

CLEANUP ACTION WORK PLAN

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RGI PROJECT NO. 2017-015E

CLEANUP ACTION WORK PLAN

PROPOSED ROYSTONE ON QUEEN ANNE REDEVELOPMENT 631 QUEEN ANNE AVENUE NORTH SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98109

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1 INTRODUCTION

The Riley Group, Inc. (RGI) is pleased to present this Cleanup Action Work Plan (Work Plan) pertaining to the property located at 631 Queen Anne Avenue North in Seattle, Washington (herein referred to as the Property). The general location of the Property is depicted on Figure 1.

The Property is owned by Roystone on Queen Anne LLC (hereafter referred to as the Client) and the Property is identified by King County tax parcel number 38789900425 (Parcel 0425) and occupies approximately 11,070 square feet.

This Work Plan pertains specifically to the Property, which is part of a larger Site. A petroleum release associated with one or more of the former gasoline service stations located on the Property has been confirmed and well documented. Groundwater flow direction beneath the Property and adjoining properties has consistently been to the west and southwest. As a result of this groundwater flow direction, the contamination from the Property had migrated beneath the south, southwest, and west-adjoining properties. In addition, existing data confirms that the up-gradient, off-site, properties (former dry cleaners and Unocal gasoline service station), located across West Roy Street, have not adversely affected soil and/or groundwater underlying the Property (see Figure 2).

The Site was previously enrolled by Chevron in the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP) and identified as the Texaco Downstream No. 211577 Site. The Site was terminated from the VCP by Ecology in 2015. The Client, with RGI's support, is currently in the process of re-enrolling the Property into the VCP and the Property is anticipated to be accepted into the VCP in January of 2019. The locations of the Property and the Site is displayed on the attached Figure 2.

RGI understands that the Client, or the Client's legal counsel, is working with Chevron on a cost recovery agreement with Chevron where Chevron remains the responsible party for environmental impacts pertaining to the Property. Under this agreement, the Client has agreed to remediate impacts associated with the Property only. RGI understands from the Client that Chevron is responsible for any environmental impacts remaining outside the Property boundaries when, and after, the Property-Specific cleanup action is complete.

RGI understands that the Client intends to remediate all contaminated soil and groundwater (above cleanup levels) on the Property in conjunction with the lot-line to lot-line redevelopment of the Property. The redevelopment consists of demolishing the existing building and constructing a mixed use, multistory building with one level of underground parking. The one level underground parking garage will require excavations of up to approximately 13 to 14 feet below ground surface (bgs) or Elevation 134'. The maximum depth of soil contamination at most portions of the Property is 24 feet bgs, requiring remedial excavations to approximately 122'. However, other areas of the Property may require limited remedial excavations to depths greater the 24 feet bgs. Contamination is not anticipated to extend greater than 31 feet bgs (or elevation 115') at any portion of the Property, which corresponds with the maximum depth of the Lawton Clay layer that underlies the Property. Note here also, that following the completion of the remedial excavation and associated groundwater (perched) dewatering, the excavation will be backfilled to approximate Elevation 134' and the one level underground parking garage will be constructed. The proposed depth to bottom of shoring is conservative and meant to be deep enough to allow for the remedial excavation of all contaminated soil within the Property containing concentrations of contaminants above the applicable cleanup levels).



2 **PROJECT OBJECTIVES**

This Work Plan is meant to: (1) Provide the Property background; (2) Summarize the results of previous environmental investigations; (3) Present the Conceptual Site Model (CSM) for the Property (4) Select cleanup levels and present the selected cleanup action for the Property; and (5) Describe the cleanup action and provide details for implementing the selected cleanup action on the Property.

The scope of work proposed in this Work Plan is intended to meet the substantive requirements of the Ecology Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Chapter 70.105D RCW, and its implementing regulations, Chapter 173-340 WAC.

The ultimate goal of the successful implementation and execution of this Work Plan is to bring soil and groundwater on the Property into compliance with MTCA regulations and qualify the Property for a Property-Specific No Further Action (NFA) determination from Ecology under the VCP.

3 PROPERTY AND VICINITY USE

The Property is currently occupied by the vacant Manhattan Express convenience store and was previously occupied by various gasoline service stations from approximately 1927 to 1993.

Typical property use in the Property vicinity is a mixture of residential and commercial properties. Current and pertinent former uses of adjoining properties are summarized as follows:

North:	West Roy Street beyond which retail stores and a restaurant. A dry cleaner previously operated in this location. Based on available data, the off-Property dry cleaners has not adversely affected the Property.
East:	Queen Anne Ave North beyond which a parking lot (former Unocal service station) and condominiums (former Paramount dry cleaning facility) are situated. Data obtained from previous subsurface investigations indicate that these east-adjoining properties have not adversely affected the Property.
Southeast	Marqueen Hotel and retail stores.
South:	Former Lindberg Apartments & retail stores (currently the Bungalow).
Southwest:	Monterey Apartments.
West:	Delroy Apartments.

As previously stated, the southeast, south, southwest, and west-adjoining properties have been adversely affected by the Property (former gasoline service stations) and/or other potential off-site sources.

4 **PROPERTY HISTORY**

The following sections present the historical ownership of the Property, history of business operations, and history of underground storage tanks (USTs) on the Property. The locations of pertinent historical features including the known former service stations, USTs, pump islands, are other related underground improvements are depicted on Figure 3. Note that numerous environmental investigations have been conducted on the Property. These investigations are summarized in Section 5 (Property Characterization).

4.1 **OWNERSHIP HISTORY**

In 1927, the Property was owned by James Estate and leased the Property to the California Petroleum Corporation (CalPet). Calpet opened the first gasoline service station on the Property and subsequently



subleased the business to other operators. The Texaco Corporation (Texaco) acquired CalPet in 1929 and entered into a sublease.

In 1954, Texaco purchased the Property and demolished the first generation service station and constructed a new service station on the southern portion of the Property. In 1967, Texaco remodeled the service station. Texaco owned the Property through 1977 at which time the Property was purchased by the Arnolds Family Estate (Arnolds). Arnolds continued to operate as a Texaco-branded gasoline service station. Arnolds sold the Property to John Hee Yoo in 1989, but the sales agreement was rescinded in 1993 and ownership of the Property was transferred back to Arnolds in 1993. At that time, the gasoline service station was decommissioned by Arnolds and began operating as a convenience store/deli. The Property operated as a convenience store from 1993 to 2018.

Arnolds owned the Property through 2017 at which time the Property was sold to Roystone on Queen Anne, LLC (current Property owner). The Property parking lot is currently utilized for paid parking and operated by Republic Parking.

4.2 PROPERTY HISTORY

The history of the Property, UST systems, and related underground improvements is summarized below and illustrated on the attached Figure 3.

The Property was depicted on historical Sanborn maps as being occupied by stores and dwellings from at least 1893 to 1969. In the 1917 map, the Property was depicted as vacant.

In 1927, CalPet opened a gasoline service station consisting of two 550-gallon USTs (USTs 1 and 2), which were reportedly constructed of concrete and installed beneath the sidewalk adjacent to Queen Anne Avenue North near the northeast corner of the Property. These USTs were reportedly abandoned in-place in sometime prior to 1934. Eight 50-gallon lube oil USTs were reportedly installed on both sides of the building on the central portion of the Property (four on the north side of the building and four on the south side of the building). However, the exact locations of these lube oil USTs were not provided in previous reports. In 1934, two 4,000-gallon USTs (USTs 5A and 6A) were installed on the eastern portion of the Property. Sometime prior to 1934, Texaco installed one 550-gallon UST and one 1,000-gallon UST (USTs 3 and 4) on the north-central and southwestern portions of the Property, respectively.

From 1927 to 1954, the southern portion of the Property was historically occupied by a service station, which included a wash rack, hoists, grease pits, and a lube service bay. A tire shop, tailor shop/Acme Cleaners, and an accessory store occupied this portion of the Property at that time. Archived assessor records indicated that the southeastern portion of the Property was historically occupied by the Acme Cleaners in 1927 (a possible dry cleaning facility). This area of the Property was occupied by a tailor shop and possibly Acme Cleaners, in 1934. It is unknown if the Acme Cleaners was in fact a dry cleaners, or how long the Acme Cleaners operated on the Property, but does not appear to be more than nine years. A service station building was present on the central portion of the Property from approximately 1927 to 1954.

In 1954, Texaco purchased the Property and the service station on the central portion of the Property was demolished and a new service station was constructed on the southern portion of the Property at that time. It is suspected that the eight 50-gallon lube oil USTs associated with the former service station were removed. A dispenser island was installed on the northern portion of the Property and a 4,000-gallon UST (UST 7A) was installed to the west of UST 5A.

Texaco remodeled the station in 1967 and two 10,000-gallon USTs (USTs 8 and 9) were installed on the western portion of the Property. Canopies were also installed on the north-central and east-central portions of the Property. In 1971, one 6,000-gallon UST (UST 10) was installed when Texaco introduced leaded gasoline.



In 1978, apparent petroleum hydrocarbon odors were detected at the southwest-adjoining Monterey Apartments, which initiated a series of environmental investigations and remedial actions at the Property and off-Property. Previous environmental investigations conducted on the Property are summarized in Section 5. Previous environmental investigations completed on- the off-Property are discussed by others under various reports (see Appendix A – List of Previous Reports).

In 1982, Arnolds replaced UST 7A with a 6,000-gallon UST (UST 7B) and USTs 5A and 6A were replaced with two 8,000-gallon USTs (5B and 6B), which were intended to store diesel fuel. The eastern dispensers and lube service bay were removed in 1986 and replaced by restrooms and a deli.

In 1993, seven USTs (USTs 3, 4, 5B, 7B, 8, 9, and 10) were reportedly removed from the Property and the Property began operating as a convenience store/deli until 2018.

Based on information reported in previous reports by others, the possibility for several USTs to be currently present on the Property does exist. The concrete USTs 1 and 2 (beneath the sidewalk adjacent to Queen Anne Avenue North) were reported as abandoned in-place and there is no record of the removal of these USTs. UST 6B (on the eastern portion of the Property) was also reported as abandoned in-place. However, UST 6B is situated in the 1993 UST excavation area and groundwater monitoring well MW13 was installed in that location. There was no mention of drilling through the UST on the borelog for MW13. The eight 50-gallon USTs surrounding the former service station on the central portion of the Property were suspected to be removed during demolition of the service station in 1954, but no official record of their removal exists. Therefore, one or more of the above-mention USTs could be present, and/or encountered during construction, and is taken into consideration as part of this Work Plan.

5 PROPERTY CHARACTERIZATION

The nature and extent of soil and groundwater contamination on the Property and Site has been well defined as presented in numerous reports listed in Appendix A. The Work Plan was developed based on information provided in these previous reports, including RGI's review of the following key reports as it pertains to the Property:

- Supplemental Subsurface Investigation Report (SSI Report) dated December 26, 2017 by The Riley Group (RGI).
- *Groundwater Monitoring Report 2nd Quarter 201*7 dated April 19, 2017 by RGI.
- Second Semi-annual Groundwater Monitoring Report dated March 26, 2014 by Liedos.
- *Limited Subsurface Investigation Report* (LSI) dated July 10, 2012 by Sound Earth Strategies (SES).
- Final Remedial Investigation and Site Summary Report (RI) dated August 20, 2007 by SAIC.
- Conceptual Site Model, Risk Assessment, and Supplemental Investigation Proposal dated August 21, 2002 by Delta Environmental Consultants (Delta).

Summaries of the above-referenced reports are provided below. The summaries below include only information considered relevant to the Property, which includes investigation/remedial action work conducted on the Property or in close proximity to the Property boundaries. Additionally, numerous groundwater monitoring events took place on the Property from 1986 to 2017. Therefore, routine groundwater monitoring activities are not summarized below.

For additional details, the reader should refer to the original documents in their entirety and the complete list of previous reports provided in Appendix A – List of Previous Reports.



The locations of historical features and sample locations are depicted on Figures 3 to 5. All soil and groundwater analytical data pertaining to the Property, as reported by RGI and others, are summarized in Tables 1 and 2, respectively.

5.1 CITY OF SEATTLE FIRE DEPARTMENT 1978

During a Seattle Fire Department investigation of apparent petroleum hydrocarbon odor complaints at the southeast adjoining Monterey Apartments building, light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL), determined to be gasoline, was identified in a basement sump reportedly connected to the building footing draining system. This finding initiated investigation of the Property as a potential source of this contamination.

5.2 GEOENGINEERS 1986

In 1986, Geoengineers conducted a subsurface investigation at the Property and Site at the request of Ecology. Groundwater monitoring wells MW6 and MW9 were installed on the Property and MW10 was installed off-Property, and up-gradient, in close proximity to the northeast corner of the Property. No contamination was identified at MW10. Evidence of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination was observed in wells MW6 and MW9 located within the Property. In addition, approximately two feet of LNAPL was observed in MW6. Groundwater flow direction across the Property was determined to be to the west-southwest.

5.3 ECOLOGY 1989 SUMMARY OF INVESTIGATIONS

In 1989, Ecology prepared a summary of previous investigations. Ecology noted problems with the installation of MW10 in 1986 and indicated that initial installation attempts encountered and punctured what was described as a concrete tank. A strong gasoline odor was noted after breaking through the concrete. Ecology thought the tanks may be related to the 1927 USTs (USTs 1 and 2) that were reported as abandoned in-place. It should be noted that groundwater concentrations of contaminants have been below MTCA cleanup levels for the past 16 years.

Ecology indicated that in 1986, during work on the adjoining Monterey Apartments property, recovery well RW2 was installed. RW2 is situated off-Property, but very close to the southwest corner of the Property. The well was reportedly inactivated due to its ineffectiveness at removing LNAPL.

5.4 ECOLOGY & ENVIRONMENT SEPTEMBER 1990

During an investigation of the Site, Ecology and Environment (E&E) conducted a soil gas survey which included collecting soil vapor samples SG01 and SG05 near the western and southern Property boundaries, respectively. These locations were reported to have the highest BTEX soil gas concentrations reported in the survey. However, no soil gas analytical data was provided in the reports reviewed by RGI.

E&E also collected and analyzed a sample of LNAPL from MW6. Analytical results indicated that the LNAPL consisted of relatively non-degraded gasoline with approximately 20% diesel #2. It was also indicated that LNAPL was observed in well RW2.

5.5 ECOLOGY & ENVIRONMENT 1991

During the first phase of a Remedial Investigation of the Site, E&E concluded that the point source for the petroleum hydrocarbon vapors present on Monterey Apartments property was the Property and that these vapors would persist indefinitely unless the source contamination located beneath the Property was reduced or removed.

E&E collected groundwater samples throughout the Site, which included Property wells MW6 and MW9 and off-Property wells RW2 and MW10. Analytical results indicated widespread petroleum hydrocarbon



groundwater contamination was present that extended from the Property to the west beyond 1st Avenue west. E&E estimated approximately 4,800 gallons of LNAPL were present beneath the Property.

E&E advanced 25 soil gas probes across the Site including soil gas probe 19 on the southeastern portion of the Property and soil gas probes 21 and 22 on the northwestern portion of the Property. Analytical results indicated that BTEX and TPH soil vapor impacts from beneath the Property may have extended as far as 2nd Avenue West. No actual soil vapor analytical data was provided in the reports as obtained and reviewed by RGI.

5.6 SAIC/GLACIER FIELD NOTES 1993

In 1993, UST closure activities were conducted on the Property. However, no report documenting this work was encountered. Information found in field notes/maps obtained from the appendices of previous reports indicated that significant soil contamination was encountered at the eastern dispenser island. A hand drawn map of the excavation area displayed 11 soil sample locations throughout the excavations area (PIT-1 through PIT-11). The notes also indicated that a significant amount of petroleum contaminated soil (PCS) was encountered in the UST excavations and that this contaminated soil was used to backfill the excavation. In other words, it appears that the excavated contaminated soils was not transported off-Property for proper disposal.

The notes also indicated that a soil vapor extraction (SVE) and groundwater recovery systems were installed with a spray aeration vacuum extraction (SAVE) treatment system was installed and operated on the Property and the southwest-adjoining Monterrey Apartments property. The SAVE system was also connected to horizontal extraction piping situated 8 to 10 feet deep in the former UST excavation area.

SAIC reportedly installed vapor extraction well VP9 on the northwest portion of the Property sometime between 1993 and 1996.

5.7 GROUNDWATER TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 1996

In April 1996, Groundwater Technologies, Inc. replaced the SAVE system with a catalytic oxidizer in conjunction with the installation of vapor extraction wells. The system reportedly operated intermittently between September 1996 and December 1997, when the system was shut down. No remediation system as-built drawings or other reports relating to the operation and maintenance of this system were available.

5.8 ECOLOGY MAY 1998

Between October 1995 and November 1997, Ecology periodically sampled groundwater at the Site. Wells sampled on, or close to, the Property included MW6, MW9, MW10, and RW2. Ecology noted that the LNAPL thickness in well MW6 averaged from one foot to a maximum thickness of three feet.

5.9 FARALLON CONSULTING, DECEMBER 1999 TO JULY 2001 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

In December 1999 and June 2000, Farallon Consulting sampled wells MW9, MW10, and VP9 and installed absorbent socks in wells MW6 and RW2. The absorbent socks were reportedly changed on a monthly basis.

5.10 DELTA, SEPTEMBER 2002

In September of 2002, Delta installed direct push probes DP1 to DP7 and hollow stem auger borings DB2 (completed as well MW13) and DB3 on the Property. All wells were developed and surveyed and soil and groundwater samples were submitted for analyses.



5.11 SAIC 2003 SVE System Upgrade

In 2003, SAIC modified the non-operational SVE system primarily to create a negative pressure in soils beneath the southwest-adjoining Monterrey Apartments property. The system did remove a limited amount of soil vapor. In 2005, the system was shut down.

Chevron enrolled the Site into the VCP in 2003 and a Dual Phase Extraction (DPE) system was designed to extract groundwater and soil vapors beneath the Property and the south-adjoining Monterrey Apartments Property. Contaminants removed from the subsurface were treated on the Property by thermal oxidation and carbon filtration. Treated groundwater was presumably discharged on the Property to the sanitary sewer.

5.12 SAIC (MARCH 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)

In March of 2004, SAIC advanced soil boring SP1 on the west-central portion of the Property and soil samples were submitted for analyses.

In October of 2004, SAIC installed well MW24 off-Property in close proximity to the western Property boundary. The well was developed and surveyed and soil and groundwater samples were submitted for analyses.

In October 2005, SAIC initiated the installation of the DPE system, which included installing extraction wells DPE-5, DPE-6, and DPE-7 on the Property. All three wells were developed and surveyed and soil and groundwater samples were submitted for analyses. Pneumatic groundwater extraction pumps were installed in all three wells. The full system, which was designed to remediate the Property and the south-adjoining Monterrey Apartments property, began operation in November 2007. The system was shut down on April 2, 2008 after reportedly removing approximately 45,000 pounds of hydrocarbon mass.

5.13 SOUND EARTH STRATEGIES LIMITED SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (2012)

In 2012, SES conducted a Limited Subsurface Investigation (LSI) and advanced nine test probes (P01 through P09) across the Property. Soil samples were submitted to the laboratory for analyses from each location.

Soil analytical data obtained from the LSI indicated that soil containing concentrations of petroleum related COCs exceeding applicable MTCA soil cleanup levels was present beneath two thirds of the Property. SES concluded that the thickness of petroleum contaminated soil extended from five feet thick on the eastern portion of the Property to 15 feet thick on the western portion of the Property.

SES also performed a Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) Survey on the Property in an attempt to identify locations of remediation piping. However, the results of the GPR survey were inconclusive.

5.14 RGI SUPPLEMENTAL SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION 2017

In 2017, RGI conducted a Supplemental Subsurface Investigation (SSI) and advanced eight test probes (P1, P2, P3 and SSI-P1 through SSI P5) throughout the Property and installed groundwater monitoring wells off-Property to the north (SSI-W2) and east (SSI-W1). Soil and groundwater samples were submitted to the laboratory for analyses.

Soil and groundwater analytical data obtained from the SSI indicated that soil and/or groundwater contamination likely extended off-Property to the north and east beneath the sidewalks along West Roy Street and Queen Anne Avenue North. Groundwater analytical data indicated that groundwater impacts did not extend beyond the northernmost and easternmost portions of the sidewalks where wells SSI-W1 and SSI-W2 were installed.



6 TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGICAL EVALUATION (TEE) RESULTS

WAC 174-340-7490 indicates that a Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation (TEE) must be performed at any site where there has been a release of a hazardous substance to soil. MTCA regulations require that one of the following actions be taken:

- Document a TEE exclusion using criteria in WAC 173-340-7491;
- Conduct a simplified TEE as set forth in WAC 173-340-7492; or
- Conduct a site-specific TEE as set forth in WAC 173-340-7493.

RGI evaluated the Property using the criteria described in WAC 173-340-7490(1) and determined that the Property qualifies for a TEE exclusion based on the future land use of the Property as a multi-use residential building. The redevelopment of the Property is tentatively scheduled to commence mid-2019. It is anticipated that all contaminated soil and groundwater with concentrations above the applicable cleanup levels will be removed from within the Property boundary as part of the cleanup during redevelopment. However, if it is necessary to leave any contaminated soil in place after redevelopment, such soils would be situated at a minimum of 15 feet bgs. Additionally, once redevelopment is completed, the entire Property will be largely covered by the building and/or concrete.

No further evaluation of ecological impacts is required under MTCA.

7 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

A Conceptual Site Model (CSM) identifies sources of contamination, affected media, current and future land uses, known or potential exposure pathways and potential receptors that could be exposed to contamination. The CSM provides the basis for evaluating and selecting cleanup alternatives.

This section discusses the CSM developed for the Property based on data obtained from previous subsurface investigation findings by RGI and others.

7.1 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION

As previously described in Section 4 and displayed on Figure 3, the Property was previously occupied by several different configurations of gasoline service stations from 1927 to 1993. These service stations were situated in different locations throughout the Property and historically contained up to 23 USTs, pump islands, hoists, and grease pits. The sources of petroleum contaminated soil and groundwater observed on the Property are suspected to be the result of releases of petroleum products from USTs, other portions of the fuel systems, and/or other service station related underground improvements (i.e., wash racks and hoists).

Based on data obtained from recent subsurface investigations, petroleum contaminated soil extends from approximately 5 feet (or less) to 24 feet bgs across a large portion of the Property. As previously discussed, the petroleum hydrocarbon contamination extends off-Property to the west-southwest. There are isolated areas beneath the southwestern portion of the Property where soil impacts may extend to depths between 24 and 31 feet bgs. Petroleum contaminated soil may also extend, to a much lesser degree, off-Property beneath the sidewalks to the north and east of the Property. In many locations, the maximum depth of soil contamination corresponds to the depth of the clayey silt layer which is present at approximately 17 feet bgs beneath the eastern portion of the Property and 31 feet bgs beneath the western portion of the Property.

Groundwater flow direction across the Property has consistently been determined to be to the westsouthwest. Petroleum contaminated groundwater is also present beneath most of the Property and extends off-Property to the west and southwest. Petroleum contaminated groundwater may also extend



off-Property, to a much lesser degree, limited to just beneath the sidewalks to the north and east of the Property.

LNAPL was historically detected on the Property in wells MW6, MW9, RW4, DPE5, and DPE7. However, LNAPL is currently not present on the Property and the last time LNAPL was observed on the Property was in 2008. The in-situ cleanup effort performed by others appears to have been effective in reducing the occurrence of LNAPL.

Dissolved lead was historically detected in groundwater on the western portion of the Property (MW6) at concentrations exceeding the MTCA cleanup level. The source of this lead is suspected to be associated releases of leaded gasoline on the Property. Lead has not been detected in groundwater on the Property at a concentration above the MTCA cleanup level since 1997.

Dissolved arsenic was historically detected in groundwater at a concentration of 6.1 micrograms/Liter (μ g/L) in well MW6 in 2002. This concentration slightly exceeded the MTCA cleanup level of 5 μ g/L and may be attributed to background arsenic groundwater concentrations in the region. No source of arsenic contamination has been identified on the Property and is not considered a contaminant of concern

Archived assessor records indicate that the tailor shop/Acme Cleaners (potentially including dry cleaning) was present on the southeastern portion of the Property in 1927. However, no releases to soil and/or groundwater have been identified from this potential dry cleaning facility. Chlorinated solvents have never been detected in soil or groundwater on the Property at concentrations exceeding applicable MTCA cleanup levels.

Potential off-site sources of contamination included the following properties:

- Gasoline service station (former Unocal service station) located northeast, and up-gradient of the Property (across the intersection of Queen Avenue North and West Roy Street).
- A former dry cleaning facility located north, and up-gradient of the Property (across West Roy Street).
- A former Paramount Cleaners located approximately one block east-northeast of the Property (across the intersection of Queen Anne Avenue North and West Roy Street).

Releases of chlorinated solvents and/or petroleum hydrocarbons were historically documented on one or more of these properties. However, recent soil and groundwater analytical data obtained from the Property indicates that the Property has not been impacted by releases from these properties.

7.2 CURRENT AND FUTURE LAND USES

The Property is situated in the lower Queen Anne area, which includes commercial and residential areas. The Property is specifically zoned as a SM-UP-85 by Seattle Department of Construction and Inspections (SDCI). The Property is surrounded by apartment complexes, restaurants, and retail businesses.

The Property and existing building is currently vacant and the parking lot is utilized as a paid parking lot operated by Republic Parking. The exterior portions of the Property outside the vacant building are asphalt paved. The current plan is to redevelop the Property as a multi-use residential building with one level of underground parking. This construction is anticipated to begin mid-2019.

7.3 CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN AND AFFECTED MEDIA

The identified contaminants of concern (COCs) that have been observed on the Property at concentrations exceeding applicable MTCA cleanup levels for a given media consist of the following:

COCs in soil: Gasoline-, diesel-, and oil-range TPH, BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes), and naphthalene.



- COCs in groundwater: Gasoline- and diesel-range TPH, BTEX, and lead.
- > Potential COCs in soil vapor and air: Gasoline- and diesel-range TPH, BTEX, and naphthalene.

The selected cleanup levels for COCs are presented in Section 9.1.1.

7.4 EXPOSURE PATHWAYS & RECEPTORS

As described in Section 6, the Property qualifies for a TEE exclusion due to the fact that any potential contaminated soil remaining on the Property after redevelopment would be situated at a minimum of 15 feet bgs. Additionally, any contaminated soils would be covered by the building and/or concrete. Additionally, there are no surface water bodies in close proximity to the Property. Therefore, evaluation of surface water and ecological receptors is not applicable to the Property and therefore not discussed in this section.

Mitigating the potential human health risk associated with the potential COCs in the affected media at the Property will be the primary objective of the selected cleanup action alternative. The exposure pathways that are applicable to the Property include soil, groundwater, and the vapor intrusion pathway and these are discussed further in the following sections.

7.4.1 SOIL PATHWAY

The exposure pathways for soil include direct contact, soil leaching-to-groundwater, and soil vapor migrating into overlying structures.

Human health exposure pathways via direct soil contact include dermal contact and/or ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil and dust. The point of compliance is defined as throughout the Property from the ground surface to 15 feet bgs. During redevelopment of the Property, the potential for constructions workers to come in contact with soil containing petroleum related compounds at concentrations above MTCA cleanup levels is high. In order to address this concern, all workers handling contaminated soil during redevelopment shall be HAZWOPER trained and follow established safety protocols under the direction of their Health & Safety Officer. The goal of the cleanup action will be to remove all contaminated soil containing concentrations of contaminants above the applicable cleanup levels from within the Property boundaries. However, if it is necessary to leave contaminated soil in-place for any reason, no contaminated soil shall be situated at depths above 15 feet bgs after redevelopment.

The leaching pathway (protection of groundwater) concerns contaminated soil impacting groundwater and potential ingestion of contaminated water via drinking water. The point of compliance for the leaching pathway is defined as throughout the soil profile within the Property boundaries. During the cleanup action, confirmation soil samples will be collected and submitted to the laboratory for analyses. Data obtained from these soil samples will be evaluated with cleanup levels established in Section 9 in order to demonstrate that soil concentrations of contaminants are protective of groundwater.

The soil to soil vapor pathway concerns volatile contaminants partitioning from soil to soil vapor and migrating into structures above and causing a potential threat to human health via inhalation of indoor air contaminants. The standard point of compliance pertaining to soil vapor is defined as throughout the Property from the uppermost groundwater saturated zone. During and/or after the cleanup action, RGI may collect soil vapor and/or indoor air samples to verify that indoor air is protected in accordance with MTCA.

Section 12 (Cleanup Action Plan) describes the process for the characterization, handling, and disposal/treatment of contaminated soils encountered during redevelopment of the Property.



7.4.2 GROUNDWATER PATHWAY

The exposure pathways for groundwater include the direct contact, groundwater-to-soil vapor resulting in migration of vapors into overlying buildings and subsequent inhalation of contaminated air, and ingestion via drinking water.

Shallow perched groundwater has historically been encountered on the Property between approximately 10 and 24 feet bgs. Groundwater beneath a large portion of the Property is contaminated with petroleum related compounds. The standard point of compliance for groundwater is defined as throughout the Property from the uppermost portion of the saturated zone to the maximum depth that impacted groundwater could be encountered. Considering that all COCs for the Property have a lower density than water, and shallow groundwater is located above the hard impervious clayey silt, groundwater contamination is not anticipated to extend far beneath the observed water bearing zone. Additionally, shallow groundwater beneath the Property is not currently used for drinking water and it is highly unlikely that it would be used for drinking water in the future.

The direct contact pathway exposure risk primarily relates to construction workers coming into contact with contaminated groundwater during the proposed redevelopment of the Property including excavations to depth up to 31 feet bgs. Therefore, contaminated groundwater is anticipated to be encountered during the cleanup action. All workers that have the potential to come into contact with contaminated groundwater during redevelopment will be HAZWOPER trained and follow established safety protocols under the direction of the appropriate Health and Safety Officer(s).

There are no drinking water wells located on, or in the vicinity of the Property. Based on the current land uses, it is highly unlikely that the shallow, low yield, perched water bearing zone would be used for drinking water in the foreseeable future. Additionally, in a previous email communication from Ecology to Texaco in 2004, Ecology stated that "Drinking water should not be considered the highest beneficial use for this Site".

During the cleanup action, all contaminated soil will be removed from the Property and contaminated groundwater will be dewatered and disposed of off-Property (see Section 12.5 for more discussion).

Groundwater monitoring wells will be installed during and/or after the cleanup action to monitor the effectiveness of the remediation and determine if groundwater concentrations of COCs are in compliance with MTCA (see Section 13.1 for more discussion).

Section 12 (Cleanup Action Plan) describes the process for characterization, handling, and disposal of any contaminated groundwater encountered during construction.

7.4.3 SOIL VAPOR PATHWAY

The soil vapor/air pathway includes workers coming directly in contact with contaminated vapors during construction and vapors from contaminated soil and/or groundwater migrating into the Property building.

During redevelopment of the Property, the potential for constructions workers to be exposed to petroleum contaminated soil and/or groundwater and come in contact with petroleum contaminated vapors does exist. In order to address this concern, all workers involved with the cleanup action shall be HAZWOPER trained and follow established safety protocols under the direction of a Health & Safety Officer. This will include having a respirator on-Property if necessary. Air monitoring will be conducted in accordance with the Health & Safety plan and workers will be notified if concentrations of contaminants in air reach unsafe levels and appropriate action would be taken at that time to protect the safety of the workers.

Soil vapor impacts have not been thoroughly investigated on the Property during previous investigations by others. However, based on the concentrations of contaminants, depth of petroleum contamination,



and the known rapid rate of attenuation of these compounds as they move through the vadose zone, the current risk for vapor intrusion in the Property building after the cleanup is completed is considered low.

Regarding future use, the goal of the cleanup action will be to remove all contaminated soil from within the Property boundaries. However, if it is necessary to leave contaminated soil in place for any reason, no contaminated soil shall be situated at depths above 15 feet bgs after redevelopment. Given that the future Property building will have a high air exchange rate associated with the parking garage, vapor intrusion likely would not be a concern for the Property after the completed cleanup.

In addition, RGI understands that a vapor barrier will be installed beneath the concrete slab, and outside of the underground parking garage walls, to mitigate any potential vapor intrusion into the building.

RGI will evaluate the vapor intrusion pathway further if it is deemed necessary.

8 PROPERTY GEOLOGY & HYDROGEOLOGY

In general, the soils underlying the Property consist of silty sands to depths of approximately 6 feet to 8 feet bgs, underlain by sand to depths of 17 to 31 feet bgs. The depth to the bottom of the sand horizon is shallower beneath the eastern portion of the Property (approximately 17 feet bgs) and deepens to the west (up to 31 feet bgs beneath the western portion of the Property). Underlying the sand is a hard to very hard, relatively impervious, clayey silt (Lawton Clay). A cross section depicting subsurface conditions along the northern Property boundary is displayed on Figure 6.

In general, the unconfined, perched shallow water bearing zone is present across the Property and is typically found perched above the Lawton Clay. Depth to this water bearing zone beneath the eastern portion of the Property seasonally ranges from approximately 10 feet bgs to 13.5 feet bgs. Depth to this water bearing zone beneath the western portion of the Property seasonally ranges from approximately 18 feet bgs to 24 feet bgs. The groundwater flow direction has consistently been towards the west-southwest.

According to the RI report prepared by others for the Property (dated August 2007), a deeper aquifer is reportedly separated by the shallow water bearing zone by more than 100 feet of the Lawton Clay or other fine-grained soils.

9 PROPERTY CLEANUP REQUIREMENTS

The MTCA regulation (chapter 173-340 WAC) governs site cleanups and defines a two-step approach for establishing cleanup requirements for individual sites:

- Establishing Cleanup Standards
- Selecting Cleanup Actions.

9.1 CLEANUP STANDARDS

The two primary standards pertaining to the cleanup action at the Property include:

- Cleanup Levels The concentration at which a particular hazardous substance does not threaten human health and the environment.
- Point of Compliance- Designates the location on the Property where the cleanup levels must be met.

9.1.1 CLEANUP LEVELS

The MTCA regulation provides three options for establishing generic and site-specific cleanup levels for soil and groundwater. Method A cleanup levels have been adopted for specific purposes and are intended to provide conservative cleanup levels for sites undergoing routine site characterization or cleanup actions



or those sites with relatively few hazardous substances. Method B and C cleanup levels are set using a site risk assessment, which focus on the use of "reasonable maximum exposure" assumptions based on site-specific characteristics and toxicity of the COCs.

The following cleanup levels have been selected for soil, groundwater, and air on the Property. Note surface water cleanup levels are not applicable to this project as no water bodies are situated in close proximity to the Property.

For this project, the MTCA Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses were selected for compounds detected in soil at concentrations above laboratory detection limits. MTCA Method A soil cleanup levels have been established for all COCs on the Property listed in the table below.

For groundwater, the MTCA Method A Cleanup Levels for Groundwater were selected for compounds detected in groundwater at concentrations above laboratory detection limits. MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup levels have been established for all COCs on the Property listed in the table below. If contaminants are encountered in groundwater during the cleanup action that do not have an established MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup level, the Applicable and Relevant or Appropriate Requirement (ARAR) will be referenced per WAC 173-340-700[5][a].

For air, The MTCA Method B Indoor Air Cleanup Levels were selected for demonstrating compliance after the cleanup completed. Additionally, the Vapor Intrusion Method B soil vapor screening levels established by Ecology may also be used for evaluating soil vapor COCs.

These soil and groundwater cleanup levels are considered protective of direct contact and drinking water. The MTCA Method A soil and groundwater cleanup levels for compounds that have been detected at concentrations above laboratory detection limits on the Property are summarized below.

Contaminant	Media	Method A Soil Cleanup Level	Media	Method A Groundwater Cleanup Level	Media	Method B Indoor Air Cleanup Level
Gasoline-range TPH	soil	30 mg/kg	Groundwater	800 μg/L	Air	NVE
Diesel-range TPH	soil	2,000 mg/kg	Groundwater	500 μg/L	Air	NVE
Oil-range TPH	soil	2,000 mg/kg	Groundwater	500 μg/L	NA	NA
Benzene	soil	0.03 mg/kg	Groundwater	5 μg/L	Air	0.321 μg/m ³
Toluene	soil	7 mg/kg	Groundwater	1,000 μg/L	Air	2,290 μg/m ³
Ethylbenzene	soil	6 mg/kg	Groundwater	700 μg/L	Air	457 μg/m ³
Xylenes	soil	9 mg/kg	Groundwater	1,000 μg/L	Air	45.7 μg/m ³
Naphthalenes	soil	5 mg/kg	Groundwater	160 μg/L	Air	0.0735 μg/m ³
Tetrachloroethene	soil	0.05 mg/kg	Groundwater	5 μg/L	Air	9.62 μg/m ³
Trichloroethene	soil	0.03 mg/kg	Groundwater	5 μg/L	Air	0.37 μg/m ³
Lead	soil	250 mg/kg	Groundwater	15 μg/L	NA	NA
Arsenic	soil	20 mg/kg	Groundwater	5 μg/L	NA	NA

mg/kg = milligrams/kilogram µg/L = micrograms/liter

µg/m³ = micrograms/cubic meter

NA = Not applicable



NVE = No MTCA Method B Indoor Air Cleanup Levels have been established for gasoline- and diesel-range TPH. However, Indoor Air Cleanup Levels have been established for select aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbon fractions.

9.1.2 POINTS OF COMPLIANCE

The regulatory requirements for establishing the "point of compliance" are described in WAC 173-340-720 through 173-340-360. The point of compliance is defined as the location within a particular medium where cleanup levels must be met. The points of compliance consists of a "standard" and "conditional" points of compliance. The standard point of compliance is generally defined as throughout the site indicating that the cleanup levels must be met at the standard point of compliance for each media (soil, groundwater, surface water, and air). Groundwater points of compliance for the Property-specific cleanup will include the post-cleanup installation of groundwater monitoring wells along the Property's downgradient property boundary (see Section 13.1 for more discussion). On certain sites, a conditional point of compliance is granted. However, the conditional point of compliance is not applicable to the Property.

As previously indicated, this cleanup action pertains only to the Property and not the entire Site, which extends beyond the Property boundaries. The portion of the Site outside the Property boundaries is the responsibility of a separate entity. Therefore, when discussing the point of compliance, the term "Property" is used in place of "Site" and Property refers to all areas within the Property boundaries.

The selected point of compliance for soil is throughout the Property (based on protection of groundwater).

The selected point of compliance for groundwater is throughout the Property from the uppermost level of the saturated zone extending vertically to the lowest depth, which could potentially be impacted by COCs at the Property.

The selected point of compliance for air is in ambient air throughout the Property.

9.2 CLEANUP ACTIONS

9.2.1 OVERVIEW

Cleanup actions can be divided into the following two main headings: in-situ and ex-situ remedial activities. Using available data, characteristics, and current and future land use, the remedial options are evaluated based on the following criteria: effectiveness, implementability, cost, anticipated time of completion and compliance with applicable laws and standards.

In-situ remedial technologies include groundwater pump and treat, air sparge, vapor extraction, chemical oxidation, bioremediation or combination or variation thereof. These in-situ technologies are effective in remediating VOC or petroleum hydrocarbon affected media. However, these technologies are reserved for projects where remedial excavation is not a valid or practical option. Since the Property will be excavated as part of the planned redevelopment, which includes installation of a one level underground parking garage, in-situ technologies are not evaluated further.

Ex-situ remedial technologies generally include soil excavation. Contaminated soil is either stockpiled on-Property and remediated above ground (e.g., land farmed); or are excavated and transported off-Property to a permitted disposal/treatment facility.

Remedial soil excavation (coupled with groundwater dewatering) is considered an effective approach for remediating contaminated properties undergoing redevelopment and is considered the appropriate cleanup action alternative for the Property.



9.2.2 SOIL REMEDIATION

The selected cleanup action for soil at the Property is direct excavation with off-Property disposal. This method was selected due to the fact that it is highly effective, permanent, has a short restoration timeframe and will limit interference with redevelopment activities. This method is also the most readily practicable and cost effective method and will ensure compliance with cleanup standards throughout the Property.

Advantages of this option include immediate and permanent source removal and off-Property disposal and/or treatment. The removal of contaminated soils situated between approximately 5 and 24 feet bgs from the Property will also have a positive effect on remediating petroleum contaminated groundwater known to be present beneath the Property. Some contaminated soil may be encountered at depths less than 5 feet bgs, and deeper than 24 feet bgs at various locations of the Property.

The removal of potential USTs, hoists and other service station features in conjunction with the remedial excavation of accessible contaminated soils and dewatering of encountered contaminated groundwater is considered and retained as the most appropriate cleanup action for the Property.

This cleanup action will result in a short restoration timeframe that will coincide with the construction of the building tentatively scheduled for mid-2019.

9.2.3 GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION

The selected cleanup action for remediating groundwater on the Property is direct excavation of contaminated soil described in Section 9.2.2 followed by dewatering of contaminated water in excavations with subsequent excavation water sampling and off-Property disposal of contaminated water. This method was selected due to the fact that it is the most practicable and cost effective and will have limited interference with redevelopment activities. This option will also provide long term effectiveness and attainment of cleanup standards. Groundwater remediation is discussed further in Section 12.

10 CONCEPTUAL SHORING SYSTEM AND LOCATION

Soldier piles with wood lagging and tiebacks was selected for temporary shoring (shoring Option 1 as outlined in RGI's *Geotechnical Engineering Report*, dated February 20, 2017). RGI also recommended installing Miradrain 6000 (or equivalent), including vapor membrane behind the wood lagging or shotcrete wall and perimeter foundation drains, as appropriate, and as designed by Client's building envelope subcontractor.

Based on subsequent conversations with the Client and design team, one level of underground parking, from lot-line to lot-line will be constructed. Soldier piles with wood lagging and tiebacks were selected for the project and the shoring walls will be installed along all property lines (RGI is not aware of any building or easement setbacks from any Property line).

The bottom of shoring will be designed to intersect the Lawton Clay layer that underlies the Property and corresponds to the estimated maximum depth of soil contamination. The bottom of shoring will be situated at elevation 115' along the southern portion of the eastern Property boundary, the southern Property boundary, and the western Property boundary, which will allow for remedial excavations of up to approximately 31 feet bgs in these locations. The bottom of shoring will be situated at elevation 122' along the northern Property boundary and the northern portion of the eastern Property boundary, which will allow for remedial excavations of up to approximately 20 feet bgs in these locations. The estimated shoring locations and estimated bottom of shoring elevations are displayed on Figure 7.



11 POTENTIAL USTS AND FORMER UNDERGROUND IMPROVEMENTS

RGI's recommended scope of work regarding former USTs and/or other related underground improvements associated with the various gasoline service stations are as follows:

- During demolition of the existing building on the Property, RGI shall oversee the removal of its concrete slab. This area was previously utilized as a service garage and underground improvements (USTs, hoists, wash racks, and oil/water separators) may be present beneath the slab.
- RGI personnel will be on-Property at all times to oversee and document the decommissioning and removal of any encountered USTs, hoists, and/or other underground improvements related to the former gasoline service stations; and to perform the necessary sampling and analyses, which is required by Ecology and/or necessary to document whether or not a release from these abandoned improvements have occurred. For any USTs encountered, the GC, or RGI (if requested to do so), will retain an International Council Code (ICC) certified UST decommissioning contractor to properly inert, decommission, remove, and properly transport and dispose of the UST and/or other related improvement. All UST removal and demolition work be will approved by a marine chemist and the City of Seattle Fire Department. If USTs are filled with a cement slurry, concrete, and/or sand, each UST will need to be cut open and cleaned in-place prior to being removed and transported off-Property. Note that USTs 1, 2, and 6B (see Figure 3) were reported in previous reports as having been abandoned in-place. Therefore, the potential for one or more of these USTs to be encountered during redevelopment does exist.
- RGI's ICC certified UST Site Assessor will perform the required UST Site Assessment services and/or other sampling, analyses, and reporting associated with the removal of USTs and/or other encountered underground improvements. Discovery of unknown underground improvements during redevelopment will likely require sampling, analysis, and/or waste profiling for disposal purposes.
- If USTs, hoists, or other underground improvements are encountered during redevelopment, they should be emptied prior to off-Property transport and placed on plastic sheeting and additionally covered with plastic sheeting to prevent contaminating underlying soils. All UST/hoist decommissioning documentation such as fire marshal permits, hot works permits, pump and rinse certificates, and disposal certificates shall be provided to RGI and will be included in the appendices of the final Cleanup Action Report that will be submitted to Ecology.

12 CLEANUP ACTION PLAN

Previous investigations conducted on the Property have identified contaminated soil and groundwater beneath most portions of the Property outside of the existing building. No impacts have been identified beneath the building, however, the vertical depth of these investigations were very limited due to logistics involving drilling inside the building.

The cleanup action will consist of properly decommissioning and removing any potential fuel system components and other former and potential improvements related to the gasoline service station(s) located on the Property and the removal of contaminated soil and groundwater from the Property.

The proposed scope of work to implement the recommended cleanup action is presented below.

12.1 PRE-CLEANUP ACTION ACTIVITIES

The following activities will be performed prior to commencing with the cleanup action:



- 1. Enroll the Property into the Ecology VCP. The VCP application for the Property (which also includes the Site, as requested by Ecology) has been has been submitted to Ecology and is currently awaiting their acceptance. RGI anticipates the Property will be accepted into the VCP in December of 2018 or January of 2019.
- 2. Obtain the King County Metro permit and City of Seattle Side Sewer Permit for the temporary discharge of contaminated groundwater encountered and/or generated during excavation dewatering to the on-site sanitary sewer.
- 3. Conduct a geophysical survey along the northern portion of the eastern property boundary in an effort to determine if UST1, UST2, and/or UST6B remain in place. Note: The geophysical survey will be performed by an actual geophysicist and not a utility locator.
- 4. Contractor and subcontractor prepare a Site Health and Safety Plan (SHSP).
- 5. Install a *Notice of Intent* sign on the Property that briefly states the Cleanup Action Plan and provides contact information. This Notice of Intent also partially satisfies one of the Cost Recovery requirements set forth by Ecology. RGI recommends that the Client's legal counsel opine as to what other notifications may be required in order to fully support any cost recovery effort.
- 6. Profile contaminated soil and water on the Property and obtain the necessary waste manifests and clearances from the permitted landfill disposal or treatment facilities, which will be required for disposal of contaminated soil and/or water. The generator (the Client) is required to sign the waste profile paperwork.
- 7. Abandon all existing groundwater monitoring wells on the Property in accordance with Ecology's Minimum Standards for Construction and Maintenance of Wells (WAC 173-360). Note: Groundwater monitoring (resource protection) wells damaged during construction, without being first properly decommissioned, are subject to fines and penalties from Ecology.
- 8. Hold one or more meetings with the Client (or Client's representative), General Contractor, excavation subcontractor, and any other potentially relevant parties to review the components of this Work Plan and develop a strategy for implementation of the cleanup action in conjunction with construction activities.
- 9. Oversee the removal of the slab associated with the existing building situated on the southern portion of the Property. This building was previously utilized for automobile repair and underground improvements may be present beneath the slab. Note that immediately following building demolition, additional drilling in this uninvestigated area could be performed in order to define the nature and extent of contamination in the area (if any).
- 10. Direct test pitting activities and collect and analyze soil samples to define the vertical and lateral extent of soil impacts in all locations of the Property where contamination is present. It is likely that multiple rounds of test pitting and sampling will be conducted during the course of redevelopment to define the extent of planned remedial excavations at greater depths. This data will allow RGI to plan accordingly with the general contractor and minimize any delays in construction activities. As requested by the Client, the nature and extent of any contaminated soils beneath the existing building will be evaluated using test pits and not drilling and sampling (as previously recommended by RGI).

12.2 CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION & HANDLING

This section outlines the plan to excavate known petroleum contaminated soils and the procedure for inspecting other soils encountered or exposed during the Property cleanup effort. The estimated location where contaminated soil is anticipated to be encountered beneath the Property is displayed on Figure 4.



RGI personnel should be on-Property at all times that excavation of contaminated soil is taking place and when excavation is occurring in locations where contamination is suspected to be present. This is necessary to oversee and properly segregate, load, stockpile soils ("clean" versus "contaminated") and to better document the cleanup action. RGI will also perform the necessary sampling, analyses, reporting, and direct contractors as needed regarding the handling and disposal of contaminated soil.

Whenever possible, we recommend that cleanup action activities be completed (to the maximum extent possible) prior to commencing with other mass soil excavation activities associated with general Property grading, shoring installation, and/or during excavations for the one level underground parking garage. However, RGI does realize that it will be necessary to perform a majority of the cleanup in conjunction with the Property redevelopment.

The general contractor and/or their earthwork subcontractor will excavate and segregate Property soils under the direction of RGIs environmental professionals. One or two RGI environmental professionals will be present at all times during excavation of contaminated soils (two person staff will be needed when high volumes of contaminated soils are being removed, or when different areas of the Property are being cleaned up at the same time).

All contaminated soil shall be removed from areas within the Property boundaries. It is currently estimated that remedial excavations will extend to an average depth of approximately 24 feet bgs. However, this may vary based on observations during redevelopment. In regards to the eastern portion of the Property, the maximum depth of contaminated soil appears to correlate to the depth of the clayey slit layer which has low permeability and serves as a confining layer. The depth to the clay layer varies from approximately 17 feet bgs on the east side of the Property to approximately 31 feet on the west side of the Property. RGI will coordinate remedial excavation activities with the general contractor and/or other parties. In areas of the Property where soil contamination extends to greater depths, the remedial excavation of one area may take place in multiple phases during each successive lift of redevelopment. This strategy will minimize any interference or delays with construction activities.

During remedial excavations, and due to logistics associated with soil management, it may be necessary to stockpile contaminated soil on the Property. All contaminated soil should be segregated, and kept segregated from clean soil until it is loaded for off-Property for transport and disposal. The use of plastic sheeting, beneath and over, the contaminated soil is necessary. This is particularly important during wet weather and required to prevent inadvertently contaminating underlying soils and/or prevent spreading of contamination due to rain.

Depending on the depth of excavation in a given area, it may necessary to maintain a 1:1 slope, or a slope deemed appropriate by the geotechnical engineer-on-record. This would likely be a concern in areas where contamination extends beyond the depth of the redevelopment subgrade or deeper excavations dewatering purposes (discussed further in Section 12.5). Areas where localized excavations require excavation beneath the redevelopment subgrade of approximately elevation 134' (approximately 13 to 14 feet bgs) will require backfilling in order to reach the desired subgrade for construction. Material used for backfilling would be specified by the geotechnical engineer-on-record.

During drilling associated with the installation of shoring walls along the Property boundaries, it is likely that petroleum contaminated soil cuttings requiring special handling will be encountered. RGI will be on-Property to oversee drilling at Property boundaries where contaminated soil is suspected to be present. RGI will also assist with handling and disposal of any contaminated soil encountered.

During the cleanup action soil, groundwater, and excavation water samples will be submitted to a fixedbase and/or mobile analytical laboratory for analyses of COCs. The purpose of these samples will be to direct cleanup actions, plan strategically, demonstrate compliance with MTCA regulations, and/or profile waste for disposal.



Best management practices (BMPs) will be followed which will prevent soil and turbid storm water runoff from leaving the Property. BMPs will include removing loose soil from trucks and other vehicles leaving the Property, street sweeping, silt fences, straw bales, wash stations (if needed), etc. These activities will be managed by the GC.

Specific protocols for the cleanup action at the Property are discussed further in the following sections.

12.3 SOIL SEGREGATION

The categories of contaminated soil, and their permitted end uses, anticipated to be encountered during the cleanup action are described below along with the methodology for segregating soil.

12.3.1 PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL (PCS) CATEGORIES

The four categories of soil are defined in Table 12.1 of Ecology's *Guidance for the Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Soils* (Ecology PCS Guidance), revised in June 2016, and are summarized as follows:

- Category 1 Any soil that is not affected by any releases of contaminants or soils that do not contain any concentrations contaminants above the compound-specific analytical laboratory detection limits. Category 1 soils can be re-used anywhere.
- 2) Category 2 Any soils that contain concentrations ranges of petroleum related COCs published in the Ecology PCS Guidance. The Category 2 concentration ranges for Property COCs are as follows gasoline-range TPH (5-30 mg/kg), diesel-range TPH (25- 200 mg/kg), oil-range TPH (100-200 mg/kg), benzene (0.005-0.03 mg/kg), toluene (0.005-7 mg/kg), ethylbenzene (0.005-6 mg/kg), xylenes (0.015-9 mg/kg), naphthalenes (0.05-5 mg/kg), and lead (17-50 mg/kg). Category 2 soils are suitable for re-use as fill above the water table.

Note: a Category 2 soil may have a petroleum-like odor, and therefore may have concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons below the analytical detection limits. In addition, Category 2 soils may or may not exhibit obvious petroleum odors or give a positive water sheen test.

3) Category 3/4 - soil known or suspected to contain concentrations of petroleum-related COCs exceeding the maximum Category 2 concentrations published Ecology PCS Guidance. Category 3/4 soils contain concentrations of COCs higher than those allowed under the Category 2 classification. The re-use category for these soils is typically for asphalt manufacturing and road construction.

Based on soil analytical data obtained from the Property to date, and as stated above, RGI anticipates the majority of PCS removed from the Property will be classified as Category 3/4 soils. The known concentration ranges for Property COCs such as gasoline-range-TPH and benzene make it unlikely that a large volumes of these soils classified as Category 2 will be encountered during redevelopment. RGI anticipates that the majority soil segregating on the Property will be distinguishing Category 1 (essentially "clean" soils) from Category 3/4 soils. However, if encountered, soils will be removed as Category 2 soils when it is deemed cost-effective to do so.

12.3.2 POTENTIAL NON-PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL

RGI currently anticipates that all contaminated soil associated with the cleanup action will consist of routine petroleum hydrocarbon-related soil contamination. However, if non-petroleum soil contamination is encountered, or is suspected by RGI, beneath the building or in other locations on the Property, additional sampling, analyses, and waste profiling will be performed.

If compounds related to dry cleaning such as tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE), and/or other hazardous substances are encountered, the soil may need to be disposed of as an F-listed hazardous waste



or disposed of under a Contained-in determination with Ecology. Coordinating disposal for such soils can result in delays relating to Ecology approval and/or the disposal facility accepting the waste. Therefore, the excavation contractor should be prepared for possible delays including temporary stockpiling on-Property. All stockpiled contaminated soil (regardless of the nature of the contamination) must be placed on plastic sheeting and covered with plastic sheeting to avoid spreading of contamination as a result of rain or other means.

12.3.3 SOIL SEGREGATION METHODOLOGY

During soil excavation, and as directed by the Client, RGI's environmental professional(s) will segregate soils using one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. **Existing Soil Quality Data.** For example, if existing soil quality data indicates that soil in a particular area of the Property classifies as a Category 3/4 PCS, it will be excavated, loaded, and transported off-Property as a Category 3/4 soil unless field screening data suggests otherwise. Alternatively, unknown soils may be stockpiled on plastic sheeting, sampled, and tested prior to making a determination.
- 2. **Field Screening Data.** Field screening methods will include a portable gas analyzer equipped with a photoionization detector (PID), to qualitatively estimate total VOCs and water sheen tests for longer chain petroleum hydrocarbons (diesel- and oil-range TPH).
- 3. **On-Property Analytical Laboratory.** An on-Property mobile analytical laboratory may be utilized for this project to assist with determining concentrations of contaminants encountered and with verifying clean soils (i.e., soils that do not contain concentrations of contaminants above laboratory method detection limits).
- 4. **Off-Property Laboratory Analytical.** An off-Property analytical laboratory will be used for interim and confirmation soil sampling analyses.
- 5. **LNAPL** Based on current Property data, no LNAPL is suspected to be present on the Property. However, if LNAPL is observed in soil, the soil will be designated as a Class 3/4 soil. *Note: if LNAPL is present, LNAPL removal may be necessary before soil is loaded and transported off-Property.*

The objective during cleanup action is to minimize the handling and stockpiling clean soil and contaminated soils. All excavated soil will be categorized, based on field observations and/or laboratory analytical data, and transported off-Property to the appropriate facility.

Based on available data, Property soils contain petroleum hydrocarbons (as gasoline-, diesel-, and oilrange TPH), BTEX, and naphthalenes. These soils are designated as PCS Category 2/3/4 soils and can be either stockpiled on-Property and/or directly loaded into trucks and transported to nearby transfer stations (i.e., Waste Management located in Seattle, Washington). Segregated category 2 soils could be transported to other licensed and permitted disposal/treatment facilities (i.e., Cadman located in Everett, Washington).

RGI will record the number of each truck loaded and time leaving the Property in the field log book and waste disposal documentation will be included in the Cleanup Action Report

As requested by the Client, or determined appropriate in the field, soil will be segregated during excavation into either Category 1, Category 2, or Category 3/4. The decision on where to dispose of contaminated soils will be based on COC concentrations, transportation costs, and costs associated with any additional handling of soils required to do so.

Alternatively, or as requested by the Client, all PCS may be transported and disposed of off-Property as a Category 3/4 PCS. This strategy may be cost effective when double handling of PCS and/or excessive



stockpiling would be necessary to segregate PCS and may also reduce analytical costs associated with distinguishing Category 2 PCS from Category 3/4 PCS.

Once all PCS has been removed from the remedial excavation, confirmation soil samples will be collected from the limits of the remedial excavation and submitted to the laboratory for analyses. The purpose of confirmation soil sample is to demonstrate that soils at the limits of the remedial excavation are in compliance with MTCA regulations. The soil sampling strategy is discussed further in Section 12.4.

12.4 INTERIM AND CONFIRMATION SOIL SAMPLING

During (interim) and following the completion of the cleanup process (confirmation), RGI's environmental professional will collect soil samples at various locations throughout the Property.

Analytical results for each interim and confirmation sample will be used to confirm the soil quality within the excavation area and at the limits of the excavation. Soil samples will be collected along the excavation/shoring walls, prior to the placement of wood lagging, to also document in-situ soil quality at the Property boundaries in areas where remedial excavation extends to the Property boundaries. The location and depth of each sample will be based on subsurface soil conditions, field screening results, and/or professional judgment.

Soil confirmation samples collected from remedial excavation sidewall limits (for example, behind the shoring walls along all four sides of the Property) will be as follows:

One discrete soil sample very 10 linear and vertical feet of sidewall (a maximum of 129 soil samples).

Soil confirmation samples collected the bottom floor of the excavation will be as follows:

One discrete soil sample every 100 square feet of bottom of excavation (a maximum of 114 soil samples).

All confirmation samples will be analyzed (at a minimum) for gasoline- diesel, and oil-range TPH and BTEX. Note that this soil sampling strategy and analyses complies with the agreement between the Client and Chevron and also complies with MTCA regulations.

Soil samples will be collected using standard decontamination procedures including disposable latex gloves, stainless-steel spoons, and Alconox wash prior to sampling events. Samples will be collected either directly from the backhoe bucket or by using stainless steel spoons or trowels and placed in preconditioned sterilized-glass jars provided by the project, Ecology-accredited, third-party analytical laboratory. All soil samples analyzed for volatile compounds will be collected using EPA Method 5035A.

All samples will either be stored in an iced cooler at approximately 4° C while at the Property and during transportation to the fixed-base analytical laboratory or submitted directly to the mobile analytical laboratory located on the Property. A chain of custody form will accompany each cooler containing laboratory samples under standard sample chain of custody protocols.

12.5 PROPERTY GROUNDWATER DEWATERING

12.5.1 CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING

Available data indicates that contaminated shallow groundwater will be encountered as shallow as approximately 10 feet bgs during the cleanup action.

The GC, following, and/or in conjunction with the soil remedial excavation effort, will properly manage, pump, contain, store, and discharge contaminated groundwater encountered during construction. The dewatering design and related activity will be outlined in a forthcoming dewatering plan by RGI. The dewatering plan will outline anticipated volume or groundwater withdrawal, the required dewatering



system and/or pumps, number of dewatering points, sampling and testing requirements for discharge, permit requirements, and other pertinent information.

The dewatering effort during construction and its relative long term duration, be it by conventional trench and sump pumps or temporary dewatering wells, will substantially reduce groundwater concentrations beneath the Property, and any residual dissolved phase contaminants in relatively isolated and limited shallow groundwater located up-gradient (north and east) of the Property.

12.5.2 Additional Groundwater Remediation

During the cleanup action, RGI may direct additional groundwater remediation in areas of the Property where contaminated groundwater is observed, or suspected, to be present. In this event, RGI will direct the contractor to excavate trenches to a depth of a few feet below the level groundwater and dewater the location by utilizing pumps to transfer potentially contaminated water into settlement tanks for temporary storage. Excavation water samples will be collected and submitted to the laboratory for analyses in order to determine concentrations of COCs in groundwater. Sampling and analyses may be repeated several times at the direction of the RGI environmental professional. Data obtained will be used to determine if groundwater remediation is effective and/or to select groundwater monitoring well locations for post-cleanup, on Property, future groundwater compliance monitoring.

In the unlikely event that relatively high concentrations of the COCs in groundwater remain, RGI will evaluate, prepare a plan, and implement the Client and/or Ecology approved plan, to remediate these areas post-construction.

12.6 Sample Labeling & Documentation

All soil, groundwater, and/or excavation water samples collected during the cleanup action will be labeled appropriately. Sample information will be written on a label affixed to the outside of the sample container. Samples will be given a mnemonic designation associated with the sample type, location, and depth. For example, soil sample A1-25B would indicate a soil sample collected at the intersection of shoring "A" and shoring "1" grid-lines, at a depth of 25 feet bgs and classified as a bottom sample. In addition, samples locations will be recorded in latitude, longitude and elevation using a hand-held GPS device. All actual sample locations and depths will be recorded in feet relative to a fixed reference point.

A field logbook will be maintained to document all pertinent activities during the cleanup action. Soil and groundwater sampling notes will be recorded in the field logbook for one or more of the following:

- Sample identification
- Sample location
- Date and time of sample collection
- Sample depth
- Identity of samplers
- Sampling methods and devices used
- > PID readings, sheen testing results, and olfactory and visual observations
- Purge volumes and devices used (groundwater sampling only)
- Depth to groundwater and pH, temperature, and conductivity readings (groundwater sampling only)
- > Relative moisture content (dry, moist, wet, saturated) of the soil sample
- Soil type (e.g., silt, sand, gravel, etc.)
- > Any other information considered relevant by the RGI professional



In addition, strict Chain-of-Custody protocols will be adhered to for all samples. A complete Chain-of-Custody will be returned with laboratory reports upon completion of analysis. Copy(s) of the Chain-of-Custody forms will be included in the final Cleanup Action Report.

12.7 LABORATORY ANALYSES

Based on the current data, it is anticipated that soil, groundwater, and/or excavation water samples will be submitted to either a mobile or fixed-base laboratory and analyzed for one or more of the following:

- > Diesel-range TPH by Northwest Test Method NWTPH-Dx.
- ➢ Gasoline-range TPH by Northwest Test Method NWTPH-Gx.
- BTEX by EPA Method 8021B
- Carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (cPAHs) by EPA Method 8270 Select Ion Monitoring (SIM).
- > Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260C.
- > Total and dissolved lead by EPA Method 200.8.

If previously unknown contaminated media are identified, additional analyses may be required.

12.8 PROJECT COMMUNICATION

Daily Field Reports (DFRs) prepared by RGI's field environmental professional will be submitted to the General Contractor's superintendent for each day RGI is on-site. Jerry Sawetz, Senior Environmental Scientist will be the Senior Project Manager for this project and Paul Riley, LG, LHG will be the Principal-In-Charge.

12.9 PROPERTY-SPECIFIC HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

A standalone Property-specific Health & Safety Plan (H&S Plan) will be prepared maintained on-Property at all times. The H&S Plan will include descriptions of known Property hazards, identify appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE), describes decontamination procedures and presents a contingency plan for emergencies.

12.10 PROPERTY CLOSURE AND REPORTING

Following remedial excavations, sampling, and review of all laboratory data, RGI will prepare a final Remedial Action Report (RA Report). The RA Report will present our findings, conclusions, and recommendations. The report will include, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- Project Description, Purpose, and Background
- Cleanup Action Methodologies
- Laboratory Analyses
- > UST and Other Underground Improvement Decommissioning and Removal
- Soil and Groundwater Remediation and Sampling
- > Estimated locations of any remaining soil and/or groundwater contamination
- Contaminated Groundwater Treatment/Disposal (if any)
- Confirmation Sampling and Analysis
- Compliance with Cleanup Standards;
- Property Restoration and Future Land Use
- Evaluation of Vapor Intrusion Pathway
- Soil and Groundwater Disposal
- Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation, Development, and Sampling
- Conclusions and Recommendations



The RA Report will include tables, figures, cross sections, analytical laboratory reports, and waste disposal documentation. Draft reports will be distributed to Client and/or Clients representative(s) for review and comment prior to submitting the Reports to Ecology.

13 POST-CLEANUP ACTIVITIES

13.1 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

Once remedial excavations are completed, RGI will install an estimated three to six groundwater monitoring wells on the Property during construction of the one level underground parking garage (and before the ground level PT deck is installed). This procedure typically entails picking the drill rig using the overhead crane to transfer the drill rig into the excavation. The purpose of these wells will be to obtain post-remediation and quarterly groundwater monitoring data to confirm whether or not groundwater is in compliance with MTCA regulations

Given the bathtub construction associated with the construction of the parking garage (at least on the eastern portion of the Property), groundwater monitoring wells may be installed at the time the vapor barrier is installed. In locations where the well casing intersects the vapor barrier, non-VOC containing material will be used to create an air tight seal between the well casing and the vapor barrier.

After well construction, sonotube will be placed around each well which will allow for the foundation and concrete slab to be poured concrete around each well. Wells will also need to be protected as construction of the garage is completed. RGI requests that the Client retain their licensed surveyor to record each groundwater monitoring well location (in plan view) and top of well casing (TOC) elevation.

The locations of these wells will be based on the findings of the cleanup action and the installation of these wells will be coordinated with onsite construction personnel. All groundwater monitoring wells will be constructed with a screened interval designed to intersect the saturated/unsaturated interface and flush mount monuments which will match the existing grade of the parking garage floor after construction is completed. All wells will be developed and surveyed after installation.

In addition, groundwater monitoring wells will be sampled and groundwater samples will be submitted to the laboratory for analyses of COCs.

13.2 VAPOR INTRUSION ASSESSMENT

RGI does not anticipate vapor intrusion being a concern for the Property after redevelopment. However, if soil and/or groundwater containing concentrations of volatile contaminants is left in-place after the cleanup action is completed, it may be necessary to demonstrate to Ecology that vapor intrusion is not a concern for the Property. Therefore, a vapor intrusion assessment may be recommended based on the evaluation of existing data at the time, or as mandated by Ecology as part of their agency review and/or site closure.

13.3 OTHER POST-CLEANUP ACTIVITIES

Other post-cleanup activities include, but are not necessarily limited to:

- > Entering all data into the Ecology Electronic Information Management (EIM) database,
- Providing Ecology with requested information,
- Frequent correspondence with Client and Ecology (during Ecology's review of the cleanup action and other previous reports)
- > Assisting the Client with obtaining the Property-Specific NFA determination
- Conducting a Feasibility Study/Disproportionate Cost Analysis (FS/DCA)
- Preparation of an Environmental Covenant (if necessary).



If we may provide you with any additional information or clarification of this work, please contact the undersigned at (425) 415-0551.

Sincerely,

THE RILEY GROUP, INC.

erry Sawetz

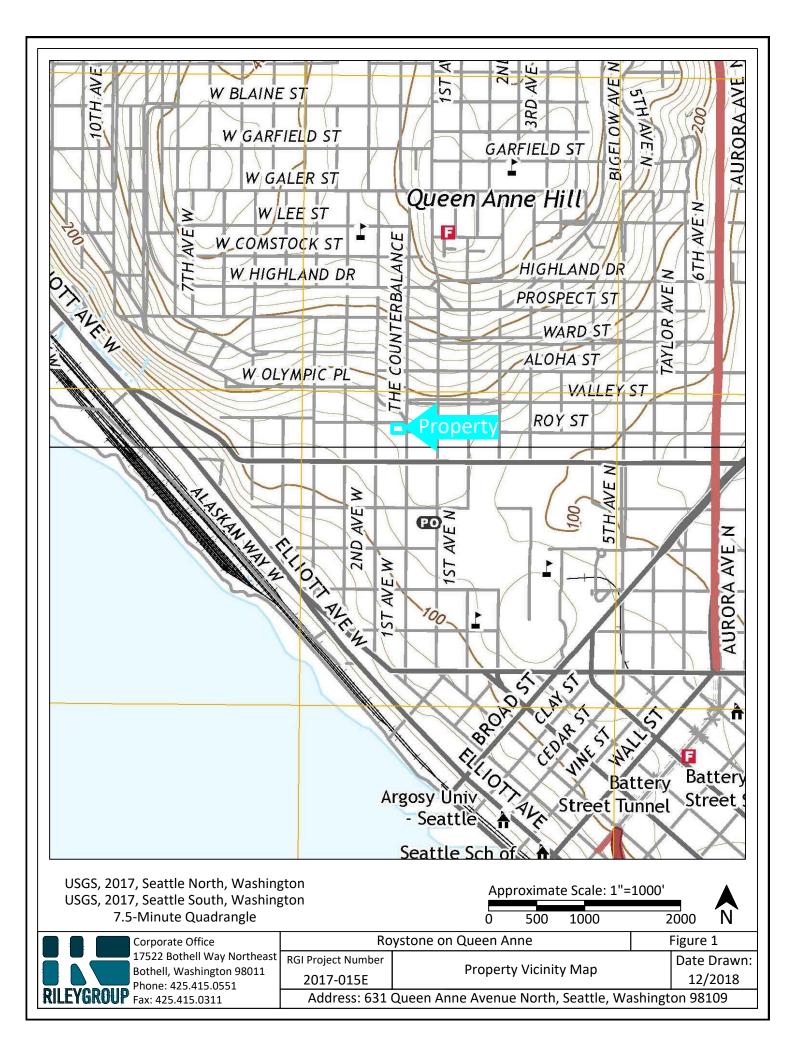
Senior Environmental Scientist

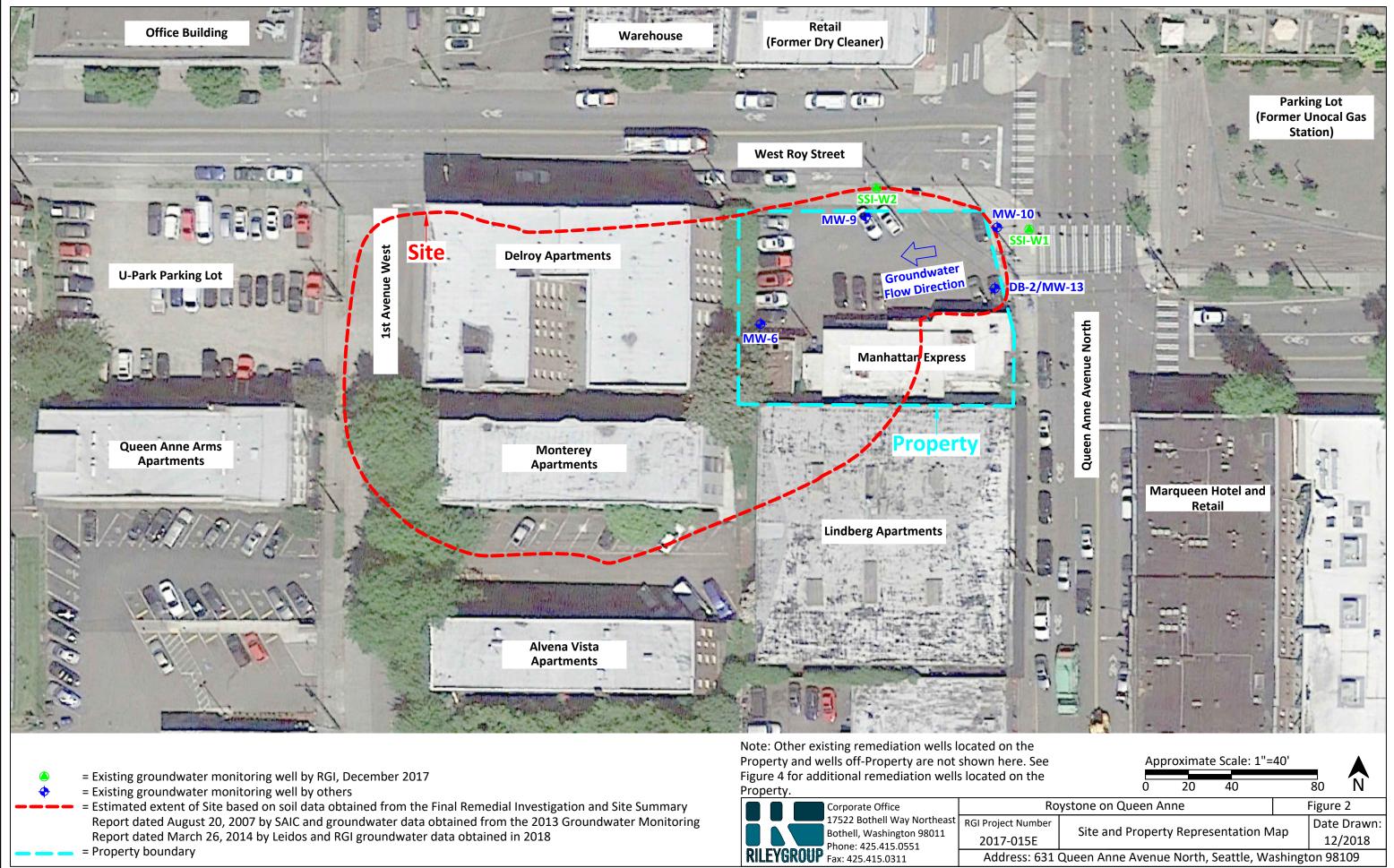
Paul D. Riley, LG, LHG Principal

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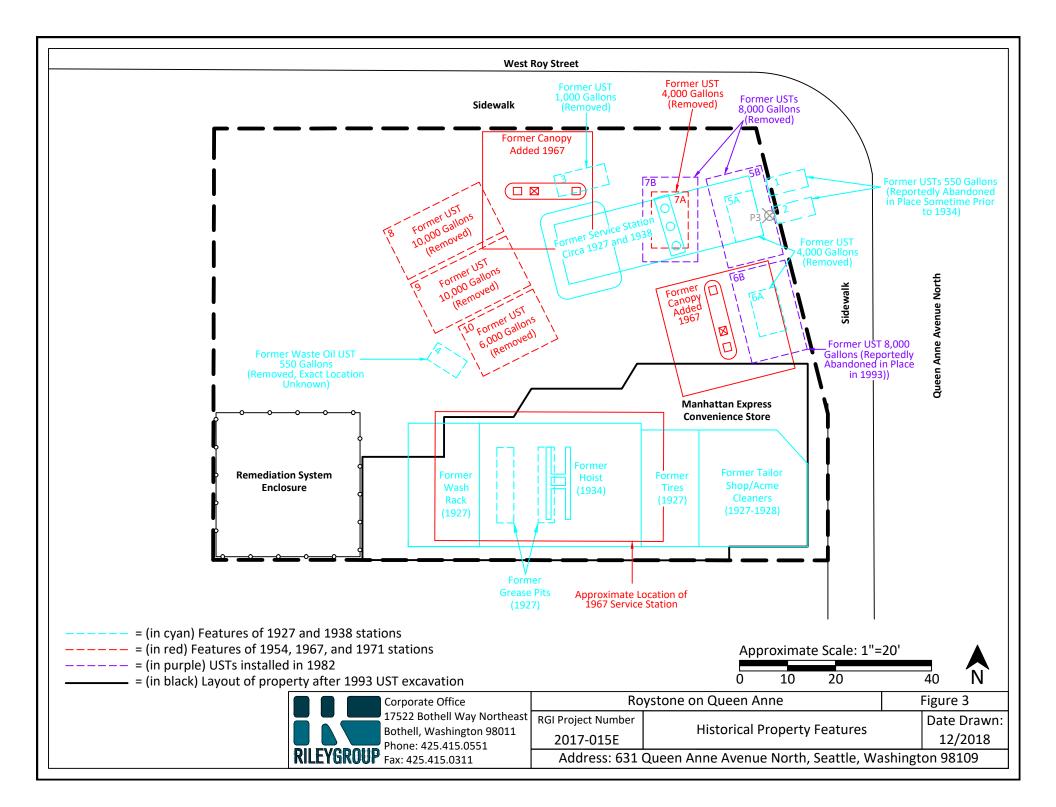
Mr. Pui Leung, Roystone on Queen Anne, LLC (electronic PDF) Ms. Sonia Fernández, Washington State Department of Ecology Northwest Reginal Office (electronic PDF and one hard copy)

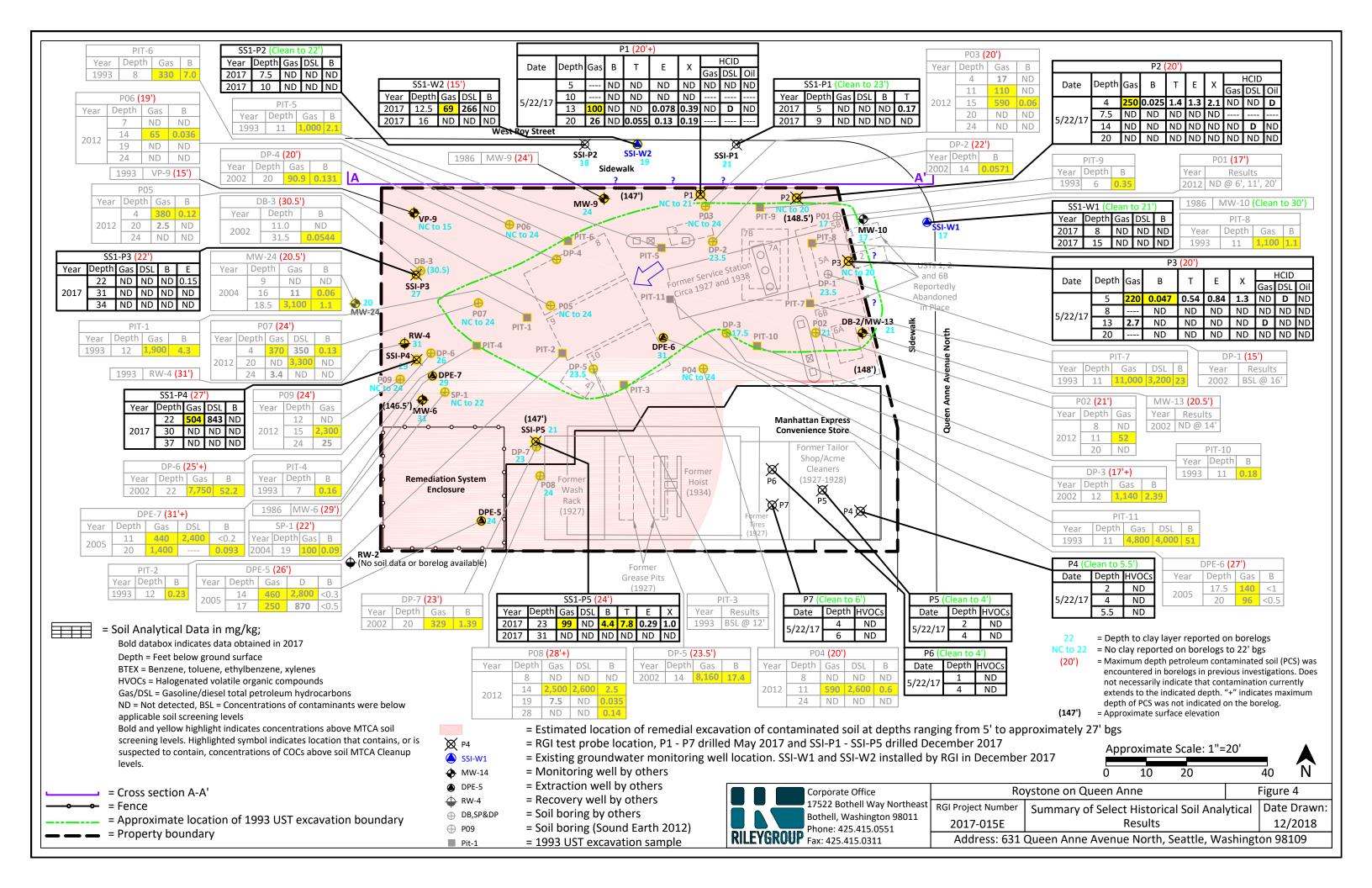


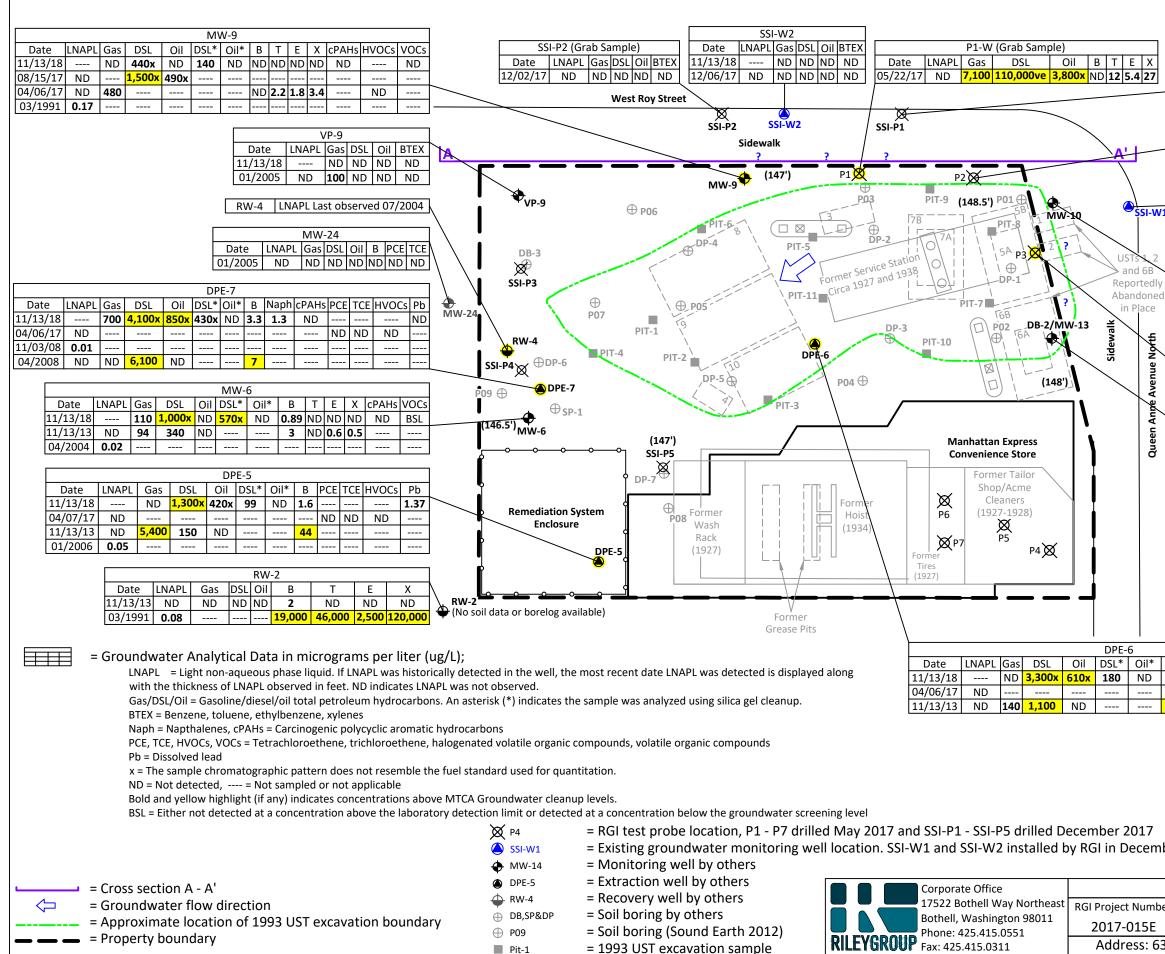




			Corporate Office	R
			17522 Bothell Way Northeast	RGI Project Number
			Bothell, Washington 98011 Phone: 425.415.0551	2017-015E
RI	LEY	GROUP	Fax: 425.415.0311	Address: 632







J	SSI-P1 (Grab Sample)																
	Date	LNAPL	Gas	DS	SL (Oil	BT	ΓEX									
	12/02/17	ND	ND	N	l C	١D	Ν	1D									
	P2-W (Grab Sample)																
	Date	LNAPL	Gas	D	SL	Oi	il	В		Т		E	Х				
	05/22/17	ND	ND	N	١D	N		NE)	N	DN	ID	N)			
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V1	Date	LNAPL	Gas	DSI	- (Dil	B	TEX									
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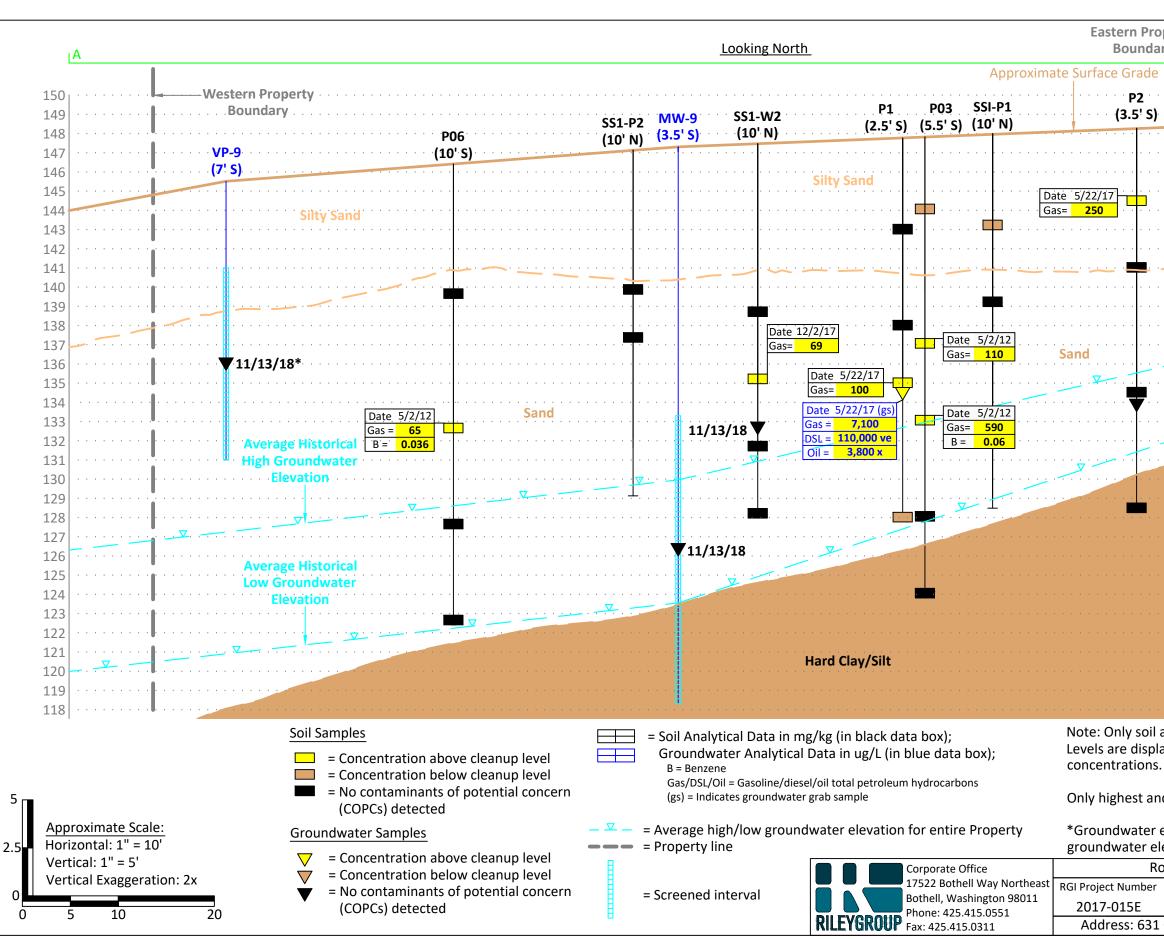
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В	PCE	TCE	HVOCs	VOCs	Pb
ND	ND	ND		ND	ND
	ND	ND	ND		
7					

08/15/17 ND

Note: This figure includes the most recent groundwater results, not all historical data is shown here. See Table 2 for a summary of all groundwater data pertaining to the Property.

(147') = Approximate surface elevation

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Ro	ystone on Que	en An	ne			Figure	e 5
er	Summary of S	elect	Ground	dwater Ai	nalytical	Date	Drawn:
	Data with	ults	12	/2018			
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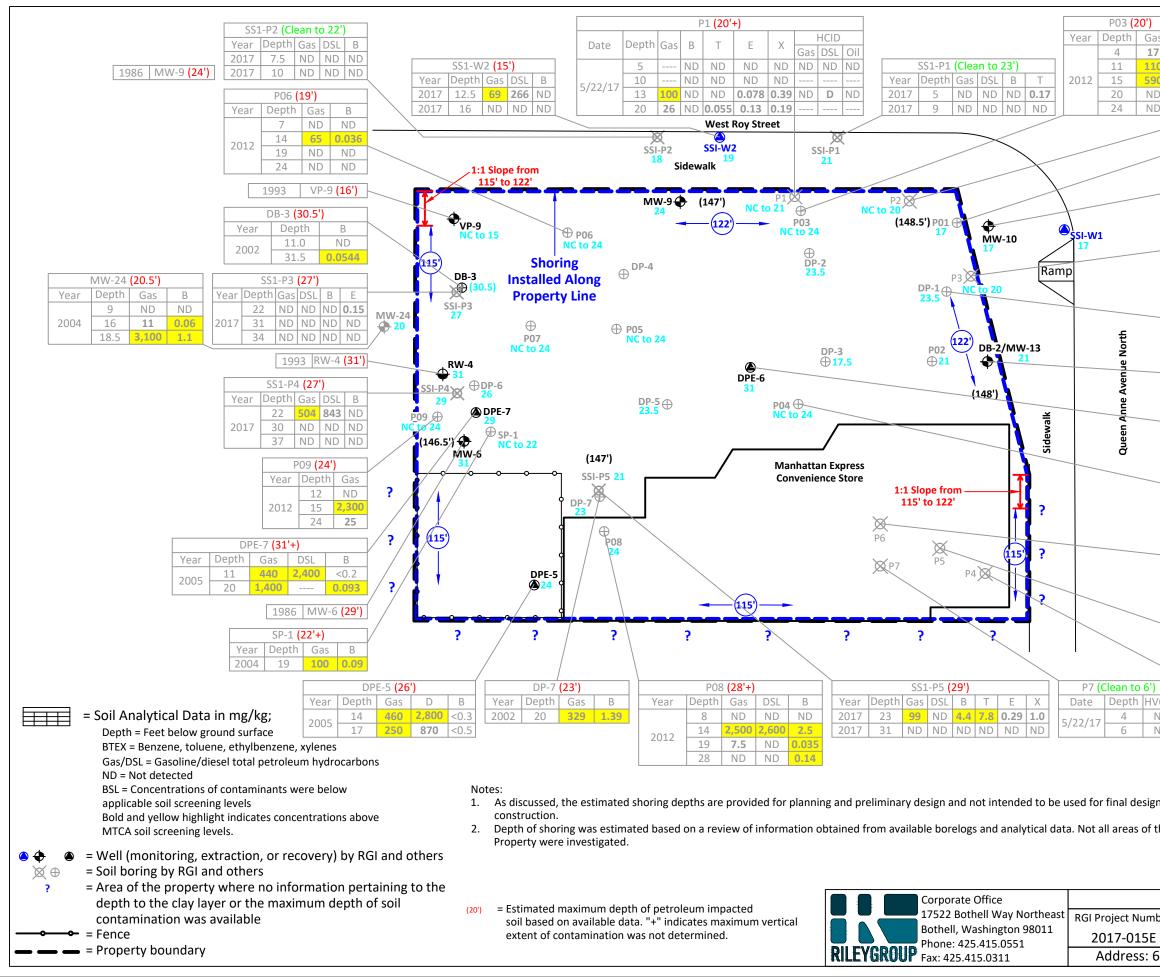
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Note: Only soil and groundwater concentrations exceeding MTCA Cleanup Levels are displayed. See Tables 1 and 2 for a complete list of samples and concentrations.

Only highest and lowest groundwater elevations are displayed.

*Groundwater elevation appears anomalous and is not consistent with groundwater elevation data obtained from other Property wells.

Ro	ystone on Queen Anne	Fig	gure 6				
ber	Cross Section A - A'	D	ate Drawn:				
			12/2018				
31 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109							



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	1986	IVIW-1	.0 (C	lean to	0 30')						
					P3 (20')						
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 Table 1, Page 1 of 6.
 Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Queen Anne																				
631 Queen Anne	Avenue I	North, Sea	ttle <i>,</i> Wash	ington 981	09															
The Riley Group, Inc. Project No. 2017-015E																				
Sample Number	Sample Depth	Sample Date	Gasoline TPH	ВТЕХ						HCID						, 		0.1		
				В	т	E	х	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Oil	Naph.	cPAHs	МТВЕ	EDB	EDC	Other VOCs⁴	Pb	Other Metals
							RGI Supp	olementa	l Subsurfa	ce Investigat	ion (Dece	mber 201	.7)							
SS1-P1-5	5	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	0.17	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P1-9	9	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P1-14	14	12/02/17																		
SS1-P1-17	17	12/02/17																		
SS1-P1-19	19	12/02/17																		
SS1-P1-19.5	19.5	12/02/17																		
SS1-P2-7.5	7.5	12/03/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P2-10	10	12/03/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P2-15	15	12/03/17																		
SS1-P2-15.5	15.5	12/03/17																		
SS1-P2-18	18	12/03/17																		
SS1-P3-5	5	12/04/17			``															
SS1-P3-10	10	12/04/17																		
SS1-P3-12	12	12/04/17																		
SS1-P3-17	17	12/04/17																		
SS1-P3-22	22	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	0.15	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P3-27	27	12/04/17																		
SS1-P3-31	31	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P3-34	34	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P3-35	35	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-5	5	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-7	7	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-7.5	7.5	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-10	10	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-11	11	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-14	14	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-17	17	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-18	18	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-19	19	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-22	22	12/04/17	504	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	843	ND<250											
SS1-P4-27	27	12/04/17																		
MTCA Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses		100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,	000	100/30 ¹	2,0	000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005	NVE	Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific	
MTCA Method B Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses ²																0.0231	Analyte Specific		Analyte Specific	

 Table 1, Page 2 of 6.
 Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

631 Queen Anne The Riley Group,	Avenue	North, Sea	-	ington 981	09															
					ВТ	EX					HCID							Othor		
Sample Number	Sample Depth	Sample Date	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	х	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Heavy	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	Other VOCs ⁴	Pb	Other Metals
SS1-P4-30	30	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P4-35	35	12/04/17																		
SS1-P4-37	37	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P5-8	8	12/04/17																		
SS1-P5-12.5	12.5	12/04/17																		
SS1-P5-17	17	12/04/17																		
SS1-P5-20	20	12/04/17																		
SS1-P5-23	23	12/04/17	99	4.4	7.8	0.29	1.0	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-P5-28	28	12/04/17																		
SS1-P5-31	31	12/04/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-W1-8	8	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-W1-15	15	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-W1-18	18	12/02/17																		
SS1-W1-21	21	12/02/17																		
SS1-W2-9	9	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-W2-12.5	12.5	12/02/17	69	ND<0.02	0.12	0.56	0.84	266	ND<250											
SS1-W2-16	16	12/02/17	ND<10	ND<0.02	ND<0.10	ND<0.05	ND<0.15	ND<50	ND<250											
SS1-W2-19.5	19.5	12/02/17	ND<10																	
								RGI Sub	surface Ir	vestigation	(May 201	7)								
P1-5	5	05/22/17		ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			ND<20	ND<50	ND<250								
P1-10	10	05/22/17		ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06													
P1-13	13	05/22/17	100	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.078	0.39			ND<20	D>50	ND<250								
P1-20	20	05/22/17	26	ND<0.02	0.055	0.13	0.19													
P2-4	4	05/22/17	250	0.025	1.4	1.3	2.1			ND<20	ND<50	D>250								
P2-7.5	7.5	05/22/17	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06													
P2-14	14	05/22/17	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			ND<20	ND<50	ND<250								
P2-17	17	05/22/17																		
P2-20	20	05/22/17	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			ND<20	ND<50	ND<250								
P3-5	5	05/22/17	220	0.047	0.54	0.84	1.3			ND<20	D>50	ND<250								
P3-8	8	05/22/17		ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			ND<20	ND<50	ND<250								
P3-13	13	05/22/17	2.7	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			D>20	ND<50	ND<250								
P3-20	20	05/22/17		ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06			ND<20	ND<50	ND<250								
MTCA Method A for Unrestrie		-	100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,0	000	100/30 ¹	2,0	000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005	NVE	Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific
MTCA Method B for Unrestric																	0.0231	Analyte Specific		Analyte Specific

Table 1, Page 3 of 6. Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

631 Queen Anne			ttle Wach	ington 921	09															
The Riley Group		-	-	11181011 301	03															
					BT	ΈX		Discol			HCID							Other		Other
Sample Number	Sample Depth	Sample Date	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	x	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Oil	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	VOCs ⁴	Pb	Other Metals
P4-2	2	05/22/17																ND		
P4-4	4	05/22/17																ND		
P4-5.5	5.5	05/22/17																ND		
P5-2	2	05/22/17																ND		
P5-4	4	05/22/17																ND		
P6-1	1	05/22/17																ND		
P6-4	4	05/22/17																ND		
P7-2	2	05/22/17																ND		
P7-4	4	05/22/17																ND		
P7-6	6	05/22/17																ND		
							Sound Earth	n Strategi	es Limited	Subsurface	nvestigat	ion (May	2012)							
P01-04	4	05/02/12																		
P01-06	6	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P01-11	11	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P01-14	14	05/02/12																		
P01-20	20	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P01-24	24	05/02/12																		
P02-04	4	05/02/12																		
P02-08	8	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P02-11	11	05/02/12	52	ND<0.02	0.18	0.37	0.53	120	ND<250											
P02-16	16	05/02/12																		
P02-20	20	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P02-24	24	05/02/12																		
P03-04	4	05/02/12	17	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	67 x	ND<250											
P03-08	8	05/02/12																		
P03-11	11	05/02/12	110	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.026	0.090	1,800	ND<250											
P03-15	15	05/02/12		0.06	0.82	2.3	8.6	1,500	ND<250											
P03-20	20	05/02/12		ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50												
P03-24	24	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P04-04	4	05/02/12																		
P04-08	8	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50												
P04-11	11	05/02/12		0.60	1.8	2.0	4.6	2,600	ND<250											
MTCA Method A for Unrestri	icted Land	Uses	100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,	000	100/30 ¹	2,(000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005	NVE	Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific
MTCA Method B for Unrestrie																	0.0231	Analyte Specific		Analyte Specific

 Table 1, Page 4 of 6.
 Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

631 Queen Anne			ttla Mach	ington 081	00															
The Riley Group,		-	-	ington 301	09															
					BT	EX					HCID							Other		
Sample Number	Sample Depth	Sample Date	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	х	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Oil	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	Other VOCs ⁴	Pb	Other Metals
P04-15	15	05/02/12																		
P04-20	20	05/02/12																		
P04-24	24	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P05-04	4	05/02/12	380	0.12	0.82	3.1	3.1	530	360											
P05-08	8	05/02/12																		
P05-11	11	05/02/12																		
P05-15	15	05/02/12																		
P05-20	20	05/02/12	2.5	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P05-24	24	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P06-04	4	05/02/12																		
P06-07	7	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P06-11	11	05/02/12																		
P06-14	14	05/02/12	65	0.036	0.22	0.64	1.5	1,000 x	ND<250											
P06-19	19	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P06-24	24	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P07-04	4	05/02/12	370	0.13	0.77	3.0	2.7	350	ND<250											
P07-08	8	05/02/12																		
P07-11	11	05/02/12																		
P07-14	14	05/02/12																		
P07-20	20	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	3,300	ND<250											
P07-24	24	05/02/12	3.4	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P08-08	8	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P08-11	11	05/02/12																		
P08-14	14	05/02/12	2,500	2.5	6.4	26	160	2,600	ND<250											
P08-16	16	05/02/12																		
P08-19	19	05/02/12	7.5	0.035	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P08-28	28	05/02/12	ND<2	0.14	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P09-03	3	05/02/12																		
P09-08	8	05/02/12																		
P09-12	12	05/02/12	ND<2	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	ND<50	ND<250											
P09-15	15	05/02/12	2,300	ND<0.02j	18	16	27	ND<50	ND<250											
P09-20	20	05/02/12																		
P09-24	24	05/02/12	25	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.06	210	ND<250											
MTCA Method A for Unrestri		•	100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,	000	100/30 ¹	2,(000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005		Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific
MTCA Method B for Unrestric		•															11	Analyte Specific		Analyte Specific

 Table 1, Page 5 of 6.
 Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Que	en Anne	-	-		-															
631 Queen Anne		-	-	ington 981	09															
The Riley Group,	nc. Proje	ect No. 201	L7-015E						1											
Sample	Sample	Sample	Gasoline		BT	EX		Diesel			HCID							Other		Other
Number	Depth	Date	ТРН	В	т	E	х	ТРН	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Oil	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	VOCs ⁴	Pb	Metals
							S	AIC Subs	urface Inv	estigation (O	ctober 20	05).								
DPE-5-14	14	10/31/05	460	ND<0.3	ND<0.3	5.3	ND<1.5	2,800	ND<200											
DPE-5-17	17	10/31/05	250	ND<0.5	ND<1.0	4.8	24	870	ND<100											
DPE-6-17.5	17.5	10/17/05	140	ND<1.0	1.8	2.4	13	420	ND<50											
DPE-6-20	20	10/17/05	96	ND<0.5	0.5	0.4	2.1	360	ND<50											
DPE-7-11	11	10/21/05	440	ND<0.2	0.5	1.6	6	2,000	ND<120											
DPE-7-20	20	10/21/05	1,400	0.093	0.771	9.9	16							ND	ND<0.022		ND<0.043			
								SAIC	Subsurfac	e Investigatio	on (2004)		•		•					
SB-24/MW24-9	9	10/05/04	ND<1.0	ND<0.0005	ND<0.001	ND<0.001	ND<0.001	ND<3.0	ND<10						ND<0.0005					
SB-24/MW24-16	16	10/05/04	11	0.060	0.082	0.077	0.41	6.3	ND<10						ND<0.0005					
SB-24/MW24-18.5	18.5	10/05/04	3,100	1.1	11	6.0	40	64	ND<10						ND<0.062					
SP-1	1	03/12/04	100	0.09	0.3	0.6	3.6	88	ND<10											
								AIC Subsu		stigation (Se	ptember	2002)								
DP-1-16	16	09/18/02	ND<5.00	0.004	ND<0.0500	0.0568	0.121	ND<10	1				ND<0.005	ND	ND<0.00100	ND<0.00500	ND<0.00200		1.92	BSL
DP-2-14	14	09/18/02				ND<0.0500		ND<10					ND<0.1	ND		ND<0.00500	ND<0.100		2.39	BSL
DP-2-20	20	09/20/02																	1.85	
DP-3-12	12	09/20/02	1,140	2.39	2.01	10.3	20.3	1,060	ND<25.0				ND<0.1	ND	ND<0.00100	ND<0.00500	ND<0.100		4.15	BSL
DP-4-18	18	09/20/02																	3.36	
DP-4-20	20	09/20/02	90.9	0.131	0.248	0.851	3.34	18.4	ND<25.0				0.421	ND	ND<0.00100	ND<0.00500	ND<0.100		1.78	BSL
DP-5-14	14	09/20/02	8,160	17.4	98.2	97.2	569	1,200	ND<25.0				13.7	ND	ND<0.00100	ND<0.00500	ND<0.100		3.53	
DP-6-14	14	09/20/02																	5.13	
DP-6-22	22	09/20/02	7,750	52.2	448	112	629	88.7	ND<25.0				42.7	ND	ND<0.0100	ND<0.0500	ND<1.00		4.74	BSL
DP-7-10	10	09/20/02																	5.40	
DP-7-20	20	09/20/02	329	1.39	9.49	4.83	27.9	788	ND<25.0				2.88	ND	ND<0.00100	ND<0.00500	ND<0.100		9.48	BSL
DB-2/MW13	14	09/24/02	ND<5.00	ND<0.030	ND<0.0500	ND<0.0500	ND<0.100	ND<10	ND<25.0				ND<0.005	ND					2.61	BSL
DB-2/MW13	16.5	09/24/02																	2.56	
DB-3-11.0	11	09/26/02	8.3	ND<0.030	ND<0.050	0.0602	0.176	10.5	ND<25.0				ND<0.05	ND					6.89	BSL
DB-3-31.5	31.5	09/26/02	5.74	0.0544	0.309	0.160	0.840	ND<10	ND<25.0										6.46	
								SAIC	/Glaceir U	ST Excavatio	n (1993)									
PIT-1	12	1993	1,900	4.3	8.1	24	130	270												
PIT-2	12	1993	3.3	0.23	ND	0.030	0.12	34												
PIT-3	5	1993	19	ND	0.11	0.11	0.70	36												
MTCA Method A for Unrestric		-	100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,	000	100/30 ¹	2,0	000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005	NVE	Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific
MTCA Method B	Soil Clean	up Levels															0.0231	Analyte		Analyte
for Unrestric	ed Land l	Jses ²						_						-			0.02 0 1	Specific	-	Specific

Table 1, Page 6 of 6. Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Qu	een Anne																			
631 Queen Anne	e Avenue l	North, Sea	ittle, Wash	ington 981	09															
The Riley Group	, Inc. Proje	ect No. 20	17-015DE																	
Comula	Comula	Commite	Caralian		B	ГЕХ		Discul			HCID							Other		Others
Sample Number	Sample Depth	Sample Date	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	х	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Gasoline	Diesel	Oil	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	VOCs ⁴	Pb	Other Metals
PIT-4	7	1993	25	0.16	0.13	0.09	0.79	47												
PIT-5	11	1993	1,000	2.1	2	8.2	62	610												
PIT-6	8	1993	330	7	4	5.1	22	45												
PIT-7	11	1993	11,000	23	16	80	240	3,200												
PIT-8	11	1993	1,100	1.1	ND	1.7	4.7	600												
PIT-9	6	1993	17	0.35	0.12	0.16	0.72	67												
PIT-10		1993	4.4	0.18	ND	0.1	0.42	34												
PIT-11	6	1993	4,800	51	16	65	190	4,000												
MTCA Method A for Unrestr		-	100/30 ¹	0.03	7	6	9	2,(000	100/30 ¹	2,(000	5	0.1 ³	0.1	0.005	NVE	Analyte Specific	250	Analyte Specific
MTCA Method E for Unrestri		•															0.0231	Analyte Specific		Analyte Specific

Notes:

All results and detection limits are given in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg); equivalent to parts per million (ppm).

Sample Depth = Soil sample depth interval in feet below ground surface (bgs).

Gasoline TPH (total petroleum hydrocarbons) determined using Northwest Test Method NWTPH Gx.

BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes) determined using EPA Test Method 8021B or 8260C.

Diesel and Oil TPH (total petroleum hydrocarbons) determined using Northwest Test Method NWTPH-Dx without silica gel cleanup.

Gasoline, Diesel, and Oil HCID (hydrocarbon identification) determined using Northwest Test Method NWTPH-HCID.

Naph. (naphthalene) determined using EPA Methods 8260 or 8270.

cPAHs (carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) determined using EPA Method 8270.

MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ether), EDB (1,2-Dibromoethane), EDC (1,2-Dichloroethane), and other VOCs (volatile organic compounds) determined using EPA Test Method 8260.

Pb (lead) and other metals determined using EPA 6000/7000 Series Methods.

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitations.

= The result is below normal detection limits. The value reported is an estimate.

ND = Not detected above noted analytical detection limit.

NVE = No value established.

--- = Not analyzed or not applicable.

Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses (WAC 173-340-900, Table 740-1). MTCA Method B Soil Screening Levels from Ecology's Cleanup Level and Risk Calculation (CLARC) database on December 15, 2017.

The higher cleanup level is allowed if no benzene is detected in the sample and the total of toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes is less than 1% of the gasoline mixture.

No MTCA Method A Cleanup Level has been established. Therefore, the MTCA Method B Standard Formula Value protective of groundwater at 13°C is listed for reference.

The toxicity of the cPAH mixture is compared to the MTCA Method A Soil Cleanup Level for benzo(a)pyrene using the toxicity equivalency methodology described in WAC 173-340-708(8).

Other VOCs does not include petroleum-related VOCs that were not assessed independently due to the fact that they are factored into the MTCA Method A TPH Cleanup Levels.

Bold results indicated concentrations above laboratory detection limits.

Bold and yellow highlighted results indicate concentrations (if any) that the applicable soil screening level.

Table 2, Page 1 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

	5, Inc. Project N Sample Date ned Interval 15-2 11/13/18 11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³	TOC Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water Below	LNAPL	Groundwater	a "																					
Sample Number MW6 Screen	Sample Date ned Interval 15-2 11/13/18 11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³	TOC Elevation (ft) 9 feet bgs, 2-Ir	Depth to Water Below	Thickness (ft)	Groundwater			03																			
Number MW6 Screen	Date ned Interval 15-2 11/13/18 11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³	(ft) 9 feet bgs, 2-Ir	Water Below	Thickness (ft)	Groundwater			В	TEX		Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH													(
	11/13/18 11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³				Elevation (ft)		В	т	E	x		t silica gel	with si		Naph.	cPAHs	МТВЕ	EDB	EDC	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Other VOCs ⁷	Total Pb	Dissolved Pb	Dissolved As	Other Metals
	11/13/18 11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³										Grou	indwater Mo	nitoring Wel	ls	l												<u> </u>
	11/11-13/13 ³ 05/20-22/13 ³	146.05	nch Diameter C	asing																							
	05/20-22/13 ³	110.05	20.70	0.00	125.35	110	0.89	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	1,000 x	ND<250	570 x	ND<250	ND<0.8	ND	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
		146.05	19.87	0.00	126.18	97	3	ND<0.5	0.6	0.5	340	ND<70															
		146.05	18.47	0.00	127.58	280	5	ND<0.5	0.5	0.6	600	ND<71															
	11/12-14/12 ³	146.05	19.74	0.00	126.31	370	9	1	2	3	1,600	190															
	05/07-08/12 ³	146.05	18.50	0.00	127.55	250	1	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	540	ND<70															
	05/10-12/11 ³ 01/17-20/11 ³	146.05 146.05	18.32 18.24	0.00	127.73 127.81	600 130	12 4	0.7 ND<0.5	1 ND<0.5	0.9 ND<0.5	12,000 12,000	1,500 4,600															
	04/19-22/10 ³	146.05	18.83	0.00	127.81	650	4 24	0.9	0.6	1		4,000															
	10/12-15/09 ³	146.05	20.28	0.00	125.77	1,200	16	1	0.5	2	5,100	ND<660															
	04/13-16/09 ³	146.05	20.18	0.00	125.87	1,100	31	0.8	2	3	26,000	3,000															
	11/10/08 ³	146.05	20.93	0.00	125.12	ND<50.0	0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	3,200	ND<660															
0	04/28-05/01/08	146.05	22.28	0.00	123.77	360	3	0.7	5	3	8,600	1,200															
	08/09/06	113.32 ⁶	25.85	0.00	87.47	15,000	1,900	1,000	590	1,700	14,000	ND<2,300															
	04/18-21/05	113.32 ⁶	20.31	0.00	93.01	3,600	1,000	120	110	360	7,700	ND<1,000															
	01/24-31/05	113.32 ⁶	20.38	0.00	92.94	5,600	220	60	110	310	11,000	ND<480															
MW6 1	10/28-11/01/04	113.32 ⁶	20.93	0.00	92.39	24,000	8,600	2,800	690	3,100	9,200	ND<96															
	7/15-16/04	113.32 ⁶	20.48	0.00	92.84	46,600	9,610	3,190	758	3,060	3,800	ND<500													1.69		
	4/29-30/04	113.32 ⁶	20.22	0.02	93.12	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
	10/01-02/03	113.32 ⁶	23.07	0.03	90.27	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
0	06/30-07/01/03	113.32 ⁶	21.41	0.03	91.93	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
	4/23-24/03	113.32 ⁶	20.91	0.03	92.43	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
	01/21/03	113.32 ⁶	21.74	0.03	91.60	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
	10/17-18/02	113.32 ⁶	20.69	0.05	92.67	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		<u>. </u>
	07/24/02	113.32 ⁶	19.76	0.00	93.56	31,000	8,900	1,600	820	4,200	29,000	ND<10,000													5.1		
	01/1997	113.38 ⁶				54,000	7,290	12,400	2,340	19,800										ND<1,000	ND<1,000	ND<1,000			61.9		
	10/1995	113.38 ⁶				62,000	12,000	13,800	920	5,690										1.6	2.3	2.9			33.3		
	07/07/93	113.38 ⁶	22.30	1.60	92.36	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL												-			-			<u>.</u>
	03/26-28/91	113.38 ⁶	21.22	0.67	92.70		25,000	29,000	2,500	19,000																	
	09/1990	113.38 ⁶	21.95	0.81	92.08	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
	11/03/86	113.71 ⁶	24.29	2.26	91.23	Not sampled	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
MW9 Screen	ned Interval 14-2	9 feet bgs, 2-Ir	nch Diameter C	asing	1		r	1			r						n				1		T				
	11/13/18	147.18	21.17	0.00	126.01	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	440 x	ND<250	140	ND<250	ND<0.4	ND	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	08/15/17	147.18	19.63	0.00	127.55						1,500 x	490 x															
-	04/06/17 11/11-13/13	147.18 147.18	17.93 20.21	0.00	129.25 126.97	480 180	ND<1 ND<0.5	2.2 ND<0.5	1.8 ND<0.5	3.4 ND<0.5	400	 ND<71								ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	05/20-22/13	147.18	18.19	0.00	128.99	240	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1,400	ND<71 ND<68															
	11/12-14/12	147.18	20.09	0.00	127.09	190	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2,700	150															
	05/07-08/12	147.18	18.88	0.00	128.30	230	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		ND<67															
	05/10-12/11	147.18	18.68	0.00	128.50	160	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2,200	260															
	01/17-20/11	147.18	18.65	0.00	128.53	280	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	6,400	1,400															
	04/19-22/10	147.18	19.04	0.00	128.14	130		ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		190															
	10/12-15/09 04/13-16/09	147.18 147.18	20.67 24.60	0.00	126.51 122.58	83 160	ND<0.5 0.7	ND<0.5 ND<0.5	ND<0.5 ND<0.5	ND<0.5 ND<0.5		ND<66															
-	11/10/08	147.18	24.00	0.00	122.58	130	0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2,000	97															
-	12/04-05/07	147.18	23.15	0.00	124.03	ND<50.0	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	2,200	280															
<u> </u>	· · ·		evels for Groun	1	•	800/1,000 ¹	5	1,000	700	1,000	500	500	500	500	160	0.1	20	0.01	5	5	5	NVE	Analyte Specific	15	15	5	Analyte Specific
Арр	plicable or Relev	ant and Appro	priate Requirer	ments (ARARs)	2		5	1,000	700	10,000								0.05	5	5	5	70	Analyte Specific	15	15	10	Analyte Specific

Table 2, Page 2 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Queen Anne 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109

-	nne Avenue Nort up, Inc. Project N			09																							
			Depth to					B	TEX		Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH													
Sample Number	Sample Date	TOC Elevation (ft)	Water Below Well TOC (ft)	LNAPL Thickness (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	х	without	t silica gel	with s	ilica gel	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Other VOCs ⁷	Total Pb	Dissolved Pb	Dissolved As	Other Metals
	08/09/06	147.18	22.80	0.00	124.38	450	66	1.9	0.8	47	2,700	ND<540															
	04/18-21/05	147.18	20.59	0.00	126.59	480	1.4	ND<1.0	5.7	3.1	14,000	ND<630															
	01/24-31/05	147.18	20.66	0.00	126.52	730	1.7	ND<1.0	2.7	ND<6.0	140,000	ND<5,300															
	10/28-11/01/04	147.18	21.22	0.00	125.96	300	1.4	0.5	1.9	ND<3.0	3,900	420															
	7/15-16/04	147.18	20.71	0.00	126.47	9,540	3.84	10.4	25.9	31.6	2,540	ND<500													2.54		
	4/29-30/04	147.18	20.38	0.00	126.80	1,200	2	1.2	10	7.8	92,000	ND<5,000													4.8		
	1/21-23/04 10/1-02/03	147.18 147.18	20.36 21.26	0.00	126.82 125.92	2,300 3,500	7.2 110	2.4 30	45 100	19 ND<100	100,000 33,000	ND<5,100 ND<5,000													5.5 3.9		
	4/23-24/03	147.18	20.04	0.00	125.92	6,760	388	15.9	277	105	3,680	ND<500													1.31		
MW9	10/17-18/02	147.18	20.88	0.00	127.14	6,380	493	13.0	230	105	43,600	671 ⁴													2.66		
	06/14/00	147.18				4,740	786	26.0	274	156	6,070	ND<500												7.86	1.59		
	12/15/99	147.18				4,460	831	20.0	274	138	8,510	ND<500												15	1.03		
	11/1997	147.18				5,000	2,010	80	334	400										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1		3.3			
	07/1997	147.18				2,200 J	2,680	127	460	620 J										ND<200	ND<200	ND<200		8.6 j			
	04/1997	147.18				9,100	2,980	173	413	674										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1		6.8			
	01/01/97	147.18				4,400	2,600	53	310	285														4.6 P			
	10/01/95	147.18				3,400	3,520	70 J	ND<200	312 J																	
	03/26-28/91	114.65 ⁶	20.44	0.17	94.18		1,600	2,900	250	3,100										ND<250	ND<250				1.03		
MW13 Scr	reened Interval 10	-20 feet bgs, 2-I	nch Diameter	Casing		•																					•
	11/13/18	147.88			Dry well																						
MW13	08/15/17	147.88	18.04		129.84						60 x	ND<250															
1010015	04/06/17	147.88	16.26		131.62	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	2002-2013	147.88		0.00	Not Sampled																						
RW4 Scree	ened Interval 17-3	2 feet bgs, 8-Inc	ch Diameter Ca	sing	r	1	1	r	r	1	1			1	1	T	r	1	1	1	T	T	r	Т	r	r	,
	10/18/06	110.82 ⁶	23.64	0.00	87.18																						
RW4	07/15-16/04	110.82 ⁶	18.20	0.22	92.84	Not sample	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL					•			T					-	T		r	T	,
(Product	01/21/03	110.82 ⁶	17.88	0.00	92.94	689	0.991	ND<0.500	2.37	7.03	2,830	ND<500													ND<1.00		
Recovery	10/17-18/02	110.82 ⁶	19.29	0.00	91.53	3,160	59.8	2.50	40.4	15.6	8,930	939													1.23		
Well)	07/24/02	110.82 ⁶	18.30	0.00	92.52	990	62	1.3	32	7.0	15,000	ND<2,000			5.0		ND<2		ND<2	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1			3.3	6.1	
	07/07/93	110.82 ⁶	21.65	0.00	89.17	14,000	6,500	2,800	370	2,000														45			
DPE5 Scre	ened Interval 14-2						, 											I									
	11/21/18	113.81 ⁶	17.28	0.00	96.53	ND<100	1.6	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	1,300 x	420 x	99	ND<250	ND<1		ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND		1.37		
	04/06/17	113.81 ⁶	13.37	0.00	100.44															ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	11/11-13/13	113.81 ⁶	16.68	0.00	97.14	5,400	44	20	690	290	150	ND<72															
	05/20-22/13	113.81 ⁶	16.65	0.00	97.17	5,700	41	22	620	550	120	ND<67															
	11/12-14/12	113.81 ⁶	15.35	0.00	98.47	580	5	2	56	46	260	ND<07															
		-			99.74					40 ND<0.5	ND<29																
	05/07-08/12	113.81 ⁶	14.08	0.00		ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-		ND<67															
DPE 5	05/10-12/11	113.81 ⁶	16.16	0.00	97.66	520	18	4	30	63	1,900	270															
(Dual Phase	01/17-20/11	113.81 ⁶	13.99	0.00	99.83	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2	1	540	230															
Extraction	04/19-22/10	113.81 ⁶	15.92	0.00	97.90	78	2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.5	530	95															
Well)	10/12-15/09	113.81 ⁶	18.60	0.00	95.22	490	22	2	19	10	25,000	ND<1,400															
1	04/13-16/09	113.81 ⁶	14.63	0.00	99.19	110	2	ND<0.5	1	3	690	83															
	11/03/08	113.82 ⁶	22.45	0.00	91.37	460	77	7	4	17	12,000	ND<3,500															
	04/29-29/08 ³	113.82 ⁶	18.93	0.00	94.89	ND<250	32	4	3	22	11,000	ND<2,500															
	12/04-06/07	113.81 ⁶	23.72	0.00	90.09	180	0.6	0.5	0.6	4.3	4,000	ND<470															
	04/17-19/07	113.81 ⁶	23.78	0.00	90.03	200	17	2.6	1.6	11	4,600	ND<470															
	04/17/06	113.81 ⁶				19,000	1,100	1,400	160	2,900	4,800	ND<190															
					I		,,_	,				- 100						1			I	1	Analyte			 	Analyte
	MTCA Metho	od A Cleanup Le	evels for Groun	d Water		800/1,000 ¹	5	1,000	700	1,000	500	500	500	500	160	0.1	20	0.01	5	5	5	NVE	Specific	15	15	5	Specific
A	pplicable or Relev	vant and Approp	priate Requirer	ments (ARARs)	2		5	1,000	700	10,000								0.05	5	5	5	70	Analyte Specific	15	15	10	Analyte Specific

Table 2, Page 3 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

	nne Avenue Nort		-	09																							
	up, Inc. Project N		Depth to					B	TEX		Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH													
Sample Number	Sample Date	TOC Elevation (ft)	Water Below Well TOC (ft)	LNAPL Thickness (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	x		t silica gel		ilica gel	Naph.	cPAHs	МТВЕ	EDB	EDC	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Other VOCs ⁷	Total Pb	Dissolved Pb	Dissolved As	Other Metals
	01/23/06	113.81 ⁶	16.75	0.05	96.61	Not sample	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		8
DPE 5	11/28/05					36,000					5,300	ND<1,000					ND<0.5		ND<0.5	ND<0.8	ND<1	ND<0.8					
DPE6 Scre	ened Interval 15.5	-30.5 feet bgs, 4	4-Inch Diamete	er Casing																							
	11/13/18	113.32 ⁶	20.93	0.00	92.39	ND<100	ND<1	1.1	ND<1	ND<3	<mark>3,300 x</mark>	610 x	180	ND<250	ND<1		ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND		ND<2		
	04/06/17	113.32 ⁶	17.75	0.00	95.57															ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	11/11-13/13	114.14 ⁶	20.04	0.00	94.10	140	7	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1,100	ND<70															
	05/20-22/13	114.14 ⁶	18.62	0.00	95.52	570	3	2	2	8	170	ND<71															
	11/12-14/12	114.14 ⁶	19.90	0.00	94.24	220	4	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1	94	ND<71															
	05/07-08/12	114.14 ⁶	18.80	0.00	95.43	360	9	1	1	4	1,000	ND<66															
	05/10-12/11	114.14 ⁶	18.44	0.00	95.70	510	16	2	5	14	8,300	1,300															
DPE 6	01/17-20/11	114.14 ⁶	18.61	0.00	95.53	520	42	2	4	6	16,000	27,000															
(Dual Phase Extraction	04/19-22/10	114.14 ⁶	19.02	0.00	95.12	680	44	3	13	13	10,000	2,000															
Well)	10/12-15/09	114.14 ⁶	20.51	0.00	93.63	490	18	3	8	9	3,600	ND<680															
	04/13-16/09	114.14 ⁶	20.60	0.00	93.54	900	100	6	16	24	16,000	880															
	11/04/08	114.14 ⁶	21.30	0.00	92.84	870	16	12	7	63	11,000	ND<1,300															
	04/28-29/08 ³	114.14 ⁶	22.81	0.00	91.33	460	1	6	2	32	8,500	ND<480															
	12/04-05/07	113.32 ⁶	28.51	0.00	84.81	160	ND<2.0	0.6	ND<2.0	3.8	1,100	ND<190															
	04/17/07	113.32 ⁶	29.83	0.00	83.49	5,400	27	39	35	350	110,000	ND<9,300															
	04/17/06	113.32 ⁶		0.00		38,000	3,000	5,400	690	4,900																	
	11/28/05					280					170	ND<100					ND<0.5		ND<0.5	ND<0.8	ND<1	8					
DPE7 Scre	ened Interval 11-2	9 feet bgs, 4-Ind	ch Diameter Ca	ising	1																						
	11/13/18	113.15 ⁶	20.52	0.00	92.63	700	3.3	8.1	2.3	30	4,100 x	850 x	430 x	ND<250	1.3	ND									ND<2		
	04/06/17	113.15 ⁶	17.28	0.00	95.87															ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
DPE 7	11/03/08	113.15 ⁶	20.96	0.01	92.18	Not sample	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
(Dual Phase	04/28-29/08	113.15 ⁶	22.26	0.00	90.87	ND<250	7	2	2	6	6,300	ND<980															
Extraction	12/04-05/07	113.15 ⁶	27.52	0.00	85.63	760	44	1.7	28	15	120,000	ND<9,900															
Well)	04/17/07	113.15 ⁶	27.00	0.00	86.15	3,800	78	40	97	180	22,000	ND<4,700															
	04/17/06	113.15 ⁶				29,000	4,500	1,800	470	4,200	8,600	ND<500															
	11/28/05					17,000					6,200	ND<1,000					ND<0.5		ND<0.5	ND<0.8	ND<1	ND<0.8					
VP9 Scree	ned Interval 4.5-14	4.5 feet bgs, 2-Ir	nch Diameter C	Casing																							
	11/13/18	145.22	9.54	0.00	135.68	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	ND<250	ND<250															
	01/24-31/05	145.22	10.30	0.00	134.92	100	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	ND<250	ND<250															
	10/28-11/01/04	145.22	9.82	0.00	135.40	610	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		ND<1.5	ND<800	ND<1,000															
VP9	7/15-16/04	145.22	11.15	0.00	134.07	1,270	1.67	0.699	2.79	5.77	259	ND<500													ND<1.00		
(Soil Vapor	4/29-30/04 10/01-02/03	145.22 145.22	9.58 11.72	0.00	135.64 133.50	750	0.8	ND<0.500		ND<1.5 ND<10	1,500	ND<1,000													ND<0.99		
Extraction	6/30-07/01/03	145.22	9.74	0.00	133.50	1,600 681	5.3 1.22	1.4 0.735	2.3 5.07	ND<10 3.28	5,400 ND<250	1,300 ND<500													 ND<1.00		
Well)	4/23-24/03	145.22	9.74 8.28	0.00	135.48	ND<50.0		0.735 ND<0.500		3.28 ND<1.00	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	10/17-18/02	145.22	11.90	0.00	133.32	1,910	11.3	2.62	8.86	14.7	13,200	786 ⁴													ND<1.00		
	06/14/00	145.22				474	4.97	ND<1.30		4.48	1,420	ND<1,130												15.2	ND<1.00		
	12/15/99	145.22				118			ND<0.500		ND<250	ND<500												5.72	ND<1.00		
	,,		1		1							ated in Close		o Property E			1 1		<u>ı</u>	1		1	1				1
SS1-W1 Scre	eened Interval 10-2	20 feet bgs, 1.5-	Inch Diameter	Casing						<u> </u>					<u> </u>												
	11/13/18	148.83	11.92		136.91	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	ND<50	ND<250															
SS1-W1	12/06/17	148.83	10.75		138.08	ND<100	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<3.0	ND<200	ND<400															
	MTCA Metho	od A Cleanup Le	evels for Groun	d Water		800/1,000 ¹	5	1,000	700	1,000	500	500	500	500	160	0.1	20	0.01	5	5	5	NVE	Analyte Specific	15	15	5	Analyte Specific
						-	1	i – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	1	-	1	-		1	1				1			 	Analyte				Analyte

Table 2, Page 4 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Queen Anne

	nne Avenue Nor up, Inc. Project I		-	09																							
Sample	Sample	TOC Elevation	Depth to	LNAPL	Groundwater	Gasoline		B	TEX	-	Diesel TPH	I Oil TPH	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH								cis-1,2-	Other		Dissolved	Dissolved	Other
Number	Date	(ft)	Water Below Well TOC (ft)		Elevation (ft)		В	т	E	x	withou	t silica gel	with s	ilica gel	Naph.	cPAHs	МТВЕ	EDB	EDC	PCE	TCE	DCE	VOCs ⁷	Total Pb	Pb	As	Metals
S1-W2 Scre	eened Interval 12-				1	T					I			I	1	1	1		1			I					
SS1-W2	11/13/18	146.93	14.54		132.39	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	ND<50	ND<250															
/W10 Scr	12/06/17 reened Interval 10	146.93	13.65	 Casing	133.28	ND<100	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<3.0	ND<200	ND<400															
10010 301	11/13/18	148.16	13.33	0.00	134.83	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3	ND<50	ND<250															
	04/06/17	148.16	11.43	0.00	134.33	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<3										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND				
	11/11-13/13	148.16	12.54	0.00	135.62	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<31	ND<73															
	05/20-22/13	148.16	12.35	0.00	135.81	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<29	ND<68															
	11/12-14/12	148.16	12.28	0.00	135.88	180	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<30	230															
	05/07-08/12	148.16	11.92	0.00	136.24	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<30	ND<70															
	05/10-12/11	148.16	12.02	0.00	136.14	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<30	ND<69															
	01/17-20/11	148.16	10.62	0.00	137.54	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<59 ¹⁹	250 ⁵															
	04/19-22/10	148.16	11.93	0.00	136.23	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<31	ND<73															
	10/12-15/09	148.16	12.23	0.00	135.93	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<29	ND<67															
	04/13-16/09	148.16	12.11	0.00	136.05	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<29	ND<67															
	11/10/08	148.16	12.66	0.00	135.50	ND<50	0.7	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<30	ND<69															
	04/28-05/01/08	148.16	12.71 ⁵	0.00	135.45	ND<50	0.8	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<77	ND<97															
	12/04-05/07	148.16	14.33	0.00	133.83	150	2.0	ND<2.0	0.9	ND<5.0	ND<78	ND<98															
	04/17-19/07	148.16	13.05	0.00	135.11	100	1.4	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	ND<75	ND<94															
	01/24-31/05	148.16	12.36	0.00	135.80	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	ND<250	ND<250															
	10/21-11/01/04	148.16	13.31	0.00	134.85	210	4.1	ND<0.5	1.2	2.1	ND<82	ND<00															
MW10	07/15-16/04	148.16	13.44	0.00	134.72	362	2.75	ND<0.500	0.549	3.45	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	04/29-30/04	148.16	13.23	0.00	134.93	ND<50	1.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	ND<250	ND<250													ND<0.99		
	01/21-23/04	148.16	11.99	0.00	136.17	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	ND<250	ND<250													ND<1.2		
	10/01-02/03	148.16	13.68	0.00	134.48	190	2.6	ND<0.5	0.5	ND<3.0	ND<250	ND<250													ND<1.2		
	06/30-07/01/03		12.91	0.00	135.25	255	2.01	ND<0.500		2.53	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	04/23-24/03	148.16	11.76	0.00	136.40	ND<50.0	ND<0.500																		ND<1.00		
	01/21/03	148.16	12.46	0.00	135.70	416	3.44	0.55	0.519	3.24	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	10/17-18/02	148.16	13.59	0.00	134.57	490	3.42	ND<0.500		5.00	667	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	7/24/02 ³	148.16	13.14	0.00	135.02	240	2.5	ND<0.500		ND<1.5	320	600			ND<2		ND<2		ND<2	ND<1	ND<1	15			1.3	4.1	
	06/14/00	148.16				99.2	1.56	ND	ND	ND 14 22	ND<250	ND<500												ND ND 1	ND 14 00		
	12/15/99	148.16				618	7.02		ND<0.850	ND<4.22	353	ND<500												ND<1	ND<1.00		
	11/1997	148.16				1,000	4.2	2	4.8	2.2 J														4.9			
	07/1997 04/1997	148.16				1,100 420	10	2.1 1	2.4 ND<1	4.34 J 2.0 J														1.2 j			
	04/1997	148.16 148.16				180	5.1 1.5	ND<1	ND<1	2.0 J ND<2														ND<1			
	10/1997	148.16				780	1.5		0.82 J	5.6										ND<1	0.7	ND<1		ND<1			
			13.81	0.00				2.9 ND<5.0																			
	07/07/93	115.75 ⁶			101.94	380	13		11	24														8			
	03/26-28/91 ³	115.75 ⁶	13.14	0.00	102.61		ND<5	ND<5	ND<5	ND<5								ND<0.01	ND<5	ND<5.0	ND<5.0				12 j	21	BSL
	reened Interval 4.	j						1					1		1					1						1	Т
MW24	01/24-31/05	107.95 ⁶	5.58	0.00	102.37	ND<50	ND<0.5	0.6	ND<0.5	1.6	ND<250																
MW24	10/26-27/04	107.95 ⁶				500					ND<800	ND<1,000					ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.8	ND<1	ND<0.8					
W2 Scree	ened Interval Unk	nown, 8-Inch Di	ameter Casing																								
	11/11-13/13	106.63 ⁶	14.36	0.00	92.27	ND<50	2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<31	ND<73															
RW2	5/20-22/13	106.63 ⁶	12.57	0.00	94.06	ND<50	1	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<30	ND<69															
(Product	11/12-14/12	106.63 ⁶	13.50	0.00	93.13	87	5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.9	ND<29	ND<67															
Recovery	05/07-08/12	106.63 ⁶	11.40	0.00	95.23	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2	3	ND<30	ND<69															
Well)	05/10-12/11	106.63 ⁶	11.96	0.00	94.67	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	230	91															
												-									1					-	
	01/17-20/11	106.63 ⁶	9.70	0.00	96.93	150	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	8	16	270	190															
	MTCA Meth	od A Cleanup Le	evels for Groun	d Water		800/1,000 ¹	5	1,000	700	1,000	500	500	500	500	160	0.1	20	0.01	5	5	5	NVE	Analyte Specific	15	15	5	Analyte Specific
А	Applicable or Relev	vant and Appro	oriate Requirer	ments (ARARs))2		5	1,000	700	10,000								0.05	5	5	5	70	Analyte Specific	15	15	10	Analyte Specific

Table 2, Page 5 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property

Roystone on Queen Anne

631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109

6			Depth to	1010.51		0		BT	ΈX		Diesel TPH	Oil TPH	Diesel TPH	Oil TPH									Other		D'	Plant 1	
Sample Number	Sample Date	TOC Elevation (ft)	Water Below Well TOC (ft)	LNAPL Thickness (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Gasoline TPH	В	т	E	х	without	silica gel	with si	lica gel	Naph.	cPAHs	MTBE	EDB	EDC	PCE	TCE	cis-1,2- DCE	Other VOCs ⁷	Total Pb	Dissolved Pb	Dissolved As	Othe Meta
	04/19-22/10	106.63 ⁶	12.56	0.00	94.07	160	9	0.7	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	430	240															
	10/12-15/09	106.63 ⁶	14.75	0.00	91.88	1,100	35	4	7	11	4,300	ND<680															
	4/13-16/09	106.63 ⁶	13.80	0.00	92.83	340	21	0.9	1	1	840	ND<65															
	11/04/08	106.63 ⁶	15.66	0.00	90.97	890	82	9	14	6	1,000	ND<66															
	04/28-29/08	106.63 ⁶	15.84	0.00	90.79	190	12	1	0.9	2	890	ND<95															
	12/04-06/07	106.63 ⁶	15.21	0.00	91.42	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.5	400	ND<100															
	04/17-18/07	106.63 ⁶	17.12	0.00	89.51	650	54	12	10	35	15,000	ND<1,900															
	04/18-21/05	106.63 ⁶	9.18	0.00	97.45	130	0.8	ND<0.5	2.3	6.1	260	ND<250															
	01/24-31/05	106.63 ⁶	11.57	0.00	95.06	94	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<2.0	2.5	ND<250	ND<250															
	10/28-11/01/04	106.63 ⁶	14.68	0.00	91.95	26,000	410	63	470	950	280,000	ND<40,000															
D14/2	07/15-16/04	106.63 ⁶	14.41	0.00	92.22	634	25.7	2.39	6.18	3.55	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
RW2 (Product	04/29-30/04	106.63 ⁶	13.31	0.00	93.32	81	11	0.9	2.0	1.9	270	ND<250													ND<0.99		
Recovery	01/21-23/04	106.63 ⁶	10.22	0.00	96.41	53	1.2	0.7	1.3	8.9	ND<250	ND<250													ND<1.2		
Well)	10/01-02/03	106.63 ⁶	15.05	0.00	91.58	2,300	75	7.3	29	33	1,400	ND<250													4.9		_
	06/30-07/01/03	106.63 ⁶	13.72	0.00	92.91	2,380	53.5	8.72	39.8	43.2	505	ND<500													1.43		_
	04/23-24/03	106.63 ⁶	10.30	0.00	96.33	55.7		ND<0.500	0.642	2.64	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	01/21/03	106.63 ⁶	10.50	0.00	96.02	126	33.5	0.859	1.28	4.11	ND<250	ND<500													ND<1.00		
	10/17-18/02	106.63 ⁶	10.01	0.00	92.19	1,380	90.5	8.05	29.2	31.5	988	ND<500													2.23		
			+																						-		
	11/1997	104.54 ⁶				4,400	3,140	1,200	338	2,265										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1			15.4		
	07/1997	104.54 ⁶				24,000	4,230	2,490	398	2,732										ND<25	ND<25	ND<50			47.2		
	04/1997	104.54 ⁶				11,000	189	243	99	743										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1			18.2		
	01/1997	104.54 ⁶				390	31	14	6	49										ND<1	ND<1	ND<1			11		
	3/26-28/91	104.54 ⁶	10.21	0.08	94.39		19,000	46,000	2,500	120,000																	
	09/1990	104.54 ⁶	12.72	0.04	91.85	Not sample	d due to th	e presence	of LNAPL																		
D1 \4/	05/22/47	T	12.00		Γ	7 400	ND :5	12	F 4	27			rab Samples		[T			1	Γ			[]		T
P1-W P2-W	05/22/17 05/22/17		13.00 14.00			7,100 ND<100	ND<5 ND<1	12 ND<1	5.4 ND<1	27 ND<3	110,000ve ND<60	3,800 x ND<300															
P2-W	05/22/17		14.00			1,200	ND<1 ND<5	9.7	8.2	19	1,400	ND<300															
	00,22,11	1	10.00		<u>I</u>	-,200	11010	5.7	0.2	15			ater Grab S			1	1	1	1		1	1	1				
SS1-P1	12/02/17					ND<100	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<200	ND<400															
SS1-P2	12/02/17					ND<100	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<200	ND<400															
	MTCA Meth	od A Cleanup L	evels for Ground	d Water		800/1,000 ¹	5	1,000	700	1,000	500	500	500	500	160	0.1	20	0.01	5	5	5	NVE	Analyte Specific	15	15	5	Ana Spe
	Applicable or Relev	vant and Appro	oriate Requiren	nents (ARARs)) ²		5	1,000	700	10,000								0.05	5	5	5	70	Analyte Specific	15	15	10	Ana Spe

Notes:

Samples collected in 2017 by RGI field staff using a peristaltic pump under low-flow conditions. Groundwater samples collected prior to 2017 were obtained by others.

Unless otherwise noted, all analytical results are given in micrograms per liter (ug/L), equivalent to parts per billion (ppb).

TOC = Top of casing

Gasoline-range TPH (total petroleum hydrocarbons) determined using Northwest Test Method NWTPH-Gx.

Diesel- and Oil-range TPH (total petroleum hydrocarbons) determined using Northwest Test Method NWTPH-Dx.

BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes) determined using EPA Test Method 8021B.

Naph. (naphthalene), MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ethere), EDB (1,2-dibromoethane), EDC (1,2-dichloroethene), rCE (trichloroethene), cis-1,2-DCE (cis-1,2-dichloroethene), and other VOCs (volatile organic compounds) determined using EPA Test Method 8260. LNAPL = Light non-aqueous phase liquid.

Pb (lead), As (arsenic) and other metals determined using EPA 6000/7000 Series Methods.

ve = The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.

x = The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

j = The analyte was positively identified. The reported value is an estimate.

P = The analyte was detected above the instrument detection limit, but below the established minimum quantitation limit.

ND = Not detected above the noted analytical detection limit.

Table 2, Page 6 of 6. Summary of Groundwater Analytical Laboratory Results for the Property **Roystone on Queen Anne**

631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109 The Riley Group, Inc. Project No. 2017-015E

Notes continued:

NVE = No value established

--- = Not analyzed or not applicable.

Silica gel = Samle extract passed through a silica gel column prior to analysis. The silica gel column removes naturally occuring biogenic material that can interfere with TPH results when present.

Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A Cleanup Levels for Ground Water (WAC 173-340-900, Table 720-1). Federal and State ARARs obtained from Ecology's Cleanup Level and Risk Calculation (CLARC) database. ARAR = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement. ARARs for the Property are the Federal and State Primary Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) as established under the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.

¹ The higher cleanup level is applicable if no benzene is detected in groundwater.

No MTCA Method A Cleanup Level has been established. Therefore, the Federal and State ARAR is referenced.

Indicates a duplicate sample was collected. The highest concentration for each analyte was reported.

Laboratory report indicates heavy range organics are due to hydrocarbons primarily in the diesel range.

⁵ The reporting limits were raised due to interference in the sample matrix.

⁵ Top of casing elevation and groundwater elevation based on arbitrary datum. Not actual elevations.

⁷ Only VOCs not factored into the MTCA Method A TPH cleanup levels are reported.

³ Top of casing elevations for wells MW6, MW9, MW13, VP9, SSI-W1, SSI-W2, and MW10 were surveyed using actual elevation data in December 2018. Reports prepared prior to this time present top of casing elevations based on arbitrary datum.

Bold results indicated concentrations above laboratory detection limits or LNAPL detected in well.

Bold and yellow highlighted results indicate concentrations (if any) that exceed the applicable groundwater screening level.

APPENDIX A PREVIOUS REPORTS

The Site was previously enrolled in the VCP and identified as "Texaco Downstream #211577" (VCP No. 211577). Based on RGI's review of the Final Remedial Investigation & Site Summary Report dated August 20, 2007 by SAIC, the following reports are anticipated to be present in the Ecology file for the Texaco Downstream #211577:

- 1) SAIC, 2007. Final Remedial Investigation and Site Summary Report, August 20.
- 2) Delta Environmental Consultants (Delta), 2002. *Conceptual Site Model, Risk Assessment, and Supplemental Investigation Proposal, Former Texaco Station No. 211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington*, August 21.
- 3) Delta, 2003. Agency Draft, Remedial Investigation Report, Former Texaco Service Station No.211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington, March 3.
- 4) Ecology & Environment (E&E), 1990. *Monterey Apartments Site Soil-Gas Pilot Study Summary*, September 11.
- 5) E&E, 1991. *Monterey Apartments Site, Phase 1 Remedial Investigation Work Plan.* January 14.
- 6) E&E, 1991. Phase 1 Remedial Investigation Sampling and Analysis Plan, March 4.
- 7) E&E, 1991. Trip Report, Manhattan Express Tank Integrity Testing Monterey Apartments Phase I Remedial Investigation, April 23.
- 8) E&E, 1991. Final Phase 1 Remedial Investigation, May 15.
- 9) E&E, 1991. Phase 1 Remedial Investigation Report, Monterey Apartments, Seattle Washington, August.
- 10) Farallon Consulting (Farallon), 2000. *December 1999 Groundwater Sampling Analytical Results, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington*, January 11.
- 11) Farallon, 2000. Scope of Work, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington. February 8.
- 12) Farallon, 2000. *Pilot Test Summary Report, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington,* July 19.
- 13) Farallon 2000. December 1999 and June 2000 Groundwater Summary Report, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington, July 21.
- 14) Farallon, 2000. Draft Work Plan, Additional Site Investigation, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington, November 30.
- 15) Farallon, 2001. Draft Work Plan, Site Investigation, Queen Anne Texaco, Seattle, Washington, January.
- 16) Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC), 1993. *Baseline Groundwater Monitoring Report, Monterey Apartments.*
- 17) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction Oversight Weekly Report, 17-21 May 1993, May 23.
- 18) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction Oversight Weekly Report, 24-28 May 1993, June 7.
- 19) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction Oversight Weekly Report, 1-4 June 1993, June 17.
- 20) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction Oversight Weekly Report, 14-18 June 1993, June 22.
- 21) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction

Oversight Weekly Report, 21-25 June 1993, June 30.

- 22) SAIC, 1993. Work Assignment #60 Monterey Apartments, Seattle Task II Construction
- 23) Oversight Weekly Report, 28-30 June 1993, July 8.
- 24) SAIC, 2006a. Remediation System Startup and First Quarter 2006 Operations Report, Former Texaco Service Station No. 211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington, May 19.
- 25) SAIC, 2006b. DPE Remediation System, Second Quarter 2006 Operations Report, Former Texaco Service Station No. 211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington, August 30.
- 26) SAIC, 2007a. DPE Remediation System, Third Quarter 2006 Operations Report, Former Texaco Service Station No. 211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington, January 8.
- 27) SAIC, 2007b. DPE Remediation System, Fourth Quarter 2006 Operations Report, Former
- 28) Texaco Service Station No. 211577, 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington, March 8.
- 29) Texaco Inc., September 2000, Background Investigation Report.
- 30) Washington State Department of Ecology (WDOE), 1989. Monterey Apartments, Internal
- 31) Report, March
- 32) WDOE, 1989. Request for Proposal to Provide Technical Services at the Monterey Apartments, Queen Anne District, March 17.
- 33) WDOE Letter, 1991. Re: Underground Storage Tank (UST) Compliance Schedule, July 8.
- 34) WDOE, 1998. Monterey Apartments Ground Water Monitoring, October 1995 November, 1997, May.



Test Probe/Well No.: SSI-W1

Date(s) Drilled: 12/02/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Concrete
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 21 feet bgs
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation (feet amsi): 115'
Groundwater Level: 10.75' on 12/06/17	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nor	th,Seattle, Washington 98109

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Sample ID	Sampling Resistance, blows/ft	PID Reading, ppm	Recovery (%)	USCS Symbol	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Mell Loo	REMARKS AND OTHEF TESTS
- 0- 						Concrete SM ML	A Colorado	Concrete Brown, silty SAND to SAND with some silt, medium dense, damp (fill) Gray, SILT with trace sand and gravel, stiff, damp		Concrete 0-1 Blank 1.5" PVC 0-10 Bentonite 1-3
		SS1-W1-8		0.0	50%	SP-SM		Light brown to blue-gray, SAND with some silt and trace gravel to silty SAND with some gravel, dense, moist to wet, hydrocarbon odor		Prepack Slotted 1.5" PVC 10 - 20
- 15—	- T	3S1-W1-15		0.1	95%					
	I.	3SW-W1-16		0.0	90%	CL		Light brown to blue-gray, silly CLAY with some gravel and trace sand, very stiff, damp		
20-		5S1-W1-21		0.0	100%	_		-No gravel or sand -		



Test Probe/Well No.: SSI-W2

Date(s) Drilled: 12/02/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Concrete		
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 22 feet bgs		
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation (feet amst): 114'		
Groundwater Level: 13.65' on 12/06/17	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a		
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109			

		Sample Type	Sample ID	Sampling Resistance, blows/ft	PID Reading, ppm	Recovery (%)	USCS Symbol	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Log	REMARKS AND OTHEF TESTS
1	0-			1-21	1.1		Concrete SM	Î	Concrete		Concrete
-							314		Brown, silty SAND to SAND with some silt, medium dense, damp (fill)		0 - 1 Blank 1.5* PVC 0 - 12
-	l ŝ						ML	HR	Black to brown, sandy SILT with trace gravel, very stiff, damp		Bentonilo 1 - 3
	5—										
1. 1	ļ		<u> </u>			1	SM	1	Light brown to gray, SAND with some silt, soft to medium dense, wet, hydrocarbon odor		
-	- 10-	I	SS1-W2-9		0.0	70%			Trace gravel and silt 8' - 10'		
7	-								-		Prepack.
1		П	\$\$1-W2-12,5		51,8	100%	ML	ΪШ	Sandy SILT and CLAY, stiff		Slotted 1.5" PVC 12 - 22
	¥.						SM		Light brown to gray, SAND with some silt, soft to medium dense, wet, hydrocarbon odor		2.0
	15—		35W-W2-16		0.0	100%			-		
			3000002010		0.0	100%		旧			
								開			
_					5		01				
-	20—		SS1-W2-19,5		0.0	100%	CL		Light brown to gray, silty CLAY with trace sand, very stiff, wet		
1											
٦							-	1	Boring terminated 22 feet bgs		



Test Probe No.: SSI-P1 RILEYGROUP Sheet 1 of 1

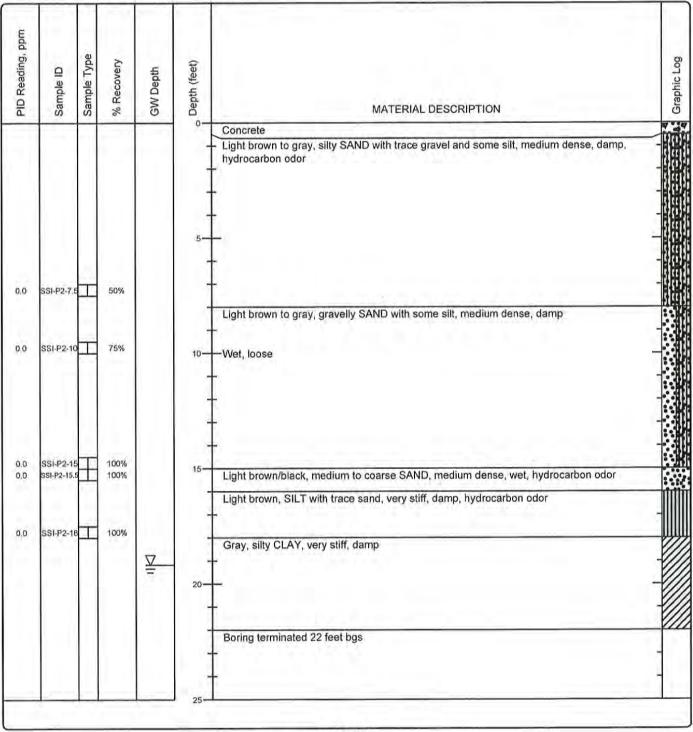
Date(s) Drilled: 12/02/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Concrete	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 23 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114.5'	
Groundwater Level: 12.37' on 12/3	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109		

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Graphic Log
	0)		0,		0-	Concrete	4.14
						 Light brown to gray, silty SAND with trace gravel, medium dense, damp to moist 	
					-	Light brown to gray, sandy SILT with trace gravel, medium dense, damp to moist	-
0.0	SSI-P1-5		60%		5	Light brown to gray, SILT with trace gravel, medium dense, damp to moist -	
0,0	SSI-P1-9	Ţ	60%		- - 10		
0.0	SSI-P1-14	Т	100%	<u>¥</u>	-	- Less gravel - Light brown to gray, SAND with trace to some silt, medium dense, wet	
1.0	SSI-P1-17	1	66%				
0.0 0.0	SSI-P1-19 SSI-P1-19.		100% 100%		- 20-	- 	
					-	Gray, silty CLAY, very stiff, damp Boring terminated 23 feet bgs	
			- 100		25-		1



Test Probe No.: SSI-P2

Date(s) Drilled: 12/02/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Concrete		
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 22 feet bgs		
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114		
Groundwater Level: 19.17' on 12/2	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data: n/a		
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109			

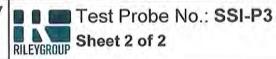


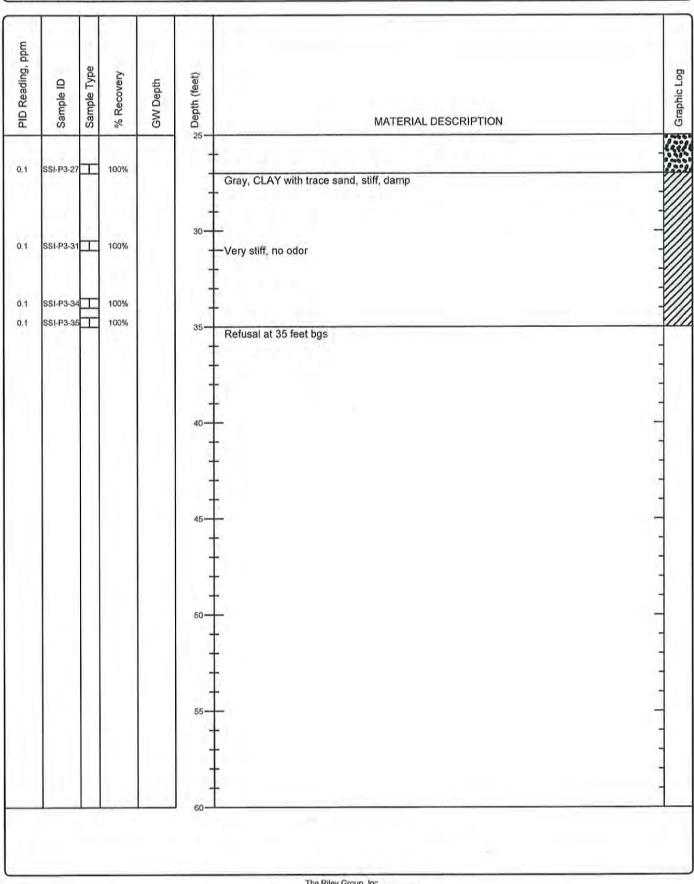


RILEYGROUP Sheet 1 of 2

Date(s) Drilled: 12/04/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Asphalt	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 35 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation: 113.5'	
Groundwater Level: Not measured	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109		

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	
					0-	Asphalt - Fill	1
.1	SSI-P3-5		60%			Light brown to gray, silty SAND to sandy SILT with some gravel, dense, damp, hydrocarbon odor Light brown to gray, silty SAND to SAND with trace silt and gravel, dense, damp,	
1	SSI-P3-10		80%		- - - 10	- hydrocarbon odor - -	
3	SSI-P3-12	T.	100%		- - 15—	Light brown to gray, SAND with trace silt and gravel, soft, wet, hydrocarbon odor - -	
1	SSI-P3-17	T	100%			- Less gravel -	
9.7	SSI-P3-22	Т	90%		20	-Some gravel - -Slight sheen potentially related to groundwater contamination	







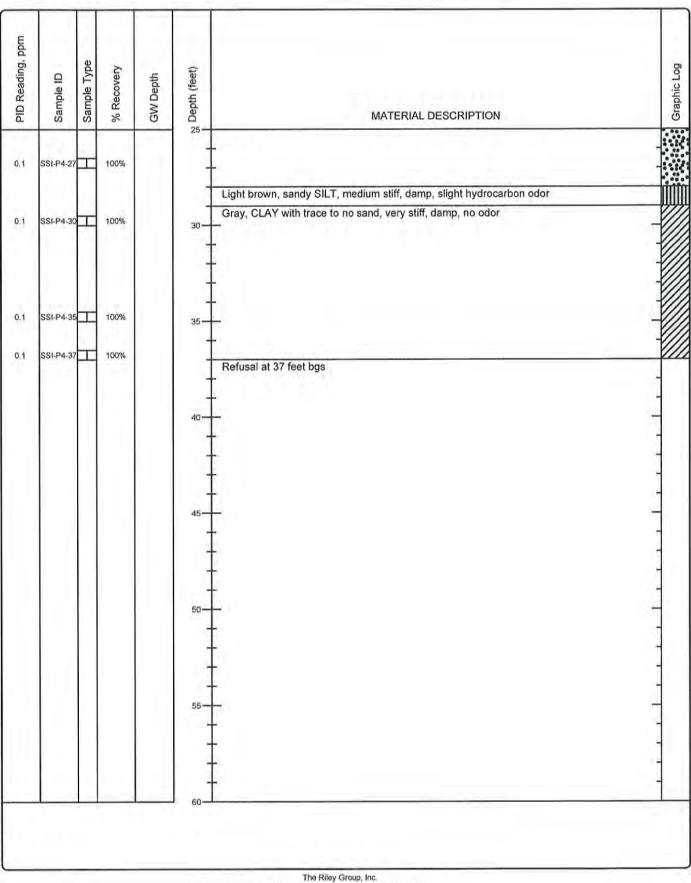
Test Probe No.: SSI-P4

Date(s) Drilled: 12/04/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Asphalt	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 37 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation: 113'	
Groundwater Level: Not measured	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109		

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION
۵.	s.	S	9	0	-0 ⁻	Asphalt
						Light to medium brown/black, sandy SILT, medium stiff, damp, hydrocarbon odor
	Ľ,				-	SAND
0,0	SSI-P4-5	-	60%		-	Light to medium brown/black, sandy SILT, medium stiff, damp, hydrocarbon odor
		-			5-	Light brown to black, silty SAND, medium dense, damp, odor
122	022310	-	1207		-	- Gravelly, asphaltic lens
0.0	SSI-P4-7 SSI-P4-7.6	+	100% 66%		1.4	Light brown to black, silty SAND, medium dense, damp, odor
					l e	 Light brown to brick red to black, sandy SILT, medium stiff, damp to moist Light brown, SAND with some silt and trace sand, medium dense, damp, odor
		12			4	Light brown, on the with some sitt and trace sand, medium dense, damp, odd
0.0	SSI-P4-10	Н	66%			
0.0	SSI-P4-11	Т	50%		10-	Light brown to gray, sandy SILT to silty SAND with trace gravel, medium stiff, dense, no _ odor
3.4	SSI-P4-14	т	100%			Light brown to dark gray, SAND with trace to some silt, loose to medium dense, wet, hydrocarbon odor
						-
19	SSI-P4-17		100%			
0.2	SSI-P4-18	T	100%			
17.5	SSI-P4-19		100%			—Strong sheen 18' to 23' bgs. Hydrocarbon odor to 28' bgs
27,4	SSI-P4-22	Ē	100%		20	-
					-	



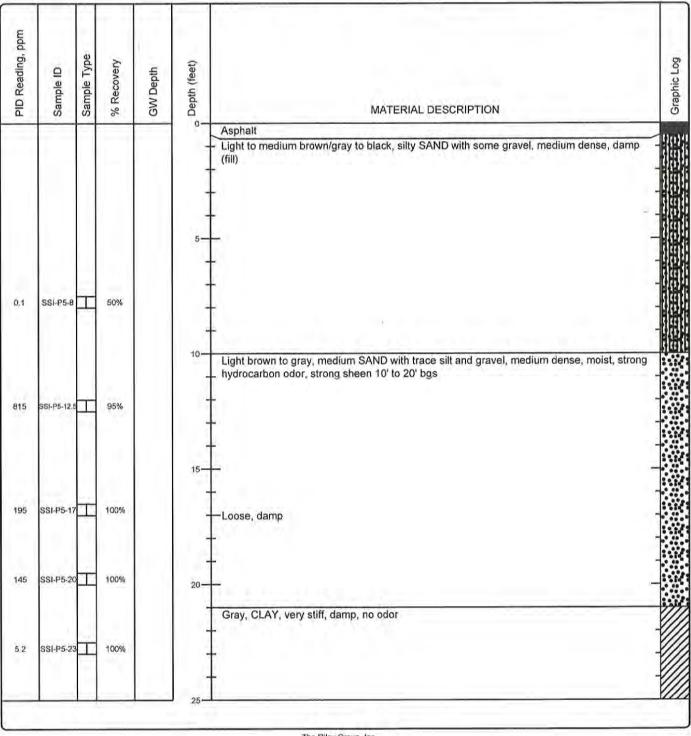
Test Probe No.: SSI-P4 Sheet 2 of 2

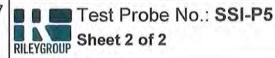


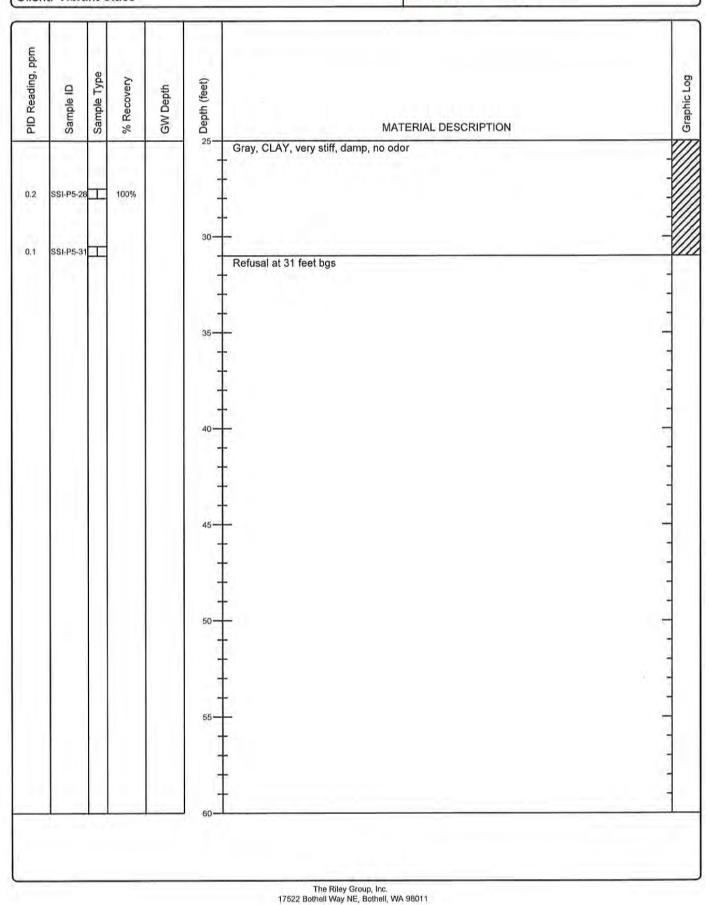


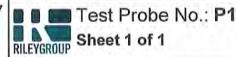
Test Probe No.: SSI-P5 RILEYGROUP Sheet 1 of 2

Date(s) Drilled: 12/04/17	Logged By: LC	Surface Conditions: Asphalt	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 3.25" Diameter	Total Depth of Borehole: 31 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Geoprobe	Drilling Contractor: RGI	Approximate Surface Elevation: 113'	
Groundwater Level: Not encountered	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109		



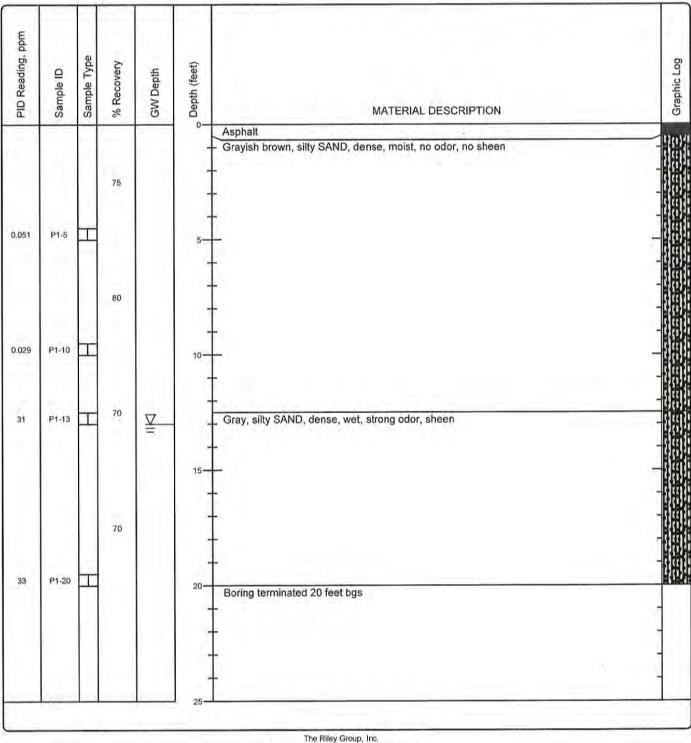






Client: Vibrant Cities

Date(s) Drilled: 05/22/17	Logged By: SL	Surface Conditions: Asphalt	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 2" Probe	Total Depth of Borehole: 20 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Truck-Mounted	Drilling Contractor: Holocene	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114'	
Groundwater Level: 13' bgs	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109		



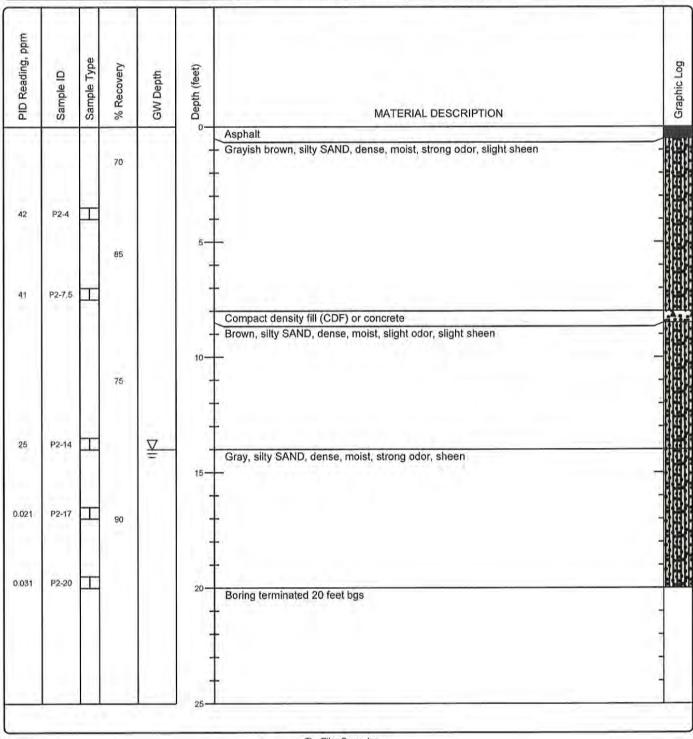
The Riley Group, Inc. 17522 Bothell Way NE, Bothell, WA 98011

Client: Vibrant Cities



Test Probe No.: P2

Date(s) Drilled:05/22/17Logged By:SLSurface Conditions:AsphaltDrilling Method(s):Direct PushDrill Bit Size/Type:2" ProbeTotal Depth of Borehole:20 feet bgsDrilli Rig Type:Truck-MountedDrilling Contractor:HoloceneApproximate
Surface Elevation:114.5'Groundwater Level:14' bgsSampling Method(s):ContinuousHammer Data : n/aBorehole Backfill:BentoniteLocation:631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109

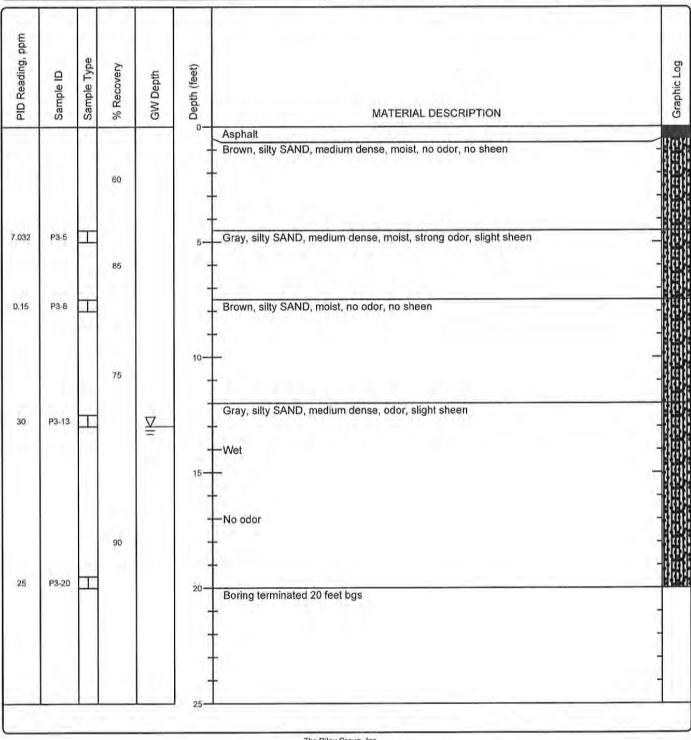


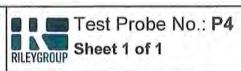
Client: Vibrant Cities



Test Probe No.: P3

Date(s) Drilled:05/22/17Logged By:SLSurface Conditions:AsphaltDrilling Method(s):Direct PushDrill Bit Size/Type:2" ProbeTotal Depth of Borehole:20 feet bgsDrill Rig Type:Truck-MountedDrilling Contractor:HoloceneApproximate
Surface Elevation:114'Groundwater Level:13' bgsSampling Method(s):ContinuousHammer Data :n/aBorehole Backfill:BentoniteLocation:631 Queen Anne Avenue North, Sextle, Washington 98109





Date(s) Drilled: 05/22/17	Logged By: SL	Surface Conditions: Concrete	
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 2" Probe	Total Depth of Borehole: 5.5 feet bgs	
Drill Rig Type: Track-Mounted, Limited Access	Drilling Contractor: Holocene	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114'	
Groundwater Level: Not Encountered	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a	
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nor	th, Seattle, Washington 98109	

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	o Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	
0.013 0.01	P4-2 P4-4	H H	80 80 70			Concrete .ight brown, silty SAND, medium dense, moist, no odor, no sheen	
0.01	P4-5.5		17		5-4- 	Boring refusal at 5.5 feet bgs	
					16		
					20		
					25		-



RILEYGROUP Sheet 1 of 1

Date(s) Drilled: 05/22/17	Logged By: SL	Surface Conditions: Concrete
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 2" Probe	Total Depth of Borehole: 6 feet bgs
Drill Rig Type: Track-Mounted, Limited Access	Drilling Contractor: Holocene	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114'
Groundwater Level: Not Encountered	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nor	rth, Seattle, Washington 98109

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	o Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Graphic Log
		\vdash			0	Concrete	4 .34 (ATT)
			80		÷	- Light brown, silty SAND, dense, moist, no odor, no sheen	-
0.013	P5-2	T			÷		
			45		1	-	
0.011	P5-4	T	14			-	888
			o		5		
					1	Boring refusal at 6 feet bgs	(all all
					-		-
					÷		-
					ja ja	-	-
					10-		_
						_	2. 14
					1.11		
						-	1
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					-	-	-
					14		
					4		
					1		
					3.6		
		11			20-		
					1		1
					1		-
					1	-	-
					÷		-
	_				25-		
- Court							



Test Probe No.: P6

Date(s) Drilled: 05/22/17	Logged By: SL	Surface Conditions: Concrete
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 2" Probe	Total Depth of Borehole: 4 feet bgs
Drill Rig Type: Track-Mounted, Limited Access	Drilling Contractor: Holocene	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114'
Groundwater Level: Not Encountered	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nor	th, Seattle, Washington 98109

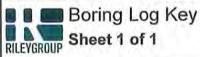
PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	o Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	_
-	1			1 - 1	0-	Concrete	10
0.021	P6-1	-	80		-	 Light brown, silty SAND with gravel, dense, moist, no odor, no sheen 	
0.017	P6-4	Т	75		-	Paving refusal at 4 feet hos	
					5-	Boring refusal at 4 feet bgs –	114
							4
							-
							1
	1				10-		-
					10		
					1116		
					1		
						7	
					15-		
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					à	-	
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					20-		
					-	-	
					7		-
					-	-	-
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Test Probe No.: P7

Date(s) Drilled: 05/22/17	Logged By: SL	Surface Conditions: Concrete
Drilling Method(s): Direct Push	Drill Bit Size/Type: 2" Probe	Total Depth of Borehole: 6 feet bgs
Drill Rig Type: Track-Mounted, Limited Access	Drilling Contractor: Holocene	Approximate Surface Elevation: 114'
Groundwater Level: Not Encountered	Sampling Method(s): Continuous	Hammer Data : n/a
Borehole Backfill: Bentonite	Location: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nor	rth, Seattle, Washington 98109

PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	Depth (feet)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Graphic Log
			677		0-	Concrete	មាភិជ
0,009	P7-2	-	80		Ť	Light brown, silty SAND, dense, moist, no odor, no sheen	
0,000		1					
0.010	P7-4	-	75		Ť		
0.010	10.4						同時に
0.011	P7-6	-	70		5	and the second sec	
0.011	ins.				1	Boring refusal at 6 feet bgs	
					1		
					l †		1
					1 1		-
					10-		-
					1 1		-
					40		-
					1 1		-
					l d		-
					15		
					1 1		-
					+		10
					t t		7
					1 1		<i>3</i>
					20-	- C	-
					-		· ·
					1 1		-
							-
				_2	+		-
-					25		
		_				The Riley Group, Inc.	



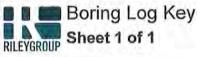
Client: Vibrant Cities

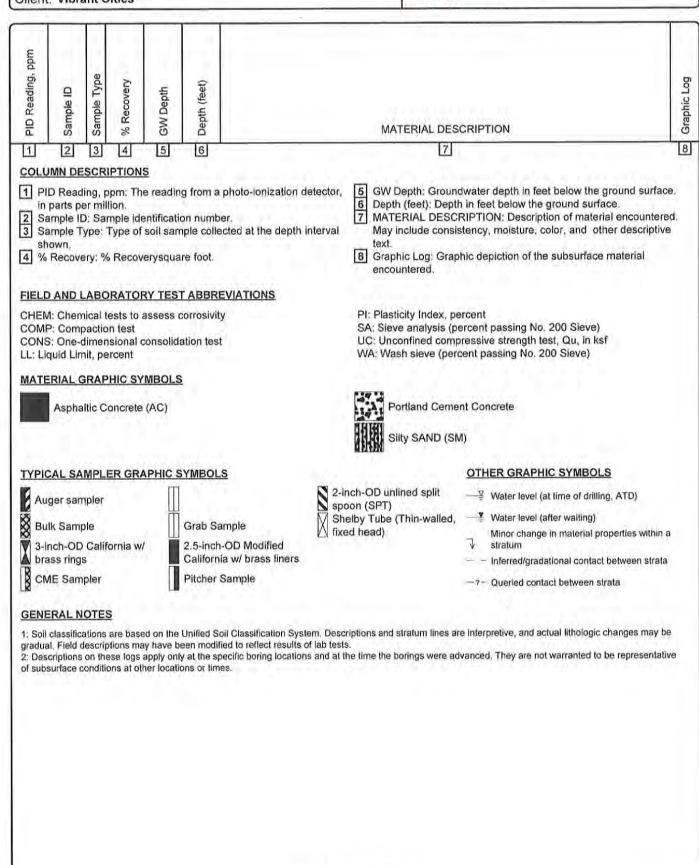
PID Reading, ppm	Sample ID	Sample Type	% Recovery	GW Depth	Depth (feet)		MATERIAL DES	CRIPTION	Graphic Log
1	2	3	4	5	6		7		8
1 Pl in 23 St	ID Read parts pe ample II ample T nown.	ling, p er mill D: San Ype: T	ion. nple ider	readin ntificatio soil sam	on numbe nple collec	hoto-ionization detector , ed at the depth interval	6 Depth (feet): Depth 7 MATERIAL DESCI May include consis text.	dwater depth in feet below the ground surface n in feet below the ground surface. RIPTION: Description of material encountere stency, moisture, color, and other descriptive hic depiction of the subsurface material	d.
CHEN COM CONS	VI: Chem P: Comp	nical te baction	ests to a n test sional co	ssess o	T ABBRE	<u>VIATIONS</u>	UC: Unconfined comp	ercent ercent passing No. 200 Sieve) pressive strength test, Qu, in ksf cent passing No. 200 Sieve)	
	Asphalt Lean C Portlan AF	tic Col LAY, 1 d Cen	nent Cor	AC) /SAND, hcrete	, SANDY	CLAY (CL)	Silty SAND (SM Silty SAND to Silty Sand Sil	andy SILT (SM-ML) AND (SP)	
1011			d GRAV				Poorly graded S	AND with Silt (SP-SM)	
Au Bu 3-i bra	Iger san Ilk Samp Inch-OD ass ring: ME Sam	npler ole Califo s				nple X si DD Modified w/ brass liners	-inch-OD unlined split poon (SPT) helby Tube (Thin-walled, xed head)	Water level (at time of drilling, ATD) Water level (after waiting) Minor change in material properties within a stratum − Inferred/gradational contact between strata −7− Queried contact between strata	i.

GENERAL NOTES

1: Soil classifications are based on the Unified Soil Classification System. Descriptions and stratum lines are interpretive, and actual lithologic changes may be gradual. Field descriptions may have been modified to reflect results of lab tests.

2: Descriptions on these logs apply only at the specific boring locations and at the time the borings were advanced. They are not warranted to be representative of subsurface conditions at other locations or times.





Sou	nd Sti	Cart rateg	Pro Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Number gged by: te Started: rface Conditi ell Location N ell Location E viewed by: te Completed	: 0: R 5, ons: A /S: 3. /W: 4. R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 .sphalt .6' S of MV .2' W of M\ KB /2/12	V10	Site Address: 631 Queen Ar Seattle, Wash			
Depth (feet bgs) Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	1 0	Litt	nologic De	escription	Well Construction Detail	
		80	1.0	P01-04	SP			medium to	fine SAND with silt hydrocarbon odor		
5		80	3.8	P01-06	SM		Damp, dense, si no hydrocarbon	lty SAND w odor (20-7	vith gravel, dark brown, 0-10).		
		70	1.9 4.3 11.1	P01-11	SP		gravel, brown, n Wet, dense, mec	o hydrocar lium to fine	ne SAND with silt and bon odor (10-85-5). SAND with silt and hydrocarbon odor (10-		
 	/Drille	100 :: ES	44 SN/Don	P01-14	ll/Auger D	iameter:	Wet, dense, med brownish gray to hydrocarbon od	o gray, slig			
Drilling Equ Sampler Ty Hammer Ty Total Borin Total Well I	Jipmen pe: pe/We g Dept	it: Dii Ight:	rect Push I	bs Filt feet bgs Su	Il Screene reen Slot S er Pack Us rface Seal: nular Seal:	d Interval: Size: sed:		feet bgs inches		Page:	
State Well I	D No.:			1	nument Ty	/pe:	-			1 of 2	

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So	U	n u Str	a t e g	Pr. Lo Da i e S Su Wa Wa Re	Project:Arnold's ProjProject Number:0320-001Logged by:RAHDate Started:5/2/12Surface Conditions:AsphaltWell Location N/S:3.6' S of MWWell Location E/W:4.2' W of MWReviewed by:RKBDate Completed:5/2/12					0	e Avenue North gton feet bgs feet bgs		
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Samp ID		SCS lass	Graphic		Lithologic E	Description		Well Construction Detail
15				3.8									
			100	2.1			ML			Damp, dense, SILT with fi hydrocarbon odor (60-40-	ne sand, brown, 0).	no	
20			100	2.1 1.0	P01-20					Damp, dense, SILT with fi hydrocarbon odor (60-40-	ine sand, gray, no 0).	D	
25		- -		1.0	P01-24					Boring terminated at 24' b	ogs.		
				SN/Don rect Push		Well/A				-/2 inches feet bgs	Notes/Comm	ents:	
Sample Hamm Total E Total V State V	er Ty er Ty Borin Vell [pe: pe/We g Dept Depth:	 ight:		lbs feet bgs feet bgs	Screen Filter P Surfac Annula Monun	Slot S ack U e Seal: r Seal	ize: sed:		inches Asphalt Bentonite 			Page: 2 of 2

So		ndi Sti	ateg	Pro Lo Da E S Su We Re	oject: oject Number: gged by: te Started: rface Conditic II Location N/ II Location E/ viewed by: te Completed:	03 R. 5/ 015: A S: 01 W: 1 ¹ R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt ' S of MW1 1.5' W of M KB /2/12	Site Address: 631 Queen Anne Avenue No Seattle, Washington	s
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Well Lithologic Description Detail	tion
			80	1.0	P02-04	SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, dense, silty SAND with gravel, brown, no hydrocarbon odor (20-75-5). Moist, dense, silty SAND with gravel, brown, no hydrocarbon odor (20-75-5).	
			80	1.0					
- 			90	0.8 2.4 24.7	P02-08 P02-11	SP		Moist, dense, medium to fine SAND with silt and gravel, brown, no hydrocarbon odor (10-85-5). Wet, dense, medium to fine SAND with silt and gravel, brown, moderate hydrocarbon odor (10- 85-5).	
			100	4.3					
Drillin Samp Hamn	ng Eq iler Ty ner Ty	./Drille uipmei /pe: /pe/We ig Dep	nt: D eight:		We Sci Ibs Fill	II/Auger D II Screene reen Slot S rer Pack U rface Seal	ed Interval Size: Ised:	– inches – Asphalt	
Total	Weil	Depth: ID No.:	-		feet bgs An	nular Seal nument T	l:	Bentonite Page: - 1 of 2	2

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S		nd St	Eart rateg	ies Rationality ies	roject: roject Numbel ogged by: ate Started: urface Condit fell Location N fell Location E eviewed by:	r: 0 R 5 ions: A I/S: 0 E/W: 1 F	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH //2/12 //sphalt /' S of MW' 1.5' W of N RKB	13 /W13 W	/ater Depti	h At Time of Drilling:	P02 Rueen Ann e, Washin 11	
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	Di PID (ppmv)	ate Completed Sample ID					h After Completion: Description		feet bgs Well Construction Detail
15 -				4.3 1.9 2.4 1.0 0.5	P02-16 P02-20 P02-24	ML		Damp, dense, SILT hydrocarbon odor	Γ with fir (60-40-(ne sand, gray, no)).		
Drillin Samp Hamn Total Total	ig Equ ler Ty ner Ty Borin Well [./Drillen Jipmen /pe: ype/We g Dept Depth: D No.:	it: Di ight:		We Sc lbs Fil feet bgs Su feet bgs An	ell/Auger D ell Screene reen Slot S ter Pack U rface Seal: nular Seal nument Ty	d Interval Bize: sed: : :	: f	nches reet bgs nches	gs. Notes/Comme	nts:	Page: 2 of 2

Sc		TC Str	a teig	ies Pri- Lo Da Su Wa Re	oject: oject Number: gged by: te Started: rface Conditic all Location N/ all Location E/ viewed by: te Completed	03 R 50 0005: A VS: 2 W: 7 F	rnold's Prop 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt .0' S of MW 5.2' E of MW RKB	/09 W09 Water I	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 Seat	itle, Washin I: 11	igton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologi	c Description		Well Construction Detail
-			80	1.9		SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, dense, silty SA hydrocarbon odor (20-	ND with gravel, brov -70-10).	wn, no	
			80	34.5	P03-04			Damp, dense, silty SA moderate hydrocarbon Damp, dense, silty SA hydrocarbon odor (20-	n odor (20-75-5). ND with gravel, brov	·	
- 10			100	2.9 4.6 100.2	P03-08 P03-11	SP		Moist, dense, medium gravel, brown, no hydr Wet, dense, medium to	rocarbon odor (5-90	-5).	
- - 15			100	23.6				gravel, gray to browni hydrocarbon odor (5-9	sh gray, moderate te		
Drillin Samp Hamn Total Total	ng Equ ler Ty ner Ty Borin Well [/Drille aipmer pe: pe/We g Dept Depth: D No.:	nt: [- light: - th: 2 -	- 14 -	We Sci Ibs Filt feet bgs Su feet bgs An	II/Auger E II Screend reen Slot S ter Pack U rface Seal nular Seal nular Seal	ed Interval: Size: Ised: I: I:	/2 inche - feet l - inche - Asphalt Bentonite 	bgs	nents:	Page: 1 of 2

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S	DU	S t	Far rateg	i e s Res	oject: oject Number, gged by: te Started: rface Condition ell Location N ell Location E/ viewed by: te Completed	: 03 R 5, 5, 2 S: 2 W: 7 R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt .0' S of MV 5.2' E of M KB /2/12	V09 W09 Water Dep	BORING DOB LOG P03 Site Address: 631 Queen Anr Seattle, Washir th At Time of Drilling: 11 th After Completion:	ıgton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class			Description	Well Construction Detail
15	Π			203.5	P03-15					
						ML		Damp, dense, SILT with f	ine sand, dark brown, no	
-			100	648		SP		hydrocarbon odor (60-40 Wet, dense, medium to fi gravel, gray, strong hydr	ne SAND with silt and	
- 20				4.0 4.0	P03-20			Wet, dense, medium to fi gravel, gray, no hydrocar Wet, dense, medium to fi gravel, brown, no hydroc	bon odor (10-80-10). ne SAND with silt and	
- - 25 —				2.7	P03-24			Boring terminated at 24' b	ogs.	
	ıg Ec	p./Drille quipmer ype:		SN/Don irect Push	We	II/Auger D II Screene een Slot S	d Interval:	/2 inches feet bgs inches	Notes/Comments:	
Hamn Total Total	ner 1 Bori Well	ype/We ng Dept Depth: ID No.:	th: 24	4 1	bs Filt feet bgs Sur feet bgs Ani	er Pack Us face Seal: nular Seal: nument Ty	sed:	 Asphalt Bentonite 		Page: 2 of 2

Sc	A CONTRACTOR OF	10 Sti	ateg	Pro Log Da Su We Re	Dject: Dject Number: gged by: te Started: rface Condition I Location N/ I Location E/ viewed by: te Completed	0: R 5. S: 7 W: 1 F	rnold's Prop 320-001 AH //2/12 sphalt .6' S of DPE 0.0' E of DF RKB	E-G PE-C Water I	BORING LOG Site Address: 63 Se Depth At Time of Drillir Depth After Completion	1 Queen Anr attle, Washir ag: 11	ngton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class		Lithologi	c Description		Well Construction Detail
0 5			90 90	1.0 1.9 2.1	P04-04	SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, dense, silty SA no hydrocarbon odor Damp, dense, silty SA no hydrocarbon odor	(20-70-10). ND with gravel, lig		
-				3.8 4.6	P04-08	SP		Damp, dense, silty SA no hydrocarbon odor Moist, dense, medium gravel, grayish-brown	(20-70-10). to fine SAND with	silt and	
10				567	P04-11			80-10). Wet, dense, medium to gravel, gray, strong hy	o fine SAND with s	ilt and	
Drillin Drillin Samp Hamn Total Total	ig Equ ler Ty ner Ty Borin Well [/Drille upmer pe: pe/We g Dept Depth: D No.:	nt: D ight: ih: 24 	ţ.	lbs Fill feet bgs Su feet bgs An	II/Auger D II Screene reen Slot S er Pack U rface Seal nular Seal nument T	ed Interval: Size: Ised: I: I:	/2 inche feet inche Asphalt Bentonite 	bgs	ments:	Page: 1 of 2

So		nc S t	Eart rateg	ies Pri Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Number gged by: te Started: rface Conditi ell Location N ell Location E viewed by: te Completed	: 03 R. 5/ ons: A /S: 7. /W: 10 R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt .6' S of DP 0.0' E of DI KB /2/12	E-G PE-C Water De	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 C Seatt	le, Washir	igton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologic	Description		Well Construction Detail
-			100	76.2 63.2	P04-15			Wet, dense, medium to gravel, brownish-gray, s (5-85-10). Wet, dense, medium to f	slight hydrocarbon	odor	
20				9.5 3.9 2.4	P04-20 P04-24			gravel, brown, no hydro			
								Boring terminated at 24	bgs.		
30 Drilling Drilling Sample Hamme Total B Total W State W	g Equ er Ty er Ty Sorin Vell [Jipmen pe: pe/We g Dept Depth:	it: Di ight:	· 1	bs Filt feet bgs Ann	II/Auger Di II Screene reen Slot S rer Pack Us rface Seal: nular Seal: nument Ty	d Interval: Size: Sed:	/2 inches feet bg inches Asphalt Bentonite 	s	ents:	Page: 2 of 2

So			Cart rateg	Pri Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Number gged by: te Started: rface Conditi ell Location N ell Location E viewed by: te Completed	r: 0 R 5 ions: A I/S: 8 E/W: 2 F	rnold's Prop 320-001 (AH (2/12 (sphalt ' N of DPE- 7.8' W of D RKB (2/12	6 PE-6 Water D	BORING PO LOG PO Site Address: 631 Queen Seattle, Wa epth At Time of Drilling: epth After Completion:	Anne Avenue Nort
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class		Lithologic	Description	Well Constructio Detail
0			100	1.6		SP			to fine SAND with gravel b hydrocarbon odor (10-8	
- 5				29.1	P05-04	SM		moderate hydrocarbon Damp, dense, silty SAN	ID with gravel, dark brow	/n,
-			80	30.0				brick fragments and fil no hydrocarbon odor (l debris towards bottom, 20-70-10).	
- 10 —				6.0	P05-08					
-				6.2	P05-11	SP		Wet, dense, medium to gravel, dark brown to c hydrocarbon odor (10-		
- - 15				10.3					fine SAND with silt, dark ght hydrocarbon odor (14	
Drillin Drillin Sampl Hamm	g Equ ler Ty ner Ty	ipmei pe: pe/We	nt: D eight:		lbs Fi	creen Slot Iter Pack L	ed Interval: Size: Jsed:	inche 	gs	
Total I Total V State	Well [Depth:			feet bgs A	urface Sea nnular Sea onument T	l:	Asphalt Bentonite 		Page: 1 of 2

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Sou	nd Sti	Eart rateg	Pro Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Number gged by: te Started: rface Conditi ell Location N ell Location E viewed by: te Completed	": 0: R 5, ons: A 1/ S: 8 " /W: 2" R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt ' N of DPE- 7.8' W of D KB /2/12	-6 PE-6 Water I	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 Seat Depth At Time of Drilling Depth After Completion:	Queen Ani tle, Washi : 1 ⁷	ngton
Depth (feet bgs) Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologi	c Description		Well Construction Detail
		100	12.5 12.5 827 46.8 3.5	P05-15 P05-20 P05-24			Wet, dense, medium to brown, no hydrocarbo Moist, dense, medium and silt, brown, no hyd Wet, dense, medium to strong hydrocarbon of Wet, dense, medium to grayish-brown, slight l Wet, dense, medium to brown, no hydrocarbo Boring terminated at 2	n odor (5-95-0). to fine SAND with g irocarbon odor (10- o fine SAND, dark gr dor (5-95-0). o fine SAND with sill nydrocarbon odor (5 o fine SAND with sill n odor (5-95-0).	ravel 80-10). ay, -95-0).	
25 — - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	uipmen ype: ype/Wei ng Depti Depth:	t: Dii ight:	f	bs Film feet bgs An feet bgs An	ell/Auger D ell Screene reen Slot S ter Pack Us rface Seal: nular Seal: nument Ty	d Interval: Size: sed:	/2 inche feet t inche Asphalt Bentonite 	ogs	ents:	Page: 2 of 2

Sc)U	Sti	ateg	Pro Lo Da i e S We We Re	oject: oject Numbe gged by: te Started: rface Condit ell Location f ell Location f viewed by: te Complete	r: 03 R/ 5/ tions: As N/S: 6/ E/W: 23 R	mold's Pro 320-001 AH 2/12 sphalt 6' S of MV 3.3' W of M KB 2/12	/09 IW09 Water Dept		nne Avenue North
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologic [Description	Well Construction Detail
-			90	1.0		SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, dense, silty SAND fragments, light brown, n 70-10).		
5	V			1.0	P06-04	ML		Damp, dense SILT with g brown, no hydrocarbon o		K.
	Λ			1.0	<u></u>	SP		Damp, dense, medium to no hydrocarbon odor (5-9		
_	$\left \right $			0.8	P06-07	ML		Damp, dense, SILT with fi fragments, dark brown, n 50-10).		-
				4.3 74.3 116	P06-11 P06-14	SP		Moist, dense, medium to brown, no hydrocarbon o Wet, dense, medium to fi brownish grey, slight hyd 10).	dor (5-95-0). ne SAND with silt rocarbon odor (10-80-	
Drillin Samp	g Eq ler Ty	./Drille uipmer /pe: /pe/We	nt: Di 	SN/Don irect Push	W S	/ell/Auger D /ell Screene creen Slot S ilter Pack U	d Interval Size:	/2 inches : feet bgs inches	Notes/Comments:	
Total Total	Borir Well	ig Dept Depth: ID No.:	th: 24	Ļ	feet bgs S feet bgs A	urface Seal: nnular Seal lonument Ty	:	 Asphalt Bentonite 		Page: 1 of 2

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S	DU	S t	Eart rateg	ies R R	roject: roject Number ogged by: ate Started: urface Conditi 'ell Location N 'ell Location E eviewed by: ate Completec	: 0 R 5 ons: A I/S: 6 /W: 2	Arnold's Proj 320-001 RAH 5/2/12 Asphalt 6.6' S of MW 23.3' W of M RKB 5/2/12	09 W09 Water Dep	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 6 Seat th At Time of Drilling th After Completion:	Queen Ann tle, Washin	gton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class		Lithologic [Description		Well Construction Detail
-				28.7				Wet, dense, medium to fi silt, brownish gray to gra hydrocarbon odor (10-80-	y, slight to moder	ivel and rate	
				PID inoperable	P06-19			Wet, dense, medium SAN gray, no hydrocarbon odd	D with silt and gr or (5-90-5).	avel,	
				PID inoperable	P06-24			Boring terminated at 24' t	ogs.		
25 —											
Drillin Samp Hamn Total	ng Eq Iler T ner T Borii	o./Drille uipmer ype: ype/We ng Dept Depth:	nt: Di light: th: 24	SN/Don rect Push	lbs Filt feet bgs Su	ell/Auger D ell Screene reen Slot S ter Pack U rface Seal nular Seal	ed Interval: Size: Ised: :	/2 inches feet bgs inches Asphalt Bentonite	Notes/Commo	ents:	Page:
		ID No.:				nument T					2 of 2

Sc)UI	nd Sti	ateg	Pro Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Numbe gged by: te Started: rface Condit II Location N II Location E viewed by: te Complete	r: 0 F Sions: / N/S: 2 E/W: 3	Arnold's Pro 1320-001 RAH 5/2/12 Asphalt 26' S of MW 81' W of MW RKB 5/2/12	Site Address: 631 Queen Anne Avenue Nort Seattle, Washington
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class		Lithologic Description Well Constructio Detail
			90	PID Inoperable PID Inoperable	P07-04 P07-08	SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, dense, silty SAND with gravel, light brown, no hydrocarbon odor (20-70-10). Damp, dense, silty SAND with gravel, dark brown, slight hydrocarbon odor (20-75-5). Damp, dense, silty SAND with gravel and asphalt debris, dark brown, strong hydrocarbon odor (20- 75-5). Damp, dense, silty SAND with gravel, dark brown, slight hydrocarbon odor (20-75-5).
10 — - - - - - - -			80	PID Inoperable 315	P07-11 P07-14	SP		Wet, dense, medium to fine SAND with silt, dark gray, slight hydrocarbon odor (5-95-0). Wet, dense, medium to fine SAND, dark gray, strong hydrocarbon odor (5-95-0).
Drillin Samp Hamn Total Total	ig Eq ler Ty ner Ty Borir Well	./Drille uipmer /pe: /pe/We ng Dept Depth: ID No.:	nt: Di sight: th: 24 		Ibs Fi feet bgs A	/ell/Auger I /ell Screen creen Slot ilter Pack U urface Sea nnular Sea Ionument 1	ed Interval Size: Jsed: II: II:	/2 inches Notes/Comments: feet bgs inches Asphalt Bentonite 1 of 2

S		nd Sti	ateg	i e s Res Res	oject: oject Number: gged by: te Started: rface Condition ell Location N ell Location E/ viewed by: te Completed	: 0: R. 5, Dons: A /S: 20 /W: 3	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt 6' S of MW 1' W of MW KB /2/12	09 /09 Water I	BORING PORTUGE LOG PORTUGE Site Address: 631 Queen Seattle, W Depth At Time of Drilling: Depth After Completion:	n Anne Avenue North
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologi	c Description	Well Construction Detail
				326 7.2 476 285 4.2	P07-20 P07-24			strong hydrocarbon o	rbon odor (5-95-0). o fine SAND, dark gray, dor (5-95-0). o fine SAND, gray, slight 5-0).	
Drillin Samp Hamm Total Total	g Equ ler Ty ner Ty Borin Well (pe/Wei g Depti	t: Di ight:	t	bs Filt feet bgs Ann	II/Auger D II Screene reen Slot S er Pack Us face Seal: nular Seal: nument Ty	d Interval: bize: sed:	/2 inche feet t inche Asphalt Bentonite 	ogs	Page: 2 of 2

Sc		nd Sti	Eart rateg	Pro Lo Da Su We Re	oject: oject Numbe gged by: te Started: rface Condit II Location N II Location E viewed by: te Completed	r: 03 R, 5/ ions: A: V/S: 4. E/W: 4. R		/ corner of ramp V corner of ramp Water Dep	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 G Seattl h At Time of Drilling: h After Completion:	P08 Rueen Ann e, Washin 11 	gton
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologic [Description		Well Construction Detail
						Blank		Asphalt at surface. Rotten log.			
-				0.2	P08-08	SM		Damp, loose, silty SAND no hydrocarbon odor (20 Moist, dense, silty SAND no hydrocarbon odor (20	75-5). with gravel, dark t		
10			80	0.3 3.7 662	P08-11 P08-14	SP		Wet, dense, medium to fin brownish-gray, no hydrod	arbon odor (5-95-	0).	
Drillin Samp Hamn Total Total	ng Equ ler Ty ner Ty Borin Well I	./Drille uipmer /pe: /pe/We g Dept Depth: D No.:	nt: Di hight: th: 28 		W W So Ibs Fi feet bgs Su feet bgs Au	/ell/Auger D /ell Screene creen Slot S liter Pack Us urface Seal: nnular Seal onument Ty	d Interval Size: sed: :	Wet, medium to fine SAN hydrocarbon hydrocarbon /2 inches feet bgs inches Asphalt Bentonite 	n odor (5-95-0). Notes/Comme		Page: 1 of 2

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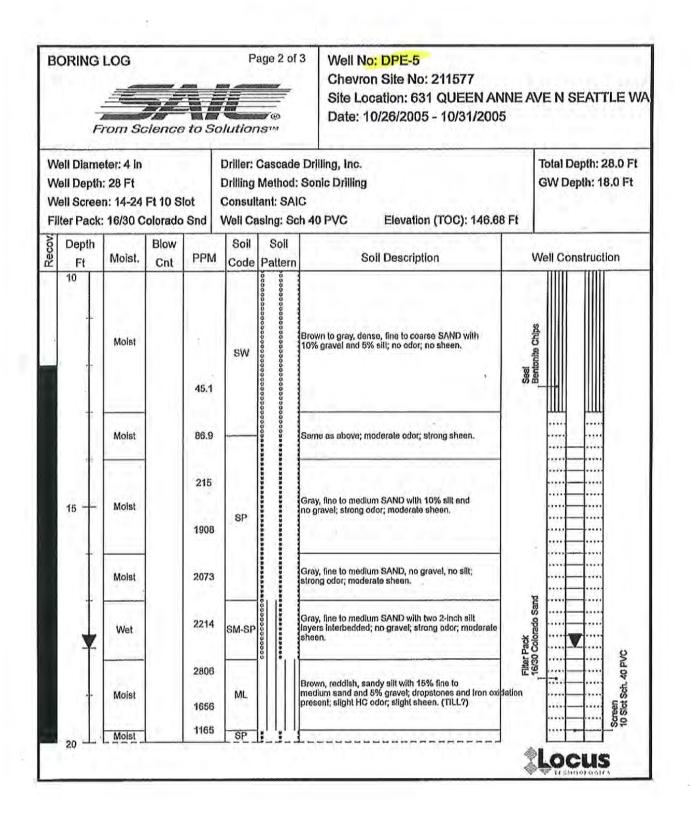
So	u	nd	Eart	ies Pr Lo Da Su Wa Re	oject: oject Numbe gged by: te Started: trface Condit ell Location I ell Location I viewed by: te Complete	r: 03 R. Slons: A N/S: 4. E/W: 4. R		V corner of ramp W corner of ramp Water Depl	BORING LOG Site Address: 631 Queen Seattle, Wa	Anne Avenue North
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	S. Berry	0	Lithologic E	Description	Well Construction Detail
15			90	36.0 237	P08-16			Wet, dense, medium to fin hydrocarbon odor (5-95-0 Moist, dense, medium to strong hydrocarbon odor). fine SAND, brown,	
- 20 -	$\left \right $		90	298	P08-19			Wat danse medium to fi	as SAND because attended	
			-	277				Wet, dense, medium to fir hydrocarbon odor (5-95-0	ie SAND, brown, stron).	9
- 25				30.1		ML		Damp, dense, SILT with fi moderate hydrocarbon oc	ne sand, brown, lor (60-40-0).	
-	$\left \right $			7.0				Damp, dense, SILT with fi hydrocarbon odor (70-30-	ne sand, gray, no 0).	
-		1			P08-28			Boring terminated at 28' b	gs.	_
30 Drilling Sampl Hamm Total E Total V State V	g Equ er Ty er Ty Borin Vell I	ulpmer /pe: /pe/We g Dept Depth:	nt: D elght: th: 28 -	3	W So Ibs Fi feet bgs So feet bgs An	ell/Auger Di ell Screene creen Slot S lter Pack Us urface Seal: nnular Seal: onument Ty	d Interval ize: sed:	-/2 inches feet bgs inches Asphalt Bentonite 	Notes/Comments:	Page: 2 of 2

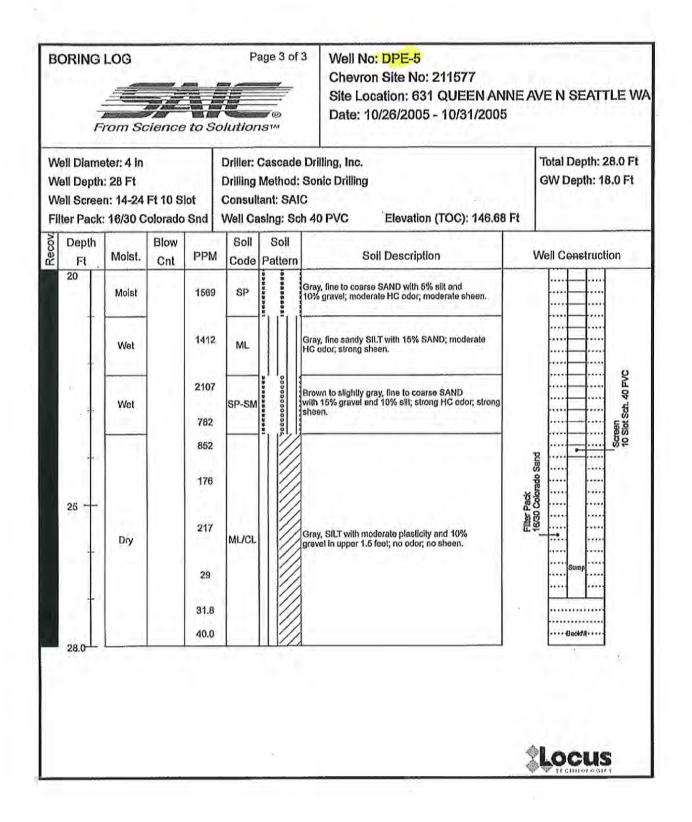
So	ur	ndi Sti	Eart ateg	ies Res	oject: oject Number gged by: te Started: rface Conditi ell Location N ell Location E viewed by: te Completed	": 03 R, 5/ (ons: A: I/S: 0' //W: 8. R	rnold's Pro 320-001 AH /2/12 sphalt N of DPE- 7' W of DF KB /2/12	-7 YE-7 Water Dep	BORING P09 LOG P09 Site Address: 631 Queen Ani Seattle, Washin th At Time of Drilling: 12 th After Completion:	nglon
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	USCS Class	Graphic	Lithologic	Description	Well Constructio Detail
0						SM		Asphalt at surface. Damp, loose, silty SAND no hydrocarbon odor (20	with gravel, dark brown, -75-5).	
-	$\left \right $		90	0.9		SP		Damp, loose, medium to brown, no hydrocarbon o	fine SAND with silt, light odor (5-95-0).	
5-				0.8	P09-03	SM		Damp, loose, silty SAND no hydrocarbon odor (20	with gravel, dark brown, I-75-5).	
			100	0.8 1.5	P09-08					
10			-	1.6 6.5 16	P09-12	SP		Moist, dense, medium to brown, no hydrocarbon o Wet, dense, medium to fi brown, no hydrocarbon o	ne SAND with silt, light	
15 Drilling Drilling Sample	Equ er Typ	ipmen	nt: D 		lbs Fil	ell/Auger D ell Screene reen Slot S ter Pack Us rface Seal:	d Interval: lize:	-/2 inches - feet bgs - inches -	Notes/Comments:	

		51	art	ies Res	oject: oject Nur ogged by: ate Starte urface Co ell Locati ell Locati eviewed b ate Compl	nber: 0 F d: 5 nditions: A on N/S: 0 on E/W: 8 y: F	Arnold's Proj 320-001 RAH 5/2/12 Asphalt b' N of DPE- 3.7' W of DP RKB 5/2/12	7 E-7 Water Dep	LOG Site Address: 631 Qu	P09 een Anne Avenue Nort Washington 12 feet bgs feet bgs
Depth (feet bgs)	Interval	Blow Count	% Recovery	PID (ppmv)	Sam			Lithologic I	Description	Well Constructio Detail
15			90	177 2.3 42.3 4.7	P09-15 P09-20			Wet, dense, medium to fi strong hydrocarbon odor Wet, dense, medium to fi Wet, dense, medium to fi moderate hydrocarbon o Wet, dense, medium to fi gray to gray, no hydrocar	r (5-95-0). ne SAND, brown. ne SAND with silt, g dor (5-95-0). ne SAND with silt, li	iray,
25	Equip or Typ or Typ	omen e: e/Wei	t: D ight:		P09-24	Well/Auger E Well Screen Screen Slot S Filter Pack U	ed Interval: Size:	Poring terminated at 24' f	Notes/Commen	ts:
Total B Total W State W	oring /ell De	Depti pth:		1	feet bgs feet bgs	Surface Seal Annular Sea Monument T	i: li:	Asphalt Bentonile 		Page: 2 of 2

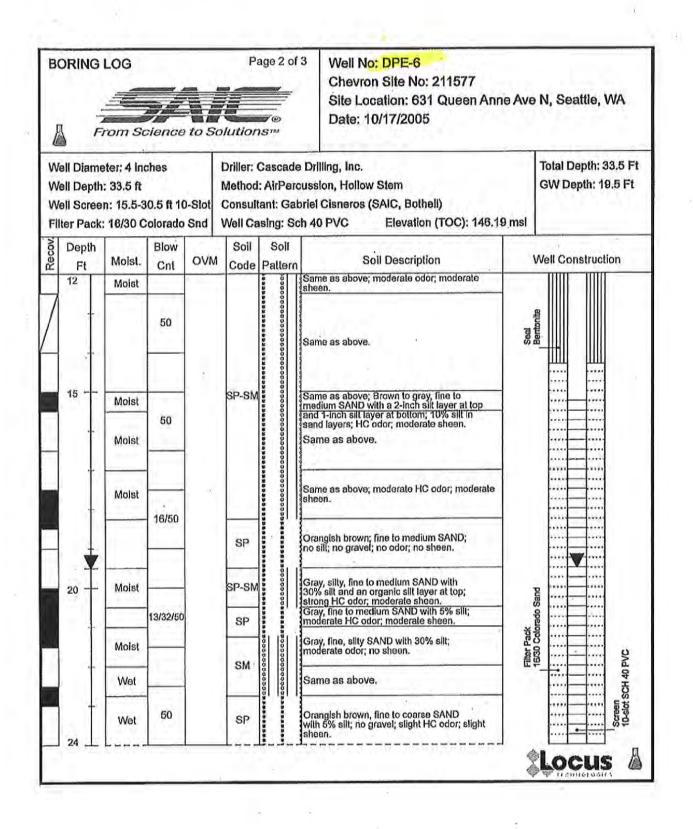
B	ORING	LOG		to Sc		age 1 of	 Well No: DPE-5 Chevron Site No: 211577 Site Location: 631 QUEEN ANN Date: 10/26/2005 - 10/31/2005 	IE AVE N SEATTLE WA
W	ell Depth ell Scree	eter: 4 in : 28 Ft n: 14-24 : 16/30 C		lot	Drilling Consuli	Method: ant: SAI	Drilling, Inc. Sonic Drilling C h 40 PVC Elevation (TOC): 146.68 F	Total Depth: 28.0 Ft GW Depth: 18.0 Ft
Kecov.	Depth Ft	Moist.	Blow Cnt	PPM	Soil Code	Soil Pattern	Soil Description	Well Construction
	5	Moist			SW	60000000000000000000000000000000000000	Brown, very dense, fine to coarse SAND with slit and gravel.	Steel State
	10	Moist			SP		Brown, dense, line to medium SAND.	Seal Docuse

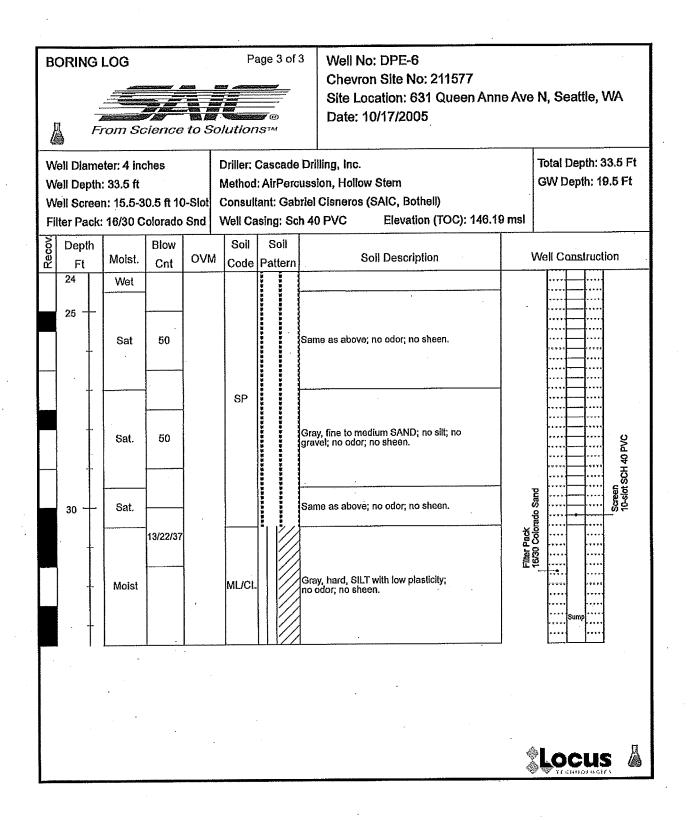
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· .	BC	DRING F	LOG	ience	to Sc		age 1 of 3	Well No: DPE-6 Chevron Site No: 211577 Site Location: 631 Queen Anne A Date: 10/17/2005	we N, Seattle, WA
	w W	ell Depti ell Scree	eter: 4 inc h: 33.5 ft en: 15.5-3 c: 16/30 C	0.5 ft 10		Method Consult		sion, Hollow Stem el Cisneros (SAIC, Bothell)	Total Depth: 33.5 Ft GW Depth: 19.5 Ft sl
	Recov.	Depth Ft	Moist.	Blow Cnt	OVM	Soil Code	Soil Pattern	Soil Description	Well Construction
)		5	Moist			sw		sphalt top 2-inches. Airknifed 8 feet bgs. FILL: Brown, silty, gravelly AND with chunks of concrete.	Steel Clark
		10	Moist Moist Moist Moist	8/13/16		SP-SM		ray to brown, silfy, fine to medium SAND th a silt layer at 8.25 feet and organics, o gravel; no odor; no sheen. rown, fine to coarse SAND with thin terbeds of silt; less than 5% silt in sand eds, no gravel; slight odor; moderate sheen. rown to gray, fine to medium, SAND interbedded th thin, organic, gray silt layers; no gravel id less than 5% silt in sandy layers; slight for; moderate sheen in sandy layers.	
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BC	DRING	LOG	, ience	4 Well No: DPE-7 Chevron Site No: 211577 Site Location: 631 Queen Anne N, Date: 10/17/2005 - 10/21/2005	Seattle, WA						
We	ell Diame ell Depth ell Scree ter Pack:	: 32 ft n: 11-29	ft 10-Slo	ot	Method Consul	: AirPerc tant: Gab	Drilling, Inc. Ussion, Hollow Stem riel Cisneros (SAIC, Bothell) n 40 PVC Elevation (TOC): 146.02 msl				
Recov	Depth Ft	Moist.	Blow Cnt	OVM	Soil	Soil Pattern	Soil Description	Well Construction			
	5	Moist			sw	<u>ano da ano ano ano ano ano ana sana ano ano ano ano ano ano ano ano ano </u>	Asphalt top 2-inchesSilty, gravelly, fine to coarse SAND with blocks of concrete and large rocks; (FILL). Airknifed down to 8 feet bgs.	Conceed			
	-				SM	6839996666666669999998666666689 686596666666666	Silly, hard SAND (Till?)	Berntonite Chips			
	9	Moist	3/4/8	7.5	ļ.	10000000000	Gray, dark brown, silly fine-grained SAND with 13% sill and large angular clasts of sill; no odor; no sheen.				

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	OR	-	LOG	cience			age 2 o	of 4	Chevron Site No: 211577 Site Location: 631 Queen Anne N, Seattle, WA Date: 10/17/2005 - 10/21/2005			
W W Fi	/ell C /ell S	epth cree	eter: 4 Ind : 32 ft n: 11-29 : 16/30 C	ft 10-Slo		Method	: AirPe ant: G	ercus abri	rilling, Inc. ssion, Hollow Stem el Cisneros (SAIC, Bothell) 40 PVC Elevation (TOC): 146.02	Total Depth: 33.5 Ft GW Depth: 23.0 Ft msi		
Recov		epth ≂t	Moist.	Blow Cnt	о∨м	Soil Code	Soil Patte		Soil Description	¥	Vell Construction	
	9 10		Moist	3/4/8	7.5		***************	-	ray, dark brown, silty fine-grained AND with 13% silt and large angular clasts silt; no odor; no sheen.	Seal Bartonita ()		
		-	Moist	11	8.3 722	SP	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Gys	ray to dark gray, fine to medium SAND Ih 5% sill, no gravel; strong HC odor, moderate leen.			
			Moist	8/11	182 16.7			no	ght brown, fine to medium SAND with silt and no gravel; slight odor; slight leen.		·····	
		Ì	Moist		10.7	SM		Li wi	ght brown to gray, slity fine SAND th 20% slit and no gravel; slight HC odor; ght sheen.		·····	
	15		Moist	2/11	573		0 (#	Li Wi Sli	ght gray to brown, fine to medium SAND th 10% silt, no gravel; moderate HC odor; ght sheen.	rado Sand		
			Moist	16	17.6	SM-SP		Sitt S	ame as above but with 5% silt and a 2-inch ick silt/clay layer interbedded within fine AND; slight HC odor; slight sheen.	Filter Pack 16/30 Colorado S	Screen 10 Slot Sch. 40 PVC	
	· 18		Wet	14/14	231	SP		Bi	rown, fine to coarse SAND with no silt no gravel; slight odor; moderate sheen.			
						1			• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		

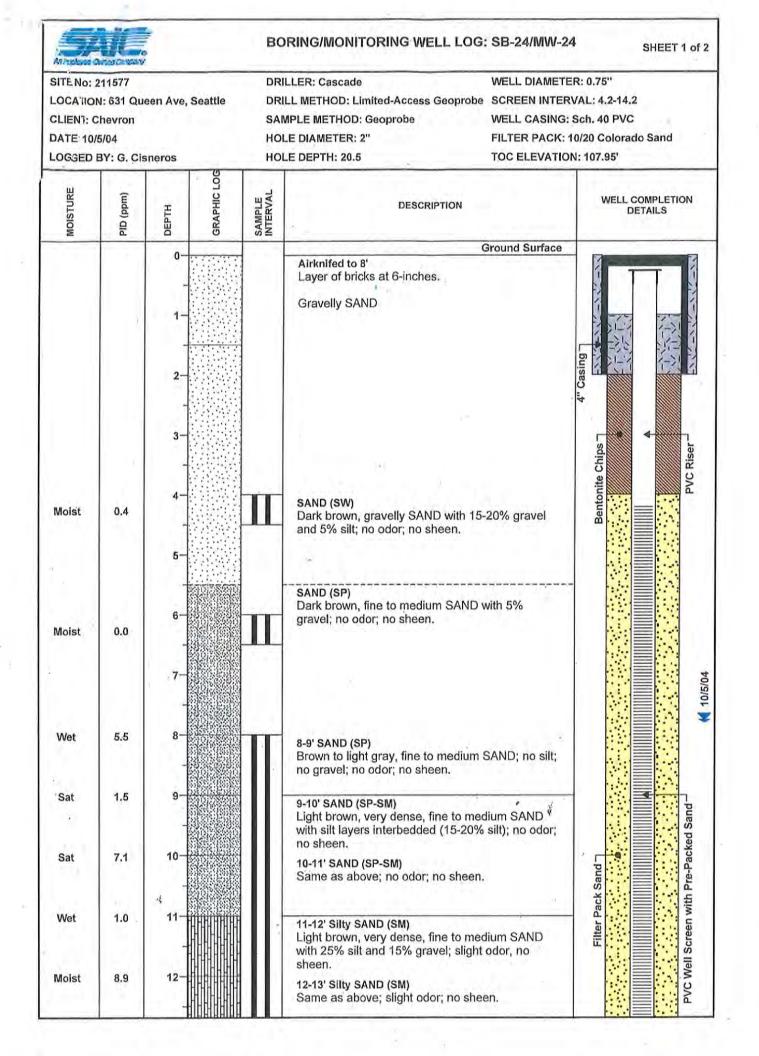
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	From So						T	
Well Dep Well Son	meter: 4 in oth: 32 ft een: 11-29 ck: 16/30 C	ft 10-Sk	ot	Method Consul	: AirPen tant: Ga	e Drilling, Inc. cussion, Hollow Stem briel Cisneros (SAIC, Bothell) ch 40 PVC Elevation (TOC): 146.02	mel	Total Depth: 33.5 Ft GW Depth: 23.0 Ft
Depti 2 Depti		Blow	OVM	Soil	Soil Pattern	Dett Desertation	1	Vell C ons truction
18	Wet	14/14	231	CODE	Faten	Brown, fine to coarse SAND with no slit and no gravel; slight odor; moderate sheen.		
	- Wet					Gray, fine medium SAND with 5% silt; no gravel; slight odor; moderate sheen.		
20 -		12/16	17 580	SP	595 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Same as above but with a 2-inch silt laver		
	Wet	13/18	527			Same as above but with a 2-inch silt layer interbedded within the sand at 20.5' bgs; strong HC odor; strong sheen.		
	Wet	- 18	630	ML		Gray, stiff SILT with moderate plasticity; moderate HC odor; strong sheen.	ter Pack Pack	·····
- 25 -	- Sat.	22/50	590	SP		Gray, fine to medium SAND with no silt and no gravel; strong HC odor; moderate to	Fitter Pack 4 cmn Color	Screen 10 Slot Sch. 40 PVC
27					111 - 111 -	heavy sheen.	·	

ş>

BC		LOG	cience	to So		age 4 of 4	Well No: DPE-7 Chevron Site No: 211577 Site Location: 631 Queen Anr Date: 10/17/2005 - 10/21/200		Seattle, WA
W	ell Diame	eter: 4 ind	ches		Driller: (Cascade	Drilling, Inc.		Total Depth: 33.5 Ft
	ell Depth			1			ssion, Hollow Stem		GW Depth: 23.0 Ft
		n: 11-29 : 16/30 C				ant: Gabr sing: Sch	iel Cisneros (SAIC, Botheli) 40 PVC Elevation (TOC): 146.0	2 msl	
	Depth	. 10/30 C	Blow		Soil	Soil			1
Recov.	Ft	Moist.	Cnt	OVM		Pattern	Soil Description	"	Well Construction
	27	Sat.	10/30 48 7/9 11	450 384 402 15.8	SP ML/CL		Gray, fine to coarse SAND with no silt and 5% gravel; moderate HC odor; no sheen. Gray, clayey SILT with moderate to high plasticity; slight odor; very slight sheen at bottom.	Flitter Pack	16/30 Colorado Sand
-			·						
								¢	

	BORING		lence to		age 1 of 3	Well No: DPE-6 Chevron Site No: 21157 Site Location: 631 Quee Date: 10/17/2005		N, Seattle, WA
N		: 33.5 ft n: 15.5-3	ches 0.5 ft 10-S clorado Si	 Method: Consult	AirPercu ant: Gabi	Drilling, Inc. Ission, Hollow Stem iel Cisneros (SAIC, Bothell) 40 PVC Elevation (TOC)		Total Depth: 33.5 Ft GW Depth: 19.5 Ft
	Depth Ft	Moist.	Blow Cnt C	Soil	Soll Pattern	Soil Description	w	/ell Construction
	5	Moist Moist Moist Moist	8/13/16	SP-SM	**************************************	Asphalt top 2-Inches. Airknifed o 8 feet bgs. FILL: Brown, silty, gravelly SAND with chunks of concrete. Gray to brown, silty, fine to medium SAt with a silt layer at 8.25 feet and organica to gravel; no odor; no sheen. Brown, fine to coarse SAND with thin nterbeds of silt; less than 5% silt in san beds, no gravel; slight odor; moderate s Brown to gray, fine to medium, SAND in with thin, organic, gray silt layers; no gra and less than 5% silt in sandy layers.	ND s, d theen. Bag S	
	•	•						



CLIENT: C DATE: 10/	N: 631 Que hevron		DR SA HO	ILLER: Cascade ILL METHOD: Limited-Access Geoprobe MPLE METHOD: Geoprobe DLE DIAMETER: 2" DLE DEPTH: 20.5	WELL CASING:	VAL: 4.2-14.2 Sch. 40 PVC 10/20 Colorado Sand				
MOISTURE	PID (ppm)	DEPTH GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE	DESCRIPTION			WELL COMPLETIO			
Moist	14.8			13-14' Silty SAND (SM) Same as above; slight odor; no she	en.					
Moist	16.4	14- 1411414 -		14-15' SAND (SP-SM) Brown to gray, very dense, fine to m with 2-inch silty SAND layers; slight sheen.		Ā				
Moist	6.9	15		15-16' SAND (SP-SM) Same as above; no odor; no sheen.						
Wet	205.8	16- -		16-17' SAND (SP-SM) Gray, fine to medium SAND with a f sand layer at 16.5 feet; strong odor; sheen.	1-inch silty moderate					
Moist	>4506	17 		17-18' SAND (SP) Same as above; strong odor; moder	rate sheen.	Sloughed Sand				
Moist	>4506	18		18-19.5' SAND (SP) Gray, dense, medium to coarse SAI gravel; strong odor; moderate sheer	ND; no silt; no n.	IS				
Moist	177.8	19		19.5-20' Silty SAND (SM)						
Moist	48.3	20		Gray to brown, very dense SAND w no gravel; moderate odor; slight she 20-20.5' Clayey SILT (ML-CL)						
Moist	11.8	21-		Very hard, clayey SILT with modera slight odor; no sheen.	te plasticity;	⊻	<u>Lini Lini</u>			
		22-								
		23-								
		24-								
		25-	-							

An Employee On			-	_	
SITE No: 2' LOCATJON GLIENT: CI DATE: 3/12 LOGGED B	: 631 Quee 1evron/Tex /04		ve, Seal	tle	DRILLER: Cascade DRILL METHOD: Geoprobe SAMPLE METHOD: Split-Spoon with Liner HOLE DIAMETER: 2" HOLE DEPTH: 22'
MOISTURE	(mqq) Cl9	DEPTH	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE INTERVAL	DESCRIPTION
-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-0	01		Ground Surface
		- 1- 2- 3- 4-			Airknifed to 8' Asphalt from 0-3"
		5 6 7 -			SAND (SM) Dark brown, very dense, well-graded, gravelly, silty, SAND.
Dry to Moist	o	8- -9- -0			SAND (SM) Dark brown, well-graded, very dense, medium to coarse sand with 15% gravel and 15% silt; slight hydrocarbon odor; no sheen.
Moist	0 0 1653	10- - 11- - 12-			SAND and SILT (SM) Dark gray to black SAND with thin silt layers; hydrocarbon odor; no sheen.
	1674	- 13-			
	1569	13 			SAND (SP) Brownish gray to dark gray, poorly graded, very dense SAND with <5% silt.
	>4040 850.2	15- - 16-			
Moist to Wet	>4040 238.0	17- - 18-			SAND (SP) Brownish gray, poorly graded, very dense SAND; increasing silt content with depth.
	1.4	- 19-			Groundwater at 19.5"
Vet to Sat	2928	- 20-			SAND (SP-SM) Same as above; more silty with depth; HC odor; no sheen.
Sat	>4040	21-		-	Silty SAND (SM) Brownish gray, well-graded, very dense, fine to medium silty SAND.
	>4040	22-	нинини		and any and and any any any any any any

WELL/BORI	NGLO	CATIO	N MAP	1	Delta E	Invir	onme	enta	l Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING: DP-1
	1		5	INS	TALLATIO	ON DA	TE: 9/1	8/02	DRILLING	METHOD: Geo Probe
L	2 C	CDF	-1	PRO	JECT: T	W2157	77		SAMPLING	METHOD: Sleeve
<	>		3	CLI	ENT: Che	vron 2	1-1577	().		IAMETER: 1"
1272	EXPR	ARA	ROLDS		CATION:		ueen A	nne /	ve No. BORING D	Construction of the second sec
	Remediation	(11) mar	_		Y: Seattle				WELL CÁS WELL SCF	
	System		11	1.55. 7.174	TE: WA	ando			SAND PAG	in the second
	-		100	DRI	LLER: Ca	1 1 2		-	CASING ELEVATION	
	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mo	EE	ERY TERV	SS	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:	
WELL/BORING COMPLETION	昰	TABII	ILLSI	(mqq) (Jid	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY MPLE INTERV	USCS	RAP	DTW:	
	V	S N	MO	h	100	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA	s,	σ	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY	SHAWN MADISON
Asphalt					1.00		SM			
					1-		SIVI			own; 20% fines; fine to medium
///////			DP						sand; 15% gravel; no od	or.
///////			-	2.7	2_					<u>^</u>
///////				11	3-				4.0.00	
Milill	1		DP							ray; 10% fines; fine to medium
			-	59.0	4-		SM		sand; 25% gravel; odor.	
///////					5-					
///////			DP	00.0		龗				dEN/ France modilium to poproo
///////				23.0	6-				sand; 10% gravel; odor.	; 15% fines; medium to coarse
1111111					7-				and a set of the set of the set of the	
///////	1		DP		10.3				a state to the table	
//////				11.0	8-				Same as above.	
///ig////					9-					•
	1		DP	23.5		- 199	(1,1,1)		The state of the second	
///////////////////////////////////////	1		0.	14.5	10-		SP		SAND: gray; <5% fines;	fine sand; по odor.
//////	V				11-	調調				
11/1/11			WT	00.0	1.1					
				33.3	12 -				Same as above with or	lor.
///////	1				13-				-	
			DP	•	1.0	-	SP			
1111111			UP	0	14 -		or			nedium to coarse sand; no odor
UMUAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	-	5.4		• • • •	15-				· · · · · ·	
141114			-		124					
119149	V		DP	70.1	16-				Same as above.	
han an a	×.				17-	靐	11			ю <u>і</u>
9999 (M)			WT		1.53					
GUUN (0	18-	麗	SM		SILTY SAND: grayish b sand; no odor.	rown; 15% fines; fine to medium
ちょうごろ			1		19_				sand, no odor.	
1. 1			WT	2	1.5.4					
11.111			.515	5.7	20 -				SILTY SAND: gray; 20% gravel; no odor.	fines; fine to medium sand; 30
				1	21-				giaver no oddi.	
			WT			- AND				
			441	1.2	22 -	靈	SM	÷ • •	Same as above.	

,			•						l
WELL/BORI	NG LC	OCATIC	N MAP		Delta Env	/irc	onme	enta	I Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-1
	4 2			INS	TALLATION	DAT	E: 9/1	8/02	
L-	λĹ		•_1	PRO	OJECT: TW2	157	7		SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve
<	$\langle \rangle$				ENT: Chevro				BORING DIAMETER: 1"
	EXPR	ARN	IOLDS		CATION: 631	Qu	een A	nne A	Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 24'
	Remediation				Y: Seattle				WELL CASING: NA
	System		• 11		ATE: WA				WELL SCREEN: NA SAND PACK: NA
	+	1		DR	ILLER: Casca	T	1		
	2	IZED	RE	Ê	TC X	SAMPLE INTERVA	β	<u>.</u> 2	CASING ELEVATION SURVEY DATE:
WELL/BORING COMPLETION	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) CIA	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY	E IN	USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	DTW:
		•	ΝΟΙ	ЫС		AMPL	36	5	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY: SHAWN MADISON
	V	Y			誕	J.S.	SM		SILTY SAND: gray; 20% fines; fine to medium sand; 30%
]		wт	0.6	23	elenteren er	0.01		gravel; no odor.
Bentonite					· 24 –	antikelette	CL	///	CLAY: gray; medium plasticity; stiff; no odor.
	1		DP						
					25		1		
]		
					26				
					27-				
							-		· · ·
					28				
					29		1		
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					33				
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					39		1		
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					42	+	4		
							1		
					43		4		
					44	+	-		
							1		
					45		1 _		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

WELL/BOR	NGLC	CATIO	N MAP	C	Delta Environmental Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-2											
		-DP-2	03	INST	INSTALLATION DATE: 9/18/02 DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe											
L.	1 00	2		1	PROJECT: TW21577 SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 1 "											
	~>	_	- 2 \													
	~-	AR	VOLDS		LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 24'											
	EXPR				CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA											
	Remediation System			STA	STATE: WA WELL SCREEN: NA											
				DRIL	LER: Ca	scade		1.000	SAND PAC	K: NA						
		0	iu l			VAL		0	CASING ELEVATION							
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) Olq	EE	RECOVERY	USCS . SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:							
COMPLETION	π	STAB	OIST	0	DEPTH (FEET)	ECO	SVN	RA	DTW:							
	∇	T	Me	ā.	- 74 -	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA		U	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY	SHAWN MADISON						
Asphalt		-			An in the last		SM									
				P 21	1-		-									
///////				1.0					and the second second second	000/ Greek fine to modium						
///////	1		DP	0	2_			•	SILTY SAND: grayish brown; 20% fines; fine to medium sand 30% gravel; no odor.							
///////					-											
///////	1		1.001		3-			::::								
///////	1		DP	0	4-			11	Same as above with odor.							
///////////////////////////////////////				1.2.1				11								
					5-											
///////			DP	672					SILTY SAND: dark gray; 20% fines; fine to medium							
///////	1		DI	012	6				sand; 10% gravel; odor.	20% lines; line to medium						
	1				7	7										
///////	1		-			and the state of	but was dark may									
///////	1	DP	238	8-		in the second	: :	Same as above but very	dark gray.							
////	1			-		SM	: :	:								
////2////	1				9-			:::								
	1		DP	1340	10-			: :	Same as above but dark	k greenish gray; 2% wood debri						
///////	1		1.287.1					: :								
///////////////////////////////////////	1				11 -											
////////	1		DP	1875	12 -			: :	SILTY SAND: dark gray;	10% fines; fine to medium sand						
///////////////////////////////////////	1		(C)	1001	12-				10% gravel; odor; minima	al recovery.						
///////	1				13 -			::	* See Page 2 of well log	for note.						
////////	1			4		御幕		:::								
////////			DP	2000	14	新港		11	Same as above; minima * See Page 2 of well log							
///////	3		- Q	10000	15-			11	See Fage 2 of well log	101 11010.						
///////	2				10-			1.4	1							
///////			DP	5.3	16-			2 4 2 4		10M Reason modilium to coorco						
///////	1		υP	5.5	÷			11	 SILTY SAND: dark gray; sand; 5% gravel; odor. 	10% fines; medium to coarse						
///////	1		1		17 -				sand, o n graver, ouori							
111111	2		58	4	40-		SP		SAND: brown; medium s	and; odor.						
1111111	2		DP	7.1	18-	-	SP									
Massa					19_	記書										
SHUMA	2		1.0	1.000	1.1	1										
anna a	1		DP	10.2	20 -				Same as above.							
14-141	V		100													
No Ba	3		1.0		21-											
1.1818	3		WT	21.7	22-		SP		SAND: grayish brown; fir	ne to medium sand; no odor.						
					-	繡	1.5									

WELL/BORIN	CATIO	_ _ _ C	Delta En	viro	WELL/BORING: DP-2									
	م 10P-2	INST	ALLATION	ETHOD: Geo Probe										
	<u>_</u> ۲_			PRO	JECT: TW2	ETHOD: Sleeve								
)		3	CLIE	BORING DIAMETER: 1 "									
			OLDS	LOC	ATION: 63	1 Qu	een A	nne A	ve No. BORING DEF					
	EXPRE	.ss		CITY	': Seattle				WELL CASIN					
P	emediation System			STA	TE: WA				WELL SCRE					
				DRIL	LER: Caso	ade			SAND PACK	: NA				
	F	Ð	Щ			RVAL		0	CASING ELEVATION	·				
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) Olq	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY	SAMPLE INTERVA	USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:					
COMPLETION	۱Ľ.	STAI	OIS	õ		PLE 1	SY CI	SRA	DTW:					
	∇	T	Ź	<u>р</u> .		SAM			DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY:					
7//////////////////////////////////////			WT ·		23		SP		SAND: grayish brown; fine	to medium sand; no odor.				
Bentonite							CL	///	CLAY: vellowish brown: m	edium plasticity; stiff; no odor.				
<u> ////////////////////////////////////</u>			DP	0	24 -	鬷		<u>[//</u>		• •				
				v	+		-		· ·					
					25		1							
					26-		1							
		1					-							
					27—		-							
							-							
					28									
					29-		4		* Rodrillod 1 foot porth to	get recovery for the 12 and 14				
	ļ						-		foot intervals.	got rocovery ter and the many				
		1			30-		-							
							1		10'-12' SILTY SAND: dark	gray; 10% fines; fine to				
					31				medium sand; 10% gravel	; odor; P.I.D. reading 2000.				
					32-		-		12'-14' SILTY SAND: dark	grav: 10% fines: fine to				
						+	-		medium sand; 10% gravel	; odor; P.I.D. reading 2000.				
					33		-							
	1						1							
					34]							
	.				35									
					-+		-1							
					36—		-							
					37-									
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					45-	· -								

Г	WELL/BORIN	NG LO	CATIO	N MAP	D	elta Er	nviro	onme	enta	Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-3
				L L	1	ALLATIO		··		DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe
	1 57	1	JECT: TW			0102	SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve			
			NT: Chev				BORING DIAMETER: 1 "			
I			ATION: 6							
		EXPRE		OLDS		: Seattle	<u></u>			WELL CASING: NA
ļ		lemediation System		1	STAT	E: WA				WELL SCREEN: NA
					DRIL	LER: Cas	scade			SAND PACK: NA
ł		F	8	щ	~ 1				o	CASING ELEVATION
	WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	PID (ppm)	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA	USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:
	COMPLETION	Ľ	STAI	OIS	00		RECO IPLE	SYN US	GRA	DTW:
		∇	Y	Σ	μ. 		SAN			DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY: SHAWN MADISON
	Asphalt	V		WT	0 0 0 48.3 2000	1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -		SM		 SILTY SAND: brown; 30% fines; very fine to fine sand; no odor. Same as above with construction debris; no odor. Same as above. Same as above without construction debris. Same as above with 2% wood debris; very dark brown with color. SILTY SAND: dark brownish gray; 10% fines; fine sand; 5% gravel; odor. @11.5' SILT: dark gray; fines; 25% very fine to fine sand; stiff; odor. @15.5' SILTY SAND: dark gray; 15% fines; fine sand;
					1	-			· · ·	@15.5' SILTY SAND: dark gray; 15% fines; tine sand; odor.
				WT	1557	16			•••	
						17				@17.5' CLAY: reddish brown with gray streaks; medium
	<u>/////////////////////////////////////</u>			DP	146	- 18 ─ -		CL	12	plasticity; stiff; odor.
						19		-		
						20				
						21-				
						22-				
		1								

WELL/BORI	NGLO	CATIC	N MAP		Delta Ei	nvire	onme	nta	l Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING: DP-4						
	4 d5	7-	E	INS	INSTALLATION DATE: 9/20/02 DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe											
1	j L	13		PRC	PROJECT: TW21577 SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve											
<	>		_ C \	CLI	CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 1"											
8770	~ ~	AR	NOLOS	LOC	LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 28'											
	EXPR	ESS		CIT	CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA											
	Remediation System			STA	STATE: WA WELL SCREEN: NA											
				DRI	LLER: Cas	scade			SAND PACK	(: NA						
		A	u	-	1	NAL		0	CASING ELEVATION							
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) Ol9	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY MPLE INTER	SOB	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:							
COMPLETION	π	STAB	. ISIO	D (1	LEI LEI	ECO	USCS SYMBOL	RAI	DTW:	Contraction of the second s						
	∇	T	W	ā	- E - S	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVAL	0,	O	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY:	SHAWN MADISON						
Asphalt							SM	11								
				100	1-			:::								
///////				diam'r.					and the second second							
///////////////////////////////////////	1		DRY	0	2_			1	SILTY SAND: gray; 30% f	ines; fine sand; 10% gravel; no						
///////////////////////////////////////				1.0	1.7.4				odor.							
////////	}			-6.6	3-			ŧť.								
///////////////////////////////////////	1		1 S.S.	2.91	1.1			• • •	Same as above with light odor.							
////////			DP	801	4-											
///////////////////////////////////////					5-											
///////					-				A CONTRACTOR OF							
////////			DP.	49.4	6 -				SILTY SAND: dark gray; 1	0% fines; fine to medium						
////////			-	-			1.14		sand; light odor.							
///////			1 mar 1		7-			11								
///////	1		100	13.1				11	Same as above with 5% g	ravel.						
////////	1		DP	0	8-		1.1	1								
////at////					9-		SM	:::								
////8////				12.1	-	現場		:::	Same as above with 15%	araval						
////			DP	0	10-			: :	Same as above with 15%	giavoi.						
///////////////////////////////////////					1907			::								
////////	3			12.1	11-	ALC: L				400/ Green modium to						
///////////////////////////////////////	1		DP	8.3	12-				SILTY SAND: very dark g	ray; 10% fines; medium to ncountered PVC well screen at						
	1		1.225	1.11			4	11	12 feet.							
////////	1				13-			1								
///////	1			*	-					e fine to medium rand: no odo						
////////	1		DP	174	14 —	题			SAND: dark gray to brow	n; fine to medium sand; no odo						
///////	1		-1		45		-		15 to 15.5' SILTY SAND:	30% fine; fine to medium sand						
///////////////////////////////////////	1		1 1		15 —	300			no odor.							
1111111	1		00		16				@15.5' SAND: brownish	gray; <5% fines; fine to mediu						
SIIIII.	1		DP	219					sand; 15% coarse sand;	no odor.						
2111111	1				17	が高										
UMM	1			140	1.2		SP									
ang ang	1		DP	58.4	18	1	U.									
199914	Z		-		19 _	· 清潔			SAND: gray; fine sand; o	dor.						
262594	Y			-	19-				W SAND. gray, mic sand, o							
1966413	1		wr	2000	20 -											
1. 1.1. 20	-		144	1000												
R 1-20140-1					21 -	2018	•									
Carlos and	3			2.2.4	1.35				Same sand grades to me	dium sand; odor.						
	1			21.7	22-		1.0									
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1			1.0			100		×. :							

WELL/BORIN	IG LO	CATIO	N MAP		Delta Env	viro	onme	enta	l Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING: DP-4					
			Ţ)	INST	ALLATION	DAT	E: 9/2	20/02	·····	THOD: Geo Probe					
DEA		la la	_	PRO	PROJECT: TW21577 SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve										
	<u>}_</u>				CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 1" LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 28' CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA										
	EXPRE		oldis												
	mediation				': Seattle				WELL SCRE	······································					
	yslem		11	1	TE: WA LER: Casc	ado			SAND PACK	and the second					
		T		DRI	LER: Casc	12			CASING ELEVATION						
	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	Ê	EC K	TERV	USCS SYMBOL	UH E	SURVEY DATE:						
WELL/BORING COMPLETION	E E	TABII	IST	PID (ppm)	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY	E E	YME	SYMBOL	DTW:						
	Σ	м Т	N N N	ЦЧ	л — я	SAMPLE INTERVA	ഗ	ю Ю	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY:	SHAWN MADISON					
11111111	<u>, Y</u> ,	<u> </u>								·					
					23		SP								
			WT	1	24 —				SAND: brownish gray; <5%	% fines; medium to coarse					
				•					sand; odor.						
					25-										
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			DP	0	26 —										
							CL		@26,25' CLAY: reddish br plasticity; stiff; no odor.	own with gray molting; medium					
					27 –		SP		@27.0" SAND; gray; coars	se sand; no odor.					
			wr	0	28		or								
							4								
					29		1								
					30		_								
							-								
				-	31		1								
					32										
					52		-								
					33-		-								
									1						
		1			34-		-			•					
					35-		-								
		Į				+	-								
				4	36					,					
					37-	+	-								
- ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-								
		. 			38										
					39		4		· · ·	•					
			· `		+	+	-								
			•		40-		1								
1					41]			N					
					+		-								
					42		-								
					43		1								
							_								
]								
					45-		_								

WELL/BORI	NGLO	CATION MAP	1	Delta Env	WELL/BORING: DP-5								
		1 5	INST	INSTALLATION DATE: 9/20/02 DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe									
	j qa	3	PRC	JECT: TW2	1577			METHOD: Sleeve					
	· BP-	, S/	CLIE	ENT: Chevro	n 21-157	7		AMETER: 1 "					
1777	~	ARNOLDS	LOC	CATION: 631	Queen A	Anne A	Ave No. BORING DE						
	EXPRE	SS	CITY	r: Seattle	(WELL CAS						
	Remediation System		STA	TE; WA		_	WELL SCR						
			DRI	LLER: Casca	ade		SAND PAC	K: NA					
	L.		î	TOP	RVA	Q	CASING ELEVATION						
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	(mqq) CI q	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY	USCS USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:						
COMPLETION	1.54		DIA	E C DE	USCS SYMBOL	GR	DTW: DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY	CUAWN MADISON					
	V	X 2		- Inter	100	t II	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY	SHAWN MADISON					
Asphalt				-	SM								
////////				1-									
///////		DP	0	2_	5- 5-		SILTY SAND: brown: 15%	6 fines; fine to medium sand; n					
////////		Dr	, end	2 - 33			odor.						
////////				3 —		11							
///////////////////////////////////////	1	1.68	and a	一個總		1.1	and and and a start	and a state					
///////////////////////////////////////		DP	77.0	11.0 4		Same as above grades to grayish brown.							
///////////////////////////////////////				5-		11							
////////		2.2	77.2	- 2		1:1:	:	And the second second second second					
///////////////////////////////////////		DP	77.4	6-	語	: :	Same as above; gray to o	lark gray; construction debris					
///////////////////////////////////////				7-9		4.4	(Brick); no odor.						
////////		1111		·			Some as above with con	struction debris (Asphalt); no					
		DP	8.0	8-		1	odor.						
/////	1			-	SM			4					
////§////	1			9-		:::		and a start of the st					
Bell	1	DP	0	10 -		:::	Same as above with Asp	halt and wood debris.					
////////		1.1.2.4	5	-									
////////				11		11							
///////////////////////////////////////		DP	166	12 -		34	BILITY SAND: dark grav	15% fines; fine sand; odor.					
///////////////////////////////////////	3 .		1.25				SILT ON D. dair gray						
///////////////////////////////////////				13 -		22							
///////////////////////////////////////	V	· · / / /	1.8		商		Same as above; 30% fin	es: odor.					
		WT	2000	14			Same as above, core in						
////////	1 .	1.1		15-		-1-1-1							
///////	1			- 20									
2111111	1	WT	2000	16			SILTY SAND: gray to bro	wnish gray; 20% fines; very fin					
///////	1			17			to fine sand; odor.						
1111111	1												
44444	1	WT	1345	18 -	SP								
UMMA (MARK)	2		10.24	一篇			SAND: brownish grav: <	5% fines; fine to medium sand;					
Missin.				19			odor.						
UMMA (3	WT	2000	20 -									
5119. A.C.	3						Same as above.						
				21									
1. 1. 1. 1.	e'		4400				O						
1111111		WT	1162	22			Same as above.						

WELL/BORIN	IG LOC	ATION	MAP	D	elta E	nviro	onme	ental	Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING <mark>: DP-</mark>	5				
		1)	INST	ALLATIC	ON DAT	E: 9/2	0/02	DRILLING	METHOD: Geo Probe					
	62	8	1		JECT: T				SAMPLING	METHOD: Sleeve					
i i	DP-5		2/	CLIE	CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 1"										
	~_	JARNO	LOS		LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 24'										
	EXPRES	s			CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA										
	imediation System			STAT	E: WA				WELL SCI						
				DRIL	LER: Ca	scade			SAND PA	CK: NA					
		9	ш	-		MAI		0	CASING ELEVATION						
WELL/BORING	RS	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) Olq	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY MPLE INTERV	USCS SYMBOL	Hd	SURVEY DATE:						
COMPLETION	E	STAB	ISIO	0	E E	PLEI	US NVS	GRAPHIC	DTW:	and the second second					
	V	X.	WC	ā.	12.00	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA		0	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED B	Y: SHAWN MADISON					
71111111							SP		SAND: brownish gray; <	5% fines; fine to medium s	and;				
			WT		23-	the second	1941	Ŵ.,	coarse sand; odor.	- there also that the otiffe no o	dor				
Bentonite			DD	24	24-		CL	111	@23.5' CLAY: brown; mediu	edium plasticity; still, no o	uor.				
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			DP	3.1		-			1 C						
					25 -										
						-									
					26 -										
					27-										
			28												
			1.1	++-	-										
		29-													
					30-										
	1 1				- 30		-								
					31-		-								
					-										
					32-				1						
					-										
	1 1		61.8		33-			1							
					34-		-								
							-								
					35-		-								
				0.11											
					36-										
					37-										
1			- 4		51	11			57 ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2. 4. 25. 275	· · ·				
				1.00	38-		-								
	-			,		++-	-								
					39 -										
					10					1. 1.01					
					40 -					4					
			*		41.		-								
						-	-								
				1	42.	-	-								
						++	-								
					43										
					44				0						
	1	1	1	1	44				1						

WELL/BORI	NG LO	CATIO	N MAP		elta En	viro	onme	nta	Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-6						
					ALLATION JECT: TW			0/02	DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve						
DP-6 <	\bigcirc		5		NT: Chevr				BORING DIAMETER: 1"						
	EXPRI		OLDS		ATION: 63	31 Qu	een Ar	nne A	ve No. BORING DEPTH: 26'						
	EAPRI]		CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA WELL SCREEN: NA										
------------	System		.		re: WA				SAND PACK: NA						
					LER; Cas	cade									
	L.		ш	Ê	то	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA	لح س	តិ							
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	STU	(mqq) 019	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY MPLE INTER	USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:						
COMPLETION			MOISTURE	014 014	西 に 「	MPLI	״ג	ቤ	DTW: DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY: SHAWN MADISON						
	$\overline{\Delta}$	Y	~			AS		TT	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED DT. SHAMA MAGICON						
Asphalt			DP	0	- 1 2 -		SM		SILTY SAND: brownish gray; 40% fines; fine to medium sand; 10% gravel; 5% construction debris (Brick); no odor.						
			DP	0	3				SILTY SAND: dark brownish gray; 25% fines; fine sand; 10% medium sand; no odor.						
			DP	0	5 - - 6			• •	@5.5' SILTY SAND: very dark gray; 15% fines; medium to coarse sand; no odor.						
			DP	7.4	7 — 8 — 				@7.5' CLAY: very dark gray; medium plasticity; 10% very fine to fine sand; no odor.						
Bentonit			DP	6.9	9 — - 10 — -	eter opplet start start of the factor of the start of t	SM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	@9.0' SILTY SAND: 15% fines; 40% fine sand; medium to coarse and; no odor; <u>minimal recovery</u> .						
	V		DP	67.4	11			· · ·	Same as above. <u>Minimal Recovery</u>						
			WT	 231			SP		SAND: grayish brown; <5% fines; very fine to fine sand; odor.						
			wτ	72	15				Same as above.						
			WT	4.2	17 — 18 —				@17.5' SAND: grayish brown; <5% fines; 30% medium sand; coarse sand; odor.						
			WT	341	19 20 21		CL. SM		 19.25' to 19.5' CLAY: yellowish brown; stiff; sand stringer very fine sand; odor. @19.5' SILTY SAND: brownish gray; 30% fines; very fine to fine sand; odor. 						
		•	wr	2000	22				Same as above.						

WELL/BORII	NG LO	CATIO	N MAP	E	Delta Environmental Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-6										
		 -) 1	-	INST	ALLATIO	N DA'	TE: 9/2	0/02	DRILLING METHOD: Geo Probe						
		G		1	JECT: TW				SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve						
DP-6 <			<u>[</u>]	{ }	NT: Chev				BORING DIAMETER: 1 "						
• 8777	~		IOLDS		ATION: 6				ve No. BORING DEPTH: 26'						
	EXPRE	SS		CITY	CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA										
F 4	temediation System				STATE: WA WELL SCREEN: NA										
·				DRIL	LER: Cas	cade			SAND PACK: NA						
	E	Ð	Я СП	Ê		RVAI	2	ပ္	CASING ELEVATION						
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	PID (ppm)	ОЕРТН (FEET)	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA	USCS SYMBOL		SURVEY DATE:						
COMPLETION			NOIS	012	HE)	MPLE	<u>کر د</u>	С С С							
	∇	Y	2			SA			DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY: SHAWN MADISON						
					23		SM	· · · · · · · ·	SILTY SAND: brownish gray; 30% fines; very fine to fine sand; odor.						
			WT	2000	24 — —		SP		SAND: brownish gray; <5% fines; very fine to fine sand; odor.						
					25				@25.4' CLAY: brownish yellow; medium plasticity; stiff;						
<u>/////////////////////////////////////</u>			DP	33.4	26		CL	///	odor.						
					27 —										
					- 28 -										
					 29		-								
					30		-								
					31		-								
					32-										
					33-										
					34-										
							_								
					37-		-								
							-								
					38-										
					39 -		-								
					40										
					41										
					42-		_								
					43-										
					- 44										
					45-	┝╍┿									

WELL/BORI	NGLO	CATION	MAP	E	Delta E	nvir	onmer	nta	l Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING: DP-7					
-h -	-	7 6	1	INST	ALLATI	DN DA	TE: 9/20	/02	DRILLING M	ETHOD: Geo Probe					
L-	J.C	32	2	PRO	PROJECT: TW21577 SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve										
	2			the second se	CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 1" BORING DEPTH: 24' BORING DEPTH: 24' BORING DEPTH: 24'										
DP	-7 EXPR	ARN	OLDS		LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Avenue.										
		101113	UTT. Ocalie												
			STATE: WA WELL SCREEN: NA DRILLER: Cascade SAND PACK: NA												
			T.		LET CO	TTE	T	10	CASING ELEVATION						
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) Olq	FE	RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA	USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:						
COMPLETION	Ē	STAB	DIST	9	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY APLE INTER	US(RAF	DTW:	Carl Street Street					
	V	T	W	۵.		SAMIS		0	DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY:	SHAWN MADISON					
Asphalt			1.0				SM	•							
///////////////////////////////////////	1		11.1		1-				OILTY RAND: brown: 20%	fines; fine to medium sand;					
///////////////////////////////////////	1							:::	10% gravel; no odor.	Interimental and the second second					
			DRY	0	2.										
1111111					3-	-									
			125	4		靈				rown with construction debris					
			DP	Ø	4-				(Brick); no odor.						
				1.10	5-										
2011110	1		DP	0						SILTY SAND: brownish gray; 10% fines; fine to mediu					
///////	1		PI				sand; no odor.								
112111	1							@7.5' SILTY SAND: dark	brown: 35% fines: fine to						
		DP 0		e sand; no odor.											
			Di	U.	8-		eM								
	1			9											
////ee////	V		MIT	110	10-				@9.5' Grades to brown in	color; odor.					
///////////////////////////////////////	2		WT	110	10				@10.5' grades to gray; 10	1% fines: odor					
///////////////////////////////////////	2				11-				(@ 10.5 grades to gray, it	// miloof outer					
///////	1		WT	193	10										
			1.1	100	12 -										
///////	2	11		1.1.1	13-				SAND; gray; fine sand; o	dor.					
	2		55.1	*			SP		Grin, 2, 3, 6, 1, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,						
20000			WT	307	14 -										
2011011	1	1.0			15	一個語				· · · · ·					
0001111	3			A.C.	10.				OAND, knowniab grout fin	a sand: odot					
201111	2		WT	126	16	-			SAND: brownish gray; fin	a sand, odor.					
al al lin	3		1		17.										
149911	2		1100	1.000	10	一部間			SAND: brownish gray; fin	e to medium sand; odor.					
14446	3	13	WT	355	18										
94949	2				19.	1									
61294	2		WT	2000		-									
11.10.1			W.T.	2000	20				@20' Grades to very fine	sand.					
1972 24	1		2		21										
			8.15		- 35	-			@22' Grades to fine to m	edium sand; odor.					
			WT	2000	22	常期			Ger Stadd to line to li						

WELL/BORING	G LO	CATIO	N MAP		Delta Envi	ronm	enta	I Consultants, Inc. WELL/BORING: DP-7					
	d٦		L L	1	TALLATION D		20/02						
	L_	ů	· _		DJECT: TW21			SAMPLING METHOD: Sleeve BORING DIAMETER: 1 "					
					ENT: Chevron								
DP 7	XPRE	SS ARM	0105		CATION: 631 (Y: Seattle	Jueen A	nne A	WELL CASING: NA					
	iediation Item				TE: WA	······		WELL SCREEN: NA					
,			• •		LLER: Cascad	le		SAND PACK: NA					
	. 1		111					CASING ELEVATION					
WELL/BORING	FIRST	STABILIZED	MOIŚTURE	PID (ppm)	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY	SAMPLE INTERVA USCS SYMBOL	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:					
COMPLETION	E	STAE	OISI	<u>0</u>	DEPTH (FEET) XECOVERN		GRA	DTW:					
	Σ	⊻	Ž	۵ د		SAM		DESCRIPTION/LOGGED BY: SHAWN MADISON					
Bentonite					23	CL		@23' CLAY: yellowish brown with gray streaks; medium plasticity; stiff; no odor.					
			DP	18.2	24 -								
					25								
					26	.							
					27								
				•	29								
					32								
					33								
					34	 -	.						
					35								
	-		•	-	36								
					37								
					38		-						
					· 40-								
					41								
					42		-	•					
					43								
					44								

WELL/B	ORING	LOC	ATION M	11	D	elta Envir	onme	enta	l Consultants, I	nc.	WELL/BORING: DB-2 MW-13
		0	100	DP-2/MIV	13 INST	ALLATION DA	TE: 9/	24/02	DRILLI	NG ME	THOD: Hollow Stem Auger
<u> </u>	Ļ	-10		DP12mp		JECT: TW215					ETHOD: DM Split Spoon
	, d		_			NT: Chevron		7	BORIN	G DIA	METER: 8"
	ĺ,		-1	-	and the second sec	ATION: 631 Q			Ave No. BORING	G DEP	PTH: 21.5'
	1	-0		1	CITY	r: Seattle	5.1		WELL (CASIN	G: SCH 40 PVC 2"
			-1		STA	TE: WA		_	WELLS	SCRE	EN: 10-20' (0.010")
	- ul				DRI	LLER: Cascad	Э	11.	SAND	PACK:	: 7-21.5' (2 X12)
	1	. 6	щ	-	٩.	2VAL		o	CASING ELEVATION	114.8	30
WELL/BORIN	NG IS	STARII IZED	MOISTURE	(mqq) QI4	DENSITY BLOWS / 6"	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY MPLE INTER	USCS	GRAPHIC	SURVEY DATE:	9/26/	02
COMPLETIC	DN I	STAP	SIC	ĝ	SWE	PLEI (FE	NNS	RA	DTW:	19.0	
	Z			a	BLO	DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA		O	DESCRIPTION/LOGGI	ED BY:	MATT MILLER
	and a			-		1	1.0		Asphalt/concrete surfa	ice	A CONTRACTOR OF A
R. I			1		1.01	1	3.5				t shinet to
io.							SP		SAND: brown to gray;	trace to	o 5% fines;
		1				2					
112 11	11				÷						
	11					3	-				
IA VI	11	1.	1.1.1								
KA VI	1/2					4					
SA VI	11										
ES VI	11					5					
71 VI	11										
IA VI	11					6					
	11		1.1			7	_				
							-				
						8	-				
						1.00					
						9	SM				
									1		
					15	10		• • •			
					25 27						
					21	11		515	and many sectors		
					-	12		111	@11.5' No recovery.		
						12		: : :			
					4	13-1		::::	A LE DE CONTRACTO DE LA DECIDIÓN		i anno: ann ann i dhin a bola a bh
			DP	277	21 50-5"				SILTY SAND: dark g	ray; 5%	6 fines; fine sand; thin interbedded se; strong hydrocarbon odor; shee
				100	50-5	14			ciay lanse (~0.5), ve	ay don	ool an old in an anni an an airea
Said								2.2			÷ 4
			1.0			15		201;	1 H		
		7	WT	68	11				Mark a star		Carl March (Laborat
		Z	VVI	00	11 21	16		: : :		on oxid	le staining; trace to 10% gravel; v
					30	17			dense.		
			MST	14	50-6"	18-	6	1.1.1			
			10.51	1.00	0.0		1				
		1	V.			19					
							-	:::::			
			1.00	1.1	1.000	20-		ĿĿ		niaette	ily; very hard; no hydrocarbon od
			DP	11	19 29	- 200	CL	11	CLAY: dark gray; low	plastic	aty, very hard, no hydrocarboli out
			19		29 50	21-22		11			
<i>anaan ma</i> anaa	- and the				0.210			-	Т		

	[···	h er	(P): ")		renta L		onnie		Consultants, Inc.	WELL/BORING: DB-3				
	a	DF-3	2	INS	TALLATIO	ON DA	ATE: 9/	26/02		METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger				
······				PRC	DJECT: T	W215	77	-		METHOD: DM Split Spoon				
	The second se	CLIENT: Chevron 21-1577 BORING DIAMETER: 8 " LOCATION: 631 Queen Anne Ave No. BORING DEPTH: 31.5'												
							ueen A	nne /		EPTH: 31.5'				
				CITY: Seattle WELL CASING: NA										
弓					TE: WA	read		-	WELL SCH					
	L.			DRI	LLER: Ca	1 1 11	1 1		SAND PAC	JK: NA				
	ST ST	RE	ê	20	IC	ERV,	So	알	CASING ELEVATION					
VELL/BORING COMPLETION	AOISTURE PID (ppm)	USN / SN	DEPTH (FEET)	RECOVERY MPLE INTERN	USCS	GRAPHIC	DTW:							
·			DEP	DENSITY BLOWS / 6" DEPTH (FEET) RECOVERY SAMPLE INTERVA USCS SYMBOL GRAPHIC					BY: MATT MILLER					
		WT	a. 89 33	50 50 14 15 19	$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ -24 \\ -25 \\ -26 \\ -27 \\ -28 \\ -29 \\ -30 \\ -31 \\ -32 \\ -33 \\ -34 \\ -35 \\ -36 \\ -37 \\ -38 \\ -39 \\ -40 \\ -41 \\ -42 \\ -43 \\ $				trace gravel; very dense; h	ay; 10% fines; fine to coarse sand;				

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(nonsed allolas -44-8 JR9 9 5-17-93 1300 Move Rig ap/ VP-1. Load up supplies 10/98 1315 Move Rig To VP-8. Sit up & plumb Rig. Doug Pearman back on site Excavating crew on lunch Begin Dulling, break up asphalt 1324 Surface sample ,- ~ 2-5" asphalt Sand & gravel - fill loose 104R 3/3 init Gravelly to 2.5' S Sample @ 2.5' 1335 BC = 3/1/1 104R 4/1 Med- coarse SAND W/ Gravel FILL some brick pragments 1" gravels Dry, loose SW-SP Sample @ 7.5 1342 BC = 5/6/7 54 4/1 SAND-med w/ little self moust to sl-wet, loose SP-SW/SM

5-17-13 As-Built - 6" stickup VP-8 O'EL S VP-2the collower. 2' 0 0 0 D A A D A A an falle Hote Plug-*בע* ' 2" PVC Riser 10/20 Sand -2" pvc Screen-1445 Drillers deconning augers. Signed dailys. Dullers off site for the day 1530 GES securing site 1535 Pouring dry ice down the UST 1350 Ecology folks off-site for the day

48 RW-21 5-25-93 1015 1530 Begin Dulling, break asphalt Sample @ 5 1540 Gravel (rock) @ 4' BC = 35/21/14 color= 101R-7/1 dry rubble, pill, concrete 1622 Grab from cuttings 07 high againe, sofit, molds, clayey sict 2.5 \ 7/0 Sl. moist OL ag. I fuel smell 15-11 1555 Sample O 10' BC 5/3/5 5Y 4/1 Sand fine-coarse w/ lilli gravel Sim V. MOIST 17.5. pid = 264 ppm 10052 SP-SM - Collected the last samples from the pe #9,10,11. 43 - Rump the last of 1/20 out of RW-1 - Last VES tree going in

49 2 Sample @ 12.5 BC 3/4/4 5Y 4/2 (12.5-13.5') +0 5Y 4/1 (13.5-14') 1615 fine to Med Sand w/ Silt grades to more self @ 13.5 - 14' (rock-V moist, forse compact. SP-SM no water yet Sample 0 15' 1622 (15-16) BC 2/4/10 w/2.54 5/6 intermixed w/ 16-17' (15-16) (544/1 to 544/3) sict i ter I spice Smd Animud SAND w/ a 2" Silt layer at 16" V. moist to wet above Silf layer compact to 100 se SP-SM Invel Sample @ 17,5 2.5 y 5/4 (17,5-18') 5 y 5/3 (18-19') Much SAND (17.5-18') grades to Fin Sand 18-19 Gravel at top of sample 17-17:5 dicker 51. moist compart to loose str. HC odn SP

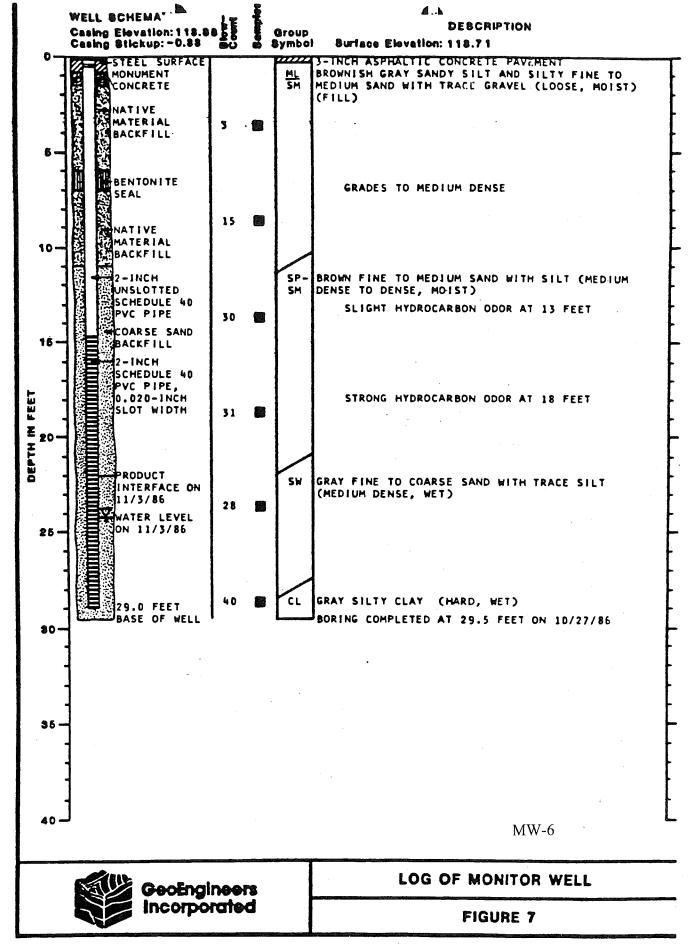
50 5-25-93 Sampli @ 20 1645 BC 1/5/8 PID an sample = 1200 ppm : ML dense, sult layer @ 20-20.5', saft SM fine Sand w/ Sult 20,5-21.5' 545/2 Augus at 22'. Shut down pig. Sicure site. 1700 1745 Glacier securing/covering pit label, pack up & transfer. P.+ Samples to Refrig. in Glacier's apart/office. Ching-Pi: since RW-1 seems to bi recovering, he really would like RW-4 moved nath ~ 10'feet a so to have both wells recovering, spread out a bit Will continue to sample this hats looking for that comparing clayer 1725 Timed telephoning D. Pearman at Brthelf oppice to update - not in

52 RW-1 5-24-93 weather: p. cloudy 40°, high 70° geologists V. Metcalfe drillers: Charles, Tom 0915 leave have for Set 0715 arrive at Site 0750 Pack of Samples for lab Pick-up Dullus arrive 0845 RW.4) # 5WL-20,3'BL5 092 Sample @ 22.5' 0850 BC = 2/5/5 57 5/2 strong HC odor SAND - Fine-med w/ little silf PID = 170 ppm Sample @ 25' 0905 BC = 3/5/9 PID = 270-300 prom 1005 Same as above w/ gome gravel (26-20.5') Slightly coarser sand 1070

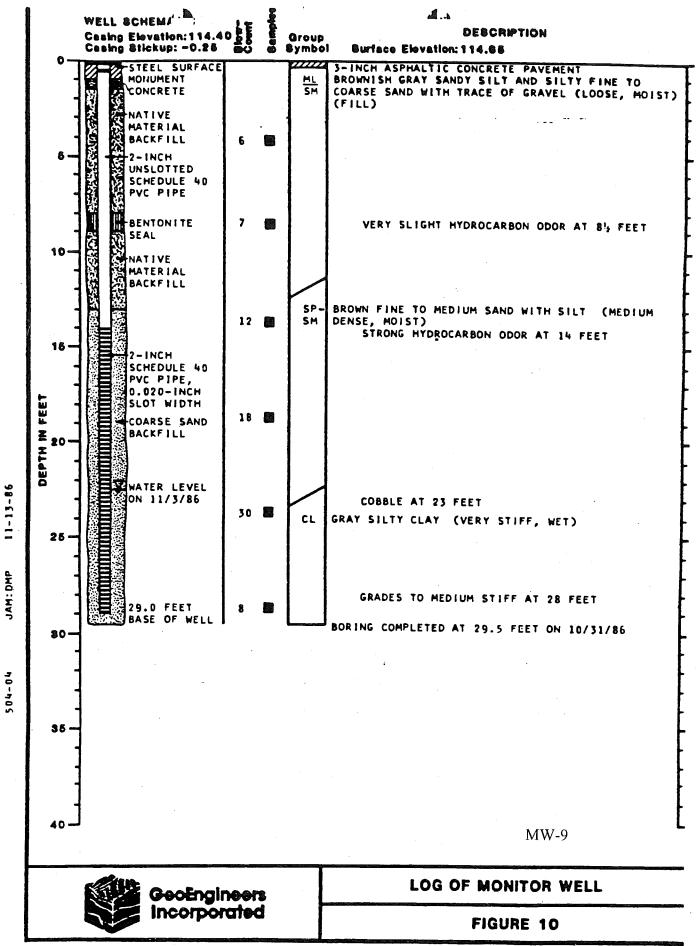
53 5-26-93 weF Sampe @ 27.5' 0915 PID = 95 ppm change at 28' from same as above to a fine SAND (544/3) ~ (sief trace self at tip of shoe. non streak at tip np Sample () 30' . BC: 1/2/3 wet 0925 Set Clay at 31 dense, molds SAND (30-31') fim med of set And is in the auger - try & retrieve 1005 going to set the well here. TD=32' Screen from 17-32'. Start getting things together to weld 1020

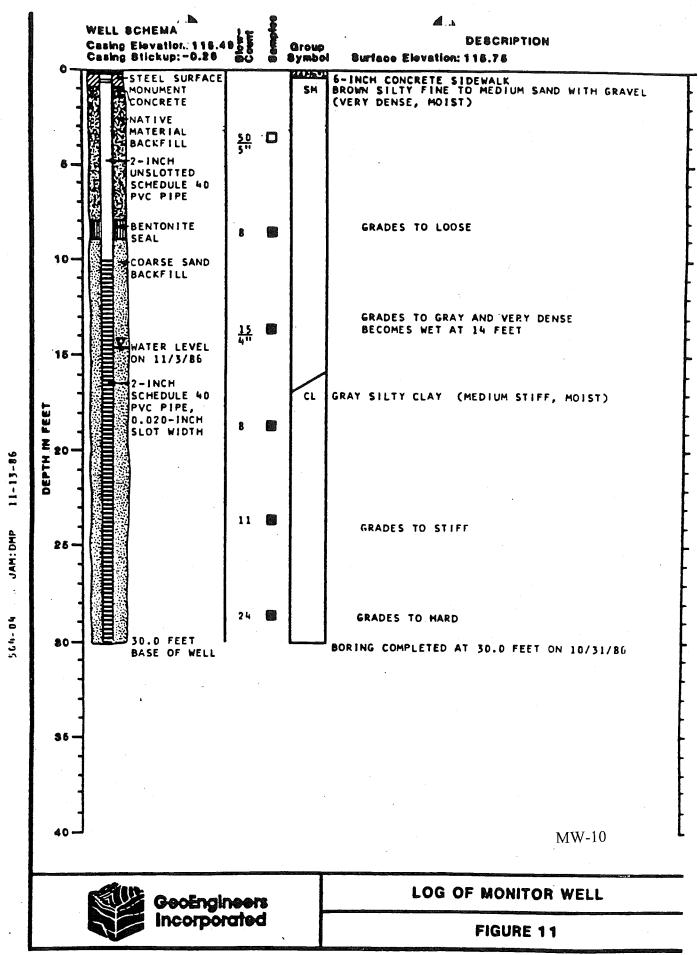
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