IN THE MATTER OF ORDER REMEDIAL ACTION BY CASCADE POLE COMPANY, INC. No. DE 89-S211 Second Amendment Post Office Box 1496 Tacoma, WA 98401-1496

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Cascade Pole Company, Inc. TO: Post Office Box 1496 Tacoma, WA 98401-1496

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Jurisdiction | 16

This Order is issued by the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) pursuant to the authority of Sec. 5(1) of the Model Toxics Control Act (Initiative 97).

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II.

Statement of Facts

- The project area in this matter (the "Site") is known as the 22 Cascade Pole Site and is situated in Olympia, Washington. The location and 23 boundaries of the Site are depicted by the diagram that is Exhibit A to this 24 Order. 25
 - Cascade Pole Company, Inc. (Cascade Pole), one of the several companies doing business as McFarland Cascade, leased a portion of the Site from the Port of Olympia until 1987. The Port of Olympia is the owner of this property and has been since the 1930s.
- The leased area of the Site has been utilized as a wood treating facility for more than forty (40) years. Various other operators, which are 31 no longer in business, utilized this Site prior to Cascade Pole. Cascade 32 Treating Company, which merged with Cascade Pole in 1967, began operating a wood treatment facility on the Site in 1957. Prior to the early 1960s. 4٤

creosote was the chemical used for treating wood at the Site. In the early
1960s pentachlorophenol became the primary treatment chemical used at the
Site. However, creosote remained in use at the Site until it closed in 1987.

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- D. In December 1982, an environmental complaint was filed with Ecology regarding a discharge of oily material from the storm drain which discharges to Budd Inlet southwest of the Site, and the presence of similar oily material in the soils at the border of the Cascade Pole site. A preliminary investigation showed contamination of soils and ground water along the southern boundary of the site. Cascade Pole performed further investigation to determine the extent of the problem. Several backhoe pits and wells installed by Cascade Pole revealed a layer of oily liquid floating on the ground water at the Site.
 - E. Between 1983 and May of 1986 Cascade Pole conducted a partial remedial investigation (RI) at the Site. After submittal of the RI report. Ecology staff identified major data gaps in this investigation. On May 30. 1986, because it was concerned that the RI and feasibility study (FS) were not being completed in a timely manner, Ecology issued an administrative order requiring completion of the RI and FS. Cascade Pole appealed that order. After a two-day hearing in October of 1986, the Washington State Pollution Control Hearings Board issued a decision upholding the administrative order in full. The Board's decision was issued in January of 1987.
 - F. In February of 1987, a Consent Order was signed by Ecology and Cascade Pole requiring Cascade Pole to complete the RI at the Site, to fill the identified data gaps, and to complete the FS at the Site. The Volume One RI report was submitted to Ecology on May 11, 1986. Several major data gaps were not filled, however.

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The Site and adjacent areas are relatively flat and lie G. approximately 10 feet above mean sea level. The peninsula is filled land which was originally a tidal flat. Sources of the fill were the east and west bays of Budd Inlet, which have been periodically dredged since the 1920s. Additions of dredged fill have enlarged the Cascade Pole Site considerably since it was first used in 1939. Unconsolidated glacial and post-glacial deposits also underlie the Site. There are two aquifers underlying the Site. The upper aquifer, or fill aquifer, flows outward from the central portion of the Site and discharges into Budd Inlet. The upper aquifer is severely contaminated with pentachlorophenol and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). These contaminants migrate through the ground water and seep into the nearshore (intertidal) sediments and the waters of Budd Inlet. The lower aquifer appears to be separated from the upper aquifer by an impervious layer or aquatard. However, data gaps still exist regarding the water quality of the lower aquifer. Verification of non-contamination of the lower aquifer has not been accomplished.

H. In February and August of 1985, Ecology performed two studies at and in the vicinity of the Site. The specific purpose of these studies was to locate the sources of and gather information regarding the concentration of suspected contamination in the vicinity of the Site. Soil, intertidal sediment, and ground water analysis data obtained as of the effective date of this Order reveals that hazardous substances have been and continue to be released from the Cascade Pole Site. Concentrations of some of these chemicals are at levels which would be regulated as hazardous wastes under both ch. 70.105 RCW and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6961, et seq. For example, soil samples have revealed concentrations of

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pentachlorophenol at 400 parts per million (ppm) and PAHs at 40,000 ppm (4%).

Ground water samples have revealed concentration of pentachlorophenol at 9,300 ppm, tetrachlorophenal at 740 ppm, and PAHs at 20,000 ppm (2%). These levels are well above concentration levels necessary to render the material an extremely hazardous waste under the state hazardous waste program (ch. 70.105).

RCW and ch. 173-303 WAC).

- I. Land use on adjacent properties consists of recreational (East Bay Marina) and industrial (log storage) to the south, and industrial and commercial (restaurant, marine products outlet, and radio station) to the west and northwest. The public is at risk via: surface water contamination, ingestion of contaminated marine fauna, contact with soils at the Site, contact with contaminated seeps emanating from the Site and flowing into Budd Inlet, and contact with wind blown dust or air emissions at the Site.
- J. Cascade Pole has completed a feasibility study for the Site. The final feasibility study was submitted on August 26, 1988. The feasibility study discusses various alternative remedial actions at the Site, their environmental protectiveness, and the cost of such alternatives. Ecology has not approved the FS on the basis that it is incomplete, omits information requested by Ecology, biases the conclusion and promotes a preferred alternative which fails to protect human health and the environment and is inconsistent with state and federal laws. Ecology has developed its own remedial action proposal for the Site based on the FS and information not included in the FS. A portion of the remedial action required by Ecology will be implemented as per the terms of this Order.

- K. The structures and equipment associated with the closed wood treatment plant remain at the Site. Many of these structures and much of the equipment is contaminated with hazardous substances. Moreover, the structures and equipment are a significant hindrance to ongoing and planned remedial activities, both investigations and cleanup activity.
- L. Based ont eh above facts, Ecology has determined that the release or threat of release of hazardous substances from the Site requires remedial action to protect the public health, welfare, and the environment.

III.

Ecology Determinations

- 11 1. The Cascade Pole site is a "facility" as defined in the Model Toxics

 12 Control Act (MTCA).
- 13 2. The Cascade Pole Company, Inc. is an "owner or operator" as defined in the MTCA.
- 15 3. Pentachlorophenol and PAHs are "hazardous substances" as defined in the MTCA.
- The presence of pentachlorophenol and PAHs in the soil and ground water of the facility constitutes as "release" as defined in the MTCA.
- 5. Ecology has found Cascade Pole Company, Inc. to be a potentially liable party under Sec. 4 of the MTCA, after notice and opportunity to comment.
- 21 6. Ecology has issued the MTCA Order as an interim measure to prevent or
 22 mitigate the continued release of hazardous substances to the ground
 23 water at the Site and to the surface waters of Budd Inlet.

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7. Pursuant to Sec. 3(1) and Sec. 5 of the MTCA. Ecology may require potentially liable parties to investigate or conduct remedial actions with respect to the release or threatened release of hazardous substances. Based on the foregoing facts, Ecology believes remedial action, as required by this Order, is in the public interest.

IV.

Order

Based on the foregoing Facts and Determinations, it is hereby Ordered that Cascade Pole take the following remedial actions:

- 1. Remove all structures from the Site within three hundred forty-eight (348) days of the effective date of this Order. For purposes of this Order, the term structure includes buildings, appurtenances, accessories, equipment, supplies, debris, and solid waste (not including soils).
- 2. Within twenty (20) days of the effective date of this Order, submit to Ecology an itemized list of structures to be removed from the Site. For each item identified, the list shall note quantity, size, estimated volume, estimated weight, and degree of contamination. This itemized list shall constitute the Detailed Structures/Equipment Inventory List.
- 3. Prepare and submit to Ecology for review, comment, and approval a Structures/Equipment Removal Plan within forty-five (45) days of the effective date of this Order. The plan will detail the removal methods including decontamination procedures and schedules. The plan shall include, but is not limited to:

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- a. A detailed list of procedures for removal and decontamination of structures and contents. Each item identified in the detailed

 Structures/Equipment Inventory shall be placed into a category that identifies future use and present relative degree and type of contamination. Procedures for removal, disposal, and decontamination of debris or salvage materials shall be developed for each category in accordance with the Dangerous Waste

 Regulations (ch. 173-303 WAC) and state Solid Waste Regulations

 (ch. 173-304 WAC).
 - b. Procedures for designation of hazardous waste and testing the effectiveness of decontamination prior to removal and disposal of debris and salvage material.
 - c. Interim protection and stabilization of soils prior to final cleanup consistent with Dangerous Waste Regulations (ch. 173-303 WAC).
 - d. Construction of berms to minimize contamination and off-site release of surface and storm water.
 - e. Identification of structures proposed to be allowed by Ecology to remain on site. The plan shall include the rationale for leaving any structures on Site. This identification shall include a consultation with the Port of Olympia to determine which structures have a viable future use at the Site. Any structures related to the recovery and treatment of hazardous materials shall be included in the proposal.

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- f. Procedures for decontamination of any structures proposed to be
 left on-site. The plan shall include measures for observing
 indications of hazardous substances below or adjacent to any
 remaining structures. Any remaining drums and chemicals shall be
 analyzed, designated, and disposed of in accordance with the
 Dangerous Waste Regulations (ch. 173-303 WAC) and 40 CFR Parts
 261-270.
 - g. Procedures for documenting the transport and final deposition of all structures removed from the Site. Equipment may be reused at other facilities provided it is used for similar purposes with the same type of products used at Cascade Pole. At a minimum, documentation for transport and disposal of reused equipment shall consist of a notarized letter and receipt from the receiving facility that notes the facility permit number and states how the equipment will be used. Cascade Pole shall ensure, through cleaning, decontamination and transport practices, that no release of hazardous substances occurs during transport of structures off-site. Cascade Pole retains liability for any such release.
 - h. Identification of all applicable permits for conducting work under this Order.
 - 4. Submit to the appropriate agencies within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Order completed applications for all applicable permits related to the structures removal project.
- 24 5. Remove any remaining asbestos on-site in accordance with Ecology
 25 Administrative Order DE 89-S159.

- Implement the Structures/Equipment Removal Plan approved by Ecology
 within twenty-one (21) days of receipt of all necessary permits for
 those structures which require a permit prior to removal. An extension
 for completion of the removal project may be granted by Ecology if
 Cascade Pole has demonstrated that all due and diligent efforts were
 made to obtain applicable permits and the untimely issuance of permits
 results in project schedule delays.
- Prior to initiation of work, provide documentation to the Washington

 State Department of Labor and Industries for review, comment, and

 approval that all personnel involved in the structures/equipment removal

 project have complied with all applicable Federal Occupational Health

 and Safety Administration and State of Washington regulations for

 hazardous waste sites.
- 8. During the structures removal, all applicable requirements shall be complied with including the Federal Occupational Health and Safety

 Administration (OSHA) and Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act

 (WISHA) regulations.
- 9. Prior to initiation of any structures/equipment removal. Cascade Pole
 shall provide Ecology at least seven (7) calendar days's notice and
 allow Ecology personnel on-site to observe the work and to take samples
 as such Ecology personnel deem appropriate.
- 22 10. Prior to final transport of any structures/equipment debris or salvage
 23 material off-site, this material will be batched to allow visual
 24 inspection by Ecology. No material shall be removed from the site until
 25 Ecology has given written approval. Ecology's written approval will be
 26 contingent upon verification and documentation that final disposal of

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- the materials is in accordance with the Structures/Equipment Removal
 Plan and all applicable regulations.
- 3 11. Water used in the decontamination of structures and equipment shall be recycled to the maximum extent practicable.
 - 12. Wastewater generated during the decontamination of the structures and equipment at the site and during field investigations required by the May 1990 Consent Decree may be discharged under the following conditions:
 - a. Permits. Cascade Pole Company may discharge decontamination water and wastewater generated during required field investigations under the existing NPDES permit for the outfall at the site provided all other conditions of this Order have been met.

 Discharges at other locations may also be allowed, provided all applicable permits are obtained and the conditions of this Order have been met.
 - b. Interim Discharge Limits. During the Structures/ Equipment removal required by this Order and subsequent field investigations required under the May 1990 Consent Decree, the following discharge limits shall apply. These limits shall be considered interim and apply only to the discharges resulting from work performed in accordance with this Order. Total discharge volume shall not exceed two hundred thousand (200,000) gallons and the duration of the discharge shall not exceed ninety (90) days.

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<u>Parameter</u>	Maximum Contaminant <u>Concentration</u>	Minimum Frequency	Sample <u>Type</u>	Reported <u>Value(s)</u>
Total of 16 EF Priority Pollu		•		
PAHs	100 ug/l	Once/Batch*	Grab	ug/l
Benzene	110 ug/l	Once/Batch*	Grab	ug/l
Ethyl Benzene	100 ug/l	Once/Batch*	Grab	ug/l
Pentachlorophe	enol 13 ug/l	Once/Batch*	Grab	ug/l
pН	6.0-9.0	Once/Batch*	Grab	ug/l
Discharge Flow	w N/A	Once/Batch*	Batch Volume	gallons
Total Suspender Solids (TSS)	ed N/A	Once/Batch*	Grab	mg/l
Total Dissolv Solids (TDS)	ed N/A	Once/Batch*	Grab	mg/l
Temperature	N/A	Once/Batch*	Grab	° C

^{*} A batch is defined as one 5,000 to 15,000 gallon Baker tank.

Monitoring and Reporting. Cascade Pole Company shall monitor the operation and efficiency of all treatment and control facilities and quantity and quality of the waste discharged. A record of all such data shall be maintained. Cascade Pole shall monitor the parameters as specified in (b) above. Effluent from the on-site water treatment system shall be stored in a 5,000 to 15,000 gallon Baker tank or equivalent. Prior to discharge, the stored water in the Baker tank shall be tested. If the effluent meets all the interim discharge limits, the water may be discharged via the NPDES outfall (WA-000101-5). If the interim discharge limits are not met, the water shall be retreated until the limits are met.

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- Reporting. Monitoring results shall be reported verbally to the d. Ecology project coordinator, Department of Ecology, or their representative, prior to the discharge of the treated water. Written laboratory analytical results for the monitoring shall be provided to Ecology within five (5) days after Cascade Pole Company receives these from the laboratory. The written results shall be sent to: Charles F. Pitz, Department of Ecology, Southwest Regional Office, Mail Stop LU-11, Olympia, Washington 8 98504. Monitoring shall be started immediately upon operation of 9 the wastewater treatment system. 10
 - Records Retention. Cascade Pole Company shall retain for ten (10) e. years all records of monitoring activities and results.
 - Record of Results. For each measurement or sample taken, Cascade £. Pole Company shall record the following information: (1) the date, exact place and time of sampling; (2) the dates and the analyses that were performed; (3) who performed the analyses; (4) the analytical technique or method used: and (5) the results of the analyses.
 - Representative Sampling. Samples and measurements taken to meet g. the requirements of this agreement shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge, including representative sampling of any unusual discharge or discharge condition, including upsets and maintenance-related conditions affecting effluent quality. Each batch of water placed into a 5,000 to 15,000 gallon Baker tank, or equivalent, will be sampled. Each sample will consist of one grab sample from the tank.

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- the monitoring requirements specified in this order shall, unless approved otherwise in writing by the Department, conform to the Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants, contained in 40 CFR Part 136, as published in the Federal Register on October 26, 1984, or the latest revision thereof; or to Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes (SW-846), contained in 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix X, as revised.
 - i. Solid and Liquid Waste Disposal. Cascade Pole Company shall handle and dispose of all solid and liquid waste material in such a manner as to prevent its entry into state ground or surface waters except as authorized herein.
 - j. Spent Granulated Activated Carbon Spent Granulated Activated Carbon shall be disposed in accordance with all applicable federal and state regulations. Copies of any test results required by these regulations shall be provided to Ecology as specified in (d) above.
 - 13. If, for any reason, Cascade Pole Company does not comply with the interim discharge limitations or other conditions specified in this order, Cascade Pole Company shall, at a minimum, provide Ecology with the following information.
 - a. A description of the nature and cause of noncompliance including the quantity and quality of any unauthorized waste discharges.
 - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and/or the anticipated time when Cascade Pole Company will return to compliance;

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c. The steps taken, or to be taken, to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.

In addition, Cascade Pole Company shall take immediate action to stop, contain, and clean up any unauthorized discharges and take all reasonable steps to minimize any adverse impacts to waters of the state and correct the problem. In the event of noncompliance, Cascade Pole Company shall notify the Department by telephone immediately so that an investigation can be made to evaluate any resulting impacts and the corrective actions taken and to determine if additional action should be taken.

In case of any discharge subject to any applicable toxic pollutant effluent standard under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act, or which could constitute a threat to human health, welfare, or the environment, WAC 173-303-145 requires that the information specified in items 13 a, b, and c, above, shall be provided immediately from the time that Cascade Pole Company becomes aware of the circumstances. If this information is provided orally, a written submission covering these points shall be provided within five days of the time Cascade Pole Company becomes aware of the circumstances, unless the Department waives or extends this requirement on a case-by-case basis. Compliance with these requirements does not relieve the defendants from responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with the conditions of this agreement or the resulting liability for failure to comply.

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Terms and Conditions of Order

- 1. Public Notice. The MTCA requires that, at a minimum, this order be subject to concurrent public notice. Sec. 3(2)(a). Ecology shall be responsible for providing such public notice and reserves the right to modify or withdraw any provisions of this Order should public comment disclose facts or considerations which indicate to Ecology that the order is inadequate and improper in any respect.
- 2. Oversight Costs. Cascade Pole shall pay to Ecology those costs incurred by Ecology for investigative, remedial actions and orders, including costs incurred by Ecology in the oversight or administration of this Order.
- Designated Project Coordinators. Within ten (10) days of the effective 3. 13 date of this Order, Cascade Pole shall designate a project coordinator 1% and notify Ecology as to the project coordinator's identity, mailing LJ address, and phone number. The project coordinator shall be responsible 16 for overseeing the implementation of this Order. To the maximum extent 17 possible, communications between Ecology and Cascade Pole and all 18 documents, including reports, approvals, and other correspondence 19 concerning the activities performed pursuant to the terms and conditions 20 of this Order shall be directed through the project coordinators. 21 Should Cascade Pole change its project coordinator, written notification 22 shall be given to Ecology, in writing, at least ten (10) calendar days 23 prior to the change. 24
 - Performance. All response work performed pursuant to this Order shall be under the direction and supervision, as necessary, of a professional engineer or certified hydrogeologist, or equivalent, with experience and

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- expertise in hazardous waste site investigation and cleanup. Cascade

 Pole shall notify Ecology as to the identity of such engineer(s) or

 hydrogeologist(s), and of any contractors and subcontractors to be used

 in carrying out the terms of this Order, in advance of their involvement

 at the site. Selection of such person or contractor shall be subject to

 Ecology approval.
- 5. Access. Ecology or any Ecology authorized representative shall have the authority to enter and freely move about all property at the site at all reasonable times for purposes of, inter alia: inspecting records, operation logs, and contracts related to the work being performed pursuant to this Order: reviewing the progress in carrying out the terms of this Order; conducting such tests or collecting samples as Ecology or the project coordinator may deem necessary; using a camera, sound recording, or other documentary type equipment to record work done pursuant to this Order; and verifying the data submitted to Ecology by Cascade Pole. Ecology shall provide reasonable notice before entering property unless an emergency prevents notice. Ecology shall, upon request and if feasible, split any samples taken during an inspection unless Cascade Pole fails to make available a representative for the purpose of splitting samples.
- 6. Retention of Records. Cascade Pole shall preserve in a readily retrievable fashion, during the pendency of this Order and for ten (10) years from the date of completion of the work performed pursuant to this Order, all records, reports, documents, and underlying data in its possession relevant to this Order. Should any portion of the work performed hereunder by undertaken through contractors or agents of

- Cascade Pole, a record retention requirement meeting the terms of this paragraph shall be required of such contractors and/or agents.
- Dispute Resolution. Cascade Pole may request Ecology to resolve only
 those factual or technical disputes which may arise during the
 implementation of this Order. Such request shall be in writing and
 directed to the signatory of the Order. Ecology resolution of the
 dispute shall be binding and final. Cascade Pole is not relieved of any
 requirement of this Order during the pendency of the dispute and remains
 responsible for timely compliance with the terms of the Order unless
 otherwise provided by Ecology in writing.
- 12 Reservation of Rights. Ecology reserves all rights to issue additional
 12 orders or take any action authorized by law in the event or upon the
 13 discovery of a release or threatened release of hazardous substances not
 14 addressed by this Order or upon discovery of any factors not known at
 15 the time of issue of this Order or in order to abate an emergency.
- Endangerment. In the event Ecology determines or concurs in a 16 9. determination by another local, state, or federal agency that activities 17 implementing or in noncompliance with this Order, or any other 18 circumstances or activities, are creating or have the potential to 19 create a danger to the health or welfare of the people on the site or in 20 the surrounding area or to the environment, Ecology may order Cascade 21 Pole to stop further implementation of this Order for such period of 22 time as needed to abate the danger. 23
- 10. Compliance with Other Applicable Laws. All actions carried out by

 Cascade Pole pursuant to this Order shall be done in accordance with all

 applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

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2	Satisfaction of This Order
3	The provisions of this Order shall be deemed satisfied upon Cascade
-	Pole's receipt of written notice from Ecology that the program outlined in
5	this Order has been completed.
6	VII.
7	Enforcement
8	In the event Cascade Pole refuses, without sufficient cause, to comply
9	with any term of this Order, this Order will be enforced as follows:
10	a. The Attorney General will bring an action to enforce this Order in
11	state or federal court.
12	b. In any such action, Cascade Pole may be liable for up to three
13	times the amount of any costs incurred by the State of Washington as a
14	result of the refusal to comply.
15	c. Additionally, in any such action McFarland Cascade may be liable
16	for civil penalties of up to \$25,000 per day for each day Cascade Pole
17	refuses to comply.
13	d. Should Ecology conduct or provide for conducting the remedial
19	action, the Attorney General will bring an action to recover all costs
20	incurred by the state for such action.
21	e. This Order is not appealable to the Pollution Control Hearings
22	Board.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Effective date of this Order: February 22, 1991 Michael A. Wilson Southwest Region Supervisor Toxics Cleanup Program Department of Ecology