Memorandum

To: Steve Teel, Washington State Department of Ecology
Copies: Drew Zaborowski, Avenue 55; Scott Hooton, Port of Tacoma
From: Tom Colligan and Kristin Anderson, Floyd | Snider
Date: June 8, 2018
Re: Summary of Soil Vapor Survey Data and Vapor Mitigation Plan for the 1514 Taylor Way Site

This memorandum summarizes the results of soil vapor sampling performed at the 1514 Taylor Way redevelopment site (the Site) in Tacoma, Washington, and recommends next steps for mitigation and further evaluation. The sampling was performed in accordance with the approved Sampling Plan presented in Appendix B to the Interim Action Work Plan for the Site. That plan called for a methane survey and vapor intrusion (VI) assessment at the above development location. The methane survey and soil vapor sample collection for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis were completed during multiple field events between December 2016 and May 2018 due to wet weather conditions that hampered efforts to complete the survey during one mobilization. Soil vapor survey locations are shown on Figure 1.

VAPOR SURVEY FINDINGS

The vapor survey on the two building pads (location 1 and locations 4 through 18) was performed using direct-push drilling methodology. Location 18 was originally in a construction drive aisle but was moved east approximately 30 feet to the edge of building pad A due to traffic safety concerns.

Groundwater is generally shallow at the Site (i.e., less than 2 feet below grade). Groundwater levels were measured prior to sampling by advancing closed rods at intended survey location and measuring the depth to water in the resultant borehole. Sampling points were then set at a depth of 5 feet below grade or 6 inches to 1 foot above the measured water table if water was encountered above 5 feet. Methane survey samples were collected via post-run tubing methodology and allowed to equilibrate for a minimum of 2 hours prior to sampling. VOC samples were collected via 8-inch-long temporary stainless steel vapor sample implants. Implants were allowed to equilibrate for a minimum of 8 hours prior to sampling, per email approval from the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). All survey sample points installed via drilling were sealed using hydrated bentonite at time of installation. At each location, a minimum of three volumes of the annular space and tubing were purged using a peristaltic pump prior to sample collection.

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The vapor survey in the drive aisle between the two building pads (locations 19, 20, and 21) could not be completed via drilling because groundwater was encountered at a depth less than 2 feet below grade. Therefore, the survey in the drive aisle was performed by placing a bucket at the ground surface and sealing the base of the bucket and inlet for sample tubing with plumbers' putty. The concentration of accumulated methane was measured at 30-minute intervals for a minimum equilibration time of 2 hours. Location 19 in the drive aisle was moved northeast approximately 30 feet due to heavy vehicle and equipment traffic during construction on this portion of the Site.

The methane survey was performed using a Landtec GEM 2000 landfill gas meter. Methane concentrations were measured while purging with a peristaltic pump until the reading stabilized. Methane percentages measured in soil vapor ranged from 0.0% to 1.4%. The greatest methane detections were 0.6% and 1.4%, measured on building pad A at location 10 and location 3, respectively. Methane survey results are shown on Figure 1.

A helium leak detection test for the methane survey methodology was performed during the February 2018 event. No helium was detected at the sample outlet.

Soil vapor at the methane survey locations was also screened for VOCs using a photoionization detector (PID), and concentrations were low-level, ranging from 0.0 to 0.6 parts per million vapor (ppmv).

Samples for VOC analysis were collected at locations 9, 12, and 16 during two events, the first in mid-April 2018 (locations 9 and 12) and the second in mid-May 2018 (locations 9 and 16). In a deviation from the work plan, location 12 was targeted for VOC sampling instead of location 13 because a usable vapor implant was installed at the adjacent location 12 during the February 2018 event. In addition, a second sample from location 9 was collected during the May event to verify April results.

VOC samples were collected using laboratory-supplied 1-liter evacuated SUMMA canisters. Helium leak detection was performed on samples collected at location 9 and location 12 during the April 2018 event, and helium concentrations measured in the sample canisters did not exceed 10 percent of the helium shroud concentrations. PID readings at the VOC sample locations ranged from 0.0 to 1.3 ppmv (location 9). An ambient air sample was also collected using an evacuated SUMMA canister placed at building pad A during the May 2018 sampling event.

Vapor samples were analyzed for VOCs and air-phase hydrocarbons (APHs) in accordance with the Interim Action Work Plan. A summary of results is shown in Table 1. Lab reports and field collection forms are in Attachment 1. Detected concentrations are compared to the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method C industrial screening levels for sub-slab soil vapor. At location 9 on building pad A, the chloroform concentration in the May 2018 sample collected exceeded the MTCA Method C cancer screening level. None of the target analytes were detected at concentrations exceeding their screening levels at location 12 or in the ambient air sample. At location 16 on building pad B, concentrations of APHs, acetaldehyde, benzene, chloroform, and

N:\Ave55-Taylor Way\Vapor Mitigation\Vapor Survey Memo 2018\01 Text\Vapor Survey Memo_2018-0608.docx naphthalene exceeded their respective cancer or non-cancer screening levels. However, the sample at location 16 was delivered to the lab with excessive vacuum and therefore low sample volume as a consequence of the presence of excessive soil moisture within the pad B backfill; residual moisture in the vapor sample have caused a bias to high concentrations.

VAPOR MITIGATION CONSTRUCTION

As a consequence of the presence of multiple VOCs in the soil gas samples, some at concentrations exceeding appropriate screening levels, Avenue 55 elected to install a passive vapor mitigation system in Building A, specifically under each of the two office "node" locations of this large industrial warehouse currently under construction, as well as under each of the two office nodes planned for Building B. The office areas were selected for vapor mitigation because they are areas of higher occupancy and much more limited interior volume, so they have a higher potential for vapor intrusion exposure. The remaining warehouse spaces have extremely large interior volumes (Building A covers 3 acres and is 30 feet high; Building B is 1 acre and of a similar height) and so may or may not need to have a vapor mitigation system. A decision to implement either passive or active vapor mitigation in the warehouse interiors will be made after submittal of a supplement work plan to Ecology to collect additional indoor air and sub-slab vapor data to better evaluate the risk of vapor intrusion to the warehouse space of both buildings.

The passive system under the office nodes was designed by Herrera Environmental Consultants. The vapor mitigation plans for the passive system are included in Attachment 2. The system includes perforated PVC piping laid in trenches under the subgrade of the office area and covered with a 30 millimeter PVC membrane under the concrete floor. The PVC piping subgrade is tied to vertical vents to be run up the side of the building. The vertical vents allow the addition of an inline blower if necessary based on future monitoring results and also allow the collection of samples to evaluate soil gas conditions under the membrane. The addition of an in-line blower would then convert the system from one relying on passive ventilation driven by atmospheric pressure differentials to an active system that maintains a negative pressure under the floor slab.

To date, Herrera has performed two inspections of the installation of the office node vapor mitigation system under construction in Building A. The first inspection was to observe the installation of the perforated piping, and the next to document the construction of the membrane prior to the floor slab being poured. Those field inspection reports are included in Attachment 2.

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Table 1	Summary of Soil Gas Data for Taylor Way Property
Figure 1	Vapor Survey Sample Locations and Methane Results
Attachment 1	Lab Report and Field Form
Attachment 2	Vapor Mitigation Plans and Field Inspection Reports

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Table

Table 1Summary of Soil Gas Data for Taylor Way Property

				Sample ID	Loc 9	Loc 12	Ambient	Loc 9	Loc 109 ¹	Loc 16
				Sample Location	Building A	Building A	Ambient	Building A	Building A	Building B
				Sample Date	4/18/2018	4/18/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018
			Sub Slab Method C	Sub Slab Method C						
Analyte	CAS No.	Units	Non Cancer	Cancer						
Volatiles by MA-APH										
APH EC5-8 aliphatics		µg/m³	200,000		1,500	2,200	63	3,100 ve	3,500 ve	24,000 ve
APH EC9-12 aliphatics		µg/m³	10,000		510	380	35 U	1,600	2,600	24,000 ve
Volatiles by TO-15										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	µg/m³	170,000		24	13	0.55 U	44	45	2.2 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	µg/m³		14	1.4 U	1.4 U	0.14 U	0.21 U	0.21 U	2.1
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	µg/m³		520	4 U	5	0.4 U	2.1	2.1	1.6 U
1,1-Dichloroethene		µg/m³			4 U	4 U	0.4 U	0.76	0.76	1.6 U
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		µg/m³			25 U	25 U	2.5 U	3.7 U	7.3	66
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	µg/m³	230		25 U	25 U	2.5 U	6.4	13	120
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		µg/m³			0.77 U	0.77 U	0.077 U	0.12 U	0.12 U	0.77 fb
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	107-06-2	µg/m³	230	32	0.73	0.97	0.097	2.3	2.3	0.79
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	µg/m³	130	83	2.3 U	2.3 U	0.23 U	2.9	2.8	0.92 U
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		µg/m³			25 U	25 U	2.5 U	5.4	9.2	69
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	µg/m³	67	28	0.22 U	0.22 U	0.046	0.033 U	0.033 U	0.088 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	µg/m³			25	6 U	0.6 U	2.6	1.2	11
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	µg/m³	27,000	76	2.4 U	2.4 U	0.24 U	0.36 U	0.36 U	1.6 fb
2-Butanone (MEK)		µg/m³			29 U	29 U	2.9 U	6.5	7.2	65
2-Propanol		µg/m³			86 U	86 U	8.6 U	13 U	13 U	290
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	µg/m³	300	380	90 U	90 U	9 U	52	62	330
Acetone	67-64-1	µg/m³			48 U	190	8.9	110	110	290
Benzene	71-43-2	µg/m³	1,000	110	15	5.9	0.39	38	38	270
Bromomethane	74-83-9	µg/m³	170		3.9 U	3.9 U	0.98	1.2 U	1.2 U	3.2 U
Butanal		µg/m³			29 U	29 U	2.9 U	5.6	4.4 U	12 U
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	µg/m³	23,000		62 U	62 U	6.2 U	24	23	970 ve
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	µg/m³	1,700		4.6 U	4.6 U	0.46 U	0.69 U	0.69 U	2.2
Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	µg/m³	1,700,000		3.5 U	3.5 U	1.0	0.53 U	0.53 U	1.4 U
Chloroethane		µg/m³			2.6 U	2.6 U	0.26 U	1.4	1.4	1.2
Chloroform	67-66-3	µg/m³	3,300	36	3.1	2.5	0.17	340	310	2,700 ve
Chloromethane	74-87-3	µg/m³	3,000		9.9	8.5	1.3	12	12	12
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		µg/m³			4 U	4 U	0.4 U	0.59 U	0.59 U	7.5
Cyclohexane		µg/m³			69 U	69 U	6.9 U	24	22	380
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	µg/m³			15	61	0.29 U	14	15	110

1514 Taylor Way Site

Summary of Soil Vapor Survey Data and Vapor Mitigation Plan for the 1514 Taylor Way Site Table 1 Summary of Soil Gas Data for Taylor Way Property

Table 1Summary of Soil Gas Data for Taylor Way Property

	Sample ID Loc 9 Loc 12 Ambient Loc 9 Loc 109 ¹ Loc 16											
Sample Location					Building A	Building A	Ambient	Building A	Building A	Building B		
				Sample Date	4/18/2018	4/18/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018	5/8/2018		
			Sub Slab Method C	Sub Slab Method C	4/10/2010	4/10/2010	5, 6, 2010	5, 6, 2010	5, 6, 2010	5, 6, 2010		
Analyte	CAS No.	Units	Non Cancer	Cancer								
Volatiles by TO-15 (cont.)												
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	µg/m³		31	0.85 U	0.85 U	0.085 U	0.13 U	0.13 U	0.99		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	μg/m³	3,300		200	490	2.8	76	87	2.8		
Ethanol		μg/m³			75 U	75 U	7.5 U	11 U	11 U	100		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	μg/m³	33,000		4.3 U	4.3 U	0.43 U	12	15	62		
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	µg/m³		38	2.1 U	2.1 U	0.21 U	0.32 U	0.32 U	2.9		
Hexanal		µg/m³			41 U	41 U	4.1 U	6.6	6.2	76		
Hexane	110-54-3	µg/m³	23,000		43	49	3.5 U	93	78	680		
Isobutene	115-11-7	µg/m³			440	540	0.92 U	480 ve	520 ve	2,100 ve		
Isoprene	78-79-5	µg/m³			2.8 U	7	0.28 U	11	11	69		
m,p-Xylene		µg/m³			8.7 U	8.7 U	0.87 U	28	40	200		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	µg/m³	100	25	1 U	1 U	0.16 fb	0.79	1.9	65		
o-Xylene	95-47-6	µg/m³	3,300		4.3 U	4.3 U	0.43 U	11	15	84		
Pentane	109-66-0	µg/m³			150	270	3 U	210	210	890 ve		
Propene	115-07-1	µg/m³			770	1,700 ve	1.7 U	670 ve	870 ve	2,100 ve		
Styrene	100-42-5	µg/m³	33,000		8.5 U	8.5 U	0.85 U	2.1	3.6	13		
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	µg/m³	1,333	3,205	6.8 U	6.8 U	0.68 U	3.5	4.0	3.1		
Toluene	108-88-3	µg/m³	170,000		14	5.2	1.0	43	45	510		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		µg/m³			4 U	4 U	0.4 U	0.59 U	0.59 U	2.0		
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	µg/m³	67	210	2.7 U	6.1	0.27 U	0.61	0.58	2.5		
Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	µg/m³	23,000		470	180	1.4	730 ve	710 ve	5.4		
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	µg/m³	3,300	93	2.6 U	2.6 U	0.26 U	0.38 U	0.38 U	8.9		

Notes:

-- Not applicable.

RED Detected concentration that exceeds criteria.

1 Loc 109 is a field duplicate of Loc 9 collected on 5/8/2018.

Abbreviations:

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

µg/m³ Micrograms per cubic meter

Qualifiers:

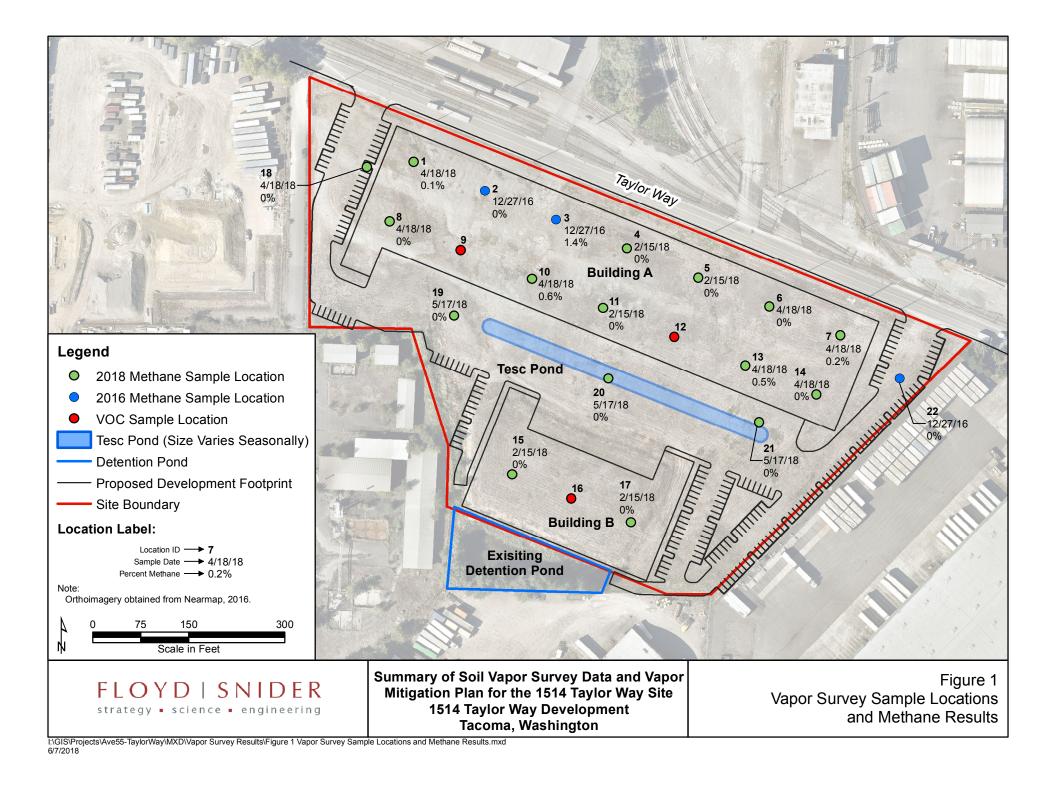
fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.

U The analyte was not detected at the given reporting limit.

ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.

1514 Taylor Way Site

Figure



Attachment 1 Lab Report and Field Form

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Ambient 05/10/18 05/08/18 05/14/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181 805181-01 051416.D GCMS7 MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		% Recovery: 79	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130	
Compounds:		Concentratio ug/m3	on		
APH EC5-8 aliphatics APH EC9-12 aliphatics APH EC9-10 aromatics		63 <35 <25			

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix:	05/10/18 05/08/18 05/14/18 Air		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181 805181-02 1/1.5 051417.D GCMS7
Units:	ug/m3		Operate	or:	MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		% Recovery: 98	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130	
Compounds:		Concentratio ug/m3	on		
APH EC5-8 aliphatics APH EC9-12 aliphatics APH EC9-10 aromatics		3,100 ve 1,600 <37			

Client Sample ID:	LOC 109		Client:		Floyd-Snider
Date Received:	05/10/18		Project:		Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181
Date Collected:	05/08/18		Lab ID:		805181-03 1/1.5
Date Analyzed:	05/15/18		Data Fi	le:	051418.D
Matrix:	Air		Instrum	ient:	GCMS7
Units:	ug/m3		Operate	or:	MP
		%	Lower	Upper	
Surrogates:		Recovery:		Limit:	
4-Bromofluoroben	zene	107	70	130	
		Concentratio	on		
Compounds:		ug/m3			
APH EC5-8 alipha	tics	3,500 ve			
APH EC9-12 aliph		2,600			
APH EC9-10 aromatics		<37			

Client Sample ID:	LOC 16		Client:		Floyd-Snider
Date Received:	05/10/18		Project:		Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181
Date Collected:	05/08/18		Lab ID:		805181-04 1/4
Date Analyzed:	05/15/18		Data Fi	le:	051419.D
Matrix:	Air		Instrun	nent:	GCMS7
Units:	ug/m3		Operate	or:	MP
		%	Lower	Upper	
Surrogates:		Recovery:		Limit:	
4-Bromofluorobenz		-	70	130	
4-Drolliolluorobella	zene	102	70	130	
		Concentratio	n		
Compounds:		ug/m3			
APH EC5-8 alipha	tics	24,000 ve			
APH EC9-12 aliphatics		24,000 ve			
APH EC9-10 aromatics		<100			

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Method Blank Not Applicable 05/14/18 05/14/18 Air ug/m3		Project: Lab ID: Data File:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181 08-1000 mb 051406.D GCMS7 MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluoroben:	zene	% Recovery: 80	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130	
Compounds:		Concentratio ug/m3	on		
APH EC5-8 aliphatics<46					

Client Sample ID: Ambient Floyd-Snider Client: Date Received: 05/10/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 805181 Date Collected: 05/08/18 Lab ID: 805181-01 Data File: Date Analyzed: 05/14/18051416.D Matrix: Air Instrument: GCMS7 Units: **Operator**: MP ug/m3 % Lower Upper Limit: Surrogates: **Recovery:** Limit: 4-Bromofluorobenzene 93 70 130 Concentration Concentration Compounds: ug/m3 ppbv Compounds: ug/m3 0.29 Chlorodifluoromethane 1.0 1-Butanol < 6.1 Propene <1.7 Carbon tetrachloride < 0.63 <1 Dichlorodifluoromethane 2.8 0.57 Benzene 0.39 Chloromethane 1.3 0.64 Cyclohexane < 6.9 F-114 2-Pentanone < 0.7 < 0.1 <3.5 Isobutene < 0.92 < 0.43-Pentanone <3.5 Acetaldehyde <9 <5 Pentanal <3.5 Vinyl chloride < 0.26 < 0.1 1,2-Dichloropropane < 0.23 1,3-Butadiene 0.046 0.021 1.4-Dioxane < 0.36 Bromomethane Bromodichloromethane < 0.067 0.98 0.25 Chloroethane < 0.26 < 0.1 Trichloroethene < 0.27 Ethanol < 0.45 <7.5 <4 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Acetonitrile <1.7 4-Methyl-2-pentanone <4.1 <1 Acrolein < 0.92 < 0.4 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 0.45 Acrylonitrile < 0.22 < 0.1 Toluene 1.0 1.1.2-Trichloroethane Pentane <3 <1 < 0.055 Trichlorofluoromethane 1.4 0.25**3-Hexanone** <4.1 Acetone 8.9 3.8 2-Hexanone <4.1 <8.6 <3.5 Hexanal <4.1 2-Propanol Isoprene Tetrachloroethene < 0.28 < 0.1 < 0.68 < 0.1 Iodomethane < 0.58 Dibromochloromethane < 0.085 1.1-Dichloroethene < 0.4 < 0.11,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) < 0.077 Methacrolein <2.9 <1 Chlorobenzene < 0.46 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene < 0.4 < 0.1 Ethylbenzene < 0.43 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Cyclopentane < 0.29 < 0.1 < 0.14 Methyl vinyl ketone <2.9 m,p-Xylene < 0.87 <1 o-Xylene Butanal <2.9 <1 < 0.43 Methylene chloride <87 ca <25 ca Styrene < 0.85 **CFC-113** < 0.77 < 0.1 Bromoform <2.1 < 6.2 <2 Benzyl chloride < 0.052 Carbon disulfide Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene <1.8 < 0.5 <2.5 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Vinyl acetate <7 <2 <2.5

< 0.4

< 0.4

<3.5

0.17

<2.9

0.097

< 0.55

< 0.1

< 0.1

<1

0.034

<1

0.024

< 0.1

1.3-Dichlorobenzene

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

1,2-Dichlorobenzene

Naphthalene

1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

ppbv

<2

< 0.1

0.12

<2

<1

<1

<1

< 0.05

< 0.1

< 0.01

< 0.05

< 0.1

<1

< 0.1

0.27

< 0.01

<1

<1

<1

< 0.1

< 0.01

< 0.01

< 0.1

< 0.1

< 0.02

< 0.2

< 0.1

< 0.2

< 0.2

< 0.01

< 0.5

< 0.5

< 0.1

< 0.04

< 0.5

< 0.1

< 0.1

< 0.02

0.16 fb 0.031 fb

< 0.6

< 0.24

<2.5

< 0.6

< 0.74

< 0.21

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

1.1-Dichloroethane

2-Butanone (MEK)

1.1.1-Trichloroethane

Hexane

Chloroform

cis-1.2-Dichloroethene

1.2-Dichloroethane (EDC)

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	LOC 09 05/10/18 05/08/18 05/14/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F& 805181-02 1/1.5 051417.D GCMS7 MP	&BI 805181	
		%	Lower	Upper			
Surrogates:		Recovery:		Limit:			
4-Bromofluoroben	zene	115	70	130			
		Concer	tration			Concer	itration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
							0
Chlorodifluoromet	hane	< 0.53	< 0.15	1-Buta		< 9.1	<3
Propene	.1	670 ve	390 ve		n tetrachloride	< 0.94	< 0.15
Dichlorodifluorom	ethane	76	15	Benze		38	12
Chloromethane F-114		12 <1	5.8 <0.15	Cycloł 2-Pent		24 <5.3	6.9 <1.5
Isobutene		<1 480 ve	<0.15 210 ve	2-Pent		<5.3 <5.3	<1.5 <1.5
Acetaldehyde		480 ve 52	210 ve 29	Penta		<5.3 <5.3	<1.5 <1.5
Vinyl chloride		< 0.38	< 0.15		chloropropane	2.9	<1.3 0.62
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.033	< 0.15	1,2-Di		< 0.54	<0.02 <0.15
Bromomethane		<1.2	< 0.3		dichloromethane	< 0.1	< 0.15
Chloroethane		1.4	0.53		oroethene	0.61	0.11
Ethanol		<11	<6		-Dichloropropene	< 0.68	< 0.11
Acetonitrile		<2.5	<1.5		yl-2-pentanone	<6.1	<1.5
Acrolein		<1.4	< 0.6		1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.68	< 0.15
Acrylonitrile		< 0.33	< 0.15	Toluer		43	11
Pentane		210	71	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 0.082	< 0.015
Trichlorofluorome	thane	730 ve	130 ve	3-Hex		<6.1	<1.5
Acetone		110	48	2-Hexa		<6.1	<1.5
2-Propanol		<13	<5.2	Hexan	al	6.6	1.6
Isoprene		11	3.8	Tetrac	hloroethene	3.5	0.51
Iodomethane		< 0.87	< 0.15	Dibroi	nochloromethane	< 0.13	< 0.015
1,1-Dichloroethen	e	0.76	0.19	1,2-Di	promoethane (EDB)	< 0.12	< 0.015
Methacrolein		<4.3	<1.5	Chloro	benzene	< 0.69	< 0.15
trans-1,2-Dichloro	ethene	< 0.59	< 0.15		enzene	12	2.7
Cyclopentane		14	5.0		-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.21	< 0.03
Methyl vinyl keto	ne	<4.3	<1.5	m,p-X		28	6.5
Butanal		5.6	1.9	o-Xyle		11	2.5
Methylene chlorid	e	<130 ca	<37 ca	Styrer		2.1	0.49
CFC-113		<1.1	< 0.15	Brome		<3.1	< 0.3
Carbon disulfide		24	7.7		chloride	< 0.078	< 0.015
Methyl t-butyl eth	er (MIDE)	<2.7 <11	<0.75 <3		Trimethylbenzene Trimethylbenzene	5.4 6.4	1.1 1.3
Vinyl acetate 1,1-Dichloroethan	0	<11 2.1	<3 0.52		chlorobenzene	0.4 2.6	0.43
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth		< 0.59	0.32 <0.15		chlorobenzene	< 0.36	<0.43
Hexane		<0.39 93	<0.15 26		rimethylbenzene	< 3.7	<0.00 <0.75
Chloroform		340	20 69		chlorobenzene	<0.9	<0.15 <0.15
2-Butanone (MEK)	6.5	2.2		richlorobenzene	<1.1	< 0.15
1,2-Dichloroethan		2.3	0.58		halene	0.79	0.15
1,1,1-Trichloroeth		44	8.1		hlorobutadiene	< 0.32	< 0.03

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	LOC 109 05/10/18 05/08/18 05/15/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F& 805181-03 1/1.5 051418.D GCMS7 MP	&BI 805181	
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluoroben	zene	% Recovery: 127	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130			
		Concer	tration			Concer	tration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Chlorodifluoromet	hane	< 0.53	< 0.15	1-Buta	nol	<9.1	<3
Propene		870 ve	500 ve		n tetrachloride	< 0.94	< 0.15
Dichlorodifluorom	ethane	87	18	Benze		38	12
Chloromethane	othano	12	5.8	Cycloł		22	6.5
F-114		<1	< 0.15	2-Pent		<5.3	<1.5
Isobutene		520 ve	230 ve	3-Pent		<5.3	<1.5
Acetaldehyde		62	34	Penta		<5.3	<1.5
Vinyl chloride		< 0.28	< 0.15		chloropropane	2.8	0.60
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.033	< 0.15	1,2-Di		< 0.54	< 0.15
Bromomethane		<0.035	< 0.015		dichloromethane	< 0.1	< 0.15
Chloroethane		1.4	<0.3 0.53		oroethene	0.58	0.11
Ethanol		<1.4 <11	0.33 <6				<0.11
		<11 <2.5	<0 <1.5		-Dichloropropene	< 0.68 < 6.1	<0.15 <1.5
Acetonitrile Acrolein		<2.5 <1.4	<1.5 <0.6		nyl-2-pentanone	<0.1 <0.68	<1.5 <0.15
		<1.4 <0.33	<0.6 <0.15		1,3-Dichloropropene	<0.08 45	<0.15 12
Acrylonitrile				Toluer			
Pentane	.1	210	72		Trichloroethane	< 0.082	< 0.015
Trichlorofluorome	thane	710 ve	130 ve	3-Hexa		< 6.1	<1.5
Acetone		110	46	2-Hexa		< 6.1	<1.5
2-Propanol		<13	<5.2	Hexan		6.2	1.5
Isoprene		11	3.9		hloroethene	4.0	0.58
Iodomethane		<0.87	< 0.15		nochloromethane	< 0.13	< 0.015
1,1-Dichloroethen	e	0.76	0.19		bromoethane (EDB)	< 0.12	< 0.015
Methacrolein	_	<4.3	<1.5		benzene	< 0.69	< 0.15
trans-1,2-Dichloro	ethene	< 0.59	<0.15		oenzene	15	3.4
Cyclopentane		15	5.3		2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.21	< 0.03
Methyl vinyl keto	ne	<4.3	<1.5	m,p-X		40	9.2
Butanal		<4.4	<1.5	o-Xyle		15	3.4
Methylene chlorid	e	<130 ca	<37 ca	Styrer		3.6	0.83
CFC-113		<1.1	< 0.15	Bromo		<3.1	< 0.3
Carbon disulfide		23	7.5		l chloride	< 0.078	< 0.015
Methyl t-butyl eth	er (MTBE)	<2.7	< 0.75		Trimethylbenzene	9.2	1.9
Vinyl acetate		<11	<3		rimethylbenzene	13	2.7
1,1-Dichloroethan		2.1	0.51		chlorobenzene	1.2	0.19
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth	nene	< 0.59	<0.15		chlorobenzene	< 0.36	< 0.06
Hexane		78	22		Trimethylbenzene	7.3	1.5
Chloroform		310	64		chlorobenzene	<0.9	< 0.15
2-Butanone (MEK		7.2	2.4	1,2,4-7	Trichlorobenzene	<1.1	< 0.15
1,2-Dichloroethan		2.3	0.57		halene	1.9	0.37
1,1,1-Trichloroeth	ane	45	8.2	Hexac	hlorobutadiene	< 0.32	< 0.03

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	LOC 16 05/10/18 05/08/18 05/15/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data Fil Instrum Operato	ent:	Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F 805181-04 1/4 051419.D GCMS7 MP	&BI 805181	
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluoroben	zene	% Recovery: 121	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130			
		Concer	tration			Concer	tration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Chlorodifluoromet	hane	<1.4	< 0.4	1-Buta	nol	<24	<8
Propene		3,100 ve			n tetrachloride	<2.5	< 0.4
Dichlorodifluorom	ethane	2.8	0.56	Benzei		270	85
Chloromethane	centaire	12	5.6	Cycloh		380	110
F-114		<2.8	< 0.4	2-Pent		<14	<4
Isobutene		2,100 ve		3-Pent		<14	<4
Acetaldehyde		330	180	Pentar		<14	<4
Vinyl chloride		8.9	3.5		chloropropane	< 0.92	< 0.2
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.088	< 0.04	1,2 Di		<1.4	<0.2 <0.4
Bromomethane		<3.2	< 0.8		dichloromethane	<0.27	< 0.04
Chloroethane		1.2	0.44		oroethene	2.5	0.47
Ethanol		100	53		-Dichloropropene	<1.8	< 0.4
Acetonitrile		<6.7	<4		yl-2-pentanone	<16	<4
Acrolein		<3.7	<1.6		1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.8	< 0.4
Acrylonitrile		< 0.87	< 0.4	Toluer		510	140
Pentane		890 ve	300 ve		richloroethane	< 0.22	< 0.04
Trichlorofluorome	thang	5.4	0.97	3-Hexa		<16	<0.04 <4
Acetone	thanc	290	120	2-Hexa		<10 <16	<4
2-Propanol		290	120	Hexan		<10 76	19
Isoprene		250 69	25		hloroethene	3.1	0.46
Iodomethane		<2.3	< 0.4		nochloromethane	0.99	0.40
1,1-Dichloroethen	e	<2.5 <1.6	< 0.4		promoethane (EDB)	0.77 fb	0.12 0.10 fb
Methacrolein	C	<11	<4		benzene	2.2	0.49
trans-1,2-Dichloro	ethene	2.0	0.49		enzene	62	14
Cyclopentane		110	39		-Tetrachloroethane	2.1	0.30
Methyl vinyl keto	ne	<11	<4	m,p-Xy		200	46
Butanal		<12	<4	o-Xyle		84	19
Methylene chlorid	e		<100 ca	Styren		13	3.0
CFC-113		<3.1	< 0.4	Bromo		<8.3	< 0.8
Carbon disulfide		970 ve	310 ve	Benzyl	l chloride	< 0.21	< 0.04
Methyl t-butyl eth	er (MTBE)	<7.2	<2		rimethylbenzene	69	14
Vinyl acetate		<28	<8		rimethylbenzene	120	25
1,1-Dichloroethan	e	<1.6	< 0.4		chlorobenzene	11	1.8
cis-1,2-Dichloroetł		7.5	1.9		chlorobenzene	1.6 fb	0.26 fb
Hexane		680	190		rimethylbenzene	66	13
Chloroform		2,700 ve	560 ve		chlorobenzene	<2.4	< 0.4
2-Butanone (MEK)	65	22		richlorobenzene	<3	< 0.4
1,2-Dichloroethan		0.79	0.20		halene	65	12
1,1,1-Trichloroeth		<2.2	< 0.4		hlorobutadiene	2.9	0.28

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Method Bl Not Applic 05/14/18 05/14/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data Fil Instrum Operato	ent: GCMS7			
Surrogates:		% Recovery:	Lower	Upper Limit:			
4-Bromofluoroben	zene	94	70	130			
1 Di omoridoroben	Lone	01	10	100			
		Concer	itration			Concer	itration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
	1	0.05	0.1	1.0.	,	0.1	0
Chlorodifluoromet	hane	<0.35 <1.7	<0.1 <1	1-Buta	nol n tetrachloride	<6.1 <0.63	<2 <0.1
Propene Dichlorodifluorom	othono	<1.7 <0.49	<1 <0.1	Benzei		<0.63 <0.32	<0.1 <0.1
Chloromethane	ethane	<0.49 <0.21	<0.1 <0.1	Cycloł		<0.32 <6.9	<0.1 <2
F-114		< 0.21	<0.1 <0.1	2-Pent		<0.9 <3.5	<2 <1
Isobutene		<0.92	< 0.1	3-Pent		<3.5	<1
Acetaldehyde		<0.0 <i>2</i> <9	<5	Pentar		<3.5	<1
Vinyl chloride		<0.26	< 0.1		chloropropane	< 0.23	< 0.05
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.022	< 0.01	1,4-Di		< 0.36	< 0.1
Bromomethane		< 0.78	< 0.2		dichloromethane	< 0.067	< 0.01
Chloroethane		< 0.26	< 0.1		proethene	<0.27	< 0.05
Ethanol		<7.5	<4		-Dichloropropene	< 0.45	< 0.1
Acetonitrile		<1.7	<1		yl-2-pentanone	<4.1	<1
Acrolein		< 0.92	< 0.4	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		< 0.45	< 0.1
Acrylonitrile		< 0.22	< 0.1	Toluer		< 0.38	< 0.1
Pentane		<3	<1	1,1,2-T	richloroethane	< 0.055	< 0.01
Trichlorofluorome	thane	< 0.56	< 0.1	3-Hexa	anone	<4.1	<1
Acetone		<4.8	<2	2-Hexa	anone	<4.1	<1
2-Propanol		<8.6	<3.5	Hexan	al	<4.1	<1
Isoprene		< 0.28	<0.1	Tetrac	hloroethene	< 0.68	< 0.1
Iodomethane		< 0.58	< 0.1	Dibror	nochloromethane	< 0.085	< 0.01
1,1-Dichloroethen	e	< 0.4	<0.1		promoethane (EDB)	< 0.077	< 0.01
Methacrolein	_	<2.9	<1		benzene	< 0.46	< 0.1
trans-1,2-Dichloro	ethene	< 0.4	< 0.1		enzene	< 0.43	< 0.1
Cyclopentane		< 0.29	< 0.1		-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.14	< 0.02
Methyl vinyl ketor	ne	<2.9	<1	m,p-Xy		< 0.87	< 0.2
Butanal Mathulana ahlarid		<2.9	<1	o-Xyle		< 0.43	< 0.1
Methylene chlorid	e	<87 ca <0.77	<25 ca <0.1	Styrer Bromo		<0.85 <2.1	<0.2 <0.2
CFC-113 Carbon disulfide		<0.77 <6.2	<0.1 <2		chloride	<2.1 <0.052	<0.2 <0.01
Methyl t-butyl eth	or (MTBF)	<0.2 <1.8	<0.5		rimethylbenzene	<0.052	< 0.5
Vinyl acetate	CI (IVIIDL)	<7	<2		rimethylbenzene	<2.5	<0.5 <0.5
1,1-Dichloroethan	e	< 0.4	<0.1		chlorobenzene	<2.5 <0.6	< 0.1
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth		< 0.4	< 0.1		chlorobenzene	< 0.24	< 0.04
Hexane	-	<3.5	<1		rimethylbenzene	<2.5	< 0.5
Chloroform		< 0.049	< 0.01		chlorobenzene	< 0.6	< 0.1
2-Butanone (MEK)	<2.9	<1		richlorobenzene	< 0.74	< 0.1
1,2-Dichloroethan		< 0.04	< 0.01		halene	0.13 lc	0.025 lc
1,1,1-Trichloroeth	ane	< 0.55	< 0.1	Hexac	hlorobutadiene	< 0.21	< 0.02

805181	SAMP	LE CHAIN C	F CUSTOI	ΟY	ME	05710/18
Report To Tom Colligan	SAM	PLERS (signatur		7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page # of TURNAROUND TIME
Company Flayd Snider		JECT NAME 55 - Tay	lar Islam		PO#	Rush charges authorized by:
Address <u>601</u> Union SI, St City, State, ZIP <u>Scattle</u> ; WA Phone 206-292-7078 Email for -	- 9901 REPO	ORTING LEVEL		1	NVOICE TO	SAMPLE DISPOSAL Dispose after 30 days Archive Samples
Phone 206-292-2078 Email fam - Playd Snidu	r. com			ANALYS	SIS REQUEST	
	Flow *-	Field Initial Field	Field Final Field	PO-15 Full Scan		
Lab Ca Sample Name ID	anister Contr. Date ID ID Sample	d (Hg) Initial Time	Press. Final (Hg) Time		T I B	Notes
	1229 4hr 5/8/18	30 0934	8 125			no He detection
LOC 09 02 24	336 109	30 1133	3 1142	 		
LOC 109 03 31	674 231	30 202	3 1209			
Loc 16 04 2	136 111 1	30 1220	21 1235	, ,		
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
						Samples received at°C
Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 3012 16th Avenue West Relinquished by	SIGNATURE y:	12 1	RINT NAME	•	COM FS	PANY DATE TIME 5/9/18 0930
Seattle, WA 98119-2029 Received by: Ph. (206) 285-8282 Relinquisted by:	1D.W.DC	Elizeu	beth webbe	·-Bz	F?6/	5/10/18 1045

Fax (206) 283-5044

Received by:

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ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Arina Podnozova, B.S. Eric Young, B.S. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

April 30, 2018

Tom Colligan, Project Manager Floyd-Snider Two Union Square, Suite 600 601 Union St Seattle, WA 98101

Dear Mr Colligan:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on April 19, 2018 from the Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 project. There are 13 pages included in this report.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures c: Kristin Anderson FDS0430R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on April 19, 2018 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

Laboratory ID	<u>Floyd-Snider</u>
804329 -01	Loc 12
804329 -02	Loc 16
804329 -03	Loc 9

Water was present in sample Loc 16. The analysis was placed on hold.

The TO-15 propene concentration in sample Loc 12 exceeded the calibration range of the instrument. The data were flagged accordingly.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 04/30/18 Date Received: 04/19/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 Date Extracted: 04/27/18 Date Analyzed: 04/27/18

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR HELIUM USING METHOD ASTM D1946

Results Reported as % Helium

<u>Sample ID</u> Laboratory ID	<u>Helium</u>
Loc 12 804329-01	<0.6
Loc 16 804329-03	1.1
Method Blank	<0.6

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Loc 12 04/19/18 04/18/18 04/25/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 804329-01 1/10 042510.D GCMS7 MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenz	zene	% Recovery: 94	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130	
Compounds:		Concentratio ug/m3	on		
APH EC5-8 alipha APH EC9-12 aliph APH EC9-10 arom	atics	2,200 380 <250			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Loc 9 04/19/18 04/18/18 04/25/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 804329-03 1/10 042511.D GCMS7 MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenz	zene	% Recovery: 93	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130	
Compounds:		Concentratio ug/m3	on		
APH EC5-8 alipha APH EC9-12 aliph APH EC9-10 arom	atics	1,500 510 <250			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Method Blank Not Applicable Not Applicable 04/25/18 Air ug/m3	t Applicable Project: t Applicable Lab ID: 25/18 Data File: Instrument:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 08-0846 mb 042509.D GCMS7 MP
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenz		ery: Limi	- 1.1.	
Compounds: APH EC5-8 alipha APH EC9-12 aliph		n3 6		
APH EC9-10 arom	atics <2	5		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Loc 12 04/19/18 04/18/18 04/25/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 804329-01 1/10 042510.D GCMS7 MP		
Surrogates:		5	Lower Limit:	Upper Limit:			
4-Bromofluorobenz	ene	93	70	130			
		Concen	tration			Concent	tration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Chlorodifluorometh	nane	<3.5	<1	1-Buta	nol	<61	<20
Propene		1,700 ve	1,000 ve	Carbo	n tetrachloride	<6.3	<1
Dichlorodifluorome	ethane	490	100	Benzei	ne	5.9	1.8
Chloromethane		8.5	4.1	Cycloh	exane	<69	<20
F-114		<7	<1	2-Pent	anone	<35	<10
Isobutene		540	240	3-Pent	anone	<35	<10
Acetaldehyde		<90	<50	Pentar	nal	<35	<10
Vinyl chloride		<2.6	<1	1,2-Dio	chloropropane	<2.3	< 0.5
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.22	<0.1	1,4-Dio		<3.6	<1
Bromomethane		<3.9	<1		dichloromethane	< 0.67	<0.1
Chloroethane		<2.6	<1		proethene	6.1	1.1
Ethanol		<75	<40		-Dichloropropene	<4.5	<1
Acetonitrile		<17	<10		nyl-2-pentanone	<41	<10
Acrolein		<9.2	<4		1,3-Dichloropropene	<4.5	<1
Acrylonitrile		<2.2	<1	Toluer		5.2 <0.55	1.4
Pentane	_	270	92		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		< 0.1
Trichlorofluoromet	hane	180	32	3-Hexa		<41	<10
Acetone		190	79	2-Hexa		<41	<10
2-Propanol		<86	<35	Hexan		<41	<10
Isoprene		7.0	2.5		hloroethene	<6.8	<1
Iodomethane		<5.8	<1		nochloromethane	< 0.85	< 0.1
1,1-Dichloroethene		<4	<1		promoethane (EDB)	< 0.77	< 0.1
Methacrolein	41	<29	<10		benzene	<4.6	<1
trans-1,2-Dichloroe	ethene	<4 61	<1 21		enzene 2-Tetrachloroethane	<4.3	<1 <0.2
Cyclopentane Mothyl vipyl kotop	0	<29	<10			<1.4 <8.7	<0.2 <2
Methyl vinyl keton Butanal	le	<29 <29	<10 <10	m,p-Xy o-Xylei		<0.7 <4.3	<2 <1
Methylene chloride		<870	<250	Styren		<8.5	<1 <2
CFC-113	•	<7.7	<200 <1	Bromo		<21	<2 <2
Carbon disulfide		<62	<20		chloride	<0.52	<0.1
Methyl t-butyl ethe	er (MTBE)	<18	<5		Trimethylbenzene	<25	<5
Vinyl acetate	(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((<70	<20		rimethylbenzene	<25	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	•	5.0	1.2		chlorobenzene	<6	<1
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth		<4	<1		chlorobenzene	<2.4	< 0.4
Hexane		49	14		rimethylbenzene	<25	<5
Chloroform		2.5	0.52		chlorobenzene	<6	<1
2-Butanone (MEK)		<29	<10		Trichlorobenzene	<7.4	<1
1,2-Dichloroethane	(EDC)	0.97	0.24	Napht		<1	< 0.2
1,1,1-Trichloroetha	ine	13	2.4	Hexac	hlorobutadiene	<2.1	< 0.2

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Loc 9 04/19/18 04/18/18 04/25/18 Air ug/m3		Client: Project: Lab ID: Data File: Instrument: Operator:		Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329 804329-03 1/10 042511.D GCMS7 MP		
Surrogates: 4-Bromofluorobenz	000	% Recovery: 92	Lower Limit: 70	Upper Limit: 130			
4-DI OIHOHUOI ODEHZ	lene	92	70	130			
		Concen	tration			Concent	tration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Chlorodifluorometl	nane	<3.5	<1	1-Buta	nol	<61	<20
Propene		770	450	Carbo	n tetrachloride	< 6.3	<1
Dichlorodifluorome	ethane	200	40	Benzer	ne	15	4.8
Chloromethane		9.9	4.8	Cycloh	lexane	<69	<20
F-114		<7	<1	2-Pent	anone	<35	<10
Isobutene		440	190	3-Pent	anone	<35	<10
Acetaldehyde		<90	<50	Pentar		<35	<10
Vinyl chloride		<2.6	<1		chloropropane	<2.3	<0.5
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.22	<0.1	1,4-Die		<3.6	<1
Bromomethane		<3.9	<1		dichloromethane	< 0.67	<0.1
Chloroethane		<2.6	<1		proethene	<2.7	< 0.5
Ethanol		<75	<40		-Dichloropropene	<4.5	<1
Acetonitrile		<17	<10		nyl-2-pentanone	<41	<10
Acrolein		<9.2	<4		1,3-Dichloropropene	<4.5	<1
Acrylonitrile		<2.2	<1	Toluer		14	3.7
Pentane	,	150	50		Trichloroethane	< 0.55	< 0.1
Trichlorofluoromet	hane	470	83	3-Hexa		<41	<10
Acetone		<48	<20	2-Hexa		<41	<10
2-Propanol		<86	<35	Hexan		<41	<10
Isoprene		<2.8	<1		hloroethene	< 6.8	<1
Iodomethane		< 5.8 < 4	<1 <1		nochloromethane	<0.85 <0.77	< 0.1
1,1-Dichloroethene Methacrolein					bromoethane (EDB)		< 0.1
trans-1,2-Dichloroe	thong	<29 <4	<10 <1		benzene enzene	< 4.6 < 4.3	<1 <1
	eulelle	15	5.4		P-Tetrachloroethane	<4.3 <1.4	<0.2
Cyclopentane Methyl vinyl keton		<29	<10	m,p-X		<8.7	<0.2 <2
Butanal		<29	<10	o-Xyle		<4.3	<2 <1
Methylene chloride	2	< 8 70	<250	Styren		<8.5	<2
CFC-113		<7.7	<1	Bromo		<21	<2
Carbon disulfide		<62	<20		l chloride	< 0.52	< 0.1
Methyl t-butyl ethe	er (MTBE)	<18	<5		Trimethylbenzene	<25	<5
Vinyl acetate		<70	<20		Trimethylbenzene	<25	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>)</u>	<4	<1		chlorobenzene	25	4.1
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth		<4	<1		chlorobenzene	<2.4	< 0.4
Hexane		43	12	1,2,3-7	Trimethylbenzene	<25	<5
Chloroform		3.1	0.63		chlorobenzene	<6	<1
2-Butanone (MEK)		<29	<10		Trichlorobenzene	<7.4	<1
1,2-Dichloroethane	(EDC)	0.73	0.18		halene	<1	< 0.2
1,1,1-Trichloroetha	ane	24	4.5	Hexac	hlorobutadiene	<2.1	< 0.2

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Date Received: Date Collected: Date Analyzed: Matrix: Units:	Method Bla Not Applic Not Applic 04/25/18 Air ug/m3	able	Client: Project: Lab ID: Data Fi Instrum Operato	le: ient:	Floyd-Snider Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F& 08-0846 mb 042509.D GCMS7 MP	≵BI 804329	
Surrogates:		% Recovery:	Lower Limit:	Upper Limit:			
4-Bromofluorobenz	ene	93	70	130			
		Concen	tration			Concen	tration
Compounds:		ug/m3	ppbv	Compo	ounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Chlorodifluorometh	nane	< 0.35	< 0.1	1-Buta	nol	<6.1	<2
Propene		< 0.69	< 0.4	Carbo	n tetrachloride	< 0.63	< 0.1
Dichlorodifluorome	ethane	< 0.49	< 0.1	Benzei	ne	< 0.32	< 0.1
Chloromethane		< 0.21	< 0.1	Cycloh	exane	<6.9	<2
F-114		<0.7	< 0.1	2-Pent	anone	<3.5	<1
Isobutene		< 0.92	< 0.4	3-Pent	anone	<3.5	<1
Acetaldehyde		<9	<5	Pentar	nal	<3.5	<1
Vinyl chloride		< 0.26	< 0.1	1,2-Dio	chloropropane	< 0.23	< 0.05
1,3-Butadiene		< 0.022	< 0.01	1,4-Dio	oxane	< 0.36	< 0.1
Bromomethane		< 0.39	< 0.1	Bromo	dichloromethane	< 0.067	< 0.01
Chloroethane		< 0.26	< 0.1	Trichle	proethene	< 0.27	< 0.05
Ethanol		<7.5	<4	cis-1,3	-Dichloropropene	< 0.45	< 0.1
Acetonitrile		<1.7	<1	4-Metł	nyl-2-pentanone	<4.1	<1
Acrolein		< 0.92	< 0.4	trans-	1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.45	< 0.1
Acrylonitrile		< 0.22	< 0.1	Toluer		< 0.38	< 0.1
Pentane		<3	<1	1,1,2-7	Trichloroethane	< 0.055	< 0.01
Trichlorofluoromet	hane	< 0.56	< 0.1	3-Hexa		<4.1	<1
Acetone		<4.8	<2	2-Hexa	anone	<4.1	<1
2-Propanol		<8.6	<3.5	Hexan		<4.1	<1
Isoprene		< 0.28	< 0.1		hloroethene	<0.68	<0.1
Iodomethane		< 0.58	<0.1		nochloromethane	< 0.085	< 0.01
1,1-Dichloroethene		< 0.4	<0.1		promoethane (EDB)	< 0.077	< 0.01
Methacrolein		<2.9	<1		benzene	< 0.46	<0.1
trans-1,2-Dichloroe	ethene	< 0.4	< 0.1		enzene	< 0.43	< 0.1
Cyclopentane		< 0.29	< 0.1		2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.14	< 0.02
Methyl vinyl keton	e	<2.9	<1	m,p-Xy		< 0.87	< 0.2
Butanal		<2.9	<1	o-Xylei		< 0.43	< 0.1
Methylene chloride		<87	<25	Styren		< 0.85	< 0.2
CFC-113		< 0.77	< 0.1	Bromo		<2.1	< 0.2
Carbon disulfide		< 6.2	<2		chloride	< 0.052	< 0.01
Methyl t-butyl ethe	er (MIBE)	<1.8	< 0.5		Trimethylbenzene	<2.5	< 0.5
Vinyl acetate		<7	<2 <0.1		rimethylbenzene	<2.5	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloroethane		< 0.4	< 0.1		chlorobenzene	< 0.6	< 0.1
cis-1,2-Dichloroeth	ene	< 0.4	< 0.1		chlorobenzene	< 0.24	< 0.04
Hexane Chloroform		<3.5 <0.049	<1 <0.01		Trimethylbenzene	<2.5 <0.6	<0.5 <0.1
2-Butanone (MEK)		<0.049 <2.9	<0.01 <1		chlorobenzene Trichlorobenzene	<0.6 <0.74	<0.1 <0.1
1,2-Dichloroethane	(FDC)	<2.9 <0.04	<0.01	Napht		< 0.74	< 0.1
1,1,1-Trichloroetha		<0.04 <0.55	<0.01 <0.1		hlorobutadiene	<0.1 <0.21	<0.02 <0.02
1,1,1-1110100000		\U.JJ	\U.1	TIERAU		\U. 21	<0.0£

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 04/30/18 Date Received: 04/19/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR HELIUM USING METHOD ASTM D1946

Laboratory Code:	804329-03 (Dup	licate)		
	Sample	Duplicate	Relative	
Analyte	Result	Result	Percent	Acceptance
	(%)	(%)	Difference	Criteria
Helium	1.1	<0.6	nm	0-50

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 04/30/18 Date Received: 04/19/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD APH

Laboratory Code: 804329-03 1/10 (Duplicate)

	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	RPD
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 25)
APH EC5-8 aliphatics	ug/m3	1,500	1,700	12
APH EC9-12 aliphatics	ug/m3	510	550	8
APH EC9-10 aromatics	ug/m3	<250	<250	nm

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

5	1		Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
APH EC5-8 aliphatics	ug/m3	230	74	70-130
APH EC9-12 aliphatics	ug/m3	350	97	70-130
APH EC9-10 aromatics	ug/m3	251	80	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 04/30/18 Date Received: 04/19/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

Laboratory Code. Laboratory Co.	introi Sample		Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Chlorodifluoromethane	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Propene	ppbv	10	88	70-130
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Chloromethane	ppbv	10	104	70-130
F-114	ppbv	10	101	70-130
Isobutene	ppbv	10	100	70-130
Acetaldehyde	ppbv	10	97	70-130
Vinyl chloride	ppbv	10	106	70-130
1,3-Butadiene	ppbv	10	100	70-130
Bromomethane	ppbv	10	129	70-130
Chloroethane	ppbv	10	105	70-130
Ethanol	ppbv	10	97	70-130
Acetonitrile	ppbv	10	106	70-130
Acrolein	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Acrylonitrile	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Pentane	ppbv	10	93	70-130
Trichlorofluoromethane	ppbv	10	90	70-130
Acetone	ppbv	10	93	70-130
2-Propanol	ppbv	10	82	70-130
Isoprene	ppbv	10	95	70-130
Iodomethane	ppbv	10	93	70-130
1,1-Dichloroethene	ppbv	10	100	70-130
Methacrolein	ppbv	10	95	70-130
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ppbv	10	100	70-130
	ppbv	10	99	70-130
Cyclopentane Mathyl Vinyl Katana	ppbv	10	99 99	70-130
Methyl Vinyl Ketone Butanal		10	99 96	70-130
	ppbv	10	90 87	70-130
Methylene chloride CFC-113	ppbv	10	87 96	70-130
Carbon disulfide	ppbv ppbv	10	90 93	70-130
		10		
Methyl t-butyl ether	ppbv	10	89 77	70-130
Vinyl acetate	ppbv	10	101	70-130
1,1-Dichloroethane	ppbv			70-130
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ppbv	10	101	70-130
Hexane Chloroform	ppbv	10	93 102	70-130 70-130
2-Butanone (MEK)	ppbv ppbv	10 10	103 96	70-130 70-130
	ppbv ppbv			
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	ppbv ppbv	10	100	70-130
1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1-Butanol	ppbv ppbv	10	95 84	70-130 70-130
	ppbv	10	84 80	
Carbon tetrachloride	ppbv	10	89	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 04/30/18 Date Received: 04/19/18 Project: Ave 55 - Taylor Way, F&BI 804329

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample (Continued)

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Benzene	ppbv	10	103	70-130
Cyclohexane	ppbv	10	95	70-130
2-Pentanone	ppbv	10	95	70-130
3-Pentanone	ppbv	10	106	70-130
Pentanal	ppbv	10	97	70-130
1,2-Dichloropropane	ppbv	10	105	70-130
1,4-Dioxane	ppbv	10	87	70-130
Bromodichloromethane	ppbv	10	104	70-130
Trichloroethene	ppbv	10	102	70-130
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppbv	10	92	70-130
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ppbv	10	86	70-130
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ppbv	10	88	70-130
Toluene	ppbv	10	99	70-130
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ppbv	10	102	70-130
3-Hexanone	ppbv	10	90	70-130
2-Hexanon e	ppbv	10	90	70-130
Hexanal	ppbv	10	93	70-130
Tetrachloroethene	ppbv	10	99	70-130
Dibromochloromethane	ppbv	10	105	70-130
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ppbv	10	103	70-130
Chlorobenzene	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Ethylbenzene	ppbv	10	100	70-130
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ppbv	10	103	70-130
m,p-Xylene	ppbv	20	101	70-130
o-Xylene	ppbv	10	103	70-130
Styrene	ppbv	10	98	70-130
Bromoform	ppbv	10	104	70-130
Benzyl chloride	ppbv	10	81	70-130
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ppbv	10	96	70-130
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ppbv	10	94	70-130
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ppbv	10	102	70-130
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ppbv	10	103	70-130
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	ppbv	10	96	70-130
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ppbv	10	102	70-130
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ppbv	10	84	70-130
Naphthalene	ppbv	10	104	70-130
Hexachlorobutadiene	ppbv	10	97	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

a - The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.

 ${\bf b}$ - The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.

ca - The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria. The value reported is an estimate.

c - The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.

cf - The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.

 ${\rm d}$ - The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.

dv - Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.

f - The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.

fb - The analyte was detected in the method blank.

fc - The compound is a common laboratory and field contaminant.

hr - The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.

hs - Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.

ht – The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.

ip - Recovery fell outside of control limits. Compounds in the sample matrix interfered with the quantitation of the analyte.

j - The analyte concentration is reported below the lowest calibration standard. The value reported is an estimate.

J - The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.

jl - The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.

js - The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.

lc - The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.

L - The reported concentration was generated from a library search.

nm - The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.

pc - The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.

ve - The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.

vo - The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.

x - The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

804329		,		SAMPL	ECH	AIN O	F CUS	STOD	Y	М	Ε (14	-19-18
Report To on Colliga	in			SAMP	LERS (s	ignature	2)	N	æ .				Page # of TURNAROUND TIME
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LOC 9	03	3672	0)	4/18/18	30	1651	2	1659		\propto	\times	\boldsymbol{X}	
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Friedman & Bruya, Inc.	SIGNAŢURE	PRINT NAME	COMPANY	DATE	TIME
3012 16th Avenue West	Relinquished by:	- Krishn Andersen	ES	4/19/18	0830
Seattle, WA 98119-2029	Received by	EEIC Daw	FER	Y/Ala	0830
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Fax (206) 283-5044	Received by:		•	•	
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SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING SHEET

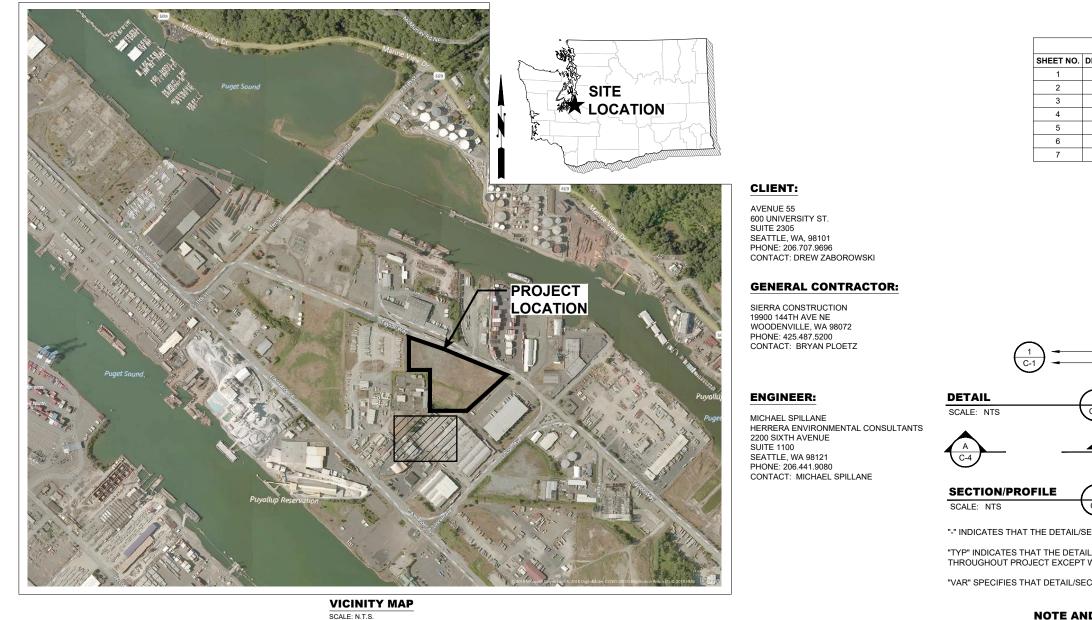
		(514 Vacuur				rging		Personn Hel	el: ium	K	Ander Sam	pling		Р	ID	
1	Soil Vapor Sampling Point ID	Time Start Vacuum Testing	Time Stop Vacuum Testing	Time Start Purging		Purging Rate (ml/min)	Total Volume Purged (ml)	Time of Helium Reading	Helium Reading (%)	Time Start Sampling		Canister Vacuum Before Sampling (in Hg)	(in Hg)	Time of PID Reading	PID Reading	Lob Canister t
2	LOC 16	4/1702244 4/1702244 4/170225	2224	0921 1618 1648	0924 1621 1651	167 167	500 500 500	0924 1621 1651	11.9% 11.0% 10.8%		0934 1643 1659	30 30 30	2 15 2	1042 1618 1649	0.0 0.1 0.5	# 24133 # 3389 # 3672
{	LOC 9 LOC 9 dup LOC 16	1100 1101 1059	1110 1111 1109	1129 1159 1217	1132 120 2 1220	167 167 167	500 500 500			1133 1202 1220	1142 1209 1235	30 30 30	3 3 2)	1132 1202 1220	1.2 1.3 0.4	₩ 2436 ₩ 3674 ₩ 2435
	Notes: 1) purge time for 3× volumes 1-2 min. purged 3 min 4 tubing. purged total 3 min 2) encountered water at loc 16 on \$1/18. crossive vacuum e sample loc + litely water in can.stor 3) He leak detection tot passed on all samples coll. 4/18. pur wP no leak fest 5/8															

F:\Administration Office\Field Resources\Standard Guidelines\Vapor Intrusion Standard Guidelines\Vapor Intrusion Guideline_2016-1216.docx

Attachment 2 Vapor Mitigation Plans and Field Inspection Reports

AVE 55 TAYLOR AVE METHANE MITIGATION PROJECT

TACOMA, WASHINGTON





/ DATE: / DATE: / DATE: **BID SET** T. PRESCOTT K. JOHNSON RIGINATED BY: / CHECKED BY: / -CHECKED BY: / Ö M. SPILLANE Know what's below. Call before you dig. AT FULL PPROVED CALE HERRERA REVISION BY APP'D DATE AS NOTED M. SPILLANE

CORRECTED BY: / DATE: VERIFIED BY: / DATE:

A SECTION/PROFILE REFERENCE LETTER	WAS TAKEN
CTION IS SHOWN ON THE SAME SHEET	
/SECTION IS UNIFORMLY TYPICAL VHERE OTHERWISE NOTED	
TION WAS TAKEN FROM VARIOUS DRAWINGS	
D DETAIL/SECTION REFERENCING	
AVE 55 TAYLOR WAY METHANE MITIGATION	JUNE 2018
	PROJECT NO: 16-06475-000
COVER SHEET	DRAWING NO: G-1 SHEET NO: OF
	1 7

SHEET INDEX						
DRAWING NO. DESCRIPTION						
G-1	COVER SHEET					
G-2	GENERAL NOTES					
C-1	BUILDING A					
C-2	NORTH WEST OFFICE AREA OF BUILDING A					
C-3	NORTH EAST OFFICE AREA OF BUILDING A					
C-4	TYPICAL DETAILS					
C-5	PENETRATION DETAILS					

DETAIL REFERENCE NUMBER DRAWING ON WHICH DETAIL IS SHOWN

DETAIL REFERENCE NUMBER

SECTION REFERENCE LETTER

DRAWING FROM WHICH DETAIL WAS TAKEN

DRAWING ON WHICH SECTION IS SHOWN

METHANE MITIGATION SYSTEM NOTES:

GENERAL:

- 1. A PASSIVE SUBSLAB METHANE BARRIER AND VENTING SYSTEM IS TO BE INSTALLED IN OFFICE LOCATIONS.
- 2. A FLEXIBLE, IMPERMEABLE, GEOMEMBRANE LINER SHALL BE PLACED BENEATH THE NEW SLAB-ON-GRADE. THE GEOMEMBRANE WILL BE SOLVENT WELDED TO PROVIDE A CONTINUOUS MEMBRANE BARRIER
- 3. WHERE GRADE BEAMS OR FOOTINGS PENETRATE THE MEMBRANE, THE MEMBRANE WILL BE PHYSICALLY ATTACHED TO GRADE BEAMS, FOOTINGS, OR WALLS TO SEAL THE LINER TO THE BUILDING USING BATTEN STRIPS.
- 4. A 2" PVC COLLECTION PIPING WILL BE INSTALLED WITHIN THE DRAINAGE LAYER BELOW THE SLAB.
- 5. THE COLLECTION PIPING WILL BE ROUTED TO A VENT PIPE DISCHARGING A MINIMUM OF THREE FEET ABOVE THE BUILDING ROOFLINE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 6. PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF REINFORCING STEEL AND CONCRETE, A NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OR SAND SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE GEOMEMBRANE TO PREVENT PUNCTURE.

COLLECTION GRAVEL LAYER:

- 1. THE COLLECTION GRAVEL LAYER SHALL CONSIST OF CLEAN, FREE DRAINING GRAVEL OR CRUSHED ROCK WITH LESS THAN 2 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE U.S. NO. 200 MESH SIEVE (FINES) BASED ON THE 3/4-INCH MINUS FRACTION
- 2. PLACE THE DRAINAGE MATERIAL IN LEVEL LIFTS AND COMPACT TO A DENSE AND UNVIELDING CONDITIONING. SYSTEM DESIGNER SHOULD EVALUATE THE COMPACTION OF THE DRAINAGE MATERIAL PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF VAPOR BARRIERS, REINFORCING STEEL, OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS.
- 3. SUBMIT A SAMPLE OF AND/OR SAMPLE SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE PROPOSED DRAINAGE MATERIAL FOR APPROVAL AT LEAST 1 WEEK BEFORE ANY USE ON SITE.

PERFORATED COLLECTOR PIPES:

- 1. A SERIES OF PERFORATED PIPES SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN THE DRAINAGE LAYER TO COLLECT AND ROUTE METHANE GAS AWAY FROM THE SLAB.
- EMBED MINIMUM 2" PVC PIPES WITH THE GRAVEL DRAINAGE LAYER BENEATH THE FLOOR SLAB.
- 3. PLACE THE PERFORATED PIPES FLAT WITH THEIR CROWN LOCATED WITHIN 2 INCHES OF THE BASE OF THE GEOMEMBRANE
- 4 THE PIPES SHOULD CONTAIN PERFORATIONS AROUND THE ENTIRE PIPE DIAMETER, OR IF ONLY PARTIALLY PERFORATED. THE PERFORATIONS SHOULD BE ALIGNED TOWARDS THE CRESTS OF THE PIPES FOR METHANE COLLECTION
- 5. THE PIPES SHOULD BE LAID OUT SUCH THAT THE LONGEST METHANE GAS TRAVEL PATH IS LESS THAN APPROXIMATELY 75 FEET.
- 6. PIPING SYSTEMS MUST BE FLAT (NO SLOPE). THE VENT PIPE CONNECTION TO THE HEADER SHALL NOT CONTAIN ANY SAGS (LOW POINTS)

SAND:

DATE: DATE:

ECTED BY:

1. SAND SHALL BE BUILDING SAND, MINERAL AGGREGATE TYPE 7, PER 9-03-12 (6) CITY OF SEATTLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION 2014 EDITION.

GEOMEMBRANE

1 THE GEOMEMBRANE SHALL BE 30 MIL PVC MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D-7176 AND THE FOLLOWING:

FACTORY FABRICATED SEAMS:

- - PEEL STRENGTH (LBS/IN, MIN) ASTM D-882,15
 - SHEAR STRENGTH (LBS/IN, MIN) ASTM D-882,58.4

THICKNESS ± 5% ASTM D-5199.030"

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (MIN) ASTM D-792,1.20

TENSILE (LB/IN-WIDTH, MIN) ASTM D-882,73

- 2. THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE MUST EXTEND THE FULL LENGTH (AND WIDTH) OF THE SLAB. THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE SHOULD TIE INTO AN INTERIOR CONCRETE GRADE BEAM OR EXTERIOR FOOTING OR EDGE OF THE SLAB AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS.
- 3. THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE SHOULD BE FACTORY SEAMED TO MINIMIZE FIELD SEAMS.
- 4. ALL FIELD SEAMS MUST BE SOLVENT-WELDED WITH OVERLAPS AS SPECIFIED BY THE PVC MANUFACTURER.
- 5. ALL SERVICES/UTILITIES THAT NEED TO PENETRATE THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE SHALL BE BOOTED THROUGH THE MEMBRANE TO ENSURE A COMPLETE SEAL AROUND THE SERVICE. SEE DRAWINGS.
- 6. EACH BOOT WILL BE SOLVENT WELDED.
- 7. SERVICES PENETRATING THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 6" APART TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE ROOM TO CONSTRUCT THE PIPE BOOT.
- 8. IT IS PREFERRED THAT ALL ELECTRICAL CONDUITS RUN ON TOP OF THE PVC GEOMEMBRANE. IF SOME ELECTRICAL CONDUITS ARE BELOW THE GEOMEMBRANE, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THEY RUN TO THE PERIMETER OF THE SLAB AND ENTER THE BUILDING FROM THE OUTSIDE WALL TO MINIMIZE THE NUMBER OF BOOTS THROUGH THE LINER.
- 9. FOR PROTECTION AGAINST PUNCTURES OR DAMAGE FROM ABOVE THE LINER, A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES OF SAND OR NONWOVEN SEPARATION GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES OR REBAR REINFORCEMENT FOR THE CONCRETE SLAB. THE GEOMEMBRANE MAY BE PLACED UNDER UTILITIES IN A UTILITY TRENCH WITH A MINIMUM OF 2-INCHES OF SAND ABOVE THE GEOMEMBRANE

GEOTEXTILE:

- 1. THE MATERIAL SHALL BE A GEOTEXTILE CONSISTING ONLY OF LONG CHAIN POLYMERIC FIBERS OR YARNS FORMED INTO A STABLE NETWORK SUCH THAT THE FIBERS OR YARNS RETAIN THEIR POSITION RELATIVE TO EACH OTHER DURING HANDLING, PLACEMENT, AND DESIGN SERVICE LIFE, AT LEAST 95 PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF THE MATERIAL SHALL BE POLYOLEFINS OR POLYESTERS.
- 2. THE MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE FROM DEFECTS OR TEARS. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL ALSO BE FREE OF ANY TREATMENT OR COATING WHICH MIGHT ADVERSELY ALTER ITS HYDRAULIC OR PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AFTER INSTALLATION
- 3. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL CONFORM TO THE PROPERTIES AS INDICATED IN TABLE 3 FOR SEPARATION -NONWOVEN. PER 9-37.1 GEOTEXTILE AND THREAD FOR SEWING OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION 2014 EDITION.
- 4. OVERLAP GEOTEXTILE PANELS A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES.

VENT RISERS:

- THE HORIZONTAL COLLECTOR PIPES.
- PER OFFICE AREA)
- - UPWARD FLOW OF AIR OR METHANE FROM THE PIPE. 5. TERMINATE VENT RISERS AS FOLLOWS:
 - 10 FEET OR MORE ABOVE GRADE;

BUILDING

- 3 FEET OR MORE AWAY FROM ANY PARAPET:

4 FEET OR MORE AWAY FROM PROPERTY LINE; AND

- 5 FEET OR MORE AWAY FROM ELECTRICAL DEVICES.

- PIPE SUPPORTS AND PIPE CLAMPS.
- POSITIVELY DRAIN WITH A MINIMUM OF 2 PERCENT SLOPE.
- I FAK TESTING
- MITIGATION DESIGNER

UTILITIES:

- THE BUILDING.
- PREVENT TRANSMISSION OF GAS THROUGH THE CONDUIT

DIDWG/6-2.0		BID SET					ALCON ASSAULT	DESIGNED: K. JOHNSON	DRAWN: T. PRESCOTT
104/5-000/04								M. SPILLANE	DRAWN: - CHECKED:
	No.	REVISION	BY APP'D		Know what's below.		STORAL LYON	SCALE:	- APPROVED:
0:/pro	INO.	REVISION	APPD	DATE	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	HEKKEKA		AS NOTED	M. SPILLANE

1 THE PERFORATED COLLECTOR PIPES SHALL BE TIED TO ONE ANOTHER AND CONNECTED TO ONE OR MORE VERTICAL VENT RISERS. VENT RISERS SHALL BE PVC AND NOT BE LARGER IN DIAMETER THAN

2. 3-INCH DIAMETER RISER REQUIRES 1 RISER FOR EVERY 7,500 SF OF FOOTPRINT (MINIMUM OF 2 RISERS

3. RISER PIPES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SPACING AND LENGTH OF 100 FEET.

4. PROVIDE A RAIN GUARD AT THE TOP TERMINUS OF THE VENT RISER THAT DOES NOT RESTRICT THE

10 FEET OR MORE AWAY FROM ANY WINDOW, DOOR, ROOF HATCH, OPENING, OR AIR INTAKE INTO THE

3 FEET OR MORE ABOVE HIGHEST POINT IN ROOF WITHIN 10 FEET;

6. RISERS SHALL BE LOCATED AWAY FROM ANY LOCATIONS WITH SPARKS OR OPEN FLAME.

7. THE PIPES WILL BE SECURED TO THE BUILDING WALL AND VENTED A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET ABOVE THE EAVE AND A MINIMUM OF 10 FEET AWAY FROM ANY POTENTIAL AIR INTAKE.

8. PIPE USED FOR VENTING SHALL BE SECURED AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS WITH GALVANIZED UNISTRUT

9. VENT PIPE SHALL BE BOOTED THROUGH EAVE AND ROOF WITH COMPATIBLE ROOFING SYSTEM WATERTIGHT MANUFACTURED BOOT OR ROUTED UP AND OVER THE PARAPET WITHOUT AND

10. VENT PIPES SHALL HAVE ISOLATION VALVES INSTALLED TO ALLOW FOR HYDROSTATIC OR PNEUMATIC

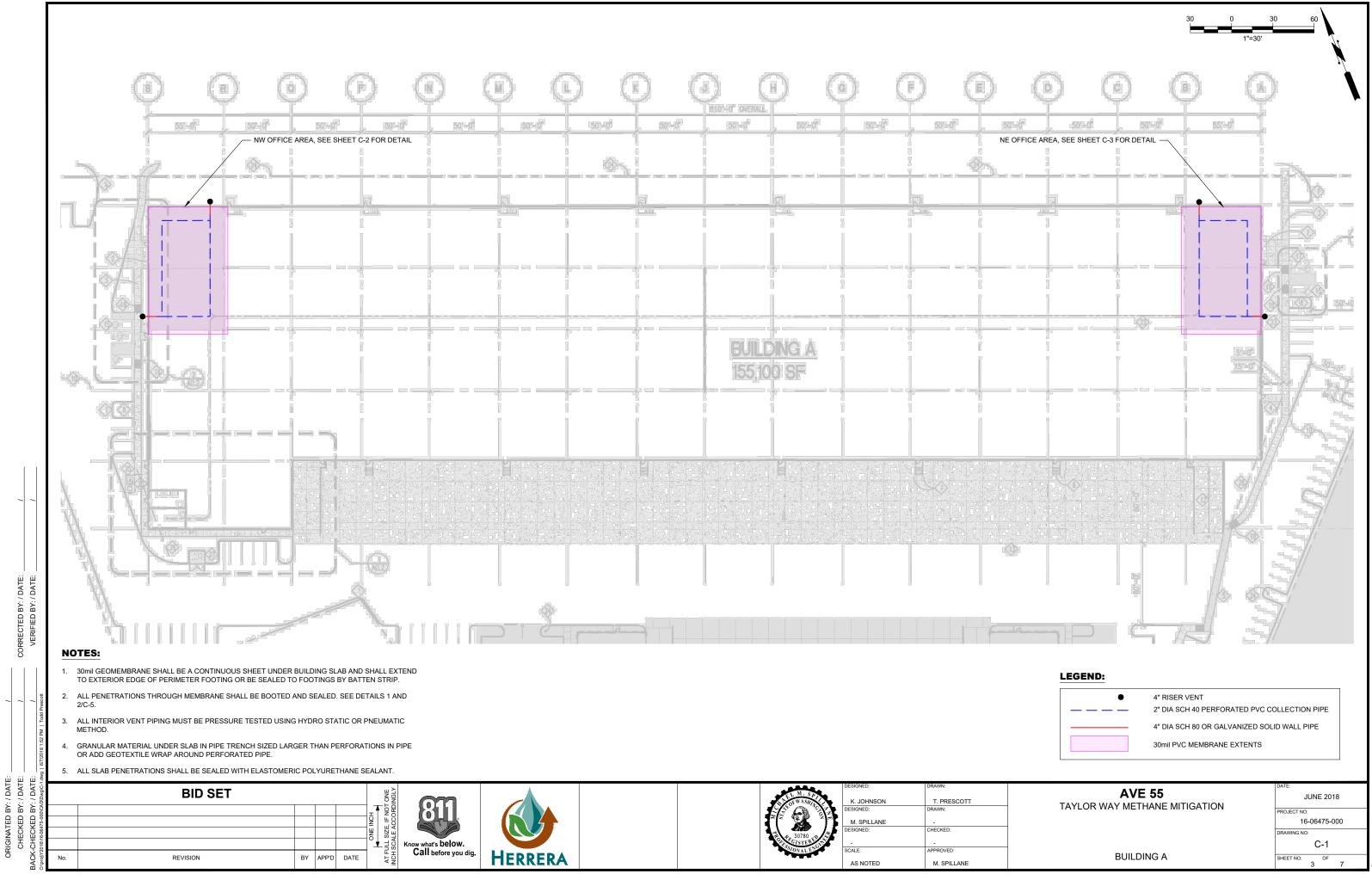
11. ALL LEAK TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN THE PRESENCE OF A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LFG

1. PENETRATIONS THROUGH THE FLOOR SLAB SHALL BE SEALED WITH PIPE COLLARS IN THE SLAB, SO THAT METHANE CANNOT DIRECTLY FLOW FROM THE SUBSLAB GRAVEL LAYER INTO THE INTERIOR OF

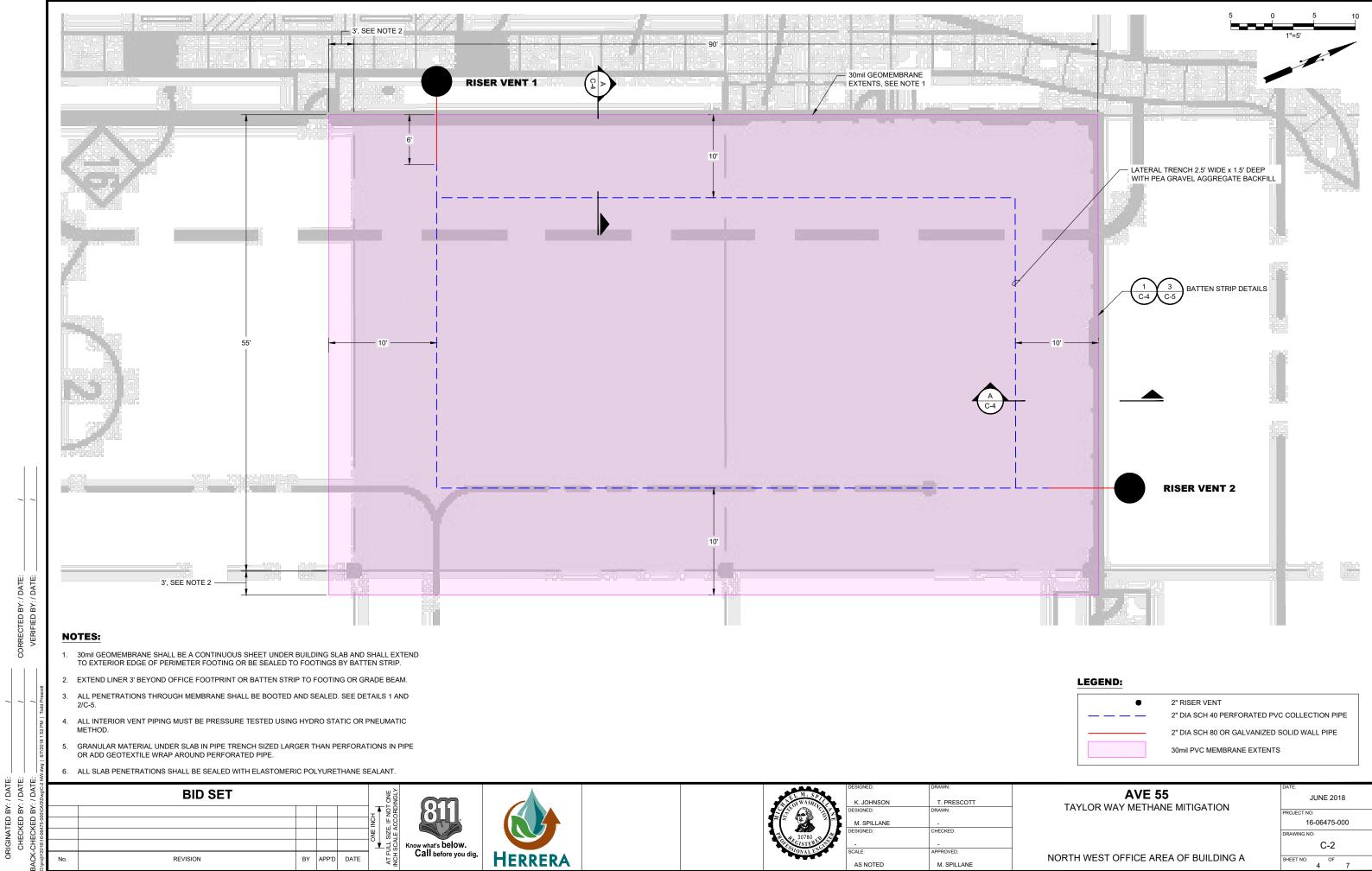
2. CONDUIT SHALL BE SEALED BETWEEN THE FLOOR SLAB AND THE FIRST JOINT ABOVE THE FLOOR SLAB TO

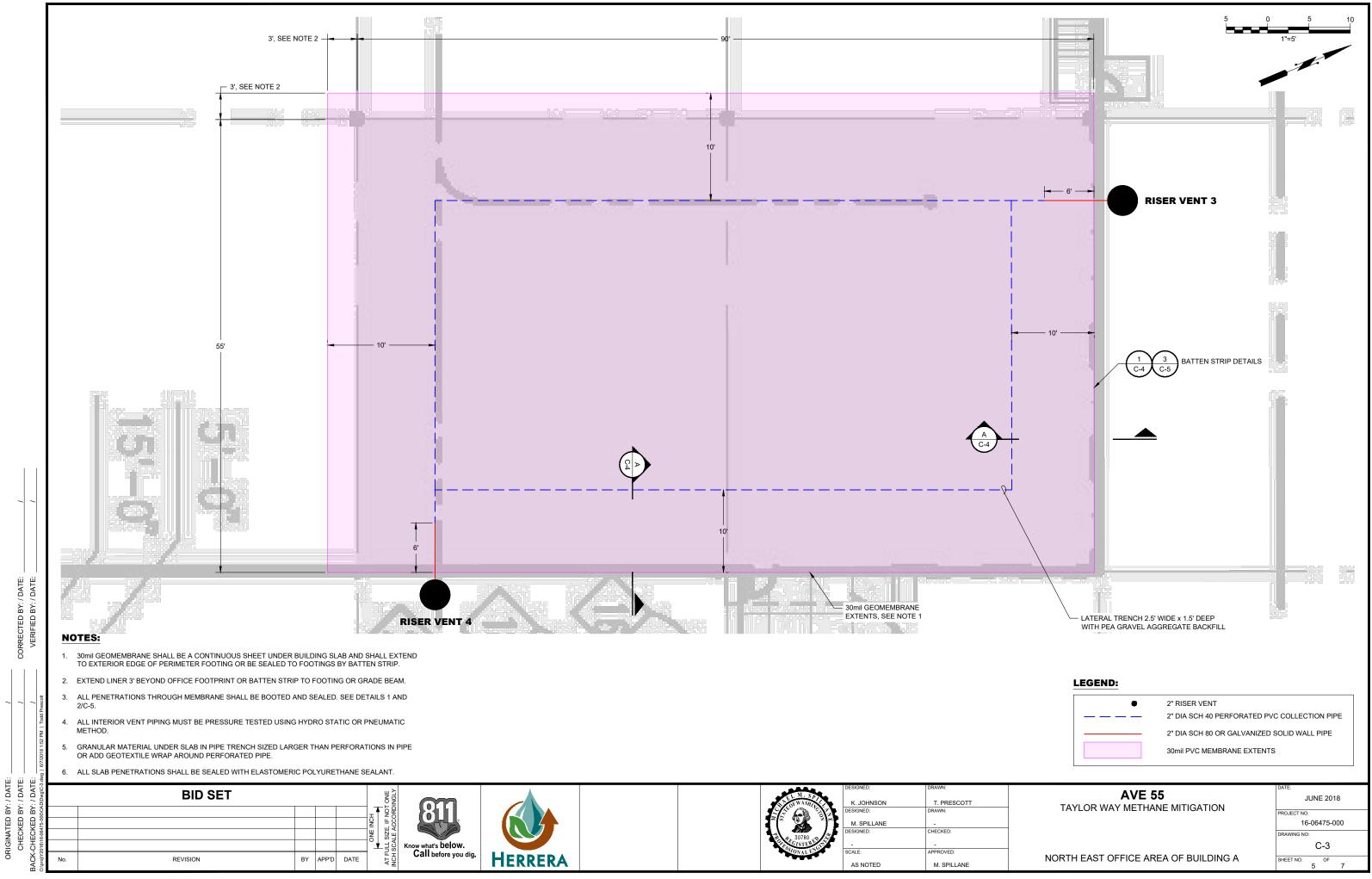
AVE 55 TAYLOR WAY METHANE MITIGATION

JUNE 2018 16-06475-000 G-2 SHEET NO: OF

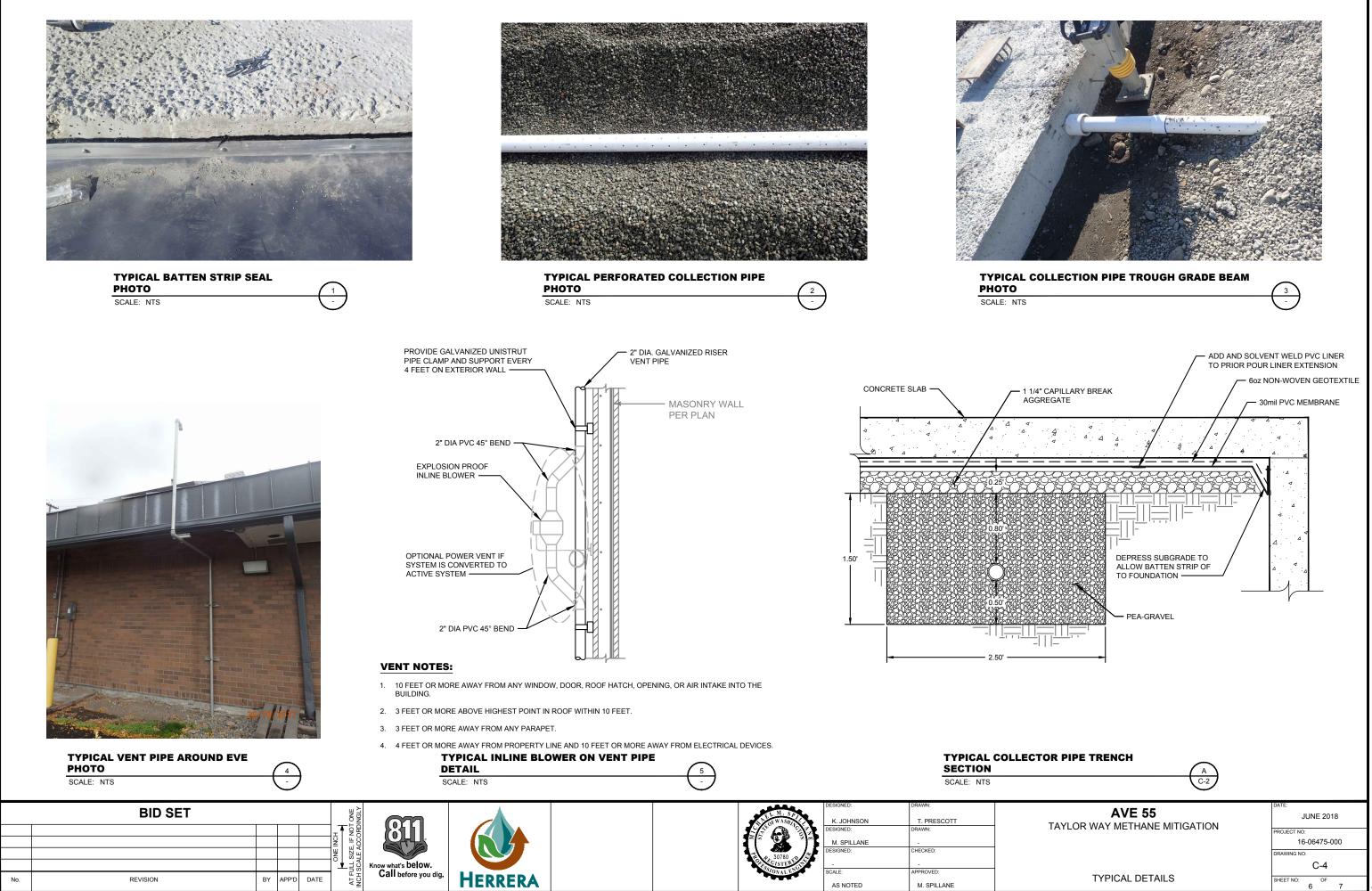


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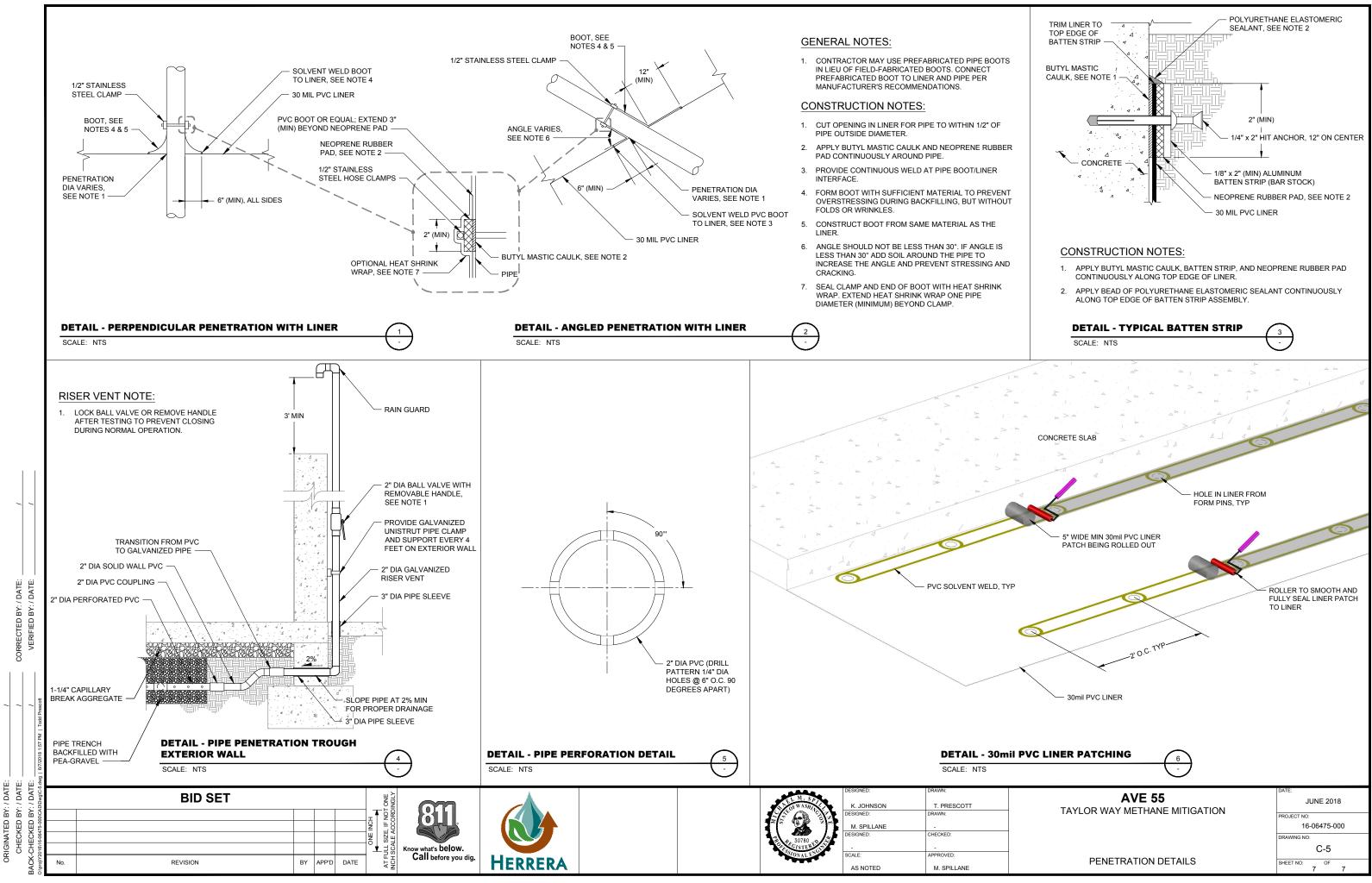
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BAC



Daily Field Report

		Project No.	16-06475-000	
(1)	DayThursdayDate05311WeatherovercastTemp. Max.	L		b. <u>1</u>
(2)	Personnel On Site			
	Todd Prescott - Herrera			
	Sam - Sierra			
	Drew – Ave 55			

(3) Major Equipment on Project and Amount of Use

No.	Description	Size/Capacity	Hrs. Oper.
1	CAT excavator 336E	large	
1	Grading machine		

(4) Work Accomplished Today

Inspected and approved 2-inch diameter perforated Sch 40 PVC for the north west office area.

Backfilled pipe trench with pea-gravel and graded with 1-1/4" capillary break aggregate.

30 mil PVC liner was delivered, and non-woven geotextile was ordered.

See Field notes.

(5) Action Items:

Todd and Michael to discuss exact liner/batten strip connection to foundation and update plans.

(6) Todd Prescott

5-31-2018

Signature

Date

Tuesday 5/31/2018

- 7:00 I arrived on-site, met with Sam from Sierra and Drew from Ave 55. After a brief discussion they showed me the north west office area site of building A. Pipe trenches were 2.5-feet wide and bedded with pea-gravel. The 2-inch diameter perforated schedule 40 had already been drilled and laid out per the plains. The 0.25-inch perforations were drilled at 6-inches on center 90 degrees apart. The Perforated pipes covered a 70-foot by 35-foot rectangle with two stubs extending out 11.5-feet for the future vertical riser vents.
- 7:45 1-foot of pea-gravel is being backfilled over perforated pipe.
- 8:15 Perforated pipe trench is fully backfilled.
- 8:30 Large CAT grading machine began grading the 1-1/4-inch capillary break aggregate.
- 8:45 Leaving site.



Todd Prescott 6/4/2018

Daily Field Report

		Project No.	16-06475-000	
(1)	Day Wednesday Date 0 6 0 6 1 8	3 Work Period 7:00	AM to 10:3 AM Report No.	2
	Weather Sunny Temp. Max. 6	60 ° F Min. 58	°F Precipitation no	
(2)	Personnel On Site			
	Todd Prescott - Herrera			
	Sam - Sierra			
	Wade – Sierra			

(3) Major Equipment on Project and Amount of Use

No.	Description	Size/Capacity	Hrs. Oper.
	N/A		

(4) Work Accomplished Today

NW office area of Building A - I inspected and approved 2 vertical pipe penetrations. Inspected and approved the geotextile over the liner.

See Field notes.

(5) Action Items:

When forms on the north and west side of the office area are removed, all of the 2-foot on center pin holes for the forms will need to be patched using 30mil PVC liner and solvent welded.

(6) Todd Prescott

6-6-2018

Signature

Wednesday 6/6/2018

7:00 I arrived on-site, met with Wade from Sierra. I observed Sierra installing two vertical pipe penetrations using two pre-fabricated pipe penetration boots, butyl mastic strip, and polyurethane elastomeric sealant at both penetrations. Penetration zones were then covered with 6oz non-woven geotextile.

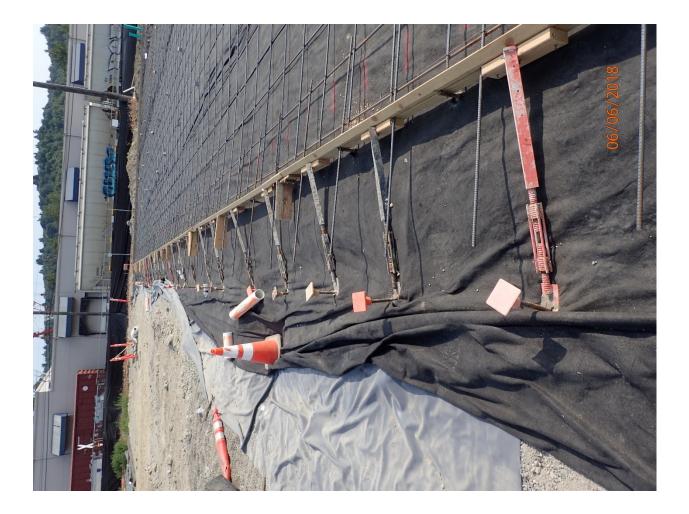
30mil PVC liner and geotextile extended over 3-feet past office area extents on the South and East side of the Office area. The North and West sides of the office area will be secured and sealed using batten strips.

When the concrete forms on the North and West sides of the office area are removed, all of the holes from the pins holding the forms at 2-feet on center will need to be patched, using 30mil PVC liner and solvent welded for a continuous seal.

Batten strip connection and pin hole patching will need to be inspected before final concrete pour.



10:30 I am leaving the site.



Todd Prescott 6/6/2018