

**Summer 2010 Remedial Investigation Report  
Boeing Auburn Fabrication Division Facility  
Auburn, Washington**

November 19, 2010

Prepared for  
**The Boeing Company**

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Boeing Company (Boeing) is currently undergoing corrective action at their Auburn Fabrication Division facility (facility). Corrective action requirements are documented in an Agreed Order (Order) (No. DE 01HWTRNR-3345) dated August 14, 2002 and the First Amended Agreed Order dated February 21, 2006 both with Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). The Order includes a requirement to conduct a remedial investigation (RI) at the facility. The facility is located at 700 15th Street Southwest in Auburn, Washington.

Since the summer 2009, Boeing has been implementing phased remedial investigation (RI) activities to characterize the source, nature, and extent of offsite volatile organic compound (VOC) plumes. The plumes consist of trichloroethene (TCE) and other VOCs in the groundwater. One plume occurs predominantly north of Area 1 (the Area 1 plume); a second plume occurs predominantly north and northwest of Building 17-07 and the Wastewater Pretreatment Plant (WWPTP) (the western plume). As part of this phased characterization program, Boeing recently completed an additional supplemental RI termed the summer 2010 RI.<sup>1</sup> The summer 2010 RI provided additional data to define the source, nature, and extent of the western plume and the nature and extent of the Area 1 plume. The approximate locations of the plumes are shown on Figure 1.

### 1.1 BACKGROUND

Boeing completed the *2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Ecology Review Draft Remedial Investigation Report* (2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI Report) on April 10, 2009. This report was a comprehensive document that addressed all solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) at the facility. Ecology's June 19, 2009 comments on the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI identified an offsite groundwater quality data gap. The comments included a request to complete offsite groundwater investigations north and northwest of the WWPTP and Area 1 along Perimeter Road. This investigation was termed the fall 2009 RI and included installation of seven intermediate and two deep wells (AGW143 through AGW152).<sup>2</sup> TCE and vinyl chloride were detected above screening levels (TCE, 0.49 µg/L; 0.029 µg/L, vinyl chloride) in both the intermediate and deep groundwater zones in these new wells. At well AGW145(I), located along Perimeter Road approximately 500 ft north of the WWPTP, TCE was detected at 15 µg/L. This result was the third highest TCE concentration ever detected in the intermediate zone.<sup>3</sup> The fall 2009 RI investigation was

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<sup>1</sup> RI activities extended from the end of May 2010 to early November 2010.

<sup>2</sup> Well AGW153 was installed under the fall 2009 RI, but was south of the VOC plume areas.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the RI database for groundwater that consists of data from 1995 to present. The highest TCE concentration was 21 µg/L from well AGW126(I). The second highest was 17 µg/L at injection well IW-5(I).

documented in the *Technical Memorandum: First Addendum to the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Ecology Review Draft Remedial Investigation Report* (Landau Associates 2009).

Based on the results of the fall 2009 RI, a second investigation phase was implemented. This second phase was termed the winter 2010 RI and included three intermediate wells around the perimeter of Building 17-07 (AGW154, AGW155 and AGW156) to characterize the source of the western plume. The investigation also included two intermediate wells (AGW157 and AGW158) and one deep well (AGW159) to characterize the offsite western plume; and three intermediate wells (AGW160, AGW161 and AGW162) to characterize the offsite Area 1 plume. Data from the winter 2010 RI indicated that TCE concentrations exceeded screening levels in the intermediate and deep zones of the western plume in the furthest downgradient wells. Similarly, the furthest downgradient well (AGW161) associated with the Area 1 plume detected TCE at 3.1 µg/L. The results of the winter 2010 RI were summarized in the *1<sup>st</sup> Quarterly Status Report* (Landau Associates 2010a). The results were also presented at a meeting with Ecology on May 26, 2010 at Ecology's Northwest Regional Office.

Based on the results of the winter 2010 RI, a third investigation phase was implemented. This third phase is the summer 2010 RI.

## **1.2 REPORT OBJECTIVES**

The objectives of this report are to present the results of the summer 2010 RI and update the current conceptual model related to the two offsite VOC plumes. A secondary objective is to present the results of the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2010 Phase IV groundwater sampling event. The collection of all groundwater data associated with these two objectives was initiated in September 2010 and extended through November 8, 2010 to accommodate drilling new wells. Consistent with the report objectives, data and analysis presentations in this report are focused on the northern portion of the facility in three areas:

- The shallow groundwater zone in the vicinity of Building 17-07
- The shallow, intermediate, and deep groundwater zones associated with the western plume
- The intermediate groundwater zone associated with the Area 1 plume.

## **2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATIONS**

The scope of the summer 2010 RI included installation of eighteen wells, water level monitoring, new well surveying, and groundwater sampling. The investigation scope was discussed with Ecology at the May 26, 2010 meeting and documented in a work plan (Landau Associates 2010b) submitted to Ecology on July 21, 2010. The final location of wells AGW168 and AGW169 were subsequently modified after work plan submittal per Ecology's comments. Final well locations were documented in a figure transmitted to Ecology by email on August 16, 2010. Additionally, the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarterly Phase IV groundwater sampling event occurred during RI activities. New wells were incorporated into the Phase IV groundwater monitoring program.

### **2.1 SITE ACCESS**

The summer 2010 RI required drilling on City of Algona property, two separate commercial properties, and Puget Sound Energy (PSE) property as well as the facility. Property access agreements were obtained for all offsite drilling. Additionally, a right-of-way permit was required from the City of Algona. Property access obtainment efforts were initiated on May 31, 2010 prior to submittal of the work plan. Agreements were finalized with all four offsite parties over the four months that followed. The final property access was obtained from the City of Algona on October 11, 2010. Property access was the primary factor in dictating the drilling schedule.

### **2.2 BORINGS AND WELL INSTALLATION**

The scope of drilling and installation activities included five offsite intermediate wells associated with the Area 1 plume; five offsite intermediate and deep well pairs associated with the western plume; and one shallow and two intermediate wells associated with the Building 17-07 source investigation. Drilling began on August 23, 2010. Drilling and well installation was completed on November 2, 2010. Boring and well installation logs for the eighteen summer 2010 RI wells are presented in Appendix A.

Prior to drilling, public and private utility locates were performed. All wells were drilled with a rotosonic drill rig by Boart-Longyear. All wells are 2-inch schedule 40 PVC with 10 ft long, 0.020 slot screen and Colorado 10/20 sand pack. Surface completions were flush mount for all wells. After well installation all wells were developed. A summary of summer 2010 RI well installations AGW163 through AGW180 is presented in Table 1. The locations of the summer 2010 RI well locations are shown on Figure 1.

The summer 2010 RI work plan identified twelve initial wells and six optional wells. Optional wells were the furthest downgradient (northern wells) identified in the work plan scope. Installation of

these wells was meant to be contingent on collecting initial groundwater samples from upgradient wells directly after well installation but before development. The samples were submitted for VOC analysis on a 24-hour turnaround; the results were compared to screening levels. If there was a screening level exceedance in the initial well sample, the corresponding optional well was installed. Optional well OPT-I3 was installed and renamed AGW176(I) based on initial sample results from well AGW173(I).<sup>4</sup> Optional well OPT-I4 was installed and renamed AGW175(I) based on initial sample results from well AGW174(I). The other four optional wells (OPT-I1, OPT-I2, OPT-D1 and OPT-D2) on the Fana property directly south of 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue SW were installed without following this work plan protocol. This was because sample results from AGW172(I) through AGW176(I) north of Area 1 indicated that it was more likely that the western plume had migrated as far as these other optional wells. Another factor was property access and schedule. Property access was gained on the Fana property prior to City of Algona property access. Therefore, modification of the drilling program was required to expedite the overall drilling program schedule.

In addition to well installation, well AGW140 was modified by raising the surface completion approximately 3 inches. This well was located in a depression on the east side of Perimeter Road where water would collect after rain events. Raising the surface completion helps keep the flush mount monument above the surface of water that ponds in this depression. The PVC well was not modified; therefore the well elevation was not resurveyed.

## 2.3 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Groundwater sampling during the summer 2010 RI can be segregated into five groups or events:

- Borehole samples were collected from select new wells during drilling
- Initial samples were collected from select new wells prior to well development
- Samples were collected from six existing shallow wells adjacent to or in Building 17-07
- Samples were collected from twelve summer 2010 RI wells installed during the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2010 and existing wells as part of the Phase IV groundwater monitoring program 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter sampling event
- Samples were collected from the final six summer 2010 RI wells following their development during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2010 (i.e., after September 30, 2010).

All wells installed as part of the summer 2010 RI were automatically incorporated into the Phase IV monitoring program.

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<sup>4</sup> Note that the initial sample result from AGW173(I) was 0.7 µg/L for TCE. Slightly above the screening level of 0.49 µg/L. Therefore the decision was made to install AGW176(I). After AGW173(I) was developed, sample results were non-detect for TCE.

Shallow zone borehole samples were collected at all five western plume well pair locations (AGW166-30, AGW168-29, AGW170-28.5, AG177-29, AGW179-30)<sup>5</sup> and at the two Building 17-07 intermediate well locations (AGW163-28 and AGW164-29). Also, the shallow well at Building 17-07 was drilled into the intermediate zone to collect a borehole sample (AGW165-55). Sample results for borehole samples are presented in Table 2.

At two well locations, samples were collected from the well prior to development as part of the decision analysis for installation of optional wells (see Section 2-2 and the work plan). Samples AGW173-50 and AGW174-59 collected on September 1 and August 23, 2010 respectively are initial well samples collected in the final well screen prior to development. These samples are essentially collected using the same protocols as borehole samples and are therefore given the same sample number designation. These initial well sample data are presented in Table 2. Table 2 is a comprehensive table of all collected groundwater data associated with the eighteen summer 2010 RI wells (AGW163 through AGW180).

During an evaluation of potential TCE sources (Landau Associates 2010c) six shallow wells (AGW028 and AGW046 through AGW050) were identified near the southern wall of Building 17-07 where TCE had been detected at elevated concentrations (e.g., 3.3 µg/L). Since the last sampling date was in 1997, these wells were resampled as part of the evaluation of Building 17-07. The resample data for these wells is presented in Table 3.

Each of the eighteen summer 2010 RI wells were sampled after well development. Of the eighteen wells, only twelve wells were installed and sampled during the third quarter (AGW163 through AGW165 and AGW172 through AGW180).<sup>6</sup> The first sample collected from each of the twelve wells was considered part of the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter Phase IV groundwater monitoring program.<sup>7</sup> Twelve other existing wells were also sampled as part of this regularly scheduled quarterly sampling program. A sampling matrix for all 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter Phase IV wells is presented in Table 4. All data for the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter are presented in Table 5. Detections only for the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter are presented in Table 6.

Groundwater sample results go through an initial review after they are received from the lab. Results from samples AGW173(I) and AGW176(I) initially appeared anomalous. Based on our working conceptual model of groundwater flow, we anticipated that AGW173(I) would have a higher concentration than AGW176(I) and this was not the case. Therefore, these wells were resampled on

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<sup>5</sup> The sample designation for borehole samples are the well name followed by the sample depth. For example, AGW177-29 is a borehole sample collected at 29 ft while drilling well AGW177.

<sup>6</sup> The other six wells (AGW166 through AGW171) were not installed until November 2010 due to property access constraints on City of Algona right-of-way. Since these wells were first sampled in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2010, they were not considered as part of the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter sampling event.

<sup>7</sup> Due to site access delays, wells AGW166 through AGW171 were installed and first sampled by November 8, 2010. The first official Phase IV monitoring program sampling event that these wells will be included in will be the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2010 (semi-annual) sampling event.

October 6, 2010. The resampling confirmed the initial results. These data results are discussed in Section 4. The resample data is presented in Table 2.

## **2.4 GROUNDWATER LEVEL MONITORING**

Groundwater level monitoring was completed on two occasions. On September 29 and October 1, 2010 all shallow wells in the vicinity of Building 17-07 were measured for groundwater levels as part of the Building 17-07 evaluation. Measurements were collected at all existing wells in and adjacent to the building as well as new well AGW165. During this event, all intermediate and deep wells in the northern portion of the facility were also measured to assist with the evaluation of the Area 1 and western plumes. The six intermediate and deep wells on City of Algona property were not installed during the September/October groundwater level measurement event. Therefore intermediate and deep wells were measured a second time on November 8 and 9, 2010 to incorporate the six City of Algona wells. Groundwater level data is presented in Section 3.

## **3.0 HYDROGEOLOGY**

All summer 2010 RI borings were drilled using a rotosonic method. Prior to this investigation phase, deep wells were drilled with air rotary, percussion (cable tool) or rotosonic method while shallow and intermediate wells were drilled with hollow-stem auger. Rotosonic drilling returns a continuous core of soil. This core in turn allows for a more detailed description of site geology. Geologic data was summarized into a series of four south-to-north cross sections as part of an analysis to refine the site hydrogeologic conceptual model. The cross sections also show the relative screen interval of existing wells. This information is useful in evaluating spatial trends in water quality. Cross section locations are shown on Figure 2. Cross sections are presented on Figures 3 through 6.

### **3.1 GEOLOGY**

Spatial analysis of geologic data in the northern portion of the facility indicates a high degree of variation in soil texture from the ground surface to the silt aquitard at about 80 to 100 ft depth below ground surface (BGS). Most of the soil consists of poorly graded sand (USCS classification SP) and well to poorly graded gravel (USCS classification GW to GP). In places the aquifer grades to a silty sand (USCS classification SM), and occasional silt layers (USCS classification ML) are present. The high degree of variation in soil texture is consistent with a relatively high energy alluvial environment of deposition. The degree of variation is demonstrated on cross sections on Figures 3 through 6.

Review of soil samples from the eighteen summer 2010 RI borings did indicate that soil texture appears to coarsen with depth. In general, the gravel content appeared to increase from the shallow to the deep zone. This is potentially significant because it may indicate that the deep groundwater zone has a higher hydraulic conductivity than the overlying groundwater zones. The relative increase in gravel content is not necessarily evident based on the USCS soil classification symbol<sup>8</sup> shown on the cross sections but was evident in visual examination of the soil.

In certain areas the underlying aquitard was encountered at shallower depths than expected. This occurred along Perimeter Road in the vicinity of the WWPTP at wells AGW034(D), AGW143(D) and AGW146(D) (see Figure 3) and directly north of this area at wells AGW159(D), AGW171(D) and AGW180(D) (see Figure 4). At these locations, the silt aquitard was encountered at about Elevation 0 to Elevation -10 ft, MSL; consequently, the overall saturated thickness of the deep aquifer zone is less,

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<sup>8</sup> Well graded sand (USCS symbol SW) can have gravel content between 0 and 49 percent. Similarly, well graded gravel (GW) can have gravel content between 51 and 100 percent.

possibly resulting in an area or ridge of lower overall aquifer transmissivity<sup>9</sup> extending north from the WWPTP.

### 3.2 GROUNDWATER FLOW

Groundwater levels were contoured to evaluate shallow groundwater flow direction in the vicinity of Building 17-07 and intermediate and deep groundwater flow in the vicinity of the Area 1 and western plumes.

Groundwater flow in the vicinity of Building 17-07 was characterized in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI Report. Data presented in that report indicated that flow varied from north-northwestward in July 2008 to north-northeastward in August 2008 and October 2008. During the summer 2010 RI, groundwater level measurements from the late September and early October 2010 indicated that shallow groundwater flow in the vicinity of Building 17-07 was northward with a slight northeast component. This characterization is similar to the characterization from October 2008 presented in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI Report. Shallow groundwater level contours associated with Building 17-07 from late September/early October 2010 are presented on Figure 7.

Intermediate and deep zone groundwater flow direction was characterized in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI Report as being generally northward over the northern portion of the facility. However, contour plots were based on limited information because of the limited number of intermediate and deep wells that existed at the time the report was issued. At the completion of the winter 2010 RI, intermediate and deep zone contours were prepared for March 2010 and submitted in the 1<sup>st</sup> Quarterly Status Report. These data indicated that gradients were generally northward but with some variation particularly north of the facility. During the summer 2010 RI, after installation of a number of new intermediate and deep wells, groundwater level measurements were collected from late September/early October 2010 and early November 2010. These data confirm the northward flow of groundwater in both the intermediate and deep zones however gradients are not uniform throughout the area of the Area 1 and western plumes. For example, it appears that the gradient shifts from slightly northwest south of 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue Southwest to north or slightly northeast north of this road. Intermediate zone groundwater contours for September/October and November are shown on Figures 8a and 8b respectively. Deep zone groundwater contours for September/October and November are shown of Figures 9a and 9b respectively.

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<sup>9</sup> Transmissivity is the product of aquifer thickness and hydraulic conductivity. By definition, a smaller thickness would equate to a lower transmissivity all else being equal.

## **4.0 GROUNDWATER QUALITY DATA**

Groundwater quality data from the summer 2010 RI and the two previous offsite plume investigation phases were evaluated to update the conceptual model associated with offsite plume source and contaminant migration. The VOC constituents that were detected most consistently during these investigations were TCE, cis-1,2-dichloroethene (cis-1,2-DCE) and vinyl chloride; these constituents are all related in that cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride are breakdown products of TCE. Other detected constituents include 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE) and 1,1-dichloroethane (1,1-DCA); these constituents are related in that they are breakdown products of 1,1,1-trichlorethane (TCA).<sup>10</sup> A summary of the summer 2010 RI results for these five constituents are presented on Figure 10 for reference. Tetrachloroethene (PCE) was also detected intermittently at low concentrations. These data are not included on figures since PCE was typically not considered a constituent of concern for Building 17-07 and Area 1 based on data presented in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI. PCE data however is included on tables and discussed in the text as appropriate.

### **4.1 BUILDING 17-07 SHALLOW ZONE INVESTIGATION**

A review (Landau Associates 2010c) was conducted of Building 17-07 historical practices and infrastructure. This review indicated that Building 17-07 is a potential source of VOC contamination mainly because of a former TCE degreaser (SWMU S-13a) that operated from 1966 to 1995 in the south central portion of the building (Landau Associates 2010c). In addition to its use in the degreaser, TCE was presumably stored adjacent to the SWMU S-13a degreaser.

The Building 17-07 TCE source investigation portion of the summer 2010 RI included shallow borehole sampling at two intermediate well locations [AGW163(I) and AGW164(I)] and the sampling of a shallow well (AGW165). Additionally, sampling of six shallow wells that are not part of the Phase IV groundwater monitoring program was conducted since those locations had not been sampled in over a decade.

Current concentrations of TCE in the shallow zone are very low everywhere at and near Building 17-07. The area where TCE is detected most consistently is near and south of the former TCE degreaser. However, with the exception of TCE detected at 3.7 µg/L at well AGW037, all TCE concentrations are currently below 2 µg/L. Well AGW037 was installed next to the former degreaser. New well AGW165, was installed directly north (i.e., downgradient) of the chrome sump (SWMU S-34) located next to the

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<sup>10</sup> TCA was only detected twice during sampling events conducted between September and November 2010. TCA was detected at 0.2 µg/L at AGW160(I) and at 0.3 µg/L at AGW180(D). These two wells are adjacent to each other located directly south of 15<sup>th</sup> Street SW.

former degreaser. TCE was detected at 1.9 µg/L at this well. Most recent TCE sampling data in and around the WWPTP, adjacent to Building 17-07, did not exceed 1 µg/L. Historically, the highest shallow zone TCE concentrations in the vicinity of Building 17-07 were detected near the northeast corner of the building at wells installed for AOC A-01.<sup>11</sup> The maximum concentration was 9.3 µg/L at well AGW009. Concentrations have declined at this cluster of seven wells to where only one location has a TCE detection based on most recent sample results (TCE is 1.3 µg/L at AGW017). A summary of shallow zone TCE concentration data is presented on Figure 11.

Current concentrations of cis-1,2-DCE are also very low in the shallow zone. However the pattern of detections is slightly different than TCE and more closely resembles the pattern for vinyl chloride. Vinyl chloride is the VOC that has the highest detected shallow zone concentrations. Current concentrations are elevated (i.e., greater than 5 µg/L) directly north of Building 17-07 at Building 17-35 (SWMU S-18) at two locations (boring ASB0145 and well AGW152). Vinyl chloride was also detected at 6.1 µg/L at the shallow borehole sample at new well AGW164(I). Slightly elevated vinyl chloride concentrations are also detected near the northwest corner of the building at well AGW025 (vinyl chloride is 2.6 µg/L). A summary of cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride concentration data is presented in Figures 12 and 13 respectively.

Current concentrations of PCE, 1,1-DCE and 1,1-DCA are extremely low. These constituents were only occasionally detected in the vicinity of Building 17-07. For example, 1,1-DCE was only detected at three locations (AGW038, AGW040 and AGW131) based on most recent concentrations; the maximum concentration is 0.078 µg/L. 1,1-DCA was also only detected at three locations (AGW038, AGW039 and AGW079) based on most recent concentrations; the maximum concentration is 0.5 µg/L. The maximum PCE concentration detected during the most recent sampling round is 0.068 µg/L at AGW050. A summary of 1,1-DCE and 1,1-DCA concentration data is presented in Figures 14 and 15 respectively. The most recent PCE concentration data is presented in Table 2.

## 4.2 OFFSITE SHALLOW ZONE INVESTIGATION

As part of the western plume investigation conducted during the summer 2010 RI, borehole groundwater samples were collected in the shallow zone at each of the intermediate well clusters [AGW166(I), AGW168(I), AGW170(I), AGW177(I) and AGW179(I)]. All five of these well clusters are located northwest of the site, west of Perimeter Road but south of 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue Southwest. VOCs were detected at all locations. A summary of VOC detections at these well locations is included on Figure 10.

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<sup>11</sup> AOC A-01 consists of former gasoline and diesel underground storage tanks. These tanks are not suspected of being a source of TCE.

TCE was detected in all of these borehole samples except AGW179(I) (30 ft-BHS). Detected concentrations ranged from 3.0 µg/l to 8.6 µg/L. At AGW179(I) (30 ft-BHS) cis-1,2-DCE was detected at 6.5 µg/L. Cis-1,2-DCE was also detected at the other four shallow zone borehole sample locations between 1.9 µg/L and 6.4 µg/L. Vinyl chloride, 1,1-DCE, and 1,1-DCA were also detected at some of the shallow borehole sample locations. PCE was detected at all five of the shallow borehole locations. The maximum concentration was 0.12 µg/L at AGW170(I) (28.5 ft-BHS).

At AGW177(I) (29 ft-BHS) all six VOC constituents of interest were detected. TCE, cis-1,2-DCE and 1,1-DCE were detected at concentrations that are higher than current concentrations in the Building 17-07 area. The TCE concentration was 8.6 µg/L, which is higher than any other historical shallow zone TCE detection at the facility<sup>12</sup> with the exception of Area 1 and select wells at AOC A-01. The occurrence of VOCs at this location in particular and shallow zone offsite groundwater in general does not appear to be consistent with spatial shallow zone VOC concentration trends detected at the facility.

#### **4.3 INTERMEDIATE ZONE VOC PLUMES**

The summer 2010 RI groundwater sample results helped define the nature and extent of intermediate zone VOC plumes. The primary constituent in both the western plume and the Area 1 plume is TCE though cis-1,2-DCE, vinyl chloride, PCE, 1,1-DCE and 1,1-DCA are also detected, particularly in the western plume.

The western TCE plume appears to extend from the northern portion of Building 17-07 approximately 5,000 ft downgradient to AGW176(I). The plume is relatively dilute [i.e., the current maximum concentration is 11 µg/L at AGW145(I)] and is long and relatively narrow. The plume appears to flow slightly to the northwest before bending back toward the northeast downgradient of 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue SW. The Area 1 TCE plume appears to show a similar pattern though offsite concentrations are slightly lower. Approximate extents of intermediate zone TCE plumes are shown on Figure 16.

Cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride are also detected in the intermediate zone plumes. During the most recent sampling event, the maximum cis-1,2-DCE concentration is 7.5 µg/L at AGW145(I) located north of the WWPTP; the maximum vinyl chloride concentration is 6.8 µg/L at AGW155(I) located on the facility between the WWPTP and Building 17-07. The detections of these two constituents are shown on Figures 17 and 18 respectively.

PCE, 1,1-DCE and 1,1-DCA were also occasionally detected at intermediate zone well locations during the most recent sampling. The highest PCE concentration is 0.25 µg/L at AGW157(I) located on

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<sup>12</sup> Based on the RI database for groundwater that consists of data from 1995 to present.

the facility north of Building 17-07 adjacent to Perimeter Road on the PSE Interurban Trail. The highest 1,1-DCE concentration is 0.4 µg/L at AGW147(I) located north of Area 1 adjacent to Perimeter Road on the PSE Interurban Trail. The highest 1,1-DCA concentrations were 0.9 and 1.1 µg/L at AGW055R(I) (located in Area 1) and AGW147(I) respectively.

#### **4.4 DEEP ZONE VOC PLUMES**

There appears to be a defined deep zone western TCE plume that follows a pattern similar to the intermediate zone TCE plume. The highest TCE concentration based on most recent sampling data is 5.2 µg/L at AGW159(D) located on Boundary Boulevard northwest of the facility. TCE is also detected in the deep zone within the footprint of the Area 1 intermediate zone plume, however concentrations are very low; the highest TCE concentration based on most recent sampling data is 0.9 µg/L at AGW138(D). The very low concentrations make it difficult to define a plume in the deep zone associated with Area 1. Deep zone TCE concentrations are shown on Figure 19.

Cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride were also detected in the deep zone western plume during the most recent sampling event. Cis-1,2-DCE was detected at all deep western plume locations except AGW143(D). The maximum cis-1,2-DCE concentration is 2.0 µg/L at AGW146(D). The maximum vinyl chloride concentration is 0.36 at AGW146(D). The detections of these two constituents are shown on Figures 20 and 21 respectively. During the most recent sampling round, PCE was detected at four deep zone locations. The maximum concentration was 0.067 µg/L at AGW180(D). 1,1-DCE was not detected. 1,1DCA was only detected at AGW180(D) at 0.3 µg/L.

## **5.0 DISCUSSION**

The summer 2010 RI provided additional information to define the hydrogeologic conceptual model offsite to the north of the facility. Groundwater flow in this area is northward, however there is some variation in horizontal gradients from northwestward to slightly northeastward. The variation in gradients may be due to changes in aquifer transmissivity or variations in groundwater recharge or discharge. Changes in aquifer transmissivity appear to occur due to changes in the elevation of the top of the underlying aquitard. Recharge and discharge may be affected by the relative amount of impervious surface or constructed wetland features that appear to be present north of the site (e.g., the property directly west of the Fana property is a maintained wetland).

Additional data collected during the recent investigation helped further define two intermediate zone VOC plumes that flow northward and beyond the facility boundary. The Area 1 and western plumes are similar in that TCE is the major constituent and the plumes are fairly narrow with relatively low TCE concentrations. However the western plume extends further vertically into the deep zone and contains higher concentrations of secondary VOC constituents such as cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride. Current data indicate that the leading edge of both plumes extends beyond the northernmost wells. Additional field investigations will be necessary to identify the extent of both the western and Area 1 plumes.

Also, relatively low, but significant concentrations of VOCs were detected in shallow borehole samples at offsite western plume wells. During the 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised RI, shallow wells and borings were installed along Perimeter Road that confirmed that shallow zone VOC contamination was not migrating offsite northwest of Perimeter Road. The detections of VOCs in this area may be indicative of another source of VOC contamination that is not part of the Boeing facility. Additional investigations will be necessary to identify the source and nature and extent of offsite shallow zone VOC contamination.

The source of the Area 1 plume was previously identified as SWMU S-12b (former TCE degreaser) and AOC A-08 (former tank line). However the source of the western plume has not been identified. Historically, TCE concentrations at Building 17-07 have been relatively low (i.e., less than 4 µg/L) and do not appear to be indicative of a source consistent with the nature and extent of the western plume. The three additional wells installed in and around Building 17-07 during the summer 2010 RI were consistent with historical data in that concentrations were low. Additional field investigations will be required to identify the western plume source.

LANDAU ASSOCIATES, INC.



Eric F. Weber, L.G.  
Principal

EFW/jas

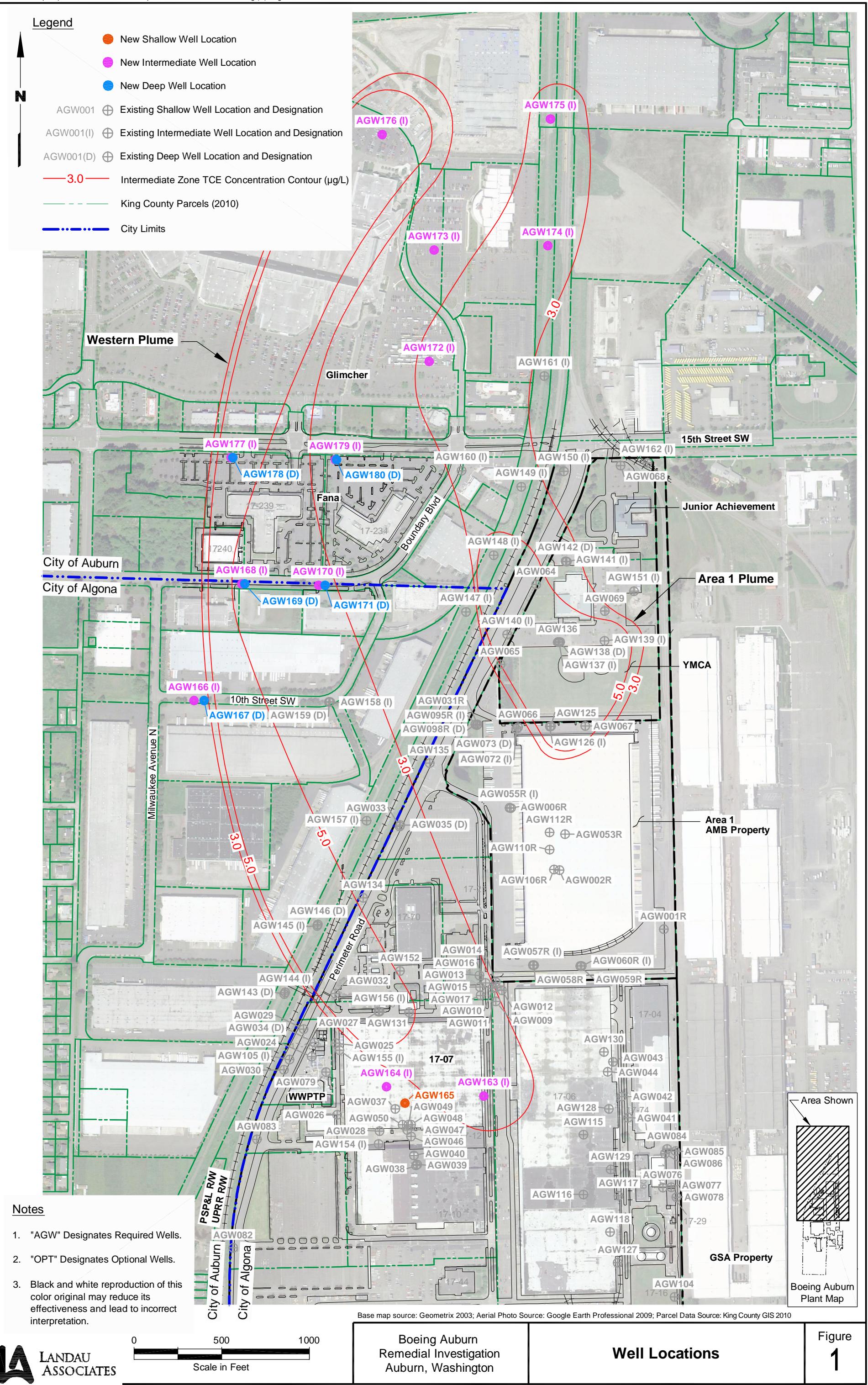
## **6.0 REFERENCES**

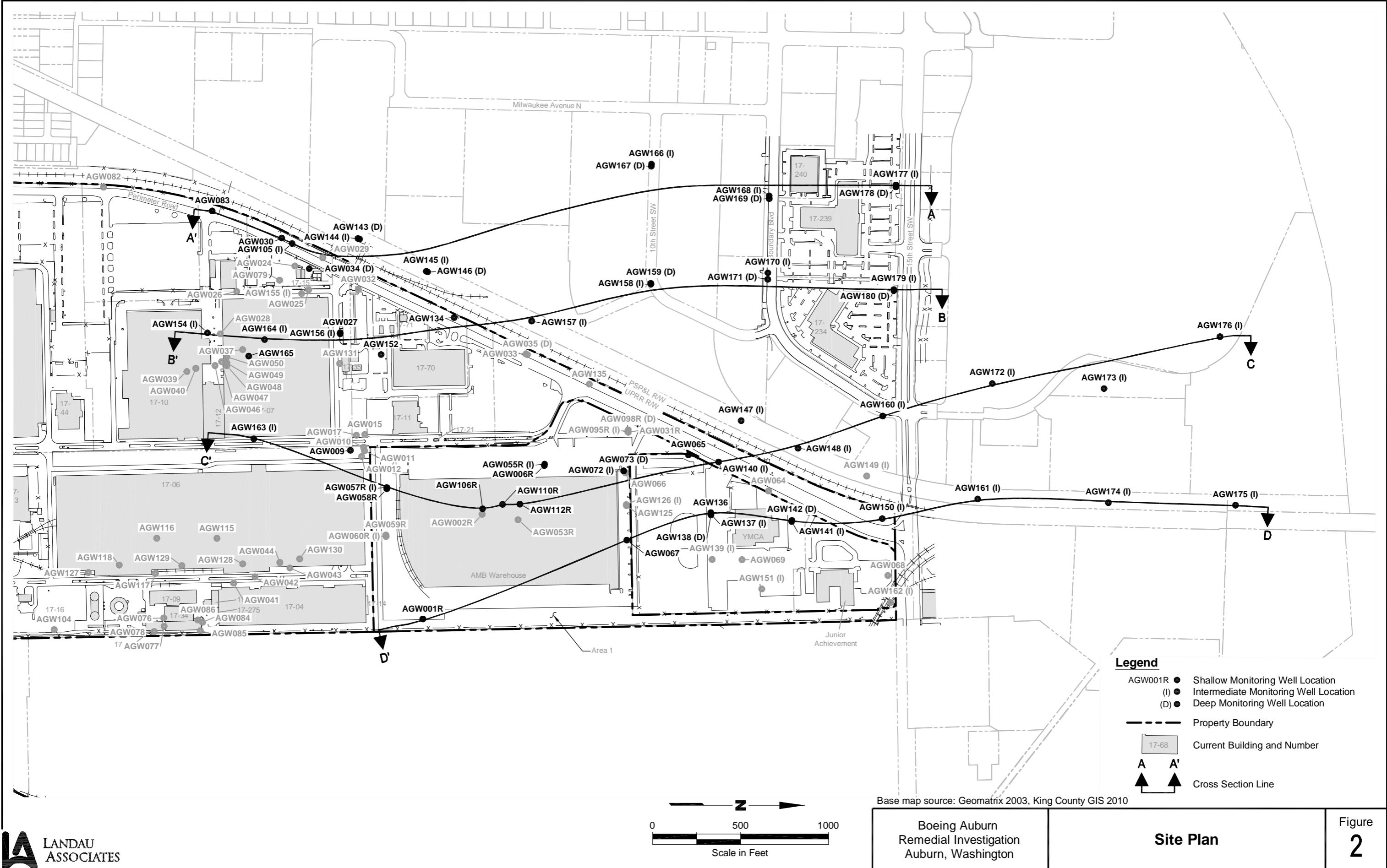
Landau Associates 2010a. *Status Report: No. 30, January Through March 2010 Activity Period, Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, Auburn Plant, WAD 041337130, RCRA Corrective Action Agreed Order No. 01HWTRNR-3345.* Letter from Eric Weber, Landau Associates to Robin Harrover, Ecology. April 15.

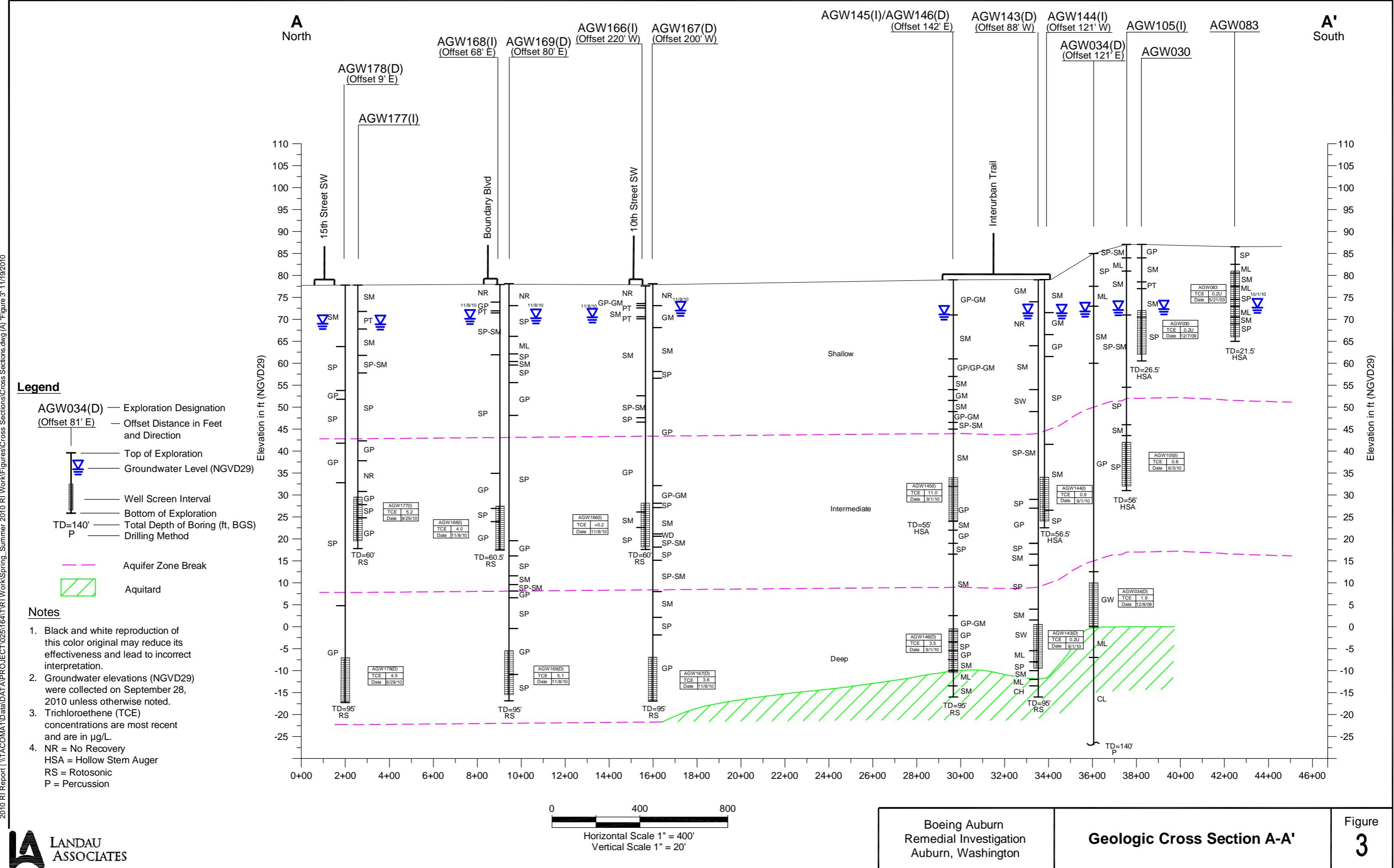
Landau Associates 2010b. *Agency Review Draft Work Plan Boeing Auburn Remedial Investigation 700 15th Street Southwest Auburn, Washington.* Prepared for the Boeing Company. July 21

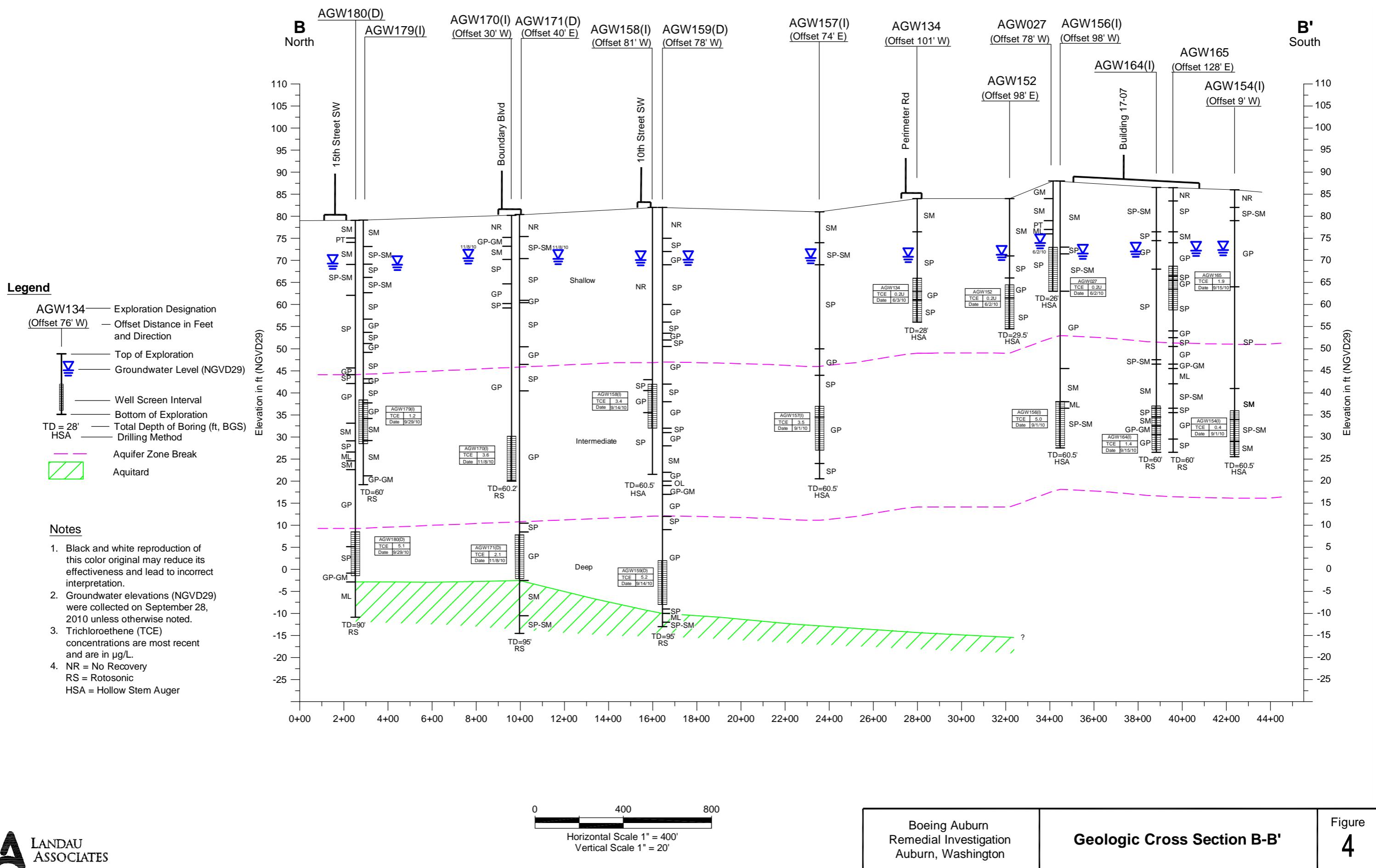
Landau Associates, 2010c. *Technical Memorandum: Building 17-07 TCE Source Evaluation.* July 19.

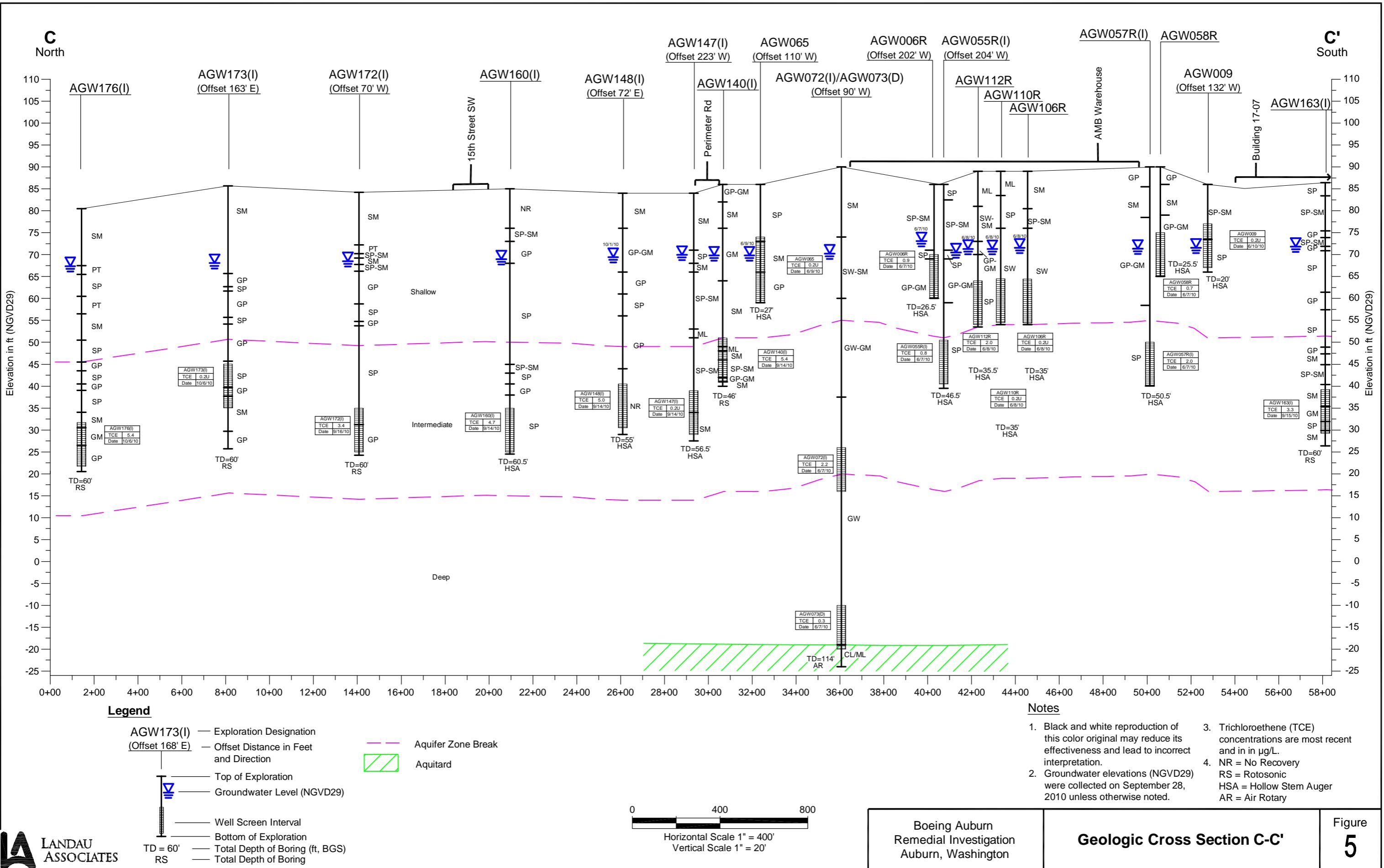
Landau Associates, 2009. *2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Ecology Review Draft Remedial Investigation Report – Boeing Auburn Fabrication Division Facility – Auburn, Washington.* Prepared for the Boeing Company. April 2009.

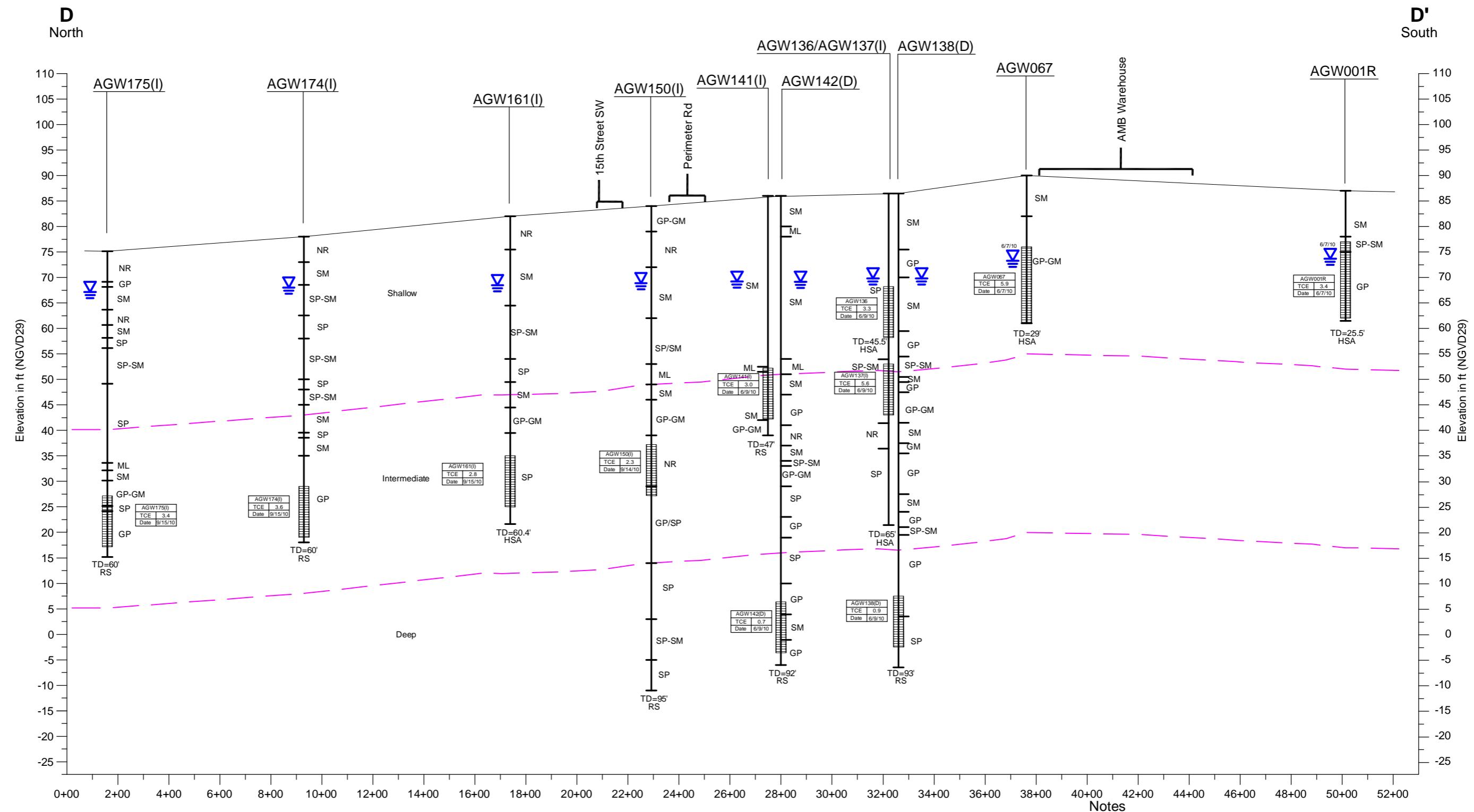




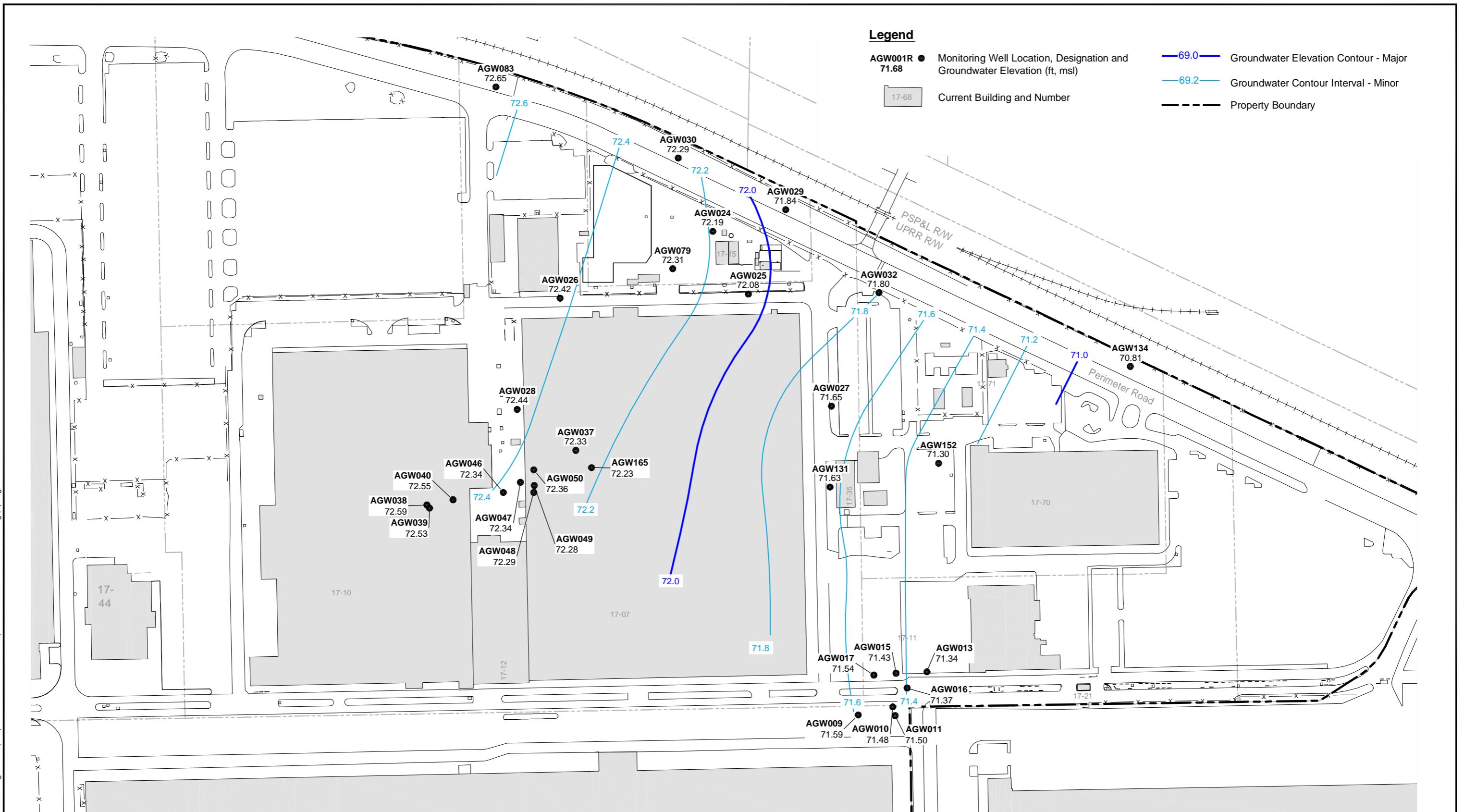






**Legend**

- AGW175(I) — Exploration Designation
- Top of Exploration
- Groundwater Level (NGVD29)
- Well Screen Interval
- Bottom of Exploration
- Total Depth of Boring (ft, BGS)
- Drilling Method



## Notes

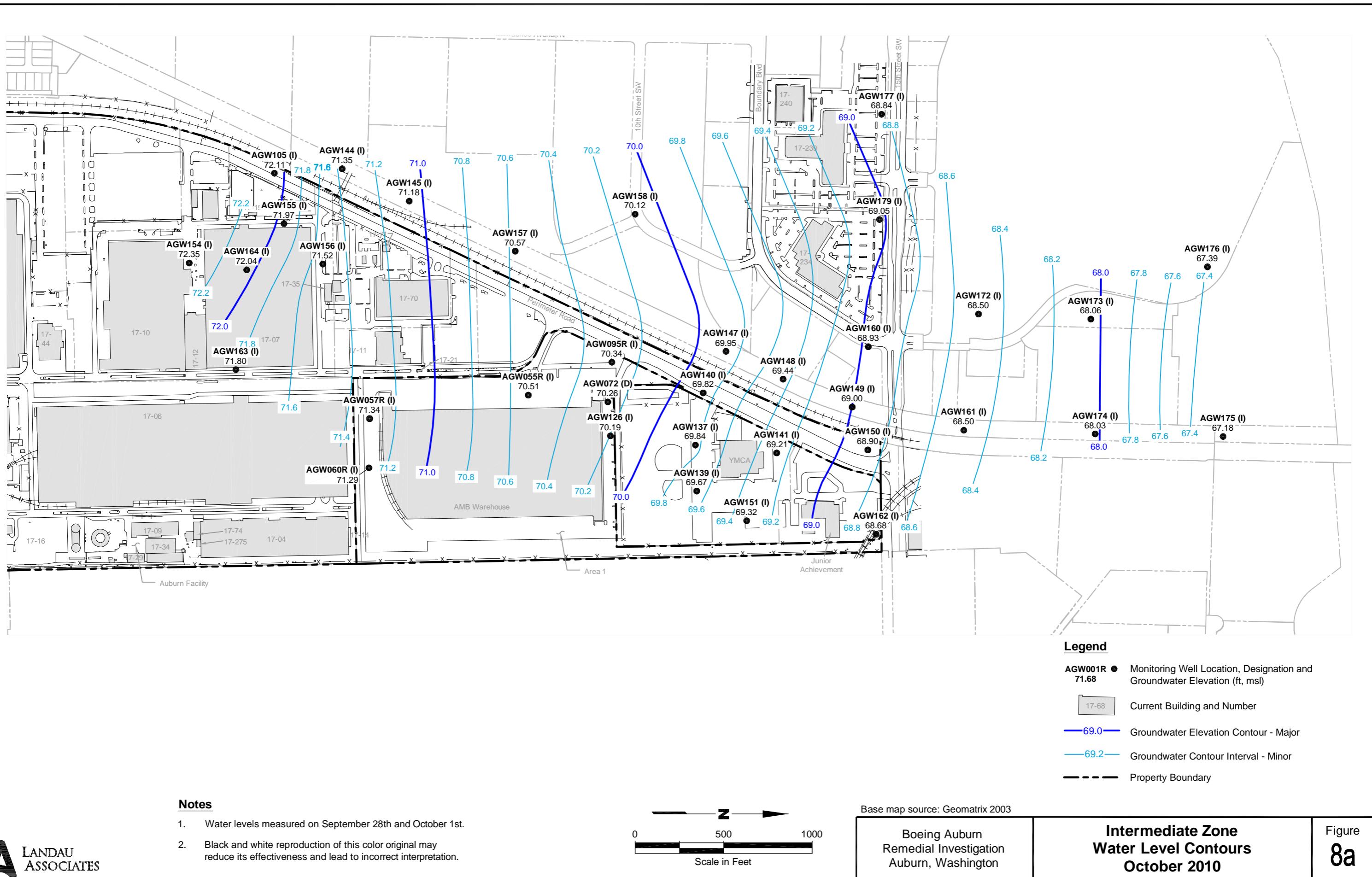
1. Water levels measured on September 28th and October 1st
  2. Black and white reproduction of this color original may reduce its effectiveness and lead to incorrect interpretation.

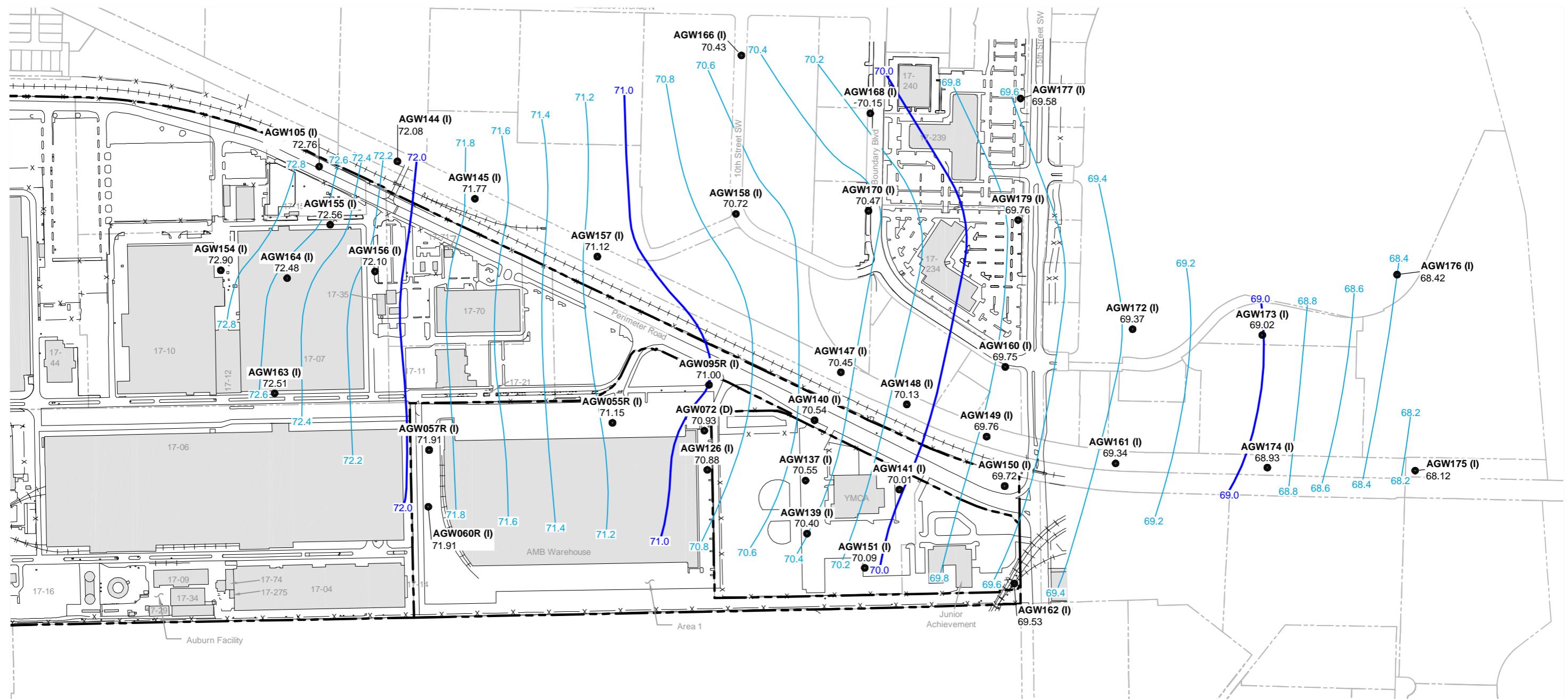
Scale in Feet

Base map source: Geomatrix 2003

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

# **Building 17-07 Shallow Zone Water Level Contours October 2010**

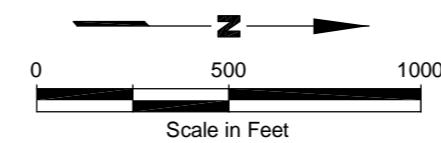


**Legend**

- Monitoring Well Location, Designation and Groundwater Elevation (ft, msl)
- 17-68 Current Building and Number
- 69.0 — Groundwater Elevation Contour - Major
- 69.2 — Groundwater Contour Interval - Minor
- - - Property Boundary

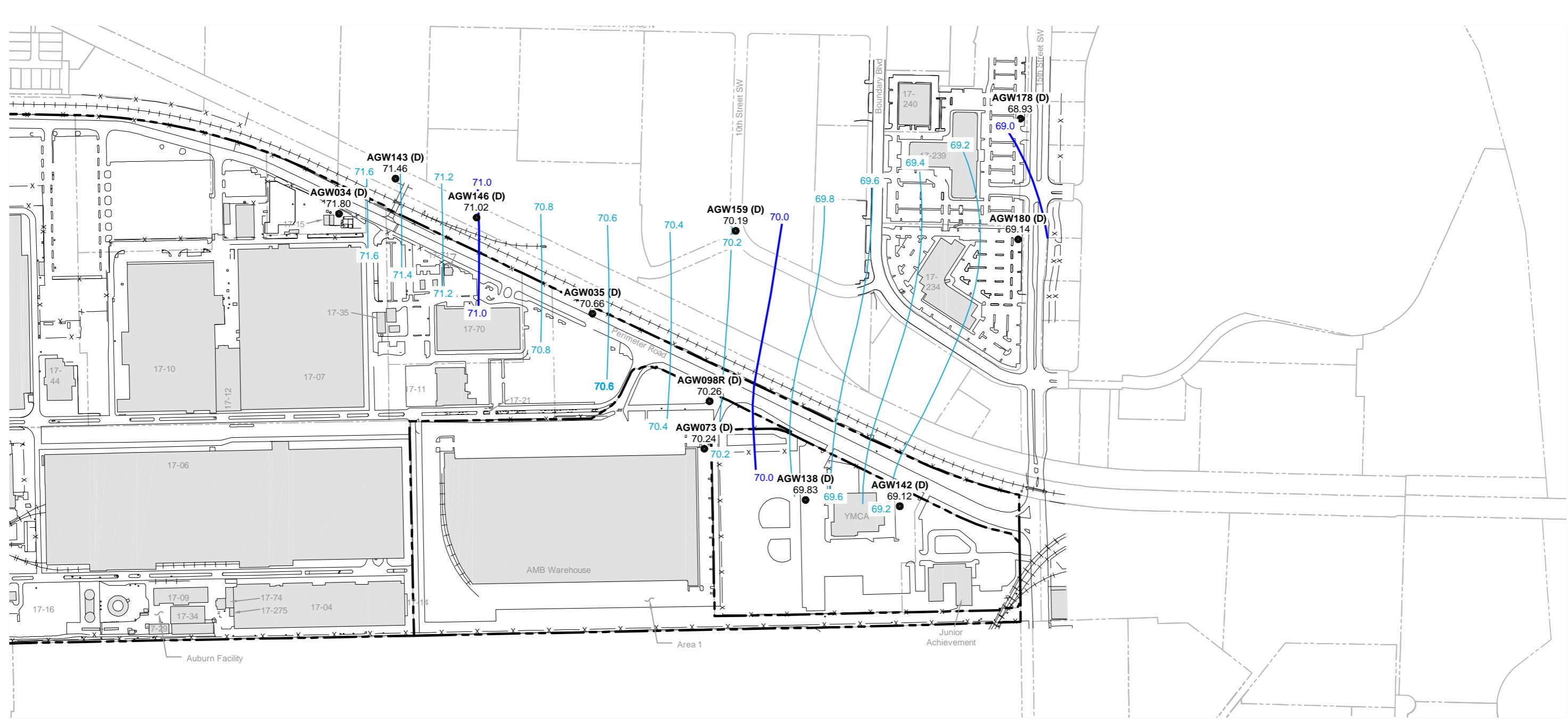
**Notes**

1. Water levels measured on November 8th and 9th.
2. Black and white reproduction of this color original may reduce its effectiveness and lead to incorrect interpretation.



Base map source: Geomatrix 2003

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington
**Intermediate Zone  
Water Level Contours  
November 2010**

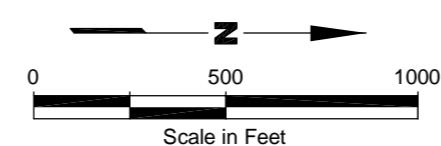


### Legend

- AGW001R ● Monitoring Well Location, Designation and  
71.68 Groundwater Elevation (ft, msl)
- 17-68 Current Building and Number
- 69.0 — Groundwater Elevation Contour - Major
- 69.2 — Groundwater Contour Interval - Minor
- - - - - Property Boundary

### Notes

1. Water levels measured on September 28th and October 1st.
2. Black and white reproduction of this color original may reduce its effectiveness and lead to incorrect interpretation.

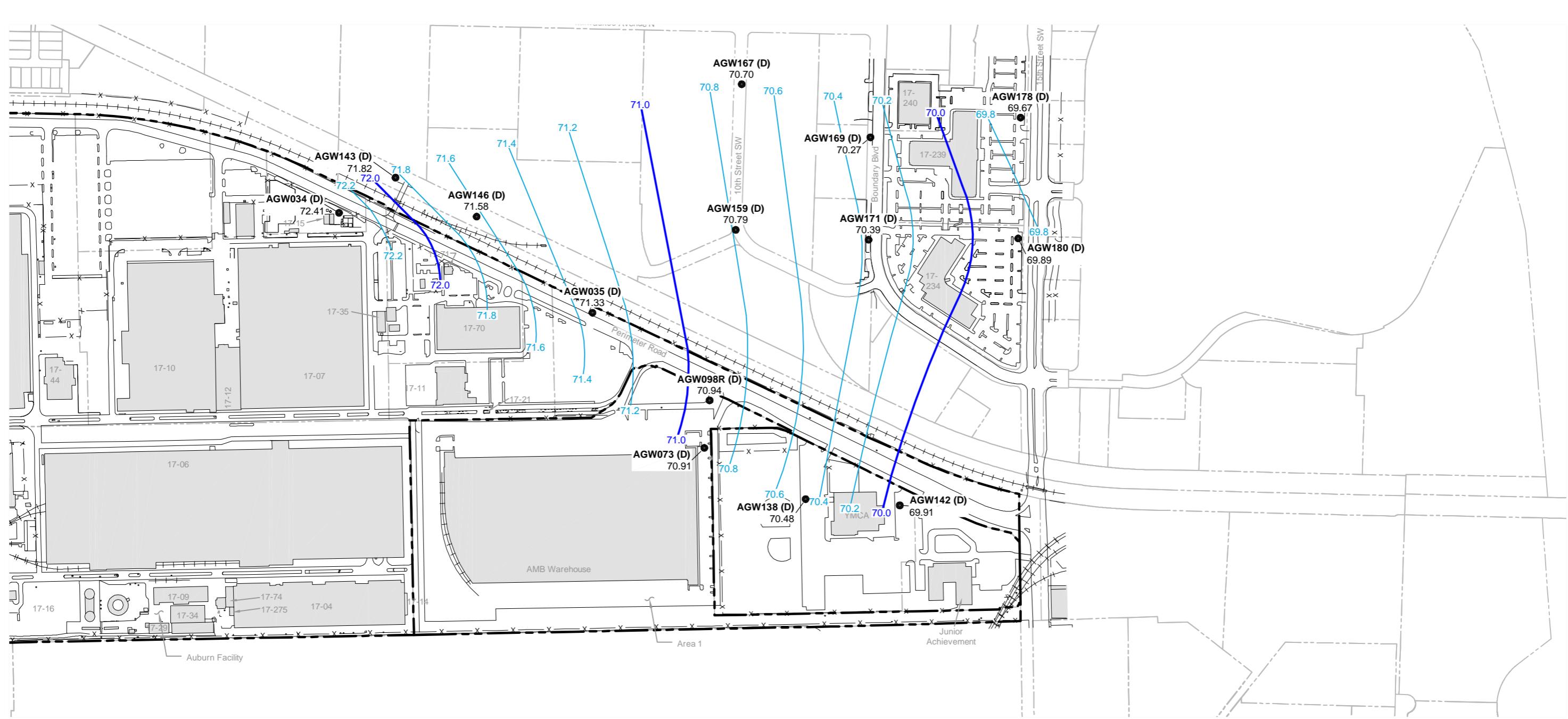


Base map source: Geomatrix 2003

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

**Deep Zone  
Water Level Contours  
October 2010**

Figure  
**9a**

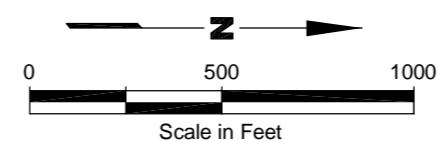


#### Legend

- AGW001R ● Monitoring Well Location, Designation and Groundwater Elevation (ft, msl)
- 17-68 Current Building and Number
- 69.0 — Groundwater Elevation Contour - Major
- 69.2 — Groundwater Contour Interval - Minor
- - - Property Boundary

#### Notes

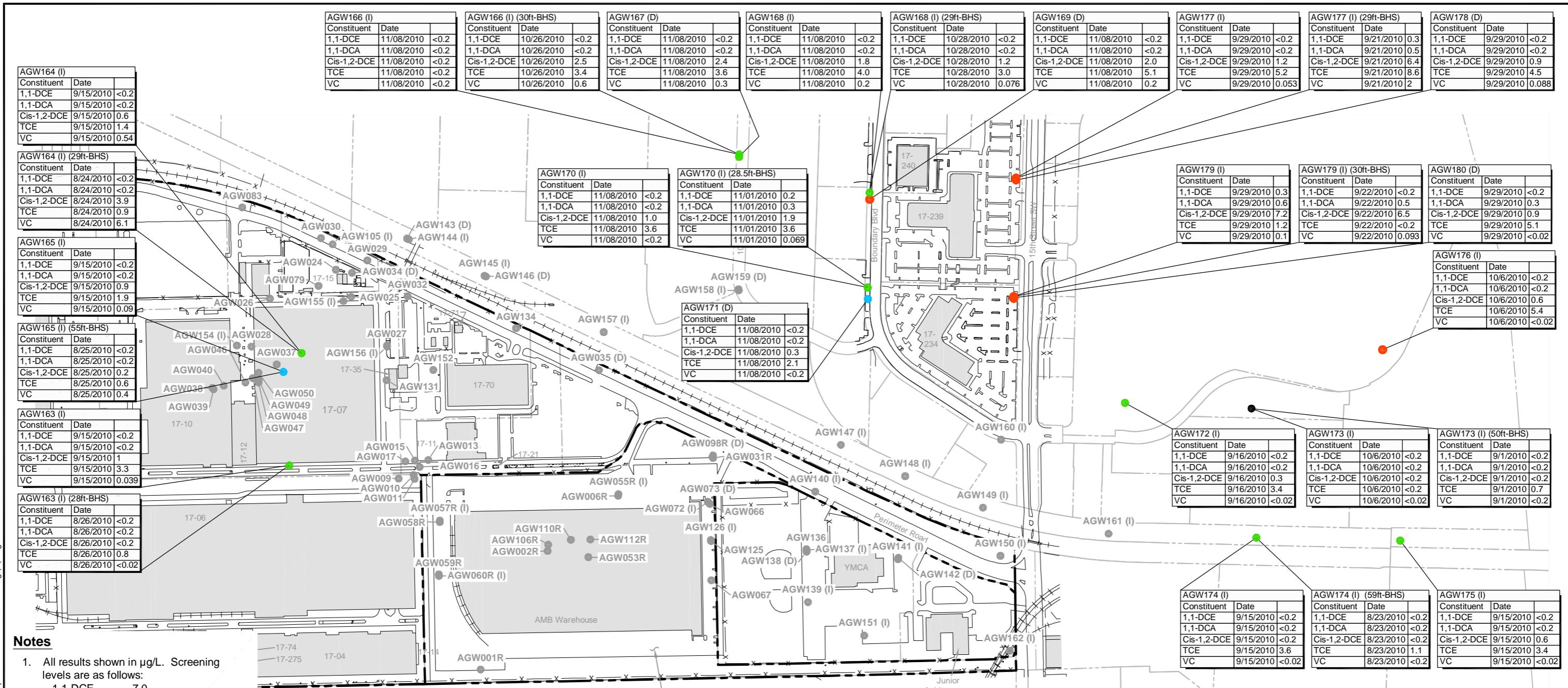
1. Water levels measured on November 8th and 9th.
2. Black and white reproduction of this color original may reduce its effectiveness and lead to incorrect interpretation.



Base map source: Geomatrix 2003

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

**Deep Zone  
Water Level Contours  
November 2010**

**Notes**

- All results shown in µg/L. Screening levels are as follows:  
1,1-DCE 7.0  
1,1-DCA 1600  
Cis-1,2-DCE 70  
TCE 0.49  
VC 0.029
- ND = Compound Not Detected at Indicated Reporting Limit.
- BHS = Borehole Sample.
- "Max" concentration: For wells with non-detect data, the lowest recorded detection limit is used as the maximum historical concentration.
- Black and white reproduction of this color original may reduce its effectiveness and lead to incorrect interpretation .

**Legend**

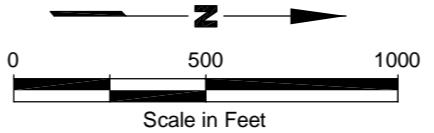
- AGW026 ● Monitoring Well Location
- TCE Detection = ≥ 5 µg/L
- TCE Detection = 3 < 5 µg/L
- TCE Detection = 1 < 3 µg/L
- TCE Detection = < 1 µg/L

(Color codes apply to most recent data only)

Property Boundary

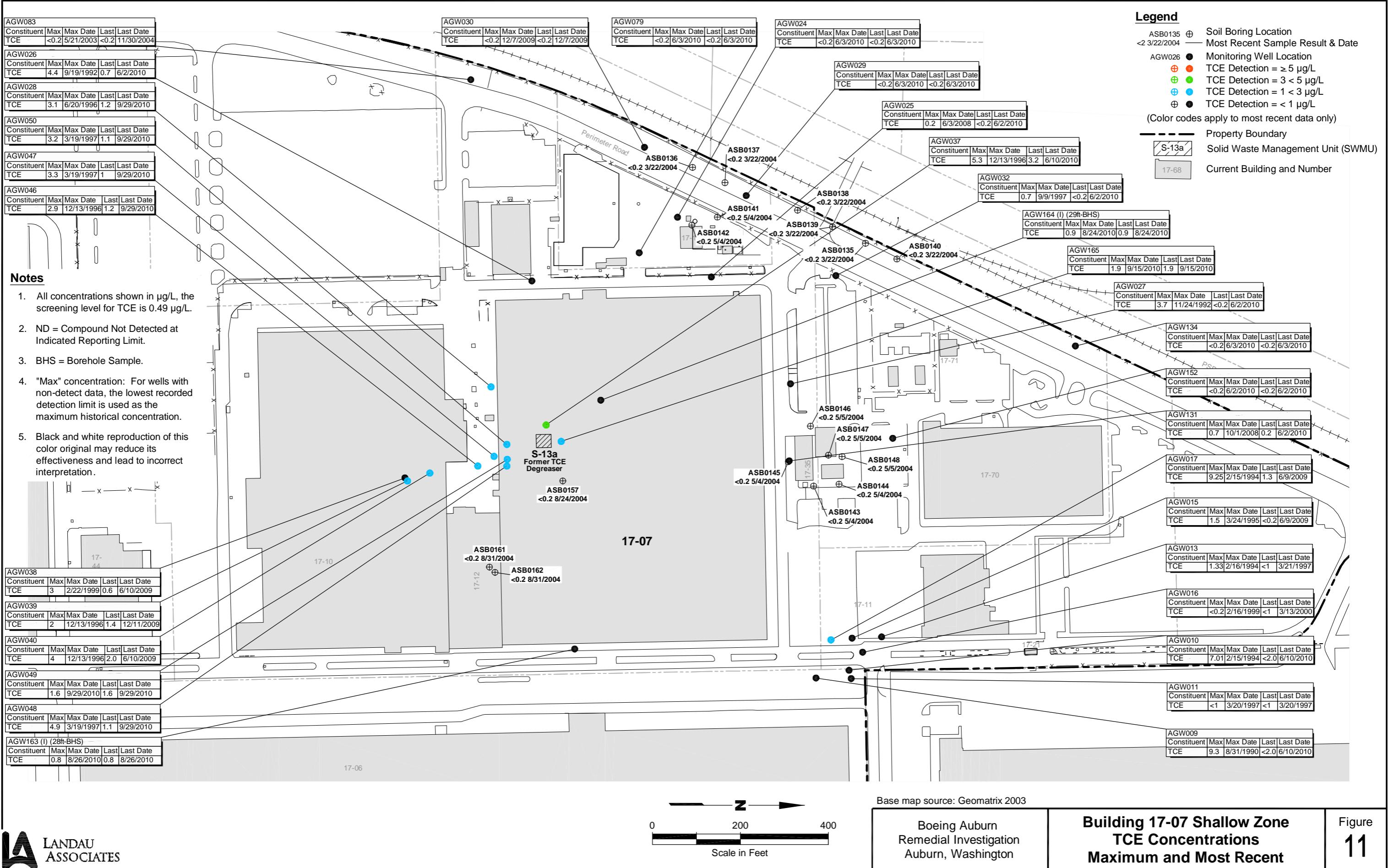
Current Building and Number

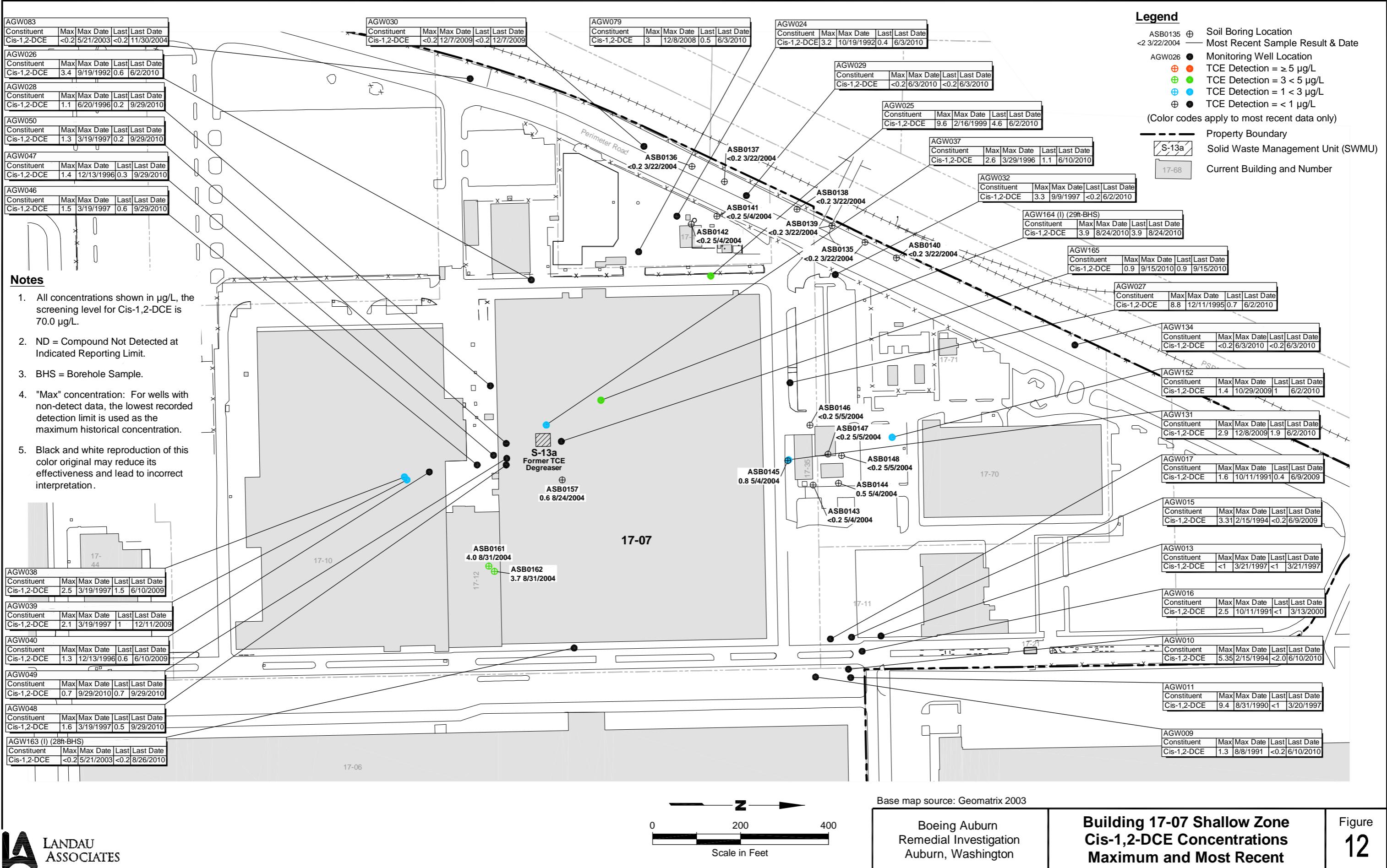
17-68

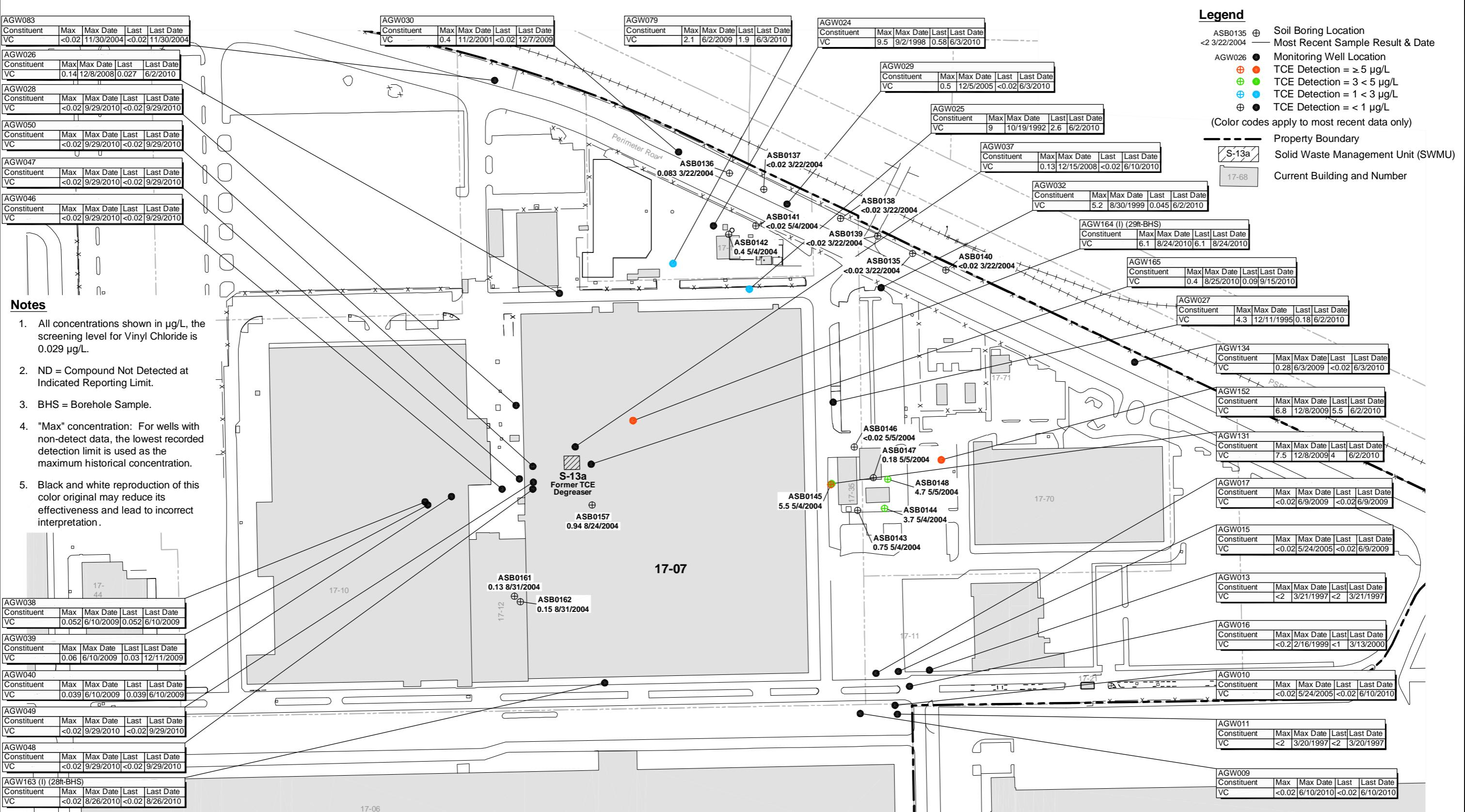


Base map source: Geomatrix 2003

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington**New Well VOC Concentrations  
Most Recent****Figure  
10**







Base map source: Geomatrix 2003  
0 200 400  
Scale in Feet

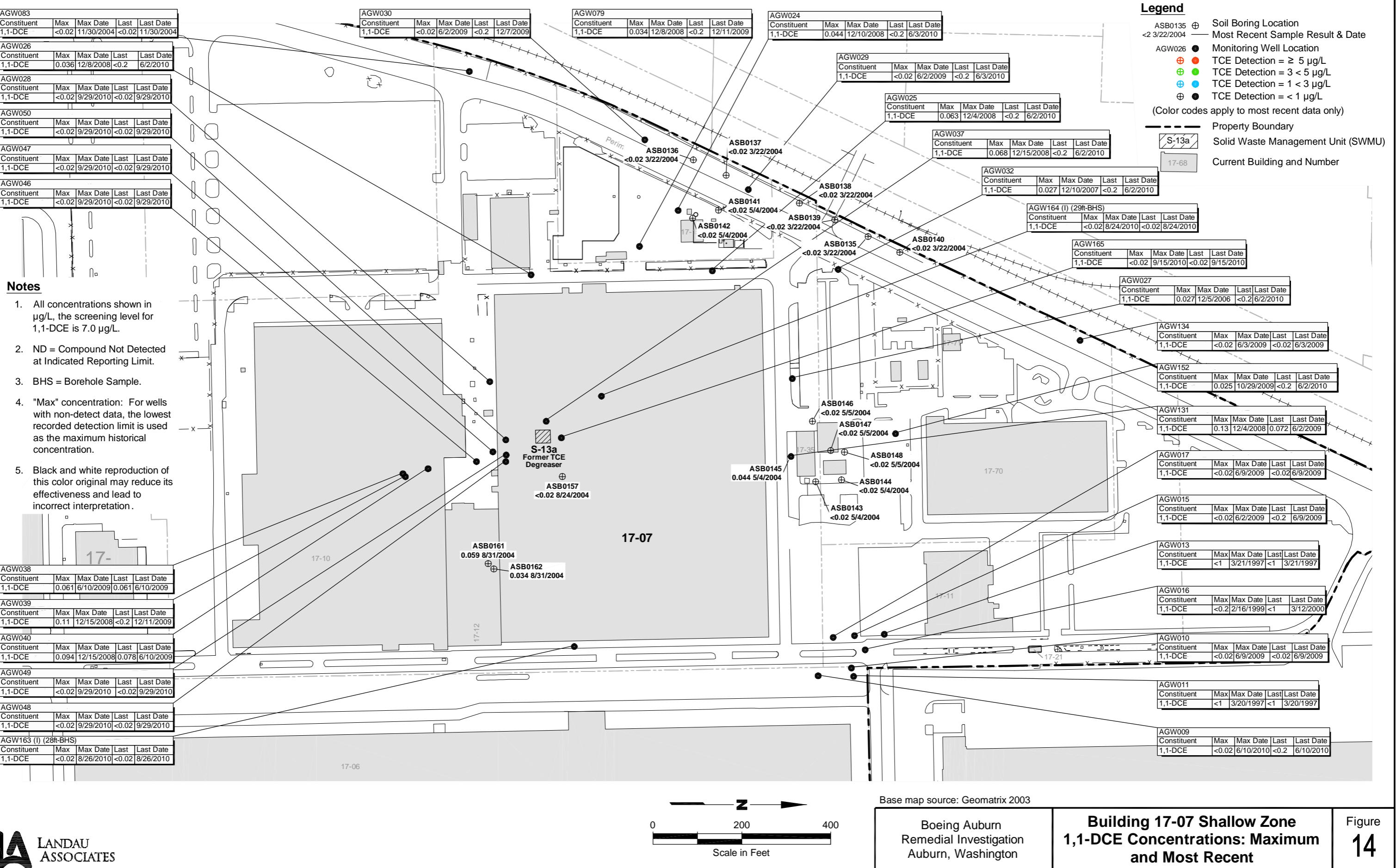
Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

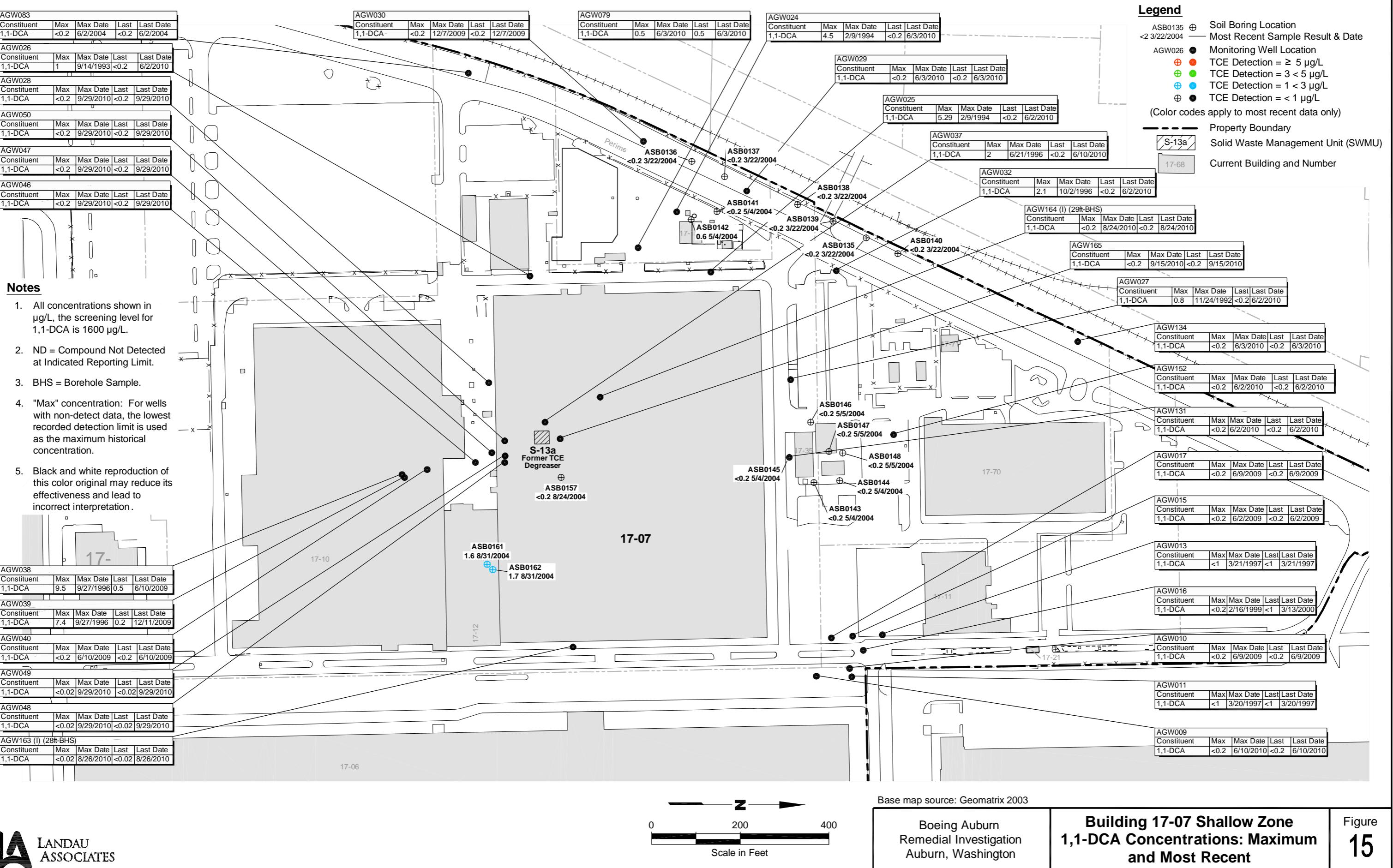
Building 17-07 Shallow Zone  
Vinyl Chloride Concentrations  
Maximum and Most Recent

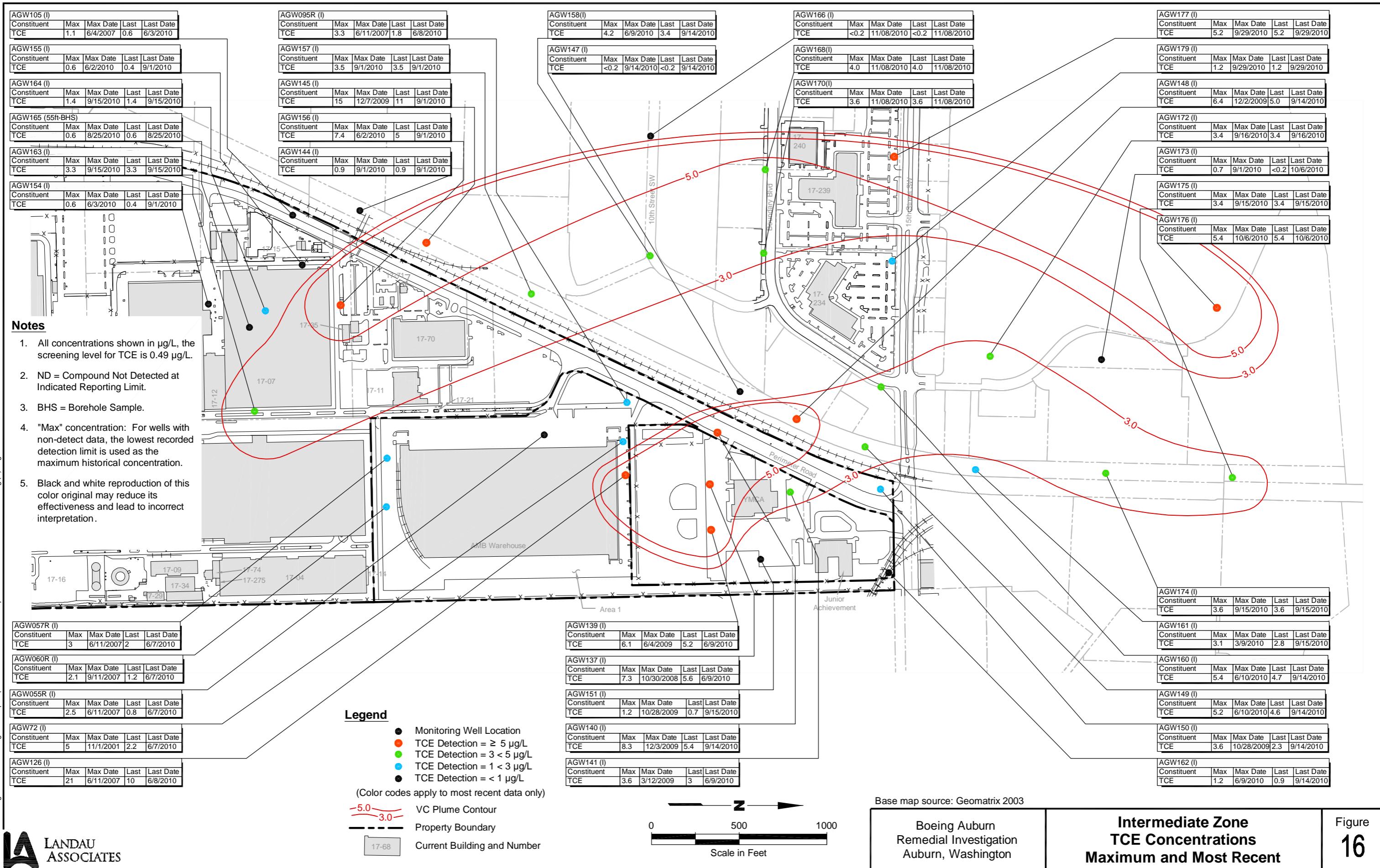


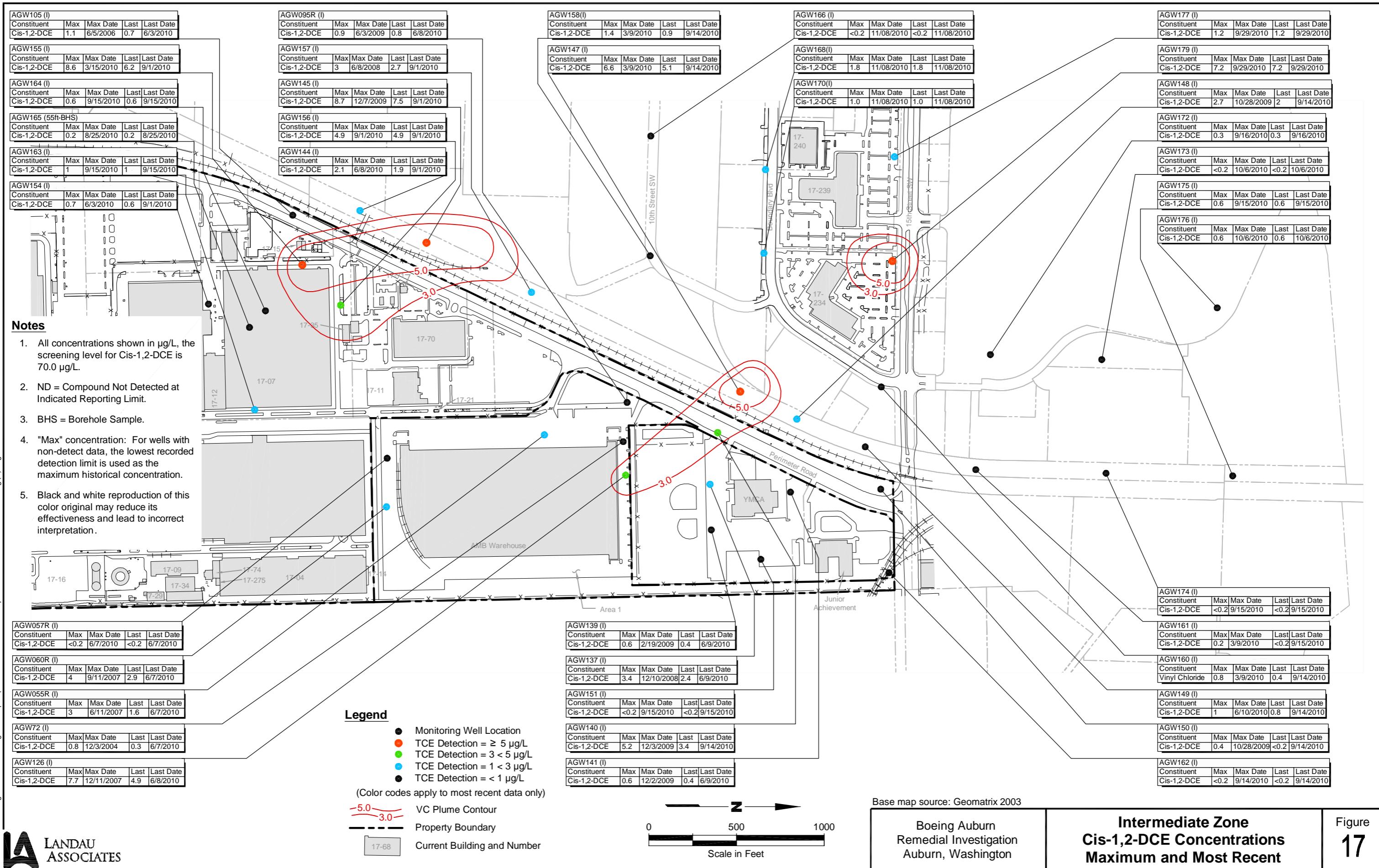
LANDAU  
ASSOCIATES

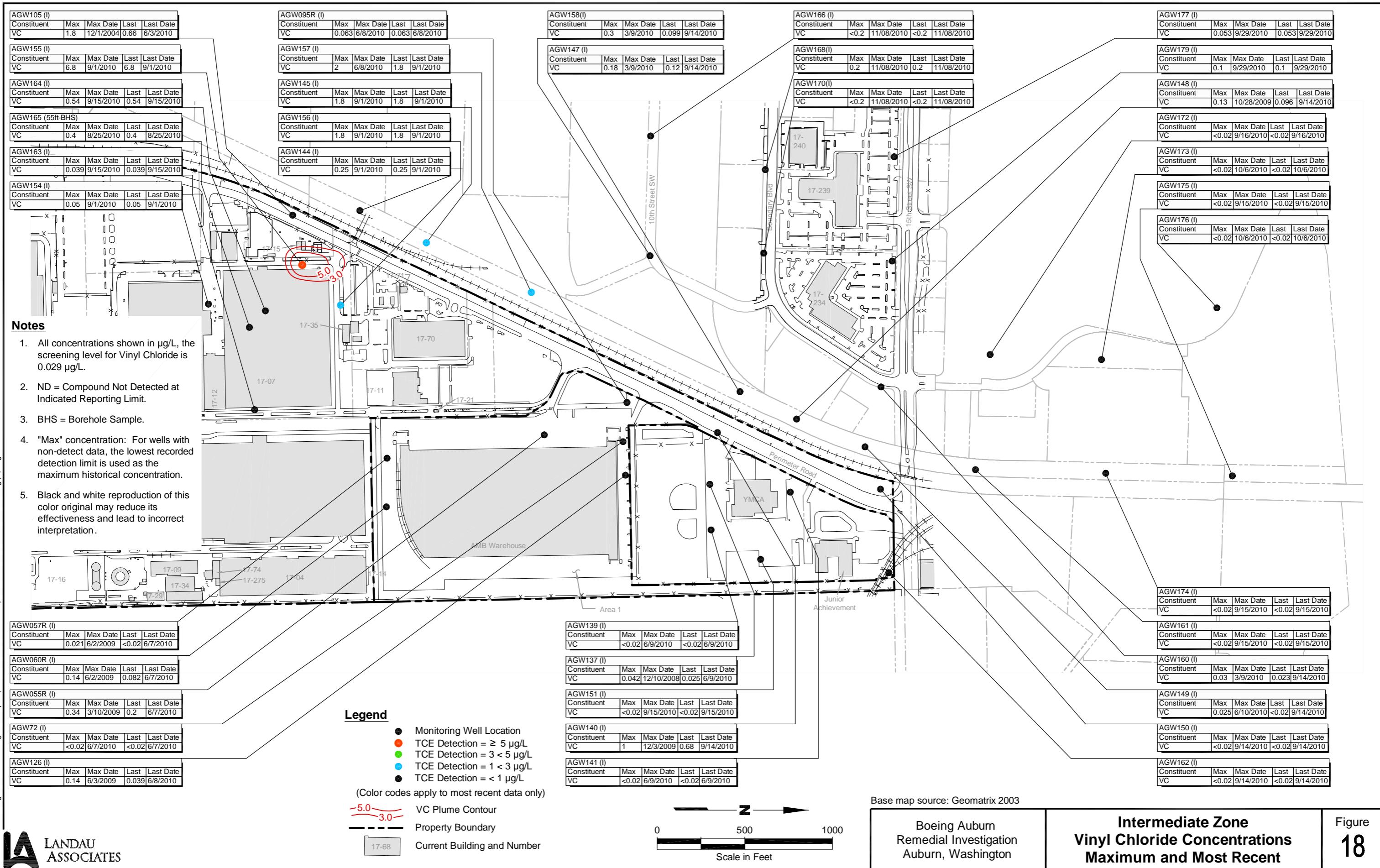
Figure  
13

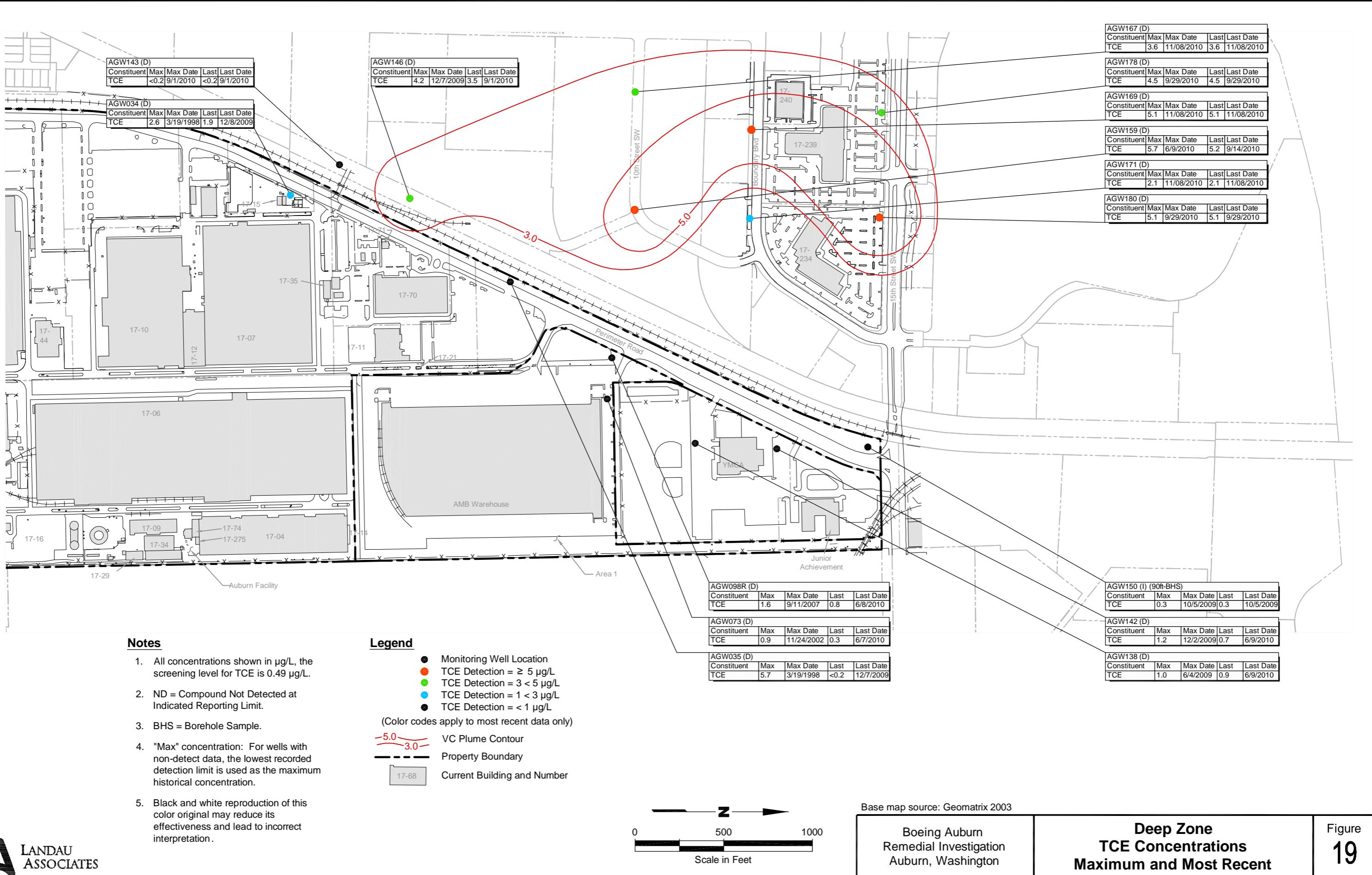


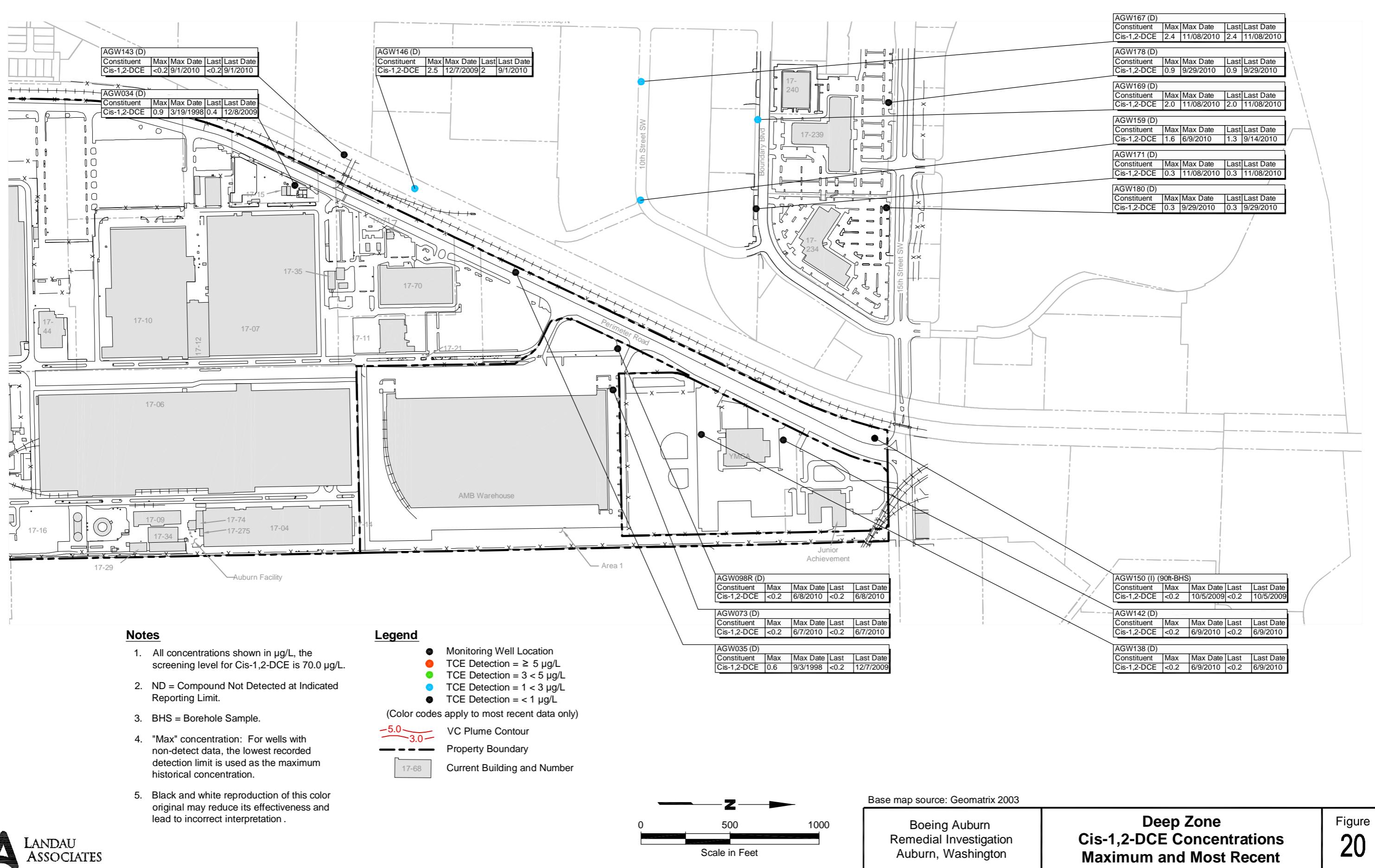


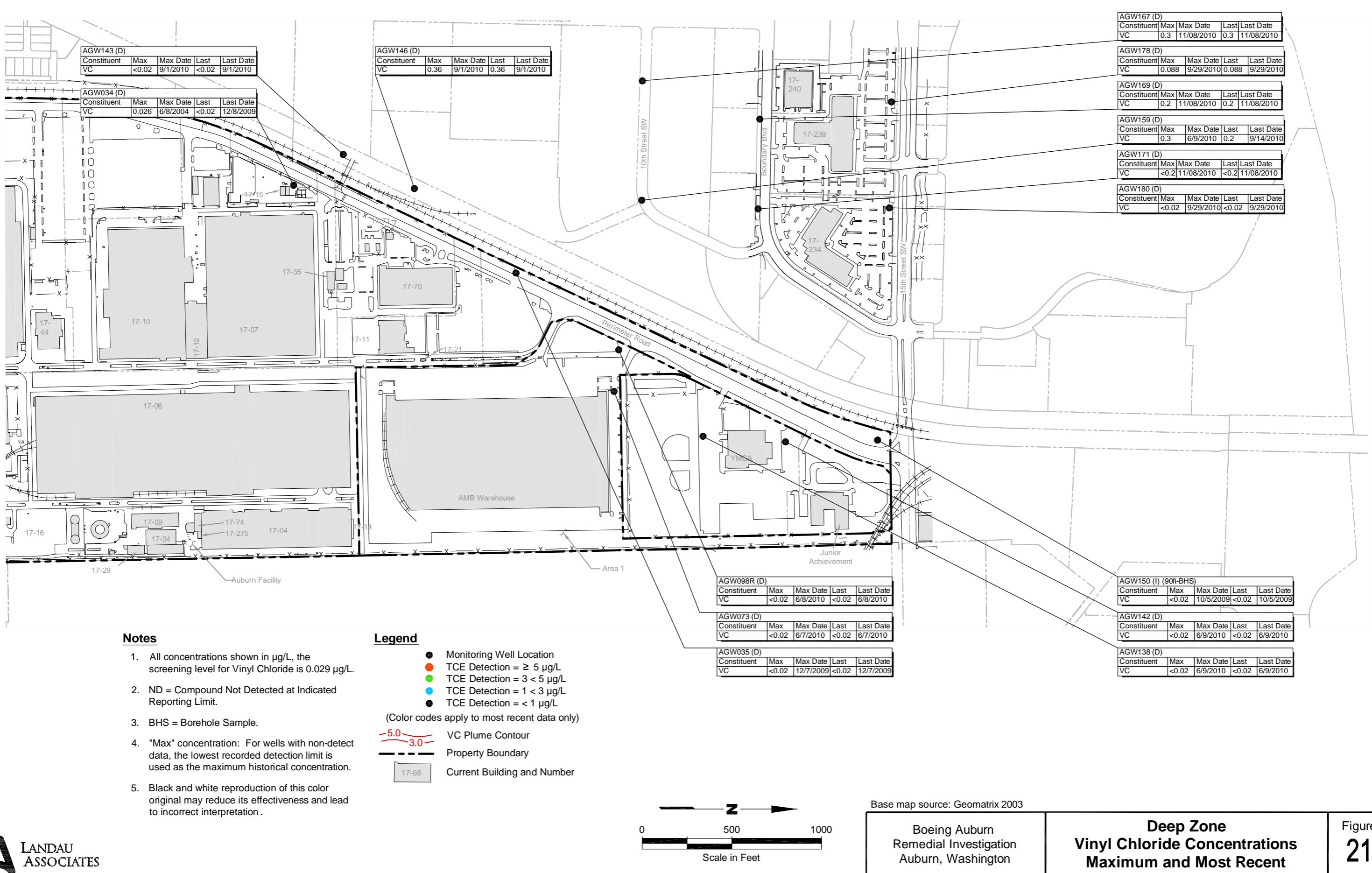












**TABLE 1**  
**DRILLING AND WELL INSTALLATION MATRIX**  
**SUMMER/FALL 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

Page 1 of 1

Well ID	Description	Coordinates		Date of Installation	Well Permanent Screen Depth BGS (bottom) (ft)	Number of Water Samples ATD	Borehole Sample depth ATD	Notes
		Northing	Easting					
AGW163	Intermediate (East of Building 17-07)	107361.2	1291162.6	8/26/2010	57.4	1	28	
AGW164	Intermediate (Inside Building 17-07)	107422.3	1290598.6	8/25/2010	59.6	1	29	
AGW165	Shallow (Inside Building 17-07)	107332.1	1290692.4	8/25/2010	28	1	55	
AGW166	Intermediate	109620.7	1289600.4	10/26/2010	59.6	1	30	
AGW167	Deep	109619.9	1289612.4	10/27/2010	95	0	NA	
AGW168	Intermediate	110289.5	1289780.5	10/28/2010	60.5	1	29	
AGW169	Deep	110289.7	1289797.1	10/29/2010	93.8	0	NA	
AGW170	Intermediate	110281.9	1290219.0	11/1/2010	60.2	1	28.5	
AGW171	Deep	110281.4	1290255.9	11/2/2010	82.7	0	NA	Due to presence of fine grained material, permanent screen was set at 82.7 ft; see boring log
AGW172	Intermediate	111557.3	1290848.4	9/2/2010	59.5	0	NA	
AGW173	Intermediate	112192.1	1290877.2	9/1/2010	50.9	1	50	Due to presence of fine grained material, permanent screen was set at 50.9 ft; see boring log; Rush 24-hr sample to determine need for AGW176
AGW174	Intermediate	112216.7	1291525.9	8/23/2010	59.2	1	59	Rush 24-hr sample to determine need for AGW175
AGW175	Intermediate	112939.2	1291540.5	8/27/2010	58.2	0	NA	
AGW176	Intermediate	112850.9	1290581.4	9/3/2010	59	0	NA	
AGW177	Intermediate	111009.6	1289719.3	9/21/2010	58.5	1	29	
AGW178	Deep	111009.5	1289729.7	9/22/2010	95	0	NA	
AGW179	Intermediate	110997.7	1290314.2	9/23/2010	51	1	30	Due to presence of fine grained material, permanent screen was set at 51 ft; see boring log
AGW180	Deep	110997.4	1290320.6	9/23/2010	80.8	0	NA	Due to presence of fine grained material, permanent screen was set at 80.8 ft; see boring log

ATD = At time of drilling

BGS = Below ground surface

NA = Not applicable

Coordinate System and Zone: Washington State Plane, North Zone Coordinates

Horizontal Datum: NAD 83(91), North Zone, US FEET.

Vertical Datum: NGVD29, US FEET.

To convert elevations shown hereon to NAVD88 elevations please add 3.49 feet.

**TABLE 2**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SUMMER 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

Page 1 of 5

	AGW163-28 RK90C 8/26/2010	AGW163 RM88A 9/15/2010	AGW164-29 RK90A 8/24/2010	AGW164 RM88B 9/15/2010	AGW165-55 RK90B 8/25/2010	AGW165 RM88C 9/15/2010	AGW166-30 RT87A 10/26/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260C</b>							
Chloromethane	<b>0.6 J</b>	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	<b>0.6 J</b>	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>4.5 J</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.4 J</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	<b>5.9</b>	5.0 U	<b>7.2</b>	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.8</b>	0.2 U	<b>2.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>1.0</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 UJ	1.0 U	1.0 UJ	1.0 U	1.0 UJ	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorethene	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>3.4</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 UJ	5.0 U	5.0 UJ	5.0 U	5.0 UJ	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260CSIM</b>							
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	<b>0.039</b>	<b>6.1 E</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>0.29 J</b>	<b>0.090</b>	<b>0.47</b>
Tetrachloroethene	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.055</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.068</b>	<b>0.089</b>

**TABLE 2**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SUMMER 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

Page 2 of 5

	AGW166 RV47A (a) 11/08/2010	AGW167 RV47B (a) 11/08/2010	AGW168-29 RT87B 10/28/2010	AGW168 RV47C (a) 11/08/2010	AGW169 RV47D(a) 11/08/2010	AGW170-28.5 RU39A 11/01/2010	AGW170 RV47E (a) 11/08/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260C</b>							
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	<b>5.1</b>	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260CSIM</b>							
Vinyl Chloride				<b>0.076</b>		<b>0.069</b>	
Tetrachloroethene				<b>0.085</b>		<b>0.12</b>	

**TABLE 2**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SUMMER 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

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	AGW171 RV47F (a) 11/08/2010	AGW172 RN24P 09/16/2010	AGW173-50 RL35A 9/1/2010	AGW173 RN24Q 09/16/2010	AGW173 RQ12A 10/06/2010	AGW174-59 RK10A 8/23/2010	AGW174 RN24M 09/15/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260C</b>							
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.8 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	<b>0.6</b>	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	<b>5.1</b>	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	<b>17</b>	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroform	<b>0.4</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 UJ	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>0.7</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>1.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 UJ	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 UJ	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 U
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260CSIM</b>							
Vinyl Chloride		0.020 U		0.020 U	0.020 U		0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene		0.020 U		0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.020</b>	

**TABLE 2**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SUMMER 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

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	AGW175 RN24N 09/15/2010	AGW176 RN24A 09/14/2010	AGW176 RQ12B 10/06/2010	AGW177-29 RO29A 09/21/2010	AGW177 RP15D 09/29/2010	AGW178 RP15C 09/29/2010	AGW179-30 RO29B 09/22/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260C</b>							
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	<b>0.5</b>	0.5 U	0.5 U	<b>0.5</b>
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>2.0</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.7 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.0</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>6.5</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>3.4</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	0.2 U
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 UU	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>							
<b>Method SW8260CSIM</b>							
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.053</b>	<b>0.088</b>	<b>0.093</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.072</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.057</b>	0.020 U

**TABLE 2**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SUMMER 2010 RI**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW179 RP15B 09/29/2010	AGW180 RP15A 09/29/2010
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**VOLATILES (µg/L)****Method SW8260C**

Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>7.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>1.2</b>	<b>5.1</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U

**VOLATILES (µg/L)****Method SW8260CSIM**

Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.10</b>	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	<b>0.067</b>

(a) Well was sampled in November 2010 outside of the 3rd quarter due to permit issuance delays.

U = Indicates the compound was undetected at the reported concentration.

J = Indicates the analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

UJ = The analyte was not detected in the sample; the reported sample reporting limit is an estimate.

E = The concentration indicated for this analyte is an estimated value above the calibration range of the instrument.  
This value is considered an estimate. See the SW8260C analysis result.

Bold = Detected compound.

**TABLE 3**  
**GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**  
**SHALLOW WELLS - 17-07 BUILDING AREA**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

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	AGW028 RP15E 09/29/2010	AGW046 RP15F 09/29/2010	AGW047 RP15G 09/29/2010	AGW048 RP15H 09/29/2010	AGW049 RP15I 09/29/2010	AGW050 RP15J 09/29/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>						
<b>Method SW8260C</b>						
Chloromethane	0.5 U	<b>0.7</b>				
Bromomethane	1.0 U					
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U					
Chloroethane	0.2 U					
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.9 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	<b>6.8</b>				
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U					
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U					
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U					
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U					
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U					
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U					
2-Butanone	5.0 U					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U					
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U					
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U					
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U					
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U					
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U					
Trichloroethene	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U					
Benzene	0.2 U					
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U					
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U					
Bromoform	0.2 U					
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U					
2-Hexanone	5.0 U					
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U					
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U					
Toluene	0.2 U					
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U					
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U					
Styrene	0.2 U					
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U					
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U					
m, p-Xylene	0.4 U					
o-Xylene	0.2 U					
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>						
<b>Method SW8260CSIM</b>						
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U					
Tetrachloroethene	<b>0.049</b>	<b>0.054</b>	<b>0.062</b>	<b>0.058</b>	<b>0.064</b>	<b>0.068</b>

U = Indicates the compound was undetected at the reported concentration.

UJ = The analyte was not detected in the sample; the reported sample reporting limit is an estimate.

E = The concentration indicated for this analyte is an estimated value above the calibration range of the instrument.

This value is considered an estimate. See the SW8260C analysis result.

Bold = Detected compound.

**TABLE 4**  
**SAMPLE MATRIX**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

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Location	Lab ID	Sample Date	VOCs	VOC-SIM
AGW140	RN24H	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW143	RL49E	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW144	RL49D	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW145	RL49C	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW146	RL49B	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW147	RN24I	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW148	RN24J	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW149	RN24K	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW150	RN24G	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW151	RN24O	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW154	RL49H	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW155	RL49G	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW155-Dup	RL49I	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW156	RL49F	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW157	RL49A	9/1/2010	x	x
AGW158	RN24E	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW159	RN24D	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW160	RN24B	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW161	RN24L	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW162	RN24F	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW163	RM88A	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW164	RM88B	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW165	RM88C	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW172	RN24P	9/16/2010	x	x
AGW173	RN24Q	9/16/2010	x	x
AGW174	RN24M	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW175	RN24N	9/15/2010	x	x
AGW176	RN24A	9/14/2010	x	x
AGW177	RP15D	9/29/2010	x	x
AGW178	RP15C	9/29/2010	x	x
AGW179	RP15B	9/29/2010	x	x
AGW180	RP15A	9/29/2010	x	x
AGW999	RN24C	9/14/2010	x	x

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW140 RN24H 09/14/2010	AGW143 RL49E 9/1/2010	AGW144 RL49D 9/1/2010	AGW145 RL49C 9/1/2010	AGW146 RL49B 9/1/2010	AGW147 RN24I 09/14/2010	AGW148 RN24J 09/14/2010	AGW149 RN24K 09/14/2010	AGW150 RN24G 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>									
<b>Method SW8260C</b>									
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.7</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	<b>5.4</b>	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>0.4</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>3.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>1.9</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.8</b>	0.2 U
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>5.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3.5</b>	0.2 U	<b>5.0</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>2.3</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m,p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW140 RN24H 09/14/2010	AGW143 RL49E 9/1/2010	AGW144 RL49D 9/1/2010	AGW145 RL49C 9/1/2010	AGW146 RL49B 9/1/2010	AGW147 RN24I 09/14/2010	AGW148 RN24J 09/14/2010	AGW149 RN24K 09/14/2010	AGW150 RN24G 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>								
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>								
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.68</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.25 J</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>0.36 J</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>0.096</b>	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	0.027	<b>0.029</b>	<b>0.046</b>				

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW151 RN24O 09/15/2010	AGW154 RL49H 9/1/2010	AGW155 RL49G 9/1/2010	AGW155-Dup RL49I 9/1/2010	AGW156 RL49F 9/1/2010	AGW157 RL49A 9/1/2010	AGW158 RN24E 09/14/2010	AGW159 RN24D 09/14/2010	AGW160 RN24B 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>									
<b>Method SW8260C</b>									
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4.7</b>
Dibromo-chloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m,p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW151 RN24O 09/15/2010	AGW154 RL49H 9/1/2010	AGW155 RL49G 9/1/2010	AGW155-Dup RL49I 9/1/2010	AGW156 RL49F 9/1/2010	AGW157 RL49A 9/1/2010	AGW158 RN24E 09/14/2010	AGW159 RN24D 09/14/2010	AGW160 RN24B 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>								
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>								
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	<b>0.050 J</b>	<b>6.8 EJ</b>	<b>6.5 EJ</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>0.099</b>	<b>0.20</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.032 J</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.058</b>
								<b>0.023</b>

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW160-Dup RN24C 09/14/2010	AGW161 RN24L 09/15/2010	AGW162 RN24F 09/14/2010	AGW163 RM88A 9/15/2010	AGW164 RM88B 9/15/2010	AGW165 RM88C 9/15/2010	AGW172 RN24P 09/16/2010	AGW173 RN24Q 09/16/2010	AGW174 RN24M 09/15/2010	AGW175 RN24N 09/15/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>										
<b>Method SW8260C</b>										
Chloromethane	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Bromomethane	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Chloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.5</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Butanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>4.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>3.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.4</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Benzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U
Bromoform	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
2-Hexanone	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U	5.0 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 UJ	0.2 UJ
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Styrene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
m,p-Xylene	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U	0.4 U
o-Xylene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW160-Dup RN24C 09/14/2010	AGW161 RN24L 09/15/2010	AGW162 RN24F 09/14/2010	AGW163 RM88A 9/15/2010	AGW164 RM88B 9/15/2010	AGW165 RM88C 9/15/2010	AGW172 RN24P 09/16/2010	AGW173 RN24Q 09/16/2010	AGW174 RN24M 09/15/2010	AGW175 RN24N 09/15/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>									
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>									
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.023</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.039</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>0.090</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	<b>0.021</b>	<b>0.048</b>	<b>0.021</b>	<b>0.055</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.068</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.020</b>

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW176 RN24A 09/14/2010	AGW177 RP15D 09/29/2010	AGW178 RP15C 09/29/2010	AGW179 RP15B 09/29/2010	AGW180 RP15A 09/29/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>					
<b>Method SW8260C</b>					
Chloromethane	0.5 U				
Bromomethane	1.0 U				
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U				
Chloroethane	0.2 U				
Methylene Chloride	0.5 U	0.7 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Acetone	5.0 U				
Carbon Disulfide	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Chloroform	0.2 U				
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2 U				
2-Butanone	5.0 U				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2 U				
Vinyl Acetate	1.0 U				
Bromodichloromethane	0.2 U				
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.2 U				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U				
Trichloroethene	<b>4.7</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>5.1</b>
Dibromochloromethane	0.2 U				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.2 U				
Benzene	0.2 U				
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2 U				
2-Chloroethylvinylether	1.0 U				
Bromoform	0.2 U				
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	5.0 U				
2-Hexanone	5.0 U				
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2 U				
Toluene	0.2 U				
Chlorobenzene	0.2 U				
Ethylbenzene	0.2 U				
Styrene	0.2 U				
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2 U				
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.2 U				
m,p-Xylene	0.4 U				
o-Xylene	0.2 U				

**TABLE 5**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW176 RN24A 09/14/2010	AGW177 RP15D 09/29/2010	AGW178 RP15C 09/29/2010	AGW179 RP15B 09/29/2010	AGW180 RP15A 09/29/2010
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**VOLATILES (µg/L)****Method 8260C SIM**

Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	<b>0.053</b>	<b>0.088</b>	<b>0.10</b>	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.057</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.067</b>

U = Indicates the compound was undetected at the reported concentration.

J = Indicates the analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

UJ = The analyte was not detected in the sample; the reported sample reporting limit is an estimate.

E = The concentration indicated for this analyte is an estimated value above the calibration range of the instrument.

This value is considered an estimate. See the SW8260C analysis result.

Bold = Detected compound.

**TABLE 6**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**DETECTED ANALYTES ONLY**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

AGW140 RN24H 09/14/2010	AGW143 RL49E 9/1/2010	AGW144 RL49D 9/1/2010	AGW145 RL49C 9/1/2010	AGW146 RL49B 9/1/2010	AGW147 RN24I 09/14/2010	AGW148 RN24J 09/14/2010	AGW149 RN24K 09/14/2010	AGW150 RN24G 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>								
<b>Method SW8260C</b>								
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.7</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U				
1,1-Dichloroethene	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>0.4</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>3.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>1.9</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.8</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U				
Trichloroethene	<b>5.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3.5</b>	0.2 U	<b>5.0</b>	<b>4.6</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U				
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U				
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>								
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>								
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.68</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.25 J</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>0.36 J</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>0.096</b>	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.027</b>	<b>0.029</b>				
								<b>0.046</b>

**TABLE 6**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**DETECTED ANALYTES ONLY**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW151 RN24O 09/15/2010	AGW154 RL49H 9/1/2010	AGW155 RL49G 9/1/2010	AGW155-Dup RL49I 9/1/2010	AGW156 RL49F 9/1/2010	AGW157 RL49A 9/1/2010	AGW158 RN24E 09/14/2010	AGW159 RN24D 09/14/2010	AGW160 RN24B 09/14/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>									
<b>Method SW8260C</b>									
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>
Trichloroethene	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4.7</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>									
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>									
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	<b>0.050 J</b>	<b>6.8 EJ</b>	<b>6.5 EJ</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>1.8 J</b>	<b>0.099</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.023</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.032 J</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.058</b>	<b>0.020</b>

**TABLE 6**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**DETECTED ANALYTES ONLY**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW160-Dup RN24C 09/14/2010	AGW161 RN24L 09/15/2010	AGW162 RN24F 09/14/2010	AGW163 RM88A 9/15/2010	AGW164 RM88B 9/15/2010	AGW165 RM88C 9/15/2010	AGW172 RN24P 09/16/2010	AGW173 RN24Q 09/16/2010	AGW174 RN24M 09/15/2010	AGW175 RN24N 09/15/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>										
<b>Method SW8260C</b>										
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.5</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Carbon Disulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.5</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Trichloroethene	<b>4.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>3.4</b>	0.2 U	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.4</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Toluene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>										
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>										
Vinyl Chloride	<b>0.023</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.039</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>0.090</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	<b>0.021</b>	<b>0.048</b>	<b>0.021</b>	<b>0.055</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.068</b>	0.020 U	0.020 U	<b>0.020</b>	0.020 U

**TABLE 6**  
**GROUNDWATER SAMPLING EVENT RESULTS**  
**DETECTED ANALYTES ONLY**  
**THIRD QUARTER 2010**  
**BOEING AUBURN**

	AGW176 RN24A 09/14/2010	AGW177 RP15D 09/29/2010	AGW178 RP15C 09/29/2010	AGW179 RP15B 09/29/2010	AGW180 RP15A 09/29/2010
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>					
<b>Method SW8260C</b>					
Vinyl Chloride	0.2 U				
Carbon Disulfide	<b>0.2</b>	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>	0.2 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2 U				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	<b>0.3</b>
Trichloroethene	<b>4.7</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>5.1</b>
Tetrachloroethene	0.2 U				
Toluene	0.2 U				
<b>VOLATILES (µg/L)</b>					
<b>Method 8260C SIM</b>					
Vinyl Chloride	0.020 U	<b>0.053</b>	<b>0.088</b>	<b>0.10</b>	0.020 U
Tetrachloroethene	0.020 U	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.057</b>	0.020 U	<b>0.067</b>

U = Indicates the compound was undetected at the reported concentration.

J = Indicates the analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

UJ = The analyte was not detected in the sample; the reported sample reporting limit is an estimate.

E = The concentration indicated for this analyte is an estimated value above the calibration range of the instrument.

This value is considered an estimate. See the SW8260C analysis result.

Bold = Detected compound.

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**APPENDIX A**

**Boring Logs**

## Soil Classification System

MAJOR DIVISIONS			USCS GRAPHIC SYMBOL	LETTER SYMBOL	TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS <sup>(2)(3)</sup>
COARSE-GRAINED SOIL  (More than 50% of material is larger than No. 200 sieve size)	GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY SOIL  (More than 50% of coarse fraction retained on No. 4 sieve)	CLEAN GRAVEL (Little or no fines)		GW	Well-graded gravel; gravel/sand mixture(s); little or no fines
		GRAVEL WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)		GP	Poorly graded gravel; gravel/sand mixture(s); little or no fines
	SAND AND SANDY SOIL  (More than 50% of coarse fraction passed through No. 4 sieve)	CLEAN SAND (Little or no fines)		GM	Silty gravel; gravel/sand/silt mixture(s)
		SAND WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)		GC	Clayey gravel; gravel/sand/clay mixture(s)
	SILT AND CLAY  (Liquid limit less than 50)	CLEAN SAND (Little or no fines)		SW	Well-graded sand; gravelly sand; little or no fines
		SAND WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)		SP	Poorly graded sand; gravelly sand; little or no fines
		SILT AND CLAY  (Liquid limit greater than 50)		SM	Silty sand; sand/silt mixture(s)
		SILT AND CLAY  (Liquid limit greater than 50)		SC	Clayey sand; sand/clay mixture(s)
	HIGHLY ORGANIC SOIL			ML	Inorganic silt and very fine sand; rock flour; silty or clayey fine sand or clayey silt with slight plasticity
				CL	Inorganic clay of low to medium plasticity; gravelly clay; sandy clay; silty clay; lean clay
				OL	Organic silt; organic, silty clay of low plasticity
				MH	Inorganic silt; micaceous or diatomaceous fine sand
				CH	Inorganic clay of high plasticity; fat clay
				OH	Organic clay of medium to high plasticity; organic silt
				PT	Peat; humus; swamp soil with high organic content

OTHER MATERIALS	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	LETTER SYMBOL	TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS
PAVEMENT		AC or PC	Asphalt concrete pavement or Portland cement pavement
ROCK		RK	Rock (See Rock Classification)
WOOD		WD	Wood, lumber, wood chips
DEBRIS		DB	Construction debris, garbage

**NOTES:**

1. USCS letter symbols correspond to symbols used by the Unified Soil Classification System and ASTM classification methods. Dual letter symbols (e.g., SP-SM for sand or gravel) indicate soil with an estimated 5-15% fines. Multiple letter symbols (e.g., ML/CL) indicate borderline or multiple soil classifications.
2. Soil descriptions are based on the general approach presented in the *Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)*, outlined in ASTM D 2488. Where laboratory index testing has been conducted, soil classifications are based on the *Standard Test Method for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes*, as outlined in ASTM D 2487.
3. Soil description terminology is based on visual estimates (in the absence of laboratory test data) of the percentages of each soil type and is defined as follows:

Primary Constituent: > 50% - "GRAVEL," "SAND," "SILT," "CLAY," etc.  
 Secondary Constituents: > 30% and < 50% - "very gravelly," "very sandy," "very silty," etc.  
     > 15% and ≤ 30% - "gravelly," "sandy," "silty," etc.  
 Additional Constituents: > 5% and ≤ 15% - "with gravel," "with sand," "with silt," etc.  
     ≤ 5% - "trace gravel," "trace sand," "trace silt," etc., or not noted.

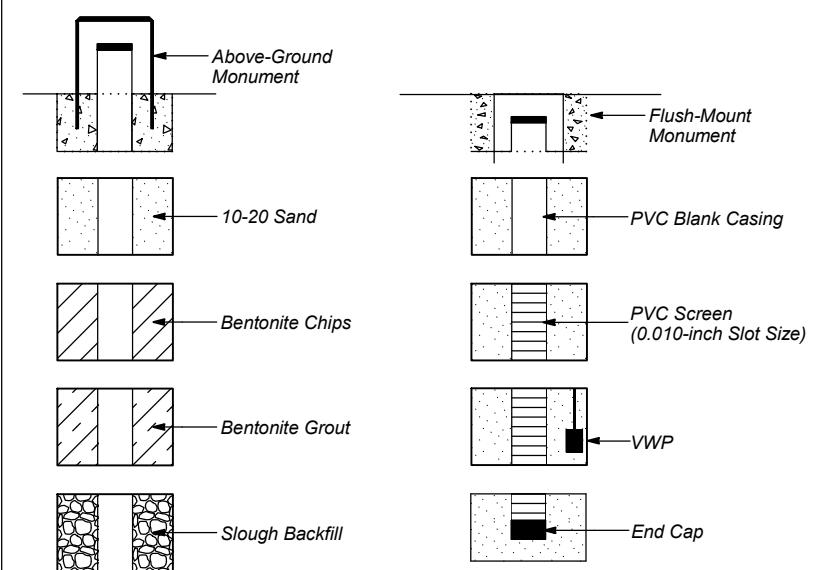
Drilling and Sampling Key		Field and Lab Test Data	
SAMPLER TYPE	SAMPLE NUMBER & INTERVAL		
Code	Description	Code	Description
a	3.25-inch O.D., 2.42-inch I.D. Split Spoon	PP = 1.0	Pocket Penetrometer, tsf
b	2.00-inch O.D., 1.50-inch I.D. Split Spoon	TV = 0.5	Torvane, tsf
c	Shelby Tube	PID = 100	Photoionization Detector VOC screening, ppm
d	Grab Sample	W = 10	Moisture Content, %
e	Single-Tube Core Barrel	D = 120	Dry Density, pcf
f	Double-Tube Core Barrel	-200 = 60	Material smaller than No. 200 sieve, %
g	Other - See text if applicable	GS	Grain Size - See separate figure for data
1	300-lb Hammer, 30-inch Drop	AL	Atterberg Limits - See separate figure for data
2	140-lb Hammer, 30-inch Drop	VST	Vane Shear Test
3	Pushed	GT	Other Geotechnical Testing
4	Rotosonic	CA	Chemical Analysis
5	Air Rotary (Rock)		
6	Wash Rotary (Rock)		
7	Other - See text if applicable		

### Groundwater

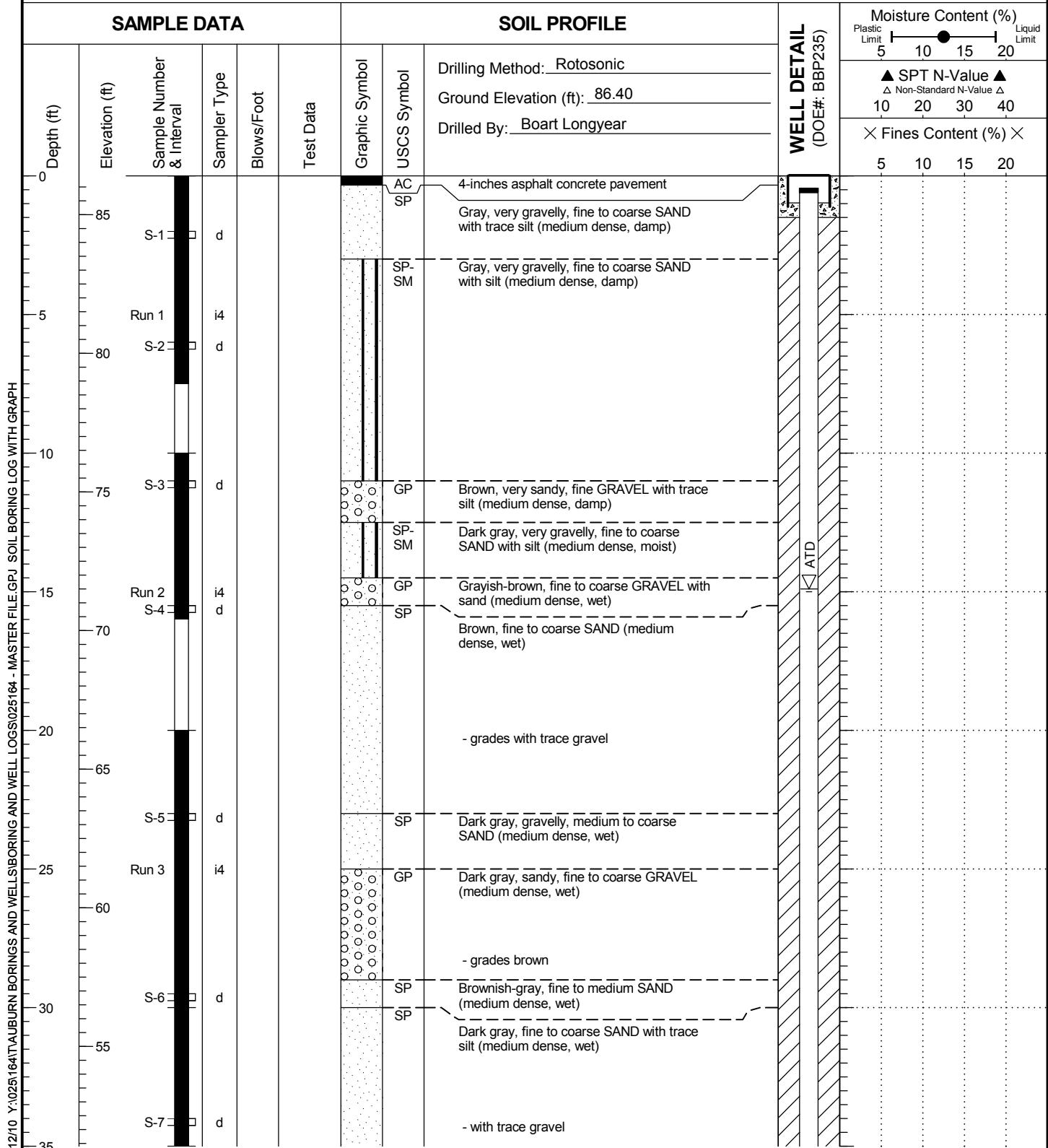
- ▽ Approximate water elevation at time of drilling (ATD).
- ▼ Approximate water elevation at other time(s). When multiple water levels are obtained other than ATD, only a representative range is shown. See text for additional information.

Note: Groundwater levels can fluctuate due to precipitation, seasonal conditions, and other factors.

### Well Log Graphics



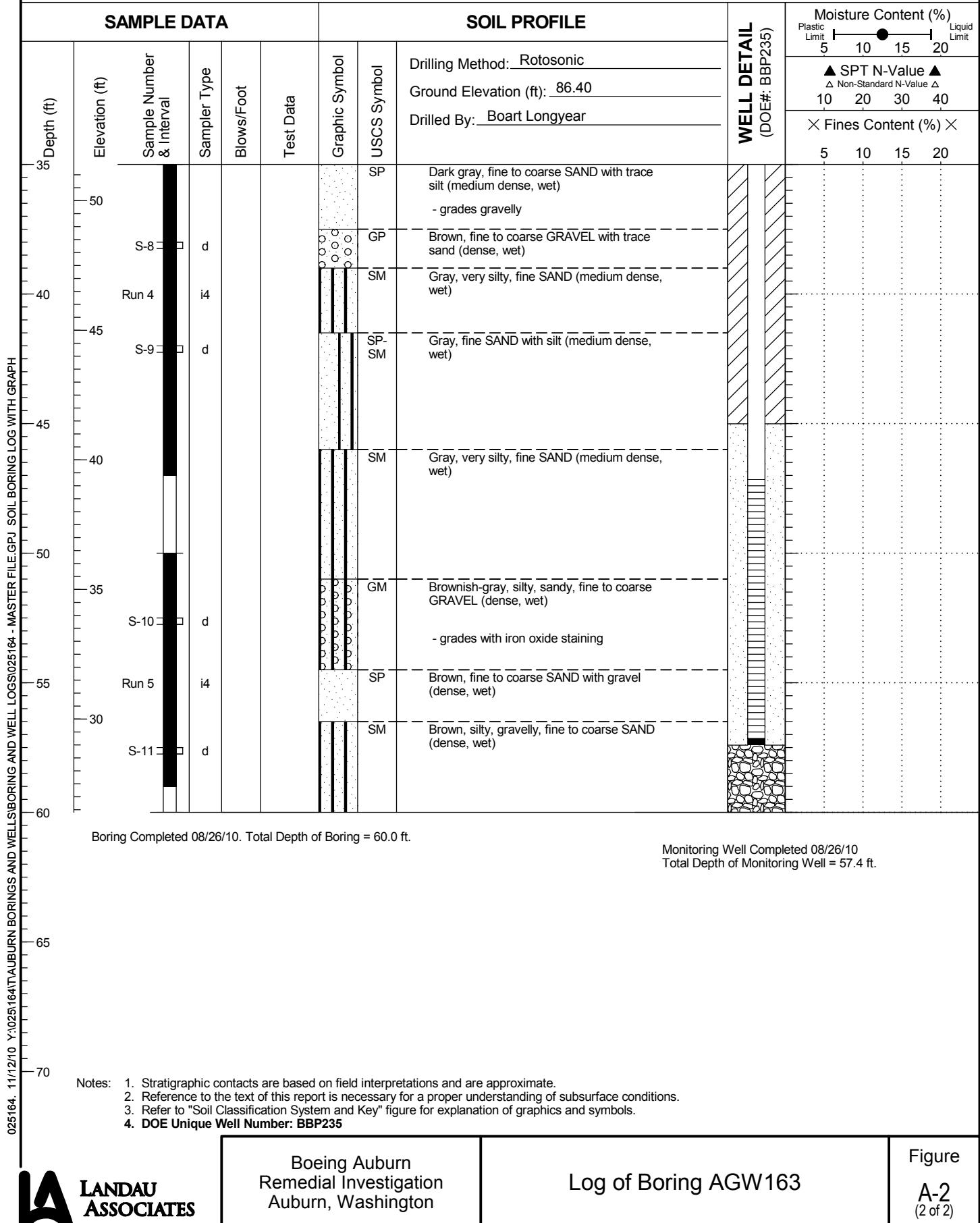
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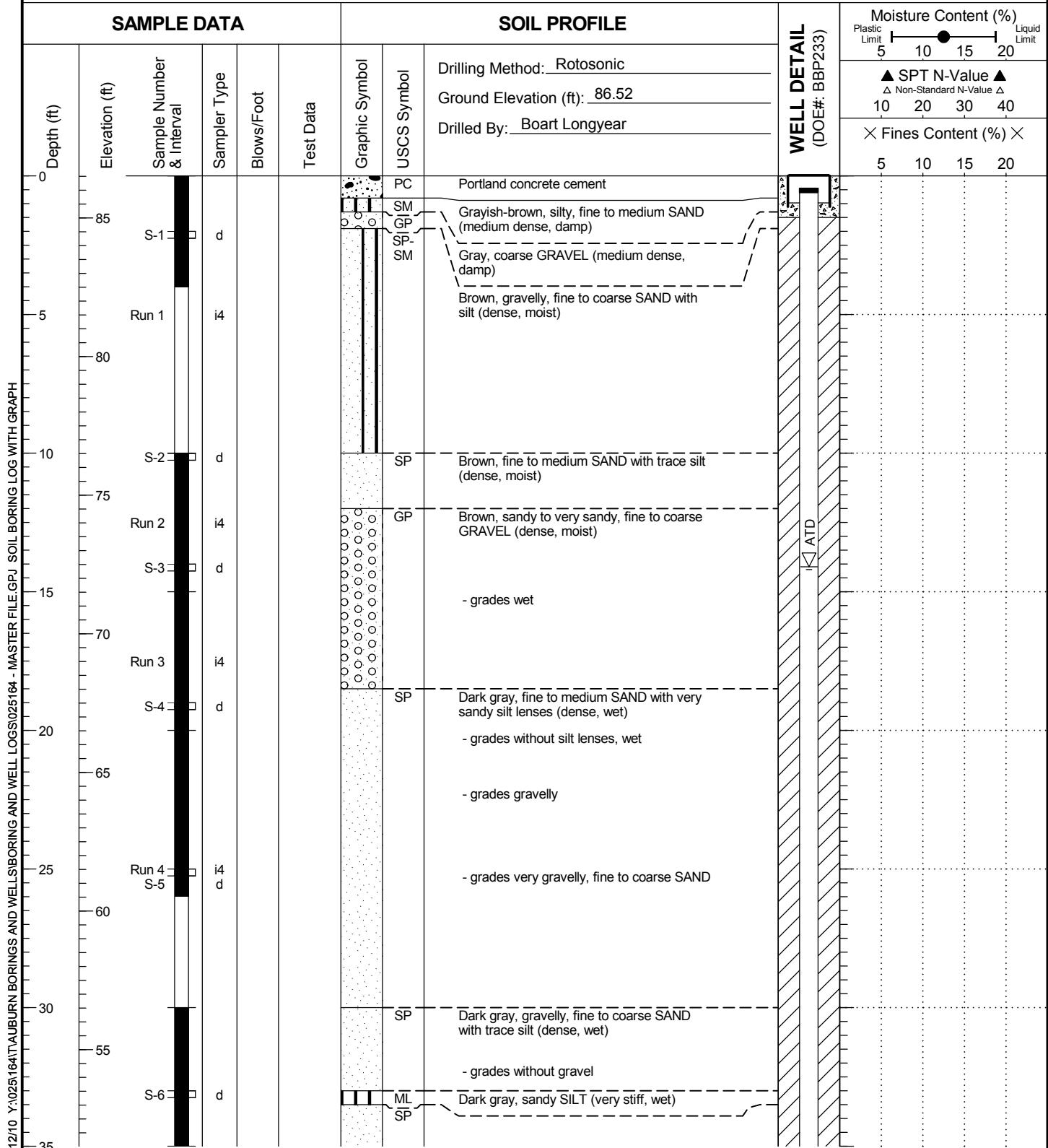
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP235

# AGW163



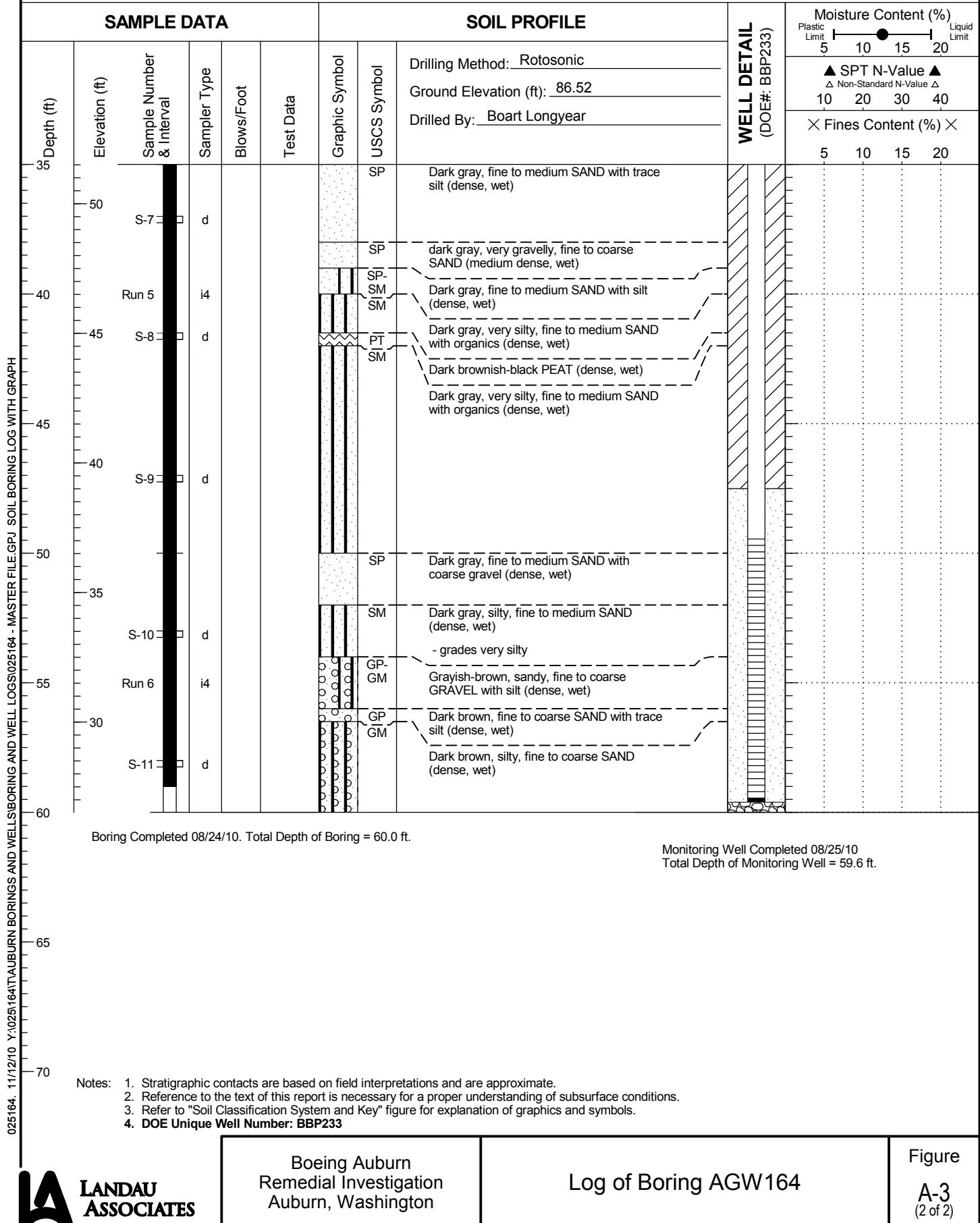
# AGW164



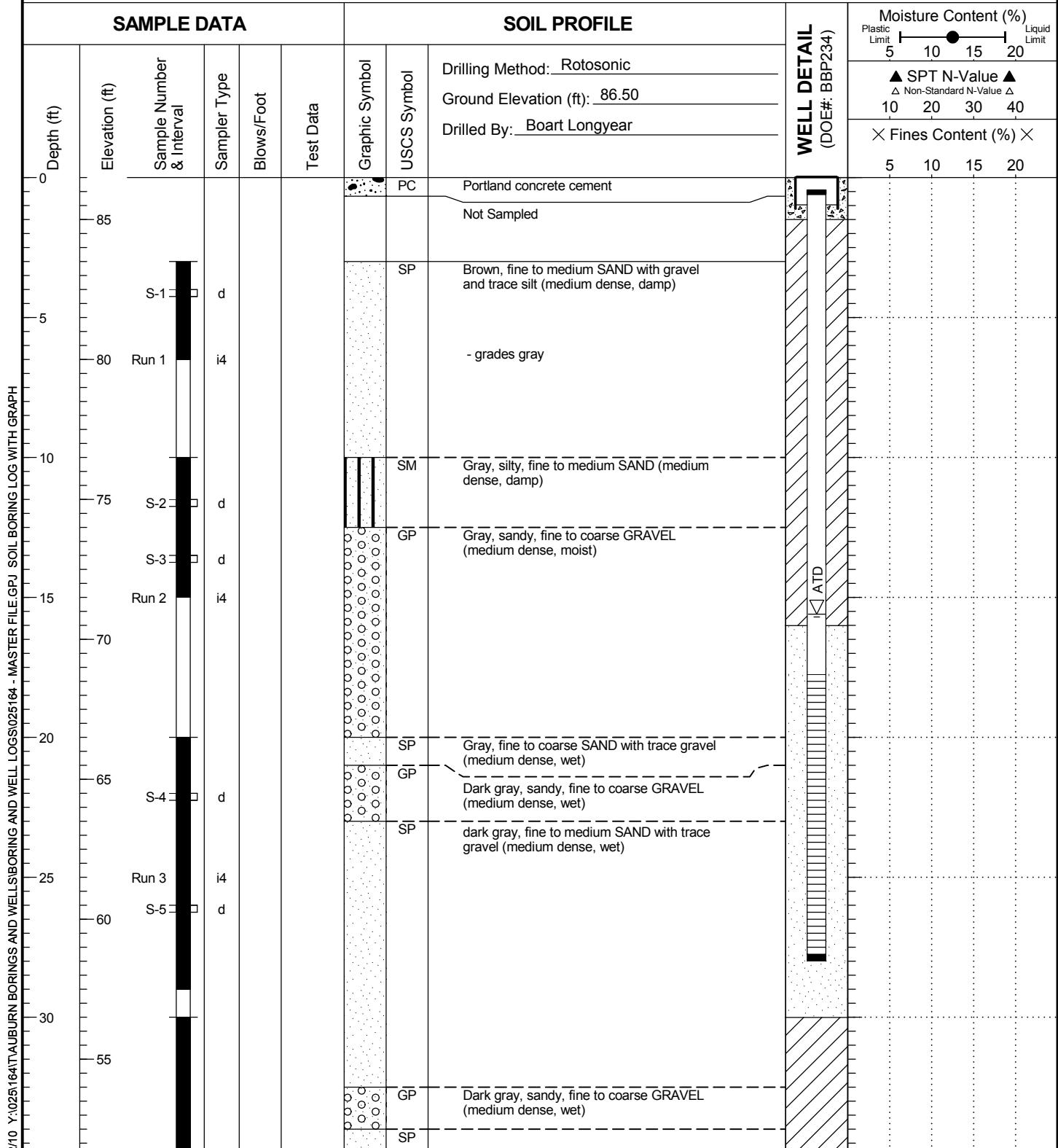
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP233

# AGW164

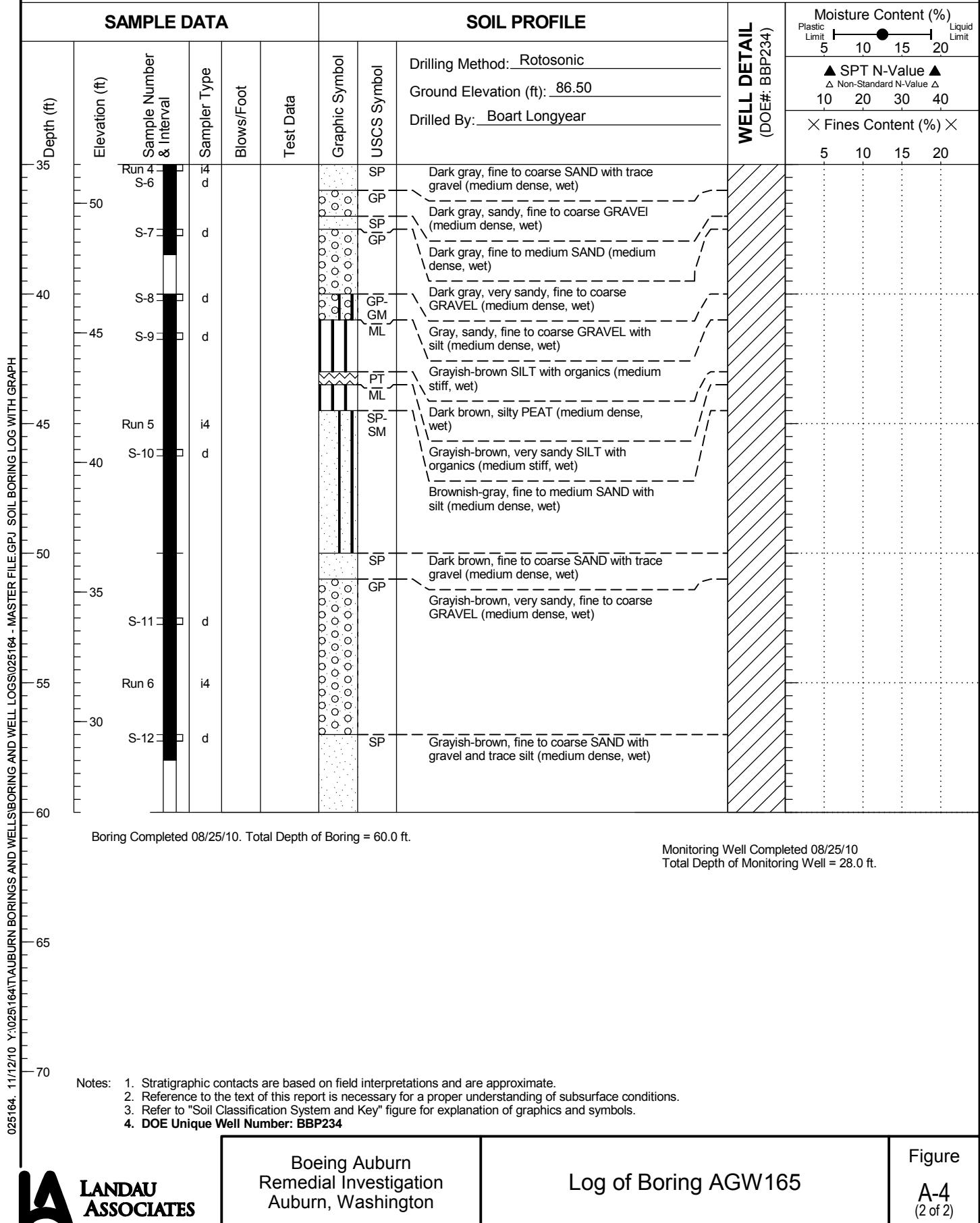


# AGW165

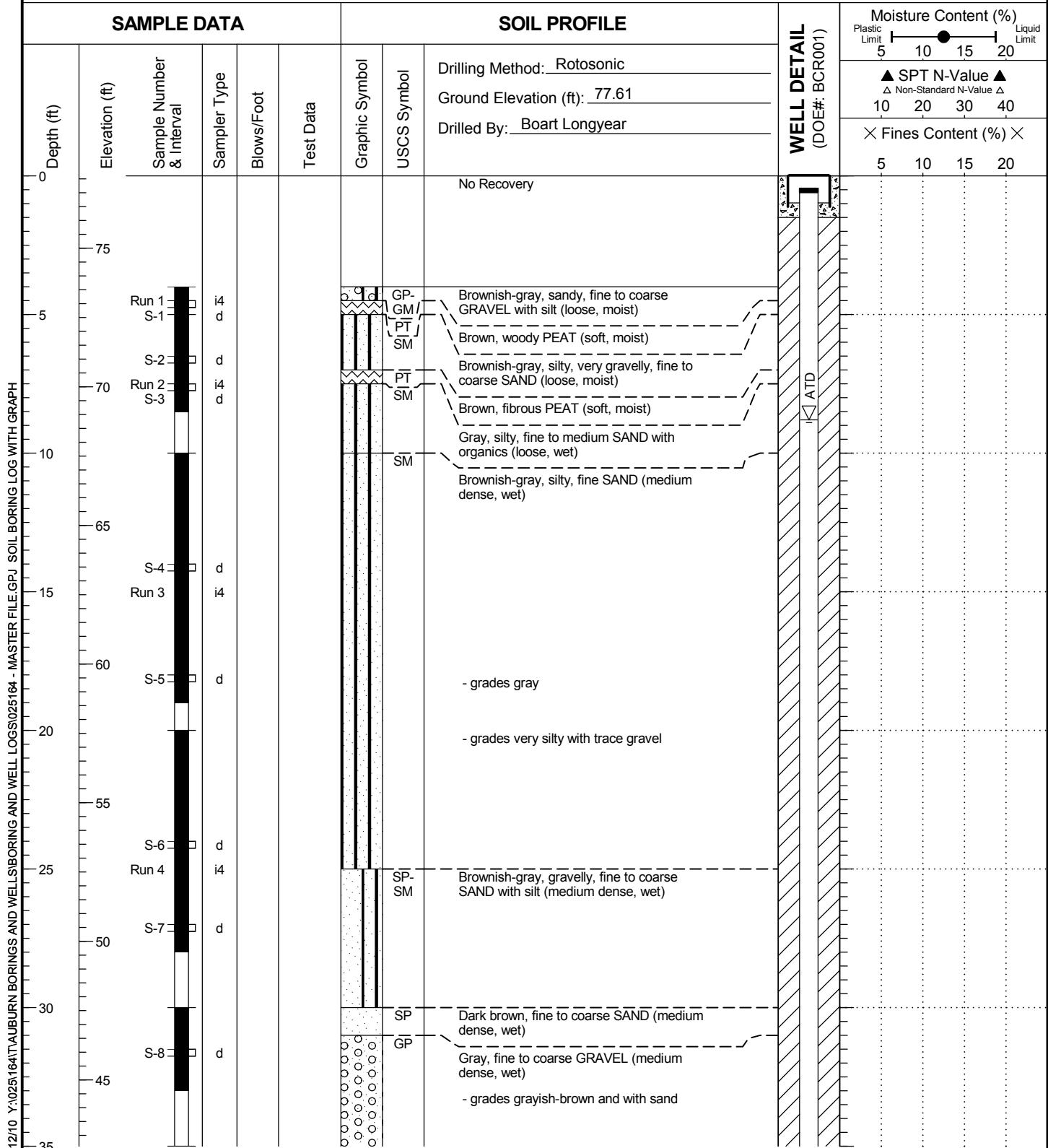


- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP234

# AGW165



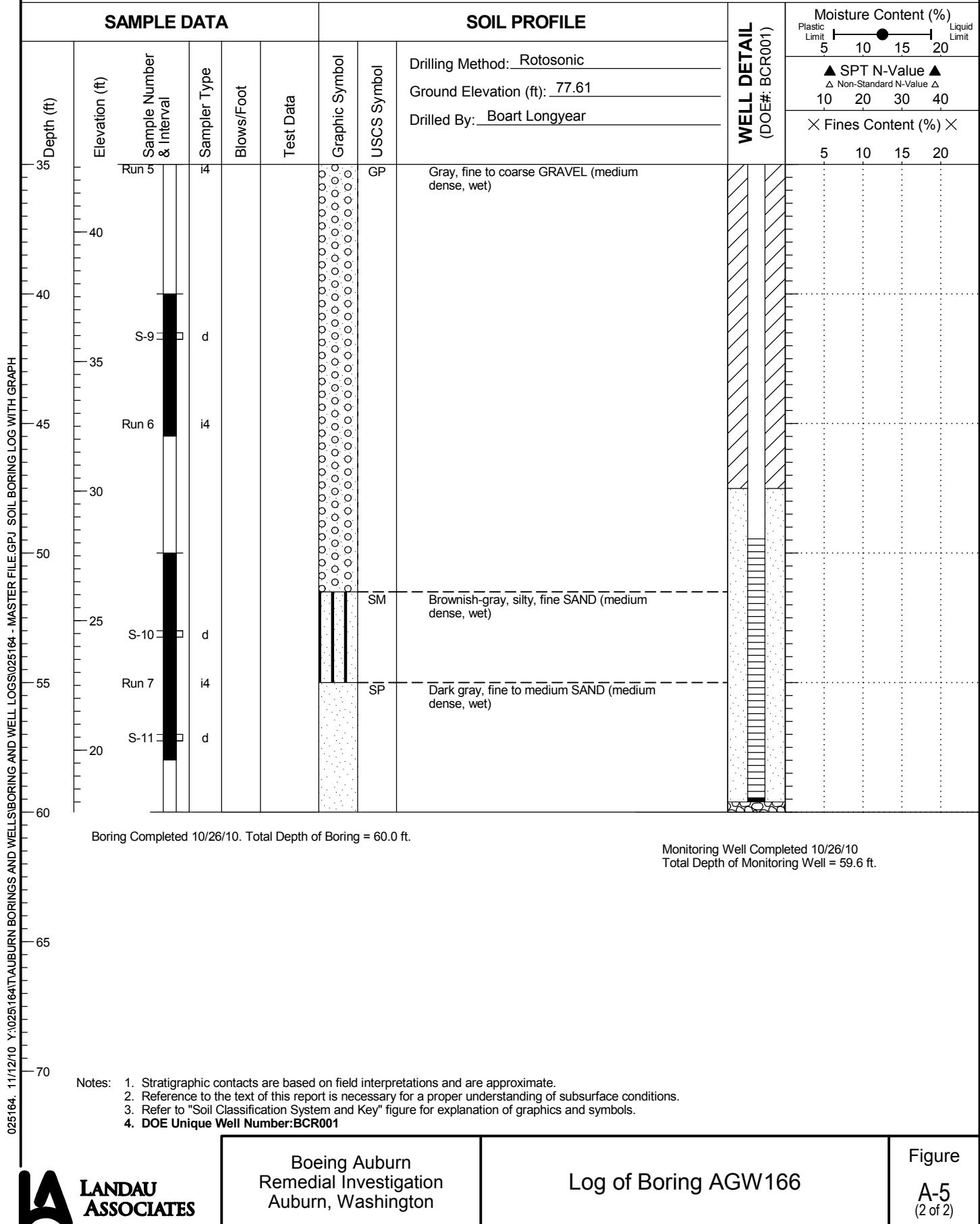
# AGW166



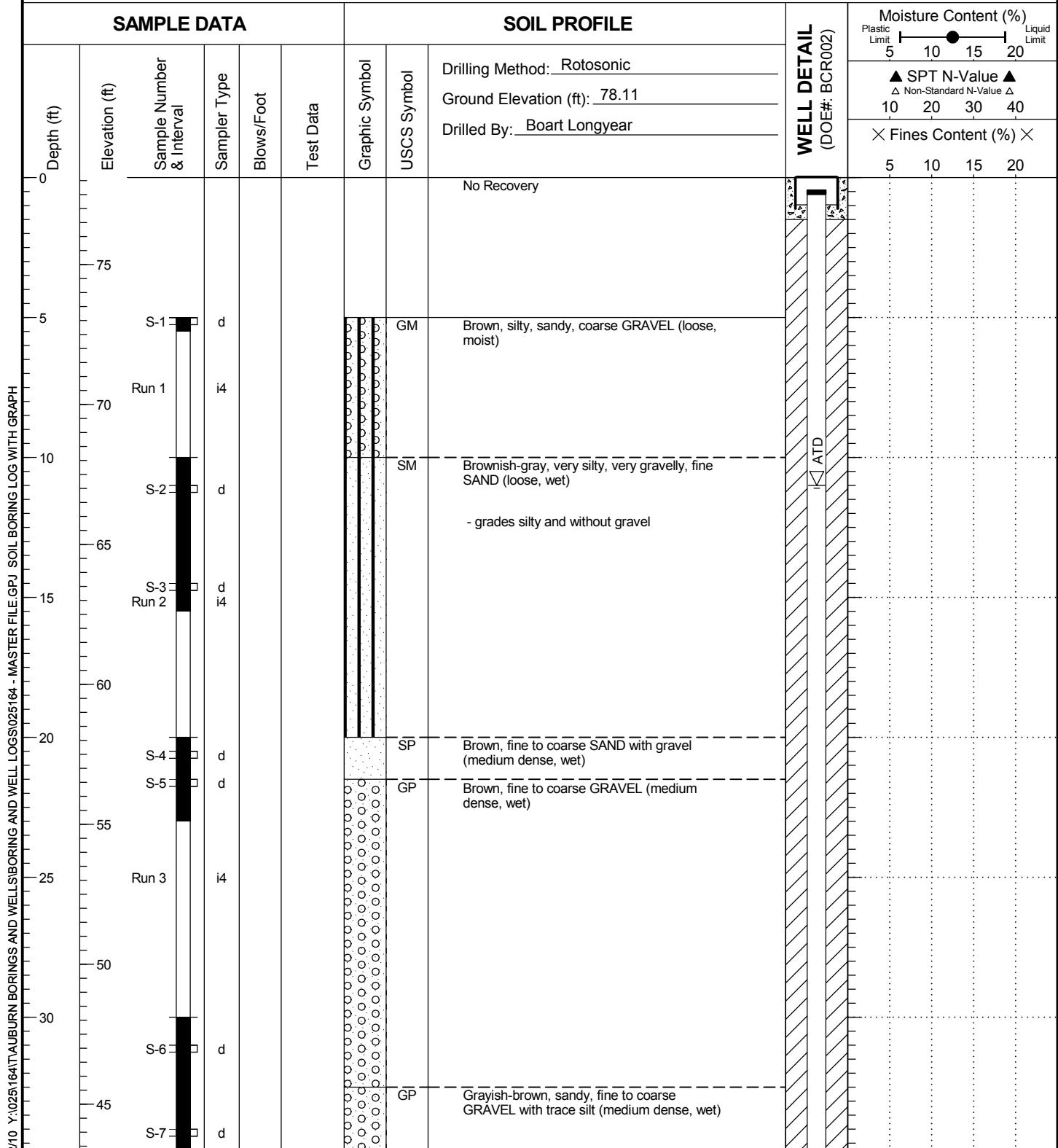
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BCR001

# AGW166



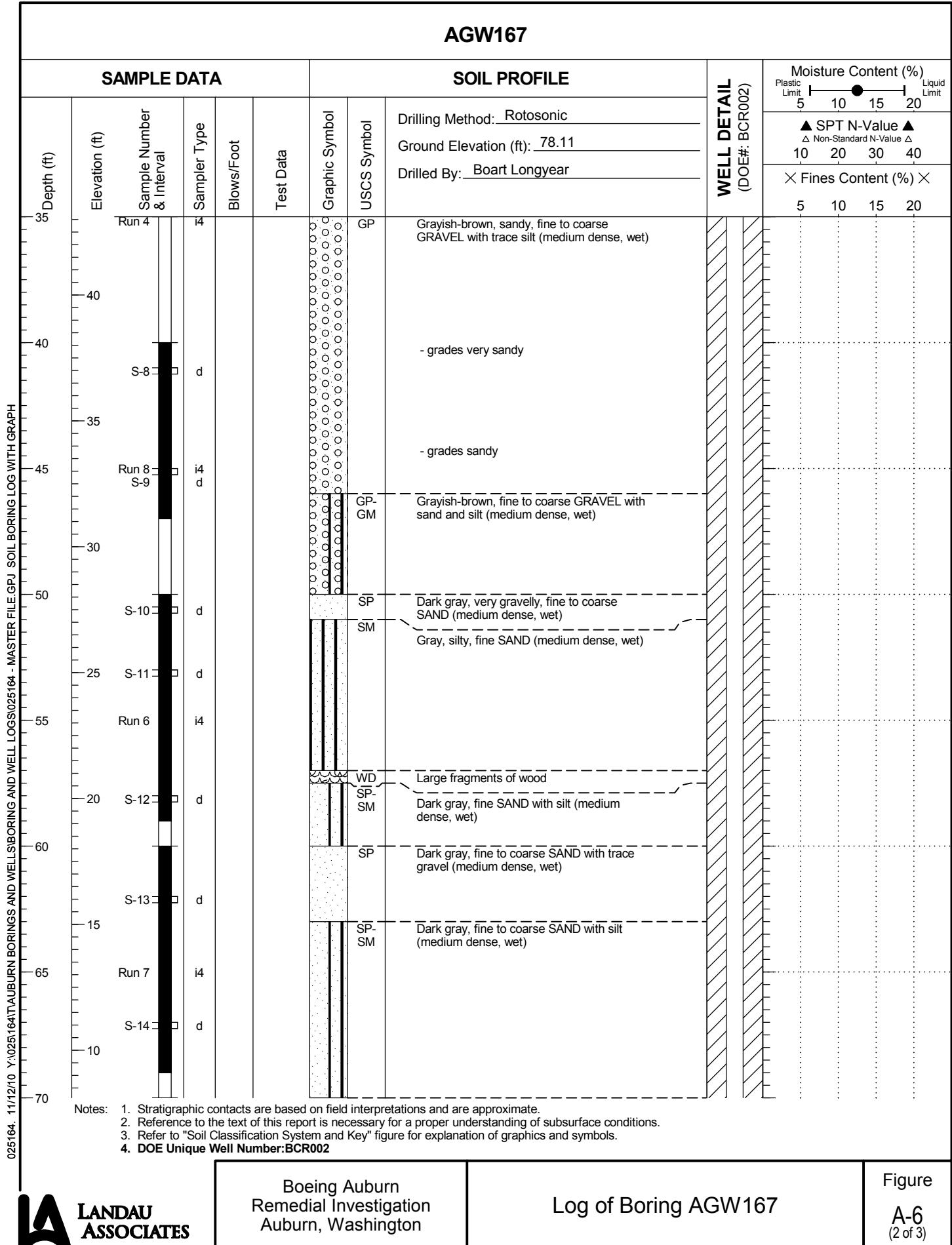
# AGW167



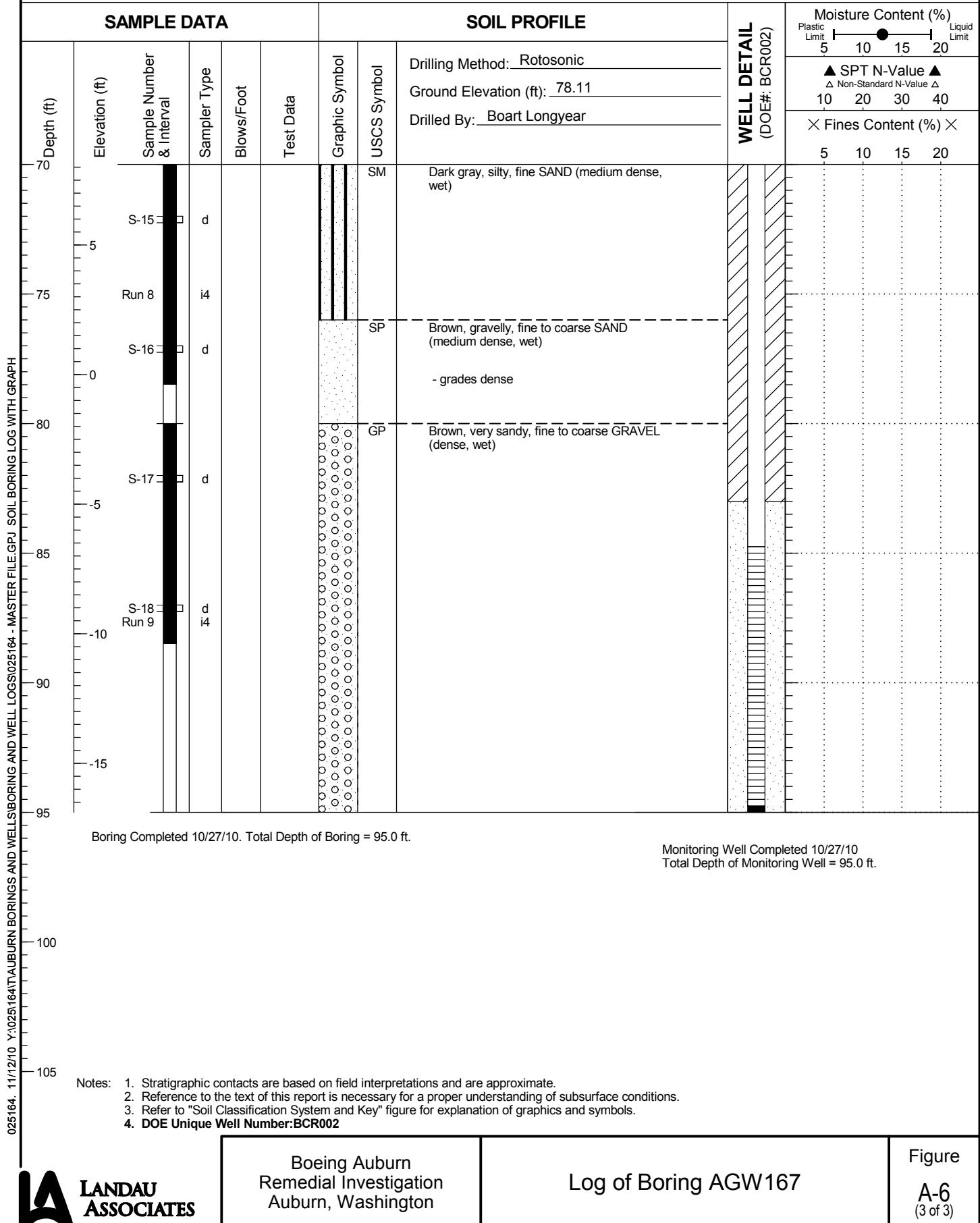
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BCR002

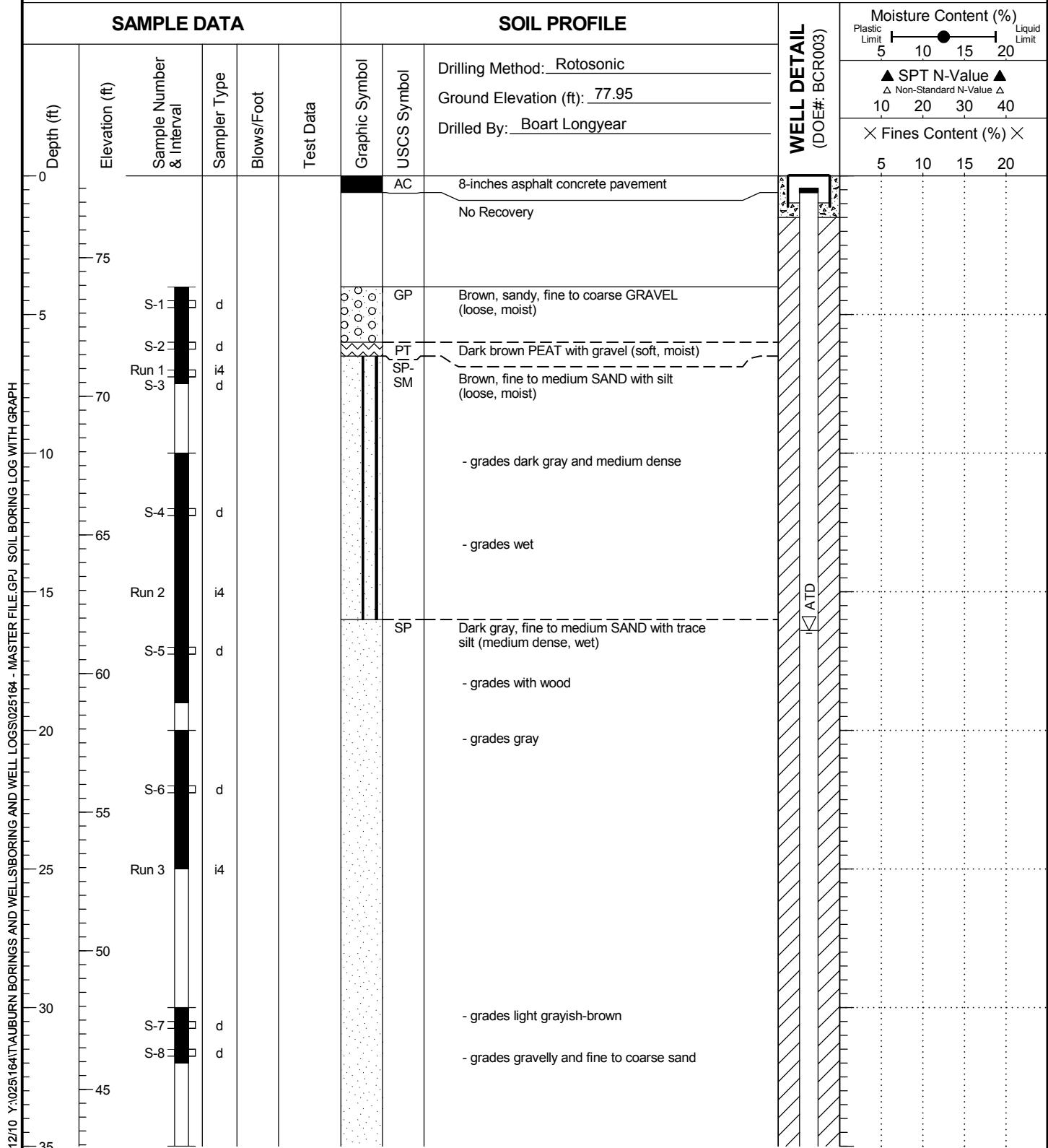
# AGW167



# AGW167



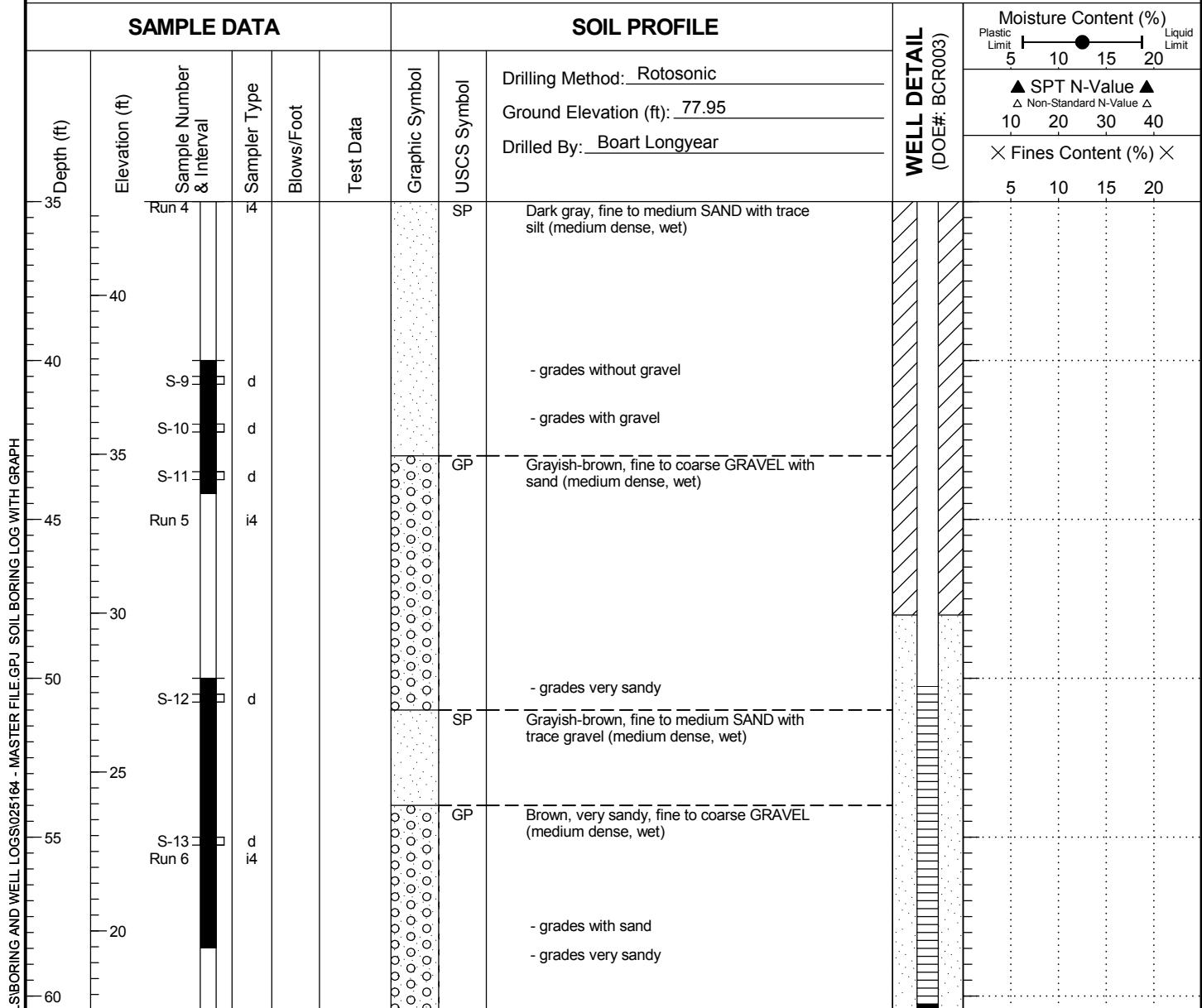
# AGW168



Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number:BCR003

# AGW168

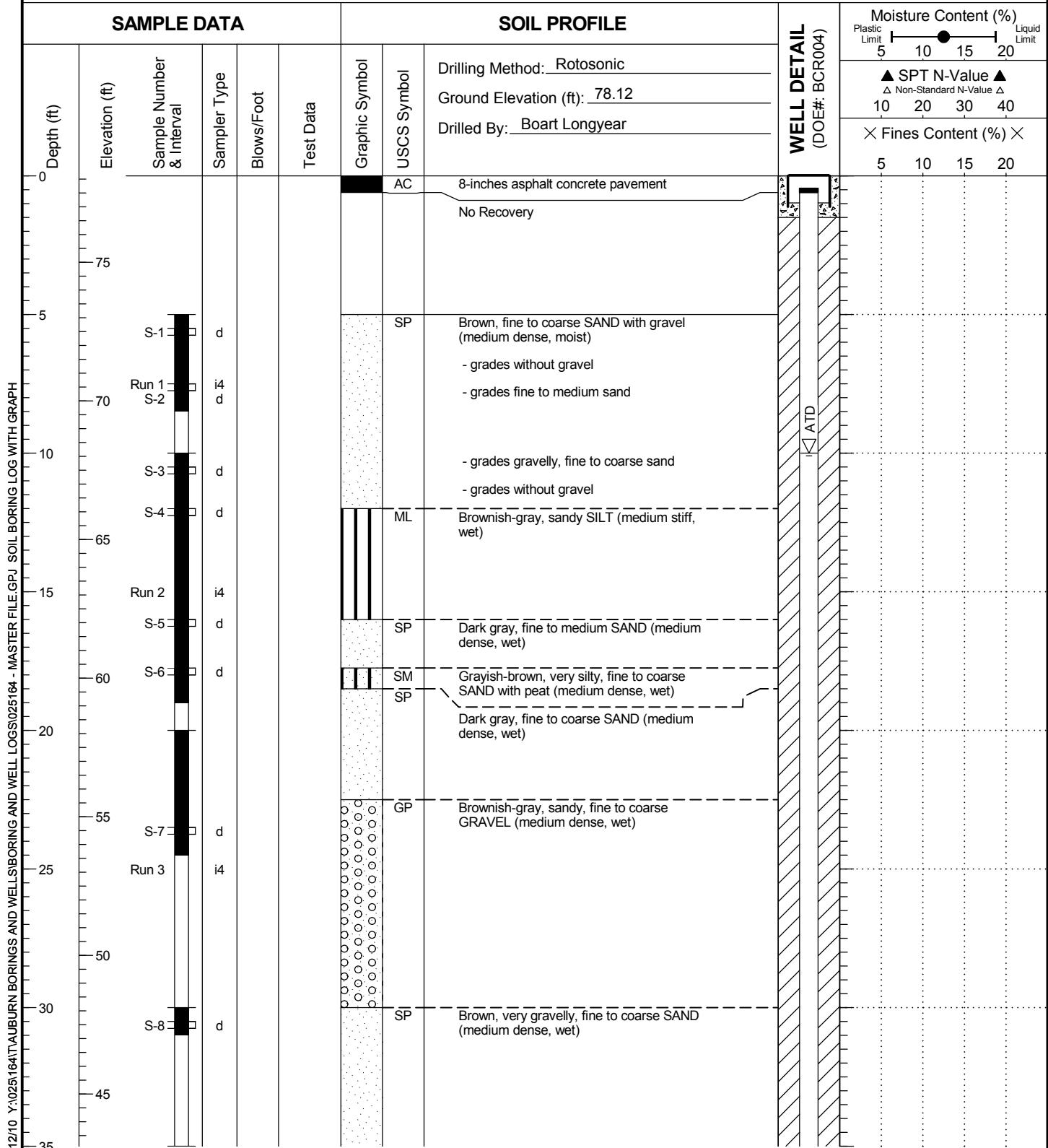


Boring Completed 10/28/10. Total Depth of Boring = 60.5 ft.

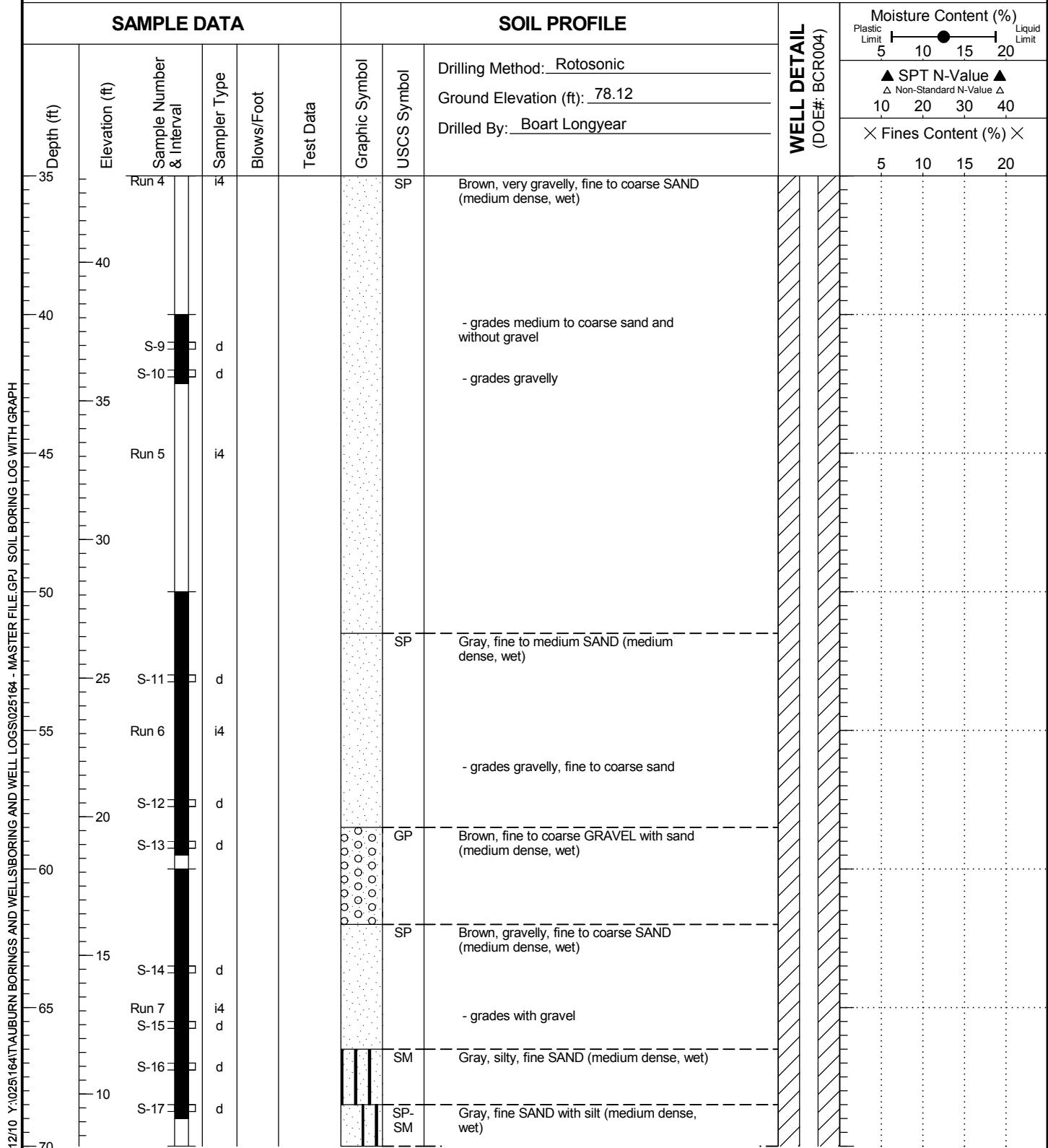
Monitoring Well Completed 10/28/10  
Total Depth of Monitoring Well = 60.5 ft.

- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number: BCR003

# AGW169

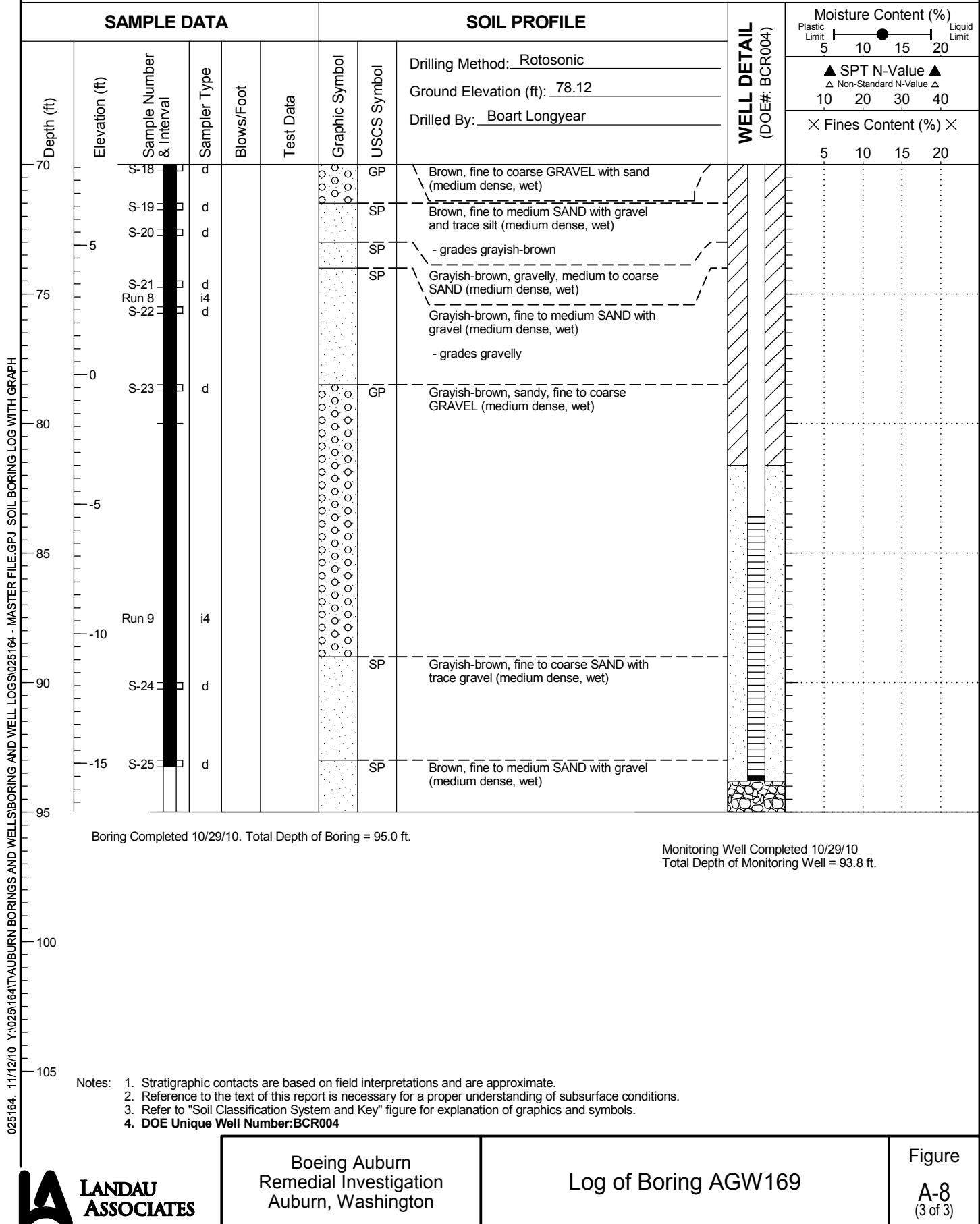


# AGW169

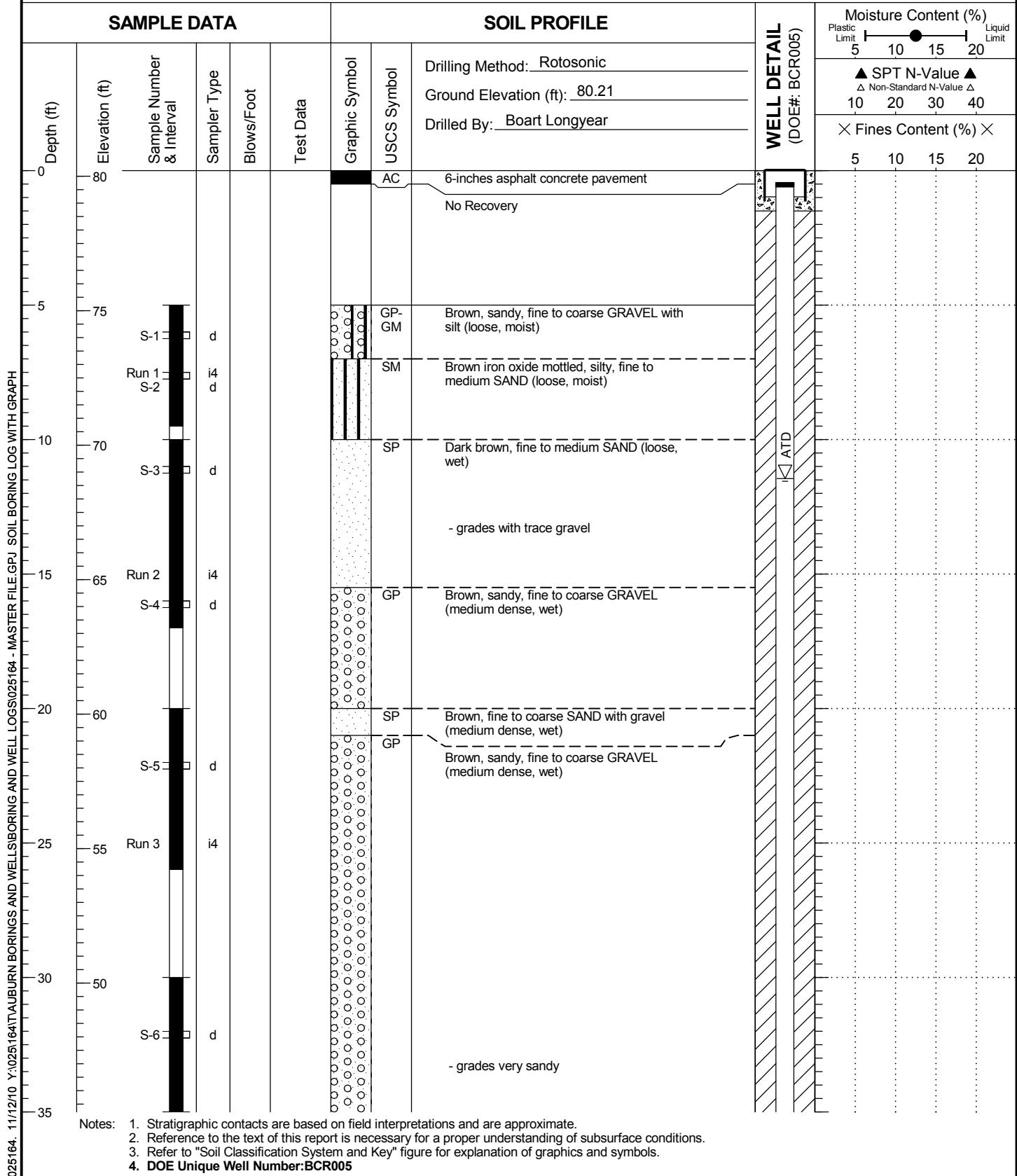


- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number:BCR004

# AGW169



# AGW170



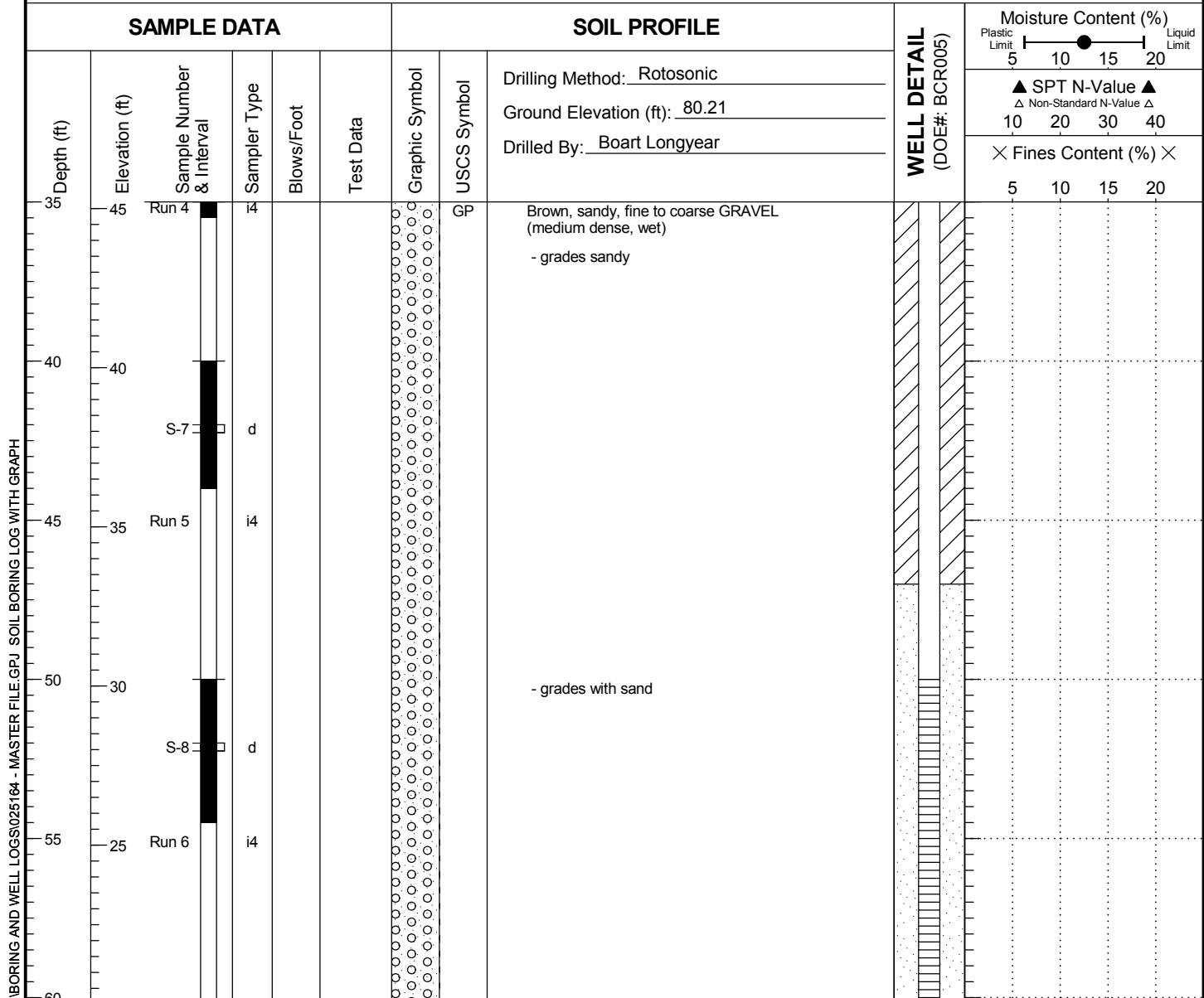
**LANDAU  
ASSOCIATES**

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

Log of Boring AGW170

Figure  
A-9  
(1 of 2)

# AGW170



Boring Completed 11/01/10. Total Depth of Boring = 60.2 ft.

Monitoring Well Completed 11/01/10  
Total Depth of Monitoring Well = 60.2 ft.

025164. 11/12/10 Y:\025164\TAUBURN BORINGS AND WELLS\BORINGS AND WELLS\LOGS\025164 - MASTER FILE.GPJ

- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number:BCR005



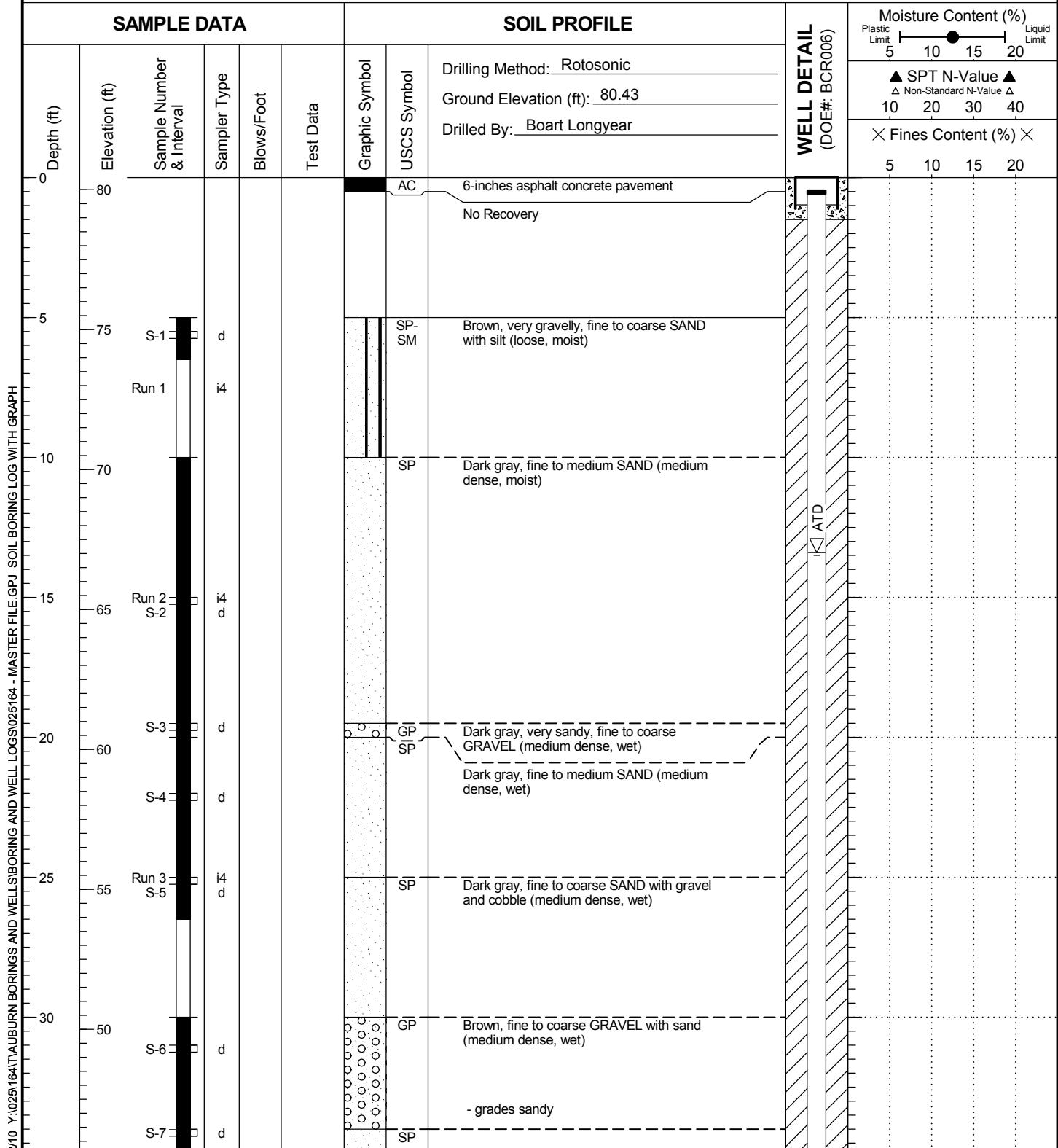
**LANDAU  
ASSOCIATES**

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

Log of Boring AGW170

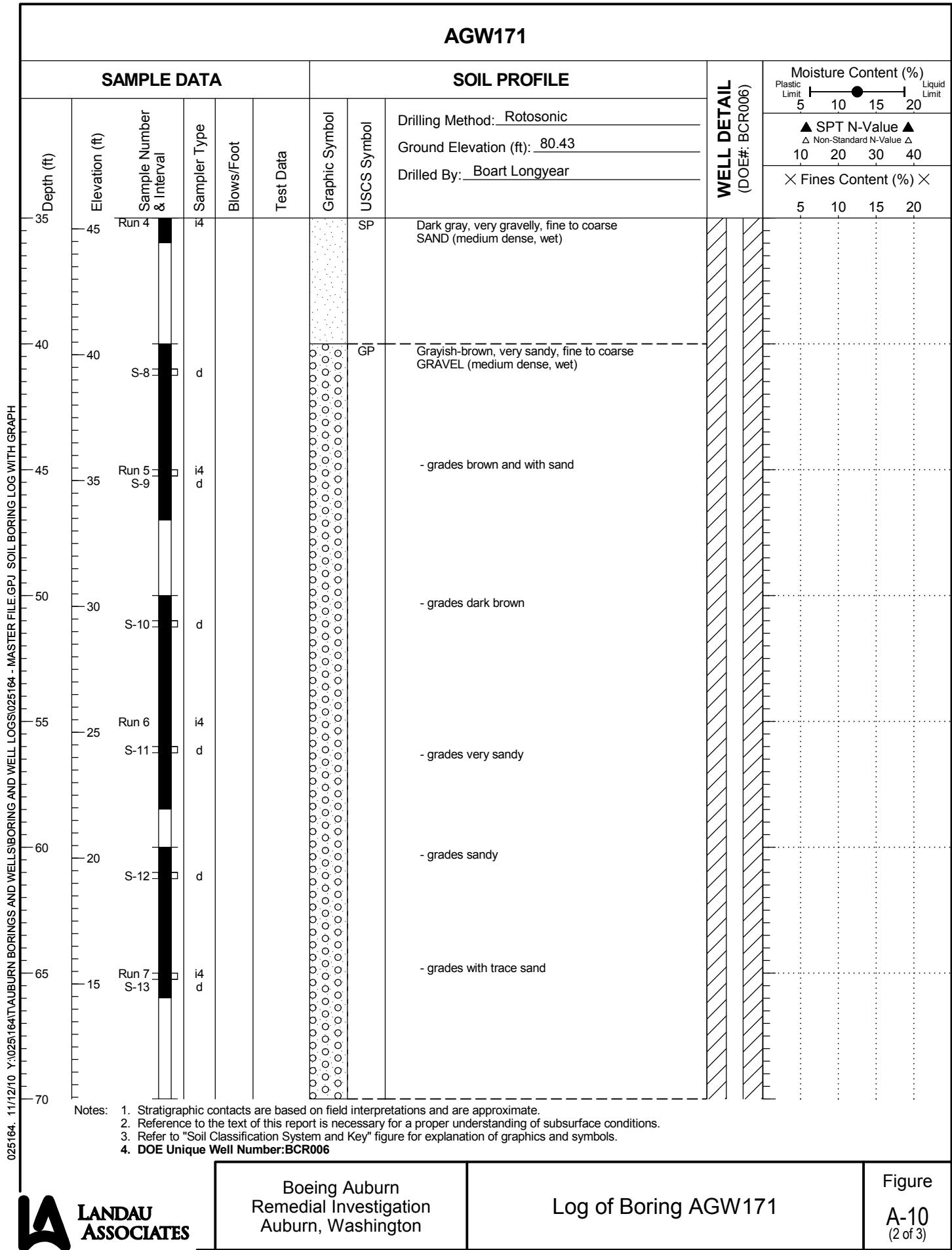
Figure  
**A-9**  
(2 of 2)

# AGW171

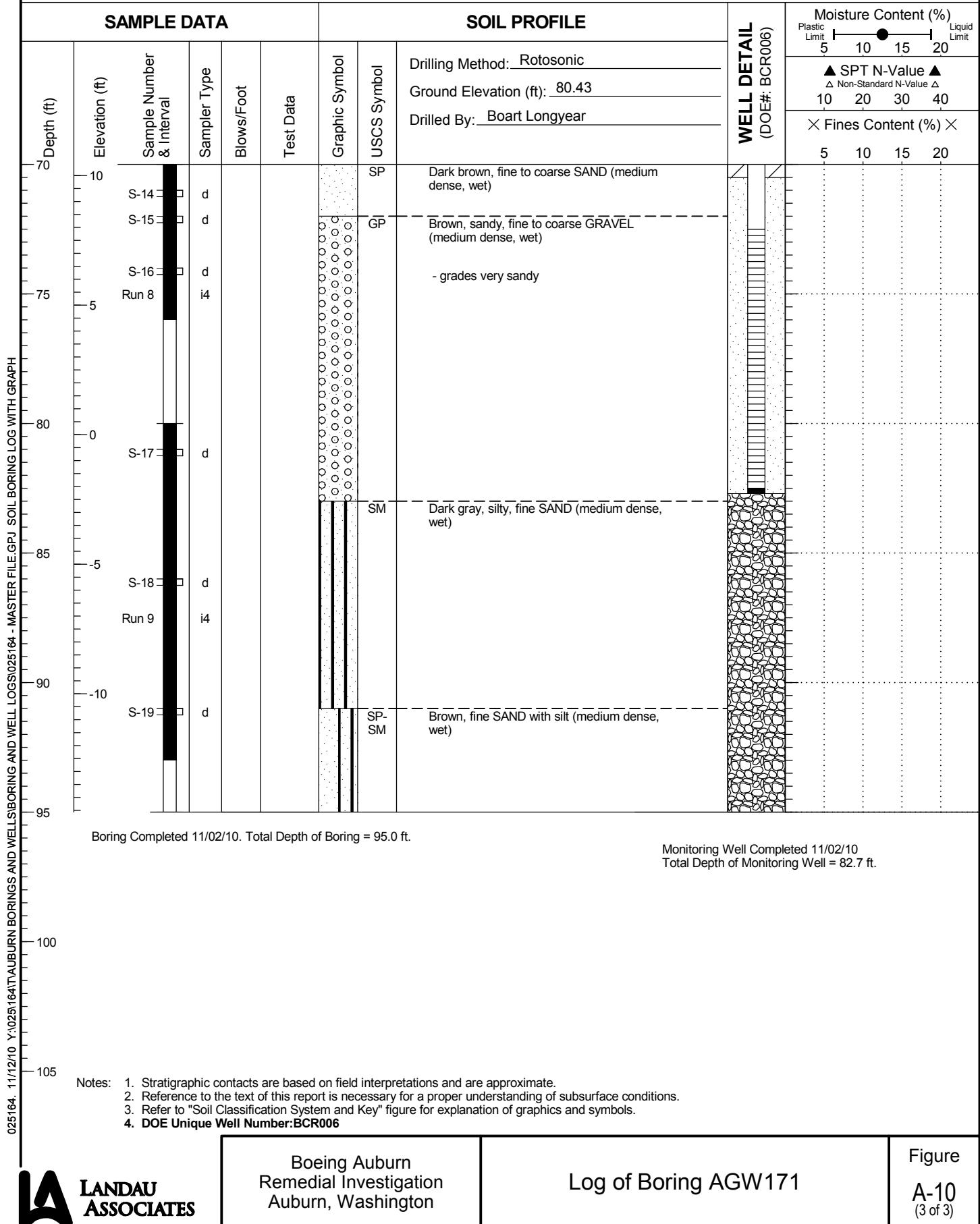


- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number:BCR006

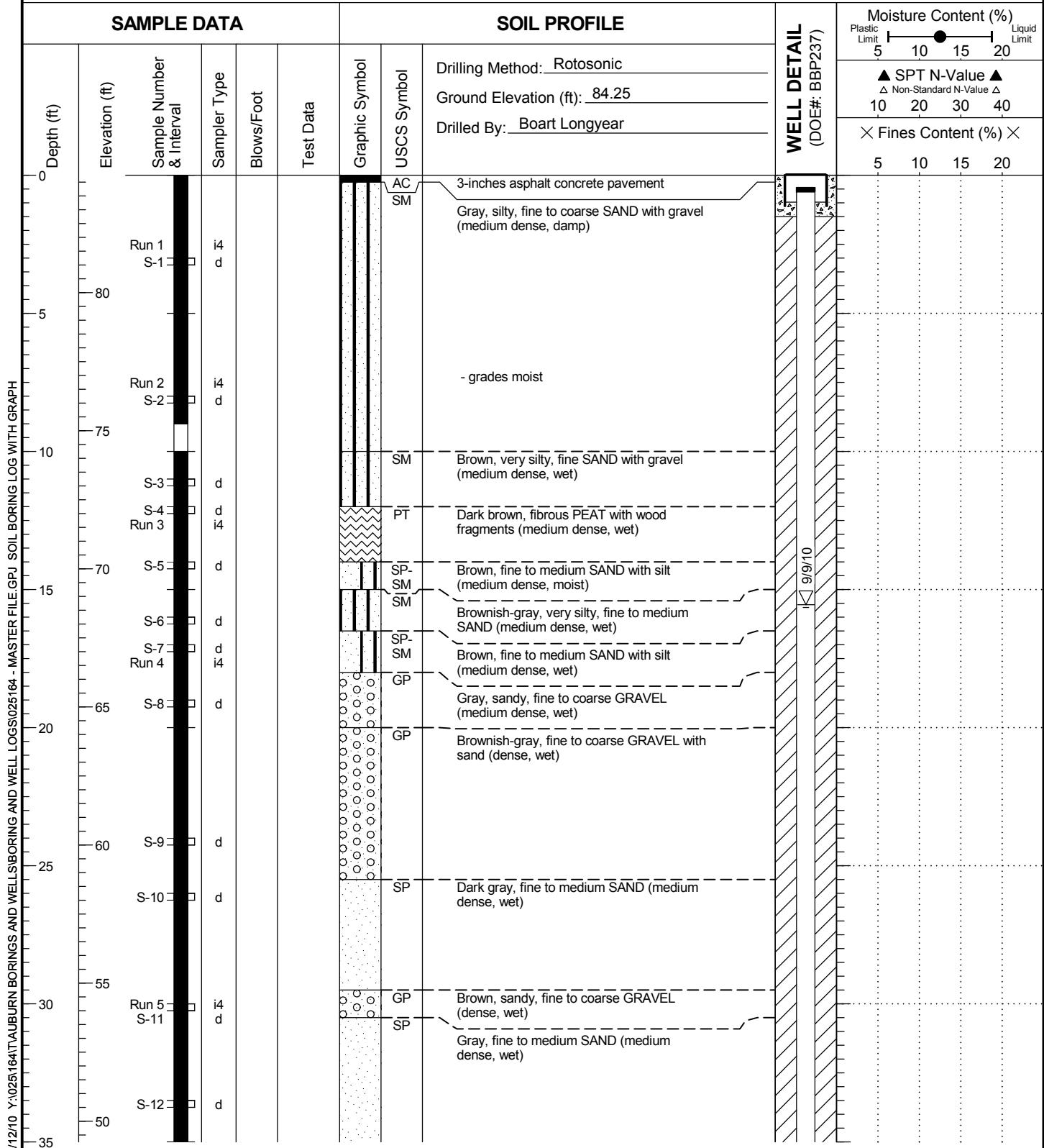
# AGW171



# AGW171



# AGW172



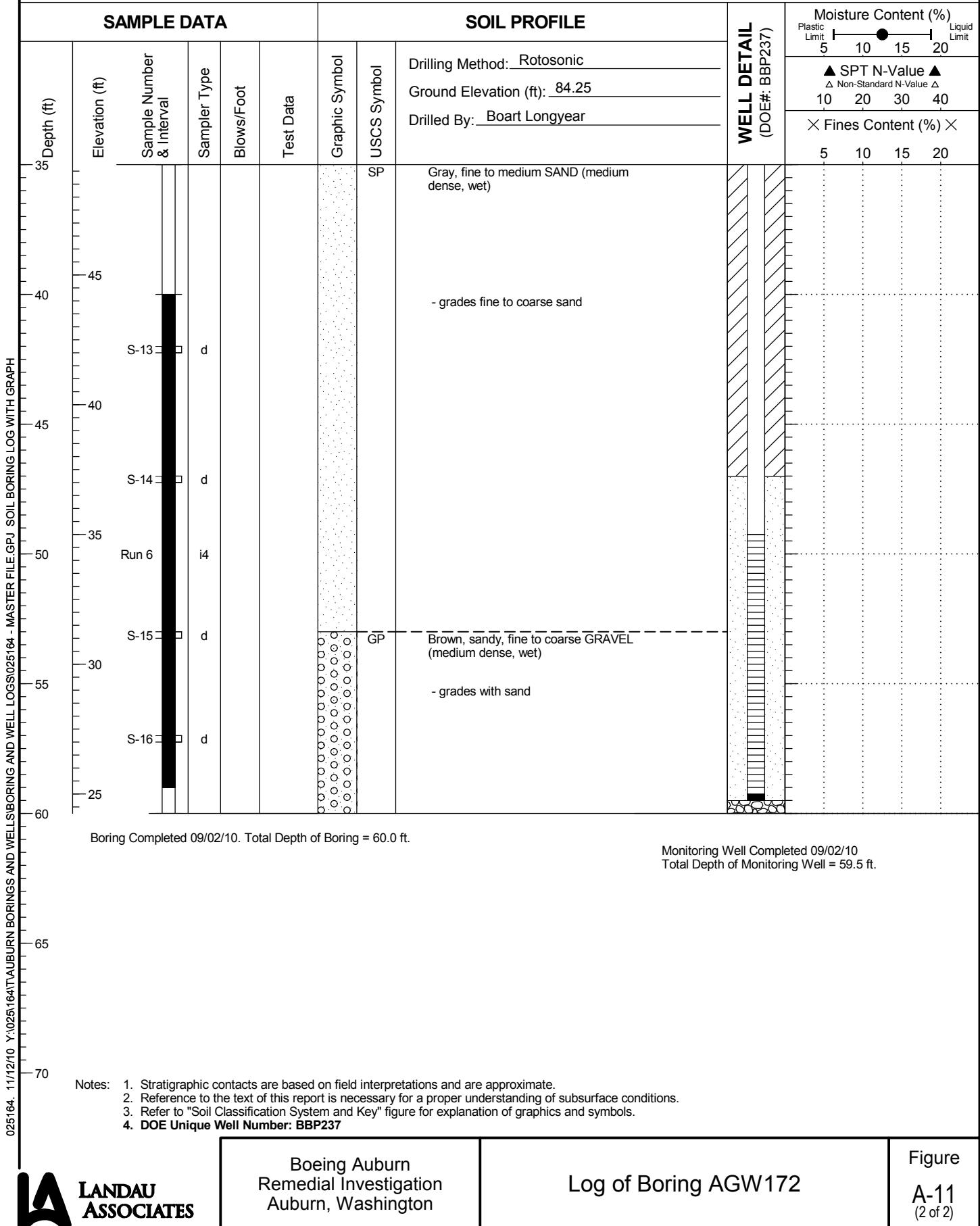
**LANDAU  
ASSOCIATES**

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

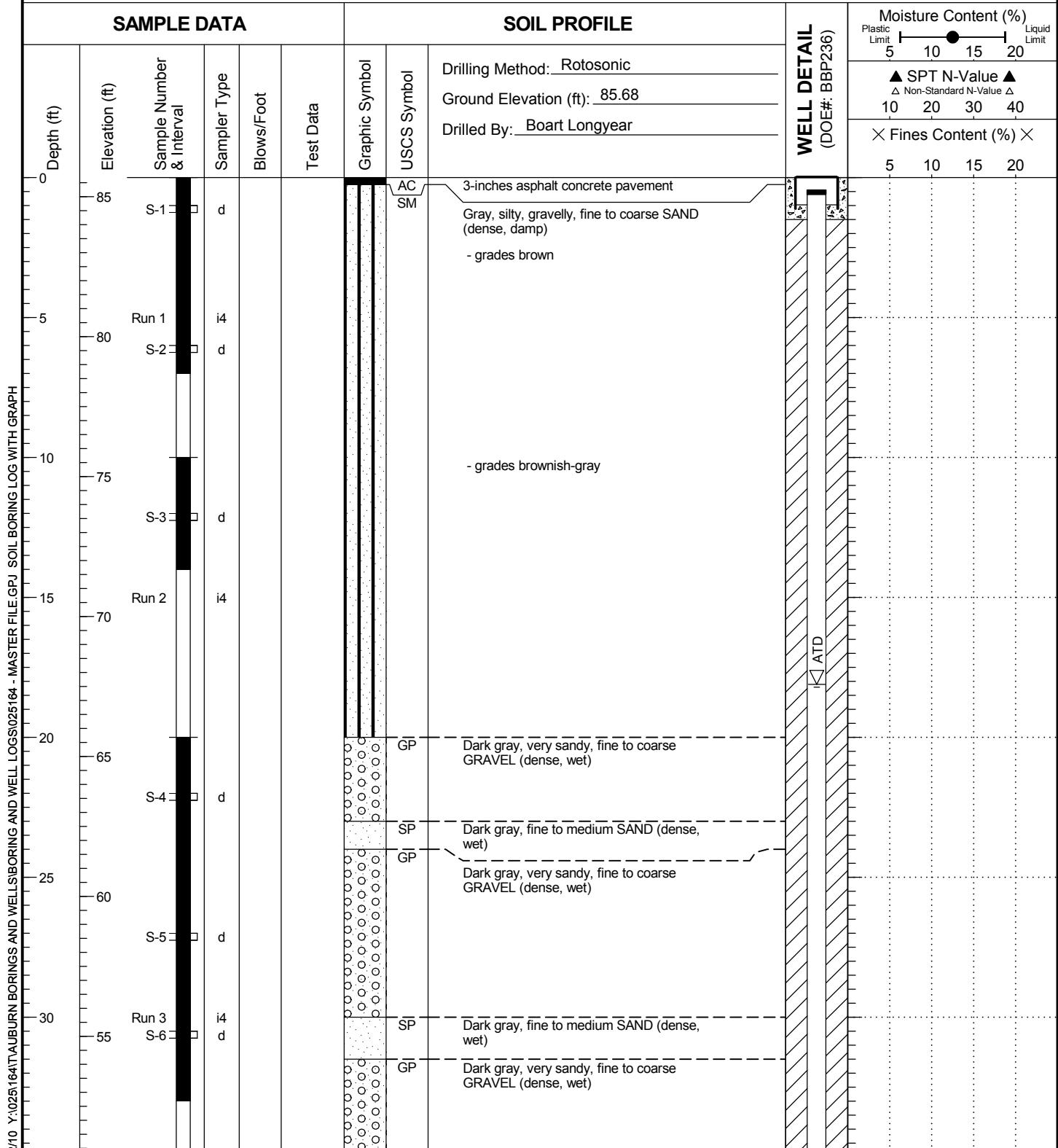
Log of Boring AGW172

Figure  
A-11  
(1 of 2)

# AGW172

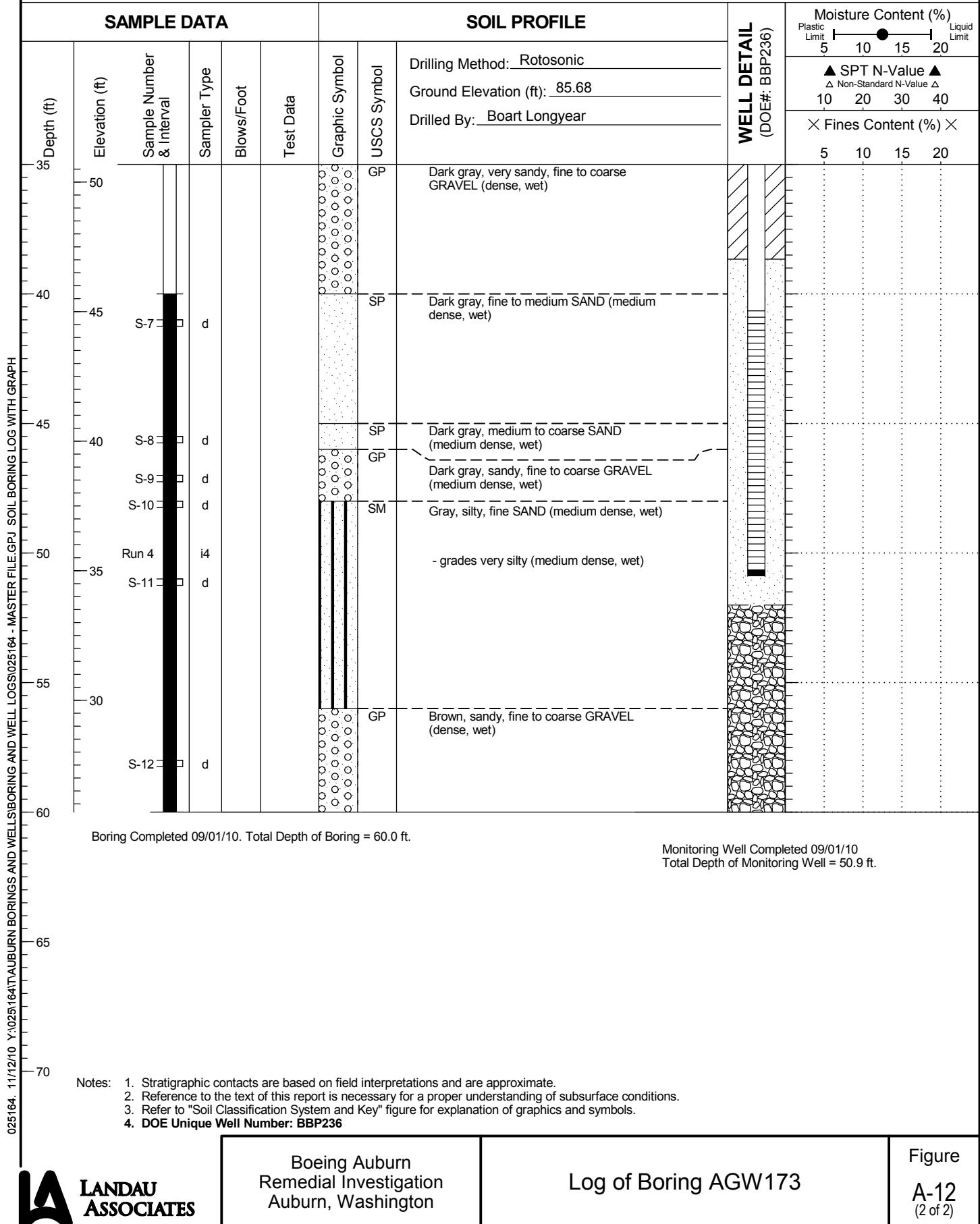


# AGW173

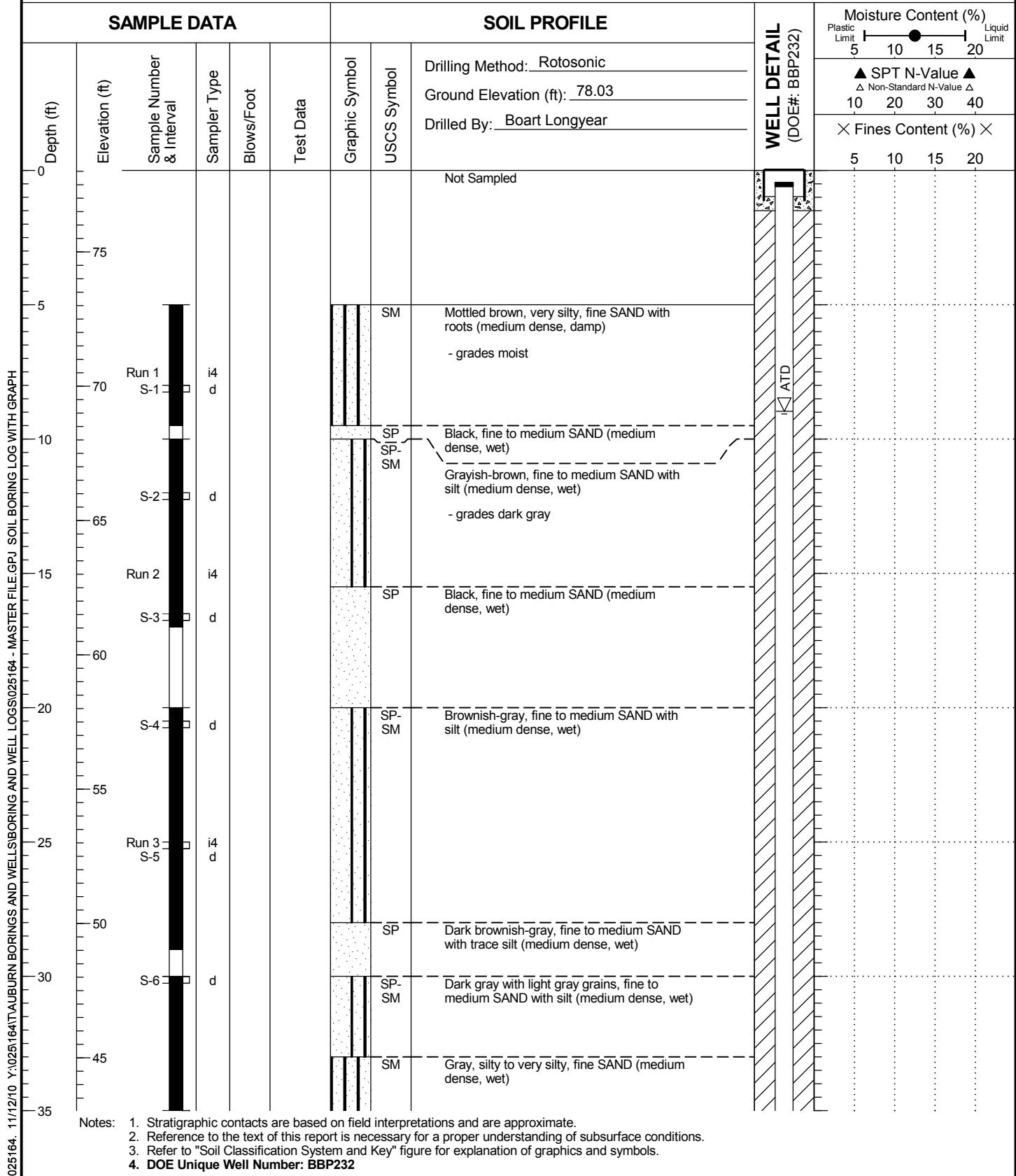


- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP236

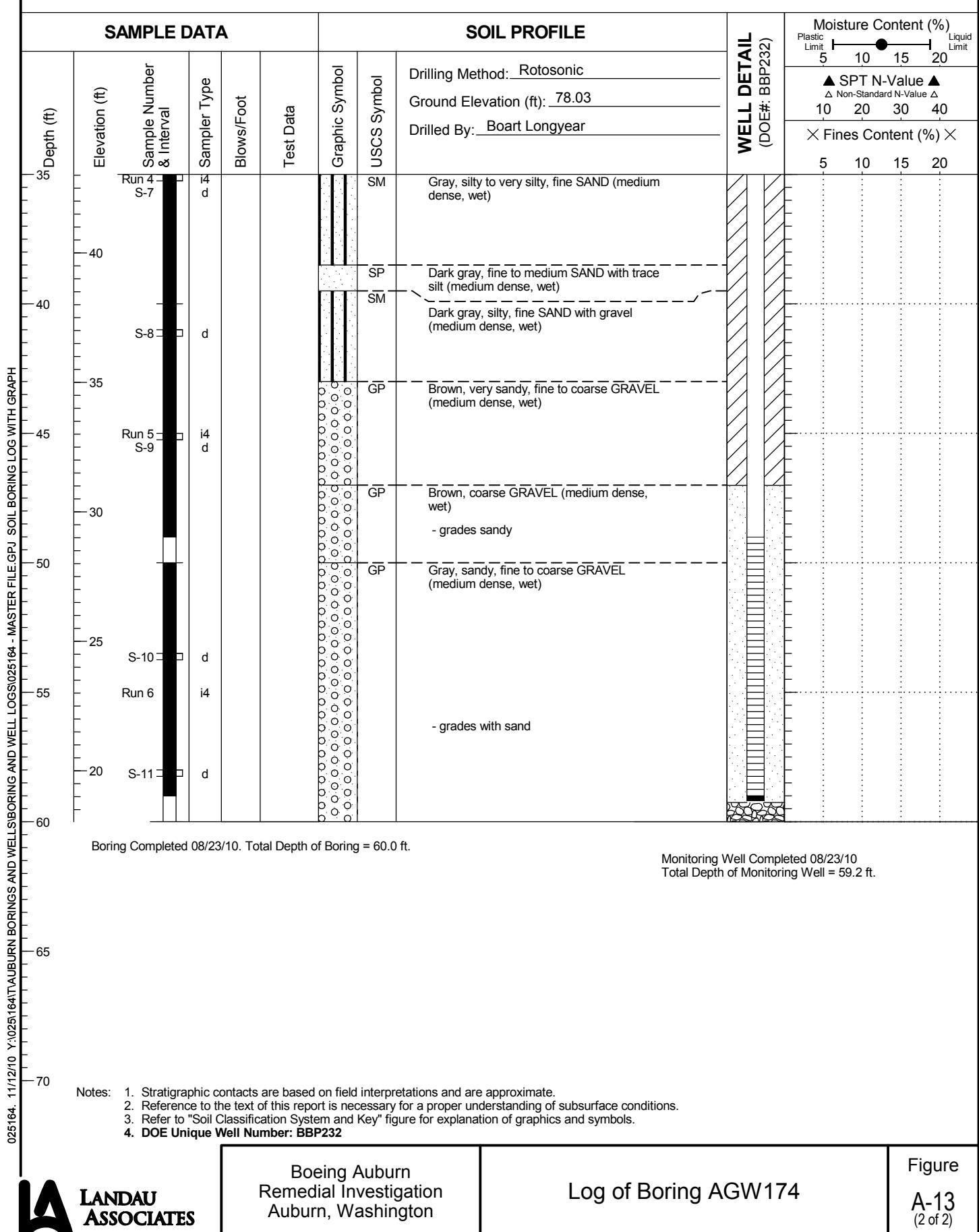
# AGW173



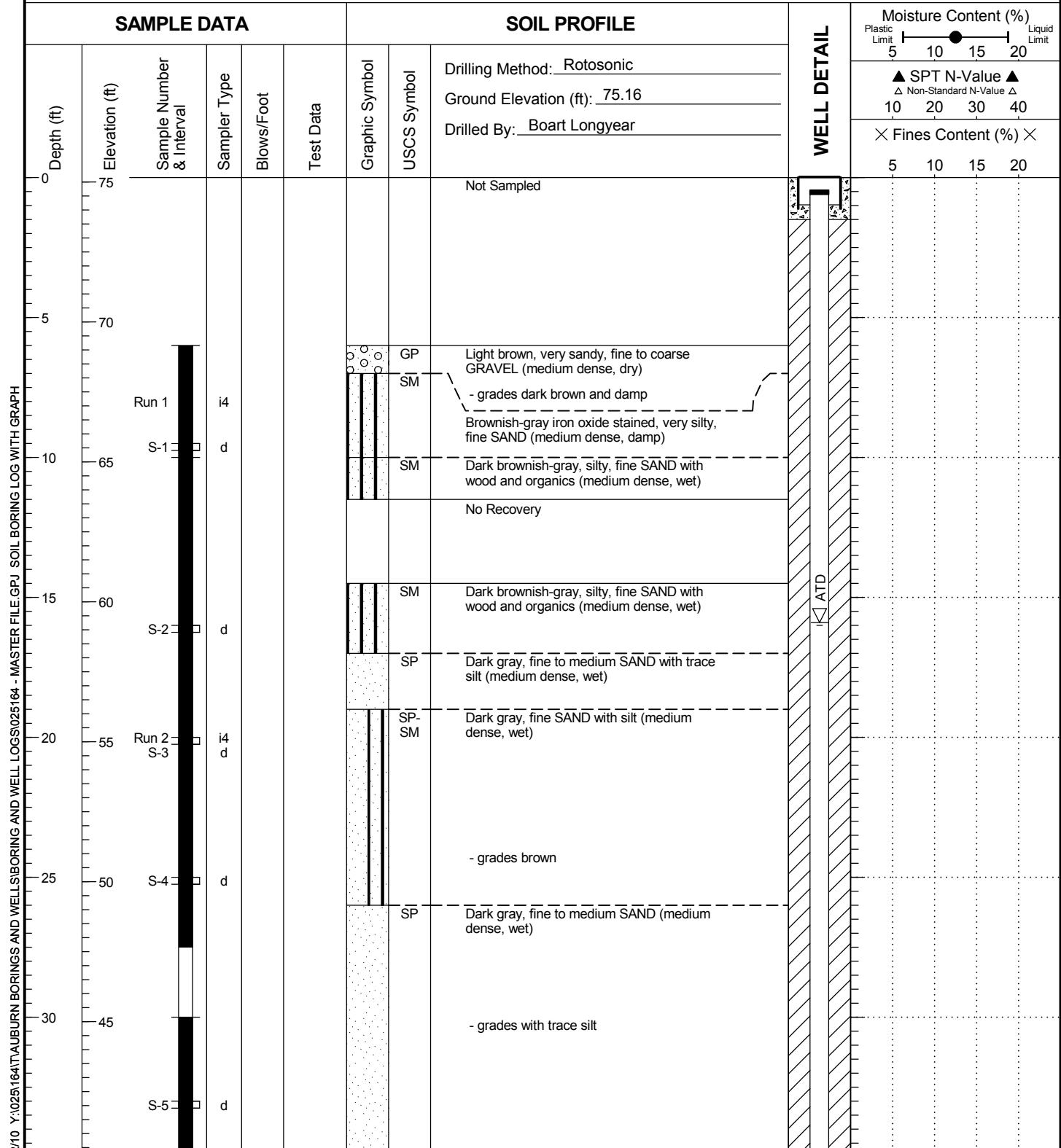
# AGW174



# AGW174

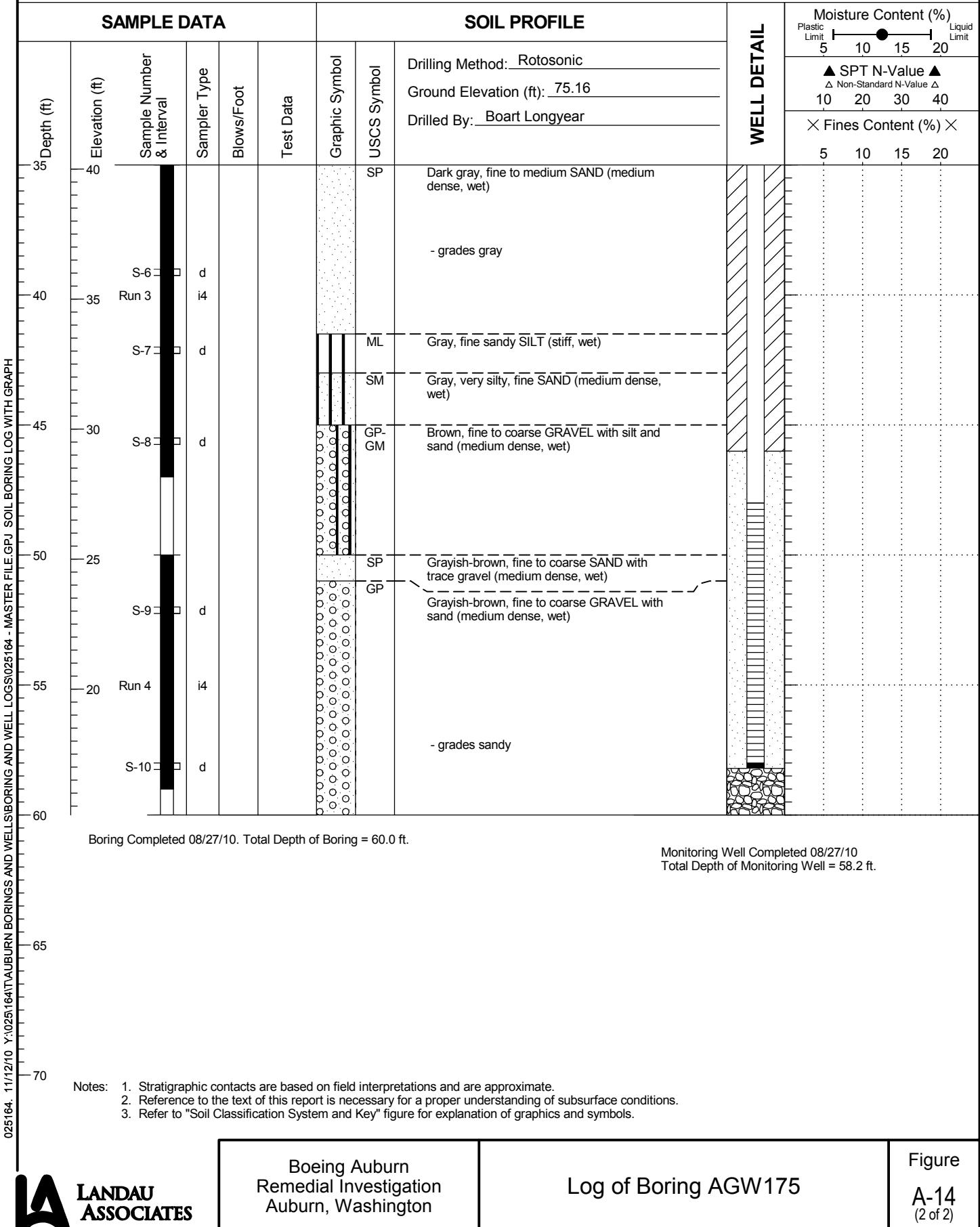


# AGW175

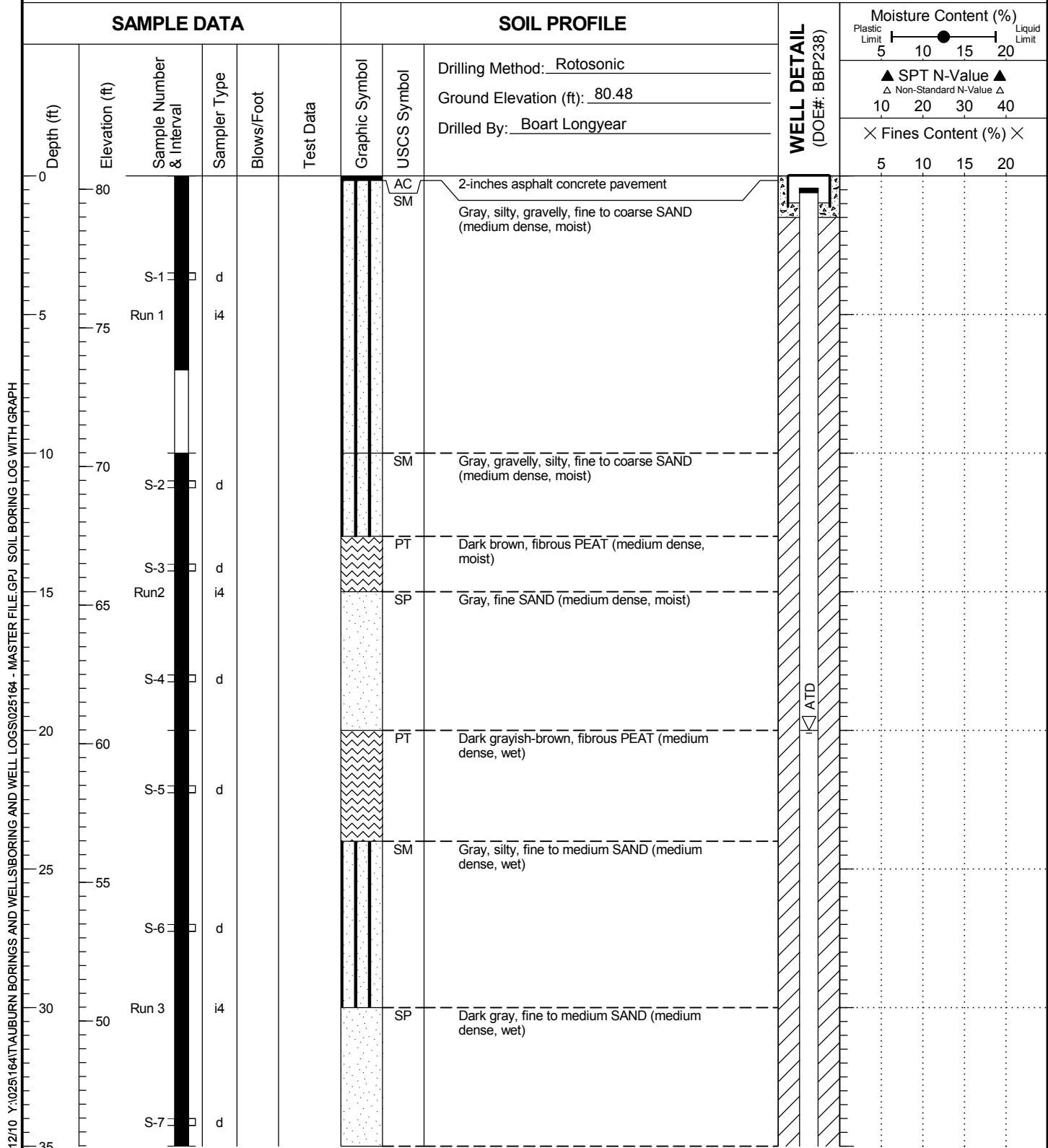


- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.

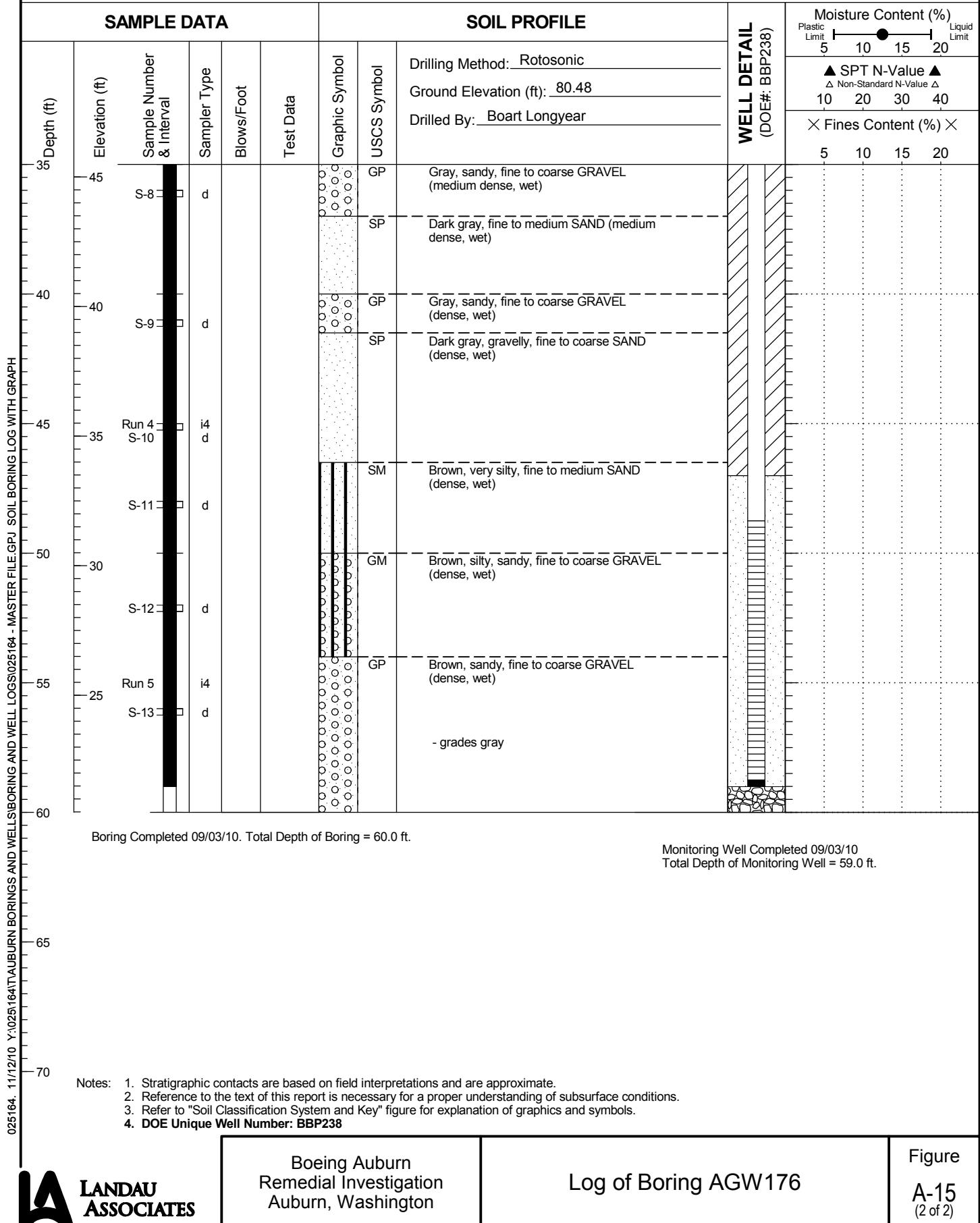
# AGW175



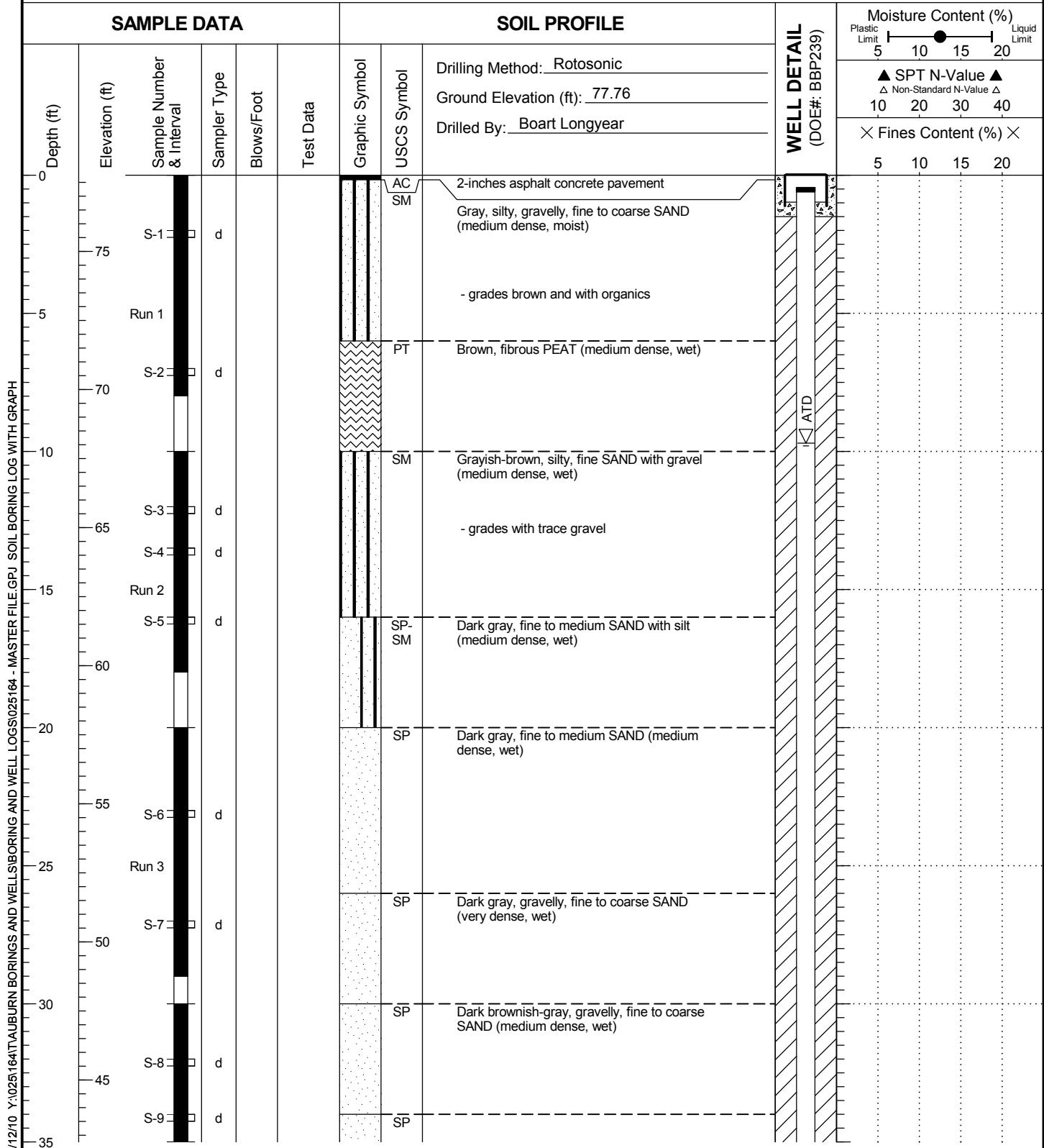
# AGW176



# AGW176



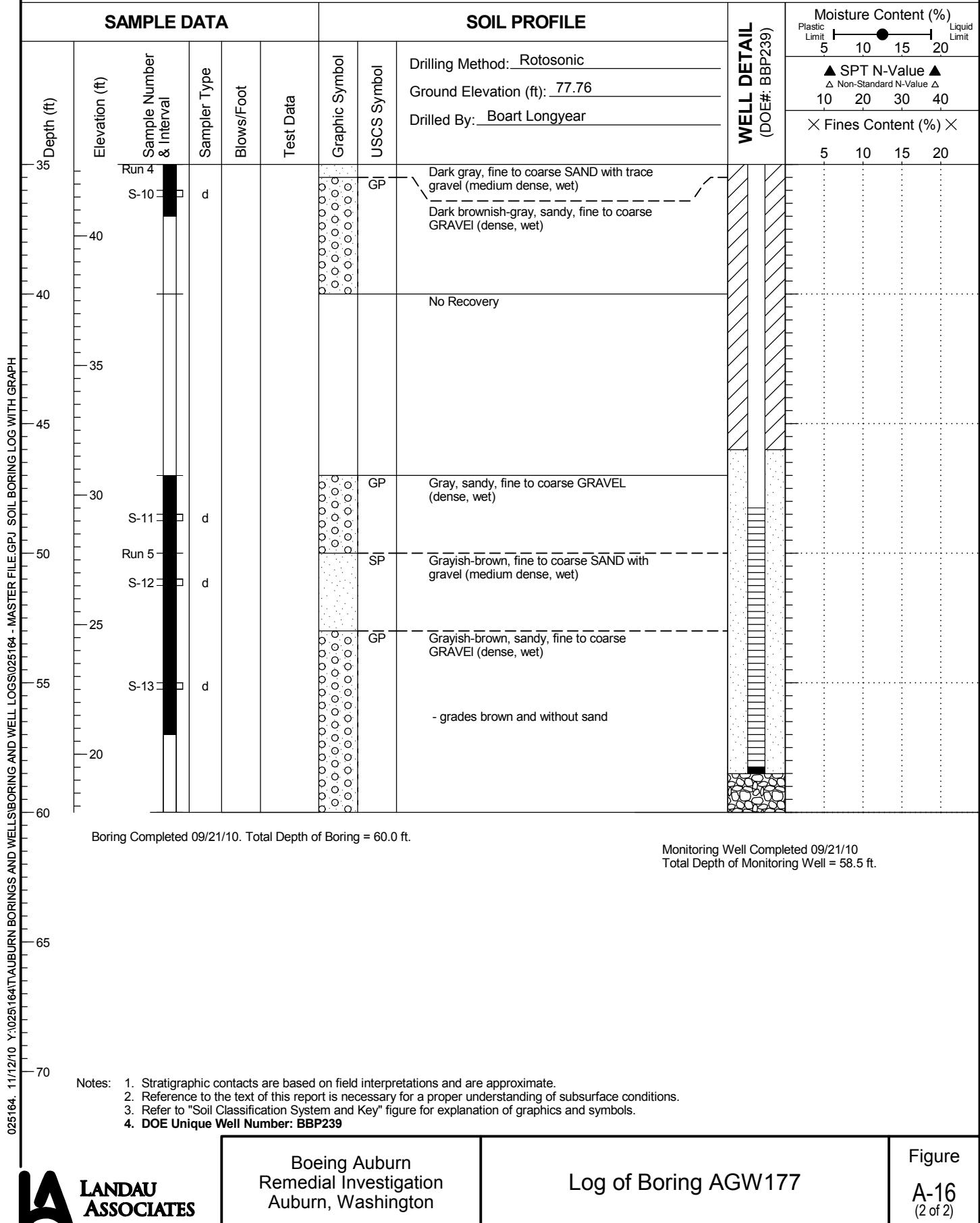
# AGW177



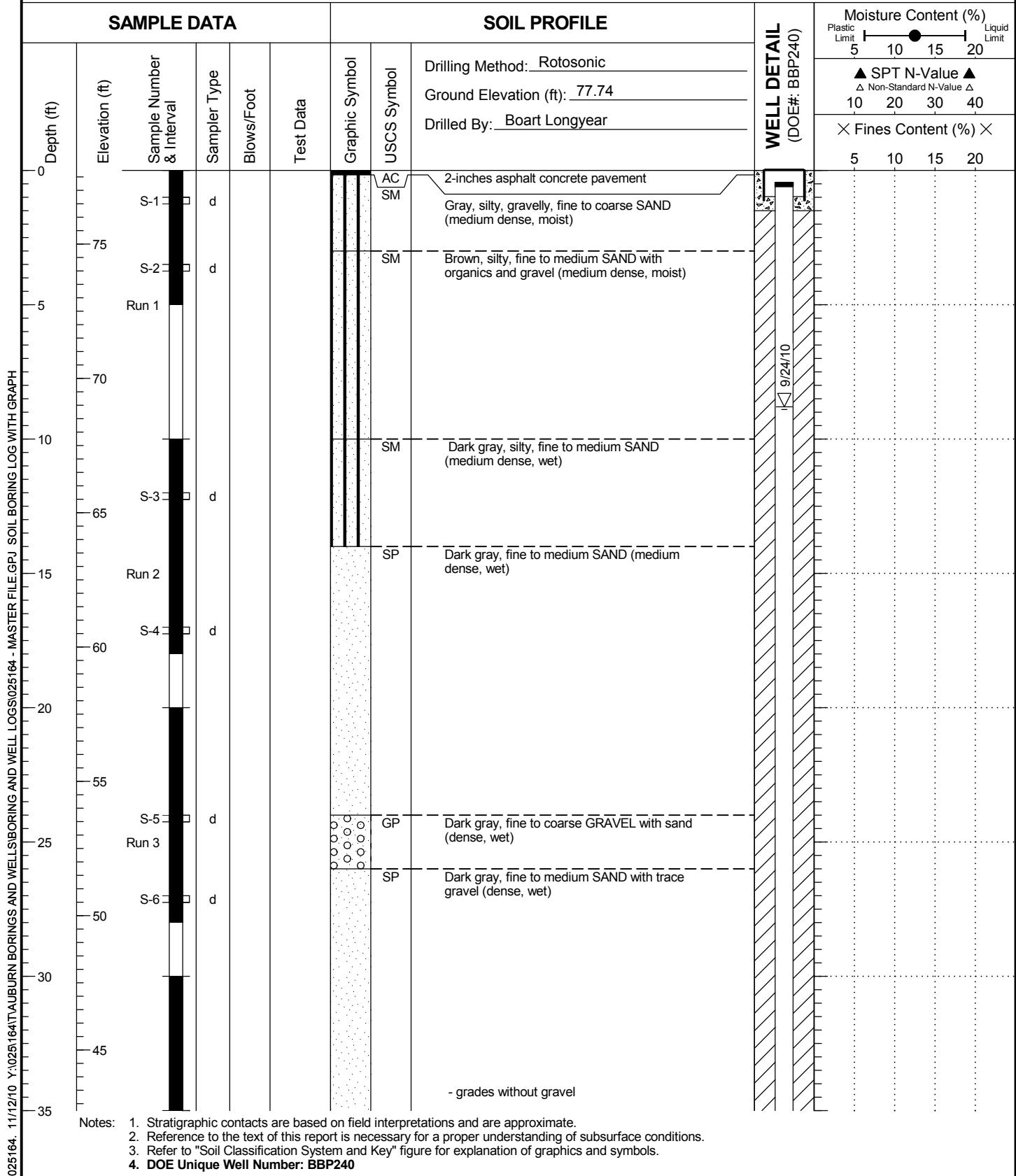
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP239

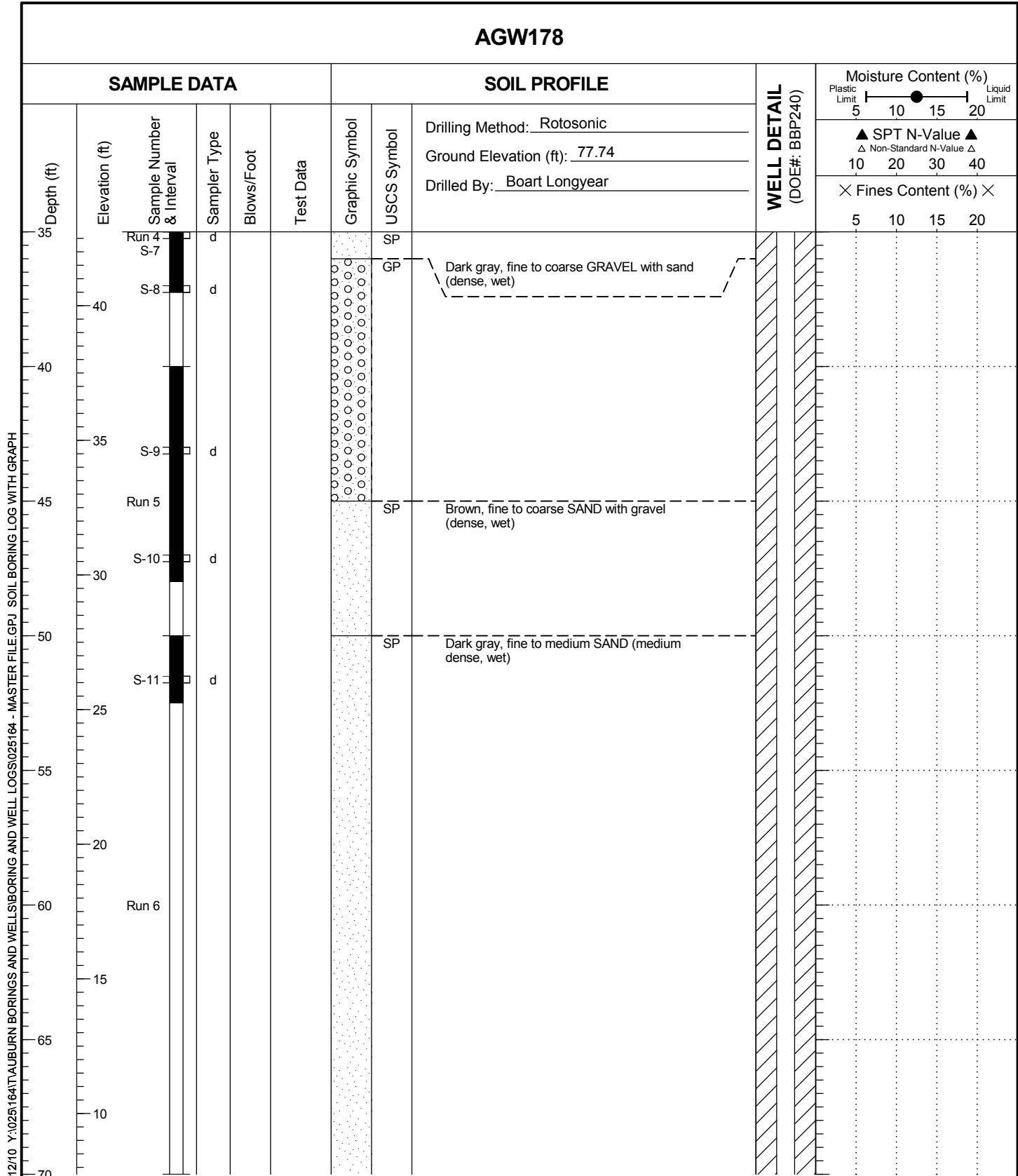
# AGW177



# AGW178



# AGW178



Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP240



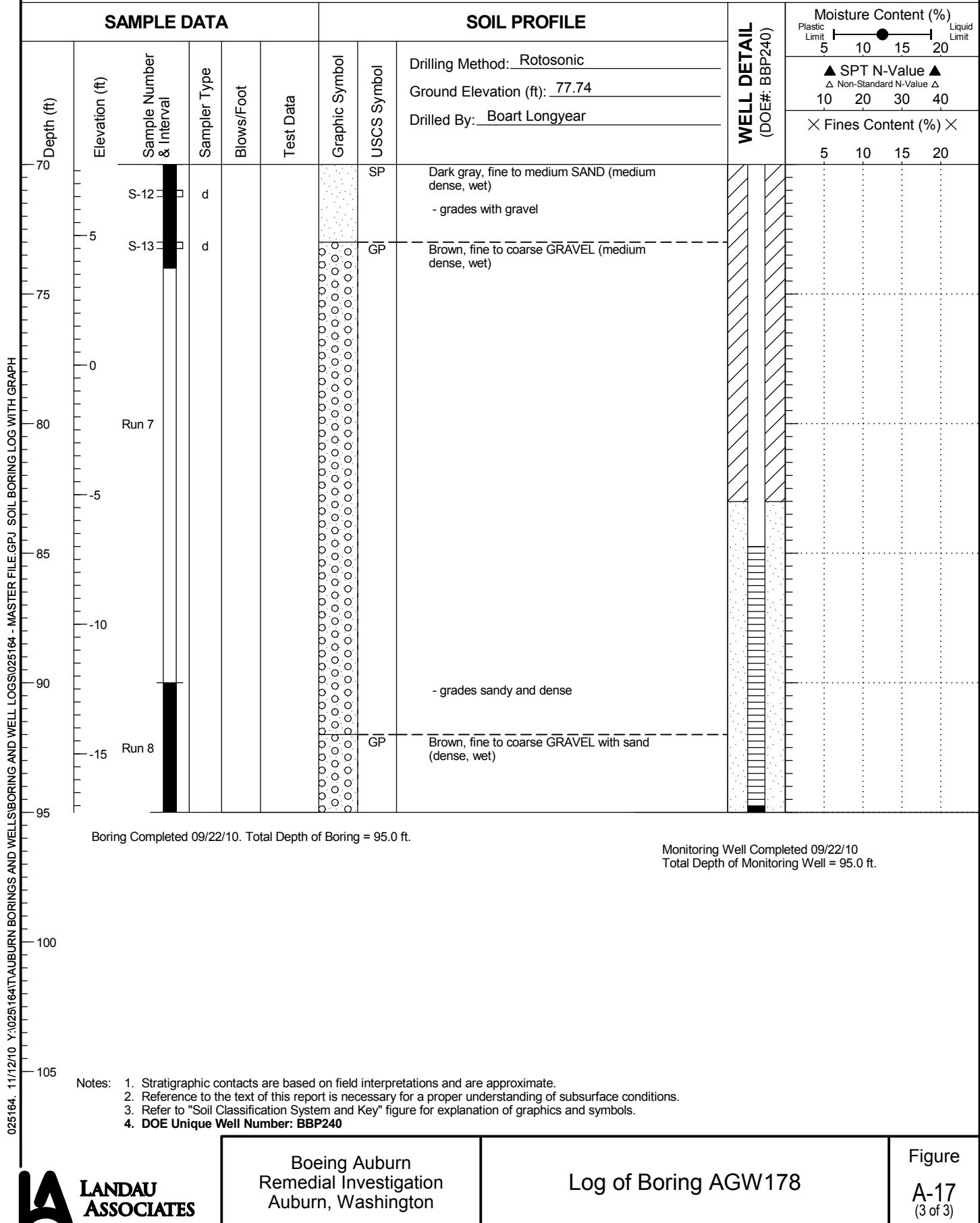
**LANDAU  
ASSOCIATES**

Boeing Auburn  
Remedial Investigation  
Auburn, Washington

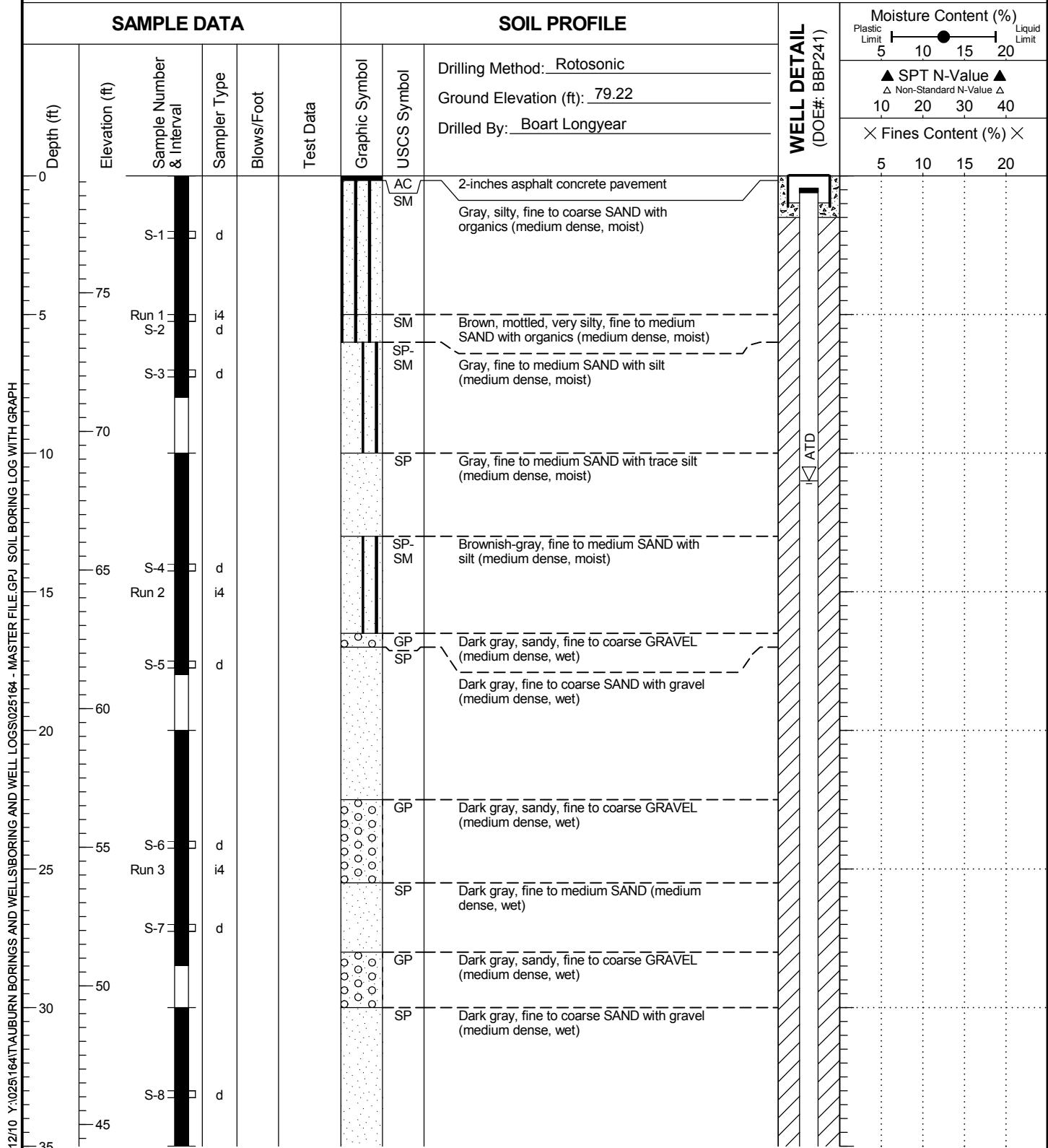
Log of Boring AGW178

Figure  
A-17  
(2 of 3)

# AGW178



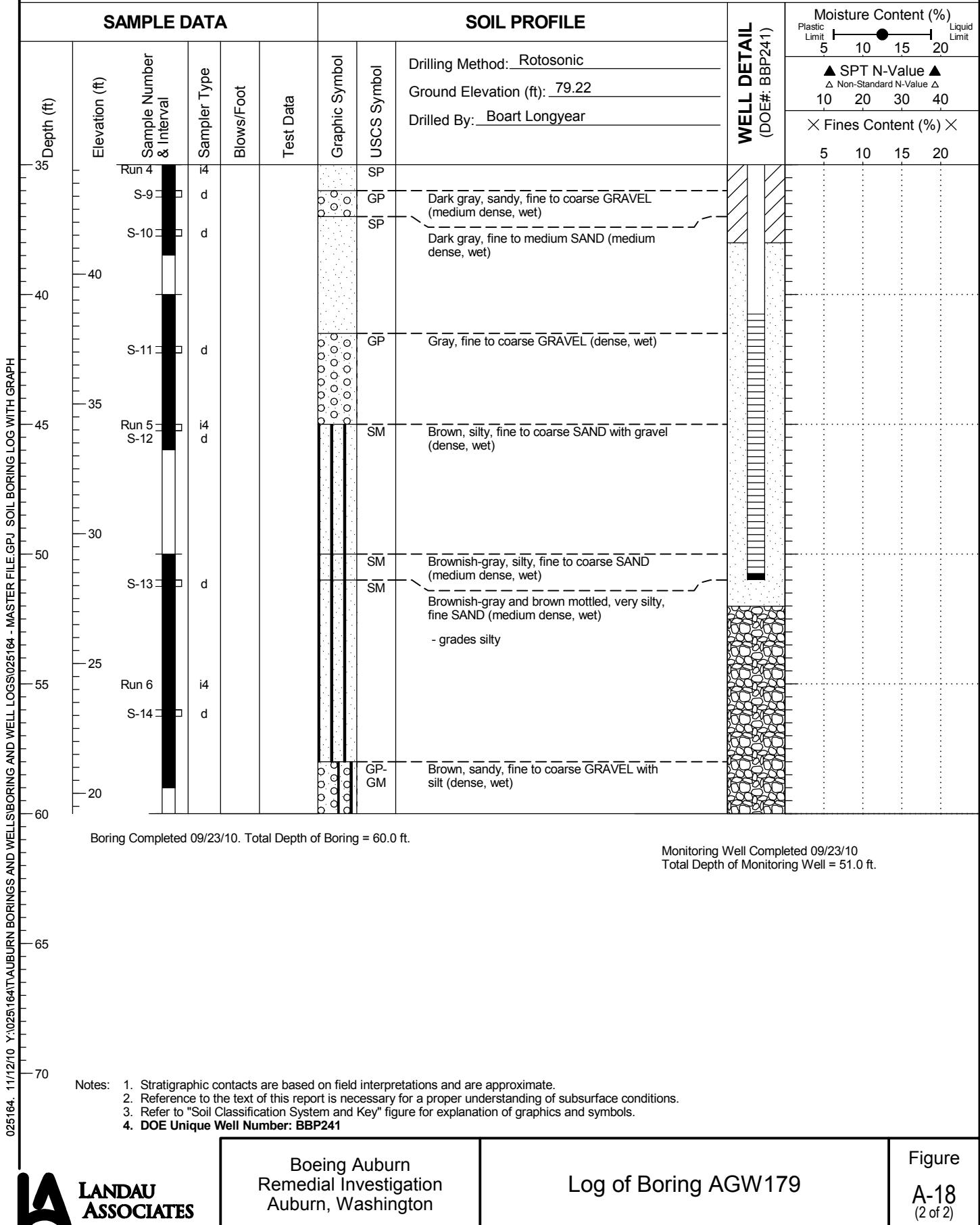
# AGW179



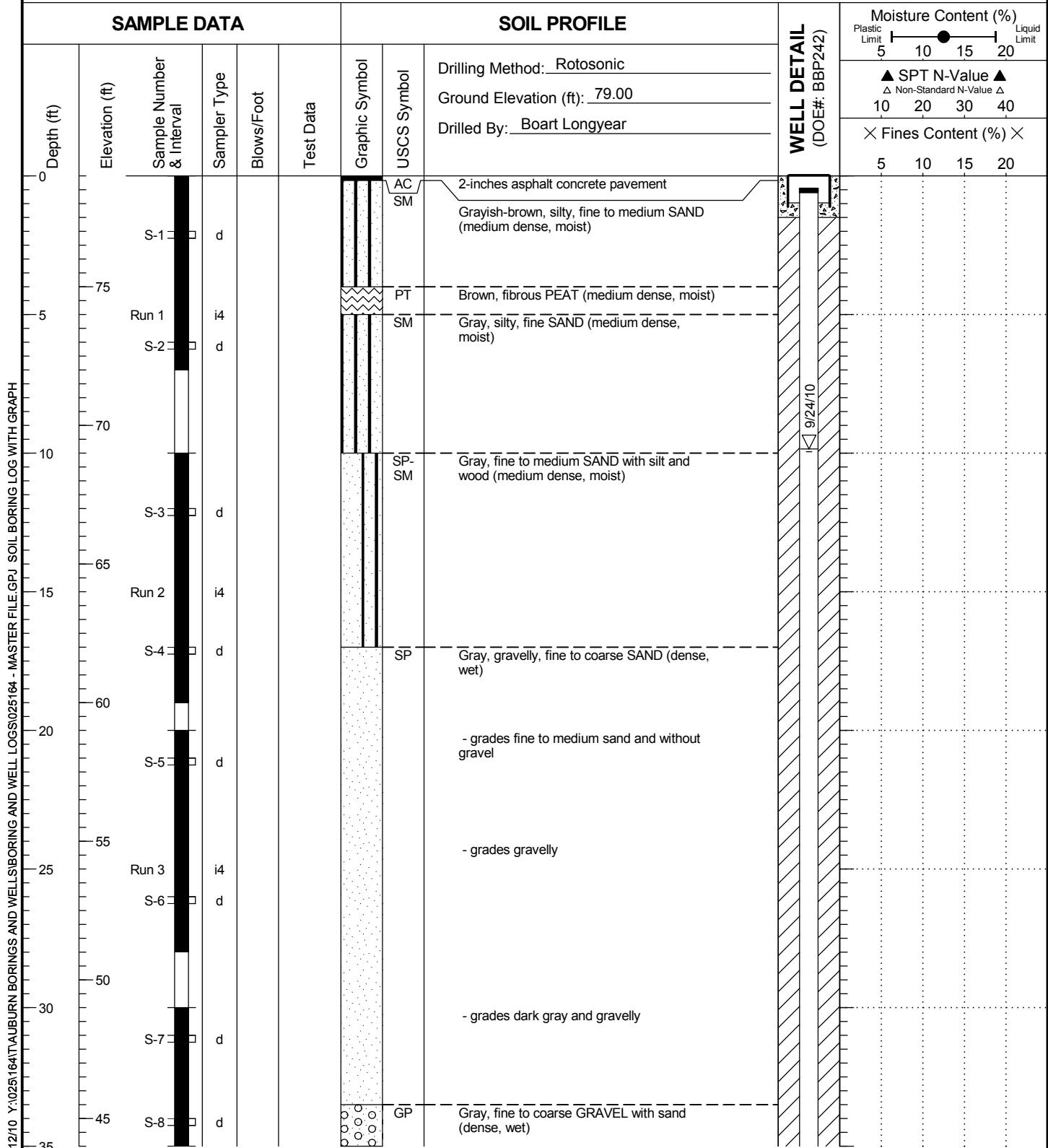
Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP241

# AGW179

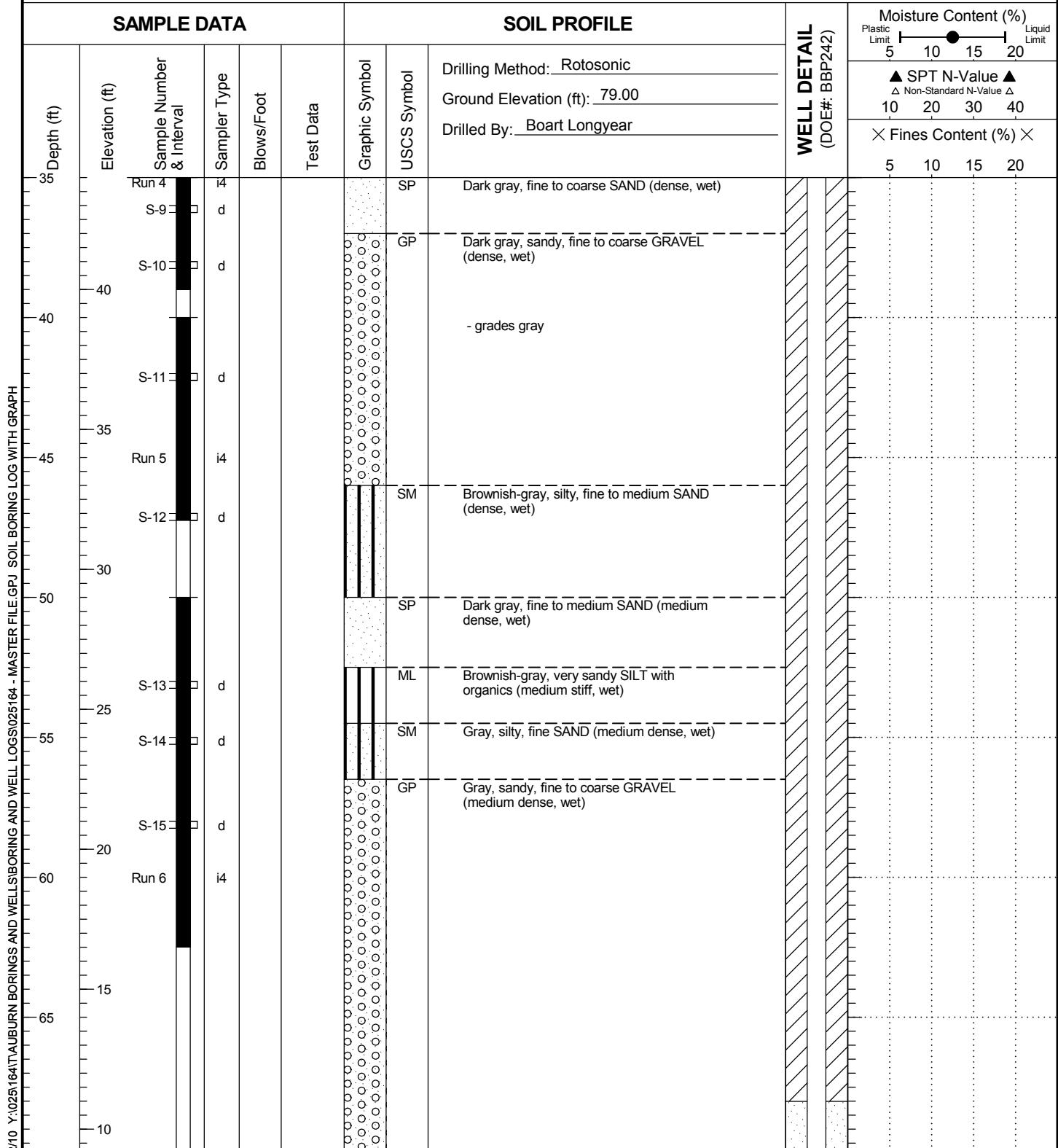


# AGW180



- Notes:
1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
  2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
  3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
  4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP242

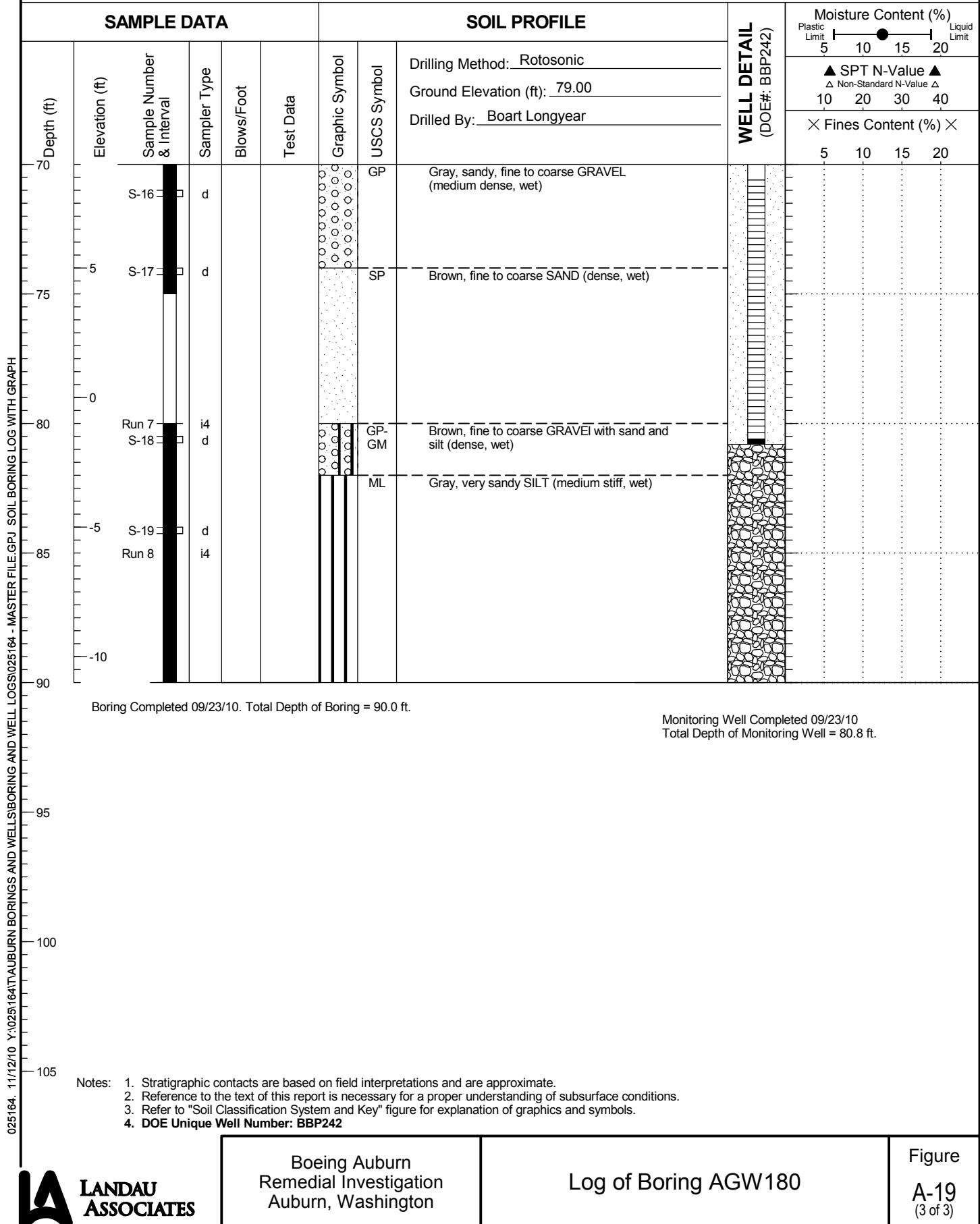
# AGW180



Notes:

1. Stratigraphic contacts are based on field interpretations and are approximate.
2. Reference to the text of this report is necessary for a proper understanding of subsurface conditions.
3. Refer to "Soil Classification System and Key" figure for explanation of graphics and symbols.
4. DOE Unique Well Number: BBP242

# AGW180



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**APPENDIX B**

**Laboratory Analytical Results**

(On CD)