

John Michael Lease Cashmere, Washington

Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report

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Prepared For:

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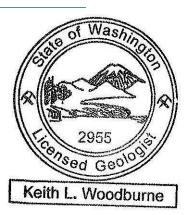
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ACRONYM LIST

AO Agreed Order No. DE 15694

bgs Below ground surfaceBNSF Railway Company

BTEX Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes

CAWP Cleanup Action Work Plan

cPAHs Carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

CUL Cleanup level

COCs Constituents of concern
CSM Conceptual Site Model
DRO Diesel-range organics

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

EMR EMR, Inc.

ft bgs Feet below ground surface **GRO** Gasoline-range organics

LNAPL Light non-aqueous phase liquid

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram
MTCA Model Toxics Control Act

NFA No Further Action ORO Oil-range organics

PCBs Polychlorinated biphenyls
PQL Practical quantitation limit

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RI Remedial Investigation SGC Silica gel cleanup

Site John Michael Lease property

SOW Scope of work

SPLP Synthetic precipitation leaching procedure

TEE Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation

TEF Toxic Equivalency Factor
TOC Total organic carbon

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

TRC TRC Environmental Micrograms per liter

VCP Voluntary Cleanup Program
WAC Washington Administrative Code



Executive Summary

The John Michael Lease property consists of portions of the BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) right-of-way proximal to 5640 Sunset Highway in Cashmere, Washington. The property is the location of a reported historical train derailment and subsequent release of crude oil that occurred in the 1930s. The Wenatchee River is adjacent to the property to the east and flows southeast parallel to the BNSF rail line.

Environmental investigations conducted from 2004 through 2019 provided data that defined the nature and extent of soil and groundwater impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons and related compounds. Constituents of Concern (COCs) that were historically detected at concentrations exceeding Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A cleanup levels (CULs) include total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel-range organics (DRO), oil-range organics (ORO), gasoline-range organics (GRO), carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (cPAHs), benzene, and naphthalenes. The lateral and vertical extent of these compounds at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method A CULs in impacted media define the MTCA Site within the property. No liquid-phase hydrocarbons have been observed in monitoring wells. In summary:

- Exceedances of COCs in soil are limited to five well-delineated areas of the property, four located on the southwest side of the tracks, and one located on the northeast side of the tracks.
- Most of the soil impacted areas with COC concentrations greater than MTCA Method A CULs are located deeper than 6 feet below ground surface (ft bgs), including the impacts in the area located on the northwest side of the tracks.
- Soils impacted with COCs do not leach those compounds to groundwater, as evidenced by the absence of groundwater impacts exceeding MTCA Method A CULs in all downgradient wells.
- Groundwater impacts are limited to occasional historical exceedances of the MTCA Method A CULs for DRO and ORO in a single well located on the southwest side of the tracks. Groundwater samples collected from wells on the northeast downgradient side of the tracks during the four quarters of 2019 were consistently non-detect for all COCs.
- No currently complete exposure pathways were identified in the evaluation of leaching of soil impacts to groundwater and discharge of groundwater to surface water pathways.
 Potentially complete exposure pathways exist for direct contract of impacted soil by construction workers and vapor intrusion in residential units if those were to be constructed on the property in the future.

The nature and extent of COCs in soil and groundwater have been defined and characterized throughout the property. Areas where COC concentrations exceed the applicable MTCA Method A CULs in soil or groundwater define the extent of the MTCA Site at the property. Based on the evidence compiled through investigations completed to date, there are currently no complete exposure pathways that could result in risks to human health or the environment from impacted soil or occasional groundwater CUL exceedances in one well located on the southwest side of the tracks. Residual soil and groundwater impacts will be managed via institutional controls through the filing of an environmental covenant on the deed for the property in accordance with Ecology guidance. In consideration of the currently incomplete exposure pathways to human health and the environment and their future management via institutional controls, a no further action (NFA) determination is requested for the Site pending filing of an approved environmental covenant.



1.0 Introduction

On behalf of BNSF, TRC Environmental (TRC) is providing this Remedial Investigation (RI) Report to the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) pursuant to Agreed Order No. DE 15694 (AO) Scope of Work (SOW) for the BNSF John Michael Lease property (Site).

This RI Report has been prepared to summarize historical soil and groundwater investigations, define the nature and extent of contamination, and present a Conceptual Site Model (CSM). The CSM describes the current relationships between contaminant sources, release mechanisms, migration pathways, contaminant distribution, and potential receptors. The RI Report is based on the findings of environmental investigations completed through November 2019. Additional groundwater data was provided to Ecology on April 7, 2020 in the First Quarter 2020 Progress Report (TRC, 2020b). That progress report includes the first quarter 2020 groundwater monitoring results.

2.0 Site Description and Historical Operations

2.1 Site Description

The Site consists of the BNSF right-of-way proximal to the real property at 5640 Sunset Highway, at the northeast corner of the intersection of Hagman Road and Sunset Highway in Cashmere, Washington (Figure 1). A portion of the BNSF right-of-way is leased by Michael's Tires, a commercial business at 5640 Sunset Highway in Cashmere, Washington.

Per the Chelan County Assessor's Office (2020) website, the 0.34-acre leased property is identified as Parcel No. 231905120070. The Wenatchee River is adjacent to the east and flows parallel to the BNSF rail line to the southeast (Figure 2).

BNSF's predecessor railroad, the Great Northern Railway Company, operated at this location since 1892. A train derailment and subsequent release of crude oil from a tank car reportedly occurred at the property sometime in the 1930s (EMR, 2005). This information was verbally conveyed by residents during field activities in 2008 however, no formal records of the derailment have been located (Farallon, 2008). Based on this information, multiple subsurface investigations were initiated focusing on petroleum hydrocarbons and related constituents, specifically, diesel-range organics (DRO), oil-range organics (ORO), gasoline-range organics (GRO), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), cPAHs, and naphthalenes.

2.2 Physical Setting and Geologic/Hydrogeologic Conditions

2.2.1 Regional Geologic/Hydrogeologic Conditions

The BNSF property is located within the Wenatchee River Valley, approximately 9 miles upstream of the confluence of the Wenatchee and Columbia Rivers. Local geology consists of quaternary sedimentary deposits and poorly developed soils deposited during the Wisconsin age. Previous work demonstrated the eastern portion of the property comprises fill material underlain by Pleistocene alluvial sediments deposited by the Wenatchee River; the western portion of the property comprises Pleistocene deposits of till, outwash, and glaciolacustrine material (Washington State Geological Survey, as cited in Farallon, 2016).



Outcrops of Tertiary bedrock are present on the north side of the Wenatchee River, observed in the river bed, and have been encountered beneath the property at shallow depths in several borings.

2.2.2 Geologic/Hydrogeologic Conditions

Soils encountered over multiple investigations primarily consist of sand and gravel with moderate to high permeability. Additionally, layers of silt, cobbles, debris, and organic material overlying bedrock were encountered. Four cross sections (two transverse cross sections: A-A' and B-B', and two longitudinal cross sections: C-C' and D-D') were developed to illustrate the stratigraphy and are provided as Figures 3 through 6. Soil boring logs from historical investigations are provided as Appendix A.

Water levels were measured in monitoring wells between 2008 and 2019 and are summarized in Table 1. Groundwater elevations were consistent from August 2008 to November 2019, with little seasonal variation in depth to water between events. Groundwater flow is generally to the east to northeast, toward the Wenatchee River. Figure 7 presents a representative groundwater elevation contour map, based on September 2019 data, which demonstrate typical groundwater elevation contours, gradients, and flow directions.

3.0 Investigation Chronology

This section summarizes the environmental investigation chronology, including previous investigations completed under Independent Action through 2010, the Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP) through 2015, and subsequently under the AO.

- 2004 Release Discovery: Soil impacted with crude oil was encountered during the
 installation of utility poles along the west side of the tracks by an unidentified power
 company in December 2004 (EMR, 2005). The property was used for parking and
 storage of materials and vehicles. An engine block, drums containing unknown
 materials, and other miscellaneous debris were also observed at the property.
- 2005 Limited Phase II Assessment: The Limited Phase II Assessment was conducted in 2005 to investigate whether soil and groundwater were impacted. Constituents of potential concern (COPCs), primarily petroleum-related compounds identified as total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), including GRO, ORO, and DRO, were detected at concentrations exceeding Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Method A cleanup levels (CULs) in soil. Benzene, ORO, and DRO were detected at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method A CULs in reconnaissance groundwater samples (EMR, 2005).
- 2007 2008 Subsurface Investigations: Several subsurface investigations were conducted between September 2007 and July 2008 to further characterize nature and extent of impacts to soil and groundwater that were identified during the Limited Phase II Assessment (Farallon, 2009).
- 2009 Supplemental Subsurface Investigation: A supplemental subsurface investigation
 was conducted in April 2009 to further characterize the lateral extent of soil impacts in
 the vicinity of monitoring well MW-1 and in the area proximate to the southwest side of
 the rail line (Farallon, 2010).



- 2010 Remedial Alternatives Evaluation: An evaluation of cleanup alternatives was conducted based on the information collected during previous subsurface investigations and a Cleanup Action Work Plan (CAWP) was prepared and submitted to Ecology on August 19, 2010. The CAWP outlined proposed soil excavations on both the southwest and northeast side of the tracks to address the potential risks to human health and the environment (Farallon, 2010).
- November 2010 Correspondence: Ecology approved the CAWP in a response letter issued on November 15, 2010 and formally entered the Site into the VCP under VCP Project No. CE0278.
- 2012 Cultural Resources Survey and Supplemental Subsurface Investigation: A cultural
 resources survey was conducted concurrent with the supplemental subsurface
 investigation (TRC, 2012). The cultural resources survey was a condition of approval by
 the Chelan County Department of Community Development for the Shoreline Substantial
 Development, Shoreline Conditional Use, and Riparian Variance permits issued in
 anticipation of proposed remedial activities outlined in the CAWP (Farallon, 2010).
- 2012 2013 Groundwater Monitoring: Four quarterly groundwater monitoring events were conducted on September 25 and December 11, 2012; and March 20 and June 19, 2013 (TRC 2013a, 2013b). Results from these monitoring events demonstrated that COPCs in groundwater were either not detected or detected at concentrations less than MTCA Method A CULs and therefore, did not pose a risk to the Wenatchee River.
- March 2013 Ecology Meeting: Based on the 2012 through 2013 groundwater results, and following an on-site meeting between BNSF and Ecology on March 12, 2013, Ecology agreed via email correspondence (Ecology, 2013) that there may have been no risk to human health or the environment from residual soil impacts on the northeast side of the tracks, between the rail line and the Wenatchee River, and that removal of soil impacts on the northeast side of the tracks by excavation and offsite disposal as described in the 2010 CAWP might not be appropriate due to the potential for mobilization of COPCs or undermining of Wenatchee River shoreline bank stability resulting from excavation activities.
- December 2013 Revised CAWP: A Revised CAWP was prepared and submitted to Ecology on December 31, 2013 (TRC, 2013). The revised scope of the excavation outlined in the 2013 Revised CAWP was significantly reduced, based on the March 2013 on-site meeting with Ecology, and involved only the removal of vadose zone soils on the southwest side of the tracks, focused on impacts located at depths of between 0 and 6 feet bgs. Ecology approved the Revised CAWP on April 3, 2014.
- <u>August 2014 Meeting with Ecology:</u> On August 27, 2014, BNSF and Ecology held a meeting in the Yakima Ecology office at the request of BNSF to discuss path forward and necessity to implement the approved remedy outlined in the 2013 Revised CAWP. In lieu of the soil removal proposed in the 2013 Revised CAWP, BNSF recommended no removal or disturbance of impacted soils and proposed to manage areas containing residual impacted soils using institutional controls within an environmental covenant.



BNSF would also eliminate the direct exposure pathway for soils on the southwest side of the tracks and continue groundwater monitoring for one year.

Ecology was receptive to the recommendation but requested additional assessment of soil to groundwater leachability and targeted sampling for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in soil. The request for PCB analyses was based on raised practical quantitation limits (PQLs) for PCB data from a prior investigation, in which the non-detect values were greater than the MTCA Method A CUL due to matrix interferences and necessary sample dilutions at the laboratory. These results presented a data gap regarding the presence or absence of PCBs in soil.

August 2015 Supplemental Soil and Groundwater Investigation: A Supplemental Soil
and Groundwater Investigation was conducted to address Ecology prior concerns
following the August 2014 meeting regarding PCBs in soil and leachability of residual
petroleum hydrocarbon impacts in soil to groundwater. Soil samples collected from
former trench locations T4-N, T6-N, and T7-S were non-detect for PCBs at the
laboratory PQLs, which were less than the MTCA Method A CUL. As a result of those
non-detections, PCBs are not considered a COC.

Potential leachability of COPCs to groundwater was characterized during the 2015 investigation. However, the results of the leachability tests were determined to be overly conservative, not directly comparable to MTCA Method A groundwater CULs, and considered not representative of actual soil to groundwater leaching conditions.

Based on the weight of evidence compiled through soil and groundwater monitoring investigations completed through 2015, including the information presented in the 2015 Supplemental Soil and Groundwater Investigation Report (TRC, 2016), BNSF requested that an NFA determination be issued by Ecology and recommended that residual COCs in soil be managed by institutional controls under an environmental covenant.

- <u>September 2016 Correspondence</u>: In a September 19, 2016 email correspondence, BNSF was directed by Ecology to prepare a draft environmental covenant for review and approval in advance of a pending NFA determination (Ecology, 2016a). BNSF completed the Site survey and submitted the requested draft environmental covenant to Ecology in support of Ecology's pending NFA determination.
- August 2017 Correspondence: An August 18, 2017 email from Ecology indicated an NFA determination was not warranted and that further action would be required (Ecology, 2017a). BNSF submitted a response to the August 18, 2017 Ecology letter on September 26, 2017 (TRC, 2017). However, Ecology responded in an October 26, 2017 correspondence (Ecology, 2017a) indicating BNSF would receive an Invitation to Negotiate Letter and a draft Agreed Order.
- October 2017 Correspondence: In an October 30, 2017 letter to BNSF Ecology formally terminated the VCP Agreement (Ecology, 2017b).
- May 2018 Correspondence: Following negotiations between BNSF and Ecology on scope of work and schedule, Ecology issued Final AO No. DE 15694 on May 22, 2018, with an effective date of May 24, 2018 (Ecology, 2018).



2018 – 2019 Supplemental Groundwater Data Collection: Tasks 1 and 2 of the AO included supplemental quarterly groundwater data collection and a data gap analysis. Two wells, MW-5 and MW-6, were installed at accessible areas on the northeast (river) side of the tracks at locations hydraulically downgradient of impacted soil present on the northeast side of the tracks. One well, MW-7, was installed at the edge of an area with historically identified impacted soil on the southwest side of the tracks.

Six groundwater monitoring events have been conducted under the AO to support the requirement under Task 2 to characterize potential groundwater data gaps. The six monitoring events were conducted in November 2018 and March, June, September, and November 2019, and March 2020 (TRC 2019a, 2019b, 2019c, 2020a, and 2020b).

4.0 Conceptual Site Model

4.1 Release Information

The source of petroleum-related hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater reportedly originated from a derailment and subsequent release of crude oil from a compromised tank car that reportedly occurred in the 1930s (EMR, 2005). The derailment was verbally communicated by residents to staff during field activities (Farallon, 2008).

The COPCs are DRO, ORO, and GRO, cPAHs, benzene, and naphthalenes. These COPCs were detected at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method A CULs in soil and as dissolved phase in groundwater as summarized below. Light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) has not been observed in monitoring wells at the property.

4.2 Nature and Extent of Contamination

Subsurface soil and shallow groundwater are the only two media impacted by COPCs. The nature and extent of COPCs occurrence in these media are presented in the following sections.

4.2.1 Soil

Soil investigations conducted between 2004 and 2018 included the installation of 41 test pits (TP1 to TP41), 8 soil trenches (T1 to T8), 13 soil borings (B-1 to B-8 and FB-1 to FB-5), and 7 soil borings for installation of groundwater monitoring wells (MW-1 to MW-7). Analytical data for soil samples are presented in Tables 2 through 7.

These investigations identified the presence of COPCs in soil at concentrations greater than MTCA Method A CULs in five general areas, primarily at depths between 4 and 10 feet bgs. (Tables 2 and 3, Figure 8).

The potential presence of PCBs and RCRA 8 metals in soil was also evaluated during the 2009 investigation. PCBs were not detected in soil (Table 4) and are therefore not considered a COPC for soil. RCRA 8 metals were not detected at concentrations above the MTCA Method A CULs for soil (Table 5).

Potential leachability of COPCs in soil to groundwater was evaluated in 2015 using the Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP) method to extract a simulated leachate from soil samples collected from borings FB-1 to FB-5 where previous investigations indicated the



highest concentrations of COPCs were present (Tables 6 and 7). The SPLP data were refuted by the empirical data from groundwater samples collected in the immediate vicinity of the soil samples collected for the SPLP evaluation. Groundwater samples from those areas had COPCs that were non-detect or at concentrations less than MTCA Method A CULs over the previous 3 years. Therefore, the results of the SPLP method were determined to be overly conservative, not directly comparable to MTCA Method A groundwater CULs, and not representative of actual soil to groundwater leaching conditions.

The distribution of soil impacts based on COPC exceedances is shown on Figure 8. Four of the areas are between Sunset Highway and the railroad track, and one area is between the railroad track and the Wenatchee River (Figure 8). The northernmost impacted areas on the southwest side of the railroad tracks is centered around soil sample locations B5 and T5-SW, and is limited to cPAHs and GRO exceedances only, both samples were obtained from 8 ft bgs. The southernmost impacted areas on the southwest side of the tracks is centered around test pits TP15 (4 to 6 ft bgs), T8NE (6 ft bgs), and TP14 (6 to 8 ft bgs) and is limited to cPAHs exceedances only. The largest area of soil impacts on the southwest side of the railroad track is centered around monitoring well MW-7 and has exceedances of DRO, ORO, GRO, cPAHs, benzene, and naphthalenes. Benzene exceedances in this area are limited to a small sub-area centered around test pits TP10 (6 to 8 ft bgs) and TP12 (4 to 6 and 6 to 8 ft bgs). The remaining area of soil impact on the southwest side of the tracks is centered around trench T2-NE (8 ft bgs) and test pit TP9 (6 to 8 ft bgs).

There is one area of soil impact on the northeast side of the tracks centered around monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-5. The area has a combination of DRO, ORO, GRO, cPAHs, and naphthalenes exceedances.

As illustrated by the cross sections (Figures 3 through 6) and evidenced by the analytical results, the greatest volume of impacted soil is deeper than 6 ft bgs. However, some soil impacts on the southwest side of the tracks, in an area developed with a commercial tire repair shop, are present at depths shallower than 6 ft bgs. Soil impacts in the four areas on the southwest side of the tracks, between Sunset Highway and the railroad tracks, are primarily at depths of between 4 ft bgs to 10 ft bgs. The shallow soil impacts on the southwest side of the tracks at depths shallower than 6 ft bgs were the focus of excavations proposed in the Revised CAWP.

Soil impacts on the northeast side of the tracks, in the area between the tracks and the Wenatchee River, are at depths of between 8 and 18 ft bgs.

Petroleum hydrocarbons are less dense than water; therefore, petroleum in soil would not extend deeper than the top of the water table and smear zones caused by seasonal groundwater fluctuations, which are less than approximately 3 feet based on depth to water measurements in Table 1. In addition, subsurface soil is underlain by shallow, relatively impermeable bedrock, encountered in four borings at depths ranging from 12 to 17 ft bgs (Figures 3 through 6). The presence of the shallow, relatively impermeable bedrock further limits the potential downward migration of petroleum hydrocarbon impacts to soil.

4.2.2 Groundwater

Evaluations of historical groundwater data have identified GRO, DRO, ORO, BTEX, cPAHs, and naphthalenes as COPCs for groundwater. These COPCs were routinely analyzed to further



characterize the nature and extent of groundwater impacts at the property. Groundwater elevation data are summarized in Table 1, groundwater analytical results are summarized in Tables 8 and 9, and groundwater geochemical parameters measured during well purging are summarized in Table 10.

Seven monitoring wells have been installed since 2008 (Figure 7). Monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4 were installed during the 2008 subsurface investigation to further characterize the nature and extent of COPCs in groundwater identified during the 2004 Limited Phase II Assessment (Farallon, 2009). Monitoring wells MW-5 through MW-7 were installed in 2018 as part of supplemental groundwater data collection activities required under Task 1 of the 2018 AO. MW-5 and MW-6 were installed on the northeast (river) side of the tracks at locations hydraulically downgradient of areas of soil impacts present on the southwest side of the tracks. MW-7 was installed at the downgradient edge of an area of documented soil impacts on the southwest side of the tracks.

Following an initial round of reconnaissance groundwater sampling collected from temporary wells installed during the 2004 investigation, permanent monitoring wells were installed and a total of 11 groundwater monitoring events have been conducted using the permanent wells between 2008 and 2019. One reconnaissance groundwater sample from temporary well B-5 had a benzene detection at a concentration greater than its MTCA Method A CUL. However, benzene has not been detected since. Analytical results from the most recent groundwater monitoring events conducted in 2019 are illustrated on Figure 7.

To be consistent with current draft Ecology guidance¹, DRO and ORO analysis was conducted with and without silica gel cleanup (SGC) during the 2018 – 2019 supplemental groundwater data collection. SGC is a laboratory sample preparation procedure used to minimize potential interferences from polar organic compounds that would incorrectly be quantified as petroleum hydrocarbons based on analysis by gas chromatography, resulting in false positives. Total organic carbon (TOC) analysis was added to quantify and characterize the amount of organic material that may contribute to elevated DRO and ORO concentrations for samples analyzed without SGC.

COPC concentrations for samples collected during the 11 monitoring events were below the MTCA Method A CULs, with the following exceptions in samples collected at wells MW-1 and MW-7:

 MW-1 August 2008: DRO with SGC and cPAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method A CULs during the initial post-installation sample in August 2008.

<u>MW-1 November 2018</u>: During supplemental groundwater data collection activities, DRO and ORO analyzed with and without SGC were detected at concentrations exceeding MTCA Method A CULs. Based on the results from the groundwater sampling conducted

¹ The most recent Ecology publication, *Guidance for Remediation of Petroleum Contaminated Sites* (Ecology, 2016b) specifies that groundwater samples should not be prepared with SGC unless "background samples indicate that naturally occurring organic matter is a significant component of the TPH being detected in the groundwater samples" because most groundwater "does not contain significant levels of naturally occurring organic matter." The potential for interferences from organic compounds to bias TPH results high is further addressed in a draft Frequently Asked Questions fact sheet (Ecology 2019a), which suggests analyzing duplicate groundwater samples with and with without SGC to characterize potential interferences. Ecology plans to address standardized water sample preparation by revising the TPH analytical method as early as July 2020 (Ecology 2019b).



to date, the November 2018 CUL exceedances for DRO and ORO from well MW-1 were determined to be anomalous due to high turbidity in the sample. Following redevelopment of well MW-1 in March 2019, subsequent samples from MW-1 were collected with lower turbidity and results were consistently non-detect or detected at concentrations below the MTCA Method A CULs. Therefore, results from the subsequent four quarterly monitoring events (March through November 2019) are considered representative of groundwater conditions.

 <u>MW-7</u>: Results from MW-7 in November 2018 (detections of DRO and ORO without SGC) and June 2019 (detections of DRO without SGC and ORO without SGC) were also detected at concentrations exceeding the MTCA Method A CUL. However, the November 2018 and June 2019 exceedances in MW-7 also correlate with elevated TOC results during those events.

The data demonstrate that groundwater impacts are limited to occasional exceedances of MTCA Method A CULs for DRO and ORO on the southwest side of the tracks. Groundwater samples collected from wells on the northeast (downgradient) side of the tracks have been consistently non-detect for COPCs during the four quarterly sampling events in 2019 and the first quarterly sampling event of 2020. Groundwater has been fully characterized and there are no groundwater data gaps remaining.

4.3 Contaminant Fate and Transport

The impacted media are limited to soil and, to a lesser extent, occasional historical exceedances in groundwater samples from wells MW-1 and MW-7 located on the northeast and southwest sides of the tracks, respectively. Groundwater samples from downgradient wells during four quarters of monitoring from November 2018 to September 2019 were non-detect for COPCs. In addition, groundwater samples from MW-1 and MW-7 collected in March 2020 were non-detect for COPCs.

The COPCs in soil are distributed from the release location(s) spreading along the top of the water table and smear zones that are restricted by the approximately 3 feet or less seasonal fluctuations in the water table elevation. Most soil impacts are at depths greater than 6 ft bgs, primarily at depths of between 8 and 18 ft bgs on the northeast side of the tracks. COPCs in soil are not leaching to groundwater, as demonstrated by the absence of groundwater impacts over 12 years of periodic groundwater monitoring. The lack of contaminant transport from groundwater to surface water is demonstrated by consistent non-detects for COPCs in groundwater samples from downgradient wells on the northeast side of the tracks over four consecutive quarters of monitoring in 2019. The fourth quarter 2018 results from downgradient well MW-1 exceeded the MTCA Method A CULs for DRO and ORO. However, following well re-development, those exceedances were never repeated over four consecutive quarters of sampling.

DRO and ORO were occasionally detected (i.e., fourth quarter 2018 and second quarter 2019 only) at concentrations greater than MTCA Method A CULs in well MW-7 on the southwest (upgradient) side of the tracks. However, as noted above, DRO, ORO, and other groundwater COPCs were consistently not detected in the November 2018 to September 2019 quarterly samples from downgradient wells MW-5 and MW-6, and in all samples from MW-1 following redevelopment, which empirically demonstrates limited migration of those constituents with no potential to discharge to surface water.



Petroleum hydrocarbon impacts are generally limited to the top of the groundwater table, the smear zone defined by seasonal groundwater fluctuations, and by relatively shallow impermeable bedrock underlying the property. As a result, the only impacted areas are defined as the five soil areas illustrated on Figure 8, and with depth ranges indicated in cross sections on Figures 3 through 6.

4.4 Potential Exposure Pathways and Receptors

Potential exposure pathways were evaluated to determine whether COPCs pose unacceptable risk to human health or the environment under the current land use. The potential exposure pathways for soil and groundwater are summarized in Figure 9. The exposure pathways associated with dermal contact and ingestion of soil by construction workers and inhalation of volatiles from impacted soil are potentially complete as summarized below and depicted on Figure 9. The remaining exposure pathways; groundwater ingestion, and direct exposure to surface water are incomplete (Figure 9).

- <u>Direct Soil Exposure Pathway:</u> There is a potential direct exposure pathway to construction workers from COPCs present in vadose-zone soils. If future construction work occurs where soil is excavated to depths exceeding approximately 5 ft bgs, it is possible that construction workers could encounter impacted soil, depending on the location and depth of the work. Potential exposure to impacted soils by construction workers will be managed via an institutional control as part of an environmental covenant.
- Potable Groundwater Ingestion Pathway: DRO and ORO have been occasionally detected at concentrations greater than MTCA Method A CULs in historical groundwater samples from two wells (MW-1 and MW-7), though not in the most recent sampling events completed from September 2019 through and November 2019. Ecology's Washington State Well Report Viewer was queried and after thorough review of the data, three domestic supply wells exist within a 0.25-mile radius of the site.
 - 1) Well Report ID 419065 is listed as a domestic water well installed in 2005 to a depth of 53 ft bgs and is located cross-gradient from the BNSF property on an adjacent property with the address of 5660 Sunset Highway.
 - 2) Well Report ID 626912 is listed as a domestic water well installed in 2009 to a depth of 58 ft bgs and is located approximately 500 feet to the northwest of the BNSF property (cross-gradient) at the address of 5988 Goodwin Road.
 - 3) Well Report ID 125028 is a domestic water well installed in 1980 to a depth of 50 ft bgs and is located on a property approximately 800 feet cross-gradient from the BNSF property.

One municipal well (Well Report ID 133661), which was installed in 1980 to a depth of 82 ft bgs, is located approximately 0.26 miles cross-gradient.

Because these wells are located cross-gradient, and dissolved phase DRO/ORO in groundwater is limited in occurrence and extent, the groundwater ingestion exposure pathway is incomplete. Shallow groundwater is not typically used for drinking water due to potential impacts from septic systems and other surface and near surface contaminant sources and the Ecology requirement for a minimum 18-foot surface seal for domestic water supply wells (Washington Administrative Code [WAC] 173-160-231



(1)(c)); therefore, the likelihood of potable use of shallow groundwater is significantly limited. Furthermore, elimination of any use of shallow groundwater at the Site will be addressed via institutional controls as part of an environmental covenant.

Vapor Intrusion and Inhalation Pathway: Only benzene was is considered a potential but unlikely vapor intrusion risk. There were only three detections of benzene in soil at concentrations exceeding the MTCA Method A CUL. The three exceedances are limited to soil samples from two test pits (TP10 and TP12) located approximately 20 feet apart in the central portion of the Site on the southwest side of the tracks (Figure 8). The samples were located at depths of 4 to 6 ft bgs at TP12 and 6 to 8 ft bgs at both TP10 and TP12. Current and foreseeable future land use preclude any potential for vapor intrusion risks because the area is an active railroad right of way adjacent to a highway. Potential future residential construction overlaying areas of residual soil impact is highly improbable and will be addressed via institutional controls that would prohibit residential development.

Benzene was detected in groundwater at a concentration greater than its MTCA Method A CUL in one temporary well sample collected in 2004. Since 2004, there has been only one estimated (J-flagged) concentration of benzene in groundwater in a sample from MW-1 in 2008. That single benzene detection was at a concentration slightly greater than the reporting limit but significantly less than the MTCA Method A CUL.

Therefore, benzene in groundwater is not considered a potential source of vapor intrusion. Additionally, there are no structures overlying areas of soil or groundwater impacts, and future development would be limited due to the presence of the railroad right-of-way and will be managed through institutional controls.

• <u>Direct Surface Water Exposure Pathway:</u> The potential exposure pathway for impacted groundwater discharge to the surface waters of the Wenatchee River, if complete, could result in direct exposure via dermal contact or ingestion or exposure to the aquatic habitat. This potential exposure pathway has been demonstrated to be incomplete based on consistent non-detections for groundwater COPCs throughout the four quarters of 2019 in samples from the downgradient monitoring wells closest to the Wenatchee River (i.e., MW-1, MW-5, and MW-6) as depicted on Figure 7.

4.5 Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation

A simplified Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation (TEE) was performed by a qualified biologist, in accordance with WAC 173-340-7492, Table 749-1, to assess the quality of habitat and potential to attract wildlife in contiguous undeveloped land within a 500-foot radius of the property. These evaluations were used to quantify the potential risk to plants and animals that live entirely or primarily on affected land through Ecology's TEE process.

A simplified TEE Exposure Analysis is required under MTCA to assess potential ecological risk posed by the COPCs and to determine whether a more detailed investigation of potential ecological risk is required. Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-340-7490 requires that one of the following actions be taken:

- Documenting a TEE exclusion using the criteria presented in WAC 173-340-7491,
- Conducting a simplified TEE in accordance with WAC 173-340-7492, or
- Conducting a site-specific TEE in accordance with WAC 173-340-7493.



The completed Table 749-1 and a figure showing the acreage determination are included in Appendix B. The estimated area of contiguous undeveloped land within 500 feet of the Site was calculated to be 2.32 acres, which results in a point value of 8. Regarding question 3, the habitat quality was determined to be low (point value of 3) due to the presence of non-native and weedy grass and shrubs species that have been historically disturbed. Regarding question 4, the area is generally isolated from other areas of potential habitat, but birds would be expected to visit the trees and the area may be visited at times by larger mammals passing through (point value of 1). The summation of points from questions 2 through 5 results in a point value of 11. Therefore, the simplified TEE may be ended under WAC 173-340-7492(2)(a)(ii). No further consideration of ecological impacts is required under MTCA.

4.6 Summary

In summary:

- Soil exceedances of COPCs are limited to five areas, with the greatest volume of impacted soil below 6 ft bgs (Figure 8).
- COPCs in soil are not leaching into, or migrating in groundwater, as evidenced by the absence of COPC detections in groundwater samples from downgradient wells throughout all four quarterly monitoring events in 2019.
- Groundwater exceedances have historically been limited to two wells (MW-1 and MW-7) and then only occasionally. Exceedances of the MTCA Method A CULs for DRO and ORO in MW-7 on the southwest (upgradient) side of the tracks were noted in November 2018 and June 2019. Exceedances of the MTCA Method A CULs for DRO and ORO in in MW-1 on the northeast (downgradient) side of the tracks were noted in August 2008 and November 2018 but have not occurred since MW-1 was re-developed. None of the other wells have ever reported an exceedance of a MTCA CUL.
- Groundwater data also demonstrates that there are no releases of impacted groundwater to surface water.
- Among the exposure pathways identified and characterized only direct contact with soil
 by a construction worker and vapor inhalation by a resident are considered potentially
 complete exposure pathways. Both exposure pathways will be addressed by
 institutional controls.

5.0 Proposed Cleanup Standards

This section presents the technical elements used to develop site-specific cleanup standards. There are two primary components to determining cleanup standards: CULs and points of compliance. CULs identify the concentration below which a hazardous substance does not threaten human health or the environment. The goal is to address all media impacted at concentrations greater than applicable CULs with a remedial action, institutional control, or engineering control that prevents exposure to those impacted media. Points of compliance designate the locations on the Facility where those site-specific CULs must be met. Applicable laws and regulations, COCs, media of concern, and cleanup standards, including the established CULs and points of compliance are described in the sections below.



5.1 Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements

The applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) provide the framework for the Site. WAC sections 173-340-360(2) and 173-340-710(1)(a) require that environmental investigations conducted under MTCA comply with applicable state and federal laws. Applicable laws are defined as those requirements that are legally applicable as well as those that Ecology determines to be both relevant and appropriate. The ARARs reviewed for the environmental investigations were the following:

- MTCA (Chapter 70.105D of the Revised Code of Washington [RCW 70.105D]);
- MTCA Cleanup Regulations (WAC 173-340); and
- The State Environmental Policy Act (RCW 43.21).

5.2 Constituents of Concern

The COCs are the constituents that were detected in soil or groundwater at concentrations exceeding applicable MTCA Method A CULs.

5.2.1 Constituents of Concern in Soil

The following constituents and constituent groups have been identified as the COCs for soil:

- DRO
- ORO
- GRO
- Benzene
- cPAHs (as benzo(a)pyrene toxicity equivalent)
- Naphthalenes²

5.2.2 Constituents of Concern in Groundwater

The following constituents and constituent groups have been identified as the COCs for groundwater:

- DRO
- ORO

5.3 Media of Concern

Soil and groundwater are the media of concern at the Site, based on exceedances of MTCA Method A CULs for soil and groundwater.

5.4 Cleanup Standards

As defined in WAC 173-340-700, cleanup standards include establishing the site-specific CULs and the points of compliance at which the CULs are to be attained. The cleanup standards have been established in accordance with WAC 173-340-700 through 173-340-760.

² Total value for naphthalene, 1-methyl naphthalene, and 2-methyl naphthalene.



5.4.1 Selected Cleanup Levels

Site-specific CULs are the concentrations of COCs that will be met for the medium of concern at the points of compliance defined for the Site to meet MTCA requirements. The soil and groundwater CULs for the COCs are presented in the following sections.

5.4.1.1 Soil

The selected CULs for soil are the MTCA Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses as defined in Table 740-1 of WAC 173-340-900. MTCA Method A CULs for each COC are identified below:

- DRO = 2,000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)
- ORO = 2,000 mg/kg
- GRO = 30 mg/kg (if benzene is present)
- Benzene = 0.03 mg/kg
- cPAHs³ = 0.1 mg/kg⁴
- Naphthalenes² = 5 mg/kg

5.4.1.2 Groundwater

WAC 173-340-720(1)(a) states: "Groundwater cleanup levels shall be based on estimates of the highest beneficial use and the reasonable maximum exposure expected to occur under both current and potential future site use conditions." The selected CULs for groundwater are the MTCA Method A CULs for groundwater as defined in Table 720-1 of WAC 173-340-900:

- DRO = 500 micrograms per liter (µg/L)
- ORO = 500 μg/L

5.4.2 Points of Compliance

The points of compliance are the locations at which the CULs for the COCs must be attained in each medium of concern to meet the requirements for obtaining an NFA determination from Ecology. The points of compliance were established in accordance with WAC 173-340-740(6) for soil and WAC 173-340-720(8) for groundwater.

5.4.2.1 Soil

The points of compliance for soil are defined as all soil throughout the Site where the selected CULs will be attained, based on the potential exposure pathway. The point of compliance protective of human exposure from direct contact is the upper 15 ft bgs. The point of compliance for protection of groundwater is soil throughout the Site. The point of compliance for protection of surface water is surficial soil along the bank of the Wenatchee River.

³ cPAHs analyzed and detected at the Site include benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.

⁴ The total for cPAHs is calculated by multiplying the concentration of each cPAH compound by the toxic equivalency factor (TEF) and summing them for a total cPAH concentration for comparison to the MTCA Method A CUL for benzo(a)pyrene.



5.4.2.2 Groundwater

The point of compliance for groundwater is defined as all groundwater throughout the Site where the selected CULs will be attained. Specific points where compliance may be measured are downgradient monitoring wells MW-1, MW-5, and MW-6.

5.4.2.3 Surface Water

The points of compliance for surface water are the points at which hazardous substances are potentially released to surface waters of the State, which is surface water adjacent to the bank of the Wenatchee River. Groundwater data from downgradient wells (i.e., MW-1, MW-5, and MW-6) demonstrate that COCs are not present in groundwater being released to surface water at concentrations that exceed applicable MTCA CULs.

6.0 Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations

6.1 Summary and Conclusions

Soil impacts are limited in extent to five areas, four located between Sunset Highway and the railroad tracks, and one located between the railroad tracks and the Wenatchee River (Figure 8). COCs in soil are not leaching to groundwater based on groundwater analytical results between 2012 and 2019, which are mostly non-detections or low concentrations of COCs. Soil impacts would not be expected to migrate to depths below the maximum depth of groundwater, which is shallow and has seasonal fluctuations of only a few feet, or below the impermeable bedrock at depths of between 12 and 20 ft bgs.

Groundwater impacts are limited to occasional historical exceedances of the groundwater CULs for DRO and ORO in samples from MW-7, which is located on the southwest (upgradient) side of the tracks. Except for a single result for the November 2018 groundwater sample from MW-1, analytical results for groundwater samples collected from wells on the northeast downgradient side of the tracks are consistently less than CULs or not detected. Historical (2012 to 2015) and recent (2018 to 2019) groundwater data in downgradient wells along the Wenatchee River demonstrate that surface water is not adversely impacted by groundwater.

6.2 Recommendations

A substantial volume of environmental data has been collected since 2005 to characterize the nature and extent of impacts to soil and groundwater related to a historical release of crude oil that occurred in the 1930s. That data set has been thoroughly evaluated and summarized and supplemented by additional groundwater data collected over the past 16 months as part of the supplemental data gap evaluation required under the AO. This RI report completes and documents that evaluation and presents conclusions that support the recommendations outlined below.

Through the supplemental groundwater data gap evaluation, including the supplemental quarterly groundwater monitoring data collected in 2019, a successful demonstration has been made that no groundwater data gaps remain. The four consecutive quarters of non-detect groundwater results in 2019 from the three point of compliance wells (MW-1, MW-5, and MW-6) clearly demonstrate that residual soil impacts are not a threat to groundwater or surface waters



of the Wenatchee River. The potential soil data gaps indicated by Ecology, specifically, possible shallow soil impacts on the northeast side of the tracks at depths between 0 and 6 ft bgs, were successfully addressed and documented via email correspondence with Ecology in 2019. In a November 12, 2019 email correspondence (Ecology, 2019c), Ecology indicated that they had not identified any data gaps that would preclude the completion of the RI.

Based on the weight of evidence compiled through investigations completed to date, there are currently no complete exposure pathways that could result in risks to human health or the environment from residual soil impacts or occasional groundwater CUL exceedances in one well on the southwest side of the tracks. Residual soil and groundwater impacts can be managed via institutional controls through the filing of an environmental covenant on the deed for the property in accordance with Ecology guidance.

In consideration of the currently incomplete exposure pathways to human health and the environment and their future management via institutional controls, a no further action (NFA) determination is requested for the Site pending filing of an approved environmental covenant

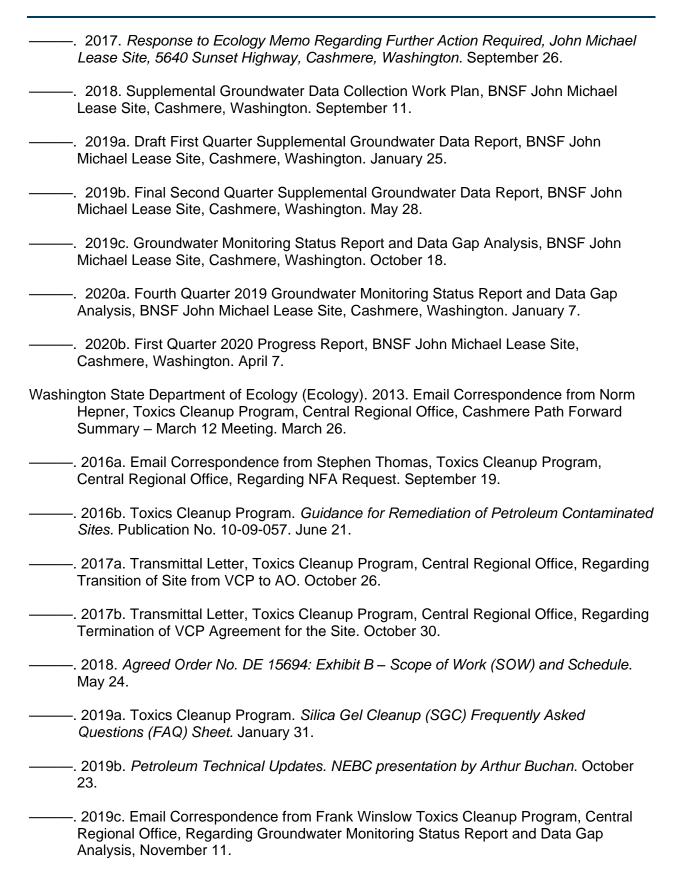
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-. 2016. Supplemental Soil and Groundwater Investigation Report, John Michael Lease

Site, 5640 Sunset Highway, Cashmere, Washington, June 29.







Tables

Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Well ID	Date Measured	TOC Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft btoc)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)
	08/06/08		13.94	790.07
	04/07/09		13.96	790.05
	09/25/12		13.98	790.03
	12/11/12		13.66	790.35
	03/20/13		13.40	790.61
MW-1	06/19/13	804.01	11.86	792.15
10100-1	08/11/15	004.01	14.32	789.69
	11/07/18		13.41	790.60
	03/26/19		13.60	790.41
	06/20/19		12.90	791.11
	09/19/19		13.94	790.07
	11/20/19		13.91	790.10
	08/06/08		9.00	792.22
	04/07/09		9.12	792.10
	09/25/12		9.30	791.92
	12/11/12		8.88	792.34
	03/20/13		8.70	792.52
MW-2	06/19/13	801.22	7.54	793.68
10100-2	08/11/15		9.76	791.46
	11/07/18		6.26	794.96
	03/26/19		8.92	792.30
	06/20/19		8.19	793.03
	09/19/19		9.31	791.91
	11/20/19		9.24	791.98
	08/06/08		7.83	791.05
	04/07/09		7.79	791.09
	09/25/12		7.70	791.18
	12/11/12		7.62	791.26
	03/20/13		7.54	791.34
MW-3	06/19/13	798.88	6.64	792.24
IVIVV-O	08/11/15	1 30.00	8.14	790.74
	11/07/18		7.59	791.29
	03/26/19		7.65	791.23
	06/20/19		7.23	791.65
	09/19/19		7.58	791.30
	11/20/19		7.83	791.05



Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Well ID	Date Measured	TOC Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft btoc)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)
	08/06/08		6.39	791.60
	04/07/09		6.45	791.54
	09/25/12		6.33	791.66
	12/11/12		6.30	791.69
	03/20/13		6.22	791.77
MW-4	06/19/13	707 00	5.18	792.81
IVIV V — V	08/11/15	797.99 <u>5</u>	6.99	791.00
	11/07/18		6.99 6.26 6.29 5.74	791.73
	03/26/19			791.70
	06/20/19	5.	5.74	792.25
	09/19/19		6.31	791.68
	11/20/19		6.60	791.39
	11/07/18		13.09	789.88
	03/26/19		13.18	789.79
MW-5	06/20/19	802.97	12.66	790.31
	09/19/19		13.31	789.66
	11/20/19		15.20	787.77
	11/07/18		10.59	788.90
	03/26/19		10.67	788.82
MW-6	06/20/19	799.49	10.12	789.37
	09/19/19		11.15	788.34
	11/20/19		10.93	788.56
MW-7	11/07/18		8.11	790.81
	03/26/19		8.17	790.75
	06/20/19	798.92	7.80	791.12
	09/19/19		8.31	790.61
	11/20/19		8.44	790.48

NOTES:

TOC elevations surveyed to NAVD88 by Erlandsen Surveying, November 2018.

ABBREVIATIONS:

TOC = top of casing

ft = feet

ft btoc = feet below top of casing



Table 2 Summary of Soil Analytical Results TPH and BTEX

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical res	ults in milligi	rams per kilo	<u> </u>				TPH			1	VO	Cs ^c	
Location ID	Sampled	Sample Date	Sample Depth	TOC	DRO ^a	DROª	OROª	ORO ^a	h	_		Ethyl-	· · ·
	Ву	Date	(ft bgs)		(w/ SGC)	(w/o SGC)	(w/ SGC)	(w/o SGC)	GRO⁵	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes
	ethod A Cle		for Soil ^d	NE	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	30	0.03	7	6	9
Monitoring V MW-1	Farallon	07/29/08	10.0		38,700		58,100		1,250	<0.449	<0.748	3.08	8.14
MW-4	Farallon	07/29/08	5.0		11.0		80.4		<5.07	<0.0304	<0.0507	<0.0507	<0.101
MW-5	TRC	10/29/18	16.0	6,140	22.2	41.4	41.4	60.4	2.99 B	<0.00111	<0.00555	<0.00278	<0.00722
MW-6	TRC	10/29/18	10.5	2,350	<4.32	<4.32	<10.8	<10.8	<2.78	<0.00112	<0.00562	<0.00281	<0.00731
MW-6 MW-7	TRC TRC	10/29/18 10/30/18	12.5 10.0	2,530 5,570	<4.58 2,220	<4.58 4,480	<11.5 2,930	<11.5 4,890	<2.86 8.89 B	<0.00115 <0.00102	<0.00573 <0.00511	<0.00286 0.00267	<0.00745 0.0118
MW-7	TRC	10/30/18	12.0	2,960	47.9	51.4	129	129	<2.66	<0.00102	<0.00511	<0.00267	<0.00691
Soil Borings			.=	=,= =									
B-1	EMR	12/01/04	4.0		446		7,610		<4.13	<0.0206	<0.0413	<0.0413	<0.0825
B-2	EMR	12/01/04	8.0		3,620		7,380		795	<2.11	<4.21	<4.21	<8.42
B-3 B-4	EMR EMR	12/01/04 12/01/04	6.0 6.0		<24.8 46.5		<49.5 286		<4.26 <4.21	<0.0213 <0.0237	<0.0426 <0.0475	<0.0426 <0.0475	<0.0853 <0.0949
B-5	EMR	12/01/04	8.0		397		989		38.7	0.0294	<0.0421	<0.0421	<0.0841
B-6	EMR	12/01/04	5.0		35.9		320		<4.85	<0.0243	<0.0485	<0.0485	<0.097
B-7	EMR	12/01/04	3.0		<24.5		<48.9		<4.24	<0.0212	<0.0424	<0.0424	<0.0848
B-8 Test Pits	EMR	12/01/04	5.0		433		6,320		<4.42	<0.0221	<0.0442	<0.0442	<0.0883
TP1	Farallon	09/20/07	0-2		<19.5		314		<5.12	<0.0256	<0.205	<0.205	<0.614
TP1	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		10,500		20,900		17.3	<0.0240	<0.912	<0.192	<0.576
TP2	Farallon	09/20/07	2-4		21.1		169		<4.41	<0.0221	<0.177	<0.177	<0.530
TP2	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		2,210		11,900		16.3	<0.0275	<0.220	<0.220	<0.660
TP3 TP3	Farallon Farallon	09/20/07 09/20/07	2-4 4-6		5.63 8.80		82.8 79.1		<4.39 <5.19	<0.0219 <0.0259	<0.175 <0.207	<0.175 <0.207	<0.526 <0.622
TP4	Farallon	09/20/07	4-6		<3.88		85.3		<4.32	<0.0239	<0.173	<0.207	<0.022
TP4	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		7.33		92.9		<4.19	<0.0210	<0.168	<0.168	<0.503
TP5	Farallon	09/20/07	2-4		<3.96		16.9		<4.81	<0.0241	<0.192	<0.192	<0.577
TP5 TP6	Farallon Farallon	09/20/07 09/20/07	6-8 4-6		5.29 <19.9		24.0 387		<4.37 <4.42	<0.0218 <0.0221	<0.175 <0.177	<0.175 <0.177	<0.524 <0.530
TP6	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		24.5		170		<4.74	<0.0221	<0.177	<0.177	<0.569
TP7	Farallon	09/20/07	2-4		22.1		125		<5.47	<0.0274	<0.219	<0.219	<0.656
TP7	Farallon	09/20/07	4-6		19.1		140		<4.59	<0.0229	<0.184	<0.184	<0.551
TP8 TP8	Farallon	09/20/07	2-4 6-8		17.4		248 701		<5.45	<0.0273	<0.218	<0.218	<0.654
TP9	Farallon Farallon	09/20/07 09/20/07	2-4		78.9 <3.94		10.4		<5.97 <4.39	<0.0299 <0.0220	<0.239 <0.176	<0.239 <0.176	<0.717 <0.527
TP9	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		<399		9,260		<5.79	<0.0289	<0.232	<0.232	<0.695
TP10	Farallon	09/20/07	2-4		24.4		174		<5.54	<0.0277	<0.221	<0.221	<0.664
TP10	Farallon	09/20/07	6-8		149		1,080		16.8	1.73	0.265	<0.242	1.26
TP11 TP11	Farallon Farallon	09/20/07 09/20/07	2-4 4-6		<3.99 949		29.2 6,710		<4.92 <5.43	<0.0246 <0.0271	<0.197 <0.217	<0.197 <0.217	<0.590 <0.651
TP12	Farallon	09/21/07	4-6		<3.92		16.5		<4.80	0.202	<0.192	<0.192	<0.575
TP12	Farallon	09/21/07	6-8		23.2		183		23.4	1.17	<0.232	<0.232	<0.695
TP13	Farallon	09/21/07	0-2		<38.9		412		< 5.84	<0.0292	<0.234	<0.234	<0.701
TP13 TP14	Farallon Farallon	09/21/07 09/21/07	6-8 4-6		<3.88 <7.90		38.2 222		<5.42 <4.46	<0.0271 <0.0223	<0.217 <0.178	<0.217 <0.178	<0.650 <0.535
TP14	Farallon	09/21/07	6-8		<19.7		454		<5.49	<0.0225	<0.176	<0.170	<0.659
TP15	Farallon	09/21/07	0-2		58.7		812		<5.44	<0.0272	<0.218	<0.218	<0.653
TP15	Farallon	09/21/07	4-6		14.5	-	194		<5.73	<0.0286	<0.229	<0.229	<0.687
TP17 TP18	Farallon	05/06/08 05/08/08	8 8		<211 193		829 1,470		<10.6 <13.7	<0.0634 <0.0823	<0.106 <0.137	<0.106 <0.137	<0.211 <0.274
TP18	Farallon Farallon	05/08/08	8		15.5		1,470		<13.7	<0.0823	~U.13 <i>1</i>	~U. 13 <i>1</i>	<0.274
TP22	Farallon	04/06/09	15		<11.7		52.9		-		-		
TP23	Farallon	04/06/09	14		20.4		119						
TP24	Farallon	04/06/09	14		<10.6		<26.4						
TP25 TP25	Farallon Farallon	04/06/09 04/06/09	8 14		318 44,500		1,880 61,000						
TP26	Farallon	04/00/09	10		<15.5		105						
TP26	Farallon	04/07/09	16		8,080		12,900				-		
TP27	Farallon	04/07/09	8		<11.8		49.3						
TP27 TP28	Farallon Farallon	04/07/09 04/07/09	12 10		37,400 47.5		51,500 301						
TP29	Farallon	04/07/09	8		40.1		397						
TP30	Farallon	06/25/12	14		110		19,000		<0.25	<0.00037	<0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
TP30	Farallon	06/25/12	16		2.4 J		7.8 J		<0.25	<0.00037	<0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
TP31 TP31	Farallon Farallon	06/25/12 06/25/12	12 16		<2.0 <2.0		<5.0		0.28 J	<0.00037	<0.00067 <0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
TP31	Farallon	06/25/12	16		<2.0 <2.0		<5.0 <5.0		<0.25 <0.25	<0.00037 <0.00037	<0.00067	<0.00037 <0.00037	<0.0015 <0.0015
TP32	Farallon	06/26/12	16		<2.0		<5.0		<0.25	<0.00037	<0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
TP33	Farallon	06/25/12	14		1,000		1,500		8.4	<0.00037	<0.00067	0.016	0.049
TP34	Farallon	06/25/12	14		120		19,000		72	0.0079	0.032	0.20	0.47
TP38	Farallon Farallon	06/26/12 06/26/12	4 10		<20 60		98 J 70		<0.25 <0.25	<0.00037 0.0046	<0.00067 <0.00067	<0.00037 <0.00037	<0.0015 <0.0015
TP38	Farallon	06/26/12	12		6.0		31		<0.25	<0.0046	<0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
TP38	Farallon	06/26/12	16		<2.0		<5.0		<0.25	<0.00037	<0.00067	<0.00037	<0.0015
												_	



Table 2 Summary of Soil Analytical Results TPH and BTEX

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

7 trialytical res			Sample				TPH				VO	Cs ^c	
Location ID	Sampled By	Sample Date	Depth (ft bgs)	TOC	DRO ^a (w/ SGC)	DRO ^a (w/o SGC)	OROª (w/ SGC)	OROª (w/o SGC)	GRO ^b	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylenes
MTCA Me	ethod A Clea	anup Levels	for Soil ^d	NE	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	30	0.03	7	6	9
Test Trench	es												
T1-NE	Farallon	05/06/08	8		<58.5		201		<11.3	<0.0679	0.117	<0.113	<0.226
T1-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	-	205		942		<12.6	<0.0755	<0.126	<0.126	<0.252
T2-NE	Farallon	05/06/08	8	-	<1,410		3,960		<12.0	<0.0718	<0.120	<0.120	<0.239
T2-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	-	854		3,840		<15.1	<0.0905	<0.151	<0.151	< 0.302
T3-NE	Farallon	05/07/08	8	-	<53.3		137		17.6	<0.0656	<0.109	<0.109	<0.219
T3-SW	Farallon	05/07/08	8	-	<223		973		<9.35	<0.0561	<0.0935	<0.0935	<0.187
T4-N	Farallon	05/07/08	8	-	6,890		13,000		297	<0.494	<0.823	<0.823	<1.65
T4-S	Farallon	05/07/08	8	-	2,020		3,580		303	<0.672	<1.12	<1.12	<2.24
T5-NE	Farallon	05/06/08	8	-	71.9		175.0		10.1	<0.0586	<0.0977	<0.0977	<0.195
T5-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	-	82.9		341		<15.4	<0.0923	<0.154	<0.154	<0.308
T6-N	Farallon	05/07/08	10	-	18,100		24,300		271	<0.0593	<0.0988	0.135	0.862
T6-S	Farallon	05/07/08	8	-	12,100		16,300		719	<0.523	<0.872	1.44	2.92
T7-N	Farallon	05/08/08	8	-	6,860		11,300		156	<0.0500	<0.0833	<0.0833	0.359
T7-S	Farallon	05/08/08	8	-	37,600		51,600		1,020	<0.569	<0.949	<0.949	3.09
T8-NE	Farallon	05/08/08	6	-	<11.6		<29.1		<10.5	<0.0629	<0.105	<0.105	<0.210
T8-SW	Farallon	05/08/08	6	ŀ	<12.0		<30.0		<10.4	<0.0627	<0.104	<0.104	<0.209

NOTES:

Results in **bold** denote concentrations detected at or above the applicable cleanup level (including non-dected results where the reporting limit is above the CUL).

- < denotes analyte not detected at or above the given reporting limit.
- -- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.
- B denotes analyte was detected in the blank and the value presented here may be biased high.
- J denotes analyte was detected in the sample at an estimated concentration between the method detection limit and the reporting limit.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

TOC = total organic carbon

TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

VOC = volatile organic compounds

DRO = diesel-range organics

ORO = oil-range organics

GRO = gasoline-range organics

NE = no cleanup level established

EMR = EMR, Inc.

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC

TRC = TRC Environmental

SGC = silica gel cleanup CUL = cleanup level

- ^a Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.
- ^b Analyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.
- c Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8021B, with the exception of 2018 samples (EPA 8260C).
- ^d Washington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations (CLARC) Tables Method A values for Soil, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.



Table 3 **Summary of Soil Analytical Results** cPAHs and Naphthalenes

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

	Analytical resu	ılts in milligrams per	i Kilogram (ii	,				Semi-\	Volatile Organic	Compounds ^a			
	Location ID	Sampled By		-	` '	Chrysene	, , ,	Benzo (k)	Benzo (a)	Indeno (1,2,3-cd)	,	cPAHs ^c	Naphthalenes ^d
MW-94 TRC 10/2018 16.0 -0.000988 -0.000980	MTCA	Method A Cleanu	p Levels for	r Soil ^b	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.10	NE	NE	0.10	5
MW.6. TPC 102918 19.5 4000048 40.00048 40													
MW-N/P TRC 1092718 9.5 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00887 -0.00888													<0.0222
MM-77 TRC 1090/19 120 0.0868 0.0967 0.0256 0.0256 0.0058 0.00583													<0.0216 <0.0229
May 1 TRC 109018 12.0 0.00000 0.0100 40.00030 40.0													0.6985
TP1													0.0252
TP1	Test Pits												
TP2													<0.00330
TP2													<8.28
TP3													<0.0156 <8.22
TPF													<0.00326
TPH													<0.00327
TPPS		Farallon											<0.00316
TPP													<0.00327
TPB													<0.00320
FPF Farallon 09/2007 6-8 -0.00323 -0.00325 -0.00323 -0.00324 -0.00325													<0.00332 <0.00328
TPT													<0.00328
TPT													<0.00333
TP8	TP7	Farallon	09/20/07	4-6	<0.0323	<0.0323	<0.0323	<0.0323	<0.0323	<0.0323	< 0.0323	< 0.0024	<0.0323
TP9													0.0120
TP9													0.094
TP10													<0.00332 <16.6
TP10													<0.0330
TP11													0.0227
TP12		Farallon	09/20/07	2-4	0.00364		0.00530	0.00331	<0.00331		< 0.00331		0.00662
TP12													<0.163
TP13													<0.00325
TP14													<0.00328 <0.00329
TP14													<0.00329
TP15													<0.164
FP17		Farallon			<0.162				<0.162				<0.162
TP18													0.0169
TP30													<0.107
TP30													
TP31													
TP32				12									
TP32													
TP33													
TP34													
TP38													
TP38													
TP38		Farallon											-
Test Trenches T1-NE Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.0117													
T1-NE Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.0117 <0.0117 <0.0117 <0.0117 <0.0117 <0.0117 <0.0089 <0.0 T1-SW Farallon 05/06/08 8 0.0255 0.0502 0.0366 0.0204 0.0230 0.0153 <0.0128			06/26/12	16	<0.00062	<0.00092	<0.00082	<0.0013	<0.0011	<0.0011	<0.0012	0.0006	
T1-SW Farallon 05/06/08 8 0.0255 0.0502 0.0366 0.0204 0.0230 0.0153 <0.0128 0.0339 0.01 T2-NE Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.282			05/00/00	0	<0.0117	0.0155	<0.0117	<0.0117	<0.0117	<0.0117	<0.0117	< 0.0090	-0.0447
T2-NE Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.282 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <0.530 <td></td> <td><0.0117 0.0153</td>													<0.0117 0.0153
T2-SW Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.327 <0.4984 <0.5 T3-NE Farallon 05/07/08 8 <0.530													<0.282
T3-SW Farallon 05/07/08 8 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.109 <0.0091 <0.019 <0.0091 <0.019 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.019 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.0091 <0.001 <0.0010 <0.0010 <0.00118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118	T2-SW		05/06/08		<0.327	< 0.327	<0.327	<0.327		<0.327	< 0.327	0.4984	<0.327
T4-N Farallon 05/07/08 8 <1.59 3.39 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 0.1004 <1.50 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 0.1004 <1.50 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 0.1004 <1.50 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.59 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51 <1.51													<0.530
T4-S Farallon 05/07/08 8 0.68 1.56 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.600 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <													<0.109
T5-NE Farallon 05/06/08 8 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0118 <0.0109 <0.00 T5-W Farallon 05/06/08 8 0.0177 0.0237 <0.0127													<1.59 <0.600
T5-W Farallon 05/06/08 8 0.0177 0.0237 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127 <0.0127													<0.0118
T6-N Farallon 05/07/08 10 2.68 7.17 <1.61 <1.61 <1.61 <1.61 <1.61 1.1704 97. T6-S Farallon 05/07/08 8 1.86 4.55 <1.55													0.28
T7-N Farallon 05/08/08 8 <1.52 3.04 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <1.52 <th< td=""><td>T6-N</td><td></td><td>05/07/08</td><td>10</td><td>2.68</td><td>7.17</td><td><1.61</td><td><1.61</td><td></td><td><1.61</td><td><1.61</td><td>1.1704</td><td>97.40</td></th<>	T6-N		05/07/08	10	2.68	7.17	<1.61	<1.61		<1.61	<1.61	1.1704	97.40
T7-S Farallon 05/08/08 8 5.54 13.8 <4.15 <4.15 <4.15 <4.15 <4.15 <4.15 1.2264 207													34.96
													6.98
	T7-S T8-NE		05/08/08 05/08/08	8 6	5.54 0.0212						<4.15 <0.0118	1.2264 0.5036	207.80 <0.0118
													0.0376

Results in **bold** denote concentrations reported at or above the applicable cleanup level (including non-dected results where the reporting limit is above the CUL).

- < denotes analyte not detected at or above the given reporting limit. -- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.
- J denotes analyte was detected in the sample at an estimated concentration between the method detection limit and the reporting limit.

ABBREVIATIONS:
ft bgs = feet below ground surface
B(a)P = benzo(a)pyrene
TEF = toxic equivalency factor NE = no cleanup level established EMR = EMR, Inc. Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC TRC = TRC Environmental

FOOTNOTES:

CUL = cleanup level

- ^a Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8270D-SIM.
- ^b Washington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations (CLARC) Tables Method A values for Soil, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.
- ^c Total carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (cPAHs) derived using the total toxicity equivalency for benzo(a)pyrene method in Section 708(8) of Chapter 173-340 of the Washington Administrative Code. For concentrations reported at less than the laboratory reporting limit, half the reporting limit was used to calculate the TEF.
- ^d Naphthalenes include the sum of naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene.



Table 4 Summary of Soil Analytical Results PCBs

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

Trench/	Sample		Sample	Sample				Pol	ychlorinat	ed bipher	ıyls ^a			
Boring Location	Identification	Sampled By	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Aroclor 1016	Aroclor 1221	Aroclor 1232	Aroclor 1242	Aroclor 1248	Aroclor 1254	Aroclor 1260	Aroclor 1262	Aroclor 1268	Total PCBs
	MTCA Method A	Cleanup Levels for	Soil ^b		NE	NE	NE	10						
Test Trenches	S													
T1-SW	T1-050608-8-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	<0.321	<0.642	<0.321	<0.321	<0.321	< 0.321	<0.321	<0.321	<0.321	<0.642
T2-NE	T2-050608-8-NE	Farallon	05/06/08	8	<0.281	<0.561	<0.281	<0.281	<0.281	<0.281	<0.281	<0.281	<0.281	<0.561
T3-SW	T3-050708-8-SW	Farallon	05/07/08	8	<0.277	<0.554	<0.277	<0.277	<0.277	<0.277	<0.277	<0.277	<0.277	<0.554
T4-N	T4-050708-8-N	Farallon	05/07/08	8	<0.540	<1.08	<0.540	<0.540	<0.540	<0.540	<0.540	<0.540	<0.540	<1.08
T5-SW	T5-050608-8-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	<0.290	<0.581	<0.290	<0.290	<0.290	<0.290	<0.290	<0.290	<0.290	<0.581
T6-N	T6-050708-10-N	Farallon	05/07/08	10	<0.843	<1.69	<0.843	<0.843	<0.843	<0.843	<0.843	<0.843	<0.843	<1.69
T7-S	T7-050808-8-S	Farallon	05/08/08	8	<2.79	<5.57	<2.79	<2.79	<2.79	<2.79	<2.79	<2.79	<2.79	<5.57
T8-NE	T8-050808-6-NE	Farallon	05/08/08	6	<0.295	<0.591	<0.295	<0.295	<0.295	<0.295	<0.295	<0.295	<0.295	<0.591
Soil Borings														
FB-3	FB-3-2.0	Farallon	09/15/15	2	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190	<0.0190
FB-3	FB-3-8.0	Farallon	09/15/15	8	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215	<0.0215
FB-4	FB-4-2.5	Farallon	08/25/15	2.5	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177
FB-4	FB-4-8.5	Farallon	08/25/15	8.5	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178	<0.0178
FB-5	FB-5-2.0	Farallon	09/15/15	2	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185	<0.0185
FB-5	FB-5-10.0	Farallon	09/15/15	10	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0177

NOTES:

< denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ft bgs = feet below ground surface PCBs = polychlorinated biphenyls Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC NE = no cleanup level established



^a Samples analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8082.

^b Washington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations (CLARC) Tables Method A values for Soil, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.

Table 5 Summary of Soil Analytical Results RCRA 8 Metals

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

	Sample Identification Sa			Sample				RCRA 8 M	etals ^a			
Trench Location	Sample Identification	Sampled By	Sample Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Selenium	Silver	Mercury
	MTCA Method A Cl	eanup Levels fo	or Soil ^b		20	NE	2	2,000	1,000	NE	NE	2
Test Trenc	hes											
T1-SW	T1-050608-8-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	5.49	117	<0.577	61.0	23.2	<1.15	<0.577	0.0745
T2-NE	T2-050608-8-NE	Farallon	05/06/08	8	2.63	102	<0.493	77.5	17.4	<0.986	<0.493	<0.0500
T3-SW	T3-050708-8-SW	Farallon	05/07/08	8	4.77	45.7	<0.562	85.6	25.8	<1.12	<0.562	0.0874
T4-N	T4-050708-8-N	Farallon	05/07/08	8	1.83	24.4	<0.557	154	1.00	<1.11	<0.557	<0.0500
T5-SW	T5-050608-8-SW	Farallon	05/06/08	8	12.4	94.3	<0.519	38.8	55.0	<1.04	<0.519	0.0672
T6-N	T6-050708-10-N	Farallon	05/07/08	10	2.83	35.4	<0.562	82.3	6.24	<1.12	<0.562	<0.0500
T7-S	T7-050808-8-S	Farallon	05/08/08	8	4.35	63.2	<0.570	59.6	2.27	<1.14	<0.570	<0.0500
T8-NE	T8-050808-6-NE	Farallon	05/08/08	6	3.89	49.6	<0.502	49.6	16.1	<1.00	<0.502	<0.0500

NOTES

ABBREVIATIONS:

ft bgs = feet below ground surface Farallon = Farallon Consulting, L.L.C. NE = no cleanup level established

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act



< denotes analyte not detected at or above the laboratory practical quantitation limit listed.</p>

^a Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Methods 6000/6010/7000 Series.

^b Washington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations (CLARC) Tables Method A values for Soil, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.

Table 6 Summary of Soil Analytical Results SPLP TPH and VOCs

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

Boring	Sample		Sample	Sample		TPH			VO	Cs ^c	
Location	Identification	Sampled By	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	DROª	ORO ^a	GRO ^b	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylenes
FB-1	FB-1-10.0	Farallon	09/15/15	10	2,660	442	<100				
FB-2	FB-2-10.0	Farallon	09/15/15	10	<100	<250	<100				
FB-4	FB-4-8.5	Farallon	08/25/15	8.5	1,800	742	<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.50

NOTES:

- -- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.
- < denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

DRO = diesel-range organics

ORO = oil-range organics

GRO = gasoline-range organics

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC

SPLP = Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure



^a Sample extracted using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 1311 and analyzed using Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.

^b Sample extracted using EPA Method 1311 and analyzed using Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.

^c Sample extracted using EPA Method 1311 and analyzed using EPA Method 8021B.

Table 7 Summary of Soil Analytical Results SPLP cPAHs and Naphthalenes

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

				Sample		C	arcinogenic Poly	ycyclic Aromatic	Hydrocarbon	s ^a		
Boring Location	Sample Identification	Sampled By	Sample Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Benzo (a) anthracene	Chrysene	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	Benzo (a) pyrene	Indeno (1,2,3- cd) pyrene	Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	Naphthalenes ^b
FB-1	FB-1-10.0	Farallon	09/15/15	10	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	88.2
FB-2	FB-2-10.0	Farallon	09/15/15	10	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.250
FB-4	FB-4-8.5	Farallon	08/25/15	8.5	0.00577 J	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	<0.250

NOTES:

- < denotes analyte not detected at or exceeding the reporting limit listed.
- J = Parameter detected at a concentration less than the practical quantitation limit.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ft bgs = feet below ground surface cPAHs = carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC

SPLP = Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure

FOOTNOTES:

^a Samples extracted using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 1311 and analyzed using EPA Method 8270C/SIM.

^b Naphthalenes include the sum of naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene.



Table 8 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results TPH and BTEX

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

, i	lts in micrograms pe					TPH				VO	Cs ^c	
Well ID	Sampled By	Sample Date	тос	DRO	DRO	ORO ^a	ORO ^a	GRO⁵	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl-	Xylenes
				(w/ SGC)	(w/o SGC)	(w/ SGC)	(w/o SGC)	OKO .	Bonzono	10140110	benzene	Хуюноо
MTCA Me	ethod A Cleanup Le	evels for	NE	500	500	500	500	800	5	1,000	700	1,000
	Groundwater ^d									-,		-,
Monitoring We	-				1		i		•			
	Farallon	08/06/08		1,110		<472		145 J	1.09 J	0.7 J	0.893 J	2.84 J
	Farallon	09/25/12		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	12/11/12		200		150 J		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	03/20/13		100		<250		<100	<0.50	0.23 J	<0.50	0.82 J
	Farallon	06/19/13		110		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
MW-1	Farallon	08/11/15		210		267		<100	<0.50	<5.0	< 0.50	<1.5
-	TRC	11/09/18	2,680	703	1,760	1,220	2,760	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	TRC	03/26/19	2,460	<200	262	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	TRC	06/20/19	1,520	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	TRC	09/19/19	<1,000	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
	TRC	11/20/19	<1,000	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	Farallon	08/06/08		<236		<472		<50	<0.500	<0.500	<0.500	<1.00
-	Farallon	09/25/12		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
	Farallon	12/11/12		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
MW-2	Farallon	03/20/13		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	06/19/13		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	08/11/15		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
	TRC	11/09/18	1,470	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	Farallon	08/06/08		<236		499		<50	<0.500	<0.500	<0.500	<1.00
-	Farallon	09/25/12		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
NAVA / O	Farallon	12/11/12		90 J		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
MW-3	Farallon	03/20/13		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	0.26 J	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	06/19/13		57 J		<250		59 J	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
-	Farallon	08/11/15		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
	TRC	11/09/18	2,400	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
-	Farallon	08/06/08		<236		<472		<50	<0.500	<0.500	<0.500	<1.00
-	Farallon	09/25/12		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
NAVA / 4	Farallon	12/11/12		78 J		170 J		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
MW-4	Farallon	03/20/13		<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
ŀ	Farallon	06/19/13		<100		<250		<50	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
	Farallon	08/11/15	4 700	<100		<250		<100	<0.50	<5.0	<0.50	<1.5
	TRC	11/07/18	1,790	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
	TRC	11/08/18	1,560	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
MW-5	TRC TRC	03/26/19 06/20/19	1,030 1,130	<200 <200	<200 <200	<250 <250	<250 <250	<100 <100	<1.00 <1.00	<1.00 <1.00	<1.00 <1.00	<3.00 <3.00
-	TRC	09/19/19	1,130	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
ŀ	TRC	11/08/18	2,140	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
MW-6	TRC TRC	03/26/19 06/20/19	2,060 2,250	<200 <200	<200 <200	<250 <250	<250 <250	<100 <100	<1.00 <1.00	<1.00 <1.00	<1.00 <1.00	<3.00 <3.00
		09/19/19	1,220	<200	<200	<250	<250	<100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
	TRC TRC	11/08/18		200			707			<1.00		<3.00
}		03/26/19	2,010 1,650	<200	743 <200	<250 J <250	<250	<100 <100	<1.00 <1.00	<1.00	<1.00 <1.00	<3.00
MW-7	TRC TRC	03/26/19	6,700	<200		<250 <250	<250 610		<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
IVI V V - /	TRC	09/19/19	1,290	<200	890 <200	<250	<250	<100 <100	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
}		11/20/19	1,290 1,200 B	<200	<200	<250	<250	257 B	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<3.00
Tomporery	TRC	11/20/18	1,200 D	~200	~200	~200	~200	201 0	~1.00	`1.00	`1.00	\J.UU
Temporary We	•	40/04/04		4 000		0.400	T T	4400	00.4	41.0	44.0	40.0
B-5	EMR	12/01/04		1,290		2,160		<100	26.1	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0
B-6	EMR	12/01/04		<254		<507		<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0
B-8	EMR	12/01/04		<252		<505		<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0

NOTES:

Results in **bold** denote concentrations detected at or above the applicable cleanup level.

- -- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.
- J denotes analyte was detected in the sample at an estimated concentration between the method detection limit and the reporting limit.
- B denotes same analyte was detected in associated blank.

ABBREVIATIONS:

TOC = total organic carbon

TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

VOC = volatile organic compounds

DRO = diesel-range organics

ORO = oil-range organics

GRO = gasoline-range organics

NE = no cleanup level established EMR = EMR, Inc.

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC TRC = TRC Environmental

SGC = silica gel cleanup

FOOTNOTES: ^aAnalyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Dx.

^bAnalyzed by Northwest Method NWTPH-Gx.

^cAnalyzed by USEPA Method 8021B (2008 to 2015) and USEPA Method 8260C or 8260D (2018 and 2019).

^dWashington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations(CLARC) Tables Method A values for Groundwater, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.



Table 9 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results cPAHs and Naphthalene

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Analytical results in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

i			Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds ^a Benzo (a) Chrysene Benzo (b) Benzo (k) Benzo (a) Indeno (1,2,3- Dibenz(a,h) CPAHs ^c Naphtha								
Well ID	Sampled By	Sample Date	Benzo (a) anthracene	Chrysene	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	Benzo (a) pyrene	Indeno (1,2,3- cd) pyrene	Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	cPAHs ^c	Naphthalenes ^d
MTCA Met	thod A Cleanup L Groundwater ^b	evels for	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.10	NE	NE	0.10	160
Monitoring We	ell Samples										
		08/06/08	<0.0943	< 0.0943	0.2890	< 0.0943	0.2550	< 0.0943	<0.0943	0.3032	5.753
1		09/25/12	< 0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.253 J
1	Famallan	12/11/12	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.451 J
1	Farallon	03/20/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.347 J
1		06/19/13	0.015 J	0.012 J	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.037	0.128 J
MW-1		08/11/15	0.0172 J	0.0245 J	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.037	0.0325 J
ı F		11/09/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1		03/26/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1	TRC	06/20/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1	1110	09/19/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1		11/20/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		08/06/08	<0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	< 0.030	<0.0943
1		09/25/12	<0.050	<0.0943	<0.050	<0.050	<0.0943	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.0712	0.0205 J
1		12/11/12	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	<0.020
MW-2	Farallon	03/20/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.0536 J
		06/19/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.051 J
1		08/11/15	0.00657 J	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.036	0.0315 0.0335 J
, F	TRC	11/09/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		08/06/08	< 0.0943	< 0.0943	< 0.0943	< 0.0943	< 0.0943	<0.0943	< 0.0943	< 0.0712	<0.0943
1		09/25/12	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.0196 J
1	Famallan	12/11/12	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	< 0.038	<0.020
MW-3	Farallon	03/20/13	<0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.028 J
1		06/19/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.0592 J
1		08/11/15	0.00570 J	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.036	0.0320 J
1	TRC	11/09/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		08/06/08	<0.0943	<0.0943	< 0.0943	<0.0943	<0.0943	< 0.0943	<0.0943	< 0.0712	<0.0943
1		09/25/12	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.039 J
1	Farallon	12/11/12	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.028 J
MW-4		03/20/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.031 J
1		06/19/13	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.038	0.040 J
ı		08/11/15	0.00636 J	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.036	0.0435 J
	TRC	11/07/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1		11/08/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
MW-5	TRC	03/26/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1		06/20/19	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		09/19/19								< 0.038	<0.25
1		11/08/18 03/26/19	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	<0.0500 <0.0500	< 0.038 < 0.038	<0.25 <0.25
MW-6	TRC	06/20/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		09/19/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		11/08/18	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		03/26/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
MW-7	TRC	06/20/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
1414.4-1	1110	09/19/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
		11/20/19	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	<0.0500	< 0.038	<0.25
Temporary Ma	onitoring Well Sa		0.3000	3.3000	3.3000	5.5555	3.3000	2.3000	2.3333	- 0.000	-0.20
B-5	EMR	12/01/04									0.64
B-6	EMR	12/01/04									1.8
B-8	EMR	12/01/04									1.1

NOTES

Results in **bold** denote concentrations detected at or above the applicable cleanup level.

- < denotes analyte not detected at or above the given reporting limit.
- -- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.
- J denotes analyte was detected in the sample at an estimated concentration between the method detection limit and the reporting limit.

ABBREVIATIONS:

NE = no cleanup level established EMR = EMR, Inc. Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC TRC = TRC Environmental TEF = toxic equivalency factor

FOOTNOTES:

^a Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Method 8270D-SIM.

- ^b Washington State Department of Ecology, Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA) Cleanup Level and Risk Calculations(CLARC) Tables Method A values for Groundwater, Chapter 173-340 WAC, MTCA Chapter 70.105D RCW, Uniform Environmental Covenants Act Chapter 64.70 TCW. Publication No. 94-06. Revised May 2019.
- ^c Total carcinogenic polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (cPAHs) derived using the total toxicity equivalency for benzo(a)pyrene method in Section 708(8) of Chapter 173-340 of the Washington Administrative Code.
- ^d Naphthalenes include the sum of naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene.

For concentrations reported at less than the laboratory reporting limit, half the reporting limit was used to calculate the TEF.



Table 10
Summary of Groundwater Field Parameters and Geochemical Data
John Michael Lease Site

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Well ID	Sampled By	Sample Date	Temperature (°C)	рН	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Nitrate ^a (mg/L)	Sulfate ^a (mg/L)	Free Carbon Dioxide ^b (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron ^c (mg/L)	Sulfide ^d (mg/L)	lron ^e (mg/L)	Iron, Dissolved ^e (mg/L)
MW-1	Farallon	08/06/08	14.78	7.12	0.634	2.02	194.8								
		09/25/12	13.29	6.42	0.546	0.99	110.2		2	16	29 T	<0.050 T	<0.050	0.240	<0.100
		12/11/12	11.13	6.57	0.481	1.19	67.8		3	16	< 20 T	0.037 J T	0.030 J	0.210	<0.100
		03/20/13	10.15	6.83	0.595	3.22	114.9		3.3	23	< 20 T	0.035 J T	<0.050	<0.100	<0.100
		06/19/13	12.79	6.64	0.517	2.13	70.0		3.1	15	64 T	0.053 T	< 0.050	0.079 J	0.130
		08/11/15	18.47	6.72	0.567	2.04	93.0								
		11/09/18	12.29	6.49	0.435	1.12	283.7	515							
		03/26/19	10.81	7.27	0.490	5.40	180.0	3.25							
	TRC	06/20/19	16.30	6.89	0.587	5.13	93.3	0.02							
		09/19/19	16.20	6.99	0.521	3.99	67.6	0.75							
		11/20/19	8.82	6.42	0.338	4.22	-136.3	2.08							
MW-2	Farallon	08/06/08	17.00	6.72	0.550	3.69	403.5								
		09/25/12	14.83	6.63	0.530	4.31	145.7		3.8	16	22 T	<0.050 T	< 0.050	0.170	<0.100
		12/11/12	11.53	6.38	0.466	4.35	276.1		3.7	16	< 20 T	0.033 J T	< 0.050	0.050 J	<0.100
		03/20/13	9.68	6.89	0.502	5.29	146.6		3.6	15	< 20 T	0.530 T	< 0.050	0.210	<0.100
		06/19/13	14.25	7.26	0.521	5.72	316.0		3.8	15	42 T	0.033 J T	< 0.050	0.045 J	0.056 J
		08/11/15	20.39	6.91	0.542	3.66	96.0								
	TRC	11/09/18	13.28	6.75	0.402	6.21	270.8	73.3							
MW-3	Farallon	08/06/08	17.07	6.23	0.548	2.64	432.7		_	_	_	_		_	_
		09/25/12	16.43	6.38	0.534	0.81	137.6		1.4	9.9	39 T	<0.050 T	< 0.050	0.046 J	<0.100
		12/11/12	12.44	6.89	0.517	2.11	145.1		4.7	17	< 20 T	0.029 J T	0.028 J	0.041 J	<0.100
		03/20/13	9.06	6.79	0.560	4.05	128.3		5.1	16	< 20 T	0.031 J T	< 0.050	0.017 J	<0.100
		06/19/13	14.55	7.10	0.560	3.08	297.0		2.2	14	62 T	0.031 J T	< 0.050	0.062 J	0.039 J
		08/11/15	20.53	6.89	0.595	1.25	80.0								
	TRC	11/09/18	13.62	6.64	0.422	1.33	235.2	83.3							
MW-4	Farallon	08/06/08	16.86	6.35	0.504	5.37	439.1								
		09/25/12	14.30	6.46	0.532	4.14	157.0		4	14	22 T	<0.050 T	< 0.050	0.057 J	<0.100
		12/11/12	11.95	6.99	0.486	4.59	235.0		4.6	16	< 20 T	<0.050 T	0.026 J	0.028 J	<0.100
		03/20/13	10.29	6.82	0.580	6.18	159.6		5.4	16	< 20 T	0.029 J T	<0.050	0.058 J	<0.100
		06/19/13	13.18	6.78	0.559	6.50	66.5		6.2	14	45 T	0.036 J T	<0.050	0.051 J	0.040 J
		08/11/15	19.76	7.00	0.595	3.75	95.0								
	TRC	11/07/18	13.72	6.78	0.414	6.35	221.0	154							
	TRC	11/08/18	12.30	6.83	0.392	5.51	149.8	44.2							
NAVA / _		03/26/19	11.30	7.34	0.378	6.86	214.4	0.48							
MW-5		06/20/19	14.90	6.91	0.581	6.82	82.3	0.24							
		09/19/19	16.1	7.04	0.518	4.22	115.3	1.07							



Table 10 Summary of Groundwater Field Parameters and Geochemical Data

John Michael Lease Site Cashmere, Washington

Well ID	Sampled By	Sample Date	Temperature (°C)	рН	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Turbidity (NTU)	Nitrate ^a (mg/L)	Sulfate ^a (mg/L)	Free Carbon Dioxide ^b (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron ^c (mg/L)	Sulfide ^d (mg/L)	Iron ^e (mg/L)	Iron, Dissolved ^e (mg/L)
MW-6	TRC	11/08/18	14.71	6.73	0.425	2.98	39.6	299							
		03/26/19	9.87	7.23	0.402	12.82	218.3	8.82							
		06/20/19	14.90	6.73	0.589	3.56	46.1	0.08							
		09/19/19	15.9	6.89	0.545	3.71	144.7	0.75	-						
MW-7	TRC	11/08/18	13.71	6.81	0.411	3.37	120.8	49.7							
		03/26/19	10.27	7.25	0.400	5.45	149.4	5.60	-						
		06/20/19	15.40	6.83	0.650	2.56	102.6	9.53							
		09/19/19	17.50	6.81	0.559	4.21	37.7	2.28							
		11/20/19	9.01	6.69	0.344	3.90	-135.8	4.00							

NOTES:

-- sample was not analyzed for this constituent.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ORP = oxidation-reduction potential

°C = degrees Celsius

mS/cm = milliSiemens per centimeter

mg/L = milligrams per liter

mV = milliVolts

NTU = Nephelometric turbidity units

Farallon = Farallon Consulting, LLC

TRC = TRC Environmental

J = analyte was detected in the sample at an estimated concentration between the method detection limit and the reporting limit

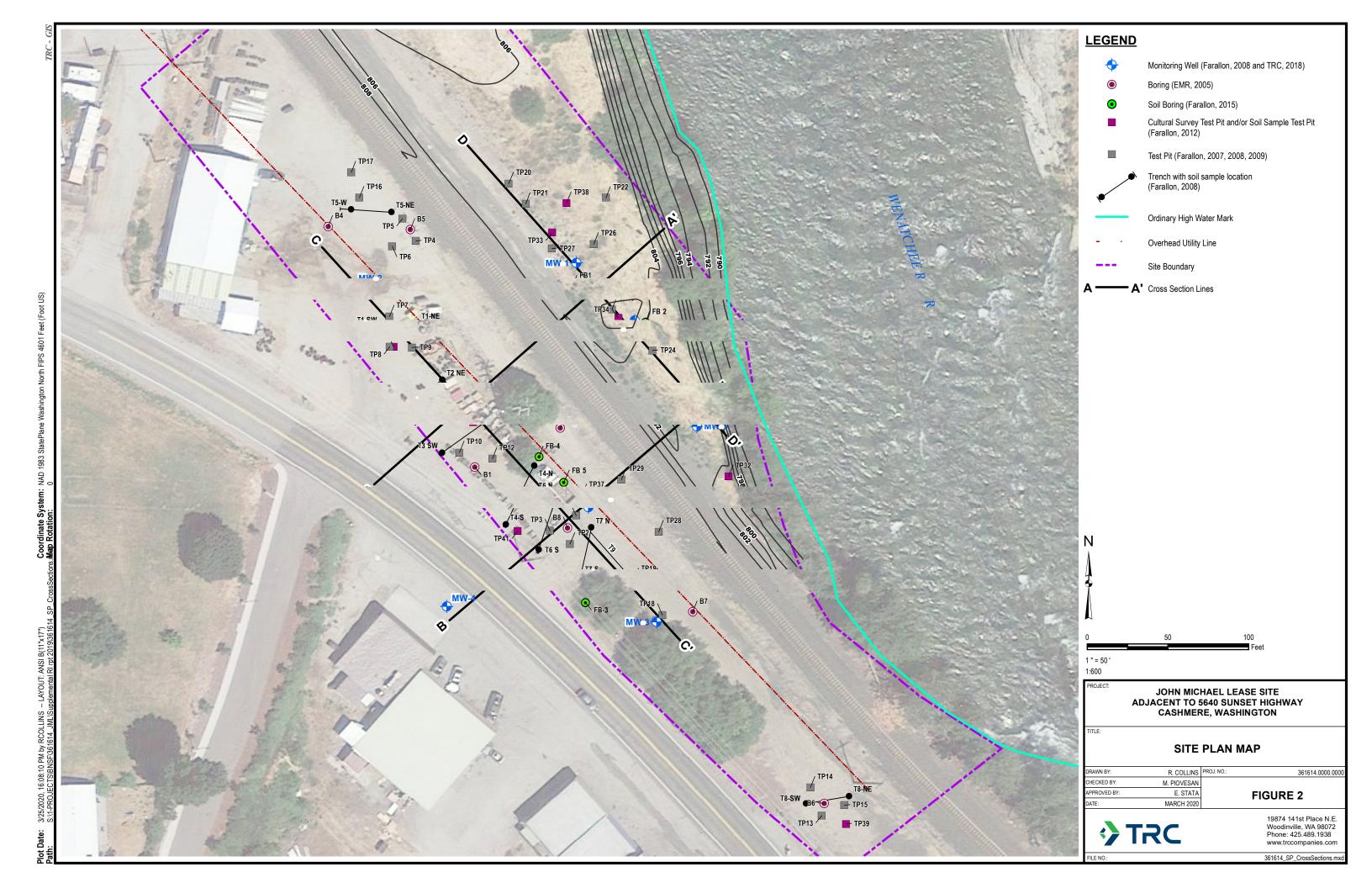
T = sample received past/too close to holding time expiration

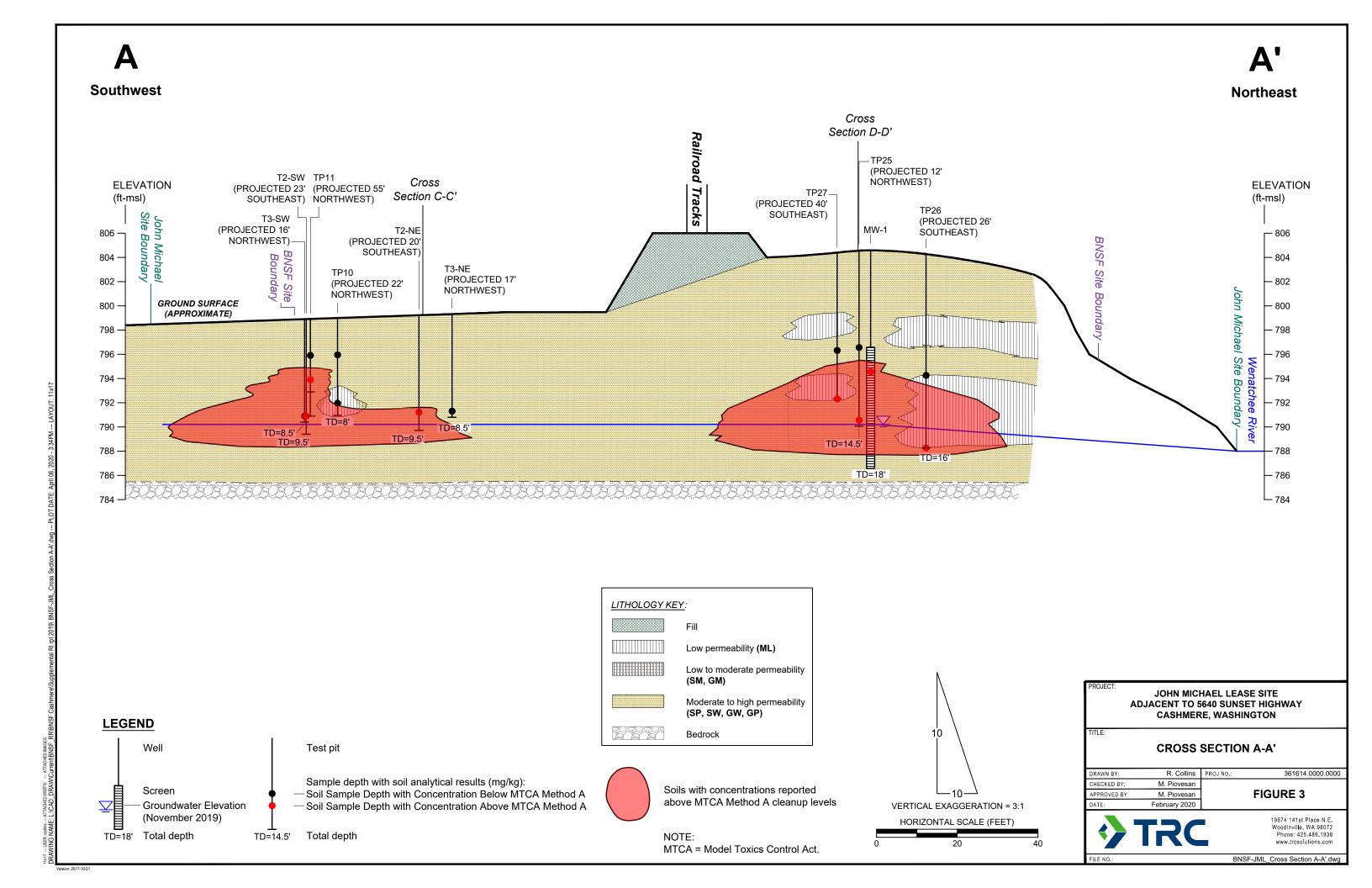
- ^a Analyzed by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 9056.
- ^b Analyzed by Standard Method (SM) 4500CO2.
- ^c Analyzed by Conventional Chemistry Parameters by EPA Method/American Public Health Association (APHA) Methods, SM 3500-Fe.
- ^d Analyzed by SM 4500-S2.
- ^e Analyzed by EPA Method 6010B.

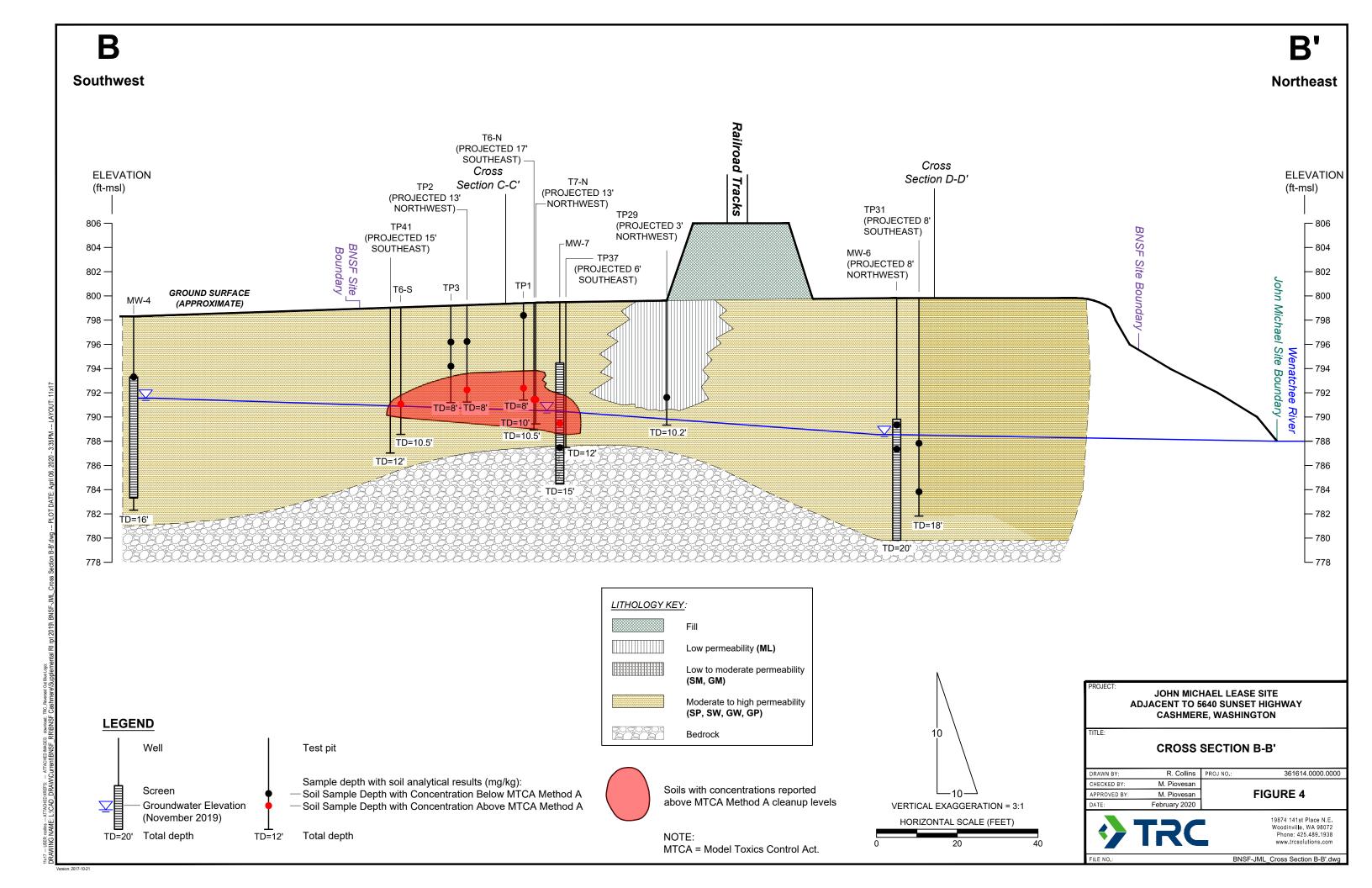


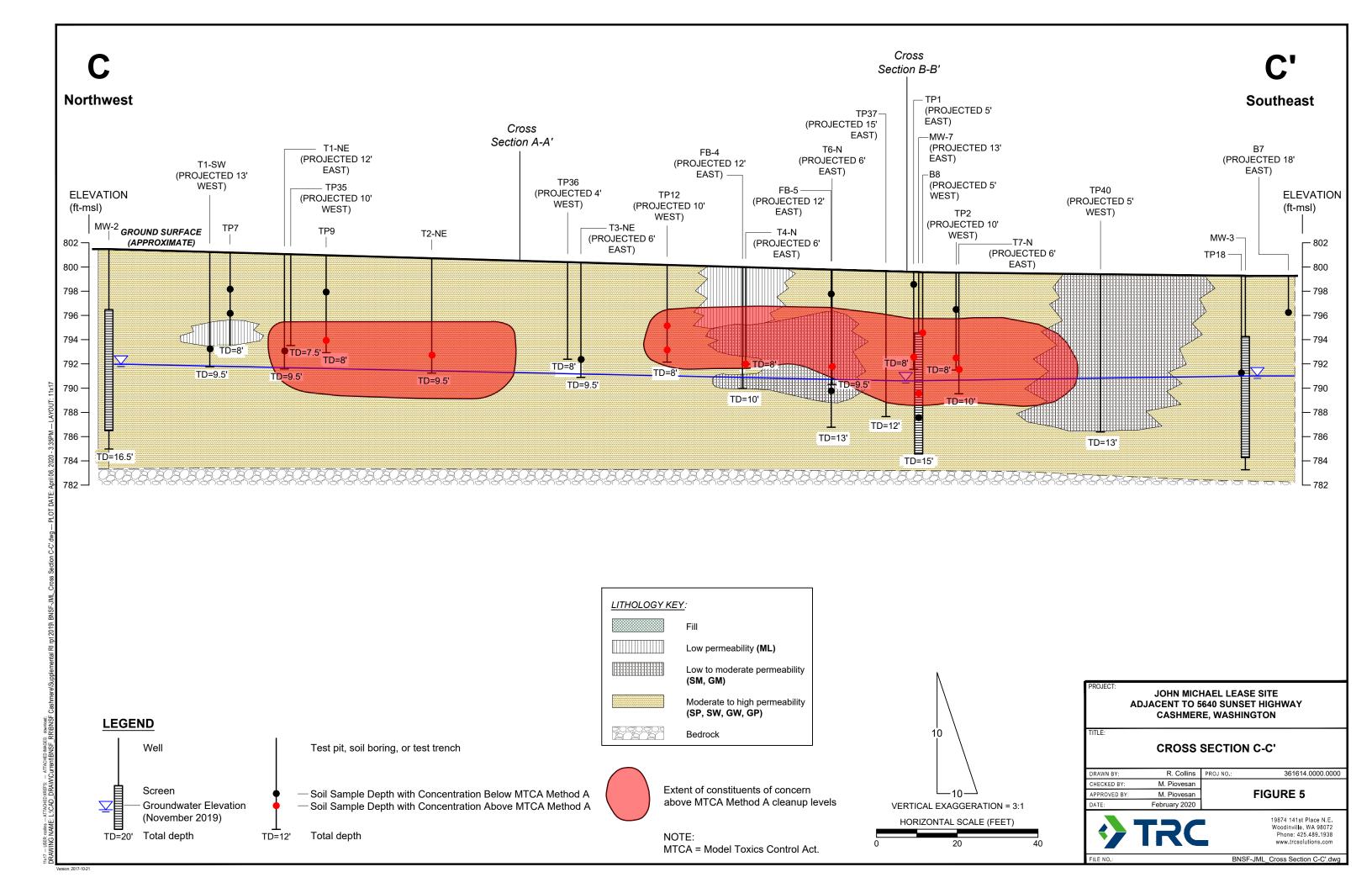


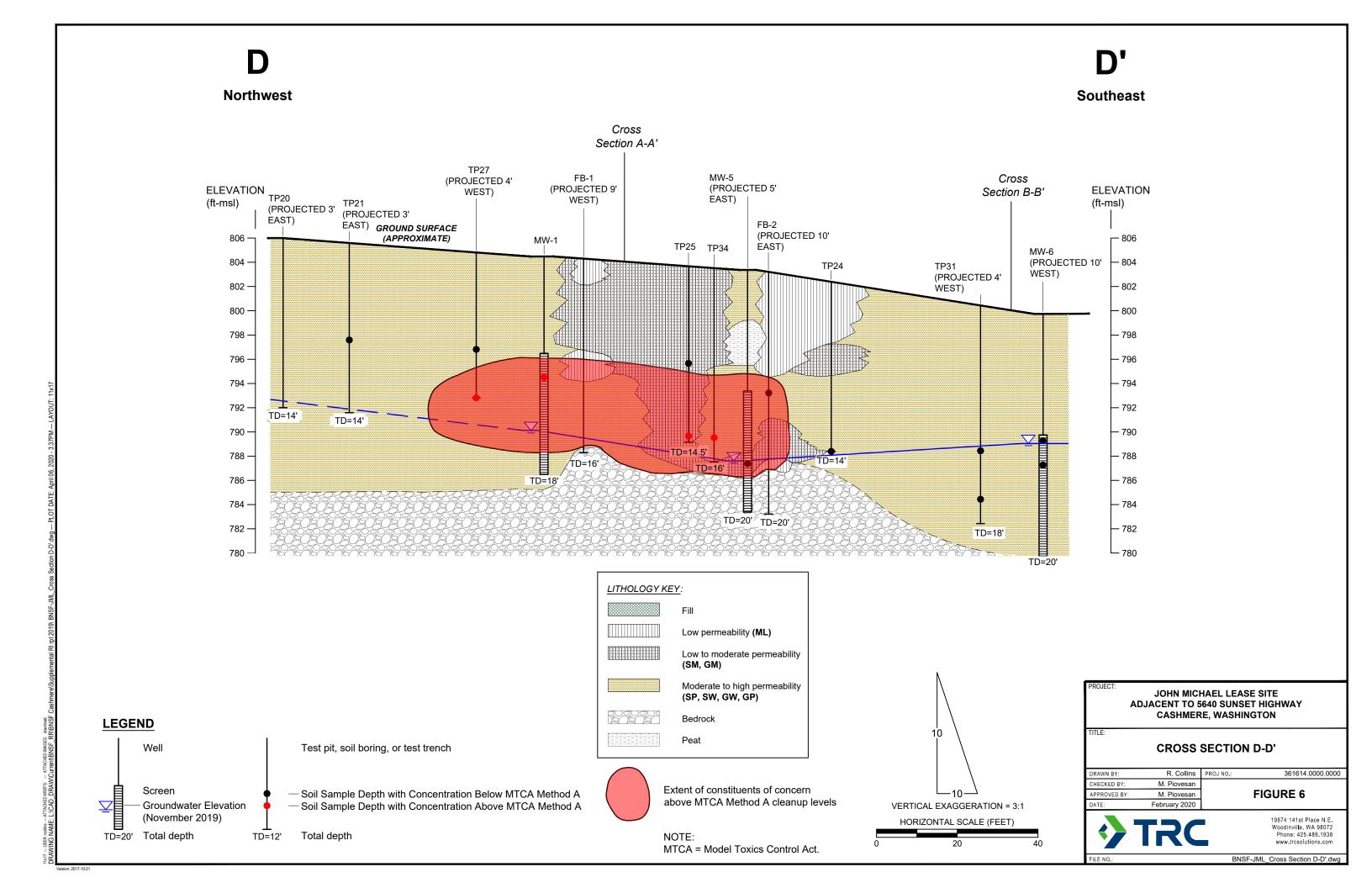
Figures

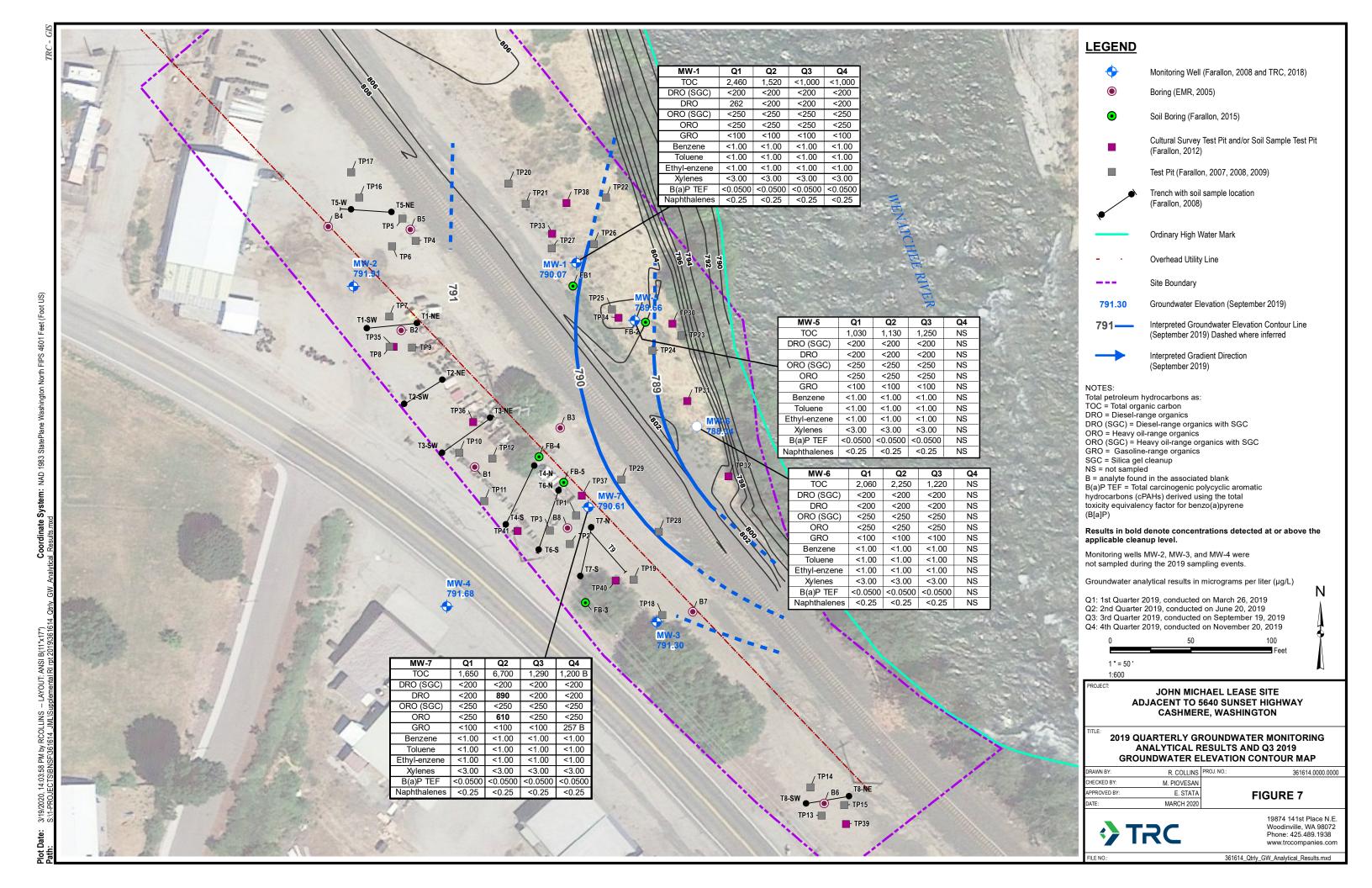


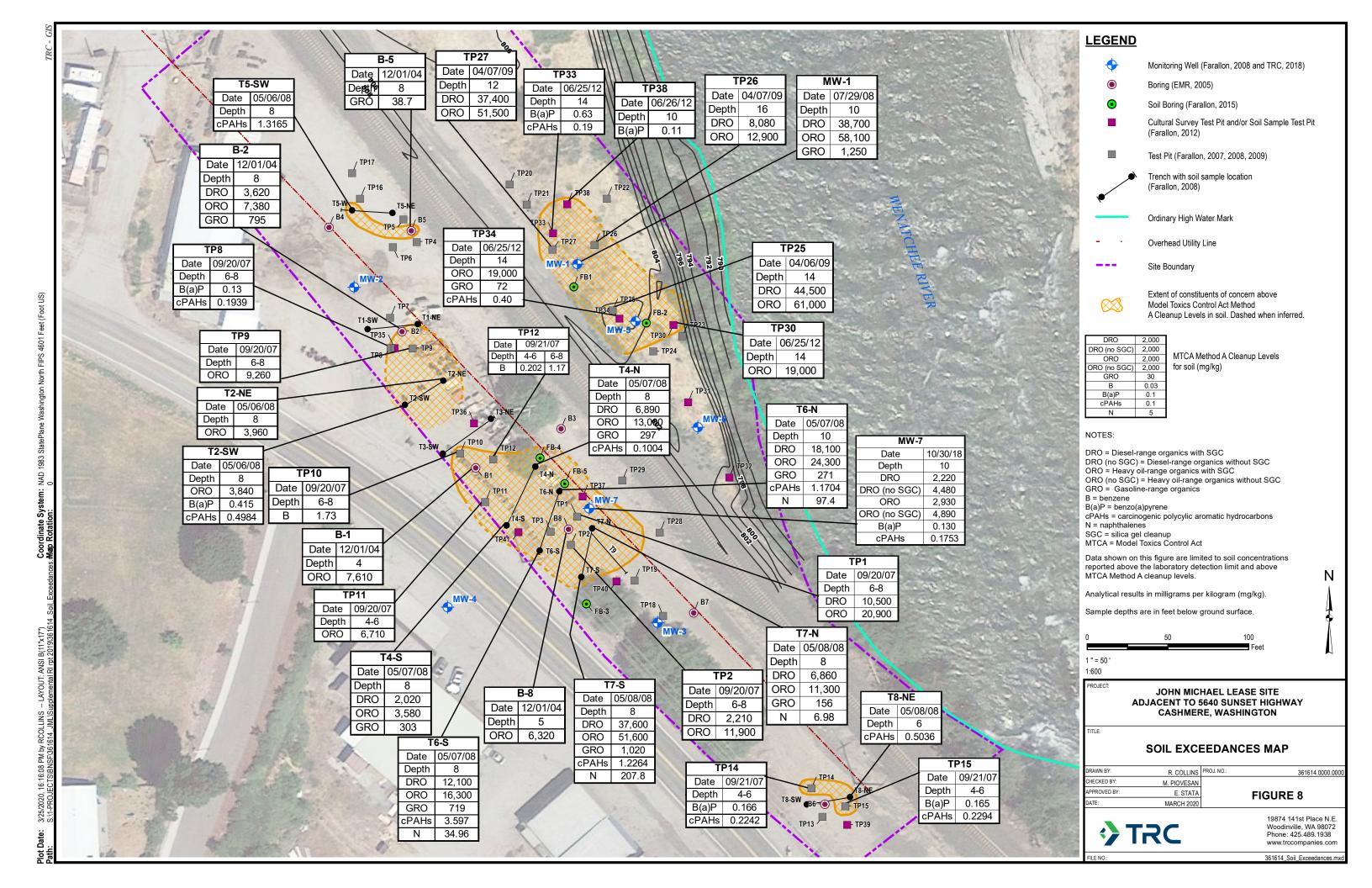




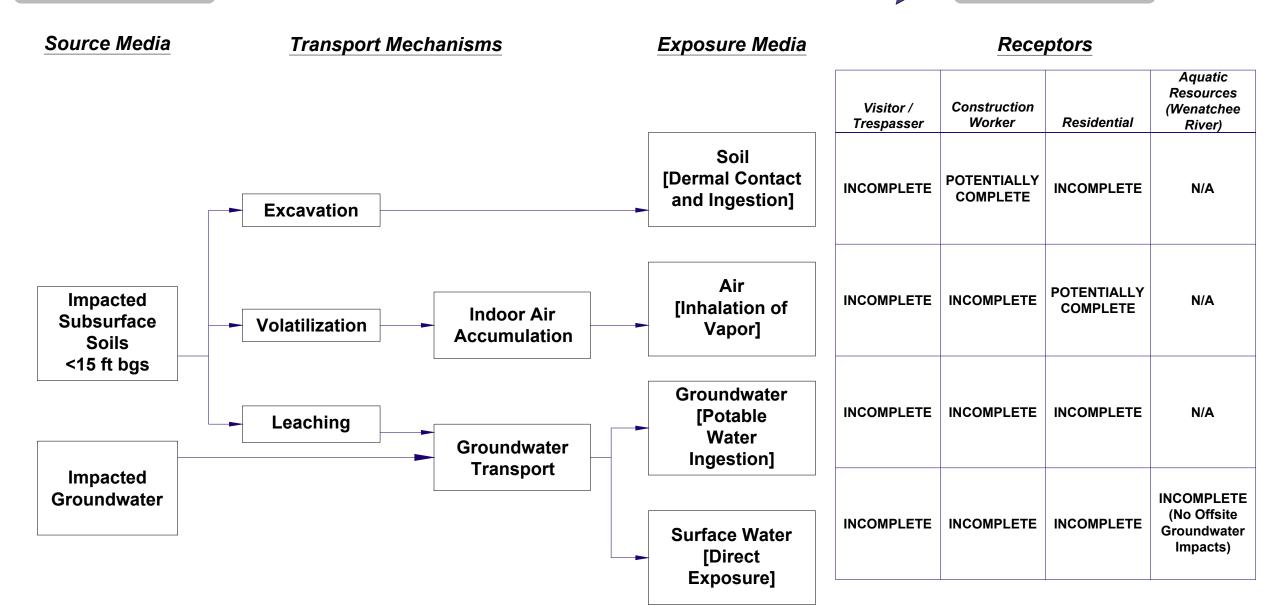








SOURCE TRANSPORT RECEPTOR



PROJEC

JOHN MICHAEL LEASE SITE ADJACENT TO 5640 SUNSET HIGHWAY CASHMERE, WASHINGTON

TITLE:

EXPOSURE PATHWAYS AND RECEPTORS

R. Collins M. Piovesan M. Piovesan February 2020

FIGURE 9

361614.0000.0000

19874 141st Place N.E. Woo



Appendix A: Soil Boring Logs



Page 1 of 1

TRC Solutions/ BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ken Scott

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

9/15/15 @ 1400 9/15/15 @ 1520

Terra Sonic Holt Drilling

David Dickenson

Sonic

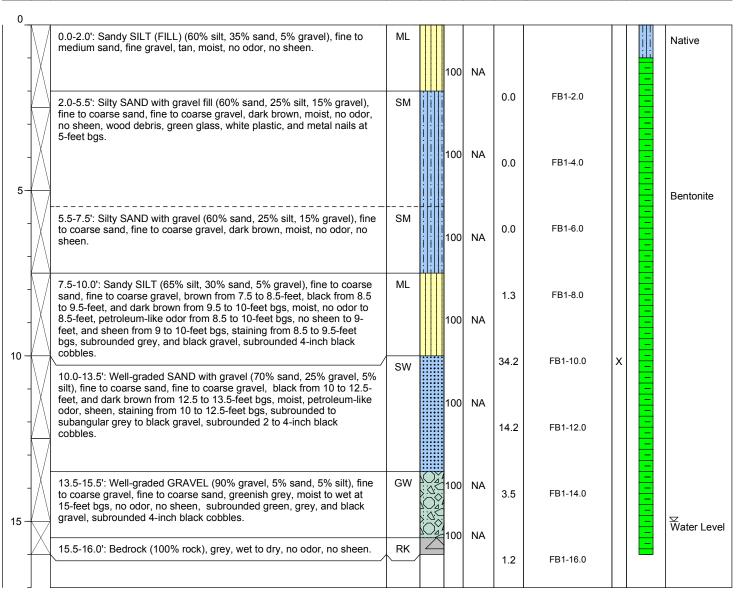
Sampler Type: ~2.5-foot polyethylene sacs

Drive Hammer (lbs.): Auto

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 15.0' Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 16.0'

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic** Boring/Well Recovery (mdd) **Lithologic Description** Construction Sample ID **Details** 吕



Well Construction Information NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: NA Filter Pack: NA Top of Casing Elevation (ft): NA Casing Diameter (inches): NA Surface Seal: Native Surveyed Location: Screen Slot Size (inches): NA **Annular Seal:** X: 191447.17 NA Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Bentonite** Y: 172665 5 **Boring Abandonment:**



Page 1 of 1

TRC Solutions/ BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ken Scott

Date/Time Started: 9/15/15 @ 1530 Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

9/15/15 @ 1650

Terra Sonic Holt Drilling

David Dickenson

Sonic

Sampler Type: ~2.5-foot polyethylene sacs

Auto Drive Hammer (lbs.):

15.0' Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 20.0'

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic** Boring/Well (mdd) **Lithologic Description** Construction Sample ID **Details** 吕

0_										
_	M	0.0-2.0': Sandy SILT (FILL) (60% silt, 35% sand, 5% gravel), fine to medium sand, fine gravel, tan, moist, no odor, no sheen.	ML	100	NA					Native
_		2.0-4.0': SILT with gravel (FILL) (80% silt, 15% gravel, 5% sand), fine to coarse gravel, fine sand, black, moist, no odor, no sheen, black charcoal-like streak (soil appears blackened, and burnt by fire).	ML			0.0	FB2-2.0		_ _ _ _	
5-	A	4.0-6.0': SILT with gravel (FILL) (85% silt, 15% gravel), fine to coarse gravel, black, moist, no odor, no sheen. Observe black charcoal-like streak (soil appears blackened, and burnt by fire), metal wire, and wood debris from 5 to 6-feet bgs.	ML	100	NA	0.0	FB2-4.0		_ _ _ _	Bentonite
_		6.0-8.5": SILT with gravel (85% silt, 15% gravel), fine to coarse gravel, black to dark brown from 7.5 to 8.5-feet bgs, moist, no odor, no sheen, black charcoal-like streak (soil appears blackened, and burnt by fire	ML	 100	NA	0.0	FB2-6.0		_ _ _ _	
-	V	from 6 to 7.5-feet bgs).				0.0	FB2-8.0			
10 —	A	8.5-12.0': Well-graded GRAVEL with sand (75% gravel, 20% sand, 5% silt), fine to coarse gravel, fine to coarse sand, greenish grey, moist, no odor, no sheen, subrounded green, grey, and black gravel, subrounded 3 to 4-inch grey cobbles.	GW	100	NA	0.0	FB2-10.0	x	= = = =	
_	\bigwedge	12.0-14.5': Silty SAND with gravel (60% sand, 25% silt, 15% gravel), fine to coarse sand, fine to coarse gravel, brown, moist, no odor, no	SM	100	NA	0.0	FB2-12.0		_ _ _ _	
-		sheen.		100	NA	0.0	FB2-14.0		<u>-</u> - -	
15 —	\bigvee	14.5-15.5': Silty SAND with gravel (50% sand, 35% silt, 15% gravel), fine to medium sand, fine to coarse gravel, light brown, moist to wet at \ 15-feet bgs, no odor, no sheen.	SM							₩ater Level
		15.5-16.2': SILT (100% silt), greenish grey, wet, no odor, no sheen.	RK	100	NA	0.0	FB2-16.0		_	
-		16.0.2-20.0': Bedrock (100% rock), grey, dry, no odor, no sheen.		100	NA	0.0	FB2-18.0		- - - - - -	
20 –										

Well Construction Information Monument Type: NA

Filter Pack: NA Casing Diameter (inches): NA Surface Seal: Native Screen Slot Size (inches): NA Annular Seal: NA Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Boring Abandonment:** Bentonite

NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): NA Surveyed Location: X: 191429.25 Y: 1726694.84



Page 1 of 1

TRC Solutions/ BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ken Scott

Date/Time Started: 9/15/15 @ 1215 9/15/15 @ 1315 **Date/Time Completed:**

Equipment:

Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

Sampler Type: ~2.5-foot polyethylene sacs

Auto Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 9.0'

Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.0'

Sonic

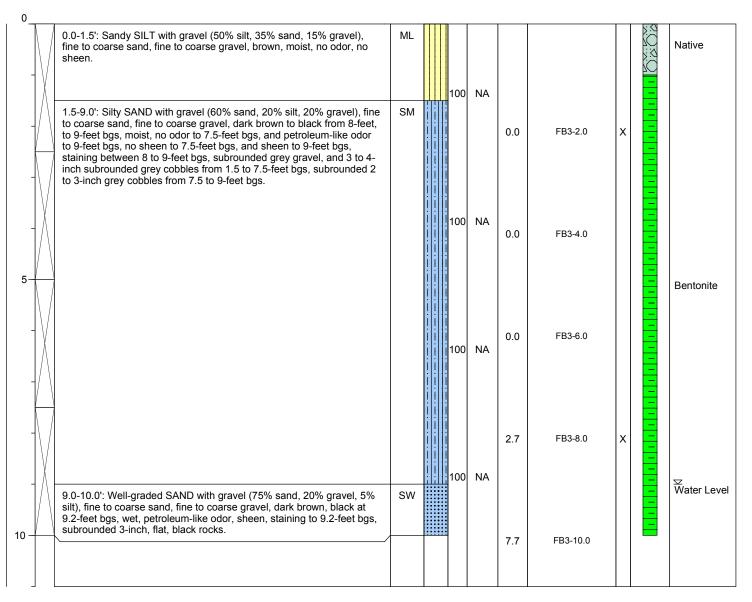
Terra Sonic

Holt Drilling

David Dickenson

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic** Boring/Well Recovery (mdd) **Lithologic Description** Construction Sample ID **Details** 吕



Well Construction Information NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: NA Filter Pack: NA Top of Casing Elevation (ft): NA Casing Diameter (inches): NA Surface Seal: Native Surveyed Location: Screen Slot Size (inches): NA **Annular Seal:** X: 191250.87 NA Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Boring Abandonment:** Bentonite Y: 172666.3



Page 1 of 2

TRC Solutions/ BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ryan Ostrom

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

8/25/15 @ 1054 8/25/15 @ 1245

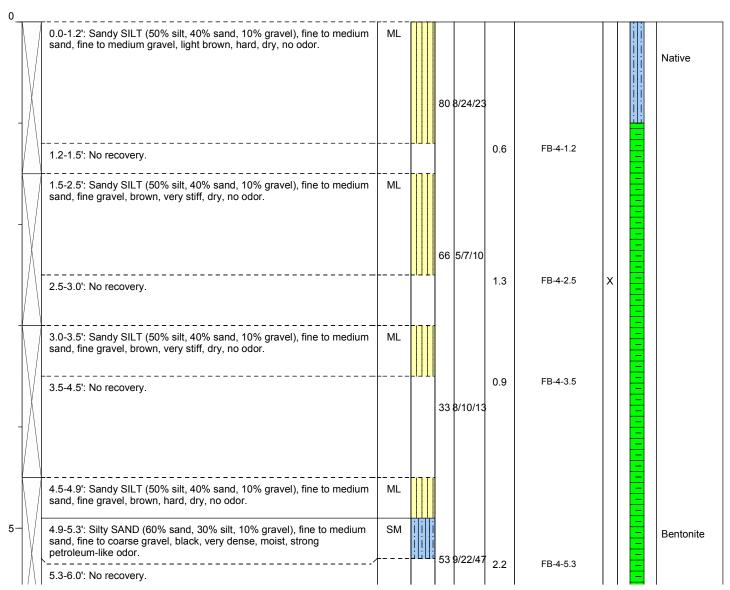
CME 85 Holt Drilling

John Bennet Hollow Stem Sampler Type: 18-inch SPT

140 Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 9.8' Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.5

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic** Recovery Boring/Well (mdd) **Lithologic Description** Construction Sample ID **Details** 吕



Well Construction Information NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: NA Filter Pack: NA Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): NA NA Surface Seal: Native Surveyed Location: Screen Slot Size (inches): NA Annular Seal: X:NA NA Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Boring Abandonment:** Bentonite Y: NA



Page 2 of 2

Client: TRC Solutions/ BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ryan Ostrom

Date/Time Started: 8/25/15 @ 1054

Date/Time Completed: 8/25/15 @ 1245

Equipment: CME 85

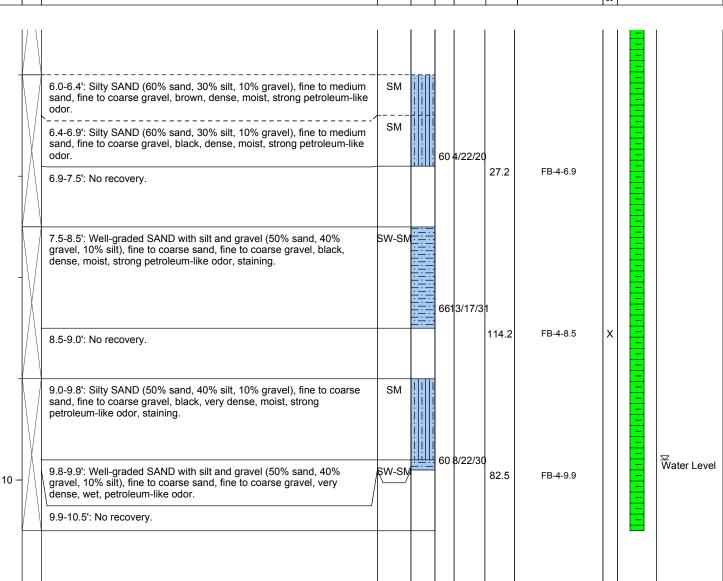
Drilling Company: Holt Drilling

Drilling Foreman: John Bennet
Drilling Method: Hollow Stem

Sampler Type: 18-inch SPT

Drive Hammer (lbs.): 140
Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 9.8'
Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.5'

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA



Well Construction Information NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: NA Filter Pack: NA Top of Casing Elevation (ft): NA Casing Diameter (inches): NA Surface Seal: Native Surveyed Location: Screen Slot Size (inches): NA Annular Seal: X:NA NA Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Boring Abandonment:** Bentonite Y: NA



David Dickenson

Page 1 of 1

Client: TRC Solutions/ BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Project

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Ken Scott

Date/Time Started: 9/15/15 @ 1110

Date/Time Completed: 9/15/15 @ 1210

Equipment: Terra Sonic

Drilling Company: Holt Drilling

Drilling Method: Sonic

Drilling Foreman:

Sampler Type: ~2.5-foot polyethylene sacs

Drive Hammer (lbs.): Auto
Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 11.0'

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 11.0'

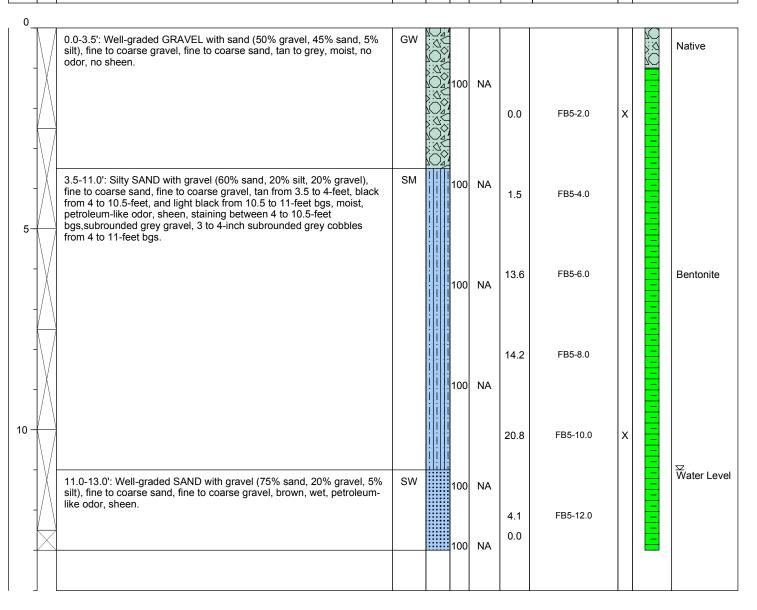
Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 13.0'

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Sample Interval

Construction

Sample Analyzed



Well Construction Information NA Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: NA Filter Pack: NA Top of Casing Elevation (ft): NA Casing Diameter (inches): NA Surface Seal: Native Surveyed Location: Screen Slot Size (inches): NA **Annular Seal:** X: 191304.72 NA Y: 1726639.40 Screened Interval (ft bgs): NA **Boring Abandonment:** Bentonite



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14

NA

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: T. Adams

7/29/08 1530 Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman: Drilling Method:

7/29/08 1620

Mini Rae 2000 PID

Cascade Drilling

Scott Krueger

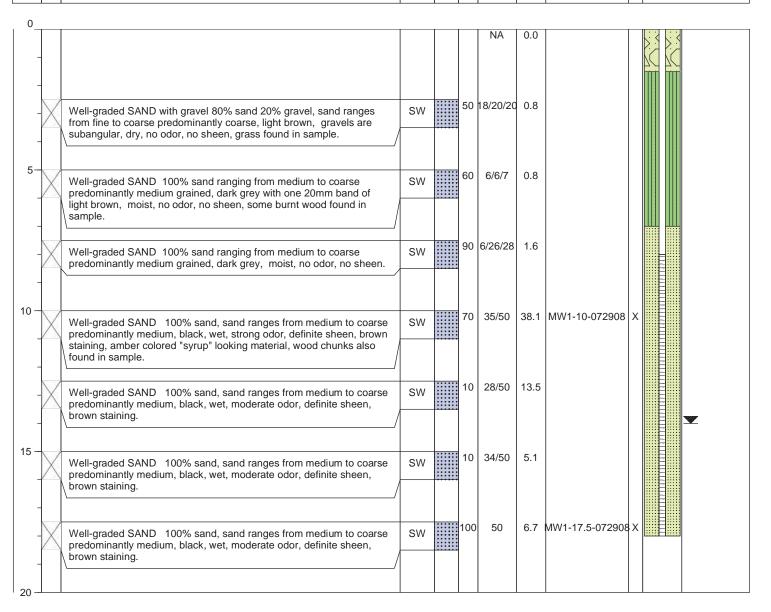
Hollow-Stem Auger

Sampler Type: D&M 18"

Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs):

Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 18 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): 18

ow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic Boring/Well** Recovery PID (ppm) **Lithologic Description** Construction Sample ID **Details**



Well Construction Information Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Flush 2/12 Lapis Luster Cemex Sand Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Asphalt Screen Slot Size (inches): 0.010 **Boring Abandonment:** Screened Interval (ft bgs): Annular Seal: Bentonite chips & concret§urveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

NA

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: T. Adams

Date/Time Started:
Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: Mini Rae

Drilling Company:
Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

7/29/08 1003 **Sampler** 7/29/08 1048 **Drive Ha**

Mini Rae 2000 PID **Depth of**

Cascade Drilling
Scott Krueger

Hollow-Stem Auger

Sampler Type: D&M 18" Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 9

Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 16.5

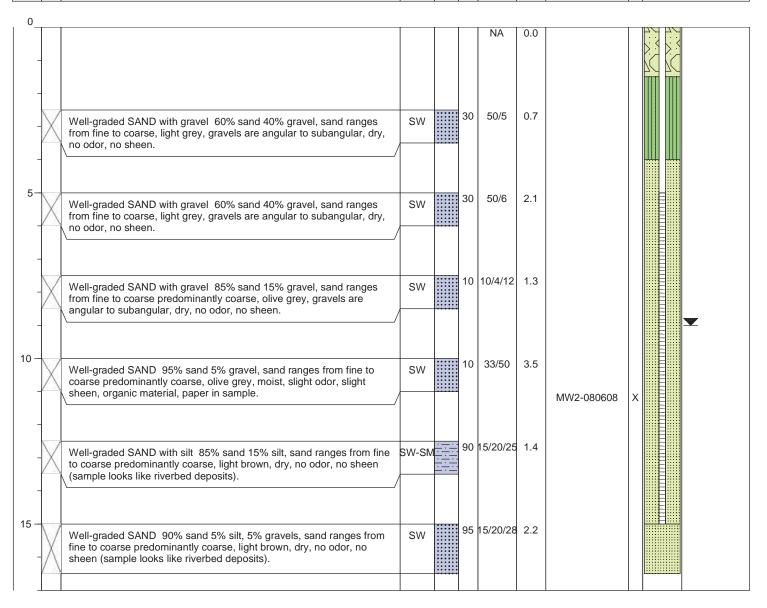
Total Well Depth (ft bgs): 15

Sample Interval

Countraction

Blow Counts 8/8/8

Sample Analyzed



Well Construction Information
Casing Diameter (inches): 2"
Screen Slot Size (inches): 0.010
Surface Seal: Asphalt
Screened Interval (ft bgs): 5-15

Well Construction Information
Filter Pack: 2/12 Lapis Luster Cemex Sand
Top of Casing Elevation (ft):
Top of Casing Elevation (ft):
Boring Abandonment:
Screened Interval (ft bgs): 5-15

Annular Seal: Bentonite chips & concret§urveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: T. Adams

Monument Type: Flush

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

7/29/08 1152 7/29/08 1220

Mini Rae 2000 PID Cascade Drilling

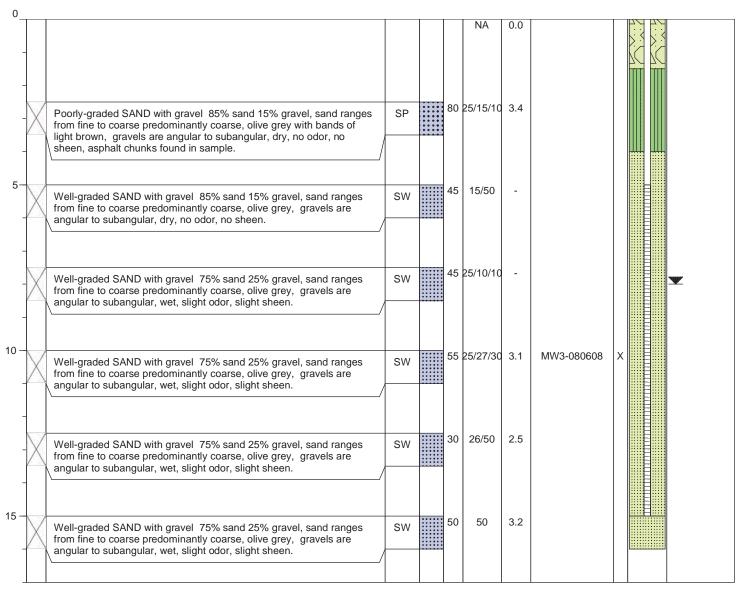
Scott Krueger

Hollow-Stem Auger

Sampler Type: D&M 18" Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 16 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): 15

Sample Interval Complete Comp	uscs	SGS Gr	% Recovery Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Boring/Well Construction Details
--	------	--------	------------------------------	-----------	-----------	----------------------------------



Well Construction Information

2/12 Lapis Luster Cemex Sand Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Asphalt Screen Slot Size (inches): 0.010

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:** NA

Annular Seal: Bentonite chips & concret§urveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: T. Adams

Date/Time Started:

Date/Time Completed: Equipment:

Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

7/29/08 1345 7/29/08 1418

Mini Rae 2000 PID

Cascade Drilling Scott Krueger

Hollow-Stem Auger

Sampler Type: D&M 18" Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 6.5 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 16 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): 15

0				Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)		Sample Analyzed	Details
-								
ı				NA	0.0			
/\ coarse p	aded SAND 90% sand 10% gravel, sand ranges from fine to predominantly coarse, light brown, gravels are subangular, odor, no sheen.	sw	100	4/2/4	3.1			
/\ from fine	aded SAND with gravel 65% sand 35% gravel, sand ranges le to coarse predominantly coarse, olive grey, gravels are r to subangular, wet, no odor, no sheen.	sw	50	22/25/20	1.7	MW4-5-072908	×	-
/\ from fine	aded SAND with gravel 80% sand 20% gravel, sand grades to coarse predominantly coarse, olive grey, gravels are r to subangular, saturated, slight odor, slight sheen.	sw	30	50	1.4			
	aded SAND 100% sand, sand ranges from fine to coarse ninantly coarse, olive grey, wet, no odor, no sheen.	SW	20	20/23/28	3.8	MW4-080608	х	
	aded SAND 90% sand, 10% silt, sand ranges from fine to predominantly coarse, olive grey, wet, no odor, no sheen.	SW	10	25/30/32	2.6			
	aded SAND 90% sand, 10% silt, sand ranges from fine to predominantly coarse, olive grey, wet, no odor, no sheen.	SW	50	50	1.8			

Well Construction Information Monument Type: Flush Casing Diameter (inches):

2/12 Lapis Luster Cemex Sand Filter Pack:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

0.010 Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs): 5-15

Surface Seal: Asphalt

Annular Seal: Bentonite chips & concret§urveyed Location: X:

NA **Boring Abandonment:**

Y:



BOREHOLE NUMBER

MW-5

Page

TRC Environmental 19874 141st Place NE Woodinville, WA 98072 (425) 489-1938

MONITORING WELL LOG

censed Geolog

PROJECT NUMBER / NAME 318140 / BNSF John Michael Lease Site Amanda Helen Meugniot APPROVED BY
Keith Woodburne, LG DRILLING CONTRACTOR / DRILLER Holocene / Zach Bailey LOGGED BY A. Meugniot DRILLING EQUIPMENT / METHOD BIT SIZE / BIT TYPE SAMPLING METHOD START-FINISH DATE 8140 LC / Sonic 4" / Sonic **Continuous** 10/29/18 - 10/29/18

LOCATION Adjacent to 5640 Sunset Hwy Cashmere, WA

of **1**

							1		
Depth (feet)	Temporary Well Completion Details		Graphic Log	USCS	Visual Description	Depth (feet)	Sample Number	Core Recovery (feet/feet)	PID Reading (ppm)
	С	element		SP	TOPSOIL SAND, brown, moist, fine-grained, little fines, few fine to coarse gravel (angular), few roots and wood, loose, no odors or staining.			5/5	0.0
	B	lydrated 5			PEAT, very dark brown, moist, fibrous, organic odor.	5		5/5	0.0
		lank PVC —	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	PT	@ 6 ft: Some fine- to medium-grained sand and trace coarse gravel for 0.5 feet				0.0
 _ 				SP	SAND, brown, moist, fine-grained, few to little coarse gravel (subangular to subround), loose, no odors or staining. BOULDER/COBBLES	/			0.0
10 	GROUND WATER LEVEL	1 <u>0</u> 			GRAVEL, gray to light brown, moist, fine to coarse, little to some fine-grained sand, little fines, loose, no odors or staining.	10 		5/5	
 	10/30/18			GP					0.0
 <u>1</u> 5 		.0/20 sand .010" slotted 15 VC			SILT, gray, moist, little to some fine-grained sand, few coarse gravel (angular to subround), faint hydrocarbon odor.	15		5/5	3.6
		_ _ _		SM	BEDROCK (granitic).		MW-5-16		0.0



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Page of **1**

BOREHOLE NUMBER MW-6

MONITORING WELL LOG

PROJECT NUMBER / NAME 318140 / BNSF John Michael Lease Site

APPROVED BY
Keith Woodburne, LG

Amanda Helen Meugniot

censed Geolog

DRILLING CONTRACTOR / DRILLER LOGGED BY Holocene / Zach Bailey A. Meugniot

DRILLING EQUIPMENT / METHOD BIT SIZE / BIT TYPE SAMPLING METHOD START-FINISH DATE 8140 LC / Sonic 4" / Sonic 10/29/18 - 10/29/18 **Continuous**

LOCATION Adjacent to 5640 Sunset Hwy Cashmere WA

Depth (feet)	Tempo	rary Well Compl Details	letion	Graphic Log	uscs	Visual Description	Depth (feet)	Sample Number	Core Recovery (feet/feet)	PID Readir (ppm)
- -			—Cement			TOPSOIL GRAVELLY SAND, dark brown, moist, fine- to coarse-grained, some coarse subangular to subround gravel, trace to few fines, loose, no odors or staining.			5/5	
- -					SP					0.0
- _5 -			—Hydrated Bentonite Chips	5		@ 5 ft: coarse gravel and cobbles	5 <u> </u>		5/5	0.0
- 			Blank PVC riser			COBBLES				0.0
 - 	,					COBBLES				0.0
<u>1</u> 0 - -					GP	SANDY GRAVEL, gray, moist, fine to coarse, angular to subround, some medium-to coarse-grained sand, loose, no odors or staining.	T <u>O</u>	MW-6-10.5	5/5	0.0
_						COBBLES.				
- W# _ _ _ _ 15	GROUND ATER LEVEL 10/30/18		—10/20 sand —0.010" slotted	15	: SP	SAND, brown, wet, medium- to coarse-grained, little coarse subround gravel, trace cobbles, very loose, no odor or staining.		MW-6-12.5		0.0
			PVC			COBBLES/ROCK.			5/5	
- - -					GP	GRAVEL, brown, moist, angular to subround, little to some fine-grained sand and fines, few cobbles, compact, no odor or staining. (TILL)	 			0.0



1 1 Page of BOREHOLE NUMBER

MW-7

MONITORING WELL LOG

PROJECT NUMBER / NAME
318140 / BNSF John Michael Lease Site

APPROVED BY

Keith Woodburne, LG DRILLING CONTRACTOR / DRILLER

LOGGED BY Holocene / Zach Bailey A. Meugniot

DRILLING EQUIPMENT / METHOD BIT SIZE / BIT TYPE SAMPLING METHOD START-FINISH DATE 8140 LC / Sonic 10/30/18 - 10/30/18 4' / Sonic **Continuous**

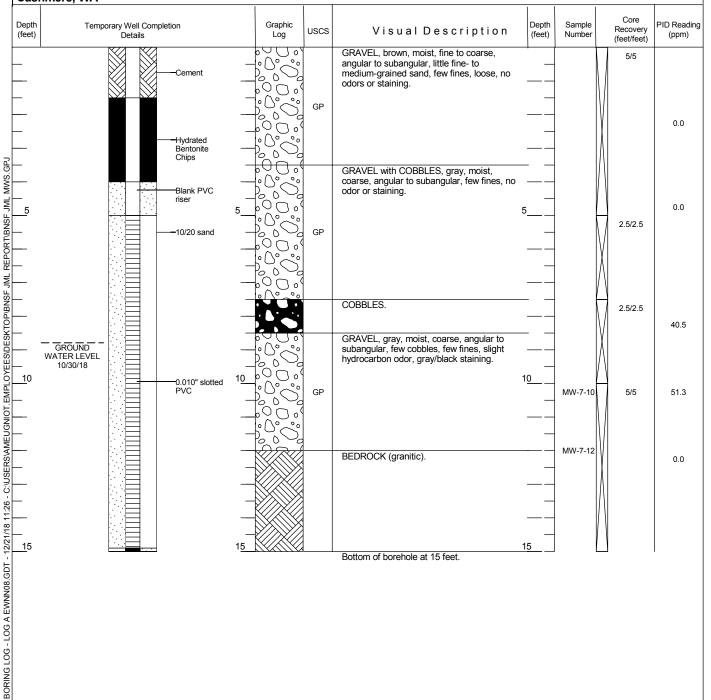
of Wash

censed Geolog

Amanda Helen Meugniot

LOCATION

Adjacent to 5640 Sunset Hwy Cashmere, WA





Page 1 of 1

9.5

BNSF Client:

Depth (feet bgs.)

Sample Interval

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: 5/06/08 1250 Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

5/06/08 1430

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Deere 310G

Stacey Tolbert

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs):

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs):

9.5 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

ow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed **USGS** Graphic **Boring/Well** Recovery PID (ppm) **Lithologic Description** Construction JSCS Sample ID **Details**

0 10.7 Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine- to medium-grained SP-SN sand, grey, moist, slight odor. T1-050608-2-SW Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), medium-grained sand, SP brown, moist, no odor. T1-050608-4-NE Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), medium-grained sand, SP brown, moist, no odor, 5 T1-050608-6-NE Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), medium-grained sand, SP brown, moist, no odor. T1-050608-8-SW X T1-050608-8-NE X

Well Construction Information

Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal:

Monument Type:

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:**

Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: 5/06/08 1440

Date/Time Completed:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

5/06/08 1620

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Deere 310G Equipment:

Stacey Tolbert

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 9.5

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs):

9.5 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed **USGS Graphic** Boring/Well % Recovery PID (ppm) **Lithologic Description** Construction **NSCS** Sample ID **Details**

0								
-	$\left\langle \right\rangle$	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM		1.4			
	V	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, slight odor.	SP-SM		1.2	T2-050608-2-SW		
5-	V	Sandy GRAVEL (90% gravel, 10% sand), medium- to coarse-grained sand, grey, moist, odor.	GP		2.3	T2-050608-4-SW		
	V	Sandy GRAVEL (85% gravel, 10% sand, 5% silt), medium-grained sand, grey to brown, moist, slight odor.	GP		1.7	T2-050608-6-NE		
-					0.0	T2-050608-8-SW T2-050608-8-NE	X	
10 -								

Well Construction Information Monument Type: Filter Pack:

Annular Seal:

Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:**

Surveyed Location: X:

Y:



Log of Boring: T-3

low Counts 8/8/8

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BNSF Client:

Depth (feet bgs.)

Sample Interval

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

5/07/08 0820 5/07/08 1010 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 8.5

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs):

8.5

Drilling Foreman: Drilling Method:

Drilling Company:

Stacey Tolbert

USGS Graphic Recovery Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

ample Analyzed

Backhoe

Depth (feet b	Sample Inte	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graph	% Recovery	Blow Counts	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analy	Boring/Well Construction Details
0_		Silty SAND (90% sand, 10% silt), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM				0.0			
-		Silty SAND (90% sand, 10% silt), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM				0.0	T3-050708-2-C		
5-	V	Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP				0.0	T3-050708-4-NE		
-		Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP					T3-050708-6-SW		
_							5.1	T3-050708-8-SW T3-050708-8-NE	X X	

Well Construction Information Monument Type:

Casing Diameter (inches): Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Surface Seal: **Boring Abandonment: Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X:

Y:



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8

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: 5/7/08 1015 Date/Time Completed:

5/7/08 1200

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Deere 310G

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs):

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): Total Well Depth (ft bgs): Stacey Tolbert

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
0_										
-	\setminus	Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP				0.0			
-		Silty SAND (90% sand, 5% silt, 5% gravel), fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP				0.0	T4-050708-2-S		
5-	\bigvee	SAND with gravel (90% sand, 10% gravel), medium- to coarse-grained sand, black/brown, moist, strong odor.	SP				1.3	T4-050708-4-N		
-	\bigvee	Gravelly SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel) medium- to coarse-grained sand, black, moist, strong odor, sheen.	SP-SM				12.7	T4-050708-6-N		
- 10 -				<i>y. y.</i> .			19.6	T4-050708-8-S T4-050708-8-N	X	



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BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

I Duark

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket Date/Time Started: 5/6/08 1010 5/6/08 120 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Equipment: DEere 310G

9 Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs):

Drilling Foreman: Stacey Tolbert

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Lo	gge	ed By: J. Ruark								
Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
0_	\bigvee	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel, cobbles) fine- to medium-grained sand, brown to grey, moist, no odor.	SP-SM				0.0			

-		grained sand, brown to grey, moist, no odor.							
-		Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel) fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM		0.1	T5-050608-2-C			
5-		SAND with gravel (85% sand, 10% gravel, 5% silt) medium- to coarse-grained sand, grey, moist, odor.	SP			T5-050608-4-SW			
-	\bigvee	SAND with gravel (85% sand, 10% gravel, 5% silt) medium- to coarse-grained sand, grey, moist, odor.	SP		0.0	T5-050608-6-C			
_					0.0	T5-050608-8-NE T5-050608-8-SW T5-050608-8-W	Х		



Log of Boring: T-6

Counts 8/8/8

Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: 05/07/08 1245

05/07/08 1420 Date/Time Completed: Equipment:

Deere 310G

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 10.5 Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.5

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): Stacey Tobert NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
0_	V	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel) fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM				0.2			
-	\bigvee	Silty SAND (85% sand, 5% silt, 10% gravel) medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor, concrete observed in soil.	SP				0.0	T6-050708-2-N		
5-		Gravelly SAND (85% sand, 15% gravel) medium- to coarse-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP				0.0	T6-050708-4-S		
-	M	Gravelly SAND (80% sand, 15% gravel, 5% silt) medium- to coarse-grained sand, black, moist, strong odor, sticky tar-like substance observed.	SP				57.8	T6-050708-6-N		
-		Gravelly SAND (80% sand, 15% gravel, 5% silt) medium- to coarse-grained sand, black, moist, strong odor, sticky tar-like substance observed.	SP				32.5	T6-050708-8-S	X	
10 -								T6-050708-10-N	Х	



Blow Counts 8/8/8

PID (ppm)

Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

 Date/Time Started:
 05/08/08 0900

 Date/Time Completed:
 05/08/08 1050

Equipment:

Lithologic Description

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

Deere 310G

USGS Graphic

NSCS

% Recovery

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.): N.

Sample ID

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 10

Sample Analyzed

Glacier Environmental Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10
Stacey Tolbert Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

ming wethou. Backhoe

Boring/Well Construction Details

0_									
-	\setminus	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel) fine- to medium-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SP-SM		0.0				
-	\bigvee	Silty SAND (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel) medium- to coarse-grained sand, brown, moist, slight odor.	SP-SM		1.7	T7-050808-2-S			
5-	\setminus	SAND with gravel (85% sand, 10% gravel, 5% silt) medium- to coarse-grained sand, brown, moist, slight odor.	SP		0.0	T7-050808-4-N			
-	\bigvee	SAND with gravel (75% sand, 25% gravel) medium- to coarse-grained sand, black, moist, strong odor	SP		61.8	T7-050808-6-S			
-					16.8	T7-050808-8-S T7-050808-8-N	X	¥_	



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BNSF Client:

Depth (feet bgs.)

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: J. Ruark

Date/Time Started: 0508/08 1100 05/08/0/ 1220 Date/Time Completed:

Deere 310G

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 6.5 Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): 6.5

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drilling Foreman: Stacey Tolbert

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details

0							
	Silty SAND (85% sand, 15% silt) fine- to medium-grained sand, brown moist, no odor.	SM		0.9			
	Silty SAND (80% sand, 20% silt) fine-grained sand, brown, moist, no odor.	SM			T8-050808-2-SW		
5-	Gravelly SAND (85% sand, 15% gravel) medium- to coarse-grained sand, grey, moist, no odor.	SP			T8-050808-4-NE		
				0.0	T8-050808-6-SW T8-050808-6-NE	X	•



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

9/20/07 0900 9/20/07 1000 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Deere 310G

Randy Bevin

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs):

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Blow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed **USGS Graphic** Boring/Well % Recovery PID (ppm) **Lithologic Description** Construction **NSCS** Sample ID **Details**

0							
_	\setminus	Fill- medium sand and concrete cobbles and boulders (50%/50%), gray and brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen.	SP	15.1	TP1-092007-0-2 @0920	X	
-		Fill- medium sand and concrete cobbles and boulders (50%/50%), gray and brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen.	SP	4.9	TP1-092007-2-4 @0928		
5-	\setminus	Fill- medium sand and concrete cobbles and boulders (50%/50%), gray and brown, loose, dry, petroleum odor at oily stripe near 6 feet bgs, sheen.	SP	4.1	TP1-092007-4-6 @0940		
-		Fill- medium sand and concrete cobbles and boulders (50%/50%), gray and brown, loose, moist, strong petroleum odor, free product observed.	SP	18.1	TP1-092007-6-8 @0955	X	
10 —							

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Surface Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Boring Abandonment:

Annular Seal: Surveyed Location: X:

Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1045 **Sampler Type:** 5035 and bucket

Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1200 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmental Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0								
-	\bigvee	Fill- medium sand and gravel with cobbles and boulders (34%/33%/33%), gray and tan, loose, dry, heating oil-type odor, slight sheen.	SP		0	TP2-092007-0-2 @1100		
-		Fill- medium sand and gravel with cobbles and boulders (34%/33%/33%), gray and tan, loose, dry, heating oil-type odor, slight sheen.	SP		0	TP2-092007-2-4 @1110	X	
5-	\setminus	Fill- medium sand and gravel with cobbles and boulders (34%/33%/33%), gray and tan, loose, dry, tar-type odor, no sheen. Tar- type substance increases (downward) toward 6' bgs.	SP		0.1	TP2-092007-4-6 @1145		
-		Fill- medium sand and gravel with cobbles and boulders (34%/33%/33%), gray and tan, loose, dry, strong odor, black tar, sheen.	SP		0	TP2-092007-6-8 @ 1200	X	
10 —								

Well Construction Information

Annular Seal:

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches): Surface Seal:

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: **BNSF**

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1230

9/20/07 1300 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA Equipment: Deere 310G Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:**

Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0								
-	\bigvee	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/25%/15%), subrounded gravel, brown, loose, dry, faint odor, no sheen.	SP		0	TP3-092007-0-2 @1240		
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/25%/15%), subrounded gravel, brown, loose, dry, faint odor, no sheen.	SP		0	TP3-092007-2-4 @1245	x	
5-	\bigvee	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/25%/15%), subrounded gravel, brown, loose, dry, faint odor, no sheen. Some tar towards 6' bgs.	SP		0.5	TP3-092007-4-6 @1250	X	
-		Tar and poorly graded coarse gravel with construction debris (60%/25%/15%), black to gray, sticky, moist, strong odor, sheen.	GP		30.6	TP3-092007-6-8 @1300		
10 —								

Well Construction Information

Monument Type:

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Casing Diameter (inches):

Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment: Annular Seal:**

Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1330 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

9/20/07 1405 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA Equipment: Deere 310G

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0_	\bigvee	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/30%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen, rounded 4" cobble.	SP	0	TP4-092007-0-2 @1315		
-	$\langle \rangle$	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/30%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen, rounded 4" cobble.	SP	0	TP4-092007-2-4 @ 1320		
5-	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/30%), brown, loose, dry, slight odor, no sheen, rounded 4" cobble.	SP	1.9	TP4-092007-4-6 @1325	×	
_	$\left\langle \right\rangle$	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/30%), brown, loose, dry, slight odor, no sheen, rounded 4" cobble.	SP	0	TP4-092007-6-8 @1330	×	
_	\bigwedge	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (60%/30%) gray, loose, moist, odor, sheen.	SP				
10 —							

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** **Ground Surface Elevation (ft):** Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Y:

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1400 9/20/07 1440 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA Deere 310G Equipment: Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0						
	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0	TP5-092007-0-2 @1415		
	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0	TP5-092007-2-4 @1420	x	
5-	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0.1	TP5-092007-4-6 @1430		
	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0	TP5-092007-6-8 @1435	x	
	Silty sand (55%/45%), medium, gray, loose, moist, odor, sheen. There is also contamination in the form of gray petroleum product that saturates pockets of sand.	SM				



Page 1 of 1

Client: **BNSF**

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1440

9/20/07 1520 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA Equipment: Deere 310G

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Sample Interval Sample Interval Lithologic Description	USGS Graphic % Recovery Blow Counts 8/8/8 PID (ppm)	Boring/Well Construction Cample ID Details
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0	\langle	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/25%), brown, medium dense, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0	TP6-092007-0-2 @1450	
		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/25%), brown, medium dense, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0.1	TP6-092007-2-4 @1455	
5-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/25%), brown, medium dense, dry, no odor, no sheen. Cobble greater than 4" in diameter.	SP	0	TP6-092007-4-6 @1500	x
		Silty sand with coarse gravel (40%/40%/20%), medium, gray, loose, moist to wet, petroleum odor, sheen. Cobble is greater than 5" in diameter.	SM	0.2	TP6-092007-6-8 @ 1505	x
10						

Well Construction Information

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:**

Screened Interval (ft bgs): Surveyed Location: X: Y:

Annular Seal:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1520 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

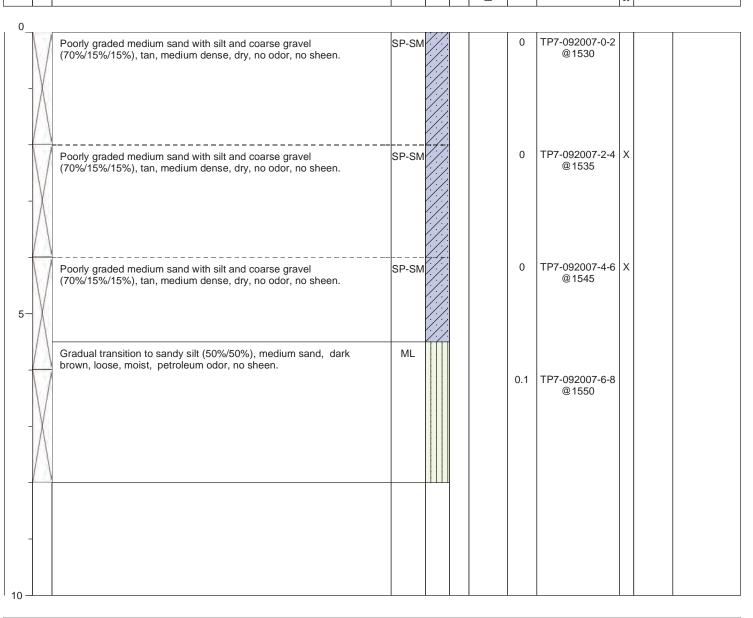
Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1610 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmenta Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe



Monument Type: Well Construction Information

Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Surface Seal:

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Boring Abandonment:

Annular Seal: Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1615 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

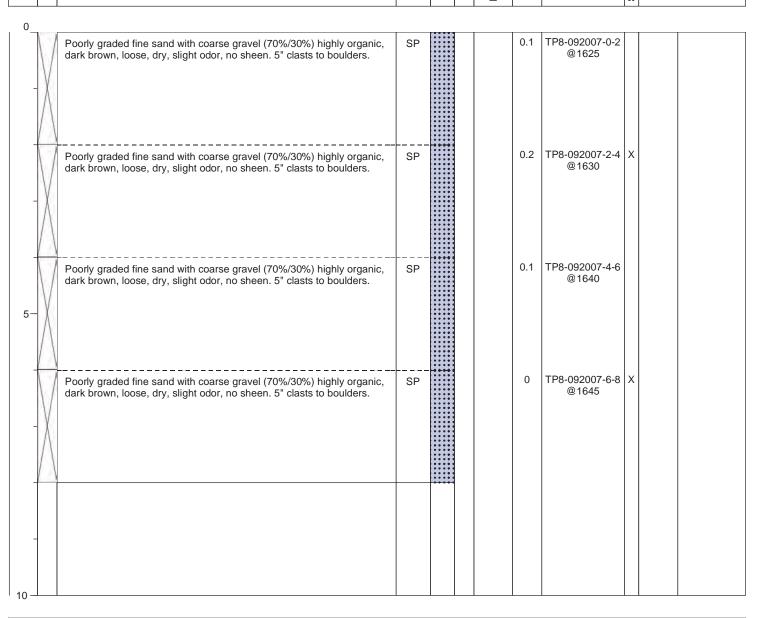
Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1700 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmenta Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe



Well Construction Information

Annular Seal:

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Screen Slot Size (inches): Surface Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1700 **Sampler Type:** 5035 and bucket

Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1730 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmental Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0_	\/	Poorly graded coarse gravel with sand (75%/25%), brown, dense, dry, no odor, no sheen. Boulders.	GP		0.1	TP9-092007-0-2 @1710		
-	\bigwedge	Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), rounded, organics, dark brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen.	SP					
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), rounded, organics, dark brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen.	SP		0	TP9-092007-2-4 @1715	X	
5-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), rounded, organics, dark brown, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen.	SP		0.5	TP9-092007-4-6 @1720		
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (75%/25%), rounded, organics, dark brown, loose, dry, faint odor, faint sheen.	SP		0.1	TP9-092007-6-8 @1725	x	
10 —								

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches): Surface Seal:

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Annular Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft):
Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Y:

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket Date/Time Started: 9/20/07 1730

Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1800 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

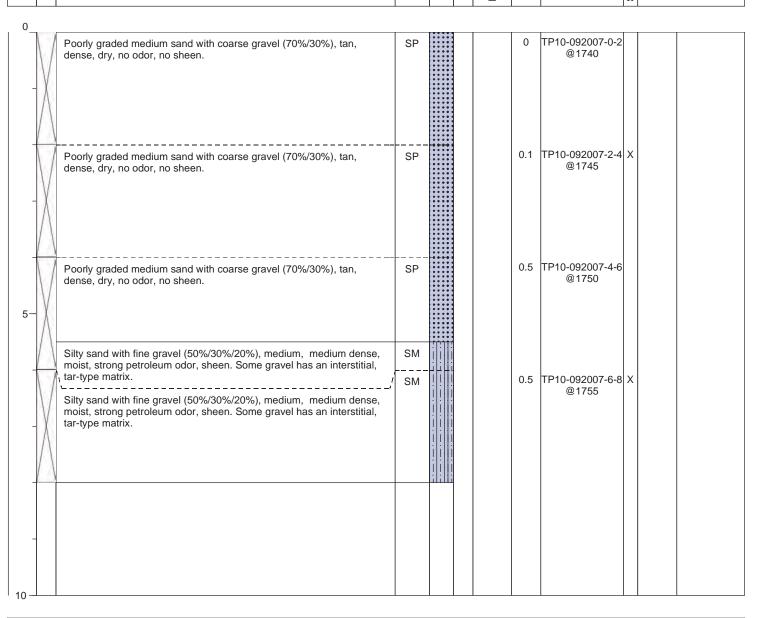
Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Equipment: Deere 310G NA

Glacier Environmenta Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Boring Abandonment:

Y:

Drilling Method: Backhoe



Well Construction Information Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal:

Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket 9/20/07 1800 Date/Time Started:

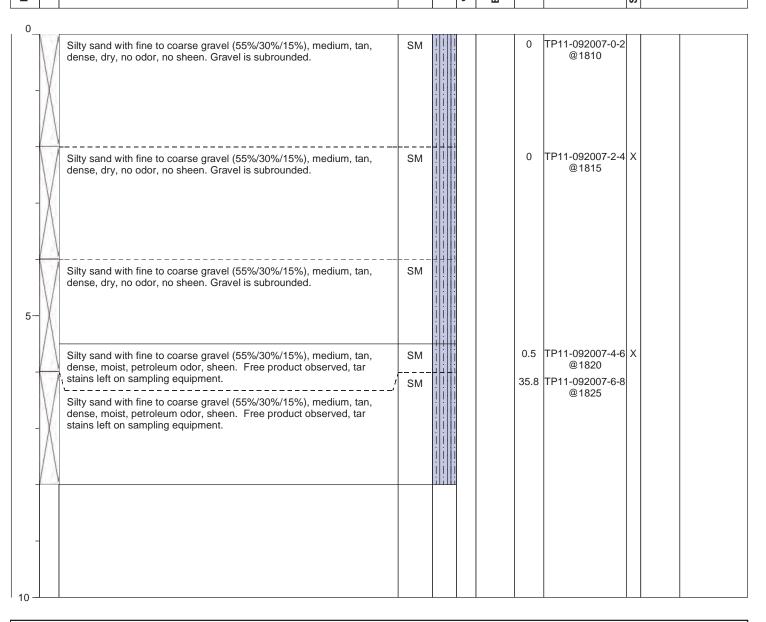
Date/Time Completed: 9/20/07 1840 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Equipment: Deere 310G NA

Glacier Environmenta Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Sample Interval Lithologic Description	nscs	५५	% Recovery	3low Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
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Well Construction Information

Ground Surface Elevation (ft):

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:**

Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/21/07 0630

Equipment:

Drilling Company:

Drilling Foreman:

9/21/07 1715 Date/Time Completed:

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): NA Deere 310G

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): Total Well Depth (ft bgs): Randy Bevin NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
0_										
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/30%), tan, med.dense, dry, slight odor, no sheen. Boulders present.	SP				0	TP12-092107-0-2 @0640		
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/30%), tan, med.dense, dry, slight odor, no sheen. Boulders present.	SP				0	TP12-092107-2-4 @0645		
5-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/30%), gray, loose, moist, strong odor, sheen.	SP				0	TP12-092107-4-6 @0650	X	
-		Poorly graded medium sand with coarse gravel (70%/30%), gray, loose, moist, very strong odor, sheen.	SP				51.3	TP12-092107-6-8 @0655	X	
10 -										

Well Construction Information Monument Type:

Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Surface Seal: **Annular Seal:** **Ground Surface Elevation (ft):** Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/21/07 0730

Date/Time Completed: 9/21/07 0800 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 7

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmental Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 7.5

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	3low Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
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0_								
-	\bigvee	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		0	TP13-092107-0-2 @0740	X	
-	\bigvee	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP	C	0.1	TP13-092107-2-4 @0745		
5-	\setminus	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		0	TP13-092107-4-6 @0750		
-	X	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, wet below 7' bgs, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP).2	TP13-092107-6-8 @0755	X	
10 —								

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack:

Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches): Surface Seal:
Screened Interval (ft bgs): Annular Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft):

Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/21/07 0815 **Sampler Type:** 5035 and bucket

Date/Time Completed: 9/21/07 0900 Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Equipment: Deere 310G Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmental Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 8

Drilling Foreman: Randy Bevin Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe

th (feet bgs	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
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0								
_	\bigvee	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		0	TP14-092107-0-2 @0815		
-	\setminus	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, dry, no odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		0.1	TP14-092107-2-4 @0820		
5-	\setminus	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, very moist, slight odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		NA	TP14-092107-4-6 @0835	x	
-	\setminus	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, loose, wet (water at 8' bgs), slight odor, no sheen. Abundant river rock: subrounded 3" gravel.	SP		NA	TP14-092107-6-8 @0840	x	
10 —								

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Casing Diameter (inches):
Screen Slot Size (inches):
Surface So

Surface Seal:

Annular Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 9/21/07 0900 Sampler Type: 5035 and bucket

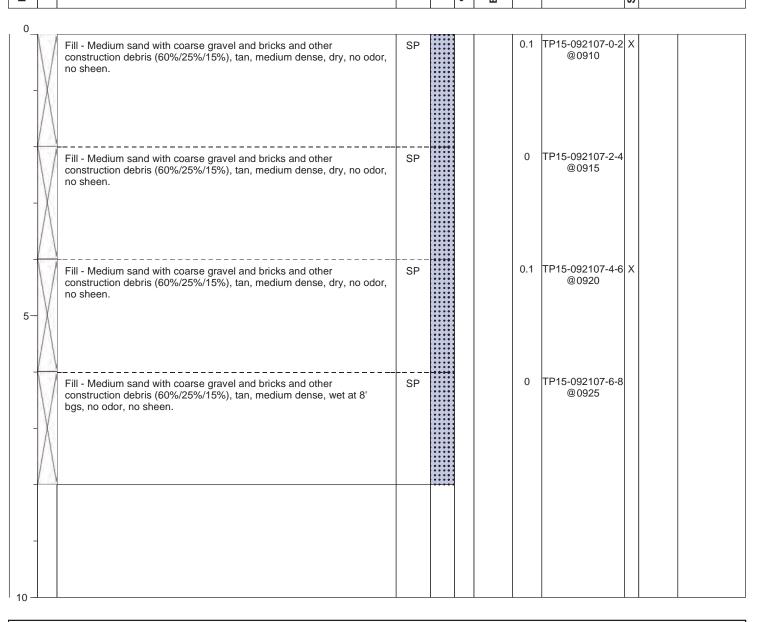
9/21/07 0950 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 8 Equipment: Deere 310G

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Randy Bevin

Drilling Method: Backhoe

Sample Interval Lithologic Description	nscs	५५	% Recovery	3low Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Boring/Well Construction Details
--	------	----	------------	-------------------	-----------	-----------	-----------------	--



Well Construction Information Monument Type:

Filter Pack: Casing Diameter (inches): Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Surface Seal:

Annular Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: **BNSF**

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

Date/Time Started: 4/6/09 1005 Sampler Type: Bucket 4/6/09 1114 Date/Time Completed: Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Equipment: 14 Excavator

Glacier Environmenta Fotal Boring Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Company:** 14 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): **Drilling Foreman:** Chris Eriksson NA

Ground Surface Elevation (ft):

Drilling Method: Backhoe

0_								
-	\bigvee	Poorly graded SAND with Gravel (70% sand, 25% gravel, 5% silt), medium grained sand, medium to coarse gravel, brown, moist, no odor.	SP					
-	\bigvee	Poorly graded SAND with Gravel (70% sand, 25% gravel, 5% silt), medium grained sand, medium to coarse gravel, grey, moist, no odor.	SP			0.1	TP-20-2 @1010	
5-	\bigvee	Poorly graded SAND with Gravel (70% sand, 25% gravel, 5% silt), medium grained sand, medium to coarse gravel, black staining, moist, slight odor.	SP			0.0	TP-20-4 @1015	
-	\bigvee	Fill - Medium sand with coarse gravel and bricks and other construction debris (60%/25%/15%), tan, medium dense, wet at 8' bgs, no odor, no sheen.	SP			0.0	TP-20-6 @1020	
-	\bigvee	Poorly graded SAND with Silt (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine to medium grained sand, medium gravel, grey to black, moist, slight odor.	SP-SM			0.0	TP-20-8 @1025	
10 -	X	Poorly graded SAND with Silt (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine to medium grained sand, medium gravel, grey to black, moist, slight odor.	SP-SM			0.0	TP-20-10 @1028	
-	X	Poorly graded SAND with Silt (85% sand, 10% silt, 5% gravel), fine to medium grained sand, medium gravel, grey to black, moist, slight odor.	SP-SM			0.0	TP-20-12 @1030	
-				V. 7		0.0	TP-20-14 @1050	

Well Construction Information

Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:**

Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

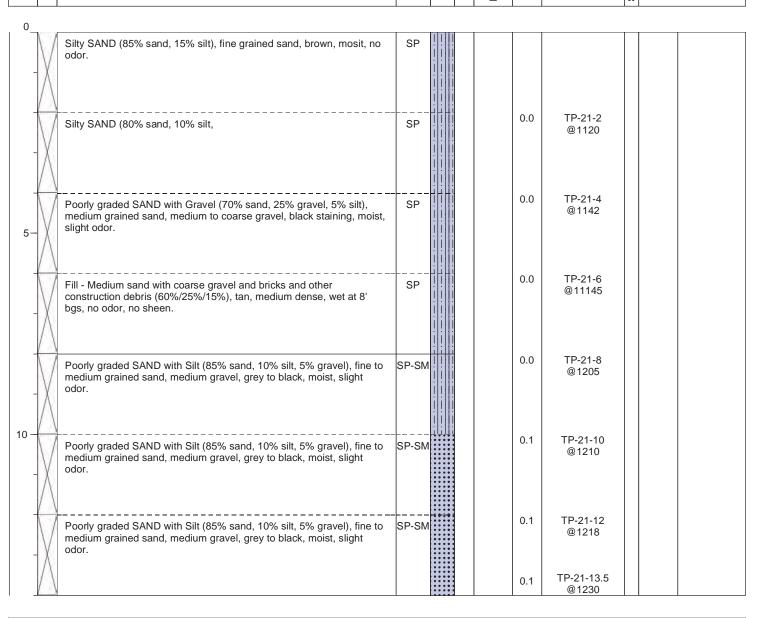
Date/Time Started:4/6/09 1115Sampler Type:BucketDate/Time Completed:4/6/09 1240Drive Hammer (Ibs.):

Equipment: Excavator Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 14

Drilling Company: Glacier Environmenta Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 14

Drilling Foreman: Chris Eriksson Total Well Depth (ft bgs): NA

Drilling Method: Backhoe



Well Construction Information

Casing Diameter (inches):

Monument Type:

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Surface Seal: Annular Seal: Ground Surface Elevation (ft):
Top of Casing Elevation (ft):

Boring Abandonment:

Surveyed Location: X:

ď		FARALLON consulting	Log of Boring:												
		975 5th Avenue Northwest Issaquah, Washington 98027													
Cli	ent	:	Date/Time Started	:				San	npler Type:						
Pro	_		Date/Time Comple	eted:					ve Hammer (Ibs oth of Water AT		hae).				
Lo	cat	ion:	Equipment: Drilling Company:						al Boring Depth						
Fai	allo	on PN:	Drilling Foreman:					Tot	al Well Depth (f	t bgs	s):				
Lo	gg	ed By:	Drilling Method:												
Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Descript	ion	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Cons	ing/Well struction etails					
0_															
5-		SILT with Sand (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, brooder. SILT with Sand (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, brooder. SILT with Sand (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, brooder.	own, moist, no												
-	X	SILT with Sand (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, bro	own, moist, no												

Well Construction Information Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:** Y:

SILT with Sand (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, brown, moist, no

odor.

15

Screened Interval (ft bgs): Annular Seal: Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Foreman: Drilling Method:

4/6/09 @ 1345 4/6/09 @ 1455

Excavator Glacier

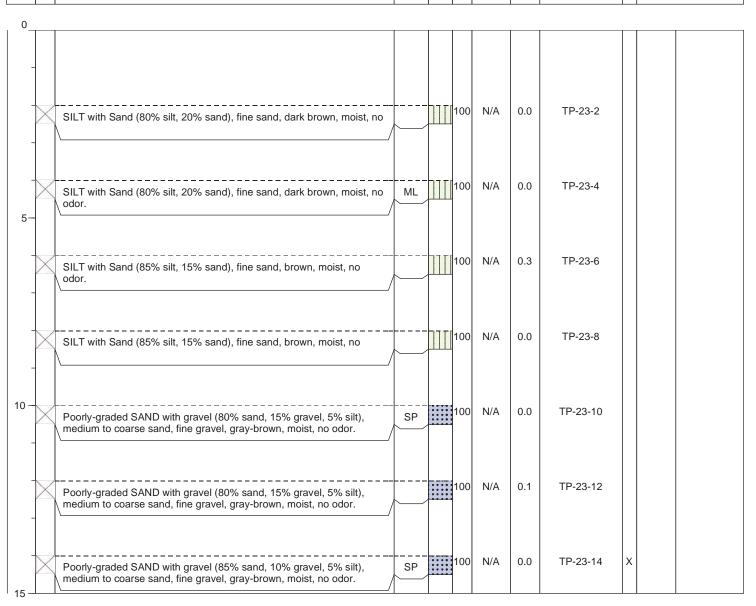
Chris Erickson

N/A

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 14.5 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 14.5' Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A

ow Counts 8/8/8 Sample Analyzed Depth (feet bgs.) Sample Interval **USGS Graphic Boring/Well** Recovery PID (ppm) **Lithologic Description** Construction **JSCS** Sample ID **Details**



Well Construction Information Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:** Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

4/6/09 @ 1500 Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed: 4/6/09 @ 1550

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Foreman:

Drilling Method:

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 14.5 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 14' Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A

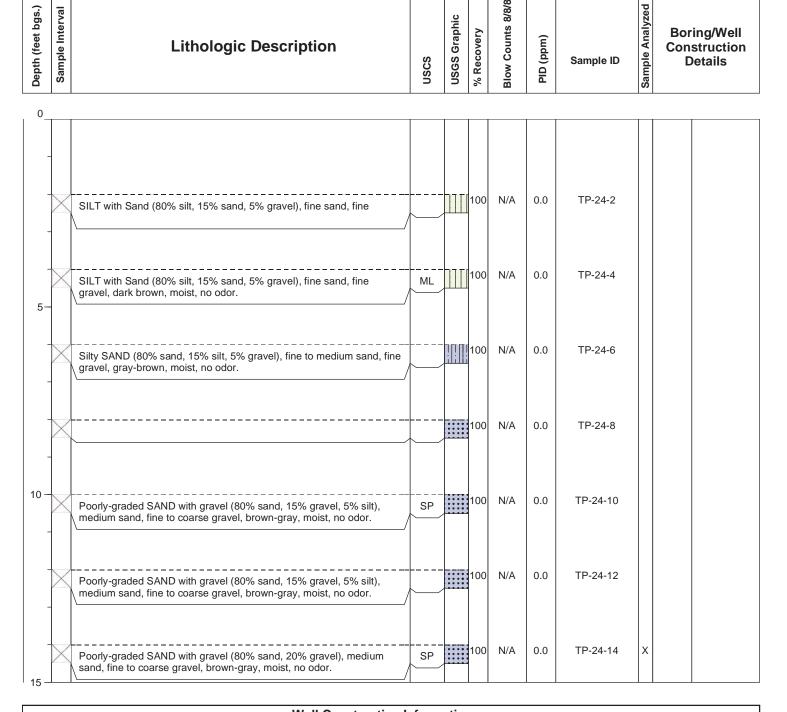
N/A

Excavator

Chris Erickson

Glacier

Boring/Well Construction



Well Construction Information Monument Type: Filter Pack:

Annular Seal:

Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:**

Surveyed Location: X:



Lithologic Description

Log of Boring: TP-25

Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

4/6/09 @ 1550 Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: **Drilling Company: Drilling Foreman:**

Drilling Method:

4/6/09 @ 1630

Excavator Glacier

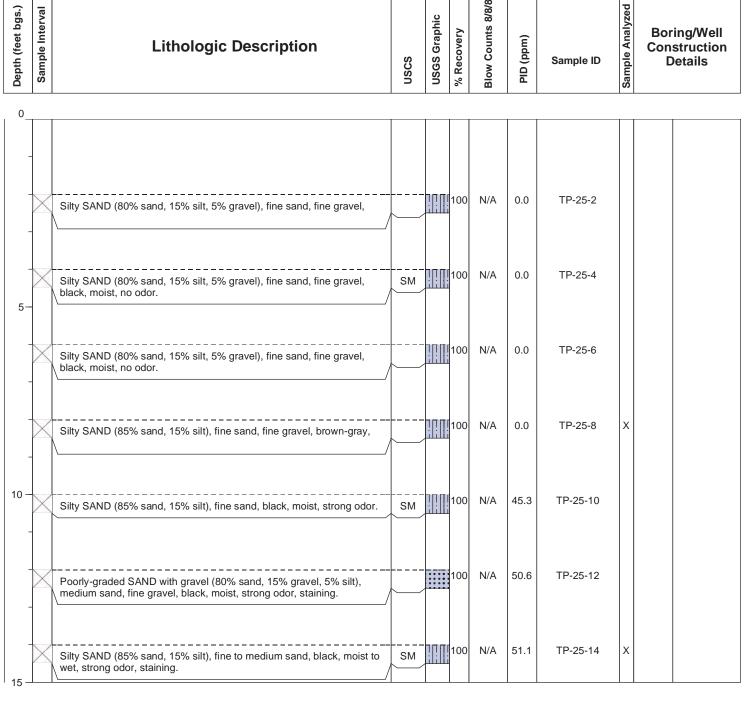
Chris Erickson

N/A

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 14 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 14.5 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A

> Sample Analyzed **Boring/Well** Construction Sample ID **Details**



Well Construction Information Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Monument Type: Filter Pack: Top of Casing Elevation (ft): Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): **Boring Abandonment:** Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:** Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Lithologic Description

Log of Boring: TP-26

Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Foreman: Drilling Method:

4/7/09 @ 748 4/7/09 @ 825

Excavator Glacier

Chris Erickson

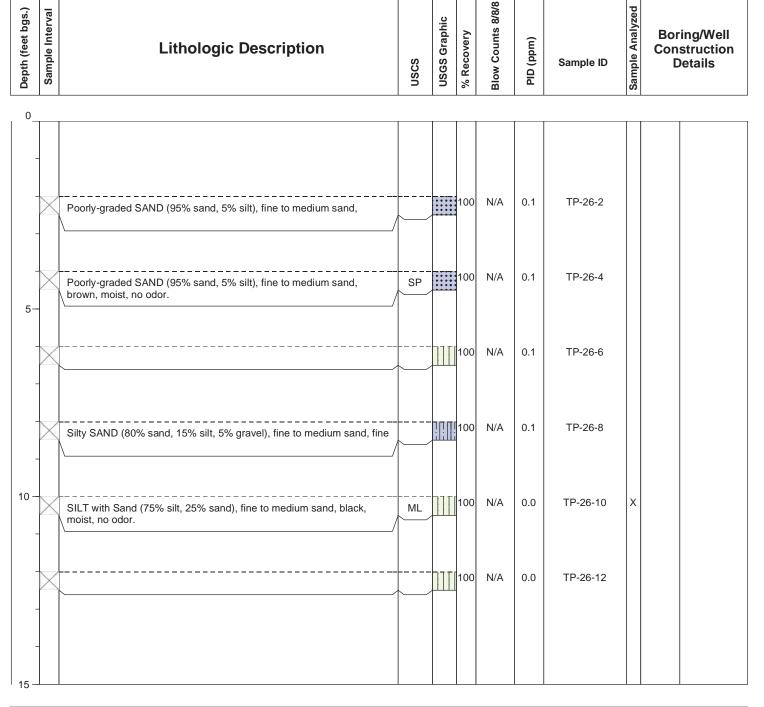
N/A

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Sample ID

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 16 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 16 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A

> Sample Analyzed **Boring/Well** Construction **Details**



Monument Type: Casing Diameter (inches): Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Well Construction Information

Filter Pack: Surface Seal: **Ground Surface Elevation (ft):** Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:** Y:

Annular Seal: Surveyed Location: X:

	1	FARALLON consulting 975 5th Avenue Northwest Issaquah, Washington 98027	Log of Boring:									age 1 of 1
Cli Pro Lo	oje		Date/Time Started Date/Time Comple Equipment: Drilling Company:		Sampler Type: Drive Hammer (lbs.): Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): Total Boring Depth (ft bgs):							
		on PN: ed By:	Drilling Foreman: Drilling Method:						al Well Depth (f			
Depth (feet bgs.)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Descript	ion	nscs	USGS Graphic	% Recovery	Blow Counts 8/8/8	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	Cons	ing/Well struction etails
0_]						
5-		Poorly-graded SAND with Silt (80% sand, 10% silt, sand, fine gravel, brown, moist, no odor.	 10% gravel), fine									
	X	Sandy SILT (75% silt, 25% sand), fine sand, gray-dodor, wood debris.	ark gray, moist, no									
	X	Poorly-graded SAND with Silt (90% sand, 10% silt),	fine sand, gray-									
10 -	X	Silty SAND (85% sand, 15% silt), fine sand, brown,	moist, no odor.									

Monument Type:

Casing Diameter (inches):

Screen Slot Size (inches):

Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Well Construction Information
Filter Pack:

Surface Seal:

Surface Seal:

Annular Seal:

Surveyed Location: X: Y:

Silty SAND (75% sand, 25% silt), fine sand, black, moist, strong odor,

Silty SAND (75% sand, 20% silt, 5% gravel), fine sand, fine gravel,

staining.

15

black, moist, strong odor, staining.



Lithologic Description

Log of Boring: TP-28

Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

Date/Time Started: 4/7/09 @ 1115 Date/Time Completed: 4/7/09 @ 1138

Excavator

Chris Erickson

Glacier

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Foreman:

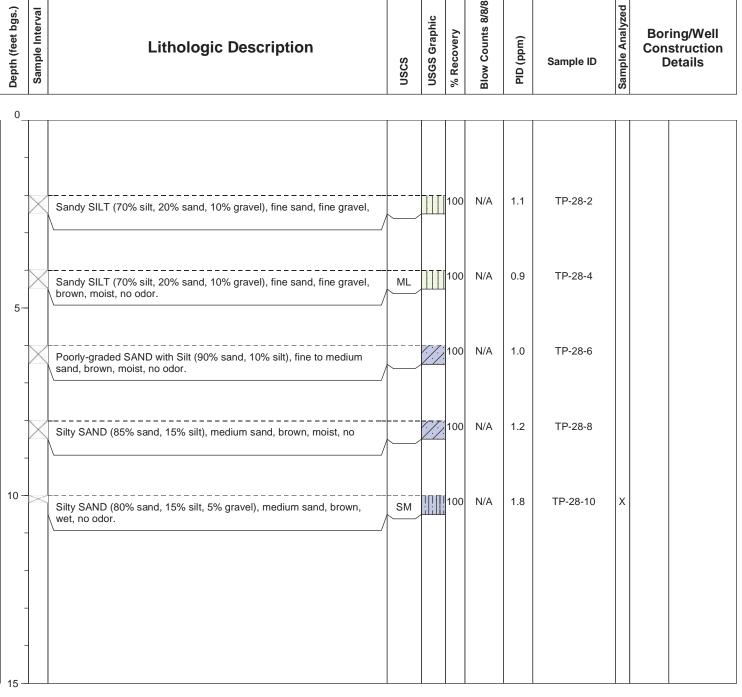
Drilling Method:

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 10 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.2 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A

N/A

Boring/Well Construction **Details**



Well Construction Information Monument Type:

Casing Diameter (inches): Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs):

Filter Pack: Surface Seal:

Annular Seal:

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:**

Surveyed Location: X:



Page 1 of 1

Client: John Michael Lease Project: BNSF Cashmere

Location: Cashmere, Washington

Farallon PN: 683-018

Logged By: Javan Ruark

Date/Time Started: Date/Time Completed:

Equipment: **Drilling Company:**

Drilling Method:

4/7/09 @ 1142 4/7/09 @ 1210

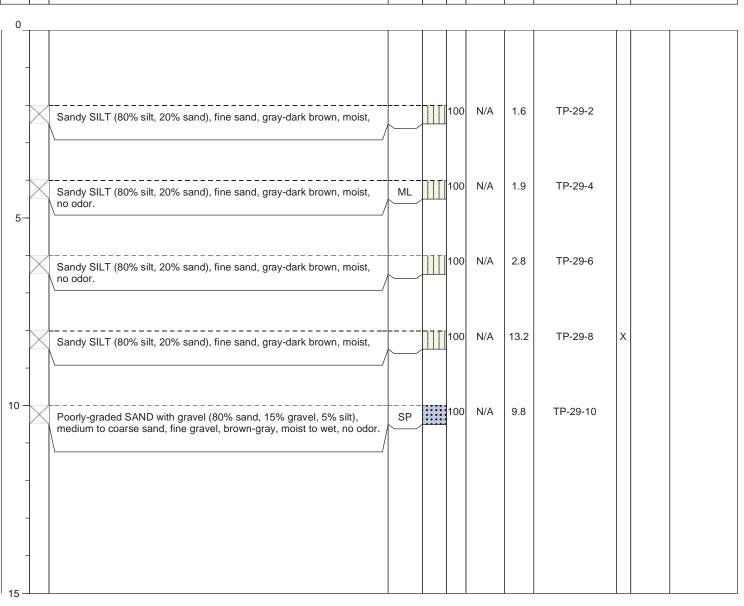
Excavator Glacier

Drilling Foreman: Chris Erickson

N/A

Sampler Type: bucket Drive Hammer (lbs.):

Depth of Water ATD (ft bgs): 10 Total Boring Depth (ft bgs): 10.2 Total Well Depth (ft bgs): N/A



Well Construction Information Monument Type: Filter Pack:

Casing Diameter (inches): Surface Seal: Screen Slot Size (inches): Screened Interval (ft bgs): **Annular Seal:**

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): Top of Casing Elevation (ft): **Boring Abandonment:**

Surveyed Location: X: Y:



Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/25/12 1245

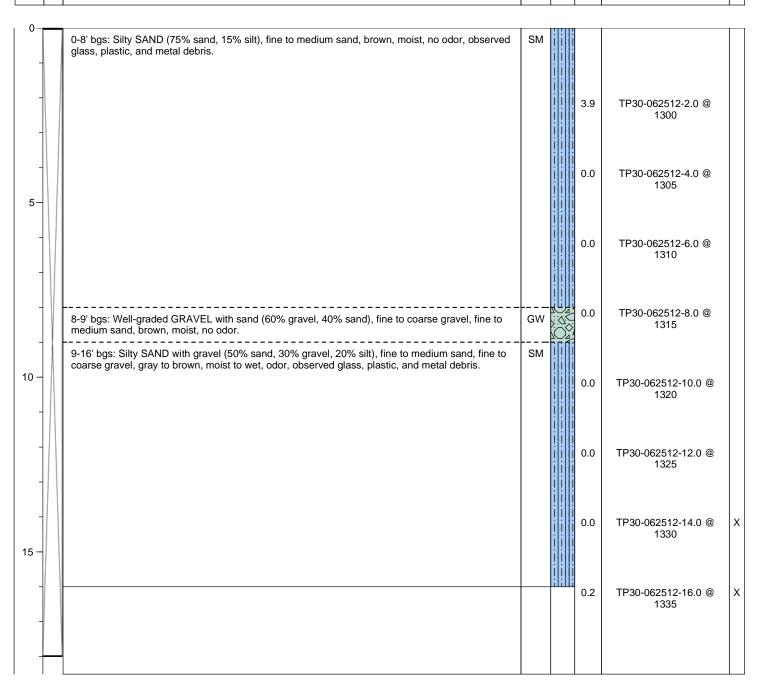
Date/Time Completed: 06/25/12 1400 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 16

pth (feet by	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/25/12 1500 **Date/Time Completed:** 06/25/12 1620

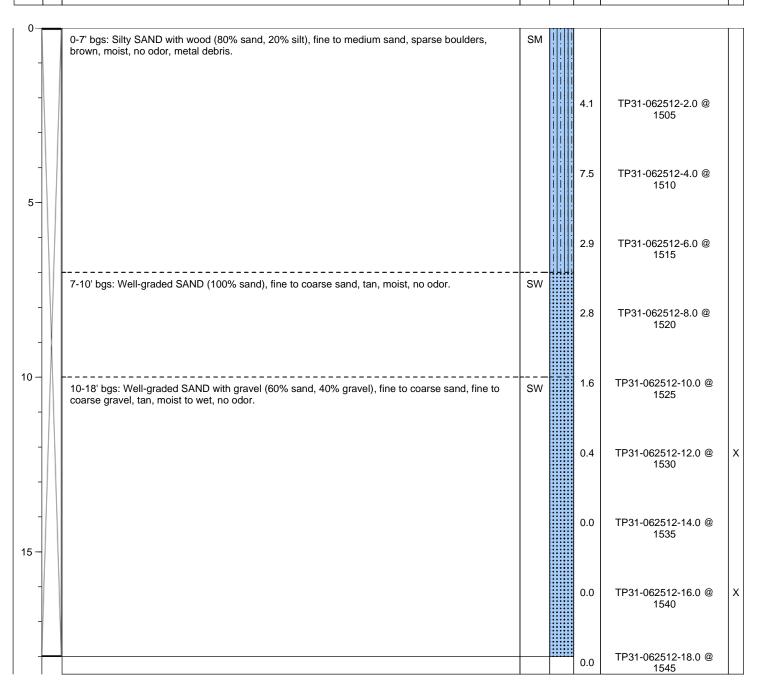
Date/Time Completed: 06/25/12 1620 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 14

Depth (feet bgs)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/26/12 0700 **Date/Time Completed:** 06/26/12 0930

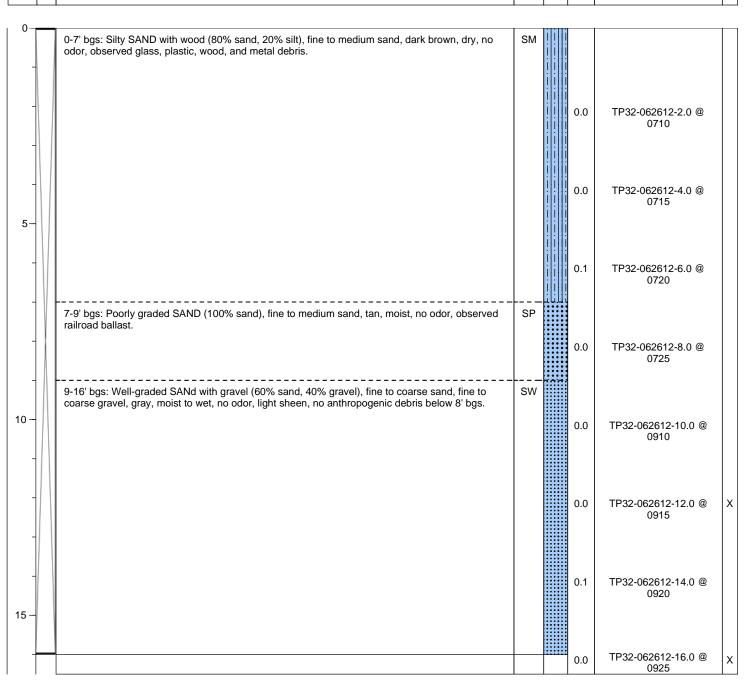
Date/Time Completed: 06/26/12 0930 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 14

Depth (feet bgs)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

 Date/Time Started:
 06/25/12 1400

 Date/Time Completed:
 06/25/12 1500

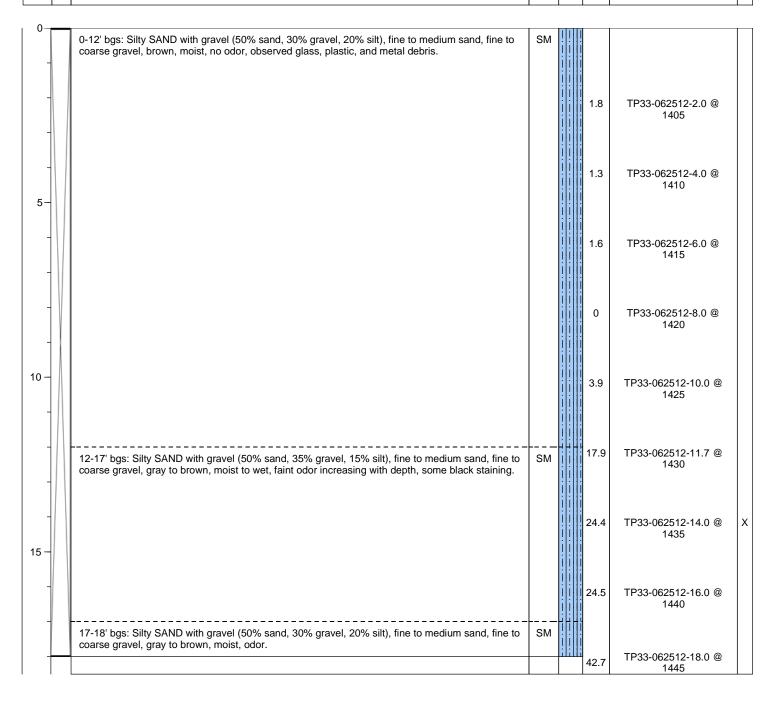
Equipment: Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 16

Depth (feet bgs)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed	
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/25/12 1110

Date/Time Completed: 06/25/12 1245 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek **Excavation Foreman:** Matt Clayton

Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 15.5

Total Excavation Depth (ft bgs): 16

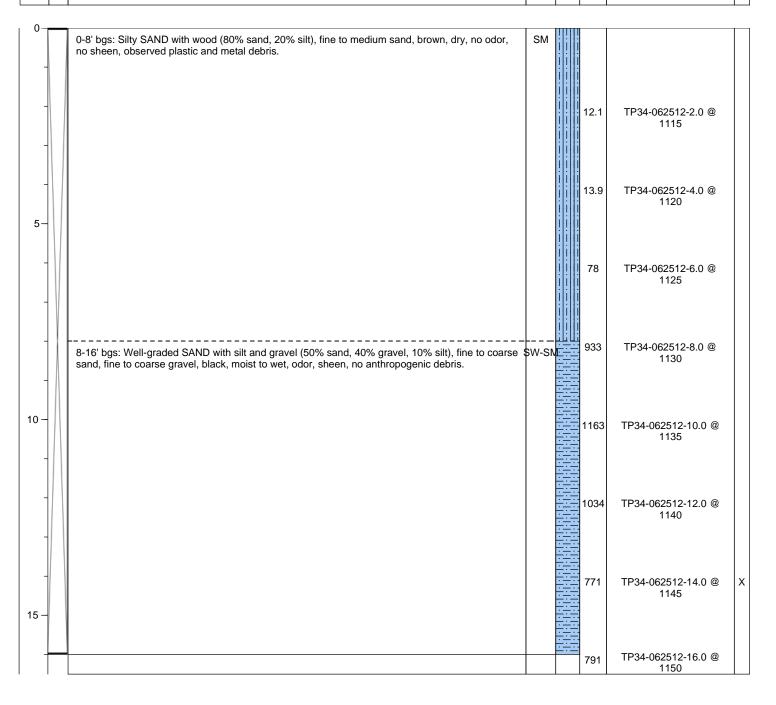
Sample Interval

Output

Note to base a sample Interval

Output

Outpu





Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

 Date/Time Started:
 06/25/12 0830

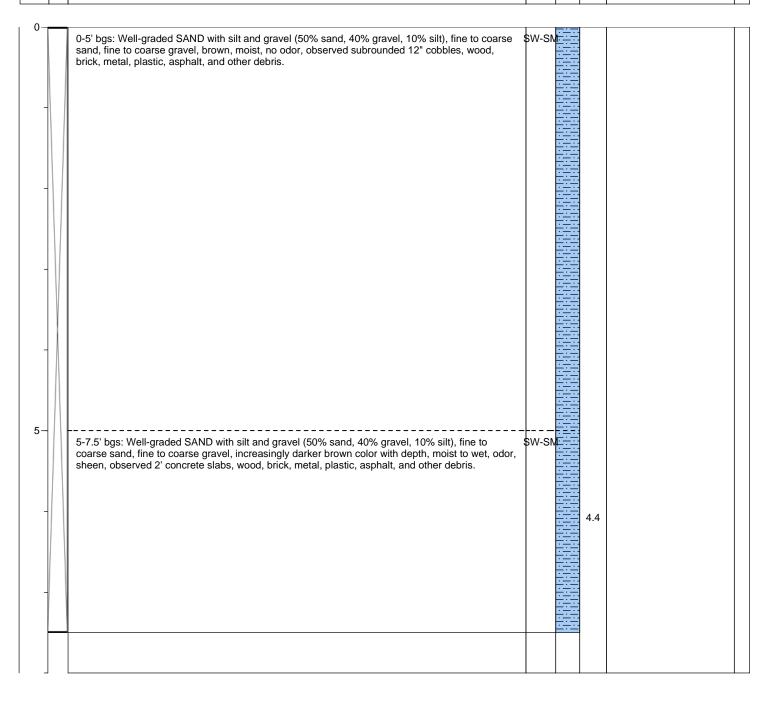
 Date/Time Completed:
 06/25/12 0940

Equipment: Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 7.5





Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/25/12 0950

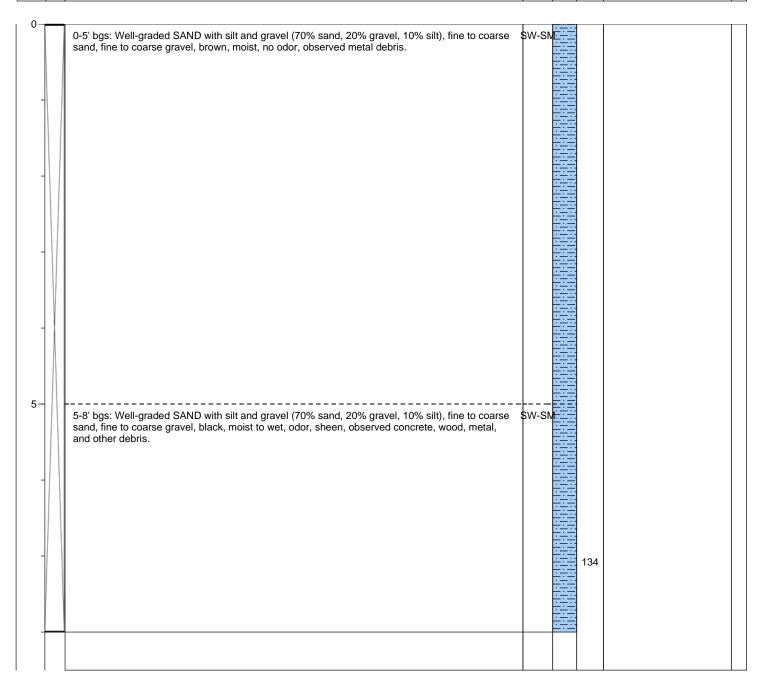
Date/Time Completed: 06/25/12 1030 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek **Excavation Foreman:** Matt Clayton

Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 8





Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

 Date/Time Started:
 06/25/12 1030

 Date/Time Completed:
 06/25/12 1100

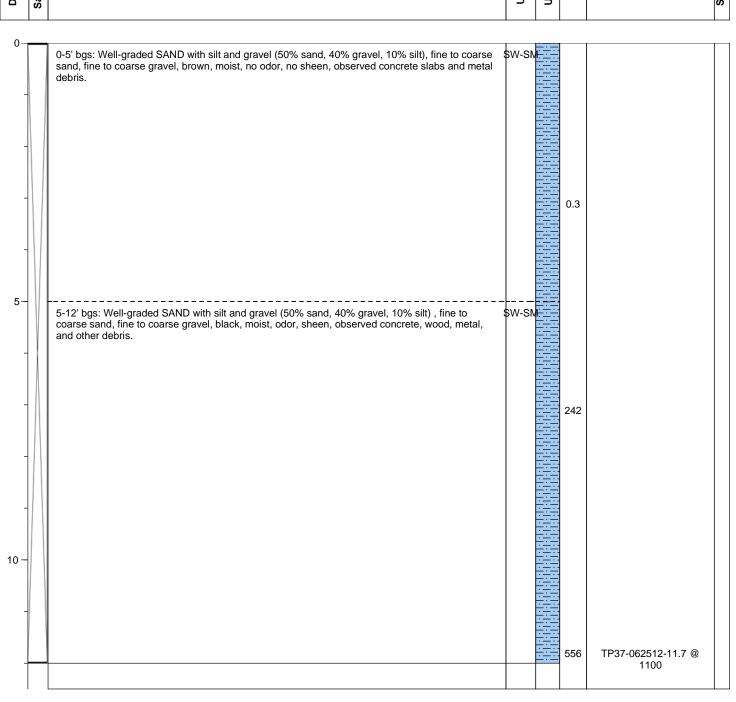
Equipment: Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 8

Depth (feet bgs)	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/26/12 0930 **Date/Time Completed:** 06/26/12 1050

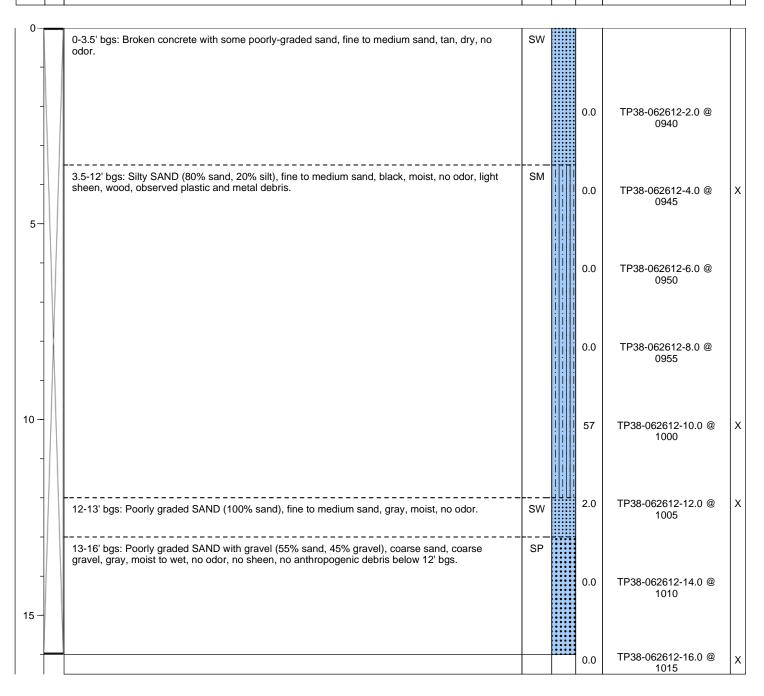
Equipment: Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 14

pth (feet bg	Sample Interval	Lithologic Description	nscs	USGS Graphic	PID (ppmv)	Sample ID	Sample Analyzed
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Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/26/12 1055

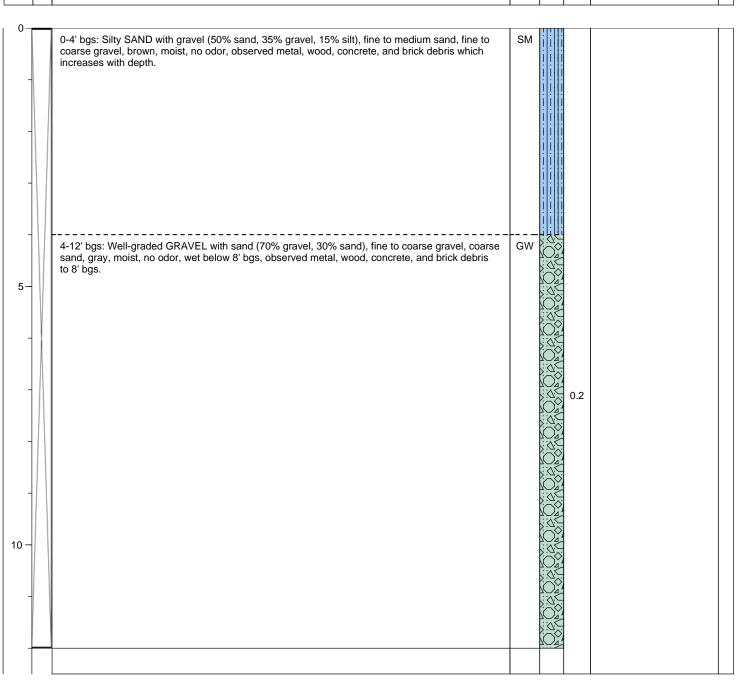
Date/Time Completed: 06/26/12 1130 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek **Excavation Foreman:** Matt Clayton

Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 8





Page 1 of 1

BNSF Client:

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

Date/Time Started: 06/26/12 1130

06/26/12 1155 Date/Time Completed:

Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek Matt Clayton

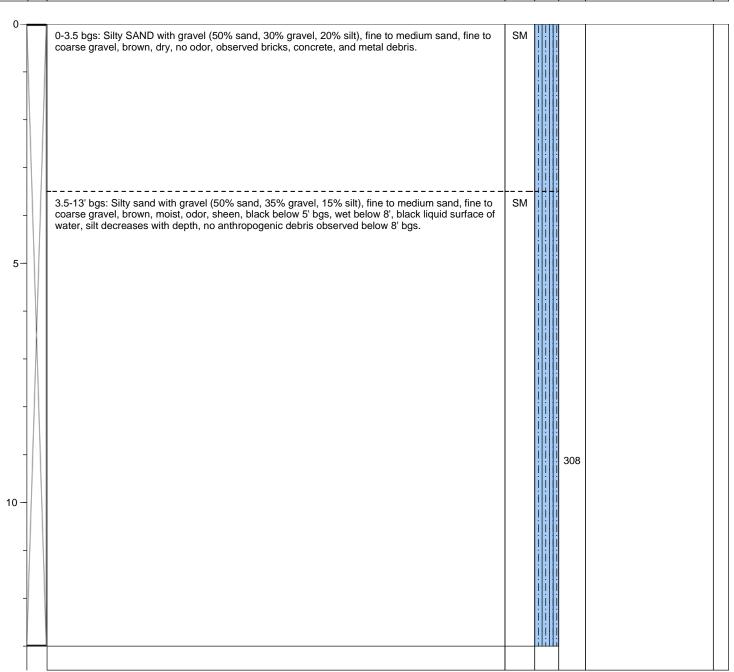
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Excavation Foreman:

Equipment:

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket Depth of Water (ft bgs): 8







Page 1 of 1

Client: BNSF

Project: John Michael Lease Site

Location: Cashmere, WA

Farallon PN: 283-006

Logged By: Jon Peterson

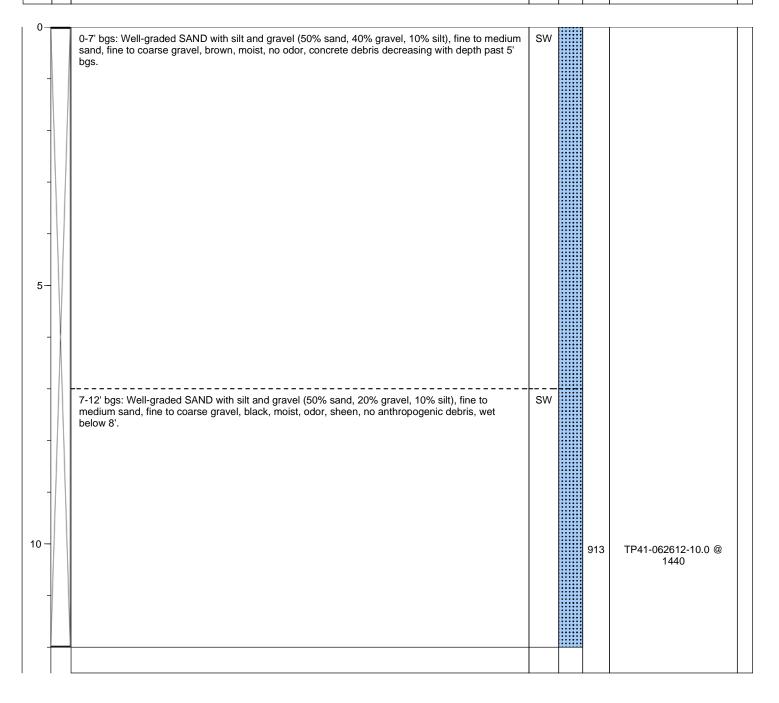
Date/Time Started: 06/26/12 1155

Date/Time Completed: 06/26/12 1250 **Equipment:** Backhoe

Excavation Company: Clear Creek
Excavation Foreman: Matt Clayton
Excavating Method: Backhoe

Sampler Type: Backhoe bucket

Depth of Water (ft bgs): 8





Appendix B: Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation Supporting Data



Table 749-1

Simplified Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation-Exposure Analysis Procedure

Estimate the area of contiguous (connected) <u>undeveloped land</u> on the site or within 500 feet of any area of the site to the nearest 1/2 acre (1/4 acre if the area is less than 0.5 acre).					
1) From the table below, find the number of points corresponding to the area and enter this number in the field to the right.					
Area (acres) Points 0.25 or less 4 0.5 5 1.0 6 1.5 7 2.0 8 2.5 9 3.0 10 3.5 11 4.0 or more 12	8				
2) Is this an <u>industrial</u> or <u>commercial</u> property? If yes, enter a score of 3. If no, enter a score of 1					
3) ^a Enter a score in the box to the right for the habitat quality of the site, using the following rating system ^b . High=1, Intermediate=2, Low=3					
4) Is the undeveloped land likely to attract wildlife? If yes, enter a score of 1 in the box to the right. If no, enter a score of 2°	1				
5) Are there any of the following soil contaminants present: Chlorinated dioxins/furans, PCB mixtures, DDT, DDE, DDD, aldrin, chlordane, dieldrin, endosulfan, endrin, heptachlor, benzene hexachloride, toxaphene, hexachlorobenzene, pentachlorophenol, pentachlorobenzene? If yes, enter a score of 1 in the box to the right. If no, enter a score of 4.					
6) Add the numbers in the boxes on lines 2-5 and enter this number in the box to the right. If this number is larger than the number in the box on line 1, the simplified evaluation may be ended.	11				

Notes for Table 749-1

Low: Early <u>successional</u> vegetative stands; vegetation predominantly noxious, nonnative, exotic plant species or weeds. Areas severely disturbed by human activity, including intensively cultivated croplands. Areas isolated from other habitat used by wildlife.

^a It is expected that this habitat evaluation will be undertaken by an experienced field biologist. If this is not the case, enter a conservative score of (1) for questions 3 and 4.

^b **Habitat rating system.** Rate the quality of the habitat as high, intermediate or low based on your professional judgment as a field biologist. The following are suggested factors to consider in making this evaluation:

High: Area is ecologically significant for one or more of the following reasons: Late-<u>successional</u> native plant communities present; relatively high species diversity; used by an uncommon or rare species; <u>priority habitat</u> (as defined by the Washington Department of fish and Wildlife); part of a larger area of habitat where size or fragmentation may be important for the retention of some species.

Intermediate: Area does not rate as either high or low.

[Area Calculation Aid] [Aerial Photo with Area Designations] [TEE Table 749-1] [Index of Tables]

[Exclusions Main] [TEE Definitions] [Simplified or Site-Specific?] [Simplified Ecological Evaluation] [Site-Specific Ecological Evaluation] [WAC 173-340-7493]

[TEE Home]

^c Indicate "yes" if the area attracts wildlife or is likely to do so. Examples: Birds frequently visit the area to feed; evidence of high use b mammals (tracks, scat, etc.); habitat "island" in an industrial area; unusual features of an area that make it important for feeding animals; heavy use during seasonal migrations.

LEGEND

--- Approximate Site Boundary

500 foot boundary for Simplified Terrestrial Ecological Evalution

Contiguous Undeveloped Land on the site or Within 500 feet of any area of the site

Approximate Area of Constituents of Concern Exceeding the MTCA Method A Cleanup Levels

SOURCE: Aerial base map provided by Google Earth Professional, dated 7/1/2017.

JOHN MICHAEL LEASE SITE ADJACENT TO 5640 SUNSET HIGHWAY CASHMERE, WASHINGTON

SIMPLIFIED TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGICAL EVALUATION AREAS

ı				
	DRAWN BY:	R. COLLINS	PROJ. NO.:	361614.0000.0000
	CHECKED BY:	M. PIOVESAN		
	APPROVED BY:	E. STATA	FIG	URE 1



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361614_Ecological.mxd