## E C O L O G Y

## INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

Check this box if you have attached any documents to this form (using the paperclip icon on the left).

ERTS #(s): Parcel #(s): County: FSID #: CSID #:

N/A
351341005000
San Juan
42226979
14759

SITE INFORMATION	UST #:	
Site Name (Name over door):	Site Address (including City, State and Zip):	<u>Phone</u>
Albert Jensen & Sons Inc	1293 Turn Point Road Friday Harbor, WA 98250	<u>Email</u>
Site Contact, Title, Business: Todd Nicholson, Executive Director Port of Friday Harbor	Site Contact Address (including City, State and Zip): 204 Front Street Friday Harbor, WA 98250	Phone (360) 378-2688 Email toddn@portfridayharbor.org
Site Owner, Title, Business:	Site Owner Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone Email
Site Owner Contact, Title, Business:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone <u>Email</u>
Previous Site Owner(s):  Alternate Site Name(s):	Additional Info (for any Site Information Item):	
Latitude (Decimal D Longitude (Decimal INSPECTION INFORMATION Inspection Conducted? Date/Tir Yes No	Degrees): -122.999242  Please check this box if there is relevant inspection photos, in an existing site report for this site.	on information, such as data or
Photographs taken? Yes 🗵	No Note: Attach photographs or upload to PIMS	
Samples collected? Yes	No 🗵 Note: Attach record with media, location, depth, e	etc.
RECOMMENDATION		

RECOMMENDATION	
No Further Action (Check appropriate box below):	LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List:
Release or threatened release does not pose a threat	Containinated Sites List.
No release or threatened release	
Refer to program/agency (Name:)	
Independent Cleanup Action Completed (contamination removed)	

COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERTS Complaint):

N/A

CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Summary of why Site is recommended for Listing or NFA):

Site has been purchased by the Port of Friday Harbor, who have completed a Phase I and II assessment using EPA funds. Phase II sampling confirmed soil and sediment contamination above screening levels. Port has been awarded IPG funds to perform additional soil, sediment and groundwater sampling, and begin scoping RI/FS.

Investigator: John Evered Date Submitted: 7/9/2018

OBSERVATIONS	Please check this box if you included information on the Supplemental Page at end of report.
	visit made, please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, s, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other athways, etc.):
Shipyard has be Several derelict moorage structu uplands that wer water retention p sediments conta energy environm	located east of the town of Friday Harbor, recently purchased by the Port of Friday Harbor. en in operation since 1910 providing boat maintenance, haul out and storage facilities. buildings observed during site visit, as well as a fixed pier and large over-water floating res in various states of repair. Several large boats were observed hauled out on the e being actively worked on. A UST was removed in the eastern uplands, and a storm bond is in operation in the southern portion close to Turn Point Road. Near-shore ined a derelict railway previously used to haul out vessels. Beach profile suggested a low ment, with likely little erosional or depositional properties. Groundwater seeps were present eduring low tide. Eelgrass beds were observed in the sub-tidal areas close to the floating res.
•	d: ion Report, Jensen's Shipyard, 1293 Turn Point Road, Friday Harbor, Washington. onmental, Bellingham, WA. April 2, 2018.

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	TIOS	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	SEDIMENT	DESCRIPTION
	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents					С	Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a CI, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX contaminants are present independently of gasoline.
Non-	Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)	С	S			С	Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings.
Halogenated Organics	Tributyltin		S			С	The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether						MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Benzene						Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics					С	TEX
	Petroleum Diesel	С					Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	С	S				Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other						Oil-range organics
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
Halogenated Organics (see	Halogenated solvents						PCE, chloroform, EDB, EDC, MTBE
notes at bottom)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	S	S			С	Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)	S	S			S	A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
Metals	Metals - Other	С				С	Cr, Se, Ag, Ba, Cd
	Lead	С	S				Lead
	Mercury	С				С	Mercury
	Arsenic	С	S				Arsenic
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides					С	Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWATER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	SEDIMENT	DESCRIPTION
	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
Substance	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
Bioassay Failures							For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
Reactive Wastes	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

## (fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B— Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S— Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C— Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example—above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA— Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example—capped area).
RB— Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example— complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivative. Referral to the HSDB is recommended if you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

**Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans** are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in WAC 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

FOR ECOLOGY II REVIEWER USE ONLY (For Listing Sites):							
How did the Site come to be known:							
Does an Early Notice Letter need to build to build to build to build to be seen and to be seen a	Does an Early Notice Letter need to be sent: ☐ Yes ☐ No If No, please explain why:						
NAICS Code (if known): Otherwise, briefly explain how prope	rty is/was used (i.e., gas station, dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.):						
Site Unit(s) to be created (Unit Type): If multiple Units needed, please explain							
Cleanup Process Type (for the Unit):	<ul> <li>□ No Process</li> <li>□ Voluntary Cleanup Program</li> <li>□ Ecology-supervised or conducted</li> <li>□ Federal-supervised or conducted</li> </ul>						
Site Status: Awaiting Cleanup Cleanup Started No Further Action Req	☐ Construction Complete – Performance Monitoring ☐ Cleanup Complete – Active O&M/Monitoring uired						
Site Manager (Default:): _							
Specific confirmed contaminants include: Facility/Site ID No. (if known):							
in Soil	42226979  Cleanup Site ID No. (if known):  14759						
in Groundwater	<u>147.09</u>						
in Other (specify r	matrix:)						

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO: Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

Additional or Supplemental Information from Observations Page