: 301-004 Workorder #: 1203398A

Dear Mr. Paul Grabau

The following report includes the data for the above referenced project for sample(s) received on 3/19/2012 at Air Toxics Ltd.

The data and associated QC analyzed by Modified TO-15 are compliant with the project requirements or laboratory criteria with the exception of the deviations noted in the attached case narrative.

Thank you for choosing Air Toxics Ltd. for your air analysis needs. Air Toxics Ltd. is committed to providing accurate data of the highest quality. Please feel free to contact the Project Manager: Kelly Buettner at 916-985-1000 if you have any questions regarding the data in this report.

Regards,

Kelly Buetiner

Project Manager

July Buth



WORK ORDER #: 1203398A

Work Order Summary

CLIENT:

Mr. Paul Grabau

BILL TO:

Accounts Payable

Farailon Consulting, LLC

Farallon Consulting, LLC 975 Fifth Avenue NW

1201 Cornwall Avenue

Issaquah, WA 98027-3333

Suite 105

Bellingham, WA 98225

P.O. #

PHONE: FAX:

360.527.0241

P.O. f

360,527.0243

PROJECT #

301-004 CHS AUBURN

DECRIPT

TINAT

DATE RECEIVED:

03/19/2012

CONTACT:

Kelly Buettner

DATE COMPLETED:

03/30/2012

FRACTION # 01A 02A 03A 04A	NAME FAR-34607-031512 Lab Blank CCV LCS	TEST Modified TO-15 Modified TO-15 Modified TO-15 Modified TO-15	VAC,/PRES. 8.5 "Hg NA NA NA	PRESSURE 5 psi NA NA NA NA
04AA	LCSD	Modified TO-15	NA	NA

CERTIFIED BY:

Sinda d. Fruman

DATE: <u>03/30/12</u>

Laboratory Director

Certification numbers: AZ Licensure AZ0719, CA NELAP - 02110CA, LA NELAP - 02089, NY NELAP - 11291, TX NELAP - T104704434-11-3, UT NELAP - CA009332011-1, WA NELAP - C935 Name of Accrediting Agency: NELAP/Florida Department of Health, Scope of Application: Clean Air Act, Accreditation number: E87680, Effective date: 07/01/11, Expiration date: 06/30/12.

Air Toxics Ltd. certifies that the test results contained in this report meet all requirements of the NELAC standards

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LABORATORY NARRATIVE EPA Method TO-15 Farallon Consulting, LLC Workorder# 1203398A

One 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified) sample was received on March 19, 2012. The laboratory performed analysis via EPA Method TO-15 using GC/MS in the full scan mode.

This workorder was independently validated prior to submittal using 'USEPA National Functional Guidelines' as generally applied to the analysis of volatile organic compounds in air. A rules-based, logic driven, independent validation engine was employed to assess completeness, evaluate pass/fail of relevant project quality control requirements and verification of all quantified amounts.

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.

Analytical Notes

There were no analytical discrepancies.

Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Eight qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- B Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit (background subtraction not performed).
 - J Estimated value.
 - E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
 - S Saturated peak.
 - Q Exceeds quality control limits.
 - U Compound analyzed for but not detected above the reporting limit.
 - UJ- Non-detected compound associated with low bias in the CCV and/or LCS.
 - N The identification is based on presumptive evidence.

File extensions may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- a-File was requantified
- b-File was quantified by a second column and detector
- r1-File was requantified for the purpose of reissue



Summary of Detected Compounds EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

Client Sample ID: FAR-34607-031512

Lab ID#: 1203398A-01A

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Toluene	0.94	6.5	3.5	24
m,p-Xylene	0.94	1.1	4.1	4.8



Client Sample ID: FAR-34607-031512

Lab ID#: 1203398A-01A

EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name: DII. Factor:	j032017 1,87	Date Date	of Collection: 3/1 of Analysis: 3/20/	5/12 2:07:00 PM 12 08:04 PM
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Compound	0.94	Not Detected	3.0	Not Detected
Benzene	0.94	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	0.94	6.5	3.5	24
Toluene	0.94	1.1	4.1	4.8
m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	0.94	Not Detected	4.1	Not Detected

Container Type: 1 Liter Summa CanIster (100% Certified)

Container Type: 1 Liter Summa Canister	(100% Certified)	Method
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene	105 98 113	70-130 70-130 70-130

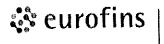


Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1203398A-02A

EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name: Dil. Factor:	j032006 1.00		of Collection: NA of Analysis: 3/20/	12 11:54 AM
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	1.6	Not Detected
	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	1.9	Not Detected
Toluene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected

Container Type; NA - Not Applicable		Method
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
	110	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	96	70-130
Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene	89	70-130



Client Sample ID: CCV Lab ID#: 1203398A-03A

EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

r			· l
	File Name: Dil. Factor:	j032002 1.00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 3/20/12 09:11 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Compound	101
Benzene	101
Ethyl Benzene	97
Foluene	100
m,p-Xylene	98
o-Xylene	

Container Type: NA - Not Applicable	·	Method
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene	108 101 94	70-130 70-130 70-130



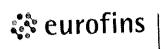
Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1203398A-04A

EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

	<u> </u>	
File Name: Dil. Factor:	j032003 1.00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 3/20/12 10:00 AM

•	%Recovery
Compound	99
Benzene	96
Ethyl Benzene	93
[oluene	,98
n,p-Xylene	96
o-Xylene	

Collianter Type: Ith - Hot Approve		Method
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene	106 102 93	70-130 70-130 70-130



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1203398A-04AA

EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

	EPA METHOD 10-13 G	CHIO L CASE
File Name: Dil. Factor:	j032004 1.00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 3/20/12 10:34 AM

	%Recovery
Compound	105
Benzene	103
Ethyl Benzene	100
Toluene	105
m,p-Xylene	103
o-Xylene	

Container Type: NA - Not Applicable		Method Limits
Surrogates 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene	%Recovery 108 100 96	70-130 70-130 70-130



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Sample Transportation Notice
Relinquishing signature on this document indicates that sample is being shipped in compliance with Relinquishing signature on this document indicates that sample alway, regulations and ordinances of all applicable local, State, Federal, national, and international laws, regulations and ordinances of all applicable local, State, Federal, national, and interestion, handling or shipping any kind. Air Toxics Limited assumes no liability with respect to the collection, handling or shipping signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, of these samples. Relinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Relinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Relinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless, defend, or these samples. Belinquishing signature also indicates agreement to hold harmless.

180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B FOLSOM, CA 95630-4719 (916) 985-1000 FAX (916) 985-1020

Page ____of.

Relinquished by: (signature) Date/Time Received by: (signature) Date/Time Custody Custody Lab Shipper Name タデー インター 大変を 大人の 「このでは、 Yes	Date/Time S/19/12 08:45			24-1	of Collection of	hate Time	Company FARALLON Email 8 State WAZIP 23027 Project # 301-004 Address 975 5+1 Ave NW City ISSASLAN State WAZIP 23027 Project Name Sale AUBURN Address 975 5+1 Ave NW City ISSASLAN State WAZIP 23027		CHAIN-OF-CUSTOUY RECORD collection, handling, or shipping of samples. Project Info:
Custody Seals Intact? Yes No (None)	RUN BTEX ONLY			9761	Sted	1	Specify	Normal	Tum Around Time:
Work Order# ↑ P O E E B G	اعاتم				8,5	Canister Pressure/Vacuum	Pressurization Gass.	Date:	Pressurized by:
1		-							

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Only



4/4/2012 Mr. Paul Grabau Farallon Consulting, LLC 1201 Cornwall Avenue Suite 105 Bellingham WA 98225

Project Name: CHS AUBURN

Project #: 301-004

Workorder #: 1203398BR1

Dear Mr. Paul Grabau

The following report includes the data for the above referenced project for sample(s) received on 3/19/2012 at Air Toxics Ltd.

The data and associated QC analyzed by Modified ASTM D-1946 are compliant with the project requirements or laboratory criteria with the exception of the deviations noted in the attached case narrative.

Thank you for choosing Air Toxics Ltd. for your air analysis needs. Air Toxics Ltd. is committed to providing accurate data of the highest quality. Please feel free to contact the Project Manager: Kelly Buettner at 916-985-1000 if you have any questions regarding the data in this report.

Regards,

Kelly Buettner

Project Manager

Helly Butte



1203398BR1 WORK ORDER #:

Work Order Summary

CLIENT:

Mr. Paul Grabau

BILL TO:

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PROJECT#

301-004 CHS AUBURN

RECEIPT

FINAL

DATE RECEIVED:

03/19/2012

CONTACT:

Kelly Buettner

DATE COMPLETED:

03/30/2012

DATE REISSUED:

04/04/2012

		TEST	VAC./PRES.	PRESSURE
FRACTION #	NAME	Modified ASTM D-1946	8.5 "Hg	5 psi
01A	FAR-34607-031512	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
02A	Lab Blank	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
02B	Lab Blank	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
03A	LCS	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
03AA	LCSD	Monthly 19 19		

CERTIFIED BY:

Sinda d. Frumar

DATE: <u>04/04/12</u>

Laboratory Director

Certfication numbers: AZ Licensure AZ0719, CA NELAP - 02110CA, LA NELAP - 02089, NY NELAP - 11291, TX NELAP - T104704434-11-3, UT NELAP -CA009332011-1, WA NELAP - C935 Name of Accrediting Agency: NELAP/Florida Department of Health, Scope of Application: Clean Air Act, Accreditation number: E87680, Effective date: 07/01/11, Expiration date: 06/30/12. Air Toxics Ltd. certifies that the test results contained in this report meet all requirements of the NELAC standards

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LABORATORY NARRATIVE Modified ASTM D-1946 Farallon Consulting, LLC Workorder# 1203398BR1

One 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified) sample was received on March 19, 2012. The laboratory performed analysis via Modified ASTM Method D-1946 for Methane and fixed gases in air using GC/FID or GC/TCD. The method involves direct injection of 1.0 mL of sample.

On the analytical column employed for this analysis, Oxygen coelutes with Argon. The corresponding peak is quantitated as Oxygen.

Since Nitrogen is used to pressurize samples, the reported Nitrogen values are calculated by adding all the sample components and subtracting from 100%.

Method modifications taken to run these samples are summarized in the table below. Specific project

requirements may over-ride the ATL modifications.

Requirement	ASTM D-1946	ATL Modifications
Calibration	A single point calibration is performed using a reference standard closely matching the composition of the unknown.	A 3-point calibration curve is performed. Quantitation is based on a daily calibration standard which may or may not resemble the composition of the associated samples.
Reference Standard	The composition of any reference standard must be known to within 0.01 mol % for any component.	The standards used by ATL are blended to a >/= 95% accuracy.
Sample Injection Volume	Components whose concentrations are in excess of 5 % should not be analyzed by using sample volumes greater than 0.5 mL.	The sample container is connected directly to a fixed volume sample loop of 1.0 mL on the GC. Linear range is defined by the calibration curve. Bags are loaded by vacuum.
Normalization	Normalize the mole percent values by multiplying each value by 100 and dividing by the sum of the original values. The sum of the original values should not differ from 100% by more than 1.0%.	Results are not normalized. The sum of the reported values can differ from 100% by as much as 15%, either due to analytical variability or an unusual sample matrix.
Precision	Precision requirements established at each concentration level.	Duplicates should agree within 25% RPD for detections > 5 X's the RL.

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.

Analytical Notes

There were no analytical discrepancies.

THE WORKORDER WAS REISSUED ON 4/4/12 TO REPORT ADDITIONAL COMPOUND FOR FAR-34607-031512 PER CLIENT REQUEST.

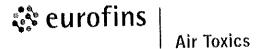
Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Seven qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicate as follows:

- B Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit.
- J Estimated value.
- E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
- S Saturated peak.
- Q Exceeds quality control limits.
- U Compound analyzed for but not detected above the detection limit.
- M Reported value may be biased due to apparent matrix interferences.

File extensions may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- a-File was requantified
- b-File was quantified by a second column and detector
- rl-File was requantified for the purpose of reissue



Summary of Detected Compounds NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

Client Sample ID: FAR-34607-031512

Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-01A

Onwanted	Rpt. Limit (%)	Amount (%)
Compound	0.25	22
Oxygen	0.25	77
Nitrogen	0.025	0.38
Carbon Dioxide	0.12	0.86
Helium	~ - ··	



Client Sample ID: FAR-34607-031512 Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-01A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9032924 2.50	Date of College Date of Analy	ction: 3/15/12 2:07:00 PM /sis: 3/29/12 07:12 PM
Dil. Factor:		Rpt. Limit (%)	Amount (%)
Compound Oxygen Nitrogen Carbon Monoxide Methane Carbon Dioxide Ethane		0.25 0.25 0.025 0.00025 0.025 0.0025	22 77 Not Detected Not Detected 0.38 Not Detected Not Detected
Ethene Helium		0.0025 0.12	0.86

Container Type: 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified)



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-02A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9032905 1,00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 3/29/12 08:14 AM	
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Rpt. Llmit (%)	Amount (%)
Compound		0.10	Not Detected
Oxygen		0.10	Not Detected
Nitrogen		0.010	Not Detected
Carbon Monoxide		0.00010	Not Detected
Methane		0.010	Not Detected
Carbon Dioxide		0.0010	Not Detected
Ethane		0.0010	Not Detected
Ethene		••• ••	



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-02B

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name: Dil. Factor:	9032904b 1.00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 3/29/12 07:5	
Compound		Rpt. Limit (%)	Amount (%)
Helium		0.050	Not Detected

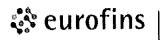


Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-03A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9032902	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 3/28/12 11:36 PM

Compound	%Recovery
	100
Oxygen	100
Nitrogen	101
Carbon Monoxide	99
Methane Carbon Dioxide	101
	101
Ethane	
Ethene	98
Helium	100



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1203398BR1-03AA

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9032928	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 3/29/12 10:06 PM
Dili racioi.	1.00	

Compound	%Recovery
	100
Oxygen	100
Nitrogen	98
Carbon Monoxide	100
Methane Carbon Dioxide	100
Ethane	101
	98
Ethene	100
Helium	

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Page ___ of

Address 375 Sty Ave NW City Collected by: (Print and Sign) Ken Scott, Ken Project Manager PAUL GRADAU Lab I.D. Relinquished by: (signature) Relinquished by: (signature) Relinguished 715-295-0800 FARALLON FAR-34607-031512 Shipper Name (signature) Field Sample I.D. (Location) 36512 Date/Time Date/Time Date/Time HXX48142 '든 X Email Property Control Control 1630 collection, handling, or shipping of samples. D.O.T. Hotline (800) 467-4922 425-295-0850 Air BIL# 9836 State WAZIP 98027 Received by: (signature) Received by: (signature) Received by; (sjgnature) Duth Bridge 1007 Can # N/P Temp (°C) of Collection of Collection 3/15/12 Date/Time 3/19/12 Project # Date/Time Date/Time P.O. # Project Info: Project Name () (neod HOT 301-Time Condition 400 ANTO SALA D-1346 TOUS (BTEX) **Analyses Requested** AUBURN RUN BTEX Notes: Custody Seals Intact? Yes 8 Turn Around Normal ☐ Rush None Time specify 2915 nitial 4214 Canister Pressure/Vacuum 5 '8-Lab Use Only Date: Final Pressurized by: Pressurization Gas: Work Order # C) 3 Receipt Final (:D 퓬 0 20

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Only Use Lab

Form 1293 rov.1

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