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# **Grays Harbor Fecal Coliform Total Maximum Daily Load Study**

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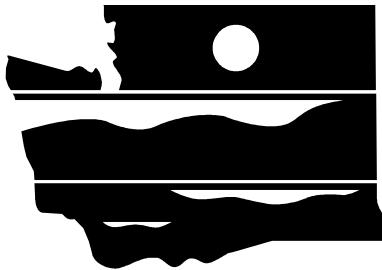
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# **Grays Harbor Fecal Coliform Total Maximum Daily Load Study**

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*by*  
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*and*  
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Environmental Assessment Program  
Olympia, Washington 98504-7710

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## **Abstract**

This report presents a comprehensive assessment by the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) of fecal coliform bacteria sources to Grays Harbor. This study includes quantification of sources of fecal coliform, levels of contamination, pollutant transport mechanisms, and die-off within Grays Harbor. Shellfish growers in the outer harbor are experiencing repeated temporary closures, due to violations of fecal coliform discharge limits in existing point source and nonpoint sources of fecal coliform.

A numerical model of fate and transport of fecal coliform in Grays Harbor was developed. The model shows the effect of nonpoint loading events due to high runoff, as well as the potential impact of point source discharges of fecal coliform. Results of the model confirm the appropriateness of conditional closure actions taken by the state Department of Health to protect against potential contamination of shellfish that are harvested from Grays Harbor. Model results suggest that expansion of conditional closures to other areas or for longer periods may be justified.

During the study year, May 1, 1997 through April 30, 1998, most of the fecal coliform loading to Grays Harbor came from the Chehalis River. Most of the load from the Chehalis River originates in the upper watershed above the town of Porter. Loading of fecal coliform from tributaries would need to be reduced by approximately 65 percent for Grays Harbor to meet water quality standards. The Chehalis River is the most important single loading source that requires reduction, followed by the Humptulips, Wishkah, and Hoquiam rivers. Collectively these tributaries account for approximately 80 percent of the required reduction in loading for Grays Harbor to meet water quality standards.

The Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis Outfall 1 (Weyco 1) at times exceeded the combined loading from all other sources, and on average accounted for almost 4 percent of the total load for the study year. During the times when the Weyco 1 discharge was in compliance with its permit, it represented a relatively minor contribution of loading compared with other sources. The highest loading event from Weyco 1 occurred on July 24 and 25, 1997, during which the loading from Weyco 1 accounted for more than 95 percent of the total load from all sources. For Weyco 1, the current permit limit of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml was found to be inadequate to protect water quality in inner Grays Harbor. A daily maximum limit of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml was found to satisfy the requirement of exceeding the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile standard no greater than 10 percent of the time during a 24-hour period.

# Acknowledgements

We would like to thank the following people for their contributions to this study:

- ◊ Brady Engvall (Brady's Oysters, Aberdeen) collected samples from Grays Harbor and some tributaries. We are especially appreciative of Brady's sampling work during difficult weather conditions and very early morning hours.
- ◊ Floyd Ruggles helped with the reconnaissance of remote tributary stations in the Elk River and Andrews Creek watersheds.
- ◊ Frank Meriwether (Department of Health, Shellfish Section, Olympia) reviewed the study plan and draft report.
- ◊ Ray Walton (West Consultants, Seattle) wrote the hydrodynamic model that was used and provided consultation for its application.
- ◊ Eric Nelson (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District) contributed digital bathymetry data for the dredging project areas.
- ◊ Mike Meyers (City of Aberdeen) and Fran Eide (City of Hoquiam) provided data on urban stormwater discharge records and catchment areas, and assisted in site reconnaissance.
- ◊ Washington State Department of Ecology staff:
  - o Will Kendra and Karol Erickson provided comments on the draft report.
  - o Nancy Jensen and Kitty Bickle developed and conducted the laboratory methods for determination of fecal coliform and *E. coli*.
  - o Bill Ehinger helped develop the regression methods and reviewed the draft report.
  - o Randy Coots installed and maintained the dataloggers and flow gaging stations.
  - o Clay Keown, Brad Hopkins, and Dale Clark measured discharge rates for the major tributaries.
  - o Jan Newton, Casey Clishe, and Skip Albertson organized and conducted the marine flights, and added several stations to the routine network for this study.
  - o Norm Glenn sampled the point sources.
  - o Eric Siegel provided consultation and references for available data sources for hydrodynamic modeling.
  - o Don Nelson reviewed the sections of the draft report related to the Weyerhaeuser NPDES permit.

# Introduction

Grays Harbor is currently listed under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act as not meeting water quality standards for fecal coliform bacteria because of inadequate controls of point or nonpoint sources (Table 1). Section 303(d) requires the states and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to establish *Total Maximum Daily Loads* (TMDLs) for all waterbodies that are not meeting water quality standards because of inadequate controls of point or nonpoint sources. A complete TMDL includes problem identification, technical analysis to determine the capacity of a waterbody to assimilate pollutant discharges, establishing allocations of pollutant loading to various point and nonpoint sources, public participation, as well as development and implementation of cleanup strategies for the waterbody.

Shellfish growers in the outer harbor are experiencing repeated temporary closures due to violations of fecal coliform discharge limits in existing point source permits. Limited sampling data also indicate that nonpoint sources of fecal coliform may be a concern in outer areas of Grays Harbor. Other examples of potential bacteria pollution sources include failures of pumping stations for sewage collection systems, septic systems, livestock operations, dairy farms, agriculture and hobby farms, urban areas, industrial operations, and wildlife. Infiltration and inflow (I&I) of groundwater and surface water into sewage collection systems can lead to bypasses and overflows of untreated sewage into the harbor. Efforts to reduce I&I have significantly reduced the frequency of sewage bypasses and overflows since the 1980s. The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) has been particularly active with this issue.

Table 1. Washington State 1998 303(d) listings for fecal coliform in the lower Chehalis River and Grays Harbor.

Waterbody ID Number	Waterbody Name	WRIA (1)	Parameter	Basis for Listing
WA-22-0020	Grays Harbor (outer)	22	Fecal coliform	DOH conditionally approved commercial shellfish area near the mouth of the Elk River, based partially on data from station 54 that exceed the criterion (from the Annual Growing Area Review ending December 1996).
WA-22-0030	Grays Harbor (inner)	22	Fecal coliform	5 excursions beyond the criterion at Ecology ambient monitoring station GYS007 between 1984 and 1987. 2 excursions beyond the upper criterion out of 93 samples between 1/93 and 10/97 at station GYS004 collected by the Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis Pump Mill (submitted by Ken Johnson on 10/29/97). 3 excursions beyond the criterion out of 39 samples (8%) at Ecology ambient monitoring station GYS004 between 9/91 and 9/96.
WA-22-4040	Chehalis River	22	Fecal coliform	2 excursions beyond the criterion out of 12 samples (17%) at Ecology ambient monitoring station 22C050 (RM 13.15) between 9/91 and 9/96.

(1) Water Resource Inventory Area

# **Project Objectives**

The purpose of this project is to provide a comprehensive assessment of fecal coliform bacteria from all identifiable sources in Grays Harbor. This study includes quantification of sources of fecal coliform, levels of contamination, pollutant transport mechanisms, and die-off within Grays Harbor. The major objectives of the study are to:

- Determine the contribution of all significant tributaries to the fecal coliform loading and concentration of the estuary.
- Compare the levels of fecal coliform contamination to the Ecology and DOH water quality standards for the protection of shellfish and other beneficial uses.
- Model the distribution of fecal coliform within Grays Harbor as it is affected by loads from point and nonpoint sources, tidal circulation and transport, and the natural process of die-off of bacteria.
- Predict the effect of pollution events on water quality at various locations in the harbor.
- Determine the pollution reductions that are needed so that local communities, agencies, and other affected parties can develop and implement appropriate cleanup strategies. This will also provide information for establishing waste load allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources, for establishing a TMDL as required under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act.

# **Project Description**

## **Hydrology**

The area of the drainage basin for Grays Harbor is approximately 2,550 square miles. Tributary river basins include the Chehalis, Hoquiam, Wishkah, Humptulips, Johns, and Elk. The Chehalis River and its tributaries drain approximately 2,000 square miles and supply most of the freshwater input into Grays Harbor. Peak discharges from the Chehalis River (greater than 50,000 cfs) occur during winter (December and January), and minimum flows occur from June through September (600-800 cfs). The Elk River has a significant influence on water quality in the inner south region.

Mixing of fresh and salt water in the mid-portion of the estuary creates environments ranging from low salinity (less than 5 parts per thousand [ppt]) to high salinity (greater than 20 ppt) (Figure 1). Greater freshwater flows during winter result in lower salinity throughout the estuary compared with summer conditions. Several studies have evaluated the effect of the Chehalis River on mixing and transport in Grays Harbor. Duxbury (1979) calculated the residence time of waters in the inner harbor to range from 0.6 days in winter to five days in the summer.

Grays Harbor is a shallow estuary with depths averaging less than 20 feet. In the harbor entrance, depths reach a maximum of 80 feet, while the navigation channel is maintained at the 30 feet mean lower low water (MLLW) level by annual dredging of bottom materials. The surface area of the estuary ranges from about 91 square miles at mean higher high water (MHHW) to about 38 square miles at MLLW, with about 53 square miles of intertidal lands. Much of the intertidal land is about 1 to 2 feet above MLLW and is important in the movement, mixing, and re-aeration of harbor waters during tidal ebb and flood.

Grays Harbor is subject to the North Pacific's mixed tide system (diurnal and semi-diurnal combinations with two high tides and two low tides daily). The upper limit of tidal influence is Montesano, approximately 32 miles from the harbor entrance. On an annual basis, the mean daily tidal range is 10 feet in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam area.

Tides move slowly up the estuary; high tides occur 29 minutes later at Aberdeen than at the harbor mouth. Maximum mean velocities in the upper harbor vary from about 3 feet per second (fps) during flood tide to about 4.5 fps during ebb tide.

## **Summary of Pollution Sources**

### **Point Sources**

A variety of point source dischargers contribute fecal coliform to Grays Harbor (Figure 2).

Figure 1. Grays Harbor drainage basin and seasonal salinity (NOAA, 1987).

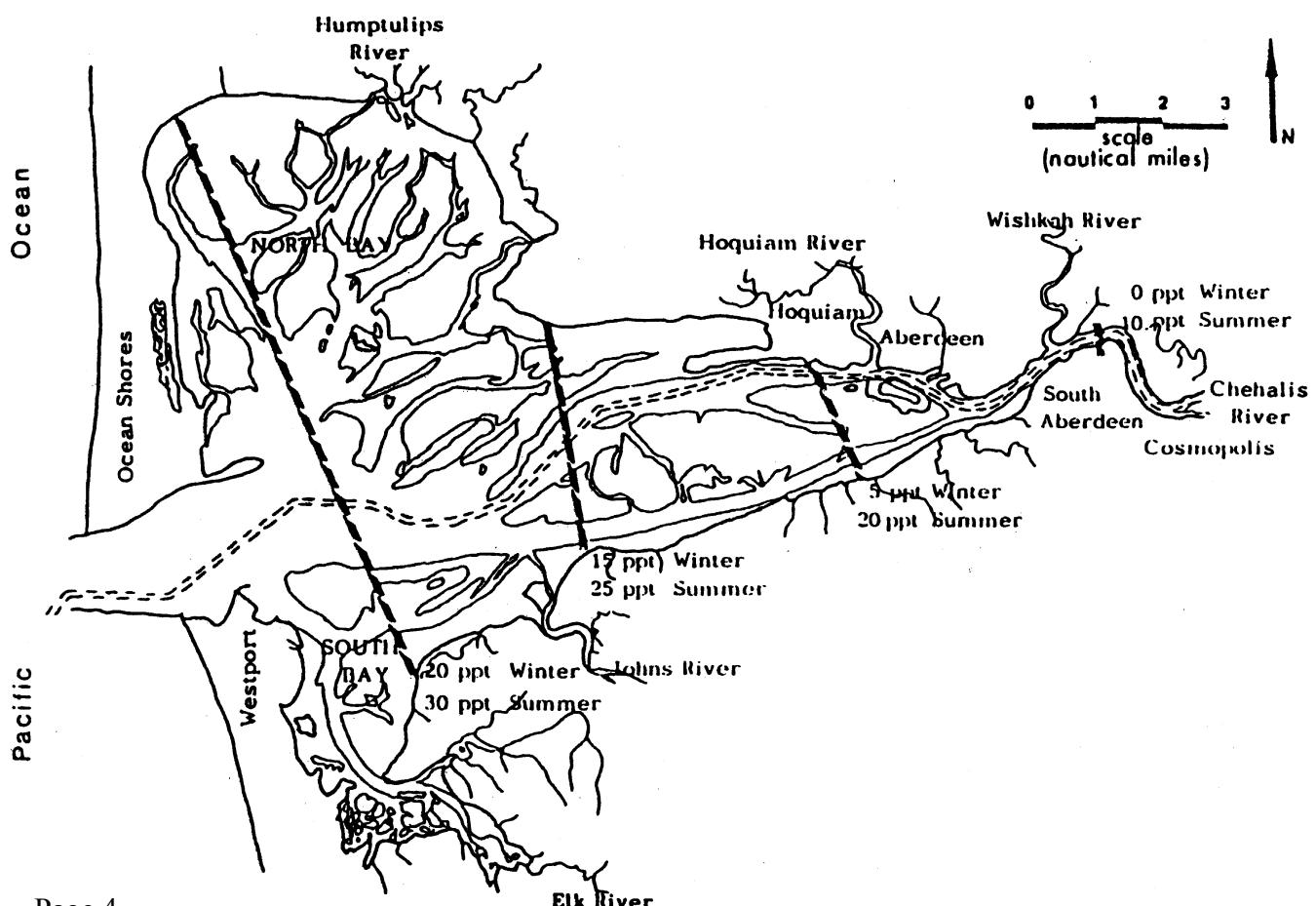
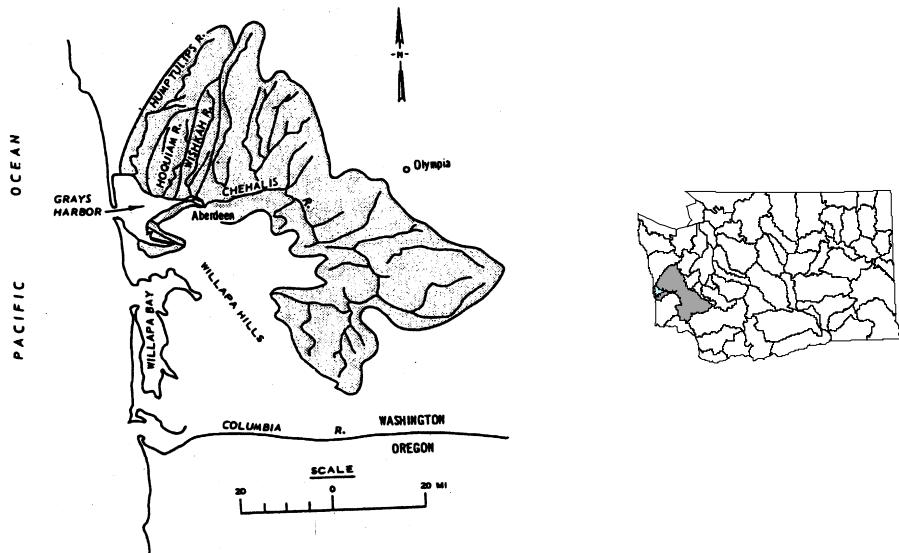
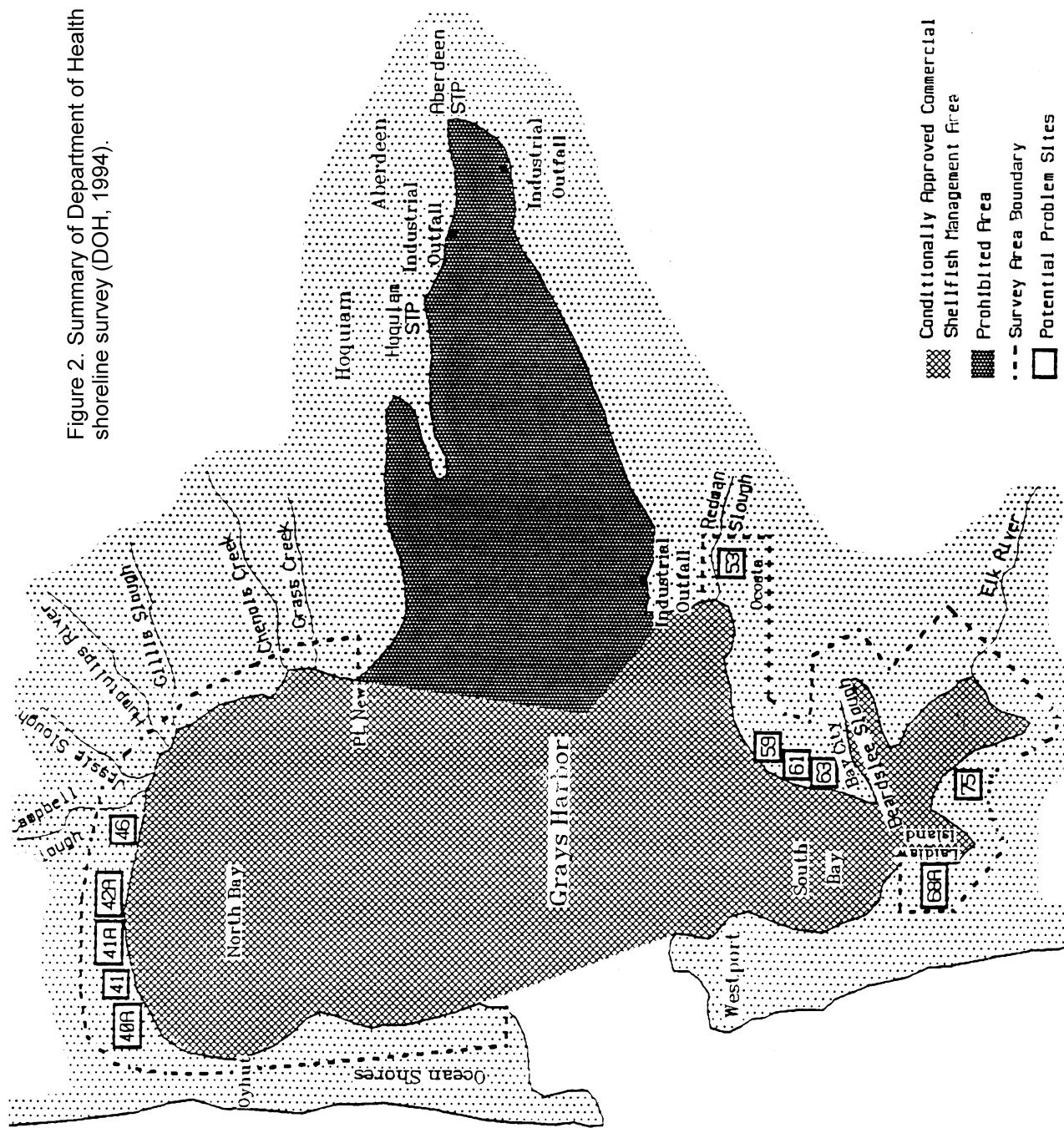


Figure 2. Summary of Department of Health shoreline survey (DOH, 1994).



These point sources include:

- City of Aberdeen Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)
- City of Hoquiam STP
- Lift stations and collection systems for STPs, primarily Cosmopolis Lift Station No. 2 (in the Aberdeen/Cosmopolis collection system at the Chehalis River bridge)
- Ocean Spray (Markham) Wastewater Treatment Plant (WTP)
- Weyerhaeuser (Cosmopolis) pulp and paper mill WTP
- Ocean Shores and Westport STPs
- Ocean Shores and Westport marinas

DOH considers the Ocean Shores and Westport STPs to be a sufficient distance west of the sanitary line at the mouth of Grays Harbor, so that shellfish closures are not a result of upsets at these facilities. In addition, the marinas at Ocean Shores and Westport are within year-round sanitary closure zones defined by DOH.

Over the past few years there has been a decrease in the frequency of upset discharges from the Weyerhaeuser (Cosmopolis) WTP. Upset conditions in the municipal sewage collection system have been ameliorated by infiltration/inflow (I&I) reduction programs by the city of Aberdeen, which has focused on the Cosmopolis and south Aberdeen service areas. Reduction of I&I has led to significantly decreasing frequency of overflows at Cosmopolis Lift Station number 2. Continued control of I&I is important to prevent future increases in sewage bypasses and overflows.

Sanitary surveys were conducted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) during May and December 1983. The study was intended to evaluate conditions in Grays Harbor during periods of wet and dry weather. Separate study reports were prepared for the May and December surveys (HHS, 1983a; HHS, 1983b). HHS surveys consisted of pollution source evaluation, hydrographic work in May (dye studies on three waste treatment outfalls), shoreline reconnaissance, as well as bacteriological samples of shellfish growing waters, tributaries, pollution sources, and oysters. Fecal coliform Most Probable Number (MPN) values were determined on all samples, and fecal streptococcus tests were done on selected samples. Results of the dye studies indicated that the three waste effluents can reach approved shellfish growing waters within one tidal cycle, and the dilution factor may be relatively low. Effluent quality at the point sources was determined to be critical for proper classification of shellfish growing waters in the outer harbor.

## Rivers and Tributaries

The HHS (1983a and 1983b) surveys found that fecal coliform values in tributaries were similar during the May and December surveys. Higher concentrations in Grays Harbor during December were attributed to the influence of greater freshwater flows. The fecal coliform content of the Chehalis River was found to increase as it flowed past the Cosmopolis, Aberdeen, and Hoquiam areas in December because of storm drainage and local runoff. Grass Creek and Johns River were found to have local influences on bacterial quality. Drainage from the

Grayland area was found to influence the south region of Grays Harbor, and postulated to be because the high water table at Grayland prevents adequate subsurface waste disposal (e.g., septic systems). DOH considers the Elk River to have a larger influence on bacterial quality of the south region compared with drainage from Grayland.

HHS also tested the composition of fecal coliform in selected samples. Fecal coliform found in the estuarine and tributary waters and oyster samples were found to be primarily *E. coli*.

## Miscellaneous Sources

DOH conducted a shoreline survey in 1994 (Figure 2) to identify potential sources of bacterial contamination. Several sources of possible domestic sewage, and a farm operation, were discussed in the report and referred to the appropriate county jurisdictions for corrective action. Eight suspected on-site systems, and one farm with manure contributions to a slough, were identified. Corrections of identified problems have occurred or are expected in the near future.

## Shellfish Management by DOH

DOH (1994) divides Grays Harbor into six regions for management of commercial shellfish beds. Oyster harvesting in Grays Harbor occurs year-round. DOH management zones are as follows (Figure 3):

- The *inner harbor* and the *entrance* to Grays Harbor are prohibited from commercial shellfish harvest because of the proximity of point sources.
- The *north region* is approved. This region is not closed because of point source discharge events in the inner harbor.
- The *central region* is conditionally approved, and will be closed during and for seven days after significant point source discharge events in the inner harbor. Under emergency closure, DOH also closes this section of Grays Harbor to shellfish harvesting based on flooding of the Chehalis River.
- The *south region* is conditionally approved, and will be closed during and for seven days after point source discharge events in the inner harbor that persist for longer than 24 hours. Under emergency closure, DOH also closes this section of Grays Harbor to shellfish harvesting based on flooding of the Chehalis River.
- The *inner south region* (south of highway 105 bridge) is conditionally approved, and will be closed following significant rainfall events ( $\geq 1.5$  inches in 24 hours) because of local watershed bacterial sources (Elk River is the major tributary to this region). This region is not closed because of point source discharge events in the inner harbor.

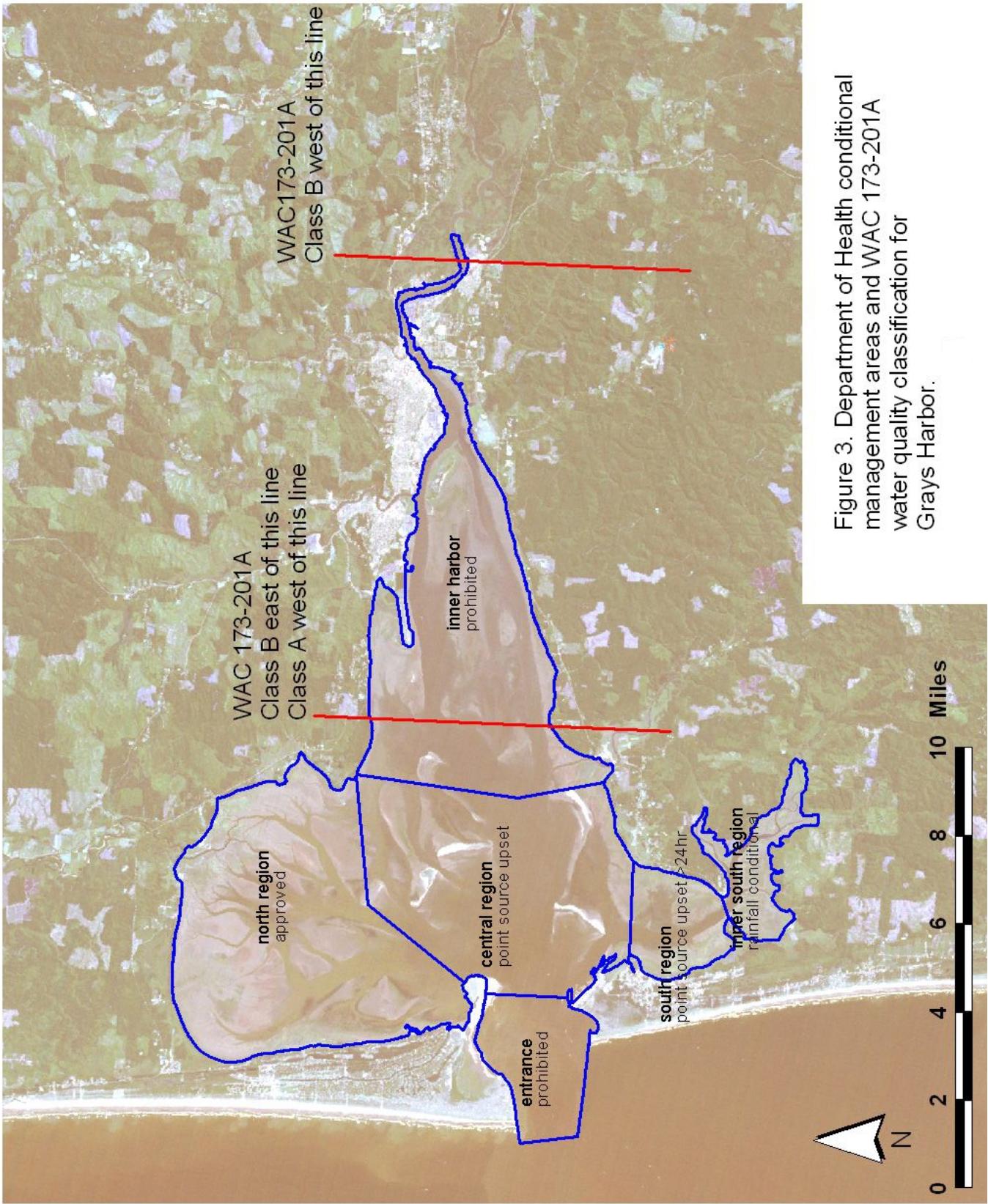


Figure 3. Department of Health conditional management areas and WAC 173-201A water quality classification for Grays Harbor.

The DOH classification is based on a variety of point sources of pollution in the inner harbor. Point source upset conditions which trigger closure of the conditionally approved areas by DOH include the following:

- Greater than 2 million gallons of discharge in 24 hours from Cosmopolis Lift Station number 2 (in the Aberdeen/Cosmopolis collection system at the Chehalis River bridge).
- Greater than 20,000 fecal coliform organisms per 100 ml (daily maximum permit limit) in effluent from the Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis plant using the MF test.
- Hoquiam STP or collection system bypass, generally in excess of 200,000 gallons in 24 hours.
- Aberdeen STP bypass, generally in excess of 1 million gallons in 24 hours.
- Bypasses of the Ocean Spray plant at Markham, which is generally their full sanitary wastewater flow (around 10,000 gallons per day).

The Ocean Shores and Westport STPs are assumed to be accommodated within the area at the extreme western mouth of Grays Harbor. No closures are a result of upsets from these plants, but DOH is notified in the event of upset or bypass conditions.

## **Relevant Studies of Grays Harbor**

### **Numerical Models**

Loehr and Collias (1981) summarized the available mathematical models for Grays Harbor as part of an evaluation of possible effects of the widening and deepening project for dredging of the navigation channel by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. No mathematical models have been developed for Grays Harbor since the review by Loehr and Collias.

Three studies have produced mathematical models of Grays Harbor for the prediction of hydrodynamics and water quality: Battelle (1974), Water Resources Engineers (unpublished), and EPA Region 10 (EPA 1980; Cleland, 1978). These models used similar computational methods, were all written in FORTRAN, and represent successive generations in mathematical modeling. The EPA model was a refinement of the Battelle model, and incorporated many of the computational techniques used by the WRE model. After a careful review of the available documentation for each model, Loehr and Collias concluded that the EPA model was the best available model.

The EPA model is a link-node hydrodynamic model combined with a water quality model that simulates fecal coliform, in addition to dissolved oxygen, nutrients, and algae. The EPA model is based on a precursor of EPA's DYNHYD5/WASP5 modeling system and uses similar computational methods (EPA, 1993). The model network is shown in Figure 4.

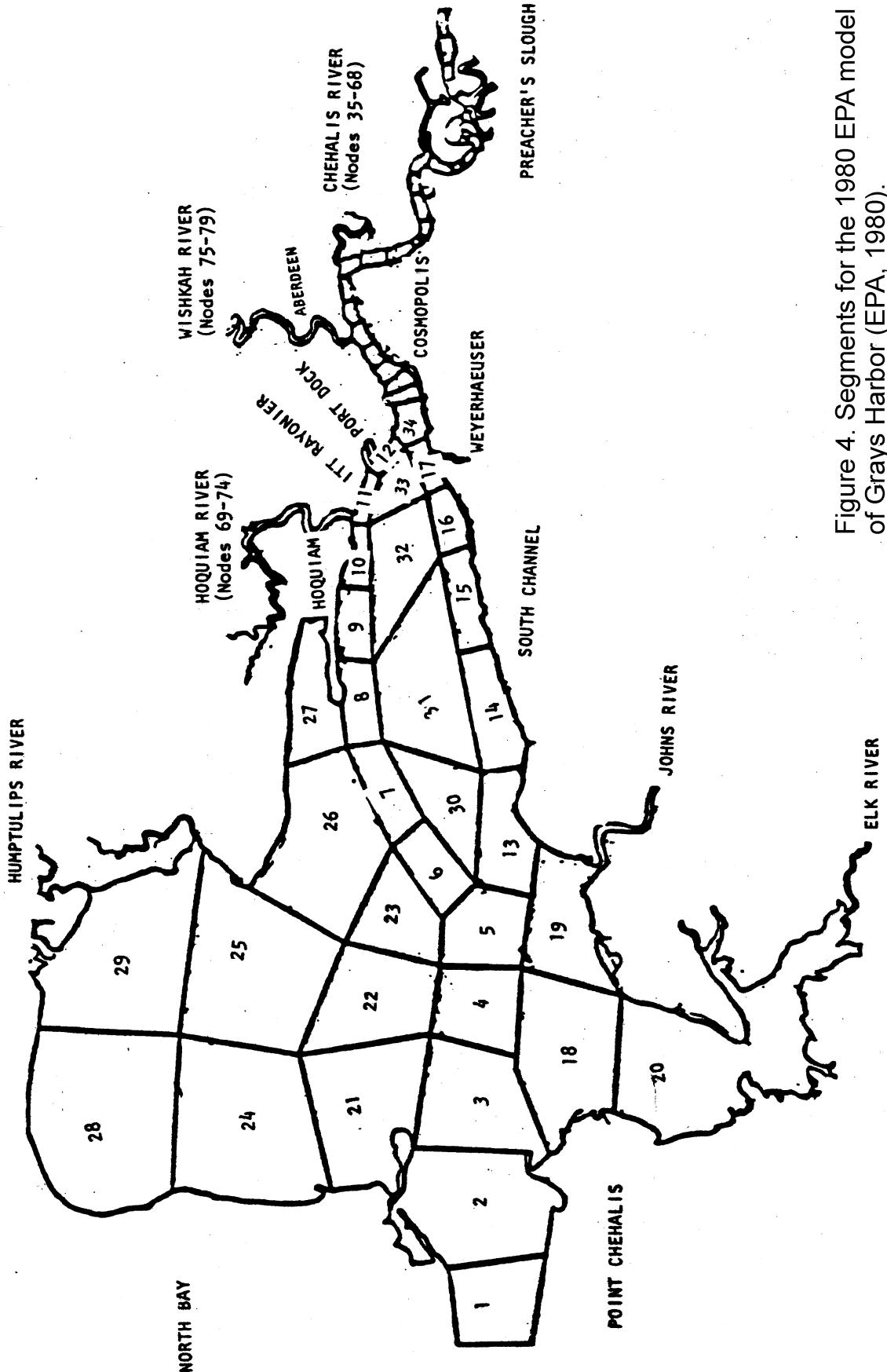


Figure 4. Segments for the 1980 EPA model of Grays Harbor (EPA, 1980).

## Physical Model by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) constructed a physical scale model of Grays Harbor in 1968 (Brogdon, 1972a, b, c, d, 1975, and 1976; Brogdon and Fisackerly, 1973). The structure was destroyed in 1980 after completion of model studies. The model was approximately 200 feet long (horizontal scale = 1:500, vertical scale = 1:100). Experiments using the model were conducted by the ACOE under five different scenarios, including low and high river flows. The high river flow used in the model (Chehalis River at 32,000 cfs) is representative of wet weather conditions during the wettest months of the year (December and January).

Dye was injected in the model in the vicinity of point source discharges. DOH concluded that the dye test results indicated that there was adequate dilution in the northern and western parts of the north region, and in the southern parts of the south region, to prevent violation of fecal coliform standards during upset conditions of point sources. This information was an important part of the basis for the delineation of DOH management areas.

## Fecal Coliform Studies by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The ACOE conducted a variety of water column and sediment fecal coliform tests and analyses to assess potential impacts on commercial shellfish beds from dredging/disposal operations in Grays Harbor (Cirone-Storm, 1983). This study was a result of a request by Ecology to assess this potential source of contamination (as well as others) following a closure of shellfish harvesting in the harbor in late 1982. The study found that the primary source of sediment in the harbor is from the Chehalis River. The peak winter loads carry the bacteria as attached particles, picked up from land runoff and point sources. River flow was strongly correlated with bacterial loads in the harbor at Cow Point.

The study concluded the following (sewage bypasses and overflows to the harbor have been significantly reduced since the 1982-83 period due to reductions of I/I):

*“Except for periodic pulp and paper mill treatment failures, the majority of the bacteria are contributed from nonpoint source input, combined sewer overflows, and overflows at sewage treatment plants. After the maximum influx during the winter-spring, the bacteria in the inner harbor either settle into the sediments or are carried out to sea. Those that settle in fine grained, organic sediments in relatively quiescent areas, may persist throughout the summer. The bacteria which are carried out to the outer harbor die off rapidly in the water column, either due to increased salinity or increased temperatures. Those that settle in the sediments in the outer harbor will not survive because of the turbulence and lack of nutrients in the marine sands.”*

## Other Studies

A study conducted by the University of Washington (Duxbury, 1979) assessed theoretical flushing rates from the inner harbor area. Using monthly water budgets and various parameters obtained from field measurements, monthly flushing rates were calculated. Flushing of the inner

harbor (inside of the line between Point New and the Johns River) varied from 20 percent per day in July, to 166 percent per day in January. A tidal prism approach was used for these estimates, which does not incorporate pollutants that may be re-introduced during subsequent flooding tides (e.g., from sediments or the outer harbor). Therefore, the estimated hydraulic flushing rates may be greater than actual pollutant flushing rates.

Another study (Pearson and Holt, 1960) was conducted in the late 1950's and provides a rough estimate of the amount of new ocean water entering the mouth of the harbor on flooding tides. DOH (1994), using data from Pearson and Holt (1960), estimated the relative amount of new ocean water entering the mouth of the harbor during flood tides to range from approximately 60 percent at the start and 100 percent by the end of a flood tide.

## Ongoing Monitoring

### Washington State Department of Health

DOH collects monthly water samples as required for all conditionally approved areas. Figure 5 shows the locations of DOH stations occupied during the present study. DOH collects surface grab samples for fecal coliform, temperature, and salinity. Electronic database files include data for samples collected between 1988 and the present.

DOH data show that fecal coliform levels in Grays Harbor are generally lowest during June-September and highest during December-February. The north region and outer harbor have the lowest levels. The southern parts of the south region (inside Bay City) and the inner harbor have the highest levels. DOH has discontinued sampling of the inner harbor. The inner harbor is probably influenced largely by the Chehalis River, nonpoint sources, and point source upset events within the inner harbor. Fecal coliform in the southern part of the south region is probably influenced mainly by local tributary sources (e.g., Elk River, Grays Harbor Drainage Ditch, and Andrews Creek).

### Washington State Department of Ecology

Ecology collects monthly samples at five routine stations in Grays Harbor (Figure 6): GYS004, GYS008, GYS009, GYS015, and GYS016. Ecology also collects freshwater samples at two stations in tributaries to Grays Harbor: the Chehalis River at Porter (Ecology station 23A070, shown as station 38-port on Figure 7) and the Humptulips River at Humptulips (Ecology station 22A070, shown as station 02-hump on Figure 7). Stations GYS004, GYS008, GYS016, 23A070, and 22A070 are monitored for fecal coliform, in addition to temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, and nutrients. Stations GYS009 and GYS015 are only monitored for temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen. The other stations shown on Figures 6 and 7 were added to collect data for this study, as explained later in this report.

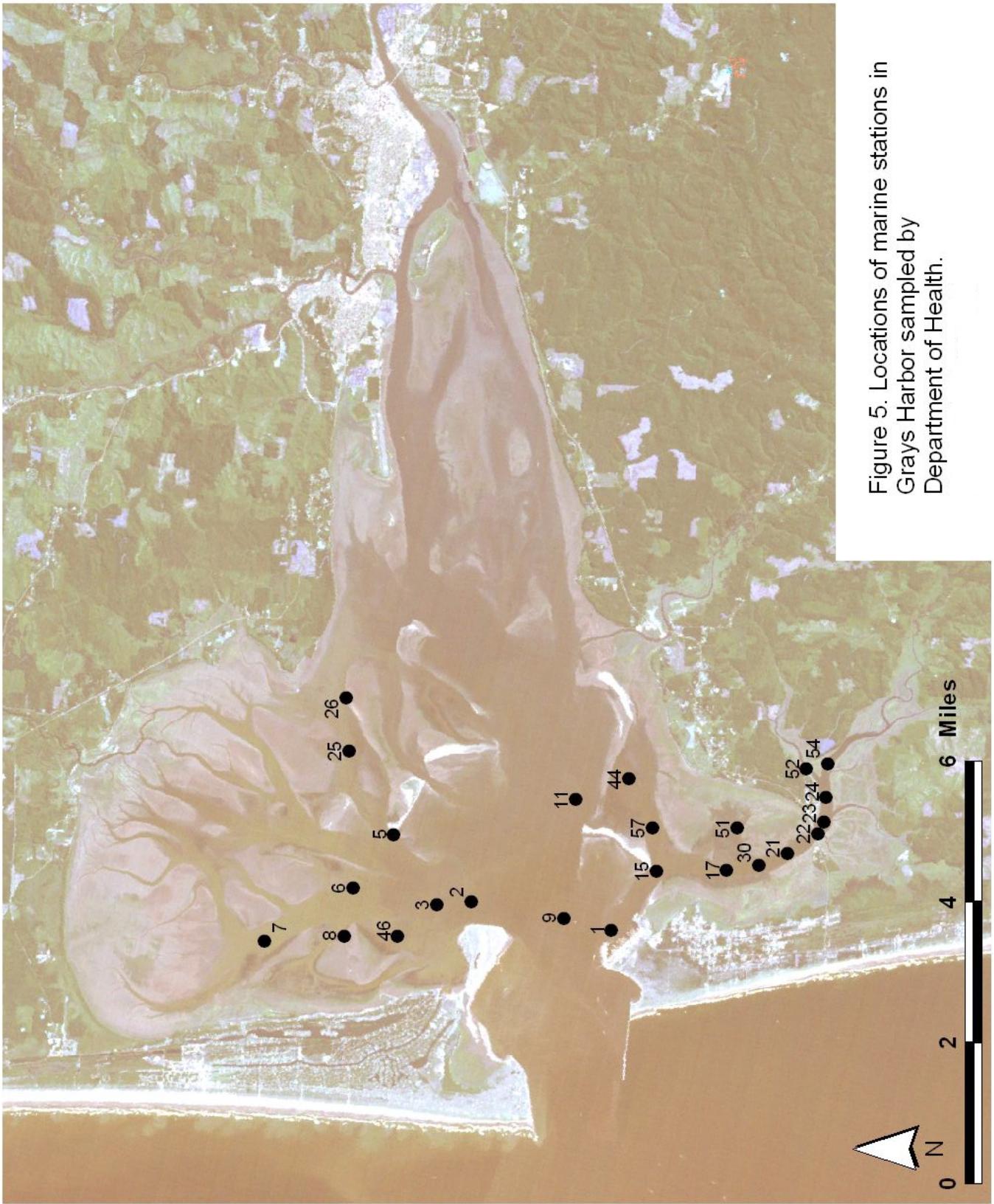


Figure 5. Locations of marine stations in Grays Harbor sampled by Department of Health.

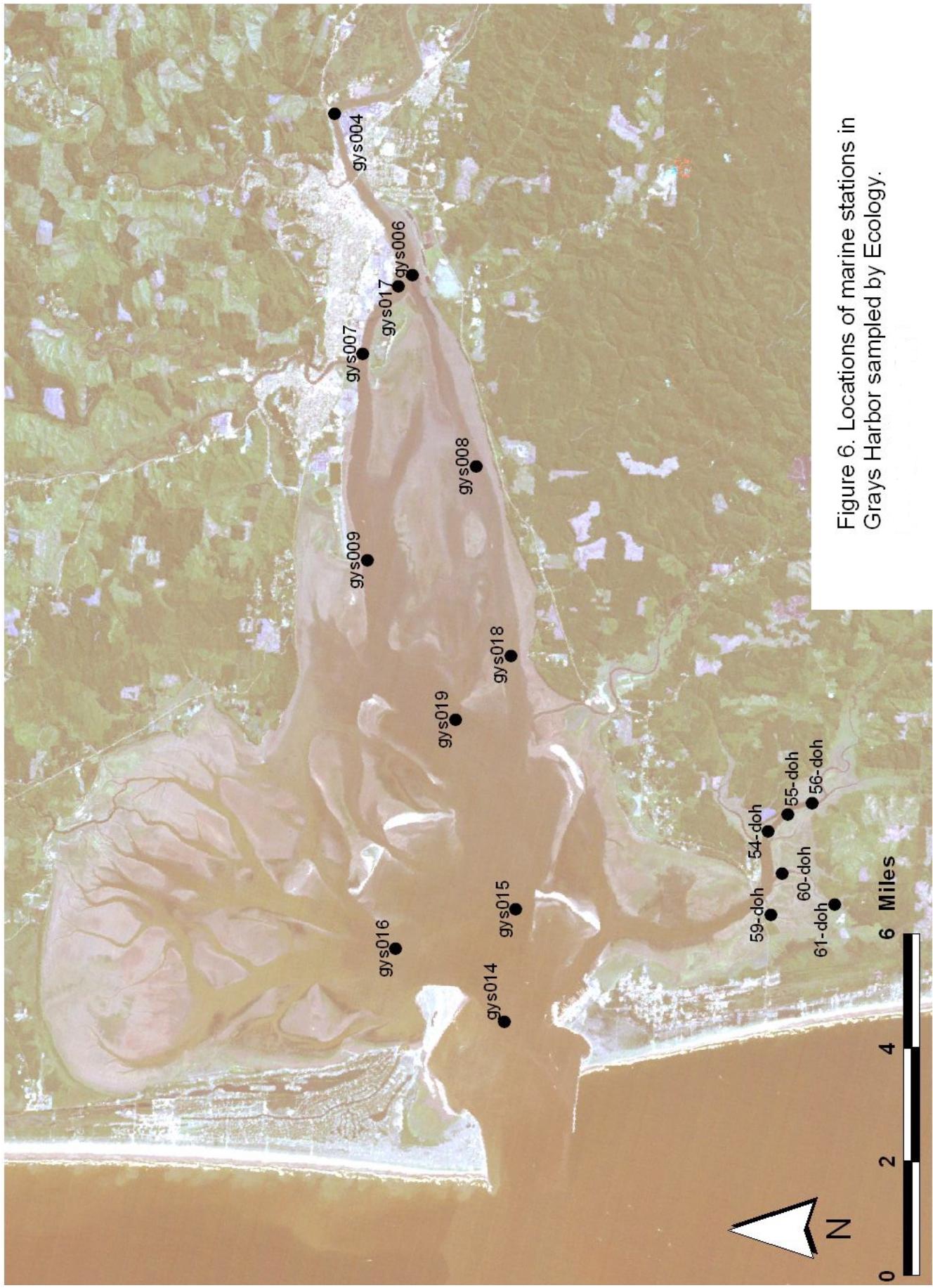


Figure 6. Locations of marine stations in  
Grays Harbor sampled by Ecology.

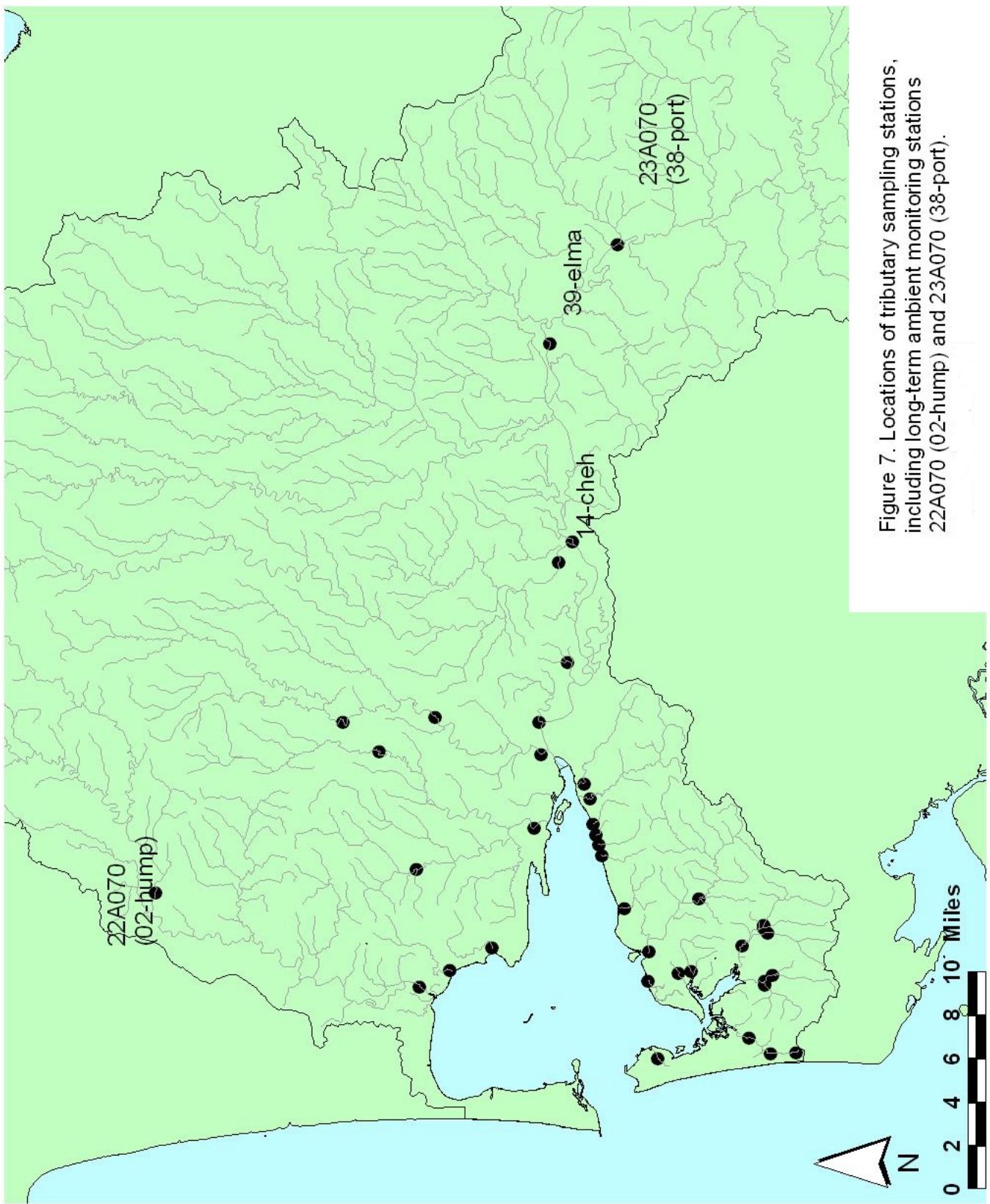


Figure 7. Locations of tributary sampling stations, including long-term ambient monitoring stations 22A070 (02-hump) and 23A070 (38-port).

## U.S. Geological Survey

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) measures discharge from the Chehalis River at Porter (station 12031000 at river mile [RM] 33.3), the Satsop River near Satsop (station 12035000 at RM 2.3), and the Wynoochee River above Black Creek (station 12037400 at RM 5.9) (Figure 8). The USGS also estimates discharge for the Humptulips River near Humptulips (USGS station 12039003 and Ecology station 22A070) to support the Ecology ambient monitoring program. Other tributaries to Grays Harbor are not currently gaged by USGS, although several have had periods of monitoring in the past (e.g., Newskah Creek, Charley Creek, and Anderson Creek). The other flow gaging stations shown in Figure 8 were added by Ecology to provide data for this study, as described later in this report.

## Ambient Monitoring by NPDES Dischargers

The Weyerhaeuser Paper Company and Grays Harbor Paper are each required to conduct monitoring of fecal coliform at selected locations within Grays Harbor, as a condition of their National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) discharge permits. Data have been collected since the 1980s. The locations of the stations sampled by NPDES dischargers during the present study are show in Figure 9. The current NPDES permits have reduced the required monitoring to one ambient station each for Weyerhaeuser and Grays Harbor Paper.

## Bacterial Indicators and Water Quality Criteria

The coliform group consists of both fecal and non-fecal components. The fecal coliform group includes mainly the *Escherichia* (*E. coli*) and *Klebsiella* genera. The *Klebsiella* genera do not originate from the feces of humans or other warm-blooded animals. Pulp mill wastewater is an example of a potential source of *Klebsiella*. The non-fecal component of the fecal coliform group is frequently used as a criticism of the test's usefulness to indicate the presence of potential pathogens. However, sources of *Klebsiella* are usually regulated in the same way as sources of other components of fecal coliform, because *Klebsiella* contributes to the fecal coliform group.

Tests for *E. coli* are more specific to the fecal component of the fecal coliform bacteria, and therefore provide a better indicator of the presence of pathogenic organisms. The *E. coli* test may be conducted along with fecal coliform determination at relatively low cost. HHS (1983a and 1983b) found that most of the fecal coliform bacteria in samples from Grays Harbor and its tributaries were *E. coli*. Fecal coliform in oyster samples collected by HHS also contained predominantly *E. coli*.

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) currently oversees the National Shellfish Sanitation Program. Under this ongoing program, water quality standards are established for certification of shellfish growing areas, and tissue standards are set to allow the wholesale marketing of shellfish meats. FDA standards apply to shellfish that will be marketed across state boundaries and are based on fecal coliform concentrations. There is no expectation that FDA will be changing indicator organisms.

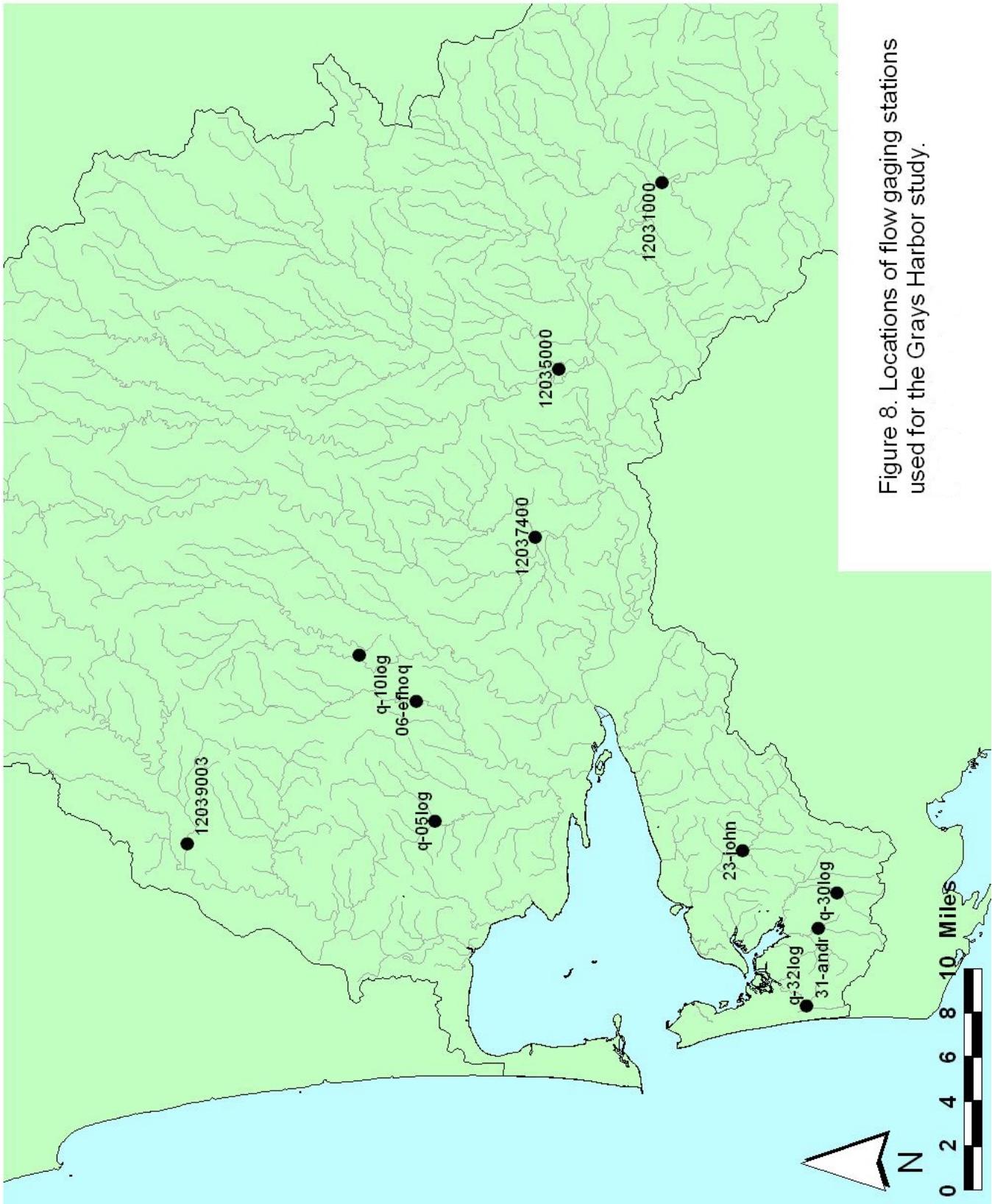


Figure 8. Locations of flow gaging stations used for the Grays Harbor study.

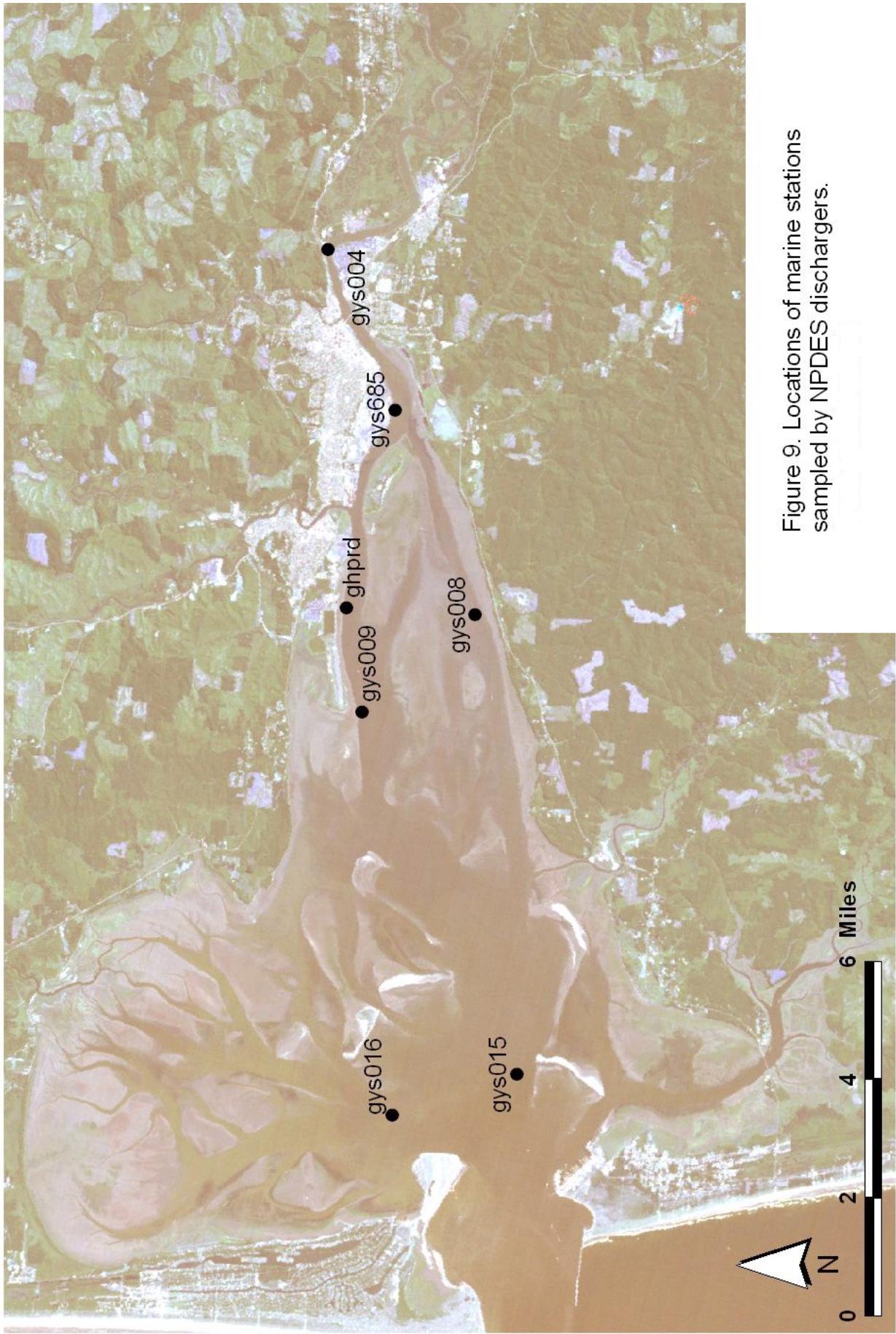


Figure 9. Locations of marine stations sampled by NPDES dischargers.

DOH is charged with the responsibility of enforcing the standards for shellfish. DOH has established rules on the certification of shellfish growing areas for commercial and recreational harvesting. Like the federal program, the state shellfish program is based on the use of fecal coliform as the indicator.

The outer region of Grays Harbor, west of longitude 123°59'W, is designated class A marine water according to Washington State water quality standards (WAC 173-201A) (Figure 3). The class A marine standards contain criteria for fecal coliform to reduce the chance of people becoming ill after eating shellfish or as a result of swimming in natural waterbodies. Ecology's current class A marine standard for bacteriological pollutants is based on the use of fecal coliform as an indicator of fecal contamination by humans and other warm-blooded animals. Ecology's current water quality standards for Class A waterbodies are as follows:

*"Fecal coliform organism levels shall both not exceed a geometric mean value of 14 colonies/100 ml, and not have more than 10 percent of all samples obtained for calculating the geometric mean value exceeding 43 colonies/100 ml."*

Ecology's threshold levels of fecal coliform in the water quality standards match those of DOH and FDA for class A marine waters. Ecology standards do not specify a minimum number of samples. Ecology standards specify that averaging of data beyond a 30-day period, or beyond a specific discharge event under investigation, shall not be permitted when such averaging would skew the data set so as to mask non-compliance.

The inner region of Grays Harbor, east of longitude 123°59'W to longitude 123°45'45"W (Cosmopolis Chehalis River, RM 3.1) is designated class B marine water, which allows for a geometric mean concentration of 100 colonies/100 ml, with no more than 10 percent of samples greater than 200 colonies/100 ml.

All tributaries entering Grays Harbor, with the exception of the lower reaches of the Hoquiam and Wishkah rivers, are designated class A freshwater, which allows for a geometric mean concentration of 100 colonies/100 ml, with no more than 10 percent of samples greater than 200 colonies/100 ml.

The Hoquiam River from the mouth to RM 9.3, and the Wishkah River from the mouth to RM 6, are designated class B freshwater which allows for a geometric mean concentration of 200 colonies/100 ml, with no more than 10 percent of samples greater than 400 colonies/100 ml. Upstream reaches of the Hoquiam and Wishkah rivers are designated class A freshwater.



# Methods

The project objectives were met through a combination of (1) monitoring of water quality and flow, (2) modeling of fate and transport of fecal coliform distributions in Grays Harbor, and (3) analysis of various loading scenarios and resulting water quality. Monitoring of water quality and quantity was conducted to quantify seasonal patterns of loading contributions from various sources and water quality in the harbor.

## Monitoring

Table 2 presents the list of stations and parameters used for monitoring of water quality and flow. The locations of monitoring stations are presented in Figures 5 through 10. The list of stations in Table 2 is intended to supplement ongoing monitoring by Ecology's Ambient Monitoring Section and DOH as described above. The purpose of monitoring is to address the following project objectives:

- Determine the contribution of all significant tributaries to the fecal coliform loading and concentration of the estuary.
- Compare the levels of fecal coliform contamination to Ecology and DOH water quality standards for the protection of shellfish and other beneficial uses.

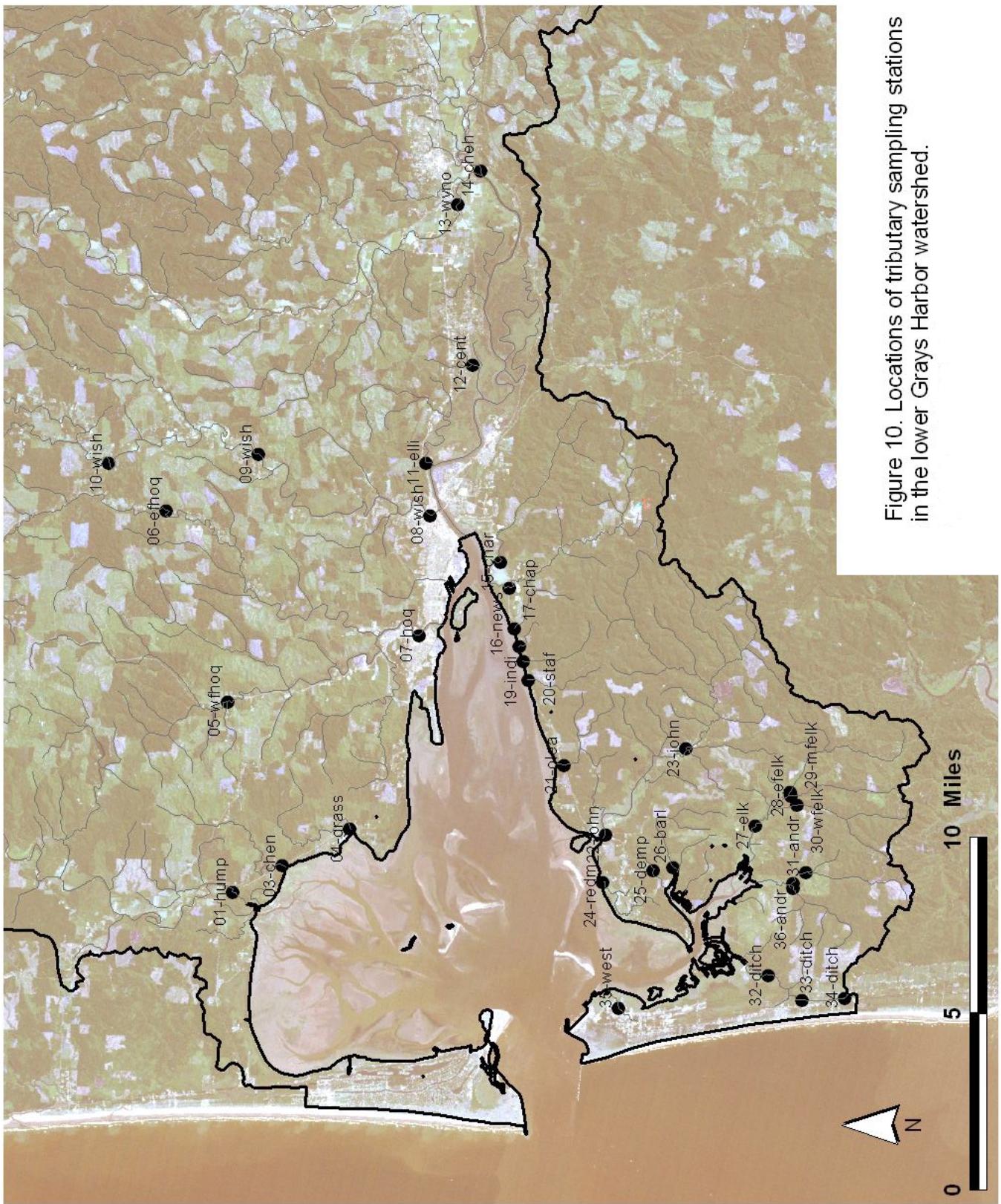
Water quality samples were collected at approximately monthly intervals between March 1997 and April 1998. The list of stations was chosen to represent all significant tributaries to Grays Harbor. Stations were located upstream from tidal effects, if it was considered possible to represent most of the tributary watershed. Several stations were located in the region of tidal effects to represent (1) those tributaries where upstream stations were not feasible or (2) nonpoint contributions between upstream stations and the tributary mouth. Tidal stations were sampled during ebbing tides to represent nonpoint contributions upstream from the sample sites (sampled between one hour after high tide and one hour before low tide). The database of measured water quality variables in Grays Harbor and its tributaries is available in electronic format as described in Appendix A.

Continuous flow gaging stations were installed at selected representative tributary sites (Figure 8 and Table 2). The selected sites for gaging stations were chosen because they are the largest ungaged tributaries with suitable locations for development of accurate rating curves. Flow gaging stations consisted of water level sensors connected to dataloggers for recording of water levels at 15-minute or hourly intervals. Discharge measurements were made at approximately monthly intervals to develop rating curves for estimation of continuous discharge rates versus time. Continuous discharge from ungaged sites was estimated by (1) regression analysis of instantaneous measurements at gaged versus ungaged sites, (2) analysis of historical records of discharge, (3) watershed area, or (4) other appropriate techniques. The database of estimated flows is presented in Appendix B, along with a description of detailed methods that were used to estimate flows.

**Table 2. Sampling stations for the Grays Harbor fecal coliform study, Feb-97 through Apr-98.**

station name	station location	abbreviated station ID	lab number	tidal/non-tidal	USGS river gaged	nuous flow	instantaneous flow	temperature (field)	salinity (field)	FC and salinity (UW lab) (MEL)
<b>Northern Tributaries</b>										
Humpulips River near mouth	at highway 108 bridge near mouth	01-hump	6401	tidal				x		x
Humpulips River near Humpulips Creek near mouth	Ecology station 22A070 highway 108 bridge near Humpulips at highway 108 bridge near mouth	02-hump (rep)	6402	non-tidal				x		x
Chenos Creek near mouth	03-chen	6403	tidal	x	(1)			x		x
Grass Creek near mouth	04-grass	6404	tidal					x		x
West Fork Hoquiam River near New London	05-whiqoq	6405	non-tidal	x				x		x
East Fork Hoquiam River below Nissson	06-efhqq	6406	non-tidal	x				x		x
Hoquiam River at Hoquiam	07-hoq	6407	tidal					x		x
Wishkah River at Aberdeen	08-wish	6408	tidal					x		x
Wishkah River at Wishkah	09-wish	6409	non-tidal	x				x		x
Wishkah River at Wishkah Road bridge below confluence with West Fork	10-wish	6410	non-tidal	x				x		x
near mouth at road bridge near Aberdeen	11-elli	6411	tidal					x		x
Central Park Slough near Central Park	12-cent	6412	tidal					x		x
Wynochee River near Montesano	13-wyno	6413	non-tidal	x				x		x
Chehalis River near Montesano	14-cheh (rep)	6414	tidal					x		x
Chehalis River at South Elma	39-elma	6439	non-tidal	x				x		x
Chehalis River at Porter	38-port	6438	non-tidal	x				x		x
<b>South Shore Tributaries</b>										
Charley Creek near mouth	15-char	6415	tidal					x		x
Newshah Creek near mouth	16-news	6416	tidal					x		x
Chapin Creek near mouth	17-chap	6417	tidal					x		x
Campbell Creek near mouth	18-camp	6418	tidal					x		x
Indian Creek near mouth	19-indi	6419	tidal					x		x
Stafford Creek near mouth	20-staf	6420	tidal					x		x
O Leary Creek near mouth	21-olea	6421	tidal					x		x
Johns River near mouth	22-john	6422	tidal					x		x
Johns River near Western	23-john	6423	non-tidal	x				x		x
Dempsey Creek near mouth	25-demp	6425	tidal					x		x
Barlow Creek near mouth	26-barl	6426	tidal					x		x
Elk River near mouth	27-ekl	6427	tidal					x		x
East Branch Elk River	28-efelk	6428	non-tidal	x				x		x
Middle Branch Elk River	29-mielk	6429	non-tidal	x				x		x
West Branch Elk River	30-mielk	6430	non-tidal	x				x		x
Andrews Creek near DNR gate	31-andr	6431	non-tidal	x				x		x
Grayland Ditch near mouth	32-ditch	6432	tidal					x		x
Grayland Ditch at Schmidt Road	33-ditch (rep)	6433	non-tidal	x				x		x
Grayland Ditch at Grange Road	34-ditch	6434	non-tidal	x				x		x
Unnamed Creek at Westport	35-west	6435	non-tidal	x				x		x
<b>South Bay and Redman Slough (Brady Engrall)</b>										
DOH station 54	54-DOH	6454	tidal					x		x
DOH station 55	55-DOH (rep)	6455	tidal					x		x
DOH station 56	56-DOH	6456	tidal					x		x
DOH station 59	59-DOH	6459	tidal					x		x
DOH station 60	60-DOH	6460	tidal					x		x
DOH station 61	61-DOH	6461	tidal					x		x
Redman Slough near mouth	24-redm	6424	tidal					x		x
<b>Ecology Ambient Monitoring Section Marine Flight</b>										
Chehalis River near Elliot Slough	GYS004	6235	tidal					x		x
South Channel near Stafford Cr	GYS008 (rep)	6236	6237					x		x
North Channel near Moon Island	GYS009	6238						x		x
Grays Harbor N of Whitcomb Flats	GYS015	6239						x		x
Grays Harbor NE of Damon Point	GYS016	6240						x		x
Cow Point Reach off Cow Point	GYS017	6241						x		x
South Channel near Stearns Buff	GYS018	6242						x		x
Crossover Channel near G '27"	GYS019	6243						x		x

(1) The state Department of Fisheries hatchery downstream from highway 101 records daily water level in the Humpulips River. There is also a wire-weight on the highway 101 bridge for Ecology's ambient monitoring station (22A070). The USGS provides a rating curve for the river at the highway 101 bridge.



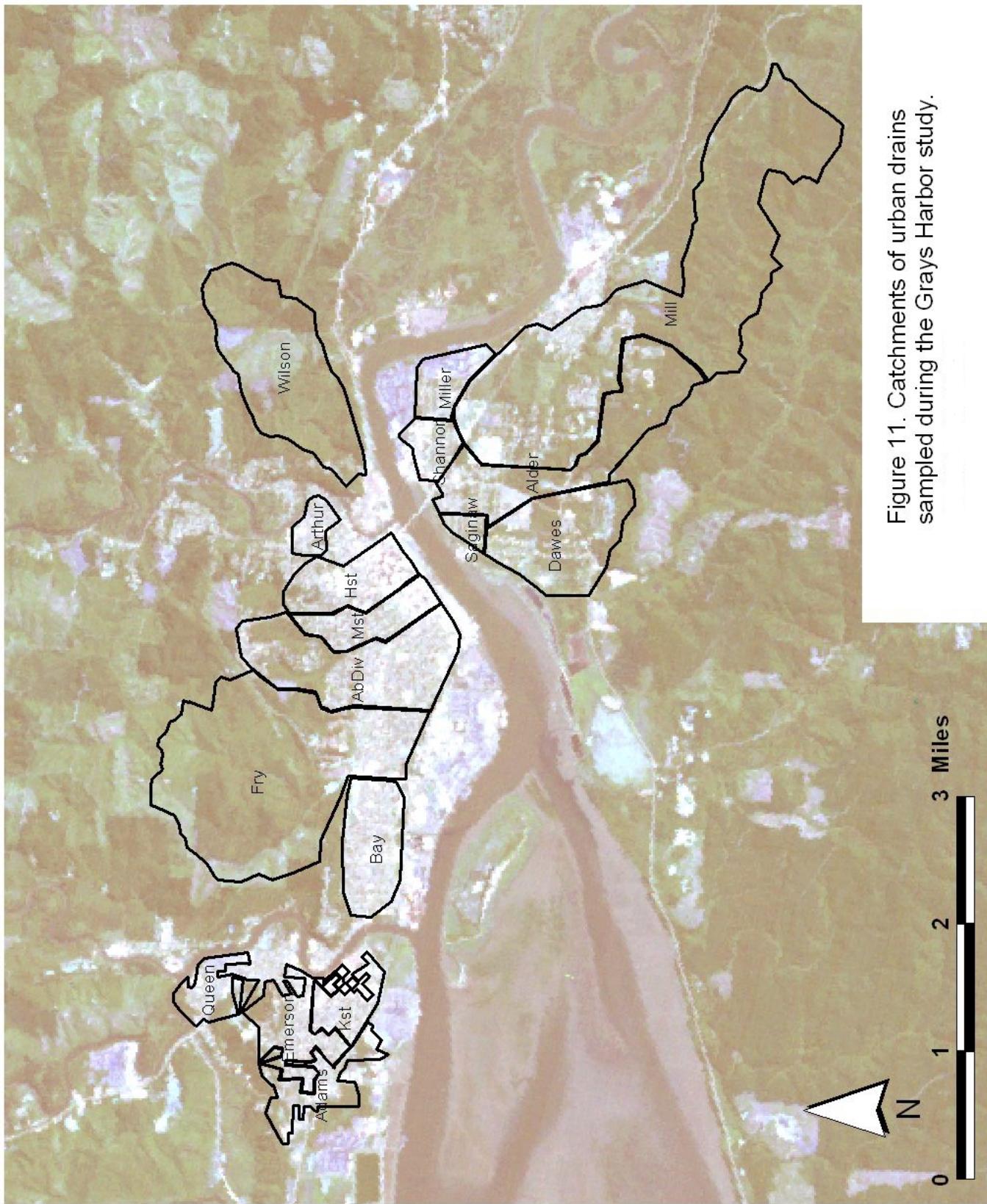


Figure 11. Catchments of urban drains sampled during the Grays Harbor study.

Four teams conducted monitoring as follows:

1. A tributary water quality sampling team led by Greg Pelletier, Keith Seiders, or Norm Glenn collected water quality samples at all tributary stations and flow measurements at some stations (Figures 7 and 10). Flow estimates for all non-tidal stations were made either by direct measurement of discharge on the day of sampling, or by calculation from the discharge gaging record and rating curves developed during the project. Sampling events usually occurred over a three-day period (Monday through Wednesday) at approximately monthly intervals; approximately one-third of the stations were sampled each day of a sampling event. Some sampling events occurred on a Thursday. Tidal stations were sampled during ebbing tides (sampled between 1 hour after high tide and 1 hour before low tide).
2. A tributary flow measurement team led by Clay Keown, Greg Pelletier, or Keith Seiders measured discharge at gaging stations and other non-tidal tributaries.
3. An estuary sampling team led by Brady Engvall (Brady's Oysters) collected samples at six stations that were discontinued by DOH in the southern part of the south region (Figure 6). Samples were collected approximately one hour after high tide at monthly intervals. An effort was made to coordinate the sampling dates with DOH; samples were collected on the same day as other DOH stations whenever possible.
4. An estuary sampling team led by Jan Newton, Casey Clishe, Skip Albertson, or Dale Clark collected samples at Ecology's marine ambient monitoring stations using a floatplane. Samples were collected randomly with respect to tide at approximately monthly intervals. A subset of the major tributary stations was also sampled on the same day as the marine flights by the tributary sampling team.

Sampling of representative urban drains in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam-Cosmopolis area was also conducted during the wet season of November 1997–April 1998. Figure 11 shows the catchment areas of the urban drains that were sampled. Urban drains were sampled for fecal coliform and E. coli using the same methods as for surface water stations in the tributaries and estuary.

Monitoring of effluent quality of point sources was conducted by permittees as required under their NPDES permits. Discharge monitoring reports submitted to Ecology by NPDES dischargers were used as the principal data source to characterize point source loads. It was not considered necessary to supplement the self-monitoring data, because normal loads of fecal coliform from point sources were not suspected of significantly elevating fecal coliform levels in the harbor, provided that the NPDES permittees are operating within the limits contained in their permits. Effluent samples were collected from the NPDES dischargers on five occasions between November 1997 and April 1998 as a check on the NPDES self-monitoring.

## Project Organization

Several Ecology staff and volunteers were involved in the proposed project. This section identifies all individuals with responsibility for supervision or implementation of the project and describes their responsibilities. The following people and organizations were involved in the project. All are employees or volunteers in the Ecology's Environmental Assessment Program, unless otherwise noted:

- *Greg Pelletier*. Principal Investigator responsible for overall project management, preparation of Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP), supervision and completion of field sampling, analysis of project data, development of water quality models, and preparation of draft and final reports.
- *Jan Newton, Casey Clishe, Skip Albertson, and Dale Clark*. Responsible for collection of samples at eight ambient monitoring stations in Grays Harbor. Jan Newton supervised field sampling which was usually conducted by Casey Clishe.
- *Brady Engvall. Brady's Oysters, Inc., Aberdeen, WA*. Responsible for collection of samples at six stations in the southern part of the south region in Grays Harbor. Brady Engvall is an oyster grower in the Grays Harbor area, and a volunteer for Ecology. Greg Pelletier supervised sampling activities and provided sample bottles and tags, coolers, thermometers, field notebooks, and laboratory analysis (including delivery of samples from the Grays Harbor area to the Manchester Environmental Laboratory).
- *Randy Coots and Clay Keown*. Responsible for installation and maintenance of flow gaging stations, and development of flow rating curves.
- *Keith Seiders and Norm Glenn*. Back-up leaders for tributary and NPDES sampling. Keith was also responsible for development of flow rating curves, estimation of daily flows, and statistical analysis of flow and water quality data.
- *Bill Kammin, Stewart Magoon, Pam Covey, and Nancy Jensen. Manchester Environmental Laboratory (MEL)*. All bacterial samples collected during field studies were submitted to Ecology's MEL for analysis under the direction of Bill Kammin. Stewart Magoon and Pam Covey coordinated requests for analysis, scheduled processing of analytical samples, and provided submittals of project data. Nancy Jensen conducted laboratory analysis of fecal coliform and *E. coli*.
- *Kathy Krogslund. University of Washington, School of Oceanography, Marine Chemistry Laboratory, Ocean Technical Services, Seattle, WA*. Responsible for analysis of salinity samples.
- *Will Kendra*. Section manager for the Watershed Ecology Section of the Environmental Assessment Program. Responsible for review of the project QAPP and draft final report.
- *Stew Lombard*. Responsible for review of the project QAPP.
- *Keli McKay, Bill Backous, Dave Rountry, and Kahle Jennings. Ecology's Southwest Regional Office (SWRO)*. Section managers and client contacts for the SWRO Water Quality Program. Responsible for review of the draft QAPP and draft final report.
- *Frank Meriwether. DOH Office of Shellfish Programs, Olympia, WA*. Contact for coordination of sampling programs by Ecology with DOH activities, and review of QAPP and draft final report.

## Data Quality Objectives and Analytical Procedures

Analytical methods and the detection or precision limits for field measurements, as well as laboratory analyses of conventional and biological parameters, are listed in Table 3. The laboratory's data quality objectives and quality control procedures are documented in the Manchester Environmental Laboratory *Lab Users Manual* (MEL, 1994).

Table 3. Summary of field and laboratory measurements, target detection limits, and methods.

Parameter	Sensitivity or Reporting Limit	Method <sup>a</sup>
<b>Field Measurements</b>		
Velocity	± 0.05 feet/second	Current meter
Specific conductance	± 1 umhos/cm	Conductivity meter
Temperature	± 0.2 degree C	Red liquid thermometer
<b>General Chemistry</b>		
Specific conductance	± 1 umhos/cm	Conductivity meter
Salinity	± 0.01 ppt	UNESCO, 1981
Fecal coliform and E. coli	2/100 ml	Modification of SM18 9221E (MPN/A-1) by FDA. MUG is added to the A-1 media for determination of E. coli.

<sup>a</sup>SM = Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater. Eighteenth edition (1992). American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Environment Federation. Washington, D.C.

UNESCO, 1981. Background papers and supporting data on the Practical Salinity Scale 1978. UNESCO Technical Papers in Marine Science 37, Paris, 144 pp.

Temperature was measured in the field using either a thermometer or thermistor. Salinity was measured in the field with a conductivity meter or analyzed in the laboratory by the University of Washington School of Oceanography. Fecal coliform and *E. coli* determinations were performed by the Manchester Environmental Laboratory (MEL) using an FDA modification of the MPN method, using A-1 media with MUG added (Jensen, 1999).

Targets for precision of bacterial analyses are difficult to quantify. The coefficient of variation for replicate samples for fecal coliform has been found to increase as the fecal coliform level decreases (*e.g.*, Coots, 1994). For low levels of fecal coliform (less than 10 per 100 ml) the root-mean-squared coefficient of variation (RMSCV) for laboratory duplicates was 90 percent. For higher levels of fecal coliform (greater than 100 per 100 ml) the RMSCV was 34 percent.

## Sampling and Quality Control Procedures

The sampling and field measurement procedures used during this study followed protocols described by WAS (1992). All surface water samples were collected directly into pre-cleaned containers supplied by MEL and described by MEL (1994).

Field measurements at surface water stations included flow and temperature. Conductivity or salinity was measured in the field or by MEL.

Water samples were placed on ice in closed coolers immediately after sampling. Samples for bacterial analysis were transported to MEL the morning after sampling. Laboratory analysis of bacterial samples began within 24 hours after sampling.

Total variation for field sampling and analytical variation was assessed by collecting replicate samples. Duplicate samples were collected at approximately 10 percent of the sample stations during each survey to measure total variability, and were analyzed in duplicate by MEL to determine laboratory variability. Quality control procedures by the laboratory followed standard operating procedures described by MEL (1994).

All meters were calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions. Samples for laboratory analysis by MEL were stored on ice and delivered to MEL within 24 hours of collection. Samples for salinity analysis by the University of Washington were stored at room temperature in tightly closed brown polyethylene bottles.

The quality of all bacteria data and qualifiers was considered prior to use. Bacteria data in Discharge Monitoring Reports from NPDES permittees' Ecology-accredited laboratories were deemed acceptable as reported. Bacteria data from DOH and Ecology laboratories were deemed acceptable as reported. If bacteria data were qualified as non-detect, one-half of the detection limit was used in statistical analyses and modeling. Most of the bacteria data from Grays Harbor Paper were reported as non-detect at 1,000 cfu/100mL, so a value of 500 cfu/100mL was used. In the few cases where bacteria values of 0 cfu/100mL were reported, a value of 1 cfu/100mL was assigned (half of the detection limit of 2 cfu/100ml).

Bacteria data were later grouped by salinity to help determine whether marine or freshwater water quality standards should be applied. These groupings also helped in establishing correlations between different methods for enumerating bacteria concentrations (e.g., MF vs. MPN, FC vs. EC).

## Data Assessment Procedures

Data reduction, review, and reporting followed the procedures as outlined in the *Lab Users Manual* (MEL, 1994). All data were validated before preparing a final project database. Validation involved review of 100 percent of the data for possible transcription errors, missing data, and improbable values when importing data from MEL submittals to the project database. All laboratory data were entered in Microsoft Excel or Access spreadsheet or database files. Statistical calculations were made using the database spreadsheets and by importing data from the spreadsheets to either SYSTAT or WQHYDRO (Aroner, 1992) statistical software.

Data analysis included estimation of univariate statistical parameters (e.g., arithmetic mean, geometric mean, median, standard deviation, 90<sup>th</sup> percentile). Variability of field replicates and laboratory duplicates was quantified using the standard deviation, coefficient of variation (standard deviation as a fraction of the mean), or relative percent difference.

The paired-sample t-test (Zar, 1984) was used to determine if differences existed between the results from various sets of paired fecal coliform samples. This test helped define which data sets to use in statistical analyses and modeling. Bacteria data were grouped based on salinity and water type (ambient or effluent). The differences between results for each set of paired samples approached a normal distribution in most cases, allowing the use of the paired-sample t-test. The null hypothesis was accepted in most cases, indicating no difference between the means of the paired data sets examined. In most cases, the MF and MPN results were deemed comparable and were pooled for analyses. Where MF and MPN results were available for the same site, the MPN result was usually used.

Ocean Spray Cranberry fecal coliform (FC) values were excluded from statistical comparison tests because of non-detect values. Ocean Spray MF data were considered comparable to Ecology MPN data for study purposes. Ocean Spray FC values were typically low (less than 5 cfu/100mL) so this approach has little, if any, effect on modeling results.

Weyerhaeuser and Ecology results for the MF tests on Weyco1 effluent were inconsistent. Weyerhaeuser results were 2-3 orders of magnitude lower than Ecology results for MF while the MPN results from the two laboratories were comparable. The nature of the MF test, the sample (the effluent), and analytical techniques account for the differences between Weyerhaeuser and Ecology MF results. Most of Ecology's analyses of Weyerhaeuser effluent for FC by the MF method found a high background growth on the filter which interfered with an accurate count of FC colonies on the filter. This high growth can affect the pH of the filter media and resultant color of FC colonies and background growth, thus interfering with an accurate count of FC colonies. When such situations arise, confirmation tests can be done to gain more accurate counts of FC colonies.

The Weyerhaeuser laboratory routinely does confirmation tests on their MF tests while Ecology's laboratory (MEL) does confirmation tests on a percentage of samples. Weyerhaeuser's laboratory did confirmation tests on these samples while MEL did not. It is probable that Ecology MF results for these samples overestimate the true FC value. The MPN results are deemed the most reliable value for these samples. MEL is likely to change its policy and do confirmation tests based on sample characteristics rather than by a percentage (Jensen, 1999). Weyerhaeuser's MF results were used to estimate their effluent loads for modeling and TMDL analyses.

## **Modeling and Analysis of Loading Scenarios**

A numerical model of fate and transport of fecal coliform bacteria in Grays Harbor was developed to address the following project objectives:

- Model the distribution of fecal coliform within Grays Harbor as it is affected by loads from point and nonpoint sources, tidal circulation and transport, and the natural process of die-off of bacteria.
- Predict the effect of pollution events on water quality at various locations in the harbor.

- Determine the pollution reductions that are needed so that local communities, agencies, and other affected parties can develop and implement appropriate cleanup strategies. This will also provide information for establishing waste load allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources, for establishing a TMDL as required under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act.

The EPA (1980) model was the best numerical model that had been developed for Grays Harbor prior to this study. The EPA model was a link-node hydrodynamic model combined with a water quality model that simulates fecal coliform, in addition to dissolved oxygen, nutrients, and algae. The EPA model was based on a precursor of EPA's DYNHYD5/WASP5 modeling system and uses similar computational methods (EPA, 1993). The model selected for the present study is similar to the EPA model, in that it uses a link-node hydrodynamic model combined with a separate model to evaluate transport of fecal coliform. The segmentation of Grays Harbor for the model developed in the present study was based on the EPA model segmentation (Figure 4), with the exception that added detail of the south region was included and the seaward boundary was extended outside of the harbor entrance (Figures 12, 13, and 14).

Hydrodynamic simulation was done using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers link-node WDWBM Model (Walton et al., 1995). The segments for the water quality model are the same as the nodes for the hydrodynamic model. Fecal coliform fate and transport was simulated using EPA's WASP/EUTRO model (EPA, 1993) using a calculated rate of fecal coliform die-off that accounts for temperature. The die-off rate was estimated as part of the calibration of the model to observed conditions in Grays Harbor.

A tidally dynamic continuous simulation of the study year (May 1997-April 1998) was developed. Flows were calculated continuously at 30-second intervals, and water quality was calculated at 90-second intervals. Hourly predictions of water quality were extracted from the model output for analysis of results. The mathematical model of Grays Harbor was used to estimate the distribution of fecal coliform bacteria continuously for the study year.

Data for development of the mathematical model were compiled from other available sources in addition to the data collected during this study. The bathymetry was estimated from digital data from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Flows from tributaries were estimated based on data from this study and from the U.S. Geological Survey. Loading of fecal coliform from tributaries, and concentrations in the harbor for calibration of the model, were estimated based on data from this study in addition to the NPDES dischargers and DOH.

The input files and DOS executable model programs for the calibrated hydrodynamic (DOS program wdwbm25p.exe) and water quality transport models (DOS program eutro51s.exe) are available in electronic format, as described in Appendices C and D.

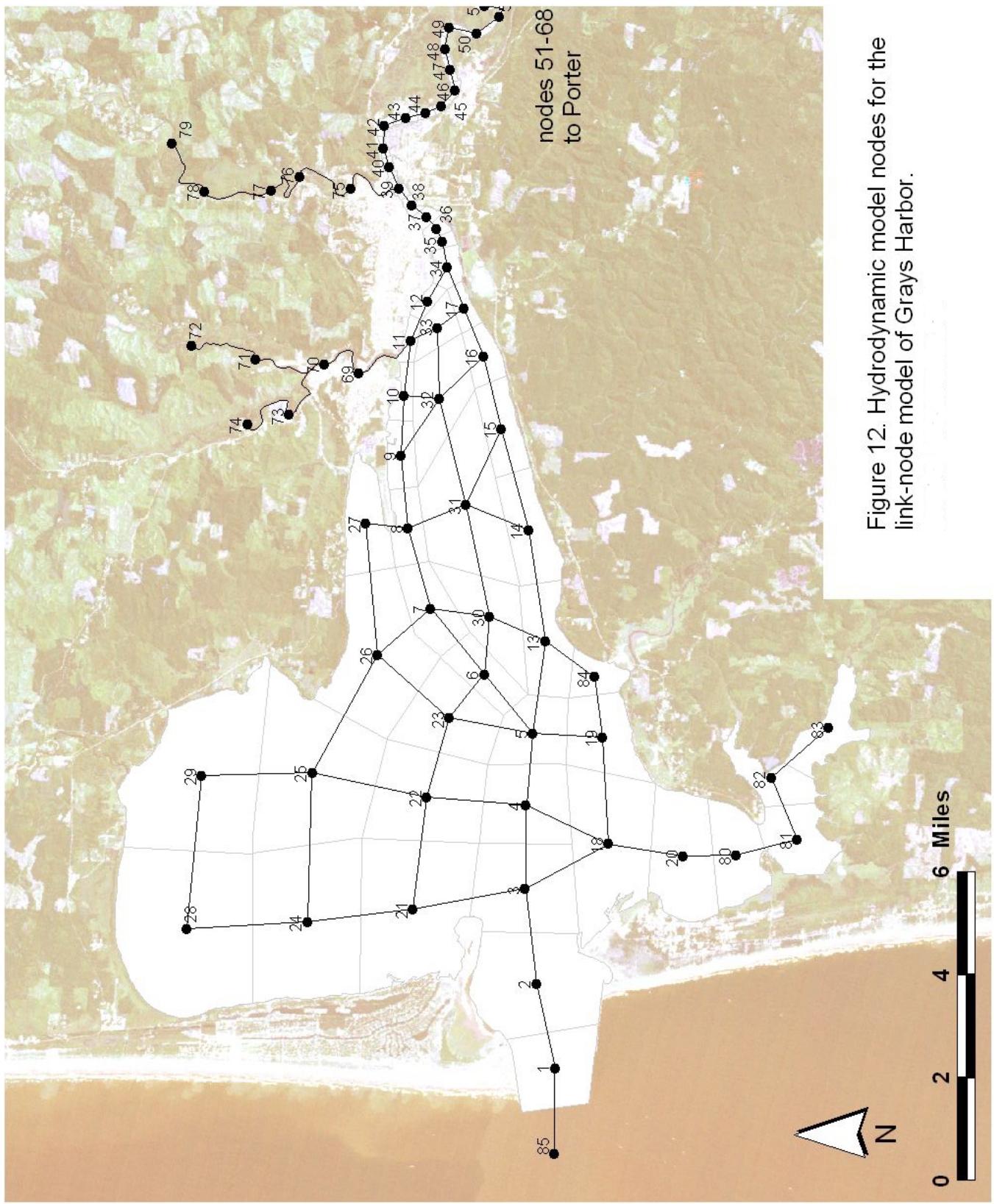


Figure 12. Hydrodynamic model nodes for the link-node model of Grays Harbor.

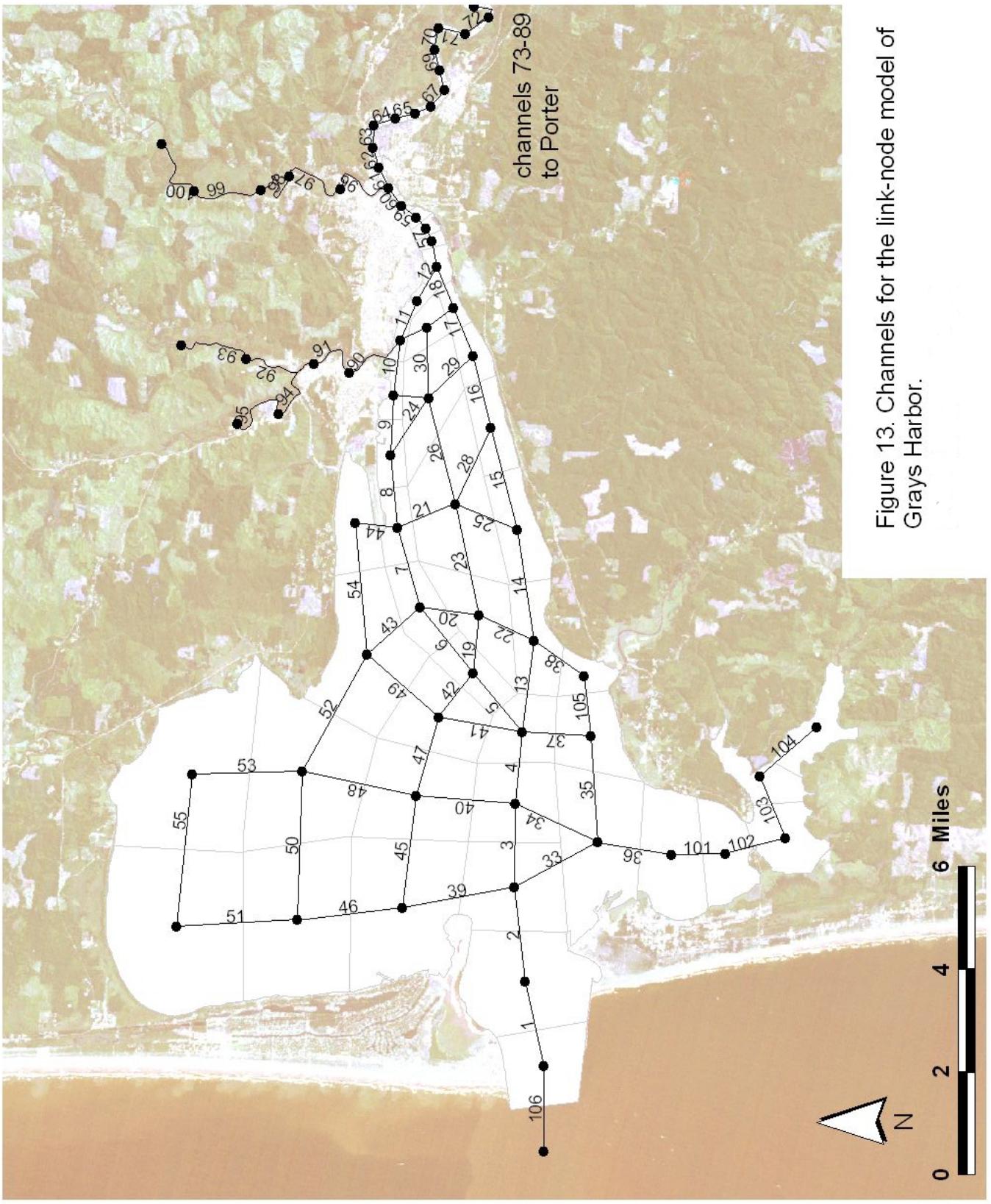


Figure 13. Channels for the link-node model of Grays Harbor.

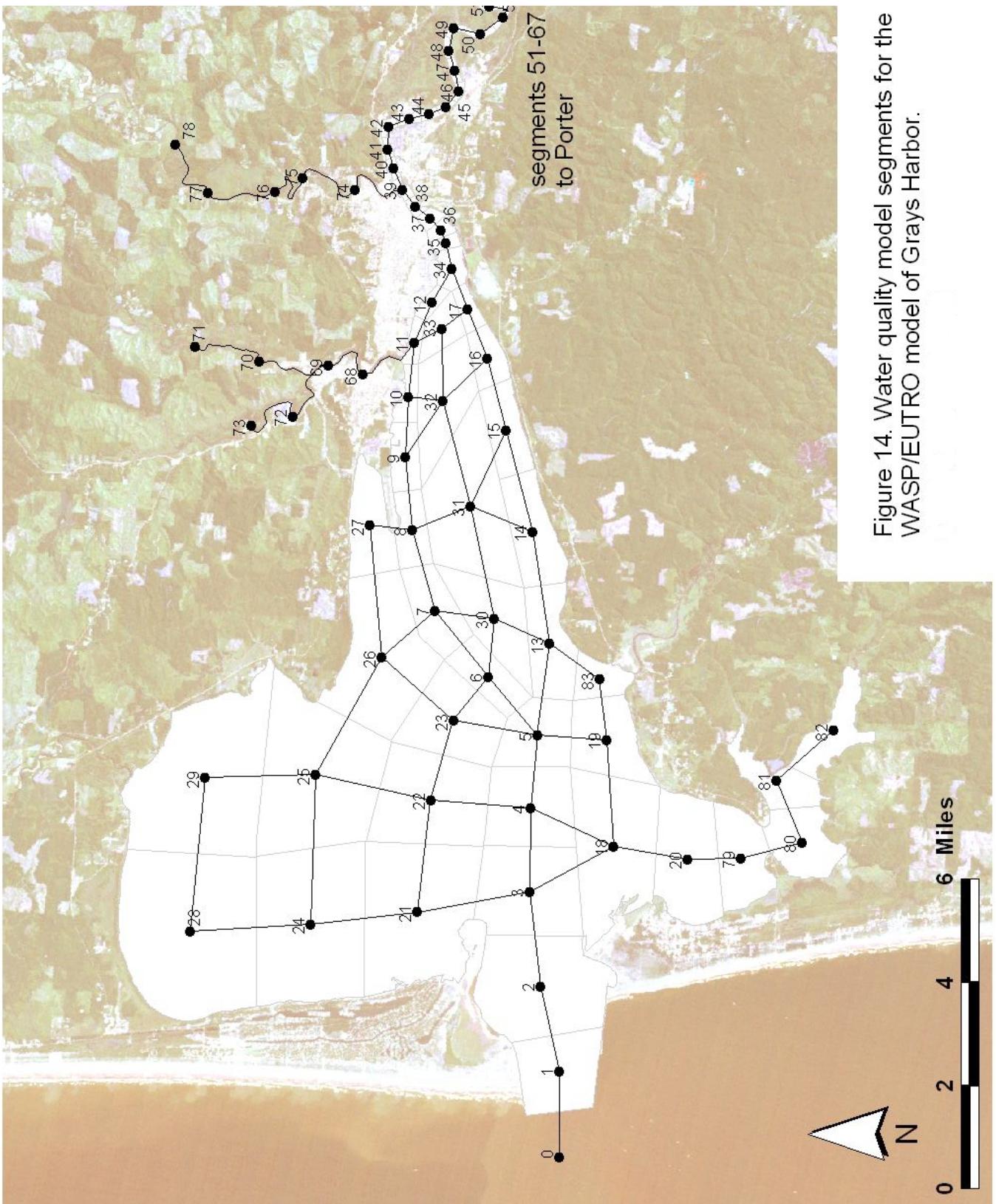


Figure 14. Water quality model segments for the  
WASP/EUTRO model of Grays Harbor.



# **Results and Discussion**

## **Flow**

The daily flows from all tributaries to Grays Harbor are presented in Figure 15. The Chehalis River is the largest source of freshwater to Grays Harbor (Figure 16 and Table 4), followed by the Humptulips, Satsop, and the Wynoochee rivers. Together these rivers accounted for about 84 percent of the total inflow to Grays Harbor. The Wishkah, Hoquiam, Johns, and Elk rivers, and Andrews Creek, accounted for another 12 percent of the inflow. The remaining 4 percent came from several smaller tributaries.

Flows during May 1, 1997 through April 30, 1998 (study year) were approximately 17 percent higher than the average annual flow based on long-term data from the Chehalis River at Porter (Figure 17). The September and October 1997 flows were especially high in comparison with historical averages. Tributary loads of fecal coliform also were probably relatively high during the study year, compared with normal years, because of the relationships between flow, fecal coliform concentrations, and loading.

The database of estimated daily flows from each tributary is presented in Appendix B, along with a description of detailed methods that were used to estimate flows.

## **Fecal Coliform Relationships with Flow and Season**

The concentration of fecal coliform bacteria in tributary streams was found to depend on the flow rate and time of year. Statistical methods to account for the dependence of pollutant concentrations on flow and season are well established (e.g., Cohn et al., 1992). A multiple regression model was found to explain most of the variability in fecal coliform concentration in tributaries to Grays Harbor. The regression methods and results are presented in Appendix E. The predicted loads using the regression model were found to accurately describe the observed loads.

## **Fecal Coliform Loading**

The daily loading of fecal coliform to Grays Harbor during the study year is presented in Figure 18 (scientific notation is used in Figure 18: e.g., 1.E+16 is equivalent to  $10^{16}$  colonies per day). During the study year, most of the fecal coliform loading to Grays Harbor came from the Chehalis River (Figure 19 and Table 5). Most of the load from the Chehalis River originates in the upper watershed above Porter. The Humptulips, Satsop, Wishkah, and Hoquiam rivers were the next largest sources of fecal coliform and, together with the Chehalis, collectively accounted for nearly 80 percent of the total loading.

Table 4. Annual average flows from all sources to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 – 4/30/98.

Source	Average flow during the study year (cms)	Percent of total flow from all sources
<b>Tributaries</b>		
Chehalis River (excluding Wynoochee and Satsop rivers)	167.0	39.0%
Humptulips River	79.4	18.6%
Satsop River	67.0	15.7%
Wynoochee River	43.5	10.2%
Wishkah River	22.8	5.32%
Hoquiam River	18.2	4.25%
Johns River	6.60	1.54%
Elk River	3.62	0.85%
Newskah Creek	2.62	0.61%
Charley Creek	2.37	0.55%
Andrews Creek	1.81	0.42%
Elliot Slough	1.48	0.35%
Chenois Creek	1.45	0.34%
Grayland Ditch	1.16	0.27%
Grass Creek	0.91	0.21%
Oleary Creek	0.70	0.16%
Mill Creek	0.57	0.13%
Barlow	0.53	0.12%
Unnamed Central Park creek	0.47	0.11%
Fry Creek	0.43	0.10%
Indian Creek	0.42	0.10%
Peel/Higgins Slough	0.40	0.09%
Chapin Creek	0.32	0.08%
Redman Slough	0.29	0.07%
Stafford Creek	0.26	0.06%
Campbell Creek	0.25	0.06%
Wilson Creek	0.22	0.05%
Alder Creek	0.17	0.04%
Dempsey	0.16	0.04%
Dawes Creek	0.14	0.03%
Unnamed Westport creek	0.12	0.03%
Miller Creek	0.04	0.01%
Shannon	0.03	0.01%
<b>Subtotal from tributaries</b>	<b>425.3</b>	<b>99.4%</b>
<b>Point Sources</b>		
Weyco 001	1.02	0.24%
Weyco 002	0.33	0.08%
GH Paper 001	0.27	0.06%
Aberdeen STP	0.19	0.05%
Hoquiam STP	0.08	0.02%
Montesano STP	0.01	0.003%
Elma STP	0.01	0.003%
McCleary STP	0.01	0.003%
Ocean Shores STP	0.01	0.003%
Westport STP	0.01	0.002%
Ocean Spray 001	0.01	0.002%
<b>Subtotal from point sources</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.5%</b>
<b>Urban Drains</b>		
Bay Ave drain	0.13	0.03%
Emerson drain	0.09	0.02%
H St. drain	0.08	0.02%
Division St. drain	0.07	0.02%
Adams drain	0.06	0.01%
M St. drain	0.06	0.01%
Arthur St drain	0.05	0.01%
Queen Ave drain	0.03	0.01%
K St drain	0.03	0.01%
Saginaw Slough	0.01	0.003%
15th St drain	0.01	0.001%
28th St drain	0.00	0.001%
<b>Subtotal from urban drains</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.1%</b>
<b>Total from all sources</b>	<b>428</b>	<b>100%</b>

Table 5. Estimated total load of fecal coliform from all sources to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 – 4/30/98.

Source	Total load of FC during the study year (organisms per yr)	Percent of total load from all sources
<b>Tributaries</b>		
Chehalis River at Porter	4.87E+15	35.8%
Chehalis River (lower river excluding Wynoochee and Satsop rivers)	1.92E+15	14.1%
Humptulips River	1.20E+15	8.8%
Satsop River	1.08E+15	7.9%
Wishkah River	8.60E+14	6.3%
Hoquiam River	7.39E+14	5.4%
Wynoochee River	4.36E+14	3.2%
Elk River	3.82E+14	2.8%
Johns River	3.29E+14	2.4%
Unnamed Central Park creek	1.64E+14	1.21%
Grass Creek	9.56E+13	0.70%
Chenois Creek	8.93E+13	0.66%
Newskah Creek	7.39E+13	0.54%
Charley Creek	6.91E+13	0.51%
Andrews Creek	5.78E+13	0.43%
Elliot Slough	4.44E+13	0.33%
Barlow	4.43E+13	0.33%
Grayland Ditch	4.31E+13	0.32%
Oleary Creek	3.80E+13	0.28%
Indian Creek	3.78E+13	0.278%
Redman Slough	1.76E+13	0.130%
Stafford Creek	1.75E+13	0.128%
Chapin Creek	1.42E+13	0.105%
Campbell Creek	1.25E+13	0.092%
Unnamed Westport creek	1.22E+13	0.090%
Peel/Higgins Slough	7.20E+12	0.053%
Dempsey	6.15E+12	0.045%
Mill Creek	2.79E+12	0.021%
Fry Creek	2.13E+12	0.016%
Miller Creek	1.42E+12	0.010%
Alder Creek	1.28E+12	0.009%
Dawes Creek	4.67E+11	0.003%
Wilson Creek	1.86E+11	0.001%
Shannon Slough	1.22E+11	0.001%
<b>Subtotal from tributaries</b>	<b>1.27E+16</b>	<b>93.2%</b>
<b>Point Sources</b>		
Weyco 001	5.14E+14	3.8%
GH Paper 001	4.37E+13	0.32%
Aberdeen STP	1.54E+13	0.11%
Weyco 002	5.45E+12	0.040%
Hoquiam STP	9.49E+11	0.007%
Elma STP	8.21E+11	0.006%
McCleary STP	7.51E+11	0.006%
Ocean Shores STP	3.70E+11	0.003%
Westport STP	1.05E+11	0.001%
Montesano STP	5.77E+10	0.000%
Ocean Spray 001	2.58E+09	0.00002%
<b>Subtotal from point sources</b>	<b>5.82E+14</b>	<b>4.3%</b>
<b>Urban Drains</b>		
Bay Ave drain	2.78E+13	0.20%
Emerson drain	2.06E+13	0.15%
H St. drain	1.67E+13	0.12%
Division St. drain	1.59E+13	0.12%
Adams drain	1.27E+13	0.09%
M St. drain	1.24E+13	0.09%
Arthur St drain	1.02E+13	0.08%
Queen Ave drain	7.56E+12	0.06%
K St drain	7.49E+12	0.06%
Saginaw Slough	2.82E+12	0.021%
15th St drain	1.30E+12	0.010%
28th St drain	6.51E+11	0.005%
other urban drains	2.04E+14	1.5%
<b>Subtotal from urban drains</b>	<b>3.40E+14</b>	<b>2.5%</b>
<b>Total from all sources</b>	<b>1.36E+16</b>	<b>100%</b>

Figure 15. Daily average flows from all tributaries to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.

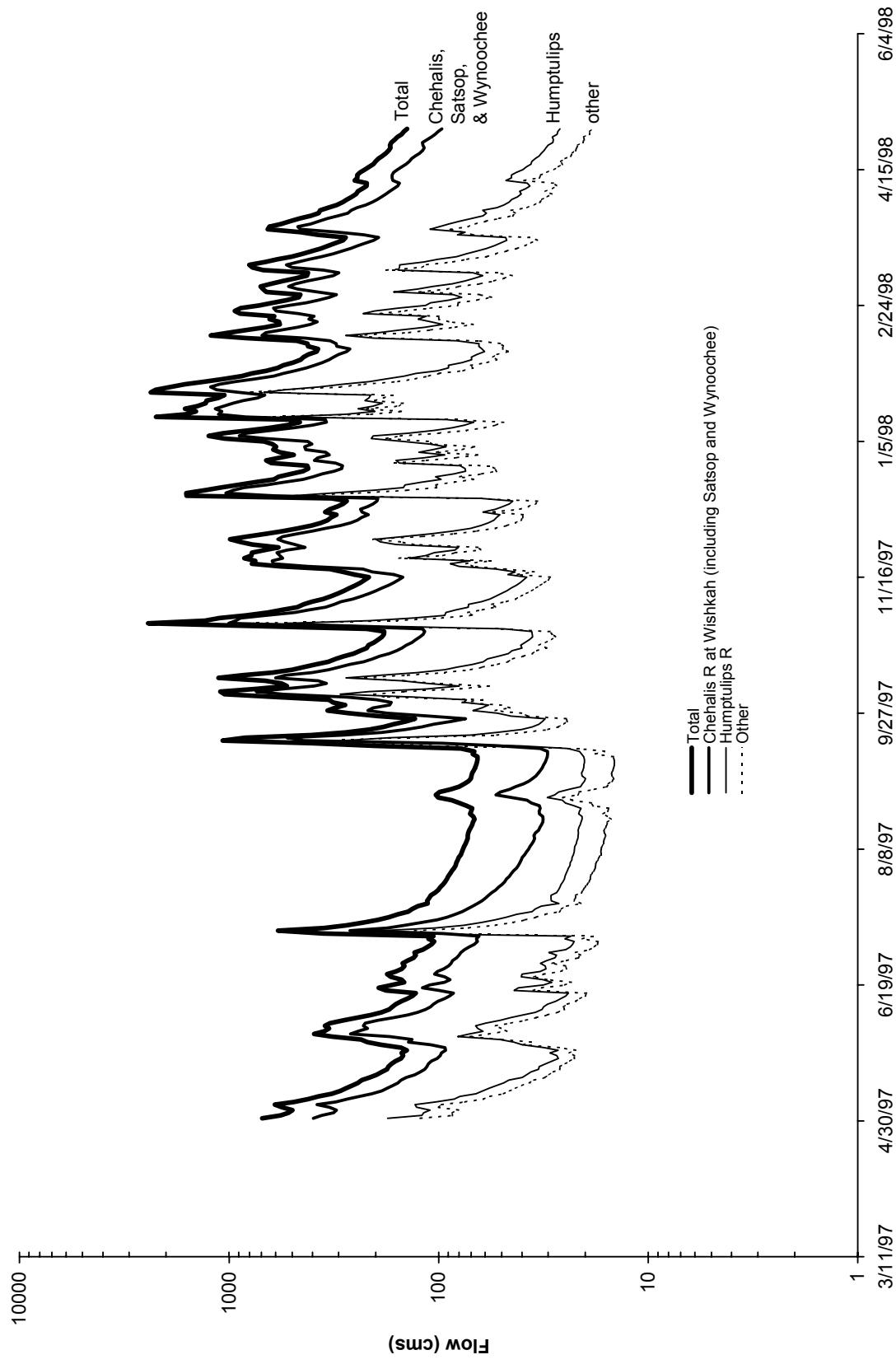


Figure 16. Total flows from tributaries to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.  
The average flow from all sources was 428 cms.

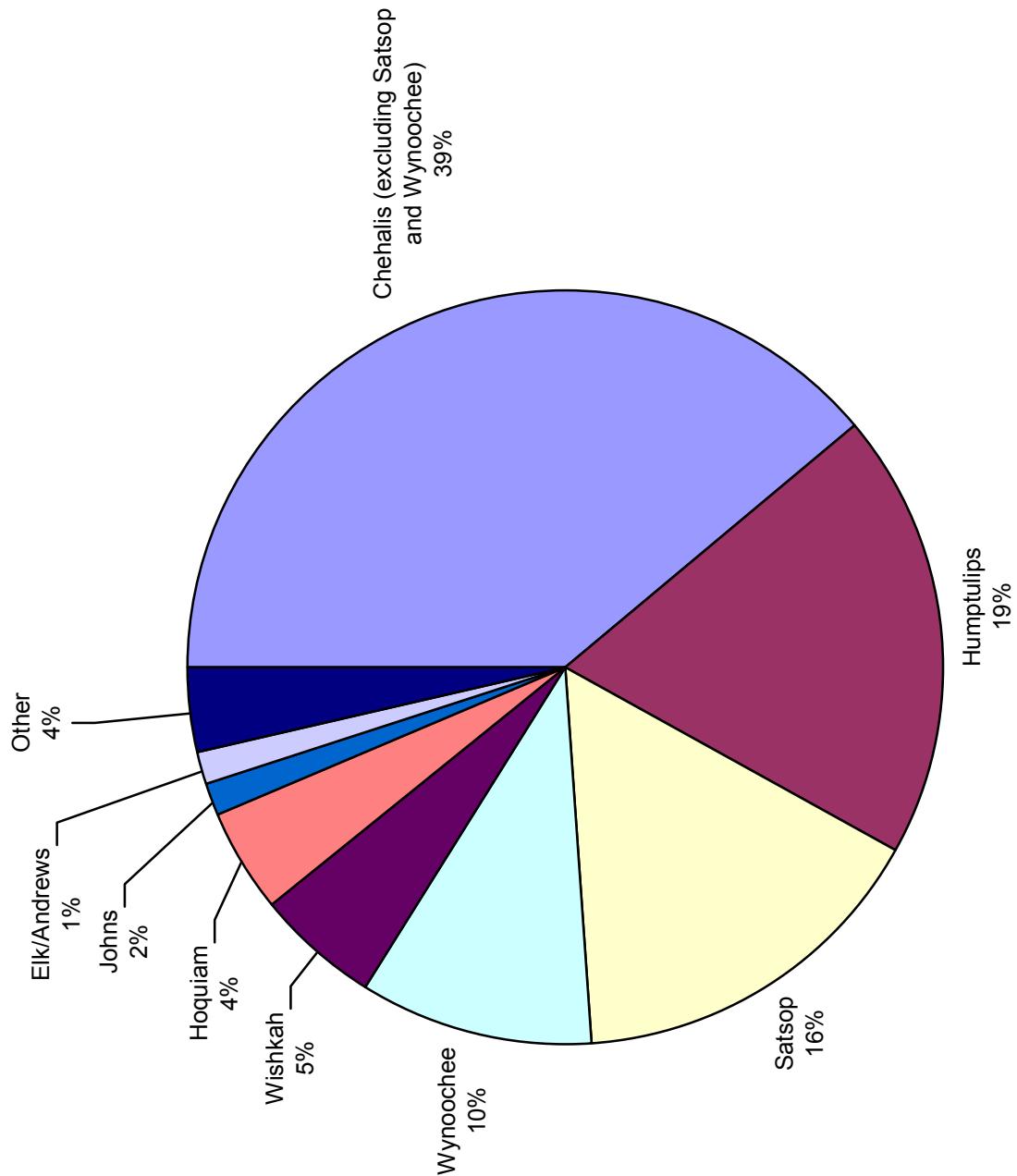
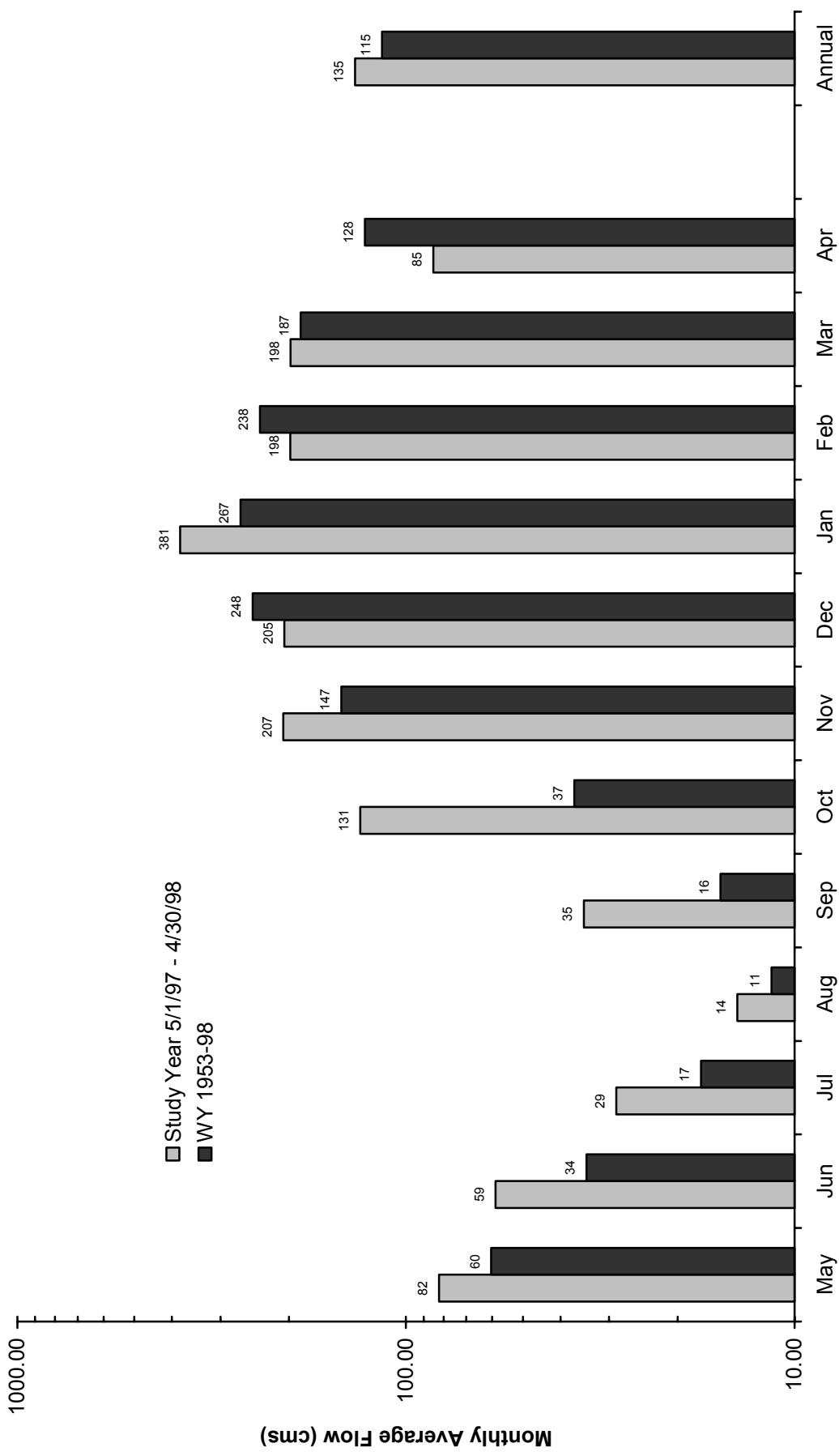
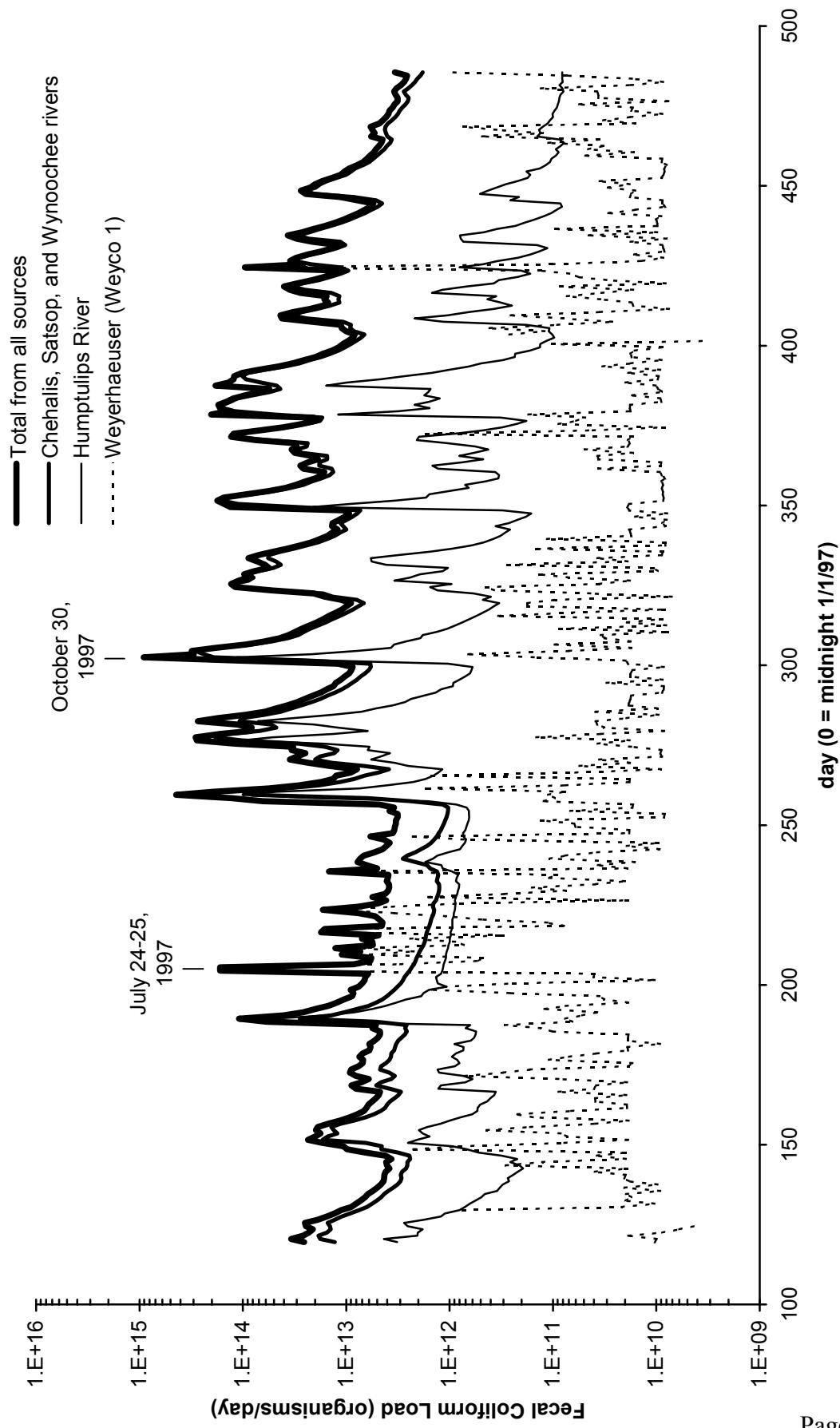


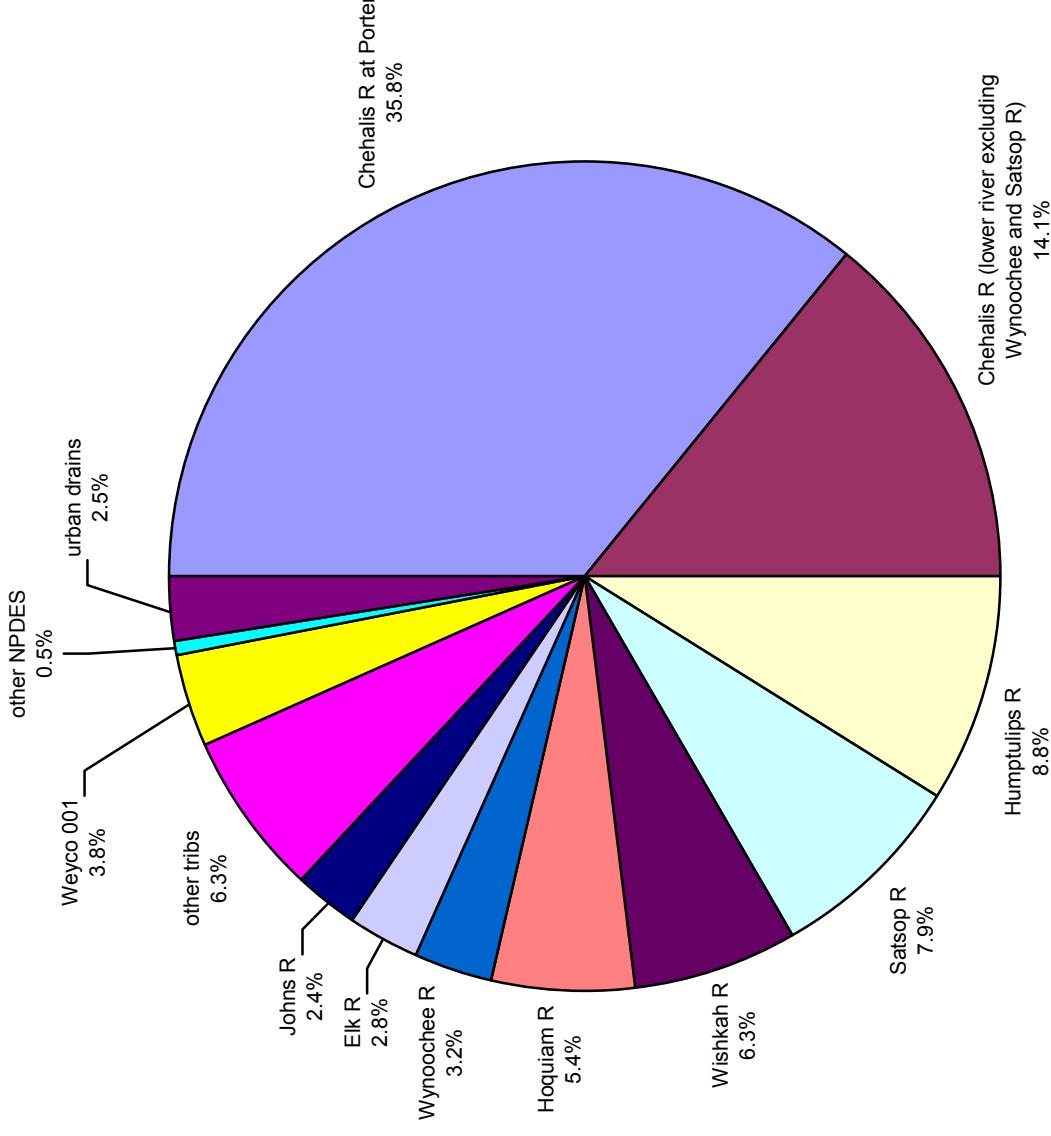
Figure 17. Monthly and annual average flows in the Chehalis River at Porter during the study year (5/1/97 - 4/30/98) compared with averages for water years 1953-1998.



**Figure 18. Daily loading of fecal coliform to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



**Figure 19. Total loads of fecal coliform to Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**  
**The total load from all sources was 1.36e16 organisms per year.**



Point sources and urban drains typically accounted for a relatively minor portion of the total load of fecal coliform. The daily discharge from the Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis Outfall 1 (Weyco 1) accounted for almost 4 percent of the total load for the study year. However, the load from Weyco 1 sometimes exceeded the combined loading from all other sources. During the times when the Weyco 1 discharge was in compliance with its permit, it represented a relatively minor contribution of loading compared with other sources. However, on three days during the study year the fecal coliform concentration in the Weyco 1 effluent exceeded its permit limit of 20,000 organisms per 100 ml. The highest loading event from Weyco 1 occurred on July 24 and 25, 1997, when the loading from Weyco 1 accounted for more than 95 percent of the total load from all sources.

The time-series of daily loading (Figure 18) is punctuated by many peaks that occurred in response to rainfall events. The highest daily loading of fecal coliform occurred on October 30, 1997. This loading event was caused mainly by increases in nonpoint sources during a relatively large storm. This event will be discussed in more detail later in this report.

## Water Quality Standards Comparison

### Freshwater

Large reductions in fecal coliform concentrations are needed to meet water quality standards for tributaries to Grays Harbor (Table 6, Figure 20). With the exception of the Wynoochee River, all tributaries discharging to Grays Harbor and the lower Chehalis River require some reduction in loading of fecal coliform to meet freshwater quality standards. The total reduction in loading needed to meet freshwater standards for all sources combined is approximately  $7.4 \times 10^{15}$  colonies/year, which is an average of about a 57 percent reduction of the current total loading from tributaries (Table 6).

The geometric means and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles of fecal coliform were estimated based on monthly summaries of estimated daily concentrations from the regression analysis described above. Therefore, short-term events of high fecal coliform concentrations associated with runoff are probably reflected in these estimates, because the regression analysis accounts for variability that occurs with changes in flow as well as season.

Fecal coliform concentrations in the Chehalis River at Porter, which is the largest loading source to the Grays Harbor system, was examined by three methods (Table 6):

- Monthly summaries of estimated daily concentrations from the regression analysis described above.
- 5-sample running averages of 1997-1998 data estimated as an approximation of seasonal variability during the study year.
- Aggregating monthly data from the past 10 years of monitoring to consider inter-annual variability (Figure 21).

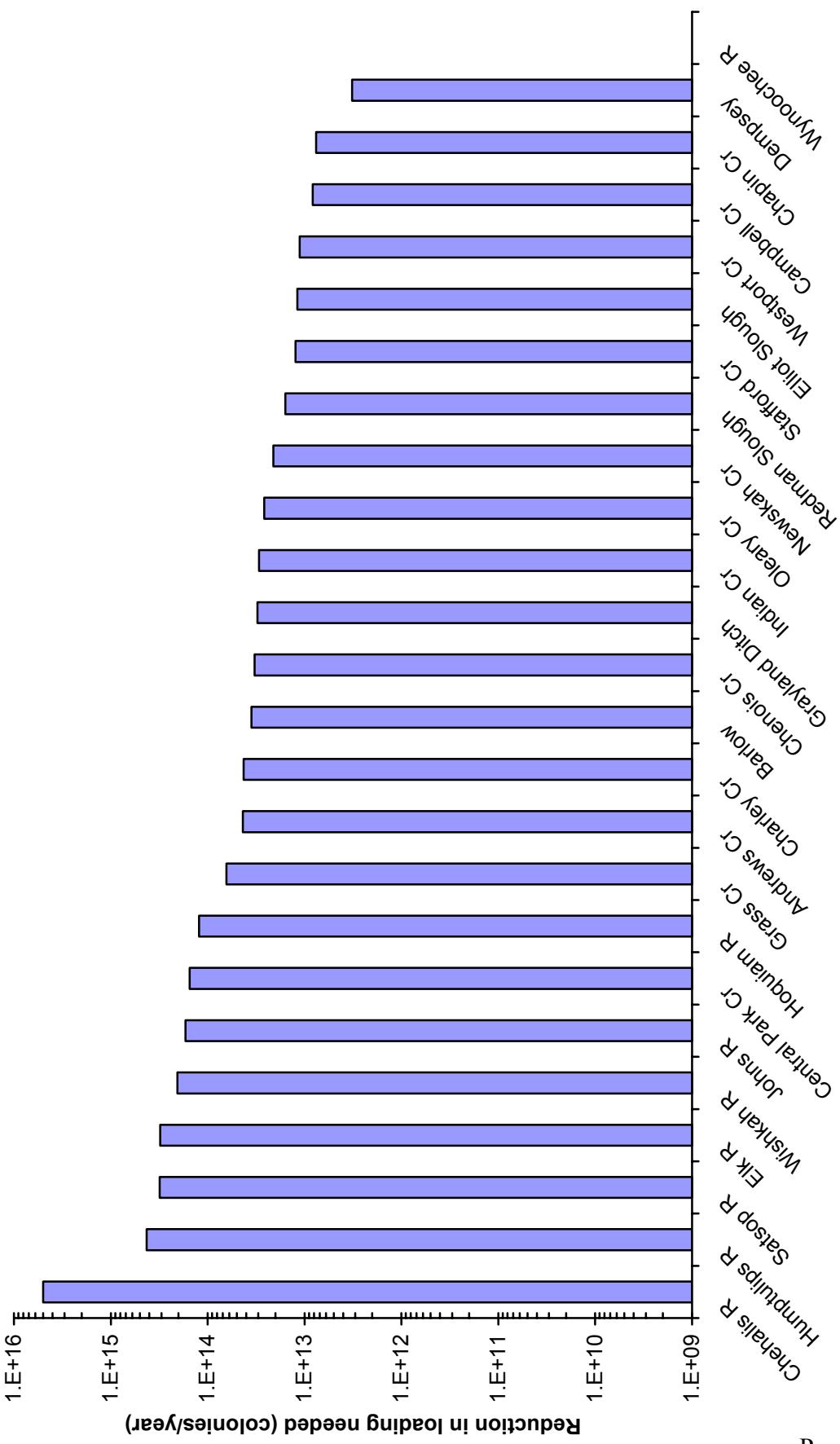
Table 6. Estimated percent reduction in fecal coliform needed in tributaries to Grays Harbor to meet freshwater standards.  
(The highest monthly geometric means and 90th percentiles were estimated for each station.)

Tributaries	Geometric means (number/ 100ml)	90th percentiles (number/ 100ml)	Fresh water quality classification according to WAC 173-201A	Percent reduction to meet the freshwater standard based on maximum month	Target maximum monthly geometric mean after rollback (colonies/ 100 ml)	Percentage of total load to Grays Harbor from all sources before rollback	Total fecal coliform load during 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (colonies/yr)	Reduction needed to meet water quality standard (colonies/yr)	Load allocation to meet water quality standard (colonies/yr)
<b>Chehalis River (excluding Satop and Wynoochee rivers)</b>									
- regression estimates of conditions during the 1997-98 study year									
- 5-sample running averages of 1997-98 data									
- based on 1988-98 samples aggregated by month									
<b>Other tributaries (1)</b>									
Humpnumps River near mouth	115	310	A	35%	74	8.8%	1.20E+15	4.27E+14	7.70E+14
Satop River	134	282	A	29%	95	7.9%	1.08E+15	3.13E+14	7.65E+14
Wishkah River near mouth	262	374	B	24%	200	6.3%	8.60E+14	2.05E+14	6.55E+14
Wishkah River above river mile 6	262	374	A	62%	100	--	--	--	--
Hoquiam River near mouth	121	480	B	17%	101	5.4%	7.39E+14	1.23E+14	6.15E+14
Hoquiam River near mouth (hypothetical class A)	121	480	B	58%	50	--	--	--	--
West Fork Hoquiam River above river mile 9.3 (Dekay Riverroad)	92	319	A	37%	58	--	--	--	--
East Fork Hoquiam River	117	166	A	14%	100	--	--	--	--
Wynoochee River	83	90	A	0%	83	3.2%	4.36E+14	0.00E+00	4.36E+14
Elk River near mouth	402	1029	A	81%	78	2.8%	3.82E+14	3.08E+14	7.42E+13
Johns River near mouth	150	412	A	51%	73	2.4%	3.29E+14	1.69E+14	1.60E+14
Unnamed Central Park creek	516	3200	A	94%	32	1.2%	1.64E+14	1.54E+14	1.02E+13
Grass Creek	60	606	A	67%	20	0.70%	9.56E+13	6.40E+13	3.15E+13
Cheroris Creek	54	316	A	37%	34	0.66%	8.93E+13	3.28E+13	5.66E+13
Newskan Creek	97	279	A	28%	69	0.54%	7.39E+13	2.10E+13	5.20E+13
Charlie Creek	259	320	A	61%	100	0.51%	6.91E+13	4.25E+13	2.67E+13
Andrews Creek near mouth	134	797	A	75%	34	0.43%	5.78E+13	4.33E+13	1.45E+13
Elliot Slough	136	261	A	27%	100	0.33%	4.44E+13	1.18E+13	3.20E+13
Barlow Creek	339	974	A	79%	70	0.33%	4.43E+13	3.52E+13	9.10E+12
Grayland Ditch	348	425	A	71%	100	0.32%	4.31E+13	3.07E+13	1.24E+13
Oleary Creek	302	633	A	68%	95	0.28%	3.80E+13	2.60E+13	1.20E+13
Indian Creek	154	897	A	78%	34	0.28%	3.78E+13	2.94E+13	8.43E+12
Redman Slough	950	964	A	89%	100	0.13%	1.76E+13	1.58E+13	1.80E+12
Stafford Creek	339	681	A	71%	99	0.13%	1.75E+13	1.23E+13	5.12E+12
Chapin Creek	108	432	A	54%	50	0.10%	1.42E+13	7.63E+12	6.55E+12
Campbell Creek	134	581	A	66%	46	0.09%	1.25E+13	8.23E+12	4.32E+12
Unnamed Westport creek	1310	1335	A	92%	100	0.09%	1.22E+13	1.13E+13	9.30E+11
Dempsey Creek	123	423	A	53%	58	0.05%	6.15E+12	3.24E+12	2.94E+12
Other small tributaries	--	--	--	--	--	0.11%	1.56E+13	--	1.56E+13
<b>Urban Drains (2)</b>	692	9103		98%	15	2.5%	3.40E+14	3.33E+14	7.48E+12
<b>Total</b>					57%		1.30E+16	7.42E+15	5.59E+15

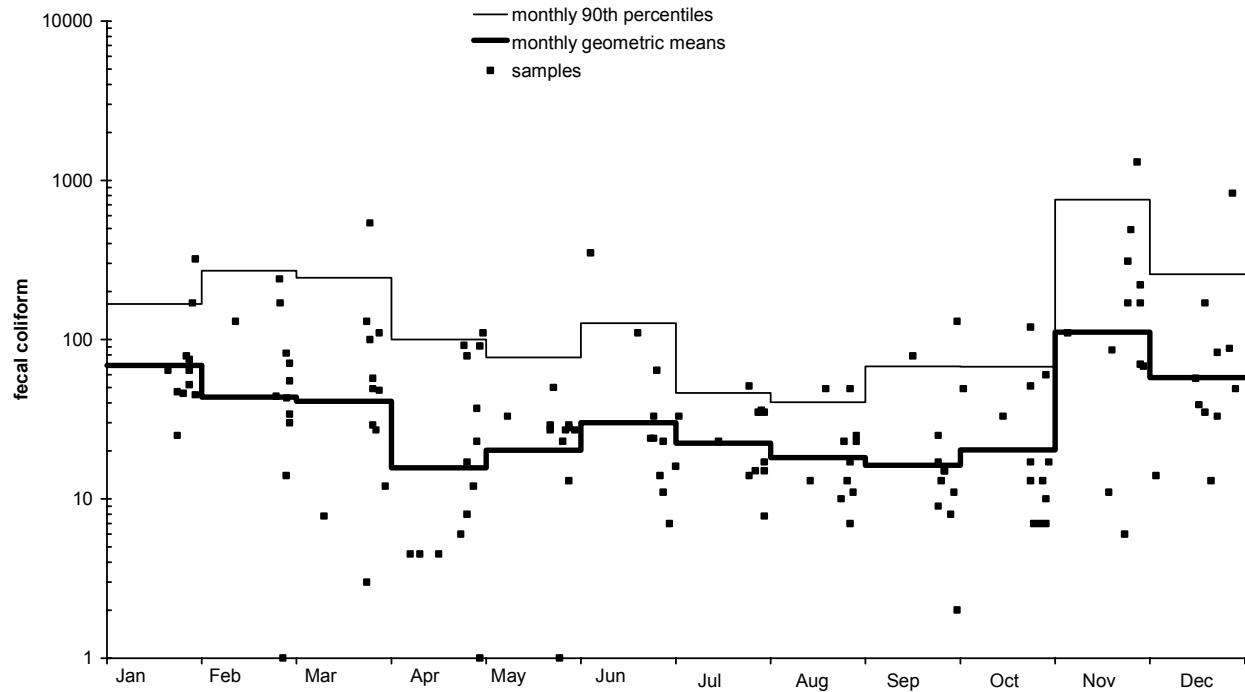
1) Maximum of 30-day geometric means and 90th percentiles of regression estimates of daily concentrations from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.

2) Based on geometric means and upper 90th percentiles of all samples during the study from 11 urban drains in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam-Cosmopolis areas. Load allocations were extrapolated to also include urban drains of unsampled developed areas.

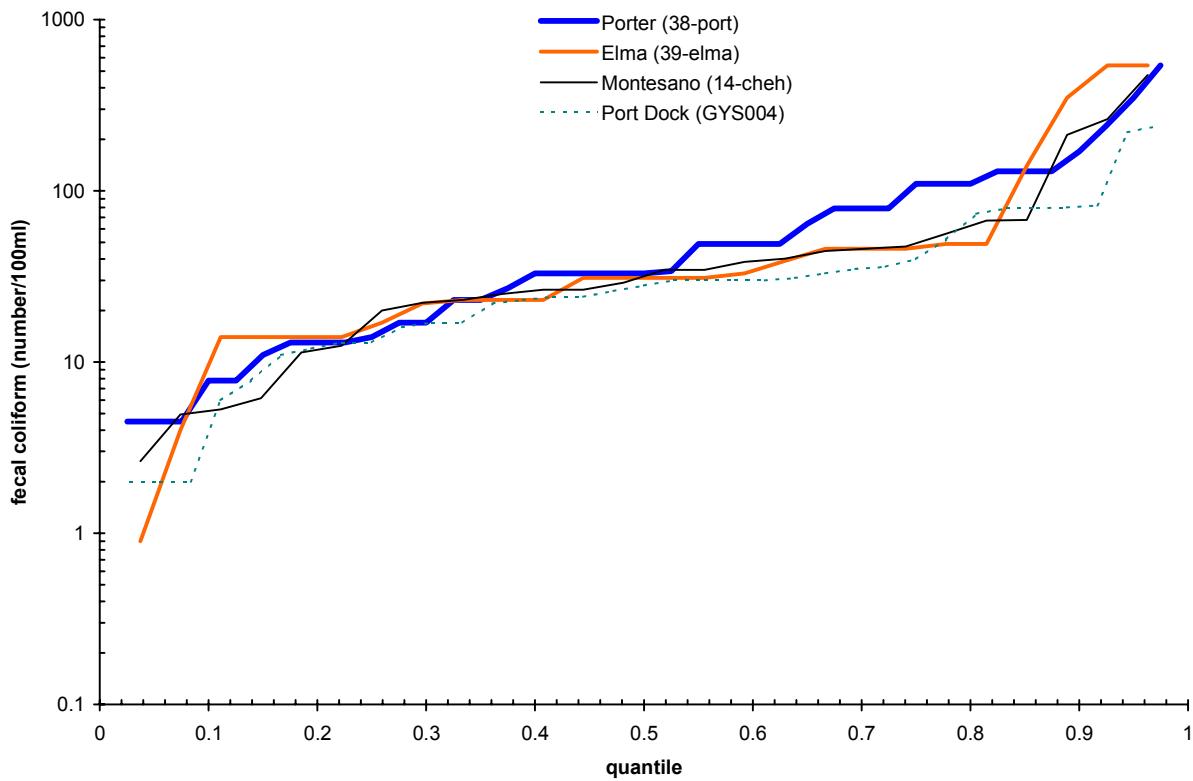
**Figure 20. Reduction in fecal coliform loading needed for tributaries to meet water quality standards.**



**Figure 21a. Monthly geometric means and 90th percentiles of fecal coliform in the Chehalis R at Porter, 1988-98.**



**Figure 21b. Fecal coliform distributions at various locations in the Chehalis River during 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



These additional methods were examined for the Chehalis River because of the relatively large (1) amount of data that was available and (2) importance of loading compared with the other tributaries. The analyses of seasonal variability during the study year (5-sample running averages) and long-term conditions for the Chehalis River (Table 6) suggest that a greater reduction in loading (74 percent reduction) may be needed for this source, compared with regression estimates of loads during the study year (48 percent reduction needed to meet freshwater class A standards). The concentration of fecal coliform at Porter was generally equal to or higher than concentrations downstream from Porter (Figure 21). Therefore, reductions in concentrations of fecal coliform that are needed to meet water quality standards in the Chehalis River at Porter are a reasonably safe indicator of the amount of reduction that is also needed in the un-monitored downstream areas of the Chehalis River watershed.

## Marine water

The sampling scheme for Ecology routine ambient monitoring of fecal coliform in marine waters is not optimal for detecting potentially high concentrations that can occur during runoff events (Newton et al., 1998). Ecology generally uses the ambient monitoring data as an indicator of potential chronic contamination, and recognizes that open waters are under-sampled with respect to the probability of identifying short-term episodic events of contamination. Newton et al. (1998) has reported that very high counts of fecal coliform bacteria are recorded year-round in Grays Harbor.

In Chapter 173-201A-060(3) WAC, the state water quality standards say:

*"In determining compliance with the fecal coliform criteria in WAC 173-201A-030, averaging of data collected beyond a thirty-day period, or beyond a specific discharge event under investigation, shall not be permitted when such averaging would skew the data set so as to mask non-compliance periods."*

It is likely that annual or seasonal averaging of the ambient data may mask non-compliance with the standards, since (1) a typical storm event or upset event from point sources is usually less than a week in duration, and (2) it would skew the results and possibly mask non-compliance to extend the averaging period significantly beyond the length of a discharge event. However, the data were summarized using annual and seasonal aggregation to provide a general description of spatial and seasonal trends, with the understanding that exceedence of the water quality standards may have occurred even if exceedence was not detected by such averaging.

The measured concentrations of fecal coliform at stations in Grays Harbor were examined two ways to compare with the marine standard for a geometric mean and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile (Table 7):

- All samples for the study year (May 1997–April 1998) were aggregated for calculation of an annual geometric mean and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile.
- Samples from the wet season, October 1997–January 1998, were aggregated for calculation of a seasonal geometric mean and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile.

Table 7. Comparison of annual and wet season geometric means and 90th percentiles of fecal coliform (number/100ml) at marine stations with marine criteria.

Station	Marine water quality class in WAC 173-201A	May 1997 through April 1998 (entire study year)				Oct. 1997 through Jan. 1998 (wet season)			
		geometric mean (number/100ml)	90th percentile (number/100ml)	percent of samples >90%tile criterion	total number of samples	geometric mean (number/100ml)	90th percentile (number/100ml)	percent of samples >90%tile criterion	total number of samples
<b>Dept of Health stations</b>									
01-DOH	A	6.8	21		12	5.0	12		4
02-DOH	A	2.5	6.5		12	3.6	18		4
03-DOH	A	2.2	3.8		12	2.3	4.1		4
05-DOH	A	5.7	31		11	7.3	43		3
06-DOH	A	1.9	2.0		6	1.8	1.8		2
07-DOH	A	2.4	4.6		6	3.7	11		2
08-DOH	A	3.9	20		6	9.9	<b>180</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>2</b>
09-DOH	A	1.8	1.8		12	1.8	1.8		4
11-DOH	A	2.3	3.9		11	2.2	3.7		4
15-DOH	A	2.7	7.0		12	3.4	8.2		4
17-DOH	A	3.1	6.8		12	3.4	8.2		4
21-DOH	A	2.3	3.9		12	2.4	4.1		4
22-DOH	A	3.9	12		12	7.6	17		4
23-DOH	A	4.1	12		12	3.7	11		4
24-DOH	A	7.2	31		12	6.6	19		4
25-DOH	A	3.9	10		11	4.1	9.9		3
26-DOH	A	3.5	11		11	5.2	22		3
30-DOH	A	2.6	5.1		12	4.1	8.9		4
44-DOH	A	2.8	9.5		12	2.3	3.7		4
46-DOH	A	1.9	2.0		6	1.9	2.1		2
51-DOH	A	2.0	2.7		12	2.4	3.7		4
52-DOH	A	<b>15</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>25%</b>	12	11.1	33		4
54-DOH	A	8.0	37		24	9.1	25		8
55-DOH	A	<b>17</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>25%</b>	12	<b>20</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>4</b>
56-DOH	A	<b>31</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>36%</b>	11	<b>24</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>4</b>
57-DOH	A	2.5	5.3		12	2.3	4.1		4
59-DOH	A	4.9	27		12	10	41		4
60-DOH	A	4.5	24		12	4.5	10		4
61-DOH	A	<b>49</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>42%</b>	12	<b>21</b>	41		4
GHPRD	A	6.2	29		11	--	--		--
<b>Dept of Ecology stations</b>									
GYS004	B	<b>22</b>	<b>99</b>		19	<b>21</b>	31		3
GYS008	B	7.4	31		20	10	<b>58</b>		3
GYS009	B	6.4	22		17	<b>20</b>	127		3
GYS015	A	2.3	10		17	13	<b>350</b>	<b>50%</b>	2
GYS016	A	1.8	5.0		16	3.9	<b>56</b>	<b>0%</b>	2
GYS017	B	<b>32</b>	<b>100</b>		10	<b>18</b>	110		2
GYS018	B	4.7	28		10	8.1	<b>100</b>		2
GYS019	A	3.8	22		9	8.1	<b>100</b>	<b>0%</b>	2
GYS685	B	<b>19</b>	<b>61</b>		10	--	--		--

Shaded values indicate exceedence of the standards at each location, whether class A or B.

**Bold** values without shading indicate exceedence of marine class A criteria in areas that are designated class B, which is not a violation of standards, but is meant to suggest areas where concentrations are relatively high.

The estimated 90th percentiles are based on a log-normal distribution.

Both of these methods of aggregating data are expected to underestimate the potential of episodic high concentrations within time scales ranging from several days to several weeks. However, these comparisons can be used as an indicator of potential problems, provided there is recognition that actual concentrations at smaller time scales are likely to be worse than the aggregated estimates. Therefore, exceedence of criteria in these aggregated periods may be an indicator that actual conditions were even more severe, and conformance with criteria in the aggregated periods does not conclusively indicate that criteria were being met at smaller time scales.

The annual and seasonal comparison with water quality standards (Table 7) shows that concentrations of fecal coliform exceed marine criteria at several locations in Grays Harbor. Typical concentrations in the inner harbor and the inner south region exceed the criteria whether aggregated annually or seasonally. Ecology stations generally show higher concentrations when data are aggregated over the wet season instead of annually.

Concentrations at locations that are designated as marine class B (the inner harbor) frequently exceed the criteria for class A waters. Although no stations were observed to exceed the class B standard, data from stations near the transition line between class B and class A designations suggest that some regions designated class A probably exceed criteria because of relatively high concentrations in adjoining regions designated class B.

## **Hydrodynamic and Water Quality Modeling**

### **Hydrodynamic calibration**

Calibration of the hydrodynamic model of Grays Harbor involved the following elements:

- Specification of the bathymetry and geometry of the model network.
- Specification of freshwater inflows at daily intervals.
- Specification of tides at the seaward boundary at the entrance to Grays Harbor at hourly intervals.
- Adjustment of the bottom friction coefficients to match predicted tides.
- Matching of predicted and observed salinity with minor adjustments to model geometry.

The electronic files for the final calibration input files and a DOS executable version of the model are available as described in Appendices C and D.

The bathymetry and geometry were estimated from available data from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE). The NOAA data included the nautical chart (NOAA chart number 18502) as well as digital bathymetry data. ACOE provided digital bathymetry data of current conditions from their dredged navigation projects. A Cartesian grid of digital bathymetry was estimated using the Arcview Geographic Information System (GIS) by merging the more recent ACOE data over the more widespread NOAA digital and chart data.

Daily freshwater inflows from all tributaries to Grays Harbor were estimated as explained in other sections of this report (Appendix B). The freshwater tributaries were distributed to 25 locations in the model network (flow boundary nodes) to accurately describe spatial variability of inflows.

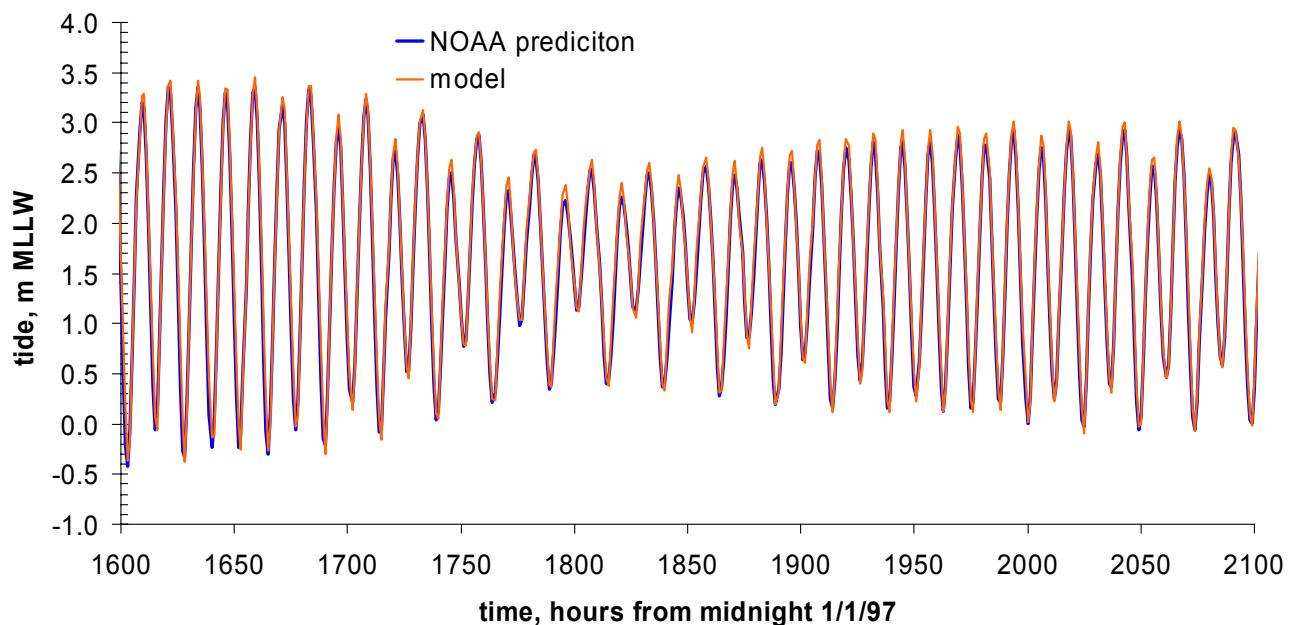
Tides at the seaward boundary and interior locations in Grays Harbor were estimated based on predicted hourly tides from NOAA data as implemented in Nautical Software (1996). The hydrodynamic model calibration was checked by comparing predicted tides from the model with predicted tides from the NOAA predictions.

Figure 22 presents the comparison of the hydrodynamic model and NOAA tide predictions. The hydrodynamic model did an excellent job of reproducing the NOAA predictions at Aberdeen and Montesano. The predicted tidal record was also analyzed to extract the various sinusoidal components (Duxbury, 1971). Tidal components or constituents are harmonic elements in a mathematical expression for the tide-producing force and in corresponding formulas for the tide or tidal current. Each constituent represents a periodic change or variation in the relative positions of the earth, moon, and sun. The amplitude of the constituent is a measure of its relative importance. The phase is a measure of the recurrence of the constituent relative to a specific origin. For example, the principal lunar component (M2) typically accounts for most of the variation in tides, followed by the principal solar semi-diurnal constituent (S2), but several other semi-diurnal and diurnal components are superimposed. Figure 23 shows the comparison of seven tidal constituents from the hydrodynamic model with the NOAA predictions. In general, there was excellent agreement between the hydrodynamic model and the NOAA predictions.

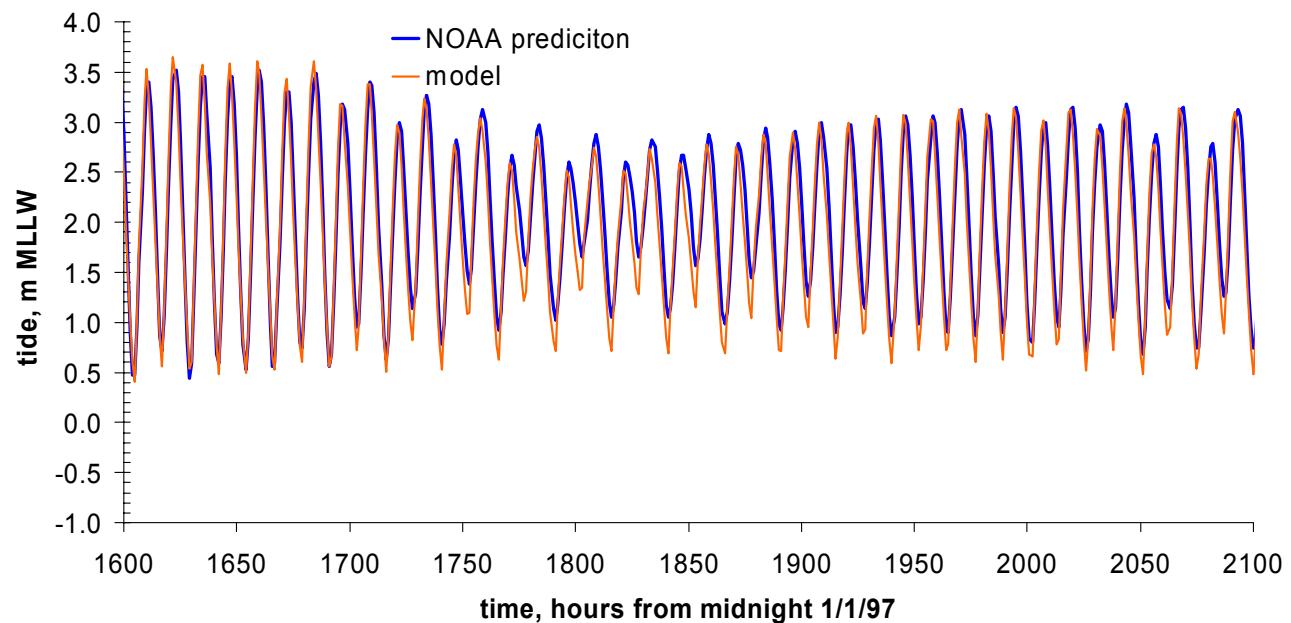
The hydrodynamic model was run for the continuous simulation of tidally dynamic conditions for May 1997–April 1998 (study year) using a time step of 30 seconds. Figures 24 through 29 present a comparison of predicted and observed salinity from throughout the harbor. The salinity measurements were made at approximately monthly intervals, in contrast to the much more frequent predictions of the hydrodynamic model (30-second time step). The predicted salinity matched the observed salinity reasonably well throughout the harbor, including representation of variations within the tidal cycles (e.g., the first month of simulation is shown in Figure 24) and seasonal variability (the entire period of the simulation is shown in Figures 25 through 30). The inner south region (segment 81) was the most difficult area for calibration of salinity, possibly because of the shallowness and confinement of this area and the relatively high variability due to the freshwater sources, but the predicted salinity was not significantly different from observed salinity in this region.

Initial predictions of depth-averaged salinity were based on a suggested typical salinity by Duxbury (1979) of about 32.5 parts per thousand (ppt) in nearshore coastal waters. The corresponding predictions of depth-averaged salinity within Grays Harbor were, on average, approximately 7.9 percent greater than the observed surface salinity according to a paired-sample t-test. The mean difference between paired samples of observed and predicted salinity was only  $1.3 \pm 4.7$  parts per thousand. This difference between predicted and observed salinity is reasonably small, and could be a result of uncertainty in the estimated salinity at the seaward

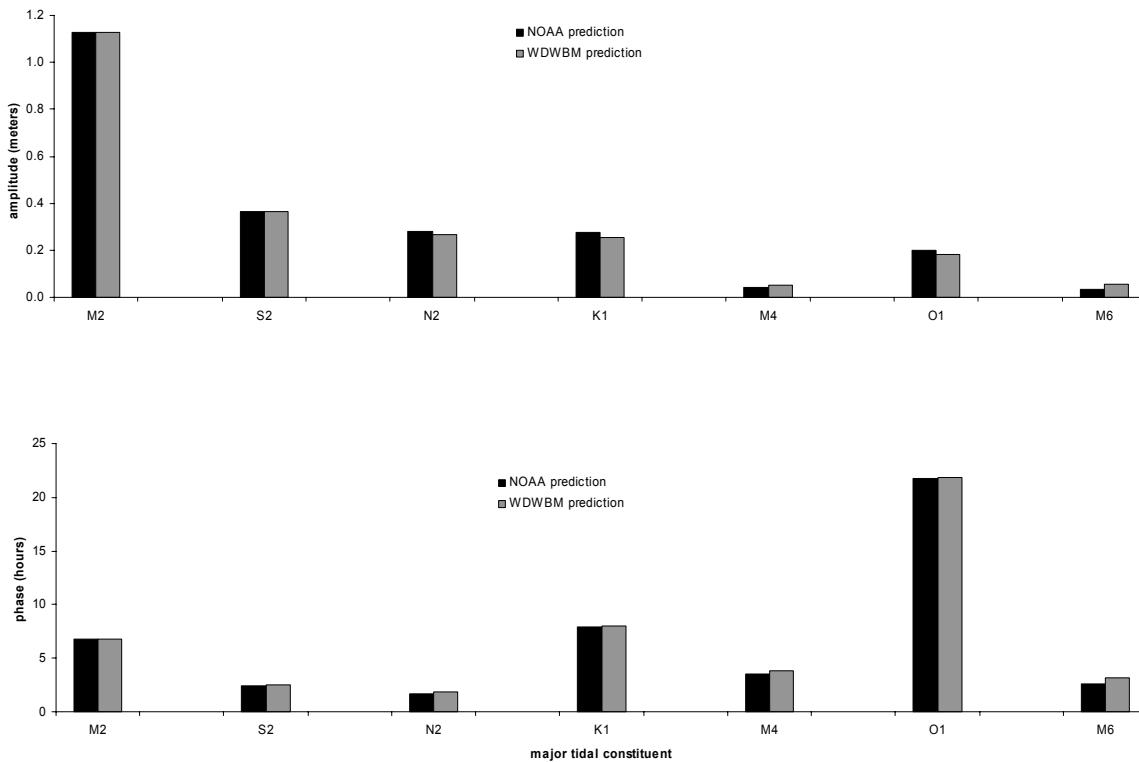
**Figure 22a. Comparison of model and NOAA tide predictions for Aberdeen  
mid-March through mid-April, 1997 (node 34, run 4)**



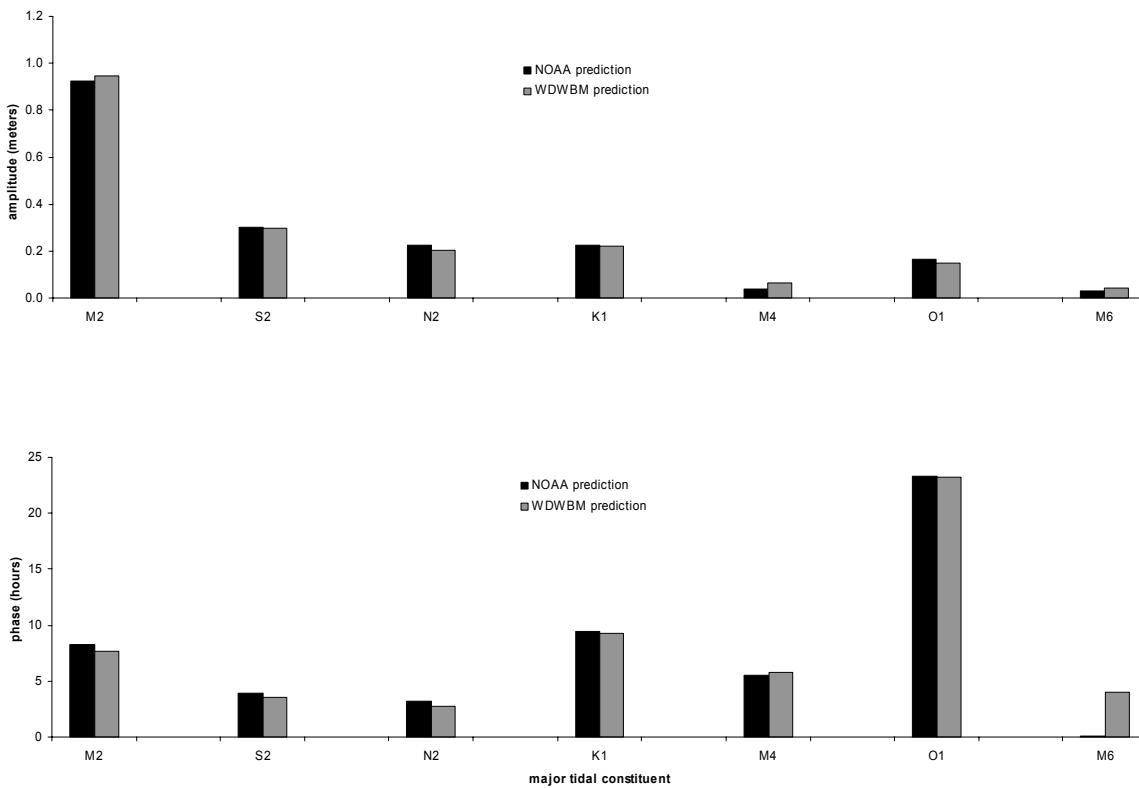
**Figure 22b. Comparison of model and NOAA tide predictions for Montesano  
mid-March through mid-April, 1997, Chehalis R (node 64, run 9)**



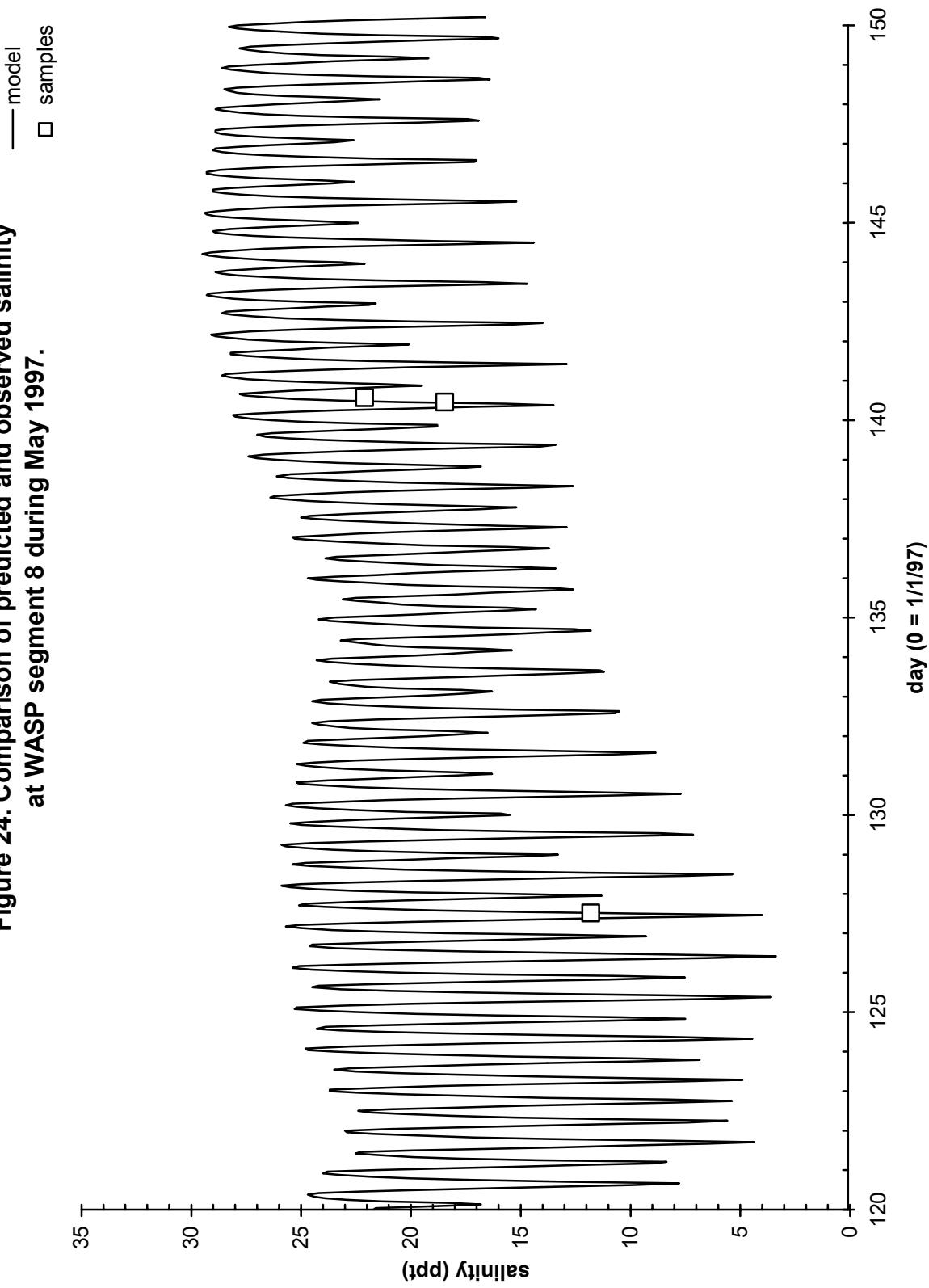
**Figure 23a. Comparison of tidal constituents for NOAA's tide predictions with WDWBM predictions for Aberdeen.**



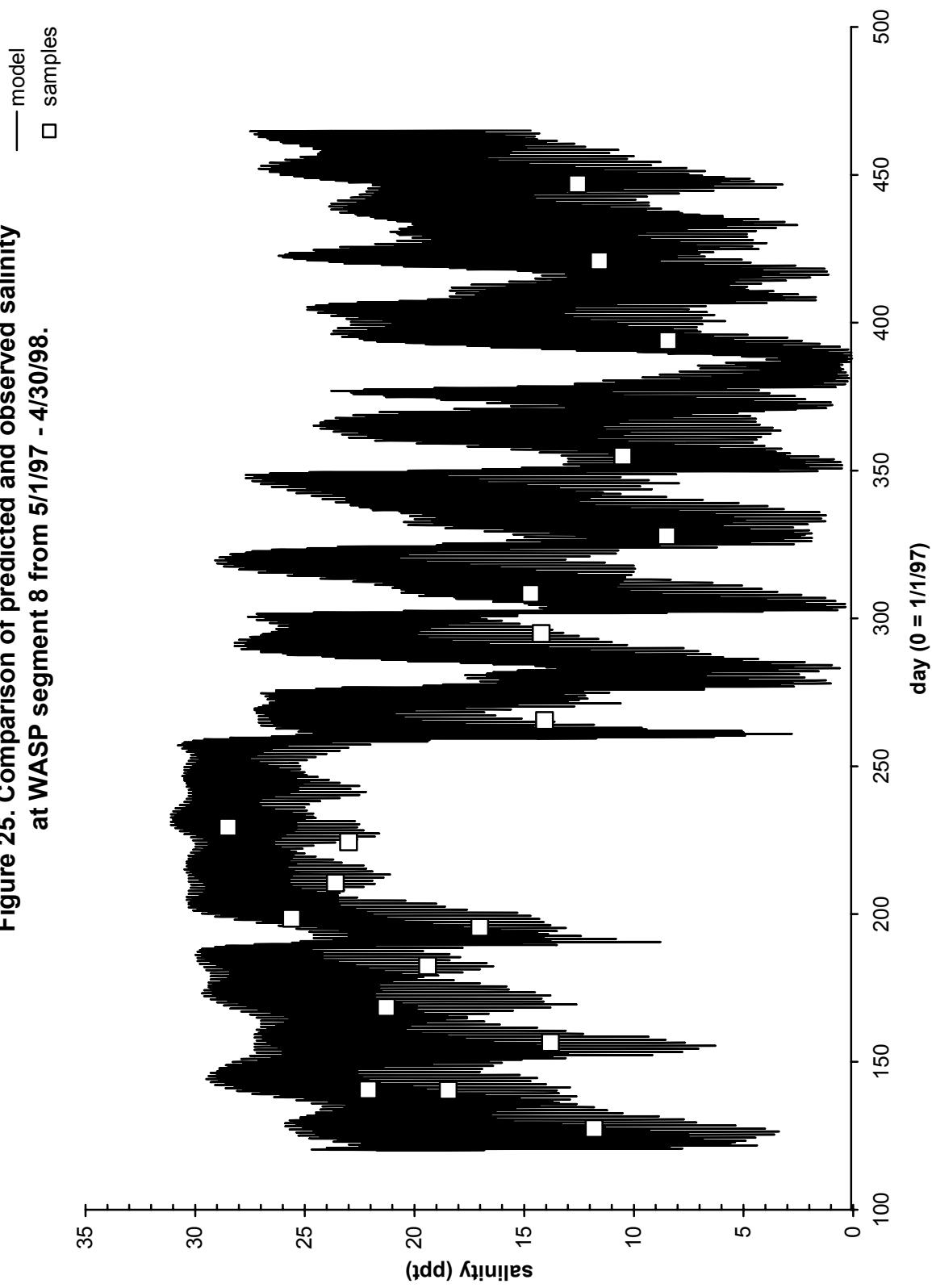
**Figure 23b. Comparison of tidal constituents for NOAA's tide predictions with WDWBM predictions for Montesano.**



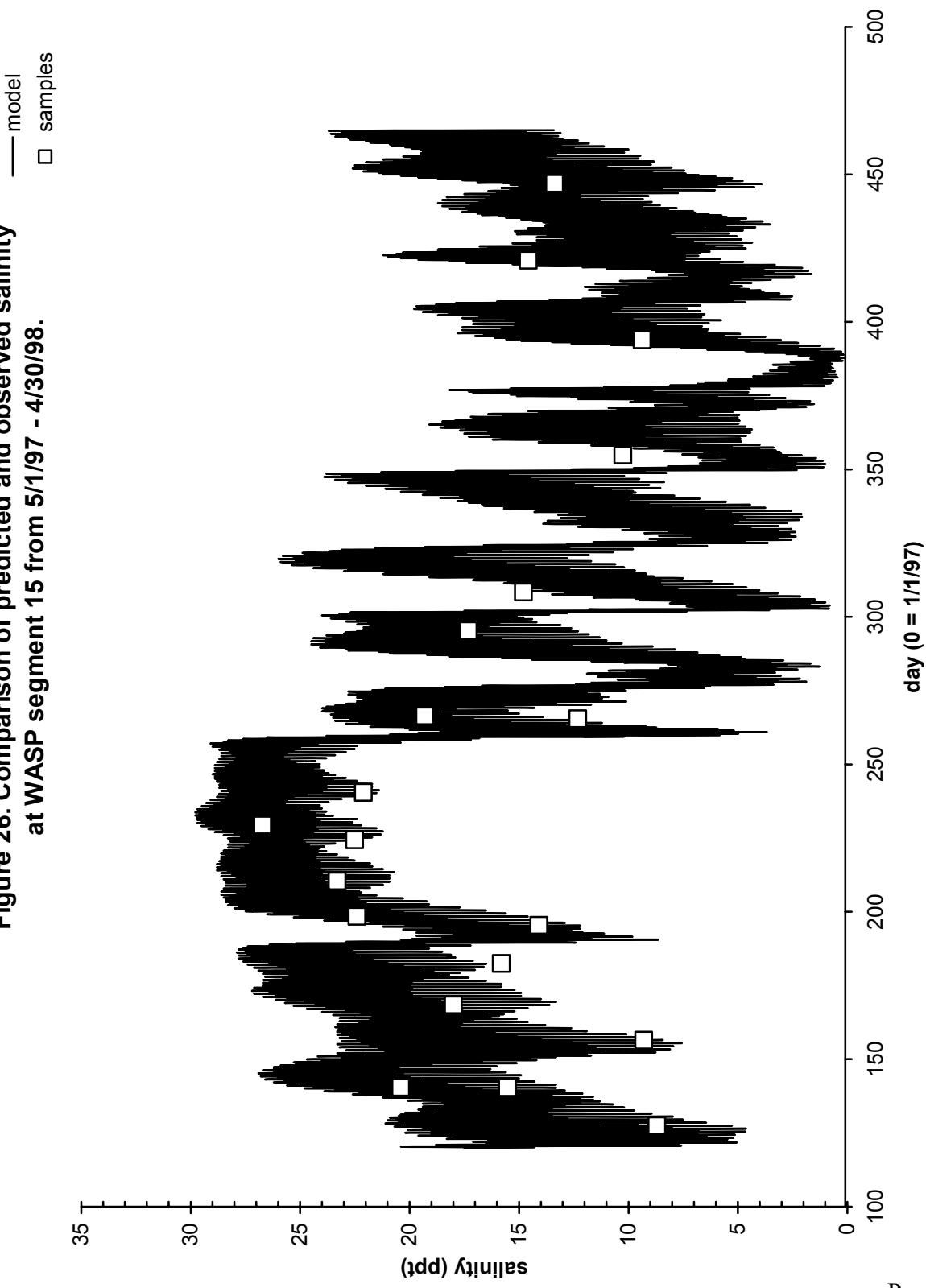
**Figure 24. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity at WASP segment 8 during May 1997.**



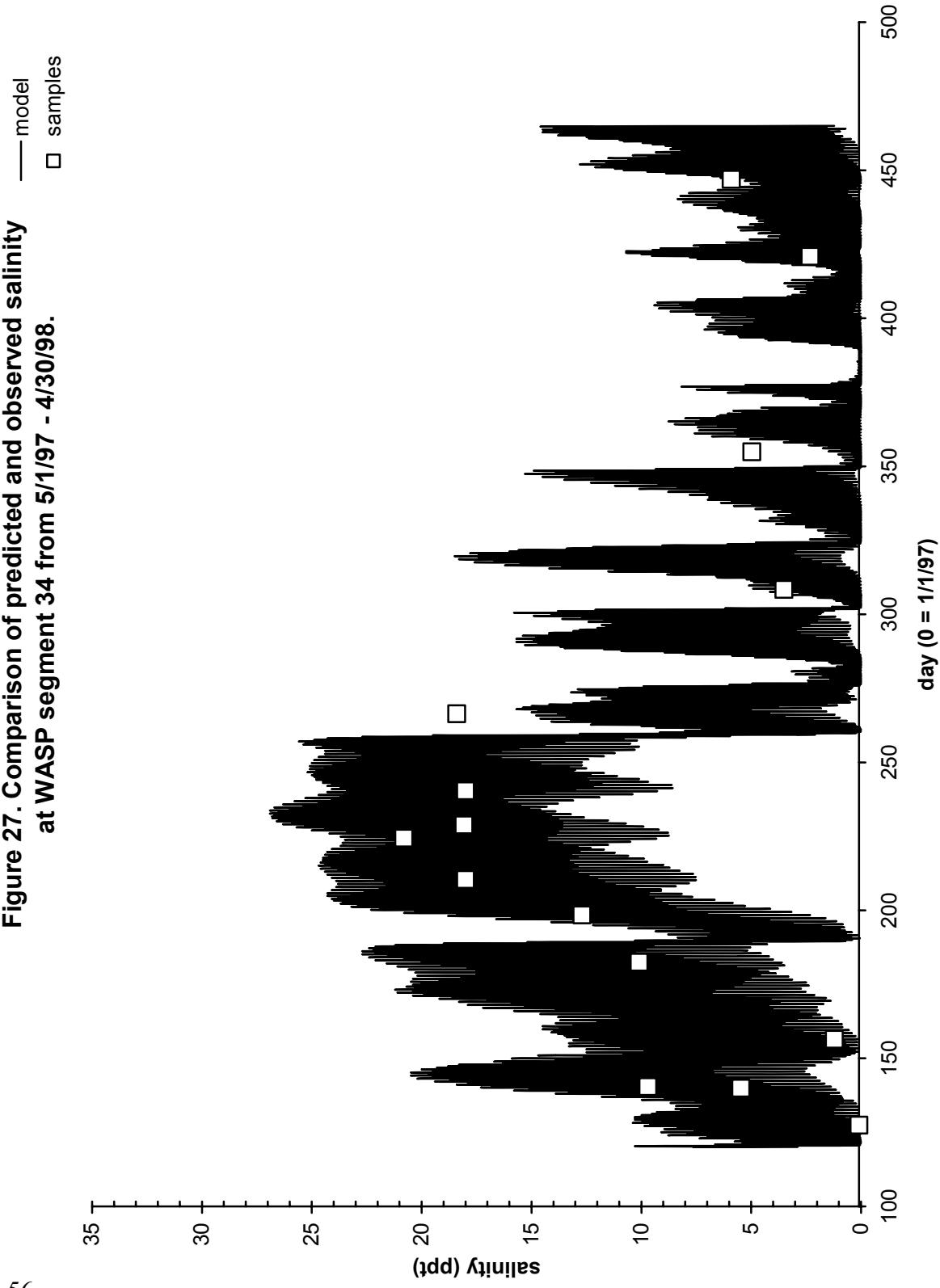
**Figure 25. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity  
at WASP segment 8 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



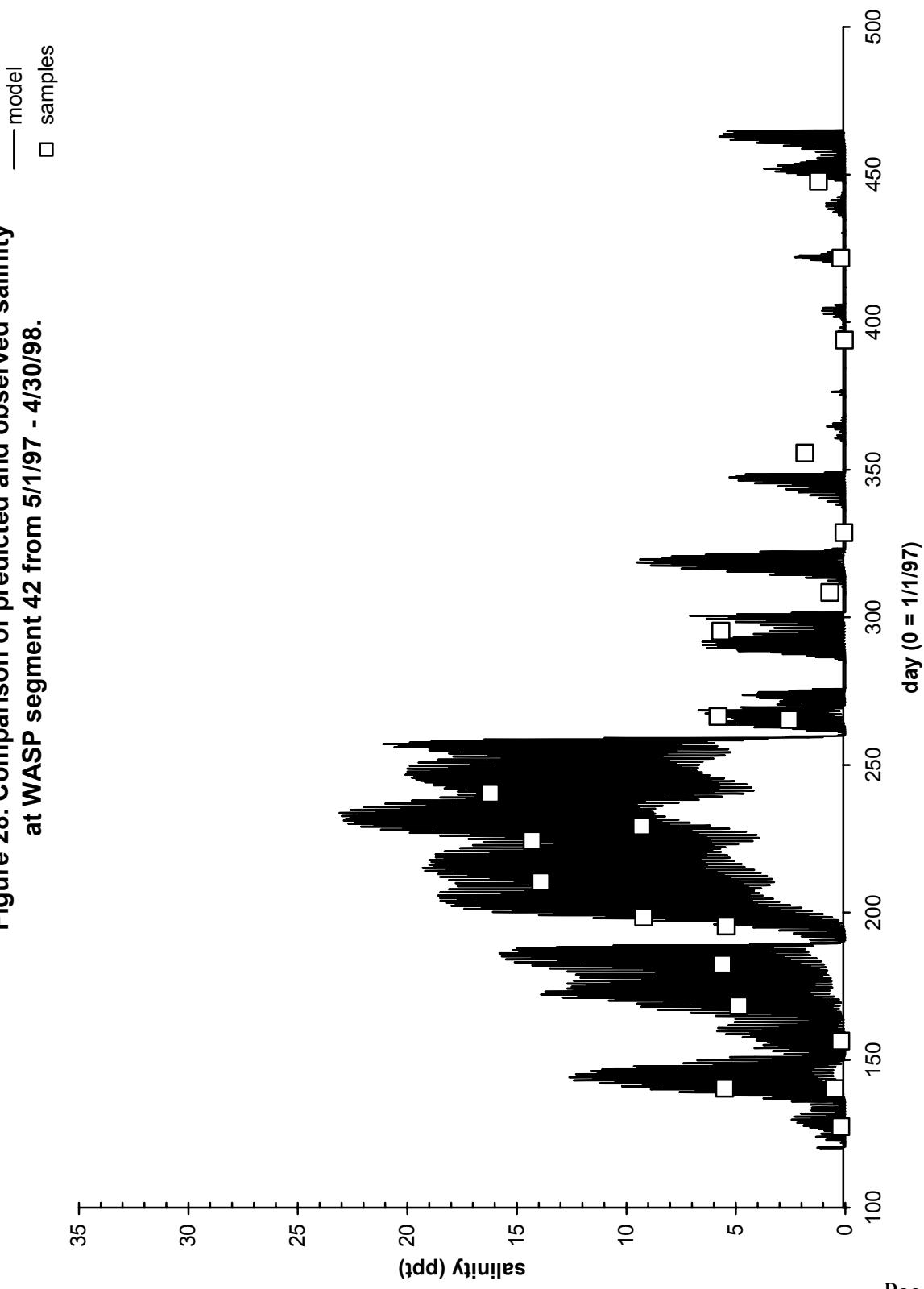
**Figure 26. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity at WASP segment 15 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



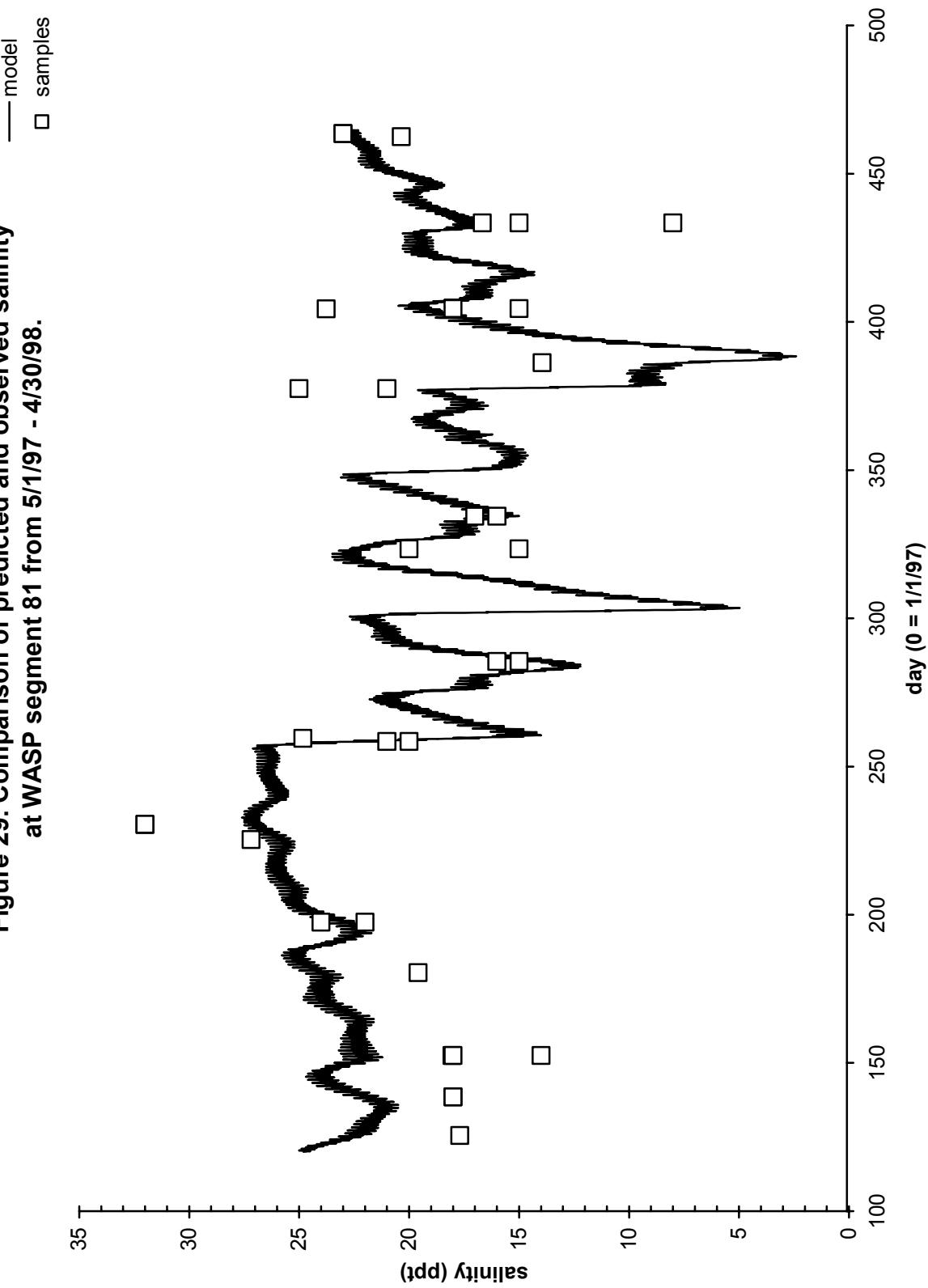
**Figure 27. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity at WASP segment 34 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



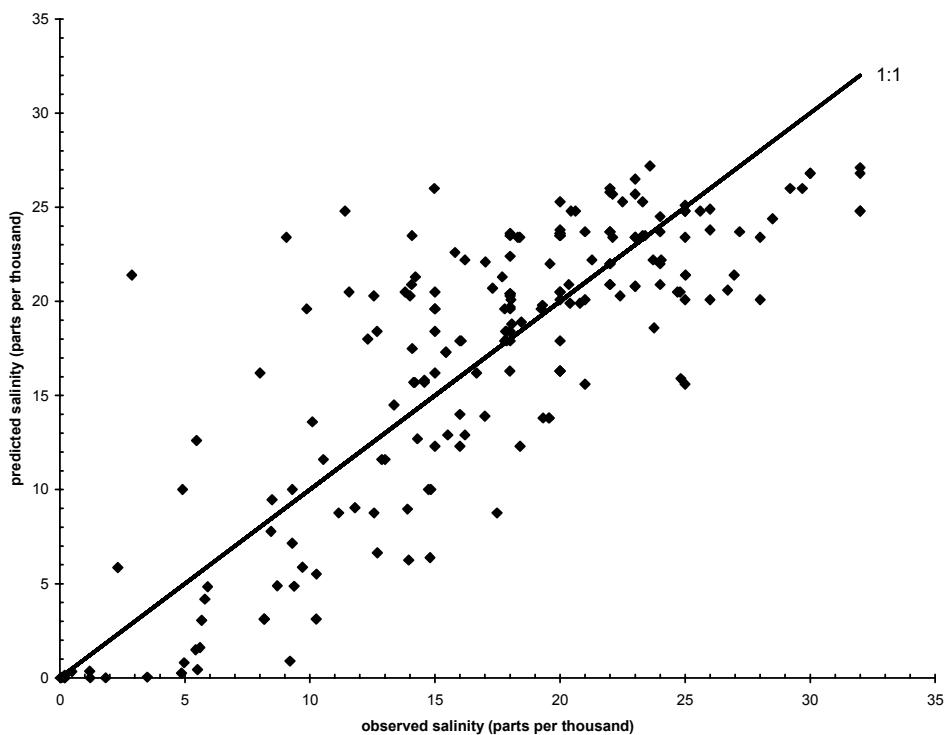
**Figure 28. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity at WASP segment 42 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



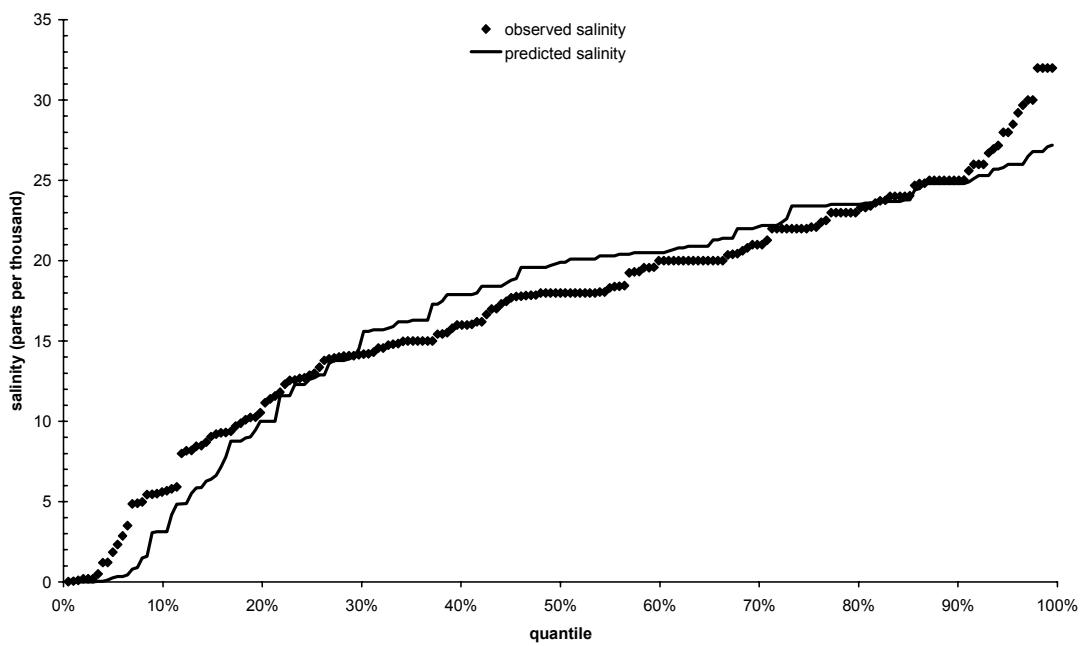
**Figure 29. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity at WASP segment 81 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



**Figure 30a. Comparison of predicted and observed salinity in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



**Figure 30b. Comparison of quantiles of observed and predicted salinity, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



boundary. Predicted salinity was brought into better agreement (no significant difference with observed salinity based on a paired sample t-test; Figure 30) when the assumed boundary salinity was reduced to 30 ppt, which is still within a reasonable range for estimating the boundary condition. Beverage and Swecker (1969) reported a range in salinity near the entrance to Grays Harbor of between about 27 and 34 ppt, and also reported that Grays Harbor is reasonably well-mixed vertically, especially during low-flow periods lasting several weeks or more. Landry and Hickey (1989) also reported a typical range of salinity from about 29 to 32 ppt in nearshore surface coastal waters in the vicinity of Grays Harbor.

The reasonably close agreement between model predictions of depth-averaged salinity and observed surface salinity in Grays Harbor for assumed boundary conditions within the typical range suggests that the use of a depth-averaged model is appropriate. The close agreement of the predictions from the hydrodynamic model, with tides and salinity distributions, indicate that the model provides a reasonably accurate portrayal of transport of water and substances in the water column in Grays Harbor.

## Calibration of fecal coliform

Models of the fate and transport of fecal coliform usually include consideration of disappearance or die-off within the water column. Die-off of fecal coliform is usually represented as a first-order decay process (Bowie et al., 1985). Reported decay rates span about 2 orders of magnitude, and typically range from about 0.05 to 4 day<sup>-1</sup> as a first-order rate constant (Brown and Barnwell, 1987).

The transport of fecal coliform bacteria within Grays Harbor included consideration of a first-order decay or die-off rate. The die-off rate of fecal coliform within the harbor was estimated by calibration to get the best fit of the model predictions, compared with observed fecal coliform at stations in Grays Harbor. The best-fit die-off rate was a first-order rate constant of 0.4 day<sup>-1</sup> at 20° C ( $K_{20}$ ). The WASP model was used to represent the ambient die-off rate in the harbor by adjusting the value of  $K_{20}$  to the ambient temperature (T in degrees C) using the following equation:

$$\text{Fecal coliform die-off rate at ambient temperature} = K_{20} \times 1.07^{(T-20)}$$

Figure 31 presents the seasonal changes in temperature in Grays Harbor during the study year. A sinusoidal function was fit to the observed data using multiple regression (in a similar manner as described earlier for the flow-concentrations regressions). The regression estimates of temperature in Figure 31 were used to create a daily time-series of temperature for input to the water quality model. Fecal coliform die-off rates in the model were adjusted to the estimated ambient temperatures according to the equation above.

The water quality model was run for the continuous simulation of tidally dynamic conditions from May 1997–April 1998. A time step of 90 seconds was used for the water quality model, using the predicted time-series of transports and segment volumes from the hydrodynamic model combined with the time-series of estimated daily loading from all tributaries. Tributary loads were distributed over the same 25 flow boundary nodes as for the hydrodynamic model.

Figures 32 through 39 present a comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform throughout the harbor. The fecal coliform measurements were made at approximately monthly intervals, in contrast to the much more frequent predictions of the water quality model (90-second time step). The predicted fecal coliform matched the observed concentrations reasonably well throughout the harbor, including representation of variations within the tidal cycles (e.g., the first month of simulation is shown in Figure 32) and seasonal variability (the entire period of the simulation is shown in Figures 33 through 38). The predicted fecal coliform concentrations were not significantly different from the observations, according to a paired sample t-test (using log-transformation) and non-parametric paired-sample difference tests.

The calibration of the model implicitly accounts for the contribution of fecal coliform from wildlife within Grays Harbor (e.g., marine mammals and birds). The apparent die-off rate represents a balance between internal processes that could increase the fecal coliform concentration (e.g., wildlife sources) and processes that affect the disappearance rates of fecal coliform. A sensitivity analysis was conducted using various (1) assumed fecal coliform loads from wildlife ranging from  $1 \times 10^{12}$  to  $1 \times 10^{14}$  colonies per day, spread evenly over the Grays Harbor area, and (2) die-off rates, ranging from 0.4 to 2 per day at 20° C (Appendix F). The sensitivity analysis showed that the effective contribution of fecal coliform from wildlife sources is probably less than  $1 \times 10^{12}$  colonies per day, and it is minor in comparison with the combined tributary loading sources of approximately  $4 \times 10^{13}$  colonies per day.

The model performed well at representing the total variability of the observed data, especially the mid-range and higher concentrations. The overall root-mean-squared-error (RMSE) of comparisons between observed and predicted geometric means and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles was +/- 34 percent. This RMSE was approximately of the same magnitude as the variability of replicate measurements of fecal coliform. Minimizing of the RMSE was the primary goal of model calibration.

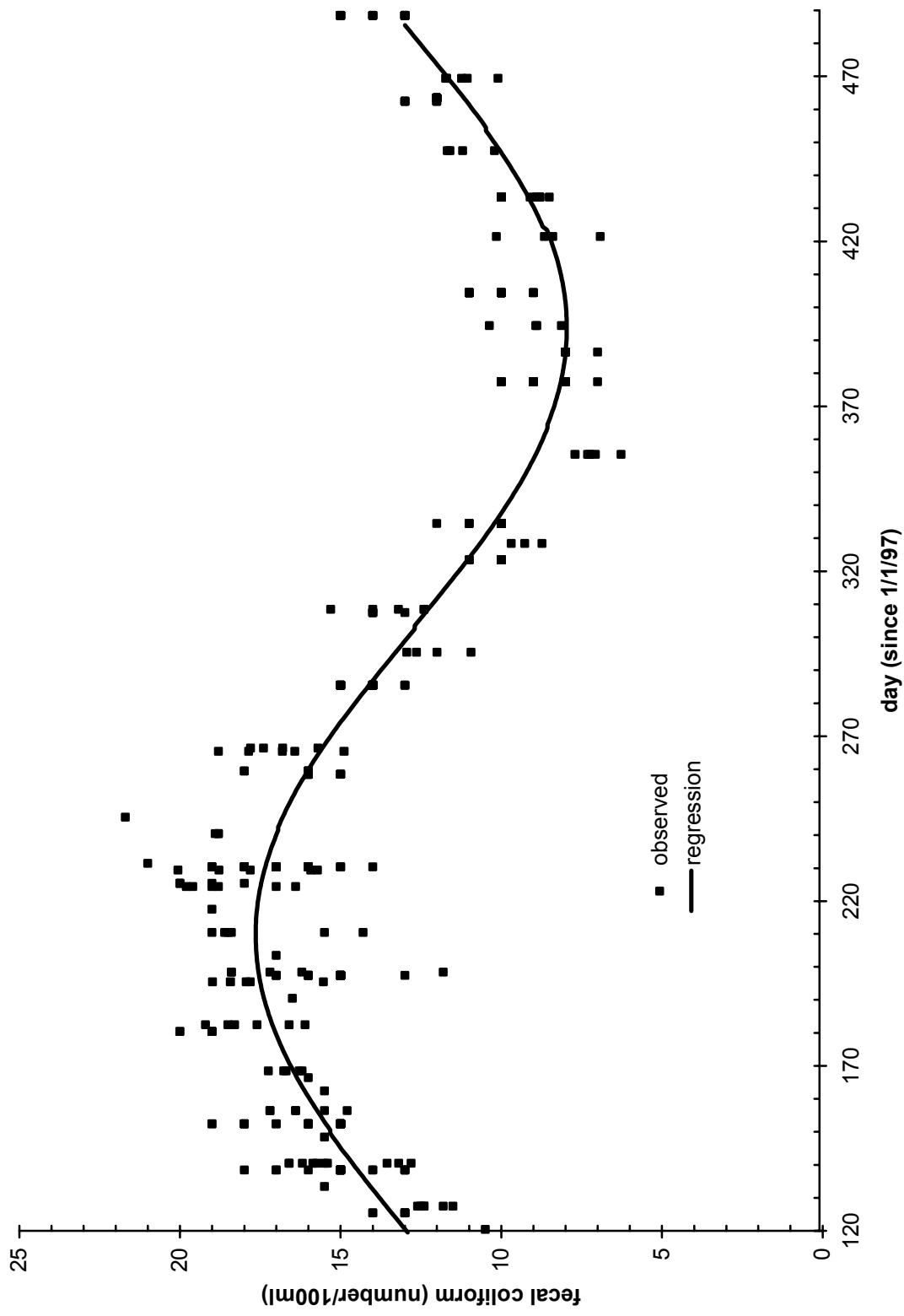
## Summary of model results for the study year

The calibrated water quality model was run for the continuous simulation of tidally dynamic response to existing loading from May 1997–April 1998 (study year). Predicted concentrations at each model segment were saved at hourly intervals. The predicted hourly concentrations were summarized in a variety of ways, to display the results of the model and compare predicted fecal coliform with water quality standards. Animations of the predicted fecal coliform concentrations are presented in Appendices G, H, I, and J.

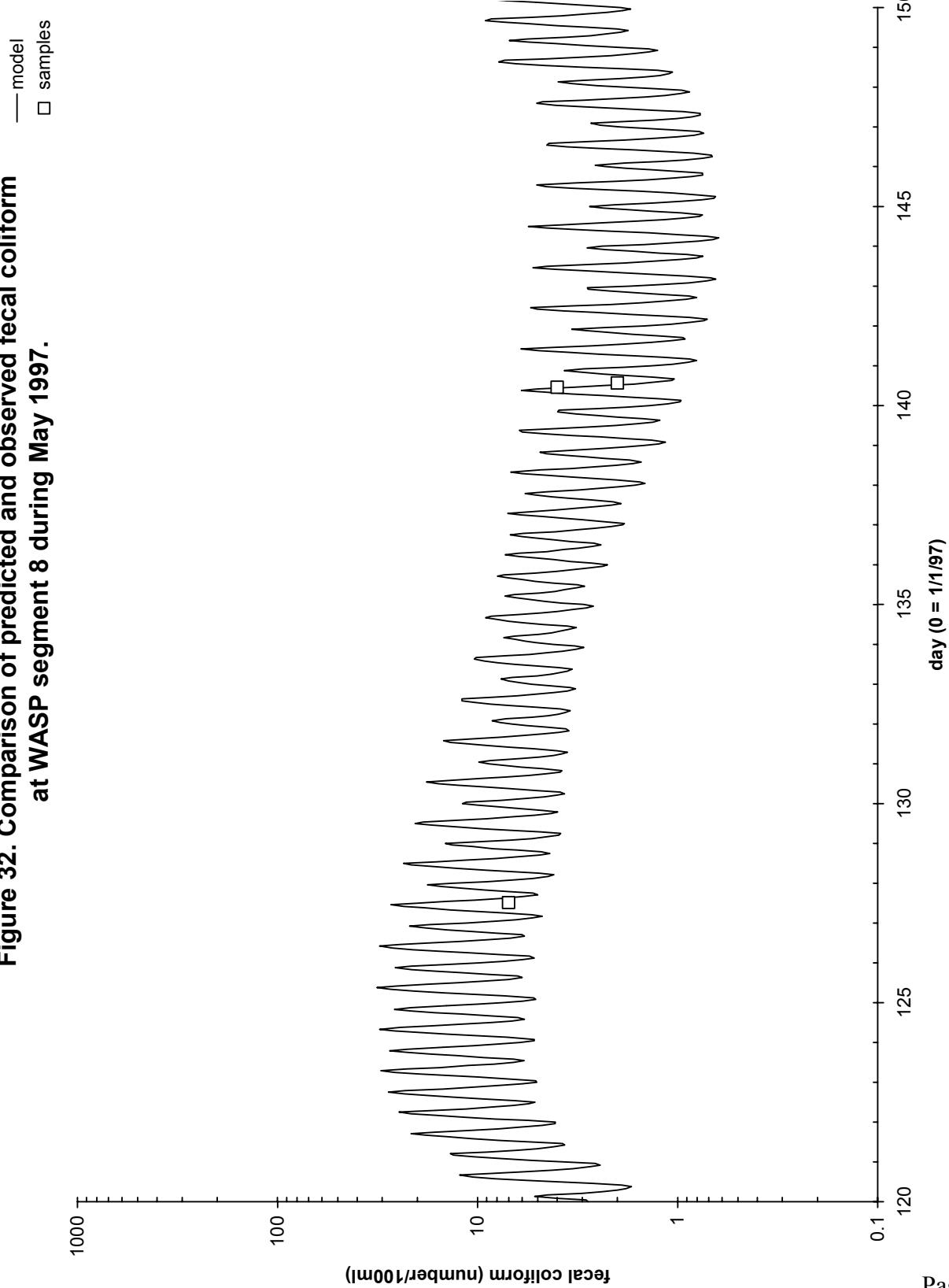
The following animations were created from the model simulation of the study year:

- Monthly geometric means of predicted hourly concentrations (Appendix G).
- Monthly 90th percentiles of predicted hourly concentrations (Appendix H).
- Daily medians of predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the rainfall event of October 29-30, 1997 (Appendix I).
- Predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the high loading event from Weyerhaeuser on July 24-25, 1997 (Appendix J).

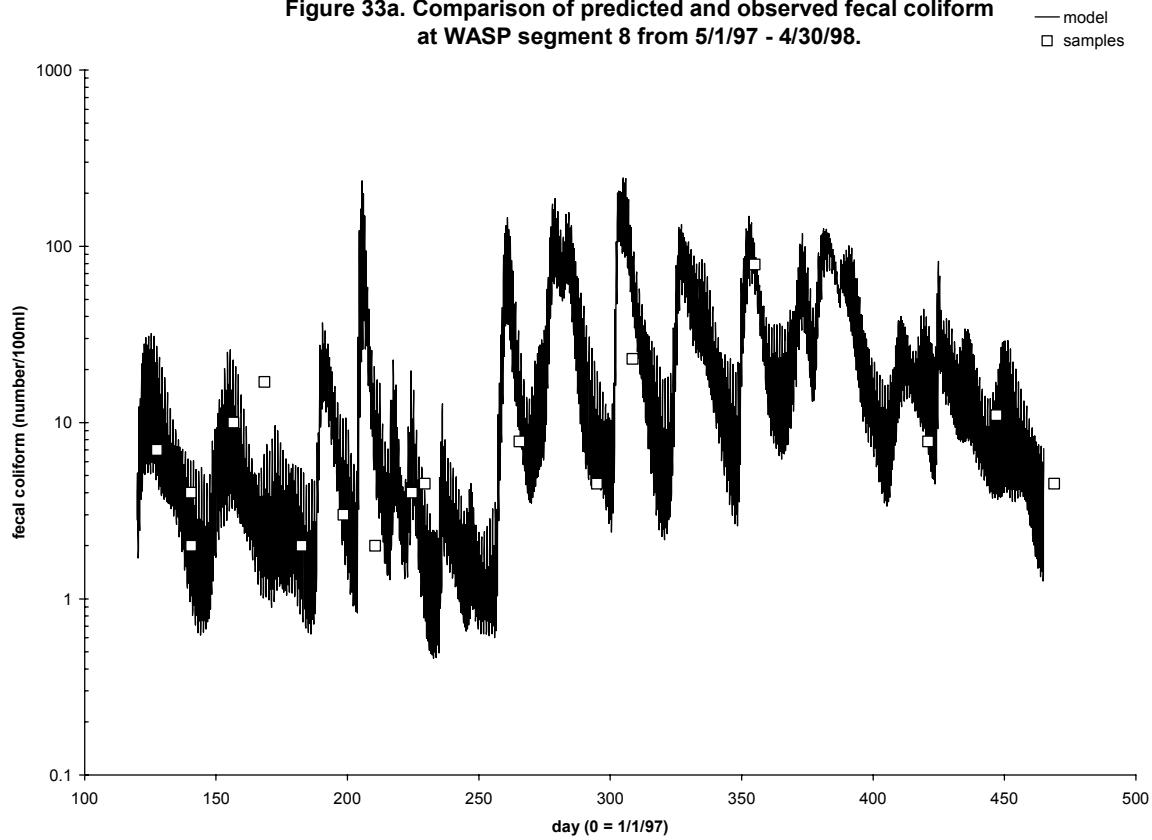
**Figure 31. Predicted and observed temperature in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



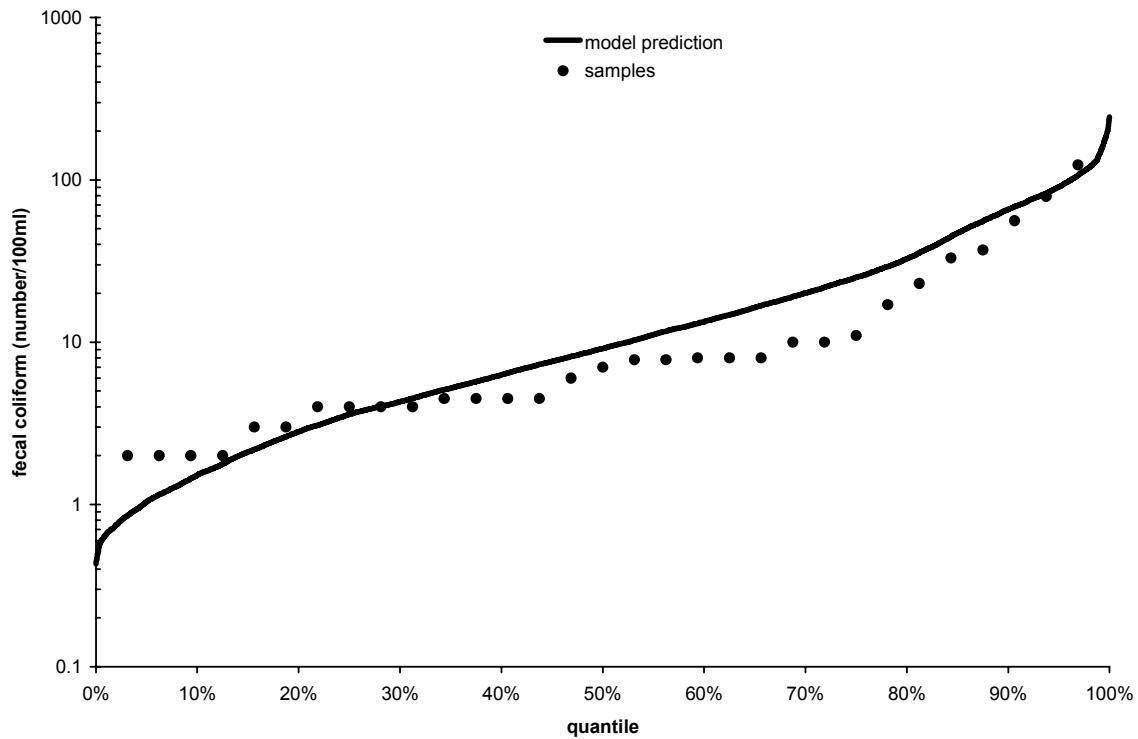
**Figure 32. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 8 during May 1997.**



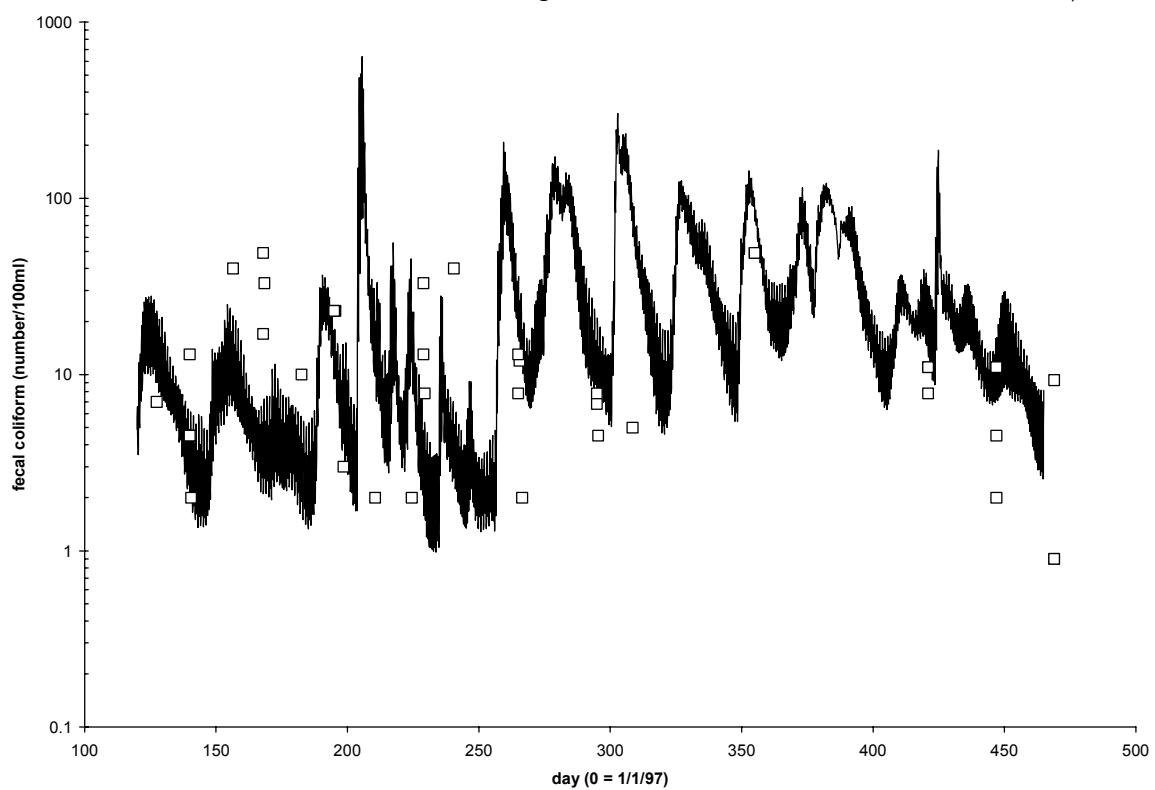
**Figure 33a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 8 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



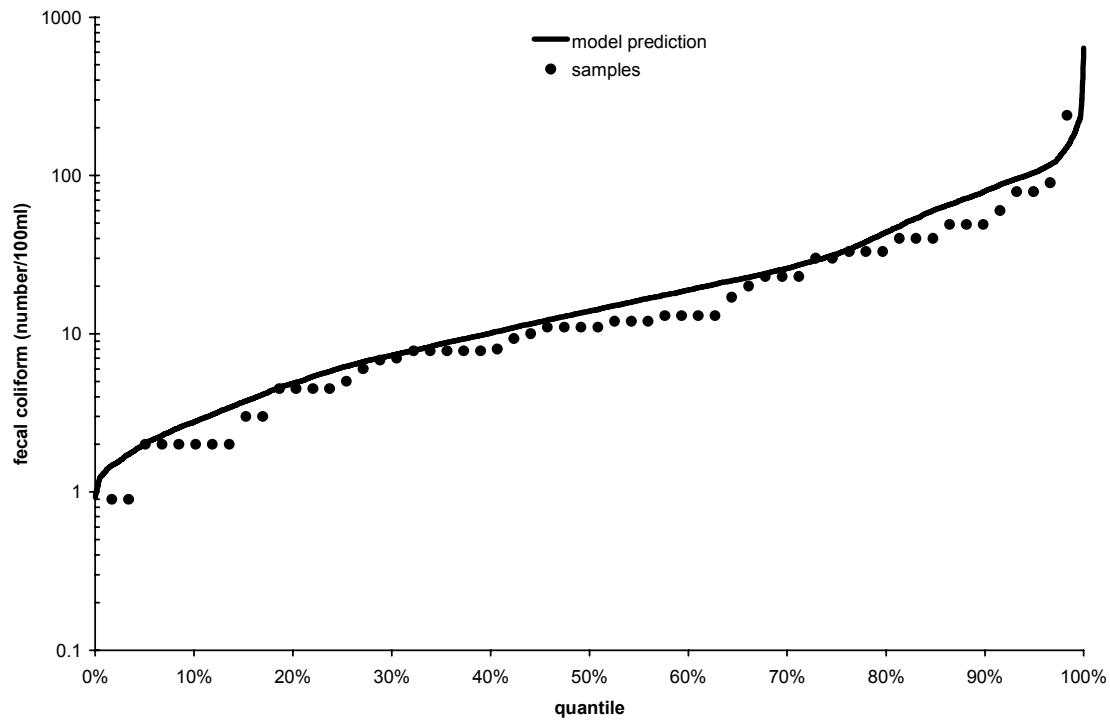
**Figure 33b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 8 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



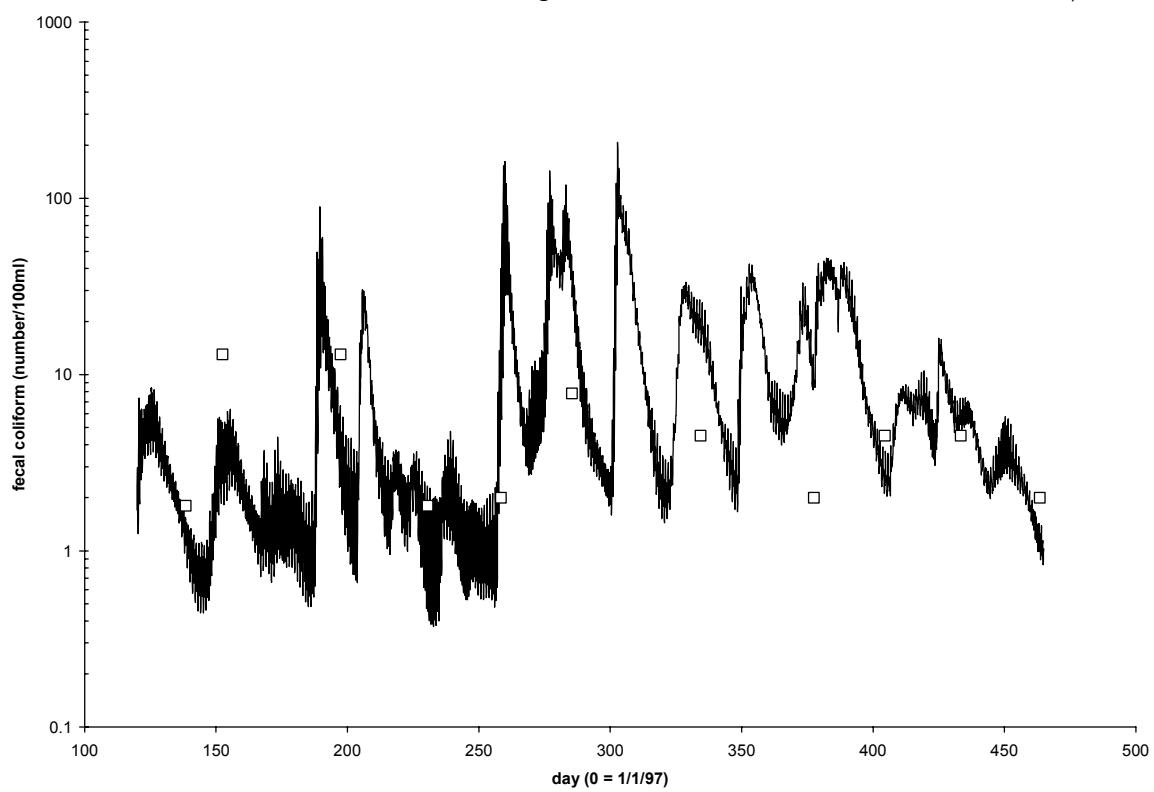
**Figure 34a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 15 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



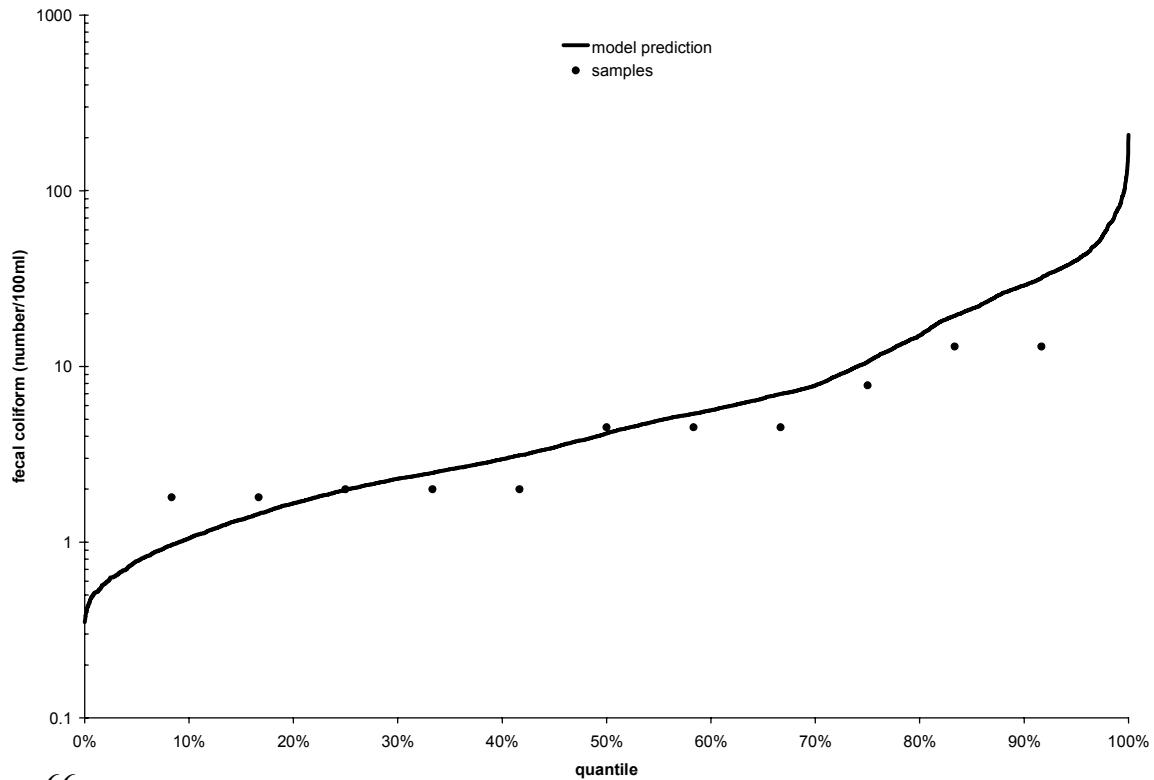
**Figure 34b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 15 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



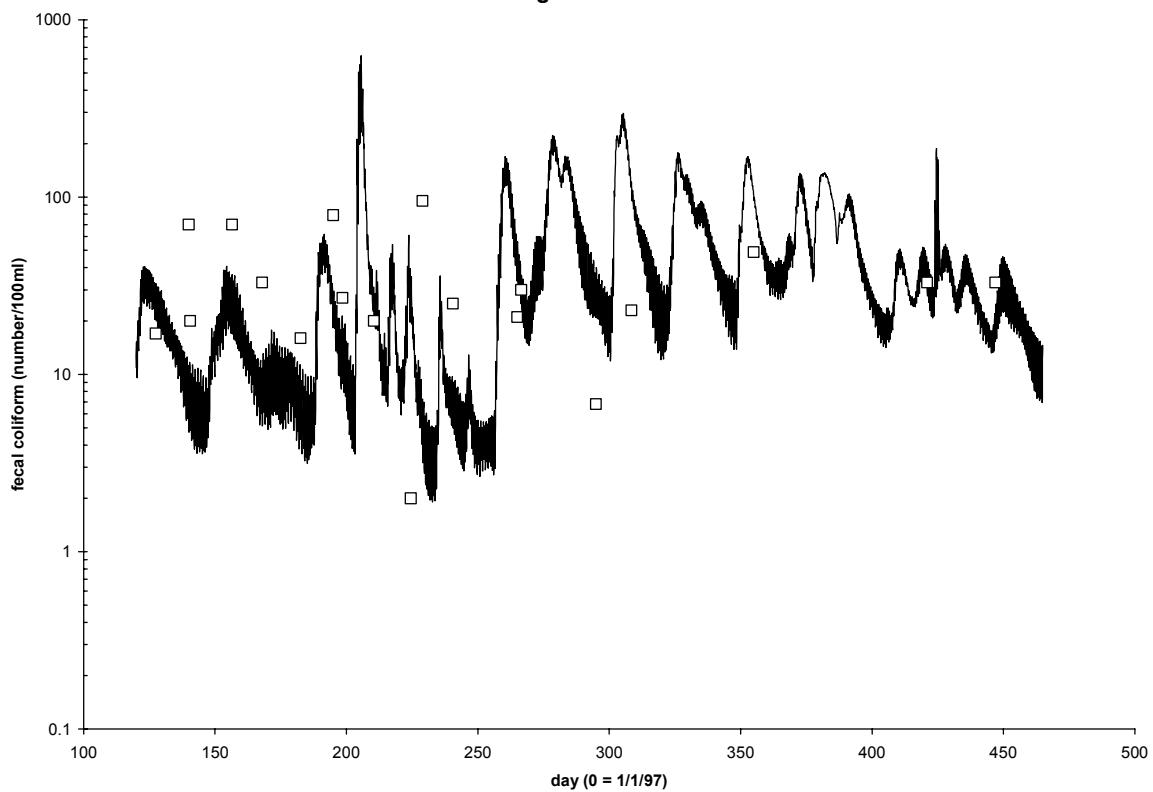
**Figure 35a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 25 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



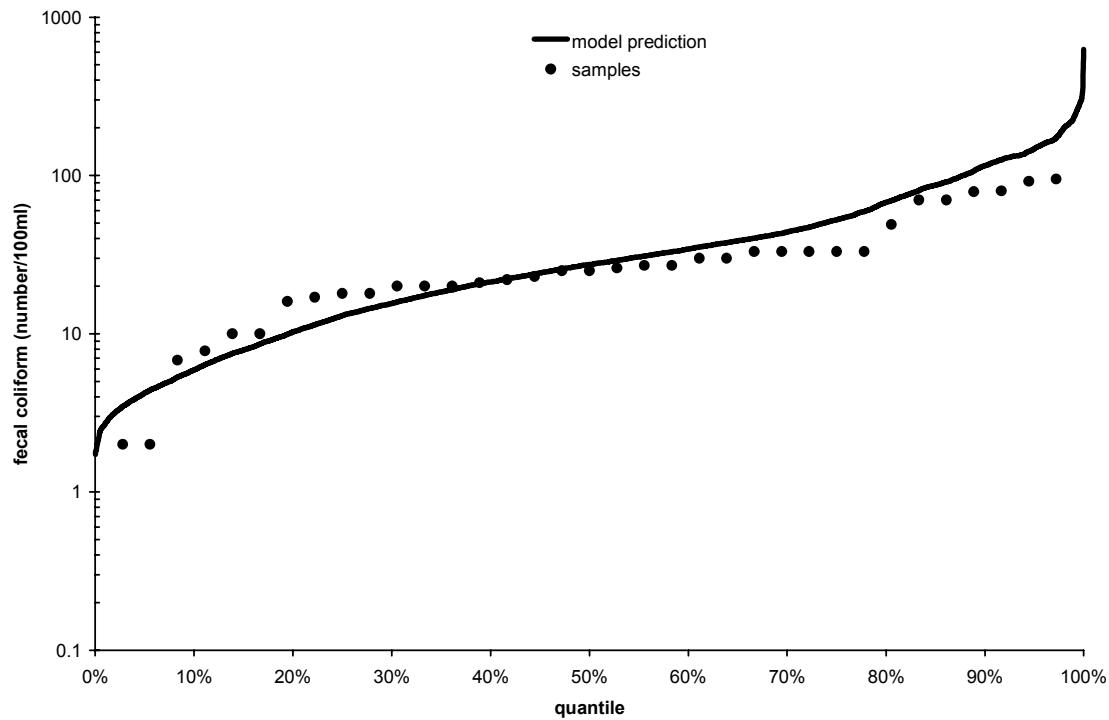
**Figure 35b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 25 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



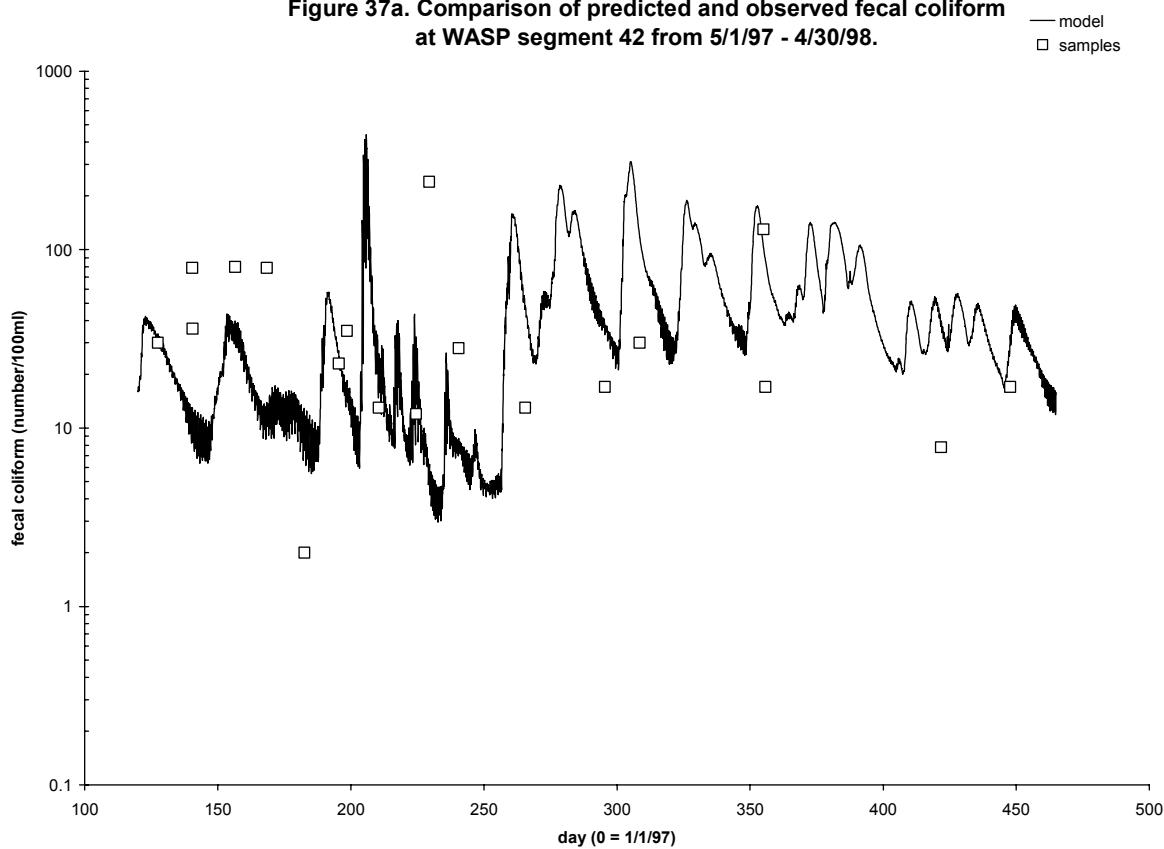
**Figure 36a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 34 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



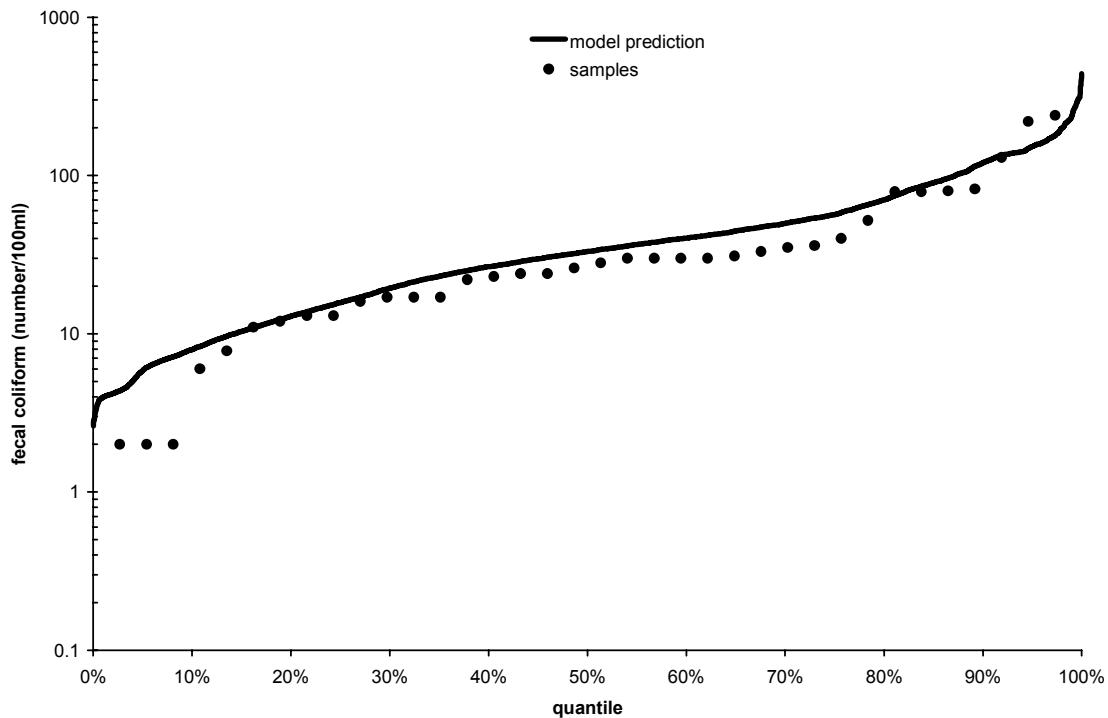
**Figure 36b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 34 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



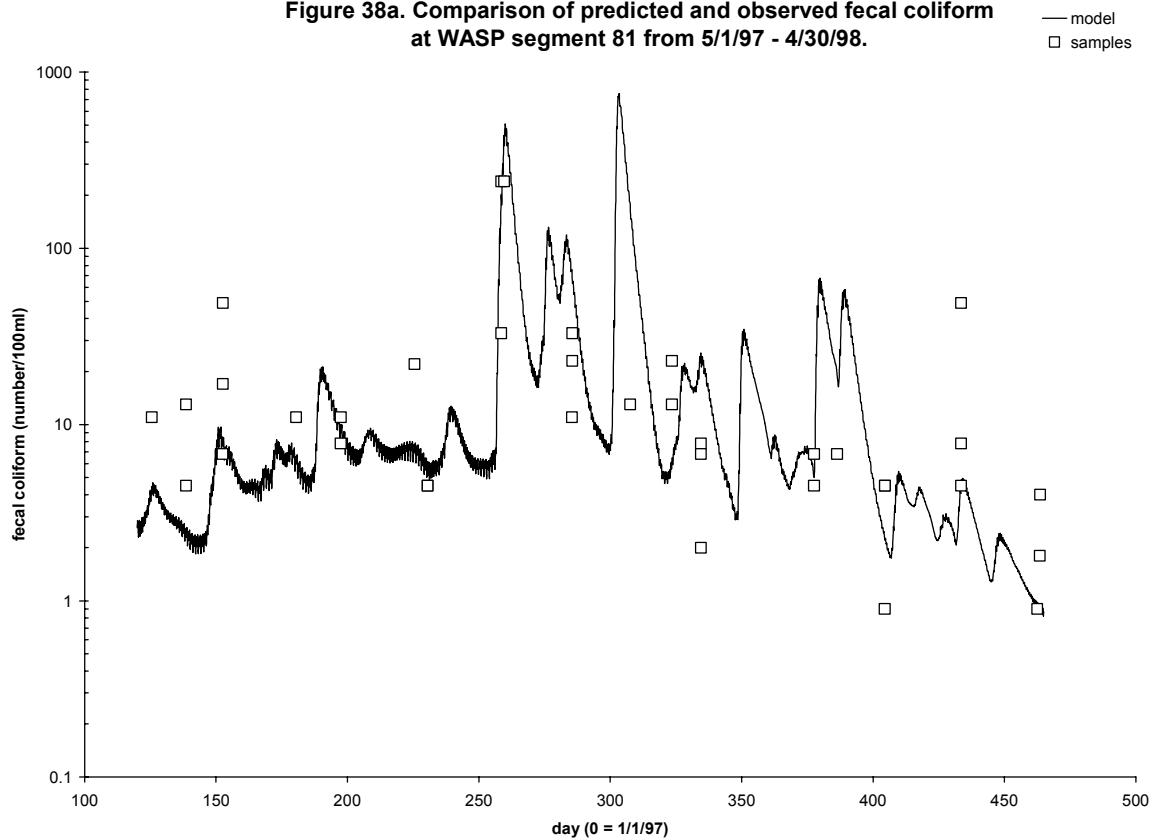
**Figure 37a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 42 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



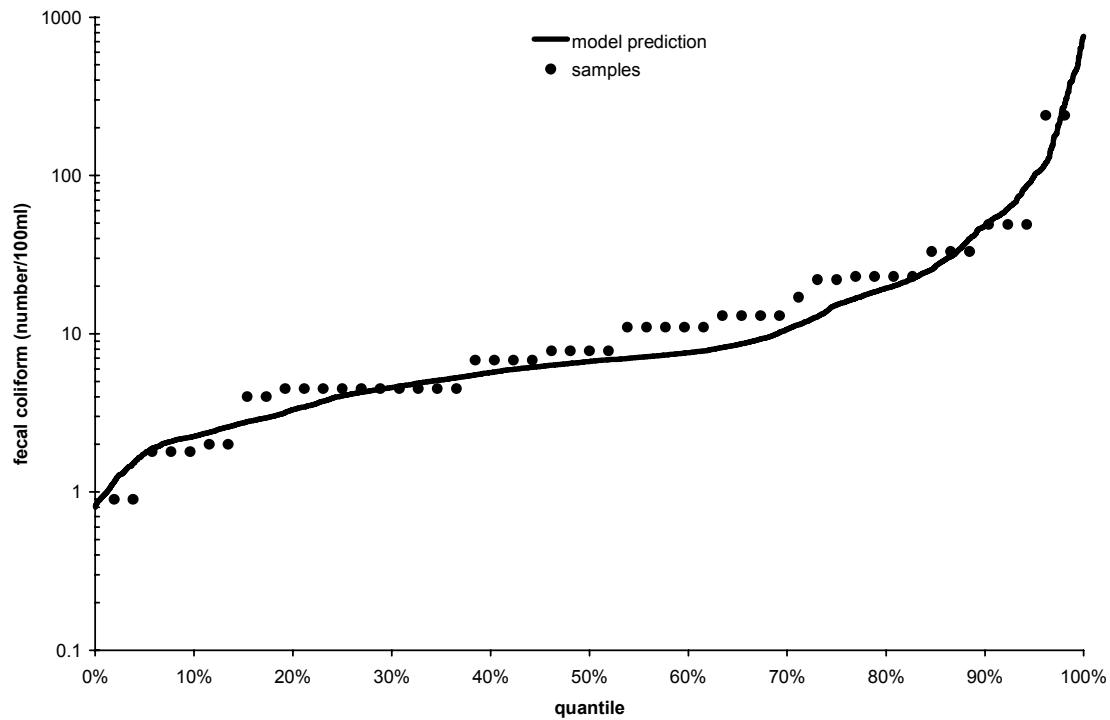
**Figure 37b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 42 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



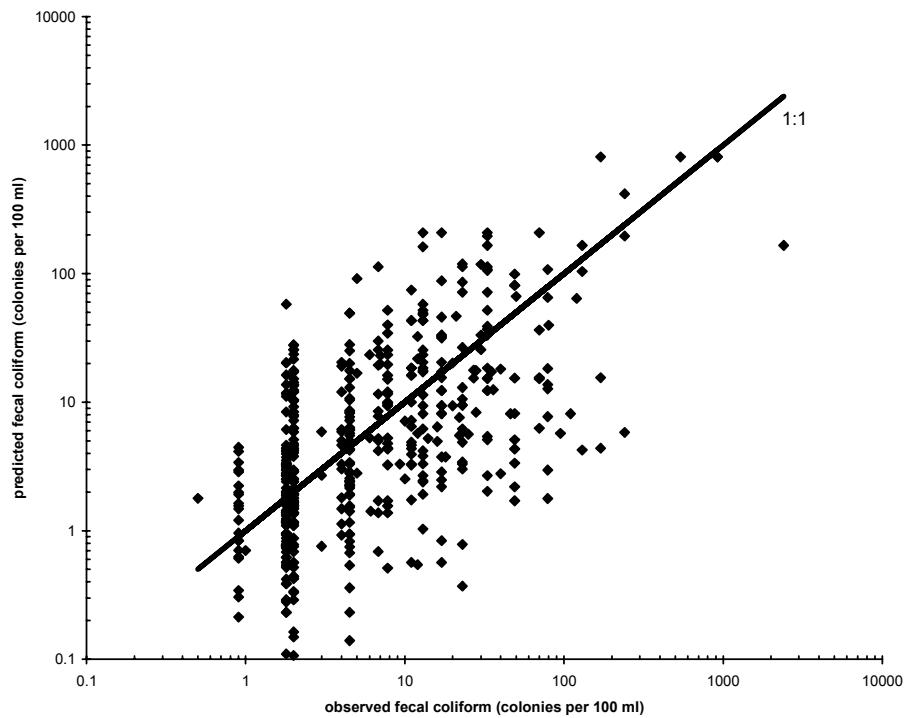
**Figure 38a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform at WASP segment 81 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



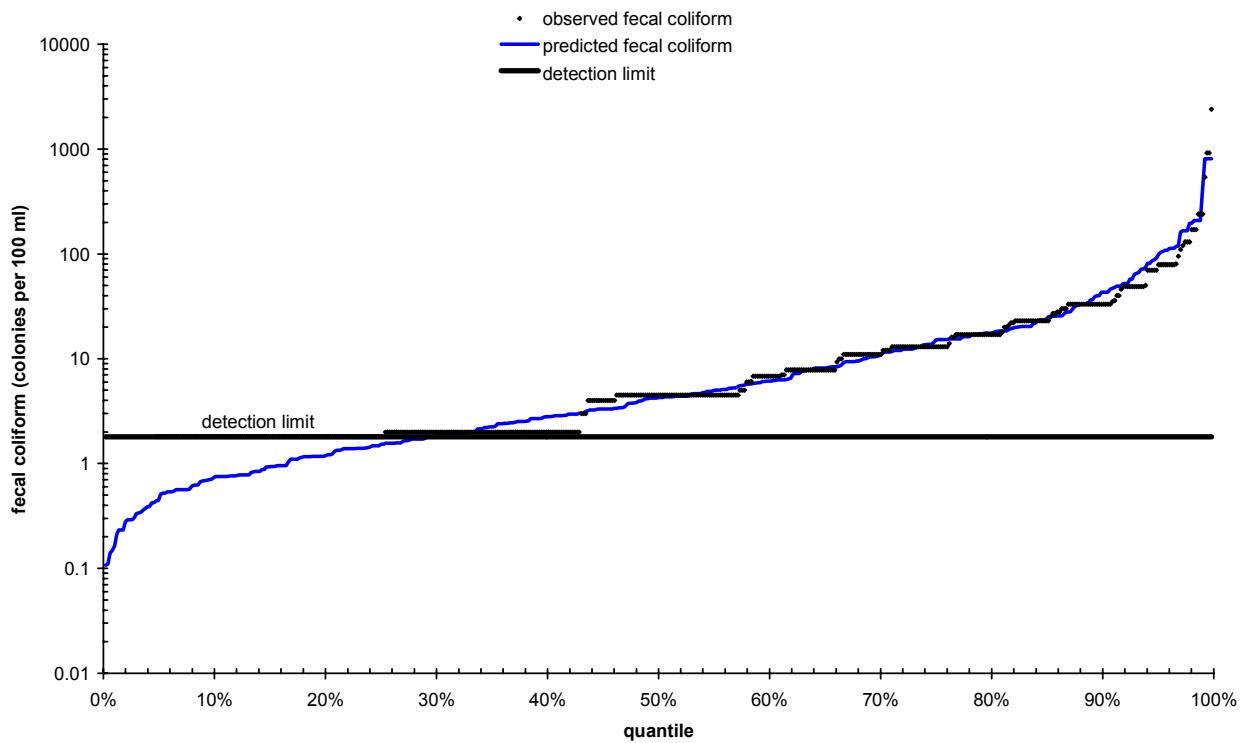
**Figure 38b. Comparison of predicted and observed quantiles of fecal coliform at WASP segment 81 from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98**



**Figure 39a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform in Grays Harbor at all stations, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



**Figure 39b. Comparison of quantiles of observed and predicted fecal coliform at all stations in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



The monthly geometric means and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles of the predicted hourly concentrations are also presented in Tables 8 and 9. These results show several problem areas within Grays Harbor where water quality standards would not be met if current rates of fecal coliform loading continue:

- Lower Chehalis River and lower Wishkah River segments (segments 46-67).
- Marine segments in the transition from inner harbor to the central region at the division between marine class A and B, because of loading from the Chehalis River and tributaries to the inner harbor (segments 5, 6, 13, 22, 23, 26, 30).
- The northeast part of north harbor region because of loading from the Humptulips River (segments 24, 25, 28, 29).
- The southern Elk River estuary region because of local tributaries such as the Elk River, Andrews Creek, and Grays Harbor Drainage Ditch (segments 79-82).
- Areas adjacent to loading from the Johns River (segments 19, 83).

### First-cut of loading reductions needed to meet freshwater standards

The model was used to predict the water quality that would result in the harbor if the tributary nonpoint and point source loads were reduced. An iterative approach was used to try various amounts of reduction of loading and run the model to determine whether marine water quality standards would be met in Grays Harbor. The first estimate of loading reduction was as follows:

- Tributary nonpoint sources were reduced by the amount estimated in Table 6 to meet freshwater standards. This approach maintains a constant coefficient of variation (standard deviation divided by the mean) of the pre-control and post-control loading according to the statistical theory of rollback (Ott, 1995). The rollback method is the approach that Ecology typically uses to determine load allocations for fecal coliform TMDL evaluations (e.g., Cusimano and Giglio, 1995; Joy, 1999).
- Point sources were reduced to comply with existing NPDES permit limits (Table 10).

The predicted monthly geometric means and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles in response to this loading reduction are presented in Tables 11 and 12. This reduction of loading was predicted to improve water quality significantly in Grays Harbor. However, the predicted monthly 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles show three problem areas that would remain, where marine standards for fecal coliform would not be met:

- The northeast part of north region because of loading from the Humptulips River (segment 29).
- Marine segments in the transition from inner harbor to the central region at the division between marine class A and B, because of loading from the Chehalis River and tributaries to the inner harbor (segment 30).
- The southern Elk River estuary region, because of local tributaries such as the Elk River, Andrews Creek, and Grays Harbor Drainage Ditch (segments 81, 82).





Table 10. Summary of Grays Harbor area NPDES permit effluent limits.

Permittee	Permit number	Issue date	Expiration date	Monthly average flow (mgd)	Daily maximum flow (mgd)	Monthly average FC (colonies per 100 ml)	Weekly average FC (colonies per 100 ml)	Daily maximum FC (colonies per 100 ml)
Aberdeen	WA0037192	6/22/90	6/26/00	8.750	--	200	400	--
Elma	WA0023132	1/25/96	2/25/01	0.480	--	200	400	--
Hoquiam	WA0020915	3/6/96	4/6/01	4.000	--	200	400	--
McCleary	WA0024040	2/5/97	6/30/00	0.250	--	200	400	--
Montesano	WA0024660	1/8/97	6/30/00	0.360	--	200	400	--
Ocean Shores	WA0023817	3/19/79	3/19/84	6.700	--	200	400	--
Westport	WA0020923	7/19/78	7/15/83	0.800	--	200	400	--
Ocean Spray Cranberries	WA0003271	3/7/96	3/7/01	0.315	0.410	200	400	--
Grays Harbor Paper 001	WA0003077	9/23/97	9/23/02	--	--	500	--	19200
Grays Harbor Paper 002	WA0003077	9/23/97	9/23/02	--	--	--	--	--
Weyerhaeuser 001	WA0000809	5/10/91	5/10/96	--	--	5000	--	20000
Weyerhaeuser 002	WA0000809	5/10/91	5/10/96	--	--	5000	--	20000

### Second-cut of loading reductions needed to meet marine standards

The next step was to estimate further reductions in tributary loading that would result in water quality standards being met in the harbor. The additional reduction needed was estimated as follows:

- Concentrations of fecal coliform in the Wishkah and Hoquiam rivers were reduced further to comply with marine class B water quality standards for the inner harbor.
- Loading from the Humptulips River was reduced until marine class A standards were met in model segment 29.
- Loading from the Elk River and Andrews Creek was reduced until the marine class A standard was met in model segment 82.

The predicted monthly geometric means and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles in response to this loading reduction are presented in Tables 13 and 14. This reduction of loading was predicted to meet water quality standards in all model segments in Grays Harbor. The final recommended reductions in tributary loads to Grays Harbor are presented in Table 15.

Large reductions in fecal coliform concentrations are needed to meet water quality standards for tributaries to Grays Harbor. With the exception of the Wynoochee River, all tributaries discharging to Grays Harbor and the lower Chehalis River require some reduction in loading of fecal coliform to meet freshwater quality standards. The total reduction in loading needed from all sources combined is approximately  $8.5 \times 10^{15}$  colonies/year, which is an average of about a 65 percent reduction of the current total loading from tributaries.

Table 11. Predicted monthly geometric means of fecal coliform (numbers per 100 ml) in Grays Harbor after rollback of loading sources to meet freshwater standards. Bold, shaded values (none) indicate exceedence of the water quality standard.

WASP segment	May-97	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan-98	Feb	Mar	Apr	Water Quality Standard
1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	14
2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	14
3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	1.7	1.3	1.1	2.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	14
4	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.7	3.2	2.6	2.1	4.1	1.2	0.9	0.3	14
5	0.8	0.6	1.1	0.7	1.1	4.7	3.9	3.2	6.2	1.8	1.4	0.5	14
6	1.1	0.9	1.5	1.0	1.5	6.6	5.6	4.5	8.6	2.6	2.0	0.8	14
7	1.5	1.2	2.0	1.4	2.0	8.8	7.5	6.0	11.1	3.5	2.7	1.1	100
8	2.2	1.7	2.8	1.9	2.8	12.2	10.5	8.3	14.9	4.9	3.9	1.5	100
9	3.0	2.4	3.8	2.6	3.7	16.5	14.2	11.1	19.3	6.8	5.3	2.1	100
10	4.6	3.6	5.5	3.6	5.4	23.4	19.6	15.2	23.7	9.3	7.6	3.3	100
11	5.7	4.7	6.9	4.5	6.7	27.8	22.8	17.3	25.0	10.5	8.8	4.1	100
12	6.8	6.0	8.6	5.6	8.5	30.9	25.2	18.3	23.9	10.6	9.6	5.0	100
13	1.2	1.0	1.7	1.1	1.8	7.2	5.7	4.6	8.7	2.7	2.0	0.8	14
14	1.8	1.4	2.5	1.8	2.5	10.3	8.4	6.7	12.1	3.9	3.1	1.2	100
15	3.3	2.7	4.9	3.8	4.8	17.4	14.0	10.7	17.1	6.3	5.3	2.2	100
16	4.7	4.0	7.4	5.8	6.7	22.8	18.4	13.7	20.2	8.0	7.0	3.1	100
17	6.3	5.5	11.4	9.4	9.4	27.9	21.9	15.7	21.8	9.4	8.4	4.0	100
18	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.6	2.5	1.9	1.5	3.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	14
19	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.1	4.2	3.0	2.5	4.9	1.4	1.1	0.4	14
20	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.9	3.0	2.4	1.9	3.5	1.0	0.8	0.3	14
21	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.8	3.1	2.2	1.8	3.4	1.0	0.7	0.3	14
22	0.7	0.6	1.2	0.7	1.2	4.7	3.4	2.8	5.2	1.5	1.2	0.5	14
23	0.9	0.7	1.3	0.8	1.3	5.6	4.7	3.8	7.2	2.2	1.7	0.6	14
24	0.6	0.6	1.2	0.6	1.2	4.5	2.9	2.4	4.4	1.3	1.0	0.4	14
25	1.1	1.0	2.1	1.2	2.0	7.4	4.6	3.7	6.6	2.0	1.5	0.6	14
26	1.3	1.1	1.9	1.2	1.9	7.9	6.3	5.1	9.5	2.9	2.3	0.9	14
27	1.7	1.3	2.3	1.5	2.2	9.8	8.4	6.8	12.5	4.0	3.1	1.2	100
28	0.8	0.8	1.6	0.8	1.6	5.9	3.4	2.9	5.0	1.5	1.1	0.4	14
29	1.7	1.9	3.9	2.1	4.0	12.3	5.5	4.3	6.8	2.1	1.6	0.7	14
30	1.4	1.1	1.9	1.3	1.9	8.4	7.1	5.7	10.5	3.3	2.5	1.0	14
31	2.4	1.9	3.3	2.3	3.2	13.3	11.3	8.9	15.4	5.3	4.2	1.7	100
32	3.7	2.9	4.7	3.3	4.5	19.3	16.3	12.6	20.6	7.6	6.2	2.6	100
33	5.0	4.1	7.0	5.0	6.3	24.3	20.0	15.1	22.4	9.1	7.7	3.4	100
34	6.9	6.3	9.9	6.8	9.2	31.6	25.1	17.9	23.3	10.1	9.3	4.9	100
35	7.3	6.8	10.4	7.0	9.7	33.3	26.4	18.6	23.9	10.4	9.6	5.2	100
36	7.5	7.0	10.6	7.1	10.0	33.9	26.8	18.9	24.0	10.5	9.8	5.3	100
37	7.6	7.2	10.9	7.2	10.2	34.4	27.2	19.1	24.2	10.6	9.9	5.4	100
38	7.8	7.4	11.1	7.2	10.4	35.1	27.6	19.4	24.3	10.7	10.0	5.6	100
39	8.1	7.8	11.5	7.3	10.8	36.2	28.1	19.8	24.4	10.7	10.1	5.8	100
40	8.0	7.9	10.9	7.0	10.3	33.3	27.1	18.2	22.8	10.2	10.0	5.8	100
41	8.1	8.2	11.0	7.0	10.5	33.7	27.4	18.3	22.9	10.2	10.0	6.0	100
42	8.3	8.7	11.1	6.8	10.7	34.3	27.7	18.3	22.9	10.2	10.1	6.1	100
43	8.6	9.2	11.3	6.7	11.1	35.1	28.1	18.5	23.0	10.3	10.2	6.3	100
44	8.7	9.4	11.2	6.3	10.9	34.9	28.3	18.5	23.0	10.3	10.2	6.4	100
45	8.8	9.6	11.1	6.0	10.9	35.2	28.6	18.5	23.0	10.3	10.3	6.4	100
46	9.0	10.0	11.0	5.7	10.9	35.6	28.8	18.6	23.1	10.4	10.4	6.5	100
47	9.2	10.4	10.9	5.3	11.0	36.1	29.1	18.8	23.2	10.4	10.5	6.6	100
48	9.5	10.8	11.0	5.2	11.3	36.8	29.4	19.0	23.4	10.5	10.6	6.8	100
49	9.5	11.0	11.0	5.0	11.3	36.9	29.6	19.0	23.2	10.5	10.7	6.8	100
50	9.8	11.5	11.3	5.0	11.7	37.6	30.0	19.2	23.3	10.6	10.8	6.9	100
51	10.1	12.0	11.7	5.1	12.2	38.4	30.4	19.3	23.4	10.7	10.9	7.0	100
52	10.5	12.8	12.5	5.5	13.1	39.5	30.9	19.6	23.6	10.8	11.1	7.2	100
53	11.0	13.6	13.6	6.1	14.3	40.6	31.4	19.8	23.7	10.9	11.2	7.4	100
54	11.5	14.5	14.7	6.9	15.6	41.7	32.0	20.1	23.9	11.0	11.4	7.6	100
55	11.9	15.3	15.9	7.8	17.0	42.6	32.4	20.2	24.0	11.1	11.5	7.7	100
56	12.3	16.0	17.1	8.9	18.5	43.5	32.7	20.4	24.1	11.2	11.6	7.9	100
57	12.7	16.8	18.4	10.0	20.0	44.4	33.1	20.6	24.2	11.2	11.8	8.0	100
58	12.9	17.4	19.6	11.2	21.4	45.0	33.4	20.6	24.2	11.2	11.8	8.1	100
59	13.2	18.0	20.8	12.5	22.9	45.7	33.7	20.8	24.3	11.3	11.9	8.2	100
60	13.5	18.6	22.0	13.9	24.6	46.3	33.9	20.9	24.4	11.4	12.0	8.3	100
61	13.8	19.3	23.5	15.7	26.5	47.1	34.3	21.0	24.5	11.4	12.1	8.4	100
62	14.1	19.9	24.9	17.6	28.5	48.0	34.6	21.2	24.6	11.5	12.2	8.5	100
63	14.5	20.6	26.4	19.5	30.6	48.8	35.0	21.3	24.7	11.6	12.3	8.7	100
64	15.1	22.1	29.2	22.6	33.8	49.8	35.3	21.5	24.8	11.6	12.4	8.8	100
65	12.0	16.1	21.0	16.8	25.8	49.1	36.6	22.7	27.1	12.4	12.8	8.6	100
66	12.6	17.3	22.5	17.3	27.2	51.2	37.4	23.1	27.4	12.6	13.1	8.9	100
67	11.8	13.1	10.1	7.3	12.0	35.7	39.3	26.2	33.2	15.5	15.5	10.3	100
68	6.9	5.1	7.4	4.3	6.9	34.1	23.4	22.1	39.6	15.2	11.2	4.3	200
69	8.3	5.5	8.0	4.0	7.1	39.9	24.0	26.1	49.9	19.3	13.8	4.5	200
70	9.9	6.0	8.4	3.5	7.2	46.0	24.9	29.3	58.5	23.3	17.0	4.7	200
71	14.9	8.7	10.8	3.7	9.3	59.5	29.5	33.4	68.4	28.3	23.1	5.6	200
72	10.0	6.2	8.5	3.6	7.4	45.8	24.8	29.5	58.8	23.0	16.9	4.8	200
73	15.3	9.3	11.3	4.1	10.0	59.8	29.5	33.6	68.7	28.2	22.8	5.8	200
74	13.1	13.0	20.9	11.8	23.9	83.1	55.6	41.7	43.9	20.3	14.6	8.8	200
75	18.0	19.4	29.6	17.8	39.5	115.1	76.0	54.2	49.1	24.9	18.4	12.0	200
76	23.1	27.7	41.3	28.5	60.3	141.0	91.3	61.9	51.2	27.1	21.3	15.2	200
77	28.5	37.6	57.6	47.8	88.4	161.4	102.7	66.4	52.1	28.2	23.1	18.0	200
78	32.3	45.2	74.1	72.8	116.9	170.4	107.7	68.1	52.5	28.6	23.8	19.2	200
79	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.7	1.6	4.1	3.2	2.2	3.7	1.1	0.8	0.3	14
80	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.1	3.3	6.2	4.4	2.4	3.6	1.1	0.7	0.3	14
81	0.9	1.3	1.9	1.7	5.3	8.2	5.3	2.6	3.7	1.0	0.6	0.3	14
82	1.5	2.4	3.5	3.2	9.5	13.5	7.5	3.3	4.5	1.2	0.7	0.4	14
83	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.1	2.1	6.8	4.3	3.6	6.9	2.0	1.5	0.6	14







Table 15. Estimated percent reduction in fecal coliform needed in tributaries to Grays Harbor to meet freshwater and marine standards in Grays Harbor.

Tributaries to Grays Harbor	Recommended % reduction to meet freshwater or marine standard based on maximum month	Target maximum monthly geometric mean after rollback (colonies per 100 ml)	Percent of total load to Grays Harbor from all sources before rollback	Total fecal coliform load during 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (colonies/year)	Reduction needed to meet water quality standard (colonies/year)	Load allocation to meet water quality standard (colonies/year)
<b>Chehalis River (excluding Satsop and Wynoochee)</b>						
- based on 1988-98 samples aggregated by month	74%	30	50.0%	6.79E+15	5.00E+15	1.80E+15
<b>Other tributaries (1)</b>						
Humptulips R nr mouth (rollback to meet marine WQS)	67%	38	8.8%	1.20E+15	8.06E+14	3.97E+14
Satsop River	29%	95	7.9%	1.08E+15	3.13E+14	7.65E+14
Wishkah R near mouth (hypothetical class A)	62%	100	6.3%	8.60E+14	5.32E+14	3.28E+14
Wishkah R above river mile 6	78%	100	--	--	--	--
Hoquiam R near mouth (hypothetical class A)	58%	50	5.4%	7.39E+14	4.31E+14	3.08E+14
West Fork Hoquiam R above river mile 9.3 (Dekay Rd)	37%	58	--	--	--	--
East Fork Hoquiam River	14%	100	--	--	--	--
Wynoochee River	0%	83	3.2%	4.36E+14	0.00E+00	4.36E+14
Elk R nr mouth (rollback to meet marine WQS)	90%	40	2.8%	3.82E+14	3.44E+14	3.82E+13
Johns River near mouth	51%	73	2.4%	3.29E+14	1.69E+14	1.60E+14
Unnamed Central Park creek	94%	32	1.2%	1.64E+14	1.54E+14	1.02E+13
Grass Creek	67%	20	0.70%	9.56E+13	6.40E+13	3.15E+13
Chenois Creek	37%	34	0.66%	8.93E+13	3.28E+13	5.66E+13
Newskah Creek	28%	69	0.54%	7.39E+13	2.10E+13	5.29E+13
Charlie Creek	61%	100	0.51%	6.91E+13	4.25E+13	2.67E+13
Andrews Cr nr mouth (rollback to meet marine WQS)	90%	13	0.43%	5.78E+13	5.21E+13	5.78E+12
Elliot Slough	27%	100	0.33%	4.44E+13	1.18E+13	3.25E+13
Barlow Creek	79%	70	0.33%	4.43E+13	3.52E+13	9.10E+12
Grayland Ditch	71%	100	0.32%	4.31E+13	3.07E+13	1.24E+13
Oleary Creek	68%	95	0.28%	3.80E+13	2.60E+13	1.20E+13
Indian Creek	78%	34	0.28%	3.78E+13	2.94E+13	8.43E+12
Redman Slough	89%	100	0.13%	1.76E+13	1.58E+13	1.86E+12
Stafford Creek	71%	99	0.13%	1.75E+13	1.23E+13	5.12E+12
Chapin Creek	54%	50	0.10%	1.42E+13	7.63E+12	6.58E+12
Campbell Creek	66%	46	0.09%	1.25E+13	8.23E+12	4.32E+12
Unnamed Westport creek	92%	100	0.09%	1.22E+13	1.13E+13	9.30E+11
Dempsey Creek	53%	58	0.05%	6.15E+12	3.24E+12	2.91E+12
Other small tributaries	--	--	0.11%	1.56E+13	--	1.56E+13
<b>Urban Drains (2)</b>	98%	15	2.5%	3.40E+14	3.33E+14	7.48E+12
<b>Total</b>	65%			1.30E+16	8.48E+15	4.53E+15

1) maximum of 30-day geometric means and 90th percentiles of regression estimates of daily concentrations from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.

2) based on geometric means and upper 90th percentiles of all samples during the study from 11 urban drains in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam-Cosmopolis areas.

The Chehalis River is the most important single loading source that requires reduction, followed by the Humptulips, Wishkah, and Hoquiam rivers. Collectively these tributaries account for approximately 80 percent of the required reduction in loading to meet water quality standards.

## Predicted response to storm event loading

Figure 40 presents precipitation at Grayland during the study year in comparison with the load of fecal coliform from tributaries to the inner south region. The inner south region (south of highway 105 bridge) is conditionally approved for shellfish harvesting and is closed following significant rainfall events ( $\geq 1.5$  inches in 24 hours at Grayland) because of local watershed bacterial sources (the Elk River is the major tributary to this region). The storm event during October 28 – November 14, 1997 was predicted to produce the greatest loading of fecal coliform to the inner south region during the study.

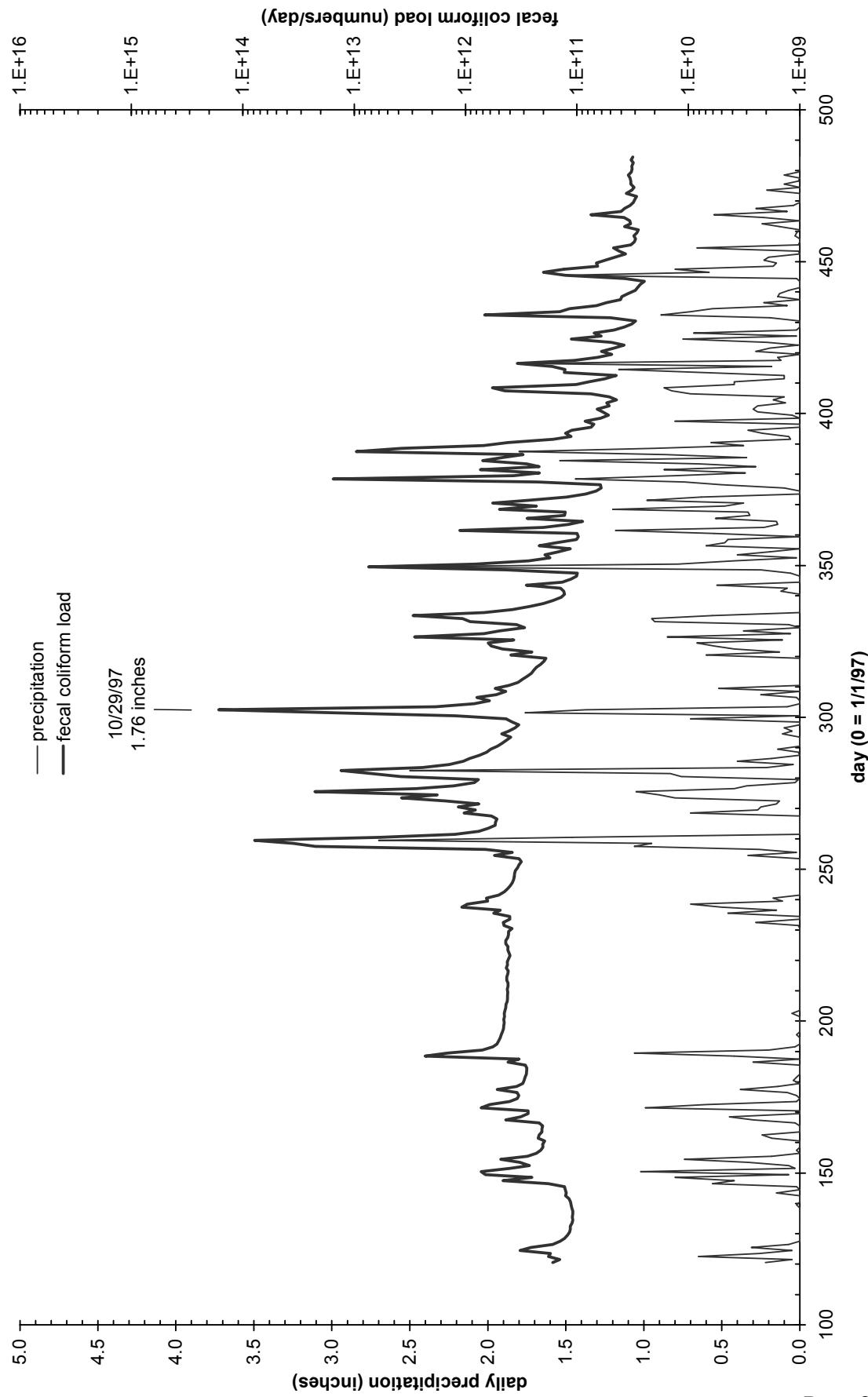
Figure 41 presents a detailed comparison of daily precipitation at Grayland and total loading of fecal coliform from all tributaries to Grays Harbor during October 28 – November 14, 1997. This storm event resulted in the greatest loading to Grays Harbor during the study year (model days 300-317). Daily total precipitation at Grayland was 1.76 inches on October 29 and 1.37 inches on October 30. This event was one of eight storms during the study year that produced 1.5 inches or more of rainfall at the Grayland station. Rainfall events of this magnitude result in closure of the inner south region for shellfish harvesting according to DOH management rules (Figure 3).

The October 28–November 14, 1997 period produced the highest daily loading of fecal coliform to Grays Harbor of the study year, and accounted for approximately 16 percent of the estimated total load for the year. Appendix I presents an animation that shows daily medians of predicted hourly fecal coliform during this period.

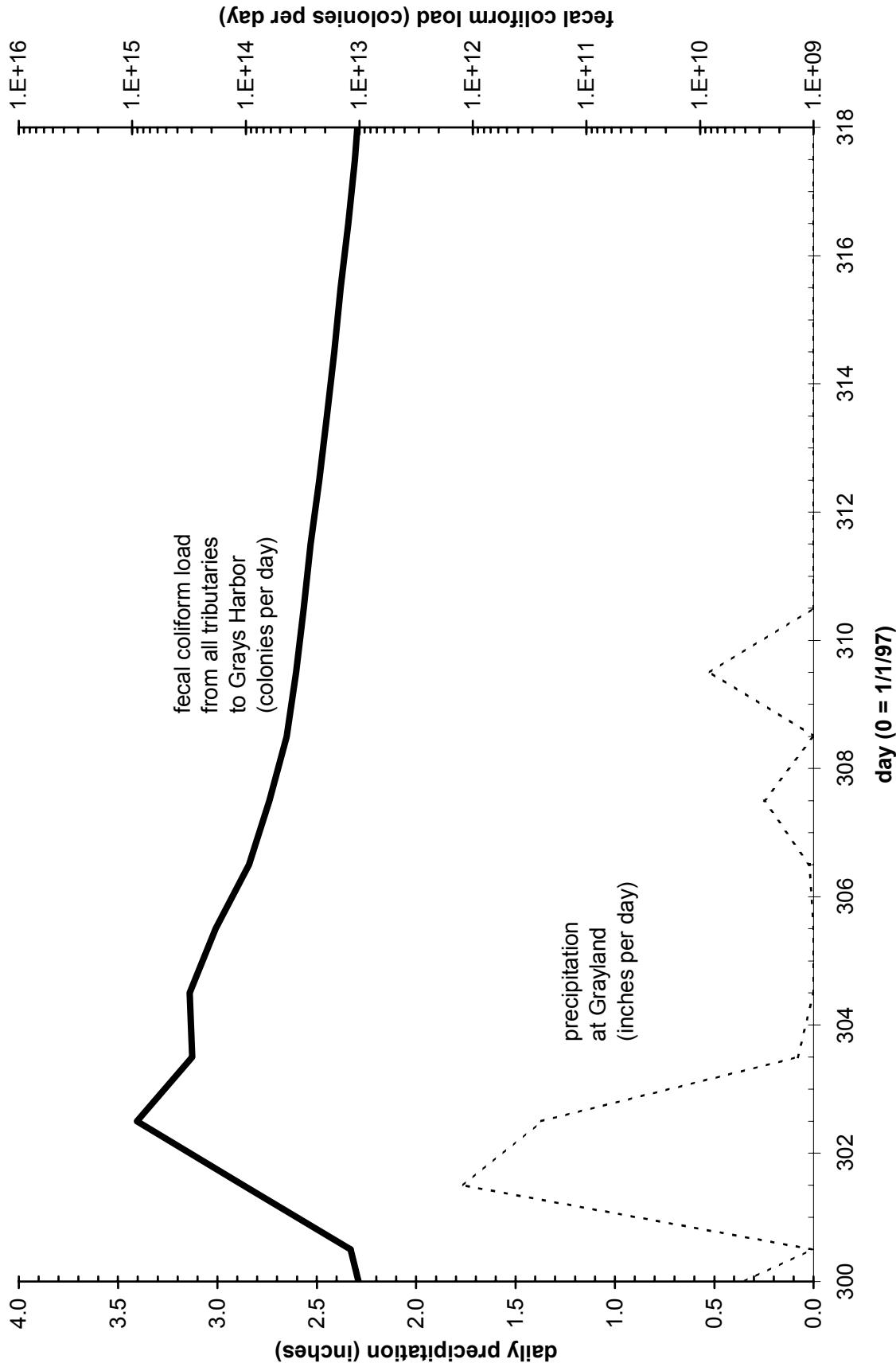
The model predictions of fecal coliform in Grays Harbor during this 18-day period suggest that most of the harbor experiences significant elevations in fecal coliform during large storm events. Figures 42, 43, and 44 present predicted fecal coliform in the central, northern, and southern regions of Grays Harbor during this period. The only portions of Grays Harbor that were not predicted to exceed the class A standard were the outermost model segments 1, 2, and 3. The highest concentrations in the class A portion of Grays Harbor were predicted in the inner south region, the northeast portion of the north region, and the transition from the inner harbor to the central region (vicinity of the marine class A/B line). The innermost part of the inner harbor (east of model segments 10, 33, and 16) was also predicted to exceed the marine class B standard during this event. The elevated concentrations from the storm loading were predicted to persist for up to 10-15 days following the rainfall event, partly because the loading was estimated to lag in response to the rainfall.

The model predictions for this 18-day period suggest that the rainfall-conditional closure of the inner south region (Figure 3) is justified. These results also suggest that the period of closure may need to be longer for very large events (up to 15 days in the inner south region). Also, it may be reasonable to establish other regions of rainfall-conditional closure, such as the northeast part of the north region and the eastern part of the central region.

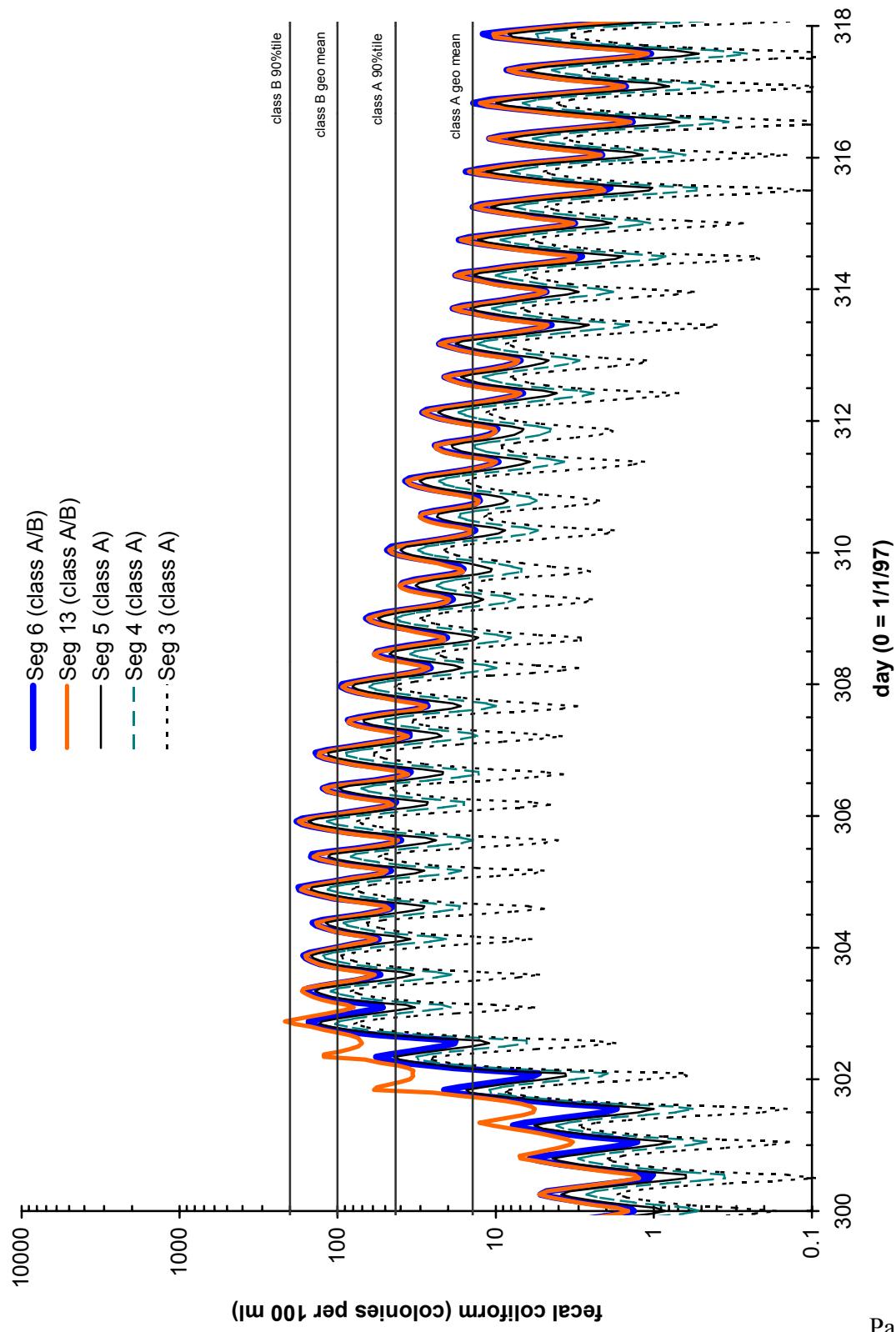
**Figure 40. Precipitation at Grayland and fecal coliform loading from tributaries to the inner south region (WASP segments 80, 81, and 82) from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**



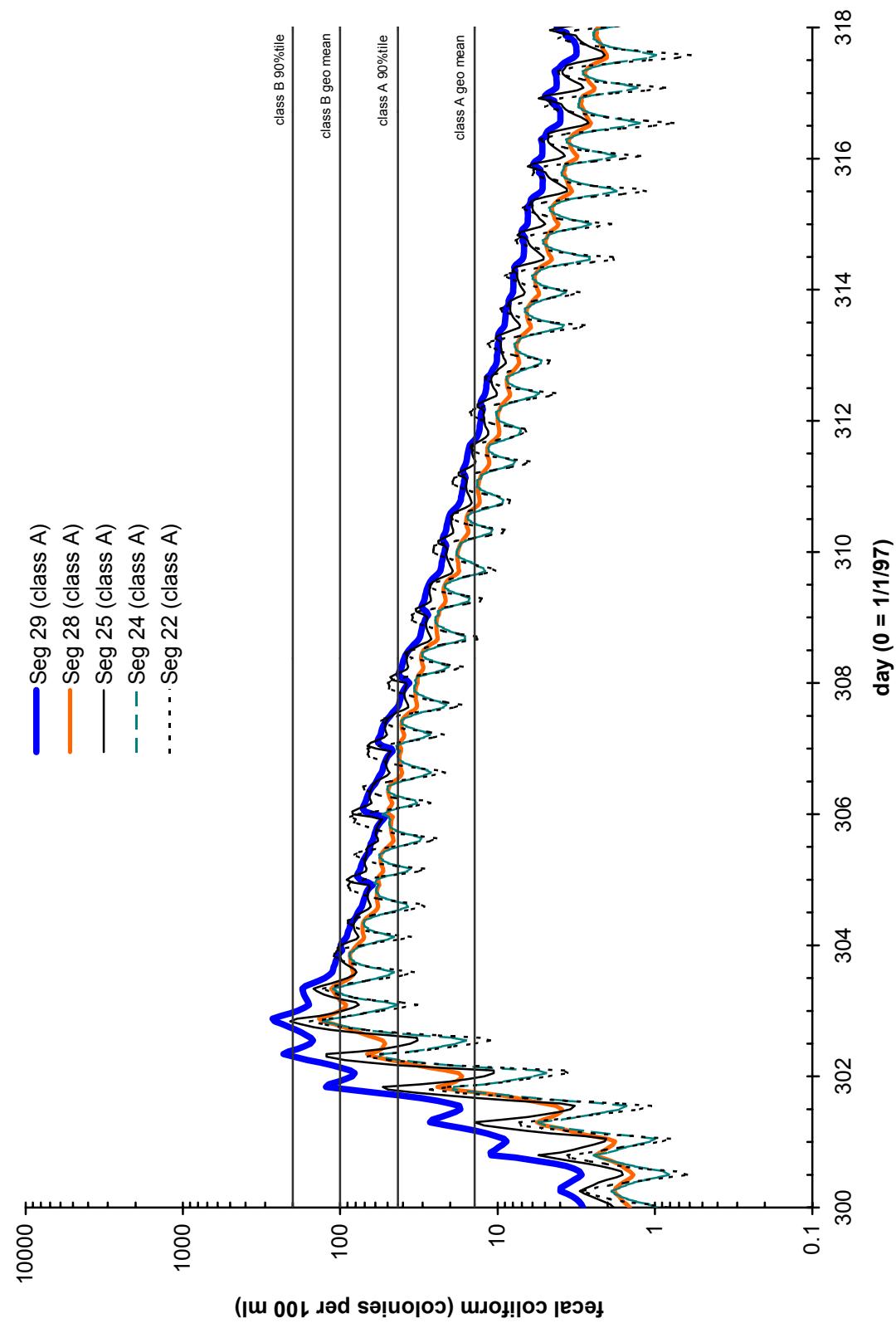
**Figure 41. Fecal coliform load from all tributaries and precipitation at Grayland during the October 28 - November 14, 1997 storm event (day 300-318).**



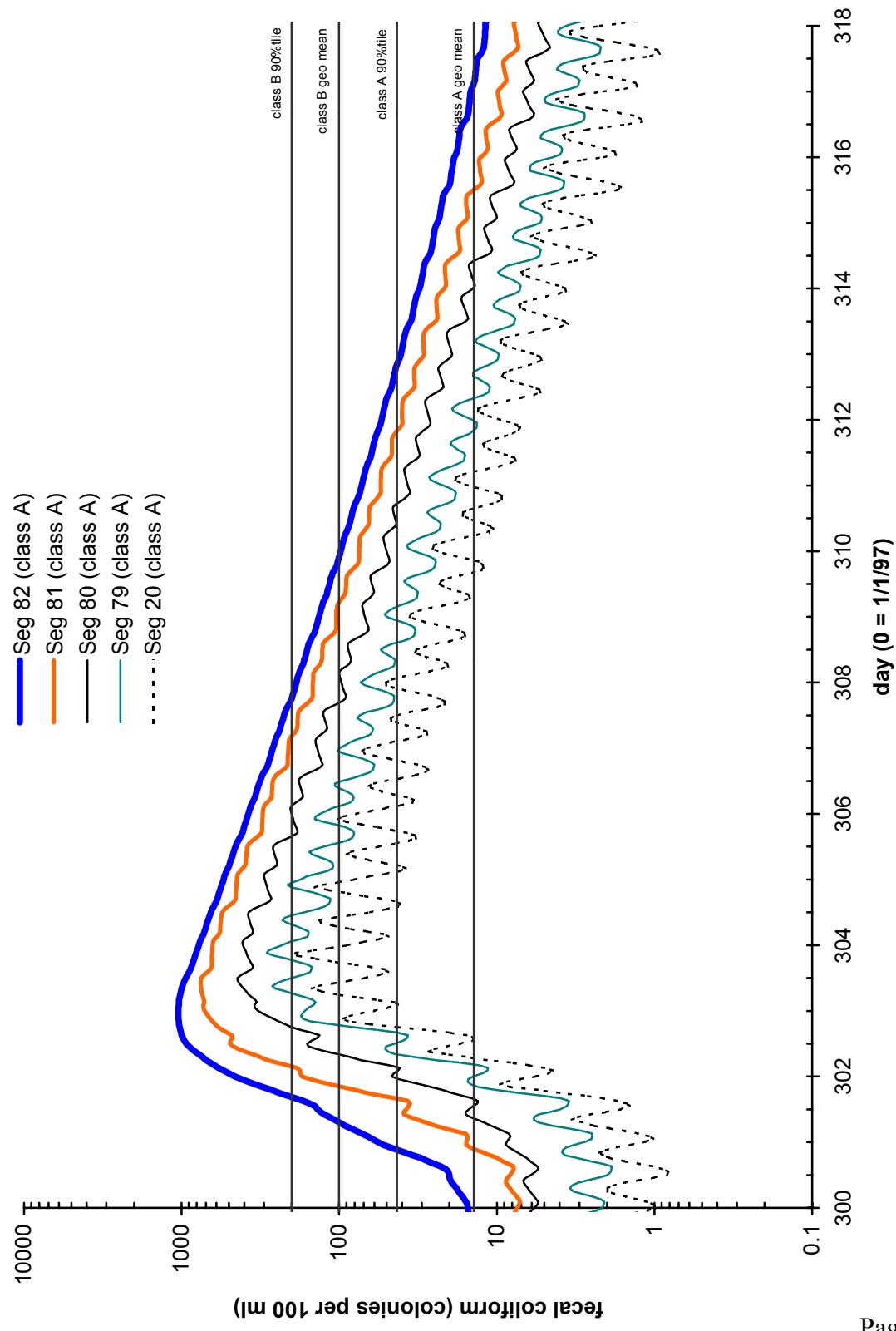
**Figure 42. Predicted fecal coliform in the central region of Grays Harbor during the October 28 - November 14, 1997 storm event (day 300-318).**



**Figure 43. Predicted fecal coliform in the north region of Grays Harbor during the October 28 - November 14, 1997 storm event (day 300-318).**



**Figure 44. Predicted fecal coliform in the south region of Grays Harbor during the October 28 - November 14, 1997 storm event (day 300-318).**



## Predicted response to loading from Weyerhaeuser Outfall 1 (Weyco 1) in July-August 1997

Point source upset conditions which trigger closure of the conditionally approved areas by DOH include greater than 20,000 fecal coliform organisms per 100 ml (daily maximum NPDES permit limit) in effluent from the Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis plant Outfall 1 (Weyco 1). This condition occurred on three days during the study year during two events: July 24-25, 1997, and March 1, 1998. The July 24-25 event resulted in the largest daily load from the Weyco 1 outfall during May 1997–April 1998 (study year).

During the July 24-25 event the load from Weyco 1 accounted for more than 95 percent of the total load to Grays Harbor. During the study year there were nine days when the load from Weyco 1 accounted for more than 50 percent of the total load, and 18 days (5 percent of the time) when the Weyco 1 load accounted for more than 20 percent of the total load. In contrast to these extreme conditions, the average load from Weyco 1 over the entire study year accounted for less than 4 percent of the total load to Grays Harbor.

The water quality model results were used to present predicted conditions in Grays Harbor in response to the loading event of July 24-25, 1997. Figure 45 shows the load from Weyco 1 and the total load from all sources between July 15 and August 31, 1997. A relatively large pulse of loading occurred on July 24-25, and was followed by smaller pulses over the next several days. Figures 46, 47, and 48 show the predicted fecal coliform in the inner, central, north, and south regions.

In response to the loading from Weyco 1, the highest concentrations in Grays Harbor are predicted to occur in model segment 17 in the inner harbor, which is the segment that receives the discharge. Concentrations in segment 17 and several other segments in the inner harbor are predicted to exceed the class B water quality standard during the discharge event.

The loading event from Weyco 1 was also predicted to cause concentrations in the central region to exceed the class A standard. The north region and the outer south regions were also predicted to increase in concentration following the loading event, with some segments predicted to also exceed the class A standard. The inner south region showed some response to the loading event, although concentrations were not predicted to exceed the class A standard. An animation of the predicted water quality during this period is presented in Appendix J.

The model results confirm the appropriateness of shellfish closures by DOH based on point source upset conditions. The model results suggest that it may be advisable for DOH to consider extending the conditional closure to the north region in the event of point source upsets.

## Predicted water quality if Weyco Outfall 1 (Weyco 1) had been discharging at the maximum allowable loading according to the NPDES permit

The period of July 15 – August 31, 1997 was used to predict the improvement in water quality that would result from a reduction of the load from Weyerhaeuser. Two scenarios were evaluated to test the adequacy of existing and proposed NPDES permit limits for Weyco 1:

- Model run G13RUN04: Weyco 1 was assumed to be meeting the existing daily maximum limit of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml from July 15 – August 31 at all times, and otherwise was assumed to be discharging at the lower reported concentrations.
- Model run G13RUN05: Weyco 1 was assumed to be meeting the proposed daily maximum limit of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml from July 15 – August 31 at all times, and otherwise was assumed to be discharging at the lower reported concentrations. The proposed limit is under consideration by Ecology based on a recent dilution zone study (Nelson, 1999).

Following these two runs, additional model runs were made by reducing the daily maximum limit until the water quality standard was predicted to be met. The model results were evaluated on a daily basis, in comparison with the geometric mean and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile requirements of the water quality standards. The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile standard was found to be limiting. The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile limit (marine class B) of 200 colonies per 100 ml was assumed to be met, if less than 10 percent of the predicted hourly concentrations at segment 17 were higher than 200 during any given 24-hour period.

### **Evaluation of the current daily maximum limit of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml for Weyco 1**

Figure 49 presents predicted fecal coliform in the inner harbor and in the central region near the transition area from marine class B to class A water quality standards for model run G13RUN04 (daily maximum limit of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml). These results show that the fecal coliform concentrations in Grays Harbor would have been significantly lower if Weyco 1 had not been exceeding its permit limit (see Figure 46 for comparison with predicted response to actual loads during this period). However, Figure 49 shows that the predicted fecal coliform at model segment 17 would exceed the class B standard even if Weyco 1 had been meeting its current permit limit. The concentration of fecal coliform in segment 17 was predicted to exceed the 90th percentile standard up to 21 percent of the time during the worst 24-hour period (5 of 24 hours).

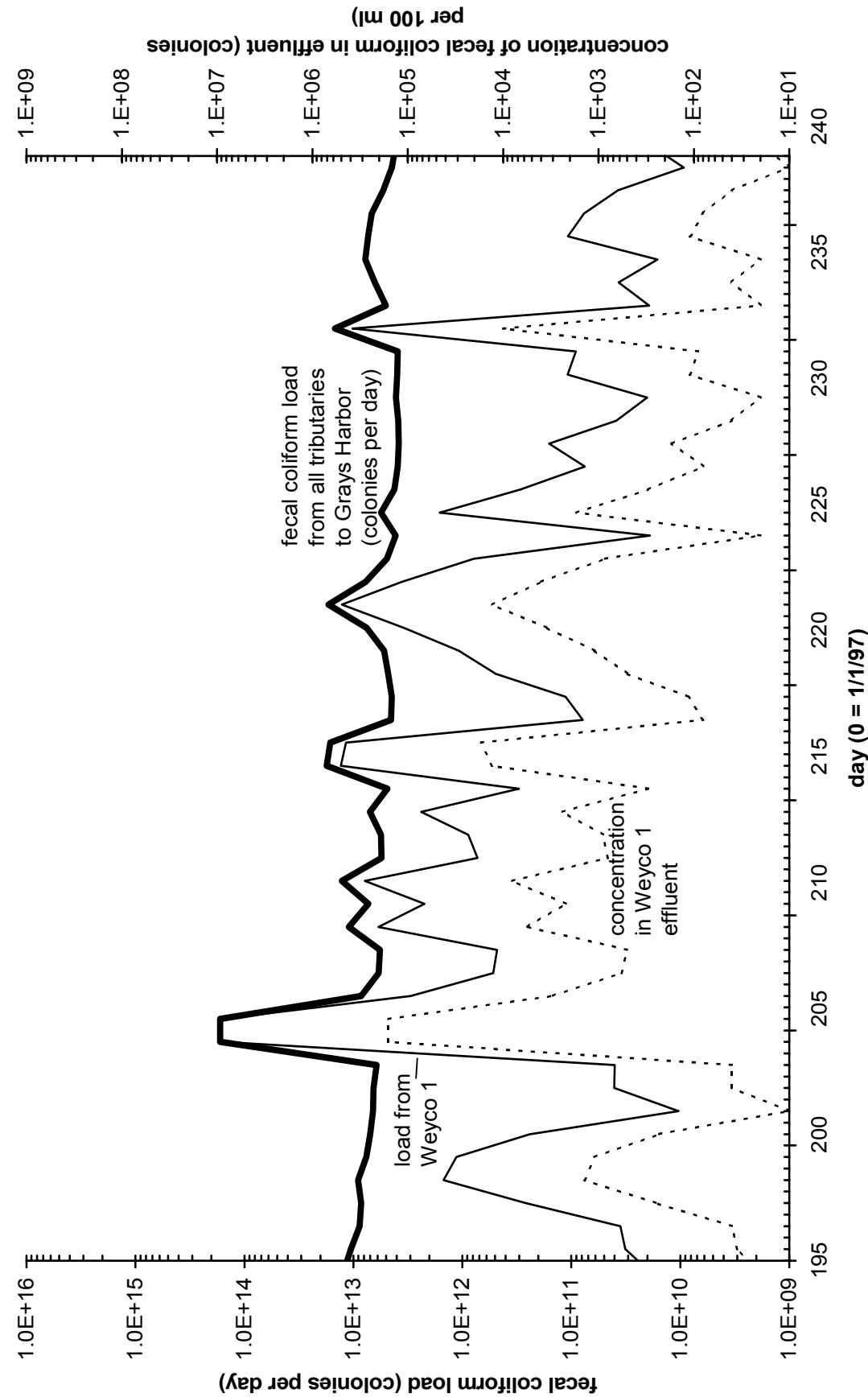
### **Evaluation of the proposed daily maximum limit of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml for Weyco 1**

A proposed daily maximum limit of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml is under consideration for Weyco 1 based on a recent dilution zone study (Nelson, 1999). Figure 50 presents predicted fecal coliform in the inner harbor and in the central region near the transition area from marine class B to class A water quality standards for model run G13RUN05 (daily maximum limit of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml). Figure 50 shows that the predicted fecal coliform at model segment 17 would still exceed the class B standard, even if Weyco 1 had been meeting the proposed new permit limit. The concentration of fecal coliform in segment 17 was predicted to exceed the 90th percentile standard up to 12.5 percent of the time during the worst 24-hour period (3 of 24 hours).

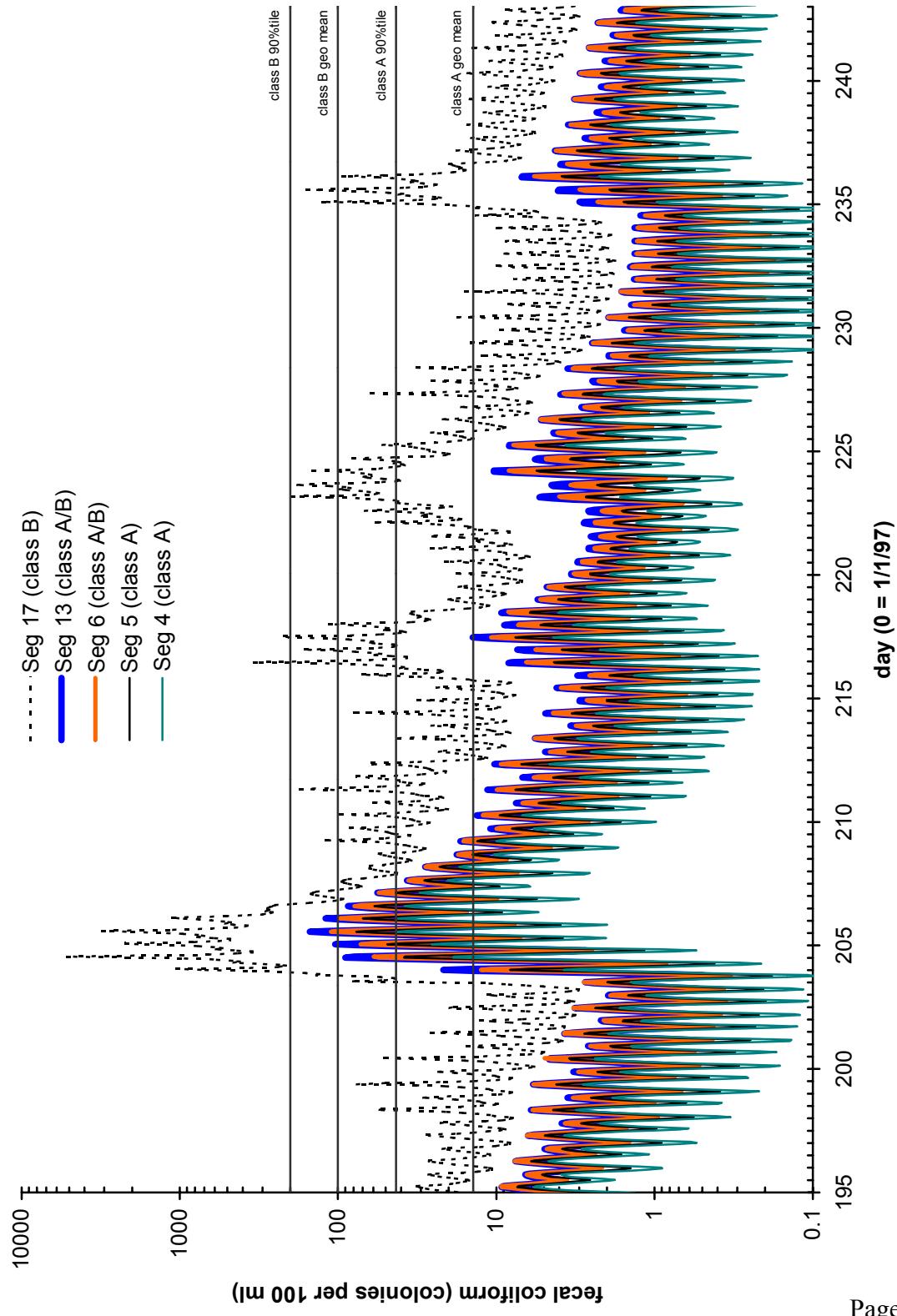
### **Trial solution of a daily maximum limit for Weyco 1**

Additional model runs were made by reducing the daily maximum limit until the water quality standard was predicted to be met. The trial values for daily maximum limits were run at intervals of 1,000 colonies per 100 ml (i.e., trial values included 16,000, 15,000, 14,000, etc.)

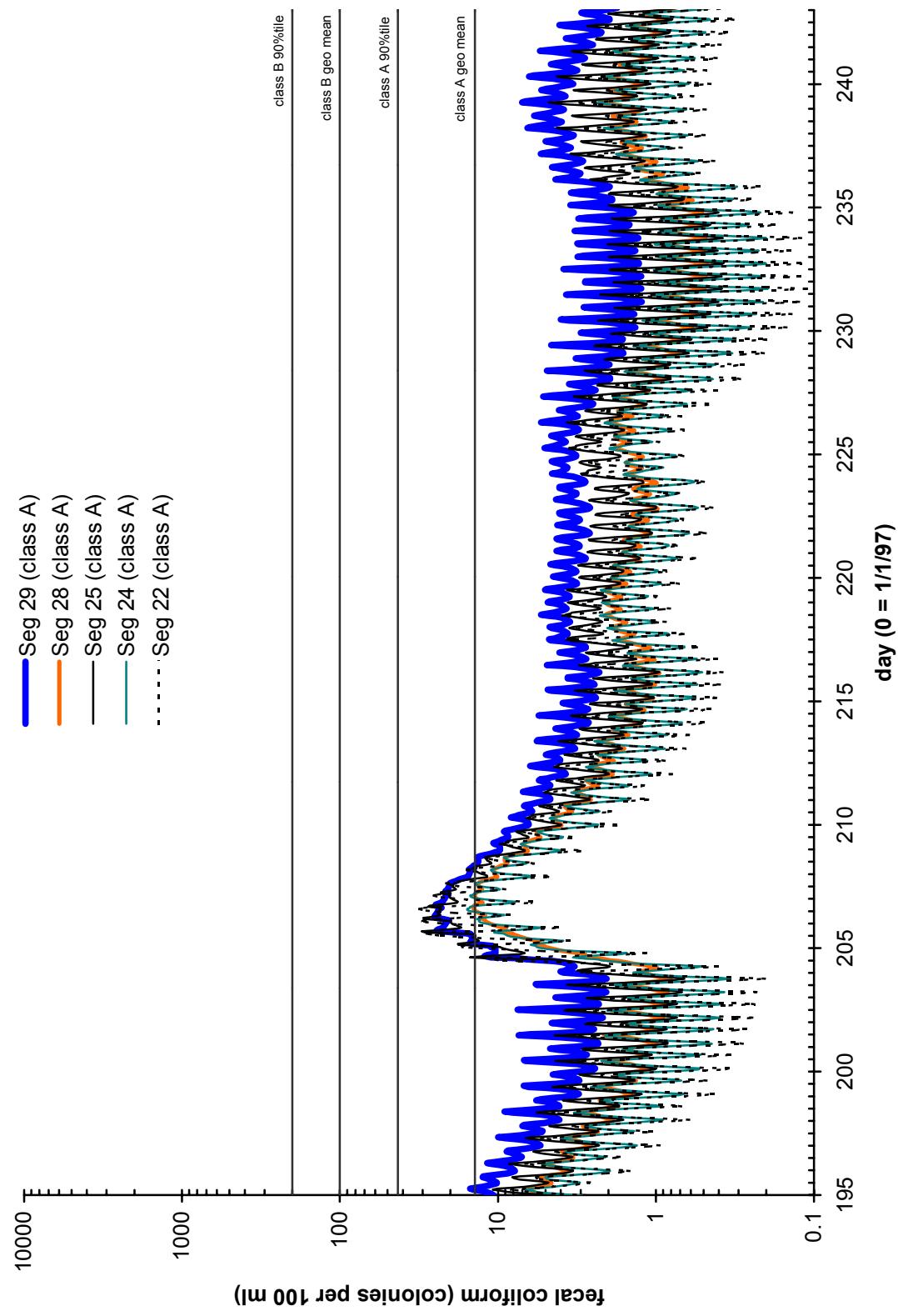
**Figure 45. Fecal coliform load from all tributaries and Weyco 1 during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



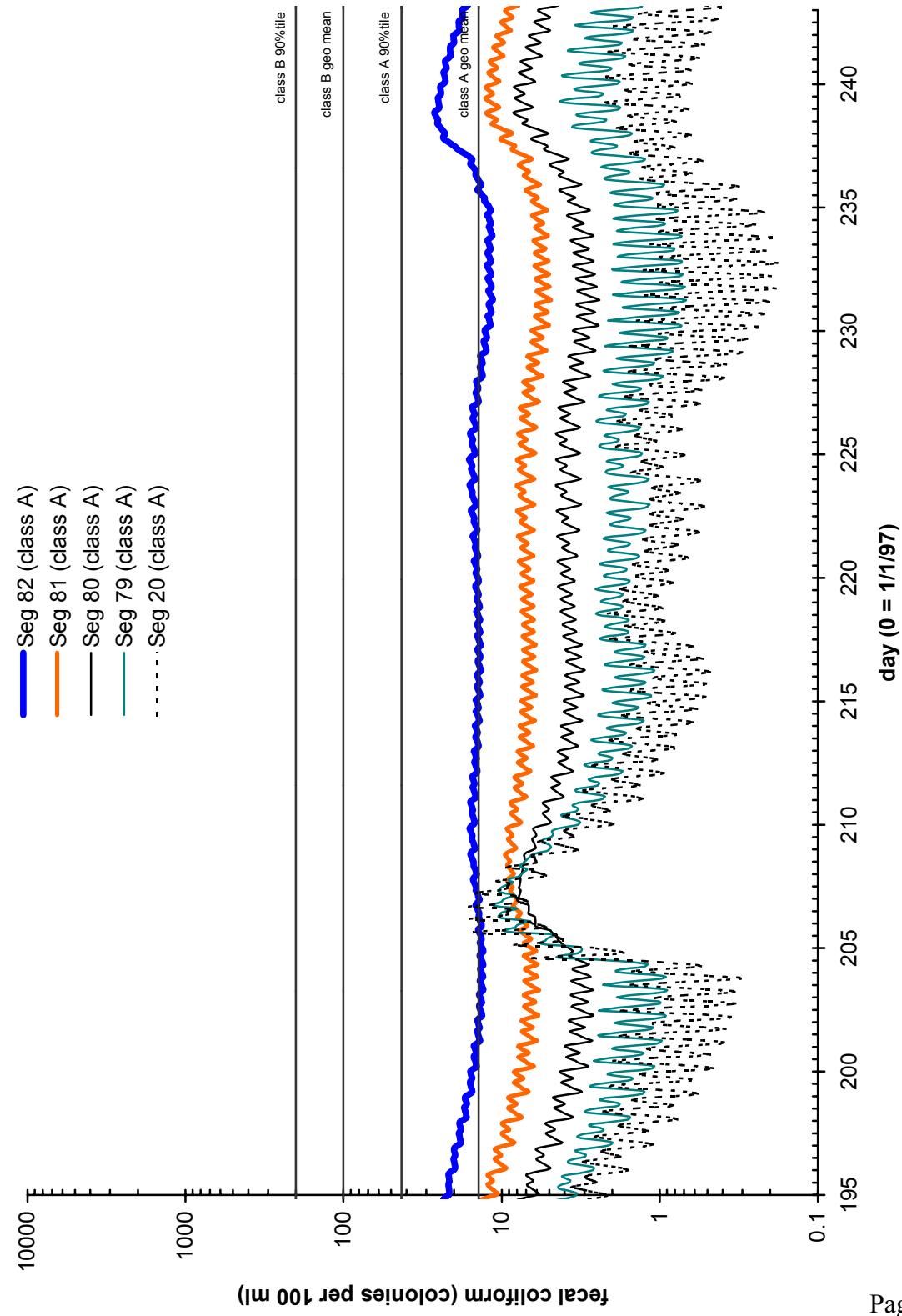
**Figure 46. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



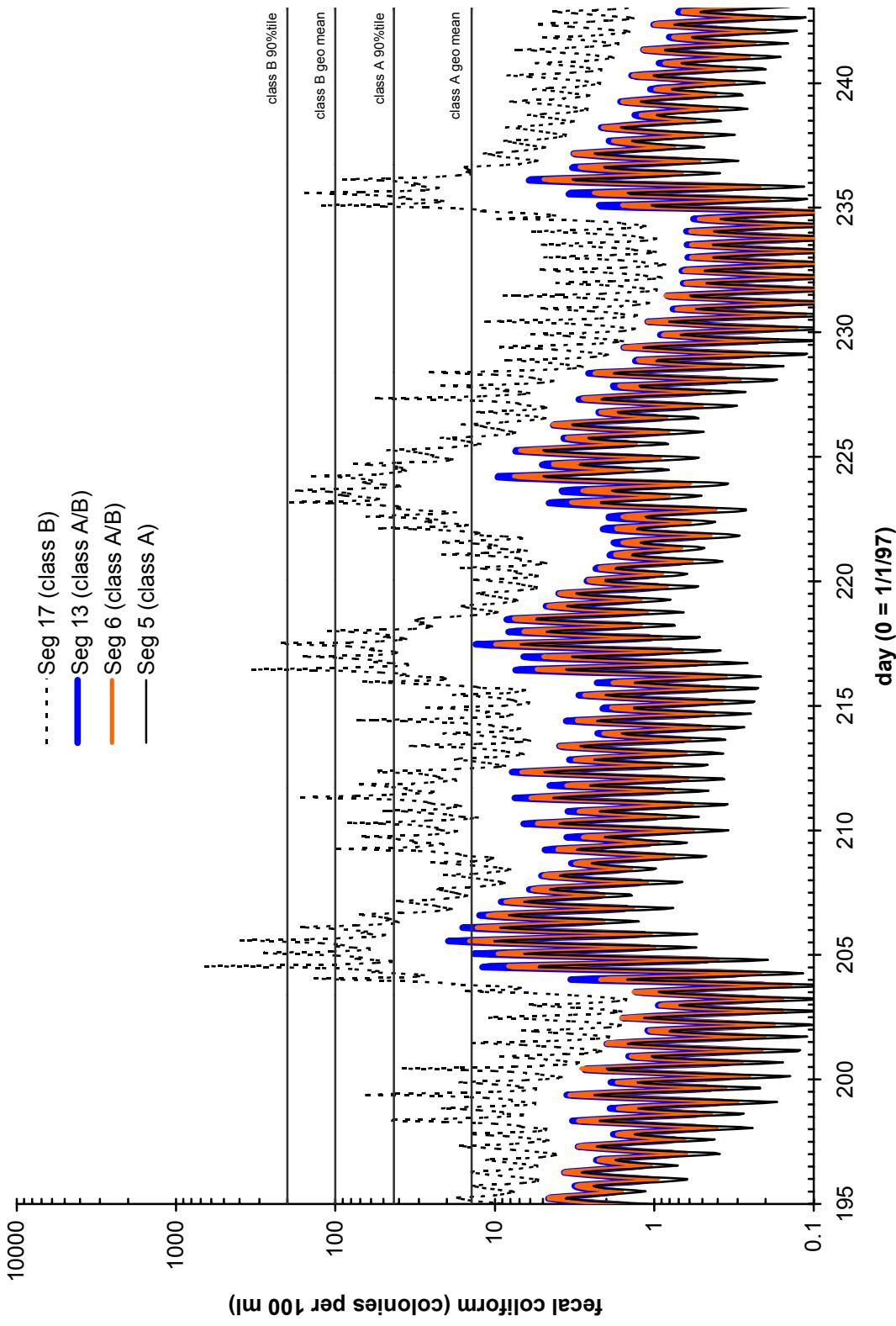
**Figure 47. Predicted fecal coliform in the north region of Grays Harbor during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



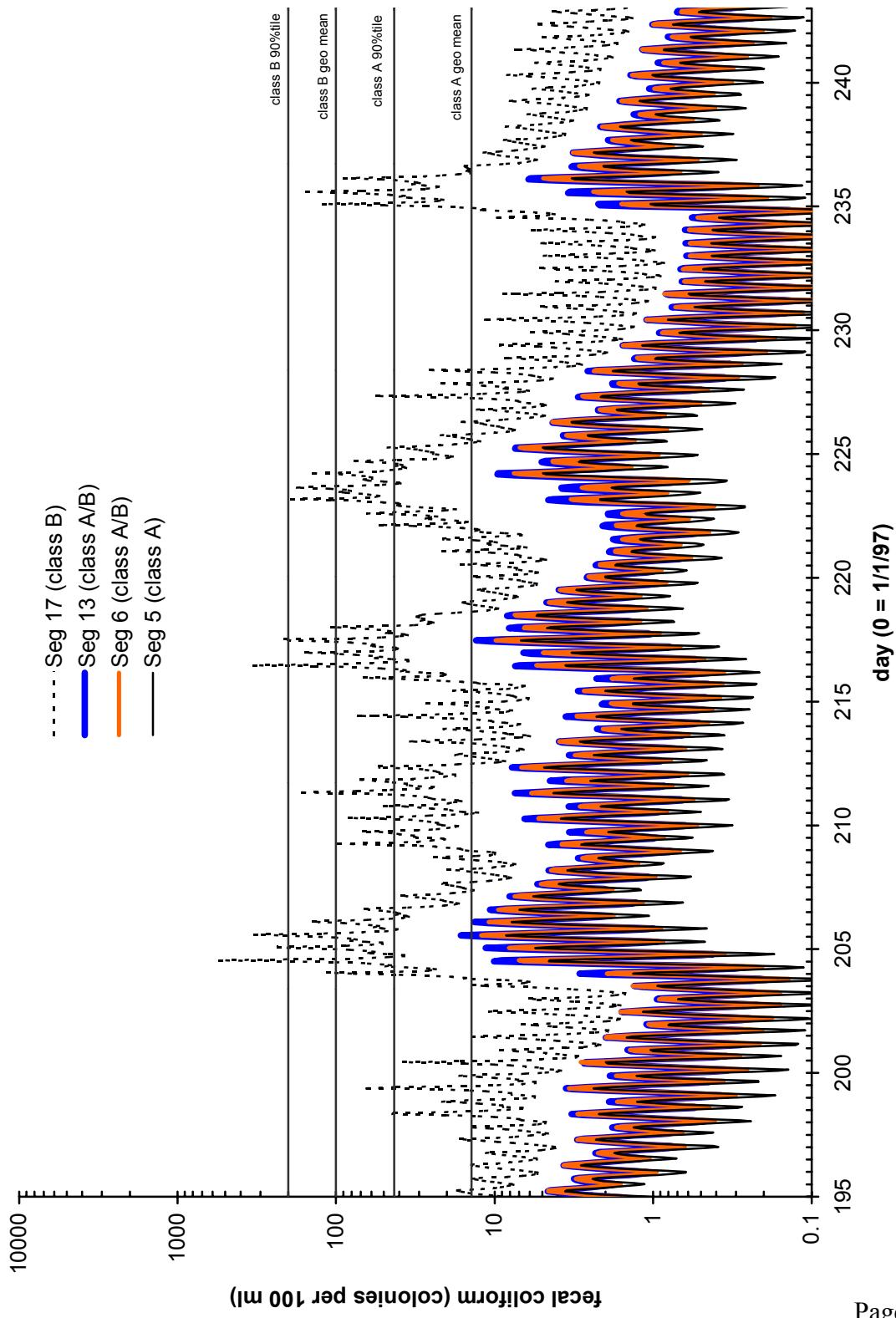
**Figure 48. Predicted fecal coliform in the south region of Grays Harbor during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



**Figure 49. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor, for a hypothetical daily maximum at Weyco 1 of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml, during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



**Figure 50. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical daily maximum at Weyco 1 of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml, during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile limit (marine class B) of 200 colonies per 100 ml was assumed to be met, if less than 10 percent of the predicted hourly concentrations at segment 17 were higher than 200 during any given 24-hour period.

A daily maximum limit of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml was found to satisfy the requirement of exceeding the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile standard no greater than 10 percent of the time during a 24-hour period. Figure 51 shows the predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor, assuming a daily maximum limit of 14,000. Even though the frequency requirement of the standard was met, the highest hourly concentration was still predicted to be 457 colonies per 100 ml in segment 17, which is more than double the magnitude of the water quality standard.

A more restrictive interpretation of the water quality standard was also examined. Additional trials were run by further reducing the daily maximum limits until all predicted hourly concentrations in segment 17 were less than the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile standard of 200 colonies per 100 ml. A resulting daily maximum limit of 6,000 colonies per 100 ml was obtained for Weyco 1 (Figure 52). This limit is predicted to result in no more than 200 colonies per 100 ml at all times in the inner harbor during the July 15 – August 31, 1997 period.

#### Predicted response to point source loading from Weyerhaeuser Outfall 1 (Weyco 1), Weyerhaeuser Outfall 2 (Weyco 2), and Grays Harbor Paper during the period of lowest freshwater inflows

The period of September 5-14, 1997 represented the lowest total inflows from tributaries to Grays Harbor during May 1997–April 1998 (study year). The Chehalis River flows during September 5-14 were similar to the lowest 60-90 day averages that occur once every two years, and may be considered representative of seasonal low flows during a typical year. September 5-14 was selected to represent a critical condition when potential dilution of point sources would be at a minimum. Water quality during September 5-14 was predicted to be significantly better than the water quality standards (Figure 53).

Three scenarios were evaluated during September 5-14, 1997 to test the adequacy of NPDES limits for point sources:

- Model run G13RUN06: Weyco 1 was assumed to be discharging at a hypothetical concentration of 5,000 colonies per 100 ml (current maximum monthly average limit) on September 5 and September 7-14; and at 14,000 colonies per 100 ml (daily maximum limit to meet marine class B standards) on September 6-7. Effluent flow was assumed to equal the average reported flow during the study year.
- Model run G13RUN09: Weyerhaeuser has a second outfall (Weyco 2) that discharges wastewater to the Chehalis River at segment 48. Weyco 2 discharges less loading than Weyco 1, but the NPDES limits for fecal coliform concentration are the same. Weyco 2 was assumed to be discharging at a hypothetical concentration of 5,000 colonies per 100 ml (current maximum monthly average limit) on September 5 and 7-14; and at 20,000 colonies per 100 ml on September 6-7 (current daily maximum limit). Effluent flow was assumed to equal the reported flow.

- Model run G13RUN08: Grays Harbor Paper was assumed to be discharging at a hypothetical concentration of 500 colonies per 100 ml (current maximum monthly average limit) on September 5 and September 7-14; and at 19,200 colonies per 100 ml (current daily maximum limit) on September 6-7. Effluent flow was assumed to equal the average reported flow during the study year.

All other nonpoint and point source loads were assumed to equal the conditions that would occur following rollback to meet the marine standards in Grays Harbor (model run G13RUN03), and the simulations were run for the entire study year, May 1, 1997 – April 30, 1998.

These model scenarios were predicted to result in meeting the water quality standards in Grays Harbor (Figures 54, 55, and 56). This finding suggests that the current discharge limits for Weyco 2 and Grays Harbor Paper are adequate for protection of the water quality standard in Grays Harbor. The proposed limit of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml as a daily maximum for Weyco 1 was found to be protective under these lower flow conditions of September 5-14, 1997, as well as the somewhat higher flow conditions of July 15 – August 31, 1997.

## **Recommended Load Allocations and Waste Load Allocations**

The proposed waste load allocations (WLAs) for point sources are presented in Table 16. The proposed load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources are presented in Table 17, along with WLAs for point sources. The proposed LAs are based on the reduction in loading that was estimated to result in meeting both the freshwater and marine water quality standards for fecal coliform (Tables 13, 14, and 15).

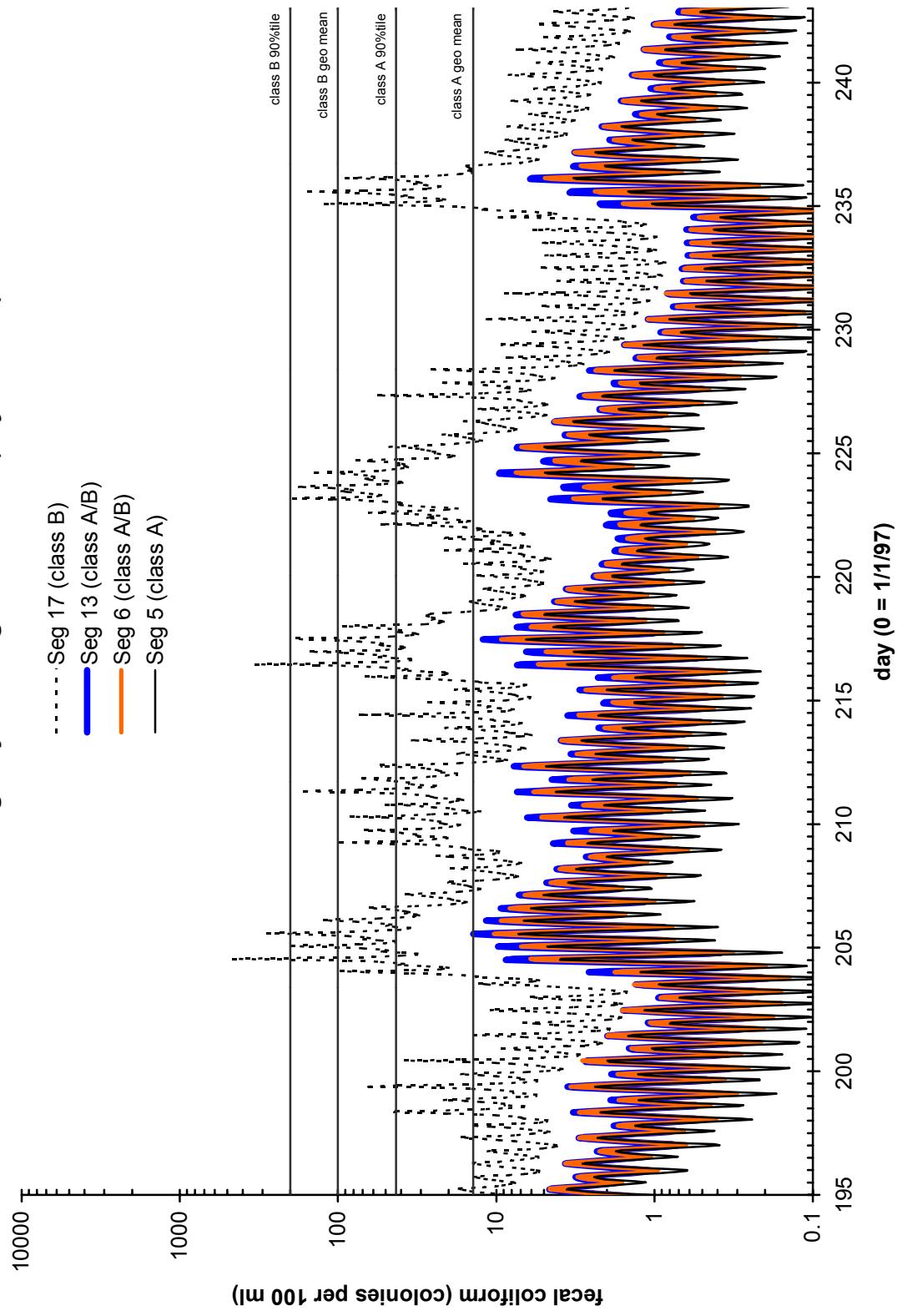
Table 16. Proposed waste load allocations for fecal coliform from NPDES dischargers to the lower Chehalis River and Grays Harbor.

NPDES dischargers	NPDES flow basis for calculation of WLAs (m <sup>3</sup> /sec) (1)	NPDES fecal coliform concentration for calculation of WLA (colonies/100 ml) (2)	Waste load allocation to meet water quality standard (colonies/year)
<b>Municipal</b>			
Aberdeen	0.3834	200	2.42E+13
Elma	0.0210	200	1.33E+12
Hoquiam	0.1753	200	1.11E+13
McCleary	0.0110	200	6.91E+11
Montesano	0.0158	200	9.95E+11
Ocean Shores	0.2935	200	1.85E+13
Westport	0.0351	200	2.21E+12
<b>Industrial</b>			
Ocean Spray Cranberries	0.0138	200	8.70E+11
Grays Harbor Paper	0.266	500	4.19E+13
Weyerhaeuser 001	1.024	5000	1.61E+15
Weyerhaeuser 002	0.333	5000	5.25E+14

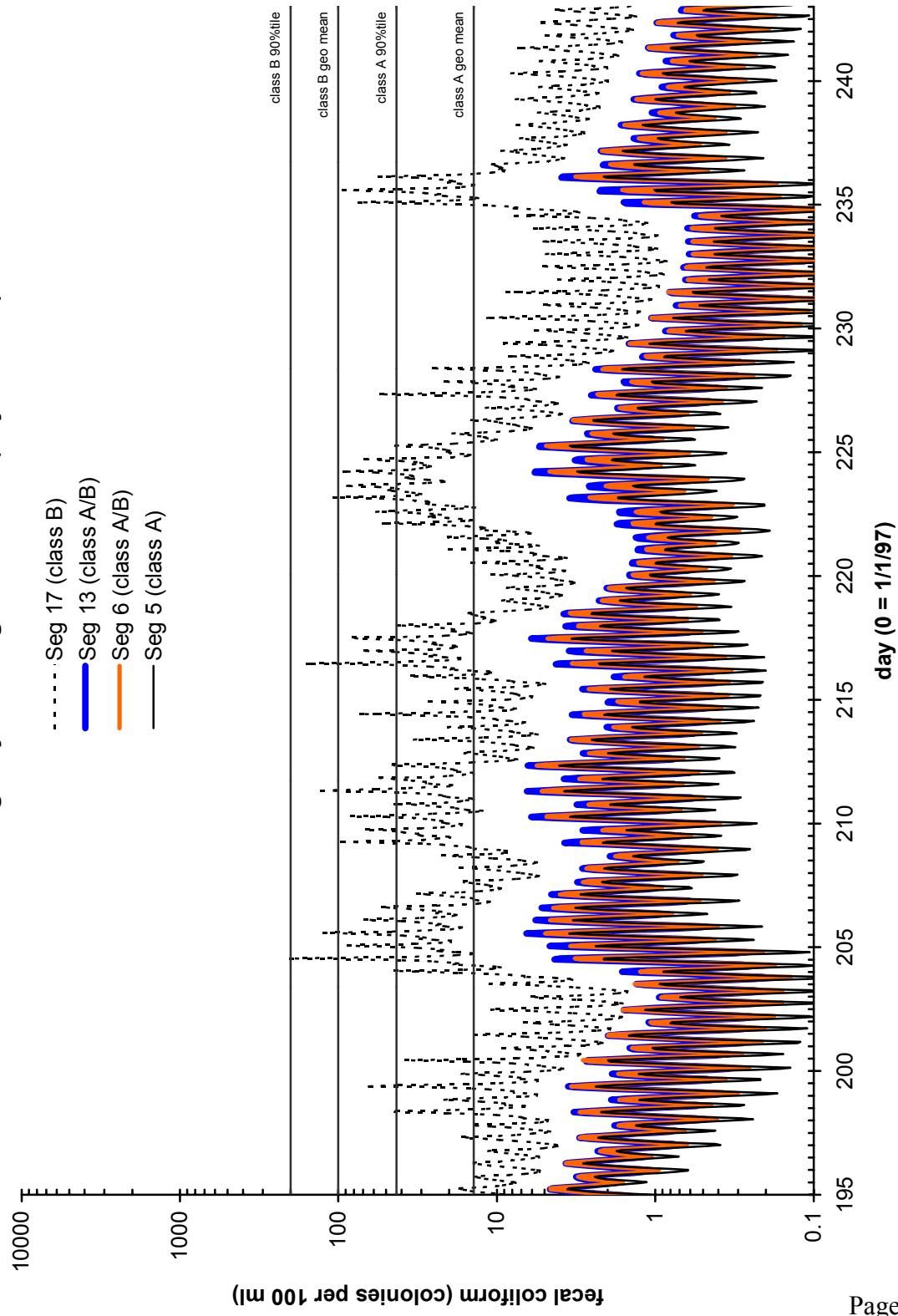
1) Maximum monthly average design flow for municipal dischargers and average annual flow for industrial dischargers.

2) Maximum monthly average limits.

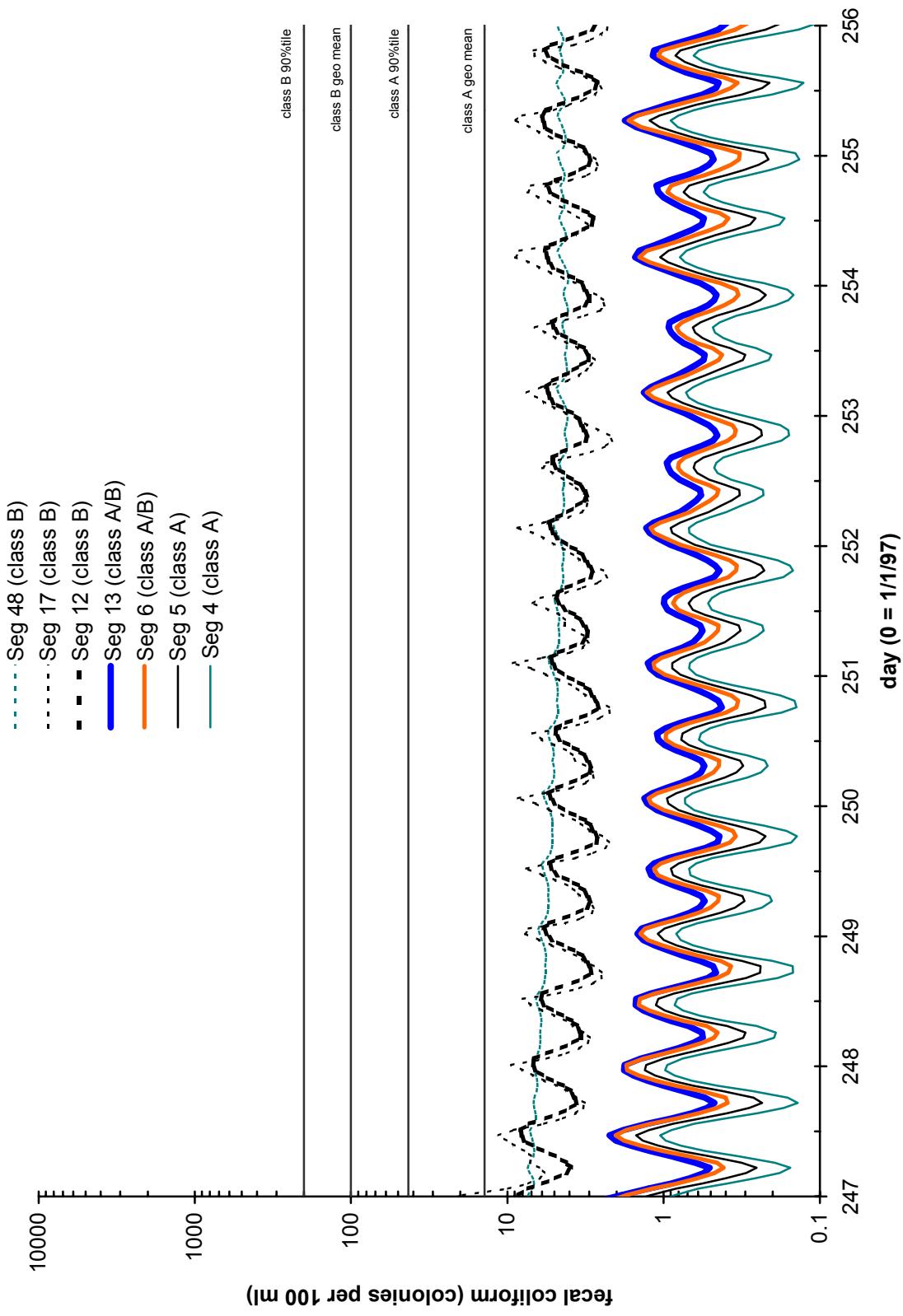
**Figure 51. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical daily maximum at Weyco 1 of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml, during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



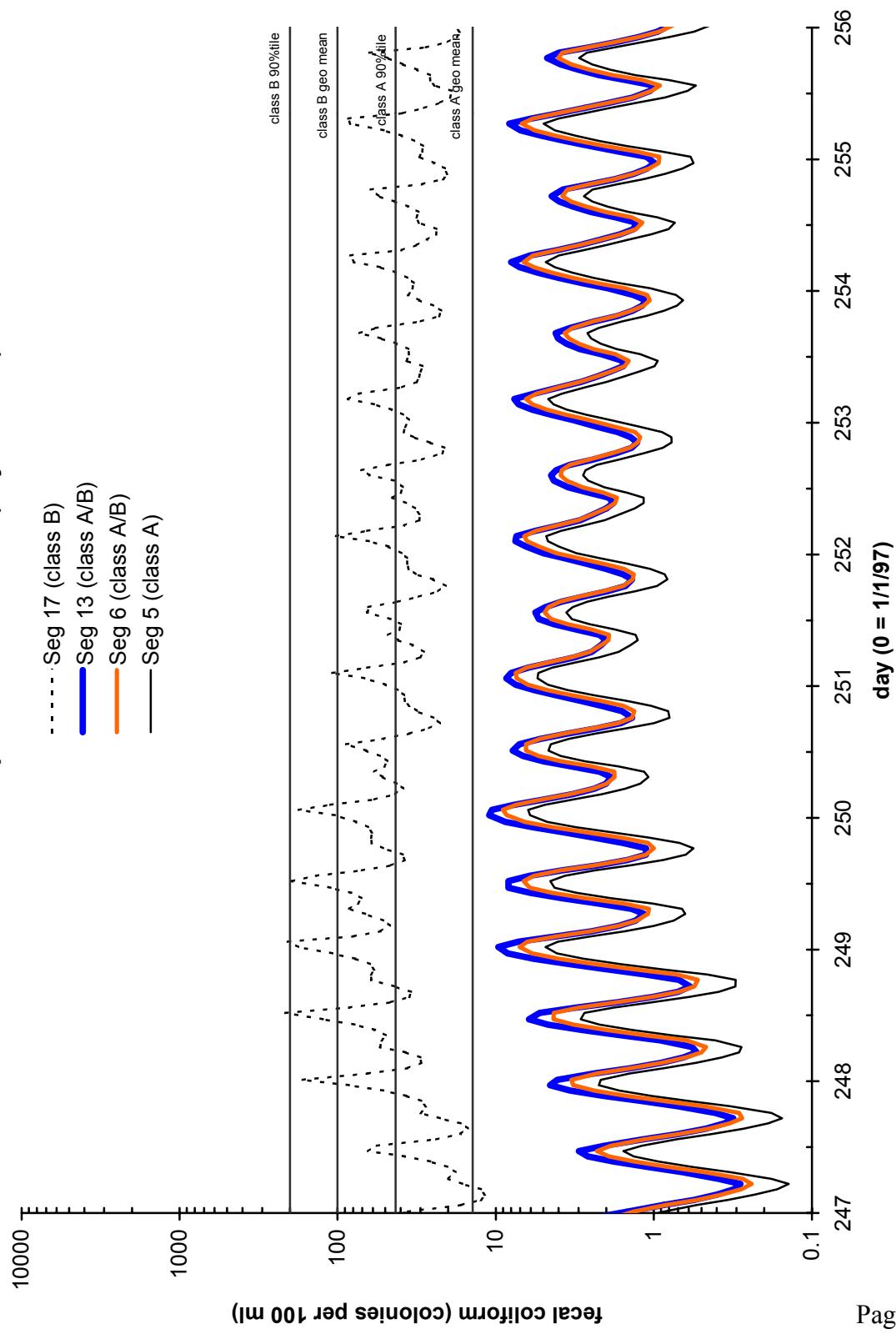
**Figure 52. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical daily maximum at Weyco 1 of 6,000 colonies per 100 ml, during July 15 - August 31, 1997 (day 195-242).**



**Figure 53. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor during September 5 - 14, 1997 (day 247-256).**



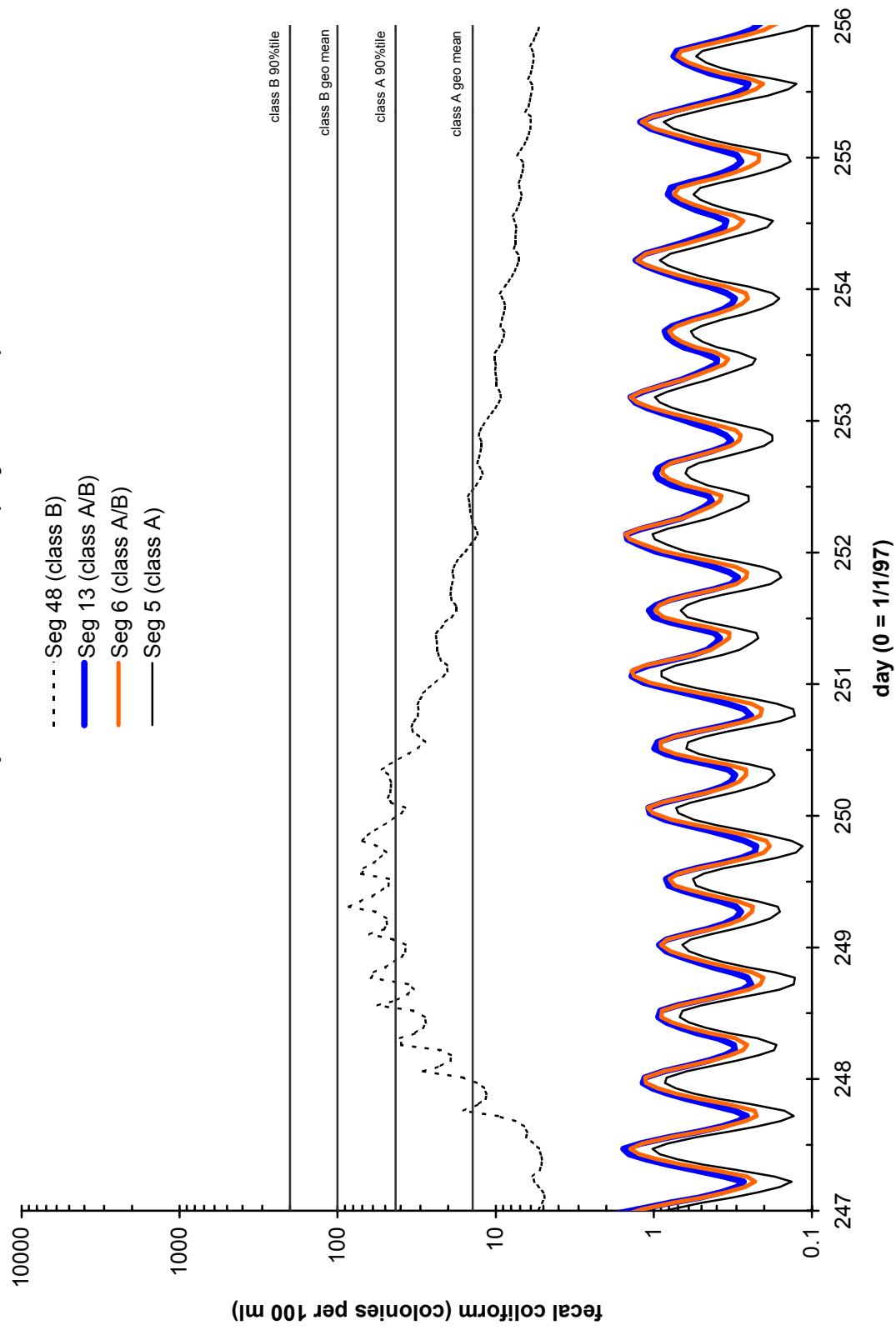
**Figure 54. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical effluent concentration at Weyco 1 of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml, on September 6 - 7, 1997 (day 248-249).**



fecal coliform (colonies per 100 ml)

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**Figure 55. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical effluent concentration at Weyco 2 of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml, on September 6 - 7, 1997 (day 248-249).**



**Figure 56. Predicted fecal coliform in the inner and central region of Grays Harbor for a hypothetical effluent concentration at Grays Harbor Paper of 19,200 colonies per 100 ml, on September 6 - 7, 1997 (day 248-249).**

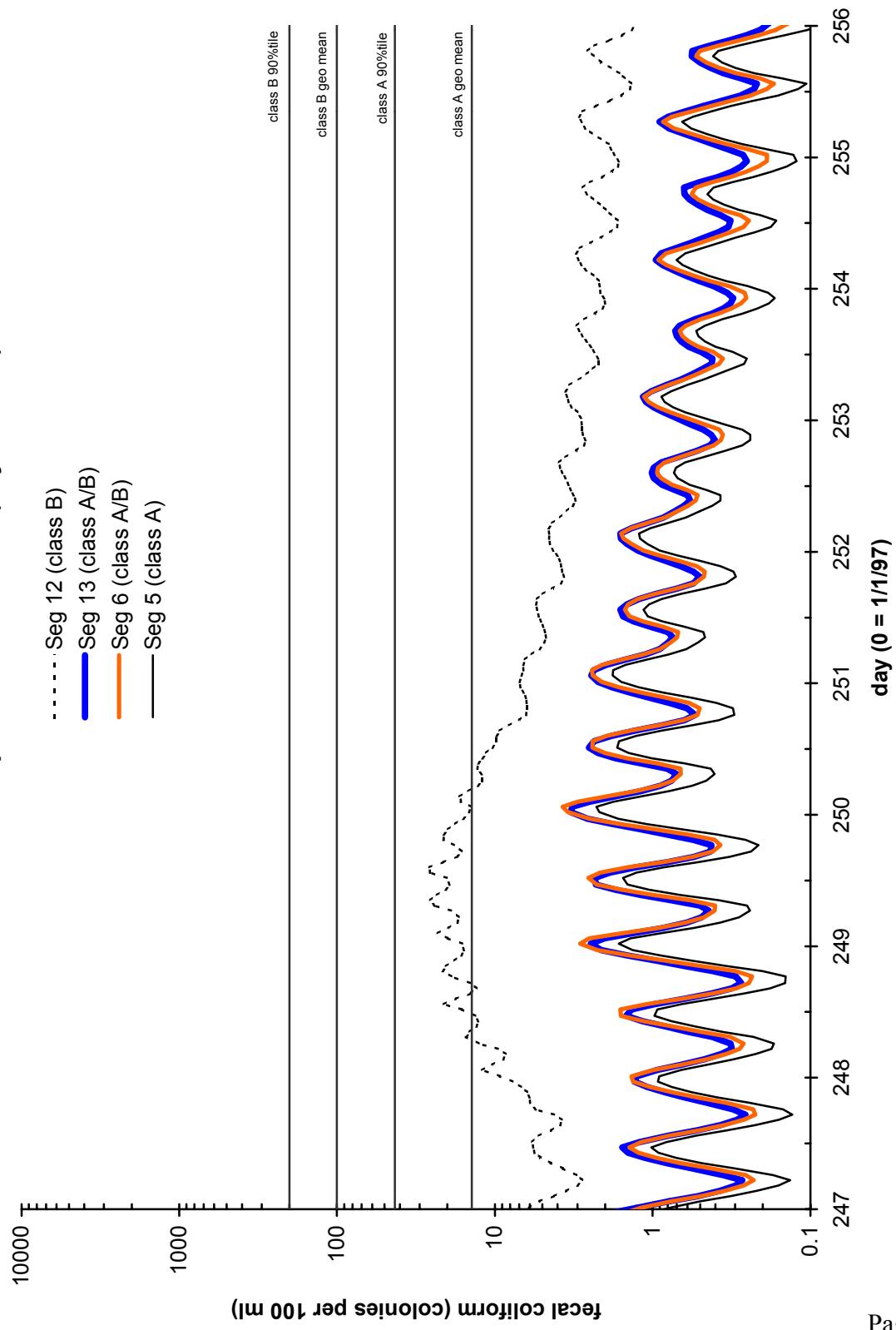


Table 17. Summary of proposed load allocations (LAs) and waste load allocations (WLAs) for fecal coliform from nonpoint and point sources to the lower Chehalis River and Grays Harbor, including targets for maximum monthly geometric means for tributaries after rollback of loads.

Sources	Target maximum monthly geometric mean after rollback (colonies per 100 ml)	LA or WLA to meet water quality standard (colonies per year)
<b>Tributaries</b>		
Chehalis River (excluding Satsop and Wynoochee rivers)	30	1.80E+15
Satsop River	95	7.65E+14
Wynoochee River	83	4.36E+14
Humptulips River near mouth	38	3.97E+14
Wishkah River near mouth	100	3.28E+14
Hoquiam River near mouth	50	3.08E+14
Johns River near mouth	73	1.60E+14
Chenois Creek	34	5.66E+13
Newskah Creek	69	5.29E+13
Elk River near mouth	40	3.82E+13
Elliot Slough	100	3.25E+13
Grass Creek	20	3.15E+13
Charlie Creek	100	2.67E+13
Grayland Ditch	100	1.24E+13
Oleary Creek	95	1.20E+13
Unnamed Central Park creek	32	1.02E+13
Barlow Creek	70	9.10E+12
Indian Creek	34	8.43E+12
Chapin Creek	50	6.58E+12
Andrews Creek near mouth	13	5.78E+12
Stafford Creek	99	5.12E+12
Campbell Creek	46	4.32E+12
Dempsey Creek	58	2.91E+12
Redman Slough	100	1.86E+12
Unnamed Westport creek	100	9.30E+11
Other small tributaries	-	1.56E+13
<b>Urban Drains</b>		
	-	7.48E+12
<b>Municipal NPDES Dischargers</b>		
Aberdeen	-	2.42E+13
Elma	-	1.33E+12
Hoquiam	-	1.11E+13
McCleary	-	6.91E+11
Montesano	-	9.95E+11
Ocean Shores	-	1.85E+13
Westport	-	2.21E+12
<b>Industrial NPDES Dischargers</b>		
Ocean Spray Cranberries	-	8.70E+11
Grays Harbor Paper	-	4.19E+13
Weyerhaeuser 001	-	1.61E+15
Weyerhaeuser 002	-	5.25E+14
<b>Total</b>		6.77E+15

## **Margin of Safety**

EPA requires consideration of a margin of safety (MOS) when establishing TMDLs. The MOS is needed to account for the uncertainty about the relationship between the pollutant loads and the quality of the receiving waterbody. The MOS is normally incorporated into the conservative assumptions used to develop TMDLs. An alternative is to subtract a MOS from the load allocations for additional protection of water quality.

The MOS for the proposed TMDL for fecal coliform loading to Grays Harbor is partly implicit by using conservative assumptions for the analysis. The loading of fecal coliform to Grays Harbor during the study year was probably greater than the typical annual loading, due to greater than average tributary inflows. Also, compliance with the water quality standard was evaluated based on the most limiting month, whereas reductions in loading are proposed for all months of the study year.

An additional MOS may be incorporated during the public process for acceptance of the TMDL. For example, an additional MOS may be established by (1) subtracting a portion of the proposed load allocations or including an additional percent reduction in existing tributary loads to Grays Harbor, or (2) setting the targets for loading reduction to 75 percent or greater for all tributaries to Grays Harbor, instead of the estimated average of 65 percent reduction that is required.



# Conclusions

- During the study year, May 1, 1997 through April 30, 1998, most of the fecal coliform loading to Grays Harbor came from the Chehalis River. Most of the load from the Chehalis River originates in the upper watershed above Porter. The Humptulips, Satsop, Wishkah, and Hoquiam rivers were the next largest sources of fecal coliform and, together with the Chehalis, collectively accounted for nearly 80 percent of the total loading.
- Large reductions in fecal coliform concentrations are needed to meet water quality standards for tributaries to Grays Harbor. With the exception of the Wynoochee River, all tributaries discharging to Grays Harbor and the lower Chehalis River require some reduction in loading of fecal coliform to meet freshwater quality standards. The total reduction in loading needed from all nonpoint sources combined is approximately  $8.5 \times 10^{15}$  colonies/year, which is an average of about a 65 percent reduction of the current total loading from tributaries.
- The Chehalis River is the most important single loading source that requires reduction, followed by the Humptulips, Wishkah, and Hoquiam rivers. Collectively these tributaries account for approximately 80 percent of the required reduction in loading to meet water quality standards.
- Weyerhaeuser Cosmopolis Outfall 1 (Weyco 1) at times exceeded the combined loading from all other sources, and on average accounted for almost 4 percent of the total load for the study year. During the times when the Weyco 1 discharge was in compliance with its permit, it represented a relatively minor contribution of loading compared with nonpoint sources. However, on three days of the study year the fecal coliform concentration in the Weyco 1 effluent exceeded its permit limit of 20,000 organisms per 100 ml. The highest loading event from Weyco 1 occurred on July 24-25, 1997, at which time the loading from Weyco 1 accounted for more than 95 percent of the total load from all point and nonpoint sources.
- For Weyco 1, the current permit limit of 20,000 colonies per 100 ml was found to be inadequate to protect water quality in inner Grays Harbor. The recently proposed new limit of 16,600 colonies per 100 ml was also found to be inadequate. A daily maximum limit of 14,000 colonies per 100 ml was found to satisfy the requirement of exceeding the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile standard no greater than 10 percent of the time during a 24-hour period.
- Model predictions during storm events suggest that the rainfall-conditional closure by the Washington State Department of Health (DOH) of the inner south region of Grays Harbor is justified. These results also suggest that the period of closure may need to be longer for very large events. Also, it may be reasonable to establish other areas of rainfall-conditional closure, such as the northeastern part of the north region and the eastern part of the central region.
- The model confirms the appropriateness of shellfish closures by DOH based on point source upset conditions. A loading event from Weyco 1 was predicted to cause concentrations in the central region to exceed the class A standard. The north region and the outer south regions were also predicted to increase in concentration following the loading event, with

some segments predicted to exceed the class A standard. The inner part of the south region also showed some response to the loading event, although concentrations were not predicted to exceed the class A standard. The model results suggest that it may be advisable for DOH to consider extending the conditional closure to the north region in the event of point source upsets.

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# **Appendices**



## **Appendix A. Water quality database**

The water quality database files are available for copying from Ecology's Internet website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wrias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>.

The electronic files for the project appendices are also available on request to:

Greg Pelletier  
Department of Ecology  
P.O. Box 47710  
Olympia, WA 98504-7710  
Voice: (360) 407-6485  
Fax: (360) 407-6426  
e-mail: [gpel461@ecy.wa.gov](mailto:gpel461@ecy.wa.gov)



## **Appendix B. Methods for determining continuous streamflow for tributaries of Grays Harbor**

A continuous record of flow was established for all streams, point sources, and most urban stormwater basins entering Grays Harbor. These flow data helped characterize bacteria loads to the Grays Harbor estuary. Various methods were used to produce continuous flow records from March 1997 through April 1998. Sources of data included:

- ◊ USGS gaging data for selected streams
- ◊ DMR data from NPDES permittees
- ◊ Stormwater pump records from Aberdeen and Hoquiam
- ◊ Ecology streamflow measurements
- ◊ Continuous stage records for seven sites monitored by Ecology
- ◊ Relationships between flows from gaged sites and ungaged sites
- ◊ Ratio estimators based on watershed areas and precipitation records for sites where no flow data were collected

These methods are described below. Table B-1 contains study site information and methods used to estimate flows.

### **USGS, DMR, and stormwater basin flow determinations**

Daily average flows reported from USGS gaging stations and daily flows reported by NPDES permittees were used as reported. Flows in accessible and wadable urban streams were determined by measuring velocity and determining the cross-sectional area for the stream. For sites where stormwater is pumped from collection basins to the estuary, daily flows were estimated using pump capacity information and pump run-time records supplied by the cities of Hoquiam and Aberdeen. Where daily run-time of pumps was missing from the record, daily run-time was estimated by interpolating between known values. A continuous time-series of flow for urban streams was later generated using ratio-estimation techniques discussed below.

### **Stream stage records**

Seven streams were selected for continuous monitoring of stream stage. Instrumentation included UNIDATA® capacitive probes, pressure transducers, and datalogging units. Depth sensors were attached to a steel post driven into the streambed. Several arbitrary reference points were used to determine the location of the sensor in the vertical plane (e.g., steel post, bridge structure, and point on a nearby tree). Measurements from these reference points were also used to monitor for changes in sensor location or its performance. The accuracy of these reference point measurements was determined by comparing measurements made from two different reference points at each site. Stream stage data were recorded hourly and used the average stage of the previous hour. Instruments were checked about every two weeks and data were downloaded for later processing.

Maintenance of the datalogging system was performed as needed. High flows and accompanying debris sometimes damaged or moved the transducer probe or post. Transducer probes or data recorders failed occasionally. The raw stage record and reference point measurements were used to identify these disturbances and make corrections to establish a continuous record of stream stage over time.

### **Transducer data review and correction**

Stream stage data for each site were referenced to the same datum after the raw data were corrected for the time of reference point measurement, system maintenance actions, tidal effects, and instrument drift.

The depth sensor's true reading at the time of reference point measurement was interpolated from the time of observation and the previous and subsequent hourly averages. During times of rapid change in stage, the observed distance between the depth sensor and water level differed from the system's recorded value because of the averaging function used. The corrected estimate of stage at the time of observation was used to help assess instrument drift and develop a stage-flow relationship.

Maintenance actions affected the transducer record and so were examined, and the record was adjusted accordingly. For example:

- ◊ At the Middle Fork Wishkah (station ID 10-wish), the original transducer post was bent by high flow debris. The transducer was moved to a more protected site about 100 yards upstream. The difference between the two transducer probe locations was reconciled by using measurements from water level to various reference points. Once this "shift" factor was determined, it was applied to the record to produce a continuous stage record related to the same datum.
- ◊ At the upper Johns River (station ID 23-john), a series of high flow events scoured the streambed upon which the transducer probe rested. The probe shifted downward nearly 14 inches over a three-week period. Examination of reference point measurements and stage record of adjacent streams allowed estimation of the drift and its correction, thus restoring the transducer record to a constant datum.

The peaks of highest tide levels affected the stage record at the upper Johns River site (station ID 23-john). Tidal influence was confirmed by examining tide prediction records and then these tidal "spikes" in the stage record were removed.

Instrument drift, or the precision of the data-logging system over time, was determined by examining the sums of depth sensor readings and the reference point measurements. Ideally, this sum would remain constant over time, as long as the position of the sensor and reference point did not change. The means and standard deviations of these sums were determined, and outliers identified as those greater than 2 standard deviations of the mean. These sums were then plotted and examined for drift. The quality of reference point measurements and site-specific factors were also considered. Outliers and suspect values were removed before fitting a trendline to the

plot of sums. Criteria used for determining the presence of drift included: the magnitude, direction, and consistency of drift; accuracy of measurements; site-specific conditions; and statistical significance of trend lines determined from the plot of sums. Plots revealed that most instruments drifted during their 12-14 month deployment. Where two instruments were used during the study period, drift for each instrument was determined and the stage record corrected accordingly.

Various trendlines were fitted to each plot of sums using EXCEL® software. The best-fitting trendlines were determined by (1) visual examination, (2) value of the coefficient of correlation (R squared value), (3) significance of the trendline as determined using SYSTAT®, and (4) examining plots of residuals from the trendline regression for zero slope. Most trendlines were second or third-order polynomials and represented bi-directional instrument drift over time.

A drift factor for each instrument was determined which, when added to the time/maintenance/tide-corrected stage record, would cancel the effect of instrument drift. This drift factor took the form of a constant minus the trendline equation. The constant was usually the mean sum of the sensor's reading and measurement from reference point to water level. The final arbitrary datum for the stage record for all streams was the initial location of the transducer probe. For the East Fork Hoquiam (station ID 06-efhoq), the location of the second probe was used as the final datum. Table B-2 summarizes site history and drift correction information. Figure B-1 shows residuals from applying the drift correction factor to the stream stage data.

### **Flow measurement and rating curve development**

Streamflow measurements by Ecology staff were done according to USGS and Ecology procedures (e.g., Ecology, 1995). The cross-sectional areas and velocities were obtained by wading or use of instruments from bridges. Velocities were measured with either a Marsh-McBirney® or Swoffer® meter.

For the sites with stage recorders, flows were measured from 6 to 13 times over a range of flows, in order to determine a rating curve for each site. The characteristics of these rating curve relationships are summarized in Table B-3. These stage-flow relationships were then used to translate continuous stage records into continuous flow records. Where stage data were missing due to instrument problems, flows were estimated using various techniques such as graphical interpretation and linear regressions derived from hourly stage records of nearby streams. Daily average flows were then calculated for gaged streams.

For other sites, flow was measured less frequently, if at all. Measurements from reference points to the water surface were also taken during times of flow measurement or at times of water quality sample collection. Flow and relative stage height data from these sites sometimes helped in developing relationships to the flow record of a nearby gaged site. Flow relationships between ungaged and gaged sites were developed using various methods (precipitation-runoff model, ratio estimators, and regression) to estimate daily average flows for ungaged sites.

## **Stormwater drainage basin area approximations**

The areas of the stormwater drainage basins were estimated using topographic maps and stormwater planning documents provided by the cities of Aberdeen and Hoquiam. Basin boundaries were delineated as best possible with topographic maps. Stormwater drainage basin maps for the city of Hoquiam were provided by Tetra Tech/KCM (personal correspondence, Dave Carlton, 6/7/99). For Aberdeen, basin boundaries were estimated using maps and drawings developed during an earlier sewer/stormwater planning effort by the city of Aberdeen (personal communication, Rick Sangder, 5/19/99). Basin boundaries were drawn into a GIS-based map and their areas calculated (see Figure 11 of main report). These areas were then used to supplement estimates of daily flows for these basins.

## **Precipitation-weighted watershed area ratio estimator**

Daily flow values were estimated for many unmeasured streams using a precipitation-weighted watershed area ratio-estimator. The areas of each subwatershed were delineated using GIS analysis of digital elevation, using a method developed by the University of Texas Center for Research in Water Resources. The University of Texas method is described at the following website:

<http://www.ce.utexas.edu/prof/maidment/ce397/urubamba/peru.htm>

Extrapolation of flows from gaged to ungaged areas was based on assumed proportionality of flow with precipitation-weighted watershed areas. Annual average precipitation for the subwatersheds was estimated using GIS coverage of the Precipitation-frequency Atlas of the Western United States Volume IX, Washington U.S. Dept. of Commerce, NOAA. The volumetric rate of average annual precipitation was determined for each sub-watershed based on the product of watershed area (e.g., square kilometers) and precipitation velocity (e.g., inches per year) and appropriate units conversion factors (e.g., to obtain volumetric flow rates in units of cubic meters per second). For extrapolation of flows from gaged to ungaged areas, flows were assumed to be proportional to the volumetric rate of precipitation.

Flows from each stream, stormwater basin, and point source entering Grays Harbor were assigned to a specific node of the hydrodynamic model. Where multiple streams were assigned to the same node, flows were summed. Tables B-4 and B-5 show daily flows from streams, stormwater basins, and point sources. Table B-6 shows node assignments and daily flows for each node. Water quality results and daily flows at nodes were then used to estimate daily bacteria loads to Grays Harbor for input into the water quality model.

**Table B1. Sample station information.**

<b>Station ID</b>	<b>station description</b>	<b>latitude: decimal degrees</b>	<b>longitude : decimal degrees</b>	<b>Ecology waterbody ID</b>	<b>waterbody class</b>	<b>Wash Dept F&amp;W stream #</b>
01-HUMP	Humptulips R at Hwy 109 bridge nr mouth	47.05130	124.04135	WA-22-1010	A	22.004
02-HUMP	Humptulips R at Hwy 101 bridge nr Humptulips, Ecology station 22A070	47.222961	123.96090	WA-22-1010	A	22.004
03-CHEN	Chenois Cr at Hwy 109 bridge nr mouth	47.03162	124.02424	none	A	
04-GRASS	Grass Cr at Hwy 109 bridge nr mouth	47.00449	124.00051	none	A	
05-WFHQO	WF Hoquiam R nr New London at Dekay Road bridge, Ecology station 22B070	47.05703	123.92727	WA-22-2020	A	22.0137
06-EFHQO	EF Hoquiam R at F-line logging road bridge, about 2 mi downstream from Nisson	47.08520	123.81460	WA-22-2020	A	22.0137
07-HOQ	Hoquiam R at Riverside Bridge in Hoquiam	46.97985	123.88262	WA-22-2010	B	22.0137
08-WISH	Wishkah R nr mouth at Hwy 12 bridge in Aberdeen	46.97738	123.81053	WA-22-3010	B	22.0191
09-WISH	Wishkah River at Aberdeen Gardens Road bridge nr Wishkah, Ecology station 22D070	47.04860	123.77847	WA-22-3020	A	22.0191
10-WISH	Wishkah R nr Greenwood at Hoquiam-Wishkah Road bridge	47.10952	123.78762	WA-22-3020	A	22.0191
11-ELLI	Elliot Slough nr mouth at Junction City Rd bridge	46.97963	123.77945	WA-22-3900	B	22.0238
12-CENT	Central Park Cr nr mouth at culvert on Central Park Drive bridge, nr Fairway Park Dr	46.96222	123.71981	none	A	
13-WYNO	Wynoochee R nr mouth at Devonshire Road bridge (downstream of USGS sta 12037400)	46.97103	123.62382	WA-22-4020	A	22.026
14-CHEH	Chehalis R, Hwy 107 bridge nr Montesano, Ecology station 22C050	46.96233	123.60297	WA-22-4040	A	22.019
15-CHAR	Charlie Cr at hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.94768	123.83700	none	A	
16-NEWS	Newskah Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.94367	123.85183	none	A	
17-CHAP	Chapin Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.94073	123.87600	none	A	
18-CAMP	Campbell Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.93841	123.88681	none	A	
19-INDI	Indian Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.93656	123.89566	none	A	
20-STAF	Stafford Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.93420	123.90652	none	A	
21-OLEA	Oleary Cr at Hwy 105 bridge nr mouth	46.91792	123.95662	none	A	
22-JOHN	Johns R nr mouth at boat launch nr Hwy 105 bridge	46.90000	123.99722	WA-22-5000	A	22.127
23-JOHN	Johns R nr Western at private residence	46.86858	123.94373	WA-22-5000	A	
24-REDM	Redman Slough at mouth from beach	46.90010	124.02535	none	A	
25-DEMP	Dempsey Cr at Plum Street bridge nr mouth	46.87972	124.01721	none	A	
26-BARL	Barlow Cr at end of Plum Street nr mouth	46.87156	124.01470	none	A	22.1333
27-ELK	Elk R at logging road nr mouth	46.83863	123.98785	WA-22-5700	A	22.1333
28-EFELK	EF Elk R at old logging road	46.82502	123.96707	WA-22-5700	A	22.1333
29-MFELK	MF Elk R at old logging road	46.82456	123.96930	WA-22-5700	A	22.1333
30-WFELK	WF Elk R at old logging road	46.82213	123.97446	WA-22-5700	A	22.1333
31-ANDR	Andrews Cr nr DNR gate	46.81730	124.01454	none	A	
32-DITCH	Grayland ditch nr mouth at cedar logs bridge	46.83086	124.07649	none	A	

Station ID	station description	latitude: decimal degrees	longitude : decimal degrees	Ecology waterbody ID	water-body class	wash Dept F&W stream #
33-DITCH	Grayland ditch at Schmid Rd bridge	46.81626	124.09059	none	A	
34-DITCH	Grayland ditch at Grange Rd Bridge	46.79914	124.08839	none	A	
35-WEST	un-named Cr at 2nd & Sprague Streets in Westport	46.89121	124.10052	none	A	
36-WFAND	WF Andrews Cr at logging road bridge	46.82217	124.02431	none	A	
37-ANDR	Andrews Cr at logging road bridge	46.82235	124.02097	none	A	
38-PORT	Chehalis R from bridge at Porter, Ecology station 23A070, USGS Sta 12031000	46.93947	123.31278	WA-22-4040	A	22.019
39-ELMA	Chehalis R at Elma Rd bridge nr South Elma	46.98214	123.41125	WA-22-4040	A	22.019
40-WISH	Wishkah R at Wishkah River Road bridge (aka qwish)	47.07229	123.76899	WA-22-3020	A	22.0191
41-ALDR	Alder Cr. at Marion St in S Aberdeen	46.96907	123.80332	none	A	
42-PEEL	Peels Slough on old Montesano-Aberdeen Rd (aka Higgins Slough?)	46.96244	123.67723	none	A	
43-PORT	Chehalis R from bridge at Porter, close to right bank in Porter Cr plume	46.93947	123.31278	WA-22-4040	A	
500-WILS	Wilson Cr nr Hwy 101, at Fleet St, Aberdeen	46.97798	123.80000	none	A	
501-ABDIV	Division St. Pump Sta at Aberdeen WWTP	46.96664	123.83003	urban runoff?		
502-FRY	Fry Cr at N side of Port Industrial Rd, Q usually taken 200 yds upstream nr RR, Aberdeen	46.97012	123.84992	none	A	
503-MILR	Miller Sl at WeyCo Bay City Sort Yard, downstream of whale's tale tide gate, Cosmopolis	46.96891	123.77977	none	A	
504-SHAN	Shannon Sl at WeyCo Sawmill, downstream of tide gate closest to river, Cosmopolis	46.97410	123.79399	none	A	
505-MILL	Mill Cr just upstream of bridge on First St, Cosmopolis	46.96022	123.77473	none	A	
506-28TH	18" pipe at 28th and Henderson, adj to 507-G3, Hoquiam	46.97145	123.85910	urban runoff		
507-G3	28th St. Pump Sta, 36" outlet at 28th and Henderson, Hoquiam (aka Bay Ave Pump Sta)	46.97138	123.85910	urban runoff		
508-KST	K St. Pump Sta discharge on K St, at pump sta or downstream at drop to river, Hoquiam	46.97227	123.87899	urban runoff		
509-ADAM	ditch at Adams St and Airport Way, outlet from pump sta at 208 Adams St., Hoquiam	46.97274	123.90103	urban runoff		
510-MST	M St. stormwater drain, south of RR tracks, Aberdeen	46.96950	123.81697	urban runoff		
511-FARR	Farragut St Pump Sta at east end of W Harriman St	46.96270	123.78762	urban runoff		
512-DAWS	Dawes Cr. at levee tide gate structure, from levee access road, S Aberdeen	46.95599	123.82040	none	A	
513-SAG	Saginaw Sl at SW Front and McFarlane St, Aberdeen	46.96602	123.81137	none	A	
514-HST	H St. stormwater drain on mudflats, 48" pipe with tide-flap, Aberdeen	46.97250	123.81098	urban runoff		
515-LEVEE	Levee St. Pump Sta nr 9th and Levee St, nr Rayonier Point Park, Hoquiam	46.97729	123.87947	urban runoff?		
516-EMER	Emerson Ave Pump Sta, at riverbank downstream of pump sta, Hoquiam	46.98097	123.88342	urban runoff		
517-QUEEN	Queen Ave Pump Sta, outlet on riverbank upstream of RR bridge, Hoquiam	46.99473	123.88316	urban runoff		
518-15TH	15th St stormwater, 12" drain to beach at 15th and Riverside, Hoquiam	46.97927	123.88102	urban runoff		
519-ETRM	East Terminal Way ditch, at culvert under last road to left, Aberdeen	46.96235	123.83514	urban runoff?		
70-G2	same as 509-ADAM, Hoquiam	46.97274	123.90103	urban runoff		
71-WSTOUT	at 3' dia tidegates, upstream side of levee at beach, near E end of Elizabeth Ave, Westport	46.89262	124.09508	none	A	

Station ID	station description	latitude: decimal degrees	longitude : decimal degrees	Ecology waterbody ID	water-body class	F&W stream #	Wash Dept
arthr-pmp	Arthur St Pump Sta, eastern-most point of Arthur St. on right bank of Wishkah R, Aberdeen	46.98483	123.80796	urban runoff			
q05log	WF Hoquiam R, stage recorder downstream of Hwy 101 and Hoquiam's water supply dam	47.06913	123.92842	WA-22-2020	A	22.0137	
q10log	MF Wishkah R, stage recorder nr W Wishkah Rd bridge, upstream of conf with WF Wishkah	47.12349	123.77302	WA-22-3030	AA	22.0191	
q24hwv	Redman Sl at foot bridge to beach, nr Hwy 109	46.89278	124.04424	none	A	22.1333	
q30log	WF Elk R stage recorder at logging bridge nr road marker 14	46.80576	123.97972	WA-22-5700	A		
q32gate	Grayland ditch at Hunt Club gate at end of road access road	46.82674	124.07904	none	A		
q32log	Grayland ditch, stage recorder at laminated bridge on access road	46.82219	124.08805	none	A		
qewish	EF Wishkah R at Wishkah-Wynoochee Road bridge same as 40-WISH	47.08158	123.75344	WA-22-3025	A	22.02	
qwish	WF Hoquiam R, at confluence with EF Hoquiam R	47.07229	123.76899	WA-22-3020	A	22.0191	
wfconf	Hoquiam R excluding WF Hoquiam R	46.99640	123.88496	WA-22-2010	A		
hoqnwf	Elk R at mouth	46.97985	123.88262	WA-22-2010	A		
elkmwth	Andrews Cr at mouth	46.84088	124.01030	WA-22-2010	A		
andrmwth	Grayland Ditch at mouth, SE of Roberts Farm	46.83707	124.02172	none	A		
ditchmwth	Aberdeen STP	46.83992	124.06991	none	A		
aberdin	Eima STP	46.96333	123.82361	WA-22-0030	B		
elma	Grays Harbor Paper 001	46.98500	123.42556	WA-22-4040	A		
ghpapr1	Grays Harbor Paper 002	46.96750	123.86250	WA-22-0030	B		
ghpapr2	Hoquiam STP	46.97083	123.87500	WA-22-0030	B		
hoquiam	McCleary STP	46.97083	123.92111	WA-22-0030	B		
mcleary	Montesano STP	47.05528	123.27583	WA-22-4045	A		
montesn	Ocean Shores STP	46.88194	123.60083	WA-22-4040	A		
ocenshr	Ocean Spray 001	46.93000	124.15083	WA-22-0020	A		
ospray1	Ocean Spray 002	46.90639	123.99861	WA-22-0020	A		
ospray2	Westport STP	46.90639	123.99861	ospray1			
westprt	Weyerhauser Co 001	46.90611	124.12278	WA-22-0020	A		
weyco1	Weyerhauser Co 002	46.95417	123.85000	WA-22-0030	B		
weyco2	Hoquiam Reach off ITT Rayonier dock	46.95889	123.75556	WA-22-0030	B		
GHPRD	Chehalis River near Elliot Slough	46.96995	123.91102	WA-22-0030	B		
GYS004	South Channel near Stafford Cr	46.97811	123.78335	WA-22-0030	B		
GYS008	North Channel near Moon Island	46.93833	123.91170	WA-22-0030	B		
GYS009	Grays Harbor N of Whitcomb Flats	46.96500	123.94830	WA-22-0030	B		
GYS015	Grays Harbor NE of Damon Point	46.92333	124.07500	WA-22-0020	A		
GYS016	Cow Point Reach near Cow Point	46.95333	124.09170	WA-22-0020	A		
GYS017	South Channel near Stearns Bluff	46.96000	123.84611	WA-22-0020	A		
GYS018	Crossover Channel near G "27"	46.92750	123.98111	WA-22-0030	B		
GYS019	West End Aberdeen Reach, off Cow Point	46.94083	124.00583	WA-22-0020	A		
GYS685	USGS station 12031000 (Chehalis R at Porter)	46.96023	123.83975	WA-22-0030	B		
q38-port		46.93947	123.31278	WA-22-4040	A		

Station ID	station description	latitude: decimal degrees	longitude : decimal degrees	Ecology waterbody ID	water-body class	Wash Dept F&W stream #
satsopQ	Satsop R nr Satsop, USGS station 12035000	47.00083	123.49361	WA-22-4040	A	
01-DOH	DOH station 01	46.91068	124.10401	WA-22-0020	A	
02-DOH	DOH station 02	46.94483	124.09642	WA-22-0020	A	
03-DOH	DOH station 03	46.95328	124.09794	WA-22-0020	A	
05-DOH	DOH station 05	46.96432	124.07377	WA-22-0020	A	
06-DOH	DOH station 06	46.97355	124.09337	WA-22-0020	A	
07-DOH	DOH station 07	46.99432	124.11336	WA-22-0020	A	
08-DOH	DOH station 08	46.97523	124.11050	WA-22-0020	A	
09-DOH	DOH station 09	46.92228	124.10062	WA-22-0020	A	
11-DOH	DOH station 11	46.92081	124.05834	WA-22-0020	A	
15-DOH	DOH station 15	46.90045	124.08256	WA-22-0020	A	
17-DOH	DOH station 17	46.88345	124.08119	WA-22-0020	A	
21-DOH	DOH station 21	46.86901	124.07434	WA-22-0020	A	
22-DOH	DOH station 22	46.86192	124.06677	WA-22-0020	A	
23-DOH	DOH station 23	46.86059	124.06252	WA-22-0020	A	
24-DOH	DOH station 24	46.86024	124.05373	WA-22-0020	A	
25-DOH	DOH station 25	46.97601	124.04502	WA-22-0020	A	
26-DOH	DOH station 26	46.97744	124.02637	WA-22-0020	A	
30-DOH	DOH station 30	46.87577	124.07895	WA-22-0020	A	
44-DOH	DOH station 44	46.90812	124.05038	WA-22-0020	A	
46-DOH	DOH station 46	46.96224	124.10974	WA-22-0020	A	
51-DOH	DOH station 51	46.88138	124.06605	WA-22-0020	A	
52-DOH	DOH station 52	46.86527	124.04407	WA-22-0020	A	
54-DOH	DOH station 54	46.86020	124.04201	WA-22-0020	A	
55-DOH	DOH station 55	46.85553	124.03529	WA-22-0020	A	
56-DOH	DOH station 56	46.84949	124.03061	WA-22-0020	A	
57-DOH	DOH station 57	46.90191	124.06725	WA-22-0020	A	
59-DOH	DOH station 59	46.85869	124.07284	WA-22-0020	A	
60-DOH	DOH station 60	46.85608	124.05740	WA-22-0020	A	
61-DOH	DOH station 61	46.84252	124.06768	WA-22-0020	A	

**Note (1)**

y water quality sample site  
 n not a water quality sample site  
 Qonly site of instantaneous flow measurement only  
 stgercdr continuous stage recording site

**Note (2)**

dmr permittee Discharge Monitoring Report (dmr) data  
 noQ no flow reported via dmr  
 pmp,ware pump records or watershed area ratio extrapolation of reference flow

Station ID	station description	latitude: decimal degrees	longitude : decimal degrees	Ecology waterbody class	waterbody ID	Wash Dept F&W stream #
pwt-ware	precipitation-weighted watershed area ratio extrapolation of reference flows					
rg-pwt-ware	regression and precipitation-weighted watershed area ratio extrapolation of reference flows					
rg-refQ	regression to reference flow					
smQ	single measured flow					
sQrg	stage-flow regression					
usgs	USGS data					
usgs-e	USGS data extrapolated to include ungaged mainstem					
ware	watershed area ratio extrapolation of reference flows					
<b>Note (3)</b>						
Equation A:	$1.5751 * (224.16 + 2.8218 * \text{refQ})$					
Equation B:	$224.16 + 2.8218 * \text{refQ}$					
Equation C:	$(1.13942 * \text{refQ}) + \text{satsoopQ}$					
<b>Note (4)</b>						
dmr_mgd	from Discharge Monitoring Report, reported in million gallons per day (mgd)					
form of:	sum of daily average flows from stage recorder sites (the indicated Sta IDs), reported in cubic feet per second (cfs)					
23john+q30log						
form of: USGS						
12035000	daily average flow from USGS site number, reported in cfs					

**Table B1. Sample station information.**

Station ID	receiving water	tidal influence	water quality sample site? (1)	Ecology 4-digit lab number	revised rcvg node (24fbfc)	flow estimating method code (2)	ratio or equation used with reference flow (3)	reference flow used with ratio or equation to get flow at Sta ID (cfs except as noted) (4)	basin area (km <sup>2</sup> )	annual area-weighted precip (in)
01-HUMP	outer harbor	tidal	y	6401	29	tg-pwt-ware	Equation A	q10log+06efhoq+q05log	620.59	134.98
02-HUMP		non-tidal	y	6402		tg-pwt-ware	Equation B	q10log+06efhoq+q05log	341.24	155.86
03-CHEN	outer harbor	tidal	y	6403	29	pwt-ware	0.25015	23johnn+q30log+31andr	17.61	86.01
04-GRASS	outer harbor	tidal	y	6404	29	pwt-ware	0.15659	23johnn+q30log+31andr	12.10	78.33
05-WFHQ		non-tidal	y	6405		pwt-ware	2.09583	q05log	46.92	96.63
06-EFHQ		non-tidal	y, stgercdr	6406		sQrg	1.000	06efhoq	61.00	111.73
07-HOQ	inner harbor	tidal	y	6407		pwt-ware	2.50420	06efhoq+q05log	235.22	95.59
08-WISH	inner harbor	tidal	y	6408	79	pwt-ware	2.69640	q10log	268.13	112.04
09-WISH		non-tidal	y	6409		pwt-ware	2.36131	q10log	224.53	117.17
10-WISH		non-tidal	y	6410		pwt-ware	1.64435	q10log	148.63	123.25
11-ELLI	inner harbor, Chehalis RM 1.4	tidal	y	6411	43	pwt-ware	0.25673	23johnn+q30log+31andr	18.96	81.97
12-CENT	Max Slough, Chehalis RM 4.0	tidal	y	6412	48	pwt-ware	0.08111	23johnn+q30log+31andr	6.00	81.84
13-WYNO		non-tidal	y	6413	64	usgs	1.000	USGS 12037400	482.39	133.08
14-CHEH	inner harbor	tidal	y	6414		pwt-ware	0.40970	38port	4576.17	69.80
15-CHAR	inner harbor	tidal	y	6415	17	pwt-ware	0.45265	23johnn+q30log+31andr	27.63	89.78
16-NEWS	inner harbor	tidal	y	6416	17	pwt-ware	0.05569	23johnn+q30log+31andr	29.38	93.28
17-CHAP	inner harbor	tidal	y	6417	15	pwt-ware	0.04262	23johnn+q30log+31andr	4.23	79.72
18-CAMP	inner harbor	tidal	y	6418	15	pwt-ware	0.07222	23johnn+q30log+31andr	3.30	78.11
19-INDI	inner harbor	tidal	y	6419	15	pwt-ware	0.04571	23johnn+q30log+31andr	5.59	78.19
20-STAF	inner harbor	tidal	y	6420	15	pwt-ware	0.12062	23johnn+q30log+31andr	3.59	76.99
21-OLEA	inner harbor	tidal	y	6421	15	pwt-ware	1.47360	23johnn	9.77	74.77
22-JOHN	outer harbor	tidal	y	6422	84	sQrg	1.000	23johnn+q30log+31andr	80.84	81.03
23-JOHN		stgercdr	y	6423		pwt-ware	0.04971	23johnn+q30log+31andr	53.47	83.14
24-REDM	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	y	6424	19	pwt-ware	0.02728	23johnn+q30log+31andr	4.30	70.02
25-DEMP	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	y	6425	82	pwt-ware	0.09115	23johnn+q30log+31andr	2.34	70.46
26-BARL	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	y	6426	82	pwt-ware	0.70518	30log	7.57	72.93
27-ELK	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	y	6427		pwt-ware	0.96366	q30log+31andr	43.89	77.91
28-EFELK		non-tidal	y	6428		pwt-ware	0.84891	q30log	19.39	80.00
29-MFELK		non-tidal	y	6429		pwt-ware	1.33310	q30log	5.73	77.46
30-WFELK		non-tidal	y, stgercdr	6430		sQrg	1.000	31andr	9.20	75.79
31-ANDR				6431						14.91

Station ID	receiving water	tidal influence	water quality sample site? (1)	Ecology 4-digit lab number	revised2 rcvg node (24fbcc)	flow estimating method code (2) pwt-ware	ratio or equation used with reference flow (3) 1.00000	with ratio or equation to get flow at Sta ID (cfs except as noted) (4) q32gate	basin area (km <sup>2</sup> ) 6.99	basin est. annual area-weighted precip (in) 70.00
32-DITCH	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	y	6433		pwt-ware	0.55421	q32gate	3.46	70.00
33-DITCH		non-tidal	y	6434		pwt-ware	0.03131	q32gate	0.20	70.00
34-DITCH		non-tidal	y	6435	18	pwt-ware	0.02010	23johnn+q30log+31andr	1.44	70.16
35-WEST	outer harbor	non-tidal	y	6436		pwt-ware	0.73762	31andr	11.00	70.11
36-WFAND		tidal???	y	6437		pwt-ware	1.10545	31andr	16.48	73.07
37-ANDR	outer harbor, South Bay	non-tidal	y	6438	68	usgs-e	1.23470	USGS 12031000, 38port	3227.74	60.56
38-PORT		non-tidal	y	6439		pwt-ware	1.20107	38port	3643.26	61.14
39-ELMA		n, Q-only	n, Q-only	6440		pwt-ware	1.72670	q10log	157.81	121.90
40-WISH	inner harbor	tidal	y	6441	37	ware	0.02983	23johnn+q30log+31andr	2.25	
41-ALDR		non-tidal	y	6442	57	ware	0.06880	23johnn+q30log+31andr	5.73	79.94
42-PEEL		non-tidal	y	6443		pwt-ware	0.03783	23johnn+q30log+31andr	2.79	
43-PORT	inner harbor	tidal	y	6500	40	pmp,ware	0.03081	23johnn+q30log+31andr	2.32	80.58
500-WILS	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6501	37	pwt-ware	0.07387	23johnn+q30log+31andr	4.91	
501-ABDIV		tidal	y	6502	12	ware	0.00725	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.55	80.25
502-FRY	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6503	43	pwt-ware	0.00540	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.41	
503-MILR	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6504	40	ware	0.09939	23johnn+q30log+31andr	1.66	85.50
504-SHAN	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6505	43	pwt-ware	0.00052	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.04	
505-MILL	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6506	12	ware	0.01549	23johnn+q30log+31andr	1.17	
506-28TH	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6507	12	pmp,ware	0.00714	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.54	
507-G3	Hoquiam R. mouth	tidal	y	6508	69	pmp,ware	0.01010	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.39	
508-KST	Hoquiam R. mouth	tidal	y	6509	10	pwt-ware				
509-ADAM	inner harbor	tidal	y	6510	37	ware	0.00981	23johnn+q30log+31andr part of Mill Cr. basin	0.74	
510-MST	Mill Creek	tidal	y	6511		noQ	0.02371	23johnn+q30log+31andr	1.78	
511-FARR	inner harbor	tidal	y	6512	37	ware	0.00224	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.117	
512-DAWS	inner harbor	tidal	y	6513	37	ware	0.01320	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.99	
513-SAG	inner harbor	inner harbor	y	6514	37	ware				
514-HST	Hoquiam R.	tidal	y	6515		noQ				
515-LEVEE	Hoquiam R.	tidal	y	6516	69	pmp,ware	0.01234	23johnn+q30log+31andr	1.43	77.55
516-EMER	Hoquiam R.	tidal	y	6517	69	pmp,ware	0.00702	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.53	
517-QEEN	Hoquiam R.	non-tidal	y	6518	69	ware	0.00103	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.08	
518-15TH	inner harbor	tidal	y	6519		pwt-ware	0.01010	23johnn+q30log+31andr single sample only, no Q	0.39	77.34
519-ETRM	inner harbor	tidal	y	6509		noQ			1.73	70.17
70-G2	inner harbor	tidal	y	6471						
71-WSTOUT	Wishkah R.	tidal	n	n, stigercdr	75	pmp,ware	0.00377	23johnn+q30log+31andr	0.28	
q05log	non-tidal		n			sQrg	1.000	q05log	21.23	101.90

Station ID	receiving water	tidal influence	water quality sample site? (1)	Ecology 4-digit lab number	revised2 rcvg node (24fbcc)	estimating method code (2)	flow ratio or equation used with reference flow (3)	with ratio or equation to get flow at Sta ID (cfs except as noted) (4)	reference flow used	basin est. annual area-weighted precip (in)
q10log q24hwy		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, stigercdr	sQrg	smQ	q10log	single measured flow	89.03	125.13
q30log		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, stigercdr	sQrg	sQrg	1.000	q30log	1.66	69.49
q32gate		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, stigercdr	dlsQrg	1.000	q32gate	1.000	6.92	75.58
q32log		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, stigercdr	sQrg	1.000	q32log	1.000	6.24	70.00
qefwsh		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, Q-only	pwt-ware	0.56584	q10log	1.72670	4.49	70.00
qwish		non-tidal	n, Q-only	n, Q-only	pwt-ware	0.56584	q10log	1.72670	58.39	107.96
wfconf		tidal	n	74	pwt-ware	1.26770	q05log+0.06efhoq	1.26770	157.81	121.90
hqnowf		tidal	n	72	pwt-ware	1.62890	0.06efhoq	1.62890	125.82	90.46
elkmwth	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	n	83	pwt-ware	0.74250	23johnn+q30log	23johnn+q30log	109.40	101.48
andrmwth	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	n	83	pwt-ware	1.99120	31andrr	31andrr	47.55	77.58
ditchmwth	outer harbor, South Bay	tidal	n	81	pwt-ware	2.13450	q32gate	2.13450	13.63	72.16
aberdn		tidal	y	37	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)	29.99	68.39
elma		non-tidal	y	66	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
ghpapr1		tidal	y	12	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
ghpapr2		tidal	y	noQ	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
hoguiam		tidal	y	10	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
mcleary		non-tidal	y	66	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
monteshn		tidal	y	64	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
ocenshr		tidal	y	2	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
ospray1		tidal	y	84	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
ospray2		noQ	y	2	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
westprt		tidal	y	17	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
weyco1		tidal	y	48	dmr	1.548	dmr (in mgd)	dmr (in mgd)		
GHPRD		tidal	y						5163.58	75.96
GYS004		tidal	y							
GYS008		tidal	y							
GYS009		tidal	y							
GYS015		tidal	y							
GYS016		tidal	y							
GYS017		tidal	y							
GYS018		tidal	y							
GYS019		tidal	y							
GYS685		non-tidal	n							
q38-port		non-tidal	n							
satstopQ		tidal	y							
01-DOH		tidal	y							
02-DOH		tidal	y							
03-DOH		tidal	y							
05-DOH		tidal	y							
06-DOH		tidal	y							

Station ID	receiving water	tidal influence	water quality sample site? (1)	flow estimating method code (2)	ratio or equation used with reference flow (3)	with ratio or equation to get flow at Sta ID (cfs except as noted) (4)	basin area (km2)	annual area-weighted precip (in)	basin est.
			y						
07-DOH									
08-DOH		tidal	y						
09-DOH		tidal	y						
11-DOH		tidal	y						
15-DOH		tidal	y						
17-DOH		tidal	y						
21-DOH		tidal	y						
22-DOH		tidal	y						
23-DOH		tidal	y						
24-DOH		tidal	y						
25-DOH		tidal	y						
26-DOH		tidal	y						
30-DOH		tidal	y						
44-DOH		tidal	y						
46-DOH		tidal	y						
51-DOH		tidal	y						
52-DOH		tidal	y						
54-DOH		tidal	y						
55-DOH		tidal	y						
56-DOH		tidal	y						
57-DOH		tidal	y						
59-DOH		tidal	y						
60-DOH		tidal	y						
61-DOH		tidal	y						

**Table B2. Stage recorder history and instrument drift correction summary.**

Station ID (col 1)	correctio n case (col 2)	start date/time of drift- corrected PDL file (PST) (col 3)	finish date/time of drift- corrected PDL file (PST) (col 4)	n	used in rgress	(systat)	rgress	mean sum n used of RP and tnsdcr rdg
				n	(excel n eqn signif?	) r^2 (col 6)	(systat) p-value (col 7)	crctn? (col 10) & (col 11)
				n	(col 5)	(col 8)	(col 9)	
31-ANDR	anderly	not used	not used	15	yes	0.47	0.0227	no -
31-ANDR	andlate	not used	not used	28	yes	0.75	0.0000	no -
31-ANDR	andall	1/30/1997 14:00	1m prssr tnsdcr installed					y = -2E-07x^2 + 0.0099x^1 - 155.65 y = 4E-06x^2 - 0.2758x^1 + 4936.5
31-ANDR	andall	6/17/1997 11:00	new tnsdcr installed - could extend correction to 1/30/97					
31-ANDR	andall	2/12/1997 13:00	5/7/1998 15:00	44	yes	0.88	0.0000	yes 6.515 y = 5.1337746493E-09x^3 - 5.4691113923E-04x^2 + 1.9419992815E+01x^1 - 2.2983762553E+05
q30log	welkall	1/30/1997 12:00	no post TDs taken until 3/12/97; could extend crctn curve to 1/30/97					
q30log	welkall	3/12/1997 14:00	5/7/1998 12:00	34	yes	0.90	0.0000	yes 3.161 y = -3.6861151599E-08x^3 + 3.9474965745E-03x^2 - 1.4091316739E+02x^1 + 1.6767146835E+06
q32log	gryall	3/4/1997 14:00	cap prib at cedar bridge installed					
q32log	gryall	3/12/1997 17:00	cap prib moved to lam bridge					
q32log	gryall	3/27/1997 11:00	cap prib fails					
q32log	gryall	4/3/1997 12:00	new 2m prsr tnsdcr installed					
q32log	gryall	5/8/1997 16:00	post TDs started, which are basis for crctn factor; extended crctn to 4/3/97 based on bridge TD data					
q32log	gryall	4/3/1997 12:00	5/7/1998 15:00	26	yes	0.64	0.0000	yes 5.552 y = -2.1565371377E-08x^3 + 2.3142307559E-03x^2 - 8.2781126227E+01x^1 + 9.8703690190E+05
06-EFHQQ	ehoqall	2/28/1997 11:00	5/7/1998 12:00	30	no	0.08	0.5193	no 4.755 y = -7E-10x^3 + 7E-05x^2 - 2.6648x^1 + 31789
q05log	whoqall	2/28/1997 9:00	2m prssr tnsdcr installed; post TDs were outliers for crctn grssn - could extend crctn record to 2/28/98					
q05log	whoqall	3/27/1997 13:00	5/7/1998 11:00	28	yes	0.43	0.0033	yes 4.667 y = -2.3148199365E-09x^3 + 2.4769985156E-04x^2 - 8.8349843547E+00x^1 + 1.0504529930E+05
23-JOHN	jonerly	3/4/1997 16:00	2m cap prib installed					
23-JOHN	jonerly	3/19/1997 22:00	2m cap prib fails					
23-JOHN	jonerly	4/3/1997 13:00	2m prsr tnsdcr installed					
23-JOHN	jonerly	4/3/1997 13:00	9/11/1997 12:00	17	yes	0.61	0.0014	yes 7.078 y = 1.2606635653E-05x^2 - 8.9604736829E-01x^1 + 1.5929192639E+04
23-JOHN								

Station ID (col 1)	n case (col 2)	start date/time of drift- corrected PDL file (PST) (col 3)	finish date/time of drift- corrected PDL file (PST) (col 4)	n	used in rgress n	(systat) n eqn signif?	(excel) r^2	(systat) p-value	rgress n used for tnsdcr rdg n used of RP and regression equation (Excel) (col 10) & (col 11) (col 12)
23-JOHN	jonlate	10/23/1997	5/7/1998 13:00	12	no	0.41	0.0945	no	-
q10log	mfwfall	7/23/1997 11:00	2m press transdr moved to upstream location	22	0.58	0.58	0.0002	yes	25.89
q10log	mfwflwly	3/4/1997 11:00	7/23/1997 9:00	22	0.58	0.58	0.0002	yes	0
q10log	mfwishlat	7/23/1997 10:00	5/7/1998 7:00	41	0.38	0.38	0.0000	yes	26.26
	e								6
			(q10log crctns done using Bridge + Tnsdcr rdg because post was moved)						

#### Equation to get a drift factor takes general form: $DF = C - (Polynomial)$

- 1 C is a constant which is the mean sum of RP and tnsdcr rdg (column 10 above)
  - 2 Polynomial is that in column 12 above
  - 3 DF is the drift factor, which when added to the time/maint/tide corrected transducer rdg, yields the final corrected transducer rdg in the PDL record
- (datum for final crctd stage is initial transducer position (T2 for EF Hoquiam))
- (missing data in PDL records filled in from Q-Q relationships between basins)
- Summary of Process used to determine drift and correct it:**
- a plot sums of RP and time/maint/tide-corrected tnsdcr rdg
  - b fit trendline through plot in (a), using Excel
  - c use systat to run regressions and diagnostics on data sets from (a)
  - d determine significance of regressions and determine which regression to use for correction
  - e choose reference point from which to generate a drift correction factor (DF): see #1 at left
  - f plot DF over time to check fit (magnitude and pattern - is a near mirror image of plot in (b))
  - g add DF to time/maint/tide-corrected transducer readings to get final corrected PDL record

**Table B3. Summary of stage-flow relationships.**

Stream	Station ID	type of function	stage-Q equation	R squared	n	RMSE	RMSE(CV)	Hi Q	Lo Q	range of Q_obs	RMSE as % of range	reference point (RP) for tapedown *	mean RP+T (T is transducer rdg)*	std dev (RP+T)	n for (RP+T)
Andrews	31-ANDR	log-log	y = 17.622x^2.0767	0.9429	9	3.6818	0.0654	68.35	19.07	49.28	7%	spike on tree (spike is below nail)	6.511	0.042	45
WF Elk	q30log	semi-log	y = 10^ (0.9427x - 1.2105)	0.9150	13	1.8278	0.1255	39.09	5.58	33.51	5%	bridge (top of notch)	9.095	0.09	34
Grayland lam bridge	q32log	linear	y = 15.82x - 12.448	0.9395	8	3.5915	0.2983	43.15	3.43	39.72	9%	bridge (top of notch)	8.275	0.031	28
Grayland gate	q32gate	log-log	y = 6.5348x^1.7599	0.8766	7	5.1068	0.1815	44.87	5.06	39.81	13%				
EF Hoquiam (x<3.8915)	06-EFHOQ	semi-log	y = 10^ (0.8452x - 0.4775)	0.8846	7	88.9202	0.2000	713.2	51.63	661.57	13%	bridge (nail)	21.107	0.115	62
EF Hoquiam (x>3.8916)	06-EFHOQ	semi-log	y = 10^ (0.1756x + 2.1283)	0.9377	3	125.8651	0.1559	1509.31	516.45	992.86	13%	nail on tree	8.424	0.02	29
WF Hoquiam	q05log	log-log	y = 0.6099x^4.5319	0.9756	6	24.7613	0.1135	459.61	17.94	441.67	6%	bridge (sharpie mark)	24.81	0.099	51
Johns	23-JOHN	semi-log	y = 10^ (0.4566x + 0.7484)	0.9785	6	24.8455	0.0654	468.90	70.51	398.39	6%	nail on tree	9.012	0.084	16
MF Wishkah	q10log	log-log	y = 43.892x^2.5328	0.9844	11	41.4918	0.0853	1128.62	64.3	1064.32	4%	bridge (6th post)	26.266	0.091	38

\* transducer reading  
(stage) can be  
estimated from  
tapedown from  
reference point: stage =  
mean (RP+T) -  
tapedown

**Table B4. Daily average flows (in cms) of streams and stormwater basins (by station ID).**

date PST	31andr	q30log	q32log	q32gate	23john	06fehq	q05log	q10log	38port	13wyono	satsop	517queen	516emer	509adam	506-28th	508kst	511farr	arthr_pmp	501abvly
5/1/1997	0.8211	0.3573	0.4384	0.5032	3.5248	15.2944	2.0709	19.3811	160.2730	77.8713	120.9129	0.0524	0.1388	0.0607	0.1865	0.0230			
5/2/1997	0.8190	0.3510	0.4083	0.4708	2.9977	8.7927	1.6430	14.0110	172.1660	54.9347	93.7288	0.0240	0.0781	0.0304	0.0867	0.0230			
5/3/1997	0.8688	0.3928	0.6183	0.7226	3.2413	8.5521	1.6923	13.5766	156.0255	44.7406	79.5703	0.0375	0.0998	0.0477	0.1388	0.0230			
5/4/1997	0.8382	0.3602	0.5503	0.6358	3.1860	7.4207	1.5214	13.1221	145.8314	44.7406	82.1189	0.0330	0.0954	0.0434	0.1475	0.0230			
5/5/1997	0.9669	0.4431	0.5060	0.5827	5.2290	9.6113	1.7650	14.4576	140.4512	74.4733	84.1010	0.0285	0.0824	0.0347	0.0824	0.0230			
5/6/1997	0.9332	0.4182	0.4787	0.5495	4.2507	9.2172	1.5953	15.5449	131.3889	117.7981	99.9585	0.0464	0.1214	0.0564	0.2212	0.0320			
5/11/1997	0.6367	0.2595	0.2690	0.3294	2.3011	3.0976	0.9926	1.3777	12.8827	129.1245	67.1109	84.1010	0.0240	0.0737	0.0217	0.0911	0.0320		
5/12/1997	0.6336	0.2589	0.2407	0.3033	2.2222	2.7782	0.9445	6.6629	80.1365	30.8654	46.4396	0.0075	0.0304	0.0130	0.0260	0.0651	0.0320		
5/13/1997	0.6160	€	0.2528	0.2455	0.3076	2.1860	2.4938	0.9050	6.0312	74.1900	30.8654	43.3248	0.0075	0.0347	0.0130	0.0347	0.0661		
5/14/1997	0.5817	€	0.2474	0.2455	0.3076	2.1011	2.2420	0.8795	5.3765	68.8998	31.1485	40.4931	0.0075	0.0260	0.0130	0.0304	0.0661		
5/10/1997	0.6505	0.26868	0.2968	0.3556	2.4053	3.6225	1.0437	7.7069	96.5602	33.9862	55.5010	0.0120	0.0434	0.0217	0.0477	0.0320			
5/15/1997	0.5672	€	0.2413	0.2281	0.2920	2.0548	2.0635	0.8465	4.9830	60.3147	28.2319	50.4040	0.0135	0.0347	0.0217	0.0347	0.0661		
5/16/1997	0.5694	€	0.2372	0.2143	0.2799	2.0294	1.8848	0.8235	7.7054	87.4988	28.2319	50.4040	0.0135	0.0240	0.0120	0.0260	0.0661		
5/17/1997	0.5637	€	0.2316	0.2023	0.2693	1.9691	1.7585	0.8023	3.5012	56.9167	25.5418	34.2634	0.0045	0.0260	0.0130	0.0260	0.0661		
5/18/1997	0.5639	€	0.2272	0.1835	0.2537	1.9242	1.6498	0.7755	3.2424	53.5187	23.2481	32.8475	0.0030	0.0173	0.0087	0.0217	0.0778		
5/19/1997	0.5647	€	0.2224	0.1795	0.2504	1.9084	1.5456	0.7468	2.7042	50.9702	22.4553	31.1485	0.0045	0.0260	0.0130	0.0260	0.0661		
5/20/1997	0.5651	€	0.2253	0.1662	0.2335	1.8819	1.5924	0.7715	2.5589	49.5544	22.1721	30.5822	0.0060	0.0260	0.0130	0.0260	0.0661		
5/21/1997	0.5637	€	0.2220	0.1592	0.2338	1.8533	1.4930	0.7216	2.2184	51.9980	20.2456	36.2456	0.0075	0.0260	0.0130	0.0260	0.0661		
5/22/1997	0.5581	€	0.2205	0.1636	0.2374	1.8566	1.4010	0.7124	1.8693	50.1207	18.0378	28.3168	0.0075	0.0260	0.0130	0.0260	0.0661		
5/23/1997	0.5723	€	0.2281	0.1592	0.2338	1.8943	1.3832	0.7064	1.4414	47.2890	15.8291	27.4673	0.0090	0.0304	0.0217	0.0217	0.0778		
5/24/1997	0.5744	€	0.2186	0.1572	0.2322	1.8700	1.3440	0.6853	1.6220	46.7227	13.5335	26.1861	0.0075	0.0217	0.0217	0.0217	0.0778		
5/25/1997	0.5385	0.2189	0.1402	0.2188	1.8634	1.2691	0.6840	2.1846	46.1564	13.4565	26.6178	0.0075	0.0260	0.0173	0.0260	0.0778			
5/26/1997	0.5286	0.2132	0.1440	0.2217	1.8616	1.2200	0.6654	1.6884	44.1174	12.4877	25.5418	0.0075	0.0217	0.0173	0.0217	0.0778			
5/27/1997	0.6506	0.2565	0.2175	0.2835	2.1019	1.4456	0.7286	2.3478	43.6078	13.0824	26.1931	0.0165	0.0434	0.0217	0.0564	0.0338			
5/28/1997	1.0163	0.5236	0.3813	0.4485	3.3077	1.8248	0.8375	3.6203	47.0059	21.4075	29.7327	0.0225	0.0651	0.0347	0.0781	0.0338			
5/29/1997	0.7140	0.3090	0.4992	0.5738	2.2869	1.8690	0.8102	4.5980	52.6692	37.6614	36.5287	0.0479	0.1431	0.0520	0.1908	0.0338			
5/30/1997	1.0632	0.5702	0.4865	0.5613	4.2618	3.2785	1.0741	7.6650	101.9404	44.7406	47.8555	0.0240	0.0824	0.0304	0.0867	0.0338			
5/31/1997	1.0987	0.5236	0.6107	0.7124	4.8545	1.4030	9.1640	8.2222	103.6394	47.5723	53.2357	0.0524	0.1344	0.0520	0.1344	0.0338			
6/1/1997	0.7015	0.3211	0.4735	0.5445	3.4504	3.7854	1.1048	8.5344	126.8592	54.6515	52.3862	0.0479	0.1518	0.0304	0.1561	0.0338			
6/2/1997	0.6031	0.2617	0.3524	0.4112	2.6061	3.0614	0.9363	7.2388	118.6473	46.4396	50.4040	0.0390	0.1214	0.0607	0.1258	0.0338			
6/3/1997	0.5342	0.2237	0.2722	0.3323	1.9783	1.8785	0.7484	5.0765	82.9682	37.6951	37.6951	0.0195	0.0520	0.0173	0.0564	0.0338			
6/4/1997	0.5076	0.2149	0.2392	0.3020	1.9121	1.7224	0.7119	4.0118	71.0751	18.5475	33.9802	0.0120	0.0434	0.0130	0.0347	0.0338			
6/9/1997	0.5164	€	0.2073	0.2104	0.2766	1.8823	1.3143	0.9997	8.2222	103.6394	47.5723	53.2357	0.0524	0.1344	0.0520	0.1344	0.0338		
6/10/1997	0.4883	0.2027	0.1935	0.2621	1.8214	1.4467	0.6685	2.6250	56.0672	16.2822	29.7327	0.0060	0.0330	0.0911	0.1171	0.0338			
6/11/1997	0.5363	0.2202	0.2345	0.2984	1.8646	1.4795	0.7005	2.4246	51.2534	17.1600	28.8832	0.0120	0.0347	0.0173	0.0347	0.0338			
6/12/1997	0.5014	0.2077	0.2454	0.3075	1.8427	1.4184	0.6677	2.2213	48.4217	17.8962	28.2319	0.0120	0.0434	0.0173	0.0607	0.0338			
6/13/1997	0.4763	0.1978	0.2139	0.2796	1.7647	1.2790	0.6370	1.8243	46.7227	16.5654	26.6745	0.0060	0.0260	0.0087	0.0173	0.0338			
6/14/1997	0.4682	0.1942	0.1902	0.2593	1.7401	1.2110	0.6239	1.5882	43.6078	14.8097	25.2020	0.0045	0.0173	0.0087	0.0260	0.0338			







date PST	31andr	q30log	q32log	q32gate	23john	06efhoq	q05log	q10log	38port	satsop	517qeen	516emer	509adam	506-28th	508Kst	511farr	arthr_pmp	501abdiv
11/3/1997	1.3685	0.3719	0.4917	0.5680	3.3571	6.6752	1.8314 e	9.5740 e	262.4965	69.0931	93.7288	0.0434	0.0867	0.0390	0.0911	0.0280	0.1038	
11/4/1997	0.7660	0.3321	0.4254	0.4891	2.8866	5.5418	1.6334 e	8.7985 e	203.0313	70.2258	94.0119	0.0345	0.0867	0.0390	0.0537	0.0280	0.1038	
11/5/1997	0.7257	0.3088	0.3719	0.4312	2.5619	4.3096	1.3981 e	7.9555 e	166.7888	62.2971	78.4377	0.0150	0.0824	0.0304	0.0481	0.0280	0.0421	
11/6/1997	0.8987	0.3713	0.4890	0.5623	2.7707	4.5121	1.3133 e	7.7331 e	147.2473	60.8812	71.6416	0.0330	0.0781	0.0304	0.0607	0.0280	0.0421	
11/7/1997	0.7501	0.2989	0.4021	0.4637	2.4027	3.6762	1.1045	6.6947	138.7522	56.0674	65.6951	0.0225	0.0737	0.0304	0.0577	0.0280	0.0421	
11/8/1997	0.6913	0.2769	0.3363	0.3946	2.2168	3.1209	1.0199	6.1248	133.3270	32.5644	59.4654	0.0165	0.0520	0.0217	0.0651	0.0280	0.0223	
11/9/1997	0.6784	0.2705	0.3084	0.3669	2.1592	2.7981	0.9727	5.7001	122.3285	26.5612	54.9347	0.0120	0.0477	0.0173	0.0520	0.0164	0.0223	
11/10/1997	0.6734	0.2602	0.2814	0.3409	2.0831	2.5480	0.9347	5.2639	112.2675	24.2675	51.5367	0.0120	0.0347	0.0130	0.0434	0.0164	0.0223	
11/11/1997	0.6537	0.2547	0.2632	0.3238	2.0025	2.3090	0.8739	4.9675	104.2057	22.5119	48.7050	0.0105	0.0347	0.0173	0.0390	0.0164	0.0223	
11/12/1997	0.6393	0.2495	0.2633	0.3239	1.9564	2.1213	0.8448	4.6488	96.2277	21.1810	46.1565	0.0120	0.0347	0.0130	0.0434	0.0164	0.0253	
11/13/1997	0.6289	0.2460	0.2559	0.3172	1.9286	1.9463	0.8116	4.3514	89.1979	20.0200	43.8911	0.0135	0.0304	0.0173	0.0347	0.0164	0.0284	
11/14/1997	0.6109	0.2375	0.2388	0.3016	1.8589	1.7835	0.7753	4.1231	83.2513	19.0006	42.1921	0.0150	0.0390	0.0087	0.0390	0.0164	0.0284	
11/15/1997	0.5904	0.2335	0.2232	0.2877	1.8225	1.6740	0.7576	3.9328	78.1543	18.2077	40.4931	0.0135	0.0304	0.0087	0.0347	0.0164	0.0284	
11/16/1997	0.6035	0.2387	0.2175	0.2827	1.8124	1.5597	0.7354	3.7510	73.9068	17.4149	39.3604	0.0150	0.0260	0.0087	0.0260	0.0164	0.0284	
11/17/1997	0.8996	0.3576	0.3511	0.4104	3.1916	2.0312	0.8655	4.9438	80.7028	21.3315	43.6079	0.0225	0.0564	0.0173	0.0867	0.0369	0.0414	
11/18/1997	0.6780	0.2764	0.3079	0.3665	2.3101	1.8439	0.7752	4.5461	111.8513	21.8889	47.2891	0.0345	0.0607	0.0304	0.1344	0.0369	0.0263	
11/19/1997	0.6010	0.3818	0.4743	0.5523	3.5566	2.6083	1.1337	5.5777	128.2750	23.1349	48.4218	0.0300	0.0694	0.0173	0.1171	0.0369	0.0000	
11/20/1997	1.0697	0.4398	0.5419	0.6282	4.3281	4.3281	1.2229	9.6776	217.1897	56.9169	96.2773	0.0599	0.1301	0.0651	0.2299	0.0369	0.1551	
11/21/1997	1.0529	0.4654	0.6504	0.7691	4.4277	4.8573	1.2790	10.8881	359.6231	70.7921	100.5248	0.0539	0.1431	0.0564	0.2169	0.0369	0.1551	
11/22/1997	0.8416	0.3594	0.5015	0.5767	3.0181	3.9068	1.1614	8.2181	390.7716	58.0495	82.6852	0.0614	0.0911	0.0390	0.1171	0.0369	0.1437	
11/23/1997	1.5570	0.7674	0.7559	0.9160	16.0060	12.1357	2.8431	12.1048	325.6430	59.7485	93.1624	0.0629	0.2038	0.1214	0.3686	0.0598	0.1437	
11/24/1997	0.9217	0.4246	0.5765	0.6692	5.7333	7.2982	1.9473	11.7687	302.9895	11.3466	30.0584	0.1908	0.0911	0.2342	0.0598	0.1437	0.1001	
11/25/1997	1.0049	0.3956	0.5405	0.6238	4.3784	8.0978	1.8125	10.9130	328.4746	74.4733	109.8694	0.0449	0.1258	0.0651	0.1865	0.0598	0.0896	
11/26/1997	0.7604	0.3076	0.4329	0.4973	2.9926	5.9592	1.4374	9.1466	297.3262	68.2436	93.4456	0.0330	0.0954	0.0390	0.1258	0.0598	0.0683	
11/27/1997	0.8238	0.3536	0.3890	0.4493	3.7930	5.2435	1.5098	8.6680	248.6213	47.5723	79.5703	0.0210	0.0694	0.0260	0.0737	0.0598	0.1086	
11/28/1997	1.2287	0.5355	0.7298	0.8948	7.3707	13.7321	2.3983	16.6824	214.3580	74.4733	146.6813	0.0704	0.1561	0.0824	0.2515	0.0598	0.1086	
11/29/1997	1.5542	0.6475	1.0354	1.3632	7.2556	18.1662	2.9294	18.5596	225.6847	98.2556	166.5031	0.0599	0.2212	0.0998	0.3730	0.0598	0.1086	
11/30/1997	1.6304	0.7458	0.9648	1.2373	18.6379	19.0106	3.5860	18.1691	254.0015	103.0733	170.1842	0.1229	0.2385	0.1084	0.3686	0.0378	0.2103	
11/31/1997	0.8947	0.3960	0.6412	0.7550	6.7200	13.6320	2.5480	14.1140	261.6470	90.6139	141.5842	0.0569	0.1605	0.0694	0.1908	0.0378	0.1209	
12/1/1997	0.7570	0.4651	0.5341	0.6233	4.5298	8.0622	1.9506	14.4342	232.7639	75.6060	107.0377	0.0345	0.0998	0.0477	0.1128	0.0378	0.0499	
12/2/1997	0.6788	0.2982	0.3762	0.4538	3.5084	5.9600	1.6184	9.2824	200.8278	66.3664	86.3664	0.0225	0.0694	0.0260	0.0897	0.0378	0.0499	
12/3/1997	0.6886	0.2982	0.3762	0.4538	2.9300	4.4245	1.4163	7.4400	173.5819	60.8812	72.7743	0.0225	0.0651	0.0477	0.0824	0.0378	0.0237	
12/5/1997	0.6359	0.2547	0.2935	0.3524	2.5555	3.6964	1.2927	6.5958	154.3264	39.3604	63.9861	0.0165	0.0434	0.0173	0.0564	0.0378	0.0237	
12/6/1997	0.6239	0.2488	0.2758	0.3356	2.2358	3.1690	1.1963	6.1329	139.8449	33.1307	57.7664	0.0150	0.0477	0.0130	0.0520	0.0378	0.0158	
12/7/1997	0.6265	0.2520	0.2732	0.3331	2.1328	2.8372	1.1492	5.7567	129.1245	30.8654	53.8020	0.0120	0.0390	0.0217	0.0477	0.0258	0.0158	
12/8/1997	0.6385	0.2567	0.2938	0.3553	2.1662	2.6415	1.0892	5.6105	121.4790	30.2990	52.3862	0.0195	0.0564	0.0217	0.0781	0.0258	0.0210	
12/9/1997	0.7041	0.2881	0.3295	0.3897	2.2299	2.5107	1.1114	5.3020	114.1166	27.0426	48.7050	0.0285	0.0694	0.0477	0.0824	0.0258	0.0710	
12/10/1997	0.8274	0.4750	0.5472	4.2326	3.3929	1.3093	6.3661	118.3641	33.1307	52.9525	0.0539	0.1301	0.0651	0.2169	0.0258	0.0710		
12/11/1997	0.6295	0.2653	0.3436	0.4021	2.3179	2.6541	1.0589	5.7784	124.5938	31.1485	50.9703	0.0345	0.0954	0.0390	0.1171	0.0258	0.0683	
12/12/1997	0.5956	0.2410	0.2964	0.3553	2.1063	2.3261	0.9788	5.2976	116.6651	25.5418	48.1386	0.0195	0.0434	0.0173	0.0651	0.0258	0.0315	
12/13/1997	0.5824	0.2329	0.2664	0.3269	1.9981	2.1123	0.9339	4.7896	109.5859	24.1543	46.1565	0.0135	0.0477	0.0217	0.0607	0.0258	0.0315	
12/14/1997	0.6035	0.2378	0.2777	0.3316	1.9720	1.9987	0.9185	4.5560	104.2057	23.3331	44.7406	0.0165	0.0434	0.0130	0.0564	0.0258	0.0237	
12/15/1997	1.6002	0.8626	0.5283	0.6722	5.6329	3.3097	1.6510	6.1816	100.8077	25.2020	45.5901	0.0285	0.0607	0.0304	0.0781	0.0258	0.0237	
12/16/1997	4.7768	0.6641	0.2412	2.5642	40.2626	29.3835	13.8286	61.3164	169.6175	139.8832	267.3110	0.2622	0.4684	0.3556	0.8717	0.0882	0.4363	
12/17/1997	1.5845	0.7307	1.2089	8.6641	24.6337	6.1242	39.4866	410.5933	176.9803	351.1289	0.1828	0.4988	0.2472	0.7633	0.0882	0.5993		
12/18/1997	0.9939	0.3983	0.7732	0.9410	3.6062	19.8579	3.1617	19.9624	540.8550	107.3208	181.5110	0.0839	0.2169	0.1084	0.2212	0.0882	0.1945	
12/19/1997	0.8451	0.2936	0.5594	0.5594	2.9197	14.3031	521.0287	82.6852	121.4793	0.0835	0.1128	0.0607	0.1475	0.0882	0.1051	0.0907	0.0513	



















date PST	aberdn	elma	hoquiam	mcleary	montesn	ocenshr	westprt	ospray1	weyco1	weyco2	ghpapr1
3/23/1998	0.2988	0.0171	0.1336	0.0110	0.0160	0.0148	0.0118	0.0030	1.0418	0.4206	0.3365
3/24/1998	0.2663	0.0193	0.1051	0.0166	0.0160	0.0132	0.0123	0.0031	1.0054	0.3943	0.2559
3/25/1998	0.2169	0.0162	0.0754	0.0166	0.0150	0.0117	0.0112	0.0062	0.9222	0.3636	0.2383
3/26/1998	0.2177	0.0171	0.0727	0.0149	0.0145	0.0111	0.0096	0.0062	0.8468	0.3943	0.2401
3/27/1998	0.2309	0.0164	0.0758	0.0149	0.0156	0.0115	0.0109	0.0064	1.0466	0.4118	0.2357
3/28/1998	0.1862	0.0149	0.0609	0.0136	0.0143	0.0121	0.0100	0.0063	1.0186	0.4031	0.2278
3/29/1998	0.1752	0.0138	0.0574	0.0110	0.0135	0.0131	0.0122	0.0046	1.0291	0.3768	0.2278
3/30/1998	0.1726	0.0145	0.0635	0.0123	0.0145	0.0132	0.0132	0.0045	0.9967	0.3505	0.2414
3/31/1998	0.1656	0.0138	0.0570	0.0123	0.0143	0.0119	0.0150	0.0048	0.9634	0.3242	0.2445
4/1/1998	0.1590	0.0129	0.0534	0.0110	0.0137	0.0113	0.0122	0.0046	0.9752	0.2760	0.2861
4/2/1998	0.1503	0.0125	0.0530	0.0118	0.0121	0.0103	0.0107	0.0062	0.9218	0.2541	0.2607
4/3/1998	0.1389	0.0127	0.0504	0.0118	0.0143	0.0101	0.0120	0.0062	1.0287	0.2497	0.2138
4/4/1998	0.1411	0.0118	0.0482	0.0114	0.0122	0.0109	0.0091	0.0061	1.0111	0.2453	0.2033
4/5/1998	0.1389	0.0107	0.0482	0.0088	0.0129	0.0116	0.0107	0.0059	0.9349	0.2410	0.2138
4/6/1998	0.1415	0.0105	0.0495	0.0101	0.0134	0.0113	0.0110	0.0043	0.9520	0.2410	0.2204
4/7/1998	0.1411	0.0105	0.0473	0.0101	0.0123	0.0111	0.0110	0.0043	0.9586	0.2453	0.2147
4/8/1998	0.1411	0.0101	0.0469	0.0096	0.0126	0.0097	0.0110	0.0044	0.9345	0.2366	0.2151
4/9/1998	0.1349	0.0103	0.0499	0.0096	0.0122	0.0104	0.0111	0.0042	0.9879	0.2453	0.2287
4/10/1998	0.1516	0.0116	0.0605	0.0096	0.0133	0.0112	0.0106	0.0043	1.0431	0.2935	0.2944
4/11/1998	0.1674	0.0125	0.0683	0.0114	0.0142	0.0118	0.0117	0.0042	1.1172	0.3286	0.2664
4/12/1998	0.1717	0.0120	0.0653	0.0096	0.0144	0.0126	0.0127	0.0045	1.1321	0.3154	0.2366
4/13/1998	0.1674	0.0112	0.0605	0.0092	0.0137	0.0114	0.0107	0.0039	1.1456	0.2979	0.1871
4/14/1998	0.1494	0.0110	0.0543	0.0110	0.0130	0.0110	0.0098	0.0045	1.0672	0.2716	0.1897
4/15/1998	0.1503	0.0107	0.0517	0.0110	0.0136	0.0114	0.0094	0.0044	0.9270	0.2410	0.2046
4/16/1998	0.1358	0.0114	0.0504	0.0101	0.0125	0.0118	0.0107	0.0043	0.9415	0.1752	0.2028
4/17/1998	0.1336	0.0105	0.0486	0.0110	0.0129	0.0125	0.0113	0.0043	1.0252	0.2278	0.2151
4/18/1998	0.1546	0.0105	0.0548	0.0110	0.0129	0.0140	0.0108	0.0043	1.0098	0.2366	0.2182
4/19/1998	0.1381	0.0099	0.0513	0.0101	0.0129	0.0133	0.0118	0.0042	1.0146	0.2322	0.2212
4/20/1998	0.1354	0.0101	0.0495	0.0074	0.0129	0.0111	0.0109	0.0041	0.9713	0.2278	0.2488
4/21/1998	0.1358	0.0096	0.0473	0.0088	0.0125	0.0097	0.0099	0.0044	0.9191	0.2234	0.2602
4/22/1998	0.1292	0.0096	0.0469	0.0096	0.0128	0.0100	0.0095	0.0044	0.8823	0.2278	0.2471
4/23/1998	0.1297	0.0103	0.0504	0.0083	0.0115	0.0091	0.0106	0.0043	1.0519	0.2410	0.2480
4/24/1998	0.1301	0.0105	0.0495	0.0110	0.0128	0.0095	0.0098	0.0043	1.0484	0.2585	0.2453
4/25/1998	0.1292	0.0105	0.0482	0.0105	0.0115	0.0106	0.0096	0.0043	1.0773	0.2760	0.2440
4/26/1998	0.1415	0.0103	0.0486	0.0088	0.0124	0.0110	0.0084	0.0031	1.0773	0.2804	0.2480
4/27/1998	0.1331	0.0099	0.0469	0.0079	0.0127	0.0097	0.0115	0.0030	1.0124	0.2804	0.2230
4/28/1998	0.1249	0.0092	0.0456	0.0096	0.0121	0.0086	0.0102	0.0031	0.9927	0.2541	0.2112
4/29/1998	0.1218	0.0088	0.0456	0.0101	0.0123	0.0103	0.0085	0.0031	0.9927	0.2453	0.2085
4/30/1998	0.1200	0.0094	0.0407	0.0096	0.0123	0.0079	0.0108	0.0033	1.0111	0.2410	0.2545
5/1/1998	0.1249	0.0090	0.0425	0.0083	0.0119	0.0083	0.0096	0.0030	1.0203	0.2278	0.2712
5/2/1998	0.1358	0.0096	0.0399	0.0083	0.0125	0.0111	0.0090	0.0031	0.9954	0.2322	0.2379
5/3/1998	0.1319	0.0090	0.0469	0.0079	0.0127	0.0121	0.0115	0.0031	1.0633	0.2191	0.2445
5/4/1998	0.1283	0.0103	0.0469	0.0074	0.0124	0.0106	0.0105	0.0030	1.0865	0.2191	0.2440
5/5/1998	0.1288	0.0096	0.0464	0.0092	0.0120	0.0090	0.0203	0.0031	1.0733	0.2147	0.2458
5/6/1998	0.1214	0.0094	0.0469	0.0092	0.0124	0.0084	0.0097	0.0027	1.0996	0.2191	0.2361

**Table B6. Daily average flows (in cms) for each model node.**

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	502-FRY 506-28TH 507-G3 509-ADAM hooliam 10 5/1/1997	502-CHAR 18-CAMP 19-INDI 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15 5/2/1997	15-CHAR 16-NEWS weycor 17 5/3/1997	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 19 5/4/1997	24-REDM 02339 175,3279 5/5/1997	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 29 5/6/1997	11-ELLI 503-MILR 504-SHAN 43 5/7/1997	12-CENT weycor2 48 5/8/1997	42-PEEL 57 5/9/1997	13-WYNO mcleay satcopQ 66 5/10/1997	38-PORT 518-15TH 68 5/11/1997	516-EMER 517-DEEN 69 5/12/1997	08-WISH ditchnwth 75 5/13/1997	25-DEMIP 26-BARL 82 5/14/1997	andrmwh elkmwh 83 5/15/1997	22-JOHN osgray1 84 5/16/1997		
oceanshr wsprt 2	509-ADAM hooliam 10 5/1/1997	502-CHAR 18-CAMP 19-INDI 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15 5/2/1997	15-CHAR 16-NEWS weycor 17 5/3/1997	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 19 5/4/1997	24-REDM 02339 175,3279 5/5/1997	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 29 5/6/1997	11-ELLI 503-MILR 504-SHAN 43 5/7/1997	12-CENT weycor2 48 5/8/1997	42-PEEL 57 5/9/1997	13-WYNO mcleay satcopQ 66 5/10/1997	38-PORT 518-15TH 68 5/11/1997	516-EMER 517-DEEN 69 5/12/1997	08-WISH ditchnwth 75 5/13/1997	25-DEMIP 26-BARL 82 5/14/1997	andrmwh elkmwh 83 5/15/1997	22-JOHN osgray1 84 5/16/1997		
0.1052 0.0159	0.1106 0.1170	0.07723 0.05581	1.4048 4.8948	0.0946 0.0838	0.2339 117,7655	0.2073 109,9043	120,4113 109,9043	0.5156 0.5635	0.1803 0.1948	0.7234 0.7422	0.6800 0.6372	1.5153 1.6372	0.2191 0.1649	24,9279 14,3309	22,0272 13,2371	4,5201 4,1196	5,2050 4,2277	
0.0192 0.0205	0.1243 0.1170	0.7171 0.7205	1.5177 1.4778	0.0905 0.0882	0.2240 0.2181	117,3279 109,9043	103,4399 109,9043	0.5159 0.5393	0.1826 0.1896	0.3034 0.7589	0.8027 0.8143	1.5351 1.7549	0.1341 0.1559	10,3742 11,3427	9,5003 12,9846	4,7869 4,7027	4,7869 4,7027	
0.0197 0.0180	0.1599 0.1298	0.8710 0.8326	2.2378 1.8883	0.1335 0.8339	0.3302 0.1126	127,5859 129,4927	120,4113 129,4927	0.7682 0.6471	0.2872 0.2423	2.4139 2.0369	0.9988 0.9147	0.4570 0.3856	84,1256 117,8126	15,0228 99,9876	17,1735 13,7152	5,3280 5,2729	5,3280 5,2729	
0.0162 0.0156	0.0983 0.1002	0.6870 0.6874	1.4231 1.2670	0.0849 0.0756	0.2100 0.1870	103,4399 84,2021	103,4399 84,2021	0.5159 0.6267	0.1826 0.13667	0.3018 0.7081	0.8027 0.2588	1.5351 54,6647	84,1098 71,1098	10,3742 14,3309	9,5003 12,9846	4,7869 4,7027	4,7869 4,7027	
0.0197 0.0155	0.0942 0.0892	0.5757 0.5554	1.1832 1.1206	0.0942 0.0922	0.3028 0.3729	79,4966 0.0669	79,4966 0.0669	0.4305 0.4045	0.1516 0.1438	1.2763 1.2416	0.6792 0.6028	44,1886 44,1886	62,3220 55,5216	13,2373 119,2219	15,0228 0.0808	17,1735 5,9187	5,3280 5,2729	5,3280 5,2729
0.0194 0.0194	0.0875 0.0880	0.5482 0.5403	1.0777 1.0498	0.0875 0.0948	0.2100 0.1832	79,4966 79,4966	79,4966 79,4966	0.4305 0.3831	0.1583 0.1347	1.2763 1.1325	0.6792 0.5945	44,1886 0.2144	62,3220 98,9437	13,2373 0.0472	17,1735 4,5281	5,3280 5,2729	5,3280 5,2729	
0.0194 0.0194	0.0852 0.0852	0.5276 0.5276	1.0296 1.0296	0.0852 0.0852	0.1654 0.1654	66,7573 66,7573	66,7573 66,7573	0.4045 0.4045	0.1438 0.1298	1.2088 1.2088	0.6028 0.6275	33,9924 0.2201	33,9924 28,2420	13,2373 50,4241	15,0228 10,0340	17,1735 5,9187	5,3280 5,2729	5,3280 5,2729
0.0174 0.0174	0.0830 0.0830	0.5332 0.5332	0.9877 0.9877	0.0830 0.0830	0.1590 0.1590	61,5314 61,5314	61,5314 61,5314	0.3940 0.3940	0.1383 0.1383	1.1625 1.1625	0.6275 0.6275	33,7096 0.1971	33,7096 33,7096	13,2373 0.0411	15,0228 3,3633	17,1735 13,4441	5,3280 16,2721	5,3280 16,2721
0.0173 0.0194	0.0824 0.094	0.5239 0.5403	0.5239 1.0498	0.0824 0.0948	0.0626 0.0626	0.1549 3.8941	0.1549 3.8941	0.5945 57,4513	0.2144 0.3831	1.1325 0.3431	0.6275 0.3217	30,8775 0.5945	30,8775 46,4576	13,2373 98,9437	15,0228 0.0472	17,1735 4,5281	5,3280 5,2729	5,3280 5,2729
0.0196 0.0196	0.0799 0.0799	0.5617 0.5617	0.5617 1.0191	0.0799 0.0799	0.1519 0.1519	53,1774 45,1747	53,1774 45,1747	0.3814 0.3589	0.1321 0.1267	1.1107 1.0654	0.5897 0.5883	30,8775 0.2017	30,8775 31,1608	13,2373 40,5139	15,0228 0.0427	17,1735 3,6541	5,3280 14,5059	5,3280 14,5059
0.0176 0.0196	0.0766 0.0774	0.5709 0.5844	0.5709 0.9152	0.0766 0.0774	0.1375 0.1351	3.5555 4.3484	3.5555 3.8882	0.0566 0.0546	0.1196 0.1174	0.0505 0.9873	0.1654 0.1689	23,5544 0.1969	23,5544 23,5544	13,2373 32,8668	15,0228 0.0309	17,1735 8,7486	5,3280 8,7486	5,3280 8,7486
0.0182 0.0182	0.0794 0.0801	0.5617 0.6001	0.5617 0.9092	0.0794 0.0794	0.0570 0.1411	3.5038 39,9112	3.5038 39,9112	0.1411 0.3493	0.1227 0.1227	1.0311 0.9192	0.5149 0.9807	32,0108 0.1952	32,0108 32,0108	13,2373 36,2659	15,0228 3,0720	17,1735 3,3254	5,3280 10,1408	5,3280 10,1408
0.0164 0.0164	0.0826 0.0826	0.5912 0.5912	0.9007 0.9007	0.0826 0.0826	0.1407 0.1407	3.4882 3.4882	3.4882 3.4882	0.0537 0.0537	0.1329 0.1313	33,5565 30,7859	0.9776 0.9595	30,8775 0.5209	30,8775 18,0501	13,2373 28,3372	15,0228 0.0440	17,1735 2,2835	5,3280 2,6808	5,3280 2,6808
0.0152 0.0149	0.0784 0.0779	0.5437 0.5338	0.5437 0.8882	0.0784 0.0779	0.1413 0.1311	3.4103 28,7818	3.4103 28,7818	0.0527 0.0527	0.1139 0.1134	0.9572 0.9529	0.5642 0.4975	18,0501 0.6082	18,0501 13,4617	13,2373 26,6371	15,0228 0.0701	17,1735 2,4775	5,3280 5,0434	5,3280 5,0434
0.0251 0.0258	0.0802 0.0802	0.4968 0.4968	0.8775 0.9093	0.0802 0.0802	0.1295 0.1340	3.3850 28,7973	3.3850 28,7973	0.0523 0.0523	0.1126 0.1166	0.9798 0.9798	0.5780 0.1855	12,4993 18,0418	12,4993 27,4866	13,2373 58,3873	15,0228 0.0499	17,1735 2,2545	5,3280 2,6506	5,3280 2,6506
0.0228 0.0200	0.0917 0.0730	0.5954 0.5055	1.0142 0.7219	0.0917 0.0917	0.1497 0.1309	31,3322 27,3072	31,3322 27,3072	0.0605 0.0529	0.1139 0.1205	1.0941 0.9572	0.4896 0.5642	13,0955 21,4218	13,0955 29,7585	13,2373 58,0377	15,0228 0.0396	17,1735 2,5742	5,3280 4,3761	5,3280 4,3761
0.0202 0.0221	0.1445 0.1070	0.5219 0.5904	0.6339 1.1157	0.0917 0.0917	0.1311 0.1304	3.3913 29,4655	3.3913 29,4655	0.0527 0.0666	0.1134 0.1432	0.9572 1.0496	0.4975 0.5928	21,4218 13,4617	21,4218 26,6371	13,2373 56,0301	15,0228 0.0283	17,1735 2,4775	5,3280 5,0434	5,3280 5,0434
0.0188 0.0188	0.2032 0.1230	0.8136 0.3043	1.9871 81,0688	0.0899 0.0899	0.2932 0.1290	3.1185 81,0688	3.1185 81,0688	0.0523 0.0523	0.1126 0.1126	0.9098 0.9098	0.7372 0.8377	12,4993 0.4058	12,4993 32,8617	13,2373 33,1559	15,0228 0.0657	17,1735 1,9846	5,3280 4,5563	5,3280 4,5563
0.0204 0.0183	0.1740 0.1363	1.2068 0.7730	1.5077 1.5077	0.1417 0.0899	0.1935 0.1935	1.6263 0.5708	1.6263 0.5708	0.0899 0.0899	0.1136 0.1519	0.9417 0.9417	0.7792 0.8379	54,6654 30,0795	54,6654 16,2030	13,2373 6,1629	15,0228 6,2030	17,1735 6,2030	5,3280 5,3280	5,3280 5,3280

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM 507-ADAM 506-28TH 507-G3 10	502-FRY 506-28TH 507-G3 509-OLEA 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 19-INDI 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 16-NEWS weyc01 17	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 18	24-REDM 35-WEST 37	12-CENT 503-MILR 505-MILL 40	42-PEEL 504-SHAN 505-MILL 43	13-WYNO montane satopQ 64	elma mleary satopQ 66	38-PORT 518-51TH 68	hognow 72	08-WISH 79	arth-pmp 76	25-DEM 26-BARL 82	andrimwth elkmwth 83	22-JOHN osprav 84		
6/2/1997	0.0164	0.1078	0.0527	1.1699	4.0486	0.0698	0.1726	61.3804	0.4725	0.1501	1.2820	0.6804	0.2389	46.4555	50.4305	146.4926	0.1978	4.9897	5.0709
6/3/1997	0.0188	0.1266	0.0506	1.2716	4.3350	0.0759	0.1876	65.0653	0.5090	0.1632	1.3716	0.7180	0.2297	44.7544	47.8822	125.8648	0.1441	5.3435	5.5210
6/4/1997	0.0166	0.1206	0.0521	1.3924	4.5720	0.0831	0.2055	68.6770	0.5280	0.1787	1.5019	0.7515	0.2844	47.5839	53.2639	127.9625	0.2250	5.1264	5.2577
6/5/1997	0.0152	0.0877	0.0430	1.0839	3.6462	0.0647	0.1599	59.7503	0.4283	0.1391	1.1682	0.6816	0.2214	40.5034	47.0307	136.7032	0.1612	3.9862	4.2054
6/6/1997	0.0160	0.0898	0.0549	0.9803	3.6319	0.0585	0.1447	50.7687	0.3861	0.1258	1.0574	0.6479	0.2002	31.1611	41.3665	122.0189	0.1140	3.4193	3.6895
6/7/1997	0.0176	0.0842	0.0574	0.9223	3.4303	0.0550	0.1361	45.3695	0.3660	0.1184	0.9948	0.5550	0.1884	24.4799	37.1187	102.4400	0.1082	3.0617	3.3321
6/8/1997	0.0187	0.0818	0.0512	0.8880	3.3414	0.0530	0.1310	39.7364	0.3544	0.1140	0.9579	0.4942	0.1814	18.5572	34.0015	87.7557	0.0664	2.8072	3.0878
6/9/1997	0.0176	0.0798	0.0166	0.8784	3.3540	0.0524	0.1296	34.6777	0.3478	0.1127	0.9475	0.4744	0.1794	16.5400	31.7352	77.6166	0.0532	2.5181	2.8411
6/10/1997	0.0168	0.0766	0.0506	0.8468	3.2631	0.0505	0.1250	32.1001	0.3356	0.1087	0.9135	0.4711	0.1729	16.2942	29.7539	69.2256	0.0516	2.3579	2.6830
6/11/1997	0.0164	0.0834	0.0630	0.8835	3.3661	0.0527	0.1304	31.5448	0.3503	0.1134	0.9530	0.4975	0.1804	17.1720	28.9062	63.2820	0.0577	2.4114	2.7653
6/12/1997	0.0164	0.0783	0.0567	0.8801	3.3163	0.0513	0.1269	30.1919	0.3427	0.1104	0.9278	0.4831	0.1757	17.9075	28.2545	59.7858	0.0663	2.3119	2.6462
6/13/1997	0.0155	0.0750	0.05187	0.8221	3.2251	0.0490	0.1213	27.6236	0.3167	0.1055	0.8868	0.4477	0.1679	16.5770	26.6946	57.6880	0.0428	2.0845	2.4303
6/14/1997	0.0176	0.0716	0.05238	0.8098	3.2002	0.0483	0.1195	26.1989	0.3142	0.1039	0.8735	0.4535	0.1654	14.8186	25.2204	53.8422	0.0326	1.9739	2.3276
6/15/1997	0.0197	0.0724	0.05207	0.7916	3.1520	0.0472	0.1168	24.7678	0.3100	0.1016	0.8559	0.4316	0.1617	14.1970	23.7760	50.6955	0.0492	1.8708	2.2363
6/16/1997	0.0197	0.0820	0.05563	0.8077	3.1980	0.0482	0.1192	24.0190	0.3308	0.1036	0.8713	0.4398	0.1650	14.1127	23.0115	47.8895	0.0391	1.9301	2.3490
6/17/1997	0.0194	0.1049	0.0676	1.1189	4.0292	0.0667	0.1651	43.6236	0.4233	0.1436	1.2069	0.5235	0.2285	22.5513	27.4601	49.2970	0.0766	2.7141	3.1328
6/18/1997	0.0180	0.0890	0.06012	0.9371	3.5038	0.0559	0.1383	41.6493	0.3725	0.1203	1.0108	0.7479	0.1914	33.1417	33.4360	53.1249	0.1300	2.5601	2.9586
6/19/1997	0.0178	0.0800	0.04898	0.8556	3.2983	0.0510	0.1263	31.5978	0.3385	0.1098	0.9230	0.4645	0.1747	27.8182	28.9018	53.4925	0.0698	2.1609	2.4958
6/20/1997	0.0183	0.0806	0.04833	0.8471	3.3106	0.0505	0.1250	28.8816	0.3469	0.1087	0.9137	0.5325	0.1730	18.5019	26.2971	48.9474	0.0597	2.0191	2.3681
6/21/1997	0.0208	0.1069	0.06208	1.2714	4.4274	0.0758	0.1876	31.7411	0.4813	0.1632	1.3714	0.6829	0.2597	15.7282	25.7042	46.8497	0.0859	2.1756	2.5529
6/22/1997	0.0220	0.0963	0.06229	1.2552	4.3708	0.0749	0.1852	40.3112	0.4662	0.1611	1.3540	0.6985	0.2564	16.6336	26.8123	50.3459	0.1065	2.7873	3.6125
6/23/1997	0.0211	0.0874	0.05382	0.9870	3.6732	0.0589	0.1456	40.0888	0.3934	0.1267	1.0847	0.5531	0.2016	18.8993	29.7526	55.9399	0.0837	2.5789	3.2010
6/24/1997	0.0187	0.0796	0.04876	0.9003	3.3680	0.0537	0.1328	32.7961	0.3613	0.1155	0.9711	0.4753	0.1839	17.8782	27.0068	56.6392	0.0614	2.2186	2.6682
6/25/1997	0.0179	0.0766	0.05255	0.8737	3.2193	0.0521	0.1289	30.7726	0.3511	0.1121	0.9425	0.4752	0.1784	16.9168	25.5609	52.0940	0.0600	2.0553	2.4697
6/26/1997	0.0177	0.0840	0.05338	0.8873	3.2452	0.0529	0.1309	31.1022	0.3600	0.1139	0.9571	0.5159	0.1812	16.7736	25.1657	47.8895	0.0584	2.0737	2.4878
6/27/1997	0.0195	0.1150	0.06229	1.0895	3.9414	0.0650	0.1608	32.6755	0.4863	0.1398	1.1753	0.6829	0.2225	16.0675	25.6857	45.4812	0.0665	2.1770	2.5614
6/28/1997	0.0200	0.0830	0.06892	0.8388	3.2398	0.0500	0.1238	30.6137	0.3688	0.1076	0.9048	0.4989	0.1713	14.9919	26.1024	44.7519	0.1633	2.0700	2.4321
6/29/1997	0.0208	0.0774	0.04757	0.7698	3.0536	0.0459	0.1136	27.5561	0.3316	0.0988	0.8304	0.4745	0.1572	14.0567	24.5695	43.3534	0.0712	1.9221	2.3007
6/30/1997	0.0193	0.0754	0.04788	3.0143	0.0446	0.1104	27.3870	0.3270	0.0960	0.8072	0.4606	0.1528	13.6603	23.9459	42.3046	0.0769	1.8575	2.2231	
7/1/1997	0.0179	0.0731	0.04319	0.7280	0.0434	0.1074	29.7561	0.3104	0.0934	0.7852	0.4557	0.1487	13.4902	23.5517	41.2557	0.0768	1.8783	2.2223	
7/2/1997	0.0179	0.0715	0.05150	0.7061	2.8964	0.0421	0.1042	24.7230	0.3053	0.0906	0.7617	0.4460	0.1442	13.1531	22.2480	39.8572	0.0550	1.7354	2.0851
7/3/1997	0.0184	0.0703	0.04337	0.6933	2.8567	0.0414	0.1023	23.6032	0.2878	0.0890	0.7479	0.4386	0.1416	12.3635	21.4558	37.7564	0.0520	1.6475	2.0105
7/4/1997	0.0224	0.0657	0.04127	0.6852	2.8251	0.0409	0.1011	22.9206	0.3031	0.0879	0.7391	0.4278	0.1399	11.2714	20.7180	35.6617	0.0433	1.5835	1.9492
7/5/1997	0.0278	0.0675	0.04219	0.6896	2.8488	0.0411	0.1018	22.5303	0.3155	0.0885	0.7439	0.4377	0.1408	10.6554	20.1785	34.4380	0.0535	1.5344	1.8931

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM node 10	502-FRY 506-28TH ghaor1 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 507-G3 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 01-HUMP 513-SAG aberd 17	16-NEWS 20-STAF weyc01 18	24-REDM 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 29	35-WEST 504-SHAN 40	11-ELLI 503-MILR 505-MILL 43	12-CENT weyco2 48	42-PEEL weyco2 57	13-WYNO monstean 64	elma mleary satcoQ 66	38-PORT 518-5TH 68	508-KST 516-EMER 517-OEEN 69	wconff 72	08-WISH 79	arthr-pmp 76	26-DEM 26-BARL 82	andrmwth elkmnwt 83			
776/1997	0.0285	0.0738	0.8460	0.8262	3.1931	0.0493	0.1219	24.9869	0.3606	0.1060	0.8912	0.4574	0.1687	11.0262	20.8884	34.1933	0.0597	1.6171	1.9915	0.2804	2.5950	2.3612
777/1997	0.0244	0.0769	0.4473	0.7250	2.9714	0.0433	0.1070	23.4305	0.3338	0.0930	0.7621	0.4331	0.1481	10.5444	20.0950	33.5989	0.0477	1.5156	1.8733	0.0146	3.6338	0.4741
778/1997	0.0245	0.1125	0.8131	1.9397	6.1156	0.1157	0.2862	149.3902	0.8019	0.2489	2.0924	0.7684	0.3362	28.9860	30.0393	36.0113	0.1085	12.6576	12.7443	0.0867	56.0394	0.7112
779/1997	0.0227	0.1238	0.8839	1.6010	5.1999	0.0955	0.2363	188.7119	0.6767	0.2055	1.7270	0.6834	0.3270	110.7325	107.9163	46.1504	0.2928	16.0628	14.7332	0.0567	75.9129	1.0791
7710/1997	0.0195	0.1228	0.5838	1.0572	3.7998	0.0631	0.1560	104.2574	0.5154	0.1357	1.1404	0.5349	0.2159	54.9463	59.7737	61.1843	0.1541	6.2511	6.1853	0.0567	43.2554	0.8891
7711/1997	0.0190	0.0917	0.6075	0.9394	3.4796	0.0560	0.1386	76.4165	0.4427	0.1206	1.0134	0.4891	0.1919	39.9384	42.7810	63.2220	0.1560	4.1870	4.3010	0.0567	30.4589	0.7724
7712/1997	0.0211	0.0834	0.5096	0.8979	3.3696	0.0536	0.1325	62.4821	0.3944	0.1152	0.9885	0.4659	0.1834	27.0542	35.1337	58.3873	0.0805	3.2436	3.4561	0.0216	23.8326	0.6951
7713/1997	0.0229	0.0798	0.5024	0.8779	3.3213	0.0524	0.1295	53.8287	0.3819	0.1127	0.9470	0.4567	0.1793	20.7972	30.6028	50.3459	0.0595	2.8006	3.0627	0.0216	19.4342	0.5279
7714/1997	0.0214	0.0791	0.2784	0.8556	3.2703	0.0510	0.1263	47.4840	0.3635	0.1098	0.9230	0.4514	0.1747	18.4735	27.4585	45.1016	0.0449	2.5004	2.7878	0.0216	16.1859	0.4983
7715/1997	0.0224	0.0758	0.2165	0.6347	3.1926	0.0498	0.1232	42.4683	0.3571	0.1071	0.9004	0.4463	0.1705	16.6872	25.3354	40.9061	0.0505	2.2870	2.5785	0.0190	13.6035	0.4873
7716/1997	0.0189	0.0731	0.2397	0.8165	3.1115	0.0487	0.1205	35.3396	0.3428	0.1048	0.8808	0.4551	0.1668	15.6982	23.8052	37.7594	0.0390	2.1162	2.4280	0.0190	9.9155	0.4588
7717/1997	0.0194	0.0730	0.2417	0.8001	3.2592	0.0477	0.1181	34.6556	0.3329	0.1027	0.8631	0.4468	0.1634	14.7921	22.5880	35.6617	0.0374	2.0213	2.3402	0.0140	9.3948	0.4427
7718/1997	0.0207	0.0727	0.2895	0.7877	3.2395	0.0470	0.1162	32.3815	0.3305	0.1011	0.8496	0.4481	0.1609	13.8859	21.5680	33.3891	0.0432	1.8788	2.2173	0.0140	8.2868	0.4581
7719/1997	0.0245	0.0693	0.4087	0.7768	3.1814	0.0463	0.1146	26.6976	0.3267	0.0997	0.8379	0.4587	0.1586	12.6966	20.8868	31.7809	0.0374	1.7943	2.1330	0.0125	5.0257	0.4436
7720/1997	0.0261	0.0701	0.5825	0.7746	3.1978	0.0462	0.1143	29.0382	0.3266	0.0994	0.8356	0.4713	0.1582	11.4784	20.2913	30.3474	0.0360	1.7212	2.0660	0.0125	6.5889	0.4431
7721/1997	0.0254	0.0726	0.5034	0.7570	3.1369	0.0452	0.1117	29.1448	0.3172	0.0971	0.8166	0.4627	0.1546	10.8277	19.7825	28.9839	0.0591	1.6925	2.0450	0.0125	6.7121	0.4280
7722/1997	0.0246	0.0711	0.5032	0.7486	3.0856	0.0447	0.1105	29.0986	0.3201	0.0961	0.8075	0.4387	0.1529	10.5165	19.3320	28.0899	0.0301	1.6475	1.9986	0.0125	6.7894	0.4344
7723/1997	0.0223	0.0703	0.4620	0.7384	3.0424	0.0440	0.1090	27.3913	0.3132	0.0948	0.7965	0.4231	0.1508	10.0631	18.5385	27.1658	0.0235	1.5605	1.9083	0.0125	5.9525	0.4186
7724/1997	0.0221	0.0731	0.4798	0.7299	3.0291	0.0435	0.1077	26.8321	0.3108	0.0937	0.7874	0.4211	0.1491	9.6965	17.5180	26.2218	0.0250	1.5156	1.8566	0.0123	5.7296	0.3860
7725/1997	0.0222	0.0689	0.4865	0.7199	3.0057	0.0429	0.1062	24.4152	0.3037	0.0924	0.7766	0.4318	0.1470	9.3839	16.9236	25.4177	0.0111	1.4655	1.8277	0.0123	5.5455	0.3885
7726/1997	0.0260	0.0640	0.4576	0.7040	2.9539	0.0420	0.1039	26.0613	0.2986	0.0903	0.7594	0.4149	0.1438	9.0149	16.2455	24.5436	0.0328	1.4475	1.8043	0.0134	5.3921	0.3755
7727/1997	0.0275	0.0650	0.4780	0.6935	2.8255	0.0414	0.1023	25.5869	0.2897	0.0890	0.7481	0.4080	0.1416	8.8167	15.7608	23.8444	0.0325	1.4029	1.7617	0.0134	5.2026	0.2723
7728/1997	0.0258	0.0667	0.4711	0.6920	2.8803	0.0413	0.1021	25.1581	0.2959	0.0888	0.7465	0.4032	0.1413	8.9308	15.4195	23.0403	0.0223	1.3882	1.7378	0.0140	4.9944	0.3645
7729/1997	0.0248	0.0657	0.4745	0.6850	2.9929	0.0409	0.1011	25.0055	0.2979	0.0879	0.7389	0.4015	0.1399	8.6468	15.0836	22.3410	0.0266	1.3485	1.7006	0.0140	4.9860	0.3743
7730/1997	0.0209	0.0669	0.4836	0.6832	2.9156	0.0408	0.1008	24.6484	0.2953	0.0877	0.7389	0.4055	0.1395	8.5601	14.7715	21.7117	0.0266	1.3231	1.6621	0.0140	4.8527	0.3870
7731/1997	0.0234	0.0649	0.4257	0.6743	2.8648	0.0402	0.0995	24.3096	0.2837	0.0865	0.7274	0.4077	0.1377	8.2524	14.4306	21.2222	0.0120	1.2741	1.6328	0.0140	4.7160	0.3875
8/1/1997	0.0235	0.0636	0.3966	0.6737	2.7749	0.0402	0.0994	24.0531	0.2892	0.0865	0.7268	0.4076	0.1376	7.7985	14.1193	20.5929	0.0251	1.2491	1.6012	0.0140	4.6279	0.3231
8/2/1997	0.0274	0.0627	0.4024	0.6758	2.8635	0.0403	0.0997	23.6198	0.2864	0.0867	0.7290	0.4212	0.1380	7.7132	13.7795	20.1034	0.0281	1.2451	1.5911	0.0140	4.3849	0.3911
8/3/1997	0.0302	0.0643	0.4229	0.6708	2.8680	0.0400	0.0980	23.4471	0.2861	0.0861	0.7235	0.4156	0.1370	7.6282	13.6375	19.7188	0.0260	1.2233	1.5739	0.0112	4.3811	0.3936
8/4/1997	0.0276	0.0662	0.4122	0.6590	2.8507	0.0393	0.0972	23.1923	0.2872	0.0846	0.7109	0.3996	0.1346	7.6281	13.3545	19.4391	0.0274	1.2014	1.5482	0.0118	4.2291	0.3918
8/5/1997	0.0247	0.0480	0.4122	0.6526	2.8313	0.0389	0.0963	23.1099	0.2809	0.0838	0.7040	0.3987	0.1333	7.5430	13.1864	19.1594	0.0201	1.1957	1.5408	0.0118	4.1996	0.3792
8/6/1997	0.0255	0.0652	0.4366	0.6545	2.4741	0.0390	0.0966	22.7647	0.2822	0.0840	0.7060	0.4117	0.1337	7.4299	12.9886	18.4602	0.0259	1.1588	1.5136	0.0118	4.0467	0.4437
8/7/1997	0.0245	0.0649	0.4078	0.6466	2.7882	0.0386	0.0954	22.5282	0.2812	0.0830	0.6975	0.4010	0.1321	7.2875	12.8462	17.9357	0.0216	1.1361	1.4919	0.0118	3.9534	0.4073
8/8/1997	0.0268	0.0631	0.4111	0.6440	2.7880	0.0384	0.0950	22.4825	0.2775	0.0826	0.6946	0.3873	0.1315	7.1750	12.7333	17.3414	0.0201	1.1333	1.4851	0.0118	3.9437	0.4112

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM 507-G3 10	502-FRY 506-28TH 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 507-G3 15	15-CHAR 20-STAF 21-OLEA 17	01-HUMP 03-CHEN weyc01 18	24-REDM 04-GRASS 29	35-WEST 04-SAG 37	11-ELLI 504-SHAN 40	12-CENT 505-MILL 43	42-PEEL weyc02 48	13-WYNO montean 64	elma mleary satogQ 66	38-PORT 518-51TH 68	508-KST 516-EMER 517-QEEN 69	08-WISH 79	25-DEM 26-BARL 82	andrmwth elkmwth 83	22-JOHN osprav 84															
8/9/1997 0.0303 0.0608 0.4254 0.6390 0.27771 0.0943 0.0381 0.224126 0.0820 0.2742 0.0805 0.3904 0.1305 0.0606 12.5902 0.0215 1.1297 0.4767 0.0118 3.9229 0.3734 1.9493 1.3283	8/10/1997 0.0287 0.0604 0.4117 0.6272 0.27425 0.0926 0.0374 0.220561 0.2745 0.0805 0.6765 0.3788 0.1281 6.9478 12.3356 16.6072 0.0142 1.1008 1.4502 0.0127 3.7711 0.3625 1.9079 1.3999	8/11/1997 0.0288 0.0562 0.3993 0.6324 0.27597 0.0933 0.0377 0.219306 0.2792 0.0812 0.6822 0.3889 0.1292 6.8345 12.1082 16.2825 0.0259 1.0918 1.4365 0.0127 3.7209 0.3594 1.9194 1.9262	8/12/1997 0.0251 0.0190 0.4291 0.6346 0.27617 0.0936 0.0379 0.216925 0.2793 0.0814 0.6845 0.3894 0.1296 6.8348 12.0245 15.9079 0.0215 1.0900 1.4245 0.0127 3.6003 0.3936 1.9277 1.9285	8/13/1997 0.0261 0.0189 0.4372 0.6317 0.26603 0.0932 0.0377 0.215838 0.2747 0.0811 0.6814 0.3843 0.1290 7.6284 11.8546 15.5933 0.0141 1.0900 1.4336 0.0131 3.5170 0.3823 1.9239 1.9144	8/14/1997 0.0259 0.0192 0.4390 0.6399 0.27067 0.0932 0.0382 0.215564 0.2824 0.0821 0.6903 0.3950 0.1307 7.6277 11.7692 15.1387 0.0243 1.0966 1.4149 0.0131 3.5342 0.4310 1.9466 1.9441	8/15/1997 0.0256 0.0192 0.4426 0.6421 0.27380 0.09383 0.0948 0.216271 0.2784 0.0824 0.6927 0.4569 0.1311 6.9207 11.7407 14.6842 0.0200 1.1015 1.4044 0.0131 3.5979 0.4054 1.9485 1.9557	8/16/1997 0.0285 0.0187 0.4371 0.6251 0.26930 0.0922 0.0373 0.214024 0.2754 0.0802 0.6743 0.4572 0.1277 6.8077 11.6000 14.4395 0.0215 1.0720 1.3813 0.0123 3.5232 0.3985 1.9018 1.9364	8/17/1997 0.0279 0.0187 0.4558 0.6241 0.27227 0.0921 0.0372 0.210867 0.2743 0.0801 0.6732 0.4438 0.1275 6.6373 11.3991 14.2297 0.0251 1.0543 1.3687 0.0123 3.3592 0.3765 1.8923 1.9000	8/18/1997 0.0279 0.0186 0.3999 0.6211 0.26747 0.0916 0.0371 0.209349 0.2797 0.0797 0.6699 0.4825 0.1268 6.6095 11.2016 14.0899 0.0325 1.0345 1.3517 0.0123 3.3055 0.3830 1.8784 1.8926	8/19/1997 0.0265 0.0177 0.3726 0.5906 0.26028 0.09352 0.0872 0.206988 0.2645 0.0758 0.6371 0.4620 0.1206 6.6097 11.1199 14.0199 0.0324 1.0389 1.3524 0.0129 3.1830 0.3701 0.2076 1.8198 1.7569	8/20/1997 0.0262 0.0194 0.3834 0.6476 0.27776 0.0956 0.0386 0.207039 0.2822 0.0831 0.6886 0.4451 0.1323 6.6948 11.1471 13.9850 0.0354 1.0633 1.3903 0.0129 3.0637 0.4166 0.2277 1.9970 1.9238	8/21/1997 0.0261 0.0321 0.3976 0.6474 0.28162 0.0936 0.0955 0.214664 0.2923 0.0831 0.6984 0.4363 0.1322 6.9496 11.3175 14.8241 0.0457 1.1038 1.4225 0.0101 3.4561 0.4559 0.2276 1.9707 1.9609	8/22/1997 0.0258 0.0631 0.3733 0.5996 0.26706 0.0358 0.0885 0.217988 0.2741 0.0770 0.6468 0.4335 0.1225 6.6097 11.0060 15.5233 0.0309 1.0433 1.3553 0.0101 3.5228 0.4048 0.2108 1.8413 1.7932	8/23/1997 0.0288 0.0821 0.3817 0.5845 0.26221 0.0355 0.0877 0.209371 0.2850 0.0763 0.6413 0.4192 0.1214 6.4958 10.8354 15.4184 0.0352 1.0301 1.3410 0.0317 3.3490 0.4244 0.2090 1.8349 1.7616	8/24/1997 0.0306 0.0793 0.5011 0.7308 0.30511 0.0436 0.1078 0.225771 0.3637 0.0938 0.7883 0.4870 0.1493 6.9439 10.8337 14.7237 0.0645 1.1256 1.4721 0.0317 3.9653 0.4953 0.2569 2.2176 2.2164	8/25/1997 0.0279 0.0735 0.53383 0.66555 0.27870 0.0391 0.0967 0.210967 0.32272 0.0841 0.7071 0.4207 0.1339 6.5639 11.9971 15.5683 0.0856 1.1434 1.4895 0.0213 5.3540 0.5243 0.2305 2.0140 1.9486	8/26/1997 0.0272 0.0945 0.5775 0.9892 0.50590 0.1460 0.42629 0.1269 0.10670 0.5142 0.2020 6.5649 12.6787 16.6421 0.0819 1.3787 1.8658 0.0336 4.8345 0.7781 0.3478 3.2415 2.5867	8/27/1997 0.0271 0.1013 0.62775 0.9248 0.30005 0.0552 0.1365 0.30111 0.4220 0.1187 0.9875 0.5118 0.1889 10.9157 14.4077 19.4741 0.1756 1.5519 1.8670 0.0336 7.4626 1.0245 0.3251 2.8369 2.5762	8/28/1997 0.0247 0.0727 0.5187 0.7314 0.30058 0.0436 0.1079 0.279117 0.3496 0.0839 0.7890 0.4434 0.1494 13.3793 17.3507 22.5857 0.0979 1.3113 1.6338 0.0325 6.8572 0.7633 0.2571 2.0265 2.2130	8/29/1997 0.0233 0.0750 0.4711 0.77767 0.30905 0.0463 0.1146 0.267749 0.3369 0.0897 0.8378 0.4411 0.1586 11.0846 16.3028 23.3899 0.0675 1.1629 1.4941 0.0325 6.4315 0.6672 0.2730 2.3122 2.4066	8/30/1997 0.0245 0.0868 0.42655 0.6632 0.27745 0.0396 0.0879 0.238637 0.2831 0.0851 0.7154 0.4225 0.1354 9.0161 14.5452 22.2711 0.0496 1.0992 1.4252 0.0406 4.8952 0.5751 0.2331 2.0050 2.0035	8/31/1997 0.0288 0.0639 0.41444 0.6259 0.26799 0.0373 0.0824 0.210508 0.2762 0.0803 0.6751 0.4136 0.1278 6.1267 12.18515 21.8966 0.0420 1.0489 1.3760 0.0406 3.3205 0.5173 0.2200 1.8974 1.8807	9/1/1997 0.0284 0.0691 0.4239 0.6113 0.26771 0.0395 0.0902 0.206204 0.2859 0.0784 0.65954 0.4057 0.1248 7.5165 12.3340 19.5090 0.0333 1.0302 1.3458 0.0406 3.1343 0.4722 0.2149 1.8492 1.8363	9/2/1997 0.0261 0.0669 0.42855 0.5946 0.26327 0.0355 0.0877 0.201458 0.2610 0.0763 0.6414 0.3885 0.1214 7.2044 11.8529 18.0406 0.0391 1.0133 1.3239 0.0406 2.9053 0.4470 0.2090 1.8076 1.7705	9/3/1997 0.0214 0.0648 0.4512 0.5823 0.25490 0.0347 0.0859 0.199409 0.2562 0.0747 0.6281 0.3812 0.1189 6.9779 11.5161 17.1316 0.0302 0.9906 1.2931 0.0172 2.8556 0.4233 0.2047 1.7749 1.7324	9/4/1997 0.0194 0.0655 0.4177 0.5771 0.25187 0.0344 0.0852 0.19852 0.2506 0.0741 0.6225 0.3755 0.1179 6.7801 11.2615 16.3275 0.0244 0.9866 1.2856 0.0172 3.3006 0.4073 0.2029 1.7658 1.7056	9/5/1997 0.0198 0.0633 0.4363 0.5762 0.25291 0.0344 0.0850 0.208190 0.2526 0.0739 0.6215 0.3753 0.1177 6.6376 11.0332 15.7681 0.0272 0.9843 1.2868 0.0172 3.4060 0.4024 0.2026 1.7628 1.7031	9/6/1997 0.0209 0.0603 0.43889 0.5799 0.25369 0.0346 0.0856 0.204717 0.2508 0.0744 0.6256 0.3675 0.1184 6.4964 10.8629 15.3136 0.0216 0.9772 1.2782 0.0187 3.2108 0.3883 0.2039 1.7633 1.7283	9/7/1997 0.0227 0.0635 0.4106 0.5824 0.24832 0.0347 0.0859 0.203616 0.2484 0.0747 0.6282 0.3724 0.1189 6.4110 10.6647 14.9839 0.0253 0.9445 1.2556 0.0187 3.1904 0.3676 0.2047 1.7597 1.7488	9/8/1997 0.0220 0.0632 0.4058 0.5747 0.24999 0.0343 0.0848 0.202506 0.2496 0.0738 0.6199 0.3706 0.1174 6.2983 10.5237 14.6842 0.0181 0.9353 1.2367 0.0187 3.1700 0.3395 0.2020 1.7446 1.7160	9/9/1997 0.0196 0.0647 0.4537 0.5814 0.24877 0.0347 0.0858 0.201179 0.2486 0.0746 0.6272 0.3722 0.1187 6.2136 10.3551 14.4985 0.0210 0.9328 1.2252 0.0190 3.1080 0.2891 0.2044 1.7559 1.7489	9/10/1997 0.0195 0.0674 0.4442 0.5819 0.24748 0.0347 0.0859 0.201713 0.3542 0.0747 0.6276 0.3767 0.1188 6.1562 10.2684 14.2647 0.0166 0.9328 1.2402 0.0190 3.1082 0.2046 0.2046 1.7695 1.7323	9/11/1997 0.0192 0.0669 0.4435 0.5807 0.24421 0.0346 0.0857 0.203677 0.3391 0.0745 0.6264 0.3852 0.1186 6.1567 10.0977 14.0199 0.0268 0.9328 1.2428 0.0179 3.2225 0.3108 0.2042 1.7608 1.7383

Sta IDs that flow to model node	oceanhr wespt Node->	508-ADAM 507-G3 507-G3 <b>10</b>	502-FRY 506-28TH 507-G3 <b>12</b>	17-CHAP 18-INDI 19-INDI 20-STAF 21-OLEA <b>15</b>	15-CHAR 01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS weyc01 <b>17</b>	16-NEWS 01-REDM 04-SHAN <b>18</b>	24-REDM 35-WEST 04-CHEN <b>19</b>	36-PORT 04-GRASS <b>37</b>	42-PEEL 11-ELL 03-WLIS 04-SHAN <b>40</b>	12-CENT 05-MILL 505-MILL <b>43</b>	48	13-WYNO elma mcleary satopQ <b>57</b>	13-WYNO montean monste <b>64</b>	38-PORT 518-51TH <b>68</b>	highnow <b>69</b>	08-WISH <b>75</b>	artir-pmp <b>79</b>	25-DEM 26-BARL <b>82</b>	andrimwth elkmnwth <b>83</b>	22-JOHN osprav <b>84</b>													
9/12/1997 0.0201 0.0715 0.5038 0.8220 0.0490 0.8213 0.2042 0.4021 0.1055 0.8867 0.4345 0.1679 0.0719 0.1846 0.0217 0.9628 1.2854 0.0179 3.2433 0.3091 0.2890 2.4685 2.5185	9/13/1997 0.0215 0.0703 0.4832 0.6500 0.0838 0.0959 0.21802 0.3654 0.0834 0.7012 0.4194 0.1328 0.2135 0.16703 0.0212 0.9836 1.3083 0.0736 3.5861 0.3141 0.2285 1.9580 1.9724	9/14/1997 0.0242 0.0977 0.6219 0.9079 0.0582 0.1340 0.241813 0.4660 0.1165 0.9794 0.5822 0.1854 0.7024 0.18679 0.1355 1.1026 1.4955 0.0736 4.7590 0.4506 0.3192 2.7194 2.7755	9/15/1997 0.0246 0.3107 2.1678 7.4443 20.1471 0.4441 1.0985 40.6205 2.0516 0.9553 8.0301 2.2263 1.5204 15.3920 15.0619 0.2445 1.6085 2.1947 0.0736 8.4570 1.4209 2.6171 19.3688 26.1641	9/16/1997 0.0272 0.5344 2.7198 9.5566 25.4731 0.5701 1.4102 120.2485 2.8260 1.2264 10.3087 2.7612 1.9518 39.9473 25.3130 0.3519 10.0352 11.2372 0.0736 35.9854 3.0082 3.3597 24.7739 33.7393	9/17/1997 0.0371 0.6890 4.5703 15.3754 40.5312 0.9172 2.2888 284.0094 4.1838 1.9731 16.5884 4.1842 1.3401 156.6171 185.8115 0.0495 34.4219 33.0053 0.0736 84.7733 5.2520 5.4054 39.5214 55.3321	9/18/1997 0.0256 0.2091 1.4007 3.0441 8.9029 0.1816 0.4492 171.1253 1.0777 0.3906 3.2836 1.2149 0.6217 182.6617 185.9950 0.0462 0.6380 21.7109 19.4865 0.1592 54.0760 3.8385 1.0702 8.4079 10.3248	9/19/1997 0.0215 0.1049 0.5842 1.0889 0.0650 0.1607 70.0835 0.5007 0.1397 0.1129 0.4259 0.1298 0.9488 0.5404 0.1196 0.501303 48.7335 88.1054 0.1021 3.7403 0.3736 0.0651 17.4747 0.3092 2.6251 2.6433	9/20/1997 0.0236 0.0859 0.5181 0.8796 0.2822 0.0525 0.1298 0.5242 0.4259 0.1129 0.9488 0.5404 0.1796 0.501303 50.1303 48.7335 0.1021 3.7403 0.3736 0.0651 11.4908 0.7935 0.2848 2.4310 2.4243	9/21/1997 0.0242 0.0865 0.4842 0.8102 0.1043 0.0483 0.1196 0.4068 0.2686 0.0985 0.1040 0.8739 0.4799 0.1655 41.3557 37.4001 0.0861 2.8650 2.9523 0.0651 11.4908 0.7935 0.2848 2.4310 2.4243	9/22/1997 0.0228 0.0737 0.4731 0.7774 3.0357 0.0464 0.1147 35.6133 0.3875 0.0986 0.0988 0.8385 0.4457 0.1588 31.1082 30.8881 0.524437 0.0787 2.3786 2.6220 0.0851 9.7283 0.6464 2.0733 2.3328 2.3279	9/23/1997 0.0200 0.0743 0.4624 0.7684 0.0458 0.1134 0.32757 0.3845 0.0986 0.0988 0.8289 0.4391 0.1569 34.5590 26.9811 0.444023 0.0627 2.0968 2.2640 0.0851 8.7440 0.6809 0.2701 2.3059 2.2953	9/24/1997 0.0196 0.0756 0.4661 0.7669 2.9662 0.0458 0.1132 31.9489 0.3645 0.0984 0.0984 0.8273 0.4300 0.1566 22.9487 24.5173 0.1011 1.9223 2.1011 0.0851 8.2895 0.6557 0.2696 2.3019 2.2933	9/25/1997 0.0202 0.0906 0.5430 0.8298 3.1647 0.0495 0.1224 30.9974 0.3935 0.1065 0.0951 0.4627 0.1695 15.2473 22.9897 36.0113 0.0657 1.8347 2.0575 0.0896 7.7560 0.7215 0.2817 2.4871 2.4989	9/26/1997 0.0208 0.1199 0.7382 1.794 4.025 0.0704 0.1740 48.2723 0.4987 0.1513 1.2722 0.6257 0.2409 0.1513 0.2409 0.6257 52.4437 0.2213 0.1151 3.4923 3.0746 0.0896 12.6570 0.1073 0.4146 3.5055 3.5983	9/27/1997 0.0243 0.1004 0.6295 1.0266 3.6660 0.0612 0.1515 52.4550 0.4597 0.1317 0.1317 0.5539 0.2097 0.72215 51.2824 52.4437 0.2213 3.8923 4.0319 0.0696 16.4303 0.3935 0.3609 3.0536 3.1082	9/28/1997 0.0244 0.1040 0.6449 1.3498 4.4836 0.0805 0.1992 68.8689 0.5190 0.1732 1.4560 0.6054 0.2157 74.2029 66.0032 0.772670 0.1512 4.3244 4.4267 0.0896 25.2016 0.9907 0.4745 3.9920 4.1200	9/29/1997 0.0221 0.0900 0.5722 1.0001 3.5796 0.0597 0.1476 62.0204 0.4294 0.1283 0.1283 0.5256 0.2042 0.73370 66.8632 65.3798 0.1195 3.8480 3.8951 0.0896 22.7151 0.9205 0.3516 2.9743 3.0219	9/30/1997 0.0211 0.1363 0.7302 1.5528 5.0428 0.0926 0.2291 57.9000 0.6725 0.1993 1.6750 0.7025 0.3171 62.0276 53.2591 0.55939 0.1226 4.2589 4.4286 0.0903 18.5046 1.4216 0.5459 4.5531 4.8962	10/1/1997 0.0225 0.2126 1.1842 2.8535 8.3327 0.1702 0.4211 75.6297 1.0603 0.3662 3.0781 1.0945 0.56286 64.5773 47.8839 0.558903 0.2758 7.3359 7.5270 0.0803 21.7177 2.1424 1.0032 7.9172 9.2124	10/2/1997 0.0261 0.1632 1.0698 16.609 5.1071 0.0955 0.2362 73.7684 0.7908 0.2054 1.7289 0.8236 0.3269 67.9747 56.6679 73.4211 0.3559 7.2384 7.2000 0.1070 22.1999 2.1376 0.5628 4.7475 4.9364	10/3/1997 0.0284 0.4340 2.6877 8.9705 24.0301 0.5351 1.3237 129.4916 2.5831 1.1512 9.6764 2.6420 1.8321 81.5636 83.5647 10.8386 0.4253 14.6877 14.1347 0.1070 35.8594 0.3739 0.1533 3.1917 3.23363	10/4/1997 0.0254 0.2139 1.2446 6.6942 0.1310 0.3239 285.3052 1.0421 0.2817 2.3678 1.0105 0.4483 145.6504 227.9883 179.7070 0.3630 37.4580 34.2903 0.1344 98.5483 0.3609 0.3609 3.0536 3.1082	10/5/1997 0.0216 0.1280 0.8850 3.9205 4.3201 0.0777 0.1922 214.8392 0.7046 0.1671 1.4050 0.7079 0.22660 169.6332 215.5344 356.6169 0.3633 33.1199 28.6273 0.1150 62.4298 1.62281 0.4579 3.8617 3.9858	10/6/1997 0.0219 0.1006 0.6617 1.0609 3.7055 0.0633 0.1565 11.02444 0.5000 0.1361 1.1444 0.6059 0.2167 84.8816 120.9423 347.8763 0.1599 16.3198 14.5037 0.0806 8.4503 0.0761 0.0806 31.4849 1.2442	10/7/1997 0.0198 0.1259 0.6591 1.0593 3.6857 0.0632 0.1563 79.7071 0.5869 0.1359 1.1427 0.5617 0.2163 67.9736 90.9242 233.8988 0.1535 9.0036 8.4532 0.0761 23.6419 1.0899 0.3724 3.1521 3.2322	10/8/1997 0.0219 0.2132 1.3200 3.2256 9.1739 0.1924 0.4760 113.6970 1.1781 0.4139 3.4794 1.2148 0.6388 71.9408 93.1898 178.3085 0.1835 15.4315 14.2750 0.1159 30.1870 1.9376 1.1340 8.8995 11.1944	10/9/1997 0.0249 0.3445 1.8922 4.7574 13.2517 0.2838 0.7020 149.8221 1.6542 0.6105 5.1318 1.5837 0.9716 80.1522 114.4277 181.1055 0.3591 22.4778 21.2900 0.1140 36.2328 3.1332 1.6725 12.3550 17.4550	10/10/1997 0.0291 0.3637 2.3714 6.9893 19.0063 0.4170 1.0314 276.8335 2.1148 0.8869 7.5393 2.1211 1.4274 155.7582 194.8523 248.6319 0.6071 38.3194 37.3071 0.1140 77.4430 0.1140 0.2457 1.9745 25.8835	10/11/1997 0.0249 0.1648 1.0220 2.2389 6.8521 0.1336 0.3304 189.1114 0.8881 0.2873 2.4150 0.9334 0.4572 113.2814 147.5634 277.6018 0.3845 31.9186 28.4427 0.0935 46.5278 2.7078 0.7871 6.1668 7.6878	10/12/1997 0.0251 0.1294 0.7535 1.6684 5.3450 0.0989 0.2447 169.6332 0.7120 0.2128 1.7889 0.7498 0.3387 77.8867 105.3056 218.5153 0.2824 18.8732 17.1616 0.0935 32.8326 1.7204 0.5830 4.7672 5.5326	10/13/1997 0.0218 0.1160 0.6576 1.4292 4.7737 0.0853 0.2109 93.6432 0.6339 0.1834 1.5417 0.6727 0.2219 80.1522 114.4277 181.1055 0.3591 22.4778 21.2900 0.1140 36.2328 3.1332 1.6725 12.3550 17.4550	10/14/1997 0.0199 0.1097 0.6370 1.3512 4.5940 0.0896 0.1994 81.3764 0.5460 0.1734 1.4575 0.6758 0.22759 63.1607 75.6318 158.3799 0.1661 9.8761 9.5425 0.0886 22.0177 1.2138 0.4750 3.9283 4.3086	10/15/1997 0.0197 0.0996 0.5823 1.2194 4.1989 0.0727 0.1799 68.9340 0.5016 0.1565 1.3153 0.6441 0.2490 58.3440 66.5693 140.8987 0.1149 7.4470 7.4321 0.0886 19.0561 1.0363 0.4287 3.5636 3.8534

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM hoquiam <b>10</b>	502-FRY 506-28TH ghaar1 <b>12</b>	17-CHAP 18-INDI 510-MST 512-DAWS 20-STAF 21-OLEA <b>15</b>	15-CHAR 01-HUMP 513-SAG 514-HST aberd <b>17</b>	35-WEST 03-CHEN 04-GRASS weyc01 <b>18</b>	24-REDM 504-SHAN 505-MILL <b>19</b>	11-ELLI 03-WLWS 503-MILR 504-SHAN <b>40</b>	12-CENT wey002 <b>43</b>	42-PEEL 518-51TH <b>48</b>	13-WYNO montean satcoQ <b>57</b>	38-PORT 518-51TH <b>68</b>	elma mcneary satsqQ <b>66</b>	508-KST 516-EMER 517-QUEEN 518-51TH <b>69</b>	wicnf hodnowf <b>72</b>	08-WISH ditchnwh 26-BARL <b>74</b>	25-DEM elknewth 26-BARL <b>82</b>	22-JOHN osprav1 <b>83</b>	3.5725						
10/16/1997	0.0173	0.0959	0.05511	1.1392	3.9739	0.0680	0.1681	61.2937	0.4755	0.1462	1.2289	0.6686	0.2327	41.9215	59.4893	126.9137	0.0915	6.0454	6.1915	0.0586	17.1166	0.9186	0.4005	3.3463
10/17/1997	0.0188	0.0921	0.05438	1.1002	3.8407	0.0656	0.1623	58.9195	0.4601	0.1412	1.1668	0.6505	0.2247	37.1076	54.3907	115.3761	0.0914	5.1690	5.4058	0.0571	17.1164	0.68801	0.3868	3.2598
10/18/1997	0.0216	0.0872	0.05348	1.0389	3.6675	0.0620	0.1533	52.0325	0.4324	0.1333	1.1206	0.5875	0.2112	34.5592	50.9909	108.9362	0.0839	4.3932	4.6810	0.0541	14.7631	0.7793	0.3652	3.0998
10/19/1997	0.0226	0.0987	0.05515	0.9873	3.5787	0.0595	0.1472	46.4891	0.4258	0.1280	1.0758	0.5468	0.2037	26.2913	48.1588	97.88948	0.0782	3.9023	4.2282	0.0541	12.4149	0.7260	0.3506	2.9863
10/20/1997	0.0204	0.0836	0.05510	0.9616	3.4443	0.0574	0.1419	44.6655	0.4093	0.1234	1.0373	0.5163	0.1964	22.5532	45.6098	90.5527	0.0692	3.4848	3.8351	0.0541	12.1708	0.66830	0.3381	2.8895
10/21/1997	0.0184	0.0838	0.04616	0.9251	3.3477	0.0552	0.1365	40.0290	0.4008	0.1187	0.9979	0.4886	0.1889	21.1937	43.6265	84.9867	0.0590	3.1590	3.5396	0.0599	10.0131	0.6513	0.3252	2.8037
10/22/1997	0.0198	0.0999	0.6101	1.0978	3.8100	0.0655	0.1620	40.6987	0.4657	0.1409	1.1841	0.5316	0.2242	19.5796	42.4963	80.4136	0.1063	3.0956	3.5196	0.0599	10.3355	0.6644	0.3859	3.2947
10/23/1997	0.0200	0.0869	0.6035	0.9898	3.5632	0.0566	0.1475	36.7476	0.4244	0.1283	1.0785	0.4948	0.2042	16.2395	41.0800	76.9174	0.0854	2.8146	3.1978	0.0599	9.9080	0.6542	0.3515	3.0335
10/24/1997	0.0184	0.0803	0.5141	0.9254	3.4039	0.0562	0.1366	36.9182	0.3918	0.1188	0.9983	0.4769	0.1890	14.9075	39.3798	74.4700	0.0676	2.5158	2.8933	0.0608	9.5004	0.6245	0.3253	2.8113
10/25/1997	0.0188	0.0771	0.4804	0.9076	3.3559	0.0541	0.1339	35.7153	0.3936	0.1165	0.9791	0.4683	0.1854	13.8033	38.2470	70.9738	0.0632	2.4056	2.7798	0.0608	9.0249	0.6843	0.3191	2.7661
10/26/1997	0.0202	0.0905	0.4829	0.9742	3.4718	0.0581	0.1438	37.7866	0.4220	0.1250	1.0509	0.4975	0.1990	12.7842	37.3984	68.1768	0.0591	2.4203	2.7963	0.0608	8.9844	0.7144	0.3425	3.0629
10/27/1997	0.0204	0.0863	0.5000	1.0089	3.5618	0.0602	0.1489	36.0207	0.4187	0.1295	1.0882	0.4970	0.2060	12.6971	37.1152	66.7783	0.0767	2.5273	2.9046	0.0728	8.8706	0.9113	0.3547	3.1431
10/28/1997	0.0200	0.2478	0.8412	2.2297	6.7631	0.1330	0.3290	48.8855	1.1118	0.2861	2.4052	0.9093	0.4554	13.8898	37.6835	67.4775	0.0673	4.3019	4.5860	0.0728	12.2049	1.1555	0.7839	6.4408
10/29/1997	0.0265	0.5918	3.4294	11.1515	29.6892	0.6653	1.6455	17.9.9464	3.3460	1.4310	12.0281	3.1671	2.2775	54.9546	122.6483	106.2858	1.2241	27.7320	25.8930	0.1434	39.8620	3.2829	3.9204	27.5886
10/30/1997	0.0252	1.6743	12.2064	49.145	126.7768	2.9300	7.2475	529.8437	12.1800	6.3027	52.9766	12.3085	10.0307	215.2184	472.9498	314.3124	0.8893	48.8719	53.4367	0.0930	165.6232	4.0545	17.2666	112.6374
10/31/1997	0.0204	0.2103	1.2388	2.7041	8.0066	0.1613	0.3890	213.8036	1.2435	0.3470	2.9169	1.1068	0.5523	145.6537	255.4707	527.9329	0.3706	32.3906	30.6102	0.1938	56.5572	23.387	0.9806	7.7677
11/1/1997	0.0194	0.1355	0.8692	1.6662	5.2473	0.0988	0.2444	132.4758	0.7772	0.2125	1.7865	0.7668	0.3382	101.9560	148.1363	632.8202	0.3368	18.8794	17.902	0.0597	34.8911	1.4375	0.5622	4.6646
11/2/1997	0.0185	0.1159	0.68912	1.4261	4.6527	0.0851	0.2104	93.4962	0.6656	0.1830	1.5383	0.6983	0.2913	73.9211	110.1843	485.9780	0.1646	11.1473	11.0385	0.0597	26.1338	1.1055	0.5014	4.4360
11/3/1997	0.0197	0.1339	0.8140	1.7182	5.5095	0.1025	0.2535	92.4786	0.7374	0.2205	1.8534	0.8036	0.3509	69.1072	93.7574	324.1019	0.1635	10.8797	10.7901	0.0597	25.8307	1.2132	0.6040	5.4970
11/4/1997	0.0192	0.1068	1.3431	4.4564	0.0801	0.1982	82.6565	0.5708	0.1724	1.4488	0.6564	0.2743	70.2382	94.0400	256.6807	0.1533	9.0324	9.1014	0.0537	23.7385	1.0447	0.4722	3.9175	
11/5/1997	0.0169	0.1064	0.6131	1.2122	4.1450	0.0723	0.1789	72.2222	0.5100	0.1556	1.3076	0.5942	0.2476	62.3108	78.4646	205.9288	0.1291	7.0241	7.2400	0.0481	21.4639	0.9209	0.4262	3.5785
11/6/1997	0.0177	0.1144	0.8059	1.3620	4.4798	0.0813	0.2010	71.9389	0.5450	0.1748	1.4692	0.6302	0.2782	60.8939	71.6688	181.0847	0.1432	7.3542	7.3893	0.0577	20.8641	1.2010	0.4788	4.1249
11/7/1997	0.0176	0.0975	1.1634	3.8734	0.0694	0.1717	62.4351	0.4846	0.1493	1.2550	0.5430	0.2376	56.8086	65.7209	171.3160	0.1278	5.9917	6.0641	0.0577	18.0624	0.9804	0.4090	3.5015	
11/8/1997	0.0193	0.0909	0.5317	1.0735	3.6630	0.0640	0.1584	56.9463	0.4550	0.1378	1.1580	0.5214	0.2192	32.5768	59.4884	164.6731	0.0998	5.0866	5.2524	0.0414	16.5248	0.8428	0.3774	3.2300
11/9/1997	0.0199	0.0919	0.5152	1.0477	3.6129	0.0625	0.1546	53.3809	0.4522	0.1344	1.1301	0.5239	0.2140	26.5740	54.9566	151.0378	0.0793	4.5606	4.7831	0.0414	15.3788	0.7835	0.3883	3.1569
11/10/1997	0.0193	0.0870	0.5032	1.0168	3.7065	0.0607	0.1500	50.2568	0.4314	0.1305	1.0968	0.5208	0.2077	24.2806	51.5586	139.1505	0.0662	4.1529	4.4176	0.0414	14.2830	0.7281	0.3875	3.0798
11/11/1997	0.0184	0.0855	0.4975	0.9812	3.5273	0.0585	0.1448	47.3834	0.4384	0.1259	1.0584	0.5429	0.2004	22.5250	48.7293	128.6618	0.0646	3.7634	4.0373	0.0414	13.3753	0.6916	0.3449	2.9795
11/12/1997	0.0179	0.0831	0.4922	0.9922	3.4316	0.0572	0.1415	45.0201	0.4140	0.1231	1.0345	0.5683	0.1959	21.1937	46.1784	116.8723	0.0660	3.4574	3.7624	0.0403	12.5424	0.6918	0.3371	2.9126
11/13/1997	0.0171	0.0826	0.4729	0.9449	3.3035	0.0564	0.1394	42.7546	0.4111	0.1213	1.0193	0.6131	0.1930	20.0328	43.9137	110.1317	0.0631	3.1722	3.4982	0.0414	11.7402	0.6774	0.3322	2.8866
11/14/1997	0.0173	0.0738	0.4789	0.9125	3.3082	0.0544	0.1347	40.8145	0.4027	0.1171	0.9844	0.6272	0.1864	19.0129	42.2138	102.7886	0.0732	2.9069	3.2457	0.0414	11.1241	0.6440	0.3208	2.7743
11/15/1997	0.0190	0.0780	0.4604	0.8820	3.2503	0.0532	0.1316	39.3780	0.4163	0.1145	0.9622	0.6178	0.1822	18.2202	40.5157	96.4963	0.0630	2.7284	3.0843	0.0414	10.6108	0.6144	0.3136	2.7037
11/16/1997	0.0217	0.0895	0.4637	0.8861	3.3092	0.0534	0.1320	37.9656	0.44559	0.1148	0.9652	0.6448	0.1827	17.4281	39.3814	91.2520	0.0807	2.5421	2.9112	0.0414	10.1201	0.6039	0.3146	2.7263
11/17/1997	0.0218	0.0831	1.0127	1.4995	0.8895	0.22213	46.6764	0.6136	0.1924	1.6175	0.8036	0.3062	20.3489	43.6309	99.6430	0.1204	3.3107	3.6745	0.0414	13.3383	0.8766	0.5272	4.4292	
11/18/1997	0.0200	0.0987	0.6153	1.1004	3.6348	0.0656	0.1624	43.1912	0.6154	0.1412	1.1870	0.62247	0.2247	21.9023	47.3128	138.1017	0.1355	3.0054	3.3223	0.0403	12.2654	0.7827	0.3868	3.2725

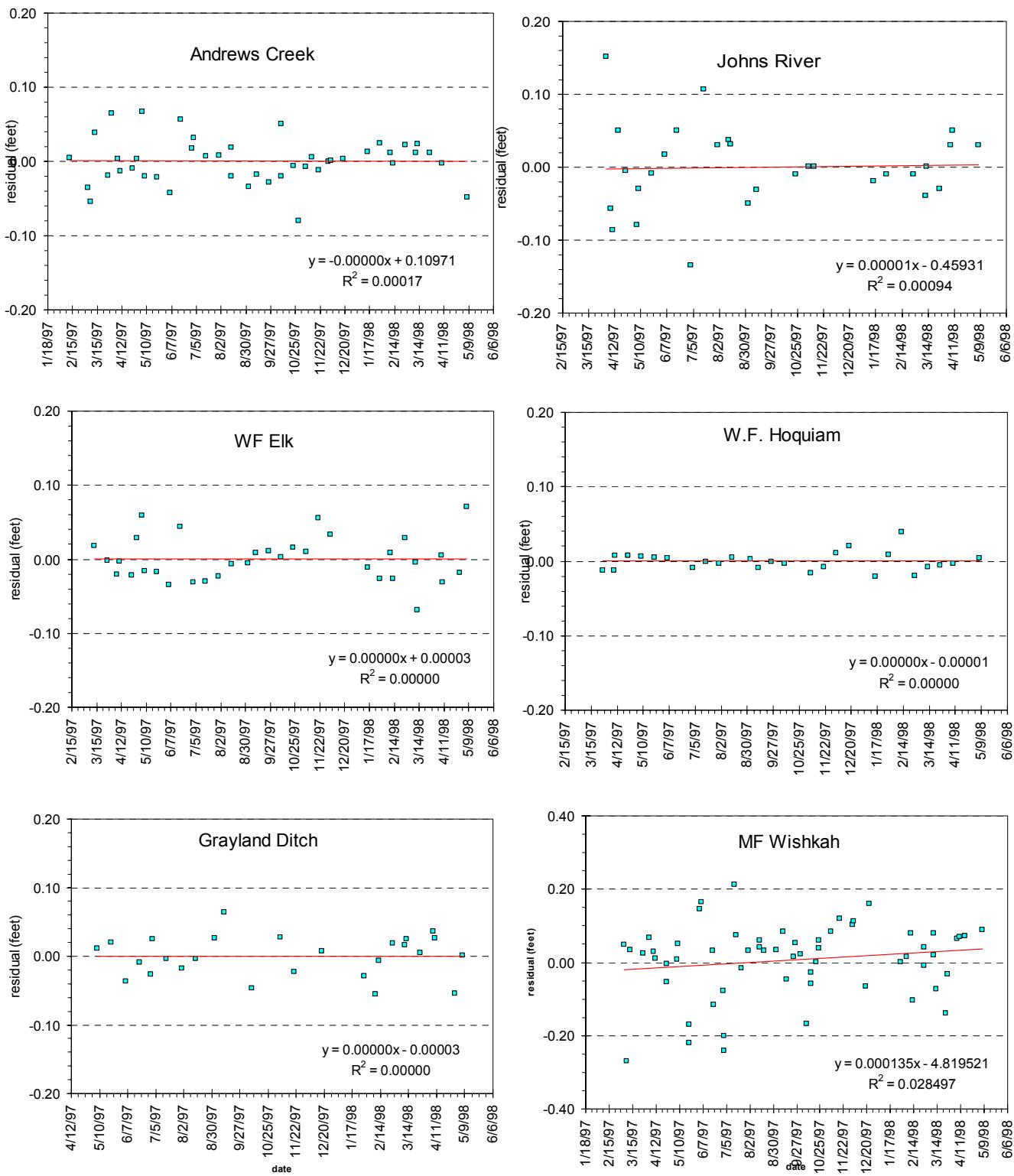
Sta IDs that flow to model node	ocenshr wesprt Node->	508-ADAM 507-ADAM 506-28TH 507-G3 ghpaor 10	17-CHAP 18-INDI 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS weyc01 17	35-WEST 24-REDM 04-SAG aberd 37	12-CENT 503-MILR 505-MILL 504-SHAN 40	42-PEEL weyc02 43	13-WYNO montean satc0Q 64	elma mleary satsopQ 66	508-KST 516-EMER 517-OEEN 518-5TH 69	wconif 38-PORT 58 72	08-WISH 79	25-DEM 26-BARL elknwth 82	22-JOHN osprav 84										
11/19/1997 0.0196	0.1498	0.7494	1.6649	5.0336	0.0993	0.2457	53.4555	0.7293	0.2137	1.7959	0.8346	0.3400	23.1466	48.4483	158.3799	0.1414	4.2511	4.7465	0.0831	15.0487	1.796	0.5853	4.9204	5.2535
11/20/1997 0.0204	0.1454	0.9351	1.9875	6.1605	0.1186	0.2933	79.8562	0.7961	0.2951	2.1439	0.8729	0.0459	56.9315	96.3082	268.1620	0.2331	7.0542	7.0412	0.0831	25.9494	1.3418	0.6987	5.7175	6.4779
11/21/1997 0.0199	0.1354	0.9017	2.0042	6.1571	0.1196	0.2857	87.9935	0.7496	0.2872	2.1619	0.8243	0.4493	44.0230	0.2401	7.9168	7.7836	0.0831	29.2851	1.6426	0.7046	5.7331	6.5380		
11/22/1997 0.0225	0.1543	0.7058	1.4221	4.6727	0.0848	0.2098	70.8001	0.7120	0.1825	1.5340	0.6754	0.2904	56.0633	82.7161	482.4817	0.1938	6.3676	6.4287	0.1001	22.1723	1.2316	0.4999	4.1861	4.4584
11/23/1997 0.0239	0.3258	2.0095	6.1785	16.8550	0.3686	0.9117	137.9018	1.9479	0.7829	6.6847	1.9434	1.2186	59.7640	93.1940	402.0681	0.3455	19.7796	18.9999	0.1001	32.6588	1.9563	2.1721	15.5639	23.6088
11/24/1997 0.0227	0.1710	1.0030	2.3863	7.1265	0.1424	0.3821	115.1371	0.9639	0.3062	2.5741	0.9295	0.4873	78.4550	120.3790	374.0982	0.3164	15.1223	14.2391	0.1001	31.7520	1.4292	0.8389	6.4114	8.4619
11/25/1997 0.0209	0.1377	0.8449	1.9478	6.0225	0.1162	0.2874	104.9536	0.7817	0.2500	2.1011	0.8327	0.3978	74.4881	109.9009	405.5644	0.2365	13.1984	12.5708	0.0896	29.4434	1.3322	0.6848	5.5490	6.4620
11/26/1997 0.0193	0.1080	0.6405	1.3887	4.6336	0.0816	0.2020	83.6014	0.6134	0.1756	1.4764	0.6800	0.2795	68.2576	93.4749	367.1057	0.1924	9.1195	8.9206	0.0805	24.6776	1.0621	0.4812	3.9668	4.4187
11/27/1997 0.0207	0.1317	0.8993	1.6753	5.5194	0.0989	0.2472	80.6812	0.7443	0.2150	1.8072	0.7188	0.3422	47.5863	79.5940	306.9703	0.1553	8.5462	8.5663	0.0867	23.4349	0.9596	0.5890	4.7220	5.5951
11/28/1997 0.0244	0.2347	1.2285	3.0790	8.9319	0.1837	0.4543	159.6825	1.2009	0.3951	3.3213	1.1795	0.6288	74.4882	146.7095	264.6657	0.2958	22.3815	20.4607	0.0967	45.0361	1.9110	1.0825	8.3219	10.8704
11/29/1997 0.0318	0.2462	1.3959	3.1877	9.2662	0.1902	0.4704	190.0648	1.2386	0.4091	3.4386	1.2495	0.6310	98.2745	166.5326	278.6507	0.3507	29.6085	26.7588	0.0967	49.9930	2.9115	1.1207	8.9682	10.7030
11/30/1997 0.0280	0.3336	2.1738	7.0830	19.2013	0.4225	1.0452	199.8402	2.1141	0.9089	7.6404	2.1349	1.4466	103.0895	170.2200	313.6131	0.4209	30.9848	28.6627	0.1131	49.0203	2.6426	2.4901	17.6492	27.4861
12/1/1997 0.0239	0.1602	1.0127	2.7001	7.9417	0.1611	0.3984	147.9788	0.9958	0.3465	2.9126	1.0445	0.5514	90.6281	141.6142	323.0530	0.2634	22.2184	20.5235	0.0717	38.0795	1.6126	0.9492	7.0693	9.134
12/2/1997 0.0199	0.1242	0.7555	1.8930	5.8462	0.1129	0.2793	107.6604	0.6944	0.2429	2.0420	0.8326	0.3866	75.6200	107.0659	287.3913	0.1778	13.1403	12.7007	0.0526	30.8494	1.1407	0.6855	5.1183	6.6841
12/24/1997 0.0174	0.1072	0.6527	1.5152	4.8610	0.0904	0.2236	88.6005	0.5872	0.1944	1.6344	0.7109	0.3094	66.3846	86.3922	247.1845	0.1543	9.2739	9.2703	0.0526	25.0441	0.9309	0.5327	4.2001	5.1780
12/4/1997 0.0167	0.0985	0.5816	1.2876	4.2676	0.0774	0.1915	70.6258	0.5070	0.1665	1.3987	0.6279	0.2650	60.8940	72.7998	214.3198	0.1293	7.2113	7.4088	0.0426	20.0732	0.8196	0.4562	3.6716	4.3262
12/5/1997 0.0170	0.0909	0.5407	1.6116	3.9216	0.0693	0.1714	62.9195	0.4839	0.1491	1.2530	0.5688	0.2372	39.3726	64.0195	190.5453	0.1012	6.0246	6.3284	0.0426	17.7954	0.7526	0.4084	3.3548	3.7729
12/6/1997 0.0192	0.0853	0.5077	1.0478	3.6443	0.0625	0.1546	57.9500	0.4512	0.1345	1.1302	0.5458	0.2140	33.1441	57.7891	172.7145	0.1037	5.1651	5.5373	0.0420	16.5466	0.7167	0.3883	3.0880	3.3016
12/7/1997 0.0183	0.0918	0.5036	1.0150	3.6056	0.0606	0.1498	54.5520	0.4619	0.1303	1.0949	0.5730	0.2073	30.8792	53.8257	159.4287	0.0799	4.6243	5.0566	0.0420	15.5315	0.7115	0.3568	3.0200	3.1497
12/8/1997 0.0166	0.0940	0.5381	1.0319	3.6619	0.0616	0.1523	52.7854	0.4641	0.1324	1.1131	0.5595	0.2107	30.3130	52.4070	149.9889	0.1048	4.3053	4.7323	0.0526	15.1372	0.7541	0.3628	3.0723	3.1989
12/9/1997 0.0187	0.1263	0.5733	1.0860	3.8334	0.0648	0.1603	50.9896	0.5559	0.1394	1.1715	0.6032	0.2218	27.0566	48.7291	140.8987	0.1270	4.0921	4.6344	0.0694	14.3050	0.6324	0.3818	3.2735	3.2919
12/10/1997 0.0199	0.1330	0.8632	1.8220	5.6163	0.1087	0.2389	61.4195	0.6876	0.2338	1.9654	0.8243	0.3721	33.1452	52.9819	146.1430	0.2154	5.5289	5.8645	0.0443	17.1757	1.686	0.6405	5.0497	6.2540
12/11/1997 0.0182	0.0972	0.5766	1.0788	3.7690	0.0644	0.1592	53.5098	0.5063	0.1384	1.1637	0.6015	0.2203	31.1618	50.9988	153.8348	0.1590	4.3268	4.7097	0.0443	15.5903	0.8585	0.3793	3.1645	3.4228
12/12/1997 0.0169	0.0880	0.5093	0.9919	3.4580	0.0592	0.1464	49.4522	0.4527	0.1273	1.0700	0.5893	0.2026	25.5566	48.1643	144.0453	0.0917	3.7913	4.1922	0.0443	14.2931	0.7588	0.3487	2.9305	3.1105
12/13/1997 0.0170	0.0858	0.4923	0.9483	3.3464	0.0566	0.1399	45.5886	0.4443	0.1217	1.0230	0.6226	0.1937	24.1682	46.1801	135.3047	0.0899	3.4428	3.6840	0.0443	12.9224	0.6881	0.3334	2.8180	2.9511
12/14/1997 0.0184	0.0950	0.4954	0.9483	3.3379	0.0566	0.1399	44.2885	0.4649	0.1217	1.0229	0.6708	0.1937	23.3464	44.7632	128.6618	0.1510	3.2577	3.7005	0.0481	12.2383	0.7211	0.3334	2.8442	2.9263
12/15/1997 0.0243	0.2824	0.9764	2.7288	8.0317	0.1628	0.4027	62.8441	1.1441	0.3502	2.9435	1.0295	0.5573	25.2178	45.6136	124.4663	0.1858	5.3944	6.2925	0.0728	16.6781	1.4357	0.9693	8.0139	8.3322
12/16/1997 0.0367	0.7769	4.7763	16.4223	43.1538	0.9797	2.4233	494.6763	4.3272	2.1074	17.7147	4.4363	3.3540	139.9091	267.3857	208.4290	0.8891	47.8913	54.8126	0.1906	165.4321	5.4765	5.7734	42.1659	59.3639
12/17/1997 0.0291	0.2638	1.8176	3.7007	10.5286	0.5461	0.3268	326.8522	1.8775	1.3730	3.9919	1.0738	0.7558	177.0027	351.1845	506.5554	0.7811	40.1498	39.0150	0.1979	12.3710	1.3010	10.1366	12.7810	
12/18/1997 0.0216	0.1390	0.8215	1.6848	5.3048	0.1005	0.2486	203.1783	0.6915	0.2162	1.8173	0.7912	0.3441	107.3388	181.5526	667.7827	0.3941	32.3658	29.1993	0.0649	53.8586	2.0099	0.5823	4.9553	5.3341
12/19/1997 0.0205	0.0927	0.6918	1.3679	4.4810	0.0816	0.2019	147.3526	0.5937	0.1755	1.4756	0.6711	0.2794	82.7020	121.5148	643.3090	0.2426	23.0251	20.9063	0.0649	37.8614	1.3821	1.3847	4.0710	4.3176
12/20/1997 0.0220	0.1417	0.7404	1.5430	4.9577	0.0921	0.2277	144.6790	0.8778	1.0980	1.6644	0.7483	0.3151	78.1705	103.1064	482.4817	0.2957	22.8137	21.0730	0.1109	35.7566	1.4459	1.4583	4.5794	4.8663
12/21/1997 0.0182	0.1125	0.7233	1.2837	4.2789	0.0766	1.1894	119.6779	0.6301	1.0647	1.3847	0.6333	0.2822	73.0722	92.9093	374.0982	0.2236	17.1444	16.1110	0.0672	31.3330	1.2524	1.4513	3.8888	3.9325
12/22/1997 0.0172	0.1194	0.5723	1.1197	3.8968	0.0668	0.1652	97.5281	0.5589	0.1437	1.2078	0.5850	0.2287	60.0462	79.5975	304.5229	0.1472	12.1331	11.8138	0.0448	27.1553	1.0819	0.3936	3.4805	3.2981

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM 507-GSA 10	502-FRY 506-28TH 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 19-CAMP 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 16-NEWS weyc01 17	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 05-PEEL 06-MILLR 07-SAG 08-ABRN 35-WEST 24-REDM 36-REDM 04-SHAN 40	11-ELLI 12-CENT 05-MLRS 505-MILL 43	13-WYNO 04-montean 05-satopQ 06-PORT 07-hognow 08-wISH 09-PORT 10-wish 11-ELLI 12-CENT 05-MLRS 505-MILL 48	elma mleary satopQ 06-PORT 07-hognow 08-wISH 09-PORT 10-wish 11-ELLI 12-CENT 05-MLRS 505-MILL 48	25-DEM 26-BARL 82	22-JOHN osprav 84
12/23/1997	0.0192	0.1492	0.8058	1.6900	5.3176	0.1008	0.2494	103.4607	0.7632	0.2169
12/24/1997	0.0192	0.0690	0.6732	1.2485	4.2194	0.0745	0.1842	84.3768	0.5675	0.1602
12/25/1997	0.0162	0.0929	0.4893	1.0395	3.6118	0.0620	0.1534	74.2224	0.5064	0.1334
12/26/1997	0.0172	0.1180	0.5723	1.1149	3.8692	0.0665	0.1645	74.8120	0.5381	0.1431
12/27/1997	0.0216	0.1523	0.6823	1.1208	3.9377	0.0669	0.1654	78.9960	0.6770	0.1438
12/28/1997	0.0252	0.3680	1.9977	6.2475	17.0412	0.3727	0.9219	153.8603	1.9867	0.8017
12/29/1997	0.0230	0.1473	0.9738	1.7122	5.4380	0.1021	0.2527	159.5094	0.8096	0.2197
12/30/1997	0.0213	0.1125	0.6397	1.2411	4.2124	0.0740	0.1831	117.1024	0.5713	0.1593
12/31/1997	0.0236	0.1163	0.5881	1.0729	3.7933	0.0640	0.1583	93.4642	0.5508	0.1377
1/1/1998	0.0243	0.2167	1.0069	2.5370	7.5666	0.1513	0.3744	124.1516	1.0992	0.3256
1/2/1998	0.0238	0.1245	0.8201	1.3485	4.4287	0.0804	0.1990	106.3373	0.7214	0.1731
1/3/1998	0.0221	0.1487	0.6558	1.2777	4.3010	0.0762	0.1885	92.2158	0.7320	0.1640
1/4/1998	0.0260	0.2871	1.4048	3.7196	10.6304	0.2229	0.5489	110.2751	1.3894	0.4773
1/5/1998	0.0225	0.2349	1.0326	2.1371	6.5101	0.1275	0.3154	147.6137	1.0556	0.2742
1/6/1998	0.0215	0.3081	1.6792	4.6568	12.7701	0.2724	0.6737	209.3395	1.6280	0.5559
1/7/1998	0.0231	0.1894	1.1693	2.5332	7.4556	0.1511	0.3738	205.4357	1.0506	0.3251
1/8/1998	0.0182	0.1280	0.7439	1.5229	4.8675	0.0908	0.2247	140.3869	0.7044	0.1954
1/9/1998	0.0161	0.0972	0.6084	1.2275	4.1526	0.0732	0.1811	104.8302	0.5662	0.1575
1/10/1998	0.0154	0.0855	0.5901	1.0829	3.7423	0.0646	0.1598	86.0122	0.5193	0.1390
1/11/1998	0.0170	0.0922	0.5613	1.0314	3.6128	0.0615	0.1522	74.8613	0.5431	0.1324
1/12/1998	0.0165	0.1153	0.6001	1.0263	3.6125	0.0612	0.1514	67.9189	0.4907	0.1317
1/13/1998	0.0218	0.2577	1.0180	2.4608	7.3226	0.1468	0.3631	91.9631	1.1285	0.1285
1/14/1998	0.0263	1.4819	10.2000	4.3654	107.0621	2.4677	6.1040	572.2287	10.8180	5.3083
1/15/1998	0.0241	0.2266	1.6763	3.7033	10.4989	0.2209	0.5465	278.0546	1.4290	0.4752
1/16/1998	0.0199	0.2417	1.2146	2.5982	7.6952	0.1550	0.3834	201.3515	1.1842	0.3334
1/17/1998	0.0235	0.3187	2.1890	6.2634	17.0649	0.3736	0.9242	242.2662	2.0931	0.8038
1/18/1998	0.0235	0.2003	1.1198	2.6476	7.8095	0.1579	0.3907	205.5826	1.2238	0.3398
1/19/1998	0.0255	0.2497	1.2450	3.1280	9.0691	0.1866	0.4616	185.9974	1.3629	0.4014
1/20/1998	0.0262	0.2868	1.9647	5.6508	15.4553	0.3371	0.8338	224.6006	1.9179	0.7252
1/21/1998	0.0350	0.2730	1.5136	4.5935	12.7883	0.2740	0.6778	215.5335	1.7297	0.5895
1/22/1998	0.0259	0.2805	1.2256	3.3949	9.7944	0.2025	0.5010	210.6192	1.4932	0.4357
1/23/1998	0.0359	1.3012	8.2319	33.3756	86.6151	1.9911	4.9250	682.9844	8.7506	4.2830
1/24/1998	0.0411	0.8225	5.2777	19.1434	50.1495	1.1420	2.8249	542.2757	5.6201	2.4566
1/25/1998	0.0297	0.3807	2.7674	6.5181	17.8120	0.3888	0.9618	369.7830	2.2713	0.8364

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node>	508-ADVM 507-ADAM 506-28TH 507-G3 10	502-FRY 506-28TH 507-G3 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 19-CAMP 20-STAF 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 16-NEWS wevc01 17	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS 18	24-REDM 35-WEST 36	504-SHAN 505-MILL 40	11-ELLI 503-MILL 43	12-CENT wevc02 48	42-PEEL 57	13-WYNO montean satopQ 64	elma mcleary satopQ 66	38-PORT 518-51TH 68	hodnowf 72	08-WISH 75	arth-pmp 74	08-WISH 79	arth-pmp 81	25-DEM 26-BARL 82	andimwth elknwth 83	22-JOHN osprav 84												
1/26/1998 0.0264 0.2575 1.8130 4.7466 0.2832 0.7004 287.8011 1.7177 0.6091 5.1202 1.6249 0.9694 187.7606 270.4703 655.7977 0.5885 38.5469 38.7308 0.1340 82.6817 2.7041 1.6687 12.5387 17.4251	1/27/1998 0.0207 0.1610 1.0414 2.5646 7.6396 0.1530 0.3784 213.9046 1.0011 0.3291 2.7665 1.0819 0.5238 118.3822 192.0305 622.3315 0.3964 33.6293 31.8999 0.0739 53.9775 1.9623 0.9016 7.2570 8.3343	1/28/1998 0.0189 0.1384 0.8945 0.2643 0.8226 0.2643 0.2071 9.0560 0.4207 93.7448 146.7185 513.9479 0.2850 30.3389 28.0899 0.0717 41.3068 1.4986 0.7242 6.0408 6.6222	1/29/1998 0.0170 0.1553 0.9085 2.2733 6.7769 0.1356 0.3355 145.5761 0.9019 2.8917 2.4522 0.9811 0.4643 83.5500 123.7792 405.5644 0.2498 23.1781 21.7795 0.0844 34.2630 1.5104 0.7992 6.7692 7.1525	1/30/1998 0.0213 0.1339 0.8922 2.1006 6.4409 0.1253 0.3100 128.8073 0.8089 0.2696 2.2659 0.9658 0.4290 84.3989 127.4602 339.8350 0.2669 18.5906 17.5988 0.0644 33.1086 1.4572 0.7385 6.3008 6.5629	1/31/1998 0.0196 0.1128 0.7227 1.6139 5.1599 0.0963 0.2382 101.2487 0.6383 0.2071 1.7409 0.8267 0.3296 75.3371 110.1830 301.0286 0.2157 12.6655 12.4328 0.0459 27.7338 1.1857 0.5674 4.9708 4.8461	2/1/1998 0.0200 0.1211 0.6877 1.5687 5.0152 0.0936 0.2315 89.8005 0.6466 0.2013 1.6922 0.8027 0.3204 69.6734 94.0393 263.6168 0.1456 10.4898 10.5241 0.0459 24.8813 1.1534 0.5515 4.9689 4.5047	2/2/1998 0.0237 0.1168 0.7439 1.6332 5.2043 0.0974 0.2410 89.9009 0.9468 0.2096 1.7617 0.7963 0.3335 67.9746 86.8592 238.9695 0.1897 10.7101 10.7032 0.0649 24.5141 1.5871 0.5742 5.2223 4.8087	2/3/1998 0.0200 0.1013 0.6388 1.3635 4.4233 0.0813 0.2012 77.3104 0.5463 0.1750 1.4708 0.6876 0.2785 64.2920 79.3148 215.7183 0.1493 8.3594 8.5301 0.0448 21.6953 1.2724 0.4794 4.3662 3.8373	2/4/1998 0.0184 0.1074 0.6331 1.2742 4.2756 0.0760 0.1880 69.5003 0.5661 0.1635 1.3744 0.6748 0.2802 61.1778 71.6681 200.3348 0.1316 6.9945 7.2916 0.0647 19.6568 1.0982 0.4479 4.1079 3.5466	2/5/1998 0.0178 0.1143 0.6925 1.4164 4.6064 0.0845 0.2090 69.6864 0.5950 0.1818 1.5279 0.7178 0.2893 60.6121 69.9696 186.3498 0.1375 7.0780 7.3450 0.0847 19.6622 1.1333 0.4979 4.5333 4.0118	2/6/1998 0.0184 0.1172 0.7376 1.4692 3.9460 0.0876 0.2168 65.6681 0.6227 0.1885 1.5848 0.8006 0.3001 57.7806 66.8440 175.5115 0.1850 6.2836 6.6172 0.0647 18.6325 1.3436 0.5165 4.7589 4.0627	2/7/1998 0.0193 0.1028 0.6611 1.2524 3.2060 0.0747 0.1848 60.4069 0.5912 0.1607 1.3569 0.7835 0.2258 48.1695 61.7568 166.7709 0.1753 5.4939 5.6389 0.0647 17.2458 1.1901 0.4403 4.0653 3.4475	2/8/1998 0.0197 0.1263 0.5722 1.3772 4.1086 0.0822 0.2032 62.0659 0.6491 0.1767 1.4855 0.7916 0.2813 42.2073 62.3244 160.4776 0.1847 5.5267 5.8515 0.0641 18.1341 1.0877 0.4842 4.4055 3.8538	2/9/1998 0.0188 0.1036 0.7264 1.2072 4.0208 0.0720 0.1781 64.3222 0.5594 0.1549 1.3022 0.6489 0.2465 48.8861 79.0320 181.8047 0.2440 5.4756 5.7210 0.0641 19.9050 0.9925 0.4244 3.8800 3.3436	2/10/1998 0.0175 0.1314 0.6983 1.3574 4.4191 0.0810 0.2003 64.1385 0.6447 0.1742 1.4642 0.7474 0.2772 43.6227 72.5216 192.2934 0.2171 5.4455 5.8041 0.0627 19.5069 1.0572 0.4772 4.3199 3.8222	2/11/1998 0.0227 0.1556 0.8348 1.5815 5.0010 0.0943 0.2334 82.0725 0.7444 0.2030 1.7060 0.8408 0.3230 55.7922 84.9808 188.4476 0.2338 7.9521 8.2086 0.0526 25.1085 1.6611 0.5560 5.0719 4.4145	2/12/1998 0.0218 0.4122 2.0573 5.6279 15.4354 0.3357 0.8305 204.4470 2.0277 0.7222 6.0708 1.8371 1.1494 84.9682 150.3953 196.4889 0.4150 25.3345 24.4623 0.1533 61.8155 2.7596 1.9785 15.0040 20.4192	2/13/1998 0.0232 0.3311 2.3441 6.7371 18.0770 0.4019 0.9841 277.8122 2.1311 0.8646 7.2673 2.1042 1.3759 141.3204 257.7091 297.8800 0.6764 35.1005 32.2596 0.1533 88.9276 2.6798 2.3685 17.0735 25.8030	2/14/1998 0.0250 0.1565 0.9727 1.9829 6.0818 0.1189 0.2841 192.4084 0.8218 0.2557 1.2497 0.9487 0.4070 107.9041 175.5986 384.5869 0.3935 30.3396 27.0164 0.0795 51.7421 1.9957 0.7006 5.9832 6.1728	2/15/1998 0.0258 0.1349 0.8158 1.6224 5.1634 0.0968 0.2394 152.0466 0.7132 0.2082 1.7500 0.7630 0.3313 88.0799 130.5705 342.2823 0.2913 23.6587 21.3471 0.0556 39.5853 1.8253 0.5704 5.0860 4.6808	2/16/1998 0.0249 0.1117 0.6724 1.3451 4.3166 0.0802 0.1985 116.8257 0.6265 0.1726 1.4510 0.6481 0.24747 77.8852 106.2164 288.4402 0.2276 15.9719 14.8823 0.0556 32.1710 1.4394 0.4729 4.2712 3.37970	2/17/1998 0.0233 0.1036 0.6102 1.2046 4.0418 0.0719 0.1777 95.8631 0.5968 0.1546 1.2894 0.6055 0.2460 70.8067 90.3575 247.5341 0.1878 11.5812 11.1075 0.0556 27.5853 1.4683 0.4235 3.8525 3.3610	2/18/1998 0.0261 0.1872 0.9152 2.2270 6.6990 0.1329 0.3286 108.9934 0.9137 0.2858 2.4022 0.9042 0.4548 71.6558 88.3770 219.5642 0.2128 14.5808 13.9490 0.0885 28.7584 2.5386 0.7829 7.1050 6.2725	2/19/1998 0.0265 0.1471 1.0469 2.1588 6.5332 0.1288 0.3186 125.5406 0.9150 0.12770 2.3287 0.8572 0.4409 79.3015 119.2433 218.1657 0.3397 17.8789 16.793 0.1009 32.9547 2.8280 0.7589 6.6173 6.4830	2/20/1998 0.0254 1.0677 2.7639 8.1301 0.1649 0.4079 114.8880 1.2264 0.3547 2.9815 1.0861 0.6645 75.0549 99.7033 218.5153 0.2451 15.4743 14.9578 0.0739 29.7955 2.7832 0.9717 8.2633 8.4194	2/21/1998 0.0258 0.2759 1.8420 4.4690 12.4183 0.2666 0.6595 229.3862 1.5963 0.5735 4.8207 1.5230 0.9127 97.1438 132.2721 237.0454 0.5848 34.8283 33.6464 0.1240 58.2600 4.22319 1.5711 12.3218 15.5228	2/22/1998 0.0264 0.1709 1.0216 2.0189 6.1316 0.1204 0.2979 202.0622 0.9937 0.2591 2.1777 0.8673 0.4123 104.2217 163.1401 327.5981 0.3857 32.3576 29.5881 0.1240 52.2161 2.3423 0.7097 5.9891 6.3554	2/23/1998 0.0216 0.1219 0.7720 1.5256 4.8071 0.0910 0.2251 155.3340 0.7975 0.1958 1.6457 0.7091 0.3116 82.4164 136.7993 395.0756 0.2837 24.4048 22.1365 0.1240 39.9735 1.6294 0.5363 4.6839 4.5313	2/24/1998 0.0191 0.1065 0.6543 1.3024 4.2719 0.0777 0.1922 115.3460 0.5950 0.1671 1.4048 0.6422 0.2660 62.5943 107.6331 345.6244 0.1727 15.4061 14.5305 0.0459 32.0529 1.4579 0.4882 3.7249	2/25/1998 0.0182 0.1145 0.6756 1.5388 4.9439 0.0918 0.1271 109.3594 0.6245 0.1975 1.6599 0.7395 0.3143 49.0022 92.9062 287.0417 0.1607 14.8245 14.0345 0.0504 29.3027 1.5340 0.5410 4.8327 4.3936	2/26/1998 0.0177 0.096 0.6241 1.2800 4.2455 0.0770 0.1904 89.4544 0.5510 0.1655 1.3915 0.6830 0.2635 42.7777 80.1623 252.7785 0.1511 10.7949 10.5284 0.0314 24.8664 1.1866 0.4535 4.0982 3.6148	2/27/1998 0.0178 0.0946 0.5597 1.1377 3.8563 0.0679 0.1679 77.6377 0.5040 0.1460 1.2273 0.6420 0.2324 37.9585 70.2508 223.6064 0.1032 8.2834 8.3510 0.0392 22.4401 1.0389 0.4900 3.6619 3.1125	2/28/1998 0.0206 0.1442 0.6777 1.3755 4.5376 0.0821 0.2030 85.2388 0.6673 0.1765 1.4837 0.7343 0.2309 37.1099 67.9863 202.7822 0.1551 9.8612 9.9786 0.0523 23.4156 1.1331 0.4836 4.4061 3.7691

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node>	509-ADAM hogaam <b>10</b>	502-FRY 506-28TH ghaara1 <b>12</b>	17-CHAP 18-INDI 19-CAMP 20-STAF 21-OLEA <b>15</b>	15-CHAR 16-NEWS wetco1 <b>17</b>	01-HUMP 03-CHEN 04-GRASS <b>18</b>	24-REDM 35-WEST <b>19</b>	42-PEEL 49 <b>40</b>	12-CENT 503-MILLR 505-MILL <b>43</b>	13-WYNO montane satohQ <b>57</b>	elma mleary satohQ <b>64</b>	38-PORT 518-5TH <b>68</b>	hodnowf wconff <b>72</b>	08-WISH 79	arthr-pmp <b>76</b>	08-WISH ditchnwth 26-BARL <b>82</b>	25-DEMIP andrnwith elknorth <b>83</b>	22-JOHN osprav1 <b>84</b>								
3/1/1998	0.241	0.1714	1.0599	2.3279	6.9489	0.1389	0.3435	163.8937	0.2987	2.5110	0.9895	0.41754	53.8175	104.5211	218.8649	0.3710	26.8056	24.8437	0.0523	38.8185	0.8784	6.9283	7.2089		
3/2/1998	0.0212	0.1324	0.7450	1.5365	4.8485	0.0917	0.2267	126.3245	0.6767	1.9772	1.6574	0.7686	0.3138	51.2689	103.6714	315.7109	0.2923	17.8314	16.6813	0.0523	33.9672	1.3683	0.5402	4.7519	4.4814
3/3/1998	0.0193	0.1207	0.7549	1.5874	4.9399	0.0947	0.2342	106.9265	0.6720	2.02037	1.7123	0.7283	0.3342	45.0387	86.9627	388.0831	0.2117	14.2819	13.5482	0.0459	28.8255	1.6785	0.5881	5.0751	4.3577
3/4/1998	0.0174	0.1155	0.6385	1.2682	4.2336	0.0757	0.1871	86.1844	0.5760	1.6227	1.3680	0.6282	0.2280	39.9411	75.9194	367.1057	0.1580	10.4137	10.2229	0.0431	23.5482	1.2284	0.4458	4.0359	3.4862
3/5/1998	0.0166	0.0991	0.6221	1.1417	3.8656	0.0681	1.0685	74.8098	0.5253	1.1465	1.2316	0.5641	0.2332	35.9758	66.5728	319.2071	0.1796	8.2821	8.3943	0.0431	20.6295	0.9938	0.4014	3.6384	3.1136
3/6/1998	0.0163	0.0885	0.5707	1.0631	3.6580	0.0628	1.0554	67.5912	0.5166	1.1351	1.1360	0.5383	0.2151	32.8612	60.0576	271.3086	0.1108	6.7140	6.9511	0.0381	19.3846	0.8470	0.3702	3.3872	2.8157
3/7/1998	0.0187	0.0929	0.5506	1.0110	3.5773	0.0603	1.0492	61.6285	0.5133	1.1297	1.0905	0.5238	0.2065	30.3130	54.9610	233.1995	0.0898	5.7468	6.0787	0.0654	17.6637	0.7786	0.3554	3.2947	2.6549
3/8/1998	0.0211	0.1258	0.6376	1.2754	4.2792	0.0761	1.0882	68.5664	0.6308	1.6337	1.3758	0.6313	0.2205	32.0129	56.3742	210.8235	0.1156	6.9269	7.3087	0.0654	19.0529	1.3749	0.4484	4.0982	3.4594
3/9/1998	0.0235	0.3849	2.0988	2.7433	10.6881	1.0688	156.1933	2.1628	0.9295	7.8133	2.2085	1.4793	50.1375	85.5464	218.5153	0.2938	22.0153	21.5714	0.0654	37.5064	2.7133	2.5464	18.8871	26.1706	
3/10/1998	0.0221	0.1727	1.2199	2.4743	7.2576	0.1476	0.3851	153.7047	1.0239	0.3175	2.6680	1.0052	0.5053	64.0131	118.6850	318.5079	0.5457	23.4373	23.3988	0.0806	37.8132	2.4303	0.8699	7.9860	7.5721
3/11/1998	0.0201	0.1382	0.8209	2.1342	6.4098	0.1273	0.3149	153.3984	0.8880	0.2739	2.3021	0.8883	0.4359	57.7821	108.4873	367.1057	0.3050	24.8918	23.9017	0.0717	34.5968	2.0333	0.7503	6.6704	6.1814
3/12/1998	0.0180	0.1240	0.6763	1.5353	5.0663	0.0916	0.2266	117.5291	0.6610	0.1970	1.6561	0.7333	0.3136	51.5516	98.0063	319.5567	0.2086	16.3462	15.9718	0.0437	30.1410	1.4926	0.5397	4.8336	4.4577
3/13/1998	0.0185	0.1080	0.6600	1.3632	4.5555	0.0807	0.1997	101.1188	0.6043	0.1737	1.4597	0.6457	0.2764	47.3035	87.8120	280.0492	0.1843	12.8934	12.6731	0.0504	27.3348	1.2909	0.4757	4.2984	3.9821
3/14/1998	0.0202	0.0949	0.5535	1.1341	4.0327	0.0677	1.0674	82.1385	0.5022	1.0455	1.2233	0.5710	0.2316	40.7896	74.5007	246.4852	0.1434	9.2215	9.3885	0.0340	23.0092	1.0676	0.3987	3.6550	3.1813
3/15/1998	0.0226	0.0948	0.5297	1.1153	3.9893	0.0655	1.0646	73.6343	0.5019	1.0431	1.2031	0.5708	0.2278	36.8254	65.4364	216.4175	0.1176	7.8437	8.1195	0.0340	20.5201	1.0056	0.3821	3.6248	3.0807
3/16/1998	0.0212	0.0876	0.5178	1.0230	3.7793	0.0610	1.0510	65.8319	0.4618	1.1035	1.1035	0.5267	0.2089	35.9771	58.6382	195.4401	0.0936	6.5150	6.8472	0.0340	18.5605	0.9304	0.3596	3.3668	2.7814
3/17/1998	0.0183	0.0806	0.5191	0.9512	3.4726	0.0567	1.0404	59.0643	0.4257	1.0221	1.0261	0.5007	0.1943	33.4262	52.9770	177.6982	0.0856	5.4485	5.8463	0.0526	16.6361	0.7740	0.3344	3.1506	2.5496
3/18/1998	0.0168	0.0786	0.4928	0.9109	3.2510	0.0543	0.1344	54.0403	0.4132	0.1169	0.9826	0.4822	0.1860	31.1615	48.7289	162.2257	0.0895	4.6926	5.1299	0.0172	15.1415	0.7804	0.3202	3.0218	2.4351
3/19/1998	0.0180	0.0772	0.4889	0.8794	3.1672	0.0525	0.1298	50.5602	0.4067	0.1128	0.9486	0.4746	0.1796	28.0747	45.0468	149.6393	0.0577	4.1577	4.6382	0.0172	14.0991	0.7260	0.3092	2.9287	2.3441
3/20/1998	0.0197	0.0659	0.4783	0.8528	3.1281	0.0509	0.1258	47.2950	0.3813	0.1094	0.9199	0.4638	0.1742	23.1757	42.2138	138.8009	0.0618	3.7124	4.2116	0.0172	13.0449	0.6215	0.2998	2.8531	2.2567
3/21/1998	0.0231	0.1172	0.5537	1.0316	3.6523	0.0615	0.1522	47.8144	0.5519	0.1324	1.1127	0.5682	0.2107	20.7983	41.0842	131.4588	0.0537	3.9222	4.4338	0.0325	12.7565	0.8565	0.3627	3.4817	2.6793
3/22/1998	0.0285	0.1618	0.8955	1.9046	5.8398	0.1136	0.8180	81.3439	0.7994	0.2444	2.0545	0.7872	0.1032	37.9890	37.1088	52.9784	0.3235	10.8037	11.0371	0.0833	18.4136	2.4565	0.6896	6.1655	5.4288
3/23/1998	0.0266	0.2214	1.1962	2.9306	8.5442	0.1748	0.4325	74.7740	1.1064	0.3761	1.3163	1.1263	0.5885	59.7645	65.4400	177.6982	0.3046	8.4515	8.6753	0.0833	18.6997	2.0907	1.0303	8.4348	9.8908
3/24/1998	0.0255	0.1643	1.0210	1.9725	6.0549	0.1177	0.2911	109.8403	0.8498	0.2531	2.1277	0.8692	0.0428	80.7190	87.5350	288.7898	0.4958	13.4945	13.0021	0.0855	31.4727	2.5737	0.6934	6.1272	5.9341
3/25/1998	0.0229	0.1143	0.7333	1.2988	4.2471	0.0775	0.1917	99.0369	0.6152	0.1667	1.4010	0.6764	0.2453	60.6131	91.2131	319.2071	0.2415	10.4458	10.0590	0.0855	31.7144	1.6300	0.4866	4.1370	3.7652
3/26/1998	0.0207	0.1137	0.7023	1.3864	4.3449	0.0815	0.2016	89.4240	0.6319	0.1754	1.4740	0.7233	0.2791	45.8878	76.7706	285.6432	0.1979	9.4359	9.2254	0.0401	27.5634	1.3900	0.4804	4.3582	3.9318
3/27/1998	0.0224	0.1131	0.6534	1.2434	4.2298	0.0742	0.1835	79.9005	0.6163	0.1596	1.3413	0.7112	0.2539	38.2433	66.2927	269.9101	0.2051	8.6470	8.4739	0.0401	23.4741	1.1754	0.4371	3.9374	3.5876
3/28/1998	0.0222	0.0938	0.6218	1.0868	3.8264	0.0654	0.1618	69.7289	0.5137	0.1408	1.1831	0.6672	0.2240	31.7282	58.6443	246.2822	0.1943	7.1420	7.1515	0.0401	20.2448	1.0066	0.3956	3.4984	3.1273
3/29/1998	0.0253	0.0863	0.5316	0.9634	3.4953	0.0575	0.1422	61.4223	0.4518	0.1236	0.1032	0.6087	0.1967	27.9339	52.4109	22.6119	0.1291	5.7550	5.8873	0.0179	17.9493	0.8461	0.3387	3.1161	2.6814
3/30/1998	0.0264	0.0926	0.5253	0.9715	3.4836	0.0580	0.1434	59.2366	0.4511	0.1247	1.0479	0.5844	0.1984	26.8138	49.8637	186.8386	0.0930	5.3109	5.5531	0.0198	17.3493	1.0575	0.3415	3.2204	2.5858
3/31/1998	0.0270	0.0863	0.5779	0.9796	3.4712	0.0584	0.1446	61.6038	0.4460	0.1257	1.0567	0.5601	0.12001	26.8304	49.8637	184.6017	0.1471	5.4453	5.6413	0.0198	18.5920	1.3168	0.3444	3.2782	2.5624
4/1/1998	0.0235	0.0794	0.5297	0.8876	3.1962	0.0518	0.1280	52.6675	0.4132	0.1113	0.9359	0.4849	0.1772	24.2246	45.8972	175.1618	0.0888	4.3677	4.6415	0.0198	15.3791	0.8056	0.3050	2.8663	2.3186
4/2/1998	0.0210	0.0778	0.5087	0.8287	3.0432	0.0494	0.1223	49.8557	0.43874	0.1063	0.8939	0.4536	0.1692	22.0993	42.4996	158.7399	0.0798	3.8455	4.1638	0.0235	14.1111	0.7409	0.2813	2.7416	2.2079
4/3/1998	0.0220	0.0748	0.4547	0.8159	3.1174	0.0487	0.1204	46.1191	0.3731	0.1047	0.8802	0.4462	0.1666	20.6007	39.9513	146.8423	0.0556	3.4761	3.8250	0.0235	13.1808	0.6904	0.2869	2.7034	2.1686

Sta IDs that flow to model node Node->	509-ADAM node 10	502-FRY 506-28TH ghaor 12	17-CHAP 18-INDI 507-G3 21-OLEA 15	15-CHAR 16-NEWS weyc01 17	01-HUMP 513-SAG aberd 18	24-REDM 04-GRASS 29	35-WEST 504-SHAN 40	12-CENT 503-MILR 43	42-PEEL 505-MILL 48	13-WYNO montean satogQ 64	38-PORT 518-5TH 68	elma mleary satogQ 66	508-KST 516-EMER 517-QUEEN 69	wconff 72	08-WISH 79	arth-pmp 76	25-DEM 26-BARL 82	andrmwth elkmwth 83														
4/4/1998 0.0199 0.0725 0.4299 0.8101 0.0453 0.1195 0.44742 0.3700 0.1040 0.8739 0.4404 0.1655 0.197491 0.38009 0.0623 3.2511 3.6087 0.0228 12.8104 0.7458 2.6962 2.1321	4/5/1998 0.0223 0.0720 0.4325 0.7940 0.0474 0.1172 0.42152 0.3640 0.1019 0.8564 0.4321 0.1621 0.188436 0.362651 0.05077 0.0497 2.9757 3.3397 0.0228 11.8001 0.63377 0.2791 2.6427 2.0795	4/6/1998 0.0223 0.0726 0.4384 0.7711 0.0460 0.1138 0.403129 0.3613 0.0890 0.8318 0.4266 0.1575 0.178813 0.345671 0.0469 0.0228 2.7872 3.1679 0.0228 11.0888 0.6099 0.2711 2.5694 2.0062	4/7/1998 0.0220 0.0743 0.4740 0.8895 0.0537 0.1327 0.41108 0.3909 0.1154 0.9703 0.4619 0.1837 0.177103 0.337176 0.119212 0.0570 2.8199 3.2171 0.0252 11.3742 0.7223 0.3162 2.9468 2.3941	4/8/1998 0.0207 0.0721 0.4443 0.8415 0.0502 0.1242 0.384820 0.3773 0.1080 0.9077 0.4392 0.1719 0.165780 0.320178 0.1157257 0.0474 2.5084 2.9156 0.0252 10.4627 0.6286 0.2958 2.7219 2.2849	4/9/1998 0.0215 0.0750 0.4524 0.8362 0.0499 0.1234 0.31286 0.3699 0.1073 0.9020 0.4467 0.1708 0.161528 0.303190 0.1104813 0.0421 2.3256 2.7341 0.0224 9.7557 0.6297 0.2840 2.7133 2.2675	4/10/1998 0.0218 0.0856 0.5317 0.8389 0.0500 0.1238 0.31906 0.3872 0.1077 0.9049 0.4955 0.1713 0.158707 0.303203 0.1076843 0.0539 2.3928 2.8476 0.0224 10.1945 0.7581 0.2849 2.8352 2.1007	4/11/1998 0.0236 0.1046 0.6594 1.2104 0.0722 0.1786 0.42158 0.5115 0.1553 1.3057 0.6200 0.2472 0.17427 0.345704 0.112294 0.1322 3.4811 3.9601 0.0375 13.5920 0.10428 0.4255 4.0338 3.0678	4/12/1998 0.0252 0.0909 0.5248 0.8536 0.0509 0.1260 0.44735 0.4325 0.1095 0.9208 0.5220 0.1743 0.186469 0.345682 0.1136279 0.1500 3.0684 3.5647 0.0375 13.1176 0.7912 0.3001 2.8154 2.2208	4/13/1998 0.0221 0.0846 0.4520 0.8069 0.0481 0.1191 0.45151 0.4152 0.1035 0.8704 0.4922 0.1648 0.181648 0.340006 0.1146768 0.1131 3.2590 3.60683 0.0336 12.9786 0.7551 0.2837 2.6602 2.1052	4/14/1998 0.0208 0.0775 0.4341 0.7727 0.0453 0.0461 0.1140 0.42286 0.3656 0.0992 0.8335 0.4577 0.1578 0.173712 0.331526 0.132783 0.0846 3.0734 3.3981 0.0221 11.9428 0.6006 0.2717 2.5311 0.3069	4/15/1998 0.0208 0.0737 0.4235 0.7359 0.0439 0.1086 0.39724 0.3579 0.0944 0.7338 0.4182 0.1503 0.164940 0.320197 0.1090828 0.0657 2.7428 3.0546 0.0221 11.0004 0.65551 0.2587 2.4136 1.9291	4/16/1998 0.0225 0.0716 0.4072 0.7093 0.0423 0.1047 0.27572 0.3372 0.0910 0.7651 0.3460 0.1449 0.160632 0.306037 0.1034888 0.0581 2.4935 2.8212 0.0221 10.5516 0.5549 0.2494 2.3320 1.9456	4/17/1998 0.0238 0.0696 0.4174 0.7000 0.0418 0.1033 0.363489 0.3328 0.0898 0.7550 0.3964 0.1430 0.150208 0.294710 0.985941 0.0618 2.3199 2.6602 0.0221 9.8158 0.4776 0.2461 2.3056 1.8128	4/18/1998 0.0248 0.0773 0.4319 0.7516 0.0448 0.1109 0.29338 0.36569 0.0964 0.8107 0.4176 0.1535 0.146810 0.289047 0.947482 0.0312 2.2789 2.6451 0.0202 9.5887 0.6161 0.2842 2.4888 1.9292	4/19/1998 0.0250 0.0726 0.4650 0.7111 0.0424 0.1049 0.28351 0.3399 0.0913 0.7671 0.4034 0.1452 0.136965 0.283085 0.919512 0.0802 2.1932 2.5398 0.0202 9.0442 0.5160 0.2500 2.3388 1.8394	4/20/1998 0.0220 0.0700 0.4386 0.6826 0.0406 0.1005 0.32587 0.3195 0.0874 0.7346 0.3874 0.1391 0.130949 0.259849 0.846091 0.0415 1.9691 2.3218 0.0162 8.1284 0.5659 0.2394 2.2563 1.7278	4/21/1998 0.0196 0.0677 0.4627 0.6810 0.0622 0.26624 0.0406 0.1005 0.32587 0.3195 0.0869 0.7346 0.3874 0.1391 0.130949 0.259849 0.846091 0.0415 1.9691 2.3218 0.0162 8.1284 0.5659 0.2394 2.2563 1.7278	4/22/1998 0.0194 0.0672 0.4358 0.6779 0.0404 0.1000 0.342421 0.3122 0.0870 0.7312 0.3910 0.1384 0.126138 0.251080 0.818121 0.0302 1.8755 2.2400 0.0162 7.7380 0.5363 0.2383 2.2375 1.7172	4/23/1998 0.0197 0.0707 0.4452 0.6772 0.0404 0.0999 0.307499 0.3125 0.0869 0.7304 0.4040 0.1383 0.122444 0.244561 0.804136 0.0549 1.7880 2.1510 0.0162 7.5188 0.5212 0.2381 2.2206 1.7149	4/24/1998 0.0192 0.0701 0.4361 0.6870 0.0410 0.1014 0.30024 0.3152 0.0882 0.7410 0.4239 0.1403 0.118776 0.238926 0.832106 0.0400 1.7421 2.1127 0.0162 7.1397 0.5094 0.2415 2.2238 1.7745	4/25/1998 0.0202 0.0680 0.4376 0.6606 0.0394 0.0975 0.27884 0.30382 0.0848 0.7126 0.4351 0.1349 0.114232 0.231842 0.849887 0.0612 1.6772 2.0406 0.0181 6.4072 0.4628 0.2322 2.1364 1.7008	4/26/1998 0.0194 0.0680 0.4467 0.6447 0.0385 0.0851 0.283310 0.3167 0.0827 0.6955 0.4356 0.1317 0.11309 0.225310 0.797144 0.0570 1.6036 1.9632 0.0181 6.4746 0.4382 0.2267 2.0902 1.6533	4/27/1998 0.0212 0.0661 0.4035 0.6408 0.0382 0.0846 0.26529 0.3075 0.0822 0.6912 0.4347 0.1309 0.107731 0.219916 0.751589 0.0337 1.5498 1.9112 0.0181 6.8196 0.4176 0.2253 2.0749 1.6762	4/28/1998 0.0188 0.0642 0.3918 0.6217 0.25843 0.0371 0.0917 0.27285 0.2847 0.0798 0.6707 0.4038 0.1270 0.105177 0.215113 0.720226 0.0435 1.5180 1.8733 0.0181 6.0124 0.3905 0.2186 2.0227 1.6237	4/29/1998 0.0188 0.0643 0.3771 0.6258 0.25948 0.0373 0.0823 0.269569 0.2926 0.0803 0.6750 0.3960 0.1278 0.102346 0.210016 0.692256 0.0307 1.4682 1.8249 0.0181 5.9490 0.4037 0.2200 2.0294 1.6568	4/30/1998 0.0187 0.0585 0.4243 0.5919 0.25264 0.0353 0.0873 0.2829 0.2829 0.0760 0.6385 0.3835 0.1209 0.10674 0.664286 0.0333 1.4293 1.7883 0.0129 5.7326 0.4230 0.2081 1.9414 1.5345	5/1/1998 0.0179 0.0602 0.4403 0.5892 0.25288 0.0352 0.0870 0.26887 0.26887 0.0756 0.6356 0.3697 0.1203 0.102363 0.63963 0.195276 0.0316 1.4038 1.7529 0.0129 5.5323 0.4247 0.2072 1.9310 1.5209	5/2/1998 0.0202 0.0600 0.4775 0.6727 0.0401 0.0993 0.26528 0.3192 0.0863 0.7257 0.3942 0.1374 0.101216 0.636316 0.0837 1.4901 1.8727 0.0240 5.8103 0.5575 0.2365 2.2162 1.7090	5/3/1998 0.0237 0.0648 0.4199 0.5980 0.25942 0.0357 0.0882 0.28642 0.2978 0.0767 0.6451 0.3631 0.1221 0.102363 0.63961 0.192723 0.0408 1.3998 1.7488 0.0240 5.4682 0.4801 0.2102 1.9522 1.5465	5/4/1998 0.0211 0.0645 0.4129 0.5878 0.25912 0.0351 0.0867 0.28373 0.2918 0.0754 0.6340 0.3606 0.1200 0.104136 0.639813 0.0322 1.3441 1.6916 0.0240 5.2983 0.4547 0.2066 1.9148 1.5221	5/5/1998 0.0294 0.0638 0.4130 0.5805 0.25593 0.0346 0.0857 0.24915 0.2806 0.0745 0.6261 0.5544 0.1185 0.1021 0.608547 0.186230 0.182717 0.0282 1.3242 1.6870 0.0240 5.0783 0.4276 0.2041 1.8884 1.5024	5/6/1998 0.0180 0.0640 0.4017 0.5728 0.25860 0.0342 0.0845 0.245864 0.2750 0.0735 0.6179 0.3570 0.1170 0.101021 0.62830 0.18230 0.0327 1.2960 1.5950 0.0240 5.0387 0.4162 0.2014 1.8585 1.4843



Appendix B, Figure 1. Residuals from applying drift correction to sum of reference point and time/maintenance/tide-corrected depth transducer readings.



## **Appendix C. Hydrodynamic model files**

The hydrodynamic model files are available for copying from Ecology's Internet website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wrias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>.

The electronic files for the project appendices are also available on request to:

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## **Appendix D. Water quality model files**

The water quality model files are available for copying from Ecology's Internet website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wrias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>.

The electronic files for the project appendices are also available on request to:

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## **Appendix E. Summary of multiple regression results for prediction of fecal coliform in tributaries.**

Log linear regression models have been found to accurately represent fluvial loads of pollutants (Cohn *et al.*, 1992). A multiple regression model was found to explain most of the variability in fecal coliform concentration in tributaries to Grays Harbor. The regression model requires estimation of several parameters: a constant; a linear and quadratic fit to the logarithm of flow; and sinusoidal (Fourier) functions to remove the effect of annual seasonality. The regression model can be written in the following form:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Log[FC]} = & \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log[Q] + \beta_2 \log[Q]^2 \\ & + \beta_3 \sin[2 \pi T] + \beta_4 \cos[2 \pi T] \\ & + \beta_5 \sin[4 \pi T] + \beta_6 \cos[4 \pi T] + \varepsilon\end{aligned}$$

Log[FC] is the logarithm of fecal coliform (number of organisms per 100 ml), log[Q] is the logarithm of flow (cubic meters per second), and T is time measured in years. The error term ( $\varepsilon$ ) is assumed to be independent and normally distributed with zero mean. The  $\beta$  terms are the parameters of the model that must be estimated from multiple regression. In general the  $\beta_2$ ,  $\beta_5$ , and  $\beta_6$  terms were not found to be statistically significant, so they were omitted from the regression model. The simplified regression model was therefore:

$$\text{Log[FC]} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log[Q] + \beta_3 \sin[2 \pi T] + \beta_4 \cos[2 \pi T] + \varepsilon$$

To estimate daily and annual loading of fecal coliform, the regression model is first used to predict daily fecal coliform concentrations from the record of daily flows. This requires re-transformation of the predicted logarithm of fecal coliform back into the original real units of fecal coliform concentration. Thomas (1985), and Koch and Smillie (1986) also recommend Duan's (1983) "smearing estimate," a nonparametric re-transformation function appropriate for non-normal error distributions to correct the re-transformed predicted concentrations for potential biases that can otherwise occur due to log-transformation. The "smearing estimate" ( $K_{se}$ ) is estimated as the mean value of the antilogs of the regression residuals. The predictive form of the regression equation is therefore:

$$FC = K_{se} (10^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 \log[Q] + \beta_3 \sin[2 \pi T] + \beta_4 \cos[2 \pi T]})$$

Daily loads were estimated as the product of daily flow and estimated daily concentration. Seasonal or annual loads were estimated as the sum of estimated daily loads. The resulting regression equations for tributaries to Grays Harbor, and comparisons of predicted and observed concentrations and loads, are presented in Table E-1, Figures E-1, E-2, and E-3 show a comparison of predicted and observed loads of fecal coliform from tributaries to Grays Harbor. Figures E-4 through E-32 present the regression estimates of daily fecal coliform concentrations in comparison with observed fecal coliform for the tributaries to Grays Harbor.

The potential bias of predicted versus observed total loads, integrated over all sampling days, was tested using the t-test method described by Cohn *et al.* (1992). The predicted loads were found to be not significantly different from the observed loads.

**Table E-1. Summary of multiple regression results for prediction of the log (base 10) of fecal coliform concentrations in tributaries to Grays Harbor as a function of the log of flow and a seasonal sinusoidal function (Cohn et al., 1992). The smearing factor was applied to predicted fecal coliform concentrations in un-transformed units (numbers/100 ml) to remove potential statistical bias of log transformation.**

Tributary	Sampling station	Adjusted squared multiple R	Regression Coefficients for SYSTAT model effects (SYSTAT model Ifc5 = constant + Iflow + sin2piyf + cos2piyf) (1)				
			constant	Ifflow	sin2piyf	cos2piyf	smearing bias correction factor
Humptulips R near mouth	01-hump	0.69	-0.859391	1.062002	-0.693539	-0.652921	1.581515
Chenois Cr	03-chen	0.86	1.278188	1.165098	-0.248028	-0.400685	1.078297
Grass Cr	04-grass	0.75	1.525709	1.532301	-0.227256	-0.555829	1.272173
West Fork Hoquiam R	05-wfhoq	0.34	0.598392	1.308759	-0.589308	-0.527119	1.625692
East Fork Hoquiam R	06-efhoq	0.30	1.208508	0.265893	-0.463041	-0.10244	1.626561
Hoquiam R near mouth at Hoquiam	07-hoq	0.37	0.338779	1.139839	-0.267913	-0.364401	1.240763
Wishkah R at near mouth at Aberdeen	08-wish	0.20	1.19318	0.386959	-0.456839	-0.134352	1.712448
Wishkah R near Wishkah	09-wish	0.40	0.533613	0.729482	-0.696469	-0.63231	2.901822
Elliot Slough	11-eli	0.52	1.608886	0.452177	-0.360131	-0.432457	1.211691
Un-named creek at Central Park	12-cent	0.17	2.644938	1.702121	-0.358074	-0.79367	2.329117
Wynoochee R	13-wyno	0.34	0.854719	0.168177	-0.408129	-0.431863	2.120944
Charlie Cr	15-char	0.86	1.408713	0.373324	-0.653055	-0.726927	1.184588
Newskah Cr	16-news	0.81	1.094655	0.783584	-0.45986	-0.68865	1.16258
Chapin Cr	17-chap	0.76	1.815663	0.946202	-0.549534	-0.719623	1.355305
Campbell Cr	18-camp	0.79	1.758801	0.971425	-0.847977	-0.494894	1.337106
Indian Cr	19-indi	0.60	1.687488	1.159637	-0.686552	-0.367042	1.869011
Stafford Cr	20-staf	0.37	1.861893	0.468808	-0.601149	-0.323232	2.205641
Oleary Cr	21-olea	0.54	1.633114	0.545129	-0.638896	-0.626121	1.868885
Satsop R	22g070	0.70	0.034287	0.725703	-0.592003	-0.46654	1.480836
Johns R near mouth	22-john	0.41	0.953067	0.680854	-0.391091	-0.597919	1.848309
Johns R near Western	23-john	0.62	0.674302	1.351071	-0.29467	-0.523058	1.333272
Redman Slough	24-redm	0.74	2.059454	0.298446	-0.44792	-0.983047	1.342417
Dempsey Cr	25-demp	0.69	2.213333	1.050835	-0.45009	-0.89749	1.362099
Barlow Cr	26-barl	0.67	1.56648	0.954618	-0.753509	-1.079464	2.131403
Elk R	27-elk	0.70	1.574122	0.599768	-0.618747	-0.4221	1.225211
Grayland Ditch	32-ditch	0.69	1.753561	0.229854	-0.667156	-0.143646	1.209385
Un-named creek at Westport	35-west	0.46	2.26895	0.204421	-0.564867	-0.749891	1.60784
West Fork Andrews Cr	36-wfand	0.73	1.311815	1.144424	-0.760215	-0.760127	1.427513
Andrews Cr	37-andr	0.61	1.312401	1.979922	-0.579082	-0.891922	1.553279
Chehalis R at Porter	38-port	0.36	-0.115304	0.90494	-0.314983	-0.189279	1.534041

1) codes for regression variables:

Ifc5 = log10 of fecal coliform concentration in numbers per 100 ml

Ifflow = log10 of flow in cubic meters per second

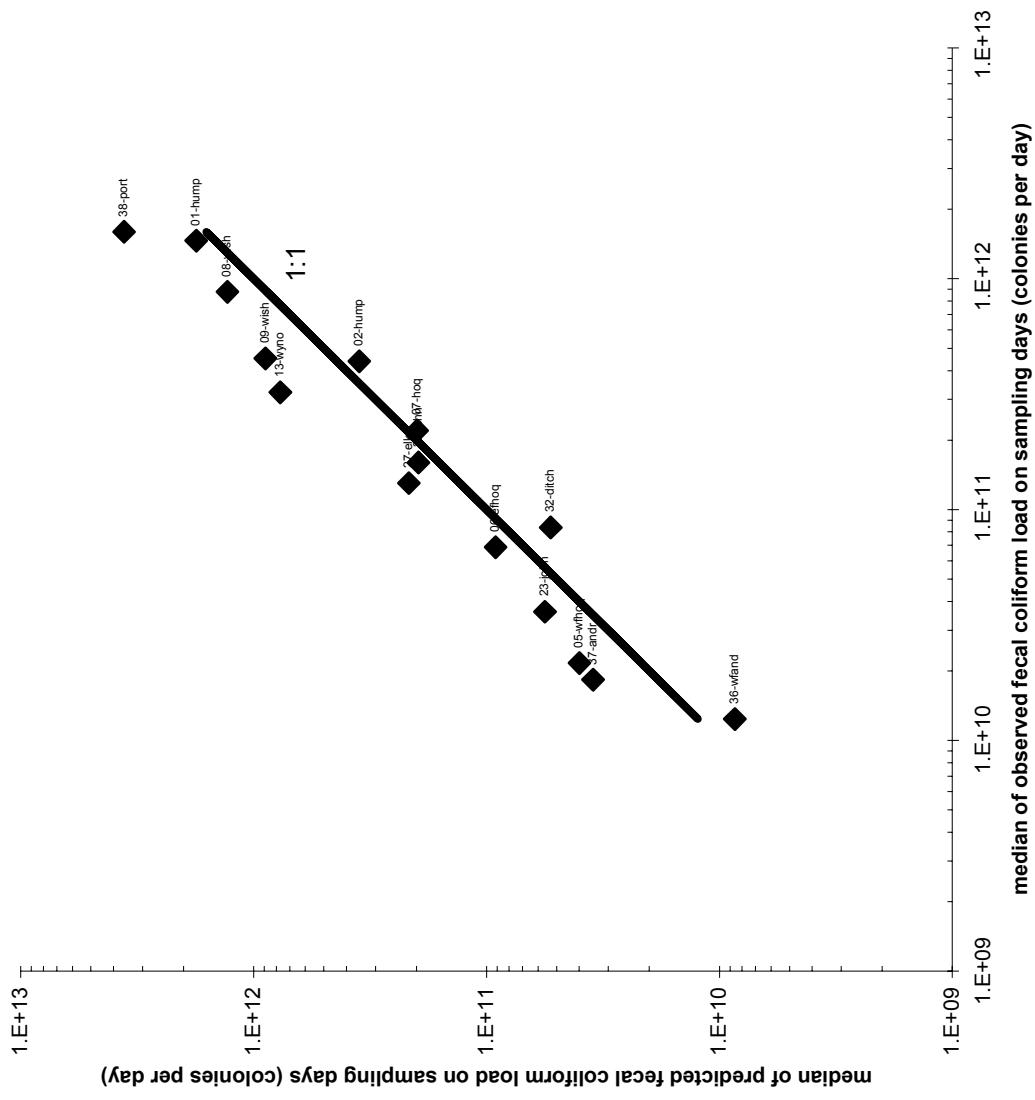
sin2piyf = Sin(2 \* Pi \* T)

cos2piyf = Cos(2 \* Pi \* T)

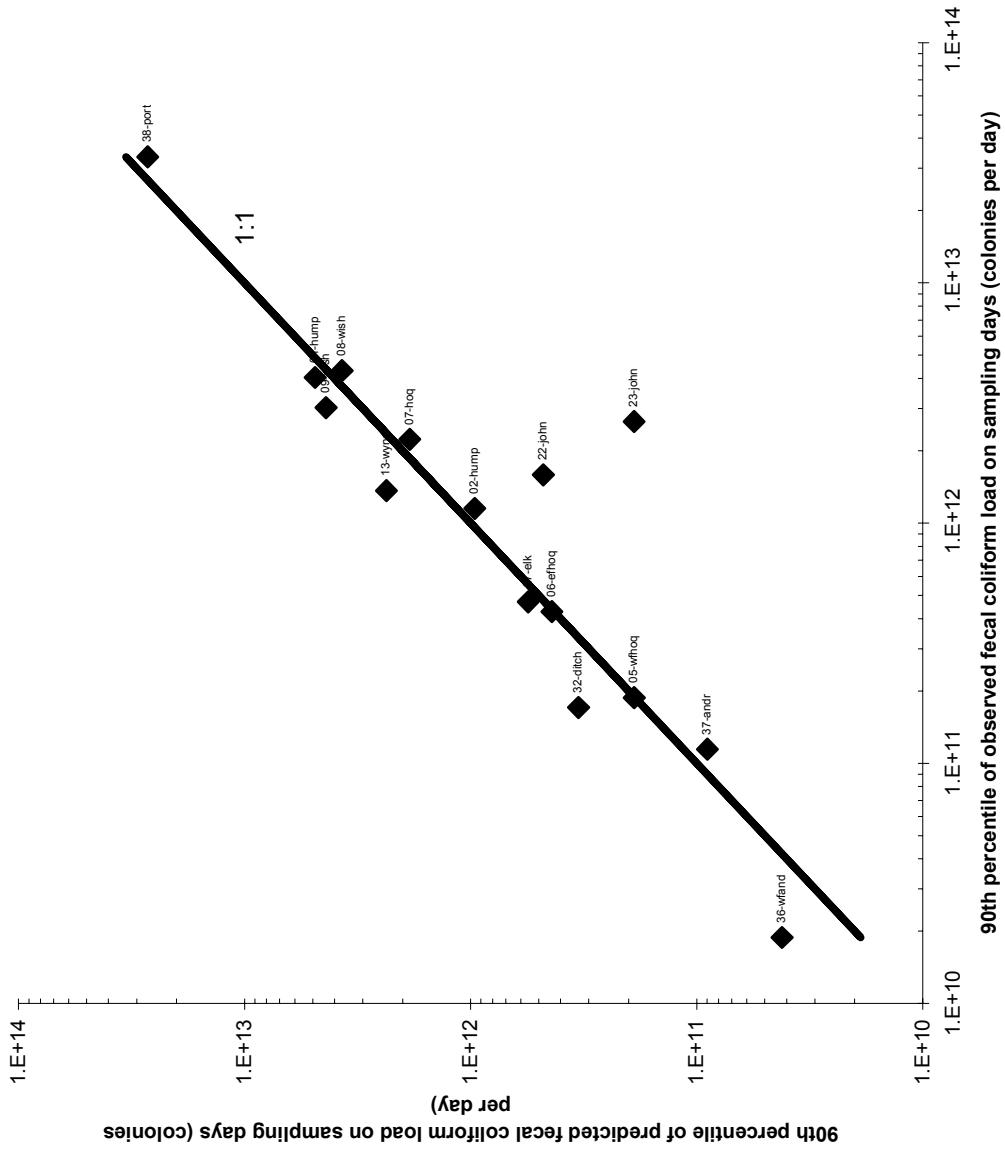
T = time in years

smearing bias correction factor = mean of antilogs of regression residuals

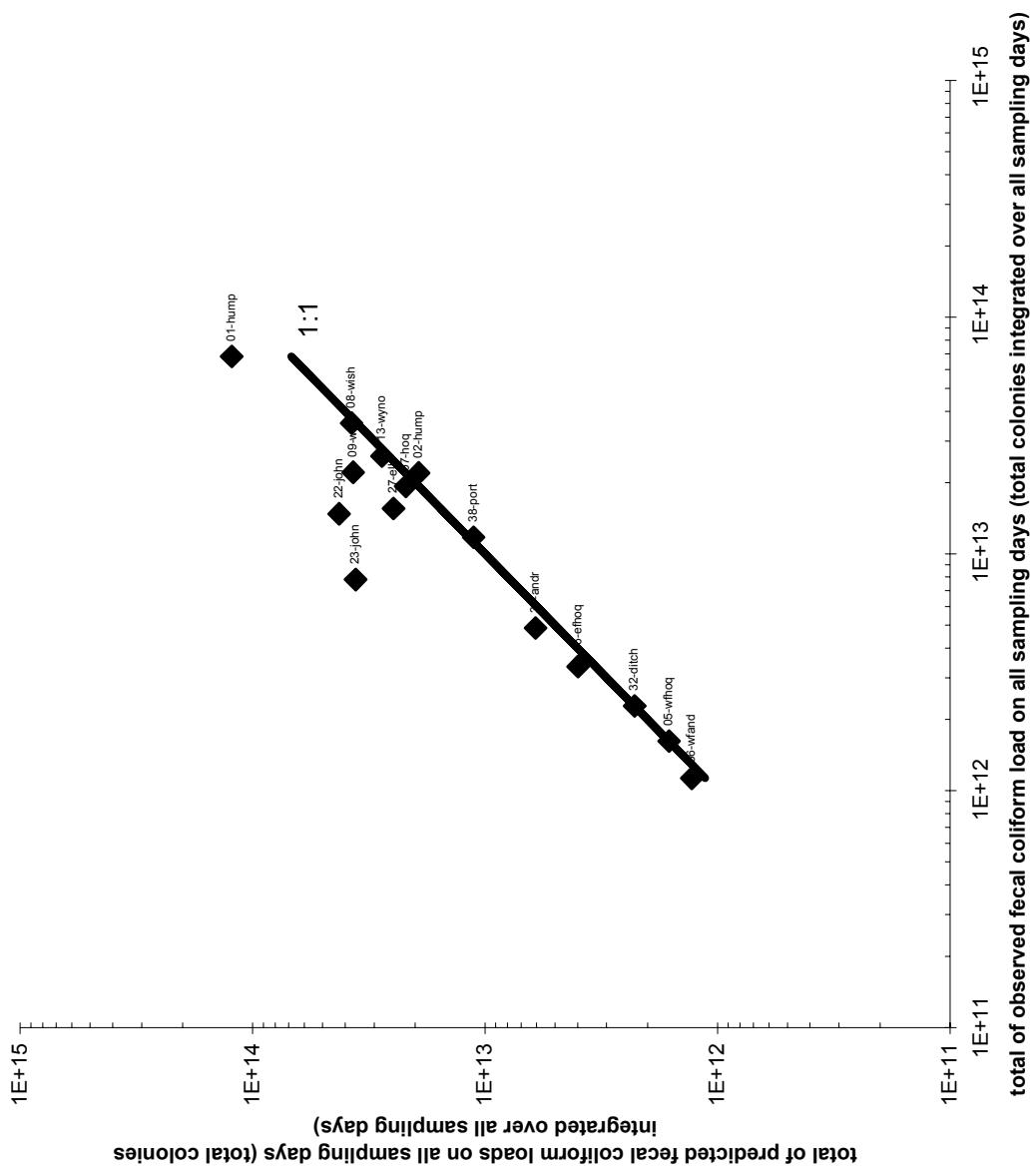
**Figure E1. Comparison of observed and predicted median loads of fecal coliform from tributaries to Grays Harbor during 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**  
**Data labels indicate the sampling station.**



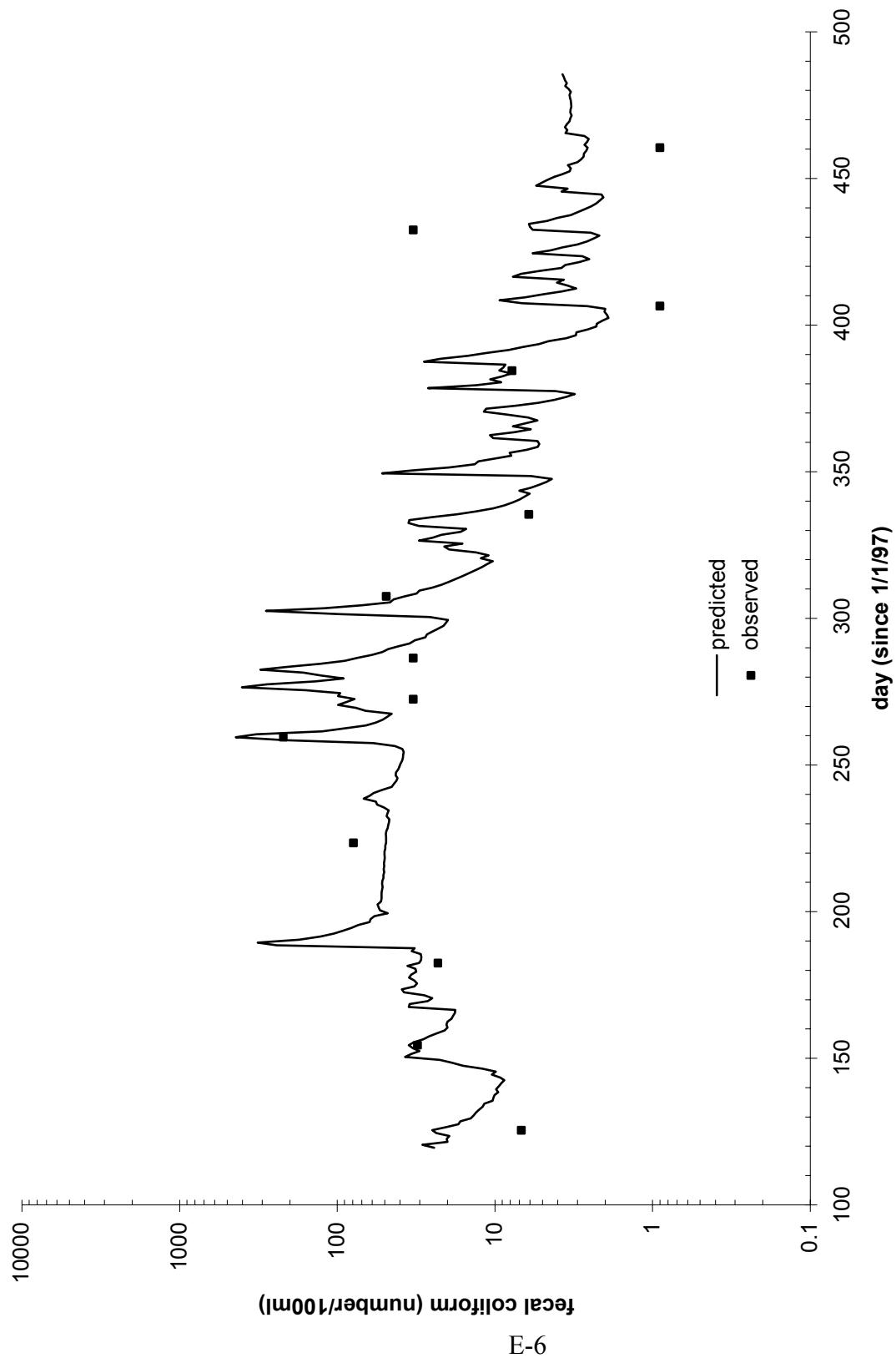
**Figure E2. Comparison of observed and predicted 90th percentiles of loads of fecal coliform from tributaries to Grays Harbor during 5/1/97 - 4/3/98.**  
**Data labels indicate the sampling station.**



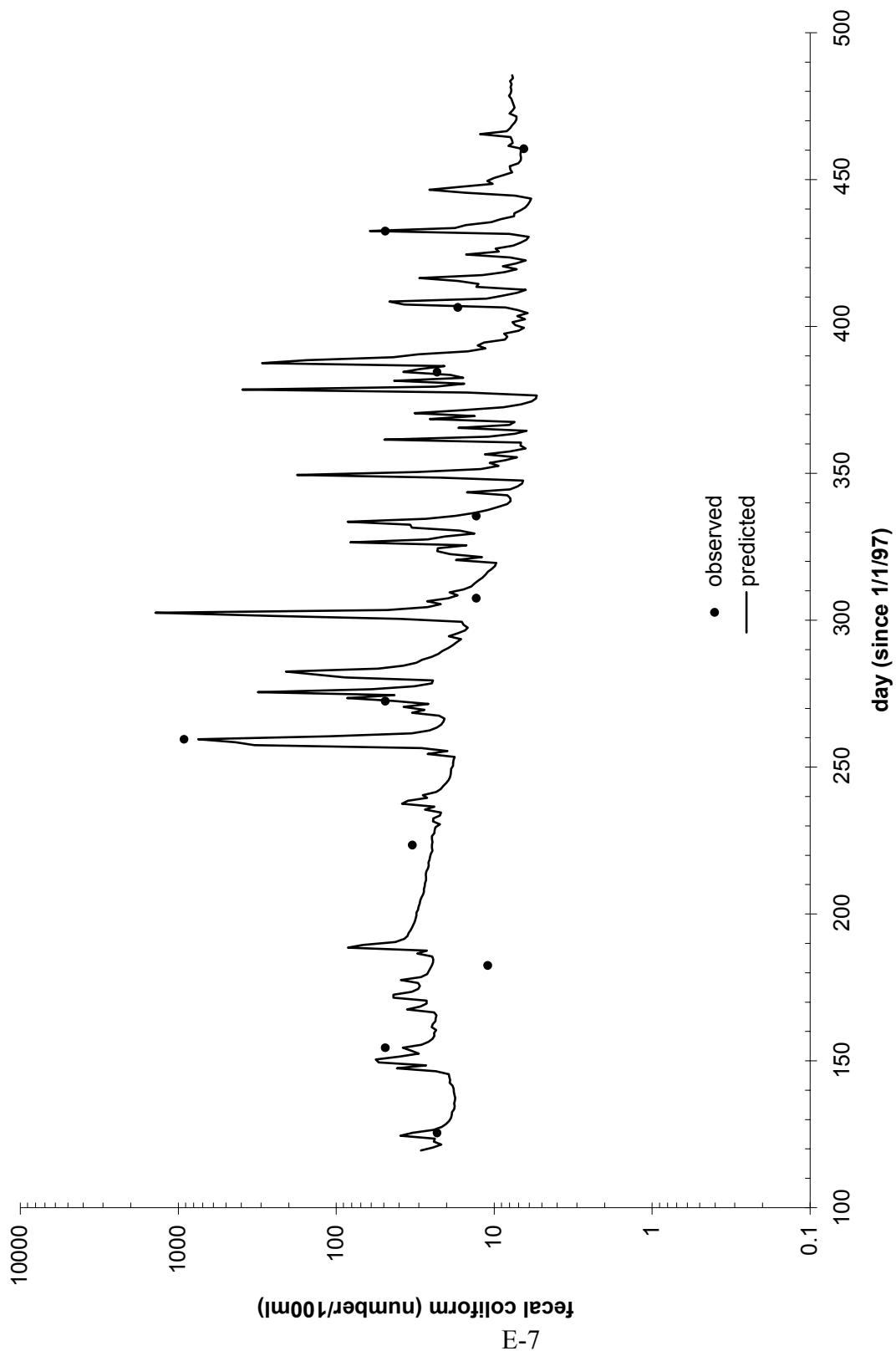
**Figure E3. Comparison of observed and predicted total loads of fecal coliform for all samples from tributaries to Grays Harbor during 5/1/97 - 4/30/98.**  
**Data labels indicate the sampling station.**



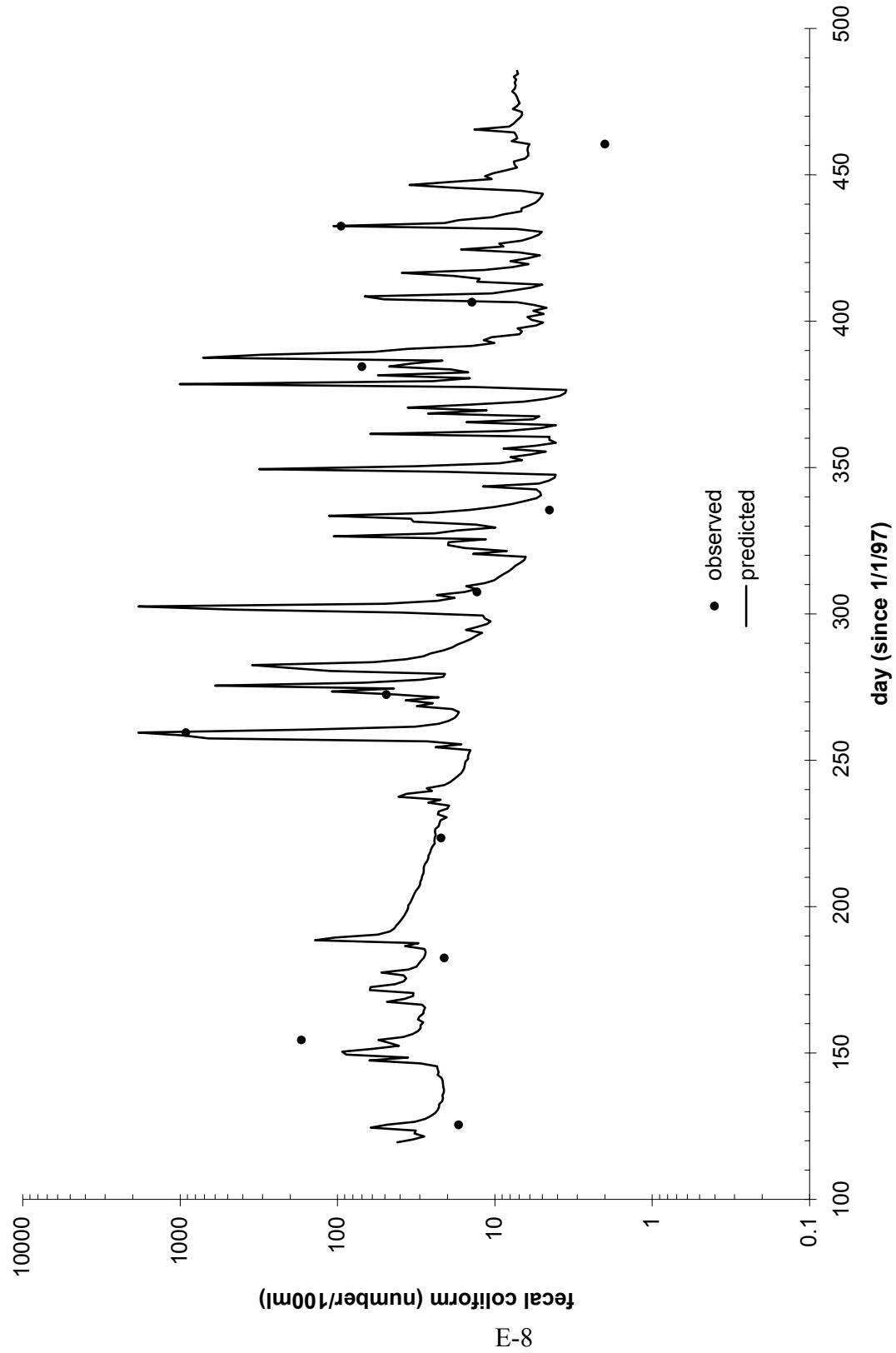
**Figure E4.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Humptulips River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 01-hump).



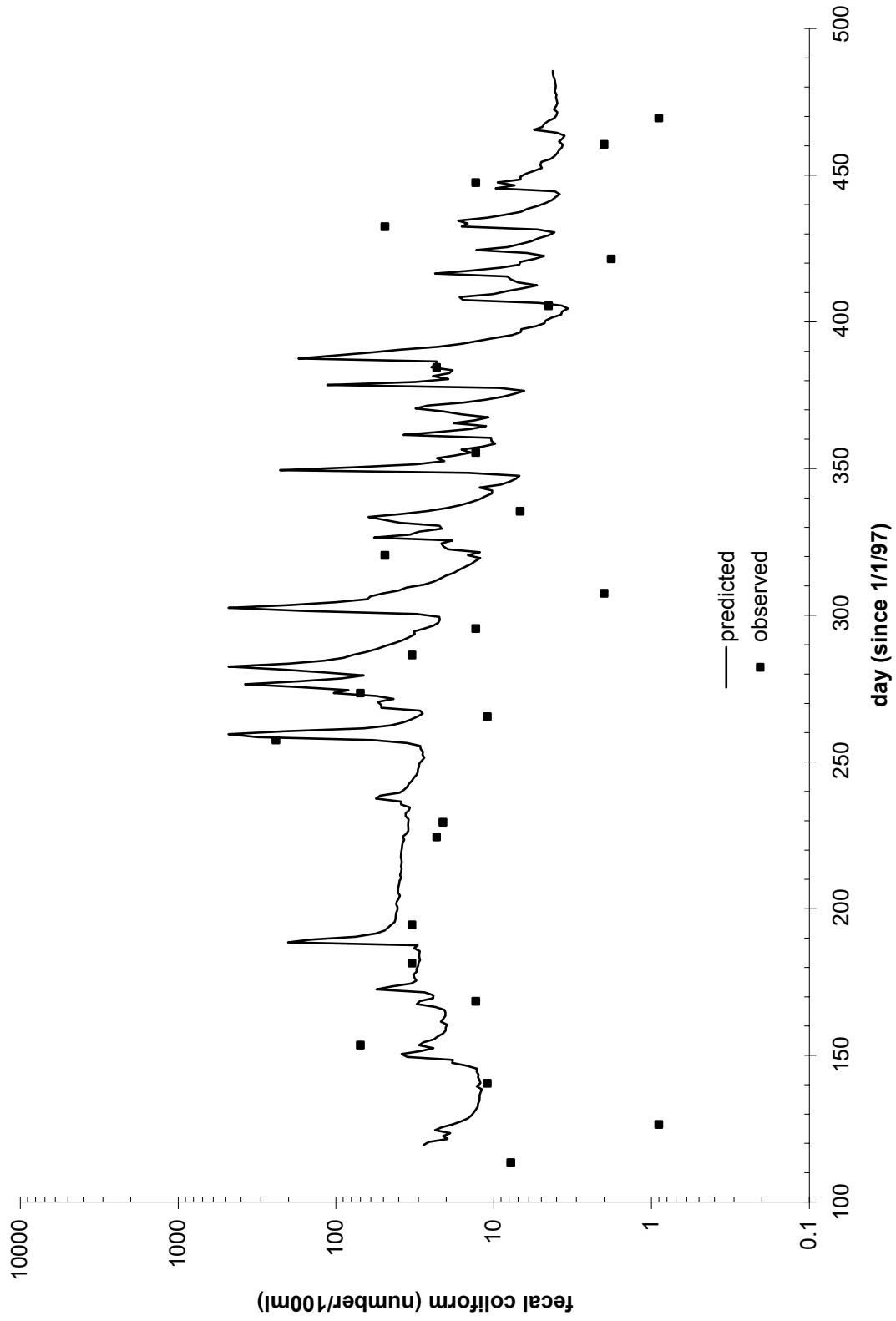
**Figure E5.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Chenois Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 03-chen).



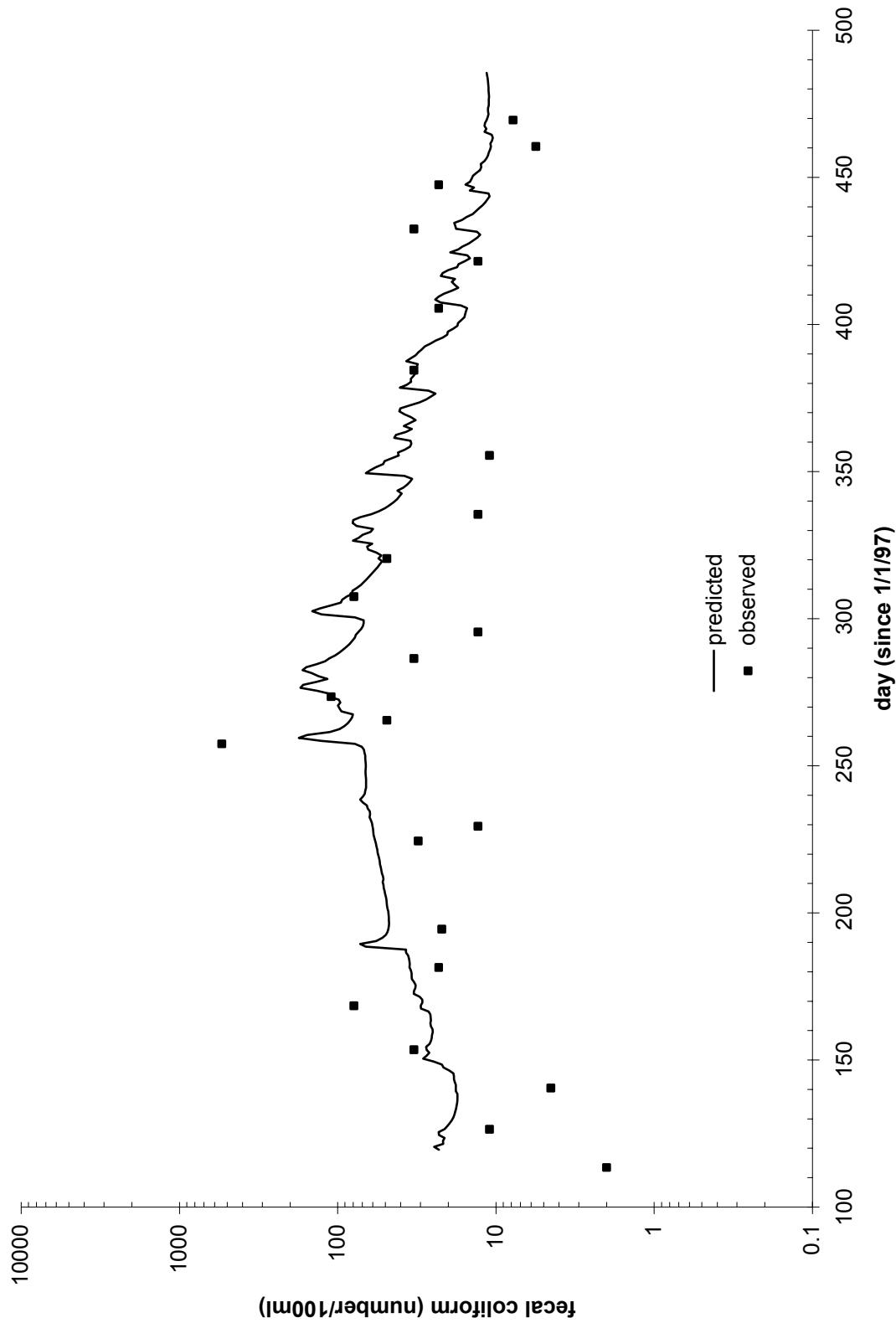
**Figure E6.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Grass Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 04-grass).



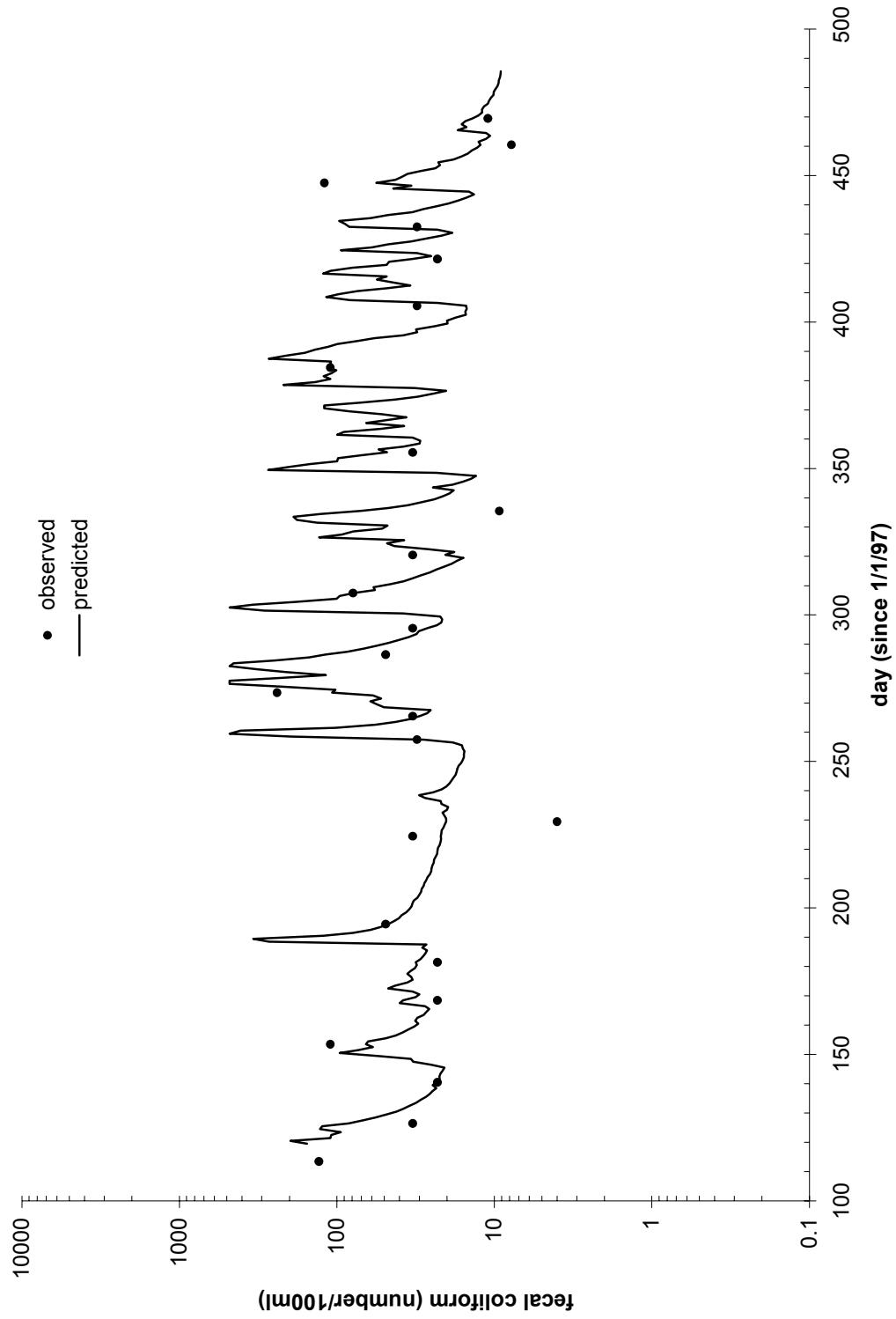
**Figure E7. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the West Fork Hoquiam River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 05-wfhoq).**



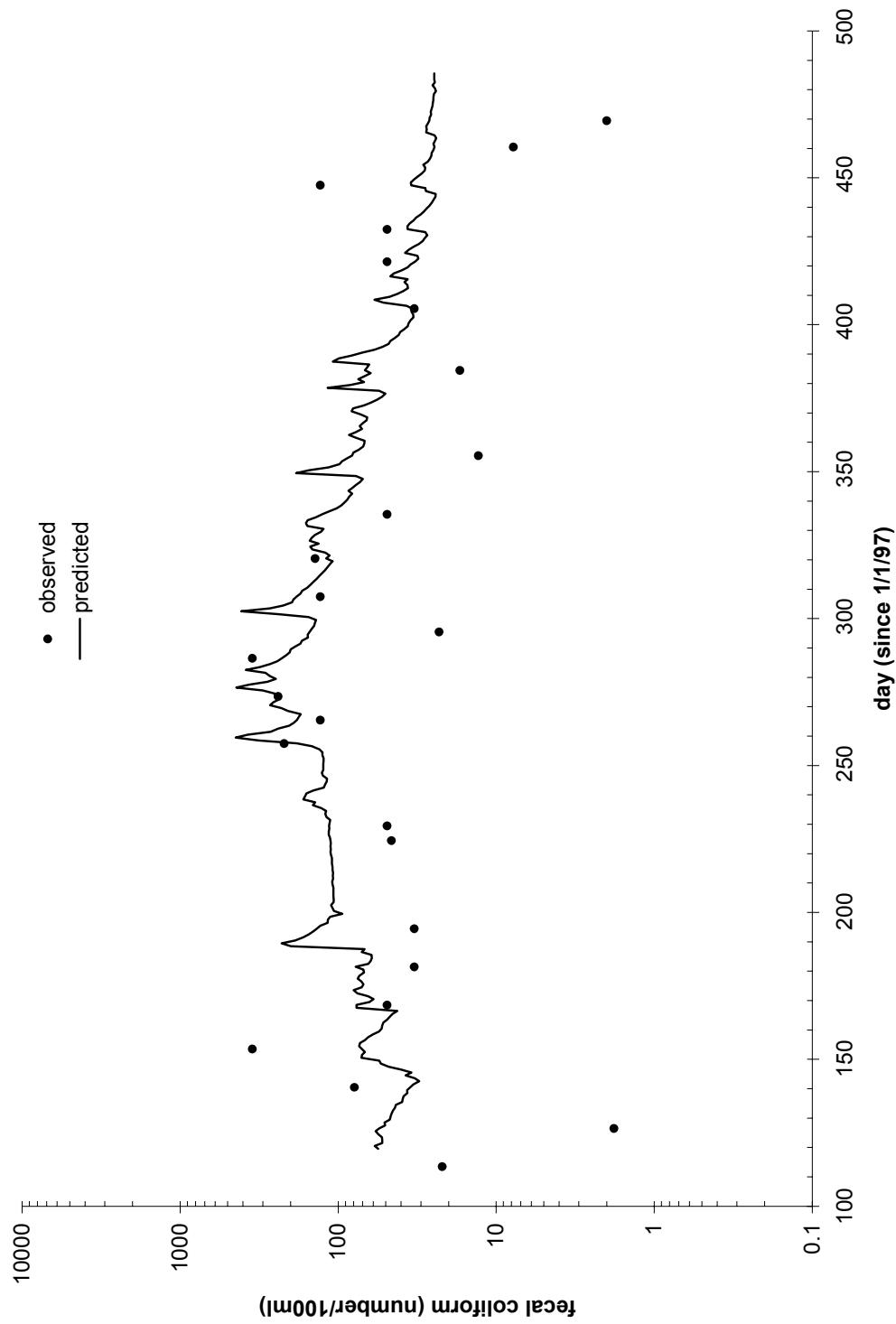
**Figure E8. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the East Fork Hoquiam River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 06-efhoq).**



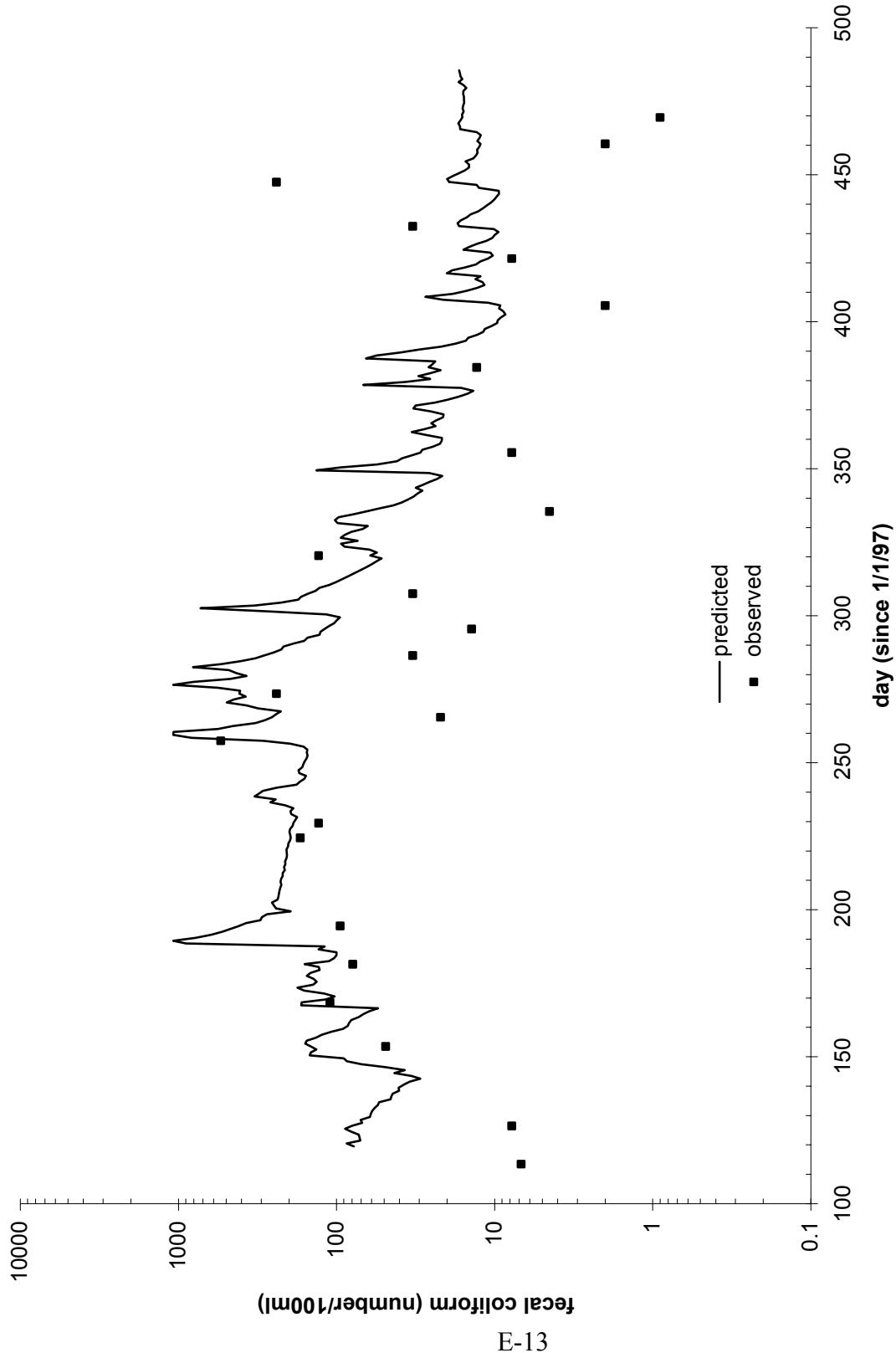
**Figure E9. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Hoquiam River at Hoquiam from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 07-hoq).**



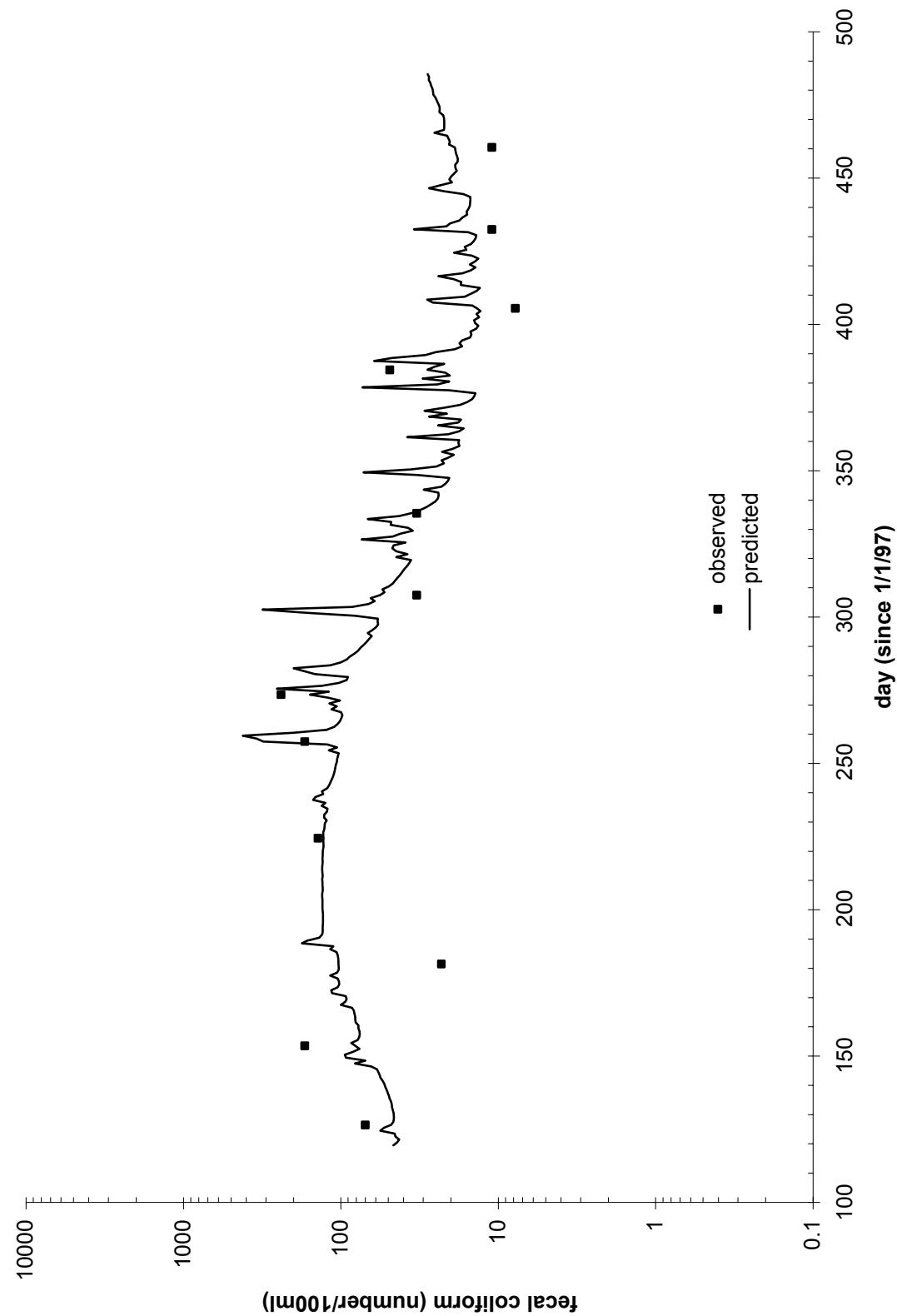
**Figure E10. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Wishkah River at Aberdeen from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 08-wish).**



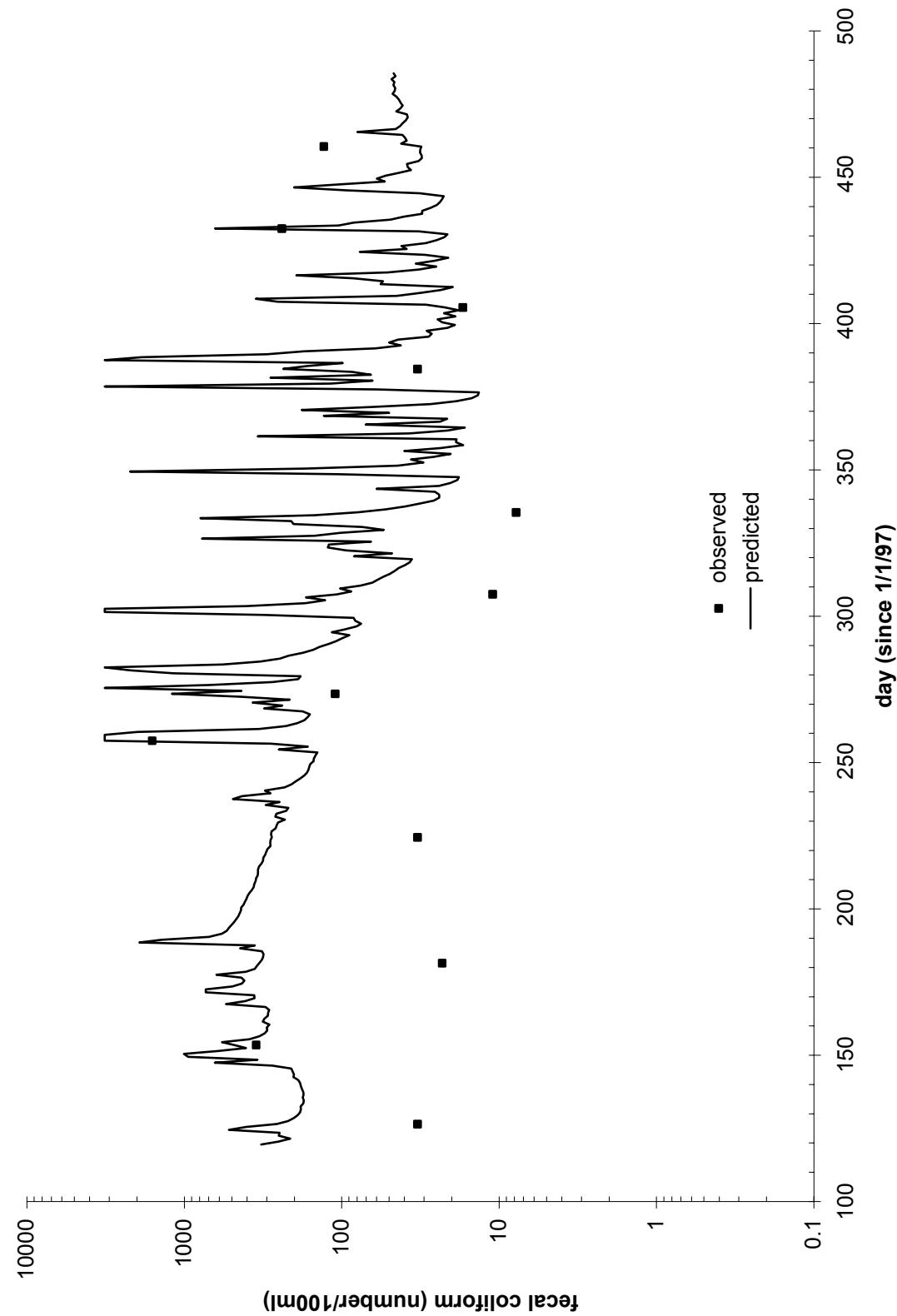
**Figure E11. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Wishkah River at Wishkah from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 09-wish).**



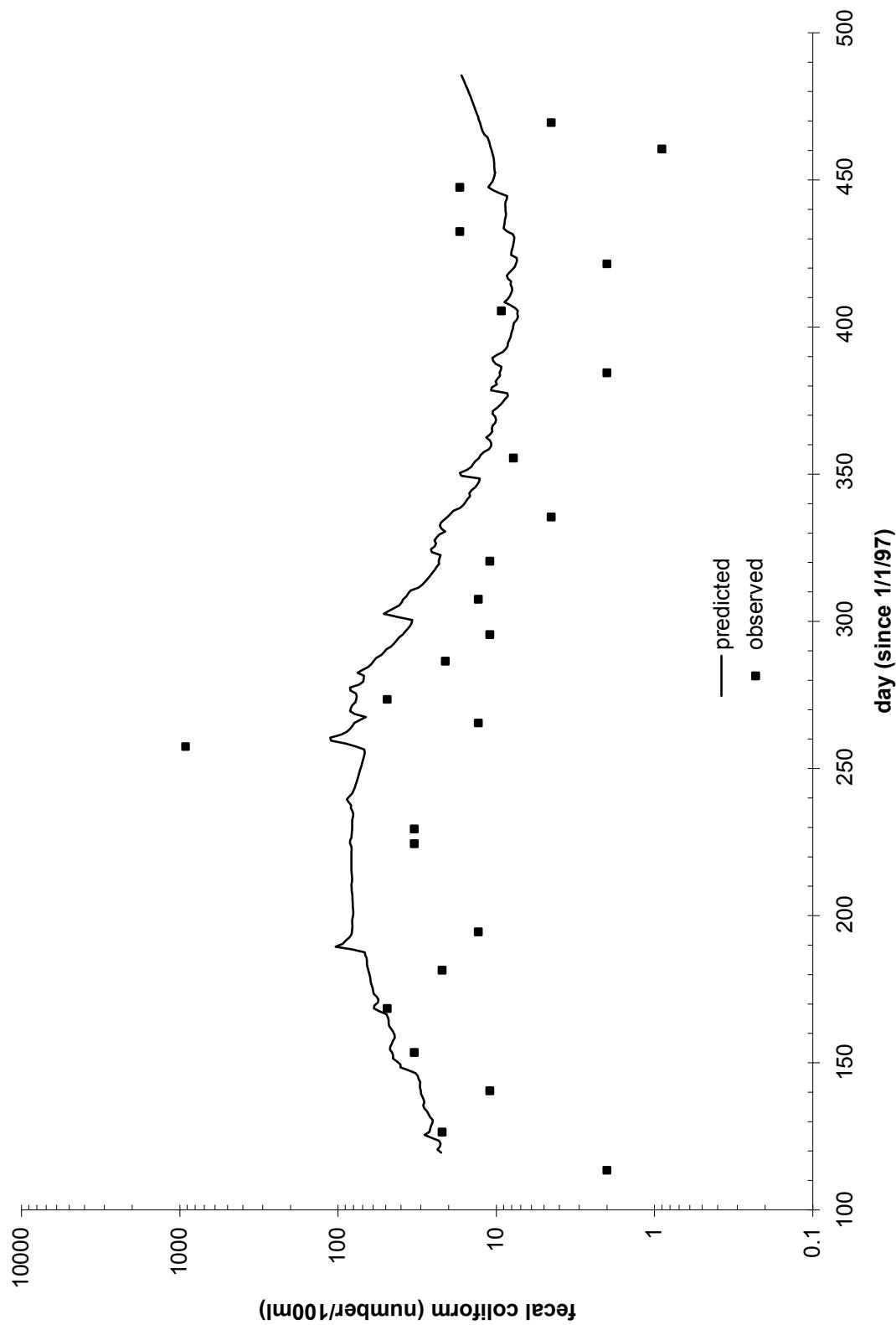
**Figure E12. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Elliot Slough from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 11-elli).**



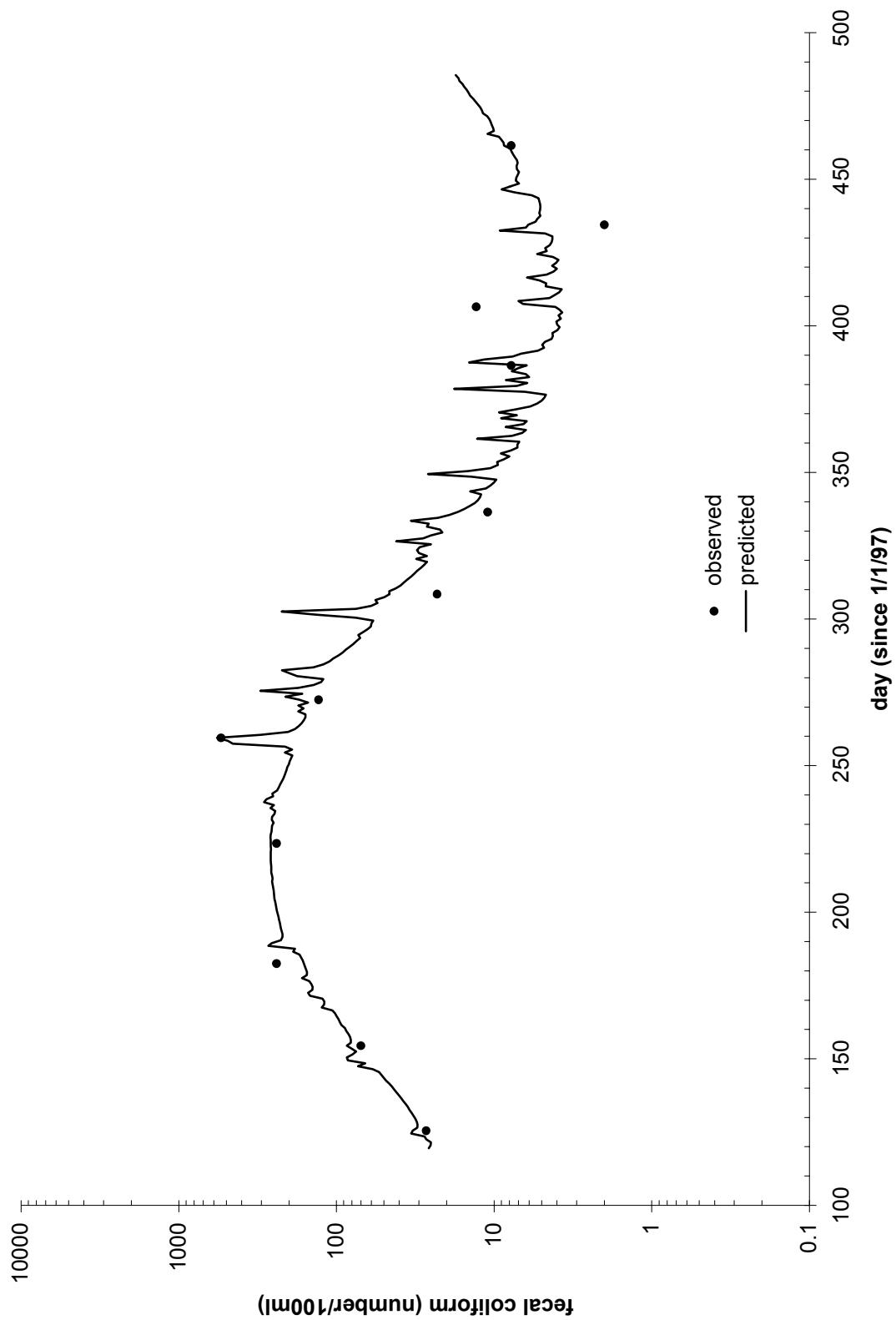
**Figure E13. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Central Park Cr from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 12-cent).**



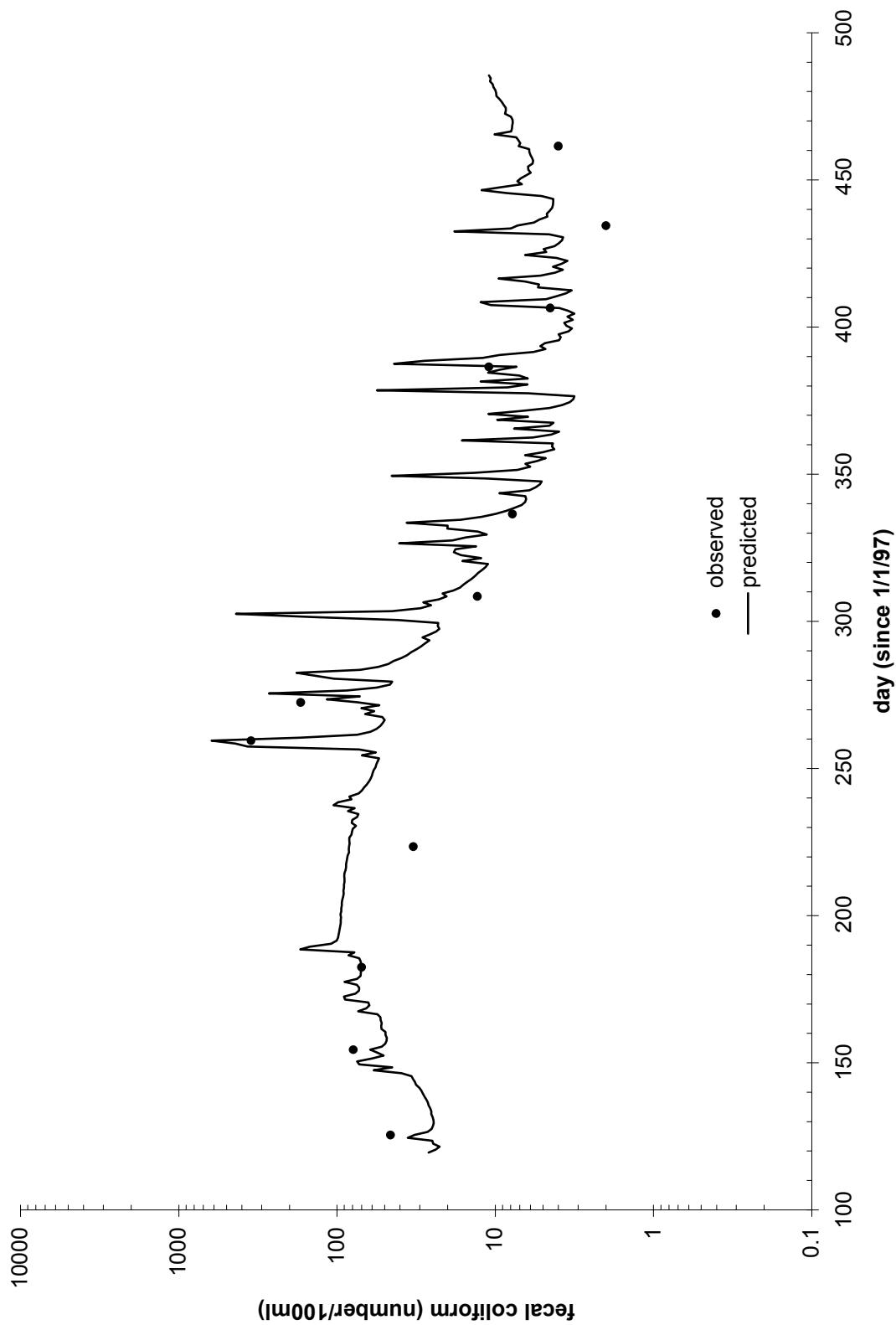
**Figure E14. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Wynaoochee River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 13-wyno).**



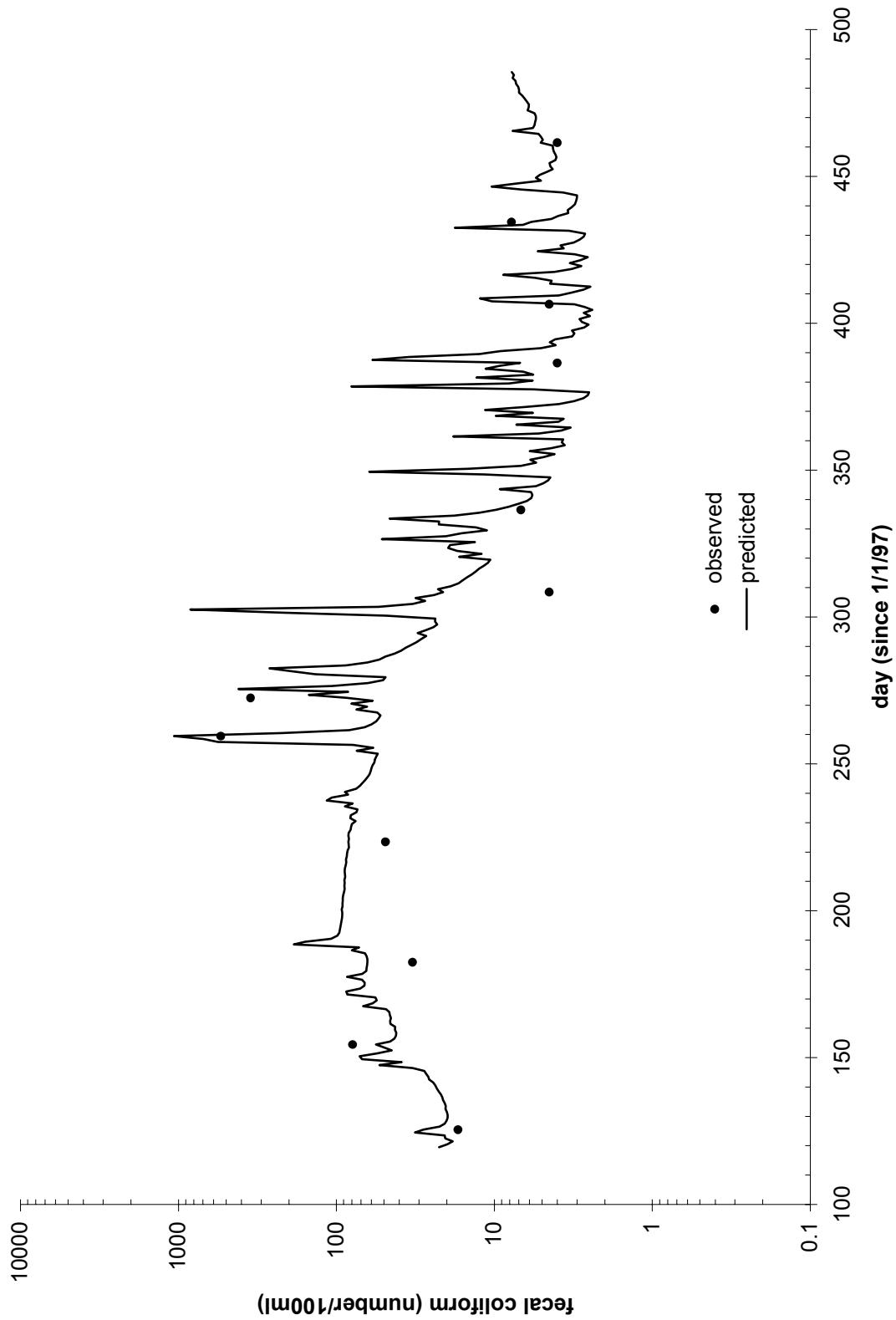
**Figure E15. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Charley Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 15-char).**



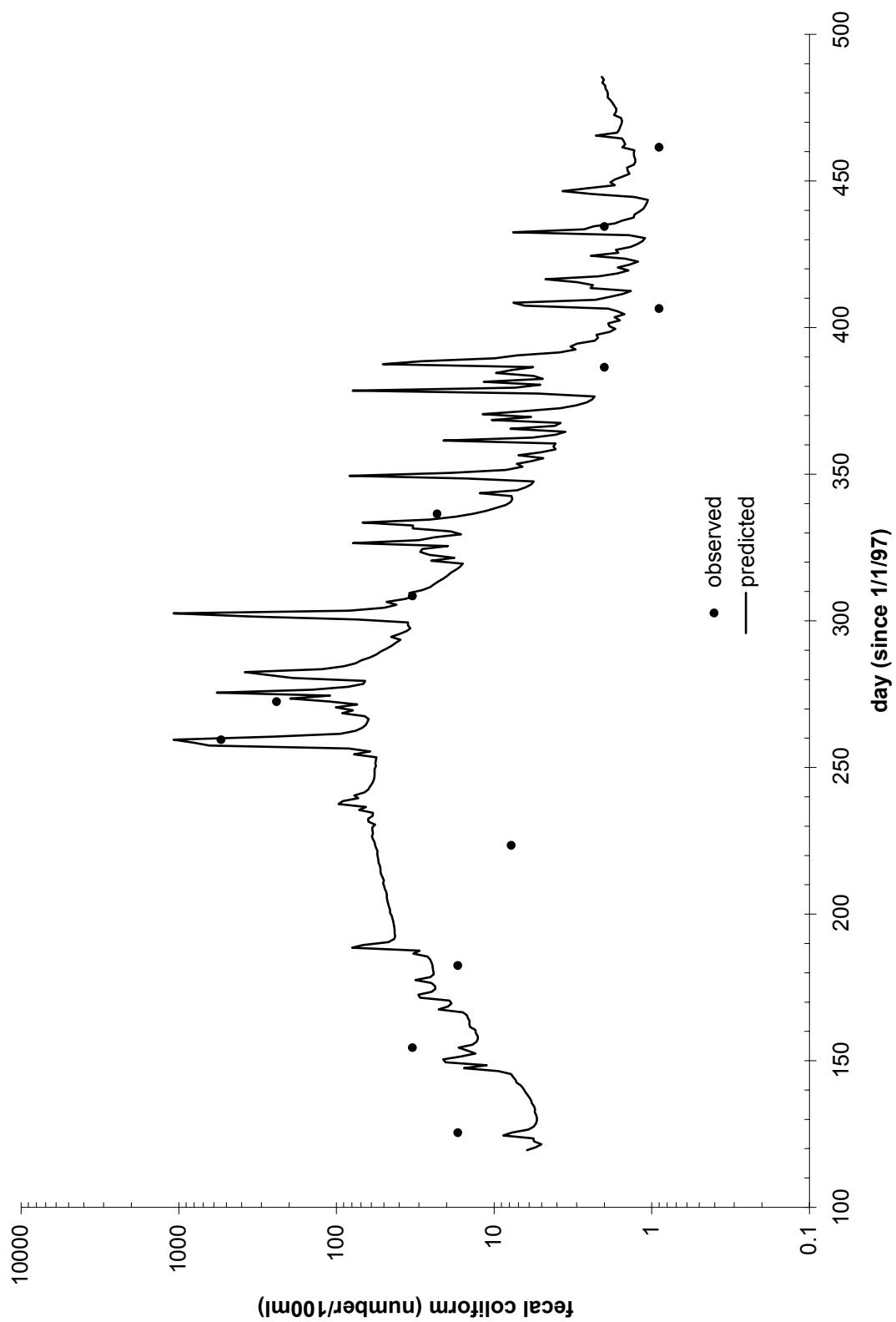
**Figure E16.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Newskah Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 16-news).



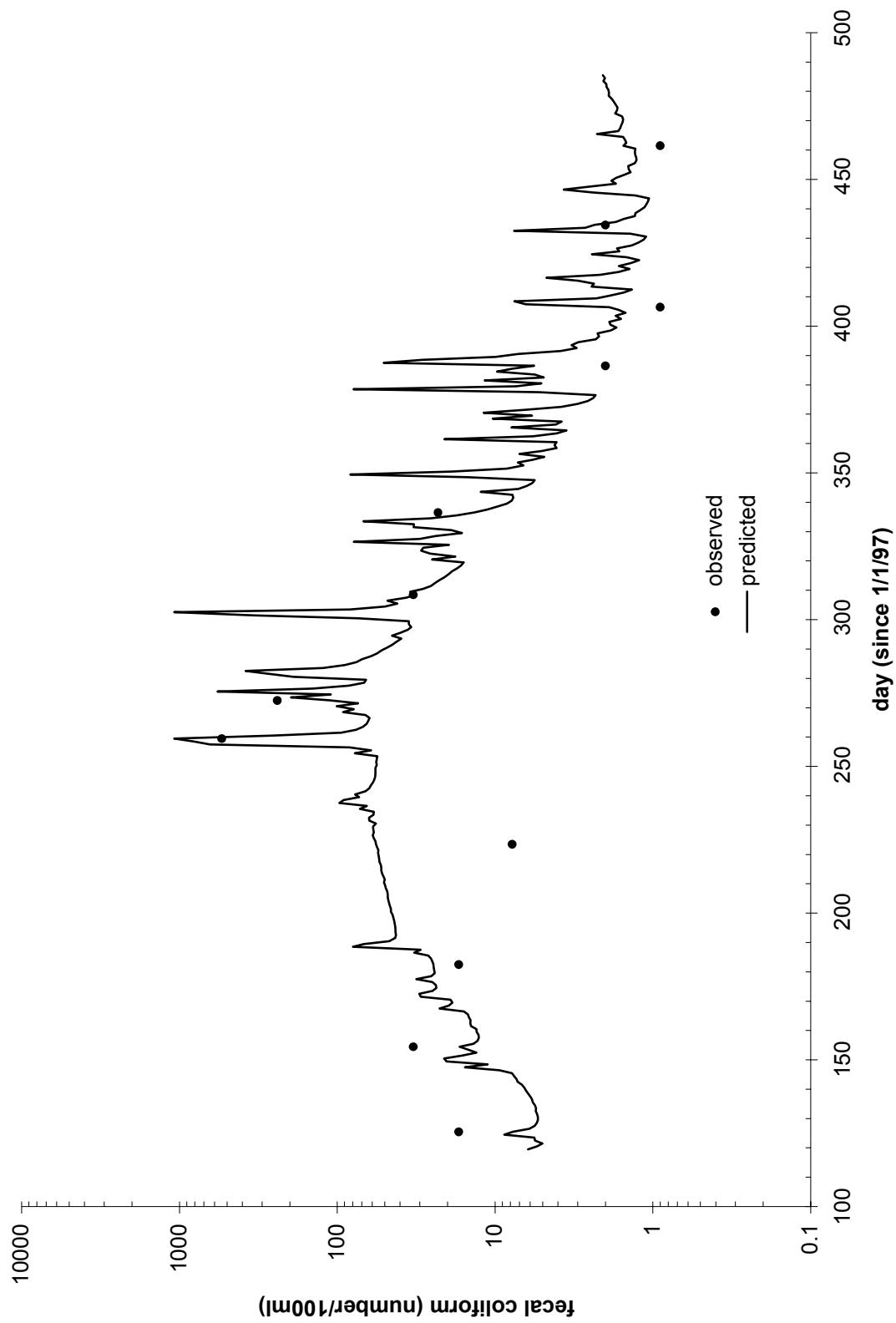
**Figure E17. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Chapin Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 17-chap).**



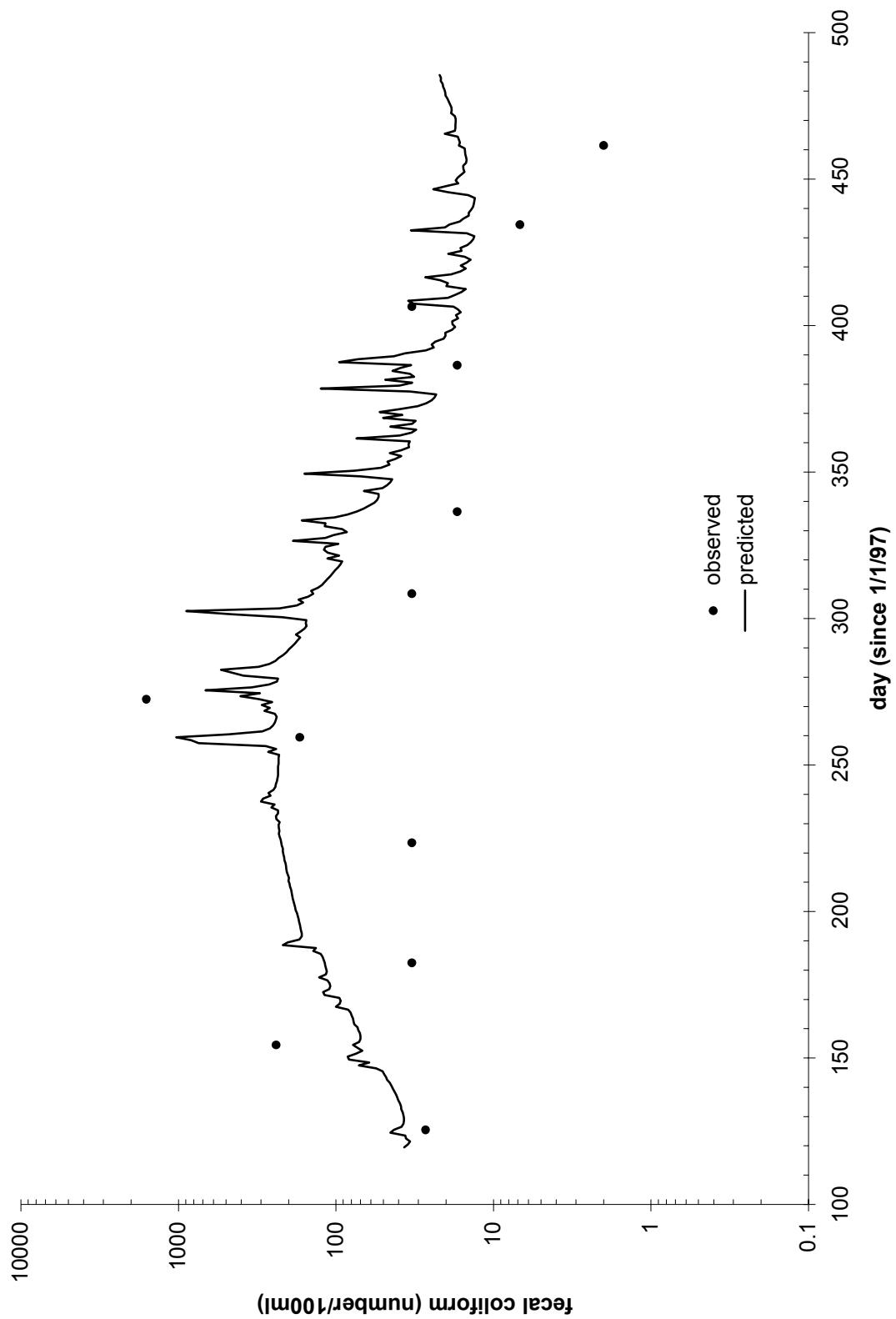
**Figure E18. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Campbell Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 18-camp).**



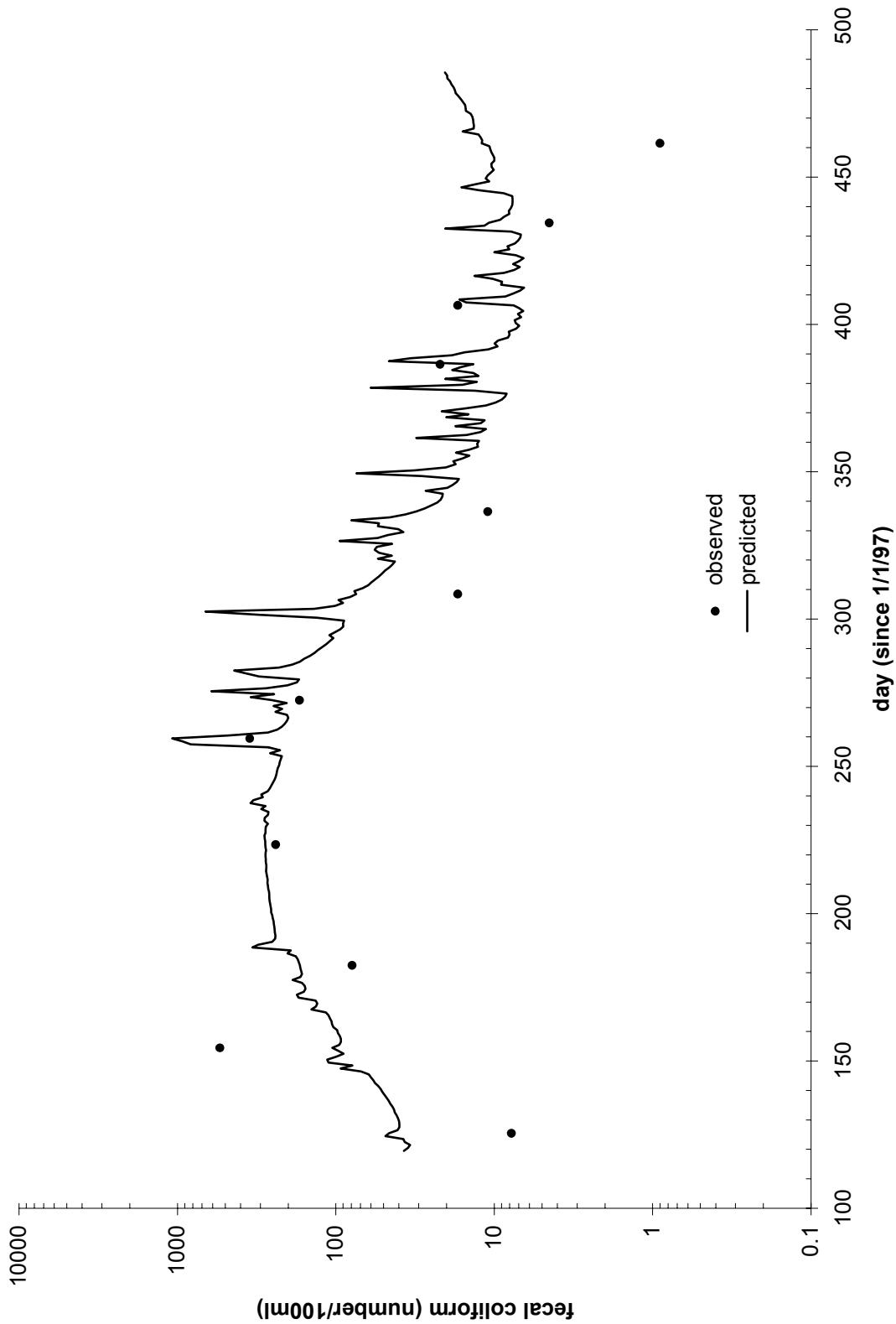
**Figure E18.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Campbell Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 18-camp).



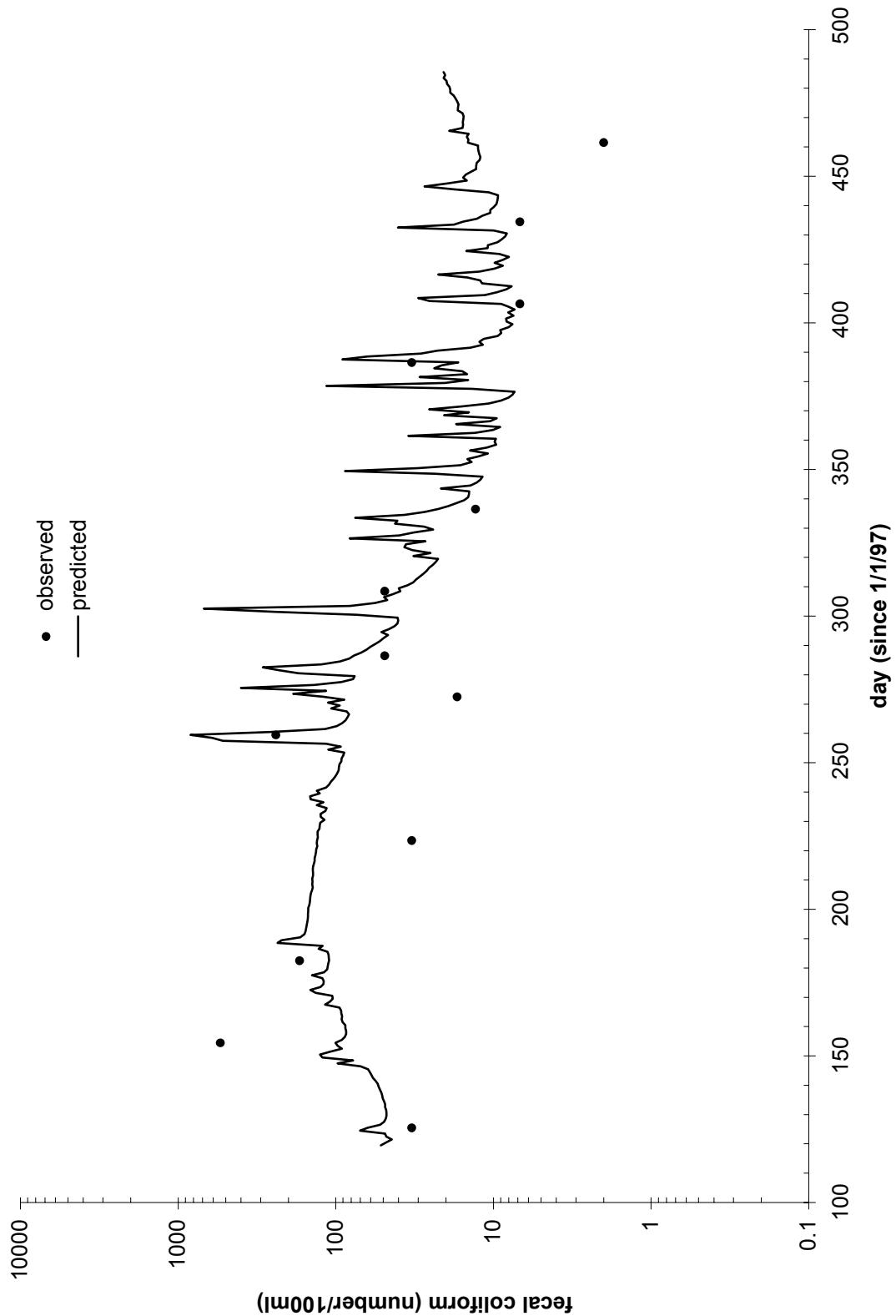
**Figure E20. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Stafford Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 20-staf).**



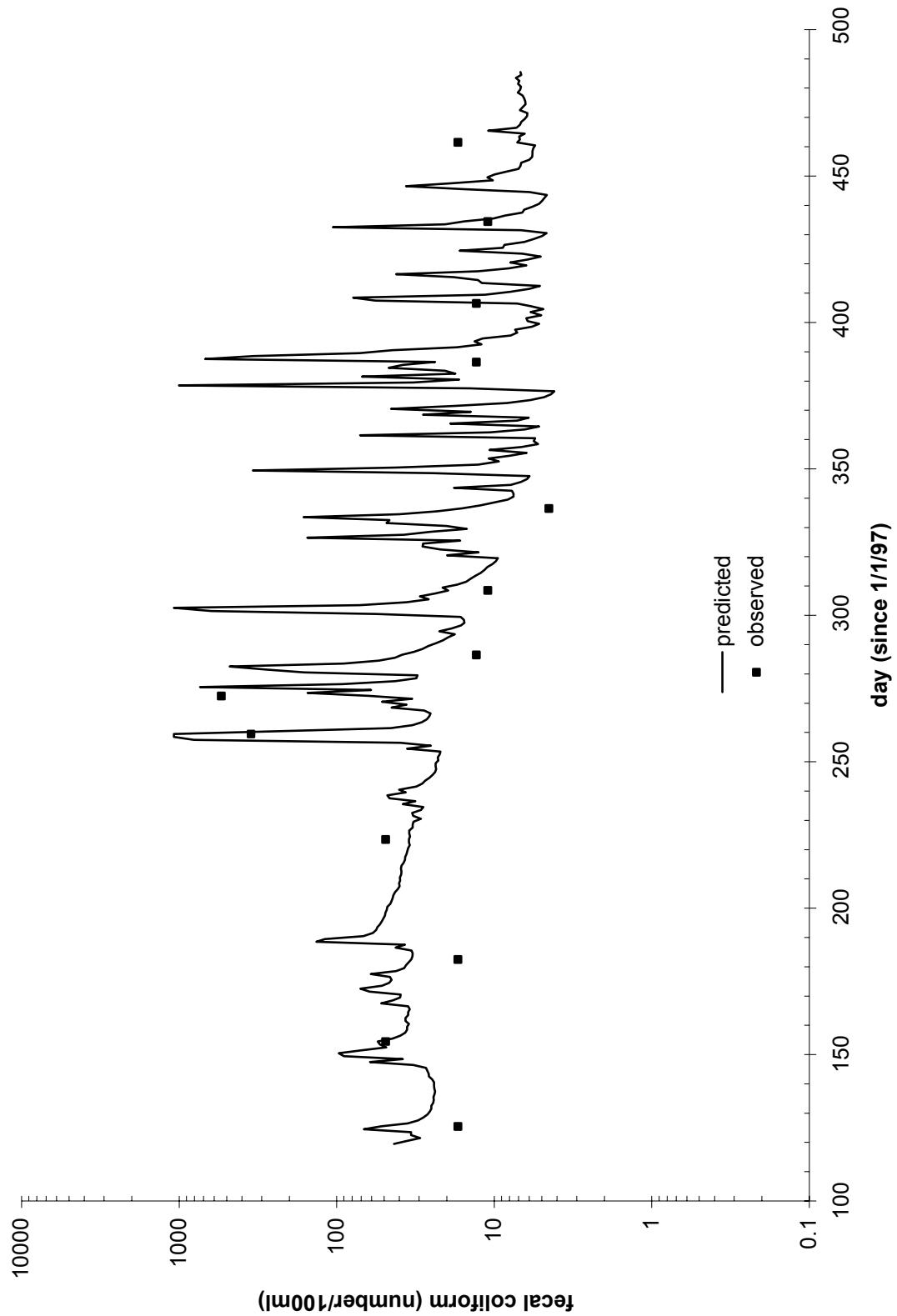
**Figure E21. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Oleary Creek from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 21-olea).**



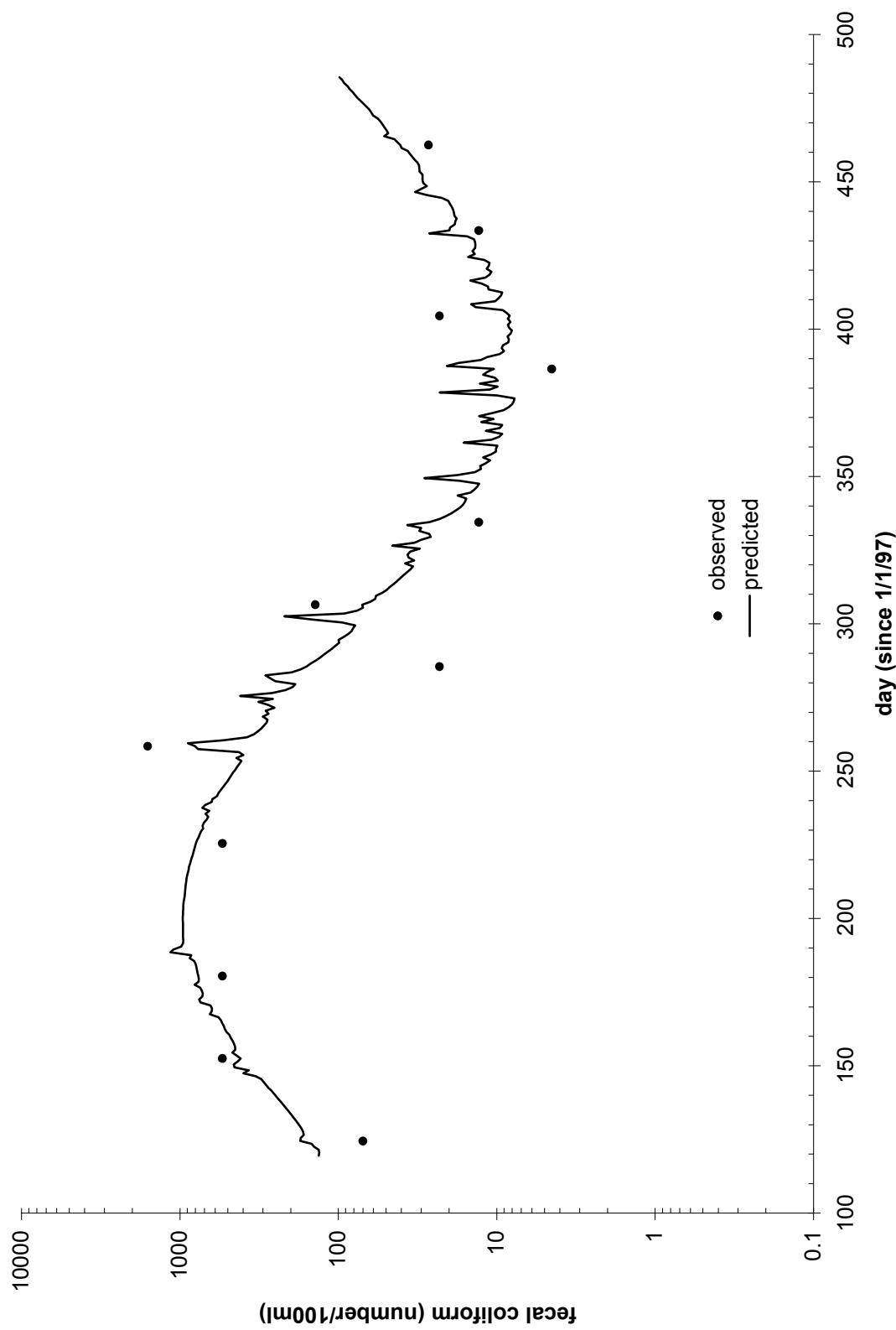
**Figure E22. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Johns River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 22-john).**



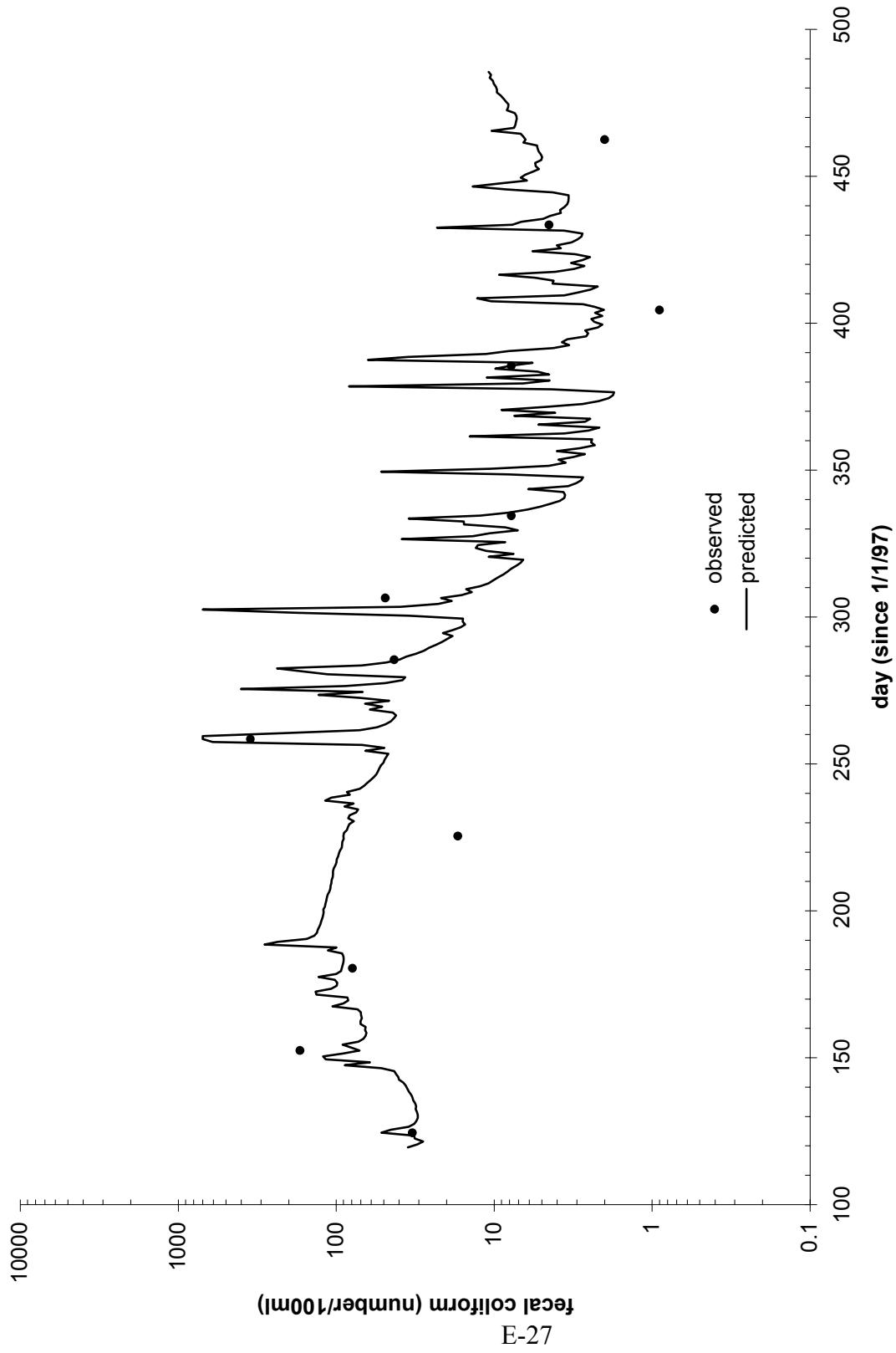
**Figure E23. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Johns River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 23-john).**



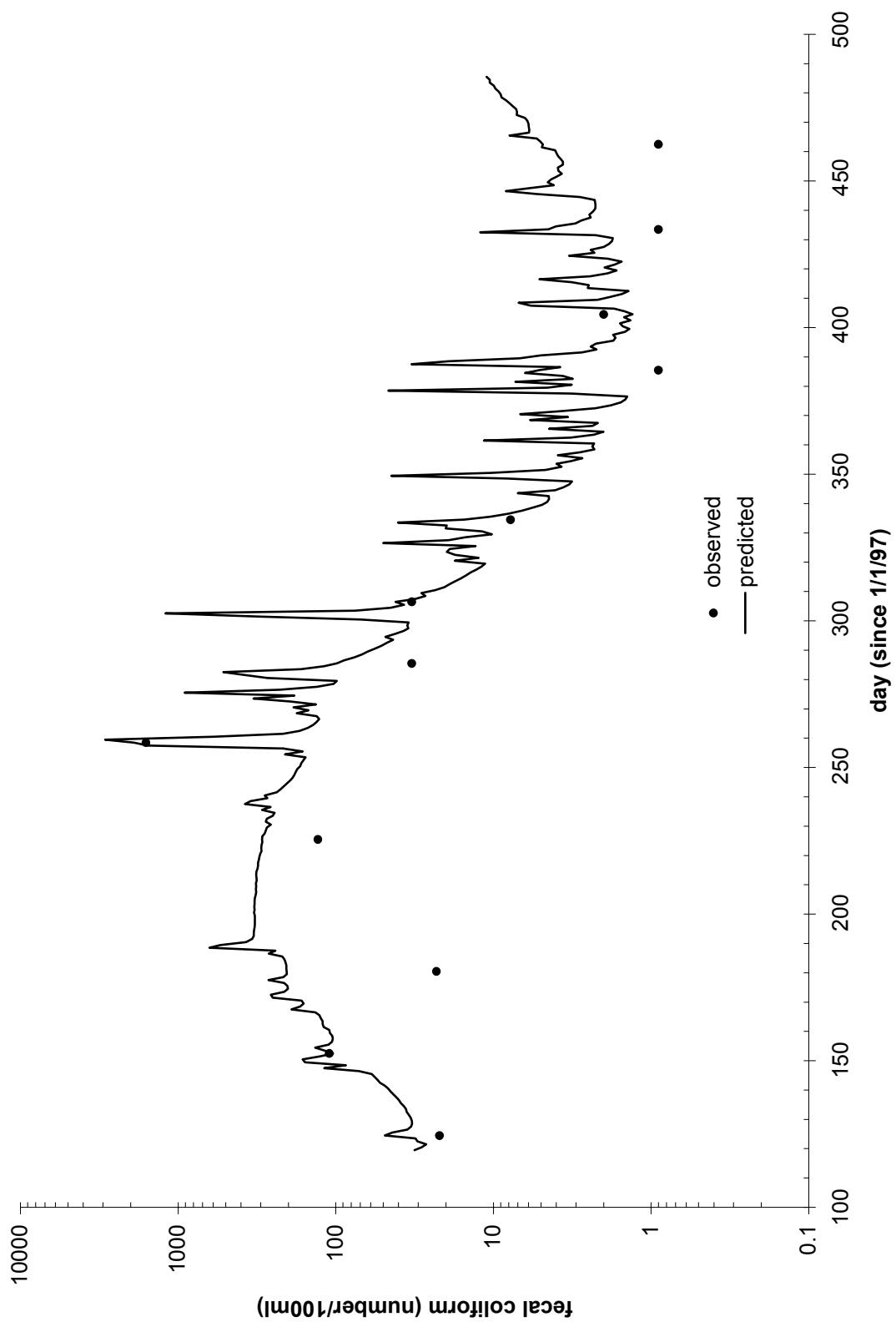
**Figure E24. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Redman Slough from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 24-redm).**



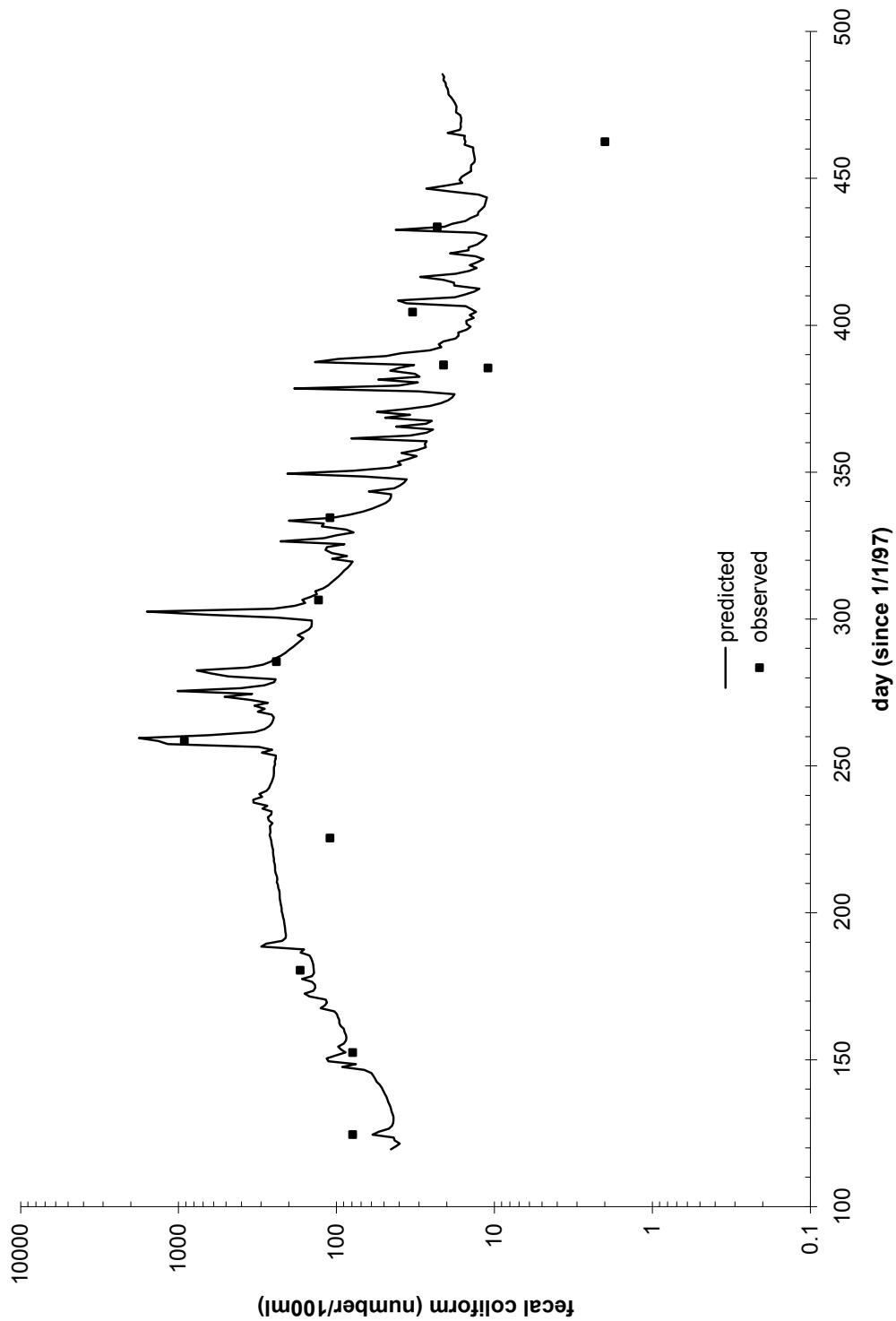
**Figure E25.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Dempsey Cr from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 25-demp).



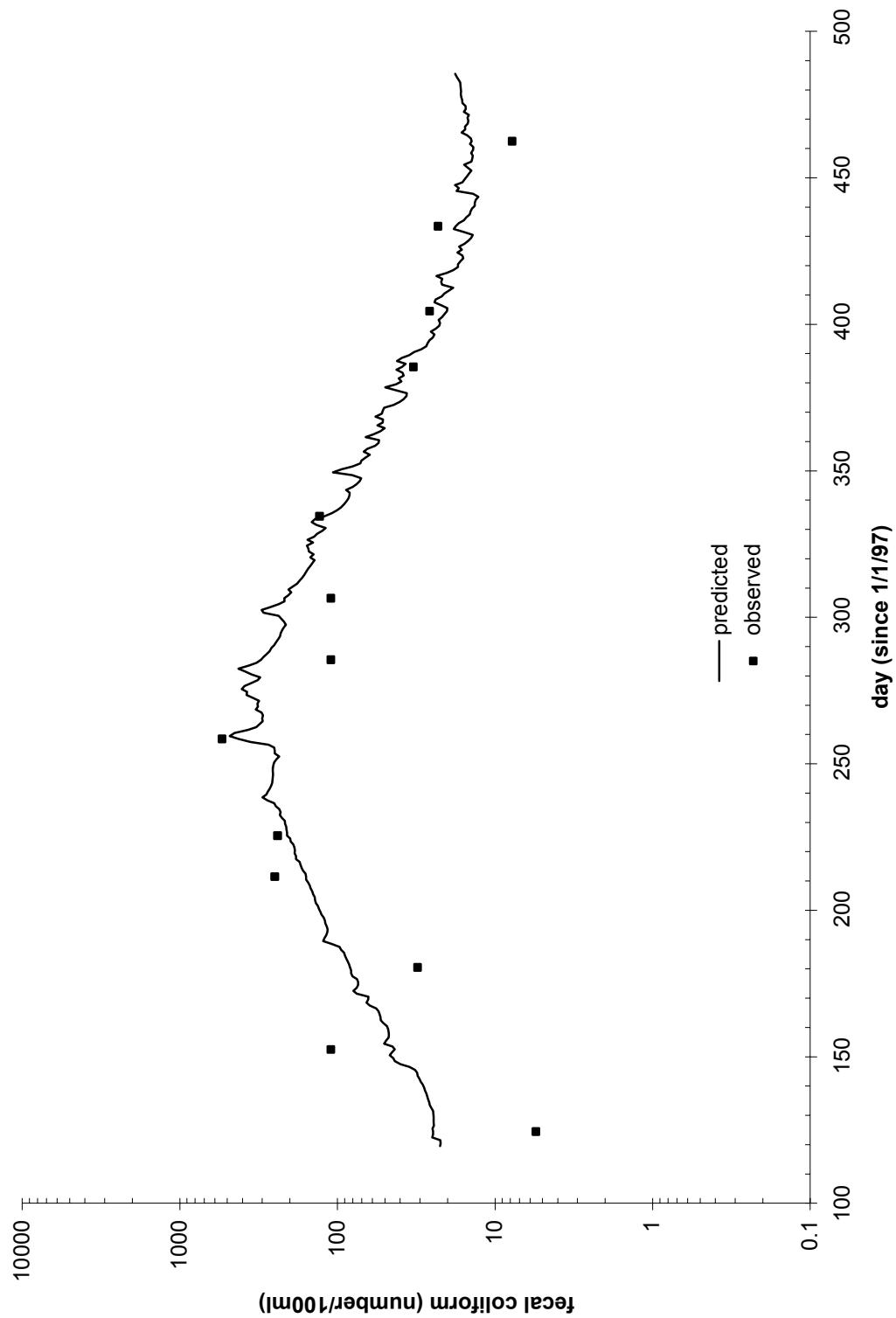
**Figure E26.** Predicted and observed fecal coliform in Barlow Cr from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 26-bar).



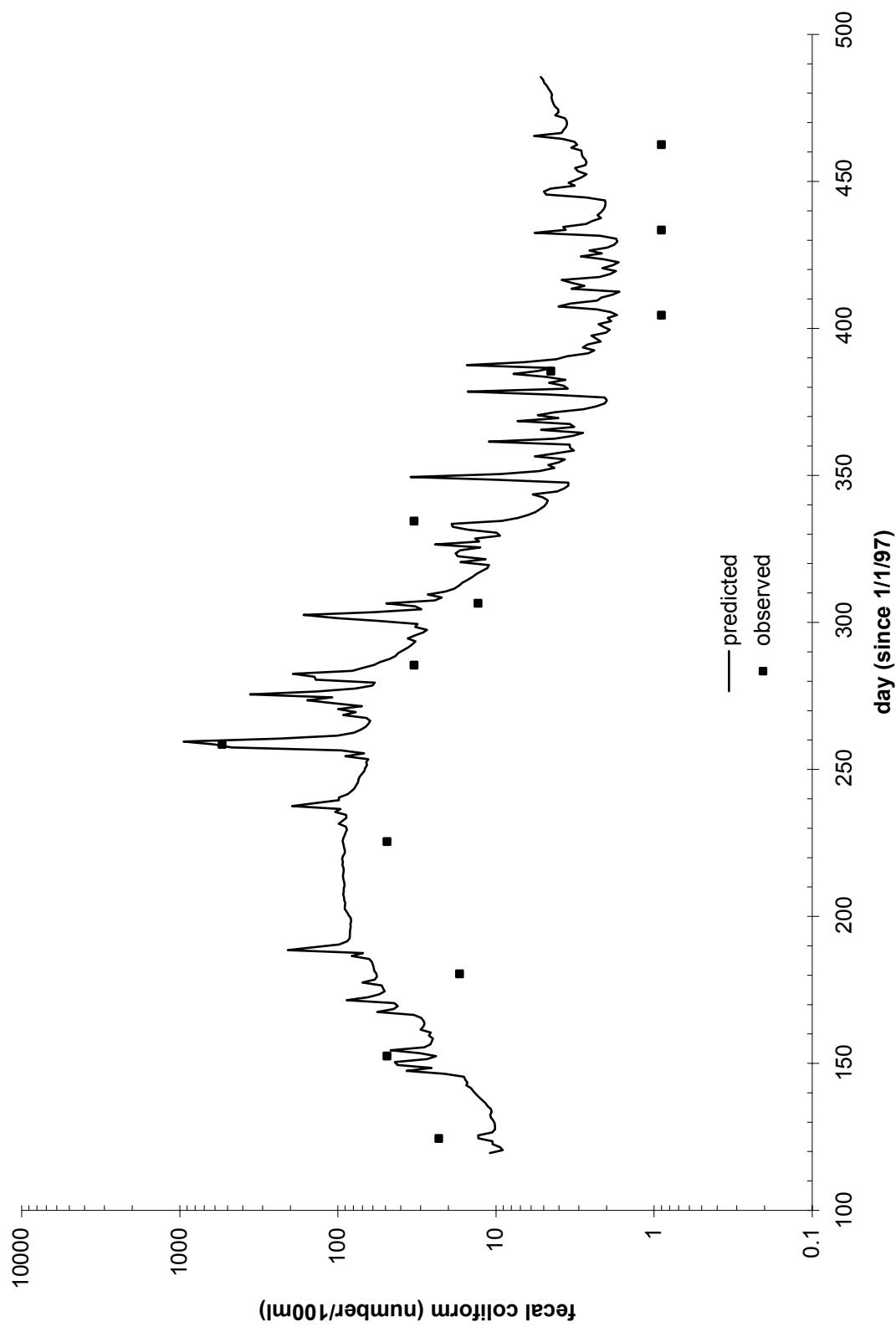
**Figure E27. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Elk River from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 27-elk).**



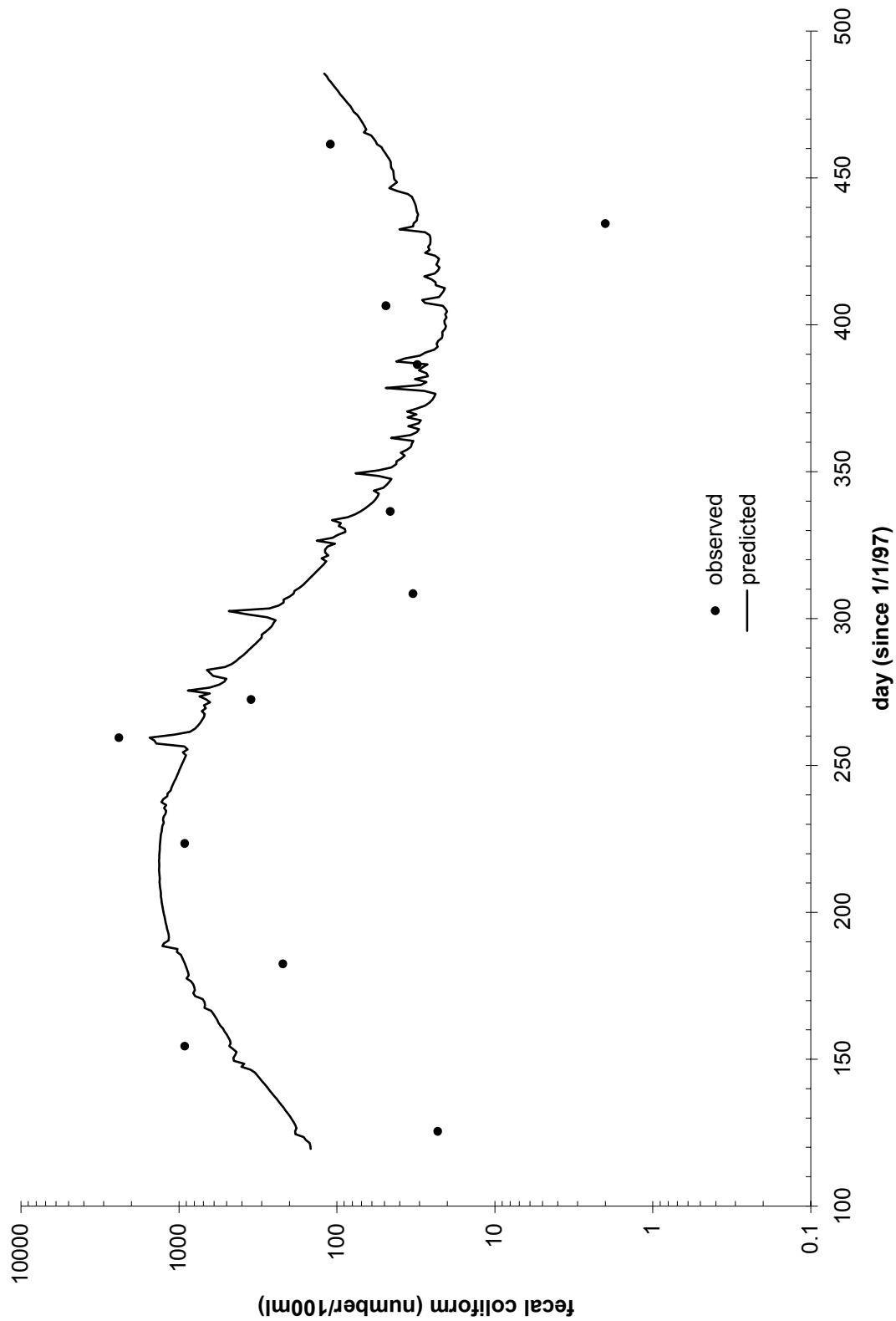
**Figure E28. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Grayland Ditch from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 32-ditch).**



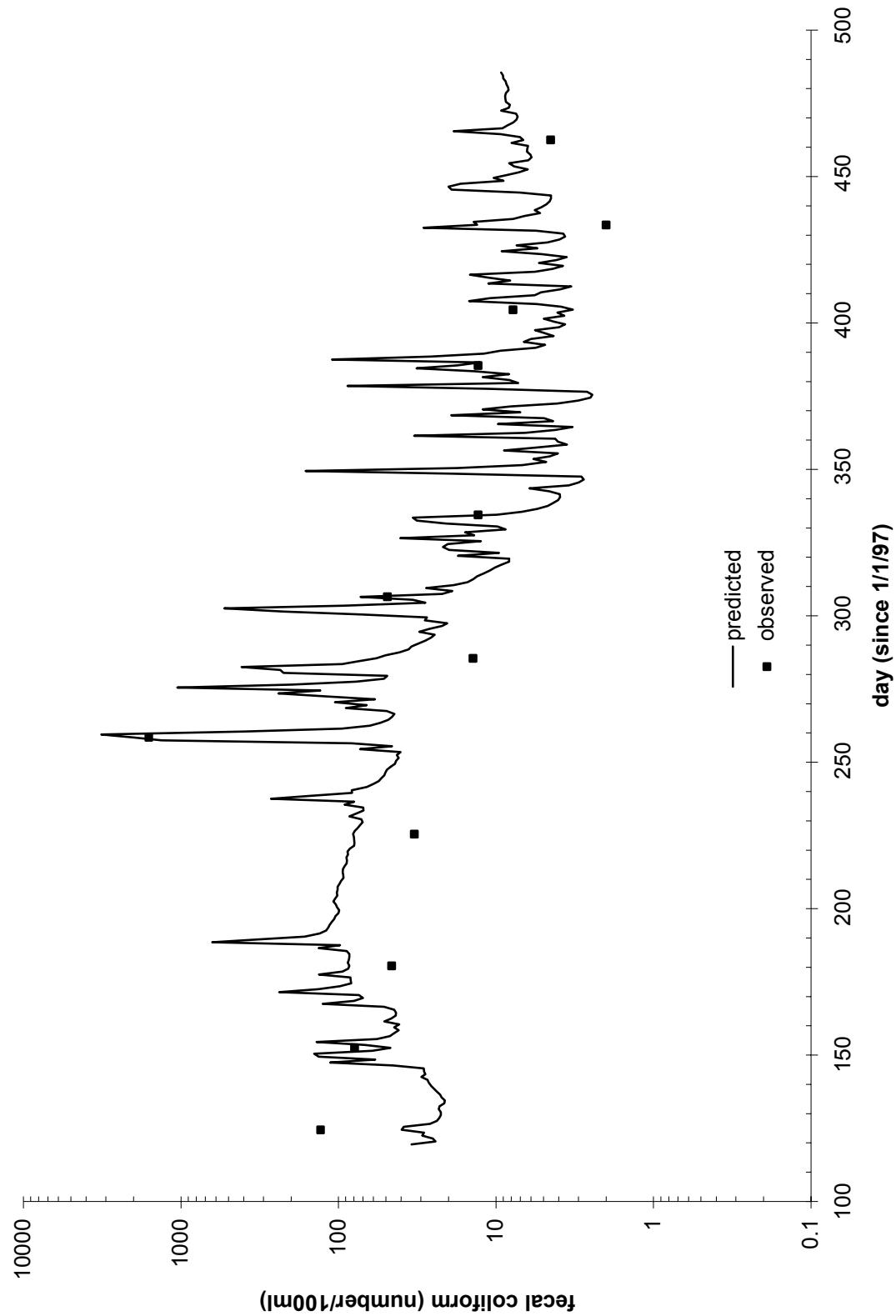
**Figure E29. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the West Fork Andrews Cr from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 36-wfand).**



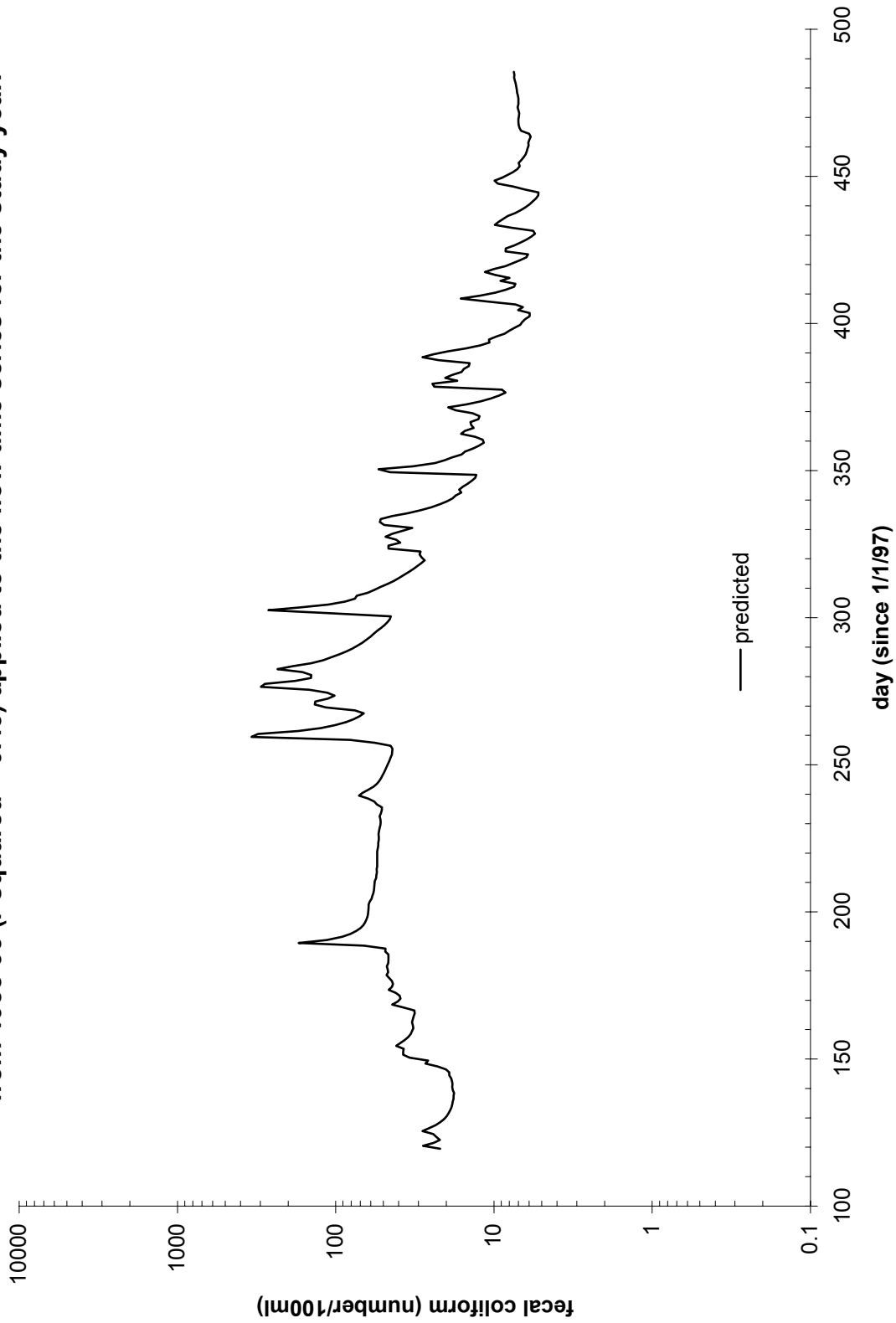
**Figure E30. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in un-named creek in Westport from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 35-west).**



**Figure E31. Predicted and observed fecal coliform in the Andrews Cr from 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 37-andr).**



**Figure E32. Predicted fecal coliform in the Satsop River during the 5/1/97 - 4/30/98 (station 22G070). Predicted fecal coliform is based on a regression model of data from 1988-93 ( $r^2 = 0.45$ ) applied to the flow time series for the study year.**



## **Appendix F. Sensitivity analysis of the water quality model predictions to various estimated contributions of fecal coliform from wildlife within Grays Harbor.**

Weyerhaeuser provided an estimate of fecal coliform loading from wildlife within Grays Harbor of  $1 \times 10^{14}$  colonies per day, based on the estimated population of seals, and estimates of the fecal coliform loading per animal. Weyerhaeuser also suggested that the wildlife contribution could be significantly higher than  $1 \times 10^{14}$  colonies per day after other species are accounted for.

Ecology attempted to recalibrate the model of Grays Harbor using Weyerhaeuser's estimate of loading from wildlife. The estimated wildlife load of  $1 \times 10^{14}$  colonies per day of fecal coliform was divided evenly based on surface areas of the model segments within Grays Harbor to approximate a uniform loading per unit of area across the harbor. Various fecal coliform die-off rates were then used in an attempt to re-calibrate the model. The tributary flows and loads, and all other conditions, were kept the same as the estimates for the study year as presented in the report.

Figure F-1 presents a comparison of predicted and observed distributions of fecal coliform in Grays Harbor for the 5/1/97 – 4/30/98 calibration period, assuming that wildlife in Grays Harbor contributes approximately  $1 \times 10^{14}$  colonies per day. Predicted fecal coliform is shown for assumed die-off rates of 0.4, 1.0, and 2.0 per day (at 20 degrees C) in Figure F-1b. Die-off rates were adjusted to the ambient temperature in the model of Grays Harbor.

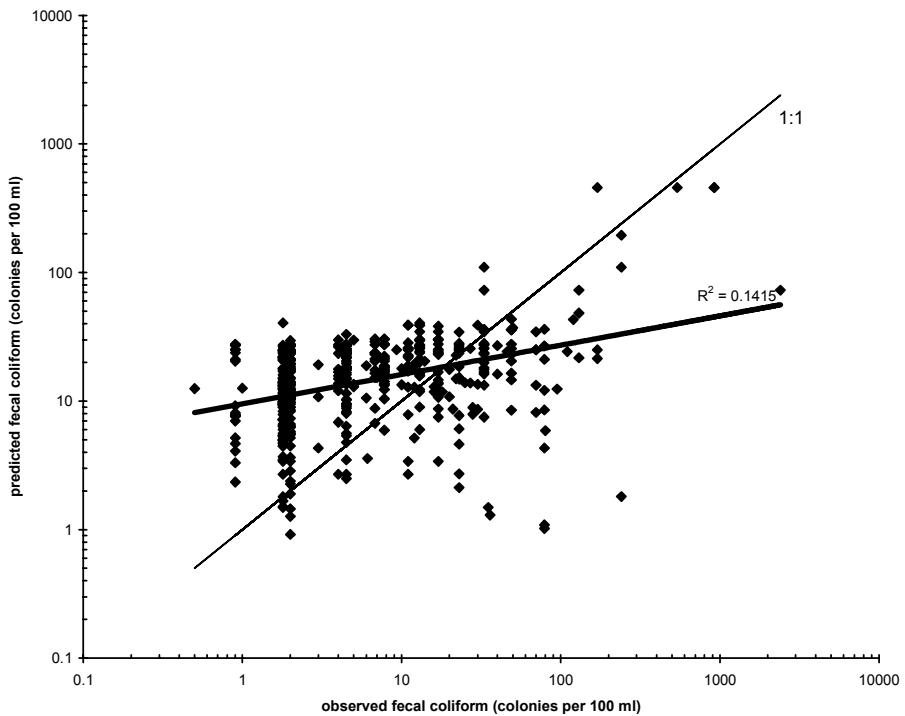
The results in Figure F-1 show that the predicted fecal coliform distribution does not match the observed fecal coliform using Weyerhaeuser's estimated wildlife loads. In general, the estimated wildlife load causes an over-estimation of the fecal coliform concentrations in Grays Harbor when reasonable estimates of die-off are used. When a very high estimate of die-off of 2 per day was used in an attempt to decrease the predicted concentrations, the model under-estimated the highest concentrations and over-estimated the lowest concentrations. These results, and subsequent model runs using estimated wildlife loading of  $1 \times 10^{13}$  and  $1 \times 10^{12}$  colonies per day (Figures F-2 and F-3), show that Weyerhaeuser's estimate of wildlife loading greatly over-estimates the effective contribution from wildlife, probably by a factor of about 100 or more. Possible explanations for the over-estimation of the wildlife contribution include uncertainty in estimating the loads per animal, and possible rapid settling of fecal material.

In contrast to the results in Figure F-1 of this appendix, the model calibration shown in Figure 39 of the report shows that Ecology's model predictions represent the observed data very well. Ecology's calibration of the model presented in the report implicitly accounts for the contribution of wildlife by solving for the apparent die-off rate that represents a balance between internal processes that could increase the fecal coliform concentration (for example wildlife sources), and processes that affect the disappearance rates of fecal coliform. Comparison of Figure 39 in the report with Figures F-1, F-2, and F-3 shows that Ecology's implicit method of accounting for wildlife sources is more accurate than attempting to directly estimate loads based

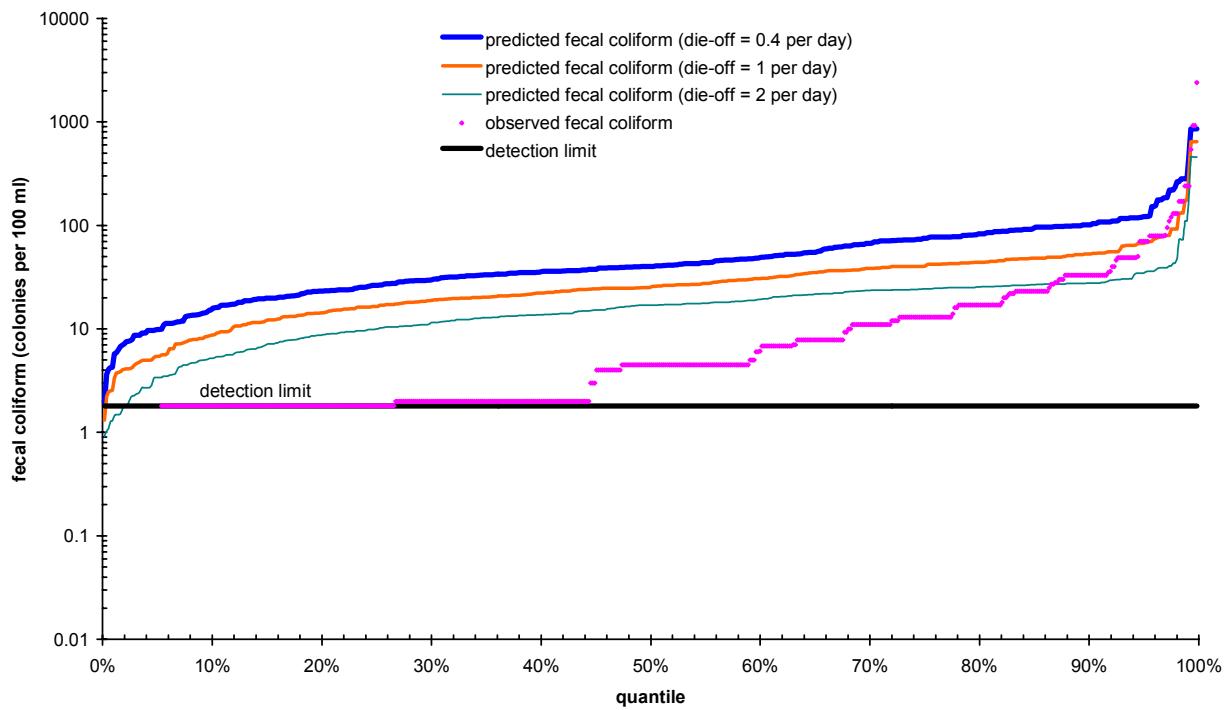
on estimated populations of various species of animals. The model calibration presented in the report is considered to adequately represent wildlife sources, and wildlife sources are probably not significant compared with tributary loading sources, considering that:

- the model calibration presented in the report shows good agreement between predicted and observed concentrations,
- the apparent die-off rate of 0.4 per day is within a reasonable range reported in the literature,
- direct estimates of wildlife loading were shown to greatly over-estimate the effective loading and would probably have an uncertainty of about a factor of 100 or more,
- Ecology does not recommend reductions in wildlife populations within Grays Harbor.

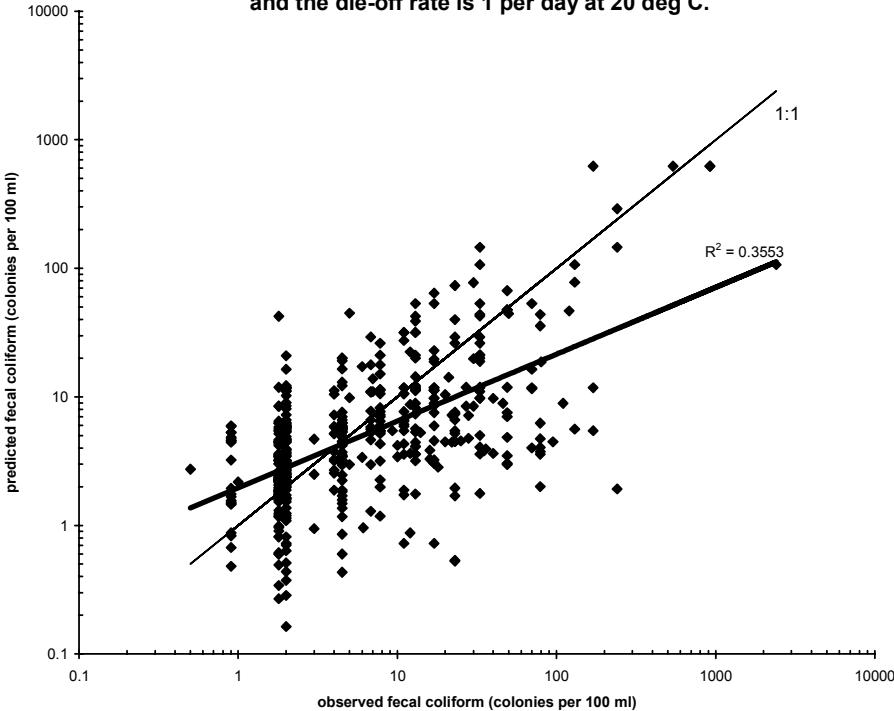
**Figure F-1a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform in Grays Harbor at all stations, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98, assuming that the wildlife load is 1e14 colonies per day and the die-off rate is 2 per day at 20 deg C.**



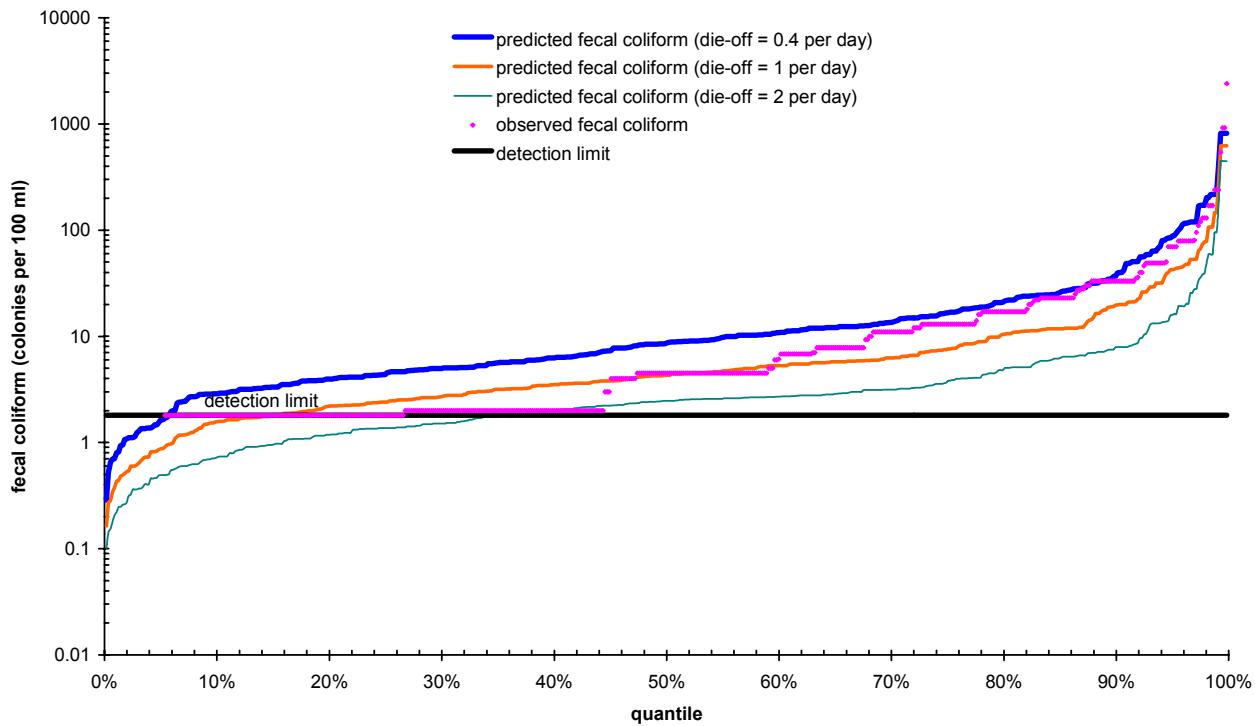
**Figure F-1b. Comparison of quantiles of observed and predicted fecal coliform at all stations in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98, assuming that the wildlife fecal coliform loading is 1e14 colonies per day.**



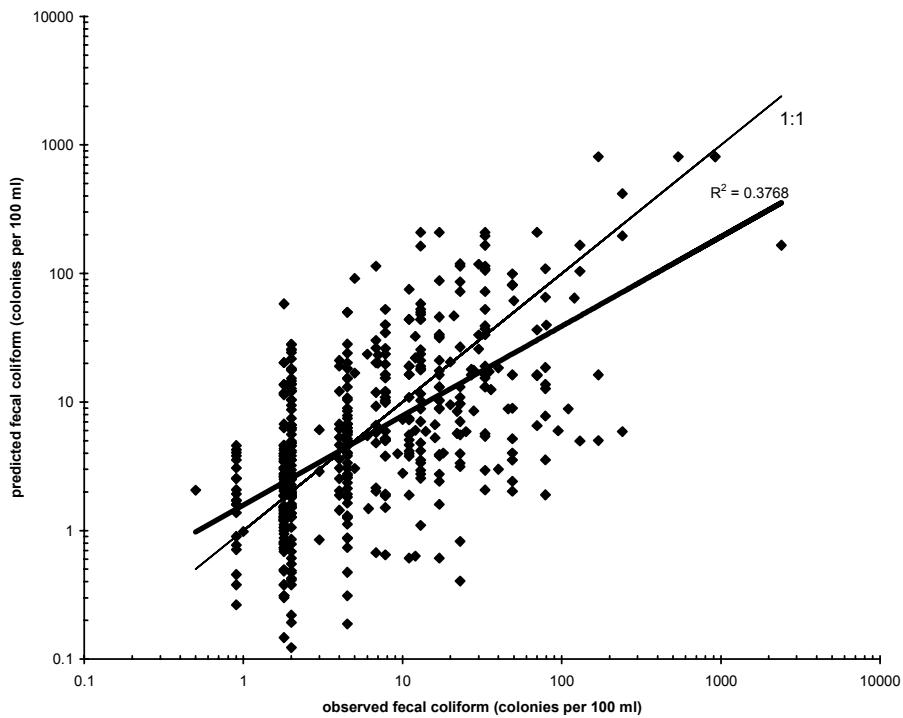
**Figure F-2a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform in Grays Harbor  
at all stations, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98,  
assuming that the wildlife load is  $1e13$  colonies per day  
and the die-off rate is 1 per day at 20 deg C.**



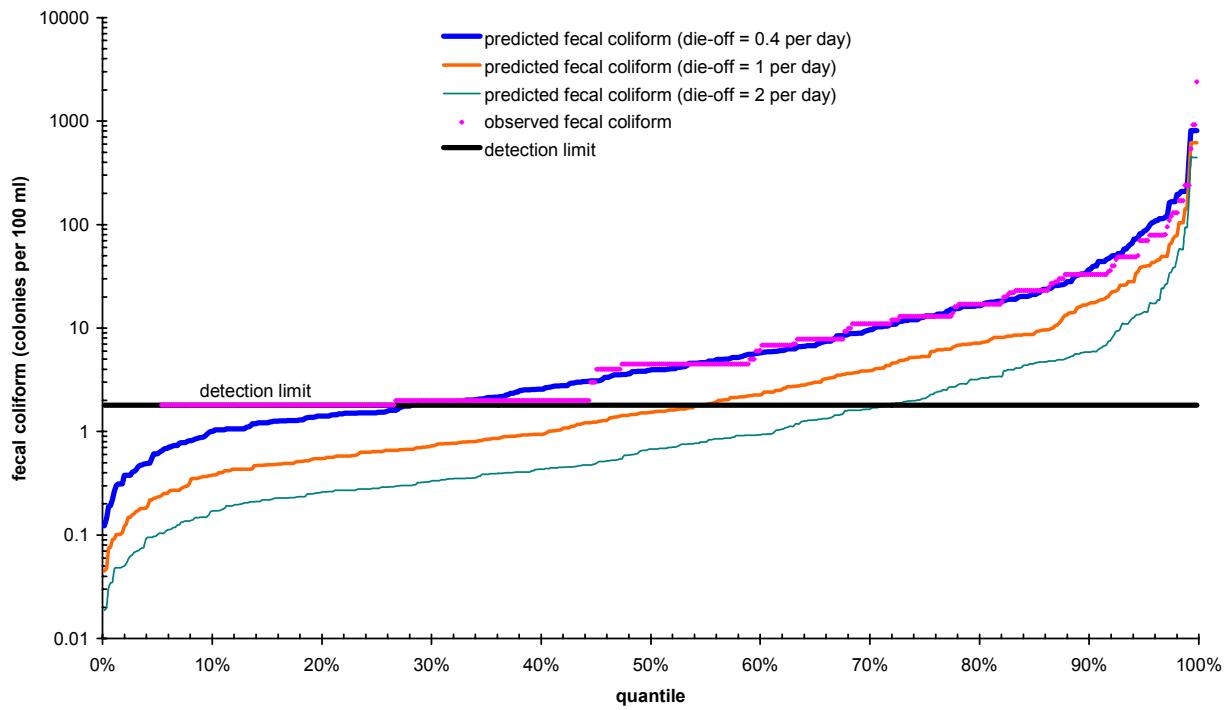
**Figure F-2b. Comparison of quantiles of observed and predicted fecal coliform  
at all stations in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98,  
assuming that the wildlife fecal coliform loading is  $1e13$  colonies per day.**



**Figure F-3a. Comparison of predicted and observed fecal coliform in Grays Harbor at all stations, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98, assuming that the wildlife load is  $1e12$  colonies per day and the die-off rate is 0.4 per day at 20 deg C.**



**Figure F-3b. Comparison of quantiles of observed and predicted fecal coliform at all stations in Grays Harbor, 5/1/97 - 4/30/98, assuming that the wildlife fecal coliform loading is  $1e12$  colonies per day.**





## **Appendix G. Animation of monthly geometric means of predicted hourly fecal coliform during the study period of May 1997 through April 1998.**

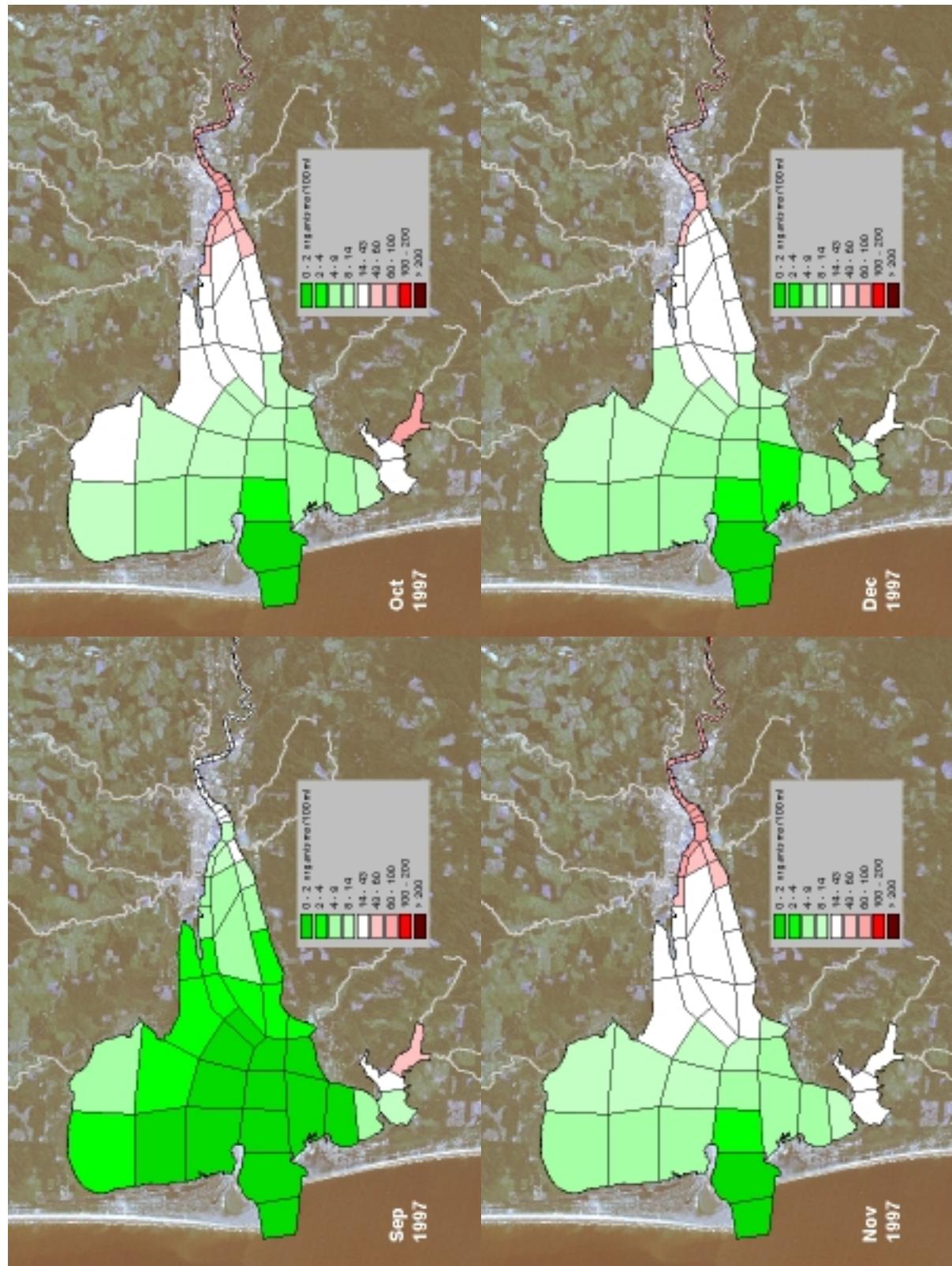
The color printouts in this appendix show selected frames of an animation of the monthly geometric means of predicted hourly fecal coliform during the study period of May 1997 through April 1998. The animations are available for viewing on the Internet at Ecology's website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wrias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>

The electronic files for the project appendices are also available on request to:

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G-2



## **Appendix H. Animation of monthly 90th percentiles of predicted hourly fecal coliform during the study period of May 1997 through April 1998.**

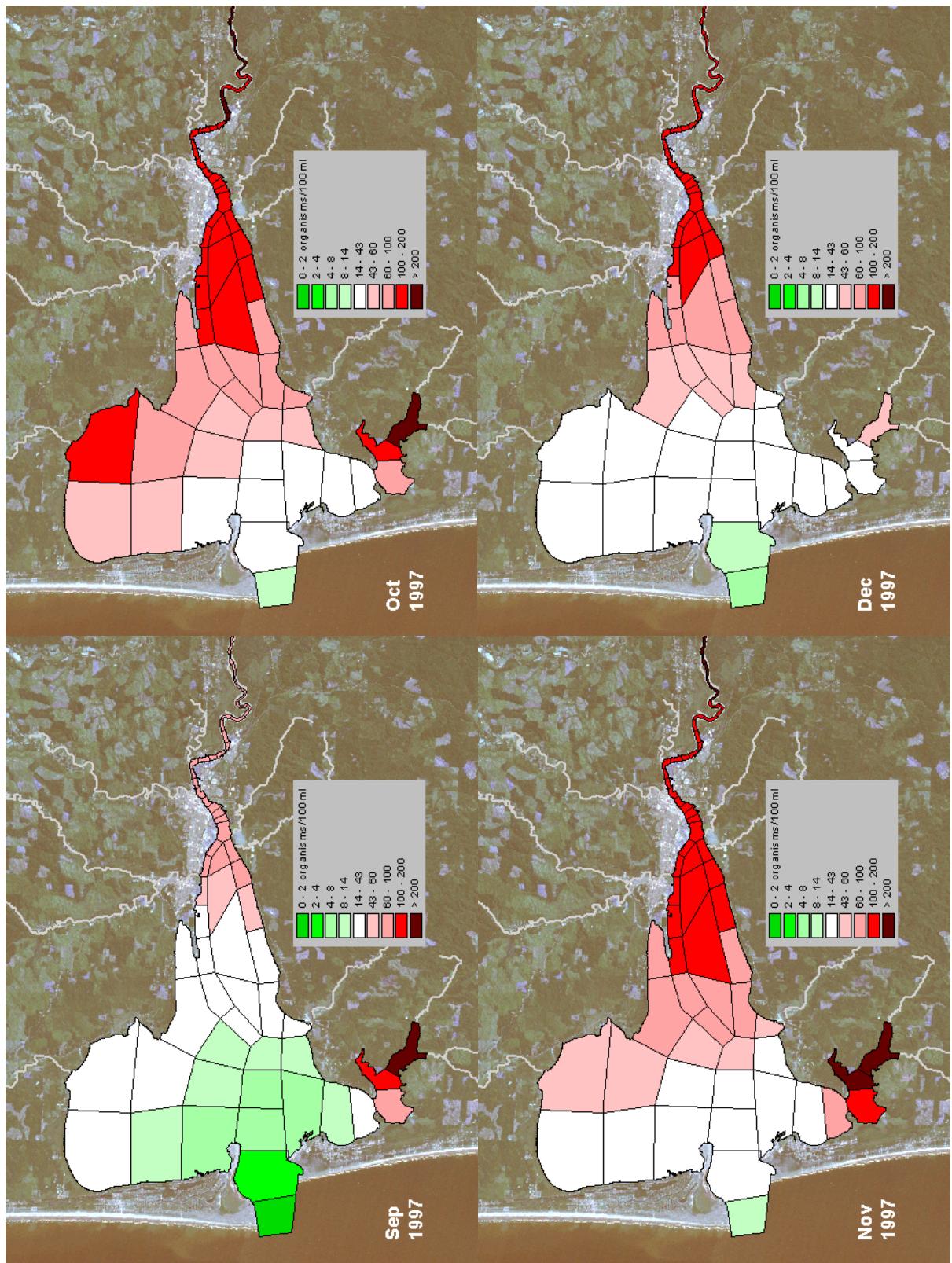
The color printouts in this appendix show selected frames of an animation of the monthly 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles of predicted hourly fecal coliform during the study period of May 1997 through April 1998. The animations are available for viewing on the Internet at Ecology's website at the following URL:

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## **Appendix I. Animation of daily medians of predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the rainfall event of October 29-30, 1997.**

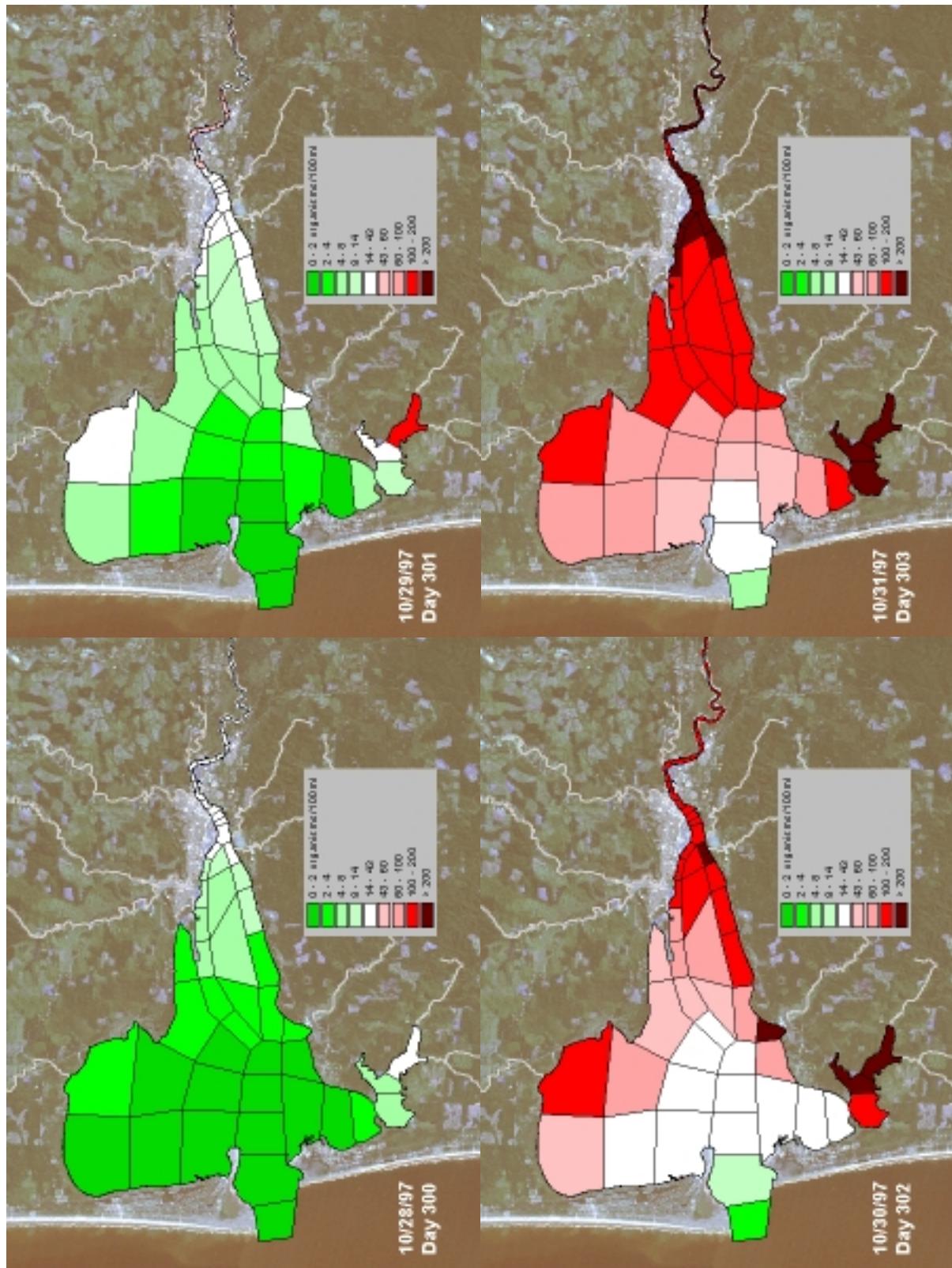
The color printouts in this appendix show selected frames of an animation of daily medians of predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the rainfall event of October 29-30, 1997. The animations are available for viewing on the Internet at Ecology's website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wriias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>

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## **Appendix J. Animation of predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the high loading event from Weyerhaeuser on July 24-25, 1997.**

The color printouts in this appendix show selected frames of an animation of predicted hourly fecal coliform during and after the high loading event from Weyerhaeuser on July 24-25, 1997. The animations are available for viewing on the Internet at Ecology's website at the following URL:

<http://www.wa.gov/ecology/eils/wrias/tmdl/ghfc/results.html>

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