

INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

ERTS Number: 618998 Parcel #(s): 0767000140

County: King

FSID #: 37352524 CSID #: 12974

SITE	INF	OR	MΔ	TI	ON

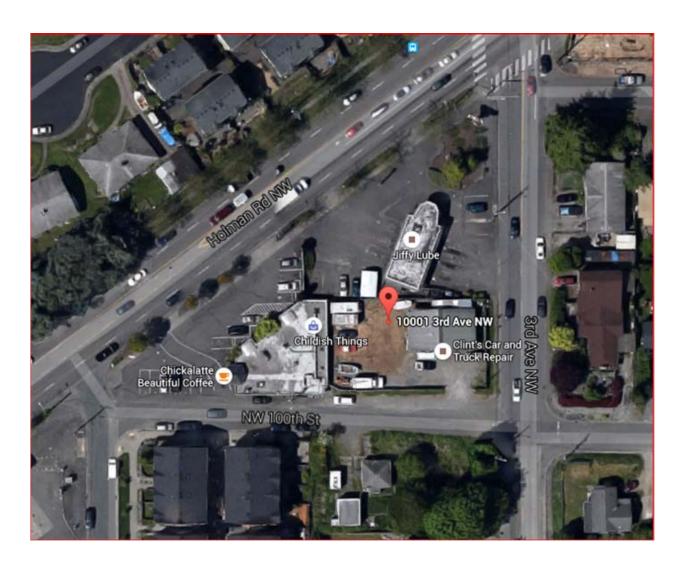
SITE INFORMATION						
Site Name (Name over door): Holman Historic Gas Station	Site <u>Address</u> (including City, State and Zip): 10001 3rd Ave NW / 10022 Holman Rd NW Seattle, WA 98177	Phone/email:				
Site Contact, Title, Business:	ite Contact, Title, Business: Site Contact Address (including City, State and Zip):					
Site Owner, Title, Business: Mathew Griffin	Site Owner Address (including City, State an 880 Livingston Bay Shore Dr Camano Island, WA 98282	d Zip): Phone/email:				
Site Owner Contact, Title, Business:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City,	State and Zip): Phone/email:				
Previous Site Owner(s): BP ARCO (Historic) Alternate Site Name(s):	Michelle Bien-Curtin, BP-Remediation Mar Land & Legal, 150 W Warrenville Rd, Mail Additional Info:					
Latitude (Decimal D Longitude (Decimal INSPECTION INFORMATION Inspection Conducted? Date/Til Yes \(\Boxed{No} \) Photographs taken? Yes \(\Boxed{D} \)	Degrees): -122.36109	unced Unannounced				
Samples collected? Yes	No 🗌					
RECOMMENDATION		T				
No Further Action (Check appropri	,	LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List:				
Release or threatened release do						
No release or threatened release		4				
Refer to program/agency (Name: Independent Cleanup Action Com	-					
COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERT Additional release discovered during collected on 11/5/2008 with level of T Jiffy Lube operating at the site. After activities but to the historical operation	TS Complaint): Voluntary Cleanup Program review of Jiffy Louin PHg in soil 270 mg/kg. It was thought to be pan evaluation of the data for the property, the ns at a historic gasoline retail facility. The se	part of soil contamination associated with TPHg is not related to Jiffy Lube rvice station operated from 1953 - 1982.				
The CRA 2009 Remedial Investigation	nmary of why Site is recommended for Listing and Cleanup Action Report indicates gasoline given an NFA May 3, 2010. New cleanup site an Historic Gas Station".	in soil above MTCA Method A. This is				
Investigator: Donna Musa (Libby Goldstein) Date Submitted: February 24, 20						

OBSERVATIONS

Description (If site visit made, please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

Documents reviewed:

- Ecology Voluntary Cleanup Program NFA Opinion Letter, NW2071, Jiffy Lube Store 2082. Libby Goldstein, Ecology Northwest Region Toxics Cleanup Program. May 3, 2010.
- Remedial Investigation and Cleanup Action Report, Jiffy Lube Store 2082, 10022 Holman Road, Seattle, Washington. Conestoga Rovers & Associates, Seattle, Washington. December 29, 2009.



(fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

(1111 111 00111241111111	ant matrix below with appro	oriace		u0 0.	10.00		the hey below the table)
CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	NOS	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX contaminants are present independently of gasoline.
	Polynuclear Aromatic						Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings.
Non-Halogenated Organics	Hydrocarbons (PAH) Tributyltin						The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether						MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Benzene						Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics						TEX
	Petroleum Diesel						Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	С					Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other						Oil range organics
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a CI, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
Halogenated Organics	Halogenated solvents						PCE, chloroform, EDB, EDC, MTBE
(see notes at bottom)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
Metals	Metals - Other						Cr, Se, Ag, Ba, Cd
	Lead						Lead
	Mercury						Mercury
	Arsenic						Arsenic
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
Other Contaminants	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures						For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
Reactive Wastes	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B - Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S - Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C - Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example - above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA - Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example - capped area).
RB - Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example - complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivitive. Referral to the HSDB is recommended you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in Ch. 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

FOR ECOLOGY II REVIEWER USE ONLY (For Listing Sites):						
How did the Sit	te come to be known:	 ☐ Site Discovery (received a re ☑ ERTS Complaint ☐ Other (please explain): 	port): (Date Report Received)			
	Notice Letter need to b plain why:	e sent: ⊠ Yes □ No				
NAICS Code (i Otherwise, brid		rty is/was used (i.e., gas station,	dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.):			
	pe created (Unit Type): s needed, please explair	☑ Upland (includes VCP & LUST) why:	☐ Sediment			
Cleanup Proce	ess Type (for the Unit):	No Process ∇oluntary Cleanup Program Federal-supervised or conducted	☐ Independent Action☐ Ecology-supervised or conducted			
Site Status:	☐ Awaiting Cleanup☐ Cleanup Started☐ No Further Action Requ	☐ Construction Complete – Perform ☐ Cleanup Complete – Active O&M/ uired				
Site Manager (Default: Donna Musa):	<u>Donna Musa</u>				
Specific confir	med contaminants inclu	de:	Facility/Site ID No. (if known): 37352524			
	Gasoline in Soil		Cleanup Site ID No. (if known):			
	in Groundwater		<u>12974</u>			
	in Other (specify n	natrix:)				

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO: Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

PARCEL DATA						
Parcel	076700-0140		Jurisdiction	SEATTLE		
Name	GRIFFIN MATHEW		Levy Code	0010		
Site Address	10001 3RD AVE NW 98177		Property Type	С		
Geo Area	10-95		Plat Block / Building Number			
Spec Area			Plat Lot / Unit Number	24-25		
Property Name	JIFFY LUBE & RHINO MOTORS		Quarter-Section-Township- Range	NE-36-26-3		