WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF

INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

Check this box if you have attached any documents to this form (using the paperclip icon on the left).

ERTS #(s): Parcel #(s): County: FSID #: CSID #:

683551	
09278	
Cowlitz	
34656	
14902	

SITE INFORMATION	UST #:		
Site Name (Name over door):	Site Address (including City, State and Zip):	Phone	
Bud Clary Subaru	Email		
Site Contact, Title, Business: Blue Sage Environmental Alex Koch	Site Contact Address (including City, State at 198007 E. 30th Avenue Kennewick, WA 99337	nd Zip): Phone Email	(509) 947-4059
Site Owner, Title, Business:	Site Owner Address (including City, State an	d Zip): Phone	÷
James E. Clary Trust	PO Box 127 Longview, WA 98632	<u>Email</u>	
Site Owner Contact, Title, Business:	Site Owner Contact Address (including City,	State and Zip): Phone Email	;
Previous Site Owner(s):	Additional Info (for any Site Information Item	<u>)</u> :	
Alternate Site Name(s):			
Latitude (Decimal D Longitude (Decimal D Longitude (Decimal D NSPECTION INFORMATION Inspection Conducted? Date/Ti Yes No Photographs taken? Yes	Degrees): -122.936906 Please check this box if the photos, in an existing site re	ounced Unannounced	
Samples collected? Yes	No ☐ Note: Attach record with media.		
RECOMMENDATION No Further Action (Check appropris		LIST on Confirmed and S	
Release or threatened release do No release or threatened release Refer to program/agency (Name: Independent Cleanup Action Com		Contaminated Sites List:	×
COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERT	S Complaint): discovered during reconstruction. Th	s portion of the property	had been
CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Surr	nmary of why Site is recommended for Listin	g or NFA):	

Soil and groundwater contamination was found on the property.

Investigator: Sean Chisholm Date Submitted: 11/2/2018

OBSERVATIONS Please check this box if you included information on the Supplemental Page at end of report
Description (If site visit made, please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):
August 23, 2018, Alex Koch of Blue Sage Environmental notified Washington Department of Ecology about work that was being conducted at the Property.
Excavation of contaminated soils had been completed down to depths of 10 to 12 ft below ground surface (bgs). Approximately 1200 tons of contaminated soil was removed and taken to Wasco Landfill in The Dalles, OR for disposal.
Bos 200 an in-situ remediation mixture using conditioned activated carbon and biological remediation agent/ to reduce and/or eliminate subsurface contamination, was injected into the floor of the excavation between 10 to 15 ft bgs.
Installation of monitoring wells was put on hold until completion of the new building.
No site assessment report was submitted. The only file that was sent through e-mail was the soil and groundwater analysis results and a map of the property with boring locations. A total of 43 soil boring samples were collected from depths of 7 to 11 ft bgs, and analyzed for BTEX (Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylene), Gasoline-Range Organics (NWTHP-Gx [GRO]), Diesel-Range Organics (NWTPH-Dx [DRO]), and Oil-Range Organics (NWTPH-Dx extended [ORO]). The soil sample results indicated exceedances of gasoline and heavy oil above their respective MTCA Method A Cleanup Levels. No report was received detailing sample collection methods, full laboratory results, or the analytical methods used to test the samples.
There were no receipts showing the contaminated soil had been taken off site to Wasco Landfill.
It is suggested that this site be listed on the Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List. The reason is due to the confirm contaminated soil and groundwater that was found on site. It is also suspected that there is soil vapor in NWTPH-Dx and Dx extended, as this media was not assessed. No remediation or site assessment report was supplied of the site.
Documents reviewed: Department of Ecology, ERTS report 683551, August 23, 2018
E-mail from Alex Koch, Bud Clary Subaru, September 6, 2018

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	708	GROUNDWATTER	SURFACE	AIR	SEDILIENT	DESCRIPTION
Non- Halogenated Organics	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-methylphenol; 2-methylphenol)
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX contaminants are present independently of gasoline.
	Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)						Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings.
	Tributyltin						The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin)
	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether						MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Benzene	С	С				Benzene
	Other Non-Halogenated Organics	С	С				TEX
	Petroleum Diesel	С	С		S		Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	С	С			÷	Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other	С	С		S		Oil-range organics
	PBDE						Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
	Other Halogenated -Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/ntmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl. I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
Halogenated Organics (see notes at bottom)	-Halogenated solvents						PCE, chloroform, EDB, EDC, MTBE
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran -compounds (see notes at -bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
	Metals - Other						Cr, Se, Ag, Ba, Cd
	Lead	S	S				Lead `
Metals	Mercury		-				Mercury
	Arsenic						Arsenic
	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
Pesticides	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan, dieldrin, endrin)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	GONTAMINANT	TIOS	GROUNDWA	SURFACE WATER	W.	SEDIMENT	DESCRIPTION
	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic						Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
64 64 64 64	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic						Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
Other Contaminants	Asbestos						All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
	Benthic Failures				:		Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures		:				For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
Reactive Wastes	Corrosive Wastes					4	Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

(fill in contaminant matrix above with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

Status choices for contaminants	
Contaminant Status	Definition
B— Below Cleanup Levels (Confirmed)	The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested
S— Suspected	The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present
C— Confirmed Above Cleanup Levels	The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example—above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).
RA— Remediated - Above	The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example—capped area).
RB— Remediated - Below	The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example— complete removal of contaminated soils).

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivative. Referral to the HSDB is recommended if you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in WAC 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

FOR ECOLOGY II REVIEWER USE ON	LY (For Listing Sites)	,	• •		· · ·					
How did the Site come to be known: ☐ Site Discovery (received a report): (Date Report Received) ☐ ERTS Complaint ☐ Other (please explain):										
Does an Early Notice Letter need to but to b	oe sent: ∭ Yes ☐ No									
NAICS Code (if known): Otherwise, briefly explain how prope	rty is/was used (i.e.,	gas station, dry cle	aner, pa	aint shop, vacant land	, etc.):					
Site Unit(s) to be created (Unit Type): If multiple Units needed, please explain		CP & LUST)	diment							
Cleanup Process Type (for the Unit):	No ProcessVoluntary Cleanup IFederal-supervised	Program 🔲 Ecolog	endent Ac yy-superv	ction ised or conducted						
Site Status:	Construction Compl			Model Remedy Used? 🔲						
☑ Cleanup Started ☐ No Further Action Requ	uired	- Active O&M/Monitorin	ng	If yes, was this a transformer spill?						
Site Manager (Default: <u>SW</u>): _	2W									
Specific confirmed contaminants inclu	de:	Facilit	y/Site ID	No. (if known):						
STEX, 5 as, desch, oil STEX, 303, desch, oil Groundwater		Clean	ıp Site li	D No. (if known):						
57Ex 3800 desel, on Groundwater										
in Other (specify n	natrix:)									

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO: Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.

Additional or Supplemental Information from Observations Page