



# INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

ERTS: 662313  
Parcel(s): 0321262082, 0321261014  
County: Pierce

## SITE INFORMATION

Site Name (e.g., Co. name over door): 302 McMurray Road	Site Address (including City and Zip+4): 302-304 McMurray Rd NE Tacoma, WA 98422	Site Phone: N/A
Site Contact and Title: Jeffrey Fowlow, On-Scene Coordinator EPA Region 10	Site Contact Address (including City and Zip+4): 1200 Sixth Ave, Suite 900 Seattle, WA 98101	Site Contact Phone: (206) 553-2751
Site Owners: Donald Oline	Site Owner Address (including City and Zip+4): 2244 Marine View Drive Tacoma, WA 98422-4111	Site Owner Phone: N/A
Site Owner Contact:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City and Zip+4):	Owner Contact Phone:
Alternate Site Name(s):	Comments:	
Previous Site Owner(s):	Comments:	

Latitude (Decimal Degrees): 47.281493

Longitude (Decimal Degrees): -122.387539

## INSPECTION INFORMATION

Inspection Conducted? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Date/Time:	Entry Notice: Announced <input type="checkbox"/> Unannounced <input type="checkbox"/>
Photographs taken?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Samples collected?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	If Yes, be sure to include a figure/sketch showing sample locations.

## RECOMMENDATION

No Further Action (Check appropriate box below):	LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Release or threatened release does not pose a threat <input type="checkbox"/>	
No release or threatened release <input type="checkbox"/>	
Refer to program/agency (Name: _____) <input type="checkbox"/>	
Independent Cleanup Action Completed (i.e., contamination removed) <input type="checkbox"/>	

## COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERTS Complaint):

A resident and private citizen passed away but had been hoarding chemicals of precursors for explosive devices at the listed site.

## CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Summary of why Site is recommended for Listing or NFA):

EPA removed almost 10,000 chemical containers from the site. Most of the containers were stored in a building with a dirt floor that displayed evidence of spilling and contained a laboratory sink that discharged directly to soil outside the building. Surface water runoff was observed with a persistent rainbow sheen. The runoff flowed into a nearby creek that discharges into Puget Sound. No property owner is available to pursue cleanup process at this time.

Investigator: Kirsten Alvarez

Date Submitted: 5/24/16

## OBSERVATIONS

**Description** (please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

On January 21, 2016, EPA removed almost 10,000 chemical containers from the site. The previous property owner and or tenant had reported been constructing "make it yourself" firework kits. Most of the containers were stored in a building with a dirt floor that displayed evidence of spilling and contained a laboratory sink that discharged directly to soil outside the building. Surface water runoff was observed with a persistent rainbow sheen. The runoff flowed into a nearby creek that discharges into Puget Sound. No property owner is available to pursue cleanup process at this time.

(fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
Non-Halogenated Organics	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing halogens, i.e., Chlorine, Iodine, Bromine or Fluorine. (Examples include acetone, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene & xylenes [BTEX], methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropanol, formic acid, acetic acid, Stoddard solvent and naphtha)
	Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)						Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings.
	Tributyltin						The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether						MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Benzene						Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics						Other Non-Halogenated Organics (Example: Phthalates)
	Petroleum Diesel	S		S			Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	S		S			Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other	S		S			Crude oil and any fraction thereof. Petroleum products that are not specifically Gasoline or Diesel.
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB ( <a href="http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB">http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB</a> ) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
Halogenated Organics (see notes at bottom)	Halogenated solvents						Solvents containing halogens (Halogen is typically chlorine, but can also be fluorine, bromine, iodine), and their breakdown products (Examples: Trichloroethylene; Tetrachloroethylene (aka Perchloroethylene); TCE; TCA; trans and cis 1,2 dichloroethylene; vinyl chloride)
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
Metals	Metals - Other	S					Metals other than arsenic, lead, or mercury. (Examples: cadmium, antimony, zinc, copper, silver)
	Lead						Lead
	Mercury						Mercury
	Arsenic						Arsenic
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)
Other Contaminants	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or Indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures						For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
Reactive Wastes	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B - Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested)
S - Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C - Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example - above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA - Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example - capped area).
RB - Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example - complete removal of contaminated soils).

**Halogenated chemicals and solvents:** Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane ) and may also be used for

**Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans** are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in Ch. 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (<https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf> ). Results may be

**FOR ECOLOGY USE ONLY (For Listing Sites):**

How did the Site come to be known: ☐ Site Discovery (received a report): \_\_\_\_\_ (Date Report Received)  
☒ ERTS Complaint  
☐ Other (please explain): \_\_\_\_\_

Does an Early Notice Letter need to be sent: ☒ Yes ☐ No  
If No, please explain why: \_\_\_\_\_

NAICS Code (if known): \_\_\_\_\_  
Otherwise, briefly explain how property is/was used (i.e., gas station, dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.):  
\_\_\_\_\_

Site Unit(s) to be created (Unit Type): ☒ Upland (includes VCP & LUST) ☐ Sediment

If multiple Units needed, please explain why: \_\_\_\_\_

Cleanup Process Type (for the Unit): ☒ No Process ☐ Independent Action  
☐ Voluntary Cleanup Program ☐ Ecology-supervised or conducted  
☐ Federal-supervised or conducted

Site Status: ☒ Awaiting Cleanup ☐ Construction Complete – Performance Monitoring  
☐ Cleanup Started ☐ Cleanup Complete – Active O&M/Monitoring  
☐ No Further Action Required

Site Manager (Default: Southwest Region): Southwest Region

Specific confirmed contaminants include: Facility/Site ID No. (if known): \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ in Soil

\_\_\_\_\_ in Groundwater

\_\_\_\_\_ in Other (specify matrix: \_\_\_\_\_)

**COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO:**

Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

