



INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN

EMERALD GATEWAY SITE 3301 SOUTH NORFOLK STREET SEATTLE/TUKWILA, WASHINGTON

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Appendix E

Site Management Plan



ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

bgs below ground surface

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

COPCs constituents of potential concern

DOF Dalton, Olmstead & Fuglevand, Inc.

DRO total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel-range organics

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

Former NWAW the former Northwest Auto Wrecking, Inc. property at 10230 East

Property Marginal Way South on the Property

FS Feasibility Study

Global Environmental

GRO total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline-range organics

HASP Health and Safety Plan

IAWP Interim Action Work Plan, Emerald Gateway, 3301 South Norfolk

Street, Seattle, Washington dated August 12, 2019, prepared by Farallon

Consulting, L.L.C. (this report)

LDW Lower Duwamish Waterway

MTCA Washington State Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulation



ORO total petroleum hydrocarbons as oil-range organics

PAHs polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

PCBs polychlorinated biphenyls

PCULs Preliminary Cleanup Levels

Prologis Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC

Property the Emerald Gateway Site at 3301 South Norfolk Street in Seattle and

Tukwila, Washington

RCW Revised Code of Washington

RI Remedial Investigation

Terra Associates, Inc.

UST underground storage tank

VOCs volatile organic compounds

WAC Washington Administrative Code

WSDOT Washington State Department of Transportation



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. has prepared this Interim Action Work Plan on behalf of Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC (Prologis) to present the scope of work for an interim action to be conducted at the Emerald Gateway Site at 3301 South Norfolk Street in Seattle and Tukwila, Washington (herein referred to as the Property). This Interim Action Work Plan is Exhibit D of an Agreed Order between Prologis and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). Implementation of this Interim Action Work Plan will meet the requirements of the Agreed Order.

The Property consists of approximately 63 acres and is a combination of two separate properties that have had different uses:

- The 3301 South Norfolk Street property on the northern, eastern, and southern portions of the Property, which historically was used for commercial warehousing of food products by Unified/Associated Grocers or predecessors, and included truck maintenance and repair operations, truck refueling facilities, and associated underground storage tanks. Additional historical operations associated with the 3301 South Norfolk Street property included automobile service stations formerly located on the northwestern portion of the Property, and a dry cleaner formerly located on the southwestern portion of the Property.
- The 10230 East Marginal Way South property on the west-central portion of the Property, which was used for automobile wrecking and parts salvaging by Northwest Auto Wrecking, Inc. and is currently vacant.

Subsurface investigations have been conducted at the Property since 1989. Based on the results of the subsurface investigations, petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, and polychlorinated biphenyls have been detected at concentrations exceeding regulatory screening levels in one or more of the following media: soil and groundwater. Numerous remedial actions have been conducted at the Property between 1989 and 2019 to reduce concentrations of contaminants.

Before this interim action is implemented, a pre-interim action design investigation will be conducted to collect additional data to perform screening of environmental chemical concentrations and transport pathways using Ecology Preliminary Cleanup Levels that were developed for upland sites in the Lower Duwamish Waterway. Following the pre-interim action design investigation and before the Interim Action Work Plan is implemented, a Draft Interim Action Design Report will be prepared and submitted to Ecology for review and approval. The Draft Interim Action Design Report will document the results from the pre-interim action design investigation, provide an updated conceptual site model based on the results from the investigation, establish the remediation levels for the interim action, and provide the final design components of the interim action.

This interim action partially addresses contamination with petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, and polychlorinated biphenyls in soil and groundwater. The interim action will be conducted concurrent with Property redevelopment, which will correct



a problem that may become substantially worse or cost substantially more to address if delayed, because extensive reconfiguration of the Property, including new structures, is part of the planned redevelopment.

The scope of work for the interim action includes:

- Impacted Soil Excavation. Soil with concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons exceeding remediation levels will be excavated to the maximum extent practicable in two areas at the Property. Excavated soil will be transported to a permitted off-site facility for disposal. Additional excavation areas may be included in the scope of the interim action depending on the results from comparing pre-interim action design investigation data to the Preliminary Cleanup Levels.
- **Dewatering and Treatment.** Dewatering may be necessary to allow for excavation of contaminated soil located below the water table. If necessary, dewatering wastewater will be pumped to aboveground tanks, pretreated on the Property, and discharged to surface water under a Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program.
- Contingency Excavation. Any contaminant materials encountered during redevelopment activities that exceed remediation levels will be excavated to the maximum extent practicable and transported to a permitted off-site facility for disposal.
- Reconfiguration of Stormwater Infrastructure. Existing stormwater infrastructure at the
 Property will be removed or abandoned in-place. New catch basins and conveyance piping
 will be installed to collect and convey stormwater across the entire Property before it is
 treated and discharged to the Lower Duwamish Waterway.

The projected start date for the interim action is fall of 2019 in conjunction with redevelopment of the Property. The start date of the interim action will be confirmed with Ecology following approval of the Interim Action Design Report, and once final permits or authorizations have been obtained and/or confirmed for the Construction Stormwater General Permit and from the City of Tukwila, the lead jurisdiction for the redevelopment. The completion of the interim action will be documented in an Interim Action Report.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. (Farallon) has prepared this Interim Action Work Plan (IAWP) on behalf of Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC (Prologis) to describe the interim action activities planned for the Emerald Gateway Site at 3301 South Norfolk Street in Seattle and Tukwila, Washington (herein referred to as the Property) (Figure 1). The interim action will be performed consistent with the cleanup requirements of the Washington State Model Toxics Control Act Cleanup Regulation (MTCA), as established in Chapter 173-340 of the Washington Administrative Code (WAC 173-340).

This IAWP is Exhibit D of an Agreed Order between Prologis and the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). The Agreed Order requires Prologis to prepare an Interim Action Design Report, implement an Interim Action Work Plan, prepare a work plan to conduct a Remedial Investigation (RI), complete an RI, complete a Feasibility Study (FS), and prepare a draft Cleanup Action Plan for the Emerald Gateway Site. The interim action will be conducted in conjunction with redevelopment of the Property by Prologis into a warehouse and distribution center. Redevelopment will require extensive reconfiguration of the existing surface features and stormwater infrastructure. Hazardous building material surveys, abatement, and demolition will occur prior to the interim action and are not addressed in this IAWP. A preliminary conceptual redevelopment plan is provided as Appendix A.

The Property is adjacent to the Lower Duwamish Waterway (LDW) across East Marginal Way South (Figure 2). The LDW is on the National Priorities List. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (2014a) published a final Record of Decision for the LDW Superfund site, which presented the selected remedy for cleanup of sediments in the LDW. In support of the investigation and cleanup of the LDW, Ecology is leading upland source control activities, consistent with a Memorandum of Agreement with EPA (2014b).

To support the source control efforts and prevent recontamination of sediments in the LDW, Ecology (2019) published Preliminary Cleanup Levels (PCULs), which are applied to upland sites that may have open transport pathways for contamination to reach the LDW and may impact surface water, sediments, or organisms. Selection of PCULs applicable to this interim action will be based on the analytical results for soil and groundwater samples collected during a pre-interim action design investigation, which will be conducted to collect additional data to evaluate initial screening levels for chemicals based on the preliminary conceptual site model. These data will be used to support the design of the interim action and development of a site-wide RI and FS.

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this interim action is to partially clean up soil and groundwater contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, and zinc), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), collectively referred to herein as the constituents of potential concern (COPCs), to correct a



problem that may become substantially worse or cost substantially more to address if delayed as a result of extensive reconfiguration of the Property during redevelopment.

Information obtained during the design and implementation of the interim action will inform the RI, FS, and final cleanup process.

1.2 DOCUMENT ORGANIZATION

This IAWP has been organized into the following sections:

- Section 2, Project Background, provides the Property description and history, and summaries of the Property geology and hydrogeology, previous environmental investigations and remedial actions conducted at the Property, and the proposed pre-interim action design investigation.
- Section 3, Preliminary Conceptual Site Model, discusses the Ecology PCULs, the remediation levels for the interim action, the confirmed and suspected source areas, the COPCs, and the media of concern.
- Section 4, Permits and Other Regulatory Requirements, summarizes applicable local, state, and federal laws pertaining to the interim action.
- Section 5, Interim Action Scope of Work, describes the Property preparation and mobilization, monitoring well decommissioning, contaminated soil excavation, and stormwater conveyance.
- Section 6, Compliance Monitoring, describes the protection, performance, and confirmational monitoring that will be conducted as part of the interim action.
- Section 7, Schedule and Reporting, provides a schedule for implementation of the interim action and the reporting requirements.
- Section 8, References, lists the documents cited in this IAWP.
- Section 9, Limitations, provides Farallon's standard limitations applicable to this IAWP.



2.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

This section provides a description of the Property location, land use, and zoning; a summary of historical uses of the Property; a description of the local geology and hydrology; a summary of previous investigations and remedial actions conducted at the Property, and a description of the proposed pre-interim action design investigation.

2.1 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The Property consists of 29 King County parcels on approximately 63 acres of land that overlaps the City of Seattle and the City of Tukwila, Washington¹ (Figure 2). The Property is in an industrial area zoned for industrial and manufacturing uses in both the City of Seattle and the City of Tukwila.

Ten main buildings and several smaller storage structures, all constructed between 1952 and 2012, are present on the Property (Figure 2). The main buildings on the Property are:

- An office building on the northern portion (Office Building).
- A dry grocery warehouse on the eastern portion (Dry Grocery Warehouse).
- A refrigerated perishables warehouse on the southern portion (Perishables Warehouse).
- A returns building on the central portion (Returns Building).
- A truck-wash building on the south-central portion (Former Truck Wash).
- A former trailer maintenance shop on the north-central portion (Former Trailer Maintenance Shop).
- A former truck repair shop on the north-central portion (Former Truck Repair Shop).
- A maintenance shop on the southwestern portion (Former South Maintenance Shop).
- An office building previously occupied by banking institutions on the northwestern portion (Former Bank Building).
- A walkup/drive-through cafe building and former Humble Oil service station on the northwestern corner (Former Old Humble Oil Service Station).

The west-central portion of the Property contains unpaved surfaces; the remainder of the Property is covered by buildings or asphalt- or concrete-paved surfaces. Access to the Property is gained from East Marginal Way South through a guarded entrance gate near the western Property boundary.

¹ The city limits of both the City of Seattle and the City of Tukwila pass through the central portion of the Property, such that some Property parcels are in the City of Seattle, and others are in the City of Tukwila.



2.2 PROPERTY HISTORY

The Property consists primarily of two separate properties that have had different uses:

- The 3301 South Norfolk Street property on the northern, eastern, and southern portions of the Property, which historically was used for commercial warehousing of food products by Unified/Associated Grocers or predecessors, and included truck maintenance and repair operations, truck refueling facilities, and associated underground storage tanks (USTs). Additional historical operations associated with the 3301 South Norfolk Street property included automobile service stations formerly located on the northwestern portion of the Property, and a dry cleaner formerly located on the southwestern portion of the Property.
- The 10230 East Marginal Way South property on the west-central portion of the Property, which was used for automobile wrecking and parts salvaging by Northwest Auto Wrecking, Inc., and currently is vacant (herein referred to as the Former NWAW Property).

The Property was shown on historical documents reviewed as primarily undeveloped land in the late 1800s, with a railroad spur extending through the central portion of the Property in the early 1900s. By the 1930s, a majority of the Property was used for agricultural purposes, and various small commercial-style buildings were present along East Marginal Way South. Commercial buildings along East Marginal Way South included automobile service stations and a dry cleaner. The dry cleaner operated on the Property from as early as 1931 until at least 1961. By 1953, the Dry Grocery Warehouse, the Office Building, and the Former Truck Repair Shop were present on the northern and eastern portions of the Property, and trailer parking was apparent along the western portion of the Property. Automobile wrecking activities associated with the Former NWAW Property were apparent in 1965; hotels and trailer parking were identified on the western portion of the Property in 1966; the Old Humble Oil service station appeared on the northwestern portion of the Property in 1969; the Dry Grocery Warehouse was expanded southward in 1977; and the Perishables Warehouse and the Former Bank Building were present in 1980. The Former NWAW Property appeared to be cleared of structures and automobiles by 2009, and remains undeveloped (Farallon 2019a).

2.3 GEOLOGY AND HYDROLOGY

A summary of the geology and hydrology of the Property is provided below.

2.3.1 Geology

The Property is in the Duwamish Valley, a glacially carved trough in-filled with more-recent sediments and soil. The ground surface of many areas of the Duwamish Valley was modified by dredging and fill placement that overlies alluvial deposits.

Based on descriptions from previous environmental investigations conducted at the Property, the general area consists of fill material extending from the ground surface to a depth of 4 to 10 feet below ground surface (bgs). Underlying the fill are native interbedded silts and sands with clay to depths of 10 to 12 feet bgs overlying fine to medium sand extending to a maximum depth of 55 feet bgs (Farallon 2019a).



2.3.2 Hydrology

Unconfined groundwater, as measured in borings and groundwater monitoring wells at the Property, is present at depths of between approximately 5 and 12 feet bgs. Groundwater elevations calculated during previous investigations conducted at the Property indicated that groundwater flow direction is west-southwest, toward the LDW (Farallon 2019a). Groundwater contour maps prepared by others are provided as Appendix B.

2.3.3 Stormwater

According to the City of Seattle (2019), stormwater from the 3301 South Norfolk Street portion of the Property is collected in catch basins located along the northern and central portions of the Property. Stormwater on the central portion of the Property flows to a 60-inch-diameter Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) storm drain that conveys stormwater from Interstate 5 to the LDW. The Interstate 5 drainage line bisects the Property from east to west. Stormwater on the northern portion of the Property is collected and conveyed to the City of Seattle storm drain system at South Norfolk Street, which receives stormwater from surrounding properties and discharges directly into the LDW. Stormwater on the Former NWAW Property infiltrates directly into soil; no stormwater collection or conveyance features are present on the Former NWAW Property (Sound Environmental Strategies 2007b).

2.4 SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS

Subsurface investigations and remedial actions have been conducted at the Property since 1989. Previous environmental reports subdivided the Property into investigation areas based on operational history. This section summarizes the activities and results from previous investigations and interim actions conducted in each investigation area of the Property. Figure 2 shows the location of historical site features. Locations of investigation areas are shown on Figure 3. Figure 4 shows sample locations and former remedial excavation areas. Figures 5A, 5B, 5C, 6, 7A, 7B, 7C, and 8 through 15 present analytical results for COPCs compared to the most-stringent PCULs. While there is insufficient information at this time to determine which PCULs to apply at the Emerald Gateway Site, the most stringent PCULs were selected to illustrate potential contaminant exceedances. Tables 1 through 12 present analytical results for soil, groundwater, soil gas, stormwater, and catch basin solids. Tables 3, 5, 8, and 9 include only the detected chemicals analyzed. Results of all the analyzed chemicals will be provided in the site-wide RI and FS, including detection limits. Table 13 provides a list of the COPCs that have exceeded the most-stringent PCULs.

2.4.1 Area 1: Dry Grocery Warehouse

Area 1 is on the eastern portion of the Property, where heating oil USTs UST-A through UST-C reportedly were present beneath an expanded footprint of the current Dry Grocery Warehouse building (Figures 2 and 3). According to original building plans reviewed during an assessment conducted by Terra Associates, Inc. (Terra) (2001) in 2001, UST-A and UST-B were removed, and UST-C was abandoned in-place. The location of UST-C is unknown, but is assumed to be in the same general area as the other two USTs (Figure 2).



A geophysical survey performed at the Property did not identify the presence of an abandoned in-place UST, although the survey was limited by reinforcement steel in the underlying concrete slab, and the presence of thick fill material overlying the UST area. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected in 2001 from five borings south and west of the former USTs outside the current building footprint in down-gradient locations relative to the former USTs (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6) (Terra 2001).

2.4.2 Area 2: Perishables Warehouse

Area 2 is on the southern portion of the Property, where diesel fuel UST-D formerly was present (Figures 2 and 3). The UST was removed in 1992 (Terra 2001).

Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel-range organics (DRO) were detected at a concentration exceeding the PCULs in a soil sample collected proximate to former UST-D in 2001 (Figure 5A; Table 1). DRO, total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline-range organics (GRO), and benzene were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in a reconnaissance groundwater sample collected proximate to former UST-D. DRO, GRO, and volatile petroleum constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits or PCULs in a groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MW-101 installed down-gradient of former UST-D (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

Soil excavation activities were implemented proximate to former UST-D. During excavation of contaminated soil, it was discovered that former UST-D formerly was contained in a concrete vault (Terra 2002). The soil and water contents of the vault were removed, and the vault was backfilled with controlled-density fill. Subsequent excavating along the exterior sides of the vault removed soil containing residual DRO. DRO was detected at a concentration exceeding PCULs in a single soil sample collected proximate to the former UST. DRO and total petroleum hydrocarbons as oil-range organics (ORO) were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the remaining confirmational soil samples collected proximate to former UST-D (Figure 5A; Table 1).

In 2016, borings F-1 and F-2 were advanced adjacent to the vault for collection of soil and reconnaissance groundwater samples for laboratory analysis for select COPCs (Farallon 2019a). A single soil sample was collected from each boring. DRO, total naphthalenes, fluorene, phenanthrene, benzo(a)anthracene, and total low molecular weight PAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the soil sample collected from boring F-1 (Figures 5A and 13; Tables 1 and 2). Other analytes were detected at concentrations less than PCULs or laboratory reporting limits in the soil samples collected from borings F-1 and F-2 (Figures 5A, 7A, and 10; Tables 1, 2, and 5). DRO and ORO were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring F-2. Concentrations of 1-methylnaphthalene exceeded PCULs in the groundwater sample collected from down-gradient monitoring well MW-101. DRO and ORO were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the groundwater sample collected from boring F-1 and down-gradient monitoring well MW-101 (Figures 6, 8, and 16; Tables 6 through 8).



Dissolved arsenic was detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from borings F-1 and F-2, and in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MW-101 (Figure 12; Table 9) (Farallon 2019a).

2.4.3 Area 3: Former Truck Wash

Area 3 is on the southern portion of the Property, north of Area 2, and consists of the former Truck Wash, which reportedly contained multiple USTs of unknown number designated as UST-E (Figure 2) (Terra 2001). The USTs reportedly were installed but never placed into service. A geophysical survey identified an area of disturbed soil in the assumed location of UST E. No field-screening evidence of petroleum releases to soil was identified in two borings advanced in the UST-E area, and petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

2.4.4 Area 4: Former Fueling Area

Area 4 is on the south-central portion of the Property and was formerly used for fueling trucks (Figure 3). Three 20,000-gallon USTs were installed in 1979: the western UST for gasoline storage; and the central and eastern USTs for diesel fuel storage (Global Environmental [Global] 1998). In 1998, the USTs were re-lined to meet upgrade requirements. At that time, the eastern diesel fuel UST, designated UST-F, was found to be compromised, and was removed, along with 67 tons of diesel fuel-impacted soil (Global 1998). A petroleum release also was identified proximate to the fuel dispenser island, where approximately 150 tons of petroleum-impacted soil was removed. GRO, DRO, and related volatile petroleum constituents were detected at concentrations less than PCULs in confirmational soil samples collected proximate to the UST and the dispenser island, with the exception of benzene, which was detected at a concentration exceeding the PCULs in a soil sample collected from the bottom of the excavation near the southwestern corner of the dispenser island (Figure 7A; Table 1) (Global 1998). The benzeneimpacted soil apparently was left in-place. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents and related volatile components were not detected in a groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MW-2, located near the western side of the UST bed, down-gradient of the USTs (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6). Monitoring well MW-2 was decommissioned; no additional monitoring wells are located in Area 4.

In 2001, petroleum-stained soil was observed in surface soil proximate to the northern edge of the UST cover slab (Terra 2001). The staining appeared to be the result of rainfall repeatedly washing minor fuel spills off the side of the slab. A reconnaissance groundwater sample was collected from boring P4-1, located down-gradient of the staining. ORO was detected at a concentration exceeding the PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected (Figure 6; Table 6). In 2002, approximately 2 cubic yards of petroleum-impacted soil was removed (Terra 2002). Confirmational soil samples were collected at the limits of the excavation. DRO was detected at a concentration exceeding PCULs in a single soil sample collected following soil removal. DRO and ORO were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the remaining confirmational soil samples collected (Table 1).



In 2001, a reconnaissance groundwater sample was collected from boring P10-3, located upgradient of the former fueling area (Terra 2001). Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, and PAHs were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits, with the exception of phthalates, which were detected but attributed to laboratory contamination (Figures 6, 8, 14, and 16; Tables 6 through 8).

The USTs reportedly were upgraded again in 2004 (Global Diving and Salvage, Inc. 2004). DRO and ORO were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in two reconnaissance groundwater samples collected proximate to the USTs and dispenser island in 2007 (Figure 6; Table 6) (Dalton, Olmstead & Fuglevand, Inc. [DOF] 2007). GRO was not detected in the 2007 reconnaissance groundwater samples; the samples were not analyzed for volatile petroleum constituents.

In 2016, borings F-5 and F-7 through F-10 were advanced for collection of soil and reconnaissance groundwater samples (Farallon 2019a). Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in soil samples collected from the borings (Figure 5A and 7A; Table 1). DRO was detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from borings F-7 through F-10; ORO was detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from borings F-8 and F-10. The highest concentrations of DRO and ORO in groundwater were detected in samples collected from borings F-8 and F-10, located down-gradient of the USTs (Figure 6; Table 6).

In March and April 2019, the remaining two USTs, piping, and fuel dispensers were decommissioned by removal. No evidence of petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination was noted during removal of the USTs. However, petroleum-impacted soil was encountered proximate to the former location of the eastern diesel fuel UST, which had been removed in 1998. Approximately 28 cubic yards of petroleum-impacted soil was removed beneath the former location of the diesel fuel UST. Confirmational soil samples were collected at the limits of the excavation for removal of the UST and petroleum-impacted soil. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the confirmational soil samples (Figures 5A and 7A; Table 1). Benzene-impacted soil left in-place beneath the fuel dispenser excavation conducted in 1998 was not excavated at this time.

2.4.5 Area 5: Former Trailer Maintenance Shop

Area 5 is on the north-central portion of the Property and was formerly used for trailer repair and maintenance (Figures 2 and 3) (Terra 2001). Soil and reconnaissance groundwater samples were collected from five borings advanced around the exterior of the shop in 2001. Soil samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents; groundwater samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and PAHs. DRO was detected at a concentration exceeding the PCULs in one soil sample collected at a depth of 7 to 9 feet bgs (Figure 5B; Table 1). Concentrations of analytes detected in groundwater samples were less than laboratory reporting limits, with the exception of one sample in which methylene chloride and phthalates were detected but attributed to laboratory contamination.



In 2016, borings F-11 through F-14 were advanced proximate to the Former Trailer Maintenance Shop for collection of soil and reconnaissance groundwater samples (Farallon 2019a). Soil samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, and PAHs. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, PAHs, and VOCs were detected at concentrations less than PCULs in soil samples collected from the borings (Figures 5B, 7B, 13, and 14; Tables 1 through 3). Groundwater samples were analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, PAHs, and dissolved arsenic. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, dissolved arsenic, and PAHs were detected at concentrations less than PCULs in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings, with the exception of dissolved arsenic, which was detected at a concentration exceeding the PCUL in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring F-14 (Figure 12; Table 9).

2.4.6 Area 6: Former Truck Repair Shop

Area 6 is on the northern portion of the Property in an area historically used for truck repair and maintenance operations (Figures 2 and 3) (Terra 2001). Four former USTs were used in this area: 10,000-gallon diesel fuel UST-G; 10,000-gallon gasoline UST-H; 1,000-gallon gasoline UST-I; and 500-gallon waste-oil UST-J. The USTs reportedly were removed in the late 1980s. Subsurface investigations were conducted in 2001 and 2007, which included the advancement of 16 borings and installation of 11 monitoring wells. Petroleum constituents were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in soil and groundwater.

In July and August 2007, approximately 12,200 tons of petroleum-impacted soil and 17,500 gallons of petroleum-impacted groundwater were excavated from Area 6 for off-Property disposal. Soil was excavated to depths ranging from 9 to 15 feet bgs (DOF 2009c). The excavation was backfilled with inert fill and mixed with oxygen-release compound to enhance natural degradation of residual petroleum hydrocarbons.

Results for confirmational soil samples indicated that soil containing petroleum hydrocarbon constituents at concentrations exceeding PCULs remained at the extents of the excavation and at depths below 15 feet bgs proximate to the southwestern corner of the north-adjacent Office Building. Petroleum-contaminated soil could not be excavated below 15 feet bgs proximate to the Office Building due to access limitations (DOF 2009c).

Following completion of the soil excavation, monitoring wells MW-AG1 and MW-AG2 were installed to supplement existing monitoring wells MW-4, MW-203, and MW-207 to provide a network of five monitoring wells around the Area 6 excavation area (DOF 2009d). Soil samples were not collected during installation of the monitoring wells. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in groundwater samples collected during four groundwater monitoring events performed between November 2009 and March 2011 (Table 6).

In 2016, borings F-15 through F-18 were advanced in Area 6 for collection of soil gas and reconnaissance groundwater samples, and collection of groundwater samples from monitoring wells MW-AG1, MW-AG2, MW-4, MW-203, and MW-207 for laboratory analysis (Farallon 2019a). The soil gas sampling was performed to evaluate the vapor intrusion pathway proximate



to the area of residual petroleum impact and the north-adjacent Office Building. The groundwater sampling was performed to evaluate current groundwater conditions.

Benzene, naphthalene, and chloroform were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in soil gas samples collected from borings F-17 and F-18 (Table 10) (Farallon 2019a).

Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were detected at concentrations less than PCULs or were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in reconnaissance groundwater samples and groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells. The only exceptions were DRO, GRO, benzene, and ethylbenzene, which were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring F-17, located down-gradient of the area of known petroleum impact (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6). Dissolved arsenic was detected at concentrations exceeding the PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring F-18, and in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW-4 and MW-207 (Figure 12; Table 9) (Farallon 2019a).

2.4.7 Area 7: Former Automobile Service Stations

Area 7 is on the western portion of the Property where one or more historical automobile service stations may have operated (Figures 2 and 3).

In 2001, a geophysical survey was performed in Area 7. Five borings were advanced to investigate anomalies encountered during the geophysical survey (Terra 2001). Reconnaissance groundwater samples were analyzed from five borings and soil samples were analyzed from two of the five borings. Petroleum constituents were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in any of the soil samples (Figures 5C and 7C; Table 1). GRO and benzene were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in one reconnaissance groundwater sample (Figure 8; Table 6). Petroleum constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings, with the exception of benzene and ethylbenzene, which were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring P7-1 (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

Subsequent testing conducted in Area 7 by DOF (2009a) included advancing five borings and five shallow hand-auger borings. Soil samples were only analyzed from the shallow hand-auger borings. DRO, ORO, GRO, and the metals arsenic, cadmium, and lead were detected at concentrations less than PCULs in the soil samples analyzed (Figures 5C, 7C, and 10; Tables 1 and 5). A single reconnaissance groundwater sample was collected from boring P-DOF-2. Petroleum constituents and VOCs were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the reconnaissance groundwater sample (Figures 6, 8, and 16; Tables 6 and 8).

Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, PAHs, VOCs, and metals were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the groundwater samples collected from DOF-1 (Figures 6, 8; 11, 12, 14, and 16; Tables 6 through 9).



2.4.8 Area 8: Returns Building

Area 8 is on the central portion of the Property, and was identified during a 2001 investigation by Terra (2001) as a potential fueling facility based on review of a 1966 Sanborn map. Terra (2001) subsequently conducted a geophysical survey, but did not identify evidence of USTs. Terra advanced three borings proximate to fueling facility features shown on the Sanborn map (Figures 2 and 3). Soil samples collected from the borings did not show field evidence of petroleum hydrocarbons; no samples were submitted for analysis. DRO, ORO, and GRO were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

2.4.9 Area 9: Former Employee Parking Lot

Area 9 is southwest of the Office Building on the northern portion of the Property (Figures 2 and 3) (Terra 2001). During a 2001 investigation by Terra, a suspected fuel UST was identified on historical drawings. A subsurface geophysical survey conducted by Terra did not identify the presence of a UST in the area. Terra advanced two borings proximate to the assumed UST location to assess for the potential presence of petroleum hydrocarbon constituents in soil and groundwater. Soil samples collected from the borings did not show field evidence of petroleum hydrocarbons; no samples were submitted for analysis. DRO, ORO, and GRO were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

2.4.10 Area 10: Up-Gradient Areas

Area 10 represents potential contaminant sources up-gradient and off the Property to the east (Figures 2 and 3) (Terra 2001). Terra advanced borings P10-2, P10-4, and P10-5 near the eastern Property boundary to screen for potential chemical impact to groundwater. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, and PAHs were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings, with the exception of phthalates, which were detected but attributed to laboratory contamination (Figures 6, 8, 14, and 16; Tables 6 through 8).

2.4.11 Area 11: Former South Maintenance Shop

Area 11 is on the southwestern portion of the Property, where two USTs were encountered and removed by a utility contractor in 1995 during installation of a subsurface water line (Figures 2 and 3) (Global 1996). Archive records indicated that the USTs were associated with former drycleaning operations conducted on this portion of the Property by Wolff Cleaners. The USTs consisted of 450-gallon vertically installed UST-L and 300-gallon horizontally installed UST-K. Analysis of the UST contents and of soil samples collected adjacent to the USTs suggested that Stoddard solvent was previously stored in the USTs (Global 1996). No chlorinated dry-cleaning solvents such as tetrachloroethene or trichloroethene were detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the soil samples collected proximate to the former USTs.

In 2007, boring P-DOF-2 was advanced down-gradient of the former USTs. A reconnaissance groundwater sample was collected for laboratory analysis. DRO, ORO, GRO, and petroleum



hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the reconnaissance groundwater sample; however, the laboratory reporting limits for DRO and ORO exceeded the PCULs (Figures 6 and 8; Table 6).

In 2016, borings F-20 through F-23 were advanced at accessible locations to evaluate subsurface conditions proximate to the Former South Maintenance Shop. Soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis from borings F-20 and F-22, and reconnaissance groundwater samples were collected for laboratory analysis from borings F-20 through F-23. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, VOCs, PAHs, and arsenic either were detected at concentrations less than PCULs or were not detected at a concentration exceeding laboratory reporting limits in the soil and reconnaissance groundwater samples collected from the borings. One exception was DRO, which was detected at a concentration exceeding the PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring F-23, located south of the Former South Maintenance Shop (Figures 5A, 6, 7A, 8, and 12 through 16; Tables 1 through 3 and 6 through 8).

2.4.12 Area 12: Former Old Humble Oil Service Station

Area 12 is at the northwestern corner of the Property, and is the former location of an automobile service station known as "Old Humble Oil" at 10056 East Marginal Way South (Figure 2 and 3). Five USTs formerly were present at Area 12: 6,000-gallon gasoline UST-M; 6,000-gallon diesel fuel UST-N; 6,000-gallon gasoline UST-O; 600-gallon heating oil UST-P; and waste-oil UST-Q, which later was discovered to be a dry well (Figure 2). Area 12 also contained a pump island, a septic tank, and an oil-water separator. All features related to Old Humble Oil were removed in 1989 (Terra 1991).

Petroleum releases were identified at the former service station, primarily associated with a dry well used for disposal of waste oil. In 1991, approximately 510 cubic yards of soil was excavated, and 11,000 gallons of groundwater was removed for disposal off the Property (Terra 1991).

Subsequent groundwater extraction from two monitoring wells located down-gradient of the identified releases was performed periodically. Results from additional groundwater monitoring performed until 1993 indicated that concentrations of petroleum constituents in groundwater had decreased over time (Terra 1993) to below PCULs. VOCs and dissolved lead were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in groundwater samples collected in February 1993. A report prepared by others documenting the groundwater results is provided as Appendix C.

Additional soil sampling was performed along the northern Property boundary in 1998 to screen an area of petroleum-impacted soil using updated analytical methods (Terra 1998). DRO or ORO was not detected at a concentration exceeding PCULs in the soil samples collected from the borings (Figure 5C; Table 1). Based on the cumulative results, Ecology (1998) issued an No Further Action determination for Area 12 in December 1998.

In 2007, boring P-DOF-1 was advanced near the western property line proximate to the former down-gradient monitoring well on Area 12 to collect a reconnaissance groundwater sample to confirm previous groundwater analytical results (DOF 2007). Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents and VOCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits or less than



PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from the boring; however, the laboratory reporting limits for DRO and ORO slightly exceeded the PCULs (Figures 6 and 8; Tables 6 and 8).

2.4.13 Area 13: Former Northwest Auto Wrecking Property

Area 13 is on the western portion of the Property and is referred to as the Former NWAW Property, which was used for automobile wrecking and parts salvaging from 1958 until approximately 2007 (Figure 2 and 3) (DOF 2008b). Area 13 historically was surrounded on the northern, eastern, and southern sides by the 3301 South Norfolk Street property. The western portion of Area 13 contained several structures and features, including a garage with hydraulic hoists, aboveground waste-oil storage tanks, a gasoline UST, several stove-oil USTs, a relic UST area, and a parts cleaning and dismantling shop (Figure 2). Asphaltic pavement was present around the buildings and on the extreme northern portion of Area 13. The remaining portions of Area 13 were used primarily to store wrecked automobiles and parts on bare ground or other unpaved surfaces. Access roads were paved with concrete. The northeastern portion of Area 13 contained several soil stockpiles and fill areas, including: a petroleum-impacted soil stockpile totaling approximately 2,800 cubic yards (North Stockpile) that was generated in 1993 from excavation of a petroleum spill on the 3301 South Norfolk Street property; a lead-containing soil stockpile totaling approximately 3,000 cubic yards (LCS Stockpile) that was generated in 1993 during excavation of surface soil containing crushed battery casings; and a battery chip fill area (DOF 2008b).

In 1996, a subsurface investigation was conducted during due diligence for the Former Bank Building to assess the NWAW Property as a potential source of contamination. Four borings were advanced proximate to the parcel boundary between the Former Bank Building and the Former NWAW Property (GeoTech Consultants, Inc. 1996). Soil samples were submitted from three of the borings for laboratory analysis for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents and VOCs. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents and VOCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in soil samples collected from the borings (Figures 5C, 7C; and 15; Tables 1 and 3).

Voluntary remedial actions on Area 13 began under Ecology oversight in 2007, and were performed in phases through 2010 (Sound Environmental Strategies 2007a; DOF 2008a, 2009a, 2009b, 2010). The remedial actions included:

- Analyzing soil samples to profile the North Stockpile for disposal off the Property;
- Excavating surface soil containing petroleum hydrocarbons, PCBs, PAHs, and metals;
- Stabilizing the LCS Stockpile, which was considered dangerous waste due to elevated lead concentrations, for disposal off the Property;
- Demolishing existing structures;
- Removing concrete pavement for crushing for use as backfill material on Area 13;
- Investigating the historical stove-oil USTs in the western portion of Area 13;
- Removing relic USTs and associated impacted soil for disposal off the Property;



- Removing hydraulic hoists and associated petroleum-impacted soil for disposal off the Property;
- Removing a gasoline UST and associated petroleum-impacted soil for disposal off the Property; and
- Excavating petroleum-impacted soil from a mid-1990s spill from the northeastern portion of Area 13 for disposal off the Property.

The remedial actions included disposal off the Property of approximately 12,640 tons of petroleum-, metals-, PCB-, and PAH-impacted soil. In some portions of Area 13, petroleum-impacted groundwater also was extracted for disposal off the Property. Confirmational soil samples were collected at the extent of the remedial excavations. Results of confirmational soil sampling are summarized below:

- Of the 80 soil samples submitted for laboratory analysis for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, only six soil samples exceeded the PCULs for DRO, GRO, benzene, and ethylbenzene concentrations (Figures 5C and 7C; Table 1);
- PCBs were detected at a concentration exceeding PCULs in a single soil sample collected (Figure 9; Table 4);
- Metals, including arsenic, barium, cadmium, copper, lead, and zinc, were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in soil samples collected (Figure 10; Table 5); and
- cPAHs and HVOCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in soil samples collected (Figures 13 and 15; Tables 2 and 3).

Subsequent to the completion of remedial actions in Area 13, Ecology's Voluntary Cleanup Program (2011a) provided an opinion letter regarding the actions performed to date. The Ecology opinion letter stated that cleanup standards for Area 13 had been met for petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, chromium, lead, arsenic, cadmium, and PAHs in soil, but that further action was required to clean up petroleum hydrocarbon constituents, lead, and arsenic in groundwater. It should be noted that the Voluntary Cleanup Program determination was based on comparison of the COPC concentrations with the MTCA Method A groundwater and soil (unrestricted land use) cleanup levels. The MTCA Method A cleanup levels are generally higher than the most stringent PCULs for the COPCs identified at the Property.

Groundwater monitoring wells DOF-1 through DOF-5 located on Area 13 were sampled six times between November 2009 and August 2014 (DOF 2014). In 2016, Farallon sampled groundwater monitoring wells DOF-1 through DOF-4 to confirm the August 2014 groundwater monitoring data, and to assess current groundwater conditions. In addition, a reconnaissance groundwater sample was collected from boring P10-1. Results of groundwater sampling are summarized below:

• ORO, GRO, benzene, and 1-methylnaphthalene have been detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in monitoring well DOF-2 during groundwater monitoring events conducted since 2009. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits or were less than PCULs in the remaining monitoring wells (Figures 6 and 8; Tables 6 and 7).



- Benzene, naphthalene, and 1-methylnaphthalene were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in the reconnaissance groundwater sample collected from boring P10-1 (Figures 6, 8, and 14; Tables 6 and 7).
- VOCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding laboratory reporting limits or were less than PCULs in groundwater samples collected from boring P10-1 in 2001 and in monitoring wells from 2009 to 2016 (Figure 16; Table 8).
- Arsenic and manganese were detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in several wells during groundwater monitoring events conducted since 2009 (Figures 11 and 12; Table 9).

2.4.14 Stormwater Compliance Sampling

Stormwater from the Property discharges to the LDW under an Industrial Stormwater General Permit issued to Unified Grocers, Inc. Stormwater discharge samples were collected from three catch basins, which are shown on Figure 1, provided in Appendix D. The three catch basins are located in the following catchment areas (DOF 2016):

- Sample location S1 is located in a catchment area west of the Dry Grocery Warehouse proximate to Areas 5 and 6;
- Sample location S2 is located in a catchment area north of the Perishables Warehouse and includes Areas 2 through 4; and
- Sample location S3 is located in a catchment area proximate to Area 11.

The Industrial Stormwater General Permit required quarterly sampling of pH, turbidity, total suspended solids, zinc, and copper. Concentrations of zinc and copper in stormwater discharged from the Property to the LDW have exceeded Industrial Stormwater General Permit benchmarks (Table 11).

In 2014, Leidos (2015) on behalf of Ecology, conducted a stormwater compliance inspection of the Property, which included collection of one stormwater sample and three catch basin solids samples from two catch basins located on the Property. Sample locations are shown on Figure N-2, provided in Appendix D. Sample results are summarized in Tables 11 and 12.

The stormwater sample was collected from manhole MH-60, located on the eastern portion of the Property (Appendix D). Stormwater is conveyed from manhole MH-60 to a City of Seattle storm drain line along South Norfolk Street that discharges to the LDW. Copper, mercury, and zinc concentrations exceeded the chronic marine Water Quality Criteria (WAC 173-201A) in the stormwater sample. Total PCBs and PAHs exceeded the human health Water Quality Criteria in the stormwater sample.

Catch basin solids samples were collected from manhole MH-60. Concentrations of mercury, zinc, PCBs, dioxins/furans, PAHs, phthalates, n-nitrosodiphenylamine, and petroleum hydrocarbons exceeded PCUL Screening Level 8, protection of sediment via bank erosion or soil transport through a storm drain.



One catch basin solids sample was collected from manhole MH-76, located on the central portion of the Property (Appendix D). Piping from manhole MH-76 connects with the WSDOT mainline that extends through the Property. Concentrations of PCBs, dioxins/furans, PAHs, phthalates, and petroleum hydrocarbons exceeded PCUL Screening Level 8, protection of sediment via bank erosion or soil transport through a storm drain.

2.5 PRE-INTERIM ACTION DESIGN INVESTIGATION

A Draft for Agency Review Sampling and Analysis Plan for a pre-interim action design investigation to be conducted at the Property was approved by Ecology on June 20, 2019 (Farallon 2019b).

The pre-interim action design investigation includes:

- Advancement of 12 borings and collection of soil samples;
- Collection of reconnaissance groundwater samples from three borings;
- Installation and development of three monitoring wells;
- Redevelopment of 11 existing monitoring wells;
- Collection of depth-to-groundwater measurements and groundwater sampling from 14 monitoring wells;
- Completion of a tidal study; and
- Preparation of an Interim Action Design Report, which will include a Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and Sampling and Analysis Plan in accordance with WAC 173-340-810 and 173-340-820.

The objective of the pre-interim action design investigation is to collect additional data to evaluate the chemical concentrations, to identify COPCs, to evaluate potential transport pathways to the LDW, and to complete a preliminary conceptual site model.

Following the pre-interim action design investigation and before the Interim Action Work Plan is implemented, a Draft Interim Action Design Report will be prepared and submitted to Ecology for review and approval. The Draft Interim Action Design Report will document and compile the results from the pre-interim action design investigation and historical site investigations, provide an updated conceptual site model based on the results from the investigation, establish the remediation levels applicable for the interim action, and provide the final design components of the interim action.



3.0 PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

A sufficient amount of data documenting subsurface conditions have been obtained at the Property to develop a preliminary design of the interim action. The preliminary conceptual site model is based on available data. The preliminary conceptual site model is dynamic, and will be refined throughout the interim action process as additional information becomes available, including the results from the pre-interim action design investigation.

3.1 PRELIMINARY REMEDIATION LEVELS

Ecology (2018) published PCULs for the LDW that apply to upland sites that may have environmental transport pathways to the LDW and may impact surface water, sediments, or organisms in the LDW. Preliminary screening of analytical data generated during previous investigations identified COPCs and potential transport pathways to the LDW. A compound was selected as a COPC for the Property if concentrations exceeded the most-stringent PCULs. Analytical data for soil samples that were removed during previous interim actions conducted at the Property were excluded from preliminary screening.

The preliminary remediation levels for soil and groundwater at the Property are the most stringent PCULs. Table 13 shows the COPCs identified for the Property based on historical data compared to the most-stringent PCULs. The final remediation levels will be developed in accordance with WAC 173-340-355 and provided in the Interim Action Design Report. The Interim Action Design Report will compile analytical results from the pre-interim action design investigation, and historical data from the Emerald Gateway Site, to further evaluate COPCs and the transport pathways for the Property to determine appropriate remediation levels before the interim action is implemented.

3.2 CONFIRMED AND SUSPECTED SOURCE AREAS

A source area is defined as the location of a release of a hazardous substance that has affected one or more media of concern at the Property. The confirmed source areas are proximate to former UST systems and maintenance operations at the Property. The confirmed source areas are listed below:

- Area 2: Perishables Warehouse;
- Area 4: Former Fueling Area;
- Area 5: Former Trailer Maintenance Shop;
- Area 6: Former Truck Repair Shop;
- Area 11: Former South Maintenance Shop; and
- Area 13: Former NWAW Property.



3.3 CONSTITUENTS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

The COPCs for the Property for consideration in this IAWP are the compounds that have been detected at concentrations exceeding the most-stringent PCULs in soil, groundwater, stormwater, and catch basin solids samples collected at the Property.

The COPCs for soil and groundwater are:

- DRO:
- ORO;
- GRO;
- PCBs;
- PAHs:
- VOCs; and
- Metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, and zinc).

3.4 MEDIA OF CONCERN

Soil and groundwater are the affected media of concern at the Property.

Vapor intrusion and stormwater also have been documented as pathways of concern. The vapor and stormwater pathways will be evaluated in the RI and FS.

Historical concentrations of GRO and benzene detected in soil, groundwater, and soil gas in Area 6 suggest that there is a potential for vapor intrusion into buildings following Property redevelopment. The potential for vapor intrusion at the Property will be mitigated by the removal of contaminated soil, and by the dewatering and disposal of contaminated groundwater from the Property. If excavation of residual petroleum hydrocarbon constituents is not practicable prior to building construction, additional vapor mitigation measures will be proposed and established after discussion with Ecology.

Stormwater and catch basin solids were confirmed as pathways of contaminant transport at the Property. Redevelopment will result in new stormwater infrastructure with new catch basins, conveyance piping, and treatment capabilities. New stormwater infrastructure will not eliminate this pathway; however, the potential for contamination will be greatly reduced through the removal of the current infrastructure, and through the use of appropriate best management practices to control potential sources of contamination to the new stormwater infrastructure.



4.0 PERMITS AND OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

This section summarizes applicable local, state, and federal laws pertaining to the interim action, and the permitting and substantive requirements applicable to the interim action.

4.1 APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL LAWS

Pursuant to WAC 173-340-710, the interim action will comply with applicable local, state, and federal laws. The local, state, and federal laws that are anticipated to be the applicable requirements for an interim action, and encompass applicable regulatory guidelines. The cleanup standards, waste disposal criteria, and documentation standards are:

- MTCA (WAC 173-340);
- The Water Quality Standards for Groundwaters of the State of Washington (WAC 173-200);
- The Hazardous Waste Management Act (Chapter 70.105 of the Revised Code of Washington [RCW 70.105]);
- Washington State Solid Waste Management Laws and Regulations (RCW 70.95; WAC 173-351 and 173-304);
- Dangerous Waste Regulations (WAC 173-303);
- Accreditation of Environmental Laboratories (WAC 173-50);
- The Occupational Safety and Health Act (Part 1910 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations [29 CFR 1910] and WAC 296-62);
- The State Environmental Policy Act (RCW 43.21; WAC 197-11 and 173-802);
- The State National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (WAC 173-220);
- The State Waste Discharge General Permit Program (WAC 173-226);
- Maximum Contaminant Levels, National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (WAC 246-290-310 and 46 CFR 141);
- Safety Standards for Construction Work (WAC 296-155);
- Minimum Standards for Construction and Maintenance of Wells (WAC 173-160); and
- Applicable local permits and ordinances indicated by the City of Seattle/City of Tukwila Municipal Code.

4.2 PERMITTING AND SUBSTANTIVE REQUIREMENTS

The following sections describe the permitting and substantive requirements applicable to the interim action.



4.2.1 State Environmental Policy Act

The State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) (WAC 197-11) and the SEPA procedures (WAC 173-802) provide the framework for state agencies to evaluate the environmental consequences of a project and ensure appropriate measures are taken to mitigate environmental impacts. SEPA is applicable to the redevelopment project. Prologis has prepared and submitted a SEPA Checklist for the redevelopment project, which included details for the interim action. During preparation of the SEPA Checklist, there was significant cooperation between Prologis, Ecology, and the City of Tukwila. Prior to commencement of the redevelopment and interim action, the City of Tukwila will determine whether the project will have a significant adverse impact on the environment. The City of Tukwila and City of Seattle will provide a Land Use Permit and Master Use Permit, respectively, following review of the SEPA Checklist.

4.2.2 City of Tukwila Development Permit

Prologis will obtain a Development Permit from the City of Tukwila for the redevelopment project.

4.2.3 City of Tukwila and City of Seattle Grading Permits

Prologis will obtain grading permits from the City of Tukwila and City of Seattle. Substantive requirements of the grading permits include erosion control, which is addressed by implementation of best management practices in accordance with a project-specific temporary erosion and sediment control plan.

4.2.4 Construction Stormwater General Permit

Construction-generated dewatering water or stormwater will need to comply with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program. The Administrative Order will establish Indicator Levels for the project based on known contaminants for compliance with Water Quality Standards for the Surface Water of the State of Washington (WAC 173-200). The Administrative Order defines the conditions and actions necessary to comply with the Construction Stormwater General Permit.

4.2.5 Historical and Cultural Resource Protection

As required by state law, appropriate measures will be taken to evaluate the potential presence of historical, archaeological, or cultural resources. In 2017, Prologis completed a Cultural Resources Assessment, which was submitted to the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation. The Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation concurred with the findings of the Cultural Resources Assessment requiring archeological monitoring during excavations with potential to intersect native soils. In addition, Prologis will prepare a Monitoring and Inadvertent Discovery Plan for the project.

4.2.6 Washington State Shoreline Management Act

Redevelopment work must be compliant with the City of Tukwila's Shoreline Master Program, which was locally developed by the City of Tukwila per the requirements of the Washington State



Shoreline Management Act. Prologis will obtain a Shoreline Substantial Development Permit from the City of Tukwila, if necessary.



5.0 INTERIM ACTION SCOPE OF WORK

Investigations conducted at the Property have identified COPCs in soil, groundwater, soil gas, stormwater, and catch basin solids at concentrations exceeding PCULs. The interim action will eliminate and/or reduce the threat to human health and the environment during Property redevelopment. The interim action will take advantage of the previously unavailable access to the subsurface provided by the proposed redevelopment project. Components of the interim action include excavation of impacted soil to eliminate source material, and installation of a new stormwater conveyance and treatment system for the development.

Based on the available data, the investigation areas and the remediation or mitigation that will be conducted in conjunction with Property redevelopment are discussed below. The interim action scope of work will be revised following the pre-interim action design investigation, and documented in the Interim Action Design Plan.

- Area 2: Perishables Warehouse: excavation of soil with DRO proximate to former UST-D
 to the maximum extent practicable during redevelopment. Natural attenuation processes are
 expected to remedy limited groundwater impacts following soil source removal, and will be
 further evaluated during the site-wide RI and FS.
- Area 4: Former Fueling Area: excavation of contaminated soil/source removal was conducted in March and April 2019 during UST decommissioning. The results for the reconnaissance groundwater sample to be collected during the pre-interim action design investigation down-gradient of the former fueling area will be evaluated before the interim action is implemented. If the results from the pre-interim action design investigation indicate that potential source material is present proximate to the Former Fueling Area, impacted soil will be excavated to the maximum extent practicable in conjunction with redevelopment of the Property.
- Area 6: Former Truck Repair Shop: excavation of soil with residual GRO and benzene proximate to the southeastern corner of the north-adjacent Office Building. The soil will be accessible for removal following demolition of the Office Building during redevelopment of the Property. The soil source removal is expected to facilitate natural attenuation processes in groundwater to reduce DRO, GRO, and benzene detected at concentrations exceeding PCULs in a reconnaissance groundwater sample collected a short distance down-gradient of the area of residual GRO and benzene soil contamination.
- Area 11: Former South Maintenance Shop: additional groundwater characterization during the pre-interim action design investigation to determine whether DRO detected in a reconnaissance groundwater sample collected in the storage yard area of the Former South Maintenance Shop is representative of groundwater in Area 11. If the results from the pre-interim action design investigation indicate that potential source material is present proximate to the Former South Maintenance Shop, impacted media will be excavated to the maximum extent practicable in conjunction with redevelopment of the Property.



• Contingency Excavation Areas: This interim action includes a contingency to permanently remove any contaminant source materials exceeding remediation levels, to the maximum extent practicable, that may be encountered during redevelopment activities. If contaminant source materials are encountered that exceed remediation levels, removal of the source will be expected to be conducted using the same procedures described in this IAWP.

5.1 SITE PREPARATION AND MOBILIZATION

Before the redevelopment project is initiated, site controls will be established to ensure that the work zone is properly secured. The entire perimeter of the Property will be fenced, and points of ingress and egress will be clearly marked. The access points to the Property will be monitored by authorized personnel during construction activities.

Before excavation activities are initiated, temporary erosion- and sediment-control measures will be established as part of the redevelopment project. Once all temporary erosion- and sediment-control measures have been implemented in accordance with the construction project plan, construction equipment and supplies will be mobilized to the Property.

5.2 MONITORING WELL DECOMMISSIONING

Monitoring wells within the footprint of the redevelopment area, including monitoring wells MW-4, MW-101, MW-203, MW-207, MW-AG1, MW-AG2, DOF-4, and DOF-5, will be decommissioned by a licensed well driller in accordance with the Washington State Water Well Construction Act, RCW 18.104 (WAC 173-160-460). Following well decommissioning, the required documentation will be submitted to Ecology. Excavation activities will not begin until the monitoring wells have been decommissioned.

Monitoring wells located on the western boundary of the Property, including DOF-1 through DOF-3 and the monitoring wells that will be installed during the pre-interim action design investigation, may be retained for future compliance sampling if they can be protected during redevelopment activities. If the monitoring wells cannot be protected, they will be decommissioned in accordance with the Washington State Water Well Construction Act.

5.3 CONTAMINATED SOIL EXCAVATION

Prior to the start of excavation, the limits of soil with concentrations of one or more COPCs exceeding remediation levels will be staked in the field. Following the stripping of surface asphalt pavement and concrete, soil containing concentrations of COPCs exceeding remediation levels will be removed to the maximum extent practicable and disposed of at a licensed disposal facility. Interim action excavation areas may be revised based on the results from the pre-interim action design investigation and observations during excavation.



The excavation subcontractor will excavate and segregate contaminated soil from uncontaminated soil under the direction of a Farallon Scientist. Soil containing concentrations of one or more COPCs exceeding remediation levels will be loaded directly into haul trucks, as practicable, for transport off the Property.

The Site Management Plan (Appendix E) provides the protocols for segregation and classification of soil during excavation activities. Soil will be classified for disposal based on the Ecology (2011b) *Guidance for Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Sites*, revised June 2016, and the disposal criteria for the selected disposal facility. Based on its category, soil will be managed as nonhazardous waste and transported to a facility permitted to receive the specific soil category for treatment and/or disposal.

Soil that does not exceed PCULs will be removed and stockpiled on the Property for re-use as backfill, if suitable for use as structural fill. During excavation, a Farallon Scientist will examine soil for evidence of contamination such as visual staining or sheen, petroleum-like odors, or concentrations of measurable organic vapors exceeding measured background levels obtained using a photoionization detector.

Soil with field evidence of COPCs will be segregated from observed clean soil, stockpiled separately, and sampled for analysis to assess options for disposal or reuse. Contaminated soil will be stockpiled on plastic sheeting and covered to prevent potential contamination of clean soil. Three soil samples will be collected from contaminated soil stockpiles of up to 100 cubic yards, and five samples will be collected from contaminated soil stockpiles of 101 to 500 cubic yards. Soil samples will be collected from contaminated soil stockpiles and analyzed in accordance with the Ecology (2011b) guidance, and the criteria for the selected disposal facility.

5.3.1 Dewatering and Treatment

Dewatering may be necessary to allow for excavation of impacted soil located below the water table. If necessary, generated wastewater will be pumped to aboveground tanks, pretreated on the Property, and discharged to surface water under a Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program. The Administrative Order will establish Indicator Levels for the project based on known contaminants for compliance with Water Quality Standards for the Surface Water of the State of Washington. The Administrative Order defines the conditions and actions necessary to comply with the Construction Stormwater General Permit.

5.3.2 Soil Disposal Facility

The Waste Management Columbia Ridge Landfill in Arlington, Oregon and the Republic Services Roosevelt Regional Landfill in Roosevelt, Washington are the preferred Subtitle D disposal facilities for contaminated soil excavated during the interim action. A waste profile will be submitted to the selected disposal facility for approval before contaminated soil is excavated.



5.4 STORMWATER CONVEYANCE

Redevelopment includes reconfiguration of the stormwater infrastructure at the Property. The existing stormwater infrastructure, including the 60-inch-diameter WSDOT storm drain, will be removed or decommissioned. A new storm drain transecting the Property before discharging to the LDW will be installed for WSDOT. New catch basins, new conveyance piping, and a new stormwater treatment system will be installed to collect stormwater across the entire Property before it is conveyed to the LDW.

Installation of the new 60-inch-diameter WSDOT storm drain will require excavation of soil. During excavation, a Farallon Scientist will examine soil for evidence of contamination such as visual staining or sheen, petroleum-like odors, or concentrations of measurable organic vapors exceeding measured background levels obtained using a photoionization detector.

Soil with field evidence of COPCs will be segregated from observed clean soil, stockpiled separately, and sampled for laboratory analysis to assess options for disposal or reuse. Contaminated soil will be stockpiled on plastic sheeting and covered to prevent potential contamination of clean soil. Soil samples will be collected from contaminated soil stockpiles and analyzed in accordance with the Ecology (2011b) guidance, and the criteria for the selected disposal facility.



6.0 COMPLIANCE MONITORING

Three types of compliance monitoring have been identified for remedial actions performed under MTCA (WAC 173-340-410): protection monitoring, performance monitoring, and confirmational monitoring. A paraphrased purpose for each is presented below (WAC 173-340-410[1]):

- **Protection Monitoring:** confirm whether human health and the environment are adequately protected during the interim action.
- **Performance Monitoring:** confirm that the interim action has attained the remediation levels at the point of compliance.
- Confirmational Monitoring: confirm the long-term effectiveness of the interim action once remediation levels or other performance standards have been attained.

Additional details for compliance monitoring will be provided in the Sampling and Analysis Plan that will be included in the Interim Action Design Report.

6.1 PROTECTION MONITORING

A HASP will be prepared for the interim action that meets the minimum requirements for such a plan identified in federal (29 CFR 1910.120 and 29 CFR 1926) and state (WAC 173-340-810 and 296) regulations. The HASP identifies all known physical, chemical, and biological hazards; hazard monitoring protocols; and administrative and engineering controls required to mitigate the identified hazards. The HASP will be included as an appendix to the Interim Action Design Report.

6.2 PERFORMANCE MONITORING

Performance monitoring will provide soil analytical results to refine and/or identify the presence of COPCs in each interim action excavation area with confirmed or evidence of potentially contaminated soil. The soil analytical results will define whether COPCs are present at concentrations exceeding remediation levels and, if contamination is present, the lateral and vertical extent of excavation and off-Property disposal to achieve the remediation levels established for the COPCs.

Performance monitoring will involve collecting in-situ samples for laboratory analysis to quantify concentrations of COPCs in soil. Discrete soil samples will be collected from the centers of excavation grids and the excavation bottom and sidewalls to guide the excavation and to serve as confirmational samples where remediation levels are attained. If concentrations of COPCs exceed remediation levels and additional excavation is not feasible, analytical results from the performance samples will be incorporated into the RI conceptual site model and addressed in the FS and the Cleanup Action Plan.

A contingency for performance samples will be retained in the event that an unknown condition such as a UST or piping or other unknown variance is encountered during the course of the



excavation. In such a case, performance monitoring for soil will be conducted, and the analytical results will direct the advancement of the excavation and will characterize the soil for disposal.

6.2.1 Soil Sampling Frequency

The frequency of performance soil sampling will be dependent on the existing sampling data and qualitative indications of potentially contaminated soil observed by the Farallon Scientist using the field-screening methods described in Section 5.5, Contaminated Soil Excavation. The frequency of performance soil sampling may be higher near the lateral and vertical limits of an excavation area to provide sufficient samples for confirmational monitoring. Soil sampling frequency will be provided in the Sampling and Analysis Plan that will be included in the Interim Action Design Report.

6.2.2 Soil Sample Locations

The locations of the performance soil samples will be dependent on existing sampling results, excavation progress each day, and the configuration of the final excavation limits. The soil sample locations will be selected at the discretion of the Farallon Scientist based on the grid excavation areas and field-screening observations of soil conditions.

6.3 CONFIRMATIONAL MONITORING

Confirmational monitoring will be conducted at each excavation location once performance monitoring results indicate that the cleanup standards have been attained at the limits of each excavation. Confirmational monitoring will consist of collecting in-situ soil samples from the base and sidewalls of the final limits of each completed excavation area. Performance monitoring soil sample locations will be used as confirmational soil sampling points in cases where the analytical results for the performance soil samples confirm that remediation levels have been attained at the limits of each excavation area. Confirmational soil samples will be collected from the final limits of each excavation area using the sampling methodology described in Section 6.2.1, Soil Sampling Frequency.



7.0 SCHEDULE AND REPORTING

Following the pre-interim action design investigation and before implementing the Interim Action Work Plan, a Draft Interim Action Design Report will be prepared and submitted to Ecology for review and approval. The Draft Interim Action Design Report will document the results from the pre-interim action design investigation, provide an updated conceptual site model based on the results from the investigation, establish the final remediation levels applicable to the interim action, provide the final design components of the interim action, and establish a schedule of deliverables for the interim action activities. Work on the Interim Action will not commence until Ecology has concurred with the proposed Interim Action Design Report.

Upon completion of the interim action detailed in this IAWP and the forthcoming Interim Action Design Report, and in accordance with the Agreed Order, an Agency Review Draft Interim Action Report will be submitted within 60 days completion of the interim action per the Ecology-approved completion schedule to be included in the Interim Action Design Report. The Interim Action Report will be submitted to Ecology for review and comment, and will describe the activities and the results from the interim action. Ecology comments will be incorporated into the Final Interim Action Report.

Pursuant to WAC 173-340-840(5), all sampling data will be submitted to Ecology in both printed and electronic formats in accordance with Section VII (Work to be Performed), Ecology Toxics Cleanup Program Policy 840 (Data Submittal Requirements), and/or any subsequent procedures specified by Ecology for data submittal.

The start date of the interim action will be confirmed with Ecology once the final permits or authorizations have been obtained and/or confirmed for the Construction Stormwater General Permit and from the City of Seattle and/or City of Tukwila, and all relevant deliverables under this IAWP have been approved by Ecology.



8.0 REFERENCES

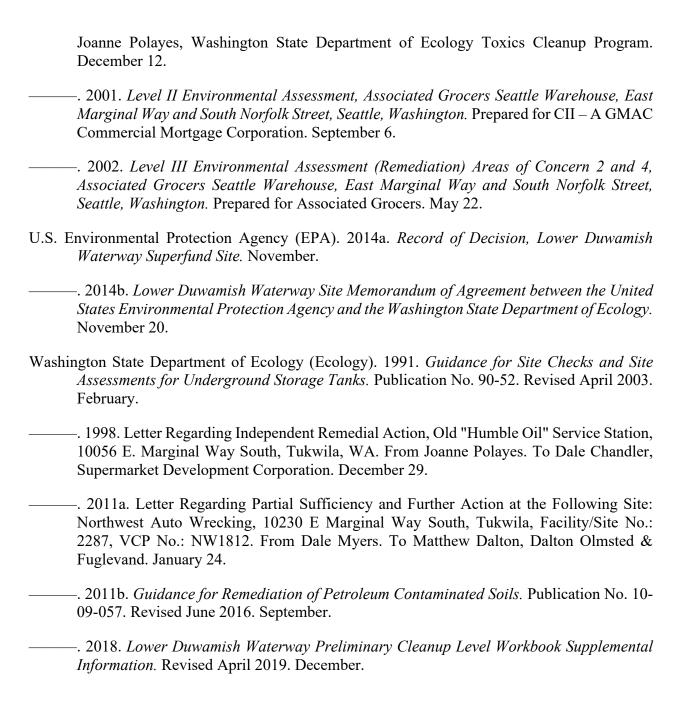
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9.0 LIMITATIONS

9.1 GENERAL LIMITATION

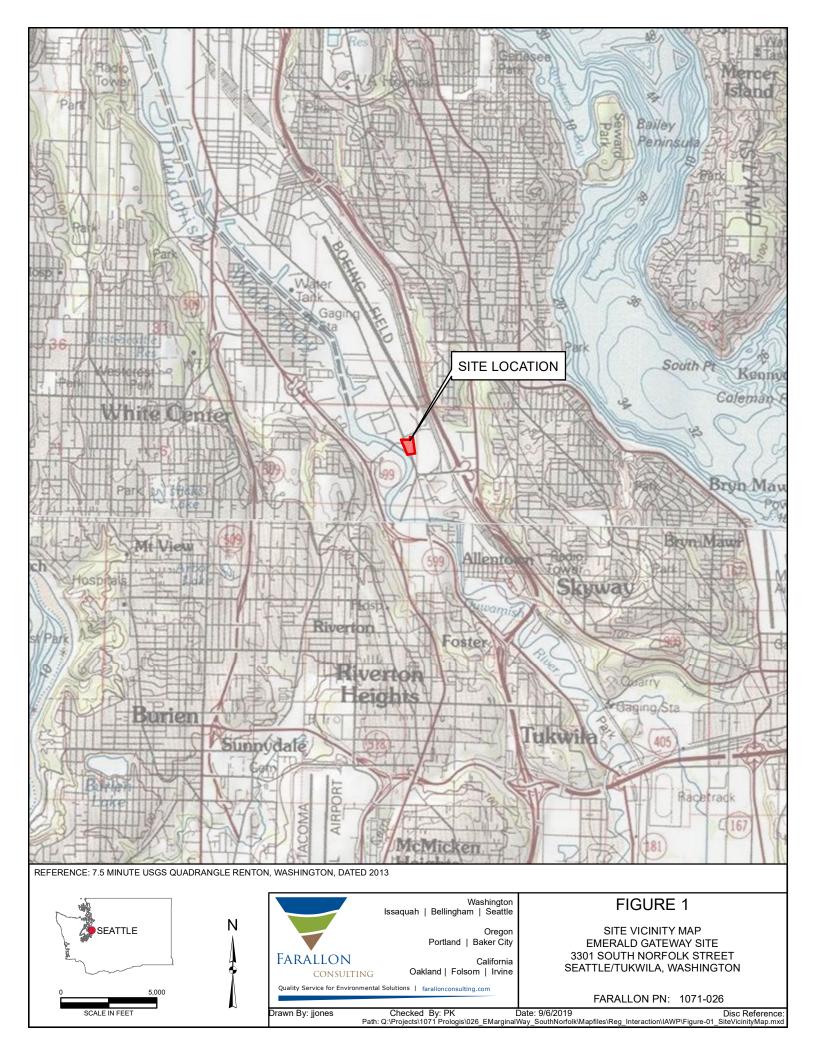
This report/assessment has been prepared in accordance with the contract for services between Farallon and Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC, and currently accepted industry standards. No other warranties, representations, or certifications are made.

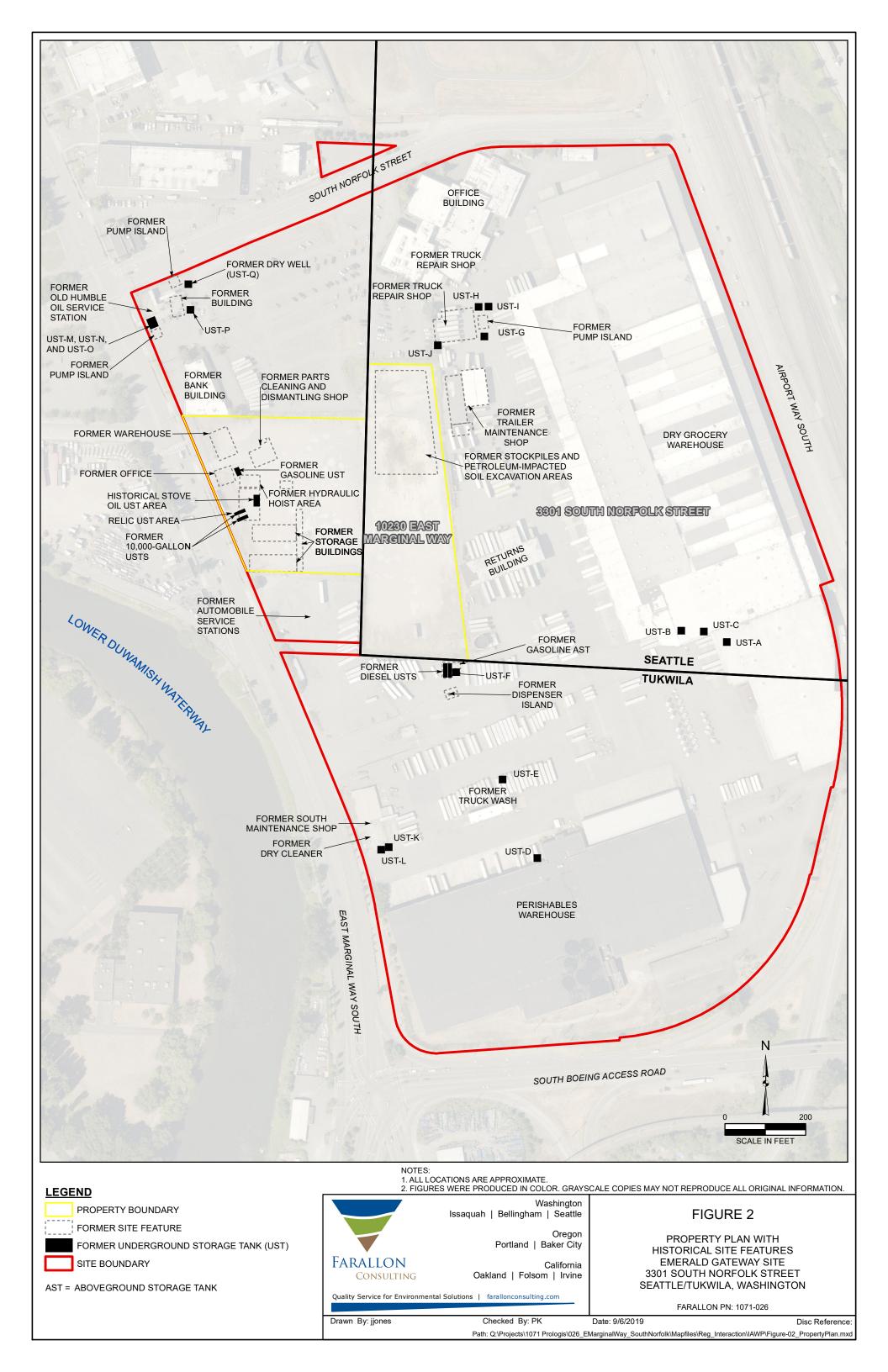
This report/assessment has been prepared for the exclusive use of Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC to address the unique needs of Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC at the Property at a specific point in time. No one other than Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC may rely on this report unless Farallon agrees in advance to such reliance in writing. Any unauthorized use, interpretation, or reliance on this report/assessment is at the sole risk of that party, and Farallon will have no liability for such unauthorized use, interpretation, or reliance.

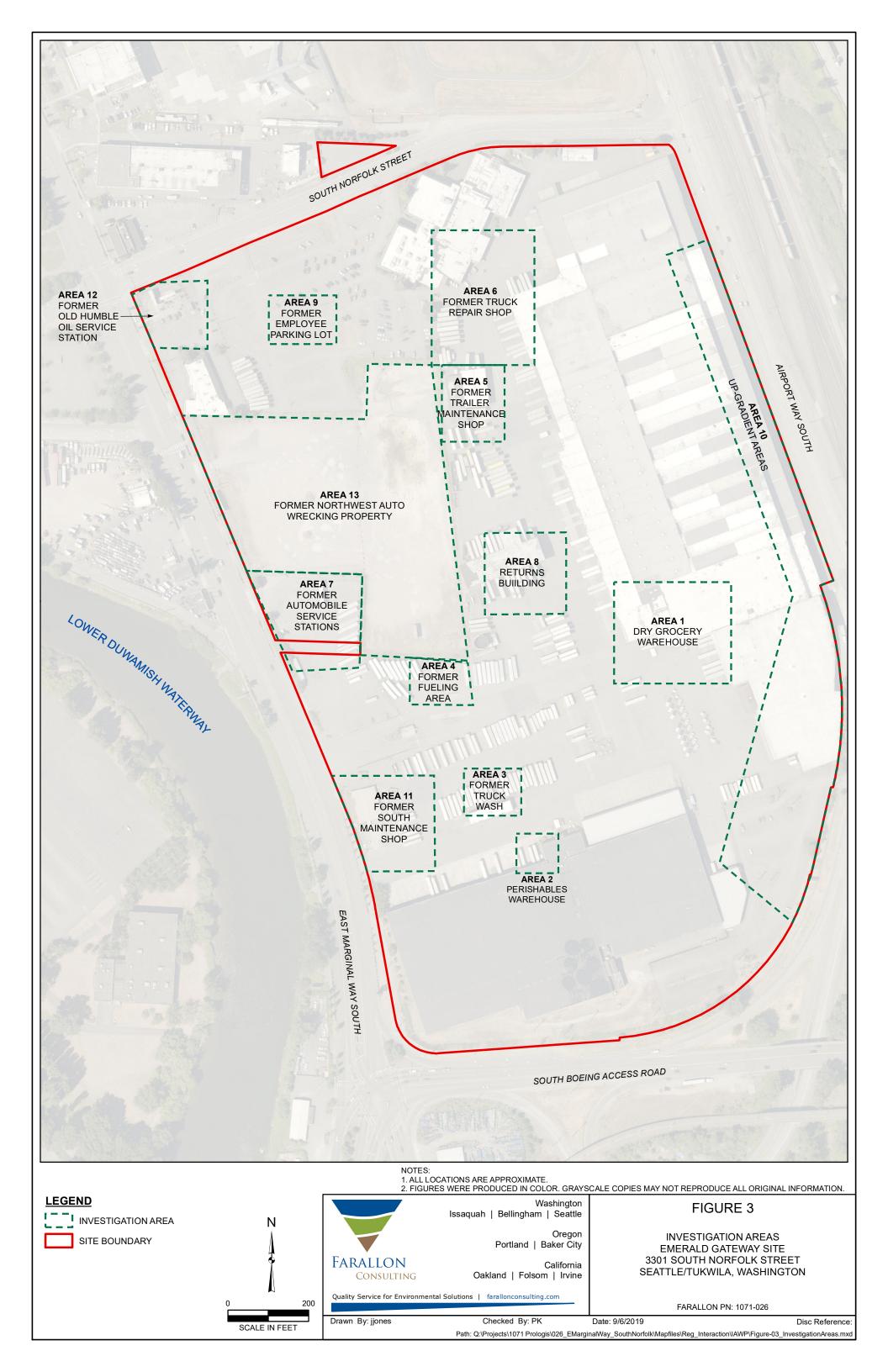
FIGURES

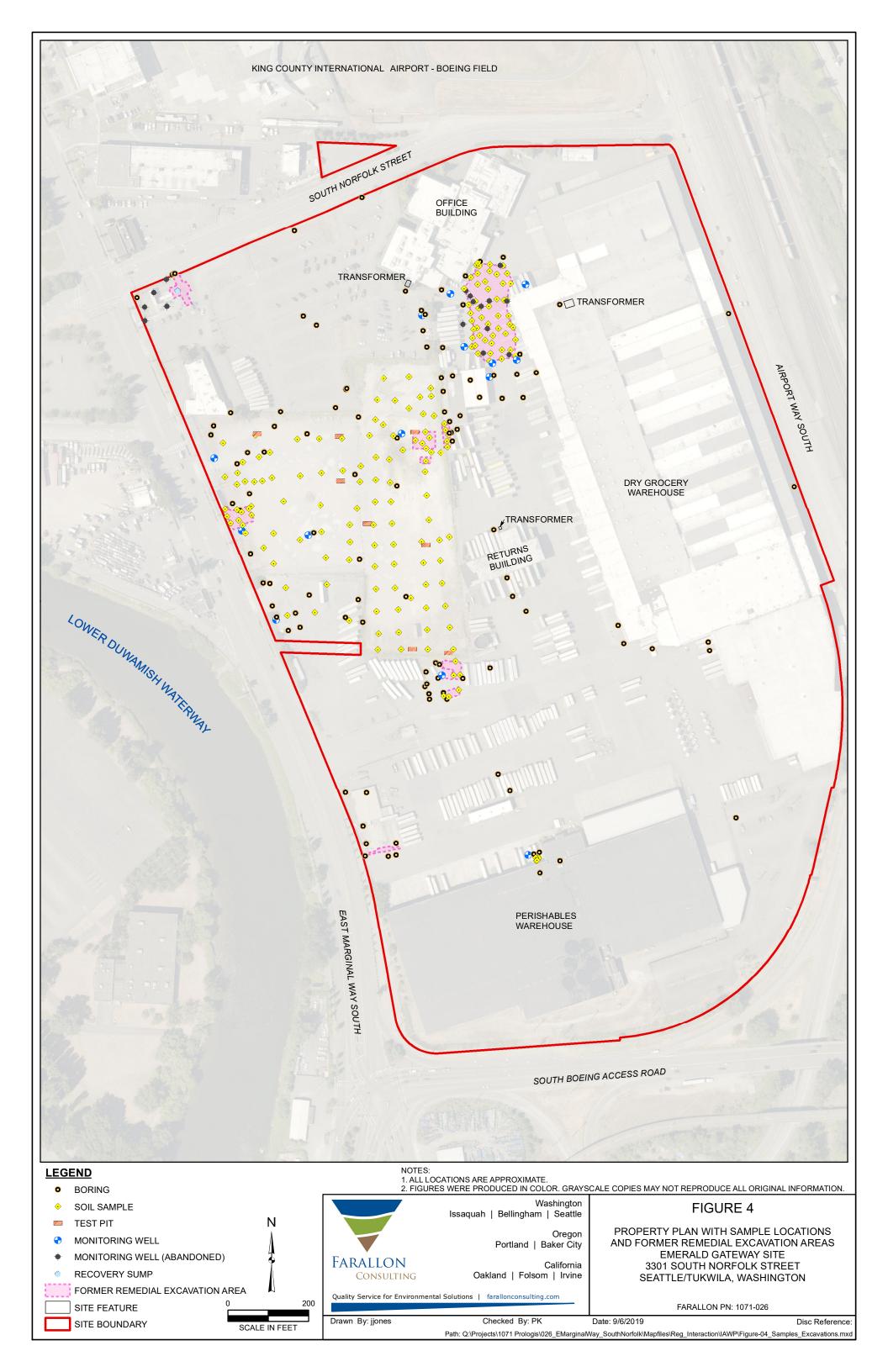
INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

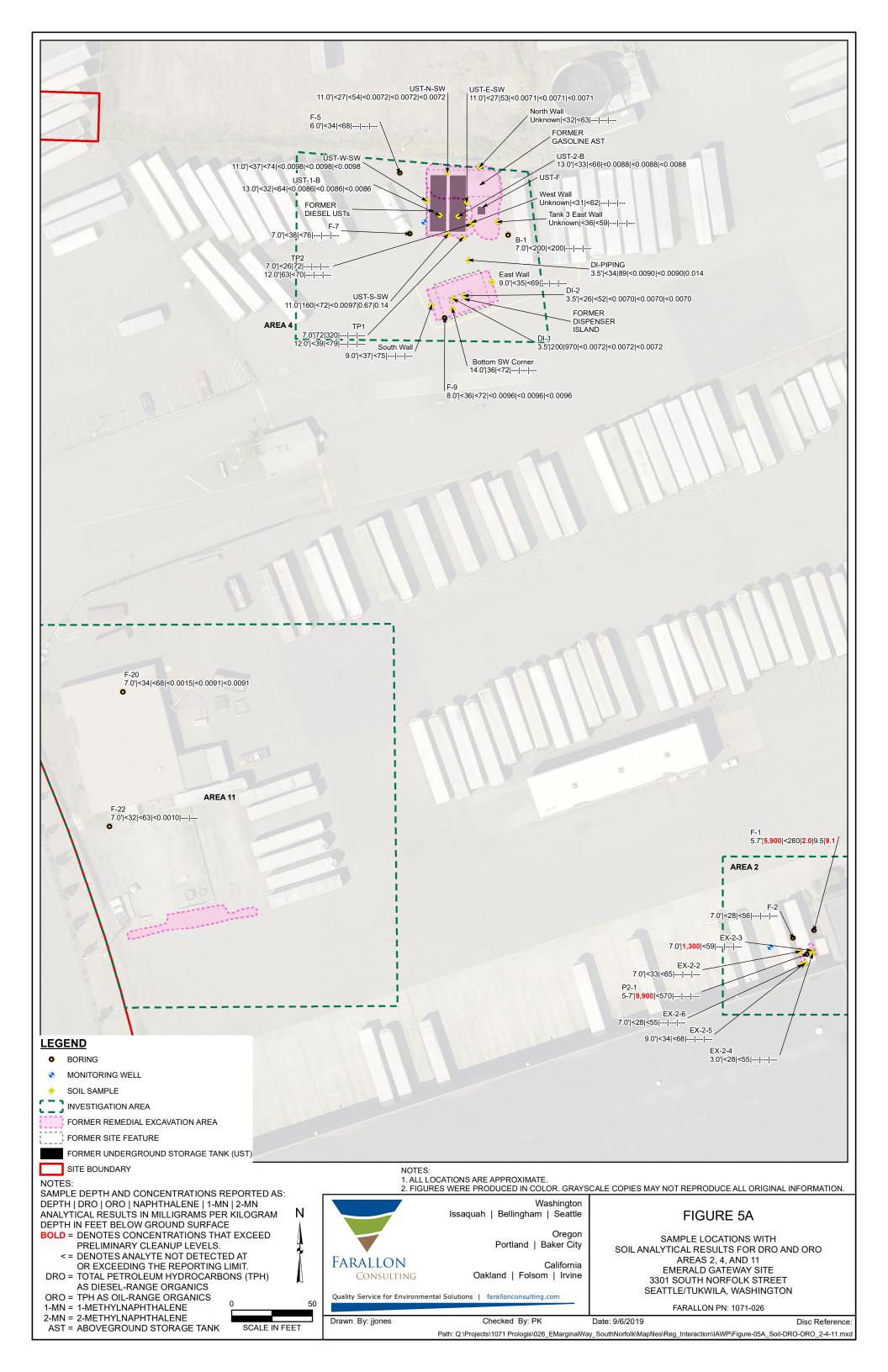
Farallon PN: 1071-026

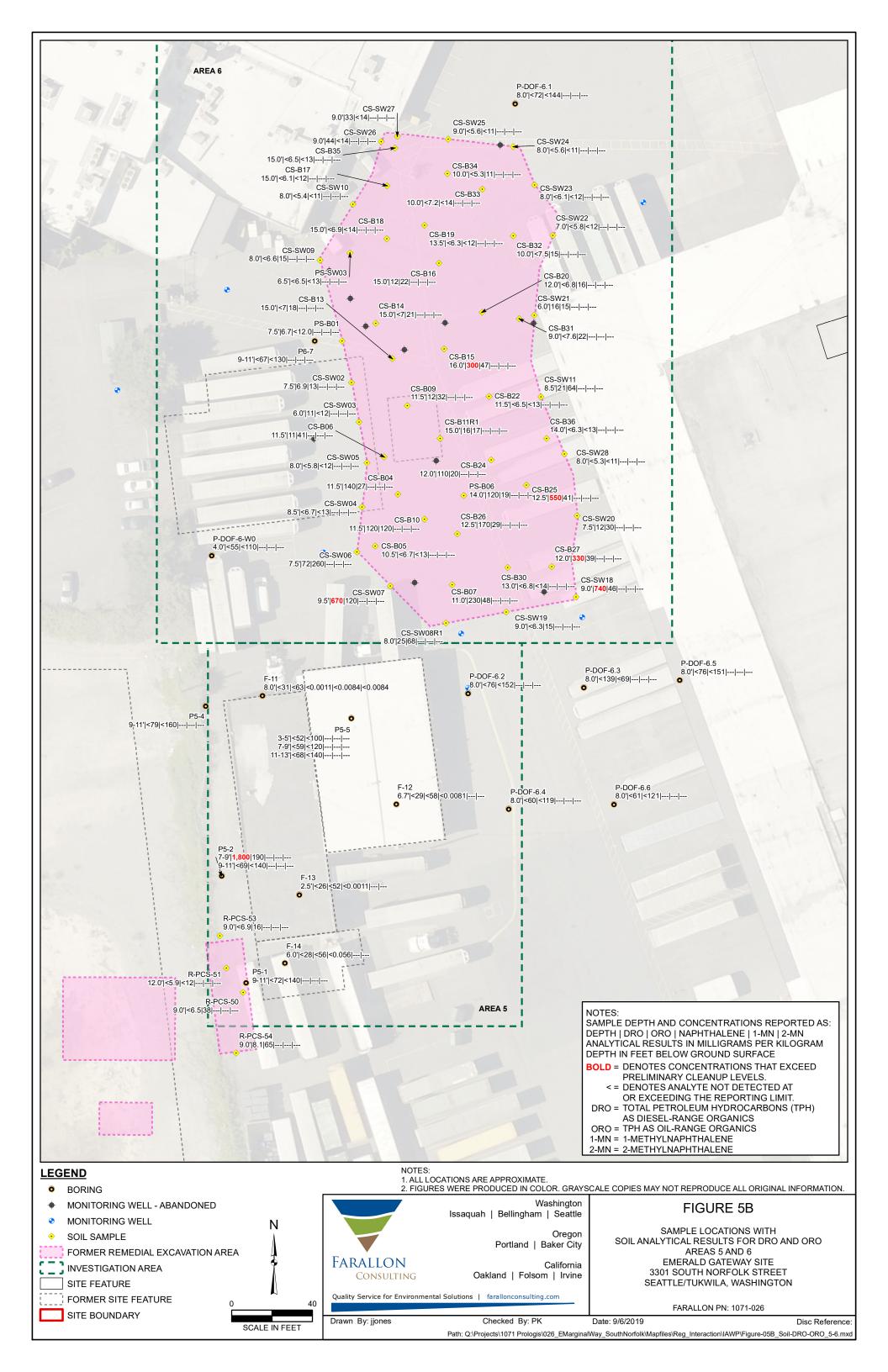


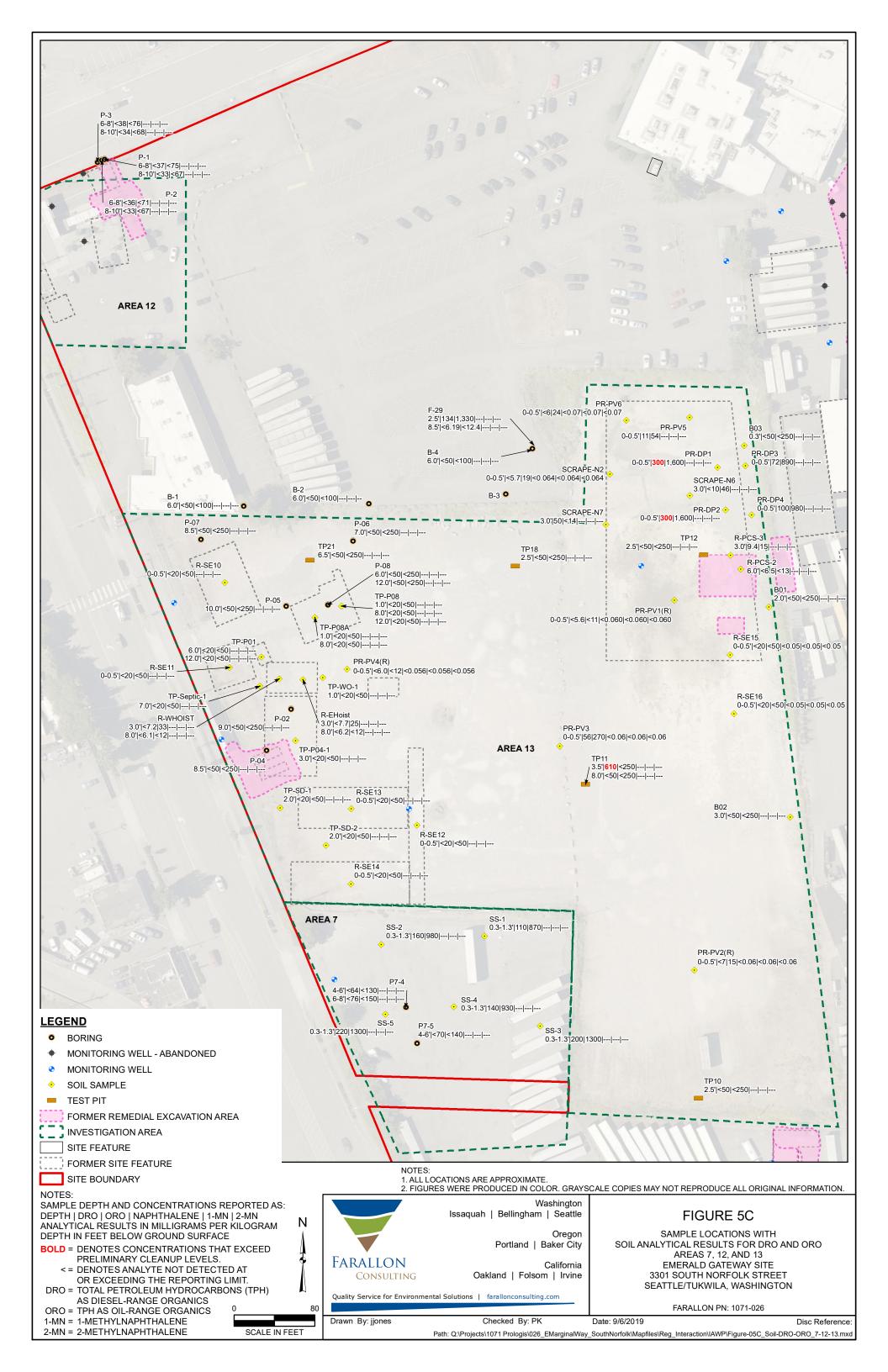


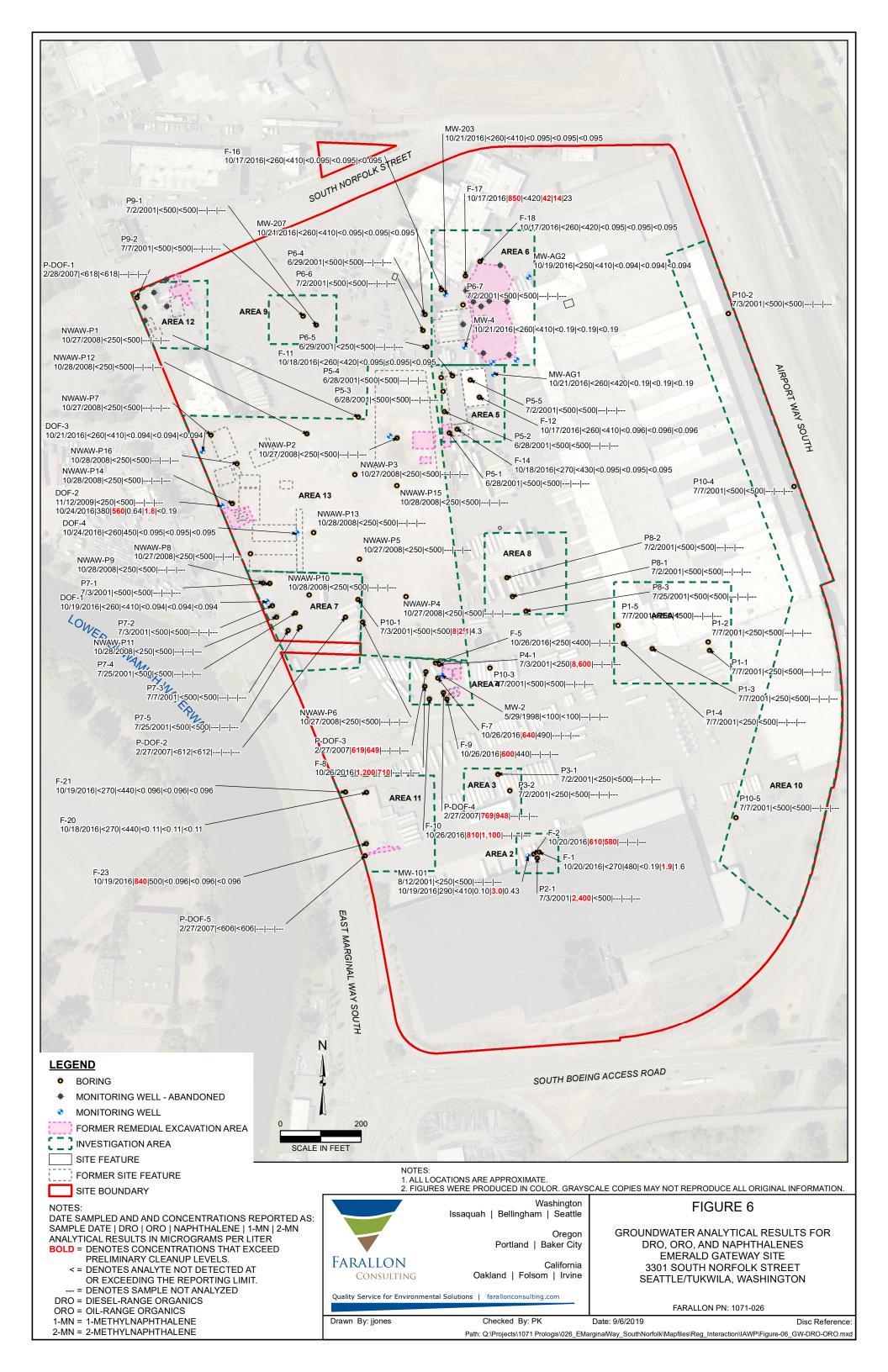


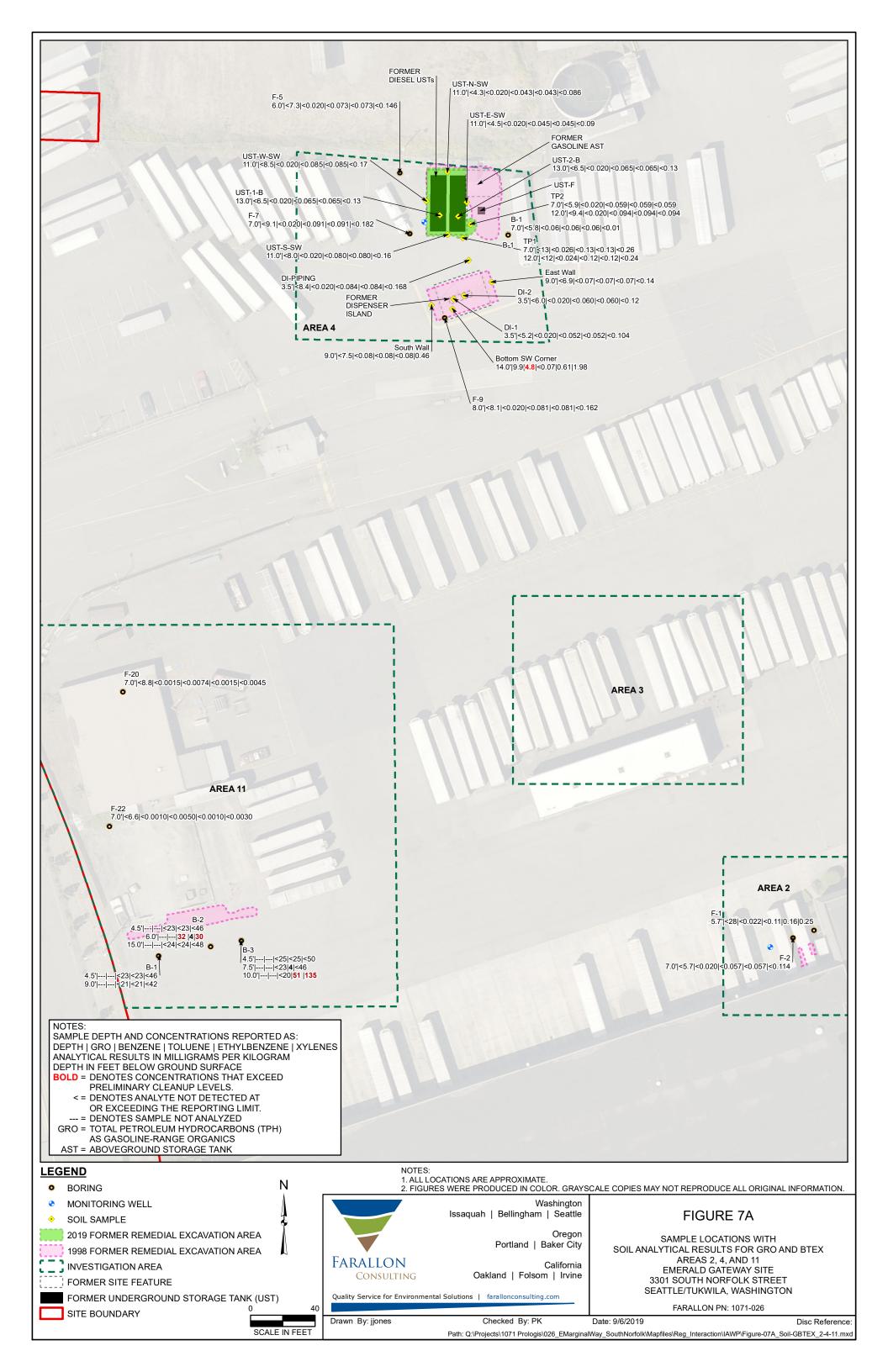


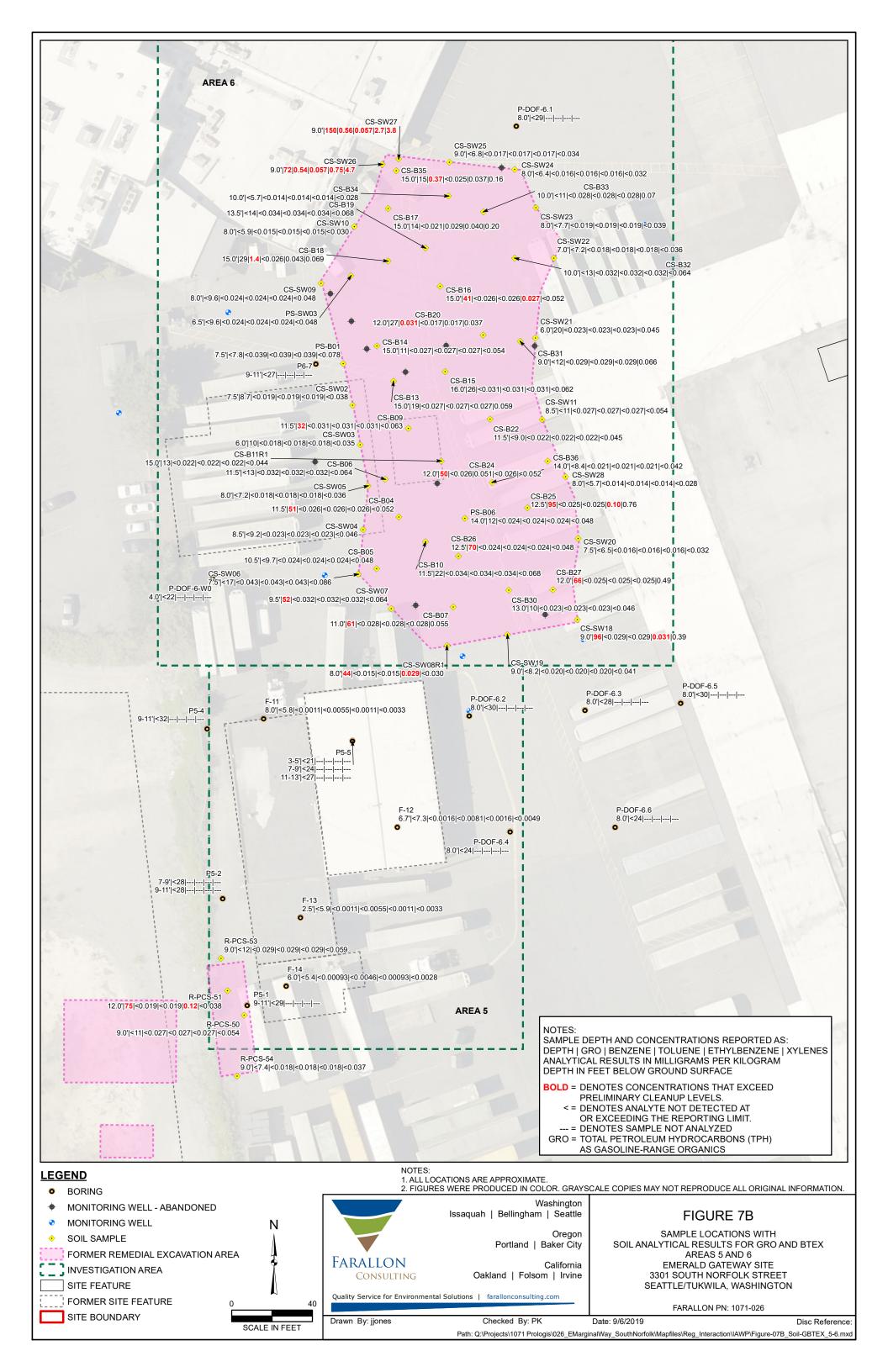


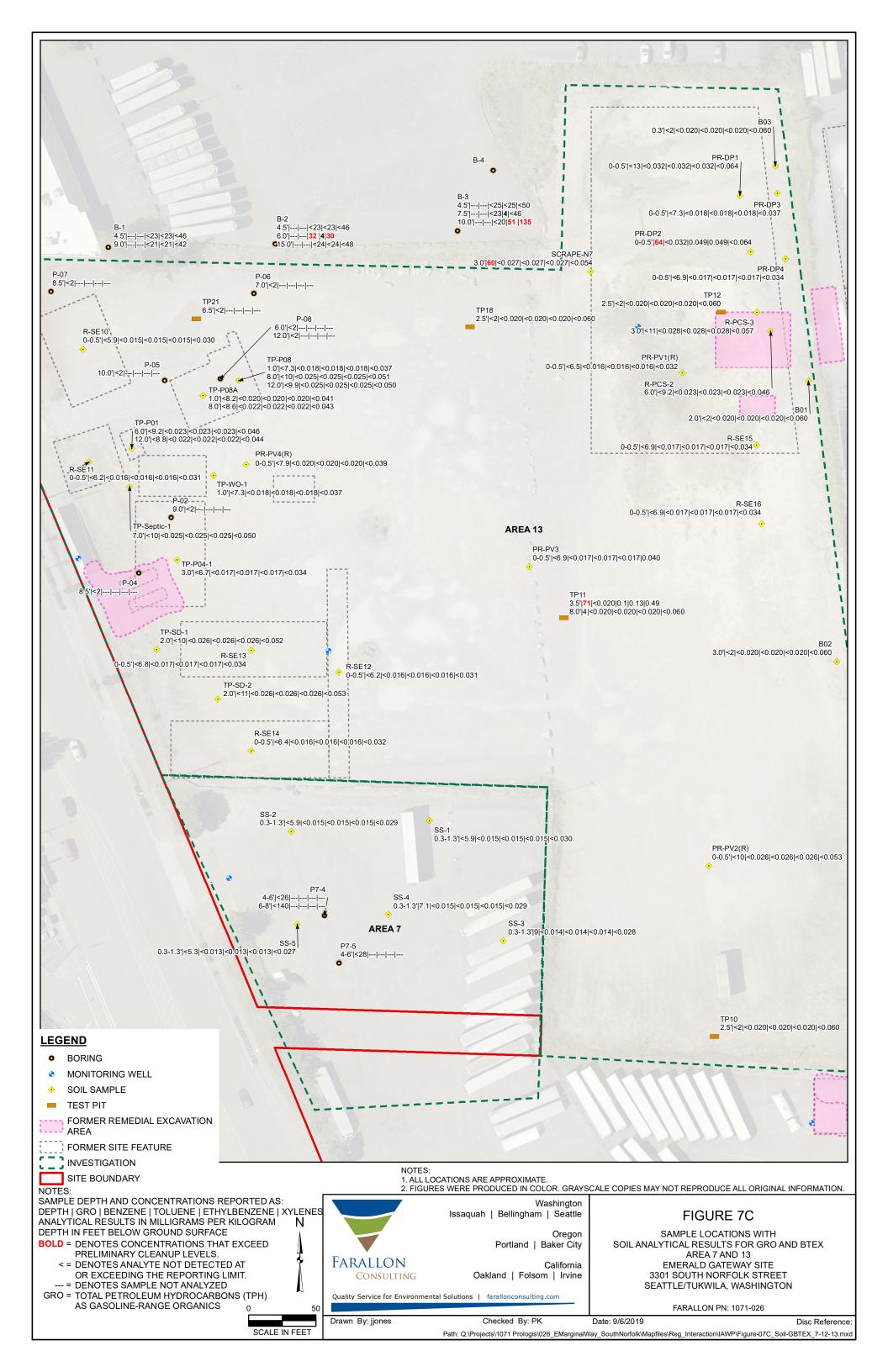


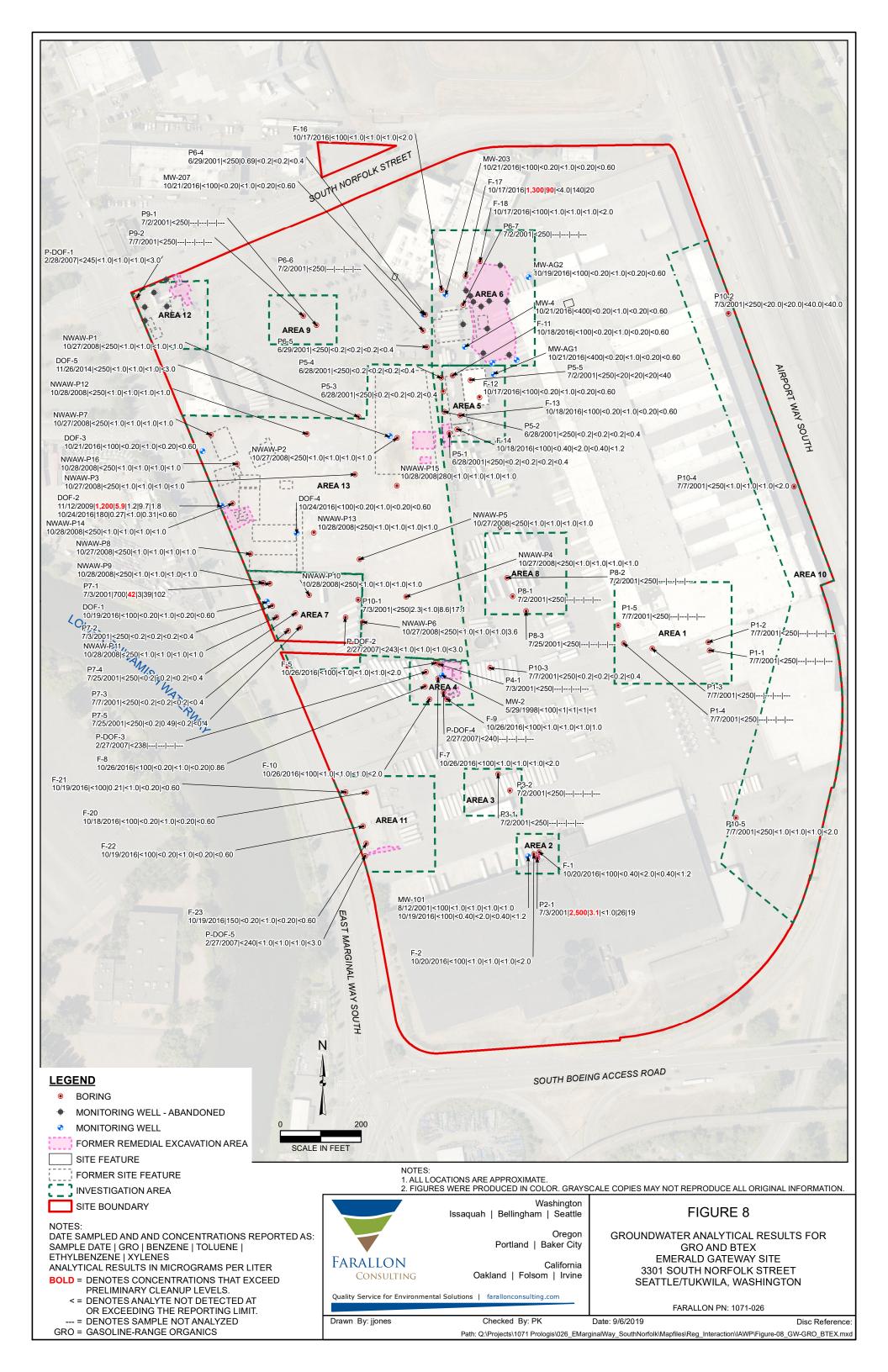


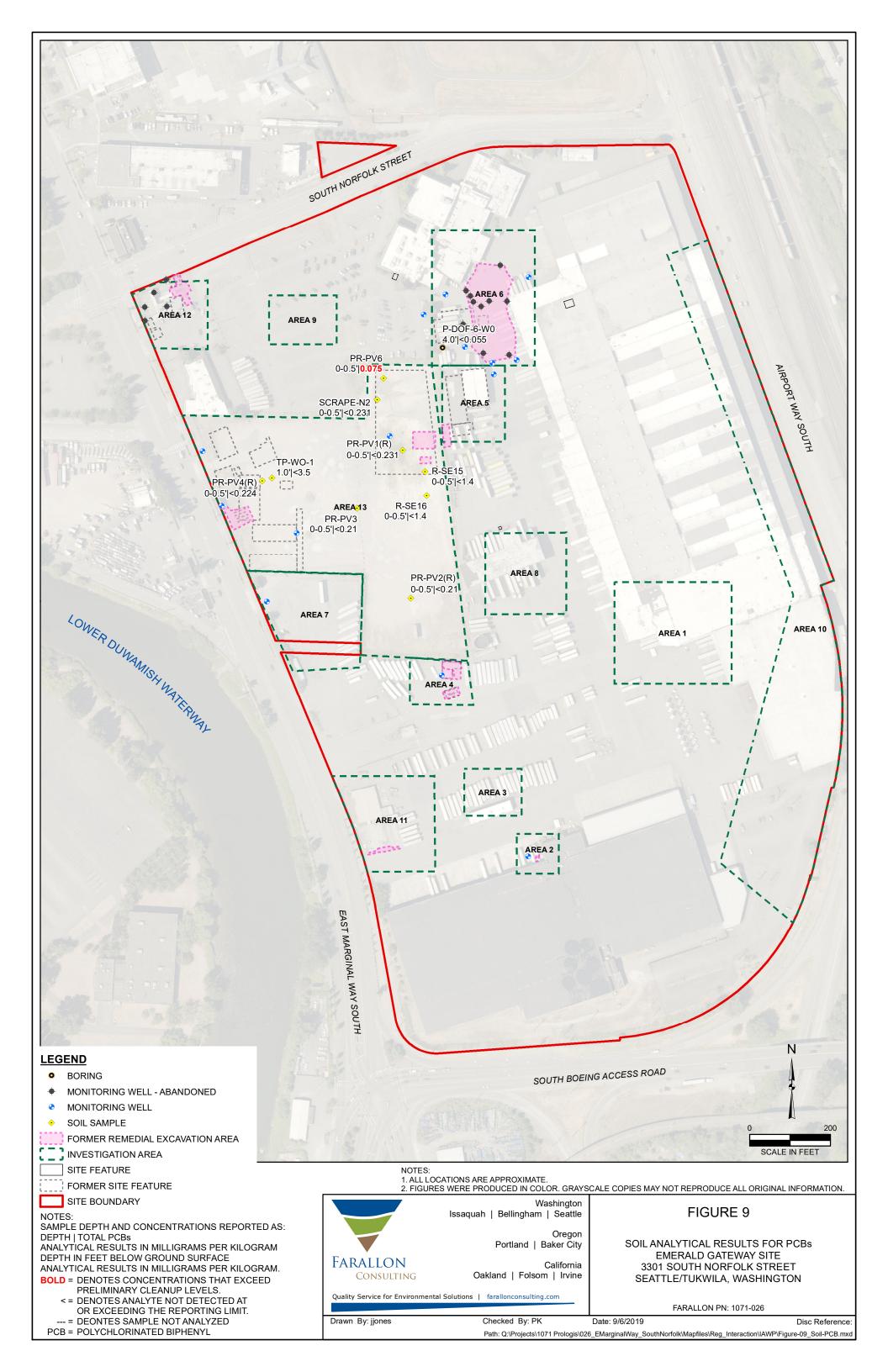


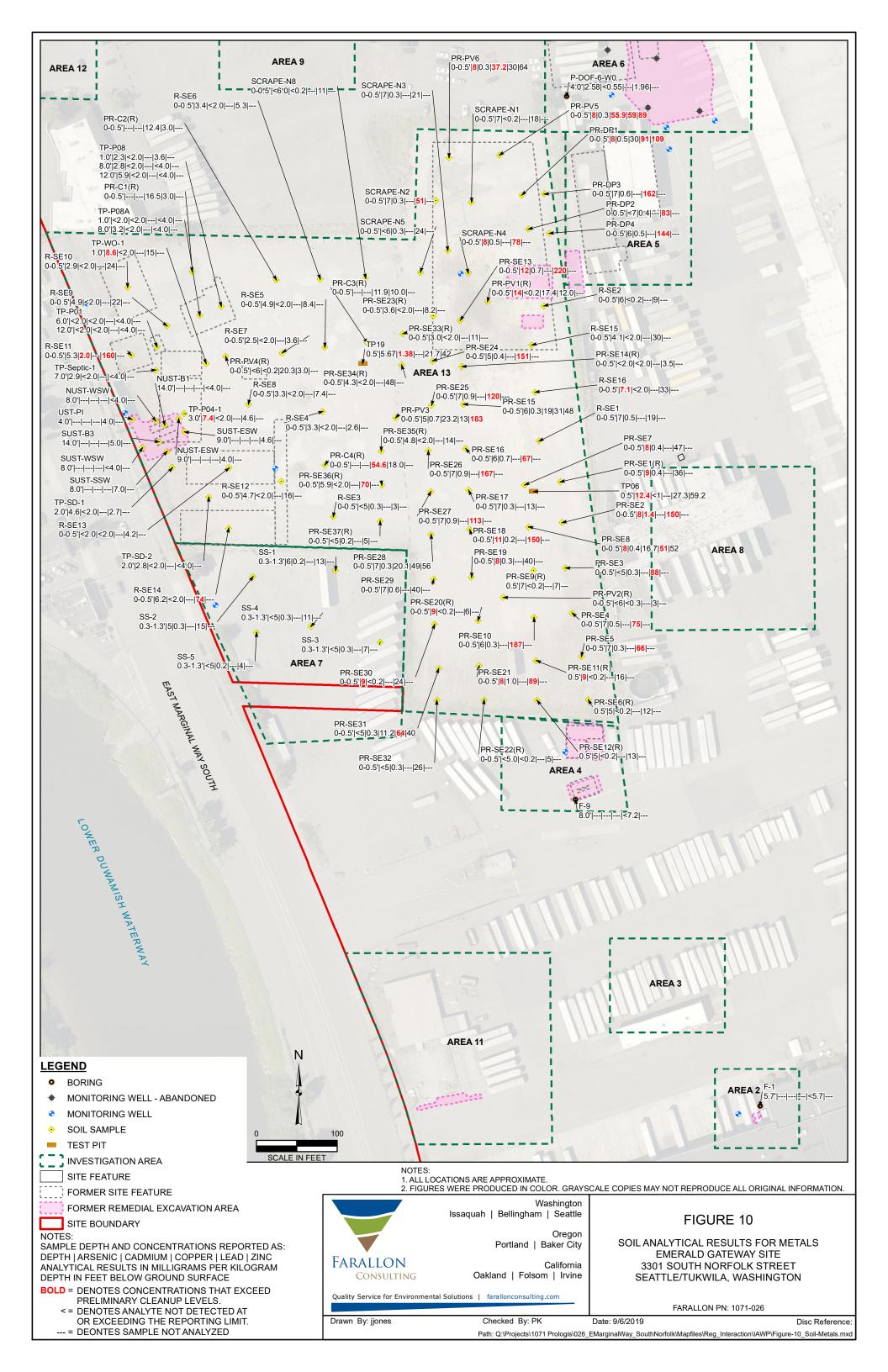


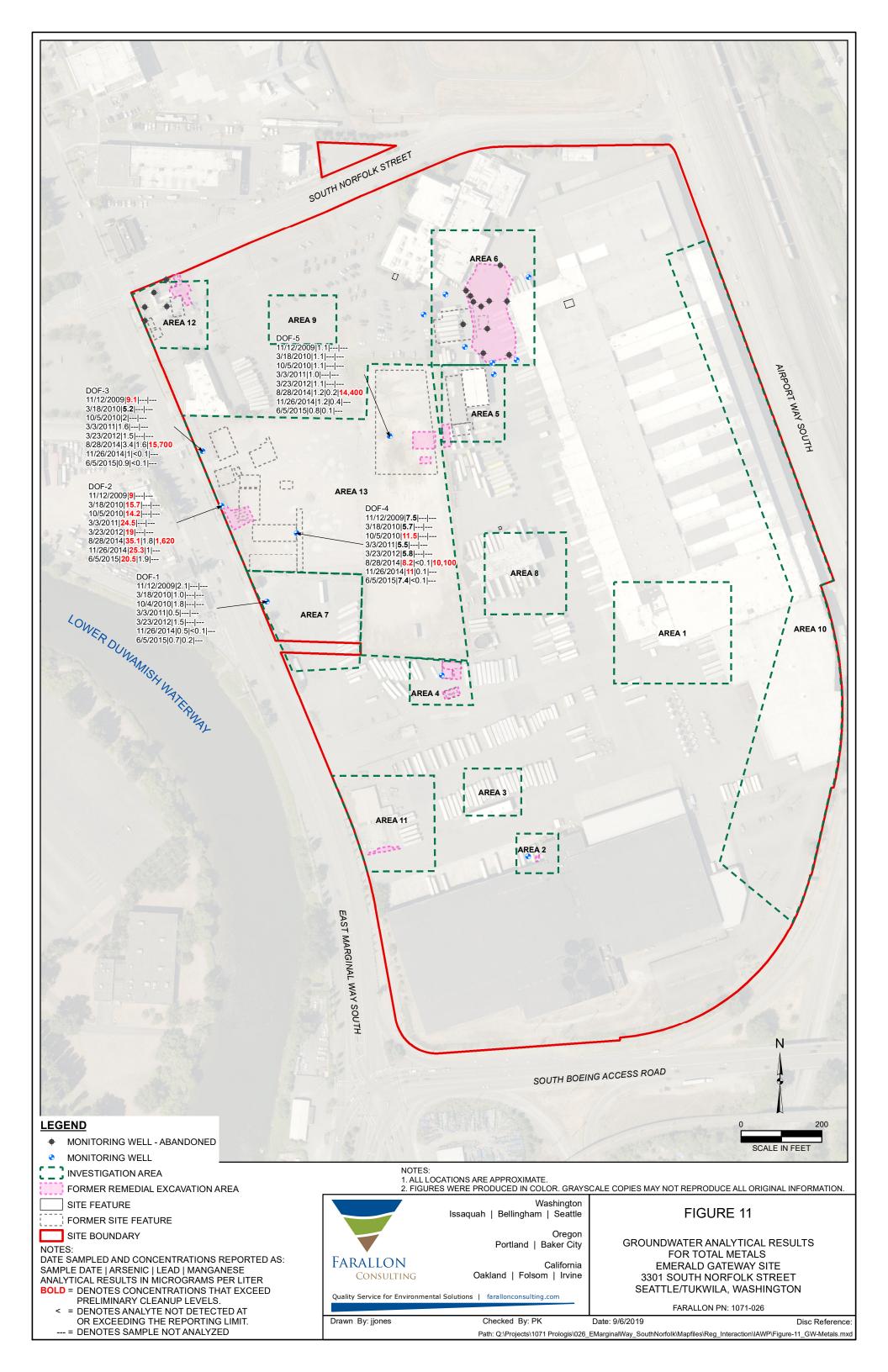


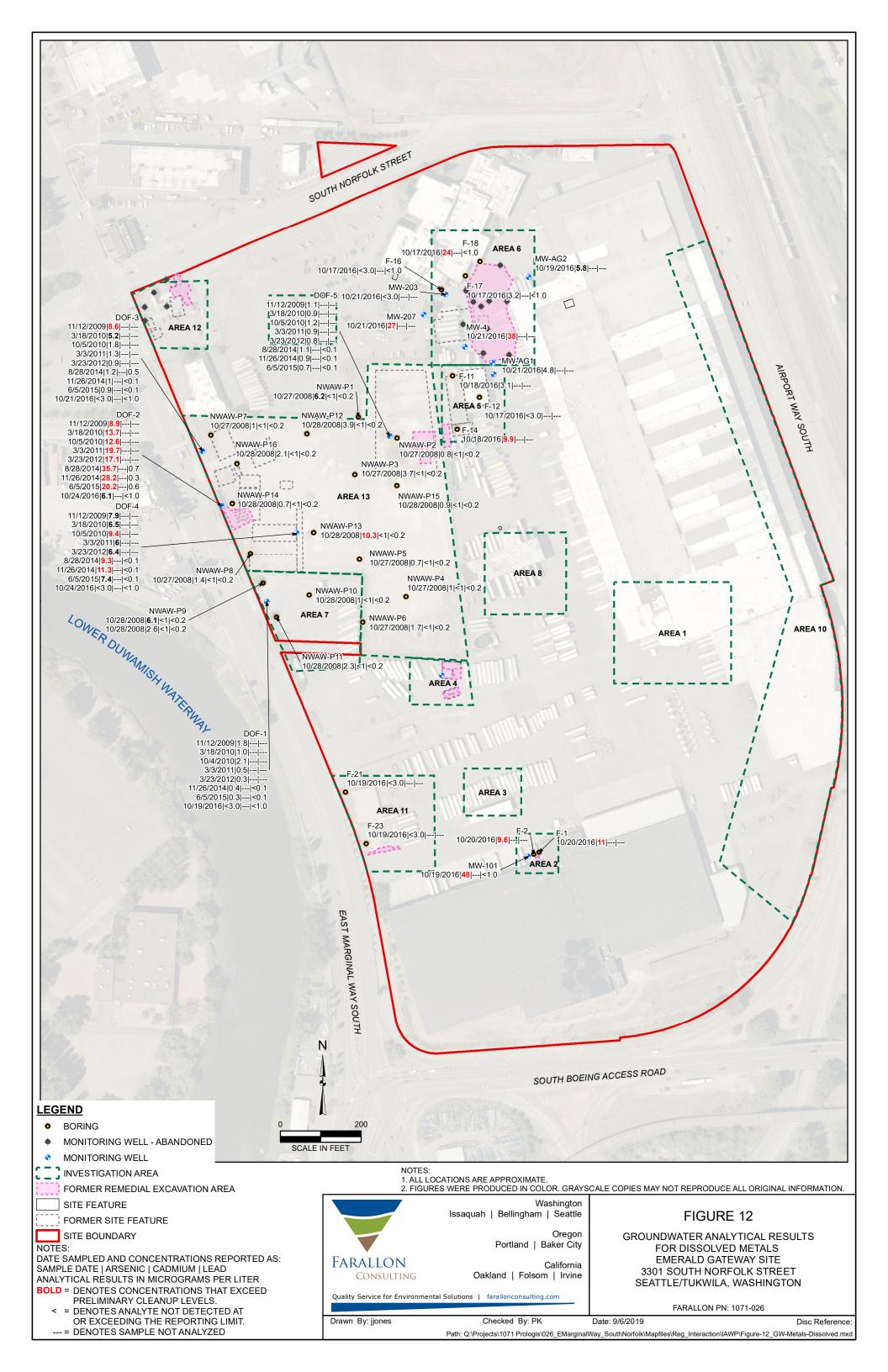


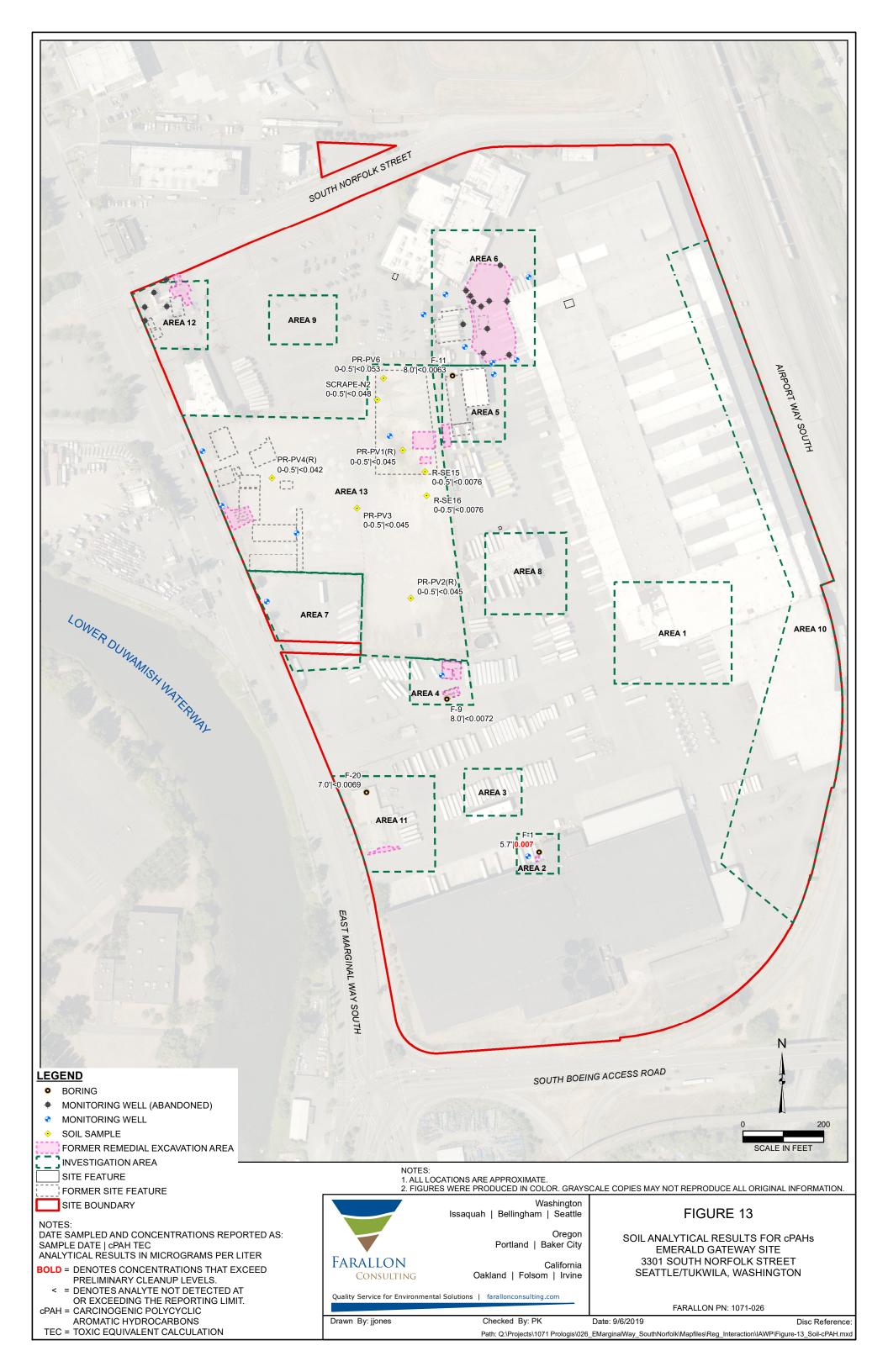


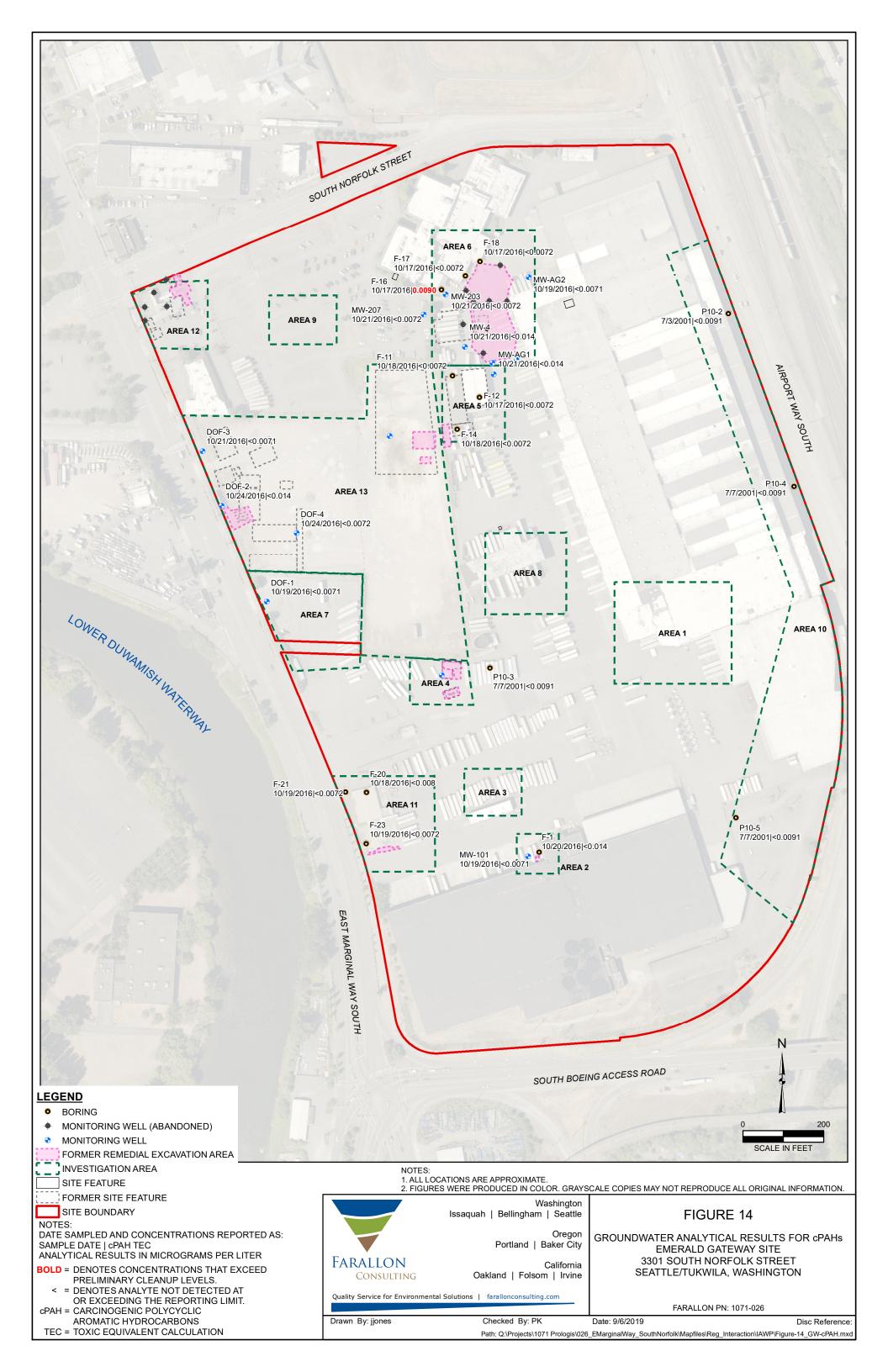


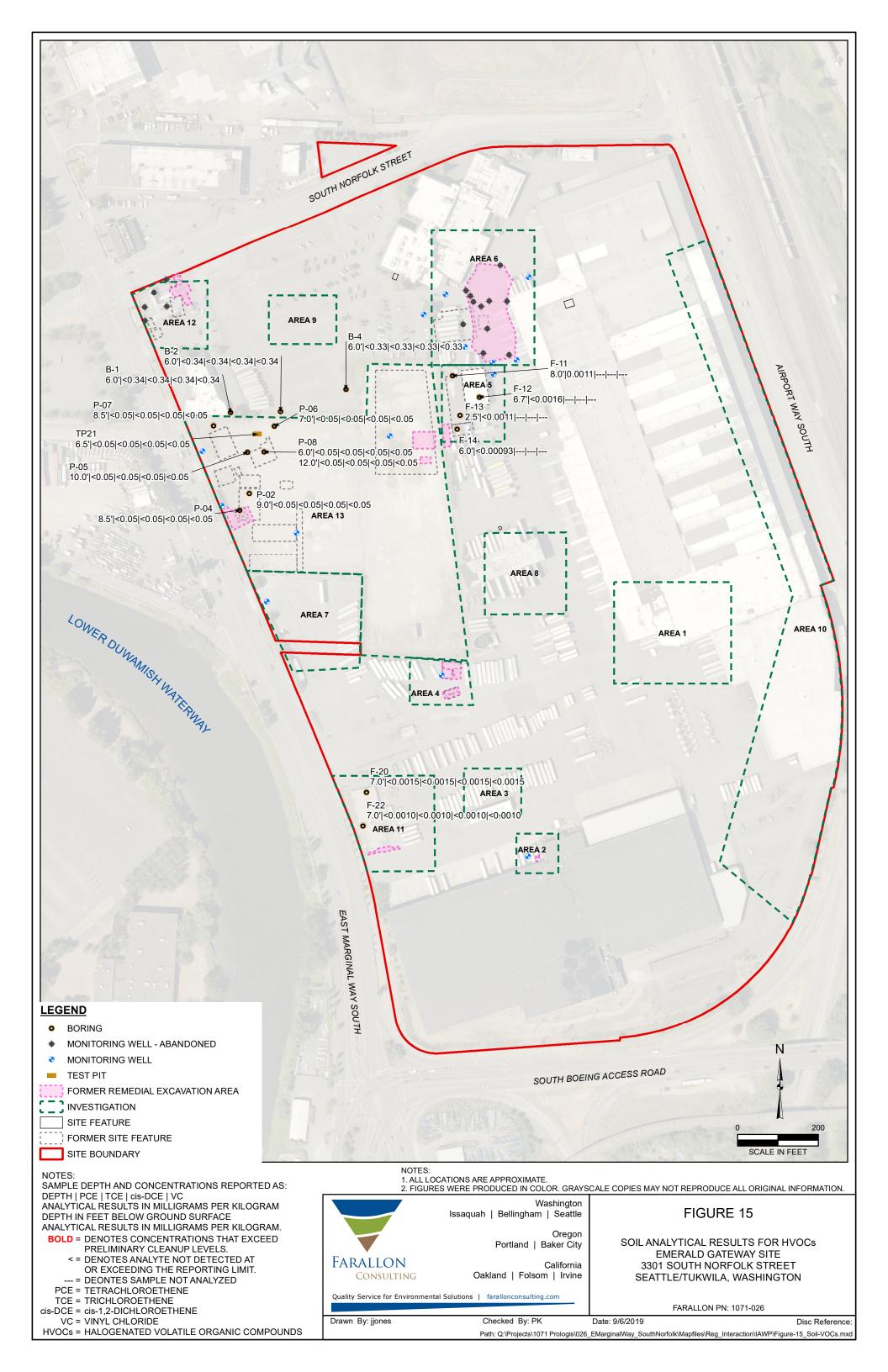


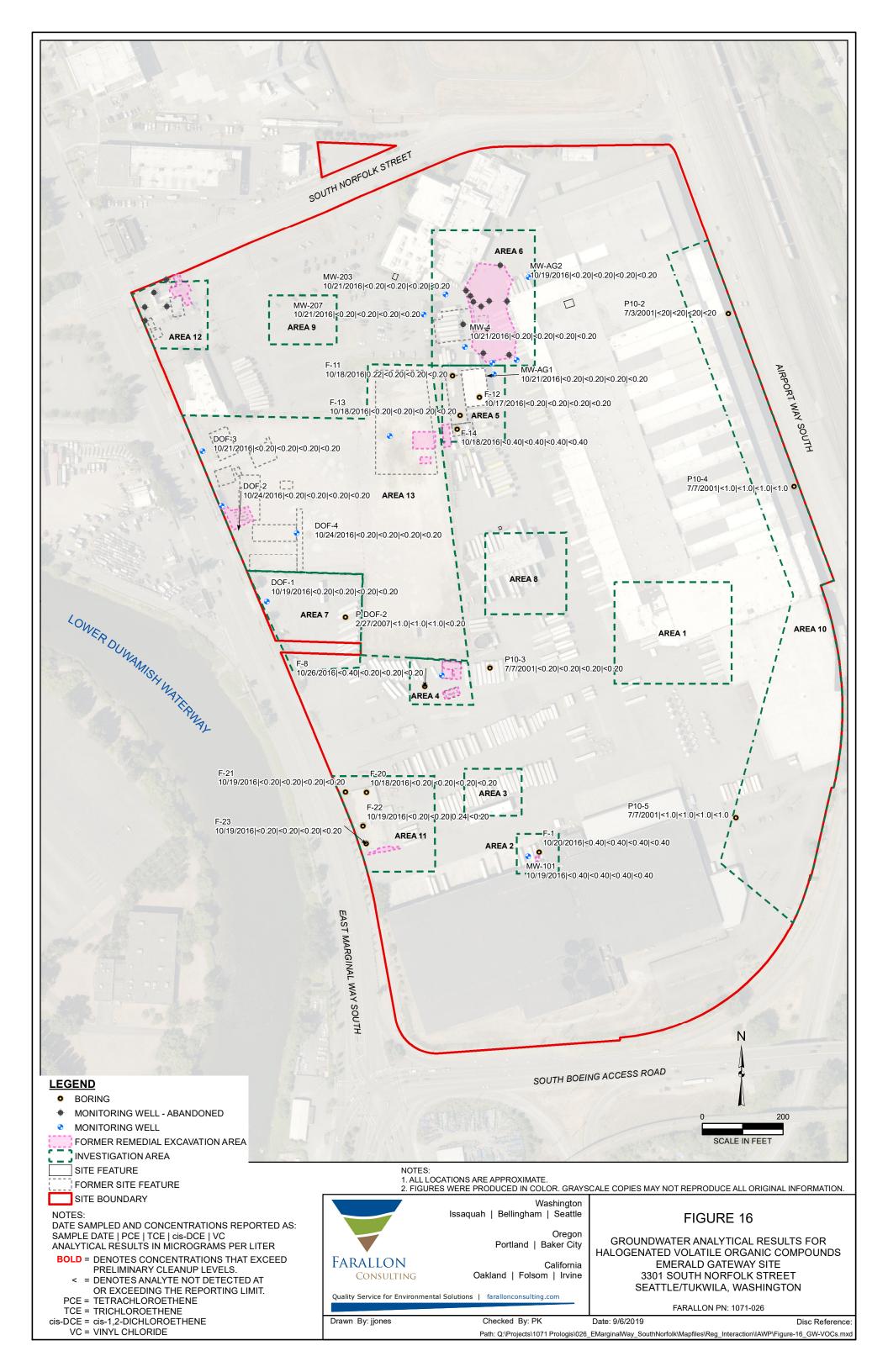












TABLES

INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026

Table 1 Soil Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| P2-1 DOF | | Xylenes ⁴ 0.25 < 0.114 |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sample Location Sampled By Sample Identification (feet) Zone Sample Date DRO | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| P2-1 DOF | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| EX.2-2 DOF Exc. Spl. 2-2 7.0 Vadose 4/2/2002 <33 <65 <td></td> <td> 0.25 < 0.114</td> | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| EX-2-3 DOF Exc. Spl. 2-3 7.0 Vadose 4/2/2002 1,300 < 59 < | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| EX-2-4 DOF Exc. Spl. 2-4 3.0 Vadose 4/2/2002 < 28 < 55 </td <td></td> <td> 0.25 < 0.114</td> | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| EX-2-5 DOF Exc. Spl. 2-5 9.0 Saturated 4/2/2002 < 34 < 68 | | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| EX-2-6 DOF Exc. Spl. 2-6 7.0 Vadose 4/2/2002 < 28 < 55 | 0.16 0.3 < 0.057 < 0. | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| F-1 Farallon F-1-5.7 5.7 Vadose 10/20/2016 5,900 < 280 < 28 < 0.022 < 0.11 F-2 Farallon F-2-7.0 7.0 Vadose 10/20/2016 < 28 < 56 < 5.7 < 0.020 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 < 0.057 | 0.16 0.3 < 0.057 | 0.25 < 0.114 |
| F-2 Farallon F-2-7.0 7.0 Vadose 10/20/2016 < 28 < 56 < 5.7 < 0.020 < 0.057 < Area 4: Former Fueling Area 1998 UST Decommissioning 1998 UST Decommission | < 0.057 < 0. < 0.07 < 0.08 0. | < 0.114 |
| Area 4: Former Fueling Area 1998 UST Decommissioning 1998 UST Decommi | < 0.07 < 0 < 0.08 0.4 | |
| Section Property | < 0.08 0.4 | < 0.14 |
| E. Sidewall Global East Sidewall 9.0 Saturated 2/6/1998 < 35 < 69 < 6.9 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < | < 0.08 0.4 | < 0.14 |
| E. Sidewall Global East Sidewall 9.0 Saturated 2/6/1998 < 35 < 69 < 6.9 < 6.9 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < 0.07 < | < 0.08 0.4 | < 0.14 |
| S. Sidewall Global South Sidewall 9.0 Saturated 2/6/1998 < 37 < 75 < 7.5 < 0.08 < 0.08 < 0.08 Bottom SW Corner Global Bottom SW Corner 14.0 Saturated 2/6/1998 36 < 72 | < 0.08 0.4 | < 0.14 |
| Bottom SW Corner Global Bottom SW Corner 14.0 Saturated 2/6/1998 36 < 72 9.9 4.8 < 0.07 6 Boring B-1 Global Boring B-1 7.0 Vadose 5/28/2007 < 200 | | |
| Boring B-1 Global Boring B-1 7.0 Vadose 5/28/2007 < 200 < 200 < 5.8 < 0.06 < 0.06 < | 0.61 | 0.46 |
| | 0.61 1.9 | 1.98 |
| | < 0.06 | < 0.01 |
| UST Excavation | | |
| Tank 3 E Wall Global East Sidewall Unknown 2/9/1998 < 36 < 59 | | |
| West Wall Global West Sidewall Unknown 2/9/1998 < 31 < 62 | | |
| N. Wall Global North Sidewall Unknown 2/9/1998 < 32 < 63 | | |
| 2002 Surface Spill Excavation | | |
| 4-1 Terra Exc. Spl. 4-1 2.0 Vadose 4/1/2002 300 190 | | |
| 4-3 Terra Exc. Spl. 4-3 2.0 Vadose 4/1/2002 54 <53 | | |
| 4-4 Terra Exc. Spl. 4-4 2.0 Vadose 4/1/2002 <28 190 | | |
| 4-5 Terra Exc. Spl. 4-5 2.5 Vadose 4/1/2002 <33 74 | | |
| 2016 Subsurface Investigation | | |
| F-5 Farallon F-5-6.0 6.0 Vadose 10/26/2016 < 34 < 68 < 7.3 < 0.020 < 0.073 < | < 0.073 < 0. | < 0.146 |
| F-7 Farallon F-7-7.0 7.0 Vadose 10/26/2016 < 38 < 76 < 9.1 < 0.020 < 0.091 < | < 0.091 < 0. | < 0.182 |
| F-9 Farallon F-9-8.0 8.0 Saturated 10/26/2016 < 36 < 72 < 8.1 < 0.020 < 0.081 < | < 0.081 < 0. | < 0.162 |
| 2019 UST Decommissioning | | |
| Farallon DI-1-3.5-040819 3.5 Vadose 4/8/2019 200 N 970 < 5.2 < 0.020 < 0.052 < | < 0.052 < 0. | < 0.104 |
| DI Farallon DI-2-3.5-040819 3.5 Vadose 4/8/2019 < 26 < 52 < 6.0 < 0.020 < 0.060 < | < 0.060 < 0 | < 0.12 |
| | < 0.084 < 0. | < 0.168 |
| Farallon TP1-7.0 7.0 Vadose 4/8/2019 72.N 320 < 13 < 0.026 < 0.13 < | | < 0.26 |
| | | < 0.24 |
| Farallon TP2-7.0 7.0 Vadose 4/9/2019 < 26 72 < 5.9 < 0.020 < 0.059 < | | < 0.12 |
| | < 0.094 < 0 | < 0.19 |
| | | 14 |
| | | 0.83 |
| | | 16,000 |
| | , | 16,000 |

| | T | Г | 1 | | raranon i | ?N: 1071-026 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Sample Depth | | | | · | Analytical Ro | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO^3 | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | | | | | 2019 UST De | ecommissioning | | | | | | |
| | Farallon | UST-1-B-13.0 | 13.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | < 32 | < 64 | < 6.5 | < 0.020 | < 0.065 | < 0.065 | < 0.13 |
| | Farallon | UST-2-B-13.0 | 13.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | < 33 | < 66 | < 6.5 | < 0.020 | < 0.065 | < 0.065 | < 0.13 |
| UST | Farallon | UST-E-SW-11.0 | 11.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | < 27 | 53 | < 4.5 | < 0.020 | < 0.045 | < 0.045 | < 0.09 |
| 051 | Farallon | UST-N-SW-11.0 | 11.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | < 27 | < 54 | < 4.3 | < 0.020 | < 0.043 | < 0.043 | < 0.086 |
| | Farallon | UST-S-SW-11.0 | 11.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | 160 | < 72 | < 8.0 | < 0.020 | < 0.080 | < 0.080 | < 0.16 |
| | Farallon | UST-W-SW-11.0 | 11.0 | Saturated | 4/5/2019 | < 37 | < 74 | < 8.5 | < 0.020 | < 0.085 | < 0.085 | < 0.17 |
| | | | | Are | ea 5: Former Tra | iler Maintenance | Shop | | | | | |
| P5-1 | DOF | Probe 5-1 | 9 - 11 | Saturated | 6/28/2001 | < 72 | < 140 | < 29 | | | | |
| P5-2 | DOF | Probe 5-2 | 7 - 9 | Saturated | 6/28/2001 | 1,800 | 190 | < 28 | | | | |
| F 3-2 | DOF | Probe 5-2 | 9 - 11 | Saturated | 6/28/2001 | < 69 | < 140 | < 28 | | | | |
| P5-4 | DOF | Probe 5-4 | 9 - 11 | Saturated | 6/28/2001 | < 79 | < 160 | < 32 | | | | |
| | DOF | Probe 5-5 | 3 - 5 | Vadose | 7/2/2001 | < 52 | < 100 | < 21 | | | | |
| P5-5 | DOF | Probe 5-5 | 7 - 9 | Saturated | 7/2/2001 | < 59 | < 120 | < 24 | | | | |
| | DOF | Probe 5-5 | 11 - 13 | Saturated | 7/2/2001 | < 68 | < 140 | < 27 | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | F-11-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 31 | < 63 | < 5.8 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0033 |
| F-12 | Farallon | F-12-6.7 | 6.7 | Vadose | 10/17/2016 | < 29 | < 58 | < 7.3 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0049 |
| F-13 | Farallon | F-13-2.5 | 2.5 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 26 | < 52 | < 5.9 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0033 |
| F-14 | Farallon | F-14-6.0 | 6.0 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 28 | < 56 | < 5.4 | < 0.00093 | < 0.0046 | < 0.00093 | < 0.0028 |
| | | | | | Area 6: Former | Truck Repair Sh | ор | | | | | |
| | | | | 20 | 001 and 2007 Sub | surface Investiga | ntion | | | | | |
| P6-7 | DOF | Probe 6-7 | 9 - 11 | Saturated | 7/2/2001 | < 67 | < 130 | < 27 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.1 | DOF | P-DOF-6.1 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 72 | < 144 | < 29 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.2 | DOF | P-DOF-6.2 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 76 | < 152 | < 30 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.3 | DOF | P-DOF-6.3 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 139 | < 69 | < 28 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.4 | DOF | P-DOF-6.4 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 60 | < 119 | < 24 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.5 | DOF | P-DOF-6.5 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 76 | < 151 | < 30 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6.6 | DOF | P-DOF-6.6 | 8.0 | Saturated | 2/2007 | < 61 | < 121 | < 24 | | | | |
| P-DOF-6-WO | DOF | P-DOF-6.WO | 4.0 | Vadose | 2/2007 | < 55 | < 110 | < 22 | | | | |
| | | | | | 2007 E | xcavation | | | | | | |
| CS-B04 | DOF | CS-B04 | 11.5 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | 140 | 27 | 51 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.052 |
| CS-B05 | DOF | CS-B05 | 10.5 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | < 6.7 | < 13 | < 9.7 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.048 |
| CS-B06 | DOF | CS-B06 | 11.5 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | 11 | 41 | < 13 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.064 |
| CS-B07 | DOF | CS-B07 | 11.0 | Saturated | 8/3/2007 | 230 | 48 | 61 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | 0.055 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | rater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

| | | | | | | FN: 10/1-020 | | Analytical Re | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO ² | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | 1 0 | | , , | | <u> </u> | Excavation | | | | | | v |
| CS-B09 | DOF | CS-B09 | 11.5 | Saturated | 8/6/2007 | 12 | 32 | 32 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.063 |
| CS-B10 | DOF | CS-B10 | 11.5 | Saturated | 8/6/2007 | 120 | 120 | 22 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.068 |
| CS-B11R1 | DOF | CS-B11R1 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/9/2007 | 16 | 17 | 13 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| CS-B13 | DOF | CS-B13 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/9/2007 | < 7 | 18 | 19 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | 0.059 |
| CS-B14 | DOF | CS-B14 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/9/2007 | < 7 | 21 | 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| CS-B15 | DOF | CS-B15 | 16.0 | Saturated | 8/9/2007 | 300 | 47 | 26 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.062 |
| CS-B16 | DOF | CS-B16 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/15/2007 | 12 | 22 | 41 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | 0.027 | < 0.052 |
| CS-B17 | DOF | CS-B17 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/15/2007 | < 6.1 | < 12 | 14 | < 0.021 | 0.029 | 0.040 | 0.20 |
| CS-B18 | DOF | CS-B18 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/15/2007 | < 6.9 | < 14 | 29 | 1.4 | < 0.026 | 0.043 | 0.069 |
| CS-B19 | DOF | CS-B19 | 13.5 | Saturated | 8/17/2007 | < 6.3 | < 12 | < 14 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.068 |
| CS-B20 | DOF | CS-B20 | 12.0 | Saturated | 8/17/2007 | < 6.8 | 16 | 27 | 0.031 | < 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.037 |
| CS-B22 | DOF | CS-B22 | 11.5 | Saturated | 8/21/2007 | < 6.5 | < 13 | < 9.0 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.045 |
| CS-B24 | DOF | CS-B24 | 12.0 | Saturated | 8/22/2007 | 110 | 20 | 50 | < 0.026 | 0.051 | < 0.026 | < 0.052 |
| CS-B25 | DOF | CS-B25 | 12.5 | Saturated | 8/22/2007 | 550 | 41 | 95 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | 0.10 | 0.76 |
| CS-B26 | DOF | CS-B26 | 12.5 | Saturated | 8/22/2007 | 170 | 29 | 70 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.048 |
| CS-B27 | G-B26 DOF CS-B26 CS-B27 DOF CS-B27 | | | Saturated | 8/22/2007 | 330 | 39 | 66 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | 0.49 |
| CS-B30 | I-B27 DOF CS-B27 DOF CS-B30 | | | Saturated | 8/27/2007 | < 6.8 | < 14 | 10 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.046 |
| CS-B31 | DOF | CS-B31 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/28/2007 | < 7.6 | 22 | < 12 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | 0.066 |
| CS-B32 | DOF | CS-B32 | 10.0 | Saturated | 8/28/2007 | < 7.5 | 15 | < 13 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.064 |
| CS-B33 | DOF | CS-B33 | 10.0 | Saturated | 8/29/2007 | < 7.2 | < 14 | < 11 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | 0.07 |
| CS-B34 | DOF | CS-B34 | 10.0 | Saturated | 8/29/2007 | < 5.3 | 11 | < 5.7 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.028 |
| CS-B35 | DOF | CS-B35 | 15.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | < 6.5 | < 13 | 15 | 0.37 | < 0.025 | 0.037 | 0.16 |
| CS-B36 | DOF | CS-B36 | 14.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | < 6.3 | < 13 | < 8.4 | < 0.021 | < 0.021 | < 0.021 | < 0.042 |
| CS-SW02 | DOF | CS-SW02 | 7.5 | Saturated | 8/1/2007 | 6.9 | 13 | 8.7 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.038 |
| CS-SW03 | DOF | CS-SW03 | 6.0 | Vadose | 8/2/2007 | 11 | < 12 | 10 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.035 |
| CS-SW04 | DOF | CS-SW04 | 8.5 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | < 6.7 | < 13 | < 9.2 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.046 |
| CS-SW05 | DOF | CS-SW05 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | < 5.8 | < 12 | < 7.2 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.036 |
| CS-SW06 | DOF | CS-SW06 | 7.5 | Saturated | 8/2/2007 | 72 | 260 | < 17 | < 0.043 | < 0.043 | < 0.043 | < 0.086 |
| CS-SW07 | DOF | CS-SW07 | 9.5 | Saturated | 8/3/2007 | 670 | 120 | 52 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.064 |
| CS-SW08R1 | | | | | | 25 | 68 | 44 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | 0.029 | < 0.030 |
| CS-SW09 | DOF | CS-SW09 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/14/2007 | < 6.6 | 15 | < 9.6 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.048 |
| CS-SW10 | DOF | CS-SW10 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/15/2007 | < 5.4 | < 11 | < 5.9 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.030 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | l PCUL: Vadose Z | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | · | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| | | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

| | | | Sample Depth | | | | | Analytical R | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO^3 | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | | | | | 2007 E | xcavation | | | | | | |
| CS-SW11 | DOF | CS-SW11 | 8.5 | Saturated | 8/21/2007 | 21 | 64 | < 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| CS-SW18 | DOF | CS-SW18 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/23/2007 | 740 | 46 | 96 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | 0.031 | 0.39 |
| CS-SW19 | DOF | CS-SW19 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/27/2007 | < 6.3 | 15 | < 8.2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.041 |
| CS-SW20 | DOF | CS-SW20 | 7.5 | Saturated | 8/27/2007 | 12 | 30 | < 6.5 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.032 |
| CS-SW21 | DOF | CS-SW21 | 6.0 | Vadose | 8/28/2007 | 16 | 15 | 20 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.045 |
| CS-SW22 | DOF | CS-SW22 | 7.0 | Saturated | 8/28/2007 | < 5.8 | < 12 | < 7.2 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.036 |
| CS-SW23 | DOF | CS-SW23 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/29/2007 | < 6.1 | < 12 | < 7.7 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.039 |
| CS-SW24 | DOF | CS-SW24 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/29/2007 | < 5.6 | < 11 | < 6.4 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.032 |
| CS-SW25 | DOF | CS-SW25 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | < 5.6 | < 11 | < 6.8 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 |
| CS-SW26 | DOF | CS-SW26 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | 44 | < 14 | 72 | 0.54 | 0.057 | 0.75 | 4.7 |
| CS-SW27 | DOF | CS-SW27 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | 33 | < 14 | 150 | 0.56 | 0.057 | 2.7 | 3.8 |
| CS-SW28 | DOF | CS-SW28 | 8.0 | Saturated | 8/30/2007 | < 5.3 | < 11 | < 5.7 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.028 |
| PS-B01 | DOF | PS-B01 | 7.5 | Saturated | 7/30/2007 | 6.7 | < 12.0 | < 7.8 | < 0.039 | < 0.039 | < 0.039 | < 0.078 |
| PS-B06 | DOF | PS-B06 | 14.0 | Saturated | 8/6/2007 | 120 | 19 | 12 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.048 |
| PS-SW03 | DOF | PS-SW03 | 6.5 | Vadose | 7/31/2007 | < 6.5 | < 13 | < 9.6 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.048 |
| | | | | Are | a 7: Former Auto | omobile Service S | tations | | | | | |
| P7-4 | DOF | Probe 7-4 | 4 - 6 | Vadose | 7/25/2001 | < 64 | < 130 | < 26 | | | | |
| P7-4 | DOF | Probe 7-4 | 6 - 8 | Saturated | 7/25/2001 | < 76 | < 150 | < 140 | | | | |
| P7-5 | DOF | Probe 7-5 | 4 - 6 | Vadose | 7/25/2001 | < 70 | < 140 | < 28 | | | | |
| SS-1 | DOF | SS-1 | 0.3-1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 110 | 870 | < 5.9 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.030 |
| SS-2 | DOF | SS-2 | 0.3-1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 160 | 980 | < 5.9 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.029 |
| SS-3 | DOF | SS-3 | 0.3-1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 200 | 1,300 | 9 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.028 |
| SS-4 | DOF | SS-4 | 0.3-1.3 | 10/29/2008 | 140 | 930 | 7.1 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.029 | |
| SS-5 | DOF | SS-5 | 0.3-1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 220 | 1,300 | < 5.3 | < 0.013 | < 0.013 | < 0.013 | < 0.027 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | rater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

Table 1 Soil Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | <u> </u> | | | | T W 2 W 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | PN: 1071-026 | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Sample Depth | | | | | Analytical Re | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO ² | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | | | | Ar | | outh Maintenance | Shop | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ecommissioning | ı | | | ı | <u> </u> | |
| B-1 | Global | B-1@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | < 23 | < 23 | < 46 |
| | Global | B-1@9' | 9.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | < 21 | < 21 | < 42 |
| | Global | B-2@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | < 23 | < 23 | < 46 |
| B-2 | Global | B-2@6' | 6.0 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | 32 | 4 J | 30 J |
| | Global | B-2@15' | 15.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | < 24 | < 24 | < 48 |
| | Global | B-3@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | < 25 | < 25 | < 50 |
| B-3 | Global | B-3@7.5' | 7.5 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | < 23 | 4 J | < 46 |
| | Global | B-3@10' | 10.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | < 20 | 51 | 135 J |
| | | | | | 2016 Subsurf | ace Investigation | | | | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | F-20-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 34 | < 68 | < 8.8 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0045 |
| F-22 | Farallon | F-22-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/19/2016 | < 32 | < 63 | < 6.6 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0030 |
| | | | | Area | 12: Former Old H | Humble Oil Servio | ce Station | | | | | |
| D 1 | Terra | P-1@6-8 feet | 6 - 8 | Vadose | 11/23/1998 | < 37 | < 75 | | | | | |
| P-1 | Terra | P-1@8-10 feet | 8 - 10 | Saturated | 11/23/1998 | < 33 | < 67 | | | | | |
| D 0 | Terra | P-2@6-8 feet | 6 - 8 | Vadose | 11/23/1998 | < 36 | < 71 | | | | | |
| P-2 | Terra | P-2@8-10 feet | 8 - 10 | Saturated | 11/23/1998 | < 33 | < 67 | | | | | |
| D.0 | Terra | P-3@6-8 feet | 6 - 8 | Vadose | 11/23/1998 | < 38 | < 76 | | | | | |
| P-3 | Terra | P-3@8-10 feet | 8 - 10 | Saturated | 11/23/1998 | < 34 | < 68 | | | | | |
| | • | | , | Area 13 | : Former Northw | est Auto Wrecki | ng Property | | | | , | |
| | | | | | 1996 Subsurf | ace Investigation | | | | | | |
| B-1 | Geotech | 96068-B1-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | $ND < 50^5$ | $ND < 100^5$ | $ND < 20^5$ | | | | |
| B-2 | Geotech | 96068-B2-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | $ND < 50^5$ | $ND < 100^5$ | $ND < 20^5$ | | | | |
| B-4 | Geotech | 96068-B4-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | $ND < 50^5$ | $ND < 100^5$ | $ND < 20^5$ | | | | |
| | | | | | 2007 Subsurf | ace Investigation | | | | | | |
| B01 | SES | B01 | 2.0 | Vadose | 1/19/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 |
| B02 | SES | B02 | 3.0 | Vadose | 1/19/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 |
| B03 | SES | B03 | 0.3 | Vadose | 1/19/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 |
| TP-10 | SES | TP-10 | 2.5 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 |
| | SES | TP-11 | 3.5 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | 610 | < 250 | 71 | < 0.020 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.49 |
| TP-11 | SES | TP-11 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | 4 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 | |
| TP-12 | SES | TP-12 | 8.0 2.5 | 1/12/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 | |
| TP-18 | SES | TP-18 | 2.5 | Vadose Vadose | 1/12/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.060 |
| TP-21 | SES | TP-21 | 6.5 | Vadose | 1/12/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| | | Zone, Potable Groundwater | | . 23050 | 1, 12, 200, | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| | | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| | | Zone, Nonpotable Groundwa | | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| | | ed Zone, Nonpotable Ground | | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

| | | | Comple Donale | | | | | Analytical Ro | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | | | | | 2007 Subsurfa | ce Investigation | | | | | | |
| P02 | P02 | | | | | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| P04 | SES | P04 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| P05 | SES | P05 | 10.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| P06 | SES | P06 | 7.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| P07 | SES | P07-8.5 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| DUS | SES | P08-6 | 6.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| 100 | SES | P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | < 50 | < 250 | < 2 | | | | |
| | | | | 2007 | - 2008 Site-Wide | Surface Soil Exc | avation | | | | | |
| PR-PV1(R) | DOF | PR-PV1(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/27/2008 | < 5.6 | < 11 | < 6.5 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.032 |
| PR-PV2(R) | DOF | PR-PV2(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 11/1/2007 | < 7 | 15 | < 10 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.053 |
| PR-PV3 | V3 DOF PR-PV 4(R) DOF PR-PV4(| | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/27/2007 | 56 | 270 | < 6.9 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | 0.040 |
| PR-PV4(R) | DOF | PR-PV4(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/28/2008 | < 6.0 | < 12 | < 7.9 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.039 |
| PR-PV5 | DOF | PR-PV5 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | 11 | 54 | | | | | |
| PR-PV6 | DOF | PR-PV6 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | < 6 | 24 | | | | | |
| R-SE10 | DOF | R-SE10 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 5.9 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.030 |
| R-SE11 | DOF | R-SE11 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.2 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.031 |
| R-SE12 | DOF | R-SE12 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.2 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.031 |
| R-SE13 | DOF | R-SE13 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.8 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 |
| R-SE14 | DOF | R-SE14 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.4 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | < 0.032 |
| R-SE15 | DOF | R-SE15 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.9 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 |
| R-SE16 | DOF | R-SE16 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.9 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 |
| PR-DP1 | DOF | PR-DP1 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 300 | 1,600 | < 13 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.064 |
| PR-DP-2 | DOF | PR-DP-2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 300 | 1,600 | 64 | < 0.032 | 0.049 | 0.049 | < 0.064 |
| PR-DP3 | DOF | PR-DP3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 72 | 890 | < 7.3 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.037 |
| PR-DP4 | DOF | PR-DP4 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 100 | 980 | < 6.9 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 | |
| Scrape-N2 | DOF | Scrape-N2 | 2/18/2008 | < 5.7 | 19 | | | | | | | |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | rater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

| | | | Commis Domáh | | | | | Analytical R | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | - | _ | 2008 I | Petroleum-Cont | aminated Soil Ex | cavation - Northe | eastern Portion of | Area 3 | | | | • |
| R-PCS-1(R2) | DOF | R-PCS-1(R2) | 3.5 | Vadose | 7/30/2008 | | | < 9.4 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.024 | < 0.047 |
| R-PCS-2 | DOF | R-PCS-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 6/19/2008 | < 6.5 | < 13 | < 9.2 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.046 |
| R-PCS-3 | DOF | R-PCS-3 | 3.0 | Vadose | 6/19/2008 | 9.4 | 15 | < 11 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.057 |
| R-PCS-4 | DOF | R-PCS-4 | 6.0 | Vadose | 7/23/2008 | | | < 8.4 | < 0.021 | < 0.021 | 0.29 | < 0.042 |
| R-PCS-6 | DOF | R-PCS-6 | mid-slope | Vadose | 7/23/2008 | | | 14 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| R-PCS-7 | DOF | R-PCS-7 | 3.0 | Vadose | 7/23/2008 | | | 64 | 0.030 J | < 0.035 | < 0.035 | < 0.069 |
| R-PCS-8 | DOF | R-PCS-8 | 2.0 | Vadose | 7/23/2008 | | | < 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| | | | | | 2008 UST D | ecommissioning | | • | | | | |
| NUST-NSW(R) | DOF | NUST-NSW(R) | 9.0 | Saturated | 7/10/2008 | | | < 9.9 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.050 |
| NUST-ESW | DOF | NUST-ESW | 9.0 | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | < 11 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.057 |
| SUST-ESW | DOF | SUST-ESW | 9.0 | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | < 11 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.028 | < 0.056 |
| SUST-SSW | DOF | SUST-SSW | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/10/2008 | | | 20 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | 0.044 |
| UST-PI | DOF | UST-PI | 4.0 | Vadose | 7/11/2008 | | | < 5.7 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.028 |
| NUST-WSW | DOF | NUST-WSW | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/11/2008 | | | < 5.8 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.015 | < 0.029 |
| SUST-WSW | PI DOF UST-PI WSW DOF NUST-WSW VSW DOF SUST-WSW | | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/11/2008 | | | < 5.6 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.014 | < 0.028 |
| NUST-B1 | T-WSW DOF NUST-WSW T-WSW DOF SUST-WSW | | | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | < 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.053 |
| SUST-B3 | DOF | SUST-B3 | 14.0 | Saturated | 7/10/2008 | | | 12 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| | | | | | 2008 Hois | Excavations | | | | | | |
| R-EHOIST | DOF | R-EHOIST-SW | 3.0 | Vadose | 6/25/2008 | < 7.7 | 25 | | | | | |
| K-EHOIST | DOF | R-EHOIST-BOT | 8.0 | Saturated | 6/25/2008 | < 6.2 | < 12 | | | | | |
| R-WHOIST | DOF | R-WHOIST-SW | 3.0 | Vadose | 6/25/2008 | < 7.2 | 33 | | | | | |
| K-WHOIST | DOF | R-WHOIST-BOT | 8.0 | Saturated | 6/25/2008 | < 6.1 | < 12 | | | | | |
| | | | | | 2008 Storm Di | ain Investigation | | | | | | |
| TP-SD-1 | DOF | TP-SD-1 | 2.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 10 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.052 |
| TP-SD-2 | DOF | TP-SD-2 | 2.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 11 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.026 | < 0.053 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | rater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| LDW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | d Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

Table 1 Soil Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | Commis Donath | | | | | Analytical R | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | DOF TP-P08-1 1.0 Vadose | | | 2008 Former Part | s Shop Investiga | tion | | | | | | |
| | DOF | TP-P08-1 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 7.3 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.037 | |
| TP-P08 | DOF | TP-P08-8 | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 10 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.051 |
| | DOF | TP-P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 9.9 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.050 |
| TD D08 4 | DOF | TP-P08A-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 8.2 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.020 | < 0.041 |
| 11-FU6A | DOF | TP-P08A-8 | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 8.6 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.043 |
| | | | | 2008 Former V | Waste Oil Aboveg | round Storage T | ank Investigation | | | | | |
| TP-WO-1 | DOF | TP-WO-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 7.3 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.037 |
| | | | | | 2008 Former U | JST Investigation | 1 | | | | | |
| TP_P01 | DOF | TP-P01-SW | 6.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 9.2 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.046 |
| 11 101 | DOF | TP-P01-B | 12.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 8.8 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| TP-P04-1 | DOF | TP-P04-1 | 3.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 6.7 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.017 | < 0.034 |
| | | | | | 2008 Septic Drain | n Field Investigat | ion | | | | | |
| TP-Septic-1 | DOF | TP-SEPTIC-1 | 7.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 20 | < 50 | < 10 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.025 | < 0.050 |
| | | | | 2008 In | vestigation - Nor | theastern Portion | of Area 3 | | | | | |
| Scrape-N6 | DOF | Scrape-N6 | 3.0 | Vadose | 2/21/2008 | < 10 | 46 | | | | | |
| Scrape-N7 | DOF | Scrape-N7 | 3.0 | Vadose | 2/21/2008 | 50 | < 14 | 60 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| | | | 2009 Inve | estigation Along | Boundary Between | en Associated G | rocer's Property a | nd Area 3 | | | | |
| | DOF | UNI-P1-9 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 12 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | < 0.060 |
| P1 | DOF | UNI-P1-14 | 14.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.055 |
| | DOF | UNI-P1-19 | 19.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 8.7 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| | DOF | UNI-P2-9 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 12 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.031 | < 0.062 |
| P2 | DOF | UNI-P2-14 | 14.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 9.3 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.023 | < 0.046 |
| | DOF | UNI-P2-19 | 19.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 8.9 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| | DOF | UNI-P3-9 | 9.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 13 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.034 | < 0.067 |
| P3 | DOF | UNI-P3-14 | 14.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 8.8 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| | DOF | UNI-P3-19 | 19.0 | Saturated | 8/31/2009 | | | < 8.9 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.022 | < 0.044 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | vater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| DW Most-Stringent So | il PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

Table 1

Soil Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | Comple Denth | | | | | Analytical Ro | esults (milligrams | per kilogram) | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | DRO^2 | ORO ² | GRO ³ | Benzene ⁴ | Toluene ⁴ | Ethylbenzene ⁴ | Xylenes ⁴ |
| | | | 2009 Ex | cavation Along | Boundary Betwe | en Associated Gre | ocer's Property an | nd Area 3 | | | | |
| R-PCS-50 | DOF | R-PCS-50 | 9.0 | Saturated | 5/20/2010 | < 6.5 | 38 | < 11 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.027 | < 0.054 |
| R-PCS-51 | DOF R-PCS-52 R | | | Saturated | 5/20/2010 | < 5.9 | < 12 | 75 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | 0.12 | < 0.038 |
| R-PCS-52 | 52 DOF R-PCS-52 R | | 13.0 Saturated 5/ | | 5/24/2010 | | | < 6.2 | < 0.016 | < 0.016 | 0.028 | < 0.016 |
| R-PCS-53 | DOF | R-PCS-53 | 9.0 | Saturated | 5/20/2010 | < 6.9 | 16 | < 12 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | < 0.029 | < 0.059 |
| R-PCS-54 | DOF | R-PCS-54 | 9.0 | Saturated | 5/20/2010 | 8.1 | 65 | < 7.4 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.018 | < 0.037 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | l PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potable Groundwater | .6 | • | • | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 14 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | l PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Potable Groundwa | ter ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 0.83 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | l PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Nonpotable Groundw | vater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.0088 | 0.92 | 0.26 | 16,000 |
| LDW Most-Stringent Soi | l PCUL: Saturate | ed Zone, Nonpotable Groun | dwater ⁶ | | | 260 | 2,000 | 30 | 0.00056 | 0.055 | 0.015 | 16,000 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the laboratory reporting limit listed.

BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.

DRO = total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel-range organics

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

Geotech = Geotech Consultants, Inc.

Global = Global Environmental

GRO = TPH as gasoline-range organics

J = result is an estimate.

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

N = Hydrocarbons in the oil range are impacting the diesel range result.

ND = not detected exceeding the laboratory reporting limit

ORO = TPH as oil-range organics

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

SES = SoundEarth Strategies, Inc.

SW = southwestern

Terra = Terra Associates, Inc.

UST = underground storage tank

[—] denotes sample not analyzed.

¹Depth in feet below ground surface.

²Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.

³Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.

⁴Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8021 or 8260.

⁵Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-HCID (hydrocarbon identification).

⁶Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 2 **Soil Analytical Results for PAHs Emerald Gateway Site** Seattle, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Analytical R | tesults (milli | grams per k | ilogram) ² | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--|------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | Non-Carcin | ogenic PAH | s | | | | | | | | Carcinog | enic PAHs | | | | ı | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Naphthalene³ | 1-Methylnaphthalene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Total Naphthalenes ⁴ | Acenaphthene | Acenaphthylene | Anthracene | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | Fluoranthene | Fluorene | Phenanthrene | Pyrene | Benzo(a)Pyrene | Benzo(a)Anthracene | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | Benzo(j,k)Fluoranthene | Chrysene | Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | Total cPAHs TEC ^{5,6} | Total LPAHs | Total HPAHs |
| | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | Area 2: Po | erishables V | Varehouse | | | | 1 | 1 | | T | | _ | T | | | |
| F-1 | Farallon | F-1-5.7 | 5.7 | Vadose | 10/20/2016 | 2.0 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 20.6 | 0.50 | 0.37 | 0.44 | < 0.0076 | 0.11 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 0.53 | < 0.0076 | 0.0080 | < 0.0076 | < 0.0076 | 0.046 | < 0.0076 | < 0.0076 | 0.007 | 11.91 | 0.6940 |
| | | | | | | | T | T | | | | | Former Fuel | ı | | T | | I | | | I | | | T | | | |
| F-9 | Farallon | F-9-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/26/2016 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0288 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0072 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 74400 | | | | | | | 0.04=0 | 0.0004 | | 1 | ı | intenance SI | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | F-11-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0179 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0084 | < 0.0063 | 0 | 0 |
| F-12 | Farallon | F-12-6.7 | 6.7 | Vadose | 10/17/2016 | < 0.0081 | | | < 0.0081 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-13 | Farallon | F-13-2.5 | 2.5 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0011 | | | < 0.0011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-14 | Farallon | F-14-6.0 | 6.0 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 0.056 | | | < 0.056 | | Δr | | er South Ma | intenance Sl | ion | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | F-20-7.0 | 7.0 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0197 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0091 | < 0.0069 | 0 | 0 |
| F-22 | Farallon | F-22-7.0 | 7.0 | Vadose | 10/19/2016 | < 0.0010 | | | < 0.0010 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Area 13: | Former No | rthwest Auto | Wrecking | Property | | | l | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | ļ | <u> </u> | | | | |
| PR-PV1(R) | DOF | PR-PV1(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/27/2008 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.18 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.060 | < 0.045 | 0 | 0 |
| PR-PV2(R) | DOF | PR-PV2(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 11/1/2007 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.18 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.045 | 0 | 0 |
| PR-PV3 | DOF | PR-PV3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/27/2007 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.18 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.06 | < 0.045 | 0 | 0 |
| PR-PV4(R) | DOF | PR-PV4(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/28/2008 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.17 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.042 | 0 | 0 |
| PR-PV6 | DOF | PR-PV6 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.21 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.07 | < 0.053 | 0 | 0 |
| R-SE15 | DOF | R-SE15 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.15 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.0076 | 0 | 0 |
| R-SE16 | DOF | R-SE16 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.15 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.0076 | 0 | 0 |
| Scrape-N2 | DOF | Scrape-N2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/18/2008 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.192 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.064 | < 0.048 | 0 | 0 |
| LDW Most-S | tringent Soil l | PCUL: Vadose Z | one, Potable | Groundwa | ter ⁷ | 0.039 | 29 | 0.67 | | 0.50 | 1.3 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 1.7 | 0.54 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 0.00031 | 0.0011 | 0.0039 | 0.039 | 0.13 | 0.00057 | 0.011 | 0.00031 | 5.2 | 12 |
| LDW Most-S | tringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | l Zone, Pota | ble Ground | water ⁷ | 0.0021 | 29 | 0.67 | | 0.028 | 1.3 | 0.051 | 0.67 | 0.09 | 0.029 | 1.5 | 0.14 | 0.000016 | 0.000057 | 0.00020 | 0.0020 | 0.0064 | 0.000029 | 0.00056 | 0.000016 | 5.2 | 12 |
| LDW Most-S | tringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Z | one, Nonpot | able Groun | dwater ⁷ | 0.039 | 29 | 0.67 | | 0.50 | 1.3 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 1.7 | 0.54 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 0.00031 | 0.0011 | 0.0039 | 0.039 | 0.13 | 0.00057 | 0.011 | 0.00031 | 5.2 | 12 |
| LDW Most-S | tringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | l Zone, Non | otable Gro | undwater ⁷ | 0.0021 | 29 | 0.67 | | 0.028 | 1.3 | 0.051 | 0.67 | 0.09 | 0.029 | 1.5 | 0.14 | 0.000016 | 0.000057 | 0.00020 | 0.0020 | 0.0064 | 0.000029 | 0.00056 | 0.000016 | 5.2 | 12 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

cPAHs = carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

HPAH = high molecular weight polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

LPAH = low molecular weight polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

NA = not applicable NE = not established

PAHs = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

TEC = toxic equivalent concentration

[—] denotes sample not analyzed. ¹Depth in feet below ground surface.

²Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8270 or 8270D/SIM, unless otherwise noted.

³Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8270, 8270D/SIM, or 8260C.

 $^{^4\}mathrm{Sum}$ of naphthalenes, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene.

⁵Total cPAHs derived using the total toxicity equivalency method in Section 708(8) of Chapter 173-340 of the Washington Administrative Code.

⁶For concentrations reported at less than the laboratory reporting limit, half the reporting limit was used to calculate the TEC.

Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 3 **Soil Analytical Results for Select VOCs Emerald Gateway Site**

Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ,2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | Analytical Res | sults (milligrai | ns per kilogra | m)* | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 1,1-Dichloroethane | 1,1-Dichloroethene | 1,1-Dichloropropene | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropan | 1,2-Dibromoethane | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 1,2-Dichloroethane | 1,2-Dichloropropane | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 1,3-Dichloropropane | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 2,2-Dichloropropane | 2-Butanone (MEK) | 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether | 2-Chlorotoluene | 2-Hexanone |
| | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | | | mer Trailer M | | - | | 1 | ı | 1 | | 1 | 1 | ı | | ı |
| F-11 | Farallon | F-11-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0069 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 |
| F-12 | Farallon | F-12-6.7 | 6.7 | Vadose | 10/17/2016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | 0.017 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 |
| F-13 F-14 | Farallon Farallon | F-13-2.5 F-14-6.0 | 2.5 6.0 | Vadose Vadose | 10/18/2016 10/18/2016 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0055 < 0.28 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0011 < 0.00093 | < 0.0069 0.038 Y | < 0.0055 < 0.0046 | < 0.0011 < 0.056 | < 0.0055 < 0.0046 |
| 1'-14 | Paranon | 1-14-0.0 | 0.0 | v adose | 10/16/2010 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.030 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | | rmer South M | | L | < 0.00093 | < 0.030 | < 0.030 | < 0.00093 | < 0.030 | < 0.00093 | 0.036 1 | < 0.0040 | < 0.050 | < 0.0040 |
| | Cl-b-1 | B-1@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | T | | | | l | | | l | | < 23 | | | < 23 | | | < 23 | < 23 | | < 23 | T | < 23 | l | | |
| B-1 | Global | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 360 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global Global | B-1@9' B-2@4.5' | 9.0 4.5 | Saturated Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | < 23 | | | < 21 < 23 | | | < 21 < 23 | < 21 < 23 | | < 21 < 23 | | < 21 < 23 | | | |
| B-2 | Global | B-2@4.5 B-2@6' | 6.0 | Vadose | April 1996 April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | 21 J | | | < 23 | | | < 23 | < 23 | | < 23 | | < 23 | | | |
| D-2 | Global | B-2@15' | 15.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | < 24 | | | < 24 | | | < 24 | < 24 | | < 24 | | < 24 | | | |
| | Global | B-3@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | < 25 | | | < 25 | | | < 25 | < 25 | | < 25 | | < 25 | | | |
| B-3 | Global | B-3@7.5' | 7.5 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | 14 J | | | 65 | | | <23 | 6 J | | 5 J | | 120 | | | |
| 23 | Global | B-3@10' | 10.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | 1,600 | | | 91 | | | 410 | < 20 | | 6 J | | < 20 | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | F-20-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | 0.058 Y | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 |
| F-22 | Farallon | F-22-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/19/2016 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 |
| | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | | Froundwater ³ | 1 | 38 | 1.5 | 0.0012 | 0.0050 | 0.041 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.0014 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.00027 | 0.036 | 0.023 | 0.016 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| LDW Most-S | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Potabl | e Groundwate | er ³ | 38 | 0.084 | 0.000080 | 0.00033 | 0.0026 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.000072 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.000018 | 0.0031 | 0.0016 | 0.0010 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.0081 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| LDW Most-S | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | ne, Nonpota | ble Groundwa | ter ³ | 38 | 371 | 0.0017 | 0.0050 | 175 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.0014 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.50 | 0.036 | 0.35 | 0.016 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water ³ | 38 | 21 | 0.00011 | 0.00033 | 175 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.000072 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.50 | 0.0031 | 0.024 | 0.0010 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.0081 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| | | | | , | _ | | | | | | | | | | , | Are | a 13: Former | Northwest Au | to Wrecking P | roperty | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | |
| B-1 | Geotech | 96068-B1-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.34 | | | | < 0.34 | | < 0.34 | | | | | |
| B-2 | Geotech | 96068-B2-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.34 | | | | < 0.34 | | < 0.34 | | | | | |
| B-4 | Geotech | 96068-B4-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.33 | | | | < 0.33 | | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| TP-21 | SES | TP-21 | 6.5 | Vadose | 1/12/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P02 | SES | P02 | 9.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P04 | SES | P04 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P05 | SES | P05 | 10.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
| P06 | SES | P06 | 7.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P07 | SES | P07-8.5 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ł | |
| P08 | SES | P08-6 | 6.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | SES | P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PCUL: Vadose Zo | | | | 38 | 1.5 | 0.0012 | 0.0050 | 0.041 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.0014 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.00027 | 0.036 | 0.023 | 0.016 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| | | PCUL: Saturated | | | | 38 | 0.084 | 0.000080 | 0.00033 | 0.0026 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.000072 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.000018 | 0.0031 | 0.0016 | 0.0010 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.0081 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| | | PCUL: Vadose Zo | • | | | 38 | 371 | 0.0017 | 0.0050 | 175 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.0014 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.50 | 0.036 | 0.35 | 0.016 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water ³ | 38 | 21 | 0.00011 | 0.00033 | 175 | NE | NA | 20 | 0.033 | 0.000072 | 800 | 1.3 | 0.50 | 0.0031 | 0.024 | 0.0010 | 800 | NA | NA | 0.0081 | NA | 48,000 | NA | 1,600 | 400 |

LDW Most-Stringent Soil PCUL: Saturated Zone, Nonpotable Groundwater³ 38

NOTES:
Results in bold and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

- denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the laboratory reporting limit listed.

- denotes sample not analyzed or result not reported.

*Depth in feet below ground surface.

*Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8260.

Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

B = analyte detected in associated method blank; result raised to reporting limit as a non-detected value Geotech = Geotech Consultants, Inc.

Global = Global Environmental

J = result is an estimate

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

MEK = methyl ethyl ketone

NE = not established

PCE = tetrachloroethene

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

SES = SoundEarth Strategies, Inc.

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

Y = calibration verification for this analyte exceeded the limit and value is an estimate

Table 3 **Soil Analytical Results for Select VOCs Emerald Gateway Site**

Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Δ | nalytical Resi | ults (milligram | ıs ner kilogran | n) ² | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample 1 Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | 2-Pentanone | 4 Chlorotoluene | 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK) | Acetone | Вготоретсте | Bromochloromethane | Bromodichloromethane | Вготобот | Bromomethane | Carbon Disulfide | Carbon Tetrachloride | Chlorobenzene | Chloroethane | Chloroform | Chloromethane | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | Dibromochloromethane | Dibromomethane | Dichlorodifluoromethane | Ethyl Bromide | Freon 113 | Hexachlorobutadiene | Iodomethane | Isopropylbenzene | Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) |
| F-11 | Farallon | F-11-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.017 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | | | < 0.0055 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 |
| F-12 | Farallon | F-12-6.7 | 6.7 | Vadose | 10/17/2016 | | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | 0.05 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | | | < 0.0081 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 |
| F-13 | Farallon | F-13-2.5 | 2.5 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.017 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | | | < 0.0055 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 |
| F-14 | Farallon | F-14-6.0 | 6.0 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | | < 0.056 | < 0.0046 | 0.1 Y | < 0.056 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | 0.0015 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.0046 | < 0.00093 | < 0.0046 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | | | < 0.28 | < 0.0046 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Area 11: For | mer South Ma | intenance Shop | p | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-1 | Global | B-1@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D-1 | Global | B-1@9' | 9.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 21 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-2@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-2 | Global | B-2@6' | 6.0 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-2@15' | 15.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 24 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-3@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 J | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-3 | Global | B-3@7.5' | 7.5 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-3@10' | 10.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 20 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | F-20-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | 0.13 Y | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | 0.002 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | | | < 0.0074 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 |
| F-22 | Farallon | F-22-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/19/2016 | | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | | | < 0.0050 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 |
| LDW Mos | -Stringent Soil | l PCUL: Vadose Zo | one, Potable (| Froundwater ³ | | NA | NA | 6,400 | 29 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.078 | 0.050 | 5.0 | 0.0029 | 0.86 | NA | 0.074 | NA | 0.0023 | 0.012 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.011 | NE | 8,000 | 0.10 |
| - | | l PCUL: Saturated | | | | NA | NA | 6,400 | 2.1 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.0050 | 0.0033 | 0.27 | 0.00015 | 0.051 | NA | 0.0048 | NA | 0.00014 | 0.00077 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.00054 | NE | 8,000 | 0.0072 |
| | | l PCUL: Vadose Zo | | | | NA | NA | 6,400 | 72,000 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.078 | 1.2 | 8,000 | 0.0029 | 1.7 | NA | 0.81 | NA | 0.010 | 0.012 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.011 | NE | 8,000 | 556 |
| LDW Mos | -Stringent Soi | l PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water | NA | NA | 6,400 | 72,000 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.0050 | 0.079 | 8,000 | 0.00015 | 0.10 | NA | 0.052 | NA | 0.00063 | 0.00077 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.00054 | NE | 8,000 | 556 |
| B-1 | Geotech | 96068-B1-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | | | | 1 | l | Area | 13: Former N | Jorthwest Auto | < 0.34 B | - | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | 1 |
| | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | + + | | | | | | |
| B-2 | Geotech | 96068-B2-2 | - | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.34 B | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-4 | Geotech | 96068-B4-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.33 B | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-21 | SES | TP-21 | 6.5 | Vadose | 1/12/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P02 | SES | P02 | 9.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P04 | SES | P04 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P05 | SES | P05 | 10.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P06 | SES | P06 | 7.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P07 | SES | P07-8.5 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P08 | SES | P08-6 | 6.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u></u> | SES | P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | l PCUL: Vadose Zo | | | 3 | NA | NA | 6,400 | 29 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.078 | 0.050 | 5.0 | 0.0029 | 0.86 | NA | 0.074 | NA | 0.0023 | 0.012 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.011 | NE | 8,000 | 0.10 |
| | | l PCUL: Saturated | | | | NA | NA | 6,400 | 2.1 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.0050 | 0.0033 | 0.27 | 0.00015 | 0.051 | NA | 0.0048 | NA | 0.00014 | 0.00077 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.00054 | NE | 8,000 | 0.0072 |
| | | l PCUL: Vadose Zo | | | | NA | NA | 6,400 | 72,000 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.078 | 1.2 | 8,000 | 0.0029 | 1.7 | NA | 0.81 | NA | 0.010 | 0.012 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.011 | NE | 8,000 | 556 |
| LDW Mos | -Stringent Soil | l PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water" | NA | NA | 6,400 | 72,000 | 640 | NA | NE | 0.0050 | 0.079 | 8,000 | 0.00015 | 0.10 | NA | 0.052 | NA | 0.00063 | 0.00077 | 800 | 16,000 | NA | NA | 0.00054 | NE | 8,000 | 556 |

LDW Most-Stringent Soil PCUL: Saturated Zone, Nonpotable Groundwater

NOTES:

Results in bold and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the laboratory reporting limit listed.

— denotes sample not analyzed or result not reported.

Denth in fee below ground surface.

Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8260.

Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revis

B = analyte detected in associated method blank; result raised to reporting limit as a non-detected value Geotech = Geotech Consultants, Inc.
Global = Global Environmental
J = result is an estimate
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway
MEK = methyl ethyl ketone
NE = not established
PCE = tetrachloroethene
PCUL = preliminary cleanup level
SES = SoundEarth Strategies, Inc.
VOCs = volatile organic compounds
Y = calibration verification for this analyte exceeded the limit and value is an estimate

Soil Analytical Results for Select VOCs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | A | nalytical Resu | ılts (milligram: | s per kilogran | 1)2 | | | | | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Methylene Chloride | Naphthalene | n-Butylbenzene | n-Propylbenzene | p-Isopropyltoluene | sec-Butylbenzene | Styrene | tert-Butylbenzene | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | Trichlorofluoromethane | Vinyl Acetate | Tetrachloroethene (PCE) | Trichloroethene (TCE) | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | Vinyl Chloride |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | Area 5: Form | er Trailer Mai | ntenance Sho | р | | | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | F-11-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 |
| F-12 | Farallon | F-12-6.7 | 6.7 | Vadose | 10/17/2016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | | < 0.0016 | < 0.0081 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 | < 0.0016 |
| F-13 | Farallon | F-13-2.5 | 2.5 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | | < 0.0011 | < 0.0055 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 | < 0.0011 |
| F-14 | Farallon | F-14-6.0 | 6.0 | Vadose | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0046 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.056 | < 0.00093 | < 0.056 | < 0.00093 | | < 0.00093 | < 0.0046 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 | < 0.00093 |
| | | | | | _ | , | _ | , | | | | | Area 11: For | ner South Mai | ntenance Shop | p | | | | | • | |
| B-1 | Global | B-1@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | < 23 | < 23 | | < 23 | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-1@9' | 9.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | 390 | 310 | | < 21 | | < 21 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-2@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | < 23 | < 23 | | < 23 | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | |
| B-2 | Global | B-2@6' | 6.0 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | < 23 | < 23 | | < 23 | | < 23 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-2@15' | 15.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | < 24 | < 24 | | < 24 | | < 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-3@4.5' | 4.5 | Vadose | April 1996 | | | < 25 | < 25 | | < 25 | | < 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| B-3 | Global | B-3@7.5' | 7.5 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | 120 | 620 | | 350 | | 36 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Global | B-3@10' | 10.0 | Saturated | April 1996 | | | < 20 | 1,000 | | 230 | | 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | F-20-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/18/2016 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | | < 0.0015 | < 0.0074 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 | < 0.0015 |
| F-22 | Farallon | F-22-7.0 | 7.0 | Saturated | 10/19/2016 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | | < 0.0010 | < 0.0050 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 | < 0.0010 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | one, Potable (| Groundwater ³ | | 0.021 | 0.039 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 2.2 | 8,000 | 0.0023 | NA | 24,000 | 33 | 0.029 | 0.0044 | 0.078 | 0.52 | 0.0010 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Potabl | e Groundwate | r ³ | 0.0015 | 0.0021 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 0.12 | 8,000 | 0.00014 | NA | 24,000 | 2.3 | 0.0016 | 0.00027 | 0.0052 | 0.032 | 0.000055 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | one, Nonpotal | ble Groundwa | ter ³ | 0.43 | 0.039 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 300 | 8,000 | 0.010 | NA | 24,000 | 80,000 | 0.029 | 0.0044 | 160 | 5.2 | 0.0010 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water ³ | 0.030 | 0.0021 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 300 | 8,000 | 0.00063 | NA | 24,000 | 80,000 | 0.0016 | 0.00027 | 160 | 0.32 | 0.000055 |
| | | | 1 | | | l | | T | ı | 1 | ı | | ı | orthwest Auto | | ī | 1 | | | | l | |
| B-1 | Geotech | 96068-B1-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.34 | < 0.34 | < 0.34 | | < 0.34 |
| B-2 | Geotech | 96068-B2-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.34 | < 0.34 | < 0.34 | | < 0.34 |
| B-4 | Geotech | 96068-B4-2 | 6.0 | Vadose | 3/4/1996 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | < 0.33 |
| TP-21 | SES | TP-21 | 6.5 | Vadose | 1/12/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P02 | SES | P02 | 9.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P04 | SES | P04 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P05 | SES | P05 | 10.0 | Saturated | 1/10/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P06 | SES | P06 | 7.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P07 | SES | P07-8.5 | 8.5 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| P08 | SES | P08-6 | 6.0 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| 100 | SES | P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 1/11/2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | < 0.05 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | one, Potable (| Groundwater ³ | | 0.021 | 0.039 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 2.2 | 8,000 | 0.0023 | NA | 24,000 | 33 | 0.029 | 0.0044 | 0.078 | 0.52 | 0.0010 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Potabl | e Groundwate | r ³ | 0.0015 | 0.0021 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 0.12 | 8,000 | 0.00014 | NA | 24,000 | 2.3 | 0.0016 | 0.00027 | 0.0052 | 0.032 | 0.000055 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose Zo | one, Nonpotal | ble Groundwa | ter ³ | 0.43 | 0.039 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 300 | 8,000 | 0.010 | NA | 24,000 | 80,000 | 0.029 | 0.0044 | 160 | 5.2 | 0.0010 |
| LDW Most- | Stringent Soil | PCUL: Saturated | Zone, Nonpo | table Groundy | water ³ | 0.030 | 0.0021 | 4,000 | 8,000 | NA | 8,000 | 300 | 8,000 | 0.00063 | NA | 24,000 | 80,000 | 0.0016 | 0.00027 | 160 | 0.32 | 0.000055 |
| NOTES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

B = analyte detected in associated method blank; result raised to reporting limit as a non-detected value Geotech = Geotech Consultants, Inc.
Global = Global Environmental
J = result is an estimate
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway
MEK = methyl ethyl ketone
NE = not established
PCE = tetrachloroethene
PCUL = preliminary cleanup level
SES = SoundEarth Strategies, Inc.
VOCs = volatile organic compounds
Y = calibration verification for this analyte exceeded the limit and value is an estimate

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the laboratory reporting limit listed.</p>
— denotes sample not analyzed or result not reported.
¹Depth in feet below ground surface.
²Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8260.
³Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revis

Table 4 Soil Analytical Results for PCBs Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | Sample | | | | | Analytical | Results (m | illigrams p | er kilogran | \mathbf{n}) ² | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1232 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1254 | Aroclor 1260 | Total PCBs | | |
| | | | | I | Area 6: Fori | ner Truck | Repair Sh | op | | | | | | | |
| P-DOF-6-WO | DOF | P-DOF-6.WO | 4.0 | Vadose | 2/2007 | | | | | | | | < 0.055 | | |
| | | | | Area 13: | Former Nor | thwest Au | to Wreckin | g Property | , | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2007 - | - 2008 Site-V | Vide Surfa | ce Soil Exc | avation | | | | | | | |
| PR-PV1(R) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PR-PV2(R) | DOF | PR-PV2(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 11/1/2007 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.21 | | |
| PR-PV3 | DOF | PR-PV3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/27/2007 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.21 | | |
| PR-PV4(R) | DOF | PR-PV4(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/28/2008 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.032 | < 0.224 | | |
| PR-PV6 | DOF | PR-PV6 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | < 0.03 | 0.038 | 0.037 | < 0.03 | 0.075 | | |
| R-SE15 | DOF | R-SE15 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 1.4 | | |
| R-SE16 | DOF | R-SE16 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 1.4 | | |
| Scrape-N2 | DOF | Scrape-N2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/18/2008 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.033 | < 0.231 | | |
| | | | 200 | 8 Former W | aste Oil Ab | oveground | Storage Ta | ank Investi | gation | | | | | | |
| TP-WO-1 | DOF | TP-WO-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 3.5 | | |
| LDW Most-Str | ringent Soil | PCUL: Vadose | Zone, Potab | ole Groundy | vater ³ | | | | | | | | 0.000043 | | |
| | | PCUL: Saturate | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0000022 | | |
| | | PCUL: Vadose | | | | | | | | | | | 0.000043 | | |
| LDW Most-Str | ringent Soil | PCUL: Saturate | d Zone, No | npotable G | roundwater | 3 | | | | | | | 0.0000022 | | |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

¹Depth in feet below ground surface.

²Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8082.

³Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 5 Soil Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | A T4 | I D I | 12 1.21 | 2 | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|------------------|---------|----------|--------|------|
| | | Sample | Sample Depth | | | | | | Analyt | ical Results (mil | ligrams per kild | ogram) | | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Arsenic | Barium | Cadmium | Chromium | Copper | Lead | Mercury | Selenium | Silver | Zinc |
| | | | | | | Are | a 2: Perishables | Warehouse | | | | | | | |
| F-1 | Farallon | F-1-5.7 | 5.7 | Vadose | 10/20/2016 | | | | | | < 5.7 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Ar | ea 4: Former Fu | ieling Area | | | | | | | |
| F-9 | Farallon | F-9-8.0 | 8.0 | Saturated | 10/26/2016 | | | | | | < 7.2 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Area | 6: Former Trucl | k Repair Shop | | | | | | | |
| P-DOF-6-WO | DOF | P-DOF-6.WO | 4.0 | Vadose | 2/2007 | 2.58 | 37.6 | < 0.55 | 10.3 | | 1.96 | < 0.11 | < 0.55 | < 0.55 | |
| | • | | | | | Area 7: Fo | ormer Automobi | le Service Statio | ons | | | • | | | |
| SS-1 | DOF | SS-1 | 0.3 - 1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 6 | | 0.2 | | | 13 | | | | |
| SS-2 | DOF | SS-2 | 0.3 - 1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | 5 | | 0.3 | | | 15 | | | | |
| SS-3 | DOF | SS-3 | 0.3 - 1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | < 5 | | 0.3 | | | 7 | | | | |
| SS-4 | DOF | SS-4 | 0.3 - 1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | < 5 | | 0.3 | | | 11 | | | | |
| SS-5 | DOF | SS-5 | 0.3 - 1.3 | Vadose | 10/29/2008 | < 5 | | 0.2 | | | 4 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Area 13: Form | er Northwest A | uto Wrecking Pi | coperty | | | | | | |
| TP06 | SES | TP-06 | 0.5 | Vadose | 1/11/2007 | 12.4 | 54.9 | < 1 | 10.7 | | 27.3 | < 0.2 | < 1 | < 1 | 59.2 |
| TP19 | SES | TP-19 | 0.5 | Vadose | 1/12/2007 | 5.67 | 35.4 | 1.38 | 5.28 | | 21.7 | < 0.2 | < 1 | < 1 | 42 |
| PR-C1(R) | DOF | PR-C1(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/24/2008 | | | | 13.5 | 16.5 | 3.0 | | | | |
| PR-C2(R) | DOF | PR-C2(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/24/2008 | | | | 13.5 | 12.4 | 3.0 | | | | |
| PR-C3(R) | DOF | PR-C3(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/25/2008 | | | | 10.2 | 11.9 | 10.0 | | | | |
| PR-C4(R) | DOF | PR-C4(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/26/2008 | | | | 13.6 | 54.6 | 18.0 | | | | |
| PR-PV1(R) | DOF | PR-PV1(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/27/2008 | 14 | | < 0.2 | 12.7 | 17.4 | 12.0 | | | | |
| PR-PV2(R) | DOF | PR-PV2(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 11/1/2007 | < 6 | 54.9 | < 0.3 | 19.6 | | 3 | < 0.06 | < 6.0 | < 0.4 | |
| PR-PV3 | DOF | PR-PV3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/27/2007 | 5 | | 0.7 | 10.6 | 23.2 | 13 | | | | 183 |
| PR-PV4(R) | DOF | PR-PV4(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/28/2008 | < 6 | | < 0.2 | 16.1 | 20.3 | 3.0 | | | | |
| PR-PV5 | DOF | PR-PV5 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | 8 | | 0.3 | 16.9 | 55.9 | 59 | | | | 89 |
| PR-PV6 | DOF | PR-PV6 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/11/2008 | 8 | | 0.3 | 17.4 | 37.2 | 30 | | | | 64 |
| PR-SE1(R) | DOF | PR-SE1(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/12/2008 | 9 | | 0.4 | | | 36 | | | | |
| PR-SE2 | DOF | PR-SE2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 1.4 | | | 150 | | | | |
| PR-SE3 | DOF | PR-SE3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | < 5 | | 0.3 | | | 88 | | | | |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: V | Vadose Zone, Potal | ble Groundwater ³ | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, Po | table Groundwater | .3 | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.26 | 0.016 | 85 |
| | | | ootable Groundwat | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, No | onpotable Groundw | rater ³ | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.016 | 85 |

Table 5 Soil Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------|
| | | Sample | Sample Depth | | | | 1 | 1 | Analyti | cal Results (mil | ligrams per kild | ogram) ² | | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Arsenic | Barium | Cadmium | Chromium | Copper | Lead | Mercury | Selenium | Silver | Zinc |
| PR-SE4 | DOF | PR-SE4 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.5 | | | 75 | | | | |
| PR-SE5 | DOF | PR-SE5 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.3 | | | 66 | | | | |
| PR-SE6(R) | DOF | PR-SE6(R) | 0.5 | Vadose | 9/7/2007 | 5 | | < 0.2 | | | 12 | | | | |
| PR-SE7 | DOF | PR-SE7 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 0.4 | | | 47 | | | | |
| PR-SE8 | DOF | PR-SE8 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 0.4 | 12.6 | 16.7 | 51 | | | | 52 |
| PR-SE9(R) | DOF | PR-SE9(R) | 0.5 | Vadose | 10/23/2007 | 7 | 76.8 | < 0.2 | 21.6 | | 7 | 0.07 | < 6.0 | < 0.4 | |
| PR-SE10 | DOF | PR-SE10 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 6 | | 0.3 | | | 187 | | | | |
| PR-SE11(R) | DOF | PR-SE11(R) | 0.5 | Vadose | 9/7/2007 | 9 | | < 0.2 | | | 16 | | | | |
| PR-SE12(R) | DOF | PR-SE12(R) | 0.5 | Vadose | 9/7/2007 | 5 | | < 0.2 | | | 13 | | | | |
| PR-SE13 | DOF | PR-SE13 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/26/2007 | 12 | | 0.7 | | | 220 | | | | |
| PR-SE14(R) | DOF | PR-SE14(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | < 2.0 | | < 2.0 | | | 3.5 | | | | |
| PR-SE15 | DOF | PR-SE15 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/26/2007 | 6 | | 0.3 | 14.4 | 19 | 31 | | | | 48 |
| PR-SE16 | DOF | PR-SE16 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 6 | | 0.7 | | | 67 | | | | |
| PR-SE17 | DOF | PR-SE17 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.3 | | | 13 | | | | |
| PR-SE18 | DOF | PR-SE18 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 11 | | 0.2 | | | 150 | | | | |
| PR-SE19 | DOF | PR-SE19 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 0.3 | | | 40 | | | | |
| PR-SE20(R | DOF | PR-SE20(R | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 10/23/2007 | 9 | 35.1 | < 0.2 | 13 | | 6 | < 0.04 | < 5.0 | < 0.3 | |
| PR-SE21 | DOF | PR-SE21 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 1.0 | | | 89 | | | | |
| PR-SE22(R | DOF | PR-SE22(R | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 9/7/2007 | < 5.0 | | < 0.2 | | | 5 | | | | |
| PR-SE23(R) | DOF | PR-SE23(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 3.6 | | < 2.0 | | | 8.2 | | | | |
| PR-SE24 | DOF | PR-SE24 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/24/2007 | 5 | | 0.4 | | | 151 | | | | |
| PR-SE25 | DOF | PR-SE25 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/26/2007 | 7 | | 0.9 | | | 120 | | | | |
| PR-SE26 | DOF | PR-SE26 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.9 | | | 167 | | | | |
| PR-SE27 | DOF | PR-SE27 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.9 | | | 113 | | | | |
| PR-SE28 | DOF | PR-SE28 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.3 | 13.3 | 20.1 | 49 | | | | 56 |
| PR-SE29 | DOF | PR-SE29 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.6 | | | 40 | | | | |
| PR-SE30 | DOF | PR-SE30 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 9 | | < 0.2 | | | 24 | | | | |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: V | Vadose Zone, Potal | ble Groundwater ³ | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, Po | table Groundwater | 3 | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.26 | 0.016 | 85 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | | | | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, No | onpotable Groundw | ater ³ | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.016 | 85 |

Table 5 Soil Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | Analyti | ical Results (mil | ligrams per kild | ogram)² | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|-------------------|------------------|---------|----------|--------|------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Arsenic | Barium | Cadmium | Chromium | Copper | Lead | Mercury | Selenium | Silver | Zinc |
| PR-SE31 | DOF | PR-SE31 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | < 5 | | 0.3 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 64 | | | | 40 |
| PR-SE32 | DOF | PR-SE32 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | < 5 | | 0.3 | | | 26 | | | | |
| PR-SE33(R) | DOF | PR-SE33(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 3.0 | | < 2.0 | | | 11 | | | | |
| PR-SE34(R) | DOF | PR-SE34(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 4.3 | | < 2.0 | | | 48 | | | | |
| PR-SE35(R) | DOF | PR-SE35(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 4.8 | | < 2.0 | | | 14 | | | | |
| PR-SE36(R) | DOF | PR-SE36(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 5.9 | | < 2.0 | | | 70 | | | | |
| PR-SE-37(R) | DOF | PR-SE-37(R) | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/12/2008 | < 5 | | 0.2 | | | 5 | | | | |
| R-SE1 | DOF | R-SE1 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/12/2008 | 7 | | 0.5 | | | 19 | | | | |
| R-SE2 | DOF | R-SE2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/12/2008 | 6 | | < 0.2 | | | 9 | | | | |
| R-SE3 | DOF | R-SE3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 6/12/2008 | < 5 | | 0.3 | | | 3 | | | | |
| R-SE4 | DOF | R-SE4 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 3.3 | | < 2.0 | | | 2.6 | | | | |
| R-SE5 | DOF | R-SE5 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 4.9 | | < 2.0 | | | 8.4 | | | | |
| R-SE6 | DOF | R-SE6 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 3.4 | | < 2.0 | | | 5.3 | | | | |
| R-SE7 | DOF | R-SE7 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 2.5 | | < 2.0 | | | 3.6 | | | | |
| R-SE8 | DOF | R-SE8 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 3.3 | | < 2.0 | | | 7.4 | | | | |
| R-SE9 | DOF | R-SE9 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/10/2008 | 4.9 | | < 2.0 | | | 22 | | | | |
| R-SE10 | DOF | R-SE10 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 2.9 | | < 2.0 | | | 24 | | | | |
| R-SE11 | DOF | R-SE11 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 5.3 | | 2.0 | | | 160 | | | | |
| R-SE12 | DOF | R-SE12 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 4.7 | | < 2.0 | | | 16 | | | | |
| R-SE13 | DOF | R-SE13 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | < 2.0 | | < 2.0 | | | 4.2 | | | | |
| R-SE14 | DOF | R-SE14 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 6.2 | | < 2.0 | | | 74 | | | | |
| R-SE15 | DOF | R-SE15 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 4.1 | | < 2.0 | | | 30 | | | | |
| R-SE16 | DOF | R-SE16 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/17/2008 | 7.1 | | < 2.0 | | | 33 | | | | |
| PR-DP1 | DOF | PR-DP1 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 8 | | 0.5 | 29.6 | 30 | 91 | | | | 109 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: V | Vadose Zone, Potak | ble Groundwater ³ | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, Po | table Groundwater | 3 | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.26 | 0.016 | 85 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | | | | - | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, No | onpotable Groundw | ater ³ | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.016 | 85 |

Table 5 Soil Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

| Faral | lon | PN: | 1071 | 1-026 |
|-------|-----|-----|------|--------------|
| | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|------|
| | | Sample | Sample Depth | | | | | 1 | Analyti | cal Results (mil | lligrams per kilo | gram) ² | ı | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Identification | (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Arsenic | Barium | Cadmium | Chromium | Copper | Lead | Mercury | Selenium | Silver | Zinc |
| PR-DP-2 | DOF | PR-DP-2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | < 7 | | 0.4 | | | 83 | | | | |
| PR-DP3 | DOF | PR-DP3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 7 | | 0.6 | | | 162 | | | | |
| PR-DP4 | DOF | PR-DP4 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 7/25/2007 | 6 | | 0.5 | | | 144 | | | | |
| Scrape-N1 | DOF | Scrape-N1 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/18/2008 | 7 | | < 0.2 | | | 18 | | | | |
| Scrape-N2 | DOF | Scrape-N2 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/18/2008 | 7 | | 0.3 | | | 51 | | | | |
| Scrape-N3 | DOF | Scrape-N3 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/18/2008 | 7 | | 0.3 | | | 21 | | | | |
| Scrape-N4 | DOF | Scrape-N4 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/20/2008 | 8 | | 0.5 | | | 78 | | | | |
| Scrape-N5 | DOF | Scrape-N5 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/20/2008 | < 6 | | 0.3 | | | 24 | | | | |
| Scrape-N8 | DOF | Scrape-N8 | 0 - 0.5 | Vadose | 2/21/2008 | < 6.0 | | < 0.2 | | | 11 | | | | |
| Underground Stora | ge Tank (UST) | Removal Excavati | on | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NUST-ESW | DOF | NUST-ESW | 9.0 | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | | | | 4.0 | | | | |
| SUST-ESW | DOF | SUST-ESW | 9.0 | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | | | | 4.6 | | | | |
| SUST-SSW | DOF | SUST-SSW | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/10/2008 | | | | | | 7.0 | | | | |
| UST-PI | DOF | UST-PI | 4.0 | Vadose | 7/11/2008 | | | | | | 4.0 | | | | |
| NUST-WSW | DOF | NUST-WSW | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/11/2008 | | | | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| SUST-WSW | DOF | SUST-WSW | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/11/2008 | | | | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| NUST-B1 | DOF | NUST-B1 | 14.0 | Saturated | 7/2/2008 | | | | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| SUST-B3 | DOF | SUST-B3 | 14.0 | Saturated | 7/10/2008 | | | | | | 5.0 | | | | |
| Storm Drains | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-SD-1 | DOF | TP-SD-1 | 2.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 4.6 | | < 2.0 | | | 2.7 | | | | |
| TP-SD-2 | DOF | TP-SD-2 | 2.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 2.8 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| Former Parts Shop | Test Pits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | TP-P08-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 2.3 | | < 2.0 | | | 3.6 | | | | |
| TP-P08 | DOF | TP-P08-8 | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | 2.8 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| | DOF | TP-P08-12 | 12.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | 5.9 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| TP-P08A | DOF | TP-P08A-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 2.0 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| Tr-ruðA | DOF | TP-P08A-8 | 8.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | 3.2 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: V | adose Zone, Potal | ole Groundwater ³ | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, Po | table Groundwater | 3 | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.26 | 0.016 | 85 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: V | /adose Zone, Nonp | otable Groundwate | er ³ | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringer | nt Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, No | onpotable Groundw | ater ³ | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.016 | 85 |

Table 5 Soil Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | g I D d | | | | | | Analyt | ical Results (mil | ligrams per kilo | ogram) ² | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | Zone | Sample Date | Arsenic | Barium | Cadmium | Chromium | Copper | Lead | Mercury | Selenium | Silver | Zinc |
| Former Waste Oil | Aboveground S | torage Tank | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-WO-1 | DOF | TP-WO-1 | 1.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 8.6 | | < 2.0 | | | 15 | | | | |
| Former UST Samp | ling Locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-P01 | DOF | TP-P01-SW | 6.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | < 2.0 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| 1P-P01 | DOF | TP-P01-B | 12.0 | Saturated | 7/24/2008 | < 2.0 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| TP-P04-1 | DOF | TP-P04-1 | 3.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 7.4 | | < 2.0 | | | 4.6 | | | | |
| Septic Drain field | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-SEPTIC-1 | DOF | TP-SEPTIC-1 | 7.0 | Vadose | 7/24/2008 | 2.9 | | < 2.0 | | | < 4.0 | | | | |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: \ | Vadose Zone, Potal | ole Groundwater ³ | | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, Po | table Groundwater | ,3 | | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.26 | 0.016 | 85 |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: \ | Vadose Zone, Nonp | otable Groundwat | er ³ | | 7.0 | 100 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 86 |
| LDW Most-Stringe | ent Soil PCUL: S | Saturated Zone, No | onpotable Groundw | vater ³ | _ | 7.0 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 48 | 36 | 50 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.016 | 85 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.
Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway
PCUL = preliminary cleanup level
SES = SoundEarth Strategies, Inc.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the laboratory reporting limit listed.

[—] denotes sample not analyzed.

¹Depth in feet below ground surface.

²Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Methods 6010 or 6020.

³Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 6 Groundwater Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | Analytical R | Results (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | \mathbf{DRO}^1 | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| | | | | Area 1: Dry Gro | ocery Warehouse | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Borinș | g Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P1-1 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 1-1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P1-2 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 1-2 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P1-3 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 1-3 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P1-4 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 1-4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P1-5 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 1-5 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| | | | | Area 2: Perisha | ables Warehouse | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Borinș | g Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P2-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 2-1 (b) | 2,400 | < 500 | 2,500 | 3.1 | < 1.0 | 26 | 19 |
| F-1 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-1-GW | < 270 | 480 | < 100 | < 0.40 | < 2.0 | < 0.40 | < 1.2 |
| F-2 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-2-GW | 610 | 580 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | - | | M | onitoring Well G | roundwater Sampl | les | - | | | |
| MW 101 | DOF | 8/12/2001 | MW-101 | < 250 | < 500 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| MW-101 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-101-101916 | 290 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.40 | < 2.0 | < 0.40 | < 1.2 |
| | | | | Area 3: Form | er Truck Wash | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | naissance Boring | g Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P3-1 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 3-1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P3-2 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 3-2 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| | | | | Area 4: Forme | er Fueling Area | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Boring | g Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P4-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 4-1 | < 250 | 8,600 | < 250 | | | | |
| P10-3 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-3 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P-DOF-3 | DOF | 2/27/2007 | P-DOF-3 | 619 | 649 | < 238 | | | | |
| P-DOF-4 | DOF | 2/27/2007 | P-DOF-4 | 769 | 948 | < 240 | | | | |
| F-5 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-5-GW | < 250 | < 400 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| F-7 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-7-GW | 640 | 490 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| F-8 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-8-GW | 1,200 | 710 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | 0.86 |
| F-9 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-9-GW | 600 | 440 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | 1.0 |
| F-10 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-10-GW | 810 | 1,100 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | | | M | onitoring Well G | roundwater Sampl | les | | | | |
| MW-2 | DOF | 5/29/1998 | MW-2 | < 100 | < 100 | < 100 | < 1 | < 1 | < 1 | < 1 |
| DW Most-Stringen | nt Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | r ³ | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| DW Most-Stringen | nt Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable W | /ater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

| | | | | | | Analytical R | esults (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | DRO ¹ | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| • | | • | _ | ea 5: Former Trail | er Maintenance S | Shop | | | , , | - U |
| | | | Reco | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P5-1 | DOF | 6/28/2001 | Probe 5-1 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P5-2 | DOF | 6/28/2001 | Probe 5-2 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P5-3 | DOF | 6/28/2001 | Probe 5-3 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P5-4 | DOF | 6/28/2001 | Probe 5-4 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P5-5 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 5-5 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 20 | < 20 | < 20 | < 40 |
| F-11 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-11-GW | < 260 | < 420 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-12 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-12-GW | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-13 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-13-GW | | | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-14 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-14-GW | < 270 | < 430 | < 100 | < 0.40 | < 2.0 | < 0.40 | < 1.2 |
| | | | | Area 6: Former T | ruck Repair Shop |) | | | | |
| | | | Reco | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P6-4 | DOF | 6/29/2001 | P6-4 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | 0.69 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P6-5 | DOF | 6/29/2001 | P6-5 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P6-6 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | P6-6 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P6-7 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | P6-7 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| F-16 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-16-GW | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| F-17 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-17-GW | 850 M | < 420 | 1,300 | 90 | < 4.0 | 140 | 20 |
| F-18 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-18-GW | < 260 | < 420 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | | | M | onitoring Well Gr | oundwater Samp | les | | | | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | MW-4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/17/2010 | MW-4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW-4 | DOF | 10/4/2010 | MW-4 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/1/2011 | MW-4 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-4-102116 | < 260 | < 410 | < 400 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water ³ | | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable Wa | ter ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

| | | | | | | Analytical R | Results (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | DRO^1 | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| | DOF | 1/8/2002 | MW-203 | < 250 | < 500 | < 100 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | MW-203 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW 202 | DOF | 3/17/2010 | MW-203 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW-203 | DOF | 10/4/2010 | MW-203 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/1/2011 | MW-203 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-203-102116 | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | MW-207 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/17/2010 | MW-207 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW-207 | DOF | 10/4/2010 | MW-207 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/1/2011 | MW-207 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-207-102116 | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | MW-AG1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/17/2010 | MW-AG1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW-AG1 | DOF | 10/4/2010 | MW-AG1 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/1/2011 | MW-AG1 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-AG1-102116 | < 260 | < 420 | < 400 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | MW-AG2 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/17/2010 | MW-AG2 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| MW-AG2 | DOF | 10/4/2010 | MW-AG2 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/1/2011 | MW-AG2 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-AG2-101916 | < 250 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | | | Area | 7: Former Autor | nobile Service Sta | tions | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P7-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 7-1 | < 500 | < 500 | 700 | 42 | 3 | 39 | 102 |
| P7-2 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 7-2 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P7-3 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 7-3 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P7-4 | DOF | 7/25/2001 | Probe 7-4 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P7-5 | DOF | 7/25/2001 | Probe 7-5 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 0.2 | 0.49 | < 0.2 | < 0.4 |
| P-DOF-2 | DOF | 2/27/2007 | P-DOF-2 | < 612 | < 612 | < 243 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| OW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | r ³ | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
|)W Most-Stringen | t Groundwater Pe | CUL: Nonpotable W | Vater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

| | | | | | | Analytical R | tesults (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | DRO ¹ | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| | | | M | onitoring Well Gr | oundwater Samp | les | | | | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 10/4/2010 | DOF-1 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOF-1 | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-1 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOI-1 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-1 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-1 | | | | Well Dry | | | |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-1 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | DOF-1-101916 | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | | | | Area 8: Retu | rns Building | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P8-1 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 8-1 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P8-2 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 8-2 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P8-3 | DOF | 7/25/2001 | Probe 8-3 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| | | | A | rea 9: Former Em | ployee Parking L | ot | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P9-1 | DOF | 7/2/2001 | Probe 9-1 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| P9-2 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 9-2 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | | | | |
| | | | | Area 10: Up-G | Fradient Areas | | | | | |
| | | | Recor | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | - | | | |
| P10-2 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 10-2 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 20.0 | < 20.0 | < 40.0 | < 40.0 |
| P10-4 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-4 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| P10-5 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-5 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | 3 | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable Wa | ater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

| | | | | | | Analytical R | esults (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | \mathbf{DRO}^1 | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| | | | Are | a 11: Former Sou | th Maintenance S | hop | | | | |
| | | | Reco | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P-DOF-5 | DOF | 2/27/2007 | P-DOF-5 | < 606 | < 606 | < 240 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| F-20 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-20-GW | < 270 | < 440 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-21 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-21-GW | < 270 | < 440 | < 100 | 0.21 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-22 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-22-GW | | | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| F-23 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-23-GW | 840 | 500 | 150 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | | | Area 1 | 2: Former Old Hu | mble Oil Service | Station | | | | |
| | | | Reco | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P-DOF-1 | DOF | 2/28/2007 | P-DOF-1 | < 618 | < 618 | < 245 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | | | Area 13: | Former Northwes | t Auto Wrecking | Property | | | | |
| | | | Reco | nnaissance Boring | Groundwater Sa | mples | | | | |
| P10-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 10-1 | < 500 | < 500 | < 250 | 2.3 | < 1.0 | 8.6 | 17.1 |
| NWAW-P1 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P1 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P2 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P2 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P3 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P3 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P4 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P5 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P5 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P6 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P6 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | 3.6 |
| NWAW-P7 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P7 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P8 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P8 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P9 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P9 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P9 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P9 (duplicate) | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P10 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P10 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P11 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P11 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P12 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P12 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P13 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P13 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P14 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P14 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P15 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P15 | < 250 | < 500 | 280 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| NWAW-P16 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P16 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| DW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | 3 | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| DW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable W | ater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

| | | | | | | Analytical R | esults (microgran | ns per liter) | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | \mathbf{DRO}^1 | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| _ | | _ | M | onitoring Well G | roundwater Samp | les | | | | - |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-2 | < 250 | < 500 | 1,200 | 5.9 | 1.2 | 9.7 | 1.8 |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-2 | < 250 | < 500 | 850 | 3.3 | < 1.0 | 4.3 | 1.3 |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-2 | < 100 | < 200 | 370 | 1.1 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-2 | < 100 | < 200 | 770 | 3.2 | < 1.0 | 3.4 | < 2.0 |
| DOF-2 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-2 | < 100 | < 200 | 720 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 5 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-2 | | | 420 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-2 | | | 1,200 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 | < 3.0 |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-2 | | | 450 | 0.39 | 0.43 | 0.88 | 0.93 |
| | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-2-102416 | 380 | 560 | 180 | 0.27 | < 1.0 | 0.31 | < 0.60 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-3 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-3 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-3 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOE 3 | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-3 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOF-3 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-3 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-3 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-3 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | DOF-3-102116 | < 260 | < 410 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-4 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-4 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOE 4 | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-4 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| DOF-4 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-4 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-4 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-4 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-4-102416 | < 260 | 450 | < 100 | < 0.20 | < 1.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.60 |
| OW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | 3 | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| OW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable W | ater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

Groundwater Analytical Results for TPH and BTEX

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | Analytical R | esults (micrograi | ns per liter) | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | \mathbf{DRO}^1 | ORO ¹ | GRO^2 | Benzene ³ | Toluene ³ | Ethylbenzene ³ | Xylenes ³ |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-5 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-5 | < 250 | < 500 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-5 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | 1.2 |
| DOF-5 | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-5 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-5 | < 100 | < 200 | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-5 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-5 | | | < 250 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 3.0 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Potable Water | 3 | 500 | 500 | 800 | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |
| LDW Most-Stringen | t Groundwater P | CUL: Nonpotable Wa | ater ³ | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | 130 | 31 | 330 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.

DRO = total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel-range organics

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

GRO = TPH as gasoline-range organics

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

M = hydrocarbons in the gasoline-range are impacting the DRO result

NA = not applicable

ORO = TPH as oil-range organics

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

[—] denotes sample not analyzed.

¹Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.

²Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.

³Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Groundwater Analytical Results for PAHs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Analyt | ical Results | (microgram | s per liter) ¹ | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1 | | ı i | | Non-Carcino | ogenic PAH | s | 1 | 1 | Ī | 1 | | ı i | 1 | Carcino | genic PAHs | s | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Naphthalene | 1-Methylnaphthalene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Total Naphthalenes ² | Acenaphthene | Acenaphthylene | Anthracene | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | Fluoranthene | Fluorene | Phenanthrene | Pyrene | Benzo(a)Pyrene | Benzo(a)Anthracene | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | Benzo(j,k)Fluoranthene | Chrysene | Dibenzo(a,h) Anthracene | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | Total cPAHs TEC ^{3,4} |
| | | | | | | | | | Ar | ea 2: Perish | ables Warel | nouse | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Reconnais | sance Borin | g Groundw | ater Samples | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-1 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-1-GW | < 0.19 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 3.5 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | 0.23 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.014 |
| | T | · | T | | | | T | | | | Froundwater | | | T | T | T | T | I | | [| | 1 | |
| MW-101 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-101-101916 | 0.10 | 3.0 | 0.43 | 3.5 | 0.20 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.094 | 0.16 | 0.17 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0071 |
| P10-3 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-3 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 1.5 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | rea 4: Form | er Fueling A | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.0091 |
| 110-3 | DOI | 7/7/2001 | 11000 10-3 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 1.5 | < 0.50 | | | iler Mainter | | < 0.30 | < 0.50 | ₹ 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.0091 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | ater Samples | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-11-GW | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 |
| F-12 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-12-GW | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.288 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0072 |
| F-14 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-14-GW | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 |
| | | | | | | | | | Area | 6: Former | Truck Repai | ir Shop | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | 1 | | | | | | | | sance Borin | g Groundwa | ater Samples | | • | • | • | 1 | | | ı | | | |
| F-16 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-16-GW | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | 0.016 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | 0.014 | 0.014 | 0.009 |
| F-17 F-18 | Farallon Farallon | 10/17/2016 10/17/2016 | F-17-GW F-18-GW | 42 < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | 79 < 0.285 | 0.20 < 0.095 | < 0.096 < 0.095 | < 0.096 < 0.095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.096 < 0.095 | 0.37 < 0.095 | 0.38 < 0.095 | < 0.096 < 0.095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0096 < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 < 0.0072 |
| 1-10 | Taranon | 10/17/2010 | 1-10-GW | < 0.093 | < 0.093 | < 0.093 | < 0.283 | < 0.093 | | | roundwate | | < 0.093 | < 0.093 | < 0.093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0093 | < 0.0072 |
| MW-4 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-4-102116 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.57 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.014 |
| MW-203 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-203-102116 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 |
| MW-207 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-207-102116 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 |
| MW-AG1 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-AG1-102116 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.57 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.014 |
| MW-AG2 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-AG2-101916 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.282 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0071 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | mobile Serv | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DOF-1 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | DOF-1-101916 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.282 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | croundwater | | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0071 |
| DOI-1 | Taranon | 10/19/2010 | DOI-1-101910 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.282 | < 0.094 | | | Gradient A | | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0071 |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | | ater Samples | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| P10-2 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 10-2 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 1.5 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.0091 |
| P10-4 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-4 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 1.5 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.0091 |
| P10-5 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-5 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 1.5 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.50 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.012 | < 0.0091 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | uth Mainten | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F 20 | T | 10/10/2015 | F 20 CWY | 0.11 | 0.11 | .0.11 | 0.22 | 0.11 | | | | ater Samples | | | | | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 1 .0.011 | 0.000 |
| F-20 F-21 | Farallon Farallon | 10/18/2016 10/19/2016 | F-20-GW F-21-GW | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.33 < 0.288 | < 0.11 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.11 < 0.096 | < 0.011 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.011 < 0.0096 | < 0.008 < 0.0072 |
| F-21 F-23 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-21-GW F-23-GW | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.288 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0096 | < 0.0072 |
| | | ater PCUL: Pota | | 1.4 | 1.5 | 32 | | 5.3 | NA | 2.1 | NA | 1.8 | 3.7 | NA | 2.0 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.00016 | 0.0016 | 0.016 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.000016 |
| | _ | ater PCUL: Non | _ | 1.4 | NA | NA | | 5.3 | NA | 2.1 | NA | 1.8 | 3.7 | NA | 2.0 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.00016 | 0.0016 | 0.016 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.000016 |
| | J | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | 1 | I | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 1 | l | | - | - | | | - |

Groundwater Analytical Results for PAHs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-0266

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Analyt | ical Results | micrograms | s per liter) ¹ | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | , | Non-Carcino | ogenic PAH | S | | | | | | | | Carcino | genic PAHs | 5 | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Naphthalene | 1-Methylnaphthalene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Total Naphthalenes ² | Acenaphthene | Acenaphthylene | Anthracene | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | Fluoranthene | Fluorene | Phenanthrene | Pyrene | Benzo(a)Pyrene | Benzo(a) Anthracene | Benzo(b)Fluoranthene | Benzo(j,k)Fluoranthene | Chrysene | Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | Total cPAHs TEC ^{3,4} |
| | | | | | | | | A | rea 13: Forn | ner Northw | est Auto Wr | ecking Prop | erty | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Reconnais | sance Borin | ng Groundwa | ater Samples | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P-10-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Proble 10-1 | 8 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 14.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | Monito | oring Well (| Groundwater | Samples | | | | • | | • | | | | | |
| DOF-2 | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-2-102416 | 0.64 | 1.8 | < 0.19 | 2.4 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.19 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.019 | < 0.014 |
| DOF-3 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | DOF-3-102116 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.282 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0094 | < 0.0071 |
| DOF-4 | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-4-102416 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.285 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0095 | < 0.0072 |
| LDW Most-Str | ingent Groundw | ater PCUL: Pota | ble Water ⁵ | 1.4 | 1.5 | 32 | | 5.3 | NA | 2.1 | NA | 1.8 | 3.7 | NA | 2.0 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.00016 | 0.0016 | 0.016 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.000016 |
| LDW Most-Str | ingent Groundw | ater PCUL: Non | potable Water ⁵ | 1.4 | NA | NA | | 5.3 | NA | 2.1 | NA | 1.8 | 3.7 | NA | 2.0 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.00016 | 0.0016 | 0.016 | 0.000016 | 0.00016 | 0.000016 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

cPAHs = carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc. Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

NA = not applicable NE = not established

PAHs = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level TEC = toxic equivalent concentration

¹Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8270 or 8270D/SIM.

²Sum of naphthalenes, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene.

³Total cPAHs derived using the total toxicity equivalency method in Section 708(8) of Chapter 173-340 of the Washington Administrative Code.

For concentrations reported at less than the laboratory reporting limit, half the reporting limit was used to calculate the TEC.

⁵Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Groundwater Analytical Results for Select VOCs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | ı | | Aı | nalytical Resi | ults (microgi | ams per lite | r)¹ | | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 1,2-Dichloropropane | Acetone | Carbon Disulfide | Chloroform | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | Dichlorodifluoromethane | Isopropylbenzene (Cumene) | Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether | n-Butylbenzene | n-Propylbenzene | p-Isopropyltoluene | sec-Butylbenzene | tert-Butylbenzene | Tetrachloroethene (PCE) | Trichloroethene (TCE) | Trichlorofluoromethane | Vinyl Chloride |
| | | | | | | | | | Area 2: | Perishables | Warehouse | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Re | connaissance | e Boring Gro | undwater Sa | amples | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-1 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-1-GW | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 10 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 |
| | | 1 | | | | | | | Monitoring | Well Ground | lwater Samp | | , , | | | | r | , , | | | | |
| MW-101 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-101-101916 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 10 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | 2.7 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 0.40 |
| | | | | | | | | | Area 4 | : Former Fu | eling Area | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Т | T | | | | | | | Boring Gro | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| F-8 | Farallon | 10/26/2016 | F-8-GW | 0.24 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 8.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.28 | < 0.20 | 4.5 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.40 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Area 5: Former Trailer Maintenance Shop Reconnaissance Boring Groundwater Samples | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-11-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | 0.36 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 0.22 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| F-12 F-13 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-12-GW F-13-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | 0.22 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| F-13 | Farallon Farallon | 10/18/2016 10/18/2016 | F-14-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 < 0.40 | < 0.20 < 0.40 | 7.1 < 10 | 0.52 < 0.40 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 < 0.40 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 < 0.40 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 < 0.40 |
| 1-14 | 1 aranon | 10/10/2010 | 1-14-011 | ₹ 0.40 | ₹ 0.40 | < 0.40 | < 10 | ₹ 0.40 | | ormer Truck | | | ₹ 0.40 | ₹ 0.40 | V 0.40 | ₹ 0.40 | < 0.40 | ₹ 0.40 | < 0.40 | ₹ 0.40 | < 0.40 | V 0.40 |
| | | | | | | | | Re | | Boring Gro | | = | | | | | | | | | | |
| P10-3 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-3 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| P-DOF-6.3 | DOF | 2/27/2008 | P-DOF-6.3 | 5.5 | | | | 23.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Monitoring | Well Ground | lwater Samp | oles | | | | | | | | | | |
| MW-4 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-4-102116 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| MW-203 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-203-102116 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| MW-207 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-207-102116 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| MW-AG1 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-AG1-102116 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| MW-AG2 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-AG2-101916 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| | | | | | | | | | | er Automobil | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | T | T | i | | | | ı | 1 | e Boring Gro | | | 1 | | | | П | 1 | | | | |
| P7-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | P7-1 | 12 | 2.1 | | | | | | | 1.3 | | 1.1 | 1.1 | | | | | | | |
| P7-4 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | P7-4 | | 0.42 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P-DOF-2 | DOF | 2/27/2007 | P-DOF-2 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 20.0 | 8.80 | < 1.00 Monitoring | < 1.00 Well Ground | < 1.00 lwater Sami | < 1.00 oles | < 2.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 1.00 | < 0.200 |
| DOF-1 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | DOF-1-101916 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| LDW Most-Strip | | l . | | 80 | 80 | 3.1 | 7,200 | 400 | 1.2 | 16 | 5.6 | 800 | 24 | 400 | 800 | NA | 800 | 800 | 2.9 | 0.70 | 120 | 0.18 |
| LDW Most-Strip | | | | 240 | NA NA | 3.1 | NA | 400 | 1.2 | NA | 5.6 | NA. | 600 | NA. | NA | NA. | NA NA | NA NA | 2.9 | 0.70 | 120 | 0.18 |
| LD W MUSUBILI | ngent Groundwa | ice i COL. NOIL | Journe Water | 2-10 | 1471 | U-1 | 11/1 | 400 | 1.4 | 11/1 | 2.0 | 11/1 | 000 | 1171 | 11/1 | 11/1 | 1 1/2 | 11/1 | 2.7 | 0.70 | 140 | 0.10 |

Groundwater Analytical Results for Select VOCs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | 1 | | | ı | 1 | | Aı | nalytical Res | ults (microg | rams per lite | r) ¹ | | | | | 1 | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 1,2-Dichloropropane | Acetone | Carbon Disulfide | Chloroform | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | Dichlorodifluoromethane | Isopropylbenzene (Cumene) | Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether | n-Butylbenzene | n-Propylbenzene | p-Isopropyltoluene | sec-Butylbenzene | tert-Butylbenzene | Tetrachloroethene (PCE) | Trichloroethene (TCE) | Trichlorofluoromethane | Vinyl Chloride |
| P10-2 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | Probe 10-2 | < 20 | | < 20 | | l | | - | | | Ī | l | | | | | < 20 | < 20 | < 20 | < 20 |
| P10-2 P10-4 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-2 Probe 10-4 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 25 | < 1.0 | < 20 < 1.0 | < 20 < 1.0 | < 20 < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 2.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| P10-5 | DOF | 7/7/2001 | Probe 10-5 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 25 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| 110-5 | DOI | 7/7/2001 | 11000 10-3 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | V 23 | | | mer South M | | | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 | < 1.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | e Boring Gro | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-20 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-20-GW | 0.25 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 5.7 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| F-21 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-21-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | 0.81 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| F-22 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-22-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 0.24 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| F-23 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-23-GW | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 0.39 | < 5.0 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 0.40 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| | <u>'</u> | 1 | | | l . | | | Area | a 12: Former | r Old Humb | e Oil Service | Station | l . | | | | | | | l | | |
| | | | | | | | | Re | connaissanc | e Boring Gro | oundwater S | amples | | | | | | | | | | |
| P-DOF-1 | DOF | 2/28/2007 | P-DOF-1 | | | | | 10.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Area 1 | 3: Former N | Northwest Au | ıto Wreckin | Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Re | connaissanc | e Boring Gro | oundwater S | amples | | | | | | | | | | |
| P10-1 | DOF | 7/3/2001 | P10-1 | 43 | 23 | | | | 0.77 | | | 5.4 | | | 18 | 1 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | Monitoring | Well Groun | dwater Sam | oles | • | | | | | | | | • | |
| DOF-2 | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-2-102416 | 0.33 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 7.4 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.27 | 6.1 | < 0.20 | 1.2 | 1.5 | < 0.20 | 1.7 | 0.67 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | 0.33 | < 0.20 |
| DOF-4 | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-4-102416 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 7.4 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.27 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 | < 0.20 |
| MTCA Cleanu | Levels for Gro | undwater ² | | NE | 80 | 1.22 | 7,200 | 800 | 1.41 | 16 | 1,600 | NE | 20 ³ | NE | 800 | NE | NE | NE | 5 ³ | | 2,400 | 0.2 |
| LDW Most-Str | ingent Groundw | ater PCUL: Potal | ble Water ² | 80 | 80 | 3.1 | 7,200 | 400 | 1.2 | 16 | 5.6 | 800 | 24 | 400 | 800 | NA | 800 | 800 | 2.9 | 0.70 | 120 | 0.18 |
| LDW Most-Str | ingent Groundw | ater PCUL: Nonp | ootable Water ² | 240 | NA | 3.1 | NA | 400 | 1.2 | NA | 5.6 | NA | 600 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.9 | 0.70 | 120 | 0.18 |
| NOTES: | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.
Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway
NA = not applicable
PCUL = preliminary cleanup level
VOCs = volatile organic compounds.

NOTES:

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

— denotes sample not analyzed or reporting limit unknown for non-detected analytes.

Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8260.

Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 9 Groundwater Analytical Results for Metals

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | Analytic | al Results (mi | crograms per li | ter) ¹ | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Total Arsenic | Dissolved Arsenic | Dissolved Cadmium | Total Lead | Dissolved Lead | Total Mangane |
| | | | Area 2: | Perishables Wa | rehouse | | | | |
| | | | Reconnaissance | e Boring Ground | lwater Samples | | | | |
| F-1 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-1-GW | | 11 | | | | |
| F-2 | Farallon | 10/20/2016 | F-2-GW | | 9.6 | | | | |
| | | | Monitoring | Well Groundwa | ter Samples | | | | |
| MW-101 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-101-101916 | | 48 | | | < 1.0 | |
| | | | Area 5: Form | ner Trailer Main | tenance Shop | | | | |
| | | | Reconnaissanc | e Boring Ground | lwater Samples | | | | |
| F-11 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-11-GW | | 3.1 | | | | |
| F-12 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-12-GW | | < 3.0 | | | | |
| F-14 | Farallon | 10/18/2016 | F-14-GW | | 9.9 | | | | |
| | | | Area 6: F | ormer Truck Re | pair Shop | | | | |
| | | | Reconnaissance | e Boring Ground | lwater Samples | | | | |
| F-16 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-16-GW | | < 3.0 | | | < 1.0 | |
| F-17 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-17-GW | | 3.2 | | | < 1.0 | |
| F-18 | Farallon | 10/17/2016 | F-18-GW | | 24 | | | < 1.0 | |
| | | | Monitoring | Well Groundwa | ter Samples | • | | | |
| MW-4 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-4-102116 | | 38 | | | | |
| MW-203 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-203-102116 | | < 3.0 | | | | |
| MW-207 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-207-102116 | | 27 | | | | |
| MW-AG1 | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | MW-AG1-102116 | | 4.8 | | | | |
| MW-AG2 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | MW-AG2-101916 | | 5.8 | | | | |
| | | | Area 7: Form | er Automobile Se | ervice Stations | | | | |
| | | | Monitoring | Well Groundwa | ter Samples | | | | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | | | |
| | DOF | 10/4/2010 | DOF-1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | | | | |
| DOF-1 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-1 | 1.5 | 0.3 | | | | |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-1 | | | Well I | | | |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-1 | 0.5 | 0.4 | | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | | 0.2 | < 0.1 | |
| | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | DOF-1-101916 | | < 3.0 | | | < 1.0 | |
| | | | | mer South Main | | | | | |
| | | _ | | e Boring Ground | | _ | | | |
| F-21 | Farallon | 10/19/2016 | F-21-GW | | < 3.0 | | | | |
| F-23 | Farallon ngent Groundwa | 10/19/2016 | F-23-GW | 8. | < 3.0 | 1.2 | 8 | .1 | 50 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| W Most-Stri | ngent Groundwa | ter PCUL: Non | ootable Water ³ | 8. | 0 | 1.2 | 8. | .1 | 100 |

Table 9 Groundwater Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

| | | | | | Analytic | cal Results (mic | crograms per li | ter) ¹ | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Total Arsenic | Dissolved Arsenic | Dissolved Cadmium | Total Lead | Dissolved Lead | Total Manganes |
| | | | Area 13: Former N | orthwest Auto V | Vrecking Prope | erty | | | |
| | | | Reconnaissance | e Boring Ground | water Samples | | | | |
| NWAW-P1 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P1 | | 6.2 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P2 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P2 | | 0.8 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P3 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P3 | | 3.7 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P4 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P4 | | 1.0 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P5 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P5 | | 0.7 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P6 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P6 | | 1.7 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P7 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P7 | | 1.0 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P8 | DOF | 10/27/2008 | NWAW-P8 | | 1.4 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NIMA III DO | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P9 | | 6.1 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P9 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P9 (duplicate) | | 2.6 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P10 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P10 | | 1.0 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P11 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P11 | | 2.3 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P12 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P12 | | 3.9 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P13 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P13 | | 10.3 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P14 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P14 | | 0.7 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P15 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P15 | | 0.9 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| NWAW-P16 | DOF | 10/28/2008 | NWAW-P16 | | 2.1 | < 1 | | < 0.2 | |
| | | | | Well Groundwa | | • | | | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-2 | 9.0 | 8.9 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-2 | 15.7 | 13.7 | | | | |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-2 | 14.2 | 12.6 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-2 | 24.5 | 19.7 | | | | |
| DOF-2 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-2 | 19.0 | 17.1 | | | | |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-2 | 35.1 | 35.7 | | 1.8 | 0.7 | 1,620 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-2 | 25.3 | 28.2 | | 1.0 | 0.3 | |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-2 | 20.5 | 20.2 | | 1.9 | 0.6 | |
| | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-2-102416 | | 6.1 | | | < 1.0 | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-3 | 9.1 | 8.6 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-3 | 5.2 | 5.2 | | | | |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-3 | 1.6 | 1.3 | | | | |
| DOF-3 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-3 | 1.5 | 0.9 | | | | |
| - - | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-3 | 3.4 | 1.2 | | 1.6 | 0.5 | 15,700 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-3 | 0.9 | 0.9 | | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| | Farallon | 10/21/2016 | DOF-3-102116 | | < 3.0 | | | <1.0 | |
| DW Most-Strii | ngent Groundwa | | | 8. | | 1.2 | 8 | | 50 |
| | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| DW Most-Strii | ngent Groundwa | ter PCUL: Noni | ootable Water ³ | 8. | U | 1.2 | 8. | .1 | 100 |

Groundwater Analytical Results for Metals Emerald Gateway Site

Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | Analytic | cal Results (mic | crograms per li | ter) ¹ | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Total Arsenic | Dissolved Arsenic | Dissolved Cadmium | Total Lead | Dissolved Lead | Total Manganese |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-4 | 7.5 | 7.9 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-4 | 5.7 | 6.5 | | | | |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-4 | 11.5 | 9.4 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-4 | 5.5 | 6.0 | | | | |
| DOF-4 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-4 | 5.8 | 6.4 | | | | |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-4 | 8.2 | 9.3 | | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | 10,100 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-4 | 11.0 | 11.3 | | 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| | Farallon | 10/24/2016 | DOF-4-102416 | | < 3.0 | | | <1.0 | |
| | DOF | 11/12/2009 | DOF-5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | | | | |
| | DOF | 3/18/2010 | DOF-5 | 1.1 | 0.9 | | | | |
| | DOF | 10/5/2010 | DOF-5 | 1.1 | 1.2 | | | | |
| DOF-5 | DOF | 3/3/2011 | DOF-5 | 1.0 | 0.9 | | | | |
| DOF-3 | DOF | 3/23/2012 | DOF-5 | 1.1 | 0.8 | | | | |
| | DOF | 8/28/2014 | DOF-5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | | 0.2 | < 0.1 | 14,400 |
| | DOF | 11/26/2014 | DOF-5 | 1.2 | 0.9 | | 0.4 | < 0.1 | |
| | DOF | 6/5/2015 | DOF-5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | | 0.1 | < 0.1 | |
| DW Most-Stri | ingent Groundwa | ter PCUL: Pota | ble Water ³ | 8. | 0 | 1.2 | 8 | .1 | 50 |
| DW Most-Stri | ingent Groundwa | ter PCUL: Non | potable Water ³ | 8. | 0 | 1.2 | 8. | .1 | 100 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc. Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway NA = not applicable

PCUL = preliminary cleanup level

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

[—] denotes sample not analyzed.

¹Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 200.8/6010 Series.

²Analyzed by Standard Method 2540D.

³Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 10 Soil Gas Analytical Results for Detected VOCs

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | An | alytical Res | sults (micro | ograms per | cubic met | er) ² | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|----------|
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Sample Depth (feet) ¹ | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 1,1-Dichloroethane | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,2-Dichloroethane | Benzene | Carbon Tetrachloride | Chloroethane | Chloroform | Ethylbenzene | Hexane | Methylene Chloride | Naphthalene | Tetrachloroethene (PCE) | Toluene | Trichloroethene (TCE) | m,p-Xylenes | o-Xylene |
| F-15 | Farallon | 10/19/2014 | SG-F15-101916 | 5.0 | < 0.0273 | < 0.109 | < 0.0324 | 1.43 | < 0.0809 | 2.36 | 0.126 | < 0.259 | 0.293 | 1.74 | 2.26 | 0.556 B | < 1.57 | 46.7 | 9.95 | < 0.0914 | 5.38 | 2.00 |
| F-16 | Farallon | 10/19/2014 | SG-F16-101916 | 5.0 | 0.109 | < 0.109 | < 0.0324 | 0.393 | < 0.0809 | 0.447 | < 0.126 | < 0.259 | 1.07 | 0.304 | 0.529 | 0.556 B | < 1.57 | 14.2 | 1.21 | < 0.0914 | 0.825 | 0.347 |
| F-17 | Farallon | 10/19/2014 | SG-F17-101916 | 5.0 | < 0.0273 | 0.164 | 1.01 | 10.3 | 0.364 | 21.5 | < 0.126 | < 0.259 | 0.342 | 9.94 | 349 | 0.486 B | 6.34 | 0.882 | 2.45 | 0.269 | 3.56 | 1.82 |
| F-18 | Farallon | 10/19/2014 | SG-F18-101916 | 5.0 | 0.655 | < 0.109 | < 0.0324 | 2.75 | 0.405 | 1.57 | 0.189 | 0.607 | 20.3 | 3.17 | 3.28 | 1.08 B | < 1.57 | 1.15 | 20.0 | < 0.0914 | 4.99 | 2.34 |
| LDW Subs | lab Soil Gas | Screening Lev | el: Protect Indoo | r Air ⁵ | 76,000 | 3.0 | 52 | 910 | 3.2 | 11 | 14 | 150,000 | 3.6 | 15,000 | | 8,300 | 2.5 | 320 | 76,000 | 12 | 1,500 | 1,500 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

B = analyte detected in associated method blank

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

¹Depth in feet below ground surface.

²Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method TO-15/SIM.

³Washington State Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Regulation Method B Sub-Slab Soil Gas Screening Levels, Table B-1 of Appendix B of the Guidance for Evaluating Soil Vapor Intrusion in Washington State: Investigation and Remedial Action, revised February 2016.

⁴m,p-Xylene screening level based on m-xylene screening level.

⁴Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

Table 11 Stormwater Analytical Results Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington

| | | _ | |
|----------|-----|-------|-----|
| Farallon | PN: | 1071- | 026 |

| | | | | | Ana | alytical Results (1 | micrograms per l | iter) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | Metals ¹ | | 1 | 1 | Hs ³ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 1120012 | | 149 - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Copper | Mercury | Zinc | Total PCB Congeners Benzo(a) Anthracene Chrysene < | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Emerald Gatew | ay - Unified Gro | cers | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q1 2012 | S1 | 6.82 | | 149 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2012 | S1 | 8.79 | | 82.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2012 | S1 | 7.94 | | 108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q4 2012 | S1 | 5.74 | | 104 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q1 2013 | S1 | 4.81 | | 71.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2013 | S1 | 5.11 | | 75.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2013 | S1 | 7 | | 133 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S1 | DOF | Q4 2013 | S1 | 14.6 | | 202 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | DOF | Q1 2014 | S1 | 4.2 | | 120 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2014 | S1 | 12.7 | | 155 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2014 | S1 | 3.48 | | 62.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q4 2014 | S1 | 6.78 | | 96.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q1 2015 | S1 | 2.64 | | 379 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2015 | S1 | 31.1 | | 170 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q4 2015 | S1 | 21.9 | | 162 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unknown | 5/28/2016 | S1 | 25.4 | | 203 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q1 2012 | S2 (old) | 3.93 | | 65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2012 | S2 (old) | 35.5 | | 399 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2012 | S2 (old) | 5.94 | | 47.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q4 2012 | S2 (old) | 7.71 | | 114 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q1 2013 | S2 (old) | 4.77 | | 41.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2013 | S2 (old) | 5.54 | | 75.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2013 | S2 (old) | 11.1 | | 209 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S2 | DOF | Q4 2013 | S2 (old) | 13.5 | | 254 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | DOF | Q1 2014 | S2 (old) | 3.72 | | 78.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q2 2014 | S2 (old) | 13.8 | | 126 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q3 2014 | S2 (old) | 16.8 | | 212 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DOF | Q4 2014 | S2 (old) | 3.7 | | 59.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | DOF | Q1 2015 | S2 (old) | 11.1 | | 122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | DOF | Q3 2015 | S2 (new) | 27.6 | | 279 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L | DOF | Q4 2015 | S2 (new) | 16.1 | | 343 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unknown | 5/28/2016 | S2 (new) | 22.8 | | 358 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Industrial Stormwater | | | | 14 | 1.4 | 117 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Washington State WQ | | l | | 3.7 | 0.025 | 86 | 0.03 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Washington State WQ | <u> </u> | | | 5.8 | 2.1 | 95 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| National Toxics Rule V | | <u> </u> | • | | | | 0.00017 | 0.031 | 0.031 | | | | | | | | | | |
| National Recommende | ed WQC - Human He | ealth, Consumption of | Organism Only | | | | 0.000064 | 0.018 | 0.018 | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 11 Stormwater Analytical Results Emerald Gateway Site

Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | Ana | alytical Results (r | nicrograms per l | iter) | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | Metals ¹ | | PCBs ² | PA | Hs ³ |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Copper | Mercury | Zinc | Total PCB Congeners | Benzo(a) Anthracene | Chrysene |
| • | DOF | Q3 2015 | S3 | 17.3 | | 198 | | | |
| S3 | DOF | Q4 2015 | S 3 | 23.3 | | 238 | | | |
| | Unknown | 5/28/2016 | S 3 | 32.8 | | 416 | | | |
| UG-MH-60 | Leidos | 9/11/2014 | UG-MH-60-20140911-W | 11 | 0.21 | 450 | 0.00154 J | 0.21 J | 0.16 J |
| Industrial Stormwate | r General Permit Ben | chmark | | 14 | 1.4 | 117 | | | |
| Washington State W(| QC - Marine Chronic ⁴ | l | | 3.7 | 0.025 | 86 | 0.03 | | |
| Washington State W(| QC - Marine Acute ⁴ | | | 5.8 | 2.1 | 95 | 10 | | |
| National Toxics Rule | WQC - Human Healt | h, Consumption of Or | ganism Only | | | | 0.00017 | 0.031 | 0.031 |
| National Recommend | ed WQC - Human He | alth, Consumption of | Organism Only | | | | 0.000064 | 0.018 | 0.018 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding one or more screening levels.

DOF = Dalton, Olmsted & Fuglevand, Inc.

J = result is an estimate

WQC = Water Quality Criteria

< denotes analyte not detected at or above the reporting limit listed.

¹Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 200.8.

²Analyzed by EPA Method 1668C.

³Analyzed by EPA Method 8270D/SIM.

⁴Table 240, Toxics Substances Crtiera, of the Water Quality Standards for Surface Waters of the State of Washington, Chapter 173-201A Washington Administrative Code.

Catch Basin Solids Analytical Results Emerald Gateway Site

Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | | | | | | | | | | Analytic | cal Results | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | | Metals (| mg/kg) ¹ | PCBs (| _ | Dioxins/Furans (ng/kg) ³ | | PAHs (μg/kg) ⁴ | · | | Phthalates (| ug/kg) ⁴ | | Other SVOCs (µg/kg) ⁴ | | TPH (mg/kg) | |
| Sample Location | Sampled By | Sample Date | Sample Identification | Mercury | Zinc | Total PCB Aroclors | Total PCB Congeners | Dioxin/Furan TEQ | Benzo(g,h,i) Perylene | Fluoranthene | cPAH TEQ | bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate | Butylbenzyl- phthalate | Diethyl- phthalate | Dimethyl- phthalate | N-Nitrosodi- phenylamine | GRO ⁵ | DRO ⁶ | ORO ⁶ |
| | | | | | | | | Emerald Gatew | vay - Unified Gr | ocers | | | | | | | | | |
| UG-MH-60 | Leidos | 9/11/2014 | UG-MH-60-20140911-S | 0.37 | 1,200 | 0.260 | 0.922 J | 35.3 J | 770 | 2,000 | 1,100 J | 12,000 | < 2,500 | 230 J | < 1,300 | 1,300 | 490 | 5,200 J | 19,000 J |
| OG-WIII-00 | Leidos | 9/11/2014 | UG-FD-01-20140911-S | 0.42 | 1,300 | 0.210 | 0.697 J | 36.3 J | 610 | 1,800 | 920 J | 11,000 | < 2,500 | < 2,500 | 900 J | 1,200 | 1,800 J | 4,600 J | 17,000 J |
| UG-MH-76 | Leidos | 9/11/2014 | UG-MH-76-20140911-S | 0.073 | 310 | 0.028 | 0.067 J | 5.46 J | 160 | 520 | 330 J | 1,900 | 90 J | < 160 | 300 | 27 J | 94 | 510 J | 2,800 |
| | Unknown | 9/19/2007 | NST2G-091907 | 0.09 | 282 | 0.068 | | | < 90 | 130 | 68.7 | 920 | < 90 | < 90 | < 90 | < 90 | | 410 | 1,600 |
| | Unknown | 4/9/2008 | NST2-040908 | 0.16 | 632 | 0.288 | | | 310 J | 1,200 | 700.6 | 7,000 | 260 | < 89 | 290 J | < 89 | | 1,400 | 4,400 |
| | Unknown | 10/2/2008 | NST2-100208 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unknown | 10/2/2008 | NST2-092308G | < 0.04 | 196 | < 0.14 | | | 20 | 94 | 43.31 | 490 | < 19 | < 19 | 48 | < 19 | | 100 | 280 |
| | Unknown | 3/31/2009 | NST2-033109 | | | 0.037 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unknown | 3/31/2009 | NST2-033109G | 0.04 | 141 | < 0.14 | | | 39 | < 120 | 58.68 | 360 | < 24 | < 24 | < 24 | < 24 | | < 64 | < 260 |
| | Unknown | 10/7/2009 | NST2-110310 | 0.2 | 1,460 | 0.10 | | | 530 | 1,600 | 867 | 15,000 B | < 320 | < 320 | < 320 | < 320 | | 520 | 3,500 |
| | Unknown | 10/7/2009 | NST2-110310G | < 0.03 | 174 J | < 0.14 | | | 61 J | 440 J | 156.4 | 240 B | < 60 | < 60 | < 60 | < 60 | | < 57 | 230 |
| SPU-NST2 | Unknown | 7/24/2012 | NST2-072412 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unknown | 7/24/2012 | NST2-072412G | 0.03 | 166 J | < 0.119 | | | 68 | 150 | 109.5 | 480 B | 29 J | < 47 | 88 | < 19 | | 79 | 300 |
| | Unknown | 5/28/2013 | NST2-052813 | 0.2 | 1,530 | 0.163 | | | 980 | 900 | 622.1 | 8,500 | 250 | < 440 | 180 | < 180 | | 960 | 4,400 |
| | Unknown | 5/28/2013 | NST2-052813G | < 0.02 | 378 | 0.024 | | | 78 | 140 | 93.7 | 760 | < 20 | < 50 | < 20 | < 20 | | 160 | 440 |
| | Unknown | 6/30/2014 | NST2-063014 | 0.24 | 2,390 | 0.310 | | | 2,000 | 2,300 | 1,437 | 17,000 | 450 J | < 600 | 540 J | < 600 | | 2,100 | 8,500 |
| | Unknown | 6/30/2014 | NST2-063014G | < 0.03 | 446 | < 0.126 | | | 24 | 40 | 28.99 | 200 | < 19 | < 19 | 220 | < 19 | | 66 | 370 |
| | Unknown | 5/9/2016 | NST2-050916 | 0.24 | 2,850 | 0.154 | | | 980 | 970 | 634.7 | 7,500 | 400 | < 320 | < 320 | < 320 | | | |
| | Unknown | 5/9/2016 | NST2-050916G | 0.17 | 532 | < 0.140 | | | 23 | 37 | 21.1 | 200 | < 19 | 17 J | < 19 | < 19 | | 25 | 150 |
| | Unknown | 4/25/2017 | NST2-042517 | 0.2543 | 1,440 | < 0.728 | | | < 460 | 663 J | 417.49 | 8,340 | < 636 | < 1,400 | < 509 | < 756 | | 1,210 | 4,970 |
| LDW SL-8: Protect Se | diment via Bank E | rosion (Soil Trans | port through Storm Drain) ⁷ | 0.41 | 410 | 0.13 | 0.0020 | 5.2 ⁸ | 670 | 1,700 | 90 | 1,300 | 63 | 200 | 71 | 28 | 30 ⁹ | 260 ¹⁰ | 2,0009 |

NOTES:

Results in **bold** and highlighted denote concentrations exceeding LDW SL-8: Protect Sediment via Bank Erosion that includes soil transport through a storm drain.

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

B = analyte detected in method blank

 $cPAH = carcinogenic\ polycyclic\ aromatic\ hydrocarbon$

DRO = total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel-range organics

GRO = TPH as gasoline-range organics

J = result is an estimate

 $\mu g/kg = micrograms \ per \ kilogram$

 $mg/kg = milligrams \ per \ kilogram$

NA = not applicable

ng/kg = nanogram per kilogram

ORO = TPH as oil-range organics PAH = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl

 $SMS = Washington \ State \ Sediment \ Management \ Standards$

SVOC = semivolatile organic compound

TEQ = toxic equivalent concentration

TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

¹Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 6010B/6010C/6020/7471A.

²Aroclors analyzed by EPA Method 8082; congeners analyzed by EPA Method 1668C.

³Analyzed by EPA Method 1613B.

⁴Analyzed by EPA Method 8270D/SIM.

⁵Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.

⁶Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.

Washington State Department of Ecology Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Level Workbook, revised April 2019.

⁸ Based on natural background concentration.

⁹ Based on SL-1: Direct Contact.

¹⁰ Based on terrestrial ecological unrestricted land use.

Preliminary Identification of Contaminants of Potential Concern

Emerald Gateway Site Seattle, Washington Farallon PN: 1071-026

| | | TPH | | | | | vo | Cs | | | | PAHs | | | | | | | | | | PCBs | | | Phthalates | | | | SVOC | Metals | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------|------|----------------------|-------|
| Matrix | DRO | ORO | GRO | Benzene | Toluene | Ethylbenzene | Xylenes | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | Chloroform | Naphthalene | 1-Methylnaphthalene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene | Fluoranthene | Fluorene | Phenanthrene | Benzo(a)Anthracene | Chrysene | Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene | Total cPAH TEC | Total LPAHs | Total PCB Aroclors | Total PCB Congeners | Dioxin/Furan TEQ | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | Butylbenzyl-phthalate | Diethylphthalate | Dimethylphthalate | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | Arsenic | Cadmium | Copper | | Manganese Mercury | 77/11 |
| 1 | X (SL-1) | | X (SL-9) | X (SL-6) | X (SL-6) | X (SL-6) | X (SL-5) | O (SL-7) | O (SL-1 | O (SL-7) | O (SL-5) | X (SL-6) | | X (SL-8) | | Χ (| (SL-7) X | K (SL-8) | X (SL-6) | | | | | X (SL-8) | X (SL-6) | | | | | | | | X (SL-10) X (| (SL-10) | X (SL-10) X (SI | L-9) | | X (5 |
| roundwater | X (GW-1) | X (GW-1) | X (GW-1) | X (GW-2) | | X (GW-2) | | | | | | X (GW-2) | X (GW-1 |) | | | | | | | X (GW-2) | X (GW-2) | X (GW-2) | | | | | | | | | | X (GW-5) | | | X (C | W-2) | |
| il Gas | | | | X (SG-1) | | | | | | | X (SG-1) | X (SG-1) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| mwater | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | |

NOTES:
X denotes the analyte has been detected at concentrations exceeding the most-stringent LDW PCUL or screening level in one or more samples collected from the site.
O denotes the exceedance is based on older data from 1996; data quality is suspect.

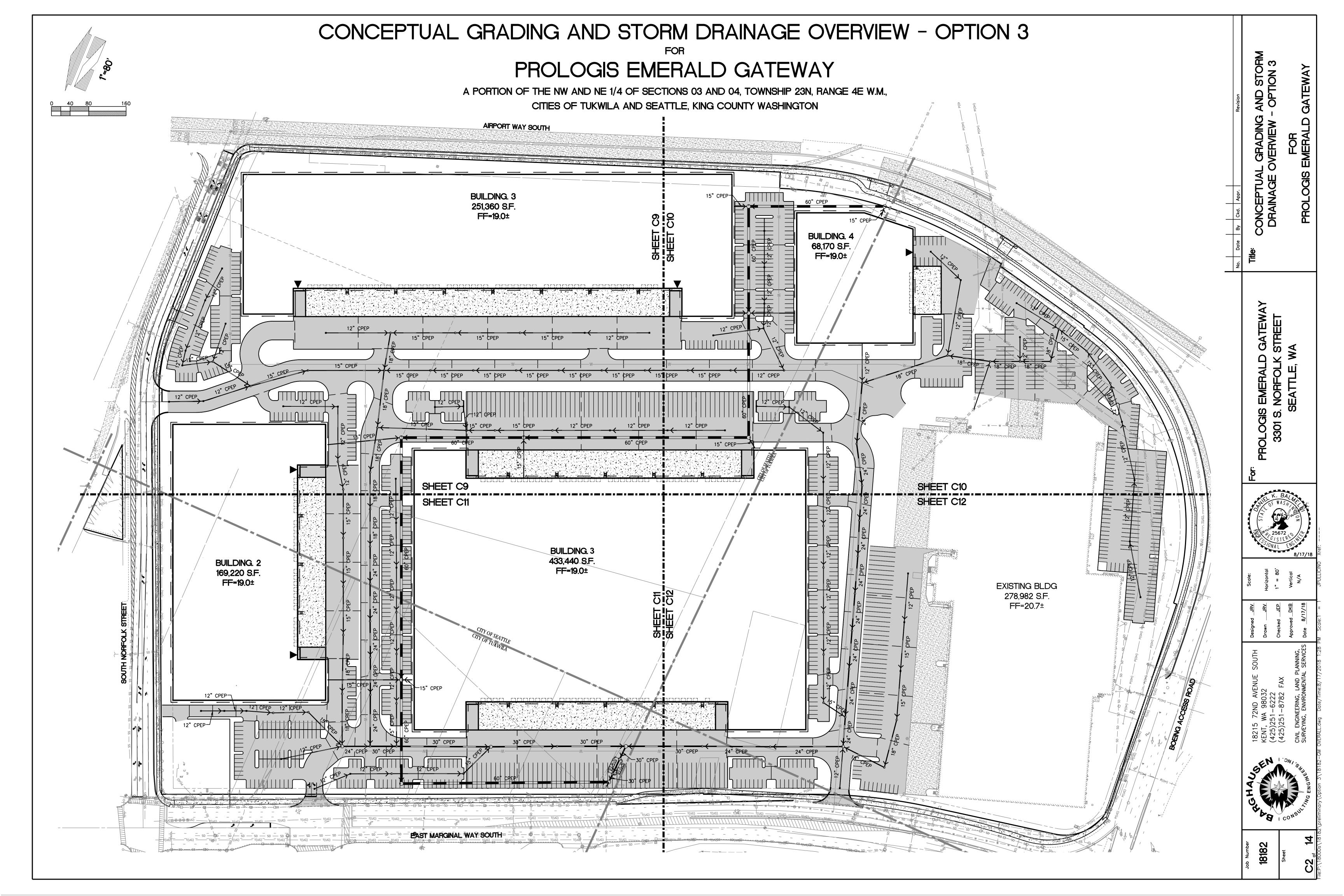
- SL-1 = Direct Contact
 SL-2 = Protect Drinking Water (Vadose Zone)
 SL-3 = Protect Surface Water via Groundwater (Vadose Zone)
 SL-4 = Protect Sediment via Groundwater (Vadose Zone)
- SL-4 = Protect Sediment via Groundwater (Vadose Zone)
 SL-5 = Protect Drinking Water (Saturated Zone)
 SL-6 = Protect Surface Water via Groundwater (Saturated Zone)
 SL-7 = Protect Sediment via Groundwater (Saturated Zone)
 SL-8 = Protect Desiment via Bank Erosion
 SL-9 = Site-Specific TEE Unrestricted Land Use
 SL-10 = Natural Background
 GW-1 = Protect Drinking Water
 GW-2 = Protect Surface Water

cPAH = carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
D/F = dioxins/furans
DRO = total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel-range organics
GRO = TPH as gasoline-range organics
LDW = Lower Duwamish Waterway
ORO = TPH as oil-range organics
PAH = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
PCB = polychlorinated bijphenyl
PCUL = preliminary cleanup level
SVOC = semivolatile organic compound
TFC = toxic equivalent concentration

TEC = toxic equivalent concentration
TEQ = toxic equivalent concentration
VOC = volatile organic compound

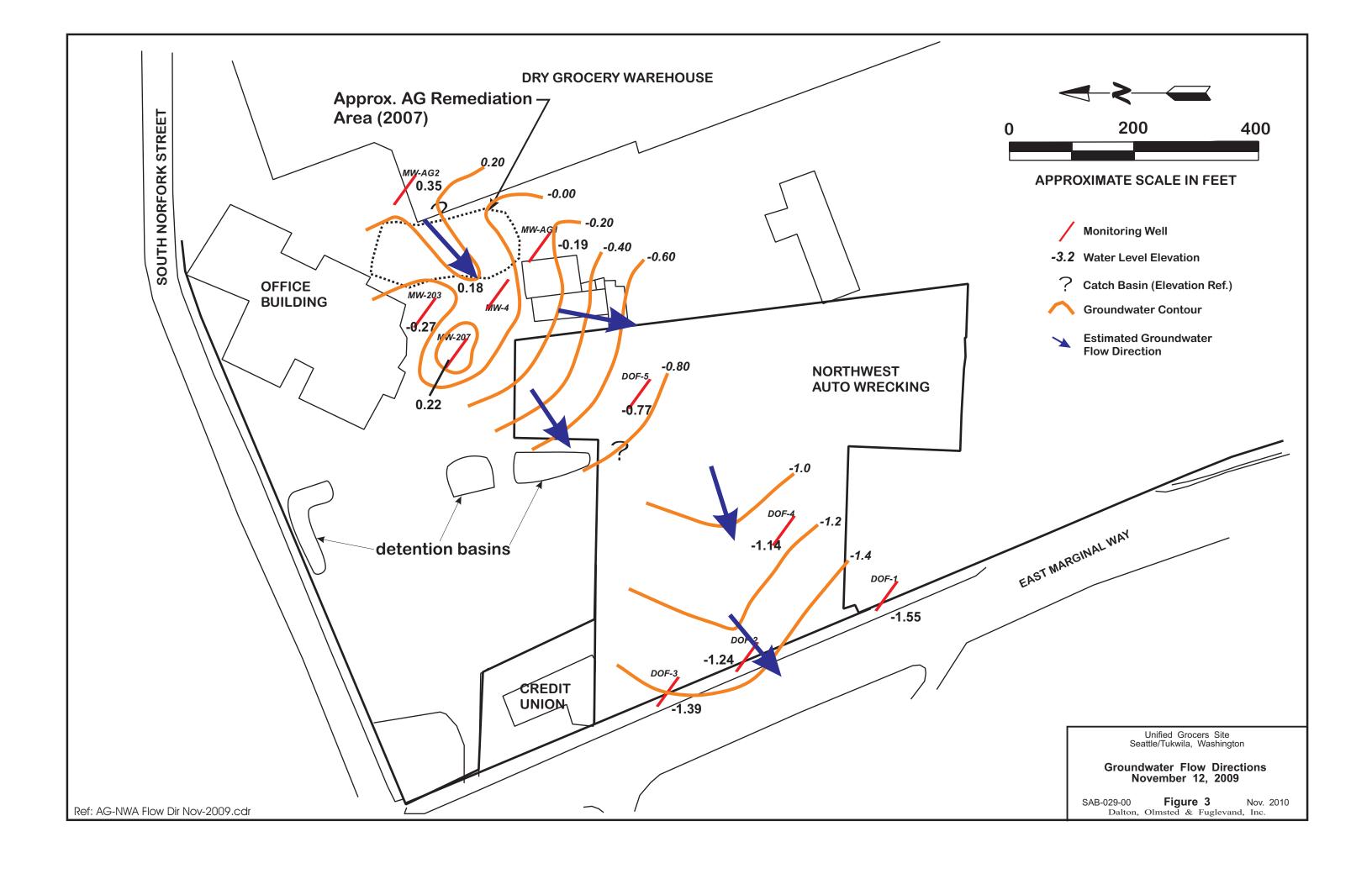
APPENDIX A PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

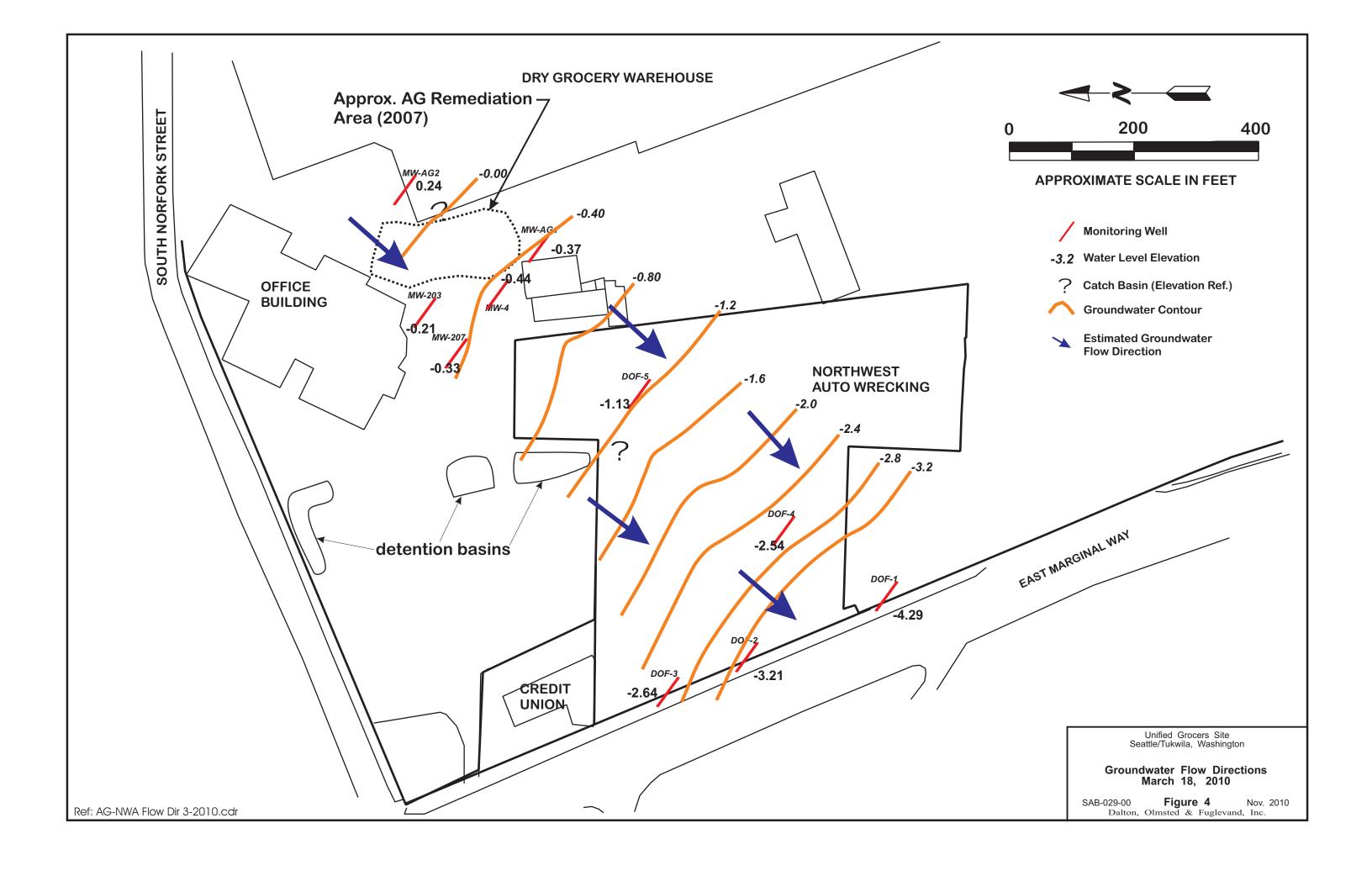
INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila Washington

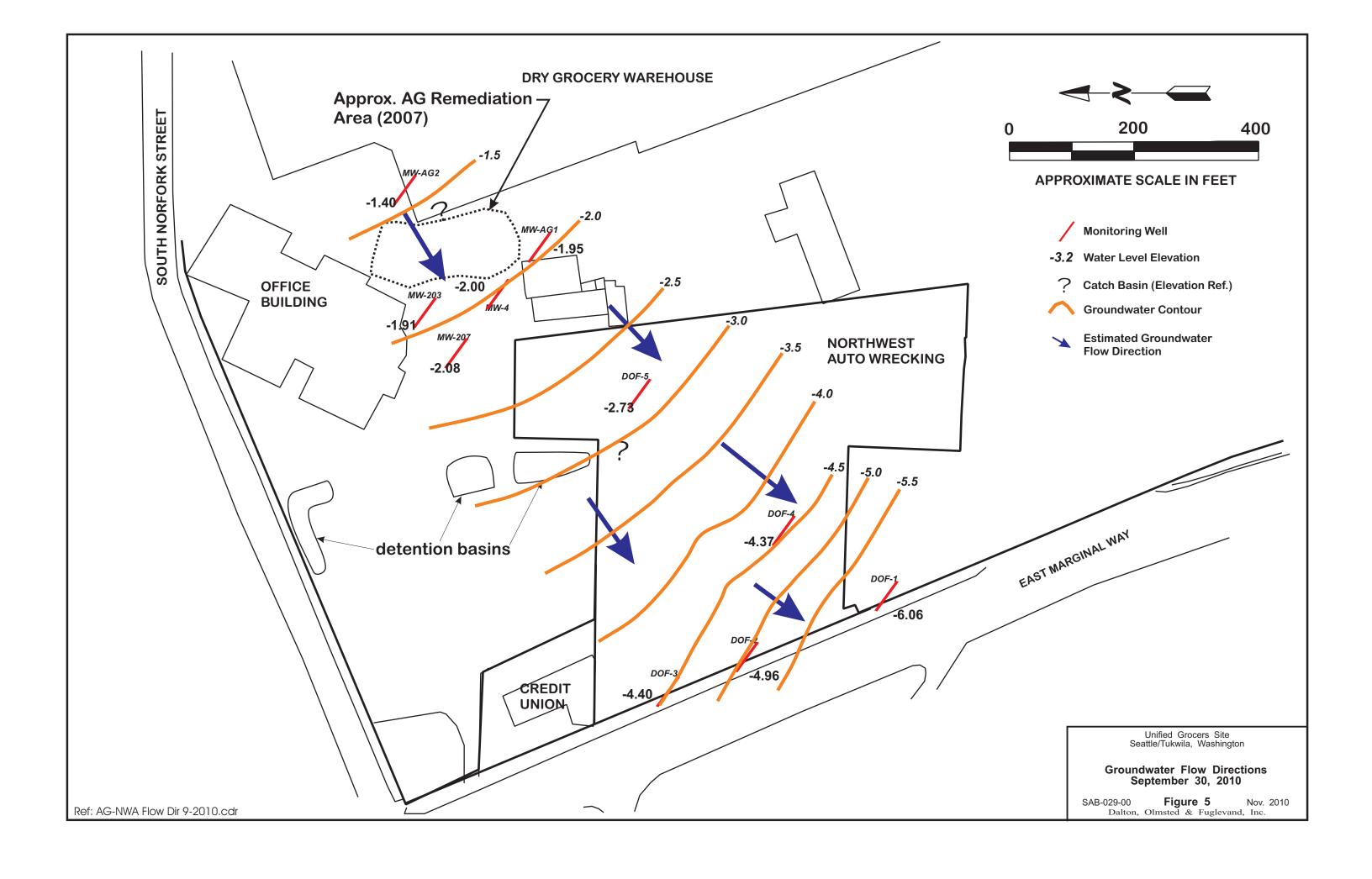


APPENDIX B GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAPS

INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington







APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT

INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

TERRA ASSOCIATES, Inc.

Consultants in Geotechnical Engineering, Geology and Environmental Earth Sciences

> April 14, 1993 Project No. T-914-1

Mr. Jim Troxel Supermarket Development Corporation 10700 Meridian Avenue, Suite 406 Seattle, Washington 98133

Subject:

Ongoing Groundwater Sampling Old "Humble Oil" Service Station 10065 E. Marginal Way Tukwila, Washington

Dear Jim:

As recommended to you in our Site Remediation report dated April 22, 1991, we have continued to conduct environmental sampling at 10065 E. Marginal Way in Seattle, Washington.

Well sampling has been performed using laboratory prepared glassware and a laboratory cleaned hand-operated pump and laboratory cleaned bailers. To obtain representative groundwater samples, at least three well volumes were purged prior to sampling. The benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene and xylenes (BETX) have been measured using gas chromatography EPA Methods 5030/8020 and WTPH/G with a BETX distinction.

In addition, we sampled two wells, placed in Boring B-5 and B-7, for total dissolved lead. The well in Boring B-7 was also sampled for chlorinated compounds by EPA Method 601/602. The additional testing was done in these two wells based on the proximity of Boring B-5 to former USTs and the elevated BETX formerly found in Boring B-7. Chain of custody protocols were followed for all chemical samples on this project.

The following table presents a summary of all chemical data on the groundwater samples. Also presented are the current cleanup levels for groundwater from the Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Chapter 173-340 WAC. The cleanup level criteria used on this project is Method A for groundwater, Section WAC 173-340-720.

Groundwater Sample Summary Monitoring Well Placed in Boring B-3

| | | | | | Xyl | ene |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| Date of Sample | TPH ppm (418.1) | Benzene ppb | Et-Benzene ppb | Toluene ppb | m,p ppb | o ppb |
| 1-18-89 | 1 | 110 | <1 | <1 | 97 | 6 |
| 2-7-89 | 2 | 62 | <1 | <1 | 50 | 3 |
| 6-27-90 | <10 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 10-9-90 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-29-93 | <0.1 a) | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | |

Groundwater Sample Summary Monitoring Well Placed in Boring B-4

| | | | | | Xylen | ie |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| Date of Sample | TPH ppm (418.1) | Benzene ppb | Et-Benzene ppb | Toluene ppb | m,p ppb | o ppb |
| 1-18-89 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 1 | <1 |
| 6-27-90 | <2 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 10-9-90 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-29-93 | <.1 a) | <1 | <1 | 2 | <2 | |

Groundwater Sample Summary Monitoring Well Placed in Boring B-5

| | | | | Xylene | | |
|---------|---------|---------|------------|---------|-----|-----|
| Date of | TPH ppm | Benzene | Et-Benzene | Toluene | m,p | 0 |
| Sample | (418,1) | ppb | ppb | ppb | ppb | ppb |
| 1-18-89 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 1 | <1 |
| 6-27-90 | <2 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 10-9-90 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-29-93 | <.1 a) | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | 2 |

Groundwater Sample Summary Monitoring Well Placed in Boring B-6

| | | | | | | Xylene |
|----------------|-----------------|----|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| Date of Sample | TPH ppm (418.1) | | Et-Benzene ppb | Toluene ppb | m,p ppb | o ppb |
| 6-27-90 | <2 | <1 | <1 | 2 | <1 | <1 |
| 10-9-90 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-29-93 | <.1 a) | <1 | <1 | 2 | | <2 |

Groundwater Sample Summary Monitoring Well Placed in Boring B-7

| | | | | | | Xylene |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| Date of Sample | TPH ppm (418.1) | Benzene ppb | Et-Benzene ppb | Toluene ppb | m,p ppb | o ppb |
| 2-10-89 | 39 | 160 | <1 | <1 | 61 | 4 |
| 6-29-90 | <2 | 120 | 1 | 1 | 39 | <1 |
| 8-20-90 | NT | 88 | <4 | <4 | 7 | <4 |
| 10-9-90 | NT | 139 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-21-91 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-21-91* | NT | <2 | <2 | <2 | <2 | <2 |
| 3-21-91 | NT | 22 | <1 | <1 | <2 | <1 |
| 10-25-91 | <0.1 a) | 13 | <1 | <1 | A Section 1 | <3 |
| 5-7-92* | NT | 3 | <1 | <1 | | <1 |
| 11-9-92 | NT | 19.00 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 1-29-93 | 0.2 <0.1 a) | <1 | <1 | <1 | | <2 |

^{*} indicates sample taken from B-7A

Groundwater Sample Summary Recovery Sump RS-1

| | | | | | Xyl | ene |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| Date of Sample | TPH ppm (418.1) | Benzene ppb | Et-Benzene ppb | Toluene ppb | m,p ppb | o ppb |
| 8-7-90 | NT | 450 | 470 | 1,600 | 2,400 | |
| 8-20-90 | NT | 28 | 36 | 48 | 150 | 60 |
| 10-11-90 | <1.3 | 12 | <10 | <10 | 13 | 9 |
| 11-21-90 | NT | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| 12-13-90 | NT | 13 | 17 | <1 | 6. | 9 |
| 2-25-93 | <0.1 a) 0.2 | <0.1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | |
| | | | | | | |
| <u>Notes</u> | | | | | | |
| MTCA Clear Criteria | nup 1.0 | 5 | 30 | 40 | 20 | |

a) = TPH by Method WTPH-G

NT signifies not tested for this parameter

ppm - parts per million

ppb - parts per billion

No chlorinated solvents were detected in the January 29, 1993 sample from Boring B-7 within the stated detection limits.

The results of dissolved lead testing for water samples taken from Borings B-5 and B-7 on February 25 indicated that no lead was present with a detection limit of 2 parts per billion (ppb). The MTCA clean up goal for lead using Method A is 5 ppb and the drinking water standard is 50 ppb.

Based on the results of the past few rounds of sampling and the historic downward trend in the contaminant level, it is our opinion that further monitoring at this site is not warranted. The decrease in the contaminants present in the groundwater is a result of the removal of the apparent source (the former dry well), the removal of contaminated soils in the capillary fringe zone and the incidental introduction of oxygen to further allow natural degradation of the contaminated constituents. In addition, 11,000 gallons of groundwater were removed and treated off site.

Mr. Jim Troxel April 14, 1993

At this time, the protective covers over many of the monitoring wells have been damaged. We recommend that the wells either be abandoned in accordance with Ecology requirements or that the protective covers by replaced. We can arrange for lawful abandonment of the monitoring wells, if requested.

We trust that this letter adequately summarizes the results of analytical testing and our opinions. Please call us if you have any questions or if we may be of further service to you on this project.

Sincerely yours,

TERRA ASSOCIATES, INC.

Charles R. Lie Registered Site Assessor

Anil Butail, P.E.
President
ONAL V
ON

17/493 Analytical Test Results, Appendix A Encl:

WDOE NWRO, Joe Hickey cc:

APPENDIX A

ANALYTICAL TEST RESULTS

Sampling Dates November 9, 1992, January 29, 1993 and February 25, 1993

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

3008-B 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119 FAX: (206) 283-5044

RECEIVED NOV 1 3 1992

Andrew John Friedman James E. Bruya, Ph.D. (206) 285-8282

November 11, 1992

Chuck Lie, Project Leader Terra Associates, Inc. 12525 Willows Road NE, Suite 101 Kirkland, WA 98034

Dear Mr. Lie:

Enclosed are the results of the analyses of the sample submitted on November 9, 1992 from Project 914-1, S. Norfolk Site.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you have any questions regarding this material, or if you just want to discuss any aspect of your projects, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

amy Gray

Chemist

AMG/dp

Enclosures

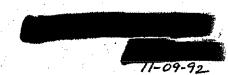
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: November 11, 1992 Date Submitted: November 9, 1992 Project: 914-1, S. Norfolk Site

> RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF THE WATER SAMPLE FOR VOLATILE AROMATIC ORGANIC COMPOUNDS USING EPA METHODS 5030 AND 602 Results Reported as ng/mL (ppb)

| Sample # | Benzene | Toluene | Et-Benzene | <u>Ху</u> <i>т.р</i> | lene a | Internal Standard (% Recovery) |
|--|---------------|---------|------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 2" Monitoring Well | 1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 98% |
| Quality Assurance | | | | | | |
| Method Blank | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 97% |
| 2" Monitoring Well (Duplicate) | 1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 97% |
| 2" Monitoring Well (Matrix Spike) Percent Recovery | 91% | 90% | 89% | 92% | 93% | 94% |
| 2" Monitoring Well (Matrix Spike Dupl Percent Recovery | icate) 90% | 88% | 87% | 87% | 82% | 91% |
| Spike Blank Percent Recovery | 100% | 99% | 100% 1 | .10% | 100% | 110% |
| Spike Level | 100 | 100 | 100 1 | .00 . | 100 | |

14455MAN & BRUYA, INC. 3008-B 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119



SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

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| SAMPLERS (signature) | <i>n</i> | | | PROJ | ECT LOCATION | | | |
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| | | | | 0 0 | Dispose after 30 day Return Samples Call for Instructions | \$ | | |
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| Received by: | Mark 2 Per | -in | FBI | | 11/7/92 | 10:20am | | |
| delinquished by: | | | | | | | | |
| eceived by: | . 19 | `` | | | | | | |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Andrew John Friedman James E. Bruya, Ph.D. (206) 285-8282 3008-B 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119 FAX: (206) 283-5044

February 4, 1993

Chuck Lie, Project Leader Terra Associates, Inc. 12525 Willows Road NE, Suite 101 Kirkland, WA 98034

Dear Mr. Lie:

Enclosed are the results from the testing of material submitted on January 29, 1993 from Project T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

Jeffrey D. Anderson

Chemist

JDA/dp

Enclosures

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND GASOLINE USING EPA METHODS 8020 AND 8015

Results Reported as µg/L (ppb)

| Sample # | Benzene | <u>Toluene</u> | Ethyl <u>Benzene</u> | Total <u>Xylenes</u> | Gasoline | Internal Standard % Recovery |
|---|---------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| B-3 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 106% |
| B-4 | <1 | 2 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 71% |
| B-5 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 100% |
| B-6 | <1 | 2 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 108% |
| B-7 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 106% |
| Quality Assurance | | | | | | |
| Blank | <1 | <1 | <1 | ,2 | <100 | 109% |
| B-3 (Duplicate) | <1 | <1 | <1 | <2 | <100 | 100% |
| B-3 (Matrix Spike) % Recovery | 85% | 84% | 83% | 81% | 115% | 92% |
| B-3 (Matrix Spike Duplicate) % Recovery | 87% | 85% | 84% | 82% | na | 100% |
| Spike Blank % Recovery | 97% | 97% | 98% | 96% | 87% | 90% |
| Spike Level | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | |

na The analyte indicated was not added to the matrix spike sample.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLE FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS USING EPA METHODS 601 AND 602 Samples Processed Using Method 5020 Results Reported as µg/L (ppb)

| Sample ID | <u>B-7</u> |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Analyte: | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | <1 |
| Methylene Chloride | <1 |
| t-Dichloroethylene | <1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | <1 |
| Chloroform | <0.1 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | <0.1 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.1 |
| Benzene | <1 |
| Trichloroethylene | <0.1 |
| Toluene | <1 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | < 0.1 |
| Ethylbenzene | <1 |
| $m,\!p	ext{-}\mathrm{Xylenes}$ | <1 |
| o-Xylene | <1 |
| Surrogate Standard % Recovery | 106% |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLE FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS USING EPA METHODS 601 AND 602

Samples Processed Using Method 5020 Results Reported as $\mu g/L$ (ppb) Quality Assurance

| Sample# | <u>Blank</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Analyte: | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | <1 |
| Methylene Chloride | <1 |
| t-Dichloroethylene | <1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | <1 |
| Chloroform | <0.1 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | <0.1 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | <0.1 |
| Benzene | < 0.1 |
| Trichloroethylene | < 0.1 |
| Toluene | <1 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | <0.1 |
| Ethylbenzene | <1 |
| m,p-Xylenes | <1 |
| o-Xylene | <1 |
| Surrogate Standard % Recovery | 109% |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLE FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS USING EPA METHODS 601 AND 602 Samples Processed Using Method 5020 Results Reported as % Recovery Quality Assurance

| Sample# | B-7 <u>Matrix Spike</u> % Recovery | B-7 <u>Matrix Spike Duplicate</u> % Recovery | Spike <u>Level</u> |
|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
| Analyte: | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | 84% | 85% | 1,000 |
| Methylene Chloride | 90% | 91% | 1,000 |
| t-Dichloroethylene | 85% | 86% | 1,000 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 85% | 87% | 1,000 |
| Chloroform | 87% | 88% | 1,000 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 83% | 85% | 1,000 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 83% | 87% | 1,000 |
| Benzene | 85% | 87% | 1,000 |
| Trichloroethylene | 84% | 85% | 1,000 |
| Toluene | 84% | 85% | 1,000 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 83% | 85% | 1,000 |
| Ethylbenzene | 83% | 84% | 1,000 |
| m,p-Xylenes | 82% | 83% | 1,000 |
| o-Xylene | 93% | 84% | 1,000 |
| Surrogate Standard % Recovery | 99% | 100% | |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLE FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS USING EPA METHODS 601 AND 602 Samples Processed Using Method 5020 Results Reported as % Recovery Quality Assurance

| Sample # | Spike Blank | Spike <u>Level</u> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Analyte: | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | 98% | 1,000 |
| Methylene Chloride | 96% | 1,000 |
| t-Dichloroethylene | 97% | 1,000 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 97% | 1,000 |
| Chloroform | 97% | 1,000 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 98% | 1,000 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 97% | 1,000 |
| Benzene | 97% | 1,000 |
| Trichloroethylene | 97% | 1,000 |
| Toluene | 97% | 1,000 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 96% | 1,000 |
| Ethylbenzene | 94% | 1,000 |
| m,p-Xylenes | 96% | 1,000 |
| o-Xylene | 97% | 1,000 |
| Surrogate Standard % Recovery | 106% | |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS **BY IR (METHOD 418.1)**

(MODIFIED TO REPORT RESULTS AS DIESEL) Results Reported as mg/L (ppm)

| Sample # | Fotal Petroleum <u>Hydrocarbons</u> |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| B-3 | 0.5 |
| B-7 | 0.2 |
| Quality Assurance | |
| Tap Water Blank | <0.2 |
| Tap Water (Matrix Spike) % Recovery | 107% |
| Tap Water (Matrix Spike Duplicate) % Recovery | 89% |
| Spike Level | 5 |

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: February 4, 1993 Date Received: January 29, 1993 Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

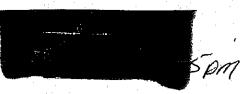
RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FOR DISSOLVED LEAD

Results Reported as mg/L (ppm

| Sample #: | Dissolved Lead |
|---|----------------|
| B-5 | <0.1 |
| B-7 | <0.1 |
| | |
| Quality Assurance | |
| Blank | <0.1 |
| B-5 (Duplicate) | <0.1 |
| B-5 (Matrix Spike) % Recovery | 118% |
| B-5 (Matrix Spike Duplicate) % Recovery | 118% |
| Spike Blank % Recovery | 106% |
| Spike Level | 10 |

HALEDMAN & BRUYA, INC. 1008-B 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY



| Send Report To: Company TERRY A | L-< n/ | | | Chuck | 1.0 | |
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| * only 1 vo. | AS WAS OF BETX+ WIPH, | stained G tes | stina | 0 E | E DISPOSAL INFORM Dispose after 30 days Leturn Samples Call for Instructions | ······································ |
| SAMPLE # | Date/Time Sampled | Type of Sample | # of Jars | | Requested | |
| B-3 | 1/29/93/12:00 | Hzo | 2 | 36 76507/ | | H/G, WTPH/ |
| B-4 | 1/29/93/12:30 | H20 | 2 | | BETK WI | 1/18 |
| B-5 | 1/29/93/2:15 | Hro | 1 _ 1 | - 1 I | | -PH/G. dissolu |
| B-6 | 1/29/93/2:00 | Hro | 2 | 3677778 | BETX, WTPH/C | En- |
| <u>B-7</u> | 1/29/93/10:30 | H20 | 4 | 36779-82 |)601 WTPH | 1/6, dissolved (lead |
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ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Andrew John Friedman James E. Bruya, Ph.D. (206) 285-8282 3008-B 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119 FAX: (206) 283-5044

March 4, 1993

Chuck Lie, Project Leader Terra Associates, Inc. 12525 Willows Road NE, Suite 101 Kirkland, WA 98034

Dear Mr. Lie:

Enclosed are the results from the testing of material submitted on February 25, 1993 from Project T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C..

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

Jeffrey D. Anderson

Chemist

JDA/dp

Enclosures

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: March 4, 1993 Date Received: February 25, 1993

Project: T-914-1, So. Norfolk St. - S.D.C.

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLE FOR BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, XYLENES AND GASOLINE USING EPA METHODS 8020 AND 8015

Results Reported as mg/L (ppm)

| Sample# | Benzene I | <u> Coluene</u> | Ethyl <u>Benzene</u> | Total <u>Xylenes</u> | <u>Gasoline</u> | Internal Standard % Recovery |
|--|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| RS-1 | < 0.0001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | <0.002 | < 0.1 | 92% |
| | | | | | | |
| Quality Assurance | | | | | | |
| Blank | < 0.0001 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | < 0.002 | < 0.1 | 96% |
| RS-1 (Duplicate) | < 0.0001 | <0.001 | < 0.001 | <0.002 | <0.1 | 108% |
| RS-1 (Matrix Spike) % Recovery | 96% | 96% | 94% | 94% | 99% | 100% |
| RS-1 (Matrix Spike Duplicate) % Recovery | 97% | 97% | 97% | 98% | 99% | 112% |
| Spike Blank % Recovery | 101% | 101% | 101% | 102% | 108% | 120% |
| Spike Level | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1 | |

2 25.93

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Send Report Toi 1550C-TRRA Company_ HUCK LIE Contact Address 1252 SITE NO. PROJECT NAME PURCHASE ORDER # St. - 5.2.0 PROJECT LOCATION Corner of s. Norfoll ma REMARKS SAMPLE BISPOSAL INFORM. O Dispose after 30 days O Return Samples O Call for Instructions SAMPLE # Date/Time Type of # of Analyses Sampled Sample Jars Sample # Requested 11:00 Via SIGNATURE PRINT NAME COMPANY Date Time Relinguished by 2:00 Received by: 200/2 Relinquished by: Received by



18939 120th Avenue N.E., Suite 101 · Bothell, WA 98011-2569 Phone (206) 481-9200 · FAX (206) 485-2992

Terra Associates 12525 Willows Rd, Suite 101 Kirkland, WA 98034 Attention: Charles Lie Client Project ID: Analysis Method: Analysis for: First Sample #: T-914-1 EPA 7421 Dissolved Lead 302-0886 Water Sampled: Feb 25, 1993 Received: Feb 26, 1993 Digested: Mar 2, 1993 Analyzed: Mar 3, 1993 Reported: Mar 4, 1993

METALS ANALYSIS FOR:

Matrix:

Dissolved Lead

| Sample Number | Sample Description | Reporting Limit μg/L (ppb) | Sample Result µg/L (ppb) |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 302-0886 | MW #5 | 2.0 | N.D. |
| 302-0887 | MW #7 (2") | 2.0 | N.D. |
| BLK030293 | Method Blank | 2.0 | N.D. |

Analytes reported as N.D. were not detected above the stated Reporting Limit.

NORTH CREEK ANALYTICAL inc

Kimberle Stark Project Manager



18939 120th Avenue N.E., Suite 101. Bothell, WA 98011-2569 Phone (206) 481-9200 · FAX (206) 485-2992

Terra Associates

12525 Willows Rd, Suite 101

Kirkland, WA 98034 Attention: Charles Lie Client Project ID: T-914-1

Sample Matrix: Water

Units: µg/L (ppb)

Analyst:

K. Ackerlund

Digested:

Mar 2, 1993

Reported: Mar 4, 1993

METALS QUALITY CONTROL DATA REPORT

ANALYTE

Lead

EPA Method: Date Analyzed:

7421 Mar 3, 1993

ACCURACY ASSESSMENT

LCS Spike Conc. Added:

25

LCS Spike

Result: 25

LCS Spike

% Recovery: 100

Upper Control

Limit:

114

Lower Control

Limit:

82

Matrix Spike

Sample #:

302-0868

Matrix Spike

% Recovery:

105

PRECISION ASSESSMENT

Sample #:

302-0868

Original:

19

Duplicate:

19

Relative %

Difference:

Project Manager

0.0

NORTH CREEK ANALYTICAL inc Lab Control Sample

Kimberle Stark

% Recovery:

Conc. of L.C.S.

L.C.S. Spike Conc. Added

x 100

Original Result - Duplicate Result

x 100

Relative % Difference: (Original Result + Duplicate Result) /



CHAIN OF CUSTODY REPORT

18939 120th Avenue N.E., Suite 101 • Bothell, WA 98011-2569 Phone (206) 481-9200 • FAX (206) 485-2992

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| | 7 |) | BILIN | BILLING TO: | | | • | 2 DAY RUSH |) | +80%) |
| Kirkland, WA. 78103 | 4. 98103 | | O. N. | P.O. NUMBER: | | | | 3 DAY RUSH |) | (+90%) |
| PHONE: 821-7777 | FAX: 82 | 1-4334 | NCAC | NCA QUOTE #: | | | | 5 DAY RUSH |) | (+40%) |
| PROJECT NAME: So. Novelell ST | 12 | | lerd | AN | ANALYSIS REQUESTED | ESTED | | 10 DAY STANDARD | | LIST PRICE) |
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18939 120th Avenue N.E., Suite 101 · Bothell, WA 98011-2569 Phone (206) 481-9200 · FAX (206) 485-2992

Terra Associates 12525 Willows Rd, Suite 101 Kirkland, WA, 08034

12525 Willows Rd, Suite 19 Kirkland, WA 98034 Attention: Charles Lie Client Project ID: Analysis Method: Analysis for:

First Sample #:

T-914-1 EPA 7421 Dissolved Lead 302-0886

Water

Sampled: Received: Feb 25, 1993 Feb 26, 1993 Mar 2, 1993

Digested: Analyzed: Reported:

Mar 2, 1993 Mar 3, 1993 Mar 4, 1993

METALS ANALYSIS FOR:

Matrix:

Dissolved Lead

| Sample Number | Sample Description | Reporting Limit μg/L (ppb) | Sample Result µg/L (ppb) |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 302-0886 | MW #5 | 2.0 | N.D. |
| 302-0887 | MW #7 (2") | 2.0 | N.D. |
| BLK030293 | Method Blank | 2.0 | N.D. |

Analytes reported as N.D. were not detected above the stated Reporting Limit.

NORTH CREEK ANALYTICAL inc

Kimberle Stark Project Manager



18939 120th Avenue N.E., Suite 101. Bothell, WA 98011-2569 Phone (206) 481-9200 · FAX (206) 485-2992

Terra Associates

12525 Willows Rd, Suite 101

Kirkland, WA 98034 Attention: Charles Lie Client Project ID: T-914-1 Sample Matrix: Water

Units: µg/L (ppb)

Analyst: K. Ackerlund

Digested:

Mar 2, 1993

Reported:

Mar 4, 1993

METALS QUALITY CONTROL DATA REPORT

ANALYTE

Lead

EPA Method: Date Analyzed:

7421 Mar 3, 1993

ACCURACY ASSESSMENT

LCS Spike

Conc. Added:

25

LCS Spike

Result:

25

LCS Spike

% Recovery:

100

Upper Control

Limit:

114

Lower Control

Limit:

82

Matrix Spike

Sample #:

302-0868

Matrix Spike

% Recovery:

105

PRECISION ASSESSMENT

Sample #:

302-0868

Original:

19

Duplicate:

19

Relative %

Difference:

0.0

NORTH CREEK ANALYTICAL inc Lab Control Sample

Kimberle Stark **Project Manager**

Conc. of L.C.S.

x 100

% Recovery:

L.C.S. Spike Conc. Added

Relative % Difference:

Original Result - Duplicate Result

x 100

(Original Result + Duplicate Result) / 2



CHAIN OF CUSTODY REPORT

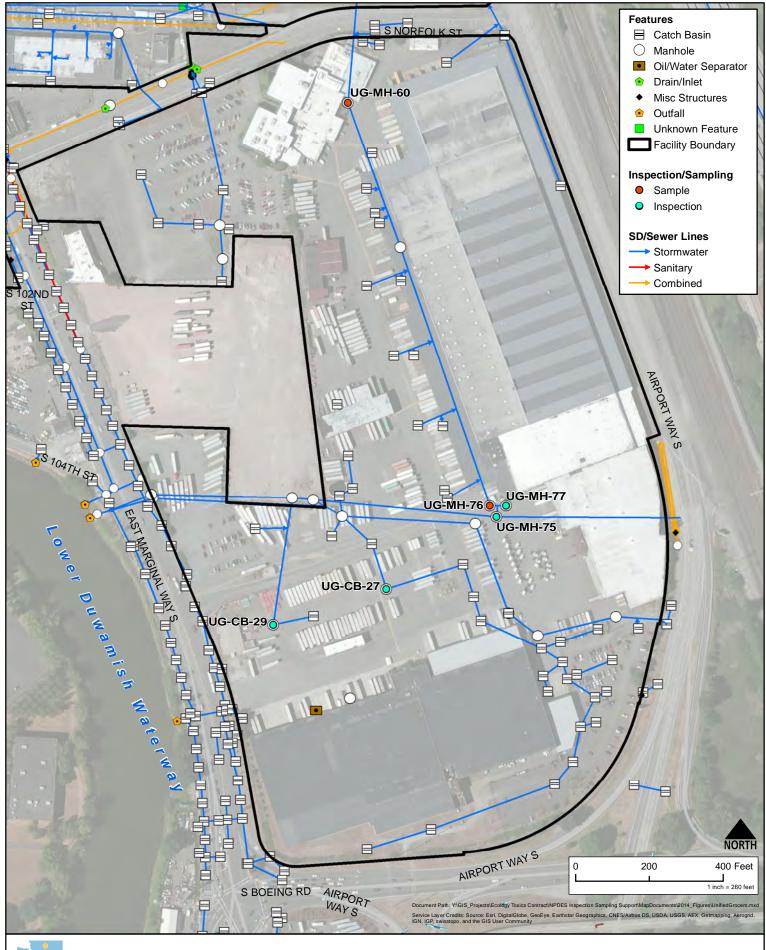
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APPENDIX D CATCH BASIN SAMPLE LOCATIONS

INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026





ECOLOGY



APPENDIX E SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN

INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
Emerald Gateway Site
3301 South Norfolk Street
Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026

Oakland | Folsom | Irvine

California



SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN

APPENDIX D OF THE
INTERIM ACTION WORK PLAN
EMERALD GATEWAY SITE
3301 SOUTH NORFOLK STREET
SEATTLE/TUKWILA, WASHINGTON

Submitted by: Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. 975 5th Avenue Northwest Issaquah, Washington 98027

Farallon PN: 1071-026

Prepared For:
Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC
Pier 1, Bay 1
San Francisco, California 94111

August 12, 2019

Prepared by:

Pete Kingston, L.G. Senior Geologist

Reviewed by:

Peter Jewett, L.G., L.E.G. Principal Engineering Geologist



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Appendix A Ecology Guidance Tables



ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

DRO total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel-range organics

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

Ecology Soil Guidance Guidance for Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Soils

dated September 2011, revised June 2016 prepared by the

Washington State Department of Ecology

Ecology UST Guidance Guidance for Site Checks and Site Assessments for

Underground Storage Tanks dated September 1991, revised April 2003 prepared by the Washington State Department of

Ecology

Farallon Farallon Consulting, L.L.C.

Former NWAW the former Northwest Auto Wrecking, Inc. property at

Property 10230 East Marginal Way South in Seattle, Washington on

the Property

HASP Health and Safety Plan

HAZWOPER Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response

Prologis Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC

Property the Emerald Gateway property at 3301 South Norfolk

Street in Seattle and Tukwila, Washington

SMP Site Management Plan, Appendix D of the Interim Action

Work Plan, Emerald Gateway Site, 3301 South Norfolk Street, Seattle, Washington dated August 12, 2019 (this

document)

UST underground storage tank

WAC Washington Administrative Code



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. (Farallon) has prepared this Site Management Plan (SMP) on behalf of Prologis-Exchange 3301 South Norfolk LLC (Prologis) for the Emerald Gateway Site at 3301 South Norfolk Street in Seattle and Tukwila, Washington (herein referred to as the Property) (Figures 1 and 2). This SMP provides procedures for managing contaminated media that will be encountered during the interim action activities to be conducted at the Property, which will include characterizing, handling, and disposing of contaminated media; collecting and analyzing performance and confirmational samples; and documenting the interim action. This SMP has been prepared also to summarize requirements for the general contractor and/or designated subcontractors for managing underground storage tanks (USTs) and/or potentially contaminated media that may be encountered during excavation and earthwork activities as part of Property redevelopment.

The Property consists of 63 acres and is a combination of two separate properties that have had different uses:

- The 3301 South Norfolk Street property on the northern, eastern, and southern portions of the Property, which historically was used for commercial warehousing of food products by Unified/Associated Grocers or predecessors, and included truck maintenance and repair operations, truck refueling facilities, and associated underground storage tanks (USTs). Additional historical operations associated with the 3301 South Norfolk Street property included automobile service stations formerly located on the northwestern portion of the Property, and a dry cleaner formerly located on the southwestern portion of the Property.
- The 10230 East Marginal Way South property on the west-central portion of the Property, which was used for automobile wrecking and parts salvaging by Northwest Auto Wrecking, Inc. and currently is vacant (herein referred to as the Former NWAW Property).

Various petroleum products stored in USTs on the 3301 South Norfolk Street portion of the Property were used by former tenants mainly for truck maintenance, repair, and refueling activities from the early 1950s to early 2018. Historical releases of petroleum hydrocarbons from several of the UST systems have been investigated and cleaned up or partially cleaned up on the Property.

Automobile wrecking and salvage activities were conducted on the Former NWAW Property from 1958 to approximately 2007 and included use of a garage with hydraulic hoists, waste-oil aboveground storage tanks, a gasoline UST, several stove-oil USTs, and a parts cleaning and dismantling shop. Former NWAW Property operations also involved storage of large numbers of wrecked automobiles, engines, transmissions, and other salvaged parts on bare ground. A number of releases of petroleum hydrocarbons and lead from discarded batteries were identified during several phases of investigation and remedial soil excavations. The Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) issued a Partial Sufficiency determination in 2011 for soil cleanup at the Former NWAW Property.



2.0 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CLEANUP ACTION

The planned redevelopment of the Property provides for construction of several large warehouse-type buildings and associated internal driveways, and loading/unloading and parking areas. The selected interim action for implementation, discussed in the Interim Action Work Plan, primarily includes excavation of soil from the source areas at the Property, and treatment and/or off-Property disposal of soil with constituents of potential concern (COPCs) at concentrations exceeding remediation levels/screening levels, and/or of soil exhibiting characteristics of contamination during field-screening, treatment, and disposal of dewatering groundwater to the sanitary and/or stormwater sewer system. This section describes implementation of the interim action, specifically:

- Roles and responsibilities;
- Pre-excavation preparation;
- Definition and delineation of the excavation areas; and
- Identification of contaminated soil.

2.1 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Construction work related to the interim action will be managed by the general contractor on behalf of Prologis. Numerous subcontractors to the general contractor, including an excavation subcontractor, will provide a range of services during construction and implementation of the interim action.

Farallon is the environmental consultant for Prologis responsible for observing and documenting the interim action, including the excavation of contaminated soil and loading of trucks hauling contaminated soil for disposal off of the Property. Farallon will be responsible for alerting Prologis and the general contractor should non-compliance with the SMP be observed during implementation of the interim action. Farallon's primary communication will be with Prologis and, as directed by Prologis, with the general contractor and the excavation subcontractor. Farallon will delineate and direct the excavation of contaminated soil from uncontaminated soil for the excavation subcontractor using soil sampling data. The excavation subcontractor will be responsible for the means and methods for the excavation, physical segregation of contaminated soil from uncontaminated soil, and transport and disposal of contaminated and uncontaminated soil generated from the Property to comply with construction plans and specifications and per the requirements of the selected disposal facilities. Prologis shall reserve the right to approve the final disposal location(s) for contaminated and uncontaminated soil.

Each party involved in the implementation of the interim action, including the general contractor and subcontractors, will be responsible for the preparation and implementation of their own Health and Safety Plan (HASP) per Section 3.6, Health and Safety Plan, and for compliance with other health and safety orientation requirements imposed by Prologis for this project.



Contact information for key personnel involved with implementation of the interim action is provided below.

Owner: Prologis

Contact information:

1. Mr. Jake Maxwell Phone: (206) 331-2810

2. Ms. Janet Frentzel Phone: (415) 200-8285

General Contractor and Construction Management: JR Hayes Corporation

Contact information:

1. Mr. Darren Peugh Phone: (206) 423-6623

Excavation Subcontractor: To Be Determined

Environmental Consultant: Farallon

Contact information:

1. Mr. Pete Kingston Phone: (206) 200-2346

2.2 PRE-EXCAVATION PREPARATION

Pre-excavation activities include groundwater monitoring well decommissioning, additional contaminant delineation, and applicable permitting, discussed in the following sections.

2.2.1 Monitoring Well Decommissioning

Prior to redevelopment activities, Farallon will coordinate the decommissioning of monitoring wells within the footprint of the redevelopment area in accordance with the Washington State Water Well Construction Act.

Monitoring wells located on the western boundary of the Property, including DOF-1 through DOF-3 and the monitoring wells that will be installed during the pre-interim action design investigation, may be retained for future compliance sampling if they can be protected during redevelopment activities. The general contractor and its subcontractors will notify Prologis and Farallon when working proximate to these wells. If the monitoring wells cannot be protected, they will be decommissioned in accordance with the Washington State Water Well Construction Act.



2.2.2 Additional Contaminant Delineation

Farallon may need to collect soil samples from test pits in areas at the Property prior to excavation activities to refine the extent of soil removal and confirm the limits of soil contamination. The general contractor will assist Farallon with test pitting activities at the Property, if necessary.

2.2.3 Wastewater Discharge Permits

Dewatering may be necessary to allow for excavation of impacted soil that is located below the water table. If necessary, generated wastewater will be pumped to aboveground tanks, pretreated on the Property, and discharged to surface water under a Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program. The Administrative Order will establish Indicator Levels for the project based on known contaminants, for compliance with Water Quality Standards for the Surface Water of the State of Washington. The Administrative Order defines the conditions and actions necessary to comply with the Construction Stormwater General Permit. The general contractor is responsible for obtaining wastewater discharge permits. If requested, Farallon can assist the general contractor with obtaining permit coverage and ensuring compliance with the permit requirements.

2.3 DEFINITION AND DELINEATION OF EXCAVATION AREAS

Analytical results from in-situ soil sampling conducted during the subsurface investigations and interim remedial actions have been used to determine the expected distribution of contaminated soil requiring excavation, transport, and treatment and/or disposal off the Property at a permitted disposal facility. In addition, selection of Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Levels (PCULs) applicable to the interim action will be based on the analytical results for soil and groundwater samples collected during a pre-interim action design investigation, which will be conducted to collect additional data to evaluate initial screening levels for chemical concentrations based on chemicals and transport pathways. These data will be used to support the selection of cleanup standards, including applicable remediation levels/cleanup levels and points of compliance, and the design of the interim action and final cleanup action for the Property.

Excavated soil containing concentrations of COPCs exceeding remediation levels, and/or exhibiting other evidence of contamination such as visible staining, petroleum-like odor, or elevated volatile organic vapors will be classified for disposal based on the Ecology (2011) *Guidance for Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Sites* revised June 2016 (Ecology Soil Guidance) and the disposal criteria for the selected disposal facility. Based on its Soil Category (2 through 4), soil will be managed as nonhazardous waste and transported to a facility permitted to receive that specific soil category (i.e., Category 2, or Category 3 and 4) for disposal. The criteria for categorization and disposal of soil are provided in Tables 12.1 and 12.2 of the Ecology Soil Guidance, provided in Appendix A and summarized below:

• <u>Category 1 soil</u> has no detectable petroleum hydrocarbons, no odor, and no visual or other evidence of contamination (e.g., staining, sheen, elevated volatile organic compound measurements using a photoionization detector). Category 1 soil is not a threat to human



health or the environment, and can be placed at any location where allowed under other regulations. Category 1 soil such as clean overburden generated during excavation activities will be segregated to the extent practicable and either used as fill on the Property or transported off the Property for disposal at an approved location selected by Prologis, the general contractor, or the excavation subcontractor.

- <u>Category 2 soil</u> contains residual petroleum hydrocarbons at concentrations within the ranges referenced in Table 12.1, or does not contain detectable concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons, but has a petroleum-like odor, or visual or other evidence of contamination, and meets the criteria for direct disposal at a permitted disposal facility. Category 2 soil may be used on the Property as fill above the high seasonal groundwater table during redevelopment construction, or may be transported off the Property for disposal at an approved facility.
- <u>Category 3 and 4 soil</u> contains petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations exceeding the ranges referenced in Table 12.1, and requires treatment and/or disposal off the Property. Category 3 and 4 soil generated during excavation activities will be loaded into trucks for transport to an approved and permitted facility for treatment by thermal desorption, followed by landfill disposal; or will be transported to a Subtitle D landfill for direct disposal.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION OF CONTAMINATED SOIL

Field-screening will be performed during soil excavation activities to identify, categorize, and define the extent of contaminated soil in the excavation areas. Field-screening will consist of inspection for visual and odor indications of contamination, including evidence of soil staining or discoloration and/or petroleum-like odors. Field-screening of soil for the presence of volatile organic vapors will be performed using a photoionization detector. A photoionization detector reading exceeding ambient or background concentrations will indicate potential evidence of volatile organic compounds in a soil sample. Field-screening results will be evaluated to assess whether laboratory analysis is needed to further evaluate for the presence of COPCs in the soil sample, and to categorize the soil for disposal.



3.0 UNFORSEEN CONDITIONS AND MEDIA MANAGEMENT

This SMP was prepared to establish general procedures for managing unforeseen conditions during Property redevelopment. Unforeseen conditions most likely to be encountered are the discovery of USTs and/or contaminated soil in areas at the Property that were not previously investigated or were investigated incompletely.

In the event that an unforeseen condition is encountered during redevelopment, the general contractor will temporarily suspend excavation activities proximate to the discovery and immediately notify Prologis and Farallon as soon as possible after the encounter.

The unforeseen conditions and associated activities are discussed in the following sections.

3.1 POTENTIAL DISCOVERY OF ORPHAN USTS

If a UST is encountered during grading or excavation activities, the general contractor will temporarily suspend all work proximate to the UST, and will notify Farallon and the Prologis project representative as soon as practicable. Each UST encountered will be permanently decommissioned by excavation and removal in accordance with Washington State Underground Storage Tank Regulations (Chapter 173-360 of the Washington Administrative Code [WAC 173-360]) and the *Guidance for Site Checks and Site Assessment for Underground Storage Tanks* dated February 1991 and revised April 2003, prepared by Ecology (1991) (Ecology UST Guidance). A contractor licensed to decommission USTs, selected by the general contractor, will provide a certified UST Decommissioning Supervisor to oversee the UST decommissioning and removal activities, which will include the following:

- Notifying the Tukwila Fire Department or Seattle Fire Department (whichever is applicable), obtaining a Temporary Permit for Tank Decommissioning, and scheduling a UST decommissioning inspection by a Fire Marshal;
- Arranging vacuum truck services for pumping out residual product and conducting a preliminary cleaning of the UST interior, as necessary;
- Arranging for a Marine Chemist to assess the UST interior atmosphere and provide inerting, if needed, prior to decommissioning the UST; and
- Transporting the UST off the Property for recycling or disposal.

Farallon will support the activities required for permanent decommissioning of the UST(s) in accordance with the Ecology UST Guidance, including the following:

 Providing a Washington State-certified Site Assessor to observe and document each UST decommissioning event, including the overexcavation and removal of contaminated soil if contaminated soil is present, and to perform site assessment soil sampling at the limits of the UST excavation;



- Submitting the site assessment soil samples to the project analytical laboratory for analysis for appropriate constituents of potential concern, based on field observations and regulatory requirements; and
- Completing a UST Site Check/Site Assessment Checklist, preparing a site assessment report, and gathering additional closure documentation, including the Permanent Closure Notice for USTs, for submittal to Ecology.

The results from UST decommissioning activities will be incorporated into the Interim Action Report to be prepared for the Property.

3.2 POTENTIAL DISCOVERY OF CONTAMINATED SOIL

If field observations such as soil staining and/or odor indicate the presence of potentially contaminated soil during grading and excavation activities, the general contractor will notify Farallon and the Prologis project representative as soon as practicable. The general contractor will direct the earthworks subcontractor to implement the following actions:

- Stop grading or excavation work in the area of potentially contaminated soil;
- Isolate the area with barricades and caution tape;
- Restrict equipment traffic through the area to avoid tracking of contaminated soil out of the area;
- Restrict personnel access; and
- Document the occurrence using field notes and photographs.

Farallon will observe the field conditions and, at a minimum, will implement the following actions:

- Estimate and mark the boundaries of potentially contaminated soil using field-screening methods, which will consist of:
 - o Inspecting for visual and odor indications of contamination, including evidence of soil staining or discoloration and/or petroleum-like odors; and
 - o Assessing the soil for the presence of volatile organic vapors using a photoionization detector.
- Coordinate with the general contractor to excavate the contaminated soil for temporary stockpiling on plastic sheeting.
- Collect in-situ soil samples from the limits of the excavation for laboratory analysis to confirm that appropriate remediation levels have been achieved.
- Collect soil samples from the stockpiles for laboratory analysis for soil profiling, manifesting, and disposal off the Property.



- Coordinate the soil assessment and cleanup activities with the general contractor to minimize adverse effects on the construction schedule.
- Document the soil assessment and cleanup activities, and incorporate the results into the Interim Action Report to be prepared for the Property.

The general contractor will confirm that excavation personnel performing the excavation of contaminated or potentially contaminated soil have successfully completed the 40-Hour Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) training in accordance with Part 1910.120 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

3.3 SOIL HANDLING AND DISPOSAL

Excavated soil containing concentrations of COPCs exceeding remediation levels, and/or exhibiting other evidence of contamination as determined using field-screening methods, will be classified for disposal based on the Ecology Soil Guidance, and the disposal criteria for the selected disposal facility. Based on its category, soil will be managed as nonhazardous waste, and transported to a facility permitted to receive the specific soil category for treatment and/or disposal.

The criteria for soil categorization and disposal are summarized as follows:

- <u>Category 1 soil</u> has no detectable petroleum hydrocarbons, no odor, and no visual or other evidence of contamination (e.g., staining, sheen, elevated volatile organic vapor measurements using a photoionization detector). Category 1 soil is not a threat to human health or the environment, and can be placed at any location where allowed under other regulations. Category 1 soil will be segregated to the extent practicable and either used as fill on the Property or transported off the Property for disposal at an approved location selected by Prologis or the general contractor.
- <u>Category 2 soil</u> contains residual petroleum hydrocarbons at concentrations within the ranges referenced in Table 12.1 (Appendix A), or does not contain detectable concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons but has a petroleum-like odor, or visual or other evidence of contamination; and meets the criteria for direct disposal at a permitted disposal facility. Category 2 soil may be used on the Property as fill above the high seasonal groundwater level and capped with asphaltic or concrete pavement, or may be transported off the Property for disposal at an approved facility.
- <u>Category 3 and 4 soil</u> contains petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations exceeding the ranges referenced in Table 12.1, and requires treatment and/or disposal off the Property. Category 3 and 4 soil will be loaded into trucks for transport to an approved and permitted facility for treatment by thermal desorption, followed by landfill disposal; or will be transported to a Subtitle D landfill for direct disposal.



3.4 POTENTIAL GROUNDWATER DEWATERING

Dewatering may be necessary to allow for excavation of impacted soil that is located below the water table. If necessary, generated wastewater will be pumped to aboveground tanks, pretreated on the Property, and discharged to surface water under a Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program. The Administrative Order will establish Indicator Levels for the project based on known contaminants for compliance with Water Quality Standards for Surface Waters of the State of Washington. The Administrative Order defines the conditions and actions necessary to comply with the Construction Stormwater General Permit. The general contractor is responsible for obtaining wastewater discharge permits. If requested, Farallon can assist the general contractor with obtaining permit coverage and ensuring compliance with the permit requirements.

3.5 SOIL AND GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES

The COPCs detected at concentrations exceeding the most-stringent Lower Duwamish Waterway Preliminary Cleanup Levels in soil and/or groundwater samples collected during subsurface investigations conducted at the Property are:

- Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel-range organics;
- TPH as oil-range organics;
- TPH as gasoline-range organics;
- Polychlorinated biphenyls;
- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons;
- Volatile organic compounds; and
- Metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, and zinc).

Following the pre-interim action design investigation and before the Interim Action Work Plan is implemented, a Draft Interim Action Design Report will be prepared and submitted to Ecology for review and approval. The Draft Interim Action Design Report will document the results from the pre-interim action design investigation, provide an updated conceptual site model based on the results from the investigation, establish the remediation levels applicable for the interim action, and provide the final design components of the interim action.

Wastewater sampling will be dependent on the Construction Stormwater General Permit and an Administrative Order issued by the Ecology Water Quality Program. The Administrative Order will establish Indicator Levels for the project based on known contaminants, for compliance with Water Quality Standards for Surface Waters of the State of Washington. Laboratory analysis of wastewater samples will be dependent on the Indicator Levels established for the project.



3.6 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

A HASP is required for the interim action activities per WAC 173-340-810. Each party involved, including the general contractor and subcontractors, will be responsible for preparing and implementing a HASP that complies with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, and the Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act (Chapter 49.17 of the Revised Code of Washington). Farallon's HASP will be included in the Interim Action Design Report.

All workers involved with UST decommissioning and contaminated soil excavation activities are assumed to be covered by HAZWOPER requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard (Part 1910.120 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations). In which case, all workers will have received certificates for the 40-hour HAZWOPER training course and current 8-hour refresher training course.



4.0 REFERENCES

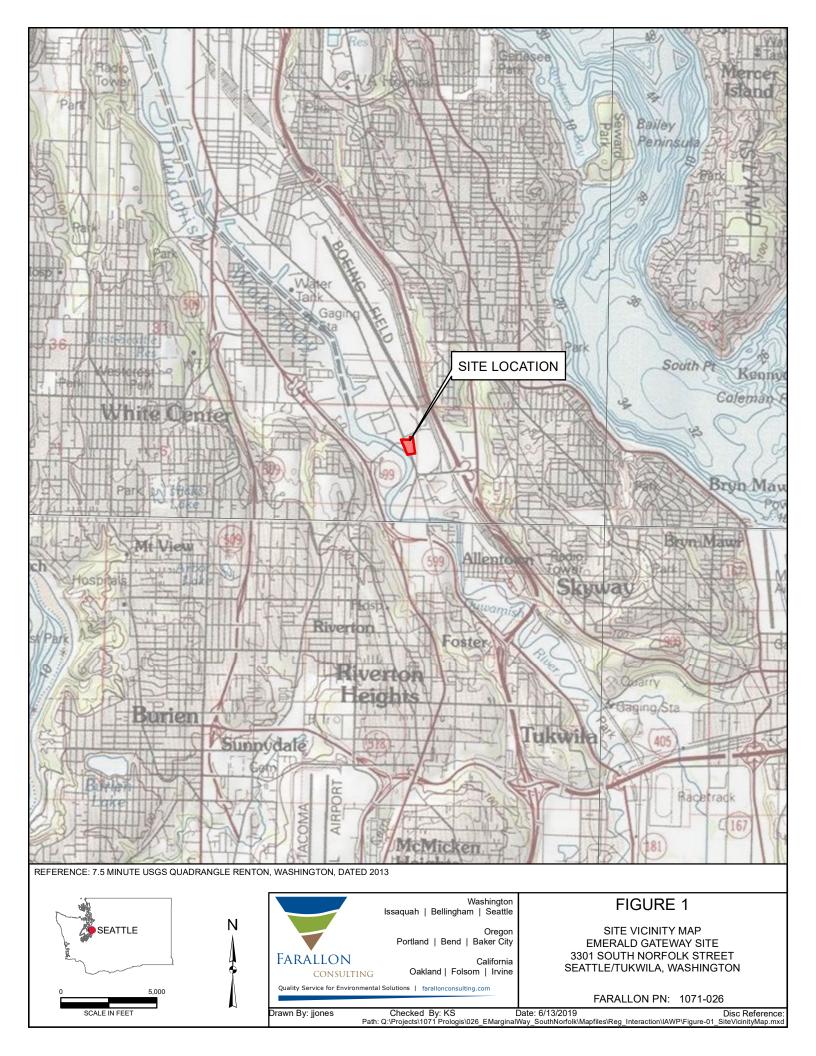
Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology). 1991. *Guidance for Site Checks and Site Assessments for Underground Storage Tanks*. Publication No. 90-52. Revised April 2003. February.

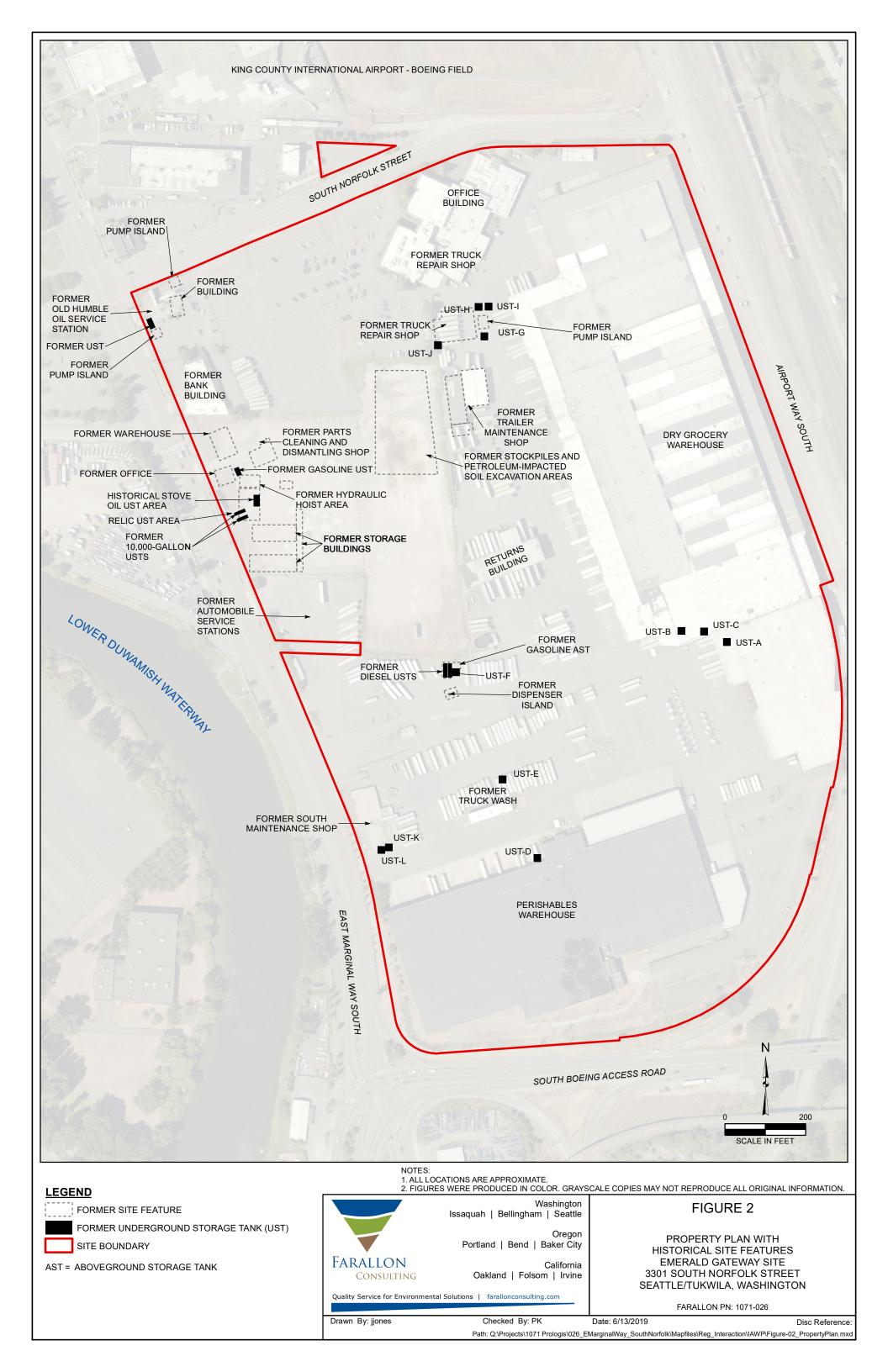
——. 2011. *Guidance for Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Sites*. Publication No. 10-09-057. Revised June 2016. September.

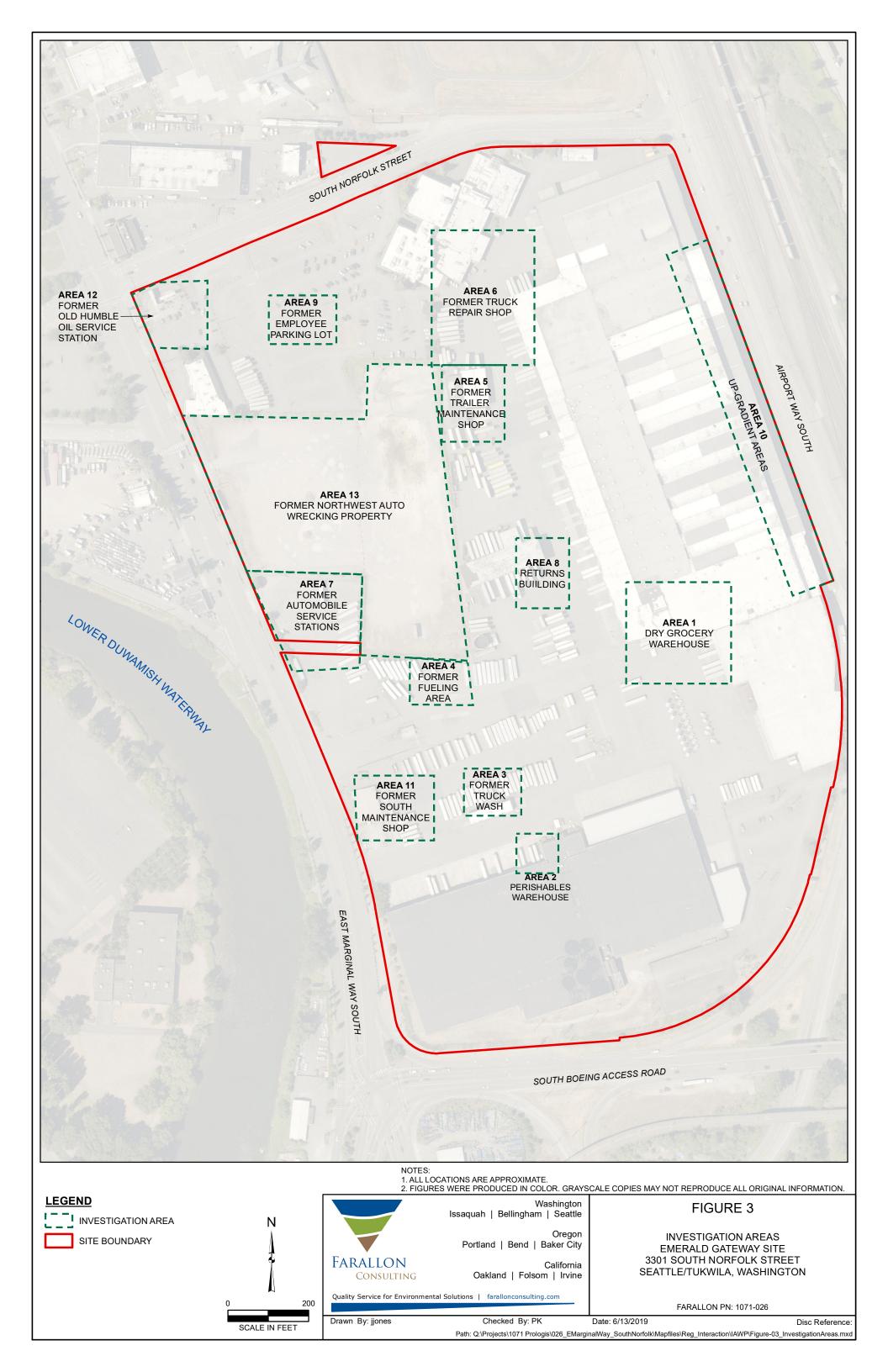
FIGURES

SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN Emerald Gateway Site 3301 South Norfolk Street Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026







APPENDIX A ECOLOGY GUIDANCE TABLES

SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN Emerald Gateway Site 3301 South Norfolk Street Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Farallon PN: 1071-026

| Table 12.1 Guidelines for Reuse of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| Parameter | Analytical Method | Soil Category (8)(9)(10) | | | | |
| | | 1 No detectable Petroleum Components (mg/kg) | 2 Commercial Fill Above Water Table (mg/kg) | 3 Paving Base Material & Road Construction (mg/kg) | 4 Landfill Daily Cover or Asphalt Manufacturing (mg/kg) | |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (1)(2) See Table 7.1 for petroleum products that fall within these categories. | | | | | | |
| Gasoline Range Organics | NWTPH-Gx | <5 | 5 - 30 | >30 - 100 | >100 | |
| Diesel Range Organics | NWTPH-Dx | <25 | 25 - 200 | >200 - 500 | >500 | |
| Heavy Fuels and Oils* | NWTPH-Dx | <100 | 100 - 200 | >200 – 500 | >500 | |
| Mineral Oil | NWTPH-Dx | <100 | 100 - 200 | >200 – 500 | >500 | |
| Volatile Petroleum Con | nponents | | | | | |
| Benzene | SW8260B | < 0.005 | 0.005 - 0.03 | 0.03 or less | See Table 12.2 | |
| Ethyl benzene | SW8260B | < 0.005 | 0.005 - 6 | 6 or less | >6 | |
| Toluene | SW8260B | < 0.005 | 0.005 - 7 | 7 or less | >7 | |
| Xylenes (3) | SW8260B | < 0.015 | 0.015 - 9 | 9 or less | >9 | |
| Fuel Additives & Blend | ing Components | | | | | |
| (MTBE) Methyl Tert- Butyl Ether | SW8260B | < 0.005 | 0.005 - 0.1 | 0.1 or less | >0.1 | |
| Lead | SW6010A | <17 | 17 - 50 | >50 - 220 | See Table 12.2 | |
| Other Petroleum Components | | | | | | |
| Polychlorinated (4) Biphenyls (PCBs) | SW8082 | <0.04 | < 0.04 | <0.04 | See Table 12.2 | |
| Naphthalenes (5) | SW8260B | < 0.05 | 0.05 - 5 | 5 or less | >5 | |
| cPAHs (6) | SW8270C | < 0.05 | 0.05 - 0.1 | >0.1 - 2 | >2 | |
| Other Petroleum Characteristics (Applies to soils contaminated with any petroleum product.) | | | | | | |
| Odors | Smell | No detectable odor | | | | |
| Staining | Visual | No unusual color or staining | | | | |
| Sheen Test | See Footnote #7 | No visible sheen | | | | |

IMPORTANT: See Table 12.2 and the footnotes to this Table on the following pages!

Test soil for the parameters specified in Table 7.2.

^{*}Does NOT include waste oil contaminated soils, which should be disposed of in a landfill.

[&]quot;<" means less than; ">" means greater than

Table 12.2 Description and Recommended Best Management Practices for Soil Categories in Table 12.1 (continues on next page) Category **Acceptable Uses** Limitations Category 1 Soils: Soils with no • Can be used anywhere the • These soils may have a slight petroleum odor, depending on the sensitivity of individuals, and this detectable/ quantifiable levels of use is allowed under other should be considered when reusing these soils. petroleum hydrocarbons or regulations. constituents using the analytical • Any use allowed for methods listed in Table 7.3 and Category 2, 3 & 4 soils. are not suspected of being contaminated with any other hazardous substances. Category 2 Soils: Soils with • Any use allowed for • Should be placed above the highest anticipated high water table. If seasonal groundwater elevation residual levels of petroleum Category 3 & 4 soils. information is not available, place at least 10 feet above the current water table. hydrocarbons that could have • Should not be placed within 100 feet of any private drinking water well or within the 10 year • Backfill at cleanup sites adverse impacts on the above the water table. wellhead protection area of a public water supply well. environment in some • Should not be placed in or directly adjacent to wetlands or surface water where contact with water • Fill in commercial or circumstances. industrial areas above the is possible. water table. • Should not be placed under a surface water infiltration facility or septic drain field. • Road and bridge • Any other limitations in state or local regulations. embankment construction in areas above the water table. Category 3 Soils: Soils with • Any use allowed for • Should be placed above the highest anticipated high water table. If seasonal ground water elevation moderate levels of residual information is not available, place at least 10 feet above the water table. Category 4 soils. petroleum contamination that • Use as pavement base • Should be a maximum of 2 feet thick to minimize potential for leaching or vapor impacts. could have adverse impacts on material under public and • Should not be placed within 100 feet of any private drinking water well or within the 10 year the environment unless re-used private paved streets and wellhead protection area of a public water supply well. in carefully controlled roads. situations. • Should not be placed in or directly adjacent to wetlands or surface water. • Use as pavement base • Should not be placed under a surface water infiltration facility or septic drain field. material under commercial • When exposed, runoff from area in use should be contained or treated to prevent entrance to storm and industrial parking lots. drains, surface water or wetlands. • Any other limitations in state or local regulations.

| Table 12.2 Description and Recommended Best Management Practices for Soil Categories in Table 12.1 (continued) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Category | Acceptable Uses | Limitations | | | |
| Category 4 Soils: Soils with high levels of petroleum contamination that should not be re-used except in very limited circumstances. | Use in the manufacture of asphalt. Use as daily cover in a lined municipal solid waste or limited purpose landfill provided this is allowed under the landfill operating permit. | Landfill Limitations: The soil should be tested for and pass the following tests: Free liquids test. Soils that contain free liquids cannot be landfilled without treatment. TCLP for lead and benzene. Unless exempt under WAC 173-303-071(3)(t), soils that fail a TCLP for lead or benzene must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Flammability test. Soils that fail this test must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Bioassay test under WAC 173-303-100(5). Soils that fail this test must be disposed of as hazardous waste. PCBs. Soils with a total PCB content of 2 ppm or more must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Soil used for daily cover should be stockpiled within the landfill lined fill area. Soil containing more than 10,000 mg/kg TPH should be buried immediately with other wastes or daily covered to limit potential worker exposure. Any additional limitations specified in the landfill permit or in other state or local regulations. Asphalt Manufacturing Limitations: Soil storage areas should be contained in a bermed area to minimize contact with surface water runoff from adjacent areas. Runoff from storage areas should be considered contaminated until tested to prove otherwise. Soil storage areas should also be lined and covered with a roof or secured tarp to minimize contact with precipitation and potential groundwater contamination. Leachate from storage areas should be considered contaminated until tested to prove otherwise. The soil should be tested for and pass the following tests: TCLP for lead and benzene. Unless exempt under WAC 173-303-071(3)(t), soils that fail a TCLP for lead or benzene must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Flammability test. Soils that fail this test must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Bioassay test under WAC 173-303-100(5). Soils that fail this test must be disposed of as hazardous waste. No detectable levels of PCBs in soil (<0.04 mg/kg). Precautions should be taken to minimize worker exposure to soil storage piles and any dust or vapors from these piles prior to | | | |