

MEMORANDUM

То:	Joyce Mercuri, Washington State Department of Ecology	Date:	July 28, 2010
From:	David Templeton and Joy Dunay, Anchor QEA	Project:	040289-02
Cc:	Steve Misiurak, City of Gig Harbor		
	William Joyce, Salter Joyce Ziker, PLLC		
Re:	Eddon Boat Park Long-Term Monitoring Plan Year 2 Report		

This Long-Term Monitoring Year Two (Year 2) memorandum for the Eddon Boat Park Site (Site) was prepared on behalf of the City of Gig Harbor (the City) to comply with the requirements in the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) approved *Long-Term Monitoring Plan* (LTMP; Anchor 2009). The LTMP complies with the requirements described in the Cleanup Action Plan (CAP; Anchor 2008), which is included as an exhibit to the Agreed Order (AO) DE 5597 (Ecology 2008).

The areas included in the LTMP are cap area SMU-3 and enhanced natural recovery (ENR) area SMU-2 (Figure 1). SMU-3 contained three of ten sample locations that exceeded the total mercury sediment quality standard (SQS) cleanup levels. Additionally, three samples in this area contained tributyltin (TBT) above benchmark values (established by Ecology) as described in the CAP. As part of the cleanup action this area was capped with 12 inches of sand and overlain by 6 inches of habitat mix. SMU-2 contained total mercury above the cleanup screening level (CSL) and TBT porewater above Site cleanup levels (0.15 micrograms per liter [μ g/L]) and was dredged to 2 feet below mudline and then overdredged to remove possible contaminated residuals. Post-construction, one location in this area (SE-03) exceeded the TBT Site cleanup level, so ENR material consisting of a 1-foot sand layer was placed followed by a 6-inch habitat mix layer.

The objective of the Year 2 monitoring event was to visually inspect and photograph SMU-2 and SMU-3 to verify that the sediment cap has achieved its performance standard. The performance standard is met if the cap has remained in place and has not substantially

eroded over time by natural and anthropogenic forces. This was assessed through visual inspection of the cap surface layer to confirm that the material (i.e., habitat mix) has remained in place. In addition, the visual inspection included the measurement of any accumulations of fine-grained material that have deposited on top of the surface layer (i.e., habitat mix). If greater than 2 centimeters (cm) of fine-grained material was identified on top of the surface layer, further assessment of the cap, consisting of taking hand-cores, is required to determine if the cap material has remained in place. Photographs were taken to document the findings of the visual inspection.

Visual inspections were performed on June 13, 2010 between 1100 and 1400 hours. During this time, the tidal elevation ranged from -1.0 to -3.39 mean lower low water (MLLW). This allowed exposure of most of SMU-3 and part of SMU-2 (including location SE-03 with the TBT exceedance). Digital photographs were taken in each area from locations as marked on Figures 2 and 3. As shown on the photographs, the cap material is present in all areas with minimal (less than 2 cm) accumulation of fine-grained material. The visual inspection did not identify any areas of concern (i.e., areas where cap material is no longer present). Based on the visual survey and associated photographs, the cap and ENR areas are achieving performance standards, and no additional remedial actions are recommended.

In conclusion, Year 2 monitoring was performed in accordance with the Ecology-approved LTMP. Visual inspection confirmed that the cap material is present in SMU-3 and shows no sign of erosion. As expected, fine-grained material is beginning to accumulate, and recolonization is evident. Similarly, the material placed in SMU-2 is present, has not eroded, and is showing signs of deposition. This information confirms that the cleanup action is functioning as desired and in accordance with the CAP.

Visual inspections will occur during spring low tides for the next 3 years. Additionally, in Year 3, chemical monitoring will take place in both SMU-2 and SMU-3 as defined in the LTMP.

Attachments:

Figure 1 Site Areas and Features

Figure 2SMU-3 Visual Inspection ResultsFigure 3SMU-2 Visual Inspection Results

References

Anchor Environmental, L.L.C. (Anchor). 2008. Exhibit B. Cleanup Action Plan for Eddon Boatyard Site. Gig Harbor, Washington. June.

Anchor. 2009. Long-Term Monitoring Plan. Gig Harbor, Washington. January.

Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). 2008. Agreed Order No. DE 5597. Ecology.

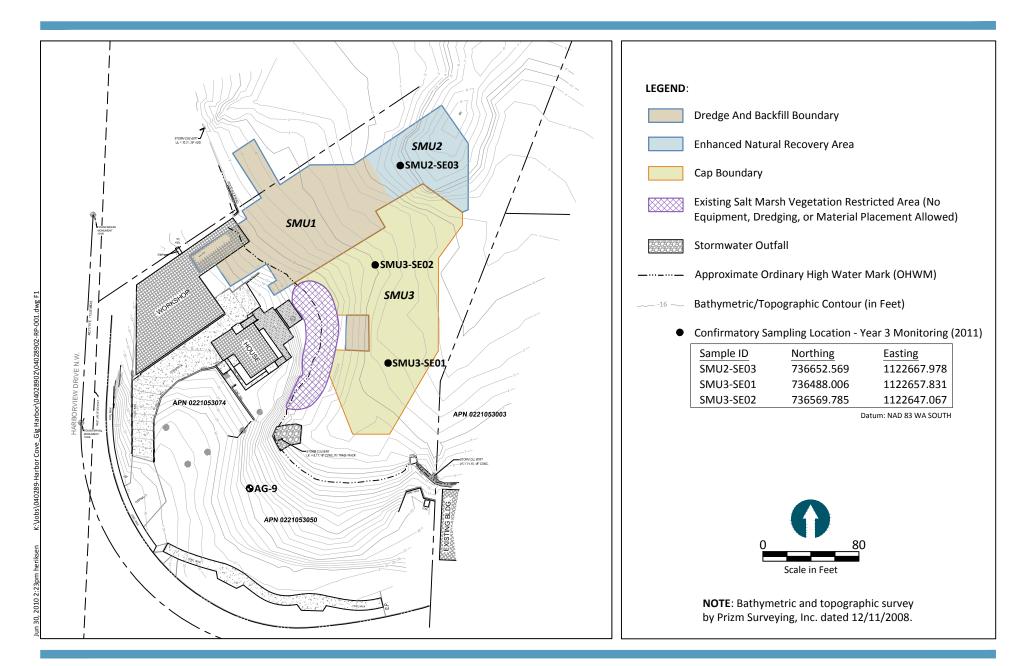
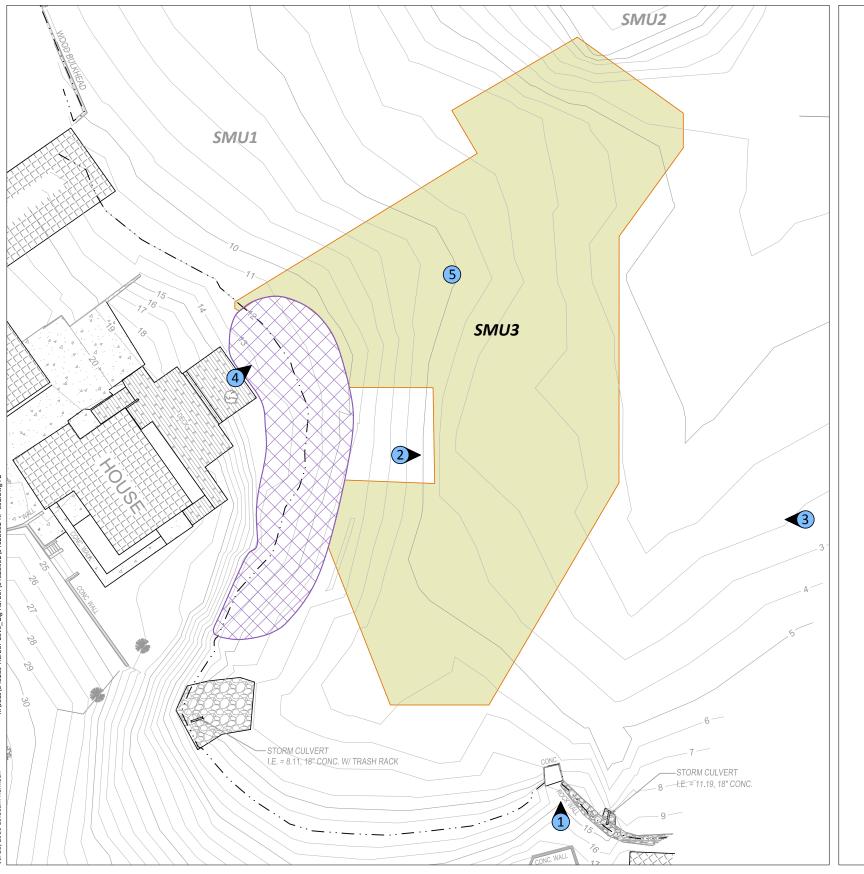


Figure 1 Site Areas and Features Long-Term Monitoring Plan - Year 2 Report Eddon Boat Park

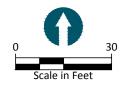






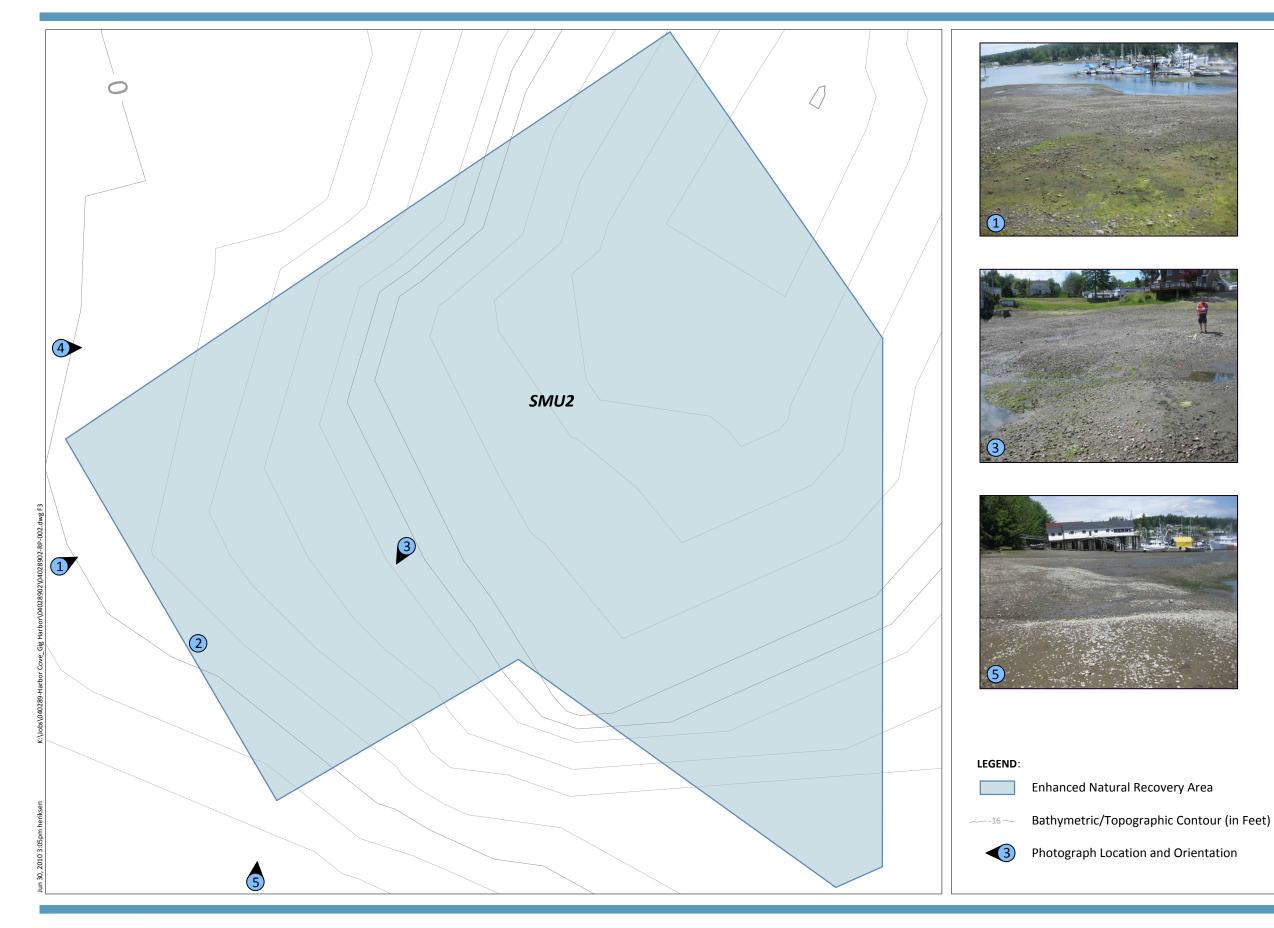






NOTE: Bathymetric and topographic survey by Prizm Surveying, Inc. dated 12/11/2008.

Figure 2 SMU-3 Visual Inspection Results Long-Term Monitoring Plan - Year 2 Report Eddon Boat Park







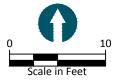












NOTE: Bathymetric and topographic survey by Prizm Surveying, Inc. dated 12/11/2008.

Figure 3 SMU-2 Visual Inspection Results Long-Term Monitoring Plan - Year 2 Report Eddon Boat Park