

EIM Help – Benthic Invertebrate Identification and Counts

Version 1.2

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What are benthic invertebrates?

The *benthic zone* is the ecological region on or just beneath the sediment surface of oceans, lakes, rivers, or streams. Small, spineless organisms that inhabit this zone are called benthic invertebrates or *macroinvertebrates*.

Researchers collect benthic invertebrate samples and send them to labs for sorting, taxonomic identification, and counting. They use counts to calculate biological metrics and indices, a measure of marine, lake, river, and stream health.

What data should I enter into EIM?

Enter your **raw count data**.

Don't enter metrics or density estimates.

How do I know if my taxa values are in EIM?

We have a long list of taxa in EIM, but not all taxa! We recommend that you upload your dataset and run Check Data to find missing EIM taxa values. Give a list to your EIM Data Coordinator and we will add them to EIM. [To see EIM's taxa values, go to the EIM Help Center.](#)

What if I have other types of counts data?

If you are

- Identifying and counting aquatic vertebrates, [download our help for Aquatic Vertebrate and Shellfish Counts.](#)
- Identifying and counting periphyton, [download our help for Periphyton Counts.](#)

How do I enter benthic counts data?

Use this table and the [Result help document](#) for entering your data.

Column	Field Name	Valid Values and Requirements
D	Field Collection Type	<i>Sample</i>
F	Field Collection Start Date	MM/DD/YYYY
H	Field Collection End Date	Enter only if you left the sampling device in the stream and retrieved later. An example is a “bug bag” that remains in the stream for days or weeks.
J	Field Collection Comment	Optional
K	Field Collection Area	Enter the numeric collection area. For example, enter “8” if you had a kick net area of 8 square feet. If you composited multiple samples into a single sample container, enter the summed area of all of the samples you composited.
L	Field Collection Area Units	Examples: <i>ft2</i> <i>m2</i>
M	Field Collection Reference Point	Enter this info if pertinent to your study design. Common for marine benthic sampling. Download our Field Collection Depth or Height document for help.
N	Field Collection Upper Depth	
O	Field Collection Lower Depth	
P	Field Collection Depth Units	Examples: <i>in</i> <i>cm</i>
V	Sample Composite Flag	<i>Y</i> or <i>N</i>
X	Sample Matrix	<i>Solid/Sediment</i>
Y	Sample Source	<i>Freshwater Taxonomy</i> or <i>Salt/Marine Taxonomy</i>
AA	Sample Collection Method	Examples: <i>D-FRAMEKICKNET500UM</i> <i>VANVEEN.10</i> Search EIM for Method valid values and descriptions. If you need a method added, contact your EIM Data Coordinator.

Column	Field Name	Valid Values and Requirements
AB	Sample Preparation Method	<p>Required if applicable.</p> <p>Examples: <i>ID-COUNT-PREP500</i> <i>BENTH.5MIC</i> <i>SIEVE-0.5MM</i> <i>SIEVE-1.0MM</i></p> <p>Search EIM for Method valid values and descriptions. If you need a method added, contact your EIM Data Coordinator.</p>
AG	Sample Percent Sorted	<p>Enter the percent of the sample the lab sorted, such as “50” if they sorted half the sample. Enter the numeric value; don’t include the percent sign. Usually “100” for marine samples.</p>
AH	Result Parameter Name	<i>Number of Individual Organisms</i>
AJ	Lab Analysis Date	<p>Enter a date accurate to the month or year (benthic samples aren’t identified and counted in one day). MM/DD/YYYY format.</p>
AK	Lab Analysis Date Accuracy	<i>“M” for month or “Y” for year.</i>
AM	Result Value	Enter the number of individual organisms counted for each taxon.
AN	Result Value Units	<i>Count</i>
AY	Result Method	<p>Examples: General protocol: <i>ID-COUNT</i></p> <p>Specific protocols – see Methods for descriptions: <i>ID-COUNT-LEVEL1</i> <i>ID-COUNT-LEVEL2</i> <i>ID-COUNT-LEVEL3</i></p> <p>Search EIM for Method valid values and descriptions. If you need a method added, contact your EIM Data Coordinator.</p>
BE	Result Taxon Name	Search EIM for Taxa valid values.
BF	Result Taxon TSN	

Column	Field Name	Valid Values and Requirements
BG	Result Taxon Unidentified Species	<p>Use this field only if the lab wasn't able to positively identify a taxon and reported as SP1, SP2, etc. Enter the lab's SP# designation into this field and enter the next highest taxonomic level (usually Genus) into the Result Taxon Name field.</p> <p>Download our Unidentified Species Data document for more help.</p>
BH	Result Taxon Life Stage	<p>Important! Populate this field if there is more than one life stage for a taxa in a sample, otherwise EIM will see the records as duplicates.</p> <p>Freshwater taxonomy: Because freshwater macroinvertebrate samples contain mostly larvae, only populate this field if it's <u>not</u> larvae.</p> <p>Salt/Marine Taxonomy: Because marine benthic samples contain mostly adult taxa, you only need to populate this field if it's <u>not</u> adults.</p> <p>Valid values:</p> <p><i>Adult</i></p> <p><i>Egg</i></p> <p><i>Juvenile</i></p> <p><i>Larva</i></p> <p><i>Megalopa</i></p> <p><i>Nauplius</i></p> <p><i>Nymph</i></p> <p><i>Pupa</i></p> <p><i>Unknown</i></p> <p><i>Zoea</i></p>

Document revision history

Revision Date	Revision No.	Summary of Changes	Reviser(s)
01/25/19	1.0	Combined 2 help documents into one: "Freshwater Benthic Macroinvertebrate Identification and Numeration (Counts)" & "Marine Benthic Organisms – Identification and Numeration (Counts)". Updated information throughout on how to enter data.	KC

Revision Date	Revision No.	Summary of Changes	Reviser(s)
12/07/20	1.1	Added section on benthic macrofaunal size classification and biomass	KC
11/06/25	1.2	Removed section on benthic macrofaunal size classification and biomass.	KC