

Investigator:

Gayle Garbush

INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD REPORT

ERTS Number: 633726 Parcel #(s): 032505-9178 COUNTY: **KING** SITE INFORMATION 051D# FSID 50575764 669 Site Name (e.g., Co. name over door): Site Address (including City and Zip+4): Site Phone: 425-RENTAL SERVICE CORP 563 9045 WILLOWS RD, REDMOND 98052 885-4101 Site Contact and Title: Site Contact Address (including City and Zip+4): (from county web) Site Contact Phone: ATTN: ENVIRONMENTAL MGR, RSC EQUIPMENT RENTAL INC 6929 E GREENWAY PKWY STE 200, SCOTTSDALE AZ 85254 680-609-2031 Site Owner: Site Owner Address (including City and Zip+4): Site Owner Phone: 25020 153RD PL SE, MONROE 98272-9558 (from USTBase 1997) B AND B ALPINE PROPERTIES Site Owner Contact: Site Owner Contact Address (including City and Zip+4): Owner Contact Phone: Alternate Site Name(s): Comments: 1990 LUST FILE "ALPINE EQUIPMENT RENTALS" - REDMOND ALPINE EQUIPMENT RENTALS 1997 IRAP FILE "ALPINE RENTALS" - REDMOND Previous Site Owner(s): Comments: Latitude (Decimal Degrees): Longitude (Decimal Degrees): INSPECTION INFORMATION Inspection Conducted? Date/Time: Entry Notice: Announced Unannounced Yes □No 🏻 ROUTINE UST INSPECTION, CZ ON SITE 5/3/2011 Photographs taken? Yes □ No \square Samples collected? Yes 🗌 No \square If Yes, be sure to include a figure/sketch showing sample locations. RECOMMENDATION No Further Action (Check appropriate box below): LIST on Confirmed and Suspected Contaminated Sites List: Release or threatened release does not pose a threat No release or threatened release Refer to program/agency (Name: Independent Cleanup Action Completed (i.e., contamination removed) COMPLAINT (Brief Summary of ERTS Complaint): RECEIVED SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT. TWO UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS REMOVED. THREE SHALLOW SOIL SAMPLES EXCEEDED MTCA A LEVELS FOR BENZENE (NEAR DISPENSER & PIPING.) SOIL NOT OVEREXCAVATED, BUT LEFT IN PLACE. LUST LISTED IN 1990 & RECEIVED NFA THROUGH IRAP. MUSA'S DECISION NOT TO RESCIND NFA BECAUSE THE NFA WAS FROM IRAP, NOT VCP. SO CONTAMINATION IS GOING INTO ERTS/II PROCESS FOR EARLY NOTICE LETTER. CURRENT SITE STATUS (Brief Summary of why Site is recommended for Listing or NFA): THREE SHALLOW SOIL SAMPLES EXCEEDED MTCA A LEVELS FOR BENZENE (NEAR DISPENSER & PIPING.) SOIL NOT OVEREXCAVATED, BUT LEFT IN PLACE.

Date Submitted:

OBSERVATIONS Description (please be sure to include the following: site observations, site features and cover, chronology of events, sources/past practices likely responsible for contamination, presence of water supply wells and other potential exposure pathways, etc.):

(fill in contaminant matrix below with appropriate status choice from the key below the table)

CONTAMINANT GROUP	P CONTAMINANT	Nos	GROUNDWAT	SURFACE	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
	Phenolic Compounds						Compounds containing phenols (Examples: phenol; 4-
	Non-Halogenated Solvents						methylphenol; 2-methylphenol) Organic solvents, typically volatile or semi-volatile, not containing any halogens. To determine if a product has halogens, search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is not a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it's not halogenated. (Examples: acetone, benzene, toluene, xylenes, methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropranol, formic acid, acetic acid, stoddard solvent, Naptha). Use this when TEX
	Polynuclear Aromatic	_					contaminants are present independently of gasoline.
Non-Halogenated	Hydrocarbons (PAH)						Hydrocarbons composed of two or more benzene rings.
Organics	Tributyltin Methyl tertiary-butyl ether Benzene						The main active ingredients in biocides used to control a broad spectrum of organisms. Found in antifouling marine paint, antifungal action in textiles and industrial water systems. (Examples: Tributyltin; monobutyltin; dibutyltin) MTBE is a volatile oxygen-containing organic compound that was formerly used as a gasoline additive to promote complete combustion and help reduce air pollution.
	Other Non-Halogenated	10					Benzene
	Organics						Other Non-Halogenated Organics (Example: Phthalates)
	Petroleum Diesel	B					Petroleum Diesel
	Petroleum Gasoline	B					Petroleum Gasoline
	Petroleum Other						Crude oil and any fraction thereof. Petroleum products that are not specifically Gasoline or Diesel.
	PBDE	1					Polybrominated di-phenyl ether
Halogenated Organics (see notes at bottom)	Other Halogenated Organics						Other organic compounds with halogens (chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine). search HSDB (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB) and look at the Chemical/Physical Properties, and Molecular Formula. If there is a Cl, I, Br, F in the formula, it is halogenated. (Examples: Hexachlorobutadiene; hexachlorobenzene; pentachlorophenol)
	Halogenated solvents						Solvents containing halogens (Halogen is typically chlorine, but can also be fluorine, bromine, iodine), and their breakdown products (Examples: Trichloroethylene; Tetrachloroethylene (aka Perchloroethylene); TCE; TCA; trans and cis 1,2 dichloroethylene; vinyl chloride)
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)						Any of a family of industrial compounds produced by chlorination of biphenyl, noted primarily as an environmental pollutant that accumulates in animal tissue with resultant pathogenic and teratogenic effects
	Dioxin/dibenzofuran compounds (see notes at bottom)						A family of more than 70 compounds of chlorinated dioxins or furans. (Examples: Dioxin; Furan; Dioxin TEQ; PCDD; PCDF; TCDD; TCDF; OCDD; OCDF). Do not use for 'dibenzofuran', which is a non-chlorinated compound that is detected using the semivolatile organics analysis 8270
	Metals - Other				T		Metals other than arsenic, lead, or mercury. (Examples:
Metals	Lead				-	- 1	cadmium, antimony, zinc, copper, silver)
iviolais							Lead
	Mercury						Mercury
	Arsenic						Arsenic Posticidos without hologopo /Francillos and /Francillos
Pesticides	Non-halogenated pesticides						Pesticides without halogens (Examples: parathion, malathion, diazinon, phosmet, carbaryl (sevin), fenoxycarb, aldicarb)
	Halogenated pesticides						Pesticides with halogens (Examples: DDT; DDE; Chlordane; Heptachlor; alpha-beta and delta BHC; Aldrin; Endosulfan,

CONTAMINANT GROUP	CONTAMINANT	SOIL	GROUNDWAT ER	SURFACE WATER	AIR	BEDROCK	DESCRIPTION
	•						dieldrin, endrin)
	Radioactive Wastes						Wastes that emit more than background levels of radiation.
	Conventional Contaminants, Organic					·	Unspecified organic matter that imposes an oxygen demand during its decomposition (Example: Total Organic Carbon)
	Conventional Contaminants, Inorganic			•			Non-metallic inorganic substances or indicator parameters that may indicate the existence of contamination if present at unusual levels (Examples: Sulfides, ammonia)
Other Contaminants	Asbestos		·				All forms of Asbestos. Asbestos fibers have been used in products such as building materials, friction products and heat-resistant materials.
	Other Deleterious Substances						Other contaminants or substances that cause subtle or unexpected harm to sediments (Examples: Wood debris; garbage (e.g., dumped in sediments))
•	Benthic Failures						Failures of the benthic analysis standards from the Sediment Management Standards.
	Bioassay Failures						For sediments, a failure to meet bioassay criteria from the Sediment Management Standards. For soils, a failure to meet TEE bioassay criteria for plant, animal or soil biota toxicity.
	Unexploded Ordinance						Weapons that failed to detonate or discarded shells containing volatile material.
	Other Reactive Wastes						Other Reactive Wastes (Examples: phosphorous, lithium metal, sodium metal)
Reactive Wastes	Corrosive Wastes						Corrosive wastes are acidic or alkaline (basic) wastes that can readily corrode or dissolve materials they come into contact with. Wastes that are highly corrosive as defined by the Dangerous Waste Regulation (WAC 173-303-090(6)). (Examples: Hydrochloric acid; sulfuric acid; caustic soda)

Definition	
The contaminant was tested and found to be below cleanup levels. (Generally, we would not enter each and every contaminant that was tested; for example if an SVOC analysis was done we would not enter each SVOC with a status of "below". We would use this for contaminants that were believed likely to be present but were found to be below standards when tested	
The contaminant is suspected to be present; based on some knowledge about the history of the site, knowledge of regional contaminants, or based on other contaminants known to be present	
The contaminant is confirmed to be present above any cleanup level. For example - above MTCA method A, B, or C; above Sediment Quality Standards; or above a presumed site-specific cleanup level (such as human health criteria for a sediment contaminant).	
The contaminant was remediated, but remains on site above the cleanup standards (for example - capped area).	
The contaminant was remediated, and no area of the site contains this contaminant above cleanup standards (for example - complete removal of contaminated soils).	

Halogenated chemicals and solvents: Any chemical compound with chloro, bromo, iodo or fluoro is halogenated; those with eight or fewer carbons are generally solvents (e.g. halogenated methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane) and may also be used for or registered as pesticides or fumigants. Most are dangerous wastes, either listed or categorical. Organic compounds with more carbons are almost always halogenated pesticides or a contaminant or derivitive. Referral to the HSDB is recommended you are unfamiliar with a chemical name or compound, as it contains useful information about synonyms, uses, trade names, waste codes, and other regulatory information about most toxic or potentially toxic chemicals.

Dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans are normalized to a combined equivalent toxicity based on 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-p-dibenzodioxin as set out in Ch. 173-340-708(8)(d) and in the Evaluating the Toxicity and Assessing the Carcinogenic Risk of Environmental Mixtures using Toxicity Equivalency Factors Focus Sheet (https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/FocusSheets/tef.pdf). Results may be reported as individual compounds and isomers (usually lab results), or as a toxic equivalency value (reports).

FOR ECOLO	GY USE ONLY (For Listin	g Sites):		
How did the S	Site come to be known:	☑ Site Discovery (received a☐ ERTS Complaint☐ Other (please explain):	report): 4/26/2012 (Date Report Received)	
Does an Early If <i>No</i> , please o	y Notice Letter need to k explain why:	oe sent: ⊠ Yes □ No		
NAICS Code Otherwise, bi Heavy	riefly explain how prope	rty is/was used (i.e., gas station Rental (backhoes, forklifts, bullo	on, dry cleaner, paint shop, vacant land, etc.): dozers,Two USTs were on site to fuel these.	
Site Unit(s) to If multiple Uni	be created (Unit Type): its needed, please explair	☑ Upland (includes VCP & LUST)	
Cleanup Proc	ess Type (for the Unit):	☐ No Process☐ Voluntary Cleanup Program☐ Federal-supervised or conduct	Independent Action☐ Ecology-supervised or conducteded	
Site Status:	☐ Awaiting Cleanup☑ Cleanup Started☐ No Further Action Requ	☐ Construction Complete – Perfo ☐ Cleanup Complete – Active O& uired	rmance Monitoring kM/Monitoring	
Site Manager	(Default: Southwest Reg	gion): <u>NWRO / "Donna Musa"</u>		
Specific confir	rmed contaminants inclu	Facility/Site ID No. (if known): 80525264		
	Benzene in Soil			
	in Groundwater			
	in Other (specify m	oatrix:)		

COUNTY ASSESSOR INFO:

Please attach to this report a copy of the tax parcel/ownership information for each parcel associated with the site, as well as a parcel map illustrating the parcel boundary and location.