

From: Simon Payne [<mailto:simon.payne@atcassociates.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, April 27, 2016 11:33 AM

To: Carrosino, Glynis (ECY) <GCAR461@ECY.WA.GOV>

Cc: CGurney@Weingarten.com; Andrew Stuart <andrew.stuart@atcassociates.com>; Terry McDunner <terry.mcdunner@atcassociates.com>

Subject: VCP Site NW2902 - Harbour Pointe Cleaners, Lynnwood

Glynis,

Review of Ecology's April 4th 2016 Opinion Letter regarding ATC's (formally Cardno ATC) September 17, 2015 *Feasibility Study and Disproportionate Cost Analysis* identified some delinquencies with our submittal, including further information regarding groundwater, soil conditions between 16 and 25 feet below ground surface, submittal of a Terrestrial Ecology Evaluation, provide appropriate professional stamp on reports, and enter data on the EIM.

The following is a summary of groundwater evaluation at the property (boring logs and maps are attached):

Environmental assessment activities were initiated at the Site in June, 2006 by Buchanan Environmental Associates (BEA). Between June and August, 2006, BEA installed a total of five groundwater monitoring wells at depths between 15 and 25 feet bgs, designated MW-1 through MW-5. A groundwater sample collected from groundwater monitoring well MW-1 in June, 2006 contained concentrations of several volatile organic compounds VOCs, including toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene, and naphthalene which are typically associated with gasoline and fuel products. All the detected VOCs were at concentrations below MTCA regulatory cleanup or risk-based formula values and BEA suggested that the VOCs may be from an offsite source or were inadvertently introduced during well construction. Laboratory analytical results from groundwater samples collected from groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-3 in July, 2006 identified the presence of VOCs, including TCE in the groundwater sample collected from groundwater monitoring well MW-2, although in concentrations below MTCA regulatory cleanup or risk-based formula values. Laboratory analytical results from groundwater samples collected from groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-5 in August, 2006 only identified the presence of the VOC, 1,1-dichloroethane, although at a concentration below the MTCA Method B noncarcinogenic standard formula value (1,1-dichloroethane is not regulated under MTCA Method A cleanup levels).

Based on the lack of dissolved PCE and any degradation compounds detected in groundwater samples at concentrations above MTCA regulatory cleanup or risk-based values, BEA did not recommend further investigation, although they did recommend the retro-fitting the dry cleaning machine with secondary containment and the termination of operations with PCE.

Environmental assessment activities resumed in March 2013, EBI Environmental and Engineering (EBI), advanced two soil boring designated B-1 and B-2 south and north of the tenant space, respectively and three soil borings, designated B-3 through B-5 within the tenant space and in the vicinity of the dry cleaning machine. Groundwater was not encountered in any of the soil boring, including soil boring B-1, which was advanced to 25 feet bgs, south of the tenant space. The drilling technology was switched from direct push to hollow stem auger below 16 feet and according to the boring log, no sample recovery and no groundwater was encountered to a terminal depth of 25 feet.

Assessment work performed by ATC has concentrated within the building and drilling refusal has not allowed any boring to reach groundwater. Vertical attenuation of VOC concentrations in shallow soil indicate that releases have been contained to shallow soil only.

The BEA report did not include boring logs, but rather Well Completion Reports as supplied by the drillers, these have been attached to this email along with a well location map. Your opinion letter indicates that you already have a copy of this report.

Boring logs for soil borings B-1 through B-5 advanced by EBI are also included.

Soil conditions below 16':

Boring logs and well completion reports indicate that soil between 16 and 25' are a continuation of the dense glacial till sediments, dominantly consisting of silt with sand and gravel. Porosity, being a function of sediment sorting, grain shape, and matrix density, is typically low and heterogeneous in such sediments and therefore water bearing horizons tend to be noncontiguous. The boring logs for soil borings advanced below 16 feet are attached. Additional boring logs for soil borings advanced in shallower soils should be attached in reports already submitted to Ecology, although should you need these as a separate attachment, please let us know.

Submittal of TEE:

A TEE has been completed and a hard copy has been put in the mail, attached is an electronic copy for your records.

Professional Stamp:

ATC is willing to re-submit any ATC issued report under a WA State Licensed Geologist stamp, ATC cannot stamp any report submitted by other consultants. Please let us know how you would like to proceed with this.

EIM Data Submittal:

ATC will initiate data submittal in the EIM database and inform you when it has been completed and approved by Ecology.

Meeting with ATC and Weingarten:

As previously requested we would like to set up a meeting to discuss the path forward for this site and have requested a date during the month of May, 2016. Please let us know your availability as we need to make travel and schedule arrangements. Your expediency with this is appreciated.

Thanks,

Simon Payne

Simon Payne, LG | PROJECT MANAGER | **ATC Group Services LLC**

+1 206 781 1449 Ext 216 | +1 206 664 1899 mobile

6347 Seaview Avenue NW | Seattle, WA 98107

+1 206 781 1543 fax | simon.payne@atcassociates.com | www.atcgroupservices.com

This email and its attachments may contain confidential and/or privileged information for the sole use of the intended recipient(s). If you are not the intended recipient, any use, distribution or copying of the information contained in this email and its attachments is strictly prohibited. If you have received this email in error, please notify the sender by replying to this message and immediately delete and destroy any copies of this email and any attachments. The views or opinions expressed are the author's own and may not reflect the views or opinions of ATC.

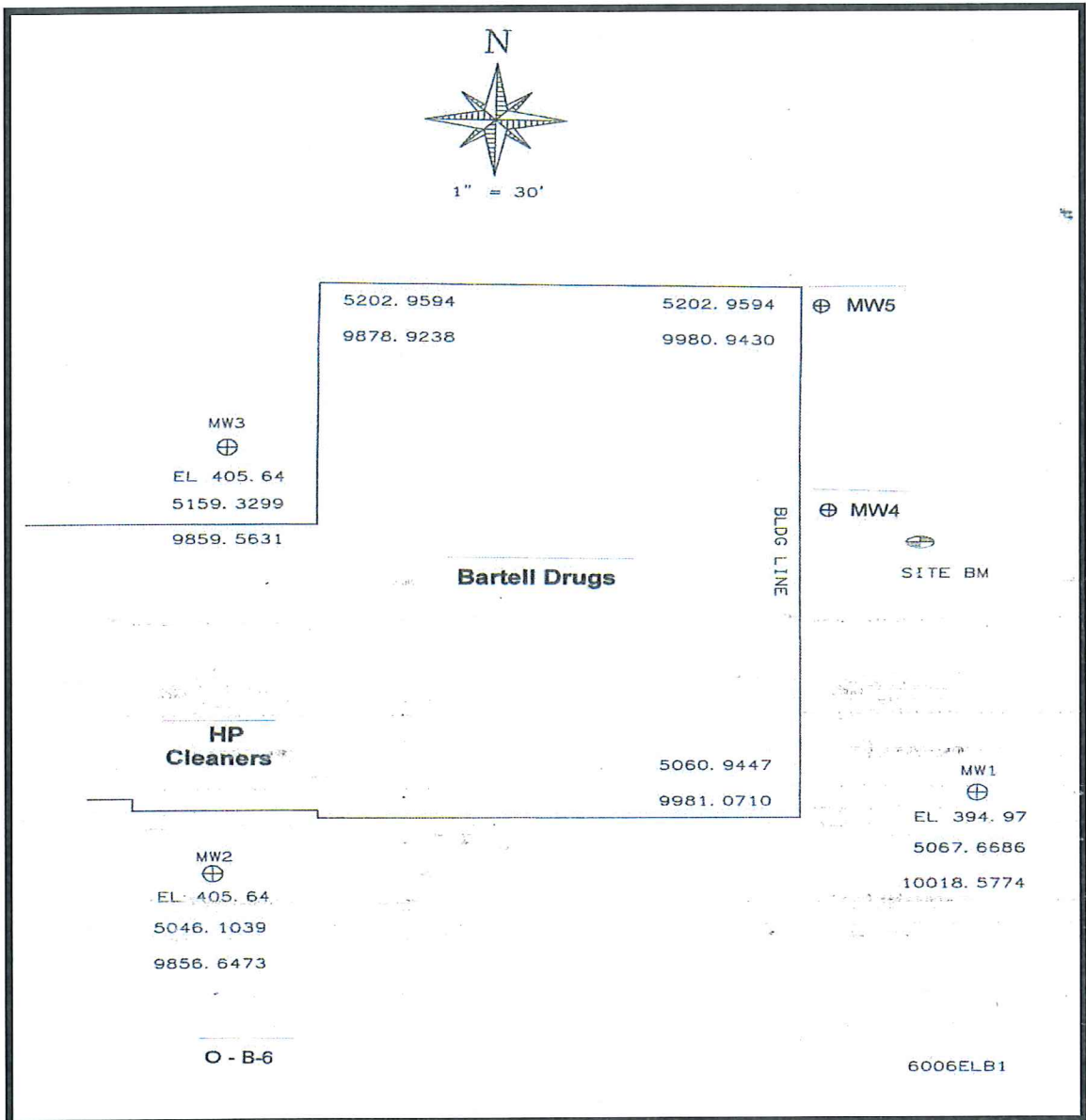


FIGURE 2 – WELL LOCATIONS

**Buchanan Environmental
Associates
Project No. 206120**

**Weingarten Realty Investors
Mukilteo Speedway Center
13619 Mukilteo Speedway
Lynnwood, WA**

Source: Base Map – C & C Surveying and
Buchanan Environmental Associates Field Notes
Approximately 1" = 30'

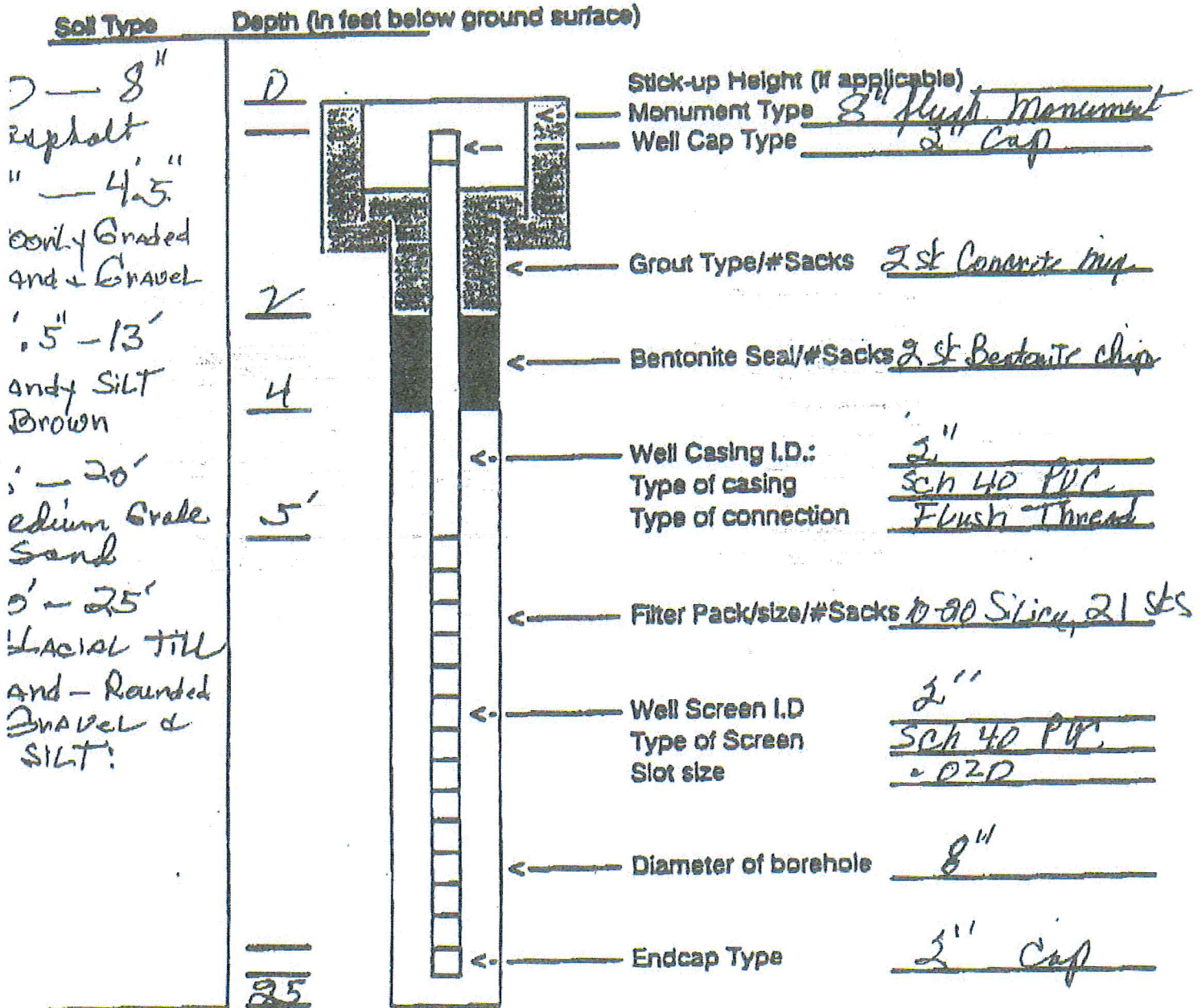
^
North

RESOURCE PROTECTION WELL REPORT

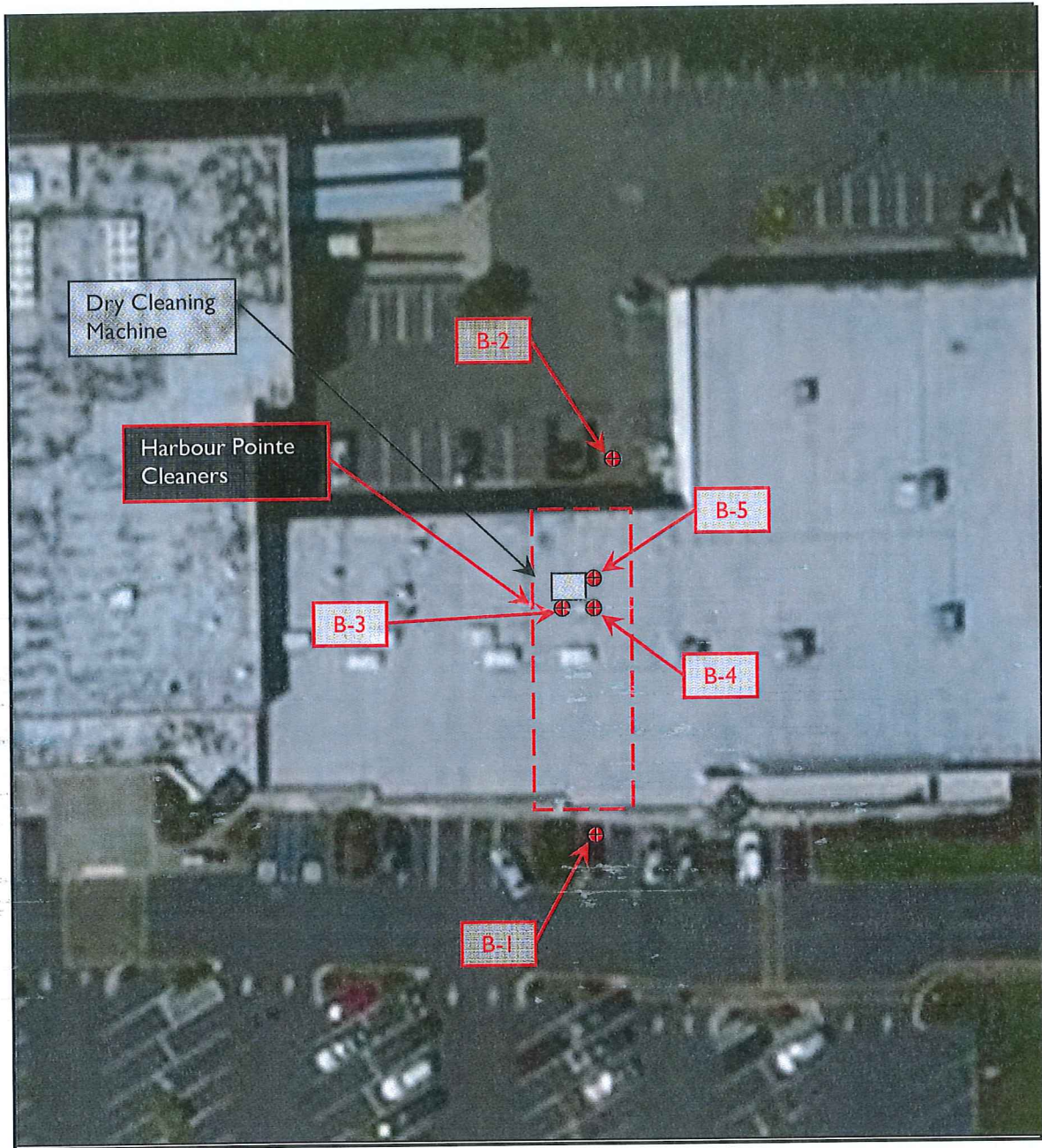
#5

WELL TAG NO. APP 741
 PROJECT NAME: Mukilton Properties LLC
 WELL IDENTIFICATION NO. Monitoring
 DRILLING METHOD: Full and Stem Auger
 DRILLER: Cory M James
 FIRM: Bregany Drilling Inc.
 SIGNATURE: Cory M James
 CONSULTING FIRM: Buchanan Environmental
 REPRESENTATIVE: Dave Buchanan

START CARD NO. RED1562
 COUNTY: Shohomish
 LOCATION: SE 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec 34 T28 R 4 E
 STREET ADDRESS OF WELL: 15619 Mukilton
Spadway Ln Wood, WA
 WATER LEVEL ELEVATION: N/A
 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: N/A
 INSTALLED: 8-22-06
 DEVELOPED: Buchanan Environmental



Remarks: Trainer - Cory M James # 2828 T
Driller - Lawrence N. Bregany # 1973



Boring Location Map



SOIL BORING LOG - FIELD READINGS

EBI Project #12130032

Project Name: Speedway Shopping Center

Lynnwood, Snohomish County, Washington

BORING METHOD: Direct Push/Combo Auger and Limited Access DP DATE: 03/05/12

Sample #	Depth (Ft)	Moisture (S-H-M-L)	PID Reading	Soil Description/Notes
B-1	0 - 2.5	M	7.0	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	2.5 - 5	M	7.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	5 - 7.5	M	12.5	Light brown sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	7.5 - 10	M	4.7	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	10 - 12	M	17.8	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	12 - 15	M	11.3	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	15 - 16	M	14.1	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-1	16 - 25	--	--	No recovery due to switching to hollow stem auger
Bottom of Boring at 25' (Equipment refusal), no groundwater encountered				
B-2	0 - 2.5	M	10.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-2	2.5 - 5	M	13.4	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-2	5 - 7.5	M	6.3	Light brown sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-2	7.5 - 10	M	7.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
Bottom of Boring at 10' (Equipment refusal), no groundwater encountered				
B-3	0 - 3	M	10.0	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-3	3 - 5	M	18.2	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-3	5 - 6	M	--	No recovery
B-3	6 - 6.5	M	16.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
Bottom of Boring at 6.5' (Equipment refusal), no groundwater encountered				
B-4	0 - 3	M	15.4	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-4	3 - 5	M	22.6	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-4	5 - 6	M	--	No recovery
B-4	6 - 9	M	16.1	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-4	9 - 11	M	17.2	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
Bottom of Boring at 11' (Equipment refusal), no groundwater encountered				
B-5	0 - 3	M	20.0	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-5	3 - 5	M	14.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
B-5	5 - 6	M	--	No recovery
B-5	6 - 9	M	16.5	Light green sandy clay, some gravel/cobbles
Bottom of Boring at 9' (Equipment refusal), no groundwater encountered				