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Effective Date: October 1, 2009  
Expiration Date: September 30, 2014  
Modification Date: January 12, 2010

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM  
WASTE DISCHARGE PERMIT No. WA 0037419

State of Washington  
DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY  
Olympia, Washington 98504-7600

In compliance with the provisions of  
The State of Washington Water Pollution Control Law  
Chapter 90.48 Revised Code of Washington  
and  
The Federal Water Pollution Control Act  
(The Clean Water Act)  
Title 33 United States Code, Section 1251 et seq.

**Birds Eye Foods Inc.**  
**P.O. Box 11046**  
**Tacoma, WA 98411**

Facility Location:  
3303 South 35<sup>th</sup> Street,  
Tacoma, Washington 98409

Water Body I.D. No.:  
WA 10-0030

Industry Type: Food Processor

Receiving Water: City of Tacoma storm drain, Twin  
96 Storm Drain Outfall, leading to the Thea Foss  
Waterway

Discharge Location:  
Latitude: 47° 13' 42" N  
Longitude: 122° 28' 43" W

is authorized to discharge in accordance with the special and general conditions which follow.

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Garin Schrieve, P.E.  
Southwest Region Manager  
Water Quality Program  
Washington State Department of Ecology

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### SUMMARY OF PERMIT REPORT SUBMITTALS

Refer to the Special and General Conditions of this permit for additional submittal requirements.

Permit Section	Submittal	Frequency	First Submittal Date
S3.A	Discharge Monitoring Report	Quarterly	January 15, 2010
S3.E	Noncompliance Notification	As necessary	
S5.	Preliminary Investigation of Alternatives, Negotiations, and Alternative Selection. Progress Report	1/permit cycle	June 30, 2010
S5.	Study of the Selected Alternative. Progress Report	1/permit cycle	June 30, 2011
S5.	Engineering Report	1/permit cycle	January 30, 2012
S5.	Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual	1/permit cycle	June 30, 2012
S5.	Construction Completed Progress Report	1/permit cycle	June 30, 2013
S5.	Comply with the Final Copper Effluent Limit Progress Report	1/permit cycle	June 30, 2014
G1.	Notice of Change in Authorization	As necessary	
G4.	Permit Application for Substantive Changes to the Discharge	As necessary	
G5.	Engineering Report for Construction or Modification Activities	As necessary	
G7.	Application for Permit Renewal	1/permit cycle	April 30, 2010
G8.	Notice of Permit Transfer	As necessary	
G21.	Notice of Planned Changes	As necessary	
G22.	Reporting Anticipated Non-compliance	As necessary	

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS

### S1. DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS

#### A. Process Wastewater Discharges

All discharges and activities authorized by this permit shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The discharge of any of the following pollutants more frequently than, or at a level in excess of, that identified and authorized by this permit shall constitute a violation of the terms and conditions of this permit.

Beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date, the Permittee is authorized to discharge non-contact cooling water at the permitted location subject to complying with the following limitations:

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS: OUTFALL # 003		
Parameter	Average Monthly <sup>a</sup>	Maximum Daily <sup>b</sup>
pH <sup>c</sup> , S.U.	Daily minimum is equal to or greater than 6.0 and the daily maximum is less than or equal to 9.0.	
Temperature, °F	N/A	92
Oil and Grease, mg/L	N/A	15
Copper (Total), µg/L Interim limit valid until June 29, 2014	N/A	30
Copper (Total), µg/L Final limit valid starting June 30, 2014	N/A	6
<sup>a</sup> The average monthly effluent limitation is defined as the highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.		
<sup>b</sup> The maximum daily effluent limitation is defined as the highest allowable daily discharge. The daily discharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day.		
<sup>c</sup> Indicates the range of permitted values.		

## S2. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

### A. Monitoring Schedule

The Permittee must monitor the wastewater according to the following schedule (see Appendix A for analytical requirements):

Category	Parameter	Units	Sample Point	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Sample Type
Wastewater Effluent	Flow	gpd	Outfall 003	Quarterly	Estimated
Wastewater Effluent	Oil and Grease	mg/L	Outfall 003	Quarterly <sup>a</sup>	Grab
Wastewater Effluent	Total Copper	µg/L	Outfall 003	Quarterly <sup>a</sup>	Grab
Wastewater Effluent	pH	Standard Units	Outfall 003	Quarterly <sup>a</sup>	Grab
Wastewater Effluent	Temperature	°F	Outfall 003	Quarterly <sup>a</sup>	Grab
<sup>a</sup> Quarters shall be January through March, April through June, July through September and October through December.					

### B. Sampling and Analytical Procedures

Samples and measurements taken to meet the requirements of this permit shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored parameters, including representative sampling of any unusual discharge or discharge condition, including bypasses, upsets, and maintenance-related conditions affecting effluent quality.

Sampling and analytical methods used to meet the monitoring requirements specified in this permit shall conform to the latest revision of the *Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants* contained in 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 136 or to the latest revision of *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater* (APHA), unless otherwise specified in this permit or approved in writing by the Department of Ecology (Ecology).

### C. Flow Measurement

Appropriate flow measurement devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices shall be selected and used to ensure the accuracy and reliability of measurements of the quantity of monitored flows. The devices shall be installed, calibrated, and maintained to ensure that the accuracy of the measurements are consistent with the accepted industry standard for that type of device. Frequency of calibration shall be in conformance with manufacturer's recommendations and at a minimum frequency of at least one calibration per year. Calibration records shall be maintained for at least three years.

Modification Date: January 12, 2010

D. Laboratory Accreditation

All monitoring data required by Ecology shall be prepared by a laboratory registered or accredited under the provisions of, *Accreditation of Environmental Laboratories*, Chapter 173-50 Washington Administrative Code (WAC). Flow, temperature, settleable solids, conductivity, pH, turbidity, and internal process control parameters are exempt from this requirement. Conductivity and pH shall be accredited if the laboratory must otherwise be registered or accredited. Ecology exempts crops, soils, and hazardous waste data from this requirement pending accreditation of laboratories for analysis of these media.

**S3. REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS**

The Permittee shall monitor and report in accordance with the following conditions. The falsification of information submitted to Ecology shall constitute a violation of the terms and conditions of this permit.

A. Reporting

The first monitoring period begins on the effective date of the permit. Monitoring results shall be submitted quarterly. Monitoring results obtained during the previous three months shall be reported on the quarterly forms as provided, or otherwise approved, by Ecology, and be postmarked or received no later than the 15th day of the month following the completed monitoring period, unless otherwise specified in this permit. Priority pollutant analysis data shall be submitted no later than 45 days following the monitoring period. Unless otherwise specified, all toxicity test data shall be submitted within 60 days after the sample date. The report shall be sent to:

Department of Ecology  
Southwest Regional Office  
P.O. Box 47775  
Olympia, Washington 98504-7775.

All laboratory reports providing data for organic and metal parameters shall include the following information: sampling date, sample location, date of analysis, parameter name, CAS number, analytical method/ number, method detection limit (MDL), laboratory practical quantitation limit (PQL), reporting units, and concentration detected.

Discharge Monitoring Report forms must be submitted quarterly whether or not the facility was discharging. If there was no discharge during a given monitoring period, submit the form as required with the words "no discharge" entered in place of the monitoring results.

B. Records Retention

The Permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information for a minimum of three years. Such information shall include all calibration and maintenance records and all original recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. This period of retention shall be extended during the course of any unresolved

litigation regarding the discharge of pollutants by the Permittee or when requested by the Director.

C. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken, the Permittee shall record the following information: (1) the date, exact place, method, and time of sampling or measurement; (2) the individual who performed the sampling or measurement; (3) the dates the analyses were performed; (4) the individual who performed the analyses; (5) the analytical techniques or methods used; and (6) the results of all analyses.

D. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee

If the Permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit using test procedures specified by Condition S2. of this permit, then the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the Permittee's DMR.

E. Noncompliance Notification

In the event the Permittee is unable to comply with any of the terms and conditions of this permit due to any cause, the Permittee shall:

1. Immediately take action to stop, contain, and clean up unauthorized discharges or otherwise stop the noncompliance, correct the problem and, if applicable, repeat sampling and analysis of any noncompliance immediately and submit the results to Ecology within 30 days after becoming aware of the violation.
2. Immediately notify Ecology of the failure to comply.
3. Submit a detailed written report to Ecology within 30 days (five days for upsets and bypasses), unless requested earlier by Ecology. The report shall contain a description of the noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and the steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.

Compliance with these requirements does not relieve the Permittee from responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit or the resulting liability for failure to comply.

**S4. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

The Permittee shall, at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities or systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems, which are installed by a Permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit.

**S5. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE**

The Permittee must complete the following activities and submit required reports by the specified dates in the table.

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Report due date</b>
Preliminary investigation of alternatives, negotiations, and alternative selection.	Progress report by June 30, 2010.
Study of the selected alternative.	Progress report by June 30, 2011.
Engineering report.	Engineering report by January 30, 2012.
Operation and maintenance (O&M) manual.	O&M manual by June 30, 2012.
Construction completed.	Progress report by June 30, 2013.
Comply with the final copper effluent limit.	Progress report by June 30, 2014.



## GENERAL CONDITIONS

### G1. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS

All applications, reports, or information submitted to Ecology shall be signed and certified.

- A. All permit applications shall be signed by either a responsible corporate officer of at least the level of vice president of a corporation, a general partner of a partnership, or the proprietor of a sole proprietorship.
- B. All reports required by this permit and other information requested by Ecology shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
  - 1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to Ecology.
  - 2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.)
- C. Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph B.2 above is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph B.2 above must be submitted to Ecology prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
- D. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

I certify under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

### G2. RIGHT OF INSPECTION AND ENTRY

The Permittee shall allow an authorized representative of Ecology, upon the presentation of credentials and such other documents as may be required by law:

- A. To enter upon the premises where a discharge is located or where any records must be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
- B. To have access to and copy - at reasonable times and at reasonable cost - any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
- C. To inspect - at reasonable times - any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, methods, or operations regulated or required under this permit.
- D. To sample or monitor - at reasonable times - any substances or parameters at any location for purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act.

### **G3. PERMIT ACTIONS**

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either at the request of any interested person (including the Permittee) or upon Ecology's initiative. However, the permit may only be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for the reasons specified in 40 CFR 122.62, 122.64 or WAC 173-220-150 according to the procedures of 40 CFR 124.5.

- A. The following are causes for terminating this permit during its term, or for denying a permit renewal application:
  - 1. Violation of any permit term or condition.
  - 2. Obtaining a permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose all relevant facts.
  - 3. A material change in quantity or type of waste disposal.
  - 4. A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment or contributes to water quality standards violations and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination [40 CFR part 122.64(3)].
  - 5. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or sludge use or disposal practice controlled by the permit [40 CFR Part 122.64(4)].
  - 6. Nonpayment of fees assessed pursuant to Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 90.48.465.
  - 7. Failure or refusal of the Permittee to allow entry as required in RCW 90.48.090.
- B. The following are causes for modification but not revocation and reissuance except when the Permittee requests or agrees:
  - 1. A material change in the condition of the waters of the state.
  - 2. New information not available at the time of permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions.

3. Material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activities which occurred after this permit issuance.
  4. Promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations having a direct bearing upon permit conditions, or requiring permit revision.
  5. The Permittee has requested a modification based on other rationale meeting the criteria of 40 CFR Part 122.62.
  6. Ecology has determined that good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, and the modification will not violate statutory deadlines.
  7. Incorporation of an approved local pretreatment program into a municipality's permit.
- C. The following are causes for modification or alternatively revocation and reissuance:
1. Cause exists for termination for reasons listed in A1 through A7, of this section, and Ecology determines that modification or revocation and reissuance is appropriate.
  2. Ecology has received notification of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit may also be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer (General Condition G8) but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer except upon the request of the new Permittee.

#### **G4. REPORTING PLANNED CHANGES**

The Permittee shall, as soon as possible, but no later than 60 days prior to the proposed changes, give notice to Ecology of planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility, production increases, or process modification which will result in: (1) the permitted facility being determined to be a new source pursuant to 40 CFR 122.29(b); (2) a significant change in the nature or an increase in quantity of pollutants discharged; or (3) a significant change in the Permittee's sludge use or disposal practices. Following such notice, and the submittal of a new application or supplement to the existing application, along with required engineering plans and reports, this permit may be modified, or revoked and reissued pursuant to 40 CFR 122.62(a) to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited. Until such modification is effective, any new or increased discharge in excess of permit limits or not specifically authorized by this permit constitutes a violation.

#### **G5. PLAN REVIEW REQUIRED**

Prior to constructing or modifying any wastewater control facilities, an engineering report and detailed plans and specifications shall be submitted to Ecology for approval in accordance with Chapter 173-240 WAC. Engineering reports, plans, and specifications shall be submitted at least 180 days prior to the planned start of construction unless a shorter time is approved by Ecology. Facilities shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the approved plans.

**G6. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS AND STATUTES**

Nothing in this permit shall be construed as excusing the Permittee from compliance with any applicable federal, state, or local statutes, ordinances, or regulations.

**G7. DUTY TO REAPPLY**

The Permittee shall apply for permit renewal by **January 1, 2012**.

**G8. TRANSFER OF THIS PERMIT**

In the event of any change in control or ownership of facilities from which the authorized discharge emanate, the Permittee shall notify the succeeding owner or controller of the existence of this permit by letter, a copy of which shall be forwarded to Ecology.

A. Transfers by Modification

Except as provided in paragraph B below, this permit may be transferred by the Permittee to a new owner or operator only if this permit has been modified or revoked and reissued under 40 CFR 122.62(b)(2), or a minor modification made under 40 CFR 122.63(d), to identify the new Permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.

B. Automatic Transfers

This permit may be automatically transferred to a new Permittee if:

1. The Permittee notifies Ecology at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date.
2. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new Permittee's containing a specific date transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them.
3. Ecology does not notify the existing Permittee and the proposed new Permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue this permit. A modification under the subparagraph may also be minor modification under 40 CFR 122.63. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the written agreement.

**G9. REDUCED PRODUCTION FOR COMPLIANCE**

The Permittee, in order to maintain compliance with its permit, shall control production and/or all discharges upon reduction, loss, failure, or bypass of the treatment facility until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This requirement applies in the situation where, among other things, the primary source of power of the treatment facility is reduced, lost, or fails.

**G10. REMOVED SUBSTANCES**

Collected screenings, grit, solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall not be resuspended or reintroduced to the final effluent stream for discharge to state waters.

**G11. DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION**

The Permittee shall submit to Ecology, within a reasonable time, all information which Ecology may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The Permittee shall also submit to Ecology upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

**G12. OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CFR**

All other requirements of 40 CFR 122.41 and 122.42 are incorporated in this permit by reference.

**G13. ADDITIONAL MONITORING**

Ecology may establish specific monitoring requirements in addition to those contained in this permit by administrative order or permit modification.

**G14. PAYMENT OF FEES**

The Permittee shall submit payment of fees associated with this permit as assessed by Ecology.

**G15. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATING PERMIT CONDITIONS**

Any person who is found guilty of willfully violating the terms and conditions of this permit shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Each day upon which a willful violation occurs may be deemed a separate and additional violation.

Any person who violates the terms and conditions of a waste discharge permit shall incur, in addition to any other penalty as provided by law, a civil penalty in the amount of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for every such violation. Each and every such violation shall be a separate and distinct offense, and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct violation.

**G16. UPSET**

Definition – “Upset” means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of the following paragraph are met.

- A Permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that: (1) an upset occurred and that the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset; (2) the permitted facility was being properly operated at the time of the upset; (3) the Permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in condition S3.E; and (4) the Permittee complied with any remedial measures required under S4.C of this permit.

In any enforcement proceeding the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

**G17. PROPERTY RIGHTS**

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

**G18. DUTY TO COMPLY**

The Permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.

**G19. TOXIC POLLUTANTS**

The Permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if this permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

**G20. PENALTIES FOR TAMPERING**

The Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years per violation, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this Condition, punishment shall be a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or by both.

**G21. REPORTING ANTICIPATED NON-COMPLIANCE**

The Permittee shall give advance notice to Ecology by submission of a new application or supplement thereto at least 180 days prior to commencement of such discharges, of any facility expansions, production increases, or other planned changes, such as process modifications, in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit limits or conditions. Any maintenance of facilities, which might necessitate unavoidable interruption of operation and degradation of effluent quality, shall be scheduled during non-critical water quality periods and carried out in a manner approved by Ecology.

**G22. REPORTING OTHER INFORMATION**

Where the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to Ecology, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

**G23. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING, AND SILVICULTURAL DISCHARGERS**

The Permittee belonging to the categories of existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silviculture must notify Ecology as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

- A. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following “notification levels:”
  - 1. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L).
  - 2. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony.
  - 3. Five times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7).
  - 4. The level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).
- B. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following “notification levels:”
  - 1. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500µg/L).
  - 2. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony.
  - 3. Ten times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7).
  - 4. The level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).

**G24. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULES**

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

## APPENDIX A

### EFFLUENT CHARACTERIZATION FOR POLLUTANTS

#### THIS LIST INCLUDES EPA REQUIRED POLLUTANTS (PRIORITY POLLUTANTS) AND SOME ECOLOGY PRIORITY TOXIC CHEMICALS (PBTs)

The following table with analytical methods and levels is to be used as guidance for effluent characterization in NPDES and State permit applications, applications for permit renewal, and monitoring required by permit. This attachment is used in conjunction with Section V, Parts A, B, and C of EPA Application Form 2C, Parts A.12, B.6, and D of EPA application form 2A and with state applications. This attachment specifies effluent characterization requirements of the Department of Ecology. For application, analyze your wastewater for all parameters required by the application and any additional pollutants with an X in the left column. The data should be compiled from last year's data if it is a parameter routinely measured. If you are a primary industry category with effluent guidelines you may have some mandatory testing requirements (see Table 2C-2 of Form 2C). If you are a municipal POTW you also have some mandatory testing requirements which are dependent upon the design flow (see EPA form 2A).

The permit applications will specify the groups of compounds to be analyzed. Ecology may require additional pollutants to be analyzed within a group. The objectives are to reduce the number of analytical "non-detects" in applications and to measure effluent concentrations near or below criteria values where possible at a reasonable cost. If an applicant or Permittee knows that an alternate, less sensitive method (higher DL and QL) from 40 CFR Part 136 is sufficient to produce measurable results in their effluent, that method may be used for analysis.

	<b>Pollutant &amp; CAS No. (if available)</b>	<b>Recommended Analytical Protocol</b>	<b>Detection Level (DL)<sup>2</sup> µg/L unless specified</b>	<b>Quantitation Level (QL)<sup>3</sup> µg/L unless specified</b>
<sup>1</sup>	<b>CONVENTIONALS</b>			
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	SM5210-B		2 mg/L
	Chemical Oxygen Demand	SM5220-D		10 mg/L
	Total Organic Carbon	SM5310-B/C/D		1 mg/L
	Total Suspended Solids	SM2540-D		5 mg/L
	Total Ammonia (as N)	SM4500-NH3- GH		0.3 mg/L
	Flow	Calibrated device		
	Dissolved oxygen	4500-OC/OG		0.2 mg/L
	Temperature (max. 7-day avg.)	Analog recorder or Use micro- recording devices known as thermistors		0.2° C
	pH	SM4500-H <sup>+</sup> B	N/A	N/A
<sup>1</sup>	<b>NONCONVENTIONALS</b>			
	Total Alkalinity	SM2320-B		5 mg/L as CaCo3
	Bromide (24959-67-9)	4110 B	100	400
	Chlorine, Total Residual	4500 Cl G		50.0
	Color	SM2120 B/C/E		10 color unit



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	Fecal Coliform	SM 9221E	N/A	N/A
	Fluoride (16984-48-8)	SM4500-F E	25	100
	Nitrate-Nitrite (as N)	4500-NO3- E/F/H		100
	Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl (as N)	4500-NH3-C/E/FG		300
	Ortho-Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> as P)	4500- PE/PF	30	100
	Phosphorus, Total (as P)	4500-PE/PF	30	100
	Oil and Grease (HEM)	1664A		5,000
	Radioactivity	Table 1E		
	Salinity	SM2520-B		3 PSS
	Settleable Solids	SM2540 -F		100
	Sulfate (as mg/L SO <sub>4</sub> )	SM4110-B		200
	Sulfide (as mg/L S)	4500-S <sup>2</sup> F/D/E/G		200
	Sulfite (as mg/L SO <sub>3</sub> )	SM4500-SO3B		2000
	Surfactants	SM5540 C		50
	Total dissolved solids	SM2540 C		20 mg/L
	Total Hardness	2340B		200 as CaCO <sub>3</sub>
	Aluminum, Total (7429-90-5)	200.8	2.0	10
	Barium Total (7440-39-3)	200.8	0.5	2.0
	Boron Total (7440-42-8)	200.8	2.0	10.0
	Cobalt, Total (7440-48-4)	200.8	0.05	0.25
	Iron, Total (7439-89-6)	200.8	12.5	50
	Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4)	200.8	10	50
	Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Manganese, Total (7439-96-5)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Tin, Total (7440-31-5)	200.8	0.3	1.5
	Titanium, Total (7440-32-6)	200.8	0.5	2.5
<sup>1</sup>	<b>METALS, CYANIDE &amp; TOTAL PHENOLS</b>			
	Antimony, Total (7440-36-0)	200.8	0.3	1.0
	Arsenic, Total (7440-38-2)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Beryllium, Total (7440-41-7)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Cadmium, Total (7440-43-9)	200.8	0.05	0.25
	Chromium (hex) dissolved (185-402-99)	SM3500-Cr EC	0.3	1.2
	Chromium, Total (7440-47-3)	200.8	0.2	1.0
	Copper, Total (7440-50-8)	200.8	0.4	2.0
	Lead, Total (7439-92-1)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Mercury, Total (7439-97-6)	1631E	0.0002	0.0005
	Nickel, Total (7440-02-0)	200.8	0.1	0.5
	Selenium, Total (7782-49-2)	200.8	1.0	1.0
	Silver, Total (7440-22-4)	200.8	0.04	0.2
	Thallium, Total (7440-28-0)	200.8	0.09	0.36
	Zinc, Total (7440-66-6)	200.8	0.5	2.5
	Cyanide, Total (7440-66-6)	335.4	5	10
	Cyanide, Available	SM4500-CN G	5	10

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	Phenols, Total	EPA 420.1		50
	<b>DIOXIN</b>			
	2,3,7,8-Tetra-Chlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin (176-40-16)	1613B	1.3 pg/L	5 pg/L
1	<b>VOLATILE COMPOUNDS</b>			
	Acrolein (107-02-8)	624	5	10
	Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	624	1.0	2.0
	Benzene (71-43-2)	624	1.0	2.0
	Bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether (111-44-4)	611/625	1.0	2.0
	Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether (108-60-1)	611/625	1.0	2.0
	Bromoform (75-25-2)	624	1.0	2.0
	Carbon tetrachloride (108-90-7)	624/601 or SM6230B	1.0	2.0
	Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	624	1.0	2.0
	Chloroethane (75-00-3)	624/601	1.0	2.0
	2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether (110-75-8)	624	1.0	2.0
	Chloroform (67-66-3)	624 or SM6210B	1.0	2.0
	Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	624	1.9	7.6
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	624	1.9	7.6
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	624	4.4	17.6
	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (91-94-1)	605/625	0.5	1.0
	Dichlorobromomethane (75-27-4)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,1-Dichloroethylene (75-35-4)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,3-dichloropropylene (mixed isomers) (542-75-6)	624	1.0	2.0
	Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	624	1.0	2.0
	Methyl bromide (74-83-9) (Bromomethane)	624/601	5.0	10.0
	Methyl chloride (74-87-3) (Chloromethane)	624	1.0	2.0
	Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	624	5.0	10.0
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	624	1.9	2.0

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	Tetrachloroethylene (127-18-4)	624	1.0	2.0
	Toulene (108-88-3)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene (156-60-5) (Ethylene dichloride)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	624	1.0	2.0
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	624	1.0	2.0
	Trichloroethylene (79-01-6)	624	1.0	2.0
	Vinyl chloride (75-01-4)	624/SM6200B	1.0	2.0
<sup>1</sup>	<b>ACID COMPOUNDS</b>			
	2-Chlorophenol (95-57-8)	625	1.0	2.0
	2,4-Dichlorophenol (120-83-2)	625	0.5	1.0
	2,4-Dimethylphenol (105-67-9)	625	0.5	1.0
	4,6-dinitro-o-cresol (534-52-1) (2-methyl-4,6,-dinitrophenol)	625/1625B	1.0	2.0
	2,4 dinitrophenol (51-28-5)	625	1.0	2.0
	2-Nitrophenol (88-75-5)	625	0.5	1.0
	4-nitrophenol (100-02-7)	625	0.5	1.0
	Parachlorometa cresol (59-50-7) (4-chloro-3-methylphenol)	625	1.0	2.0
	Pentachlorophenol (87-86-5)	625	0.5	1.0 <sup>10</sup>
	Phenol (108-95-2)	625	2.0	4.0
	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (88-06-2)	625	2.0	4.0
<sup>1</sup>	<b>BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS (compounds in bold are Ecology PBTs)</b>			
	Acenaphthene (83-32-9)	625	0.2	0.4
	Acenaphtylene (208-96-8)	625	0.3	0.6
	Anthracene (120-12-7)	625	0.3	0.6
	Benzidine (92-87-5)	625	12	24
	Benzyl butyl phthalate (85-68-7)	625	0.3	0.6
	Benzo(a)anthracene (56-55-3)	625	0.3	0.6
	<b>Benzo(j)fluoranthene (205-82-3)</b>	625	0.5	1.0
	<b>Benzo(r,s,t)pentaphene (189-55-9)</b>	625	0.5	1.0
	Benzo(a)pyrene (50-32-8)	610/625	0.5	1.0
	3,4-benzofluoranthene (Benzo(b)fluoranthene) (205-99-2)	610/625	0.8	1.6
	11,12-benzofluoranthene (Benzo(k)fluoranthene) (207-08-9)	610/625	0.8	1.6
	Benzo(ghi)Perylene (191-24-2)	610/625	0.5	1.0
	Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	625	5.3	21.2

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	(111-91-1)			
	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether (111-44-4)	611/625	0.3	1.0
	Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether (108-60-1)	625	0.3	0.6
	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (117-81-7)	625	0.1	0.5
	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether (101-55-3)	625	0.2	0.4
	2-Chloronaphthalene (91-58-7)	625	0.3	0.6
	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether (7005-72-3)	625	0.3	0.5
	Chrysene (218-01-9)	610/625	0.3	0.6
	<b>Dibenzo (a,j)acridine (224-42-0)</b>	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
	<b>Dibenzo (a,h)acridine (226-36-8)</b>	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
	Dibenzo(a-h)anthracene (53-70-3)(1,2,5,6-dibenzanthracene)	625	0.8	1.6
	Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene (192-65-4)	610M/625M	2.5	10.0
	Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene (189-64-0)	625M	2.5	10.0
	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (91-94-1)	605/625	0.5	1.0
	Diethyl phthalate (84-66-2)	625	1.9	7.6
	Dimethyl phthalate (131-11-3)	625	1.6	6.4
	Di-n-butyl phthalate (84-74-2)	625	0.5	1.0
	2,4-dinitrotoluene (121-14-2)	609/625	0.2	0.4
	2,6-dinitrotoluene (606-20-2)	609/625	0.2	0.4
	Di-n-octyl phthalate (117-84-0)	625	0.3	0.6
	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azobenzene) (122-66-7)	1625B	5.0	20
	Fluoranthene (206-44-0)	625	0.3	0.6
	Fluorene (86-73-7)	625	0.3	0.6
	Hexachlorobenzene (118-74-1)	612/625	0.3	0.6
	Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	625	0.5	1.0
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (77-47-4)	1625B/625	0.5	1.0
	Hexachloroethane (67-72-1)	625	0.5	1.0
	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene (193-39-5)	610/625	0.5	1.0
	Isophorone (78-59-1)	625	0.5	1.0
	<b>3-Methyl cholanthrene (56-49-5)</b>	625	2.0	8.0
	Naphthalene (91-20-3)	625	0.3	0.6

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	Nitrobenzene (98-95-3)	625	0.5	1.0
	N-Nitrosodimethylamine (62-75-9)	607/625	2.0	4.0
	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine (621-64-7)	607/625	0.5	1.0
	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (86-30-6)	625	0.5	1.0
	<b>Perylene (198-55-0)</b>	625	1.9	7.6
	Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	625	0.3	0.6
	Pyrene (129-00-0)	625	0.3	0.6
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	625	0.3	0.6
<sup>1</sup>	<b>PESTICIDES/PCBs</b>			
	Aldrin (309-00-2)	608	0.025	0.05
	alpha-BHC (319-84-6)	608	0.025	0.05
	beta-BHC (319-85-7)	608	0.025	0.05
	gamma-BHC (58-89-9)	608	0.025	0.05
	delta-BHC (319-86-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	Chlordane (57-74-9)	608	0.025	0.05
	4,4'-DDT (50-29-3)	608	0.025	0.05
	4,4'-DDE (72-55-9)	608	0.025	0.05 <sup>10</sup>
	4,4' DDD (72-54-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	Dieldrin (60-57-1)	608	0.025	0.05
	alpha-Endosulfan (959-98-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	beta-Endosulfan (33213-65-9)	608	0.025	0.05
	Endosulfan Sulfate (1031-07-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	Endrin (72-20-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	Endrin Aldehyde (7421-93-4)	608	0.025	0.05
	Heptachlor (76-44-8)	608	0.025	0.05
	Heptachlor Epoxide (1024-57-3)	608	0.025	0.05
	PCB-1242 (53469-21-9)	608	0.25	0.5
	PCB-1254 (11097-69-1)	608	0.25	0.5
	PCB-1221 (11104-28-2)	608	0.25	0.5
	PCB-1232 (11141-16-5)	608	0.25	0.5
	PCB-1248 (12672-29-6)	608	0.25	0.5
	PCB-1260 (11096-82-5)	608	0.13	0.5
	PCB-1016 (12674-11-2)	608	0.13	0.5
	Toxaphene (8001-35-2)	608	0.24	0.5

1. An X placed in this box means you must analyze for all pollutants in the group.
2. Detection level (DL) or detection limit means the minimum concentration of an analyte (substance) that can be measured and reported with a 99 percent confidence that the analyte

concentration is greater than zero as determined by the procedure given in 40 CFR part 136, Appendix B.

3. Quantitation Level (QL) is equivalent to EPA's Minimum Level (ML) which is defined in 40 CFR Part 136 as the minimum level at which the entire GC/MS system must give recognizable mass spectra (background corrected) and acceptable calibration points. These levels were published as proposed in the Federal Register on March 28, 1997.