

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (SEPA)
ADDENDUM – 12/29/2009

The following addendum has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of WAC 197-11-625.

Environmental document added to or modified by this addendum: The document for which additional information is being provided is the *Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (FSEIS) for the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Program*. This State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) document was prepared by the Washington State Department of Ecology and released on August 29, 2008.

Proponent: Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology), Office of Columbia River

Proposal: The Washington State Legislature authorized the Columbia River Water Management Program (Management Program) in 2006 through passage of the Engrossed Substitute House Bill (ESSHB) 2860, codified as Chapter 90.90 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW). The Management Program recognized that a key priority of water resource management in the Columbia River Basin is the development of new water supplies, including storage and conservation in order to meet the economic and community development needs of people, and the instream flow needs of fish. The Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) has identified a number of strategies for implementing the Management Program. In 2006, Ecology began evaluating the Management Program as part of a Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA). The Programmatic EIS evaluated several early implementation actions, including the Lake Roosevelt Drawdown (now known as the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Project). The Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Program (the Proposal) involves releases of water stored in Lake Roosevelt under the Bureau of Reclamation's 1938 storage right to improve municipal and industrial water supply, provide water to replace some ground water in the Odessa Subarea, enhance stream flows in the Columbia River to benefit fish, and provide drought relief for interruptible water right holders. Following completion of additional environmental studies, Ecology released the *Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (FSEIS) for the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Program* on August 29, 2008.

Description of proposal: The Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Program includes releases of water that would occur every year and releases that would occur only during drought years. During non-drought years, 82,500 acre-feet of water would be diverted or released from Lake Roosevelt to provide the following:

- 25,000 acre-feet of municipal/industrial supply,
- 30,000 acre-feet of irrigation water for replacement of some ground water supplies in the Odessa Subarea, and
- 27,500 acre-feet for stream flow enhancement downstream of Grand Coulee Dam to benefit fish.

During drought years, 50,000 acre-feet of water would be released from Lake Roosevelt in addition to the 82,500 acre-feet described above. This additional water would provide:

- 33,000 acre-feet for Columbia River mainstem interruptible water right holders, and
- 17,000 acre-feet for stream flow enhancement downstream of Grand Coulee Dam to benefit fish.

The releases of water will be coordinated with fisheries managers to maximize benefits to instream resources. Out-of-stream uses, such as applications for new municipal and industrial uses and drought permits, will be processed in and below Lake Roosevelt.

Addendum: This addendum provides additional information on how Ecology will process applications for new municipal and industrial uses. Information pertaining to processing of municipal and industrial uses was provided in Chapter 2 and Chapter 6 of the *Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (FSEIS) for the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Releases Program*.

This addendum covers three issues related to future municipal and industrial uses: compiling the list of eligible applications for new municipal and industrial uses, groundwater permitting, and defining which purposes of use are eligible for permitting.

I. Compiling the List of Eligible Applications

Background: The 2008 FSEIS states “there are approximately 128 municipal and industrial” applications on file. The number of eligible applications may change depending on several factors, including clarification of groundwater permitting parameters, the number of new applications received in the interim, and the result of the Municipal Water Law Supreme Court case.¹

¹ Lummi Indian Nation, *et al.* v. State of Washington (citation pending)

List Compilation

Ecology staff compiled the list of applications that appear to meet the water allocation requirements of the Preferred Alternatives (FSEIS 2.4.1.2). The list of applications was compiled by:

- Querying all new applications for water rights within the Columbia river mainstem and Lower Snake river mainstem
- Querying new ground water applications outside of the one-mile corridor where proposed withdrawals may impact the river within the management timeframe (see Addendum section II).
- Removing applications that do not meet the requirements of the Preferred Alternatives (FSEIS 2.4.1.2), such as applications proposing only irrigation use (see Addendum section III).
- Organizing the list based on date of application, oldest applications first, except where existing settlement agreements or contractual obligations require immediate processing.

Inclusion on the list of eligible applications does not imply that the application will be approved. Ecology will conduct a new water right investigation on each application in accordance with state law (Chapters 90.03 and 90.44 RCW), agency rules, and program procedures. The water right investigation may reveal that insufficient information is available to reach a decision on an application; in such cases, a preliminary permit may be issued that authorizes the applicant to gather information on the proposed source of water and the effects of the proposed use of water.

Applicant List

The following is the list of 186 applications on file with Ecology prepared on the methodology described above. The applicant names are as listed in Ecology's files, although the current applicant may not be the same. Applications are private property and can be assigned to others. Quantities shown in the table are as listed in Ecology files. For most applications, no annual quantity is listed. Ecology will determine the final instantaneous and annual diversion limits for each application as it processes them based on reasonable beneficial use.

File #	Priority Date	Name	Qi
S4-30976P ²	September 23, 1991	Quad Cities	5 CFS
G4-29255	April 13, 1987	Foster, Earl	800 GPM
G4-29290	May 21, 1987	Palelek, Joyce	600 GPM
G4-29764	June 28, 1988	Klickitat Cnty PUD 1	300 GPM
S4-30052	July 27, 1989	Mercer Canyons Inc	0.016 CFS
G4-30157	December 11, 1989	Williams, Gordon	60 GPM
G4-30283	May 7, 1990	Kiewit Pacific Co	600 GPM
G4-30428	October 19, 1990	England, Delbert	20 GPM
G4-30778	May 17, 1991	Whitmore & Phelps Law Firm PS	430 GPM
G4-31018	October 29, 1991	Harrison, W	1000 GPM
G4-30875	November 7, 1991	Highland Partnership	100 GPM
S4-31148	February 2, 1992	John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co	0.45 CFS
G4-31165	February 13, 1992	Antoine Orchards Inc	1 GPM
G4-31209	March 20, 1992	Werlein, D	60 GPM
G4-31210	March 26, 1992	Tenneson Engineering Corporation	89 GPM
G3-29185	April 30, 1992	Crescent View Inc	750 GPM
G4-31247	May 6, 1992	Chelan Cnty PUD 1	600 GPM
G4-31264	May 15, 1992	Klickitat Cnty PUD 1	225 GPM
G4-31269	May 22, 1992	Mariscal, Ampelio	30 GPM
G4-31369	June 17, 1992	Chalone Wine Group	150 GPM
G3-29232	June 18, 1992	Environmental Security Corporation	2400 GPM
S4-31365	June 24, 1992	Schlunegar Brothers	53.57 CFS
S4-31366	June 24, 1992	Schlunegar Brothers	17.86 CFS
G4-31412	July 6, 1992	Davis, Aaron	600 GPM
G4-31390	July 10, 1992	Morrison, David	40 GPM
G3-29243	July 10, 1992	Sanderson, George	100 GPM
G4-31391	July 14, 1992	Gerrish, Lee	1200 GPM
G4-31399	July 20, 1992	Sunshine Agricultural Inc	200 GPM
G4-31449	August 18, 1992	Whitmore & Phelps Law Firm PS	430 GPM
G4-31516	October 23, 1992	Stansfield, James	150 GPM
G4-31518	October 30, 1992	Sinclair, Kenneth	25 GPM
G4-31532	November 5, 1992	Trimble, Jeffrey	100 GPM

² Ecology is obligated by settlement agreement and permit condition to mitigate the consumptive impact associated with the first 10 cfs increment of use under this permit. Ecology has acquired a portion of the required mitigation. The remainder of Ecology's obligation is approximately 5 cfs and is intended to be supplied temporarily from Lake Roosevelt releases. Ecology has been appropriated funds by the legislature to acquire permanent mitigation, but suitable water rights have not yet been acquired. Once permanent mitigation is acquired, Ecology will reallocate the Lake Roosevelt water to the next pending municipal / industrial application.

File #	Priority Date	Name	Qi
G4-31574	December 16, 1992	Ross, Otto	290 GPM
G4-31583	December 23, 1992	Malaga Water District	1500 GPM
G3-29350	January 12, 1993	Sunland Estates Maintenance Co	2000 GPM
S4-31623	February 3, 1993	Kopak Jr, Russell	0.5 CFS
G4-31650	February 23, 1993	Allen, Thomas	250 GPM
G3-29418	March 8, 1993	Behrens, Greg	200 GPM
S3-29444	April 1, 1993	WA Fish & Wildlife Department	10 CFS
G3-29447	April 5, 1993	Spangelo, Gary	120 GPM
G4-31725	April 7, 1993	Brewster City	650 GPM
G4-31715	April 23, 1993	Davis, Ronald	200 GPM
G3-29510	April 26, 1993	D S Enterprises Inc	4000 GPM
G4-31753	May 17, 1993	Madden, Blaine	100 GPM
G4-31760	June 1, 1993	Merrill, David	100 GPM
G4-31764	June 3, 1993	WA PARKS Maryhill State Park	100 GPM
G4-31780	June 16, 1993	Carney, George	100 GPM
G4-31813	July 30, 1993	Montgomery, Bernice	2000 GPM
S3-29541	August 19, 1993	WA Fish & Wildlife Department	0.02 CFS
G4-31832	August 23, 1993	Pateros City	500 GPM
G4-31859	October 13, 1993	Miller Mark C	315 GPM
G4-31855	October 20, 1993	Lund, Rex	100 GPM
S4-31870	November 18, 1993	West, Stephen	11.5 CFS
G4-31871	November 18, 1993	West, Stephen	3500 GPM
G4-31882	December 22, 1993	Knowles, Patrick	30 GPM
G4-31883	December 27, 1993	Regional Disposal Co	700 GPM
G3-29604	December 29, 1993	Browning, William	200 GPM
G4-32099	February 2, 1994	R I F Development Corporation	50 GPM
G3-29626	February 3, 1994	Duncan, Dolores	1000 GPM
G4-31923	February 4, 1994	Brewster School District 111	160 GPM
G4-31932	February 14, 1994	Smith, Mark	25 GPM
G4-31934	February 15, 1994	Klickitat Cnty Port District 1	1000 GPM
G4-31937	February 15, 1994	Nelson, Billy	150 GPM
G3-29645	February 25, 1994	Brougner Ranch Inc	50 GPM
G4-31951	March 10, 1994	Kelley, Marvin	15 GPM
G3-29669	March 23, 1994	Riverwood Water Association	188 GPM
G4-31958	March 24, 1994	Nelson, John	200 GPM
G4-32055	March 31, 1994	Brewster School District 111	265 GPM
G3-29685	April 27, 1994	Spencer, Gloria	1800 GPM
G4-32005	April 29, 1994	Foster, Stan	500 GPM
G3-29689	May 2, 1994	Hania, Dennis	50 GPM
G4-32031	May 16, 1994	Bell, Larry	80 GPM

File #	Priority Date	Name	Qi
G3-29701	June 30, 1994	Drake, Bobby	10 GPM
G3-29713	July 11, 1994	Parkhill, Thomas	40 GPM
G4-32148	August 24, 1994	LePage, Steve	2240 GPM
G4-32191	September 6, 1994	Miller Mark C	2000 GPM
G4-32189	September 6, 1994	Miller Mark C	100 GPM
G4-32188	September 6, 1994	Miller Mark C	2000 GPM
G4-32205	September 9, 1994	Scannell, William	100 GPM
G4-32204	September 9, 1994	Eiesland, Robert	125 GPM
G4-32209	September 27, 1994	Miller Mark C	2000 GPM
G4-32206	September 27, 1994	Miller Mark C	200 GPM
G4-32216	September 28, 1994	Bell, Loy	60 GPM
G4-32218	October 4, 1994	Short, Ruth	800 GPM
G3-29751	October 12, 1994	Wilden, William	20 GPM
G4-32225	October 13, 1994	Morrill Asphalt Paving Co Inc	2000 GPM
G3-29776	January 5, 1995	Smith, Eddie	150 GPM
G3-29782	January 25, 1995	Broetje Orchards	50 GPM
G3-29807	March 7, 1995	Parkhill, Thomas	30 GPM
G4-32317	May 9, 1995	USARMY Corps Engineers	90 GPM
G4-32318	May 23, 1995	Brouns, Rick	43 GPM
G3-29848	June 8, 1995	MCA Concerts Inc	250 GPM
G4-32325	June 15, 1995	Laguna Vista Improvement Association	225 GPM
G3-29882	August 22, 1995	Ammann, Jerry	100 GPM
G3-29878	September 1, 1995	Crescent Bar Inc	1200 GPM
G3-29889	September 25, 1995	Worden, Paul	35 GPM
G3-29893	October 3, 1995	Perkins, Ronald	500 GPM
G3-29903	October 31, 1995	Gish Water System	30 GPM
G3-29972	November 30, 1995	Marcus Town	250 GPM
G4-32418(B)	April 4, 1996	Okanogan Cnty Public Works Dept	70 GPM
G3-29938	April 17, 1996	Hsieh, Jack	1790 GPM
G3-29940	April 24, 1996	Hsieh, Edmund	1700 GPM
G4-32465	July 31, 1996	Meadows, Shirley	500 GPM
G3-29991	August 30, 1996	SCM Consultants Inc	4350 GPM
G3-30001	November 13, 1996	Desert Aire Owners Association	1000 GPM
G3-30008	December 10, 1996	Hall, Ernest	250 GPM
G4-32543	January 30, 1997	Watts Brothers Farms	600 GPM
G4-32517	March 19, 1997	Cathedral Joy	800 GPM
G4-32539	April 28, 1997	White Salmon City	1500 GPM
G4-32540	April 28, 1997	White Salmon City	1500 GPM
G3-30054	May 13, 1997	Walla Walla Port	1200 GPM
G4-32574	August 14, 1997	McCarver, Mack	60 GPM

File #	Priority Date	Name	Qi
S3-30045	August 14, 1997	Boise White Paper LLC	20 CFS
G3-30128	October 27, 1997	Harrison-Ray Water Company	5200 GPM
G4-32611	December 1, 1997	East Wenatchee Water District	1000 GPM
G4-32612	December 1, 1997	East Wenatchee Water District	4000 GPM
G4-32631	February 2, 1998	Sun Cove Public Water System 851249	390 GPM
G3-30149	March 3, 1998	Hunt, David	1200 GPM
G4-32657	March 12, 1998	Simmons, Allan	200 GPM
G3-30160	April 8, 1998	Savage, Ellen	70 GPM
G3-30165	April 21, 1998	Martin Creek Community Association	200 GPM
G3-30174	April 24, 1998	Anderson Magruder Colello	450 GPM
G3-30172	May 14, 1998	B T U Nitrogen LLC	1200 GPM
G3-30173	May 19, 1998	Steele, Jeffrey	2250 GPM
G3-30206	June 22, 1998	Kettle Falls City	1900 GPM
G4-32726	June 24, 1998	Walk, Carol	100 GPM
G3-30189	June 24, 1998	Sentinel Ranch	3950 GPM
G3-30318	June 29, 1998	Williamson, Dennis	100 GPM
G3-30229	July 20, 1998	Dugger, Mark	65 GPM
G3-30247	September 9, 1998	Beverly Water Dist	460 GPM
S4-32804	September 22, 1998	Mercer Canyons Inc	1.5 CFS
G4-32809	September 29, 1998	Goble, Jackie	200 GPM
G3-30259	December 21, 1998	Rainier General Development Inc	126 GPM
G3-30257	February 1, 1999	Johnston, Don	44 GPM
G4-32839	February 9, 1999	Priest Co Inc	455 GPM
G4-32841	February 11, 1999	Miller Mark C	3653 GPM
G4-32842	February 11, 1999	Land Co	1109 GPM
G2-29836	February 22, 1999	Columbia Gorge Hot Springs	250 GPM
G4-32857	March 29, 1999	Chelan Cnty PUD 1	80 GPM
G3-30267	June 11, 1999	Columbia Basin LLC	85 GPM
G3-30183	August 19, 1999	Grand Coulee City	2000 GPM
G4-32888	September 17, 1999	Gebbers Farms Inc	200 GPM
G3-30281	March 20, 2000	Grand Coulee City	2000 GPM
G3-30237	March 24, 2000	Grand Coulee City	2000 GPM
G2-29911	April 10, 2000	GSA/Camp Arrowhead	70 GPM
S4-32936	November 29, 2000	Alderdale Water Association	19.29 CFS
S4-32944	February 15, 2001	Cogentrix Energy Inc	20 CFS
G4-32945	February 22, 2001	Maryhill Museum of Art	2250 GPM
G3-30329	June 11, 2001	Brougher Ranch Inc	50 GPM
G4-34532	October 8, 2001	Stapleton, Tim	1500 GPM
G3-30371	December 31, 2001	Douglas Warehouse, LLC	200 GPM
G4-34543	January 11, 2002	Keen, Ronald	120 GPM

File #	Priority Date	Name	Qi
G2-30042	March 4, 2002	Columbia Hot Gorge Hot Springs	500 GPM
G2-30044	March 6, 2002	WA State Parks & Recreation	45 GPM
G4-34546	March 8, 2002	Bauer, Glenn	250 GPM
G3-30358	May 16, 2002	CFG Ventures LLC	1200 GPM
S4-34575	September 4, 2002	Mercer, Bud	45.5 CFS
G3-30404	March 24, 2003	Todd, Michael	200 GPM
G4-34910	July 3, 2003	American Rock Products Inc	1000 GPM
G2-30205	August 9, 2004	Carson Water System	1055 GPM
G2-30232	March 4, 2005	Columbia Gorge Hot Spring & Health	1750 GPM
G3-30480	August 31, 2005	Hanson Harbor Homeowners Association	500 GPM
G2-30303	December 30, 2005	Beckman, Richard	500 GPM
G4-35091	May 1, 2006	Cooper, Jerry	150 GPM
G4-35094	May 24, 2006	Hoag, Peggy	2250 GPM
G3-30524	June 7, 2006	Kelly, Frank	449 GPM
G3-30518	July 3, 2006	Columbia View Water Services	300 GPM
G2-30361	August 17, 2006	Home Valley Water District	500 GPM
G4-35130	November 27, 2006	RLF Wenatchee Land Holdings LLC	200 GPM
G3-30543	August 6, 2007	Castillo, Jose	380 GPM
S4-35153	September 11, 2007	Chelan Cnty PUD 1	350 CFS
S4-35138	December 12, 2007	Chelan Cnty PUD 1	24 CFS
G4-35161	January 9, 2008	Chelan Cnty PUD 1	13464 GPM
S2-30468	April 8, 2008	Wilkins Kaiser & Olsen Inc	0.66 CFS
G3-30554	April 8, 2008	Riverview at Crescent Bar LLC	930 GPM
G4-35176	May 2, 2008	Bridgeport City	3000 GPM
G4-35178	May 20, 2008	Richland Public Facilities District	455 GPM
G4-35189	July 18, 2008	Auvil Fruit Co Inc	400 GPM
G4-35193	July 18, 2008	Auvil Fruit Co Inc	214.5 GPM
G3-30562	September 3, 2008	Buck & Gordon LLP	5000 GPM
G3-30563	September 3, 2008	Buck & Gordon LLP	2500 GPM
G3-30573	January 2, 2009	Nighthawk Farm LLC	53.5 GPM
G3-30572	January 2, 2009	Karnay, Pat	53.5 GPM
G3-30574	February 13, 2009	Hemphill Brothers Inc	665 GPM
G3-30595	June 12, 2009	Hunters Water Dist	200 GPM
G3-30596	June 12, 2009	Hunters Water Dist	500 GPM

List Modifications It may take several years for Ecology to process the entire 25,000 acre-feet of municipal and industrial permits. During that time, the list of applicants may change for a number of reasons. First, under WAC 173-152-050, some applications may be processed ahead of others. If an applicant or the State Department of Health advises us of such a situation, it may affect the order in which applications are processed. The outcome of the Supreme Court case *Lummi Indian Nation, et al. v. State* may affect the list because of the interpretation of the definition of “municipal”. Finally, any applicant not on the list in this addendum may make a request to Ecology to have his or her application considered for inclusion on the list of eligible applications. The applicant must demonstrate that the proposed use meets the requirements of the Preferred Alternatives (FSEIS 2.4.1.2). Ecology will maintain an active list of applications on its website and report on its progress in its annual legislative reports.

II. Groundwater Permitting

Background: The 2008 FSEIS outlines the user groups that are eligible for FDR Incremental Releases Program mitigation water, including certain prospective groundwater users (FSEIS 2.4.1.2). The majority of eligible applications contain proposals for groundwater withdrawals. Ecology has determined a need to clarify the terms used in the Preferred Alternatives (FSEIS 2.4.1.2) related to eligible groundwater users.

River management: The publically-owned and federal hydropower operators manage electrical generation and dam spills on a near real time basis. The NOAA BiOp flows are managed on a daily timeframe.

Ecology *has historically* used weekly to monthly timeframes for Columbia River water management activities. The minimum instantaneous flows for Columbia River projects adopted in rule (WAC 173-563-040) are administered on a range of timeframes, varying between monthly to weekly averages during critical fish migration periods. During the 2001 drought, the only year since Chapter 173-563 WAC was adopted that the 60 Million Acre-Feet (MAF) threshold for seasonal flow forecast was not exceeded, Ecology regulated interruptible out-of-stream water rights based on the weekly forecast.

Impact timing: Proposed groundwater users who are capable of directly capturing mainstem Columbia River or Lower Snake River water at their well(s) are eligible. Proposed groundwater users who can demonstrate that effects of their withdrawals on the

river would approach zero if pumping ceased would also eligible for mitigation. The goal is to ensure that pumping effects on the river can be successfully mitigated by releases from Lake Roosevelt during a single mitigation release cycle, avoiding carry-over of impacts across mitigation cycles (no releases will occur after September each year).

River-aquifer interaction at the proposed location can be demonstrated in several ways, including demonstration of similar static water levels between an existing well and the river level, geochemical and temperature analyses, as well as pump test data. Applicants may use data from existing local wells in the area; if data is not available, the applicant will have to acquire pertinent data to support their application.

Proposed groundwater users who cannot meet the requirements listed above may still ask the Department to be considered for mitigation water. Such requests will be evaluated on an individual basis and will require a higher degree of investigation and analysis.

III. Permit Eligible Water Uses

Background: The FSEIS and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Bureau) secondary use permit state that new water right permits will be issued for “municipal and industrial purposes”, a term that is derived from Bureau water leases. Ecology must clarify which purposes of use are eligible for new state-issued water right permits under the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Releases Program.

Bureau M&I Leases: The Bureau leases water in two categories based on the proposed purpose of use : (1) Commercial Agriculture and (2) Municipal and Industrial. These categories are used by the Bureau for federal leasing purposes and do not relate to the purposes of use of state-issued water rights. The lease agreement between Ecology and the Bureau is based on the Bureau’s definition of “municipal and industrial” use. The Bureau definition of “Municipal and Industrial” uses does not preclude Ecology from issuing water right permits that are authorized for other purposes of use, such as “commercial” use.

Ecology purposes of use: As part of the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Releases Program Ecology plans to issue new water right permits. Ecology is obligated to follow state laws to appropriate these new permits (Chapters 90.03, 90.44, 90.54, 90.90 RCW).

Therefore, Ecology will use purposes of use recognized under state law when determining which applications are eligible for processing and when appropriating the water right permits. Permitting for irrigation purpose of use is excluded from the Program.

Municipal uses: Currently, there is a great deal of uncertainty regarding the definition of "municipal water user" due to pending litigation (Lummi Indian Nation, et al. v. State). The state Supreme Court has accepted to hear the case and a ruling is expected in late 2010 or early 2011. In the interim, Ecology's will conduct water right permitting activities for the Lake Roosevelt Incremental Releases Program as the law stands, permitting only public entities as "municipal water suppliers" (see Ecology Water Resources Guidance 2030). However, Ecology will keep record of applications for domestic uses that do not qualify as municipal today, but may in the future depending on the Supreme Court ruling. When the state Supreme Court issues its ruling Ecology will modify how permitting activities are conducted as required to comply with the ruling.

Multiple Proposed Purposes of Use: Several applications propose multiple purposes of use of water from the Columbia River, including uses that are not eligible under the Program, such as irrigation. In these cases, Ecology will allow applications to be "split" into (a) and (b) portions. The eligible portion of the application will be processed under the program, while the ineligible portion will remain in the pending application queue with the original application date. If an applicant prefers not to split the application, it can be skipped over and remain in the pending application queue with the original application date.

SEPA Lead Agency: Washington State Department of Ecology

Responsible Official: Derek I. Sandison

Position/Title: Director, Office of Columbia River

Address: 15 West Yakima Ave., Suite 200
Yakima WA, 98902

Date: December 29, 2009

Signature: 