# SITE HAZARD ASSESSMENT Worksheet 1 Summary Score Sheet

SITE INFORMATION: Cleanup Site ID: 6682

Rainier Beach Automotive Facility/Site ID: 79391627

9479/9481 Rainier Avenue S

Seattle, King County, WA 98118

 Section:
 35
 Latitude:
 47.52002

 Township:
 24N
 Longitude:
 -122.26189

 Range:
 4E
 Tax/Parcel ID:
 7129304680

Site Scored/ranked for the February 2015 Hazardous Sites List Publication

#### SITE DESCRIPTION:

The Rainier Beach Automotive site (Site) is a former automotive repair shop and gas station located in Seattle, King County, Washington. The 0.17-acre property is located approximately 340 feet from Lake Washington, and zoned for neighborhood commercial (NC1-40) use.

Adjacent properties include retail space to the south and east, car repair and parts stores to the north and west, and an apartment building to the northeast.

The Site is currently operated as an automotive service shop by James A Campbell.

Current activities include automobile repairs and maintenance.

The Site is located along the south side of Rainier Avenue South, between 56th and 57th Avenue South. The Site is in the Rainier Beach neighborhood of Seattle.

#### SITE BACKGROUND:

A summary of prior operations/tenants at the subject property is presented below.

From To Operator/Tenant Activity

Safari Auto Repair Automotive repair shop

Rainier Texaco Gas station

Rainier Beach Automotive 
Automotive repair shop

#### **SITE CONTAMINATION:**

In 1990 the Rainier Beach Automotive site was reported to Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) and placed on the Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) list.

Ecology received notification of a release at the Site in October 1990 following the removal of several USTs and petroleum contaminated soil.

A second release was reported in January 2004, when a caller reported a surface spill of oil going into the storm drain. An initial investigation of the Site was completed in February of 2004.

#### PAST REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES:

Four USTs were formerly located at the Site, and were decommissioned and removed in October and November 1990. USTs at the Site included one 500-gallon used oil tank, and 2,000-gallon, 4,000-gallon, and 5,000-gallon gasoline USTs. Approximately 60 to 70 cubic yards of soil were excavated along with the USTs, and the soils were stockpiled onsite. The extent of the soil excavation was based on visual and olfactory evidence. The depth of excavation was approximately 8 to 10 feet, and no groundwater was encountered. The extent of the excavation was limited by the existing structure to avoid undermining the foundation of the building to the south, a service station canopy to the east, and a water main to the north. The west sidewall did not exhibit any visual or olfactory evidence of petroleum products.

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Four soil samples were collected during excavation activities, one below each former storage tank. Four additional soil samples were taken, three from the excavation walls, and one composite sample from the stockpiled soil. The southern wall was reportedly not sampled due to unsafe conditions. Gasoline, diesel, benzene, and ethylbenzene were not detected at or above laboratory detection limits in the sample collected from the west wall, and detected concentrations of toluene and xylenes were below Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A cleanup levels. The east wall sample contained concentrations of gasoline above the MTCA Method A cleanup level, but benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX) were not detected at or above laboratory reporting limits. The soil sample from the north wall contained concentrations of gasoline, benzene, and xylenes above the corresponding MTCA Method A cleanup levels. The soil sample collected from the stockpiled, excavated soil contained concentrations of gasoline and BTEX constituents above MTCA Method A cleanup levels. One sample was also analyzed for selected chlorinated organic compounds and metals, but these substances were below MTCA Method A cleanup levels.

Soils left in place within the excavation contained concentrations of gasoline, benzene, and xylenes at concentrations above their respective MTCA Method A cleanup levels. Approximately 30 cubic yards of the excavated soil were transported offsite to the owner's property in Snohomish County, Washington. The remaining soil was used as fill for the excavation site, along with imported fill. It is unknown whether the reused soil was impacted or clean.

Analytical information was not available for the second reported release at the Site, which occurred in January 2004. The business on the property at this time was Safari Auto Repair. A caller reported water suspected to be contaminated with used oil was collecting near a clogged storm drain, which discharges to Lake Washington. Ecology visited the Site, and informed the manager that cleanup was necessary. A contractor was called, and the majority of the oil was reportedly cleaned up.

#### **CURRENT SITE CONDITIONS:**

Soil contamination was identified in 1990, during removal of four USTs. Known contaminated soil is still present at the Site north and east of the original excavation area, possibly within the former tank excavation, as well as beneath existing buildings. The impact to groundwater at the Site has not been investigated.

Known Site contamination includes gasoline, benzene, and xylenes in soils at concentrations above MTCA Method A cleanup levels. A surface spill of used oil was documented in 2004.

The approximate depth to groundwater is estimated to be 10 to 20 feet below ground surface, with groundwater flowing to the north (estimated based on surface topography). Subsurface soils are silts and clays with varied cobble and sand content (based on soil encountered during the UST excavation).

#### **SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Checked boxes indicate routes applicable for Washington Ranking Method (WARM) scoring

#### **✓** Surface Water

Used oil was reportedly released at the property in 2004, and an unknown quantity may have entered the storm drain. This release is assumed to be a single incident and not an ongoing or recurrent release to surface water.

#### ✓ Air

Release of volatile compounds occurred in the subsurface. A parking lot and building are constructed over a portion of the suspected release area.

#### ✓ Groundwater

Gasoline and BTEX were detected in soils at the Site at concentrations above MTCA Method A cleanup levels. Groundwater conditions at the Site have not been characterized.

A large municipal well (serves 9,890 people) is located approximately 1.9 miles from the Site, and is factored into the ranking for groundwater at this Site. At this time there is no information indicating a confirmed release to groundwater or impact to the municipal well from this Site.

# SITE HAZARD ASSESSMENT Worksheet 1 Summary Score Sheet

#### **ROUTE SCORES:**

Surface Water/ Human Health: 17.0 Surface Water/ Environment: 27.2

Air/ Human Health: 37.0 Air/ Environment: 1.5

Groundwater/ Human Health: 59.7

Overall Rank: 1

#### **REFERENCES:**

1 Ecology Water Resources Explorer, accessed February 2014. https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/waterresources/map/WaterResourcesExplorer.aspx

- 2 Enviros Applied Technology, 1991, Summary of field work conducted on November 12, 1990 and analytical results of soil samples collected from the Rainier Beach Texaco located at 9479 Rainier Avenue South, Seattle, Washington. January 11, 1991.
- 3 King County GIS Center iMAP application, Property Information, Groundwater Program, and Sensitive Areas mapsets. Accessed January 2014. http://www.kingcounty.gov/operations/GIS/Maps/iMAP.aspx
- 4 Missouri Census Data Center, Circular Area Profiles 2010 census data around a point location. http://mcdc.missouri.edu/websas/caps10c.html. Accessed February 2014.
- 5 National Climatic Data Center 2011 Local Climatological Data for Seattle, Seattle Tacoma Airport. http://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/orders/IPS-90B1F39F-6CFA-4A6B-AA82-5ED1FF897CCC.pdf
- 6 WARM Scoring Manual
- 7 WARM Toxicological Database
- 8 Washington Department of Transportation 24-hour Isopluvial Maps, January 2006 update. http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/publications/fulltext/Hydraulics/Wa24hrlspoluvials.pdf
- 9 Washington State Department of Ecology, 2004, Site visit followup, ERTS# 538309. January 21, 2004.

# SITE HAZARD ASSESSMENT Worksheet 2 Route Documentation

Cleanup Site ID: 6682 Rainier Beach Automotive

Facility/Site ID: 79391627

#### 1. SURFACE WATER ROUTE

#### List those substances to be considered for scoring:

Oil

#### Explain the basis for choice of substances to be used in scoring:

Confirmed report of a surface spill of oil in 2004; the Washington Ranking Manual (WARM) does not contain ranking information for oil, so the surface water route is ranked for diesel instead

#### List those management units to be considered for scoring:

Surface water

#### Explain basis for choice of unit to be used in scoring:

Site is not covered by a stormwater permit, and discharges directly to a stormwater system (connected to surface water)

#### 2. AIR ROUTE

#### List those substances to be considered for scoring:

Gasoline (benzene), toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes

#### Explain the basis for choice of substances to be used in scoring:

Presence in shallow soil

#### List those management units to be considered for scoring:

Soil Vapor

#### Explain basis for choice of unit to be used in scoring:

Potential for vapor transport

#### 3. GROUNDWATER ROUTE

#### List those substances to be considered for scoring:

gasoline (benzene), toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes

#### Explain the basis for choice of substances to be used in scoring:

Presence in shallow soil and suspected presence in groundwater

#### List those management units to be considered for scoring:

Groundwater

#### Explain basis for choice of unit to be used in scoring:

Detected in subsurface soils above MTCA Method A cleanup levels, potential for transport to groundwater

## Worksheet 4 **Surface Water Route**

**CSID:** 6682 Site Name: Rainier Beach Automotive

1.1	Human	Toxicity	

2.6 Terrain Slope Water is piped

1.1 Human Toxicity	1101100				
-	Drinking Water	Acute Toxicity	Chronic Toxicity	Carcinogenicity	
Substance	Standard Value	Value	Value	Value	
Diesel	4	5	3	Х	
				Highest Value	5
				Bonus Points?	
			Human I	Health Toxicity Value	5
1.2 Environmental Toxic	:4.,				
1.2 Environmental Toxic		Quality Criteria	Non-human Mamm	alian Acute Toxicity	
Substance	ug/L	Value	mg/kg	Value	
Diesel	2,300	2	490	5	
			Environ	mental Toxicity Value	2
			LIIVIIOIII	nemai Toxicity Value	
1.3 Substance Quantity					
	:: 100 gallons :: Estimated volume of	Lucad ail ralacead			
Dasis	. Estimated volume of	used on released	Subs	tance Quantity Value	1
				_	
2.0 Migration Potential					4.0
2.1 Containment  Explain Basis	: Spill at ground surfa	ce with no runoff con	trols	Containment Value	10
Explain Baolo	Opin at ground sund	oc with no ranon con			
2.2 Surface Soil Permeal	bility		So	il Permeability Value	5
silt and clay	tation		Та4.	al Propinitation Value	3
<ul><li>2.3 Total Annual Precipit</li><li>37 inches</li></ul>	lauvii		1003	al Precipitation Value	3
2.4 Max 2-yr/24-hour Pre	ecipitation		2YR/24HI	R Precipitation Value	3
2.4 inches				_	
2.5 Floodplain				Floodplain Value	0
Not in floodplain					

Slope Value

# Worksheet 4 Surface Water Route

<b>CSID</b> : 6682	Site Name:	Rainier Beach Automotive		
3.0 Targets				
3.1 Distance to Surface Water		Surface Water Distance	e Value	10
340 feet to Lake Washington				
3.2 Population Served within 2 miles		Population	n Value	6
39 people				
3.3 Area Irrigated within 2 miles		Irrigatio	n Value	5
40 acres				
3.4 Distance to Nearest Fishery Resource		Fishe	ry Value	12
340 feet to Lake Washington				
3.5 Distance to and Name of Nearest Sensitive Enviro	onment	Sensitive Environme	nt Value	12
340 feet to Lake Washington				_
4.0 Release		Release to Surface Water	er Value	0
Explain basis for scoring a release to surface water				
No confirmed release to surface water				
Pathway Scoring - Surface Water Route, Human Heal	lth Pathway			
$SW_H = (SUB_{SH}^*40/175)^*[(MIG_S^*25/24) + REL_S + (TAR_{SH}^*)]$	*30/115)]/24			
Where:				
SUB <sub>SH</sub> = (Human Toxicity Value + 3)*(Containment + 1) + Sub	stance			
Quantity MIG <sub>S</sub> = Soil Permeability + Annual Precip + Rainfall Frequency	, . Eloodoloin	SUB <sub>SH</sub>	89	
+ Slope	+ i loouplalli	MIG <sub>S</sub>	14	
REL <sub>S</sub> = Release to Surface Water		REL <sub>S</sub>	0	
TAR <sub>SH</sub> = Distance to Surface Water + Population Served by St	urface Water			
+ Area Irrigated		TAR <sub>SH</sub>	21	
		SW <sub>H</sub>	17.0	
Pathway Scoring -Surface Water Route, Environment	tal Pathway			
SW <sub>E</sub> = (SUB <sub>SE</sub> *40/153)*[(MIG <sub>S</sub> *25/24) + REL <sub>S</sub> + (TAR <sub>SE</sub> *	*20/24)]/24			
$SW_E = (SOB_{SE} + 40/153)$ [(Wilds 25/24) + RELs + (TARSE) Where:	30/34)]/24			
$SUB_{SE} = (Env Tox Value + 3) * (Containment + 1) + Substance$	e Qty	SUB <sub>SE</sub>	56	
MIG <sub>S</sub> = Soil Permeability + Annual Precip + Rainfall Frequency	+ Floodplain	MIC	, ,	
+ Slope		MIGs	14	
REL <sub>s</sub> = Release to Surface Water		REL <sub>S</sub>	0	
TAR <sub>SE</sub> = Distance to Surface Water + Distance to Fishery + Di	stance to			

Sensitive Environment

 $\mathsf{TAR}_{\mathsf{SE}}$ 

 $SW_{E}$ 

27.2

#### Air Route

**CSID:** 6682 **Site Name:** Rainier Beach Automotive

#### 1.0 Substance Characteristics

#### 1.1 Introduction (WARM Scoring Manual) - Please Review before scoring

#### 1.2 Human Toxicity

Ambient Air	Acute Toxicity	Chronic Toxicity	Carcinogenicity
Standard Value	Value	Value	Value
10	3	Х	5
1	Х	1	X
1	Х	Х	Х
1	3	1	Х
	Standard Value	Standard Value Value	Standard Value Value Value

Highest Value	10
Bonus Points?	C
Toxicity Value	10

#### 1.3 Mobility

Gaseous Mobility	Max Value:	4	
Particulate Mobility	Soil Type:		Mobility Value 4
	Erodibility:		
	Climatic Factor:		

#### 1.4 Final Human Health Toxicity/Mobility Matrix Value

HH Final Matrix Value 20

## 1.5 Environmental Toxicity/Mobility

	Non-human Mammalian	Acute		Table A-7
Substance	Inhalation Toxicity (mg/m3)	Value	Mobility Value	Matrix Value
Gasoline (benzene)	31947	3	4	6
Toluene	X	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	X	X	X	X
Xylenes	21714	3	3	5

Env. Final Matrix Value

#### 1.6 Substance Quantity

Amount: 1,600 square feet

Basis: Estimated surface area of remaining

contaminated soil

Substance Quantity Value

#### Air Route

CSID: 6682 Site Name: Rainier Beach Automotive

2.0 Migration Potential		
2.1 Containment	Containment Va	lue 5
Explain Basis: Release occurred in the subsurface with		
a 2 foot soil cover but no vapor collection	system	
3.0 Targets		
3.1 Nearest Population	Population Distance Va	lue 10
150 feet		
3.2 Distance to and name of nearest sensitive environments	Sensitive Environment Va	lue 7
340 feet to Lake Washington; 470 feet to a municipal park		
3.3 Population within 0.5 miles	Population Va	lue 67
4,465 population		
4.0 Release	Release to Air Va	lue 0
Explain basis for scoring a release to air:		
No confirmed release to air		
Pathway Scoring - Air Route, Human Health Pathway		$\overline{}$
Taliway Goornig All Route, Hamaii Health Fallway		
$AIR_{H} = (SUB_{AH}*60/329)*[REL_{A}+(TAR_{AH}*35/85)]/24$ Where:		
SUB <sub>AH</sub> =(Human toxicity + 5) * (Containment + 1) + Substance Qty	SUB <sub>AH</sub> 1	154
REL <sub>A</sub> = Release to Air	REL <sub>A</sub>	0
TAR <sub>AH</sub> = Nearest Population + Population within 1/2 mile	TAR <sub>AH</sub>	77
	AIR <sub>H</sub> 33	7.0
Pathway Scoring - Air Route, Environmental Pathway		٦
$AIR_E = (SUB_{AE}*60/329)*[REL_A+(TAR_{AE}*35/85)]/24$ Where:		
SUB <sub>AE</sub> =(Environmental Toxicity Value +5)*(Containment +1) +Substance Qty $REL_A = Release$ to Air	SUB <sub>AE</sub> REL <sub>A</sub>	70 0
TAR <sub>AE</sub> = Nearest Sensitive Environment	TAR <sub>AE</sub>	7
	AIR <sub>E</sub>	1.5

#### **Groundwater Route**

**CSID**: 6682 Site Name: Rainier Beach Automotive

#### 1.0 Substance Characteristics

#### 1.1 Human Toxicity

1.1 Hullian Toxicity				
	Drinking Water	Acute Toxicity	Chronic Toxicity	Carcinogenicity
Substance	Standard Value	Value	Value	Value
Gasoline (benzene)	8	3	X	5
Toluene	2	3	1	X
Ethylbenzene	4	3	1	X
Xylenes	2	10	1	X
				Highest Value
				Bonus Points?

Gasoline (benzene)	8	3	X	5	
Toluene	2	3	1	X	
Ethylbenzene	4	3	1	X	
Xylenes	2	10	1	Х	
				Highest Value	10
				Bonus Points?	2
				Toxicity Value	12
1.2 Mobility					
Cations/Anions	Max Value:				
Solubility	Max Value:	3		Mobility Value	3
1.3 Substance Overtity				,	
1.3 Substance Quantity	40 cubic yards				
	Estimated volume of p	etroleum-			
Dasis.	·		Substa	ince Quantity Value	2
	impacted soil remainir	ig	Subsia	ince Quantity value	2
2.0 Migration Potential					
2.1 Containment				Containment Value	10
Explain Basis:	Contaminated soil				
2.2 Net Precipitation	>10 to 20	inches	Net	Precipitation Value	2
2.3 Subsurface Hydraulic C	onductivity			Conductivity Value	2
Silt and clay					
2.4 Vertical Depth to Groun	dwater	0 to 25	feet		
	Confirmed release:	No	Dep	oth to Aquifer Value	8
3.0 Targets					
3.1 Groundwater Usage				Aquifer Use Value	4
Private supply but alternate s	ources available with n	ninimum hookup re	quirements		
3.2 Distance to Nearest Drin	nking Water Well	>2,640 to 5,000	feet		
			V	Vell Distance Value	2
3.3 Population Served withi	n 2 Miles		Popu	lation Served Value	100
•	people		r		

#### **Groundwater Route**

CSID: 6682

3.4 Area Irrigated by GW Wells within 2 miles
Area Irrigated Value

2

10 acres

4.0 Release
Release to Groundwater Value

Explain basis for scoring a release to groundwater:

No confirmed release to groundwater

Pathway Scoring - Groundwater Route, Human Health Pathway		
$GW_H = (SUB_{GH}^*40/208)^*[(MIG_G^*25/17) + REL_G + (TAR_{GH}^*30/165)]/24$ Where:		
SUB <sub>GH</sub> =(Human toxicity + mobility + 3) * (Containment + 1) + Substance Qty	SUB <sub>GH</sub>	200
MIG <sub>G</sub> =Depth to Aquifer+Net Precip + Hydraulic Conductivity	$MIG_G$	12
REL <sub>G</sub> = Release to Groundwater	REL <sub>G</sub>	0
TAR <sub>GH</sub> = Aquifer Use + Well Distance + Population Served + Area Irrigated	TAR <sub>GH</sub>	108.0
	GW <sub>H</sub>	59.7

#### **Washington Ranking Method**

## **Route Scores Summary and Ranking Calculation Sheet**

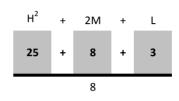
Site Name: Rainier Beach Automotive CSID: 6682

Site Address: 9479 Rainier Avenue South FSID: 79391627

#### **HUMAN HEALTH ROUTE SCORES**

Enter Human Health Route Scores for all Applicable Routes:

		• •					
Pathway	Route Score	Quintile Group					
Surface Water	17.0	3					
Air	37.0	4					
Groundwater	59.7	5					



Human Health
Priority Bin Score:

= 5

rounded up to next whole number

#### **ENVIRONMENT ROUTE SCORES**

Enter Environment Route Scores for all Applicable Routes:

Pathway	Route Score	Quintile Group		
Surface Water	27.2	3		
Air	1.5	1		

Priority Bin Score:

2

rounded up to next whole number

#### **Comments/Notes:**

FINAL MATRIX RANKING

1

#### **FOR REFERENCE:**

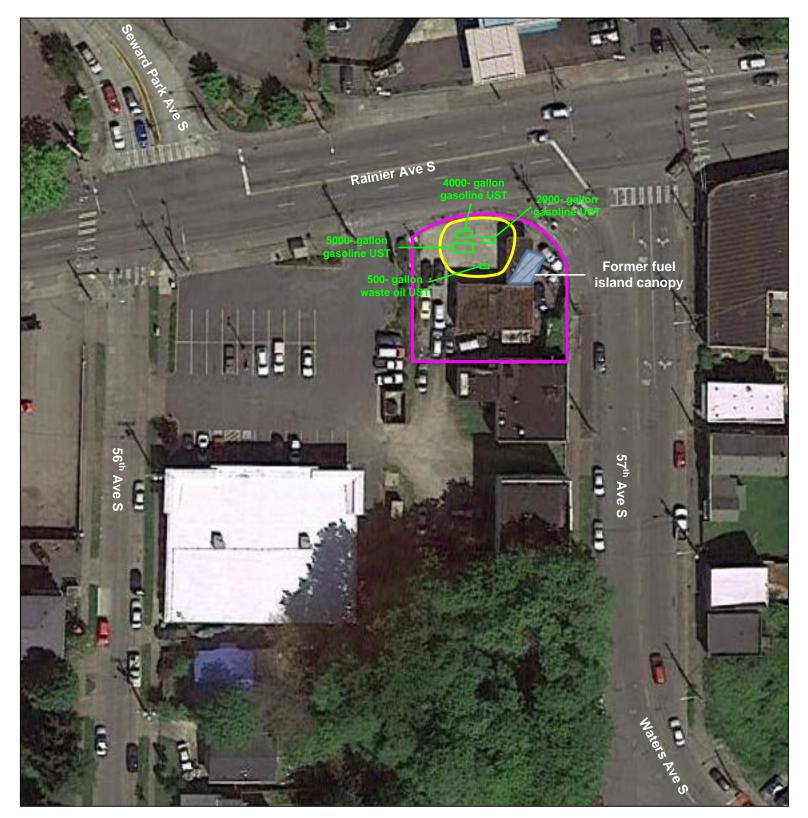
#### Final WARM Bin Ranking Matrix

Human								
Health	Environment Priority							
<u>Priority</u>								
	5	4	3	2	1	N/A		
5	1	1	1	1	1	1		
4	1	2	2	2	3	2		
3	1	2	3	4	4	3		
2	2	3	4	4	5	3		
1	2	3	4	5	5	5		
N/A	3	4	5	5	5	NFA		

### **Quintile Values for Route Scores - August 2014 Values**

	Human Health						Environment			
	Sur	face	e (		Gro	ound	Surface			
Quintile	Water		Air		Water		Water		Air	
5	>=	30.7	>=	37.3	>=	51.9	>=	49.8	>=	30.3
4	>=	22.5	<b>"</b>	23.0	<b> </b>	41.0	>=	30.9	<b>"</b>	23.0
3	>=	13.0	>=	14.5	>=	33.1	>=	23.2	>=	14.1
2	>=	6.8	>=	8.1	>=	23.5	>=	10.7	>=	1.6
1	<=	6.7	<	8.1	<=	23.4	<=	10.6	<=	1.5

Quintile value associated with each route score entered above



# Legend:

Property location (approximate)

Excavation area (approximate)

Former UST location (approximate)

Former building location (approximate)

# Notes:

1. All locations are approximate, and not to scale.

Rainier Beach Automotive 9479/ 9481 Rainier Avenue South Seattle, WA 98118



**Site Overview Map** 

**CSID 6682** CSID6682.vsd