## **Appendix B**Health & Safety Plans

B.1	Weirs, Water Sampling & BMPs. October 2006.
B.2	Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs, & Trail
	Maintenance. April 2007
B.2	Western Hillslope Sampling Activities. April
	2010.

## **Appendix B.1**

Weirs, Water Sampling & BMPs.
October 2006.

# Health & Safety Plan Vashon Island Landfill & Transfer Station Hillslope Weirs, Water Sampling, & BMPs

October 05, 2006

#### FINAL



Department of Natural Resources and Parks Water and Land Resources Division

#### **Science Section**

King Street Center, KSC-NR-0600
201 South Jackson Street, Suite 600
Seattle, WA 98104
206-296-6519 TTY Relay: 711
dnr.metrokc.gov/wlr

## Health & Safety Plan: Vashon Island Landfill & Transfer Station Hillslope

Weirs, Water Sampling, and BMPs

#### Prepared for:

Engineering Services
Solid Waste Division
King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks

#### Submitted by:

Groundwater Group Water & Land Resources Division King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks



Department of Natural Resources and Parks **Water and Land Resources Division** 201 S Jackson St. Ste 600 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 296-6519

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## **Appendices**

Appendix A General Safe Work Practices

Appendix B Health and Safety Equipment Checklist

Appendix C Emergency Route and Map to Hospital

Appendix D Site Sketch

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### 1.0. PROJECT INFORMATION

SITE:	Vashon Lan	dfill / Transfer Station Hills	lope			
DATE:	September 1	9, 2006	PREPARED BY:	_	Sevin Bilir	
LOCATION:	West of land	ifill (18910 Westside Hwy SW	PROJECT NUMI	_	G13580 Laura Belt, SWD	
PROJECT OF	BJECTIVES:	Conduct hydrologic and h	/drogeologic field investigation	s on the h	nillslope.	
SCOPE OF W	ORK:	Install weirs and surface	water samplers; measure fl	ow from v	weirs; implement	
BMPS for stream pollutants; and sample water from weirs and samplers. This HSP does not cover drilling						
activities.						
START DATE	:	Santambar 18, 2006	COMPLETION DATE:	Sentemb	per 1 2007	

Note: This Health & Safety Plan must be re-evaluated and updated annually or when site conditions or scope of work changes.

King County Page 1 of 10

September 2006

## 2.0. FACILITY DESCRIPTION & BACKGROUND

TYPE OF FACILITY:	Undeveloped land, west of an inactive municipal solid waste landfill.					
SIZE:	Approximately 140 acres.	BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES:	none			
ACCESS:	Trail, maintained annually.					
TOPOGRAPHY:	Steep to gradual highly vegeta	ated terrain ranging from about 1	80 to 400 feet above mean			
	sea level.					
GENERAL GEOLOGIC	C/HYDROLOGIC SETTING:	Site soils consist of glacially de	rived sediments; sand and			
gravel, silt, and clay. Groundwater occurs as perched saturated zones seeping out of the hillside. Waterways						
emanate from these seepage areas and flow to the west.						
SITE STATUS:	nvestigatory.					
	The second secon					
PREVIOUS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL/WASTE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL METHOD(S): N/A						
SITE HISTORY:  Hillslope appears to have had illegal dumping of garbage near the road in past. Site						
investigations by KC SWD on the hillslope have been ongoing for about 5 years. A trail was constructed in recent						
years to improve access to sampling weirs.						
SPECIAL CONDITIONS/COMMENTS: None.						

## 3.0. WASTE TYPE (S) / CHARACTERISTICS

ARE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN STORED/SPILLED ON SITE?		YES	⊠ NO
	*		
SOURCE(S) OF INFORMATION:	1996 Annual Groundwater Data Evaluation Report, Febr	uary 1997;	Landfill
Monitoring Test Results, March 5, 1998.	(UES, 2003).		

#### COMPOUNDS POSING HEALTH CONCERN:

	Depth			
Element/Compound	Leachate (ppb)	Water (ppb)	Landfill Gas (%)	(ft below grade)
Arsenic		300 (dissolved)		
Methane			36 (in waste)	
Vinyl Chloride		35		150

#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS/COMMENTS:

- Site groundwater and leachate contains arsenic in concentrations exceeding primary drinking water standards.
- Landfill gas contains methane, posing an explosion hazard. Landfill gas will be considered a potential
  explosion hazard during <u>drilling activities in the subsurface</u>.
- Concentrations of volatile organic compounds in landfill gas are not known; therefore, landfill gas will be considered a potential inhalation hazard during <u>drilling activities in the subsurface</u>.
- Landfill gas contains carbon dioxide; therefore, all confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards.

King County Page 3 of 10 September 2006

#### 4.0. HAZARD EVALUATION

#### CHEMICAL:

- Ingestion of arsenic can cause chronic and acute illness.
- Inhalation of landfill gas can cause nausea, acute and chronic illness.
- Oxygen deficiency can cause asphyxiation.
- Vinyl chloride is a class A carcinogen, pathways are absorption, inhalation, and ingestion. Effects can be
  acute and chronic. Inhalation can cause immediate dizziness and/or nausea.

#### PHYSICAL:

- Slip, trip, and fall hazards associated with construction sites and working on undeveloped terrain are
  potential hazards.
- All confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards.
- Monitor for heat stress when ambient temperatures exceed 75 degrees Fahrenheit.
- Workers are responsible for being aware of all physical hazards associated with the worker's typical duties.

#### OTHER:

- Be aware of traffic on County roads.
- Check work areas for transient inhabitants.
- Buddy system is preferred. If working alone, worker should report to project personnel (Sevin Bilir or Laura Belt) of planned activities. In addition, when leaving the site, that worker should call in to project contact to report that they are no longer on the hillslope.

King County Page 4 of 10 September 2006

#### 5.0. OPERATIONS PLAN

VICINITY MAP / EMERGENCY ROUTE / ROUTE TO HOSPITAL:	See Appendix C
SITE SKETCH:	See Appendix D
UNDERGROUND UTILITY CLEARANCE PERFORMED ON:	Not performed due to undeveloped land.

**FIELD METHOD(S):** Installation of weirs, surface water samplers, and BMPs involve use of shovels, moving of wet soil and rock. Use of small battery operated tools may be used. Sampling of water from weirs and samplers and measuring of flow at weirs will follow procedures in the SWD QAPP. (KC SWD, 2006)

COMMENTS: NO CONFINED SPACE ENTRY SHALL BE PERMITTED UNDER THIS SAFETY PLAN.

King County Page 5 of 10 September 2006

## 6.0. SAFETY & EQUIPMENT PROCEDURES

INITIAL LEVEL OF PROTECTION: C D
REQUIRED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Standard Level D safety equipment. Protective clothing should be used as applicable per activity. Protective gloves should be worn when conducting invasive work into the subsurface or streams. For activities contracted to non-SWD personnel, their proper work and safety procedures should be followed for the duties they typically perform.
AIR MONITORING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES: No air monitoring will be conducted, unless field work involves drilling into the subsurface. This activity is covered under another HSP specific for drilling on the hillslope.
ACTION LEVELS: N/A
COMMUNICATIONS: Immediately communicate questionable site conditions to project managers and the SWD Safety Officer at earliest reasonable opportunity.
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Wash face and hands before eating or leaving site.

King County Page 6 of 10 September 2006

#### 7.0. KEY PROJECT PERSONNEL

SITE WORK TEAM (name/responsibility)		1.	Sevin Bilir; KC	C WLRD Hydrogeologist	
2.	2. King County WLRD personnel		3.	King County S	SWD personnel
4.	King County Health Dept. personnel		5.	State of WA D	Pept. of Ecology personnel
6.	6. King County DOT personnel		7.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EN <sup>-</sup>	TRY BRIEFING DATE:	DRAFT Sept 18, 2006		LOCATION:	KSC, WLRD office

SPECIAL CONDITIONS (e.g., work schedule or limitations): Work is to be conducted during daylight hours.

Personnel need to be off the hillslope by 4:30 pm.

King County

#### 8.0. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

ACUTE EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS(S):	FIRST AID:
Eyes – slight to severe irritation.	Flush with water for 15 minutes.
Skin – irritation, redness, edema, drying.	Wash with soap and water.
Respiratory – dizziness, irritation of eyes, nose, throat vomiting, bluish skin, CNS effects.	Remove to fresh air.
Ingestion.	Call physician.

#### NEAREST HOSPITAL / EMERGENCY MEDICAL CENTER (see attached map & Table 1)

Highline Community Hospital; 16251 Sylvester Rd. S.W., Burien, WA. 98166

#### EMERGENCY ROUTE: (see attached map in Appendix C)

From the landfill travel north on Westside HWY:

- Turn right onto Thorsen Rd SW.
- Turn left onto Vashon HWY SW. Continue north to the ferry terminal. Proceed on to the Ferry going to Fauntleroy.
- Turn right onto Fauntleroy Way SW.
- Turn left onto SW Wildwood Pl.
- Turn left at SW Brace Point Dr. Continue on California Ave SW.
- Turn right at SW Barton St.
- Turn Right at 35th Ave SW.
- Turn left at SW Roxbury St.
- Turn right at 16th Ave SW. Bear left at Ambaum Blvd SW; continue on Ambaum Blvd SW.
- Turn right at 4th Ave SW. Bear right at Sylvester Rd SW. The hospital is on the right.

**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (See Table 1)** 

Ambulance, Police, Fire	911
Hospital (HCH)	206-244-9970
Emergency Dept. at Hospital (HCH) (messages checked immediately)	206-431-5314
Fire Department	911

King County Page 8 of 10 September 2006

#### 9.0. REFERENCES

- King County Solid Waste Division (KC SWD). 1999 (Revised 2005). Quality Assurance Project Plan for Environmental Monitoring for King County Solid Waste Facilities. Prepared by Engineering Services Section. Draft.
- Udaloy Environmental Services (UES). 2003. Site Safety Operations Plan (SWD Project Number A25-003.01). Prepared by Anne Udaloy. July 9.

King County Page 9 of 10 September 2006

Table 1. List of Emergency Contacts

CONTACT	NAME	TELEPHONE WORK	CELL (C)
Ambulance	Emergency	911	
,	Island Emergency Care Inc.	206-463-9673	206-463-9673 (C)
	(Non-emergency Vashon Ambulance Service)		
Hospital	Highline Community Hospital - Burien	206-244-9970	
Vashon Health Center		206-463-3671	"
Poison Control Center		800-732-6985	
Police	King County Sheriff	911	
Fire Department	King County	911	
National Response Center		800-424-8802	
King County Department of	Laura Belt (PM)	206-296-8485	206-683-5591(C)
Natural Resources and Parks, Solid Waste Division	Ann Holmes	206-296-4424	206-999-5789(C)
raiks, Solid Waste Division	Tom Theno	206-296-8483	
	Jim Scarr (Safety Officer)	206-296-0497	
King County Department of	Sevin Bilir (Site Hydrogeologist)	206-296-8029	206-437-8616
Natural Resources and Parks, Water & Land	Dan T Smith (Stream Gager)	206-296-8007	206-291-7173
Division	Dave Funke (Smith's Supervisor)	206-296-8066	
6	Eric Ferguson (Hydrogeologist)	206-263-6512	
p 19 0	Kyle Comanor (Hydrologist)	206-684-1272	
-	Jim Simmonds (Bilir's Supervisor)	206-296-1986	
	Reception Desk 6th Floor	206-296-0192	

King County

### Appendix A

#### **GENERAL SAFE WORK PRACTICES**

Field operations for this project shall be conducted in accordance with the minimum safety practices described below required for KC employees.

#### SAFETY PRACTICES FOR FIELD PERSONNEL

- 1. Eating, drinking, chewing gum or tobacco, smoking, or any practice that increases the probability of hand-to-mouth transfer and ingestion of materials is prohibited in any area where the possibility of contamination exists.
- 2. Hands must be thoroughly washed when leaving a contaminated or suspected contaminated area before eating, drinking, or any other activities.
- Contaminated protective equipment shall not be removed from the work area until it has been properly decontaminated or containerized on site.
- 4. Avoid activities which may cause dust. Removal of materials from protective clothing or equipment by blowing, shaking, or any means which may disperse materials into the air is prohibited.
- 5. Emergency communications shall be prearranged in case unexpected situations arise. Team members should stay close enough to assist each other in the event of any emergency.
- 6. Personnel should be cautioned to inform each other of subjective symptoms of chemical exposure such as headache, dizziness, nausea, and irritation of the respiratory tract.
- 7. At sites with known or suspected contamination, appropriate work areas for field personnel support, contaminant reduction, and exclusion will be designated and maintained.
- 8. KC field personnel are to be thoroughly briefed on the anticipated hazards, equipment requirements, safety practices, emergency procedures, and communications methods.
- 9. All KC field vehicles shall contain a first aid kit and multipurpose portable fire extinguisher.
- 10. Field personnel are specifically prohibited from entering into excavations, trenches, or other confined spaces deeper than 4 feet. Unattended boreholes must be properly covered or otherwise protected.

## **Appendix B**

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

♦ THE FOLLOWING SAFETY EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED ON YOUR JOB SITE ♦

	Photoionization Detector or Flame	Ionization Detect	or : (If drilling)	
	Combustible Gas Detector : (If drilling)		Gas-Tech NP-304	
	Oxygen Indicator: (If drilling)		Gas-Tech NP-304	
	Draeger/Sensidyne Pump and Det	tector tubes : (If dr	illing)	
	Respirator : (If drilling)		Half-face with organic	vapor cartridges.
$\boxtimes$	Protective Clothing:		Coveralls, if desired.	
$\boxtimes$	Chemical Protective Gloves:		Nitrile, minimum 4-mil.	
$\boxtimes$	Decontamination Equipment:		Hand soap, water, pap	er towels.
$\boxtimes$	Steel-toed Boots :	e a	use when appropriate	
	Disposable Boot Covers			
$\boxtimes$	Hearing Protection:	_	use when appropriate	
$\boxtimes$	Safety Glasses :		use when appropriate	
$\boxtimes$	Hard Hat: use when appropriate			
	Caution Tape, Traffic Cones, or Ba	rriers		
	Emergency Eye Wash Fountain			
$\boxtimes$	Fist Aid Kit:		located in KC field vehi	cle
$\boxtimes$	Fire Extinguisher:		located in KC field vehi-	cle
$\boxtimes$	Drinking Water	_		
$\boxtimes$	Rain Gear		use when appropriate	
		e '		12 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
		D. C.		
	N APPROVALS Geologist – Sevin Bilir	804	L	10/7/06
SWD	Safety Officer – Jim Scarr	JAM GOL	Some	10/5/06
Proje	ect Manager –Laura Belt	Trans	MA	10/9/06

## Appendix C



HIGHLINE MEDICAL **GROUP** 

10030 SW 210th Street Vashon, WA 98070

Vashon Health Center

206.463.3671

Hours & Appointments

For urgent Care



VHC's Regular Hours of Operation are:

Monday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Tuesday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Wednesday: 8:30 a.m.-7:00 p.m. Thursday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Friday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m.

Saturday: 8:30 a.m.--12:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m.--4:00 p.m.

Sunday: Closed

Welcome to VHC

In an Emergencycall 911

Hours & Appointments

Provider Profiles

A History of VHC

Sunrise Ridge

During Regular Hours

Call 463-3671 to make an appointment.

After Regular Hours

Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

Urgent Care

Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

## For urgent Care

Directions to Vashon Health Center from VILF/Transfer Station Start address: 18910 Westside Hwy SW, Vashon,

WA 98070

End address: 10030 SW 210th St

Vashon, WA 98070

Distance:

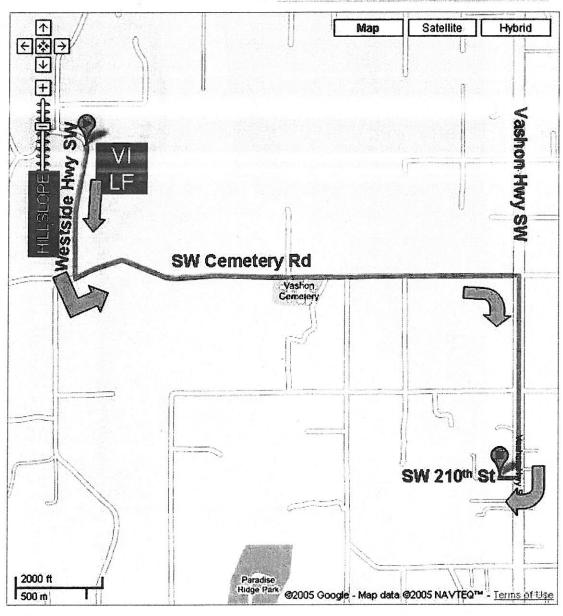
3.5 mi (about 9 mins)

1 Go south on Westside Hwy SW - go 0.6 mi

2 Turn left at SW Cemetery Rd - go 2.0 mi

3. Turn right at Vashon Hwy SW - go 0.9 mi

4. Turn right at SW 210th St - go 0.1 mi



Start address: 18910 Westside Hwy SW Vashon, WA 98070 SW Bunker Trl & Vashon Hwy SW, Vashon, WA 98070 End address:

Distance:

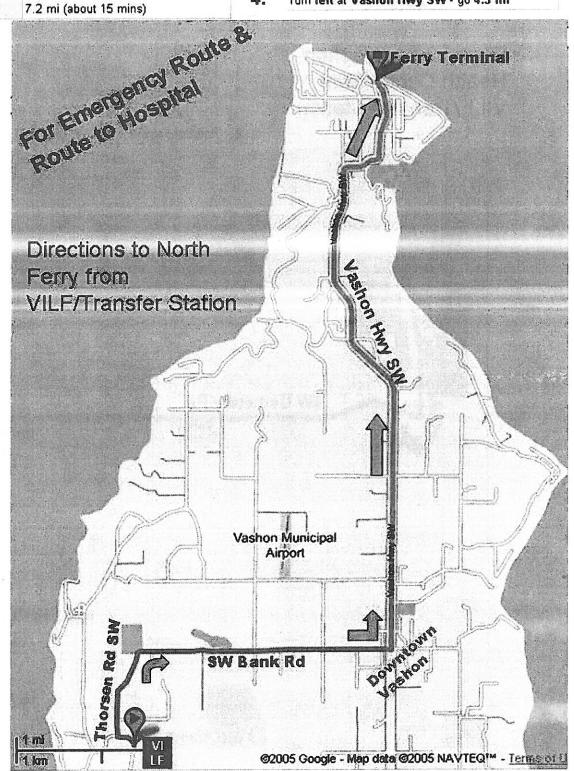
7.2 mi (about 15 mins)

Go north on Westside Hwy SW - go 0.2 mi

2. Turn right at Thorsen Rd SW - go 0.6 mi

3. Continue on SW Bank Rd - go 1.9 mi

Turn left at Vashon Hwy SW - go 4.5 mi



4.

Start address: SW Barton St & Fauntleroy-

Southworth Fry, Seattle, WA 98136

End address:

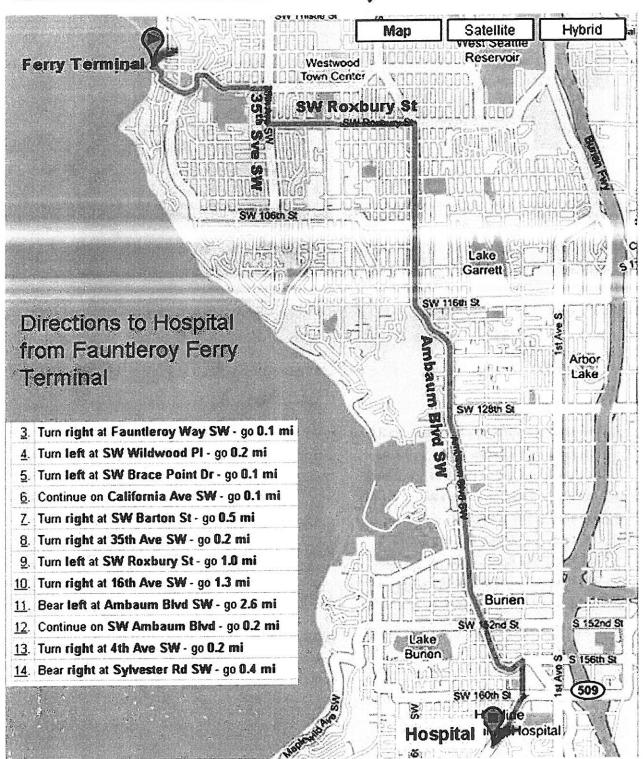
16521 Sylvester Rd SW

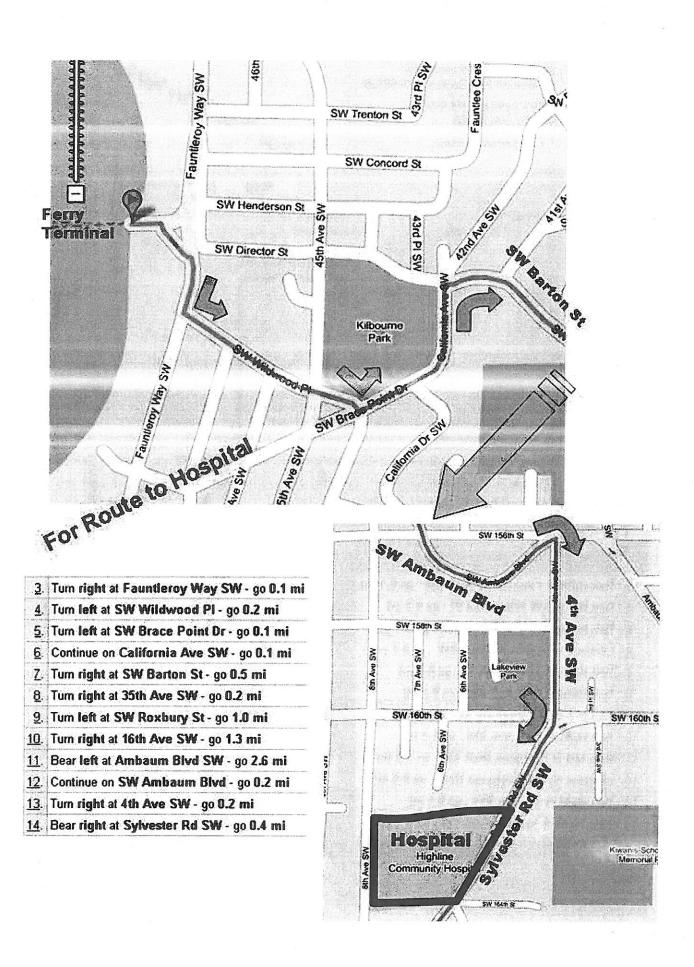
Seattle, WA 98166

Distance:

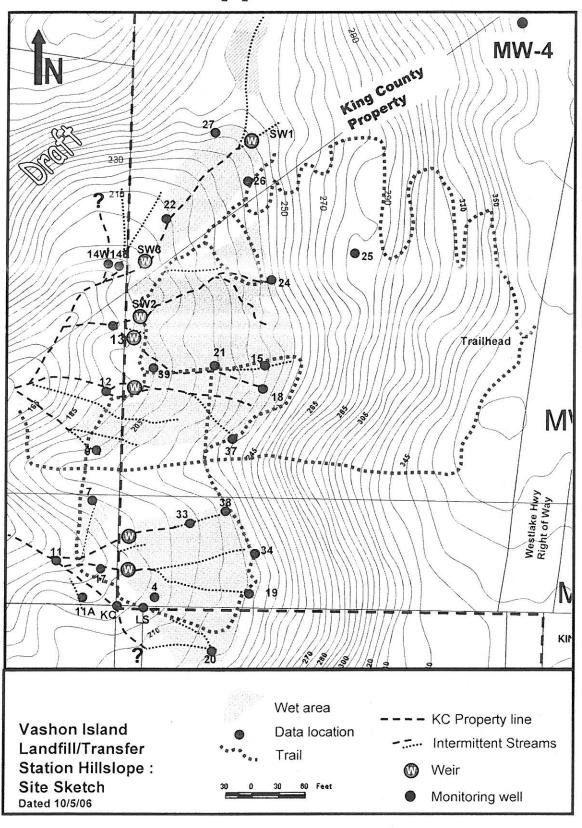
7.1 mi (about 15 mins)

For Route to Hospital





## **Appendix D**



## **Appendix E**

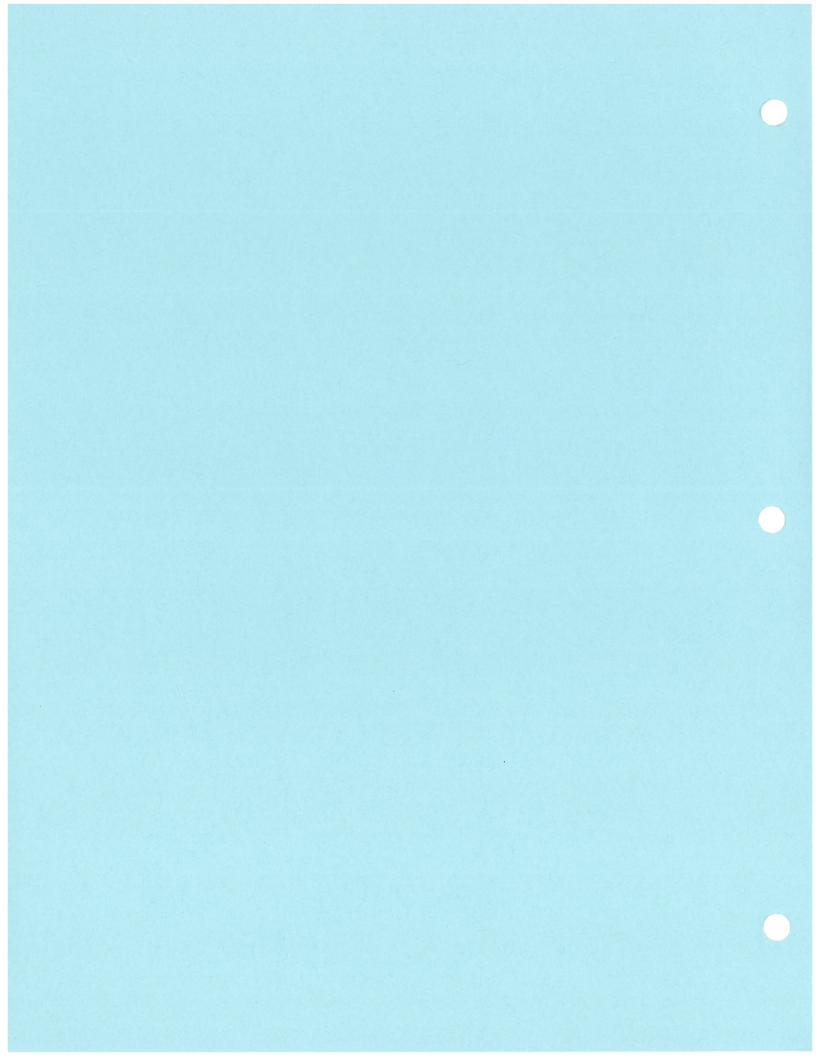
#### SIGNATURE PAGE

SITE:	Vashon Island Landfill / Transfer Station Hillslope		PROJECT NUMBER:	G13580
NOTE:	All KC personnel are to understand and comply with specific practices and guideling Health & Safety Policy Manual regarding field safety and health hazards. This Health			
	been developed for the use of KC			
	personnel on a work site; however,	this plan does not cover	the employees of any oth	er employer on the
6	work site. Nor does this cover the	hazards from typical ac	tivities carried out by KC	personnel in their
	regular job description.			
SIGN-OF	FF: I have read and understand the	ne attached Health & Sa	fety Plan and attached	General Safe Work
	Practices (Appendix A), and agr	ree to comply with the req	uirements described withi	n:
			_	DATE
	NAME	TITL	.E	DATE
		the second section of the sect		2
			-	
		- Avg-1	-	
		18		/2
18				

## **Appendix E**

(continued)

NAME	TITLE	DATE



## **Appendix B.2**

Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs, & Trail Maintenance. April 2007

## Health & Safety Plan Vashon Island Landfill & Transfer Station Hillslope

Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs & Trail Maintenance

April 12, 2007

#### **FINAL**

Version2



Department of Natural Resources and Parks Water and Land Resources Division

**Science Section** 

King Street Center, KSC-NR-0600 201 South Jackson Street, Suite 600 Seattle, WA 98104 206-296-6519 TTY Relay: 711 dnr.metrokc.gov/wlr

## Health & Safety Plan: Vashon Island Landfill & Transfer Station Hillslope

## Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs & Trail Maintenance

#### Prepared for:

Engineering Services Solid Waste Division King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks

#### Submitted by:

Groundwater Group Water & Land Resources Division King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks



Department of Natural Resources and Parks **Water and Land Resources Division** 201 S Jackson St. Ste 600 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 296-6519

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6.0.	Safety & Equipment Procedures	6
7.0.	Key Project Personnel	7
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## **Appendices**

Appendix A General Safe Work Practices

Appendix B Health and Safety Equipment Checklist

Appendix C Emergency Route and Map to Hospital

Appendix D Site Sketch

Appendix E Signature Page

#### 1.0. PROJECT INFORMATION

Conduct hydrologic and hydrogeologic field investigations on the hillslope.

SCOPE OF WORK:

Install weirs and surface water samplers; measure flow from weirs; implement
BMPS for stream pollutants; conduct trail maintenance and sample water from weirs and samplers.

This
HSP does not cover drilling activities.

ORIGINAL START
DATE:

September 18, 2006

CURRENT VERSION
START DATE

April 12, 2007

COMPLETION DATE:

September 1, 2007

Note: This Health & Safety Plan must be re-evaluated and updated annually or when site conditions or scope of work changes.

## 2.0. FACILITY DESCRIPTION & BACKGROUND

TYPE OF FACILITY:	Undeveloped land, west of an inactive municipal solid waste landfill.			
SIZE:	Approximately 140 acres.	BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES:	none	
ACCESS:	Trail, maintained annually.			
TOPOGRAPHY:	Steep to gradual highly vegeta	ated terrain ranging from about	180 to 400 feet above mean	
5	sea level.			
GENERAL GEOLOGIC/F	HYDROLOGIC SETTING:	Site soils consist of glacially de	erived sediments; sand and	
gravel, silt, and clay. Gro	undwater occurs as perched	saturated zones seeping out of	the hillside. Waterways	
emanate from these seep	page areas and flow to the we	st.		
SITE STATUS: Investigatory.				
PREVIOUS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL/WASTE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL METHOD(S): N/A				
SITE HISTORY:  Hillslope appears to have had illegal dumping of garbage near the road in past. Site				
investigations by KC SWD on the hillslope have been ongoing for about 5 years. A trail was constructed in recent				
years to improve access to sampling weirs.				
SPECIAL CONDITIONS/COMMENTS: None.				

#### 3.0. WASTE TYPE (S) / CHARACTERISTICS

ARE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES KN	IOWN TO HAVE BEEN STORED/SPILLED ON SITE?	YES	⊠ NO
SOURCE(S) OF INFORMATION:	1996 Annual Groundwater Data Evaluation Report, Feb	niary 1997:	Landfill
Monitoring Test Results, March 5, 1998			Carram

#### COMPOUNDS POSING HEALTH CONCERN:

	Maximum concentration Encountered or Anticipated			Depth	
Element/Compound	Leachate (ppb)	Groundwater (ppb)	Landfill Gas (%)	(ft below grade)	
Arsenic		300 (dissolved)			
Methane			36 (in waste)		
Vinyl Chloride		35		150	

Note: Recent data shows surface water concentrations of vinyl chloride to be 0.002 ppb (near detection limit).

#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS/COMMENTS:

- Site groundwater and leachate contains arsenic in concentrations exceeding primary drinking water standards.
- Landfill gas contains methane, posing an explosion hazard. Landfill gas will be considered a potential
  explosion hazard during drilling activities in the subsurface.
- Concentrations of volatile organic compounds in landfill gas are not known; therefore, landfill gas will be considered a potential inhalation hazard during drilling activities in the subsurface.
- Landfill gas contains carbon dioxide; therefore, all confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards.

King County	Page 3 of 10	April 200

#### 4.0. HAZARD EVALUATION

#### CHEMICAL:

- Ingestion of arsenic can cause chronic and acute illness.
- Inhalation of landfill gas can cause nausea, acute and chronic illness.
- Oxygen deficiency can cause asphyxiation.
- Vinyl chloride is a class A carcinogen, pathways are absorption, inhalation, and ingestion. Effects can be
  acute and chronic. Inhalation can cause immediate dizziness and/or nausea.

#### PHYSICAL:

- Slip, trip, and fall hazards associated with construction sites and working on undeveloped terrain are potential hazards.
- All confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards.
- Monitor for heat stress when ambient temperatures exceed 75 degrees Fahrenheit.
- Workers are responsible for being aware of all physical hazards associated with the worker's typical duties.

#### OTHER:

- Be aware of traffic on County roads.
- Check work areas for transient inhabitants.
- Buddy system is preferred. If working alone, worker should report to project personnel (Sevin Bilir or Laura Belt) of planned activities. In addition, when leaving the site, that worker should call in to project contact to report that they are no longer on the hillslope.

King County

#### **5.0. OPERATIONS PLAN**

VICINITY MAP	/ EMERGENCY ROUTE	/ ROUTE TO HOSPITAL:
--------------	-------------------	----------------------

See Appendix C

SITE SKETCH:

See Appendix D

UNDERGROUND UTILITY CLEARANCE PERFORMED ON:

Not performed due to undeveloped land.

**FIELD METHOD(S):** Installation of weirs, surface water samplers, BMPs and conducting trail maintenance involve use of shovels, moving of wet soil, fallen tree debris, and rock. Use of small battery or gas-operated tools may be used. Sampling of water from weirs and samplers and measuring of flow at weirs will follow procedures in the SWD QAPP. (KC SWD, 2006)

COMMENTS: NO CONFINED SPACE ENTRY SHALL BE PERMITTED UNDER THIS SAFETY PLAN.

April 2007

### 6.0. SAFETY & EQUIPMENT PROCEDURES

INITIAL LEVEL OF PROTECTION: C 🖂 D
REQUIRED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Standard Level D safety equipment. Protective clothing
should be used as applicable per activity. Protective gloves should be worn when conducting invasive work into the
subsurface or streams. For activities contracted to non-SWD personnel, their proper work and safety procedures
should be followed for the duties they typically perform.
AIR MONITORING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES: No air monitoring will be conducted, unless field work
involves drilling into the subsurface. This activity is covered under another HSP specific for drilling on the hillslope.
ACTION LEVELS: N/A
COMMUNICATIONS: Immediately communicate questionable site conditions to project managers and the SWD
Safety Officer at earliest reasonable opportunity.
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Wash face and hands before eating or leaving site.

### 7.0. KEY PROJECT PERSONNEL

SITE WORK TEAM (name/responsibility)		1.	Sevin Bilir; KC WLRD Hydrogeologist	
2. King County WLRD personnel		3.	King County SWD personnel	
4. King County Health Dept. personnel		5.	State of WA Dept. of Ecology personnel	
King County DOT personnel		7.	WCC Crew personnel	
INITIAL ENTRY BRIEFING DATE: DRAFT Sept 18, 2006			LOCATION:	KSC, WLRD office
CURRENT VERSION BRIEFING DATE:	Start of work, daily.		LOCATION:	Field Site

SPECIAL CONDITIONS (e.g., work schedule or limitations): Work is to be conducted during daylight hours.

Personnel need to be off the hillslope by  $4:30\ \mathrm{pm}.$ 

#### 8.0. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

ACUTE EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS(S):	FIRST AID:
Eyes – slight to severe irritation.	Flush with water for 15 minutes.
Skin – irritation, redness, edema, drying.	Wash with soap and water.
Respiratory – dizziness, irritation of eyes, nose, throat vomiting, bluish skin, CNS effects.	Remove to fresh air.
Ingestion.	Call physician.

#### NEAREST HOSPITAL / EMERGENCY MEDICAL CENTER (see attached map & Table 1)

Highline Medical Center (HMC); 16251 Sylvester Rd. S.W., Burien, WA. 98166

#### EMERGENCY ROUTE: (see attached map in Appendix C)

From the landfill travel north on Westside HWY:

- Turn right onto Thorsen Rd SW.
- Turn left onto Vashon HWY SW. Continue north to the ferry terminal. Proceed on to the Ferry going to Fauntleroy.
- Turn right onto Fauntleroy Way SW.
- Turn left onto SW Wildwood Pl.
- Turn left at SW Brace Point Dr. Continue on California Ave SW.
- Turn right at SW Barton St.
- Turn Right at 35th Ave SW.
- Turn left at SW Roxbury St.
- Turn right at 16th Ave SW. Bear left at Ambaum Blvd SW; continue on Ambaum Blvd SW.
- Turn right at 4th Ave SW. Bear right at Sylvester Rd SW. The hospital is on the right.

**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (See Table 1)** 

Ambulance, Police, Fire	911
Hospital (HMC)	206-244-9970
Emergency Dept. at Hospital (HMC)(messages checked immediately)	206-431-5314
Fire Department	911

#### 9.0. REFERENCES

- King County Solid Waste Division (KC SWD). 1999 (Revised 2005). Quality Assurance Project Plan for Environmental Monitoring for King County Solid Waste Facilities. Prepared by Engineering Services Section. Draft.
- Udaloy Environmental Services (UES). 2003. Site Safety Operations Plan (SWD Project Number A25-003.01). Prepared by Anne Udaloy. July 9.

King County Page 9 of 10 April 2007

Table 1. List of Emergency Contacts

CONTACT	NAME	TELEPHONE WORK	CELL (C)
Ambulance	Emergency	911	
	Island Emergency Care Inc. (Non-emergency Vashon Ambulance Service)	206-463-9673	206-463-9673 (C)
Hospital	Highline Medical Center - Burien	206-244-9970	
Vashon Health Center		206-463-3671	
Poison Control Center		800-732-6985	
Police	King County Sheriff	911	
Fire Department	King County	911	
National Response Center		800-424-8802	
King County Department of	Laura Belt (PM)	206-296-8485	206-683-5591(C)
Natural Resources and Parks, Solid Waste Division	Ann Holmes	206-296-4424	206-999-5789(C)
	Tom Theno	206-296-8483	
	Jim Scarr (Safety Officer)	206-296-0497	
King County Department of	Sevin Bilir (Site Hydrogeologist)	206-296-8029	206-437-8616
Natural Resources and Parks, Water & Land	Dan T Smith (Stream Gager)	206-296-8007	206-291-7173
Division	Dave Funke (Smith's Supervisor)	206-296-8066	
	Eric Ferguson (Hydrogeologist)	206-263-6512	
	Kyle Comanor (Hydrologist)	206-684-1272	
	Jim Simmonds (Bilir's Supervisor)	206-296-1986	- 8
,	Reception Desk 6th Floor	206-296-0192	
	Paul Adler (WLRD WCC Contact)	206-296-8396	206-423-3626
	Justin Zarzezney (WCC Supervisor)		206-914-9445

# Appendix A

#### **GENERAL SAFE WORK PRACTICES**

Field operations for this project shall be conducted in accordance with the minimum safety practices described below required for KC employees.

#### SAFETY PRACTICES FOR FIELD PERSONNEL

- 1. Eating, drinking, chewing gum or tobacco, smoking, or any practice that increases the probability of hand-tomouth transfer and ingestion of materials is prohibited in any area where the possibility of contamination exists.
- 2. Hands must be thoroughly washed when leaving a contaminated or suspected contaminated area before eating, drinking, or any other activities.
- 3. Contaminated protective equipment shall not be removed from the work area until it has been properly decontaminated or containerized on site.
- 4. Avoid activities which may cause dust. Removal of materials from protective clothing or equipment by blowing, shaking, or any means which may disperse materials into the air is prohibited.
- Emergency communications shall be prearranged in case unexpected situations arise. Team members should stay close enough to assist each other in the event of any emergency.
- Personnel should be cautioned to inform each other of subjective symptoms of chemical exposure such as headache, dizziness, nausea, and irritation of the respiratory tract.
- 7. At sites with known or suspected contamination, appropriate work areas for field personnel support, contaminant reduction, and exclusion will be designated and maintained.
- 8. KC field personnel are to be thoroughly briefed on the anticipated hazards, equipment requirements, safety practices, emergency procedures, and communications methods.
- 9. All KC field vehicles shall contain a first aid kit and multipurpose portable fire extinguisher.
- Field personnel are specifically prohibited from entering into excavations, trenches, or other confined spaces deeper than 4 feet. Unattended boreholes must be properly covered or otherwise protected.

# **Appendix B**

Health & Safety Plan : Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs, and Trail Maintenance Dated April 12, 2007

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

 $\diamond$  THE FOLLOWING SAFETY EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED ON YOUR JOB SITE  $\diamond$ 

	Photoionization Detector or Flame Ionization Detector : (If drilling)				
	Combustible Gas Detector : (If dri	lling) Gas-Tech NP-304			
	Oxygen Indicator : (If drilling)	Gas-Tech NP-304			
	Draeger/Sensidyne Pump and De	tector tubes : (If drilling)			
	Respirator : (If drilling)	Half-face with orga	nic vapor cartridges.		
$\boxtimes$	Protective Clothing:	Coveralls, if desire	d		
$\boxtimes$	Chemical Protective Gloves:	Nitrile, minimum 4-	mil.		
$\boxtimes$	Decontamination Equipment:	Hand soap, water,	paper towels.		
$\boxtimes$	Steel-toed Boots :	use when appropri	ate		
	Disposable Boot Covers				
$\boxtimes$	Hearing Protection:	use when appropris	ate		
$\boxtimes$	Safety Glasses :	use when appropria	ate		
$\boxtimes$	Hard Hat :	use when appropria	ate		
	Caution Tape, Traffic Cones, or Ba	arriers			
	Emergency Eye Wash Fountain				
$\boxtimes$	Fist Aid Kit :	located in KC field	vehicle		
$\boxtimes$	Fire Extinguisher:	located in KC field	vehicle		
$\boxtimes$	Drinking Water				
$\boxtimes$	Rain Gear	use when appropria	ate		
	7				
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	AN APPROVALS d Geologist – Sevin Bilir	SOPIL	<u>4/12/07</u>		
SW	D Safety Officer - Jim Scarr	STATION	04/12/07		
Pro	ject Manager –Laura Belt	Trame Must	4/12/07		
		Signature	Date		

# **Appendix C**



HIGHLINE MEDICAL GROUP

10030 SW 210th Street Vashon, WA 98070 Vashon Health Center

206.463.3671

Hours & Appointments



For urgent Care

VHC's Regular Hours of Operation are:

Monday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Tuesday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Wednesday: 8:30 a.m.--7:00 p.m. Thursday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Friday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m.

Saturday: 8:30 a.m.--12:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m.--4:00 p.m.

Sunday: Closed

Welcome to VHC

In an Emergencycall 911

Hours & Appointments

Provider Profiles

A History of VHC

Sunrise Ridge

During Regular Hours

Call 463-3671 to make an appointment.

After Regular Hours

Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

Urgent Care

Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

# For urgent Care

Directions to Vashon Health Center from VILF/Transfer Station Start address: 18910 Westside Hwy SW, Vashon,

WA 98070

End address: 10030 SW 210th St

Vashon, WA 98070

Distance:

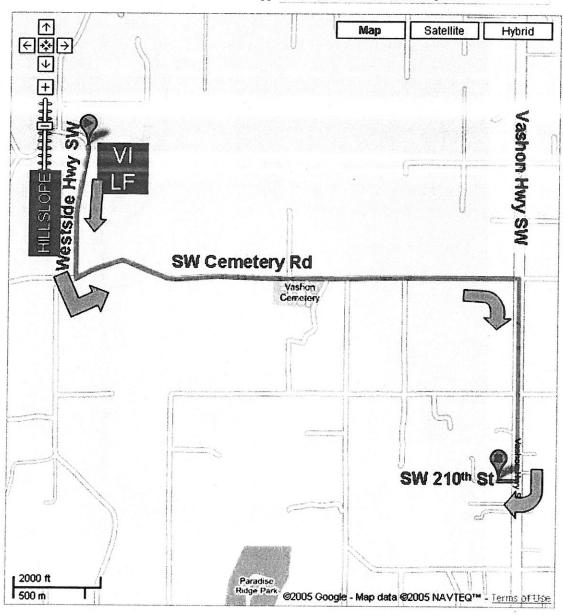
3.5 mi (about 9 mins)

1. Go south on Westside Hwy SW - go 0.6 mi

2. Turn left at SW Cemetery Rd - go 2.0 mi

3. Turn right at Vashon Hwy SW - go 0.9 mi

4. Turn right at SW 210th St - go 0.1 mi



Start address: 18910 Westside Hwy SW

Vashon, WA 98070

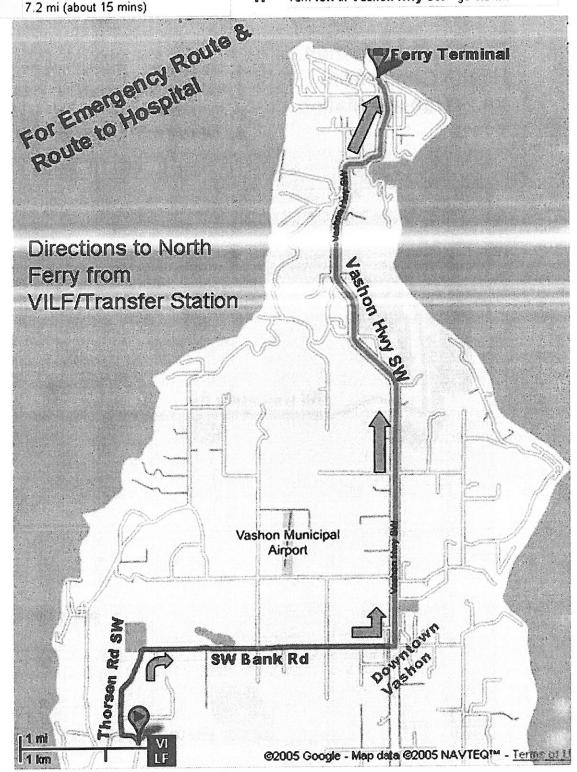
SW Bunker Trl & Vashon Hwy SW, End address:

Vashon, WA 98070

Distance:

7.2 mi (about 15 mins)

- Go north on Westside Hwy SW - go 0.2 mi
- Turn right at Thorsen Rd SW go 0.6 mi 2.
- 3. Continue on SW Bank Rd - go 1.9 mi
- 4. Turn left at Vashon Hwy SW - go 4.5 mi



Start address: SW Barton St & Fauntleroy-

Southworth Fry, Seattle, WA 98136

End address:

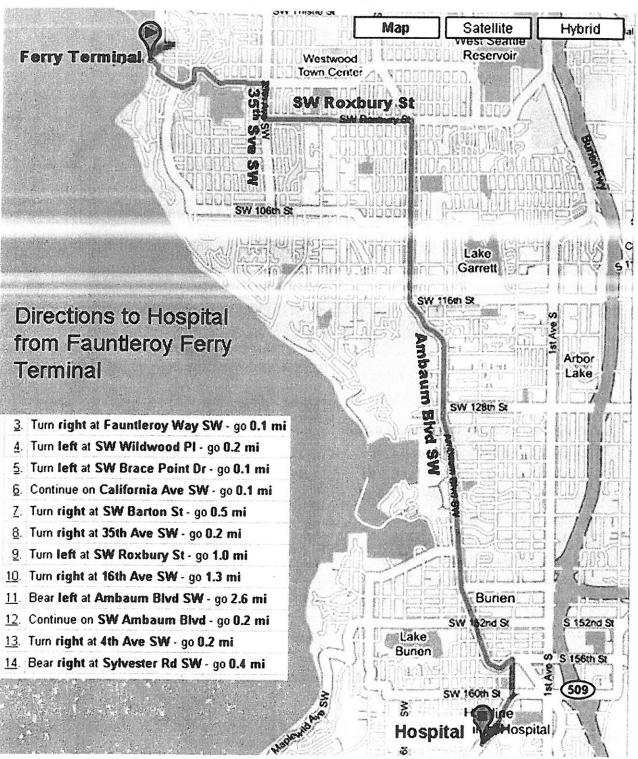
16521 Sylvester Rd SW

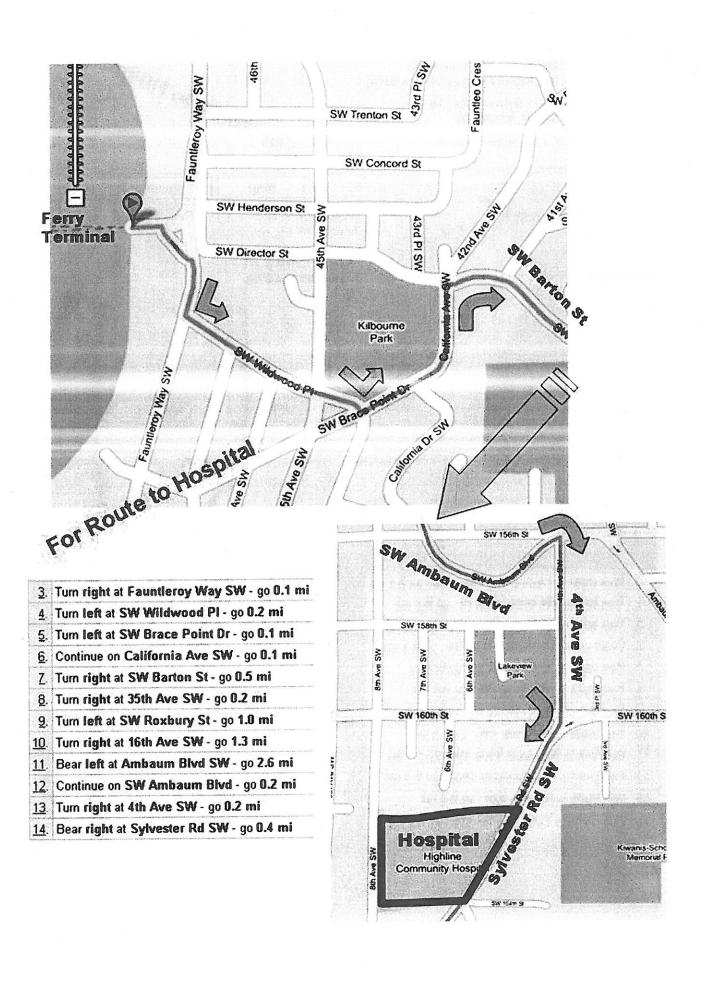
Seattle, WA 98166

Distance:

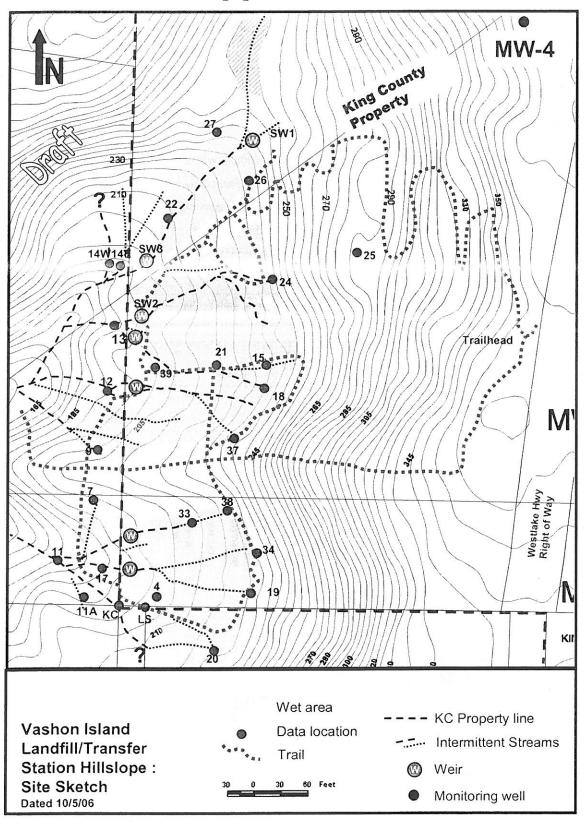
7.1 mi (about 15 mins)

For Route to Hospital





# **Appendix D**



# **Appendix E**

Health & Safety Plan : Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs, and Trail Maintenance Dated April 12, 2007

#### SIGNATURE PAGE

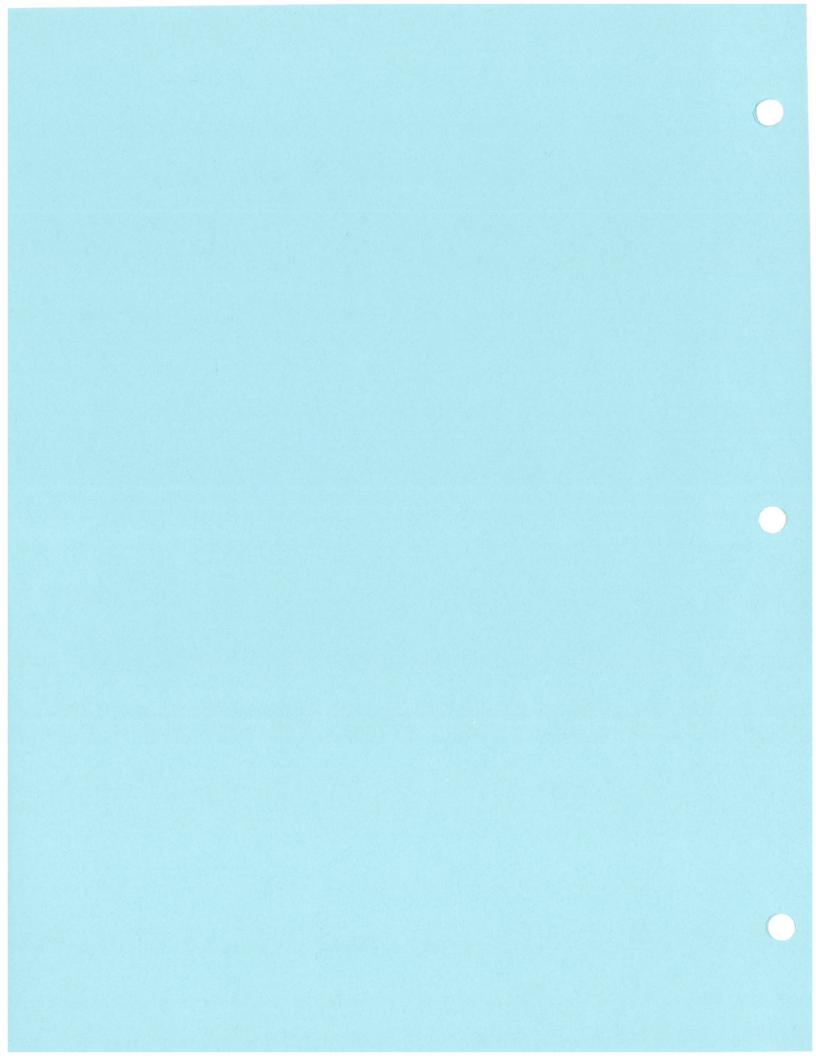
SITE:	Vashon Island Landfill / Transfer Stat	ion Hillslope	PROJECT NUMBER:	G13580
NOTE: Vashon Island Landfill / Transfer Station Hillslope   PROJECT NUMBER: G13580  All KC and WCC personnel are to understand and comply with specific practices and guidelines as described in the Health & Safety Policy Manual regarding field safety and health hazards. This Health & Safety Plan has been developed for the use of KC and WCC personnel only. KC makes this plan available for review by other personnel on a work site; however, this plan does not cover the employees of any other employer on the work site. Nor does this cover the hazards from typical activities carried out by KC personnel in their regular job description.  SIGN-OFF: I have read and understand the attached Health & Safety Plan and attached General Safe Work				
-	Practices (Appendix A), and agree	ee to comply with the req	uirements described with	in:
	NAME	TITL	.E	DATE
	Signatu	res on	file	

# **Appendix E**

Health & Safety Plan : Weirs, Water Sampling, BMPs, and Trail Maintenance Dated April 12, 2007

(continued)

NAME	TITLE	DATE	
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# **Appendix B.3**

Western Hillslope Sampling
Activities. April 2010.

# **HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN**

# West Hillslope Sampling Activities

# Vashon Island Transfer Station & Closed Landfill

April 2010

FINAL



Department of Natural Resources and Parks Water and Land Resources Division Science and Technical Support Section King Street Center, KSC-NR-0600 201 South Jackson Street, Suite 600 Seattle, WA 98104 http://www.kingcounty.gov/environment/wl

# Health & Safety Plan: West Hillslope Sampling Activities

# Vashon Island Transfer Station & Closed Landfill

#### Prepared for:

Landfill and Environmental Monitoring
Engineering Services
Solid Waste Division
King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks

#### Submitted by:

Hydrologic Services
Water Quality and Quantity Unit
Scientific and Technical Support Section
Water and Land Resources Division
King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks



Department of Natural Resources and Parks Water and Land Resources Division 201 S. Jackson St., Ste. 600 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 296-6519

# **Table of Contents**

SECTION SECTION				
1.0.	Project Information			
2.0.	Facility Description & Background			
3.0.	Waste Type (s) / Characteristics			
4.0.	Hazard Evaluation			
5.0.	Operations Plan			
6.0.	Safety & Equipment Procedures.			
7.0.	Key Project Personnel			
8.0.	Emergency Procedures			
9.0.	References			
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AP	pendices			
Appendi	x A General Safe Work Practices for Field Personnel and Health & Safety Equipment Checklist; Heat-Related Illness Prevention Program; Worker Safety Tips – Heat Stress; Protective tips for cold environment workers; Cold Stress Card			
Appendi	x B Directions to Urgent Care on Island			
Appendi	x C Directions to Emergency Care off Island (following the ambulance)			
Appendi	endix D King County Vehicle Emergency Plan			
Appendi	x E Plan Approval and Signature Page			

#### 1.0. PROJECT INFORMATION

SITE:	Vashon Island Transfer Station & Closed Landfill: West Hillslope			
DATE:	April 2010	PREPARED BY:		
LOCATION:	West of landfill (18910 Westside Hwy SW)	PROJECT NUMBER:	G13580	
	Vashon Island, WA	PROJECT MANAGER:	Dan, Swope, SWD	

OBJECTIVES: Conduct hy

Conduct hydrogeologic field investigations on the west hillslope.

SCOPE OF WORK:

**PROJECT** 

Sample water from weirs, 2-inch monitoring wells, and seep samplers on the

west hillslope. This includes all related activities to the sampling events.

THIS DOCUMENT <u>DOES NOT</u> COVER ANY INTRUSIVE ACTIVITIES, CONFINED SPACE ACTIVITIES

OR USE OF PASSIVE AND/OR ACTIVE AIR PURIFYING OR SUPPLYING EQUIPMENT.

START DATE:

April 2010

COMPLETION

DATE:

May 1, 2011

Note: This Health & Safety Plan (HSP) must be re-evaluated and updated annually. In the event of a change in site conditions or scope of work, the HSP will be updated regardless of the annual update.

# 2.0. FACILITY DESCRIPTION & BACKGROUND

TYPE OF FACILITY:	Undeveloped land, we	st of a closed munic	ripal solid waste landfill.	
SIZE:	~ 140 acres.	BUILDINGS / STRUCTURES:	Weirs, wells, seep samplers, & wood walkways	
ACCESS:	Trail, maintained occas	ionally		
		<del></del>		
TOPOGRAPHY:	Steep to gradual, highly	y vegetated terrain	ranging from about 180 to 400 feet above	
	mean sea level.			
GENERAL GEOL	OGIC/HYDROLOGIC SE	Site soi	ls consist of glacially derived sediments;	
sand and gravel, s	ilt, and clay. Groundwate	er occurs as perche	d saturated zones seeping out of the hillside.	
Water seeps from these seepage areas and flow downhill to the west.				
SITE STATUS:	Investigatory.			
PREVIOUS HAZAI	RDOUS MATERIALWAS	STE STORAGE AN	ID DISPOSAL METHOD(S): N/A	
SITE HISTORY:	Hillslope appears to ha	ave had illegal dump	ping of garbage (lots of glass debris) near	
the road. Site investigations by KC SWD on the hillslope have been ongoing for about 10 years. Trails				
were marked in to improve access to sampling points. Trail walkways, seepage samplers, wells and weirs				
recently installed in	the last 5 years.			
SPECIAL CONDIT	IONS / COMMENTS:		None.	

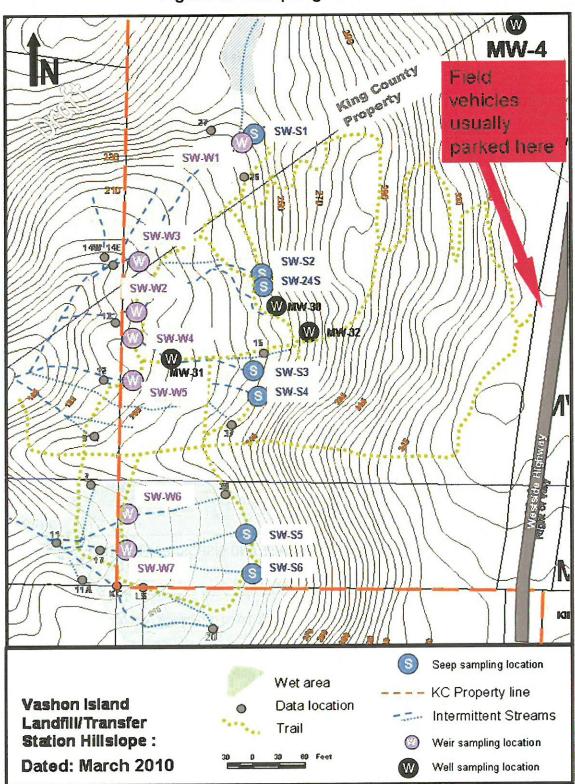


Figure 1: Sampling Locations

King County Page 3 of 11 April 2010

### 3.0. WASTE TYPE (S) / CHARACTERISTICS

ARE HAZARDOUS	SUBSTANCES KNOWN	TO HAVE BEEN STORED /
	OODO ITHIOLO INTO WIT	TO HAVE DELLY STOKED!

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. 4	IVES	$\times$	NC
			111

#### SPILLED ON SITE?

#### SOURCE(S) OF INFORMATION:

- 2006 Annual Groundwater Data Evaluation Report (KC SWD 2007)
- Landfill Monitoring Test Results, March 5, 1998. (UES, 2003).
- SWD Database (SWD, February 2008)

#### COMPOUNDS POSING HEALTH CONCERN:

Maximum concentration Encountered or Anticipated in Cc2 and Cc3 Sands			Surface Water	
Element/ Compound	Depth (feet below grade)	Groundwater (ppb)	Landfill Gas (%)	(ppb)
Arsenic	126	110 *2 (dissolved)		6.1*3
Methane			36 (in waste)	
Vinyl Chloride	126	13*2		2.8*1

Note: \*1 SW-S4 highest result in 2007. \*2 MW-5D highest result in 2007. \*3 SW-S3 highest result in 2007.

#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS / COMMENTS:

- Site groundwater contains arsenic in concentrations exceeding primary drinking water standards.
- Landfill gas contains methane, posing an explosion hazard. Landfill gas will be considered a
  potential explosion hazard during intrusive activities in the subsurface, such as digging.
- Concentrations of volatile organic compounds in landfill gas are not known; therefore, landfill gas
  will be considered a potential inhalation hazard during intrusive activities in the subsurface, such as
  digging.
- Landfill gas contains carbon dioxide; therefore, all confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards. This document does not cover confined space entry. This document does not cover use of any active and/or air purifying or supplying equipment.

King County Page 4 of 11 April 2010

#### 4.0. HAZARD EVALUATION

#### CHEMICAL:

- Ingestion of arsenic can cause chronic and acute illness.
- Inhalation of landfill gas can cause nausea, acute and chronic illness. (not expected in non-intrusive activities).
- Methane gas mixed oxygen can cause explosion hazards. (not expected in non-intrusive activities).
- Vinyl chloride is a class A carcinogen; pathways are absorption, inhalation, and ingestion.
   Effects can be acute and chronic. Inhalation can cause immediate dizziness and/or nausea.
   (Inhalation of vinyl chloride not expected during non-intrusive activities.)
- Oxygen deficiency can cause asphyxiation. (not expected in non-intrusive or non-confined spaces)

#### PHYSICAL:

- Slip, trip, and fall hazards associated with construction sites and working on undeveloped terrain are
  potential hazards.
- Moving parts on the sampling pump equipment can be hazardous; workers shall not operate
  equipment they are not trained to use.
- Workers are responsible for being aware of all hazards associated with the worker's typical duties.
- All confined or potentially confined spaces will be considered asphyxiation hazards. This document does not cover confined space entry. This document does not cover use of any active and/or air purifying or supplying equipment.
- Monitor for cold or heat stress when ambient temperatures are below 50 degrees or exceed 75
  degrees Fahrenheit, respectively. Due to the expected timing of the job in the winter, cold stress is
  more likely the issue. A vehicle will be provided as a heat source, if necessary.
- When sampling wells, be careful to not splash sample water onto exposed skin.

#### OTHER:

- Be aware of traffic on County roads.
- Check work areas for transient inhabitants.
- Buddy system is preferred. If working alone, worker should report to project personnel of planned
  activities and when leaving the site, worker should call in to report they are no longer on the hillslope.

King County Page 5 of 11 April 2010

#### 5.0. OPERATIONS PLAN

VICINITY MAP / EMERGENCY ROUTE / ROUTE TO HOSPITAL:	See Appendices B and C
SITE SKETCH:	See Figure 1
UNDERGROUND UTILITY CLEARANCE NOT PERFORMED	( undeveloped land)

FIELD METHOD(S): Sampling of weirs, seepage samplers, and wells will follow as close as possible to procedures in the SWD QAPP (KC SWD, 2006). Seeps are sampled similarly to wells.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS: Special care with regards to transporting sampling equipment to and from locations, including lifting and moving ice chests of sample bottles and backpacks with samples, should be taken to ensure worker safety. The steepness of the terrain and the soft and/or slippery nature of the soils should be taken into consideration when carrying equipment and navigating at the site.

**COMMENTS:** NO CONFINED SPACE ENTRY SHALL BE PERMITTED UNDER THIS DOCUMENT. NO ACTIVITES REQUIRING USE OF ACTIVE AND/OR AIR PURIFYING OR SUPPLYING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PERMITTED UNDER THIS DOCUMENT.

King County Page 6 of 11 April 2010

# 6.0. SAFETY & EQUIPMENT PROCEDURES

INITIAL LEVEL OF PROTECTION:   C  D
REQUIRED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Standard Level D safety equipment. Protective clothing should be used as applicable per activity. Appendix A for the "Health and Safety Equipment Checklist".
Appropriate clothing should be used for weather conditions. Appendix A contains information for the King County Heat-Related Illness Prevention Program; Worker Safety Tips – Heat Stress; Protective tips for cold environment workers; and the Cold Stress Card.
For activities contracted to non-KC personnel, their proper work and safety procedures contained in their Health & Safety Plan should be followed for the duties they typically perform.
AIR MONITORING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES: No activities require use of air monitoring activities.
ACTION LEVELS: If unusual and unexpected odors are encountered during sampling activities, the area will be evacuated and work discontinued pending review and improvement of safety controls by the SWD Safety Officer.
COMMUNICATIONS: Immediately communicate any unusual or unexpected odors to the site supervisor; communicate questionable site conditions to project managers and the SWD Safety Officer at earliest reasonable opportunity.
DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES: Rinse face and hands upon leaving site and wash hands prior to eating.

King County Page 7 of 11 April 2010

### 7.0. KEY PROJECT PERSONNEL

SIT	E WORK TEAM (name / responsibility)			
1.	Sevin Bilir; KC WLRD Hydrogeologist		State of WA, D	Department of Ecology personnel
3.	8. King County DNRP WLRD personnel		King County S	WD personnel
5.	Seattle/King County Health Dept. personnel	6.		,
7.		8.		
EN <sup>-</sup>	TRY BRIEFING DATE: See Appendix E		LOCATION:	Site

SPECIAL CONDITIONS (e.g., work schedule or limitations): Work is to be conducted during daylight hours. Personnel need to be off the hillslope by 4:30 pm. During the longer daylight hours in the summer, departure times that are later than 4:30 pm should be approved of with site manager.

Restroom facilities are at the road elevation, about a 5-15 minute walk uphill from the borehole sites.

King County

#### 8.0. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

ACUTE EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS(S):	FIRST AID:
Eyes – slight to severe irritation.	Flush with water for 15 minutes.
Skin – irritation, redness, edema, drying.	Wash with soap and water.
Respiratory – dizziness, irritation of eyes, nose, throat vomiting, bluish skin, CNS effects.	Remove to fresh air.
Ingestion.	Call physician.

NEAREST HOSPITAL / EMERGENCY MEDICAL CENTER (see Appendices B and C maps & Table 1)

Highline Medical Center; 16251 Sylvester Rd. S.W., Burien, WA. 98166

#### EMERGENCY ROUTE: (see attached map in Appendix C)

From the landfill travel north on Westside HWY:

- Turn right onto Thorsen Rd SW.
- Turn left onto Vashon HWY SW. Continue north to ferry terminal. Get onto Ferry to Fauntleroy.
- Turn right onto Fauntleroy Way SW.
- Turn left onto SW Wildwood Pl.
- Turn left at SW Brace Point Dr. Continue on California Ave SW.
- Turn right at SW Barton St.
- Turn Right at 35th Ave SW.
- Turn left at SW Roxbury St.
- Turn right at 16th Ave SW. Bear left at Ambaum Blvd SW; continue on Ambaum Blvd SW.
- Turn right at 4th Ave SW. Bear right at Sylvester Rd SW. The hospital is on the right.

#### EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (See Table 1 for more numbers)

Ambulance, Police, Fire	911
Hospital (HMC)	206-244-9970
Emergency Dept. at Hospital (HMC) (messages checked immediately)	206-431-5314
Fire Department	911

### 9.0. REFERENCES

- King County Solid Waste Division (KC SWD). 1999 (Revised 2005). Quality Assurance Project Plan for Environmental Monitoring for King County Solid Waste Facilities. Prepared by Engineering Services Section. Draft.
- King County Solid Waste Division (KC SWD). 2007. Vashon Island Closed Landfill; 2006 Annual Groundwater Data Evaluation Report. April.
- Udaloy Environmental Services (UES). 2003. Site Safety Operations Plan (SWD Project Number A25-003.01). Prepared by Anne Udaloy. July 9.

King County

Table 1. List of Emergency Contacts

CONTACT	NAME	TELEPHONE	CELL (C)
		WORK	OFFICE (O)
			PAGER (P))
Ambulance	Emergency	911	
	Island Emergency Care Inc.	206-463-9671	
	(Non-emergency Vashon Ambulance Service)		
Hospital	Highline Medical Center - Burien	206-244-9970	
Vashon Health Center		206-463-3671	
Poison Control Center		800-222-1222	
Police	King County Sheriff	911	
Fire Department	King County	911	
National Response Center		800-424-8802	
King County Department of	Dan Swope (PM)	206-296-8456	206-296-4411 (O)
Natural Resources and	Ann Holmes	206-296-4424	206-999-5789 (C)
Parks, Solid Waste Division	Jim Scarr (Safety Officer)	206-296-0497	206-396-5595 (C)
			206-559-5457 (P)
King County Department of	Sevin Bilir (Site Hydrogeologist)	206-296-8029	206-437-8616 (C)
Natural Resources and	Eric Ferguson (Hydrogeologist)	206-263-6512	
Parks, Water & Land Division	Jim Simmonds (Bilir's Supervisor)	206-296-1986	
DIVISION	Reception Desk 6th Floor	206-296-0192	

King County Page 11 of 11 April 2010

### Appendix A

#### GENERAL SAFE WORK PRACTICES FOR FIELD PERSONNEL

Field operations for this project shall be conducted in accordance with the minimum safety practices described below required for KC employees.

- 1. Eating, drinking, chewing gum or tobacco, smoking, or *any practice that increases the probability of hand-to-mouth transfer and ingestion of materials is prohibited* in any area where the possibility of contamination exists.
- 2. Hands must be thoroughly washed when leaving a contaminated or suspected contaminated area before eating, drinking, or any other activities.
- Contaminated protective equipment shall not be removed from the site until it has been properly decontaminated or containerized on site.
- 4. Avoid activities which may cause dust. Removal of materials from protective clothing or equipment by blowing, shaking, or any means which may disperse materials into the air is prohibited.
- 5. Communications between members must be maintained at all times. Emergency communications shall be prearranged in case unexpected situations arise. Team members should stay close enough to assist each other in the event of any emergency.
- 6. *Personnel should be cautioned to inform each other of subjective symptoms* of chemical exposure such as headache, dizziness, nausea, and irritation of the respiratory tract.
- At sites with known or suspected contamination, appropriate work areas for field personnel support, contaminant reduction, and exclusion will be designated and maintained.
- 8. All KC field vehicles shall contain a first aid kit and multipurpose portable fire extinguisher.
- 9. Field personnel are specifically prohibited from entering into excavations, trenches, or other confined spaces deeper than 4 feet.

#### **HEALTH & SAFETY EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST**

 $\diamond$  THE FOLLOWING SAFETY EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED ON THIS JOB SITE  $\diamond$ 

$\boxtimes$	Protective Clothing :	Coveralls, if desired.
$\boxtimes$	Chemical Protective Gloves :	Nitrile, minimum 4-mil.
$\boxtimes$	Decontamination Equipment:	Water, paper towels.
$\boxtimes$	Safety Glasses :	use when appropriate
$\boxtimes$	First Aid Kit:	located in KC field vehicle
$\boxtimes$	Fire Extinguisher:	located in KC field vehicle
$\boxtimes$	Drinking Water	located in KC field vehicle



Department of Natural Resources and Parks Solid Waste Division

#### Heat-Related Illness Prevention Program

WAC 296-62-095

The requirements of WAC 296-62-095, Heat-Related Illness in the Outdoor Environment, requires employers to create a written Heat-Related Illness (HRI) Prevention Program.

The following Heat-Related Illness Prevention Program contains at least the **minimal** program elements required under WAC 296-62-095; **additional** elements have been added to protect workers in their specific work situations.

Program Elements	see page
Policy Statement	1
Hazard Evaluation (where the HRI hazards are)	2
Methods of Evaluation (how HRI hazards were evaluated)	2
Exposure Determination (who is exposed to HRI hazards)	3
Prevention Actions (how HRI will be prevented)	4-6
Training	6
First Aid Awareness and Actions (actions to take if HRI happens)	6-7
Heat Index	8

POLICY STATEMENT

King County
Department of Natural Resources and Parks
Solid Waste Division

Effective June 5, 2007

## Heat-Related Illness Policy:

It is the policy of The King County Solid Waste Division (SWD) that all affected employees are required to comply with this Heat-Related Illness policy and are encouraged to actively participate in identifying ways to reduce the risk of experiencing heat-related illness in the work place.

Supervisors and Leads are responsible for the safety of their employees and as a part of their daily duties must check the workplace for unsafe conditions, monitor the health and safety of their employees, and take prompt action in response to any identified Heat-Related Illness hazards.

Management will initiate and maintain this Heat-Related Illness program.

## HAZARD EVALUATION

The Safety Officer for the Solid Waste Division has identified the following HRI environmental hazards at roofing worksites:

- High Heat and elevated humidity may occur during the hot months of June, July, August, and September;
- Lack of access to shade while working outside performing routine tasks;
- Heavy clothing including coveralls, hard hats, boots and gloves, and additional PPE, depending on job duties, to protect workers from various work related hazards, and to protect skin from excessive UV sun exposure; and
- Body harnesses for fall protection, which may restrict air circulation in clothing for cooling.

## METHODS OF EVALUATION

The Supervisor and Lead, use the following methods on a day-to-day basis to evaluate each day's heat risks:

- · Monitor weather reports for forecasts about expected temperature and humidity;
- Add 10-15° F. to the ambient reported temperature, when workers are routinely working in direct sunlight and wearing required PPE.
- Realize when work levels are typically moderate to heavy and may require additional protection for workers against the potential for heat related illness.

Further, the Supervisor consults the NOAA Heat Stress Index attached to this document and notifies the crew lead when a workday calls for additional awareness about HRI hazards, or for planned hot weather modifications to work activities and/or work schedules.

The heat index for the landfill area can be found at the following NOAA Web Site.

http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/forecast/MapClick.php?site=SEW&llon=-122.918747&rlon=-121.191247&tlat=48.389584&blat=46.662084&smap=1&mp=0&map.x=116&map.y=127

Or the heat Index can be calculated if the temperature and relative humidity is known by using the NOAA Weather Calculator found at the link below.

http://www.erh.noaa.gov/er/box/calculate2.html

## EXPOSURE DETERMINATION

The following list shows job classes or duties and work locations or tasks where Division employees are exposed to heat-related illness hazards:

Job Class or Job Duties	Work locations or Tasks
Utility Workers	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Utility Worker Assistants	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Carpenters	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Mechanics	When working on heavy equipment on the landfill
Landfill Gas Technicians	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Waste Water Technicians	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Field Engineers	Various outdoor locations and tasks
Any SWD Employee	If working outdoors for a period of time exceeding sixty (60) minutes

## PREVENTION ACTIONS

When heat-related illness hazards are present, the Supervisor will notify Lead at the beginning of the workday which of the following prevention actions they need to take with their crews that day, with consideration for the Heat index table below:

Heat Index	General Effect of Heat Index on People in Higher Risk Groups
80-89 Caution	Fatigue possible with prolonged exposure and physical activity.
90-104 Extreme Caution	Sunstroke, heat cramps, and heat exhaustion possible.
105-129 <i>Danger</i>	Sunstroke, heat cramps, and heat exhaustion likely, and heat stroke possible.
130 or higher Extreme Danger	Heat stroke highly likely with continued exposure.

- 1) As a general safety rule, workers will work in shaded areas when the **heat index** is greater that 85°F.
  - Lead will ensure that work to be completed in open (un-shaded) areas will take place in early morning hours.
- 2) Any new employees starting work on a hot day
  - Will limit their time at moderate to heavy work to 50% of a routine task on that day, and after that day will increase their time at moderate to heavy work by only 10% each day for the next 5 days, assuming the HRI hazards continue during that time.
- 3) Regular crew members returning to work on a hot day and who have been off work for 2 weeks or more:
  - Will limit their time at moderate to heavy work to 50% of a routine task on that day, and after that day will increase their time at moderate to heavy work by only 10% each day for the next 5 days, assuming the HRI hazards continue during that time.

- 4) The Lead will use a positive means for the prevention of heat related illness:
  - Each employee will be issued a spray water bottle to carry with them as they work, to use to help cool the worker as needed.
  - One or more five (5) gallon water container(s) will be provided.
    - (a) Enough water must be provided so that there are 2.5 gallons of water for each employee for a 10 hour shift. Shorter shifts require less water, at a rate of 1 quart per person per hour.
    - (b) Ice may be added to the water if needed.
    - (c) Frequent work breaks will occur and workers encouraged to drink at least a cup (8 oz) of water per break.
      - 1. Frequencies of breaks will be adjusted upon the various environmental factors at the time. These include, temperature, humidity, job tasks, and level or types of PPE in use.
      - 2. Lead will notify the crew of the need for the water break.
      - 3. Frequency is dependant upon the task and location, the crew should decide upon the timing of the breaks with discussion and approval of the Lead or Supervisor.
- 5) At the start of the day, the Supervisor or Lead will ensure the crew obtains or has available the following heat related illness prevention equipment:
  - Water cooler and spray bottles
  - Sunscreen lotion (available at stores)
  - A 10'X10' shade canopy is available for utility workers and can be set up and used for shade if needed.
    - (a) If it is determined that a shade canopy is needed for other workgroups, the supervisor, lead and safety officer will discuss the best options for that workgroup.
    - (b) The crew is responsible to set up and take down the canopy.
  - Two (2) cooling gel packs for each worker (one to wear and one to swap out for re-cooling).
- 6) Leads will add at least one additional rest break during the first and second halves of the work shift, and will instruct workers to rest sitting or lying down in a shaded area or under the shade canopy, not standing up or walking around and not in the sun.
- 7) If temperatures are forecast to be 90° or higher, The Supervisor and Leads will instruct workers to use the buddy system to watch out for each other. Buddy groups can be two or three people. At the start of the day, Leads will review what to look for in themselves and each other to spot heat-illness symptoms.

The Solid Waste Division maintains the following equipment and makes it available to crews according to weather conditions, work site locations, and the work being done:

- A shade canopy
- · Spray water bottles
- Cooling gel packs
- Extra water coolers
- · Hand-held radios or cell phones are provided at remote sites when needed.
- If the work site has reliable cell phone coverage, a cell phone will be assigned to
  the lead or crew so they can check with a supervisor or call for help directly. Per the
  SWD emergency response plan, employees should also contact the Cedar Hills Front
  desk by radio or cell phone when any emergency occurs.
- If a work site lacks reliable cell phone coverage, crew members will use 800 MHz radios to stay in touch with supervisors and each other. Per the SWD emergency response plan, employees should also contact the Cedar Hills Front desk by radio or cell phone when any emergency occurs.
- The supervisor, lead, or Cedar Hills Front Desk can call 911 immediately if needed.

## TRAINING

All affected Solid Waste Division employees and supervisors will be trained about recognizing and responding to heat-related illness before being exposed to HRI hazards. They will also receive refresher training annually after that. Completion of training will be documented.

Employees are encouraged to review the Training Guide for Heat-Related Illness Helpful Tool provided by DOSH (see the link below). This Helpful Tool provides some of the required training components. Site-specific information will be provided to employees before being exposed to HRI hazards.

http://www.lni.wa.gov/Safety/Topics/AtoZ/HeatStress/files/TrainingHRI.pdf

## FIRST AID AWARENESS AND ACTIONS

The Solid Waste Division will make the following information available on laminated cards and/or posters at each job site when heat-illness hazards are present. Emergency 911 information including job site location and nearest medical facility will be posted at each job site or in the transport vehicle.

Heat-related illness	Signs and Symptoms	First Aid
Sunburn	- Red, hot skin - May Blister	Move to shade, loosen clothing     Apply cool compresses or water
Heat Rash	- Red, itchy skin - Bumpy skin - Skin infection	<ul> <li>Apply cool water or compresses</li> <li>Keep affected area dry</li> <li>Control itching and infection with prescribed medication</li> </ul>
Heat Cramps	- Muscle cramps or spasms - Grasping the affected area - Abnormal body posture	<ul> <li>Drink water or sport drinks</li> <li>Rest, cool down</li> <li>Massage affected muscle</li> <li>Get medical evaluation if cramps persist</li> </ul>
Heat Exhaustion	<ul> <li>High pulse rate</li> <li>Extreme sweating</li> <li>Pale face</li> <li>Insecure gait</li> <li>Headache</li> <li>Clammy and moist skin</li> <li>Weakness</li> <li>Fatigue</li> <li>Dizziness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>- Move to shade and loosen clothing</li> <li>- Initiate rapid cooling</li> <li>- Lay flat and elevate feet</li> <li>- Monitor recovery</li> <li>- Drink small amounts of water</li> <li>- Evaluate metal status (ask who? where? when? questions)</li> <li>- If no improvement call 911</li> </ul>
Heat Stroke	<ul> <li>Any of the above but more severe</li> <li>Hot, dry skin (25-50% of cases</li> <li>Altered mental status with confusion or agitation</li> <li>Can progress to loss of consciousness and seizures.</li> <li>Can be fatal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Call 911</li> <li>Immediately remove from work</li> <li>Start rapid cooling</li> <li>Lay flat and elevate feet</li> <li>If conscious give sips of water</li> <li>Monitor airway and breathing – administer CPR if needed</li> </ul>

When heat-related illness hazards are present and work will be at a remote site, the Supervisor and Lead will make sure their crews always have open channels of communication, to request breaks, water, or help:

					HE	AT IND	EX f° (	c°)					
					R	ELATI	/E HUN	VIDITY	(%)				
Temp.	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100
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108 (43)	130 (54)	137 (58)											
106 (41)	124 (51)	130 (54)	137 (58)										
104 (40)	119 (48)	124 (51)	131 (55)	137 (58)									
102 (39)	114 (46)	119 (48)	124 (51)	130 (54)	137 (58)								
100 (38)	109 (43)	114 (46)	118 (48)	124 (51)	129 (54)	136 (58)							
98 (37)	105 (41)	109 (43)	113 (45)	117 (47)	123 (51)	128 (53)	134 (57)						
96 (36)	101 (38)	104 (40)	108 (42)	112 (44)	116 (47)	121 (49)	126 (52)	132 (56)					
94 (34)	97 (36)	100 (38)	103 (39)	106 (41)	110 (43)	114 (46)	119 (48)	124 (51)	129 (54)	135 (57)			
92 (33)	94 (34)	96 (36)	99 (37)	101 (38)	105 (41)	108 (42)	112 (44)	116 (47)	121 (49)	126 (52)	131 (55)		
90 (32)	91 (33)	93 (34)	95 (35)	97 (36)	100 (38)	103 (39)	106 (41)	109 (43)	113 (45)	117 (47)	122 (50)	127 (53)	132 (56)
88 (31)	88 (31)	89 (32)	91 (33)	93 (34)	95 (35)	98 (37)	100 (38)	103 (39)	106 (41)	110 (43)	113 (45)	117 (47)	121 (49)
86 (30)	85 (29)	87 (31)	88 (31)	89 (32)	91 (33)	93 (34)	95 (35)	97 (36)	100 (38)	102 (39)	105 (41)	108 (42)	112 (44)
84 (29)	83 (28)	84 (29)	85 (29)	86 (30)	88 (31)	89 (32)	90 (32)	92 (33)	94 (34)	96 (36)	98 (37)	100 (38)	103 (39)
82 (28)	81 (27)	82 (28)	83 (28)	84 (29)	84 (29)	85 (29)	86 (30)	88 (31)	89 (32)	90 (32)	91 (33)	93 (34)	95 (35)
80 (27)	80 (27)	80 (27)	81 (27)	81 (27)	82 (28)	82 (28)	83 (28)	84 (29)	84 (29)	85 (29)	86 (30)	86 (30)	87 (31)

# WORKER SAFFEY

## **Protect Yourself**

# **Heat Stress**

several heat-induced illnesses such as heat stress or heat exhaustion and the more severe heat stroke can occur, and can result in death. When the body is unable to cool itself by sweating,

High temperature and humidity; direct sun or heat; limited air movement; physical exertion; poor physical condition; some medicines; and inadequate tolerance for hot workplaces. Factors Leading to Heat Stress

Symptoms of Heat Exhaustion

- Headaches, dizziness, lightheadedness or fainting.
  - Weakness and moist skin.
- Mood changes such as irritability or confusion.

Upset stomach or vomiting.

- Symptoms of Heat Stroke
- Dry, hot skin with no sweating.
- Mental confusion or losing consciousness. Seizures or fits.

## Preventing Heat Stress

- Know signs/symptoms of heat-related illnesses; monitor yourself
- Block out direct sun or other heat sources.
- Use cooling fans/air-conditioning; rest regularly.
- Drink lots of water; about 1 cup every 15 minutes.
- Wear lightweight, light colored, loose-fitting clothes. Avoid alcohol, caffeinated drinks, or heavy meals.
- Call 911 (or local emergency number) at once.

# What to Do for Heat-Related Illness

- While waiting for help to arrive:
  - Move the worker to a cool, shaded area. Loosen or remove heavy clothing.
    - Provide cool drinking water.
- Fan and mist the person with water.

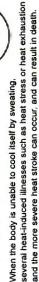


For more complete information: www.lni.wa.gov/safety (800) 423-7233

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## **Protect Yourself**

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## Upset stomach or vomiting.

- Symptoms of Heat Stroke
  - Mental confusion or losing consciousness. Dry, hot skin with no sweating.
    - Seizures or fits.

# **Preventing Heat Stress**

- Know signs/symptoms of heat-related illnesses; monitor yourself and coworkers.
- Block out direct sun or other heat sources
- Use cooling fans/air-conditioning; rest regularly.

Drink lots of water; about 1 cup every 15 minutes.

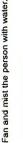
- Wear lightweight, light colored, loose-fitting clothes.
  - Avoid alcohol, caffeinated drinks, or heavy meals.

## What to Do for Heat-Related Illness Call 911 (or local emergency number) at once.

- While waiting for help to arrive:
- Loosen or remove heavy clothing.

Move the worker to a cool, shaded area.

- Provide cool drinking water.





For more complete Information: www.lni.wa.gov/safety (800) 423-7233

# WORKER SAFFETY

## **Protect Yourself**

# Heat Stress

several heat-induced illnesses such as heat stress or heat exhaustion and the more severe heat stroke can occur, and can result in death. When the body is unable to cool itself by sweating,

## High temperature and humidity; direct sun or heat; limited air movement; physical exertion; poor physical condition; some medicines; and inadequate tolerance for hot workplaces. Factors Leading to Heat Stress

Symptoms of Heat Exhaustion Headaches, dizziness, lightheadedness or fainting.

- · Mood changes such as irritability or confusion. Weakness and moist skin.

  - Upset stomach or vomiting.

## Symptoms of Heat Stroke

- Mental confusion or losing consciousness. Dry, hot skin with no sweating
  - Seizures or fits.

- Know signs/symptoms of heat-related illnesses; monitor yourself Preventing Heat Stress and coworkers.
  - Block out direct sun or other heat sources.
- Use cooling fans/air-conditioning; rest regularly.
- Drink lots of water; about 1 cup every 15 minutes.
- Wear lightweight, light colored, loose-fitting clothes. Avoid alcohol, caffeinated drinks, or heavy meals.
- What to Do for Heat-Related Illness

# Call 911 (or local emergency number) at once.

- While waiting for help to arrive: Move the worker to a cool, shaded area.
  - Loosen or remove heavy clothing.
  - Provide cool drinking water.
- Fan and mist the person with water



For more complete information: www.lni.wa.gov/safety (800) 423-7233

## Protective tips for cold environment workers

Issue:

What precautions do you take when you work outside and you need to take from the elements? Also, what can your employer do to protect cold weather workers from these potentially deadly working conditions?

Answer:

Employers are required under the Occupational Safety and Health Act to furnish to each of its employees a place of employment that is free from recognized hazards that are causing or are likely to cause death or serious physical harm to its employees. This includes cold weather working environments. Two serious hazards that employees face from the cold are hypothermia and frost bite.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has recognized these hazards and developed a "Cold Stress" card that provides recommendations which can prevent many cold-related injuries and illnesses. OSHA suggests that employers can help protect workers by following these tips:

- Recognize the environmental and workplace conditions that lead to potential cold-induced illnesses and injuries;
- Learn the signs and symptoms of cold-induced illnesses / injuries and what to do to help workers;
- · Train workers about cold-induced illnesses and injuries;
- Encourage workers to wear proper clothing for cold, wet and windy conditions. Layer clothing to adjust to changing environmental temperatures. Wear a hat and gloves, in addition to underwear that will keep water away from the skin (polypropylene);
- Be sure that workers take frequent short breaks in warm dry shelters to allow the body to warm up;
- Try to schedule work for the warmest part of the day;
- Avoid exhaustion or fatigue because energy is needed to keep muscles warm;
- Use the buddy system work in pairs so that one worker can recognize danger signs;
- Drink warm, sweet beverages (sugar water, sports-type drinks) and avoid drinks with caffeine (coffee, tea, sodas or hot chocolate) or alcohol;
- · Eat warm, high-calorie foods such as hot pasta dishes; and
- Remember workers face increased risks when they take certain medications, are in poor physical condition, or suffer from illnesses such as diabetes, hypertension or cardiovascular disease.

If an employer takes these recommendations and applies them to work in cold environments, it should make for safe and healthy working conditions.

For previous helpful issues and answers, go to the new home for all of your safety needs at <u>safety.cch.com</u>. Check often for the latest safety news, updates, tools and materials that affect the safety professional.

## FROSTBITE

What happens to the body:

Freezing in deep layers of skin and tissue; pale, waxy-white skin color; skin becomes hard and numb; usually affects fingers, hands, toes, feet, ears, and nose

# What to do: (land temperatures)

- Move the person to a warm, dry area. Don't leave the person alone.
  - Remove wet or tight clothing that may cut off blood flow to the affected area
- Do not rub the affected area because rubbing damages the skin and tissue.
- pour warm water directly on the affected area because it will warm the tissue too fast, causing tissue damage. Warming takes 25-40 monitor the water temperature to slowly warm the tissue. Don't Gently place the affected area in a warm water bath (105°) and minutes.
- When normal feeling, movement, and skin color have returned, the After the affected area has been warmed, it may become puffy and blister. The affected area may have a burning feeling or numbness. Note: If there is a chance the affected area may get cold again, do affected area should be dried and wrapped to keep it warm.

not warm the skin. If the skin is warmed and then becomes cold

Seek medical attention as soon as possible

again, it will cause severe tissue damage

# HYPOTHERMIA - (Medical Emergency)

What happens to the body:
Normal body temperature (98.6°F/37°C) drops to or below 95°F/35°C; fatigue or
drowsiness; uncontrolled shivering; cool, bluish skin; slurred speech; clumsy movements; irritable, irrational, or confused behavior.

# What to do: (land temperatures)

- Call for emergency help (ambulance or 911).
- Move the person to a warm, dry area. Don't leave the person alone.
- Remove wet clothing and replace with warm, dry clothing or wrap the person in blankets.
- Have the person drink warm, sweet drinks (sugar water or sports-type drinks) if he is alert. Avoid drinks with caffeine (coffee, tea, or hot chocolate) or alcohol.
- to do this, place warm bottles or hot packs in the armpits, groin, neck, and head areas. **Do not** rub the person's body or place him in a warm water bath. This may Have the person move his arms and legs to create muscle heat. If he is unable stop his heart.

# What to do: (water temperatures)

- Call for emergency help (ambulance or 911). Body heat is lost up to 25 times faster in water.
- shoes, and hoods because the layer of trapped water closest to the body provides a layer of insulation that slows the loss of heat. Keep the head out of the water Do not remove any clothing. Button, buckle, zip, and tighten any collars, cuffs. and put on a hat or hood.
- because swimming or other physical activity uses body heat and reduces survival Get out of the water as quickly as possible or climb on anything floating. Do not attempt to swim unless a floating object or another person can be reached time by about 50 percent.
  - folding arms across the chest, keeping thighs together, bending knees, and crossing ankles. If another person is in the water, huddle together with chests held close. If getting out of the water is not possible, wait quietly and conserve body heat by

## WINDCHILL TABLE

f you're unprepared for the cold, temperature and wind can put you at risk for hypothermia and frostbite. The table below shows the risk of rostbite on unprotected skin.

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2	
30 minutes	
Frostbite:	

Oregon Occupational Safety & Health Division

## Appendix B

## DIRECTIONS TO URGENT CARE ON ISLAND



HIGHLINE MEDICAL GROUP

10030 SW 210th Street Vashon, WA 98070

## Vashon Health Center

206.463.3671

Hours & Appointments



For urgent Care

## VHC's Regular Hours of Operation are:

Monday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Tuesday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Wednesday: 8:30 a.m.--7:00 p.m. Thursday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m. Friday: 8:30 a.m.--5:00 p.m.

Saturday: 8:30 a.m.--12:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m.--4:00 p.m.

Sunday: Closed

## Welcome to VHC

In an Emergencycall 911

Hours & Appointments

Provider Profiles

A History of VHC

Sunrise Ridge



Call 463-3671 to make an appointment.

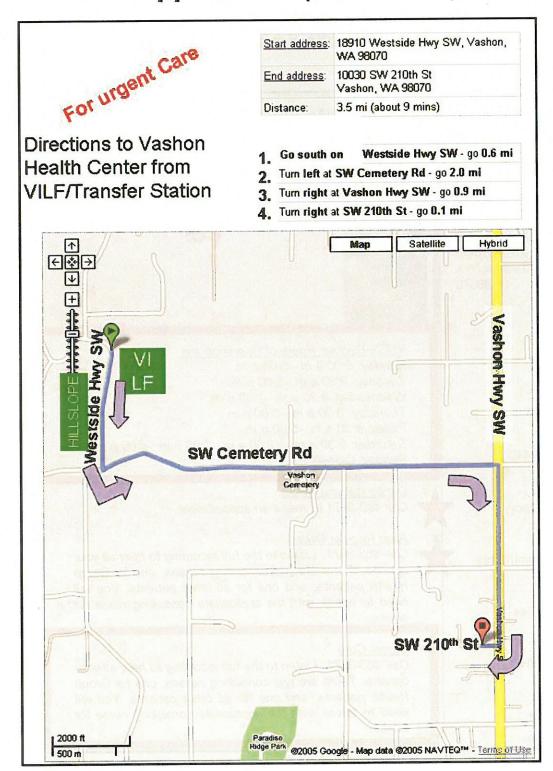
## After Regular Hours

Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

## **Urgent Care**

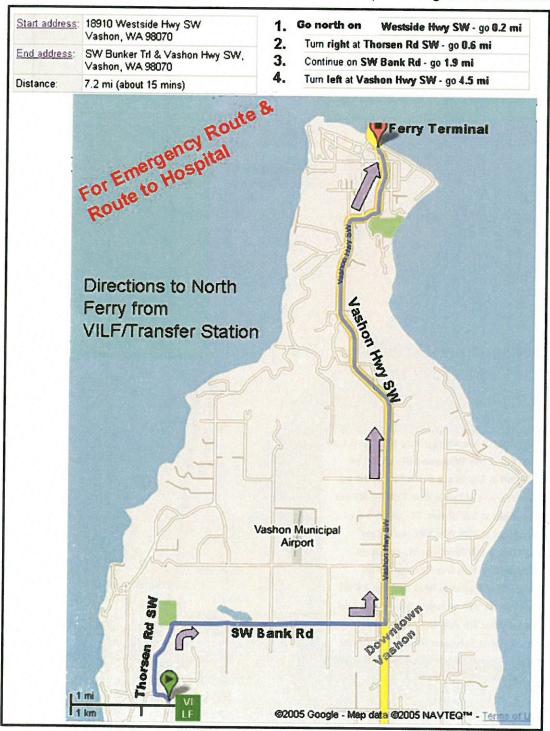
Call 463-3671. Listen to the full recording to hear all your options. There are two consulting nurses, one for Group Health patients, and one for all other patients. You will need to speak with the appropriate consulting nurse for advice.

## Appendix B (continued)

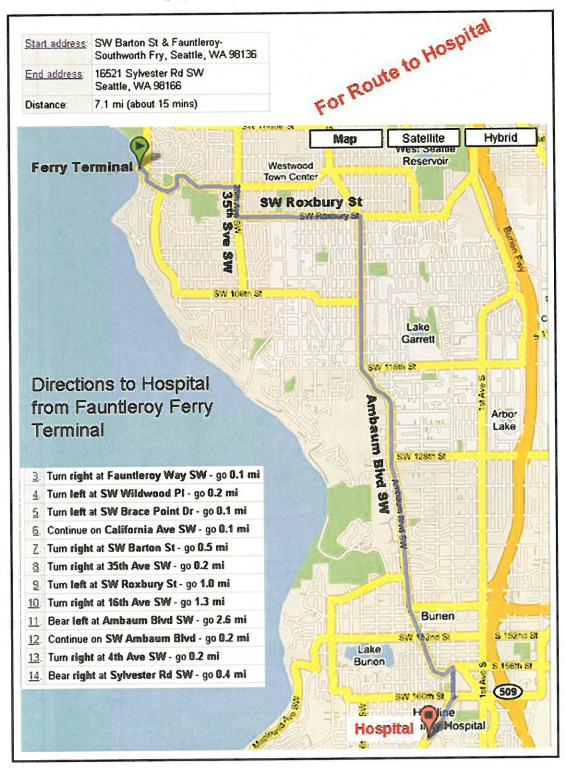


## **Appendix C**

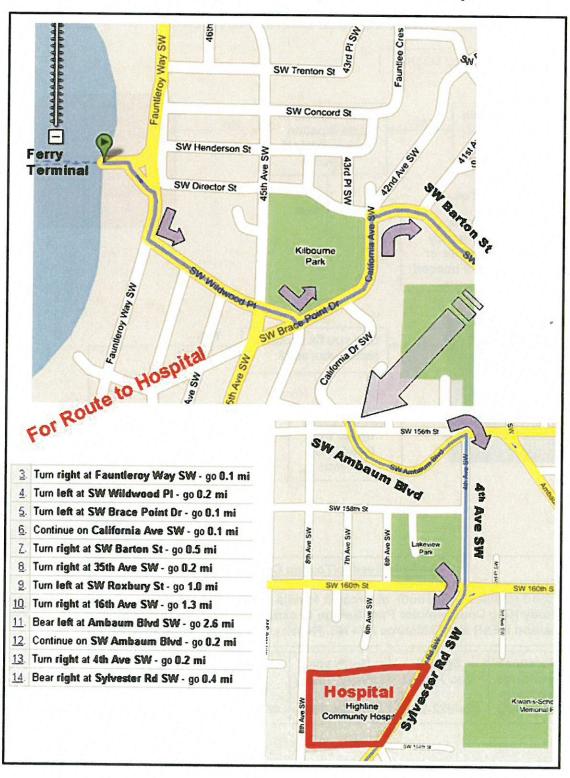
DIRECTIONS TO EMERGENCY CARE OFF ISLAND (following the ambulance)



## Appendix C (continued)

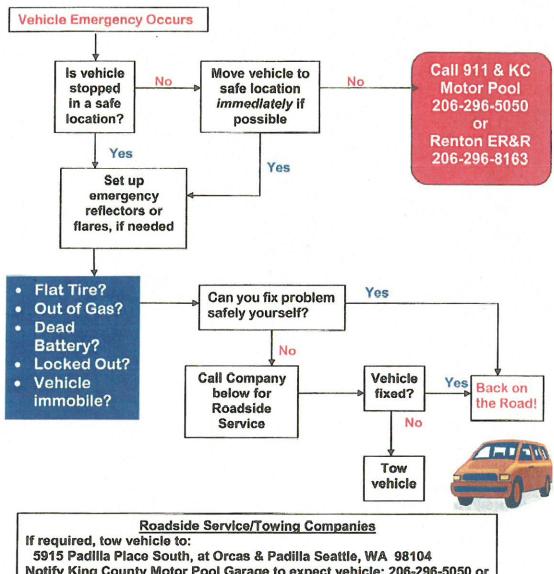


## Appendix C (continued)



## Appendix D

## KING COUNTY VEHICLE EMERGENCY PLAN



Notify King County Motor Pool Garage to expect vehicle: 206-296-5050 or Renton RE&R at 155 Monroe Ave NE, Renton, WA 98056: 206-296-8163

Personal	Seattle	North end	Eastside	South end
insurance	Mac Towing	Lincoln Towing	Skyway	Pro Tow
coverage			***************************************	
(i.e., AAA)	424-822-2800	206-364-2000	425-226-8050	425-432-8196

August 14, 2009

## **Appendix E**

## PLAN APPROVAL AND SIGNATURE PAGE

HSP PLAN APPROVALS		
Field Geologist – Sevin Bilir	- Een Poh	3/26/2010
SWD Safety Officer – Jim Scarr	Amies Cen	3/26/2010
Project Manager –Dan Swope		4/1/2010
	Signature	Date
SITE WORKER SIGNATURES		
All KC personnel are to understand and comp Safety Policy Manual regarding field safety and the use of KC personnel only. KC makes this this plan does not cover the employees of any cypical activities carried out by KC personnel in SIGN-  I have read and understand the Practices (Appendix A), and agree	d health hazards. This Health & Safety Plai plan available for review by other personnel other employer on the work site. Nor does th	n has been developed for I on a work site; however, his cover the hazards from ched General Safe Work
OFF.	oo to comply mar the requirements describe	u within.
Print NAME / Initial	Employer / Title	DATE