

# INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

ERTS Number: Parcel #(s): COUNTY:

<u>667578</u> <u>0320111067</u> Pierce

Site Name (e.g., Co. name over door):	Site Address (including City and Zip+4):	Site Phone:
Fife RV Center	3410 Pacific Highway E Fife, WA 98424	none
Site Contact and Title: Chris LaVerdiere	Site Contact Address (including City and Zip+4): same as above	Site Contact Phone: 253/284-6600
Site Owner: same as above	Site Owner Address (including City and Zip+4): same as above	Site Owner Phone: same as above
Site Owner Contact: Alan Blotch	Site Owner Contact Address (including City and Zip+4): AeroTech Environmental Consulting	Owner Contact Phone 360/710-5899
Alternate Site Name(s):	Comments:	
Previous Site Owner(s):	Comments:	······································

 Latitude (Decimal Degrees): 47.24218

 Longitude (Decimal Degrees): -122.38230

#### INSPECTION INFORMATION

Inspection Conducted? Yes 🖾 No 🗌	Date/Time: 02.2	2.17; 1:30 pm	Entry Notice:	Announced	Unannounced
Photographs taken?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛			
Samples collected?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛	If Yes, be sure t	o include a figure/sk	etch showing sample locations.

### RECOMMENDATION

No Further Action (Check appropriate box below):	LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List:
Release or threatened release does not pose a threat	
No release or threatened release	
Refer to program/agency (Name:)	
Independent Cleanup Action Completed (i.e., contamination removed)	

COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERTS Complaint):

Gasoline range organics, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes are present in soil and/or groundwater in concentrations exceeding cleanup levels.

CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Summary of why Site is recommended for Listing or NFA):

Site contamination has been documented in a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment. The site entered VCP on 01.06.17 (FSID 7907).

### **OBSERVATIONS**

**Description** (please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

Note: The county assessor's information for the subject parcel lists an incorrect address of 3402 Pacific Highway East. The correct address is 3410 Pacific Highway East, confirmed with the City of Fife.

This site came to our attention when Alan Blotch (AeroTech Environmental Consulting) filed an application to dispose of 1000 tons of petroleum contaminated soil at the LRI 304th St. Landfill. A Supplemental Phase II ESA, prepared by Associated Earth Sciences, Inc. and dated 01.24.14, was attached to the WDA application. Following is a summary of the information provided in the Phase II.

Recognized environmental conditions (RECs) were identified in a Phase I ESA and referenced in this Phase II document. The primary REC was a former gas station on the northwest part of the property, and a petroleum hydrocarbon release in the same area.

The Phase II describes 10 geoprobe borings, completed to a maximum depth of 15 feet. Soil and groundwater samples were collected from each boring and analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile organic compounds, and lead. Not all samples were analyzed for all constituents.

Soil contamination was verified with gasoline, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes found in concentrations exceeding cleanup levels (CULs). Diesel and lead were also detected, but below applicable CULs.

Groundwater contamination was also detected with gasoline, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes found in concentrations exceeding CULs.

An attempt was made to locate any USTs on the site prior to the subsurface investigation. An electro magnetometer and GPR were used, but no USTs were detected.

No subsequent information has been submitted, and the site has entered VCP (effective date 01.06.17, FSID 7907). The TPCHD recommends including this site in the SIS database due to documented contamination of both soil and groundwater.

## (fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

			Alect			ð	
CONTAMINANTGROUP	CONTAMINANT	8 8	GPOLMD/M	olukerater IV.	e e	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
			U	1			Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-
	Phenolic Compounds	_					methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi- bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB ) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX contaminants are present independently of gosoline.
	Polynuclear Aromatic			[			
Non-Halogenated Organics	Hydrocarbons (PAH)						Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings. The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
							MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether Benzene		с				complete combustion and help reduce air pollution. Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics	с	с				Other Non-Halogenated Organics (Example: Phthalates)
	Petroleum Diesel						Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	с	с				Petroleum Gasoline Crude oil and any fraction thereof. Petroleum products
	Petroleum Other	1 (3) (4) (4)					that are not specifically Gasoline or Diesel.
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
Halogenated Organics (see notes at bottom)	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
	Halogenated solvents						Solvents containing halogens (Halogen is typically chlorine, but can also be fluorine, bromine, iodine), and their breakdown products (Examples: Trichloroethylene; Tetrachloroethylene (aka Perchloroethylene); TCE; TCA; trans and cis 1,2 dichloroethylene; vinyl chloride)
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
Matala	Metals - Other						Metals other than arsenic, lead, or mercury. (Examples: cadmium, antimony, zinc, copper, silver)
Metals	Lead						Lead
-	Mercury						Mercury

CONTACTIVANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	hes	GRØUN DUVA TER	SURFACE WATER	<b>N</b>	BEDROCK	PERCENETION
	Arsenic						Arsenic
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides	1 30 32 00 1 30 32 13 1 30 32 13					Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)
Other Contaminants	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
	Asbestos	-					All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures			2			For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
Reactive Wastes	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303- 090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

Status ekolces for contominants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B - Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S - Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C - Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example - above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA - Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example - capped area).
RB - Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example - complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane ) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivitive. Referral to the HSDB is recommended you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.