

October 23, 2008

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AUG 2 2011

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY - CENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICE

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KensTexaco

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DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY SW REGIONAL OFFICE

Mr. David Jacobi
Wilson Smith Cochran Dickerson
1700 Financial Center
1215 Fourth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98161-1007

RECEIVED

AUG 242011

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY - CENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICE

Re: Soil and Groundwater Quality Investigation Results Project No. 080129-001-01

Dear David:

This report presents the results of a soil and groundwater quality investigation completed by Aspect Consulting, LLC (Aspect) at the Ken's Texaco property (the Site), located at 101 East University Way in Ellensburg, Washington (Figure 1). The Site is approximately 0.4 acres in size, and is bounded to the west by North B Street, to the north by residential property, to the east by a parking lot and commercial property and to the south by East University Way. The Site is currently occupied by an unbranded service station and truck rental agency. A total of four underground storage tanks (USTs) are located beneath a concrete UST pad located west of the station building and pump island (Figure 2). It is our understanding that both gasoline and diesel fuel are currently sold at the Site.

Aspect's completed scope of work included the following elements:

- Drill four hollow-stem auger borings to water table, collecting soil samples for laboratory analysis during drilling;
- Complete three of the borings as 2-inch-diameter monitoring wells;
- Develop, purge, and sample the groundwater monitoring wells and submit the samples for laboratory analysis; and
- Prepare a report summarizing the findings of the investigation.

Previous Site Investigations

A UST Site Assessment was completed in June 2006 by PBS Engineering and Environmental (PBS) and documented in *Limited Underground Storage Tank Assessment at the Texaco Service Station, 101 East University Way, Ellensburg, Washington*, dated July 5, 2006. The scope of this investigation included drilling six direct-push borings and collecting soil samples for laboratory analysis. Boring locations are shown on Figure 2. The PBS borings were advanced around the UST pad (locations GP-1, 5, and 4), along the southern property boundary outboard of the pump island (location GP-3), near the fuel lines (location GP-6), and inside the service bay (location GP-2).

Gasoline-range total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) was detected above the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) MTCA Method A soil cleanup level for unrestricted land use at locations GP-4 and 5 near the UST nest, and at location GP-2 in the service bay. Oil-

range TPH was also detected in the boring at location GP-2, but at concentrations below MTCA Method A cleanup level for unrestricted land use.

The PBS report cited the presence of an earlier UST system that was removed in 1968. The older UST system was reportedly in the same area as the new system. The PBS report concluded that affected soil appeared to be present in the same area as the former USTs, and suggested the possibility that "contamination was already in place when the Texaco station was constructed".

A former 280-gallon waste oil UST, located east of the station building, was removed in 1993. A site assessment was completed at the time of UST removal by Sage Earth Service, Inc. (Closure Site Assessment for the Ken's Texaco, Inc. Facility, Ellensburg, Washington, Sage Earth Sciences Inc., February 22, 1994). The assessment indicated that the tank was in apparent good condition, but that there were visual indicators of hydrocarbons in soil around the UST. Two sidewall samples and three stockpile samples were collected and analyzed for TPH by Method 418.1. The stockpile samples were also analyzed for total metals (lead, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and mercury). The sidewall samples contained TPH at concentrations ranging from 60 to 28,779 milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg). The stockpile samples contained TPH at concentrations ranging from 5,977 to 48,536 mg/kg. No overexcavation of affected soil was attempted, and the soil excavated to accommodate UST removal was reportedly used to subsequently backfill the UST excavation.

Current Investigation

The scope of the Aspect's investigation included drilling four hollow stem auger borings, collecting soil samples from the borings for laboratory analysis, installing three monitoring wells, developing the wells, and collecting groundwater samples for laboratory analysis. The following sections briefly describe field investigation methods and presents soil and groundwater sampling laboratory analytical results.

Soil Boring Installation and Soil Sampling

Four borings (MW-1 through MW-4) were completed by Cascade Drilling, Inc. on July 21 and 22, 2008 at the locations shown on Figure 2. The borings were logged by an Aspect geologist, and boring logs are provided in Attachment A.

The borings were completed to depths of 24 to 29 feet below ground surface (bgs). Soils encountered during drilling generally consisted of 10 to 14 feet of gravelly silt to silty gravels overlying non-silty to silty sands and gravels. Groundwater was encountered during drilling at depths of between 16 and 24 feet bgs. Borings MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 were completed as monitoring wells following the Minimum Standards for Construction and Maintenance of Wells, Washington Administrative Code (WAC) Chapter 173-160. Boring MW-4 was backfilled with hydrated bentonite chips upon completion of sampling activities. All drill cuttings were placed in Department of Transportation-approved 55-gallon drums and stored onsite.

Soil samples were collected from each boring at 2.5-foot intervals using a Dames and Moore split barrel sampler with a 300-pound slide hammer. All soil samples were field-screened for volatile organic vapors with a photoionization detector (PID), and by using visual and

olfactory methods. Any odor, sheen, or staining characteristics observed from the soil samples was documented on the boring logs. Soil descriptions were performed in general accordance with ASTM method D-2488-84, *Standard Method for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual/Manual Procedure)*, and are included on the boring logs in Attachment A.

A total of eight soil samples were selected for laboratory analysis. These samples were placed in laboratory provided iced cooler and submitted to Friedman and Bruya Inc. in Seattle, Washington under industry-standard chain-of-custody procedures.

Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 using low flow sampling techniques. The samples were collected using a down-hole bladder pump with disposable bladders and new polyethylene tubing for each well. Field parameters including temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen and conductivity were monitored during purging of the wells until parameter had stabilized to within +/- 10 percent of the previous reading. Once field parameters stabilized, samples were collected directly from the pump discharge tubing into laboratory-supplied sample containers. Groundwater samples were placed in an iced cooler and submitted to Friedman and Bruya Inc. in Seattle, Washington under industry-standard chain-of-custody procedures.

Hydrogeologic Conditions

Groundwater was encountered at the Site in unconsolidated sands and gravel at a depth of approximately 16 feet bgs. Nearby surface water bodies include Wilson Creek, located 2,000 feet to the east, and Mercer Creek, located 1,700 feet to the west. Both creeks drain to Yakima River in a southwesterly direction. Regional groundwater flow in the Ellensburg area is expected to be to the south or southwest, towards the Yakima River. Local groundwater flow direction at the Site, based local topography and surface water occurrence, may be more southeast, towards Wilson Creek.

Soil Analytical Results

All retained samples were analyzed for gasoline-range TPH by Method NWTPH-Gx, and for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 8021 and for oil-and diesel-range TPH by Method NWTPH-Dx. Soil sample results are summarized on Table 1, and laboratory certificates are included in Attachment B. Gasoline-range TPH was detected in soil samples collected from borings MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 at concentrations ranging from 3 mg/kg to 54 mg/kg. Detected concentrations in samples from MW-1 at 15.5 feet bgs and MW-3 at 4 feet bgs exceeded the MTCA Method A unrestricted land use cleanup level of 30 mg/kg for TPH as gasoline (when benzene is present). Gasoline-range TPH was not detected in the soil sample collected from boring MW-4.

Diesel- and oil-range TPHs were detected in soil samples collected from 4 feet bgs and 9 feet bgs in boring MW-3, located near the former water oil UST. The detected concentrations of TPH as oil in these samples were above the applicable MTCA Method A unrestricted land use cleanup level of 2,000 mg/kg.

Trace concentrations of one or more BTEX compounds were detected in soil samples collected from borings MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3. Benzene was detected in the sample from boring MW-22 at 22 feet bgs at a concentration of 0.11 mg/kg, which is marginally above the MTCA Method A unrestricted land use cleanup level of 0.03 mg/kg for benzene. All other detected BTEX compound concentrations in soil were below applicable Method A cleanup levels.

Groundwater Analytical Results

Retained groundwater samples were analyzed for gasoline-range TPH by Method NWTPH-Gx, BTEX by EPA Method 8021 (MW-1 and 2), and oil- and diesel-range TPH by Method NWTPH-Dx. Given the proximity of MW-3 to the former waste oil tank, the groundwater sample from MW-3 was also analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260B. Groundwater analytical results are summarized in Table 2, and laboratory certificates are included in Attachment B.

Gasoline-range TPH was detected in groundwater at concentrations above the MTCA Method A cleanup level of 800 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) in samples from wells MW-1 (910 μ g/L) and MW-2 (3,000 μ g/L). Benzene was also detected in well MW-2 at a concentration of 460 μ g/L, which is above the MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup level for benzene of 5 μ g/L. All other detected BTEX compound concentrations in groundwater were below applicable MTCA Method A cleanup levels.

Several non-BTEX VOC compounds were also detected in the groundwater sample from well MW-3. Detected VOC compounds included naphthalene, n-propylbenzene, isopropylbenzene, 1,3,5- trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, and chloroform. These compounds, with the exception of chloroform, are VOCs typically associated with petroleum hydrocarbon mixtures. The chlorinated VOC chloroform is a common disinfectant by-product associated with municipal drinking water supplies, and the source of chloroform is likely an on-property or nearby septic drainfield.

Diesel-range TPH was detected above the MTCA Method A groundwater cleanup level of 500 μ g/L in the samples collected from well MW-2 (640 μ g/L) and well MW-3 (1,600 μ g/L). The groundwater sample from MW-3, located near the former waste oil UST, also contained oil-range TPH at a concentration of 2,000 μ g/L, which exceeds the MTCA Method A cleanup level of 500 μ g/L for TPH as oil.

Summary of Findings

The results of the current and historic investigations confirm the presence of gasoline-, dieseland oil-range TPH and related compounds in soil and groundwater at the Site at concentrations above current MTCA Method A cleanup levels. Affected soil and groundwater were documented to the south and west of the existing USTs, and also to the east of the station building near the location of the former waste oil UST. The full nature and extent of affected soil and groundwater at the Site has not been delineated.

Based on the distribution and nature of compounds present at the Site, historic leakage or spillage of gasoline and diesel fuel appears to have occurred in the vicinity of the present day UST system, which is reportedly in the same location as a pre-1968 UST system. Additionally,

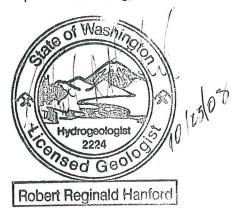
historic leakage or spillage is indicated in the area of former waste oil UST system that was removed in 1993. The timing, extent and magnitude of historic releases are currently unknown.

Limitations

Work for this project was performed and this report prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional practices for the nature and conditions of work completed in the same or similar localities, at the time the work was performed. It is intended for the exclusive use of Wilson Smith Cochran Dickerson for specific application to the referenced property. This report does not represent a legal opinion. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

Sincerely,

Aspect consulting, LLC



Robert R. Hanford, LHG Senior Project Geologist bhanford@aspectconsulting.com William V. Goodhue

William V. Goodhue, LHG Senior Associate Hydrogeologist cgoodhue@aspectconsulting.com

Attachments:

Table 1 – Soil Sample Analytical Results Summary

Table 2 – Groundwater Sample Analytical Results Summary

Figure 1 – Site Location Map

Figure 2 – Site and Exploration Plan

Attachment A – Boring Logs

Attachment B – Laboratory Certificates

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Table 1 - Soil Sample Analytical Results Summary Ken's Texaco - Ellensburg, Washington

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Sample Information	rmation		Analytica	Analytical Method				
		Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx	BTEX Compounds by EPA Method 8021	ounds by E	≣PA Metho	d 8021	NWTF	NWTPH-Dx
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Gasoline (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethyl- Benzene (mg/kg)	Total Xylenes (mg/kg)	Diesel (mg/kg)	Motor Oil (mg/kg)
MW-1-15.5	7/21/2008	51	<0.02	60.0	<0.02	0.52	<50	<250
MW-1-20.5	7/21/2008	25	<0.02	90.0	<0.02	0.41	<50	<250
MW-2-14.5	7/21/2008	10	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.16	<20	<250
MW-2-22.0	7/21/2008	3	0.11	<0.02	0.05	0.1	<20	<250
MW-3-4.0	7/21/2008	54	<0.02	90.0	0.13	1.8	1700 ¹	7100
MW-3-9.0	7/21/2008	16	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	0.23	1600 ¹	6700
MW-3-19.5	7/21/2008	8	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.06	100	<250
MW-4-22.0	7/22/2008	<2	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	>0.06	<50	<250
MTCA Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Use	oil Cleanup cted Land	305	0.03	7	9	6	2000	2000

54 - Exceedance of MTCA Method A cleanup level shown in bold italics.

¹Laboratory narrative indicates the pattern of peaks present is not indicative of diesel.

² Cleanup level for gasoline when benzene is not present.

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Table 2 - Groundwater Sample Analytical Results Summary Ken's Texaco - Ellensburg, Washington

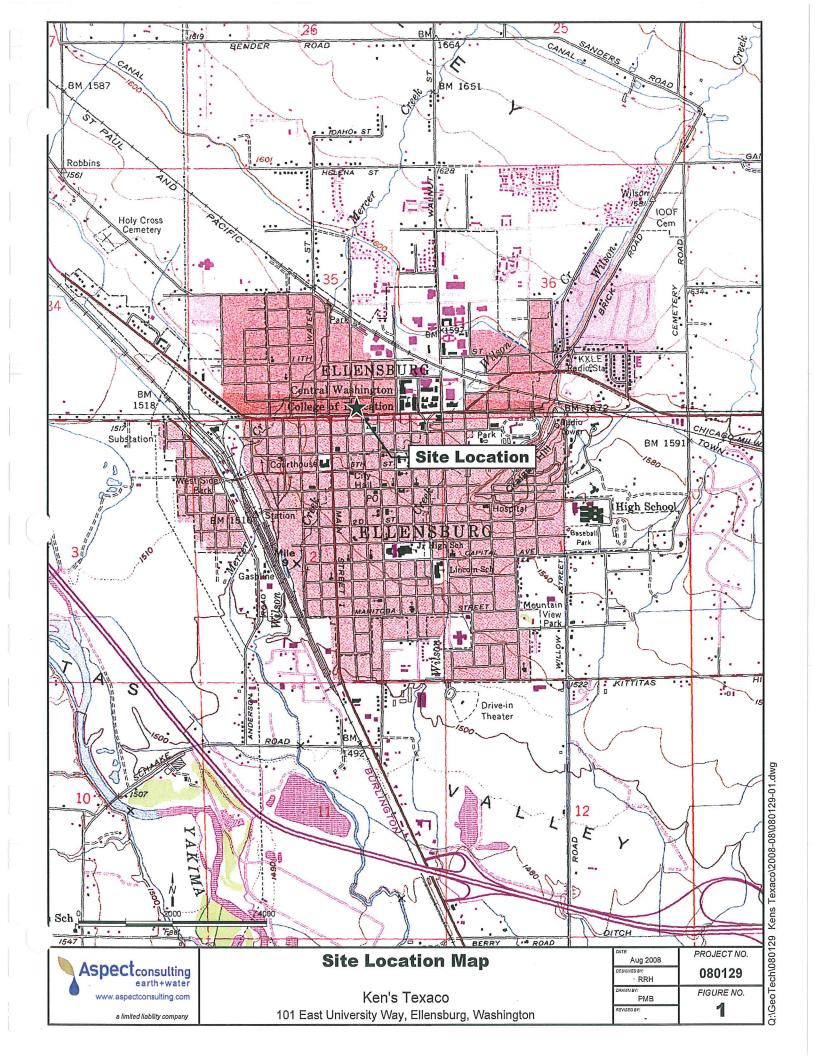
Sample	Sample Information		Analy	Analytical Method	þ		700 745	
	,	Gasoline by NWTPH-Gx	BTEX Compounds by EPA Method 8021 or EPA Method 8260B	pounds by EPA Meth EPA Method 8260B	EPA Methood 8260B	od 8021 or	ITWN	NWTPH-Dx
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Gasoline (µg/L)	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Ethyl- Benzene (µg/L)	Total Xylenes (µg/L)	Diesel (µg/L)	Motor Oil (µg/L)
MW-1- 722081	7/28/2008	910	4	9	4	9	490	<250
MW-2-0722081	7/28/2008	3,000	460	21	160	190	640	<250
MW-3-072208 ²	7/28/2008	180	3.2	^	4.2	11.1	1,600	2,000
MTCA Method A Groundwater Cleanup Levels	4 Groundwater	8003	c)	1,000	700	1,000	500	500

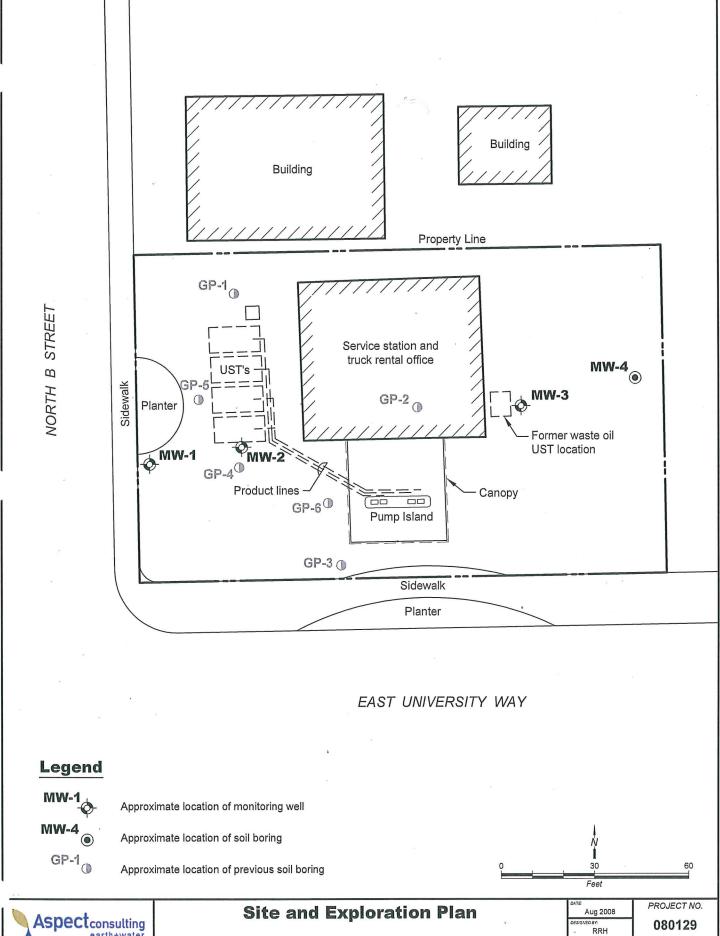
^{460 -} Exceedance of MTCA Method A cleanup level shown in bold italics.

¹ BTEX by Method 8021

² BTEX by Method 8260B

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Cleanup level for gasoline when benzene present.





Ken's Texaco

101 East University Way, Ellensburg, Washington

earth+water

www.aspectconsulting.com

a limited liability company

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FIGURE NO.

2

ATTACHMENT A

Boring Logs

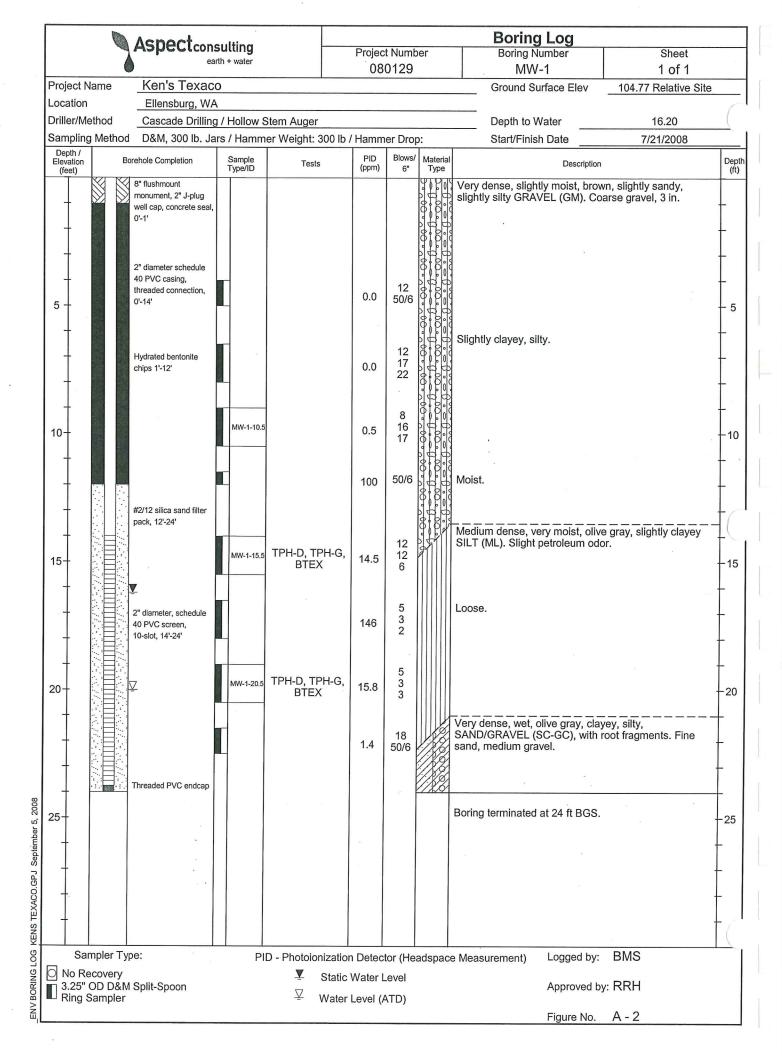
Classifications of soils in this report are based on visual field and/or laboratory observations, which include density/consistency, moisture condition, grain size, and plasticity estimates and should not be construed to imply field or laboratory testing unless presented herein. Visual-manual and/or laboratory classification nethods of ASTM D-2487 and D-2488 were used as an identification guide for the Unified Soil Classification System.

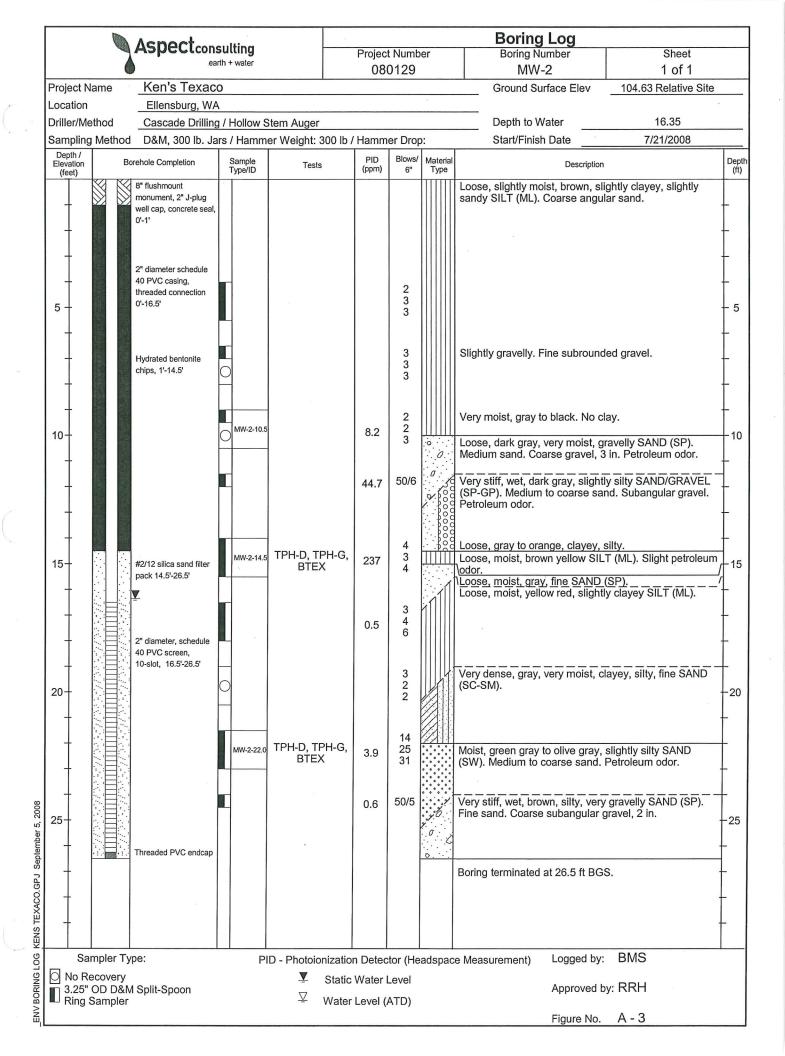


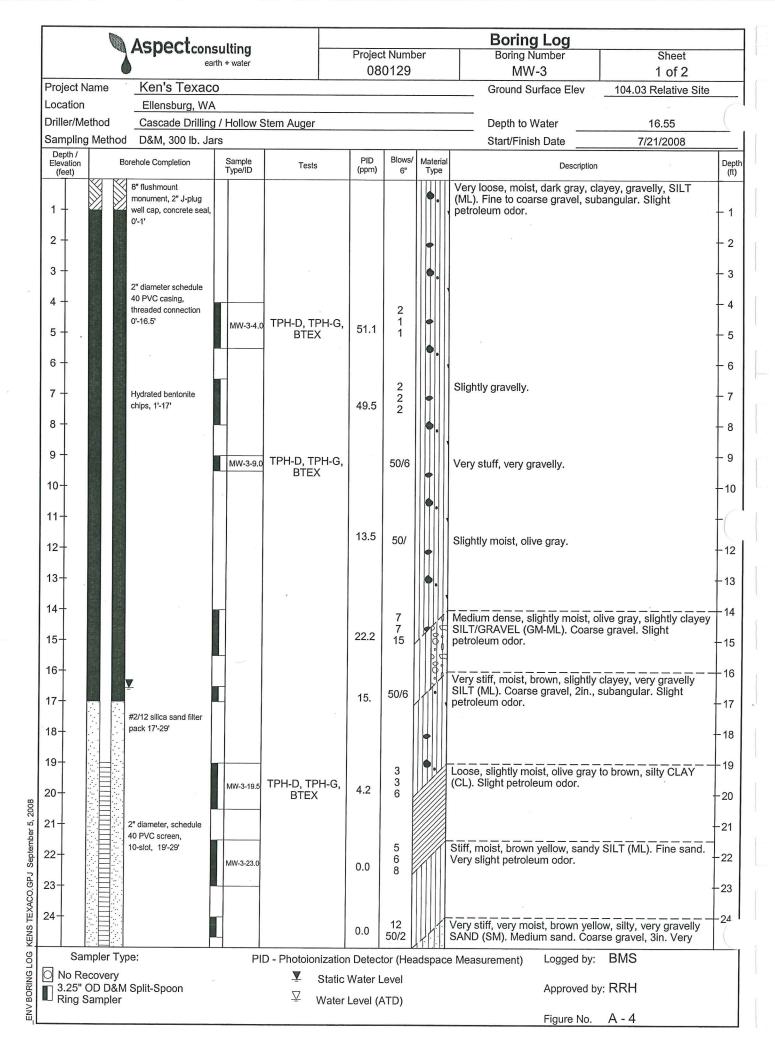
Exploration Log Key

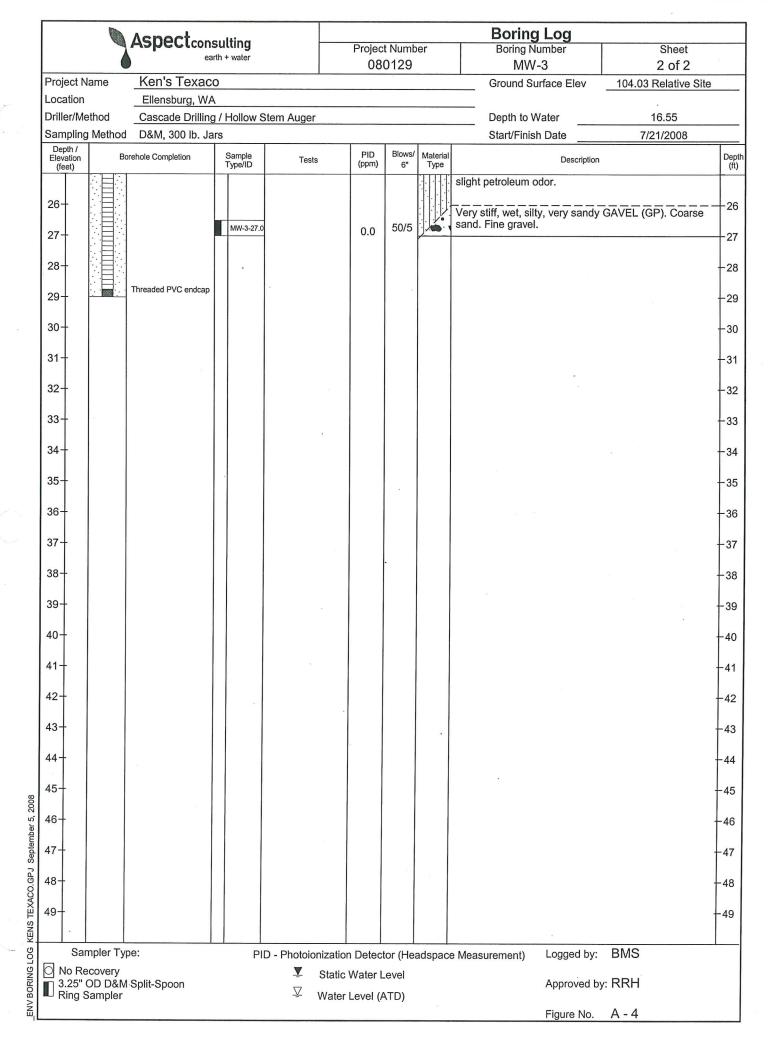
DATE:	PROJECT NO.
DESIGNED BY:	7
DRAWN BY:	FIGURE NO.
REVISED BY:	A-1

ACAD Standards\Standard Details\Exploration Loa Kev A1.dwa









		Aspectco	acultina					Boring Log		
			earth + water			t Numb	oer	Boring Number	Sheet	
Project N	ama	Ken's Texa	00		08	0129		MW-4	1 of 1	
Location	anie	Ellensburg, W						Ground Surface Elev		
Driller/Me	thod	Cascade Drillin		Stem Auger				Depth to Water	24 (ATD)	
Sampling		D&M, 300 lb. J		rto / tago.				Start/Finish Date	7/22/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Bor	ehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Materia Type	Description		Dep (ft
(icci)			1		" '		11190	Very dense, slightly moist, brov	vn, SILT/GRAVEL	+"
1 +								(GM-ML). Fine to coarse gravel	, subrounded.	ļ ₁
										'
2 +										- 2
3 +		Hydrated bentonite								- 3
	ROSON ROSON	chip backfill								3
4 +						12				+ 4
5 +					0.1	15 50				
						30				- 5
6 +										- 6
7 +			-		0.0	50/1		Very dense, slightly moist, brov	vn, gravelly SILT (ML).	-
′ T								Fine gravel, subangular.		 7
8 +										- 8
9 +					0.0	18		Brown to brown yellow. Fine to	coarse gravel.	- 9
10+					0.0	50/2	•			-10
							ШШ			
11+										+1
12-			8			4		Medium dense.		-12
			MW-4-12.0		0.0	10				12
13+										-13
4										1,4
										+14
15+								3		-15
6-										
						10170				-16
17+					0.0	22 50/6		Very dense, slightly moist, brow slightly gravelly, very silty SANE	n, slightly clayey, O (SM). Fine sand.	-17
								Coarse gravel, 2 in.		
18+										18
19-				*		12		Dense, moist, dark brown, grave	olly clayer SILT (AIL)	- 19
			MW-4-19.0		0.0	15		Fine gravel, subangular.	sny, dayey SILT (IVIL).	
20+			100		0.0	16				-20
21 +										-21
_						2		Medium dense, moist, dark brow	vn. silty, gravelly SAND	
22+			MW-4-22.0	TPH-D, TPH-G,	0.0	3 10		\((SM)). Medium dense, moist, light brow		/- 22
23 -				BTEX		10		CLAY (CL). Coarse gravel, angu	ılar.	-23
		,						Very dense, wet, brown, silty, ve		7
24+	¥	- -	MW-4-24.5		0.0	50/6		(GW). Fine to medium sand. Me subangular.	ealum to coarse gravel,	-24
	, A	ž		v	5.5		^	Boring terminated at 24.5 ft BGS		
	npler Typ	e:	PI	D - Photoionizatio	n Detec	tor (He	adspac	e Measurement) Logged by:	BMS	
No Re ■ 3.25" (Split-Spoon			Water I	_evel		Approved b	v: RRH	
Ring S	ampler	Chir Obooti		<u>▽</u> Water	Level (ATD)		Approved b	,	
								Figure No.	A - 5	D

ATTACHMENT B

Laboratory Certificates

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Charlene Morrow, M.S. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Bradley T. Benson, B.S. Kurt Johnson, B.S. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 TEL: (206) 285-8282 FAX: (206) 283-5044 e-mail: fbi@isomedia.com

July 31, 2008

Chip Goodhue, Project Manager Aspect Consulting 179 Madrone Lane North Bainbridge Island, WA 98110

Dear Mr. Goodhue:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on July 22, 2008 from the Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226 project. There are 6 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures c: Bob Hanford ASP0731R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on July 22, 2008 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Aspect Consulting Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

Laboratory ID 807226-01 807226-02 807226-03 807226-04 807226-05 807226-06 807226-07 807226-08 807226-09 807226-10 807226-11	Aspect Consulting MW-1-10.5 MW-1-15.5 MW-1-20.5 MW-2-10.5 MW-2-14.5 MW-2-22.0 MW-3-4.0 MW-3-9.0 MW-3-9.0 MW-3-19.5 MW-3-24.0 MW-3-28.5 MW-4-12.0
807226-11	MW-3-28.5 MW-4-12.0 MW-4-19.0 MW-4-22.0 MW-4-24.5

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 07/31/08 Date Received: 07/22/08

Project: Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226

Date Extracted: 07/28/08

Date Analyzed: 07/28/08 and 07/29/08

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE SOIL SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	<u>Benzene</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl Benzene	Total <u>Xylenes</u>	Gasoline <u>Range</u>	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
MW-1-15.5 807226-02	<0.02	0.09	< 0.02	0.52	51	104
MW-1-20.5 807226-03	<0.02	0.06	< 0.02	0.41	25	104
MW-2-14.5 807226-05	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.16	10	93
MW-2-22.0 807226-06	0.11	< 0.02	0.05	0.10	3	81
MW-3-4.0 807226-07	< 0.02	0.06	0.13	1.8	54	81
MW-3-9.0 807226-08	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.03	0.23	16	71
MW-3-19.5 807226-09	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	<0.06	8	101
MW-4-22.0 807226-14	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.06	<2	81
Method Blank	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.06	<2	82

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 07/31/08 Date Received: 07/22/08

Project: Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226

Date Extracted: 07/25/08 Date Analyzed: 07/26/08

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$\frac{\text{Diesel Range}}{\text{(C}_{10}\text{-C}_{25})}$	$rac{ ext{Motor Oil Range}}{ ext{(C}_{25} ext{-C}_{36})}$	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
MW-1-15.5 807226-02	<50	<250	101
MW-1-20.5 807226-03	<50	<250	102
MW-2-14.5 807226-05	<50	<250	101
MW-2-22.0 807226-06	<50	<250	115
MW-3-4.0 807226-07	1,700 x	7,100	106
MW-3-9.0 807226-08	1,600 x	6,700	103
MW-3-19.5 807226-09	100	<250	103
MW-4-22.0 807226-14	<50	<250	101
Method Blank	<50	<250	103

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 07/31/08 Date Received: 07/22/08

Project: Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES, AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 807263-04 (Duplicate)

	D	G 1 D 1	D 1: /	Relative Percent
	Reporting	Sample Result	Duplicate	Difference
Analyte	Units		Result	(Limit 20)
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	< 0.02	< 0.02	nm
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	< 0.02	< 0.02	nm
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	< 0.02	< 0.02	nm
Xylenes	mg/kg (ppm)	< 0.06	< 0.06	nm
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<2	<2	nm

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.5	90	70-130
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.5	88	70-130
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.5	86	70-130
Xylenes	mg/kg (ppm)	1.5	91	70-130
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	20	82	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 07/31/08 Date Received: 07/22/08

Project: Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807226

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: 807265-03 (Matrix Spike)

•	,		Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	11,000	136 b	172 b	50-150	23 b

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	121	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- A1 More than one compound of similar molecule structure was identified with equal probablility.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for this range fell outside of acceptance criteria. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte indicated may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits may be raised due to dilution.
- ds The sample was diluted. Detection limits are raised due to dilution and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample was available to achieve normal reporting limits and limits are raised accordingly.
- fb The analyte indicated was found in the method blank. The result should be considered an estimate.
- fc The compound is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. The variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- ht The sample was extracted outside of holding time. Results should be considered estimates.
- ip Recovery fell outside of normal control limits. Compounds in the sample matrix interfered with the quantitation of the analyte.
- j The result is below normal reporting limits. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The analyte result in the laboratory control sample is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- jr The rpd result in laboratory control sample associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- lc The presence of the compound indicated is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- pr The sample was received with incorrect preservation. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The value reported exceeded the calibration range established for the analyte. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The pattern of peaks present is not indicative of diesel.
- y The pattern of peaks present is not indicative of motor oil.

V53 / RO3 Rush charges authorized by: ☐ Dispose after 30 days
☐ Return samples
☐ Will call with instructions TURNAROUND TIME SAMPLE DISPOSAL Jo Standard (2 Weeks) SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY ME 07/22/08 # OJ S Special chip betwee Muddy and 1,515) ex 400 SAMPLERS (signature) PROJECT NAME/NO. Delind Rens REMARKS 179 Mudiane lane Bainbuidge 01126 Phone # (206) 180 - 77 14 ax # City, State, ZIP WA 807226 Send Report To_ Company Address

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	Láb ID	01 A.E	904 PG	03. A.E	A-D A-D	05 D-F-D		06 A.C	976	OSE A-E	9.6 A.E
	Sample ID	MW-I-DIS OF	MW-I - 15, 5	MW-1-30.5	MW-2-10.5	MW-3-145	MW- 7- 17.6	mw-2-32.0	MW-3-4.0	MW-3-9.0	MV-3-19,5

Seattle, W.A 98119-2029 Ph. (206) 285-8282 Friedman & Bruya, Inc. Seattle, W.A 98119-2029 Relingdished V. Relingdished V. Reserved by: Marching Company C
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Ph. (206) Fax (20t 3RVI

TIME 503

B03 23.0 27.0 1500 TIME 150V Rush charges authorized by: ☐ Return samples ☐ Will call with instructions TURNAROUND TIME SAMPLE DISPOSAL Notes 15.°C □ Dispose after 30 days Jo MW-3 Standard (2 Weeks) DO 22-1 3 80-AR-4 ape 7-120 3M DATE 15, Sample ceived at COMPANY SAMPLE CH. I OF CUSTODY \mathcal{HE} OF $\int 22/OX$ ANALYSES REQUESTED 15 Jear ANOTA FO# × × IIES Mesandra Gerthan annins, 5 00 SVOCs by 8270 Hanton **AOCs ph 8500** イン 811808 yd XATB PRINT NAME X Sullivan SAMPLERS (signature) TPII-Gasoline News Populo >TPH-Diesel PROJECT NAME/NO. containers # of hande N E 5 5 REMARKS Sample Type NP Z 5580 Sampled 0360 1515 1553 Time 020 0935 SIGNATURE Chin Godhine 1-2-t 1-22 カーか Sampled 42-4 みらみ late です Deland Relinquished b: Relinquested Fax # Received by: Received by P.G. A-E 9.4 9/p カログ A. D. P.A. Lab ID Phone # (309) +8-37 Barrowidge 33.0 い、説 Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 19.0 Seattle, W.4 98119-2029 3012 16th Avenue West NW-4-12,C 80.220 MW-3 - 38,5 Sample ID MW-3-240 Fax (206) 283-5044 1 Ph. (206) 285-8282 Send Report To 1 City, State, ZIP. 7 7 MM Company - MM MM Address

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Charlene Morrow, M.S. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Bradley T. Benson, B.S. Kurt Johnson, B.S. RECEIVED
AUG 2 0 2008
BY:

3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029 TEL: (206) 285-8282 FAX: (206) 283-5044 e-mail: fbi@isomedia.com

August 11, 2008

Chip Goodhue, Project Manager Aspect Consulting 179 Madrone Lane North Bainbridge Island, WA 98110

Dear Mr. Goodhue:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on July 25, 2008 from the 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267 project. There are 11 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures c: Bob Hanford ASP0811R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on July 25, 2008 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Aspect Consulting 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Aspect Consulting
807267-01	MW-1-072208
807267-02	MW-2-072208
807267-03	MW-3-072208

The 8260B naphthalene detection for sample MW-3-072208 is partially due to carryover from a previous sample injection. All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

Date Extracted: 07/28/08 Date Analyzed: 07/29/08

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported as ug/L (ppb)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Gasoline Range	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 51-134)
MW-3-072208 807267-03	180	102
Method Blank	<100	101

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

Date Extracted: 07/28/08

Date Analyzed: 07/28/08 and 07/29/08

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE WATER SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported as ug/L (ppb)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Benzene	<u>Toluene</u>	Ethyl <u>Benzene</u>	Total <u>Xylenes</u>	Gasoline <u>Range</u>	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 52-124)
MW-1-072208 807267-01	4	6	4	6	910	115
$\begin{array}{c} MW\text{-}2\text{-}072208 \text{ d} \\ \text{807267-02 1/10} \end{array}$	460	21	160	190	3,000	123
Method Blank	<1	<1	<1	<3	<100	99

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

Date Extracted: 07/28/08 Date Analyzed: 07/29/08

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported as ug/L (ppb)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$\frac{\text{Diesel Range}}{\text{(C}_{10}\text{-C}_{25)}}$	$\frac{\text{Motor Oil Range}}{\text{(C}_{25}\text{-C}_{36})}$	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 51-132)
MW-1-072208 x 807267-01	490	<250	115
MW-2-072208 x 807267-02	640	<250	112
MW-3-072208 x 807267-03	1,600	2,000	128
M-411 D11-	~ 50	-950	111
Method Blank	<50	<250	111

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method $8260\mathrm{B}$

Client Sample ID:	MW-3-072208	Client:	Aspect Consulting
Date Received:	07/25/08	Project:	080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267
Date Extracted:	07/28/08	Lab ID:	807267-03
Date Analyzed:	07/28/08	Data File:	072811.D
Matrix:	Water	Instrument:	GCMS5
Units:	ug/L (ppb)	Operator:	MB

		Lower	Opper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
Dibromofluoromethane	79	69	124
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	83	67	131
Toluene-d8	87	73	132
4-Bromofluorobenzene	118	81	146
	Concentration		

4-Bromofluorobenzene	118	81 146	
	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	ug/L (ppb)	Compounds:	ug/L (ppb)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<1	1,3-Dichloropropane	<1
Chloromethane	<1	Tetrachloroethene	<1
Vinyl chloride	< 0.2	Dibromochloromethane	<1
Bromomethane	<1	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	<1
Chloroethane	<1	Chlorobenzene	<1
Trichlorofluoromethane	<1	Ethylbenzene	4.2
Acetone	<10	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1
1,1-Dichloroethene	<1	m,p-Xylene	7.8
Methylene chloride	<5	o-Xylene	3.3
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	<1	Styrene	<1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1	Isopropylbenzene	1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	<1	Bromoform	<1
2,2-Dichloropropane	<1	n-Propylbenzene	2.6
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1	Bromobenzene	<1
Chloroform	1.4	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.7
2-Butanone (MEK)	<10	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	<1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1	2-Chlorotoluene	<1
1,1-Dichloropropene	<1	4-Chlorotoluene	<1
Carbon Tetrachloride	<1	tert-Butylbenzene	<1
Benzene	3.2	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	14
Trichloroethene	<1	sec-Butylbenzene	<1
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1	p-Isopropyltoluene	<1
Bromodichloromethane	<1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<1
Dibromomethane	<1	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<1
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<10	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<1
Toluene	<1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1	Hexachlorobutadiene	<1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1	Naphthalene	$4.4 \mathrm{cp}$
2-Hexanone	<10	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	, <1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260B

Client Sample ID:	Method Blank	Client:	Aspect Consulting
Date Received:	NA	Project:	080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267
Date Extracted:	07/28/08	Lab ID:	081188 mb
Date Analyzed:	07/28/08	Data File:	072806.D
Matrix:	Water	Instrument:	GCMS5
Units:	ug/L (ppb)	Operator:	MB

		Lower	Opper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
Dibromofluoromethane	76	69	124
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	76	67	131
Toluene-d8	85	73	132
4-Bromofluorobenzene	134	81	146

4-Bromofluorobenzene	134	81 146	
	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	ug/L (ppb)	Compounds:	ug/L (ppb)
		-	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<1	1,3-Dichloropropane	<1
Chloromethane	<1	Tetrachloroethene	<1
Vinyl chloride	< 0.2	Dibromochloromethane	<1
Bromomethane	<1	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	<1
Chloroethane	<1	Chlorobenzene	<1
Trichlorofluoromethane	<1	Ethylbenzene	<1
Acetone	<10	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1
1,1-Dichloroethene	<1	m,p-Xylene	<2
Methylene chloride	<5	o-Xylene	<1
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	<1	Styrene	<1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1	Isopropylbenzene	<1
1,1-Dichloroethane	<1	Bromoform	<1
2,2-Dichloropropane	<1	n-Propylbenzene	<1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1	Bromobenzene	<1
Chloroform	<1	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	<1
2-Butanone (MEK)	<10	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	<1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1	2-Chlorotoluene	<1
1,1-Dichloropropene	<1	4-Chlorotoluene	<1
Carbon Tetrachloride	<1	tert-Butylbenzene	<1
Benzene	<1	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<1
Trichloroethene	<1	sec-Butylbenzene	<1
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1	p-Isopropyltoluene	<1
Bromodichloromethane	<1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<1
Dibromomethane	<1	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<1
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<10	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<1
Toluene	<1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1	Hexachlorobutadiene	<1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1	Naphthalene	<1
2-Hexanone	<10	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	<1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx $\,$

Laboratory Code: 807255-12 (Duplicate)

				Relative Percent
	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	Difference
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	<100	<100	nm

			Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance	
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria	_
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	1,000	80	69-134	

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES, AND TPH AS GASOLINE USING EPA METHOD 8021B AND NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 807255-12 (Duplicate)

				Relative Percent
	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	Difference
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 20)
Benzene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	nm
Toluene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	nm
Ethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	<1	<1	nm
Xylenes	ug/L (ppb)	<3	<3	nm
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	<100	<100	nm

	Percent						
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance			
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria			
Benzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	91	65-118			
Toluene	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	72-122			
Ethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	101	73-126			
Xylenes	ug/L (ppb)	150	98	74-118			
Gasoline	ug/L (ppb)	1,000	. 80	69-134			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

			Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	LCSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	ug/L (ppb)	2,500	102	101	67-141	1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 08/11/08 Date Received: 07/25/08

Project: 080129 Ken's Texaco, F&BI 807267

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260B

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

Austral	Reporting	Spike	Percent Recovery	Percent Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte Dichlorodifluoromethane	Units	Level	LCS	LCSD	Criteria 22-164	(Limit 20) 10
Chloromethane	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50	115 106	104 105	43-147	10
Vinyl chloride	ug/L (ppb)	50	103	102	48-142	1
Bromomethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	105	107	37-160	2
Chloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	102	92	28-161	10
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	104	98	52-143	6
Acetone	ug/L (ppb)	50	96	95	21-187	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/L (ppb)	50	104	95	61-127	9
Methylene chloride	ug/L (ppb)	50	85	90	56-136	6
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ug/L (ppb)	50	102	97	82-119	5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/L (ppb)	50	103	98	78-118	5
1.1-Dichloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	97	96	78-117	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	89	62-139	3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/L (ppb)	50	97	96	81-118	1
Chloroform	ug/L (ppb)	50	91	90	78-120	1
2-Butanone (MEK)	ug/L (ppb)	50	91	89	53-159	2
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	ug/L (ppb)	50	94	93	74-128	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	103	101	70-135	2
1,1-Dichloropropene	ug/L (ppb)	50	94	93	83-120	1
Carbon Tetrachloride	ug/L (ppb)	50	90	88	65-140	2
Benzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	91	79-115	1
Trichloroethene	ug/L (ppb)	50	96	95	80-114	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/L (ppb)	50	97	96	80-117	1
Bromodichloromethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	96	95	79-127	1
Dibromomethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	93	92	85-116	1
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ug/L (ppb)	50	100	100	57-163	0
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/L (ppb)	50	103	101	85-121	2
Toluene	ug/L (ppb)	50	90	91	82-116	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/L (ppb)	50	105	106	83-125	1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	96	98	81-114	2
2-Hexanone	ug/L (ppb)	50	100	101	60-167	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ug/L (ppb)	50	97	98	81-115	1
Tetrachloroethene	ug/L (ppb)	50	91	91	83-115	0
Dibromochloromethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	92	77-128	0
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ug/L (ppb)	50	99	99	81-117	0
Chlorobenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	89	90	80-109	1
Ethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	93	93	82-113	0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	104	105	74-126	1
m,p-Xylene	ug/L (ppb)	100	95	95	82-115	0
o-Xylene	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	92	83-116	0
Styrene	ug/L (ppb)	50	91	91	85-116	0
Isopropylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	86	86	83-120	0
Bromoform	ug/L (ppb)	50	96	96	77-119	0
n-Propylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	90	90	77-122	0
Bromobenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	94	93	80-112	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	92	92	80-119	0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/L (ppb)	50	94	94	72-115	0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane 2-Chlorotoluene	ug/L (ppb)	50 50	96 91	96	77-114	0
4-Chlorotoluene	ug/L (ppb)	50 50	90	91 90	76-116 78-116	0
4-Chiorotoluene tert-Butylbenzene	ug/L (ppb)		90 91	90 91		0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50	91	90	77-121 80-120	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50	90	90	77-122	0
p-Isopropyltoluene	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50	94	90 92	84-119	2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		50	91	91	78-114	0
	ug/L (nnh)		91	91	10-114	U
	ug/L (ppb)		QO.	go.	79-110	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L (ppb)	50	90 89	89 89	79-110 80-114	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50	89	89	80-114	0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50 50	89 93	89 94	80-114 84-125	0 1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dibrono-3-chloropropane 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50 50 50	89 93 96	89 94 96	80-114 84-125 76-113	0 1 0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb) ug/L (ppb)	50 50 50	89 93	89 94	80-114 84-125	0 1

Note: The calibration verification result for chloromethane and 4-bromofluorobenzene exceeded 15% deviation. The average deviation for all compounds was not greater than 15%; therefore, the calibration is considered valid.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- A1 More than one compound of similar molecule structure was identified with equal probablility.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for this range fell outside of acceptance criteria. The value reported is an estimate.
- cp The presence of the analyte indicated may be partially due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits may be raised due to dilution.
- ds The sample was diluted. Detection limits are raised due to dilution and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample was available to achieve normal reporting limits and limits are raised accordingly.
- fb The analyte indicated was found in the method blank. The result should be considered an estimate.
- fc The compound is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. The variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- ht The sample was extracted outside of holding time. Results should be considered estimates.
- ip Recovery fell outside of normal control limits. Compounds in the sample matrix interfered with the quantitation of the analyte.
- j The result is below normal reporting limits. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The analyte result in the laboratory control sample is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- jr The rpd result in laboratory control sample associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- lc The presence of the compound indicated is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The value reported exceeded the calibration range established for the analyte. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The pattern of peaks present is not indicative of diesel.
- y The pattern of peaks present is not indicative of motor oil.

505 ME 07-25-08 Page # SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY 298 208

PROJECT NAME 020129 REMARKS Phone # 116 780 7714 Fax # 126 760 9438 City, State, ZIP Sy 2511 /21 Send Report To Child ! Company H3/ee Address 179

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Friedman & Bruya, Inc. Seattle, W.A 98119-2029 3012 16th Avenue West Fax (206) 283-5044 Ph. (206) 285-8282

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