

# Voluntary Cleanup Program

Washington State Department of Ecology Toxics Cleanup Program

## TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGICAL EVALUATION FORM

Under the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA), a terrestrial ecological evaluation is necessary if hazardous substances are released into the soils at a Site. In the event of such a release, you must take one of the following three actions as part of your investigation and cleanup of the Site:

- Document an exclusion from further evaluation using the criteria in WAC 173-340-7491.
- 2. Conduct a simplified evaluation as set forth in WAC 173-340-7492.
- 3. Conduct a site-specific evaluation as set forth in WAC 173-340-7493.

When requesting a written opinion under the Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP), you must complete this form and submit it to the Department of Ecology (Ecology). The form documents the type and results of your evaluation.

Completion of this form is not sufficient to document your evaluation. You still need to document your analysis and the basis for your conclusion in your cleanup plan or report.

If you have questions about how to conduct a terrestrial ecological evaluation, please contact the Ecology site manager assigned to your Site. For additional guidance, please refer to <a href="https://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/tcp/policies/terrestrial/TEEHome.htm">www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/tcp/policies/terrestrial/TEEHome.htm</a>.

Step 1: IDENTIFY HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE				
Please identify below the hazardous waste site for which you are documenting an evaluation.				
Facility/Site Name: Plaid Pantries #23				
Facility/Site Address: 5210 E. Fourth Plain Blvd.				
Facility/Site No: 78978458 VCP Project No.: SW1166				

Step 2: IDENTIFY EVALUATOR				
Please identify below the person who conducted the evaluation and their contact information.				
Name: Craig Hultgren Title: Sr. Geologist				
Organization: PNG Environmental, Inc.				
Mailing address: 1339 Commerce Ave., Suite 313				
City: Longview			te: WA	Zip code: 98632
Phone: 360-414-0669 Fax: 360-4140663			E-mail: chultgren@pngenv.com	

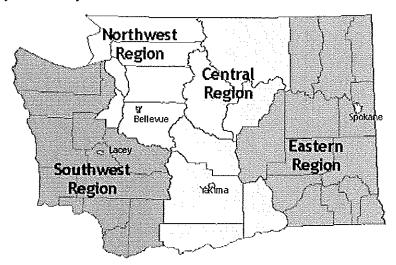
Step 3: DOCUMENT EVALUATION TYPE AND RESULTS						
A. Exclusion from further evaluation.						
1. Does ti	1. Does the Site qualify for an exclusion from further evaluation?					
	Yes	If you answered "YES," then answer Question 2.				
	☑ No or Inknown	If you answered "NO" or "UKNOWN," then skip to Step 3B of this form.				
2. What is	s the bas	sis for the exclusion? Check all that apply. Then skip to Step 4 of this form.				
Point of	f Compli	ance: WAC 173-340-7491(1)(a)				
	] Alls	soil contamination is, or will be,* at least 15 feet below the surface.				
L	dep	soil contamination is, or will be,* at least 6 feet below the surface (or alternative oth if approved by Ecology), and institutional controls are used to manage naining contamination.				
Barriers	s to Expo	osure: WAC 173-340-7491(1)(b)				
	] pav	contaminated soil, is or will be,* covered by physical barriers (such as buildings or yed roads) that prevent exposure to plants and wildlife, and institutional controls used to manage remaining contamination.				
Undeve	eloped La	and: WAC 173-340-7491(1)(c)				
	of a diox end	ere is less than 0.25 acres of contiguous <sup>#</sup> undeveloped <sup>±</sup> land on or within 500 feet any area of the Site and any of the following chemicals is present: chlorinated xins or furans, PCB mixtures, DDT, DDE, DDD, aldrin, chlordane, dieldrin, dosulfan, endrin, heptachlor, heptachlor epoxide, benzene hexachloride, aphene, hexachlorobenzene, pentachlorophenol, or pentachlorobenzene.				
		sites not containing any of the chemicals mentioned above, there is less than 1.5 es of contiguous <sup>#</sup> undeveloped <sup>±</sup> land on or within 500 feet of any area of the Site.				
Backgro	Background Concentrations: WAC 173-340-7491(1)(d)					
		ncentrations of hazardous substances in soil do not exceed natural background levels described in WAC 173-340-200 and 173-340-709.				
* An exclusion based on future land use must have a completion date for future development that is acceptable to Ecology.  * "Undeveloped land" is land that is not covered by building, roads, paved areas, or other barriers that would prevent wildlife from feeding on plants, earthworms, insects, or other food in or on the soil.  * "Contiguous" undeveloped land is an area of undeveloped land that is not divided into smaller areas of highways, extensive paving, or similar structures that are likely to reduce the potential use of the overall area by wildlife.						

В.	Simplified evaluation.				
1.	Does the Site qualify for a simplified evaluation?				
	⊠ Y	/es	If you answered "YES," then answer Question 2 below.		
	☐ N Unkn	No or nown	If you answered "NO" or "UNKNOWN," then skip to Step 3C of this form.		
2.	Did you co	onduc	ct a simplified evaluation?		
	⊠ Y	′es	If you answered "YES," then answer Question 3 below.		
		<b>1</b> 0	If you answered "NO," then skip to Step 3C of this form.		
3.	Was furthe	er eva	aluation necessary?		
	□ Y	es/	If you answered "YES," then answer Question 4 below.		
	⊠ N	10	If you answered "NO," then answer Question 5 below.		
4.	If further e	evalua	ation was necessary, what did you do?		
			ed the concentrations listed in Table 749-2 as cleanup levels. <i>If so, then skip to</i> <b>p 4</b> of this form.		
		Con	nducted a site-specific evaluation. If so, then skip to Step 3C of this form.		
	If no furthe		aluation was necessary, what was the reason? Check all that apply. Then skip form.		
	Exposure A	Analy	sis: WAC 173-340-7492(2)(a)		
		Area	a of soil contamination at the Site is not more than 350 square feet.		
		Curi	rent or planned land use makes wildlife exposure unlikely. Used Table 749-1.		
	Pathway Analysis: WAC 173-340-7492(2)(b)				
	☐ No potential exposure pathways from soil contamination to ecological receptors.				
	Contaminant Analysis: WAC 173-340-7492(2)(c)				
	$\boxtimes$		contaminant listed in Table 749-2 is, or will be, present in the upper 15 feet at centrations that exceed the values listed in Table 749-2.		
		alter liste	contaminant listed in Table 749-2 is, or will be, present in the upper 6 feet (or rnative depth if approved by Ecology) at concentrations that exceed the values of in Table 749-2, and institutional controls are used to manage remaining tamination.		
		cond	contaminant listed in Table 749-2 is, or will be, present in the upper 15 feet at centrations likely to be toxic or have the potential to bioaccumulate as determined g Ecology-approved bioassays.		
		alter the	contaminant listed in Table 749-2 is, or will be, present in the upper 6 feet (or rnative depth if approved by Ecology) at concentrations likely to be toxic or have potential to bioaccumulate as determined using Ecology-approved bioassays, and tutional controls are used to manage remaining contamination.		

C.	C. Site-specific evaluation. A site-specific evaluation process consists of two parts: (1) formulating the problem, and (2) selecting the methods for addressing the identified problem. Both steps require consultation with and approval by Ecology. See WAC 173-340-7493(1)(c).					
1.	1. Was there a problem? See WAC 173-340-7493(2).					
	Yes If you answered "YES," then answer Question 2 below.					
	□ N	o If you and below:	swered "NO," then identify the reason here and then skip to Question 5			
			No issues were identified during the problem formulation step.			
			While issues were identified, those issues were addressed by the cleanup actions for protecting human health.			
2.	What did y	ou do to resolv	ve the problem? See WAC 173-340-7493(3).			
		Used the cond Question 5 be	entrations listed in Table 749-3 as cleanup levels. <i>If so, then skip to elow.</i>			
			nore of the methods listed in WAC 173-340-7493(3) to evaluate and entified problem. If so, then answer <b>Questions 3 and 4</b> below.			
3.			site-specific evaluations, what methods did you use? /AC 173-340-7493(3).			
		Literature surv	eys.			
		☐ Soil bioassays.				
	Wildlife exposure model.					
		Biomarkers.				
	Site-specific field studies.					
	Weight of evidence.					
		Other methods	approved by Ecology. If so, please specify:			
4.	4. What was the result of those evaluations?					
		Confirmed the	re was no problem.			
		Confirmed the	e was a problem and established site-specific cleanup levels.			
5.	5. Have you already obtained Ecology's approval of both your problem formulation and problem resolution steps?					
	☐ Ye	es If so, plea	se identify the Ecology staff who approved those steps:			
	□ No					

### Step 4: SUBMITTAL

Please mail your completed form to the Ecology site manager assigned to your Site. If a site manager has not yet been assigned, please mail your completed form to the Ecology regional office for the County in which your Site is located.



Northwest Region:
Attn: VCP Coordinator
3190 160<sup>th</sup> Ave. SE
Bellevue, WA 98008-5452

Southwest Region: Attn: VCP Coordinator P.O. Box 47775 Olympia, WA 98504-7775 Central Region: Attn: VCP Coordinator 15 W. Yakima Ave., Suite 200 Yakima, WA 98902

Eastern Region: Attn: VCP Coordinator N. 4601 Monroe Spokane WA 99205-1295

## Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation Process-Simplified or Site-Specific Evaluation?

### **Documentation Form**

	Terrestrial Concern	Response (Circle One)
*1	Is the site is located on or directly adjacent to an area where management or land use plans will maintain or restore <u>native</u> or <u>semi-native</u> vegetation?	Yes / No
*2a	Is the site used by a <u>threatened or endangered</u> <u>species?</u>	Yes / No
*2b	Is the site used by a <u>wildlife species classified by the</u> state department of fish and wildlife as a "priority species" or "species of concern" under Title 77 RCW?	Yes / No
*2c	Is the site used by a plant species classified by the Washington state department of Natural Resources natural heritage program as "endangered," "threatened," or "sensitive" under Title 79 RCW.	Yes / No
*3	Is the site (area where the contamination is located) located on a property that contains at least ten acres of <u>native vegetation</u> within 500 feet of the area where the contamination is located?	Yes / No
4	Has the department determined that the site may present a risk to significant wildlife populations?	Yes /No

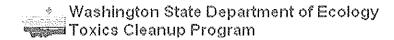
<sup>\*1</sup> This includes for example, green-belts, protected wetlands, forestlands, locally designated environmentally sensitive areas, open space areas managed for wildlife, and some parks or outdoor recreation areas. This does not include park areas used for intensive sport activities such as baseball or football.

<sup>\*2</sup>a What are the threatened or endangered species in Washington state?

<sup>\*2</sup>b Which plant species are classified as threatened, endangered, or sensitive? Where can I find out more information about this topic?

<sup>\*2</sup>c For plants, "used" means that a plant species grows at the site or has been found growing at the site. For animals, "used" means that individuals of a species have been observed to live, feed or breed at the site.

<sup>\*3</sup> For this analysis, do not include native vegetation beyond the property boundary.



# Table 749-2 [PDF Version]

Priority contaminants of ecological concern for sites that qualify for the simplified terrestrial ecological evaluation  $\underline{^a}$ 

Soil Concentration (mg/kg)			
Priority Contaminant	Unrestricted Land Use <sup>b</sup>	Industrial or Commercial Site	
METALS <sup>©</sup>			
Antimony	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Arsenic III	20 mg/kg	20 mg/kg	
Arsenic IV	95 mg/kg	260 mg/kg	
Barium	1,250 mg/kg	1,320mg/kg	
Beryllium	25 mg/kg	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Cadmium	25 mg/kg	36 mg/kg	
Chromium (total)	42 mg/kg	135 mg/kg	
Cobalt	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Copper	100 mg/kg	550 mg/kg	
Lead	220 mg/kg	220 mg/kg	
Magnesium	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Manganese	See Note <sup>d</sup>	23,500 mg/kg	
Mercury, inorganic	9 mg/kg	9 mg/kg	
Mercury, organic	0.7 mg/kg	0.7 mg/kg	
Molybdenum	See Note <sup>d</sup>	71 mg/kg	
Nickel	100 mg/kg	1,850 mg/kg	
Selenium	0.8 mg/kg	0.8 mg/kg	
Silver	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Tin	275 mg/kg	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Vanadium	26 mg/kg	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Zinc	270 mg/kg	570 mg/kg	
PESTICIDES			
Aldicarb/aldicarb sulfone (total)	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	

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Aldrin	0.17 mg/kg	0.17 mg/kg	
Benzene hexachloride (including lindane)	10 mg/kg	10 mg/kg	
Carbofuran	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Chlordane	1 mg/kg	7 mg/kg	
Chlorpyrifos/chlorpyrifos-methal (total)	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
DDT/DDD/DDE	1 mg/kg	1 mg/kg	
Dieldrin	0.17 mg/kg	0.17 mg/kg	
Endosulfan	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Endrin	0.4 mg/kg	0.4 mg/kg	
Heptachlor/heptachlor epoxide (total)	0.6 mg/kg	0.6 mg/kg	
Hexachlorobenzene	31 mg/kg	31 mg/kg	
Parathion/methyl parathion (total)	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Pentachlorophenol	11 mg/kg	11 mg/kg	
Toxaphene	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
OTHER CHLORINATED ORGANICS			
Chlorinated dibenzofurans (total)	3E-06 mg/kg	3E-06 mg/kg	
Dioxins	5E-06 mg/kg	5E-06 mg/kg	
Hexchlorophene	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
PCB mixtures (total)	2 mg/kg	2 mg/kg	
Pentachlorobenzene	168 mg/kg	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
OTHER NONCHLORINATED ORGANICS			
Acenaphthene	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Benzo(a)pyrene	30 mg/kg	300 mg/kg	
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	See Note <sup>d</sup>	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
Di-n-butyl phthalate	200 mg/kg	See Note <sup>d</sup>	
PETROLEUM			
Gasoline Range Organics	200 mg/kg	except that the concentration shall not exceed residual saturation at the soil surface.	

Diesel Range Organics	460 mg/kg	15,000 mg/kg
Common examples of diesel range organics include: Diesel #2, Fuel Oil #2, and light oil including some bunker oils. Refer to Table 830-1		except that the concentration shall not exceed residual saturation at the soil surface.

#### Table 749-2 Notes

<sup>a</sup> Caution on misusing these chemical concentration numbers. These values have been developed for use at sites where a site-specific terrestrial ecological evaluation is not required. They are not intended to be protective of terrestrial ecological receptors at every site. Exceedances of the values in this table do not necessarily trigger requirements for cleanup action under this chapter. The table is not intended for purposes such as evaluating sludges or wastes.

This list does not imply that sampling must be conducted for each of these chemicals at every site. Sampling should be conducted for those chemicals that might be present based on available information, such as current and past uses of chemicals at the site.

- ь Applies to any site that does not meet the definition of industrial or commercial.
- For arsenic, use the valence state most likely to be appropriate for site conditions, unless laboratory information is available. Where soil conditions alternate between saturated, anaerobic and unsaturated, aerobic states, resulting in the alternating presence of arsenic III and arsenic V, the arsenic III concentrations shall apply.
- d Safe concentration has not yet been established.

[Area Calculation Aid] [Aerial Photo with Area Designations] [TEE Table 749-1] [TEE Table 749-2] [TEE Table 749-3] [TEE Table 749-4] [TEE Table 749-5] [TEE Table 830-1]

[Exclusions Main] [TEE Definitions] [Simplified or Site-Specific?] [Simplified Ecological Evaluation] [Site-Specific Ecological Evaluation] [WAC 173-340-7493]

[TEE Home]