

# WEBB HILL BIOSOLIDS FACILITY HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION - PHASE 2

**Mason County, Washington** 

Prepared for: Mason County Department of Community Development on behalf of the WRIA 16 Planning Unit

**Washington State Department of Ecology Grant No. G0800485** 

Project No. 070041-004-13A • June 30, 2008 Interim Report



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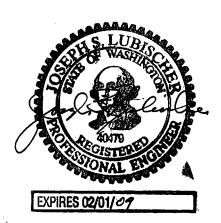
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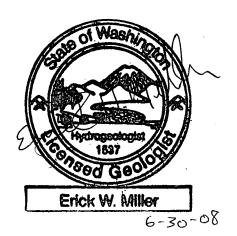
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## **Acronyms**

bgs below ground surface

radioactive carbon isotope with atomic mass 14

CFC chlorofluorocarbon

DNR Washington Department of Natural Resources

DOH Washington State Department of Health

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

GWQC Ground Water Quality Criteria

<sup>3</sup>H tritium, radioactive hydrogen isotope with atomic mass 3

<sup>3</sup>He non-radioactive helium isotope with atomic mass 3

HCDOP Hood Canal Dissolved Oxygen Program

MCL maximum contaminant level

mg/L milligrams per liter

NTU nephelometric unit

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

SF<sub>6</sub> sulphur hexafluoride

SMCL secondary maximum contaminant level

TKN total Kjeldahl nitrogen

TOC total organic carbon; top of casing

TP total phosphorus

μS/cm microSiemens per centimeter

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USGS U.S. Geological Survey

WAC Washington Administrative Code

## **Executive Summary**

The BioRecycling Corporation's Webb Hill Facility is a state permitted biosolids treatment and land application facility on Webb Hill Road in Mason County, Washington. The Webb Hill facility was initially used as a Christmas tree farm and converted to biosolids application in September 1985. In about 1994, business ownership transferred from Solganics to the current operator BioRecycling Corp. This report presents the findings of the Phase 2 hydrogeologic investigation of the facility. The objectives of this investigation are to expand evaluation of impacted groundwater beneath the facility and to refine the groundwater flow (transport) directions and horizontal gradients on and off the site. Monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4 were installed as part of the Phase I investigation in May 2007 by Aspect Consulting, LLC under contract to Mason County. In November 2007 monitoring well MW-5 was installed by BioRecycling's contractor Pacific Groundwater Group, Inc.

Under this Phase 2 program, two additional groundwater monitoring wells (MW-6 and MW-7) were installed at the facility using rotary-sonic drilling method. This drilling method allowed collection of continuous soil core and identification of perched zones. Well screens were 25 feet long to minimize effects of vertical gradients, but set 15 feet below estimated low water level to prevent the wells from seasonally going dry, as had occurred in MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 as a result of an unexpectedly large drop in water level during the first year of observation.

The new monitoring wells reinforce previous geologic interpretations of a thin layer of recessional soil over stratified glacial deposits, where the glacial deposits are highly variable, both laterally and vertically. The glacial soils are interpreted to have been deposited in a dynamic sub-glacial environment and include weakly cemented tills, sand and gravel fluvial layers, and some silt units.

Groundwater flow direction in the regional aquifer continued to be southwesterly throughout the last year of measurements (Table 3.1 and Figure 3.1). The groundwater gradient varies from 0.002 feet per foot (ft/ft) (about an 11-foot decline in groundwater level per mile) at the site to 0.007 ft/ft (37 feet per mile) southwest of the site. Greater regional definition of flow directions would be useful, particularly northeast of the site, northwest and southeast of the currently defined groundwater contours, and further southwest toward Purdy Creek.

Groundwater quality impacts beneath the facility are indicated by elevated nitrate concentrations, elevated specific conductance, and changes in major ion concentration and chemistry. Increases in specific conductance are well correlated with elevated nitrate concentrations. All available nitrate data for the existing wells are presented on Figure 3.1.

Maximum nitrate concentration in groundwater is listed by the Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) groundwater quality criteria (GWQC), Washington Administrative

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Code (WAC) 173-200, *Water Quality Standards for Ground Water of the State of Washington*). The allowable maximum contaminant level (MCL) of nitrate in drinking water is specified by Washington Department of Health, WAC 246-290-310, *Public Water Supplies*. In both cases, maximum nitrate concentration is 10 milligrams as nitrogen per liter (mg/L).

Exceedance of GWQC and MCL for nitrate was observed at monitoring well MW-6 (11.9 mg/L). Nitrate concentration at monitoring well MW-5 (4.0 mg/L) is elevated over background conditions. Nitrate at well MW-7 (0.7 mg/L) may be within background levels.

The USGS recently reported results of environmental tracer analyses for samples collected from Webb Hill facility wells MW-1 through 4. Sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) concentrations were found to be equivalent to atmospheric conditions in the late 1990s to early 2000's. USGS analyses for compounds typically found in waste water yielded few detections and the data was not considered to be of substantial use.

Results from USGS testing and also recently submitted dating samples for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 collected as part of this investigation will be reviewed in a future Aspect Consulting memorandum.

Conclusions based on the investigations to date are:

- Nitrate impacted groundwater is moving in a southwesterly direction from the biosolids application site;
- Nitrate concentration in groundwater exceeded the statutory limit of 10 mg/L along the site boundary at MW-6 and was near exceedance at MW-4. Both wells are located along the southern boundary; and
- Groundwater was not impacted at two off-site domestic supply wells located about 4,200 and 6,200 feet southwest of the site.

The following recommendations for additional work are presented. The intention of the recommendations is to use existing water-supply wells wherever possible and consider new well installation only if necessary:

- Define extent of impacts downgradient of facility through installation of an additional monitoring well downgradient of impacted well MW-6;
- Confirm groundwater flow direction in the northeast corner of the facility through a
  suitable off-site well or a new monitoring well, if a suitable off-site well cannot be
  identified. Depending on the groundwater elevation identified, water quality
  characterization may also be warranted.
- Expand definition of off-site groundwater flow paths by identifying additional offsite wells west, southwest, and south of the facility for water level measurements; and
- Continue water level and water quality monitoring for on-site and off-site wells and also continue annual data review.

## 1 Introduction

Aspect Consulting, LLC is contracted to perform a hydrogeologic investigation of the Bio Recycling Corporation's biosolids recycling facility located on Webb Hill Road in Mason County, Washington (Figure 1.1). This work is being performed cooperatively with the Webb Hill Technical Committee, Mason County, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). The Bio Recycling Webb Hill facility is a biosolids treatment and land application facility permitted to accept Class B biosolids and untreated sewage sludge. The facility is designated as a Regional Septage Management Facility. Biosolids treated at the facility originate from private septic tanks and area sewage treatment facilities.

An initial investigation of the facility was performed by Aspect Consulting in April and May of 2007 that included the installation and sampling of four groundwater monitoring wells (Aspect Consulting, 2007). Results of the initial investigation indicated that the site was underlain by a regional unconfined aquifer within stratified glacial deposits. Groundwater flow direction was found to be southwesterly. Groundwater quality impacts were identified beneath the facility including nitrate concentrations of 13.3 mg/L in one monitoring well (MW-1) in excess of the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. The 2007 Aspect Consulting report also summarized site history and operations and previous investigations.

Pacific Groundwater Group (PGG) under contract to BioRecycling observed installation of one monitoring well (MW-5), two 50-foot boreholes (L-1 and L-2) equipped with soil moisture sensors and lysimeters, and nine additional boreholes in November and December 2007. Installation results were summarized in a draft technical memorandum (PGG, 2007). The PGG investigation also indicated a southwesterly groundwater flow direction.

In addition to these investigations, Mason County Public Health has sampled and analyzed two off-site wells for nitrate concentration.

The objective of this Phase 2 investigation is to further evaluate groundwater conditions at the facility and better define the groundwater flow (transport) direction at the site. To accomplish these objectives, the following work elements were performed:

- Development of Quality Assurance Project Plan (Aspect Consulting, 2008);
- Installation of two groundwater monitoring wells using rotary-sonic drilling methods;
- Preparation of detailed geologic logs and stratigraphic analysis;
- Well development;
- Sampling and analysis for major ions and nitrogen compounds at the two new wells, MW-6 and MW-7, and previously installed well MW-5;

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- Groundwater sample collection and dating using Carbon 14 (<sup>14</sup>C), tritium/helium 3 ratio (<sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He), chlorofluorocarbon ratios (CFC), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>);
- Performance of one round of water levels from the on-site wells;
- Development of groundwater elevation contours; and
- Survey of the two new monitoring wells and two off-site wells identified to us by Mason County Public Health.

Results of this investigation are presented in this technical memorandum. Groundwater dating results will not be available for several months and will be presented in a separate memorandum. The remainder of this memorandum is organized into the following sections:

- Section 2 presents a summary of field activities;
- Section 3 describes site geologic and hydrogeologic conditions;
- Section 4 discusses results of water quality sampling and testing;
- Section 5 details conclusions and recommendations of the investigation; and
- Appendices, wherein Appendix A presents a detailed description of field activities (well installation, surveying, and sampling); Appendix B has available boring and well logs; Appendix C contains laboratory analytical reports; and Appendix D contains the USGS groundwater dating and water quality results (USGS, 2008) for wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4. The USGS dating results will be incorporated in a forthcoming memorandum on groundwater age, to be prepared upon completion of dating analyses for wells MW-5 through MW-7.

## 2 Investigative Methods

## 2.1 Drilling and Monitoring Well Installation

Two monitoring wells (MW-6 and MW-7) were installed at the facility using a rotary-sonic drilling method. Boart Longyear Company of Fife, Washington was contracted to complete this task. Geologic monitoring during drilling was performed by Aspect Consulting personnel. The rotary-sonic method produces near-continuous cores that allow detailed stratigraphic analysis. All drilling and related activities were performed in accordance with Quality Assurance Project Plan (Aspect Consulting, 2008) and Washington state regulations (Washington Administrative Code [WAC] 173-160, *Minimum Standards for Construction and Maintenance of Wells*). Drilling, well installation, well development, and soil and water sampling are discussed in detail in Appendix A, Sections A.1 and A.2.

A reconnaissance site visit was held on April 28, 2008, with drilling contractors, Aspect Consulting, and Mason County Department of Community Development to observe site features, discuss monitoring well locations, and evaluate access to proposed locations. Options for well locations, including one off-site alternative, were staked at this time.

Monitoring well drilling, installation, and development was performed between May 20 and June 3, 2008. The first boring, MW-6a, was decommissioned after the PVC well casing separated during installation. MW-6 was successfully redrilled 50 feet to the east of MW-6a. Monitoring wells were completed with 2-inch Schedule 40 PVC casing and machine slotted screen. Screens were 25-foot long with bottom of screen set about 30 feet below the water table at time of drilling.

The well construction followed criteria specified in the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) (Sections 3.1 and 3.2 in Aspect Consulting, 2008):

- Minimize influence of vertical gradient on static water level;
- Screen through interval most likely to be impacted; and
- Maintain a minimum of 15 feet of saturated screen during the seasonal low groundwater period.

Minimizing effect of vertical gradient requires minimizing the length of screen. Intercepting the zone of impact was met by screening as high as possible in the aquifer within the constraint imposed by the third requirement of maintaining a saturated portion of screen during low water levels. At time-of-drilling, water levels were estimated to be 15 feet above seasonal low. Therefore, the bottoms of well screens were set at 30 feet below water level at time-of-drilling, i.e. 15 feet to estimated seasonal low plus 15 feet of saturated screen.

No perched groundwater was encountered during drilling.

Both MW-6 and MW-7 met the alignment test by passing a 1.66-inch by 4.2 foot long slug to the bottom of the wells.

Monitoring wells MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 were developed by surging with a bailer and then pumping until the discharge was sand free and turbidity was less than 50 nephelometric units (NTUs). Development of MW-5 was performed by the driller, but not supervised by Aspect Consulting as the work was under contract with Pacific Groundwater Group, Inc.

Wells MW-6 and MW-7 were surveyed by a licensed surveyor, MacLearnsberry, Inc., to top-of-casing after well installations were completed (Appendix 3.1). Depth-to-water measurements were made with an electronic water-level indicator to the nearest 0.01 foot.

## 2.2 Groundwater Sampling

Monitoring wells MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 were sampled on June 10 through June 12, 2008, using low-flow sampling protocol as specified in the QAPP (Aspect Consulting, 2008). Intake of the sample pump was placed 5, 15, and 12 feet below the water surface for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7, respectively. Sampling procedures are detailed in Appendix A, Section A.3.3.

Field parameters of temperature, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen, pH, Eh, and turbidity were measured during sampling. Laboratory-prepared sample containers for wet chemistry analyses were filled, cooled in an ice bath, stored in insulated coolers with cold packs to keep samples at less than 4°C, and submitted under chain-of-custody to a Washington-certified environmental laboratory (Columbia Analytical Services, Inc., Kelso, Washington) for the analysis of inorganic constituents, dissolved metals, total organic carbon (TOC), nitrate, nitrite, ammonia, total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), and total phosphorous. Samples for metals analyses were field filtered. Analytical results and field measured parameters are discussed in Section 4.

Samples for groundwater dating by <sup>14</sup>C, <sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He ratio, CFC, and SF<sub>6</sub> techniques were taken in specified containers. For CFC and SF<sub>6</sub> samples, collection procedures recommended by the USGS Reston Chlorofluorocarbon Laboratory and by the Department of Geology and Geophysics, University of Utah, were followed. Diffusion samplers for noble gas collection were installed immediately after groundwater sampling, June 10, 11, and 12, 2008, and removed on June 19, 2008. Additional details are provided in Appendix A, Section A.3.3.

## 2.3 Wellhead Surveys

Wellheads MW-6 and MW-7 were surveyed in June 2007 by MacLearnsberry, Inc. of Bainbridge Island, Washington. Monitoring wells were surveyed to top of PVC casings as marked and notched. Two off-site wells (Biser and Williams) were surveyed on June 19, 2008. Survey data is presented in Table 2.1. Data for MW-5, also surveyed by MacLearnsberry, Inc., was provided by Pacific Groundwater Group, Inc. The surveyor's reports for MW-6, MW-7, and off-site wells are presented in Appendix A 3.1 and Figure A-1.

## 3 Facility Hydrogeology

The Webb Hill facility is underlain by a complex sequence of glacial deposits. These deposits, and the occurrence and movement of water within them, have previously been described in the Phase 1 report (Aspect Consulting, 2007b). Since that report, two lysimeters and three additional monitoring wells have been installed at the site: L-1, L-2, and MW-5 by Pacific Groundwater Group, Inc. and MW-6 and MW-7 by Aspect Consulting, LLC.

## 3.1 Geologic Investigation

Detailed geologic data was obtained during the drilling and logging boreholes using rotary-sonic drilling method and continuous sampling. Detailed geologic logs for all monitoring wells and the two lysimeters are presented in Appendix B. Also included is the Well Drilling Report for the off-site Biser well; no log has been located for the off-site Williams well.

The subsurface geology in the new borings fits the previous description of a thin layer of recessional soil over stratified glacial deposits, where the latter are highly variable both laterally and vertically. The glacial materials are interpreted to have been deposited in a dynamic sub-glacial environment and include weakly cemented tills, sand and gravel fluvial layers, and some silt units. Variation in soil types in the continuous sample core was frequently noted on a scale of less than half a foot. As at previous borings, the occurrence of fairly clean (low silt) sands and gravels increased with depth, but the elevation of transition varied.

Relatively thick upper till units and thin lower till units were identified during the drilling at MW-7. Relatively thick till was present starting at 20 feet below ground surface (bgs) with thinner till units and lenses present to about 140 feet bgs. The upper till consisted of 2.5 and 32.5 foot layers, while the 10 lower layers varied from 1 to 8 feet in thickness. This stratigraphic assemblage is similar to that identified in MW-2 where the upper till layer also starts at 20 feet bgs and at is relatively thick (15 feet) compared to the 11 lower layers, which were typically about 1 foot thick.

Soils at MW-6 were primarily characterized by the log for decommissioned boring MW-6a. Till in MW-6a was identified at a depth of 12.5 feet in two layers of 21.5 and 5 feet thick. Although separated by only 50 feet, lateral heterogeneity was observed between the borings MW-6a and MW-6.

No thick silt layers were noted in either MW-6 or MW-7, as opposed to the 1.5- to 10.5-foot silt layers (non-till) found in MW-4.

#### 3.2 Groundwater Occurrence

No perched groundwater was identified during the drilling of MW-6a, MW-6, or MW-7.

The uppermost regional aquifer at the site is generally unconfined. Water level measurements over the past year (Table 3.1) show a significant variation which is estimated at 28 feet, from May to December 2007 (Aspect Consulting, 2008). Monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4 are dry seasonally as a result of the water level fluctuations. A large unrecovered decline in water levels was noted between spring 2007 and spring 2008. For example, at MW-1 water elevation varied from approximately 299 feet in May 2007 to 285 feet in May 2008. Contributing factors to differences in recharge may include variations in precipitation and changes in biosolids application. No significant changes in withdrawals are expected.

A full round of on-site water levels was taken on June 12, 2008. Groundwater contour elevations were developed with the Surfer<sup>TM</sup> program (Golden Software, 2002) using the Kriging technique. Groundwater contours for June 12, 2008, are presented in Figure 3.1. All available nitrate results are also included.

The general flow direction continues to be southwesterly, generally in line with the northeast-southwest glacially formed ridges (drumlinoids) observable in the topographic base map in Figure 3.1. The coincidence of groundwater flow direction with the orientation of the drumlinoids supports the hypothesis that the depositional environment created lateral anisotropy within the aquifer

The contour gradient appears to have a fairly uniform gradient (evenly spaced contours) of 0.007 ft/ft in the region from MW-7 to the Williams well. Northeast of MW-2, the gradient is lower (a more horizontal water surface), about 0.002 ft/ft, over the main portion of the biosolids site The 0.002 ft/ft gradient at the site is the same as estimated during the Phase 1 investigation (Aspect Consulting, 2007b).

## 4 Groundwater Quality

This section provides a presentation and discussion of groundwater quality at the Webb Hill Biosolids Facility for sampling of MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 performed June 10 through June 12, 2008. Table 4.1 summarizes the June 2008 groundwater analytical data. Sample results from May 2007 and January 2008 are also included in the table.

Data validation, performed by Aspect Consulting using criteria specified in the QAPP, is discussed in Appendix C.1 and the laboratory analytical reports are included in Appendix C.2.

Groundwater samples were analyzed for the following parameters using EPA or standard methods as specified below:

#### **Field Parameters**

Turbidity
Temperature
pH
Specific Conductance
Dissolved Oxygen
Eh

#### **Dissolved Metals**

Iron (EPA Method 200.7) Manganese (EPA Method 200.7)

#### **Nutrients**

Ammonia as N (SM4500) Nitrate as N (EPA 300.0) Nitrite as N (subtraction of nitrate from nitrate+nitrite) Nitrate+nitrite (EPA 353.2) Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (ASTM D 1426-93B) Phosphorous (EPA 365.3)

#### **Major Ions**

Calcium (EPA 200.7)
Magnesium (EPA 200.7)
Potassium (EPA 200.7)
Sodium (EPA 200.7)
Chloride (EPA 300.0)
Sulfate (EPA 300.0)
Bicarbonate Alkalinity (SM 2320B)
Carbonate Alkalinity (SM 2320B)

#### **Miscellaneous Conventional Chemistry Parameters**

Bromide (EPA 300.0) Fluoride (EPA 340.2) Total Organic Carbon (EPA 415.1)

A discussion of the conventional groundwater chemistry and distribution of detected analytes is presented below (Section 4.1) followed by a comparison of analytes with Washington state groundwater quality criteria and drinking water standards (Section 4.2). Wells MW-1 through MW-4 were not resampled as part of the Phase 2 investigation. Therefore, the June 2008 water quality results for MW-5, MW-6 and MW-7 are compared with the May 2007 data for MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, and WS-2 (Section 4.1).

## 4.1 Nitrate Occurrence and Conventional Chemistry

Nitrate and major ion data indicate water quality impacts are occurring at the facility boundary. A summary of groundwater quality data at the facility is presented on Table 4.1 and all available nitrate values are posted on Figure 3.1.

To date, the wells have been analyzed for nitrates at different times: MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, and WS-2 in May 2007; Williams and Biser wells in November 2007; MW-5 in January 2008; and MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 in June 2008. For future monitoring, after sampling pumps have been installed and regular sampling starts, all wells should be sampled within the same two week period.

Greatest water quality impacts at the site boundary were identified at monitoring wells MW-1, MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6 where nitrate (measured as nitrogen content, i.e., nitrate-N) was detected at concentrations of 13.3mg/L (May 2007), 9.8 mg/L (May 2007), 4.0 mg/L (June 2008) and 11.9 mg/L (June 2008), respectively. These wells are located hydraulically downgradient of biosolids application areas and have elevated major ion and nitrate data compared to previously collected data in upgradient monitoring well MW-3. Monitoring well MW-7 had a low nitrate detection (0.7 mg/L) similar to MW-2 (0.8 mg/L), but may prove to be within background conditions with continued monitoring<sup>1</sup>. Water quality test results for each new well (MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7) are discussed below.

#### MW-5

In general, water quality in this well indicates an impact above the upgradient conditions, observed at monitoring well MW-3. The nitrate concentration in MW-5 is greater than in wells along the northwest facility boundary (WS-2, MW-2 and MW-7), but less than concentrations in wells located in the center of or downgradient to the site (MW-1, MW-4, and MW-6).

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Background nitrate concentrations in western Washington can be very low, including non-detect levels such as observed in MW-3. However, additional sampling, both spatially and temporally, would be required to specify the local background nitrate concentrations and variation in the Webb Hill area.

Monitoring well MW-5 lies near the southwest corner of the facility and close to the south boundary (Figure 3.1). Well MW-5 was installed in December 2007 and initially sampled in January 2008. The well had a nitrate-N concentration of 6.9 mg/L in January 2008 (Table 4.1). In the June 2008 sampling, nitrate-N was detected at 4.0 mg/L. The seasonal variation in nitrates is consistent with a dilution effect, as nitrate concentration is inversely related to seasonal water level fluctuation where higher concentrations correspond to lower water levels. However, variable rates of nitrogen application could also affect groundwater nitrate measurements. Specific conductance (152 umhos /cm) and major ion concentrations (Table 4.1) are generally consistent with the nitrate concentrations and reflect a greater water quality impact than at upgradient well MW-3 and wells WS-2, MW-2 and MW-7 along the northwest facility boundary, but a lesser impact than observed at wells MW-1, MW-4 and MW-6.

The pH in wells MW-1 through MW-4 ranged from about 6 to 7.5 with lowest pH occurring in the more impacted wells. The pH measured in wells MW-5 through MW-7 ranged from 8.2 to 8.4, but showed the same pattern of lowest pH occurring in the more impacted wells. Field calibration records were reviewed for the pH meter and no anomalies were identified.

#### MW-6

Of the recently installed wells, MW-6 shows the greatest water quality impact. This well is located downgradient of Field 4 and portion of Field 3 at the south facility boundary. Nitrate concentrations in this well were measured at 11.9 mg/L. Similar to MW-1 and MW-4, major ions and specific conductance are elevated in this well relative to upgradient conditions measured at MW-3.

#### MW-7

Monitoring well MW-7 is located on the westerly boundary of the facility, approximately 1,300 feet due south of MW-2. MW-7 is downgradient of Field 10 and portions of Fields 1 and 2. Water quality in this well is similar to that identified in monitoring wells MW-2 and WS-2 in the May 2007 sample event. Specific conductance, major ions, iron, and manganese concentrations are similar between these wells.

## 4.2 Comparison with Regulatory Standards

Water quality standards for analytes are presented in Table 4.1. The Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) is a health-based standard used to determine the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water delivered to any user of a public water drinking system. The Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) is a guideline based on factors other than health effects. SMCLs control aesthetic qualities of water such as taste, odor, or staining characteristics. MCLs and SMCLs listed in Table 4.1 were obtained from drinking water standards listed by Department of Health (DOH) in WAC 246-290.

The State of Washington has developed water quality standards for groundwater of the state (Ground Water Quality Criteria or GWQC) (WAC 173-200). The goals of the water quality standards are "to maintain the highest quality of the state's ground waters and

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protect existing and future beneficial uses of the ground water through reduction or elimination of the discharge of contaminants to the state's ground waters and protect existing and future beneficial uses of the ground water through reduction or elimination of the discharge of contaminants to the state's ground waters". The implementing rule, WAC 173-200, establishes water quality criteria for protection of the environment, human health, and current and future beneficial uses of ground water. Under WAC 173-200, enforcement limits are defined on a site specific basis but are generally less than the numeric criteria.

In Table 4.1, GWQC exceedances are indicated with a shaded pattern and MCL or SMCL exceedances are indicated with a bold outline.

For the constituents analyzed, primary GWQCs and/or MCLs have been established for nitrate, nitrite, and fluoride. The GWQC and MCL for nitrate (10 mg/L) were exceeded in monitoring well MW-6 (11.9 mg/L) in the June 2008 sample event

For the analytes tested, secondary groundwater criteria and/or drinking water SMCLs have been established for pH, iron, manganese, chloride, sulfate, and fluoride. No secondary standards were exceeded in the June 2008 sample event.

## 5 USGS Sampling and Analysis

Groundwater samples were obtained from Wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 in July 2007 by Steve Cox, USGS. These samples were submitted for analyses of sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>), tritium-helium ratio ( $^{3}H/^{3}He$ ), and a selected suite of 61 compounds typically found in domestic and industrial wastewater. Results or status of these tests are presented in Appendix D (USGS, 2008).

SF<sub>6</sub> results were successfully obtained for three samples (MW-1, MW-2, and MW-4). The SF<sub>6</sub> concentrations were equivalent to atmospheric conditions in the late 1990s to early 2000's. The USGS letter report indicates "Refinements to the estimates of recharge date could be made if information was available on groundwater temperature at point of recharge and measurement to determine if excess air was incorporated during the recharge process" (USGS, 2008).

The analyses for <sup>3</sup>H and <sup>3</sup>He are forthcoming.

Analyses for waste water compounds in wells MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 are included in Appendix D. There were few detections and therefore the data was not considered to be of substantial use (USGS, 2008).

## 6 Summary of Findings and Recommendations

## 6.1 Summary of Findings

- 1. Subsurface soils at the biosolids facility are generally characterized as a thin layer of recessional outwash underlain by laterally and vertically heterogeneous glacial deposits. The glacial deposits are interpreted to have formed predominantly in a dynamic subglacial environment. Till layers varying from less than 1-foot to over 30 feet were found interbedded with clean and debris rich sands and gravels.
- 2. The regional aquifer is present beneath the site under unconfined conditions at about elevation 300 feet. The aquifer is at least 55 feet thick. Groundwater flow within the unconfined regional aquifer is toward the southwest, in line with the drumlinoid surface features. Gradient at the site is low at 0.002 ft/ft, steepening to a gradient of 0.007 ft/ft between MW-7 and the Williams well.
- **3.** No perched groundwater was identified in monitoring wells MW-6 or MW-7. Perched groundwater had been previously identified in monitoring well borings MW-1 through MW-4, although none of the perched zones were found to correlate between boreholes.
- **4.** Water quality impacts are found in wells located downgradient of biosolids application areas. In the June 2008 sampling of wells MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7, nitrate concentrations above 1 mg/L as nitrogen occurred in MW-5 (4.0 mg/L) and MW-6 (11.9 mg/L). Nitrate concentrations elevated above 1 mg/L were previously identified in MW-1 (13.3 mg/L) and MW-4 (9.8 mg/L) in the May 2007 sample event. The Ecology groundwater criteria (WAC 173-200) and the DOH MCL for nitrate in groundwater are 10 mg/L. Slightly elevated nitrate concentrations were identified at monitoring well MW-7 (0.7 mg/L) and previously at MW-2 (0.8 mg/L) and on-site supply well WS-2 (0.7 mg/L). These wells may prove to be within background conditions with additional sampling.
- 5. USGS dating analysis of wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-4 found sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) concentrations equivalent to atmospheric conditions in the late 1990s to early 2000's. Tritium and helium (<sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He) analyses have been delayed. Results from USGS testing and also recently submitted dating samples for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 will be reviewed in a future Aspect Consulting memorandum that presents results of groundwater age dating samples collected from wells MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 in this investigation.
- **6.** USGS analyses for compounds typically found in waste water yielded few detections.

#### 6.2 Recommendations

Because of the exceedance of the numeric criteria for nitrate concentrations under WAC 173-200 in groundwater at the Webb Hill biosolids recycling facility, needs remain for:

- Definition of extent of impacts downgradient of facility;
- Confirm groundwater flow direction and background water quality in the northeast corner of the facility;
- Expanded definition of off-site groundwater flow paths; and,
- Continued monitoring and annual data review

These recommendations are detailed below.

#### 6.2.1 Define Extent of Downgradient Impacts

Nitrate concentrations exceeded the MCL at the property boundary at well MW-6. Further definition of extent of impacts down-gradient of the facility is recommended through an additional monitoring well located downgradient of MW-6.

## 6.2.2 Confirm Groundwater Flow Direction and Background Water Quality in Northeast Corner of Facility

Existing data indicates a southwesterly groundwater flow direction beneath the site which suggests background water quality conditions are present in the northeast corner of the facility; however, the northeast corner of the facility is located close to a topographic divide that may also be a groundwater divide. To confirm that a southwesterly groundwater flow direction is present in this area of the facility and background water quality conditions are present, we recommend that a suitable off-site well northeast of the facility be identified, the water level measured, the well surveyed, and, if warranted, the well sampled. If no suitable off-site well can be identified or if a suitable off-site well indicates the potential for north to easterly flow from the northeast corner of the facility, then an on-site monitoring well should be installed in the northeast corner of the facility and monitored.

## 6.2.3 Expand Definition of Off-Site Flow Paths

Regional, off-site groundwater flow paths are currently characterized by the Biser and Williams wells that lie in close proximity to one another. To better define off-site regional flow patterns and groundwater discharge areas, additional off-site wells should be incorporated into the water level measurement program. Three general areas for these wells have been identified as follows: (1) northwest of the Williams well and west of MW-5, (2) east of the Williams well and south of MW-6 and MW-4, and (3) a location between the Biser well and the Brockdale area. Practically, these target areas for monitoring will be limited by the availability of off-site wells and the network adjusted based on this availability.

Criteria for inclusion of new off-site wells in the monitoring network include:

- Completion in the uppermost regional aquifer; and,
- Owner permission for quarterly water level measurement and, possibly, sampling and surveying.

## 6.2.4 Continue Monitoring and Annual Data Review

Continued water level and water quality monitoring are recommended to identify seasonal and potentially year to year changes in groundwater flow directions and groundwater quality. Specific monitoring recommendations are as follows:

#### **Water Level Monitoring**

- Continue monitoring water levels in wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, WS-2, and off-site wells on a monthly basis for one year and quarterly thereafter. Water level monitoring would be greatly facilitated by the installation of pressure transducers and dataloggers in the site monitoring wells.
- Continue monitoring water levels in off-site Biser and Williams wells. These wells provide good monitoring points about 4,200 and 6,200 feet, respectively, southwest and downgradient of the site. Incorporate additional off-site wells into the monitoring network as recommended in 6.2.1, 6.2.2, and 6.2.3 above.
- If flow patterns cannot be determined through the use of off-site wells, then additional monitoring wells should be considered.

#### **On-Site Water Quality Assessments**

- Start water quality monitoring on a quarterly basis at wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, and WS-2. Use of dedicated in-well sampling pumps is recommended. The water quality analytical testing scheme should be based on review of potential sources. Since metals may concentrate in biosolids, the analytical testing should include analysis for dissolved metals as a screening measure.
- Determine seasonal variation in nitrate concentrations.
- Sample all wells within the same two week period and coordinate off-site sampling during that same period.

#### **Off-Site Water Supply Water Quality Assessments**

- Install an off-site monitoring well downgradient of MW-6 to define the extent of off-site impacts. This information will be useful in evaluating water quality impacts to future domestic supply wells.
- As a precautionary measure, perform at least semi-annual sampling of potable water supply wells downgradient of the site for nitrate concentrations (see criteria in 5.2.1).
   Sampling should be done at seasonal high (late April to early May) and low water levels (December). The downgradient extent to which off-site wells are monitored for water quality should be determined based on identification of wells that indicate a return to background nitrate levels. The analytical testing scheme should be based on

analytes detected in the facility monitoring wells and should include nitrate analysis as a minimum.

• Sample all wells within the same two week period and coordinate with the on-site sampling schedule.

#### **Annual Review**

Annually review the water quality and the water level data for monitoring wells and offsite wells. Also review surface water quality data.

- Review water level data and update groundwater elevation contours and flow paths.
- Review groundwater and surface water quality data. Assess whether installation of additional monitoring wells, on-site or off-site, is necessary to determine extent of nitrate impacted groundwater.
- If analyte concentrations vary significantly between quarters, implement a monthly monitoring program for a 1-year period.
- Review the monitoring and analytical testing scheme and make appropriate recommendations for modification.

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## Limitations

Work for this project was performed and this report prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional practices for the nature and conditions of work completed in the same or similar localities, at the time the work was performed. It is intended for the exclusive use of Mason County Department of Community Development, on behalf of WRIA 16 Planning Unit for specific application to the referenced property. This report does not represent a legal opinion. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

#### **Table 2.1 - Monitoring Well Completion Summary**

Webb Hill Hydrogeologic Investigation - Phase 2 Mason County, Washington

	Installation	Well Lo	ocation inates <sup>1</sup>	Ground Surface	Monument	Stickup		Casing	Total Boring	Well	Screen	Screen Interval	Filter Pack	
Well ID	Date	Northing	Easting	Elevation <sup>2</sup>	Elevation <sup>2</sup>		Elevation <sup>2,3</sup>	Elevation Difference <sup>4</sup>	Depth	Depth <sup>3</sup>	Length	Depth	Interval Depth	
		(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet bgs)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet bgs)	(feet bgs)	
MW-1	4/26/07	730844	993069	402.51	406.35	3.06	405.57	0.01	125	124.8	19.5	105.0 to 124.5	102.5 to 125.0	
MW-2	5/3/07	731148	991371	443.97	447.17	2.76	446.73	0.01	168	168.7	24.5	143.9 to 168.4	140.6 to 166.0	
MW-3	4/24/07	732495	992946	465.84	469.14	2.71	468.55	0.01	187	185.3	24.5	160.5 to 185.0	154.9 to 187.0	
MW-4	4/30/07	729408	994200	375.99	379.89	3.25	379.24	0.01	105	97.7	24.5	72.9 to 97.4	68.2 to 96.0	
MW-5	12/4/07	728694	990367	411.54	-	1.64	413.18	0.25	165	161.0	20	140.7 to 160.7	137.0 to 161.0	
MW-6	5/28/08	728588	992589	397.46	400.33	2.81	400.27	-	146	145.2	24.6	120.2 to 144.8	117.0 to 145.0	
MW-7	5/30/08	729866	991229	418.55	421.58	2.78	421.33	-	170	170.6	24.6	145.4 to 170.0	141.7 to 170.6	
WS-2 <sup>5</sup>	4/18/00	731673	992697	444.85	-	1.9	446.75	0.03	197	197	6	191 to 197	None	
Biser	10/10/94	725206	987893	-	-	-	332.28	-	110	110	10	100 to 105	None	
Williams	-	726239	988343	-	-	-	337.20	-	-	-			-	
Bench Mark	5/9/07	731757	992859	446.32	-	-	446.32	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	

#### **Notes**

<sup>1</sup>Well location coordinates are in Washington State Plane South NAD83 (2007) coordinate system using U.S. feet.

<sup>5</sup>Below grade information taken from state Water Well Report. The reported casing depth of 193.2 ft bgs may be inconsistent with the screen interval of 191 to 197 feet indicated on log.

#### Abbreviations

bgs = below ground surface

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Elevations are NAVD88 (1996) using U.S. feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Measuring points for both PVC and steel casings were marked and notched.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Indicates elevation difference from previous surveys.

## **Table 3.1 - Groundwater Levels**

Webb Hill Hydrogeologic Investigation - Phase 2 Mason County, Washington

Well Name		MV	<b>V</b> -1	MV	N-2	MV	V-3	MV	V-4	MV	N-5	MV	MW-6 MW-7		V-7	Water Supply- 2		Biser		Williams		
Ground Surface Elevation (ft MSL)		402.51		443.97		465.84		375.99		411.54		397.46		418.55		444.85		-		-		
Casing Stickup above Ground Surface (ft)		3.06 2.76		76	2.71		3.25		1.64		2.81		2.78		1.9		-		-			
Casing Elevation (ft)		405	.57	446	6.73	468	3.55	379.24		413.18		400.27		421.33		446.75		332.28		337.20		
Top of Screen Elevation (ft MSL)		297.51 300.07		0.07	305.34		303.09		270.84		277.26		273.15		253.85		_		_			
Bottom of Elevation (	Screen	278			5.57		).84		3.59		0.84		2.66	248.55			247.85		-		-	
Date	Entity	Depth (ft bTOC)	Elevation	Depth (ft bTOC)	Elevation	Depth (ft bTOC)	Elevation (ft, MSL)															
5/23/2007	Aspect	106.92	298.65	149.98	296.75	168	300.55	80.37	298.87	-	-	-	-	-	- (II, IVIOL)	147.49	299.26	-	- (II, IVIOL)	-	(II, IVIOL) -	
5/30/2007	Aspect	-	-	150.55	296.18	168.56	299.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5/31/2007	Aspect	107.64	297.93	150.68	296.05	168.66	299.89	81.18	298.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	148.14	298.61	-	-	-	-	
6/27/2007	МСРН	110.37	295.2	154.09	292.64	171.56	296.99	83.895	295.345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9/26/2007	MCPH	122.6	282.97	166.575	280.155	184.02	284.53	94.735	284.505	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11/21/2007	PGG	Dry	< 278.01	Dry	< 275.57	Dry	< 280.84	Dry	< 278.59	-	-	ı	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	
12/3/2007	PGG	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154.89	258.29	ı	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	
1/22/2008	PGG	Dry	< 278.01	Dry	< 275.57	Dry	< 280.84	95.82	283.42	152.68	260.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1/23/2008	PGG	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.04	284.2	152.04	261.14	ı	-	-	-	172.5	274.25	-	-	-	-	
3/13/2008	PGG	120.44	285.13	163.73	283	182.4	286.15	91.55	287.69	141.54	271.64	1	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	
4/21/2008	PGG	119.03	286.54	-	-	180.09	288.46	91.16	288.08	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
4/22/2008	PGG	119.14	286.43	161.62	285.11	-	-	-	-	140.53	272.65	-	-	-	-	160.71	286.04	80.22	252.06	83.85	253.35	
5/21/2008	PGG	120.05	285.52	162.73	284	-	-	92.46	286.78	141.28	271.9	-	-	-	-	161.88	284.87	81.80	250.48	85.20	252.00	
6/12/2008	Aspect	121.43	284.14	164.27	282.46	182.44	286.11	94.02	285.22	143.33	269.85	119	281.27	143.61	277.72	162.08	284.67	83.43	248.85	86.83	250.37	

#### Notes

Shaded groundwater levels for the Biser and Williams domestic wells were calculated based on an average groundwater level change for MW-1, MW-2, MW-4 and MW-5 between the May 21st and June 12th 2008 measurements. Depth to groundwater was measured from the top of casing.

The elevation datum is NAVD88 (1996).

#### **Abbreviations**

bTOC = Below Top of Casing MSL = Mean Sea Level

## **Table 4.1 - Groundwater Quality Summary**

Webb Hill Hydrogeologic Investigation - Phase 2 Mason County, Washington

			oundwater Criteria <sup>1</sup>	DOH Drinl Stan	_			May 2007 Sam	npling Event <sup>8,9</sup>			January 2	2008 Sampling	Event <sup>8,9,10</sup>	June 2008 Sampling Event <sup>8,9</sup>			
Parameter or Chemical	Units	Primary	Secondary	MCL	SMCL	MW-1 5/31/07	MW-1 (Blind Dup.) 5/31/07	MW-2 5/30/07	MW-3 5/30/07	MW-4 5/31/07	WS-2 5/31/07	L-1 1/23/08	L-2 1/23/08	MW-5 1/23/08	MW-5 6/10/08	MW-6 6/12/08	MW-7 6/11/08	
Field Parameters																		
Temperature	°C	-	-	-	-	14.08	-	13.58	15.44	15.37	10.58	-	-	-	10.16	9.98	10.59	
рН	рН	-	6.5 to 8.5	-	-	6.66	-	7.11	7.28	6.55	7.49	-	-	-	8.39	8.18	8.44	
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	-	-	-	-	374	-	95	82	299	101	-	-	-	152	253	98	
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-	-	-	-	8.85	-	8.81	9.71	8.65	10.83	-	-	-	9.37	9.43	9.55	
Eh	mV	-	-	-	-	140.1	-	118.7	91.6	148	122.1	-	-	-	83.7	135.2	150.7	
Turbidity	NTU	-	-	-	-	1.51	-	2.99	33.80	1.46	1.19	-	-	-	0.46	0.76	1.05	
Dissolved Metals																		
Calcium	mg/L	-	_	-	-	40.4	40.2	10.1	9.15	31.6	10.7	-	-	-	15.5	24.4	10.1	
Iron	mg/L		0.3	-	0.3	0.150 U	0.150 U	0.150 U	0.150 U	0.150 U	0.150 U	-	-	-	0.010 U	0.005 J	0.010 U	
Magnesium	mg/L	-	-	-	-	17.8	17.8	4.86	3.99	13.3	5.39	-	-	-	7.45	11.7	4.95	
Manganese	mg/L	-	0.05	-	0.05	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0798	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	-	-	-	0.0011 J	0.0056	0.0138	
Potassium	mg/L	-	-	-	-	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	-	-	-	1.00 U	0.41 J	1.00 U	
Sodium	mg/L	-	-	20 <sup>3</sup>	-	6.25	6.22	3.40	3.29	6.02	3.36	-	-	-	3.86	4.63	3.11	
<b>Conventional Chemistry Parameters</b>																		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity	mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	-	-	-	-	69.6	70.4	39.8	41.4	50.8	44.6	-	-	-	48	50	29	
Carbonate Alkalinity	mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	-	-	-	-	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	-	-	-	1.00 U	1.00 U	1.00 U	
Hydroxide Alkalinity <sup>4</sup>	mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	-	-	-	-	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	5.00 U	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Chloride	mg/L	-	250	-	250	15.5	15.6	2.22	1.71	15.8	2.22	88.8	38.8	11	6.9	15.7	3.8	
Sulfate	mg/L	-	250	-	250	17.5	17.5	1.95	0.870	13.7	1.66	274.0	110	4.8	2.0	6.7	0.9	
Bromide	mg/L	-	-	-	-	0.400 U	0.400 U	0.400 U	0.400 U	0.400 U	0.400 U	-	-	-	0.012 J	0.012 U	0.012 J	
Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/L as N	-	-	-	-	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.256	0.050	0.327	0.080	0.120	0.020 J	
Nitrate as Nitrogen <sup>5</sup>	mg/L as N	10	-	10	-	13.3	14.1	0.785	0.0100 U	9.78	0.713	0.403	27.8	6.9	4.0	11.9	0.7	
Nitrite as Nitrogen <sup>6</sup>	mg/L as N	-	-	1	-	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.04	0.13	0.32	0.09	0.10	0.13	
Nitrate-Nitrite	mg/L as N	-	-	-	-	13.3	14.1	0.785	0.0100 U	9.78	0.713	0.44	27.90	7.22	4.09	12.00	0.83	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen <sup>7</sup>	mg/L as N	-	_	-	-	1.00 U	1.00 U	1.00 U	1.00 U	1.00 U	1.00 U	0.65 J	0.60 R	1.27 J	0.80	2.00	1.00	
Phosphorus	mg/L	-	_	-	-	0.0620	0.0430	0.155	0.0880	0.0310	0.0800	-	-	-	0.0100	0.0100	0.0200	
Fluoride	mg/L	4		4	2	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100 U	=	-	-	0.011 J	0.010 U	0.021 J	
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	-		-	-	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	2.00 U	9.14	3.72	1.50 U	1.00	1.00	0.70	

#### Notes

#### **Abbreviations**

- U The compound was analyzed for, but was not detected ("Non-detect") at or above the Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) or Minimum Detection Limit (MDL).
- J The result is an estimated concentration that is less than the MRL but greater than or equal to the MDL.
- R The laboratory-reported result for L-2 was non-detect at 0.6 mg/L. Result was rejected by Pacific Groundwater Group due to 0% matrix spike recovery. (Pacfic Groundwater Group and Bennett-Cumming, 2008).
- DOE Washington Department of Ecology
- DOH Washington Department of Health

#### **Aspect Consulting, LLC**

6/30/2008

W:\070041 WRIA 16 - Webb Hill\Deliverables\Phase 2\Interim Report\Table 4.1 - Groundwater Quality Summary.xls

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>From Table 1 - Groundwater Quality Criteria in WAC 173-200.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>MCLs (Maximum Contaminant Levels) and SMCLs (Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels) from WAC 246-290-310.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>20 mg/L is listed as a "level of concern" and is not an MCL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>During the June 2008 sampling event, Hydroxide Alkalinity was not analyzed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Values greater than 1 mg/L are in bold.

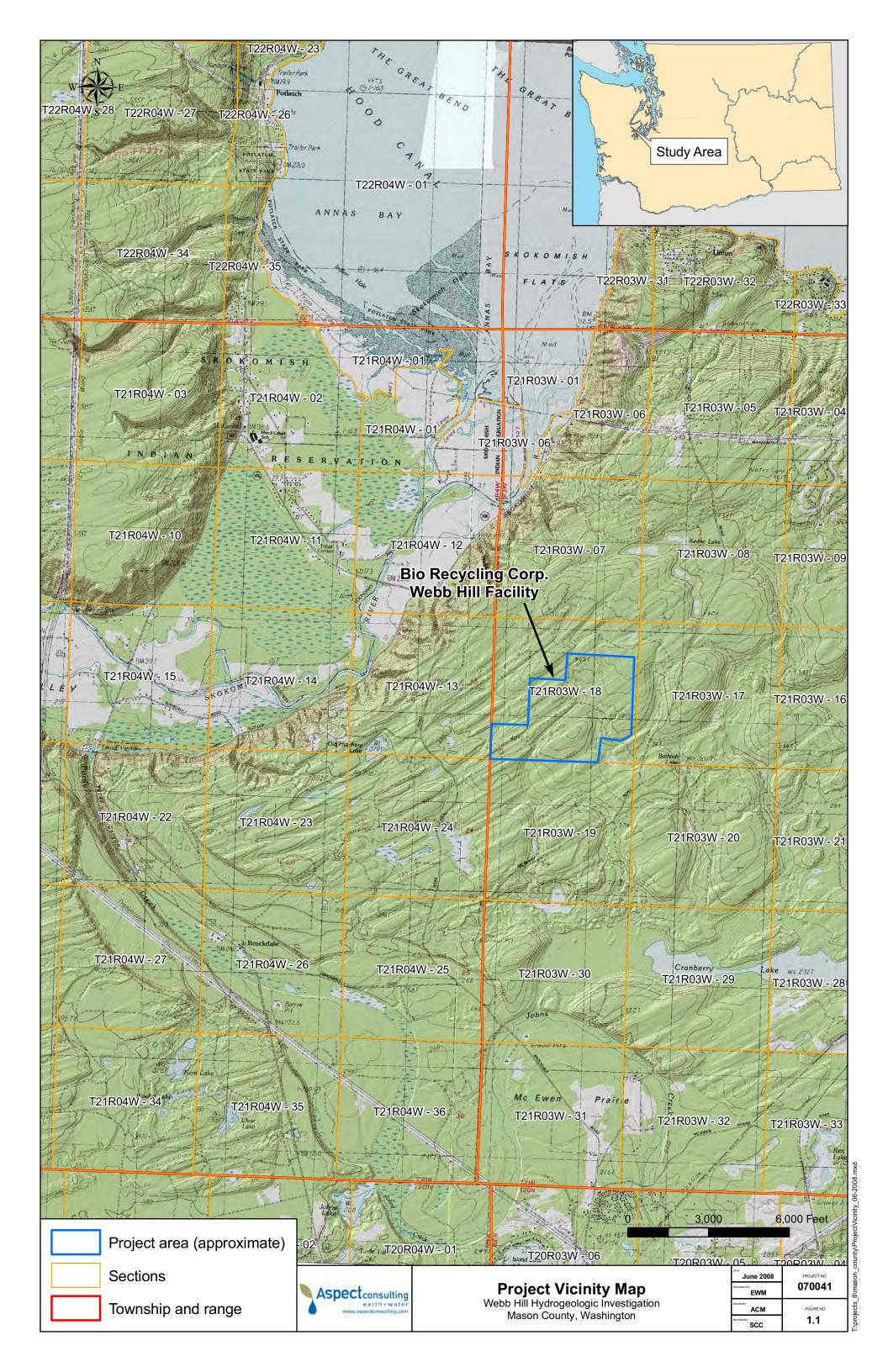
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>For the June 2008 sampling event, Nitrite was calculated as the difference between the laboratory reported results for Nitrate + Nitrite and Nitrate.

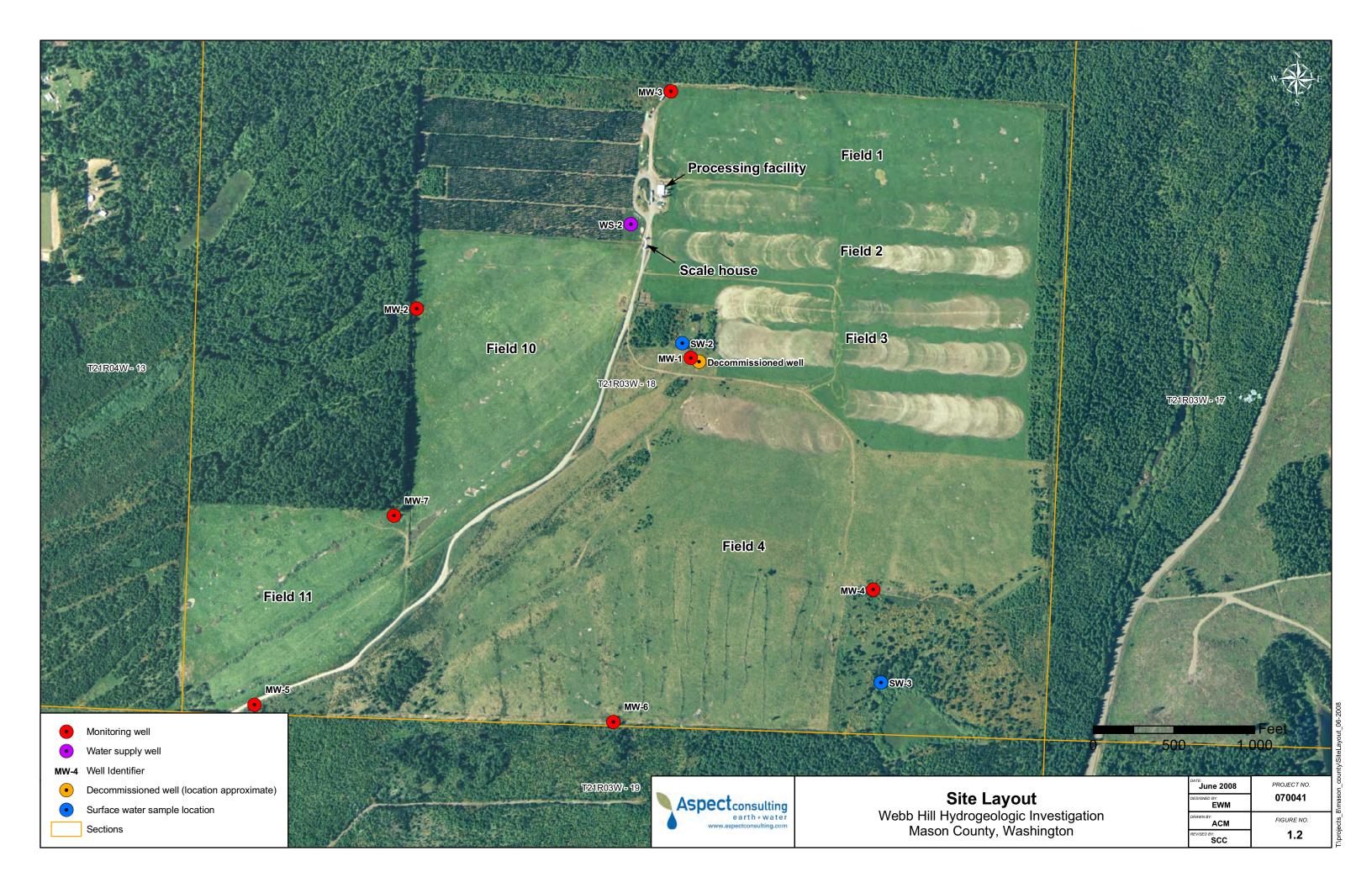
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>For the January 2008 sampling event, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen results (with dot pattern) were suspected of being inaccurate, as a quality control spike showed significant matrix interference. Reporting limit = 0.6 mg/L. (Pacific Groundwater Group and Bennett-Cumming, 2008).

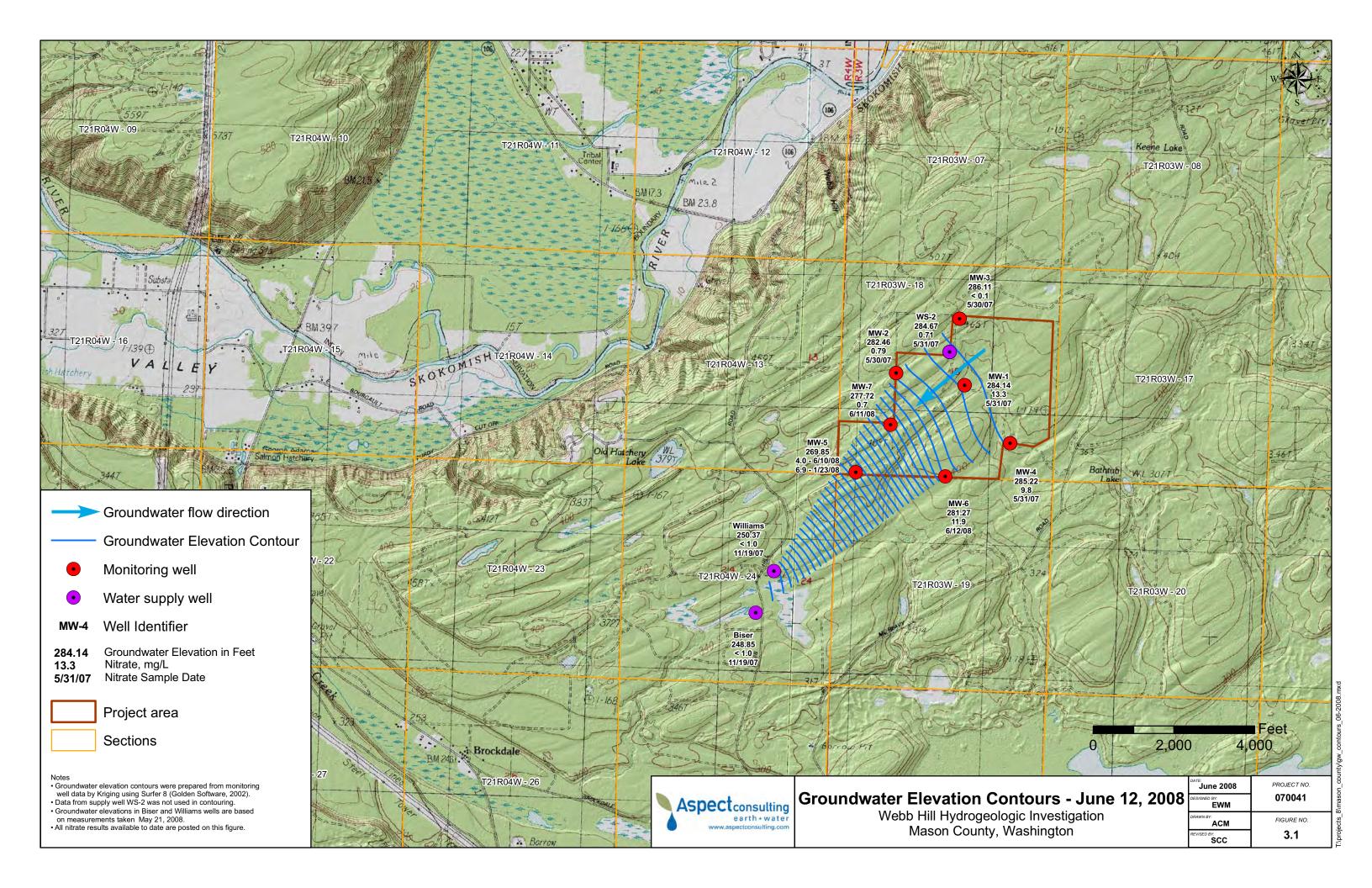
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Concentrations in shaded cells exceed Groundwater Quality Criteria in WAC 173-200.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Concentrations located within thick borders exceed Drinking Water Standard MCLs or SMCLs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Pacific Groundwater Group (2008).







## **APPENDIX A**

**Exploration Methods** 

## A.1 Drilling

## A.1.1 Overview and Drilling Preparation

Well MW-6 was located near the center of the south property line as recommended in the Phase 1 investigative report (Figure 5.1 in Aspect Consulting, 2007b). MW-7 was located in the northeast corner of Field 11. The locations were reviewed by Mason County and Bio Recycling personnel and approved with respect to existing operations and subsurface waste lines. MW-6 was not accessible for a truck mounted rotary-sonic drill rig and therefore a track mounted rotary-sonic drill rig was utilized. The borings were drilled from existing grade without any modifications.

## A.1.2 Drilling Procedures

Three borings were drilled using rotary-sonic equipment by Boart Longyear Company, Fife, Washington. Drilling activities took place from May 20 through May 30, 2008. Borings are identified as MW-6a, MW-6, and MW-7. The first boring, MW-6a, was abandoned after the PVC well casing separated during installation of a ¾-inch bentonite chip seal and bentonite was found within the screened zone during clean-out of the hole. The borehole was decommissioned by drilling out the monitoring well installation and backfilling the borehole with bentonite chips as the drill casing was retracted. MW-6 was successfully redrilled 50 feet to the east of MW-6a.

Drill casing was 5.56-inch outside diameter (OD) and the borehole was nominally 6-inch diameter. The drill bit and core barrel were advanced into the formation and a core sample approximately 3 inches in diameter retrieved. Temporary drill casing was then advanced into the hole and slough removed before drilling ahead to procure another sample. Drilling runs were typically 10 feet long.

## A.1.3 Groundwater Sampling During Drilling

Per Section 6.1 of the Quality Assurance Project Plan (Aspect Consulting, 2008), the driller was requested to identify any perched water and the on-site Aspect Consulting representative inspected soil cores for evidence of perched water. No perched water was found, although moist soils indicative of wetting fronts were encountered.

## A.1.4 Soil Sample Collection

Samples were vibrated from the core barrel into polyethylene sheet tubes and sample depths estimated by the driller. Samples were moved away from the drill rig in approximately 2.5-foot lengths.

## A.1.5 Sampling Logging

Cores were laid end-to-end, recovery measured for each sample run, and samples photographed with depth markers and stadia rod. In the field, soil descriptions were written on standard forms, grab samples taken at lithologic changes or at least every 5 feet, and chip trays prepared. Cores were retained on-site until completion of well development, but were severely disturbed by cattle.

## A.2 Well Installation and Development

#### A.2.1 Well Installation

Wells were constructed using threaded Schedule 40 PVC pipe and machine slotted screen. Slot size was 0.020 inches wide by 0.13 feet long with three slots per row and rows at 0.012 feet on center. Overall screen length was 24.6 feet.

The screen zone was filter packed with 10/20 Colorado silica sand and topped with nominally 1 foot of 20/40 Colorado silica sand to inhibit grout migration. The remainder of the annulus was sealed to ground surface with bentonite. A nominal 10 foot layer of unhydrated bentonite as ¼-inch pellets (PDSCo Pel-Plug<sup>TM</sup>) and 3/8-inch chips (Halliburton Holeplug<sup>TM</sup>) was placed above the sand. The remaining annulus was filled with bentonite grout (Baroid Quik-Grout<sup>TM</sup>) placed by 1-inch tremie pipe. Grout was prepared by power mixing bentonite powder in a 55-gallon drum with a known volume of water. Bentonite chips were used to fill any remaining open hole near the surface and the upper two feet filled with concrete to set the monument.

Details of well construction are provided on the boring logs in Appendix B. Monument, casing, and ground surface elevations are included in Table 2.1.

Well monuments were 5-foot long square steel with a hinged, locking lid and protected by three 7-foot long steel bollards. Monument and bollards were all set in concrete.

## A.2.2 Alignment Testing

Wells were tested for satisfactory alignment by dropping slugs, or dummies, downhole. Both MW-6 and MW-7 passed the largest 1.66-inch diameter by 4.2-foot long slug to the bottom of the well.

## A.2.3 Well Development

Wells MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 were developed from June 2 through June 3, 2007 by mechanical surging followed by pumping. (Development of MW-5 was also performed at this time by the driller, but under contract with Pacific Groundwater Group.) Surging was done by hand oscillating a 3-foot bailer on a 3/8-inch nylon rope and pulley with a 3 foot

stroke at a rate of 30 strokes per minute. Surging was done at eight successive positions within the nominal 25-foot well screen for 7.5 minutes at each station, with an extra 7.5 minutes spent at the bottom of MW-6 due to slight heave at the bottom of that well. (MW-5 was swabbed at seven stations.) Sand content was measured using an Imhoff cone at end of swabbing as 3.0, 2.2 and 2.0 mg/L for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 respectively.

Wells MW-6 and MW-7 were then pumped at 3.5 gpm for one hour with a Grundfos RediFlo-2 pump until turbidity was approximately 50 NTU at each station as measured with a Hach 2100P turbidimeter. MW-5 was pumped for 47 minutes.

# A.3 Groundwater Level Measurements and Sampling

## A.3.1 Survey

Wellheads MW-6 and MW-7 were surveyed in June 2008 by MacLearnsberry, Inc. of Bainbridge Island, Washington. Monitoring wells were surveyed to top of PVC casings. Casings were marked and notched. Two off-site wells (Biser and Williams) were surveyed on June 19, 2008. The surveyor's report is presented in Figure A-1.

## A.3.2 Groundwater Level Measurements

Groundwater levels were measured with a Waterline Model 300 level indicator to the nearest 0.01 feet. Reference point in all cases was top of casing, where the measuring point was marked and notched.

Water level was measured at all on-site wells (seven monitoring wells and the supply well) on June 12, 2008. These data are reported in Table 3.1.

## A.3.3 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples from MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 were obtained on June 10 through June 12, 2007 using low flow sampling methodology as specified in the QAPP (Aspect Consulting, 2008).

Monitoring wells were pumped using a QED Environmental, Inc. SamplePro bladder pump. Air source was a Mi-T-M Corporation Model AC1-PH55-08M air compressor. Dedicated bladders and tubing were used for each well. The discharge lines were ¼-inch Nylon 6 tubing; the bladders were polyethylene. The bladders and nylon tubing were bagged, labeled, and retained for possible future use.

Pump intakes were set at 5, 15, and 12 feet below initial water level for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7, respectively. Flow rates were 0.20, 0.25, and 0.27 lpm (0.053, 0.066, and 0.071 gpm). Drawdowns were very low at 0.16, 0.00, and 0.01 feet.

Wells were purged until all water quality parameters had stabilized. Parameters were monitored with a calibrated YSI 556 multi-parameter instrument. Measured parameters were temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen, pH, and Eh (ORP). Samples were taken after parameters had stabilized to  $\pm$  0.1 °C, 1  $\mu$ S/cm, 2 percent mg/l DO, 0.05 pH, and 10 mV Eh or better over previous three readings taken 3 to 5 minutes apart. The Eh values were the slowest to stabilize and were recorded when dropping at rates of less than 0.3, 0.4, and 0.7 mV/min for MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7, respectively. The wells were purged for 81, 108, and 143 minutes, respectively. An additional 2.5 to 3 hours was spent filling sample bottles.

Samples for wet chemistry were pre-cooled in an ice bath, stored in insulated coolers with cold packs to keep samples at less than 4°C, and sent to Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. within not more than 44 hours of sampling. Samples for metals analysis were field filtered with Enviro-Tech 0.45 micron filters.

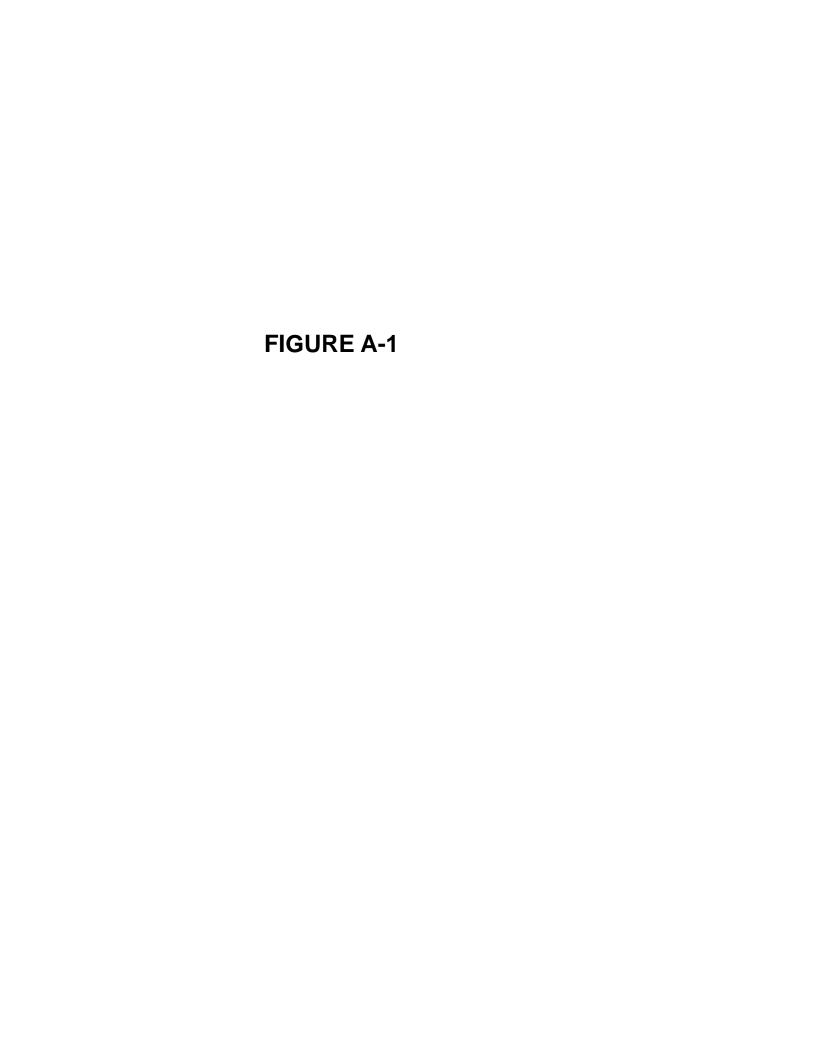
Samples for age dating were collected in specified containers (wide mouth polyethylene with NaOH for <sup>14</sup>C, 500 ml polyethylene for <sup>3</sup>H, 125 ml clear glass with foil cap for CFC, and 1 L amber glass with cone-seal cap for SF<sub>6</sub>). Samples for CFC and SF<sub>6</sub> analysis were filled last and two liters of groundwater were flowed through each glass bottle. CFC bottles were filled and capped under water. All caps were secured with electrical tape.

As CFC and SF<sub>6</sub> compounds tend to adsorb onto polyethylene and Teflon components, food grade ½-inch Nylon 6 tubing and stainless steel couplings were used for the discharge line. Bladders used in the sampling pump were polyethylene. The surface area of the bladder represented 2.5 percent to 3 percent of the total surface area (bladder plus tubing) to which the groundwater was exposed. To additionally minimize any effects, bladders for MW-7 and MW-6 were conditioned in the wells for 1 and 2 days, respectively, prior to sampling.

Diffusion samplers for noble gas analysis were installed in each well after sampling. All were removed on June 19, 2008.

Samples for <sup>14</sup>C analysis were sent to Beta Analytic, Inc., Miami, Florida; for SF<sub>6</sub> analysis to Steve Cox, USGS at Tacoma, Washington, for transfer to the USGS Reston Chlorofluorocarbon Laboratory; and for CFC and <sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He ratio dating to Department of Geology and Geophysics, University of Utah, in Salt Lake City.

Wet chemistry laboratory results are reported in Appendix C and discussed in Section 4. Age dating laboratory results will be presented and discussed in a supplementary report.



### MACLEARNSBERRY, Inc. Land Surveyors o Planners o Civil Engineers

159 Wyatt Way NE Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 206 842-5514



P.O. Box 65382 Port Ludlow, WA 98365 360 437-0430

Friday, June 27, 2008

Joseph Lubischer, PE Aspect Consulting, LLC 179 Madrone Lane North Bainbridge Island, WA 98110

Re: Webb Hill Monitoring Well Survey

Dear Joe:

Accompanying is our map depicting the results of our measurements of wells 6 and 7 at Webb Hill, along with diagrams of the positional tolerances.

The network of GPS stations from which the measurements of this project are taken is maintained by the Washington State Department of Transportation. This past year, they have been in the process of updating the network from NAD83 1991 to NAD83 2007. All updated stations, including the ones used for this project, now have new horizontal and vertical coordinates. In order to continuing using these stations, we have transformed our coordinates to WSDOT's.

In addition, we are now using ellipsoidal values rather than orthometric values. Various public agencies are using different geoid models to report orthometric elevations and we are having difficulty finding reliable conversion processes. The current project datum is thus 70.89 feet lower than the datum we used last year.

Feel free to call me with any comments or questions.

Sincerely,

Bruce MacLearnsberry, PLS

encl.

## MACLEARNSBERRY, Inc. Land Surveyors • Planners • Civil Engineers

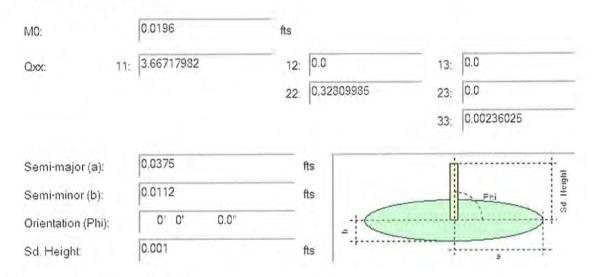
159 Wyatt Way NE Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 206 842-5514



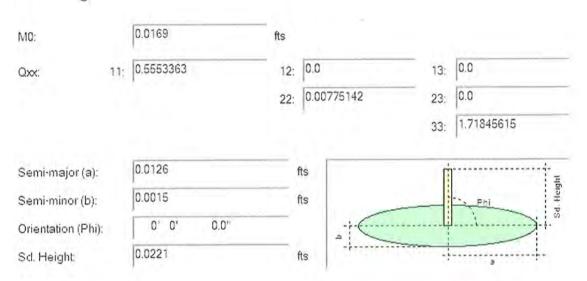
P.O. Box 65382 Port Ludlow, WA 98365 360 437-0430

Webb Hill **Aspect Consulting** Job No. 8033 Double-Vector, Dual-Frequency Static GPS

### Monitoring Well No. 6



## Monitoring Well No. 7



# MACLEARNSBERRY, Inc. Land Surveyors • Planners • Civil Engineers

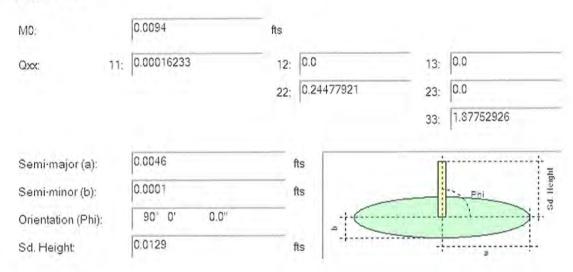
159 Wyatt Way NE Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 206 842-5514



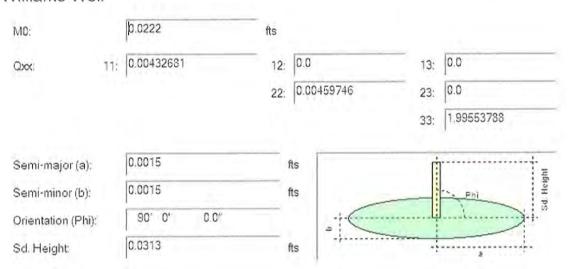
P.O. Box 65382 Port Ludlow, WA 98365 360 437-0430

Webb Hill Aspect Consulting Job No. 8033 Double-Vector, Dual-Frequency Static GPS

#### Biser Well

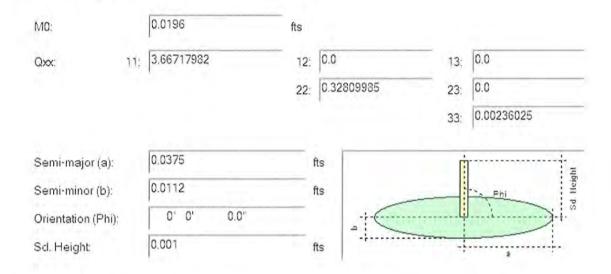


#### Williams Well

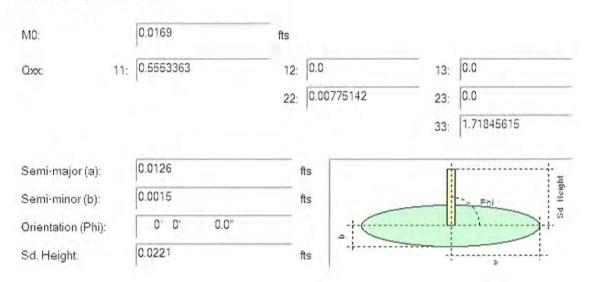


Webb Hill Aspect Consulting Job No. 8033 Double-Vector, Dual-Frequency Static GPS

## Monitoring Well No. 6



#### Monitoring Well No. 7



#### MACLEARNSBERRY, Inc. Land Surveyors o Planners o Civil Engineers

159 Wyatt Way NE Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 206 842-5514



P.O. Box 65382 Port Ludlow, WA 98365 360 437-0430

#### Webb Hill Well Monitoring Survey For Aspect Consulting/Mason County

Job No. 8033 June 27, 2008

#### Static GPS Individual Resolved Vector Solutions

#### MW-6

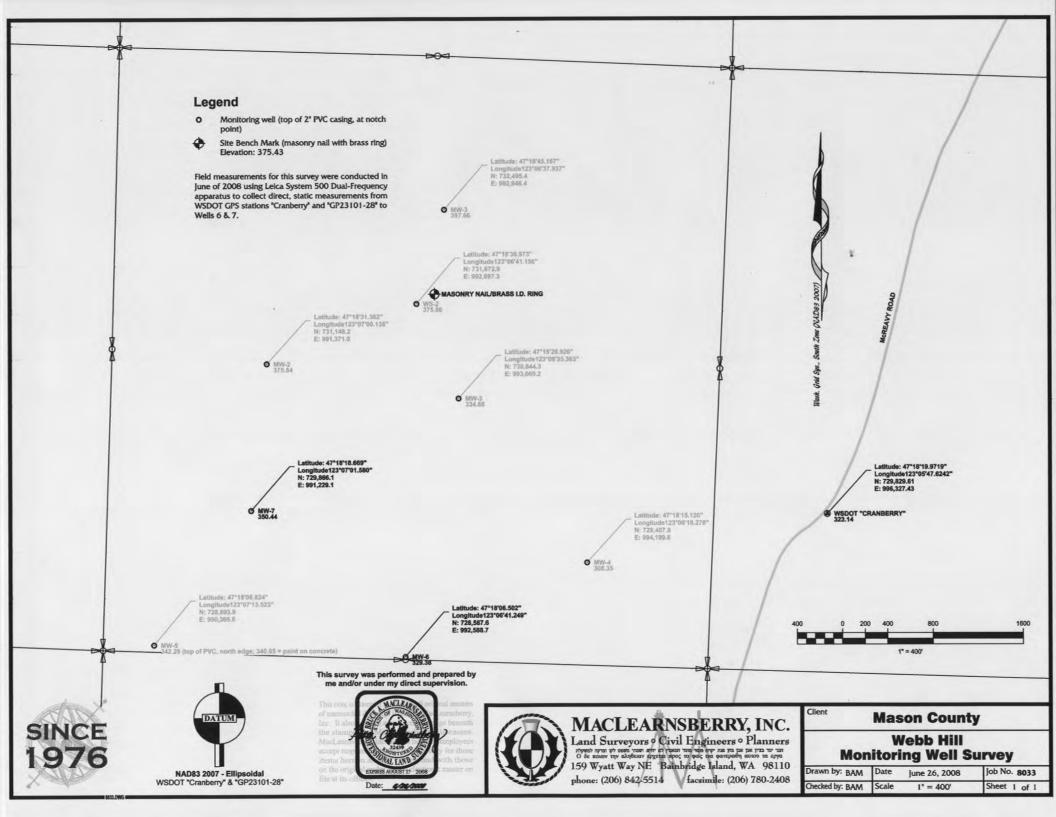
Reference Station	Epoch	Posn. Diff.	Hgt. Diff.	Posn.+Hgt. Diff.	Posn. Qlty.	Hgt. Qity.	Posn.+Hgt. Qlty.	Latitude	Longitude	Height (Ellipsoidal)
WSDOT CRANBERRY WSDOT GP23101-28	06/18/2008 12:03:25 06/23/2008 14:08:22	0.0197	0.0009	0.0197	0.0011 0.0020	0.0018	0.0021 0.0028	47°18'06.50267" N 47°18'06.50171" N	123°06'41.24878" W 123°06'41.24845" W	329.38 329.39
MW-7									i,	
WSDOT CRANBERRY WSDOT GP23101-28	06/18/2008 13:03:24 06/23/2008 14:58:14	0.0058 0.0276	0.0160 -0.0305		0.0008 0.0016		0.0016 0.0025	47°18'18.66903" N 47°18'18.66870" N	123°07'01.57998" W 123°07'01.58003" W	350.42 350.47
Biser										
WSDOT CRANBERRY WSDOT GP23101-28	06/19/2008 12:55:26 06/23/2008 12:22:02	0.0094 0.0023	-0.0282 0.0059	0.0297 0.0063	0.0017 0.0008		0.0037 0.0017	47°17'31.05834" N 47°17'31.05833" N	123°07'45.44250" W 123°07'45.44267" W	270.17 270.14
Williams										
WSDOT CRANBERRY WSDOT GP23101-28	06/19/2008 12:09:11 06/23/2008 16:05:38	0.0008 0.0056	0.0125 -0.0786	0.0125 0.0788	0.0007 0.0019		0.0014 0.0035	47°17'41.78441" N 47°17'41.78436" N	123°07'41.54618" W 123°07'41.54624" W	265.23 265.32

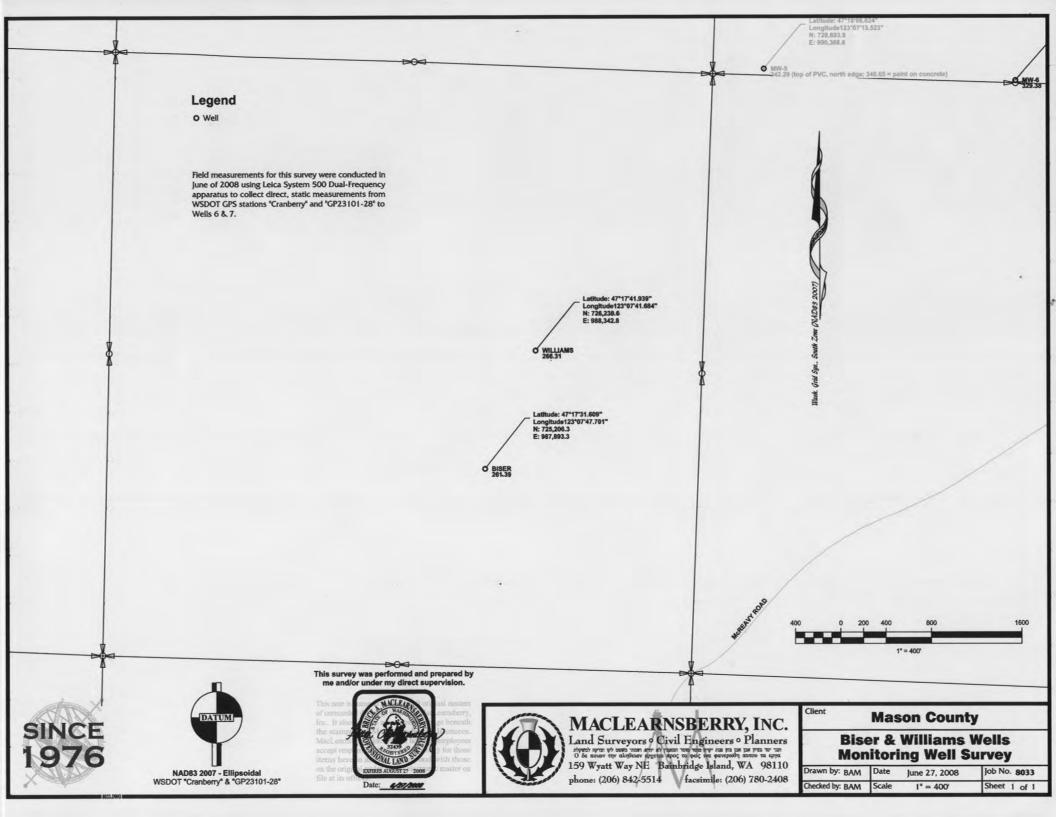
MacLEARNO STATE OF WASHING PASSESS OF WASHING PASSESS OF THE PASSESS OF THE PASSESS OF THE PASSES OF

All units above except latitudes and longitudes are U.S. survey feet.

facsimile: 206 780-2408

e-mail: bruce@sealandsurvey.com





## **APPENDIX B**

**Monitoring Well and On-Site Water Supply Well Logs** 

Classifications of soils in this report are based on visual field and/or laboratory observations, which include density/consistency, moisture condition, grain size, and plasticity estimates and should not be construed to imply field or laboratory testing unless presented herein. Visual-manual and/or laboratory classification methods of ASTM D-2487 and D-2488 were used as an identification guide for the Unified Soil Classification System.



### **Exploration Log Key**

DATE	PROJECT NO.
DESIGNED BY	
DRAWN BY.	FIGURE NO.
	FIGURE NO.
REVISED BY	R-1

3.\\_ACAD Standards\Standard Details\Exploration Log Key B1.dwg

ASPECTORISHING Supply Project Name Location Depth of Casing Blex Meson County, WA Boart Longware / Rectangle Boart Longware / Rec	<b></b>	A m m m m l				M	onite	ring Well Construction Log			
Project Name Location Mean County, WA Mean County, WA Delier/Method Description Secretary County Method Continuous Sample Secretary Continuous Sample Secretary County Sample Sample Secretary County Sample		ASPECTcons	sulting		Project			Well Number Sheet			
December		IN-DEPTH PER	SPECTIVE	ļ	0700	41-00	1	MW-1 1 of 5			
Danit I Mayer / Redosonic Sampling Method Confinuous Sampling Method Confinuous Description Confinuous Description Topical Plants of the Confinuous Description Topical Topical Plants and Confinuous Description	Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	osolids Fac	ility				Ground Surface Elev			
Sampler Medical Confinitions  Start/Finish Date  4/23/2007-4/26/200  Dashiy  D	Location	Mason County,	WA								
Bestonic Competition (Part)  Description (Part)	Driller/Method	Boart Longyear	/ Rotosonic		_						
Bedricke Completion Type:    Topic   T	Sampling Method	Continuous		<u>-:</u>				Start/Finish Date4/23/2007-4/26/	2007		
Source seed continuent with looking the more was compared to the continuent with looking the more was compared to the continuent with looking the more was compared to the continuent of the con	Elevation B	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests				Description	Dept (ft)		
Approved by: EVVIVI	5 - 10 - 10 - 20	monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-2')  Bentonite chips (2-10')  Bentonite grout (10-95.3')	2	- Photoioniz	ration Dete	ctor (He		Slightly moist, dark brown GRAVEL (GP); gravel is abundant organics, roots  RECESSIONAL OUTWASH  Slightly moist, brown, slightly slity, very gravelly SA (SPSM); sand is fine to coarse; gravel is fine, subrounded to rounded Slightly moist, brown, slity, gravelly SAND (SM); s is fine to coarse; gravel is fine to coarse (60mm), subrounded to rounded 3-4.5' gravel is subangular to rounded (35mm)  STRATIFIED GLACIAL DEPOSITS till  Slightly moist, brown to gray, slity sandy GRAVEL glaciofluvial  Slightly moist, dark brown, slity,gravelly SAND (SP)  Drilling fractured rock: dark brown with maroon tin angular gravel  glaciofluvial  Slightly moist, dark brown, slightly slity, gravelly S (SW-SM); gravel is subrounded to rounded Very gravelly  Cobble at 11'  Cobble at 12'  Slightly moist to dry, brown, slity, very gravelly SAND (SM); sand is fine to coarse; gravel is fine to coarse (40mm), subrounded to rounded  Trace clay  Dark brown, increased moisture 22 to 22.5'  Slightly moist, dark brown to gray, slightly clayey, gravelly SAND (SM); sand is fine to coarse; gravel fine to coarse, subrounded to rounded  Dark brown at 25'  Cobble at 26'  Trace clay at 28'	AND 5  (GM) 9  AND 10  AND 10  AND 20  Silty, 20		
Approved by: EVVIVI	No Recovery	1		¥ S	tatic Water	Level		A			
■ Bulk Sample   Water Level (ATD)  Figure No. B-2	Bulk Sample			Δ̈́M	ater Level	(ATD)					

	Aspact		Monitoring Well Construction Log							
	Aspect con	isulting PRSPECTIVE		ct Number		Well Number	Sheet			
	<u> </u>		0700	041-001		MW-1	2 of 5			
Project Name		iosolids Facility		_		Ground Surface Elev Top of Casing Elev.		<del>-</del>		
Location Driller/Method	Mason County Boart Longyea	· •				Depth to Water	104.6 - 5/31/2007			
Sampling Method		17 NOLOGOTHO		<u>.</u>		Start/Finish Date	4/23/2007-4/26/2007			
Depth /	Borehole Completion	Sample Tes	ts PID		terial	Description		Depti		
(feet)	,q	Type/ID Tes	(ppm)	6" Ty	/рө 			(ft)		
35-4-40-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-45-	Bentonite grout (10-95.3')	<ul><li>4</li><li>5</li><li>6</li><li>7</li></ul>				Moist, brown to light brown, silty (SM); trace clay, sand is fine to medium to coarse; gravel is fine predominantly fine, subrounded Gravelly at 31' Slightly moist at 32'  No clay, yellow ochre tones at 3 Trace silt at 38' (SW) Slightly silty at 39' (SW-SM) Light brown to brown at 40' Brown at 41' Dark brown, increase silt at 42' Trace clay 43-49.5', decreasing Light and dark brown at 46' Dark brown at 46.5'  Light and dark brown at 48.5'  Slightly moist to moist, brown Sl trace gravel; sand is fine to coal coarse (20mm) Slightly moist, dark brown and gravelly SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (50mm)  Trace silt at 53.5' (SW)  Slightly silty at 56.3' (SW-SM) Trace silt at 57' (SW)	coarse, predominantly to coarse (40mm), it to rounded  GAND (SW); trace silt; arse; gravel is fine to gray, slightly silty, is fine to coarse; gravel	-40 -45		
Sampler T					spac	ce Measurement) Logged by	, JIVIO/JOL			
│ ○ No Recovery ■ Bulk Sample		Ā Ā				Approved	by: EWM			
		<u></u>	Water Leve	(A1D)		Figure No.	B- 2			

	Aspect cor	nsulting		Proie	t Numb	/lonit	oring Well Construct Well Number	ion Log Sheet		
	IN-DEPTH PE	ERSPECTIVE		_	041-00		MW-1	3 of 5		
Project Name	Webb Hill B	Biosolids Fac	ilitv		311 00		Ground Surface Elev	L		
Location	Mason County						Top of Casing Elev.			
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea			_			Depth to Water	104.6 - 5/31/2007		
Sampling Metho		,	_				Start/Finish Date 4/23/2007-4/26			
Denth /	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/iD	Tests	PID	Blows/		Description		Dep (ft)	
(feet)		Type/iD		(ppm)	6"	Type		<del></del>	(π	
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65							Slightly moist, dark brown, very	r gravelly SAND (SW):	+65	
							I trace silt: sand is fine to coarse	e; gravel is fine to coarse	. ]	
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75+	Bentonite grout (10-95.3')				1	*****			Γ"	
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Sampler		PID				eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by	, UIVIO/UGE		
No Recover			<u>*</u>	Static Water			Approved	by: EWM		
Bulk Sample	<del>C</del>		Ā	Water Leve	l (ATD)			D 0		
							Figure No	. B- 2		

	Aspectcon	culting			N	lonito	oring Well Constructi	on Log	
	ASPECTEON IN-DEPTH PER	SULLITY REPECTIVE		-	t Numb 41-00		Well Number MW-1	Sheet 4 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	iosolids Faci	<u> </u>	0700	<del> 1-00</del>	<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev	. 0, 0	
Location	Mason County			-			Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear	-					Depth to Water 104.6 - 5/31/2007		
Sampling Meth					4/23/2007-4/26/2007				
Depth / Elevation	Borehole Completion	Sample	Tanta	PID	Blows/	Material	Description		Dept
(feet)	Borellole Completion	Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре			(ft)
95	Bentonite grout (10-95.3')  Bentonite pellets/chips (95.3-102.5')	11					Cobble at 94'  Moist, slightly silty from 96 to 9' Slightly gravelly; sand is fine to Gravelly  Very gravelly; sand is fine to co  till Slightly moist, brown, silty, grav lis fine to coarse; gravel is fine to Slightly moist, brown, slightly si (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse;	arse (SW)  velly SAND (SM); sand o coarse (42 mm)	95
105-	SC=430 µmhos/cm on 4/25/2007  ✓ 5/31/2007  Probable 2' formation collapse (between 103 and 110')	12					icoarse (40 mm) Slightly moist, brown, silty, gravis fine to coarse; gravel is fine to glacioflum Moist, dark brown, gravelly SAI is fine to coarse; gravel is fine to predominantly fine Moist Grades to very gravelly Slightly moist	relly SAND (SM); sand o coarse  vial (SW); trace silt; sand	]
	sand filter pack			i			Gravelly		
	(102.5-125')						1	•	
115-		0					Very gravelly  Cobble at 115'		-11
Sample	er Type:	PID	- Photoioniz	ation Dete	ector (H	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by	: JMS/JSL	
No Recov		5		tatic Wate					
Bulk Sam							Approved	by: ⊨VVIVI	
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	•		<u>~</u> ∨∨	ater Level	(VID)		Figure No.	D 0	

	Aspectan	eulting			N	lonit	oring Well Con	Construction Log			
	Aspect cons	SPECTIVE		Project			Well Number	er	Sheet 5 of 5		
5 t 4 M -	me Webb Hill Bi	analida E	ooility	0700	41-00	1	Ground Surface	o Floy	5 01 3		
Project Na Location			acility				Top of Casing	-		-	
Location Driller/Metl	Mason County, hod Boart Longyear						Depth to Wate	_	104.6 - 5/31/2	2007	
Sampling I		/ Rotosonic	<u>.                                    </u>				<del></del>	Start/Finish Date 4/23/2007-4/26			
		I I		PID	Blows/	Material	Ctarer mient 2			Depti	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре		Description		(ft)	
							Slightly silty (SW-SM Trace silt (SW)	)			
†  :										†	
4 1:	2" schedule 80 PVC						Slightly silty (SW-SM	)		+	
:	slotted pipe 0.020" slot size (105.2-124.6')	]									
1 1:	Size (103.2-124.0)										
+  -	は									+	
105	2" PVC pipe cap						Trace silt (SW)			125	
125							Bottom of hole at 125	i'.		120	
+ 1		-								†	
1										+	
									/		
†									/	<b>†</b>	
4 1										+	
400										 <del> </del> 130	
130										.   130	
+									*	+	
1										-	
					i						
†										Ť	
4							·			+	
405										135	
135		1								100	
+ 1										†	
1										+	
1										ļ	
†		1								T	
+ 1										+	
440							,			140	
140+					ŀ					1140	
+		1								Ħ	
1						ł				<u> </u>	
1											
†										T	
+										+	
145										145	
1457											
+										†	
1										+	
							:			L	
7 .											
+										+	
1.1					<u></u>	<u> </u>		anned by	IMO/ IOI		
	npler Type:	Р		nization Dete Static Water		eadspa	ce Measurement)	_ogged by:	JMS/JSL		
_	No Recovery						,	Approved by: EWM			
■ Bulk S	Bulk Sample				ATD)						
							igure No	B- 2			

	Aspost						oring Well Construction		
	ASPECT cons			Project 07004			Well Number MW-2	Sheet 1 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	solids Facili	 fv	07002	+1-00°	<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev	1010	
Location	Mason County,						Top of Casing Elev.		_
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water	147.9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method	Continuous					_	Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007	
Depth / Elevation B (feet)	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Depth (ft)
	Square steel monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-2') Soil (2-4')	1					FILL (Reworked Glac Slightly moist, yellow red/brown, (SM); sand is predominantly fine fine to coarse (60mm), subround felsic	silty, gravelly SAND to medium, gravel is ded/rounded, 30%	- -
5 -	Bentonite chips (4-10')	2					Slightly moist, gray, slightly slity (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (coarse (70mm), subangular/sub RECESSIONAL O Moist/very moist, slightly silty, sl (SP-SM); sand is fine to mediun fairly well sorted, gravel is fine to subrounded/rounded, 10% felsion in gravel	e, gravel is fine to rounded, 15% felsic / UTWASH lightly gravelly SAND no predominantly fine, o coarse (60mm), c, gradational decrease	5
10-		3	·				STRATIFIED GLACIA glaciofluv Moist, dark brown/gray, slightly GRAVEL (GW-GM); sand is fine predominantly coarse, gravel is subrounded/rounded, 15% felsion	ial silty, very sandy e to coarse but fine to coarse (50mm),	-10 -
15-		4					Dry, dark brown/brown, silty, gra is fine to coarse predominantly is fine to coarse (50mm), subrou felsic	fine to medium, gravel	<u>+</u> 15
20-	Bentonite grout						Moist, dark brown/gray, slightly predominantly medium to coars	silty, sand e, <10% felsic	-20
-	(10-131')	5					Moist, yellow red/dark brown, si (GM); matrix supported, sand is fine to coarse (60mm), subroun- felsic	fine to coarse, gravel is ded/rounded, 20%	  -  - 
25-							matrix supported, sand is fine to to coarse (50mm), subrounded/	o coarse, gravel is fine rounded, 15% felsic	25
- - -		6					GŘAVĚL (GM); mátrix supporte subrounded/rounded, 15% felsi	d, gravel (70mm), c	
+		7					Dry, light gray/brown, silty, very with cobblesmatrix supported, s predominantly fine to medium, g (90mm), subrounded/rounded, 2	and is fine to coarse gravel is fine to coarse 20% felsic	
Sampler T	ype:	PID - F	Photoionizati	on Detec	tor (He	adspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery				c Water	Level		Approved b	y: EWM	
Bulk Sample			<u> </u> Wate	er Level (	ATD)		Figure No.	B- 3	

•	Aspectcon	sulting		D- 1- 1	M	onite	oring Well Constructi	on Log Sheet	
Ì	IN-DEPTH PE	RSPECTIVE		Project 07004			MW-2	2 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill B	iceolide Fac	rility	0700	+1-00	<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev	2010	
_ocation	Mason County		лису				Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea						Depth to Water	147.9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Metho		7 1,1000 0 0 1112					Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007	
Depth /	Borehole Completion	Sample	Tools	PID	Blows/	Material	Description		Dep
Elevation (feet)	Bolonole completion	Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре			(ft)
35-		7					glacioflu Slightly moist/moist, yellow red		35
40-		8					very sandy GRAVEL (GW-GM) predominantly medium to coars subangular/subrounded, gravel (60mm), subrounded/rounded Silty, very sandy gravel lens (6'	; sand is fine to coarse se, is fine to coarse <10% felsic ') at 37.5'	+
		9				10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Dry/slightly moist, dark brown/b GRAVEL (GM); sand is fine to fine to medium, gravel is fine to felsic, matrix supported  Slightly moist, red brown/yellov sandy GRAVEL (GW-GM); sar predominantly medium to coars coarse, subrounded/rounded, 1	o coarse predominantly o coarse rounded, 15%  v red, slightly silty, very dis fine to coarse se, gravel is fine to 5% felsic	  -  -
50-	Bentonite grout (10-131')	10					Slightly moist, dark brown, silty (SM); sand is fine to coarse, gr (40mm), subrounded/rounded, 45-45.5')  Trace clay  Slightly moist/moist brown/dark silty, gravelly, SAND (SM); san gravel is fine to coarse predom rounded/subrounded, 10% fels	avel is fine to coarse 10% felsic (gravelly  brown, slightly clayey, d is fine to coarse, inantly fine (60mm),	-50
55		11					Slightly moist, dark brown, sligi gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand lis fine to coarse, subrounded/r. Slightly moist, dark brown, sligi SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (60mm), subangular/rou matrix supported Slightly moist/moist	d is fine to coarse, grave ounded, 10% felsic htly silty, very gravelly, o coarse, gravel is fine to unded, <10% felsic,	-'}-
Sampler	Type:	PID	- Photoioniz	zation Dete	ctor (He	adspa	ce Measurement) Logged by	: JMS/JSL	
O No Recover	ry		<b>y</b> s	tatic Water	Level		Approved	L □\Λ/N#	
	е		_ ν.				Devoidde	UV. LVVIVI	

	Acnost	115			IV	<u>ion</u>	<u>it</u> C	ring Well Construction Log			
7	ASPECt cor	nsulting RSPECTIVE		Project	Numb	er		Well Number	Sheet		
				0700	41-00	1		MW-2	3 of 6		
Project Name	•	iosolids Faci	lity					Ground Surface Elev			
ocation	Mason County							Top of Casing Elev.	147.9 - 5/31/2007		
Oriller/Method	Boart Longyea	r / Rotosonic	<u>-</u>					Depth to Water	4/30/2007-5/3/2007		
Sampling Method	Continuous	· · ·		<del></del>		1	_	Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007	$\overline{\top}$	
Depth / Elevation Bo (feet)	rehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Mate Typ		Description		Dep (ft	
(leet)			-								
65-		11			`			Slightly moist/moist, dark brown gravelly SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (60mm), 15% to subrounded/rounded  till Slightly moist/dry, light brown, sand is fine to coarse	is fine to coarse, gravel felsic, silty, gravelly SAND e, gravel is fine,		
70-		12						subangular/round, matrix supporting glacioflux Slightly moist/moist, dark brown (SM); trace clay, sand is fine to subangular/rounded, <10% felse till Slightly moist/dry, brown, slight SAND (SM); sand is fine to coacoarse (30mm), 10% felsic, mass Slightly moist/moist, dark brown (SM); sand is fine to coarse, gr (70mm), angular/rounded, 10%	vial n, silty, gravelly SAND coarse, gravel is fine, sic ly gravelly, very silty arse, gravel is fine to atrix supported n, silty, gravelly SAND avel is fine to coarse		
80-	Bentonite grout (10-131')	13								-8	
85	Perched water level 86.3' 4/24/2007	14						till Slightly moist/dry, brown, silty, \(SM); sand is fine to coarse, gr glacioflu Slightly moist/moist, dark brow gravelly SAND (SM); trace clay gravel is fine to coarse (65mm) 10% felsic No clay at 86.5'	avel is fine to coarse vial n/gray, silty, very n, sand is fine to coarse, n, angular/subrounded,	<u></u>	
Sampler Ty	/be:	PID ·	Photoioni	zation Dete	ctor (H	eads	pac	ce Measurement) Logged by	: JMS/JSL		
No Recovery			_	Static Water					by: EWM		
			_								

	Aspectcon		Monitoring Well Construction Log Project Number Well Number Sheet							
	IN-DEPTH PE			-	t Numb 41-00		Well Number MW-2	Sheet 4 of 6		
⊃roject Name	Webb Hill B	iosolids Fac	ility	0700	41-00	<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev	4016		
Location	Mason County		піту				Top of Casing Elev.			
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea						Depth to Water	147.9 - 5/31/2007		
Sampling Method		17 Notosoffic					Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007		
Depth /		Oto		PID	Blows/	Materia!	-		Ineri	
Elevation B (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Description	) 	Depti (ft)	
1		15				0000			_	
				ŀ		0000				
		16				0000	till Slightly moist/dry, brown, silty, sand is fine to coarse, gravel is predominantly fine (30mm)	s fine to coarse		
95-							glacioflu Moist/very moist, dark brown, v (GP); trace silt, sand is fine to coarse predominantly fine (55r	very sandy GRAVEL coarse, gravel is fine to mm),	95	
+		17					subangular/rounded, 10% felsi till Slightly moist/dry, brown, silty, sand is fine to coarse, gravel is	gravelly SAND (SM); s fine to coarse (40mm)	#	
-							glacioflu Slightly moist, dark brown, slig SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (48mm), subangular/ro	htly silty, very gravelly o coarse, gravel is fine to		
100-							matrix supported Slightly moist/moist, dark brow very gravelly/gravelly SAND (S coarse, gravel is fine to coarse subrounded/rounded, <5% fels	M); sand is fine to (55mm),	100	
1	Perched water level 101.7 5/1/2007 Hole drilled to 105' SC=300 µmhos/cm	18					Subrounded Tourided, 1076 less		-	
105	Bentonite grout						Slightly moist, dark brown, ven trace silt, sand is fine to coarse	predominantly fine to	105	
+		19					medium, gravel is fine to coars subangular/subrounded, <5% fine to coil slightly silty, sand is fine to coil very silty, gravelly SAND (SM) Slightly moist, brown, slightly s SAND (SW-SM); gravel is fine till (106.7-107.3') as till at 112'.	felsic urse at 105.5' ; sand is fine to coarse illy, slightly gravelly (<1/4") , gravel is fine		
110							glaciofluvial (107.3-110') as gl till (110-110.5') as till at 112', g glaciofluvial (110.5-111') as gl	ravel is fine	110	
-	Perched water level	20					till (111-111.5') as till at 112' glaciofluvial (111.5-112') as gl till Slightly moist/dry, dark brown/t			
+	112.9 5/1/2007 Hole drilled to 115' SC=150 µmhos/cm						SAND (SM); sand is fine to coa coarse (20-60mm), subangular glacioflu Slightly moist/moist, dark brow	arse, gravel is fine to /rounded, 5-10% felsic vial n/brown, slightly	<u> </u>	
115							silty/trace silt, gravelly/very gra SW); sand is fine to coarse, gra (30-65mm), subangular/subrou	avel is fine to coarse	115	
†		21							†	
†									<b>†</b>	
Sampler T	ype:	PID -	Photoioni	zation Detec	tor (He	adspac	e Measurement) Logged by	: JMS/JSL		
<ul><li>○ No Recovery</li><li>■ Bulk Sample</li></ul>			\ <del>7</del>	Static Water			Approved I	by: EWM		
			<del>-</del> V	Vater Level (	MID)		Figure No.	B- 3		

	Aspectcor	euitina					oring Well Construct		
	IN-DEPTH PE			Project 0700			Well Number MW-2	Sheet 5 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill B	insolids Fac	<u> </u>	0700	41-00	' 1	Ground Surface Elev	3010	
Location	Mason County		onity	-			Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea						Depth to Water	147.9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method			<u> </u>				Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007	
Depth /	Forehole Completion	Sample	<b></b>	PID	Blows/	Material	Daniel Co.		Dep
(feet)		Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Description		(fi
		21					Maiat dayl bonn aliabtu agu	Olly CAND (CIAD) trace	
125	Bentonite grout (10-131')	22					Moist, dark brown, slightly grav silt, sand is fine to coarse, grav subangular/subrounded, <15%	el is fine,	12
130-		23					Slightly moist/dry, brown, silty, Isand is fine to coarse, gravel is subangular/subrounded, 10% fe Moist, dark brown, very gravelly sand is fine to coarse, gravel is subrounded, 10% felsic Slightly silty at 128.3' \(\text{Trace silt at 128.7'}\) Slightly moist, dark brown, silty sand is fine to coarse, gravel is subangular/subrounded, <10% Slightly silty	fine to coarse (40mm), elsic / SAND (SW); trace silt, fine to coarse (50mm), , gravelly SAND (SM); fine to coarse (70mm),	<u> </u>
135	Bentonite chips (131-140.6')	24					till Slightly moist/dry, brown, very s (SM); sand is fine to coarse, gre (45mm), subangular/subrounde glaciofluv Slightly moist, dark brown, sligh (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse coarse (55mm), subangular/sub Moist at 136.5' Sand predominantly fine to med Sand is fine to coarse at 138' Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med Sand is predominantly fine to med	avel is fine to coarse ad, <10% felsic vial atly silty, gravelly SAND a, gravel is fine to brounded, 10% felsic dium at 137' medium at 139.1' relly SAND (SM); sand	13
145-	∑5/3/2007 SC=130 µmhos/cm on 5/2/2007 ▼5/31/2007	25					his fine to coarse, gravel is fine to lifine (30mm), subangular/subrot glaciofluw Moist/slightly moist, dark brown trace silt, sand is fine to coarse medium, gravel is fine Very gravelly, gravel is fine to c Sand is fine to coarse at 143.5' Gravelly at 144'  Silt increases at 145'	o coarse predominantly unded, <10% felsic vial , gravelly SAND (SP); predominantly fine to oarse (50mm) at 142' silty, very gravelly coarse, gravel is fine to	149
Sampler Ty	уре:	PID	- Photoion	ization Detec	tor (He	adspac	e Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	!
No Recovery			_	Static Water I	•	•	,		
Bulk Sample			$\nabla$				Approved b	y: EWM	
<u> </u>			<del>-</del> v	Vater Level (A	עור)		Figure No.	B- 3	

	Aspectcon	sulting SPECTIVE			t Numb 41-00	er	oring Well Construction  Well Number  MW-2	Sheet 6 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	osolids Fac	 :ility			<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev		
Location	Mason County,						Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear					•	Depth to Water	147.9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Metho	-					-	Start/Finish Date	4/30/2007-5/3/2007	
Depth / Elevation	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description		Dept (ft)
(feet)	·.]	25		фрилу	•	1,00			+ "
155	10/20 Colorado silica sand filter pack (140.6-166')	26					Slightly silty		15:
	2" schedule 80 PVC slotted pipe 0.020" slot size (143.9-168.3')						Very moist, dark brown, gravelly sand is fine to coarse, gravel is subrounded, <5% felsic Slightly silty, very gravelly (SW-	fine to coarse (50mm),	  -  -
60+		27			:		Very moist, dark brown, slightly gravelly SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine, includes silt lens 0.1' Very moist, dark brown, slightly SAND (SW-SM); trace silt, sand predominantly medium to coarse (70mm), subangular/sub subrounded), <5% felsic	s fine to coarse, gravel silty, very gravelly I is fine to coarse e, gravel is fine to rounded (mostly	160
35+	Formation (166-168')	28					Sand is fine to coarse at 161.5', Silt decreasees at 164' Cobble at 166'  Bottom of hole at 168'	silt increases	169
+	2 1 40 pipe cap								+
170-					i				+170 +-
175-									175
Sampler	Type:	PID	- Photoioniz	ration Dete	ctor (He	eadspac	e Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	+
		, .0		atic Water					
No Recover	y				LEVE		Approved b		

	Aspectcons	ulting					oring Well Constructi		
	ASPECTONS	sutting SPECTIVE		•	Number		Well Number MW-3	Sheet 1 of 7	
	Makk I BU Dia	lide Feellity	0.	/004	1-001		Ground Surface Elev	1 01 7	
Project Name		osolids Facility					Top of Casing Elev.		
.ocation Driller/Method	Mason County,						Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method	Boart Longyear  Continuous	Rotosonic		<u>-</u>			Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/2007	
Depth /		Comple		PID	Blows/ N	laterial			Depti
Elevation B (feet)	orehole Completion	Sample Te Type/ID		opm)	4 ***	Туре	Description		(ft)
	Square steel monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-1')	1					PRECESSIONAL CO Dry, yellow red, slightly slity, gra sand is fine to medium, gravel is rounded, roots.  Dry, light gray/yellow red, slity, yellow red,	avelly SAND (SW-SM); s fine to coarse,	  -  -  -
5 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Bentonite chips (1-10°)						(SM); sand is fine to coarse, pre gravel is fine to coarse (40 mm) rounded.	edominantly coarse;	- 5
-		2			Ī		STRATIFIED GLACIA	AL DEPOSITS	7
_							Slightly moist, dark brown/yellor gravelly SILT (ML); sand is fine (80 mm), matrix supported.	w red, slightly sandy, ; gravel is fine to coarse	
10-		3					Slightly moist, dark brown, sand (ML); sand is fine to medium; g (40 mm), subrounded/rounded,	ravel is fine to coarse	10  - - -
15-							Slightly moist, dark brown, sand gravel; sand is fine; gravel is fin	dy SILT (ML) with trace le, matrix supported.	15
20	Bentonite grout	4					glacioflux Dry, dark brown, slightly silty, g sand is fine to coarse; gravel is nsubrounded/rounded, predomin Dry, dark brown/yellow red, slig GRAVEL (GW-GM); sand is fin fine to coarse (60 mm), subroun Dry/slightly moist, dark brown/y	ravelly SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse (50 mm), antly matrix supported. htly silty, sandy e to coarse; gravel is nded to rounded.	20
	(10-139.4')	5					sandy GRAVEL (GM) sand is fi fine to coarse (35 mm), subrou	ne to coarse; gravel is	  -  -  -  -
25		0			, C		Dry, yellow red/brown, silty, ver (GM); sand is fine to coarse, gr	y sandy, GRAVEL avel is fine to coarse,	25
+		6					Dry, dark brown/yellow red/ trac sandy, GRAVEL (GM); sand is fine to coarse (40mm), subroun primarily mafic origin	fine to coarse, gravel is ded to rounded,	-
Sampler T	уре:	PID - Pho	toionization l	Detect	tor (Hea	dspa	ce Measurement) Logged by	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery Bulk Sample	,	<u> </u>	Static W	/ater L	.evel		Approved I	oy: EWM	
1			,,_,,,	(1			Figure No.	B- 4	

	Aspectcon	eulting					ito	oring Well Construction Log	
	ASPECTON IN-DEPTH PE	RSPECTIVE			Numb 41-00			Well Number Sheet MW-3 2 of 7	
Droinet Massa	Wohh Will B	iosolids Facility		0/00	41-00	ı		Ground Surface Elev	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Project Name Location	Mason County							Top of Casing Elev.	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear			<del>.</del>				Depth to Water 166 - 5/31/20	07
Sampling Metho		17 Hotosomo						Start/Finish Date 4/17/2007-4/23/	2007
Depth /		Sample		PID	Blows/	Mate	rial	Description	Depti
(feet)	Borehole Completion	Type/ID	ests	(ppm)	6"	Тур		Description	(ft)
35-4-40-4-45-45-4-55-4-4-55-4-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-1-4	Bentonite grout (10-139.4')	7 0 8 8	toionizatio	n Data	ctor (L.)	D-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Dry, dark brown/yellow red, slightly silty, very grav SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse predomina coarse, gravel is fine to coarse (75mm), predomin mafic (80%)  Dry, dark brown/yellow red, slightly silty, gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse, gravel is coarse with small cobbles (85mm), rounded/subrounded, predominantly mafic (90%)  Dry, dark brown, slightly silty, very sandy, GRAVE (GW-GM); sand is fine to coarse predominantly medium, gravel is fine to coarse (70mm), subrour to rounded; presence of quartzite and granite (20° Dry, dark brown, silty, gravelly, SAND (SM); sand fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, subrounded/rounded Dry/slightly moist, dark brown/yellow red, slightly very gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse (70mm), rounded/subroun <10% felsic  Slightly moist/moist, dark brown/yellow red, silghtly silty, gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, subrounded/rounded, <10% felsic  Dry, dark brown with yellow red oxidization, slightly silty, gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, subrounded/rounded, <10% felsic  Dry, dark brown with yellow red oxidization, slightly silty, gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, subrounded/rounded, 20° felsic, 2' boulder present  Slightly moist/moist, dark brown, slightly silty, gravelly, SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse predominantly gravelly, SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse predominantly gravelly, SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse predominantly gravelly, SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse predominantly gravelly.	ntly lantly 35 fine to 35 fine to 40 %) 45 soles tzite 31 soles tzite 35 soles tz
Sampler `						eads	pa	ce Measurement) Logged by: JMS/JSL	
No Recover			▼ Static	Water	Level			Approved by: EWM	
Bulk Sample	e		<u></u> Water	Level	(ATD)				
								Figure No. B- 4	

•	Aspectcons	culting					oring Well Construct		
	IN-DEPTH PER			Project 07004			Well Number MW-3	Sheet 3 of 7	
Project Name	e Webb Hill Bio	osolids Facil	lity	07002	+1-00		Ground Surface Elev	3017	
Location	Mason County,		iity	<u></u>			Top of Casing Elev.	<u></u>	
Driller/Metho							Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Me		· · · ·					Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/2007	
Depth / Elevation	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description		Dept (ft)
(feet)		Турело		(65)			medium to coarse, subangular/ fine to coarse (80mm), subrour	subrounded, gravel is	1
+							felsic	igea/fourided, ~15%	†
4	Probable formation						Slightly gravelly sand pocket, s	and is medium to coarse	<u>,</u>
	collapse (8' cumulative between 157.3 &	11					Oliginary gravelly sails positely s		1
	177.4')								
7							-		Ţ
65							-		+6
1							1		1
							1		
†						r †#	Slightly moist/moist, dark brow	n, slightly silty, gravelly,	$\top$
+							SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to medium, gravel is fine to coars	e (50mm),	t
							rounded/subrounded, ~15% fel	sic	1
							Silty		_
70+		12				T. 711	Moist, dark brown, slightly silty,	very gravelly, SAND	十7
+							(SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse medium to coarse, rounded/su	brounded, gravel is fine	+
1							to coarse (70mm), subrounded	/rounded, ~10% felsic	1
†							-		T
+									+
75	Bentonite grout						`  		<del></del> 79
	(10-139.4')						Slightly moist, dark brown, silty (GM); sand is fine to coarse pro	edominantly fine to	
†							medium, gravel is fine to coars subrounded/rounded, ~15% fel	e (50mm),	Τ
+						8 8	Suprourided/rourided, 107016	310, Matrix Supported	+
1							Slightly moist/dry, dark brown,	slightly silty, very	7
							gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (80mm), subro	ounded, ~10% felsic	'
†							1		Γ
30 <del> </del>		13							+8
ļ <b>I</b>									+
							;		
							†		
†									†
+							1		+
B5 <del>-</del>							<u> </u>		_ 
		,					Slightly moist-moist, dark brow sandy, GRAVEL (GW-GM); sa	n, slightly silty, very	٦
+						ုန္ပိုန္နီ	gravel is fine to coarse (40mm)	, subrounded/rounded,	†
+							<10% felsic		+
		14							1
						ုင္ပံုနဲ႔			
+			d	1		5.34			t
Coroni	los Tumos	DID	Db -1-111	in Datas	() l-		Decreasing silt, increase in me ce Measurement Logged by		
Sampi No Reco	ler Type: verv	PID -	_	ion Detec ic Water I		auspa	<b>,</b>		
Bulk Sam	-						Approved	by: EWM	
	•		- vvate	er Level (	WID)		Figure No.	D 4	

	Aspectcons	sultina			N	lonit	oring Well Construc	tion Log	
`	ASPECTONS IN-DEPTH PER	SPECTIVE		-	Numb 41-00		Well Number MW-3	Sheet 4 of 7	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi		cility		41-00	1	Ground Surface Elev Top of Casing Elev.	4017	
Location Driller/Method	Mason County, Boart Longyear						Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method		/ Rotosonic					Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/2007	
		Samula		PID	Blows/	Materia			Depti
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Descriptio	n 	(ft)
95-	Bentonite grout (10-139.4')  Perched water Ephemeral	14	Tests		6"		Wet, dark brown and yellow re trace silt, sand is fine to coars to coarse, gravel is fine to coar rounded/subrounded, 20% fel:  Decreasing silt  Very gravelly	ed, gravelly, SAND (SP); e predominantly medium irse (50mm),	-95
105-	Drill casing (105-125')	16					Wet (top) to moist (bottom), g (SM), sand is fine to coarse, g (30mm), subrounded/rounded Slightly moist to moist, dark b gravelly, SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse (55mm), sub- felsic	gravel is fine to coarse  rown, slightly silty, d is fine to coarse, gravel	-/
115-		17							115
- - -		18					4	is fine to coarse (55mm), ry sandy, GRAVEL (GW); e, gravel is fine to coarse	
Sampler		PIE		nization Dete	ctor (He	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged b	y: JMS/JSL	
No Recove			Ā	Static Water	Level		Approved	l by: EWM	
Bulk Sampl	e		$\bar{\Sigma}$	Water Level	(ATD)				
							Figure No	o. B-4	

	Aspectcons			N	/lonit	oring Well Construction Log			
7	IN-DEPTH PER			-	t Numb		Well Number	Sheet 5 of 7	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	coolide Fa		0/00	41-00	1	MW-3 Ground Surface Elev	5 of 7	
Location	Mason County,		JIILY				Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method		/ Notosomo					Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/2007	
Depth /		2		PID	Blows/	Listorial			Tanth
Elevation Bo (feet)	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Description		Depth (ft)
	Drill casing (105-125')						(60mm), subrounded/rounded, `	10% felsic	<del> </del>
125	Bentonite grout (10-139.4')	19	·			00.5.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	Moist, slightly silty (GW-GM) Slightly moist		125
130		20				30.00.00	Moist, dark brown, gravelly, SAI	ND (SP); trace silt, sand	130
135							is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to subrounded/round, 15% felsic	o coarse (60mm),	- -135
				0			Moist, dark brown, gravelly, SAI is fine to coarse predominantly is fine to coarse (50mm), subrou felsic	fine to medium, gravel	+
140-		21					Very moist to moist, dark brown gravelly, SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (40mm), subroi Gravelly at 140'.	l is fine to coarse, gravel unded/rounded	140
-							fine to coarse (60mm), subrouting fine to coarse (60mm), subrouting fine to coarse (60mm), subrouting fine to moist, gravel is pr	edium to coarse, gravel unded/rounded	
145-	Bentonite pellets (50 lbs) (139.4-154.9') (Note: 3.2 lb/ft is less than recommended usage of 13.3 lb/ft)	22					Increased fine to coarse gravel subrounded/rounded Slightly silty (SP-SM)	(45 mm),	145
+	usage of 10.0 to ny						Trace silt (SP)  Gravel predominantly fine		†  -  -
Sampler Ty		PID	- Photoionizat	tion Detec	ctor (He	adspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery	•			tic Water I			,		
Bulk Sample			Π	ter Level (			Approved b	y: EWM	

	Acnost					oring Well Construct		
	Aspect cor	ISUlting PSPECTIVE		•	t Number	Well Number	Sheet	
(				0700	41-001	MW-3	6 of 7	
Project Name		iosolids Facility				Ground Surface Elev		
Location	Mason County			<u> </u>		Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea	r / Rotosonic		_		Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method	d Continuous				<del>,</del>	Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/2007	
Depth / Elevation E (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	ests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ Material 6" Type	Description	1	Depth (ft)
155-	20/40 Colorado silica sand cap (154.9-157.3') 10/20 Colorado silica sand filter pack (157.3-187') ▼5/2/2007	23				Moist, dark brown, gravelly SA is fine to coarse predominantly is fine Moist/slightly moist, dark brown gravelly SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (60mm)  SAND (SP); trace gravel, trace coarse predominantly fine to recoarse predominantly fine to make the coarse of the coarse of the coarse (45mm), subrounded/rounded Moist/slightly moist, dark brown SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (45mm), 10% felsic  Very moist, dark brown, slightly SAND (SW-SM); sand is fine to coarse (65mm), 10% felsic, silverse coarse (65mm), 10% felsic	r fine to medium, gravel in, slightly silty, very it is fine to coarse, gravel e silt, sand is fine to nedium, gravel is fine in a slightly silty, gravelly o coarse, gravel is fine to y silty, very gravelly to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse, gravel is fine to	155
165	<b>▼</b> 5/31/2007	24				Trace silt		-165 
		25				Slightly silty		+
,,,	2" schedule 80 PVC							170
170	slotted pipe 0.020" slo	t				Trace silt		''
175-	size (160.5-185')	26				Slightly silty		175
	.	27		L		L		
Sampler 7	Гуре;	PID - Pho	toionizatio	n Dete	ctor (Headspac	ce Measurement) Logged by	y: JMS/JSL	
No Recovery	y	<u>.</u>	Statio	: Water	Level		L ELA/NA :	
Bulk Sample			<b>→</b>	r Level			by: EWM	
·						Figure No	o. B- 4	

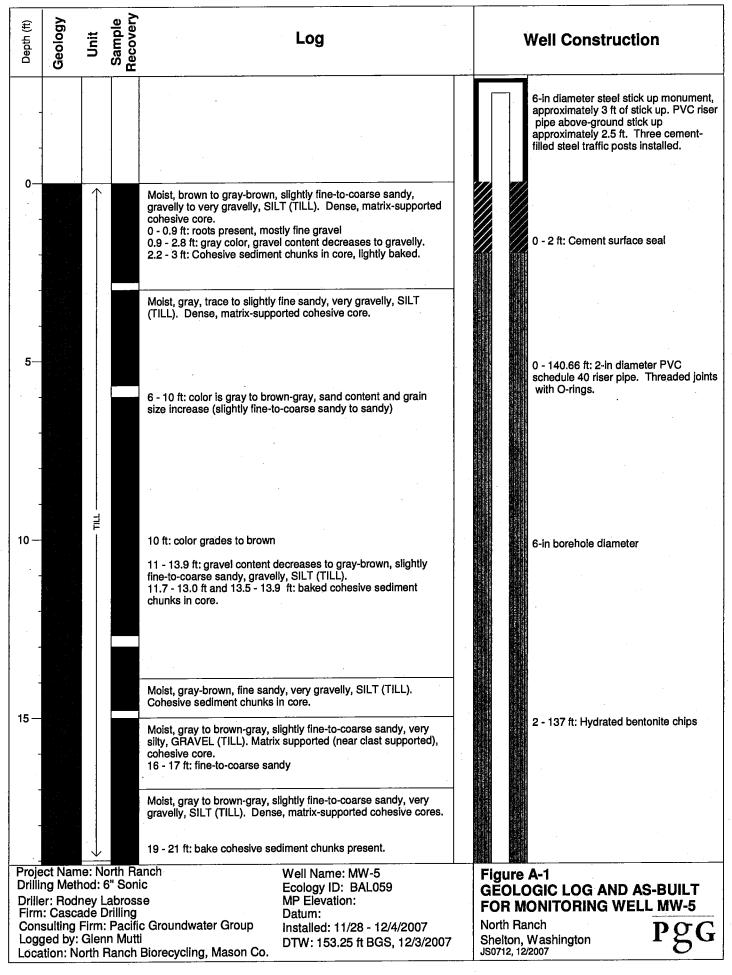
	<b>Haharicons</b>	เนเเกต					ing Well Constructi	01	
_	Aspect cons	SPECTIVE			Numb		Well Number MW-3	Sheet 7 of 7	
	Mahh I III Dia	aalida Fa	allida e	0700	41-00	1	Ground Surface Elev	7 01 7	
Project Name Location	Webb Hill Bio		ility			·	Top of Casing Elev.		
Location Driller/Method	Mason County, Boart Longyear			·			Depth to Water	166 - 5/31/2007	
		Rotosoffic	-			<u>-</u>	Start/Finish Date	4/17/2007-4/23/200	7
Sampling Method		- 1			Blows/	Material			$\neg$
Depth / Elevation (feet)	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	6"	Type	Description		Dept (ft)
185	Probable formation collapse (183.4-185.7') 2" PVC pipe cap Formation (185.7-187')	27				Ve	ravelly, trace silt ery gravelly ottom of hole at 187'.		-18
190-									-19 -19
195-									19
200-							·		-20
205									20
Sampler T	ype:	PIE		nization Dete	ctor (H	eadspace I	Measurement) Logged by	JMS/JSL	+
No Recovery			ϫ	Static Water	Level		Approved I	ν· Ε\Λ/M	

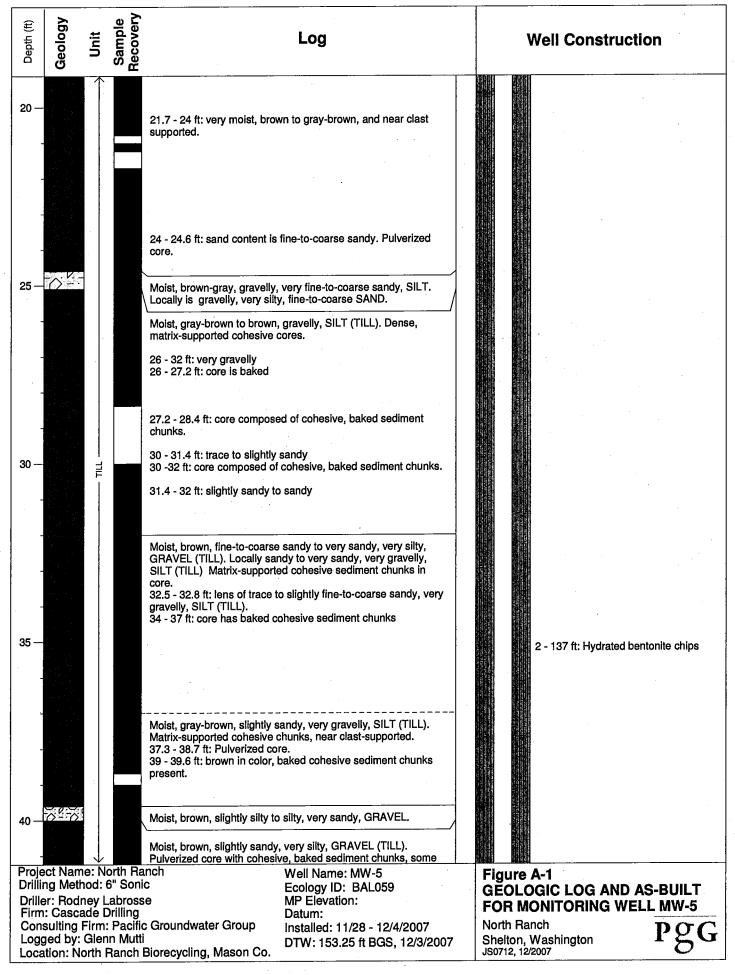
•	Aspectcons	ultina		Project			oring Well Construction  Well Number	Sheet
7	IN-DEPTH PERS			-	Numbe 41-00		MW-4	1 of 4
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	solids Facili	L tv	3100	* i-00	•	Ground Surface Elev	
Location	Mason County, 1		-1				Top of Casing Elev.	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear /	-	<del></del> -				Depth to Water	77.9 - 5/31/2007
Sampling Method			<u>.</u>				Start/Finish Date	4/26/2007-4/30/200
Depth /	orehole Completion	Sample	Toole	PID	Blows/	Materia	Descripti	on
Elevation Bo	Square steel	Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Type Type	RECESSIONAL	
5	ocquare steel monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-2')  Bentonite chips (2-10')	1				1) · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 · 0 ·	Slightly moist, yellow red, silty (GM); sand is fine to coarse, to coarse (60mm), subrounded (GM); sand is fine to coarse, to coarse (60mm), subrounded (GM-GM); sand is fine to coarse (50mm), subsupported, 15% felsic  STRATIFIED GLAG (GM-GM); Sand is fine to coarse (50mm), subsupported, 15% felsic  STRATIFIED GLAG (GM-GM); sand is fine to coarse (50mm), subrounded/rounded (60mm), subrounded/rounded	y, very sandy GRAVEL subrounded, gravel is fired/rounded, 15% felsic, vn, slightly silty, very san fine to coarse arse, subrounded, grave brounded/rounded, clast CIAL DEPOSITS luvial ay, slightly sandy, very ne, gravel is fine to coarse.
10-		2				10000000000000000000000000000000000000	(80mm), subrounded/rounded felsic  Moist, dark brown, silty, sand predominantly fine to mediun (60mm), subrounded/rounded Slightly moist, yellow red, slig GRAVEL (GM); sand is fine to coarse (80mm), rounded, 35	ly GRAVEL (GM); sand in gravel is fine to coarsed 50% felsic ghtty sandy, very silty onedium, gravel is fine
15-	·	3					Moist, yellow red, clayey SIL	
	Perched water level 16' 4/27/2007 Hole drilled to 18' SC=250 µmhos/cm	4				10000000000000000000000000000000000000	(GM); sand predominantly fir to coarse (40mm), rounded,	ne to medium, gravel is fi
20-	Bentonite grout (10-61')					0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	Slightly moist, yellow red/red gravelly SAND (SP-SM); san is fine to coarse (60mm), rouse (60mm), rouse (75mm), sand is fine to coarse (75mm), subrounded matrix supported	d is fine to medium, gravended
	Perched water level 22.5' 4/27/2007 Hole drilled to 31.5'	5				10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Brown/dark brown	
25-		6					Slightly moist, dark brown/br gravelly SILT (ML); sand is fi fine to coarse (70mm), round felsic	ne to medium, gravel is
							·	
Sample - T	ivno:	DID	Dhotolenier	tion Data	otor (L)	nadar.	ace Measurement) Logged	by: JMS/JSL
Sampler T		PID -		ition Dete itic Water		aaspa	ace Measurement) Logged	.,. UIIIO/UUL
No Recovery								

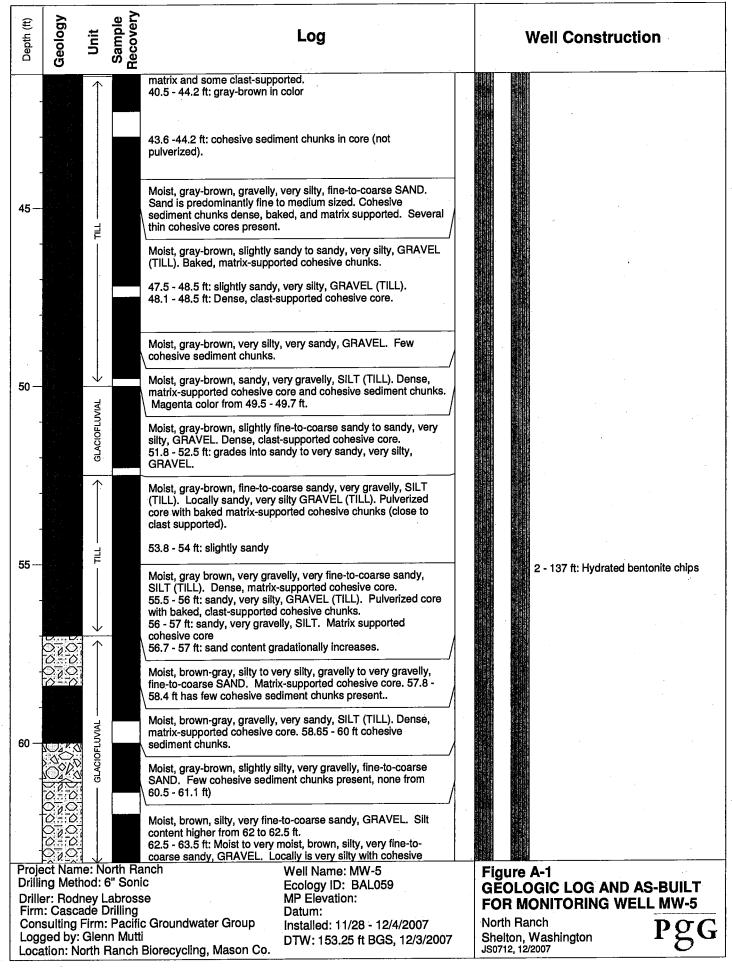
<b></b>	Annat				īV	lo	ni	itoring Well Construction Log			
•	Aspect con:			-	Numb	er			Well Number	Sheet	
m. I				0700	41-00	1			MW-4	2 of 4	
Project Name		osolids Facility							Ground Surface Elev Top of Casing Elev.	<del></del>	
Location	Mason County,								Top of Casing Elev.  Depth to Water	77.9 - 5/31/2007	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear	/ ROTOSONIC		<u>_</u>					Depth to water Start/Finish Date	4/26/2007-4/30/2007	
Sampling Method		1 . 1			Plane	Ī.,		_,]		-112012001110012001	Ī,
Depth / Elevation E (feet)	Porehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	Blows/ 6"		teria ype		Description		Dept (ft)
		6									
						2000		0000	Wet, brown, silty, sandy, GRAV/ coarse, gravel is fine to coarse p (40mm), subangular/rounded, <	oredominantly fine 10% felsic	
		7							Moist, brown/yellow red, slightly SILT (ML); sand is fine to coarse coarse (40mm), subrounded/rou supported, 15% felsic	e, gravel is fine to	
35-									Olive gray, coarse sand bedding Slightly moist at 35'	j, 0.5' at 34'	<del>-35</del>
+		8						Ш	Slightly moist, dark brown/light in gravelly SILT (ML); sand is fine to coarse (45mm), angular/suba	to coarse, gravel is fine	T  -  -
40-						-		Ш	Slightly moist, dark brown, sand sand is fine to coarse, gravel is subrounded/rounded, matrix sur	fine,	-40
		9							Slightly moist, light gray/dark br gravelly SILT (ML); sand is fine to coarse predominantly fine (30 matrix supported	to coarse, gravel is fine omm), angular/rounded,	<u></u>
45	Bentonite grout (10-61)								Slightly moist, red brown/dark b SAND (SM); sand is fine to coar medium to coarse, gravel is fine subrounded/rounded, 20% felsions.	se predominantly to coarse (60mm),	4
		10							Slightly moist, dark brown, sand		
50-		0						$\left\  \cdot \right\ $	sand is fine to coarse predoming gravel is fine to coarse predoming angular/subrounded, matrix sup Slightly moist, yellow red/dark b SAND (SM); sand is fine to coal	nantly fine (50mm), <u>ported, &lt;10% felsic</u> rown, silty, gravelly	  -  -5
+						D of			coarse (60mm), subrounded/rot matrix supported Light brown, slightly clayey, silty bedding, 0.5', sand is fine to coarse	inded, 10% felsic, , sandy GRAVEL (GM);	+
55-		11									- - -5
-					,				Slightly moist, gray/dark brown,	gravelly SAND (SD)	<u> </u>
									trace silt, sand is fine to coarse to coarse, gravel is fine to coarse subrounded/rounded, 20% felsion	predominantly medium e (55mm),	
							Ш	İ	Slightly moist, yellow red/dark b		1_
Sampler T		PID - Ph	notoionizat	ion Dete	ctor (He	ad	spa	ac	e Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery				ic Water	Level				Approved b	v: EWM	
Bulk Sample			∑ Wate	er Level (	(ATD)				Approved b		
									Figure No.	B- 5	

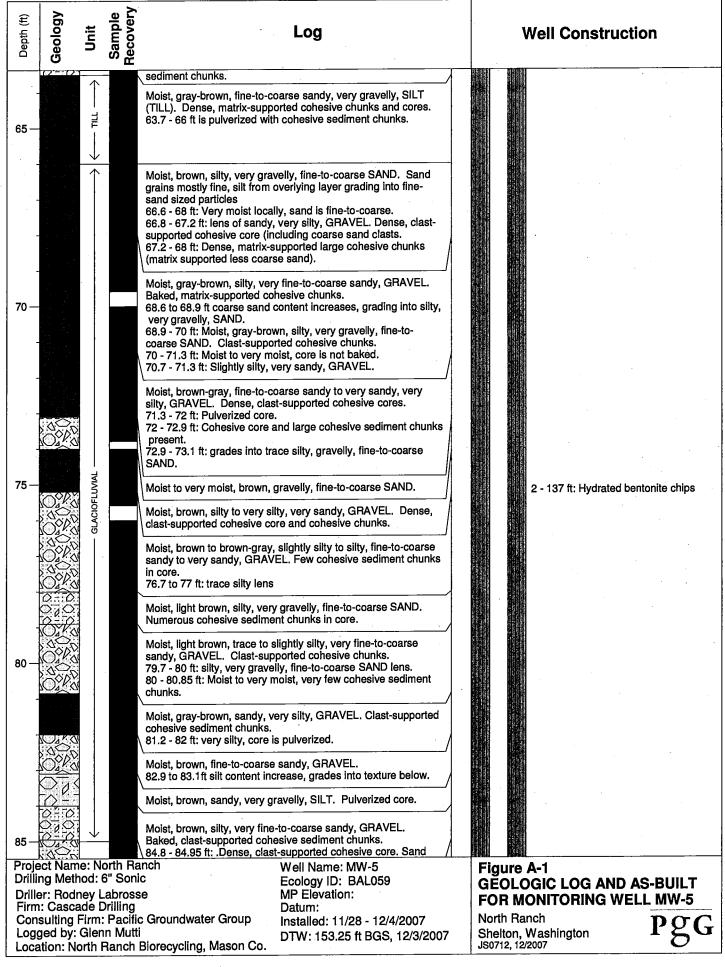
	Asnoct						itc	oring Well Constructi		
	Aspect cons	Sulling SPECTIVE		-	t Numbe 41-00			Well Number MW-4	Sheet 3 of 4	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	neolide Fac	ility	0700	41-00	1		Ground Surface Elev	3 01 4	
Location	Mason County,		mity					Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear		,					Depth to Water	77.9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling Method		1						Start/Finish Date	4/26/2007-4/30/2007	
Depth /	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Mater Type		Description		Depth (ft)
(leet)	Bentonite grout (10-61')						П	SILT (ML); sand is fine to coars	e, gravel is fine to	1
+	·	12			,			coarse (30mm), subrounded/rou		<del> </del>
65-	Bentonite chips (61-68.2')						-[]	Slightly moist, dark brown, sligh SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to medium to coarse, gravel is fine occasional cobbles	coarse predominantly	-65
-		13						Slightly moist, dark brown, gravesilt, sand is fine to coarse, grave Slightly moist, brown/dark brow (SM); sand is fine to coarse, grave (60mm), angular/rounded, <10% Light brown, slightly clayey, 0.7	el is fine to coarse n, silty, gravelly SAND avel is fine to coarse 6 felsic	
70-		-				中	ידים	till		70
		14	٠					Sandy, gravelly SILT (ML) glaciofluv Slightly moist, brown/dark brow (SM); sand is fine to coarse, gra (60mm), angular/rounded, <109	n, silty, gravelly SAND avel is fine to coarse	+
75-	SC=330 µmhos/cm on 4/27/2007 ☑ 5/9/2007	0						Sandy, gravelly SILT (ML)  glacioflux Slightly moist, brown/dark brow (SM); sand is fine to coarse, gra (60mm), angular/rounded, <109	n, silty, gravelly SAND avel is fine to coarse	
80-	▼5/31/2007  10/20 Colorado silica sand filter pack (68.2-96')	15						Very moist/wet, brown/dark bro sandy GRAVEL (GW-GM); san predominantly coarse, angular, (40mm), subrounded/rounded Slightly sandy, gravelly, silty Cl sand is fine to coarse, gravel is Very moist, brown/dark brown, gravelly SAND (SW-SM); sand subrounded, gravel is fine to co 15% felsic	d is medium to coarse gravel is fine to coarse  AY (CL) bedding, 0.5', fine (77-77.5')  slightly silty, very is fine to coarse,	-80
								Light brown, sandy, gravelly, sil	ty CLAY (CL), 1'	-85
85-	2" schedule 80 PVC slotted pipe 0.020" slot size (72.9-97.4")	16						Very moist, dark brown, gravell medium to coarse, rounded, gra	y SAND (SW); sand is avel is fine, rounded, 1'	
										+
Sampler T	l vne	DID	Photoioni	tion Data	ctor /U	<u>•••</u>	Ш	e Measurement) Logged by	JMS/JSL	
1.—	yp <del>c</del> .	PID				ausp	ac	e measurement, Logged by		
1 == 1				itic Water				Approved I	oy: EWM	
Bulk Sample			∑ Wa	ter Level	(ATD)			Figure No.	B- 5	

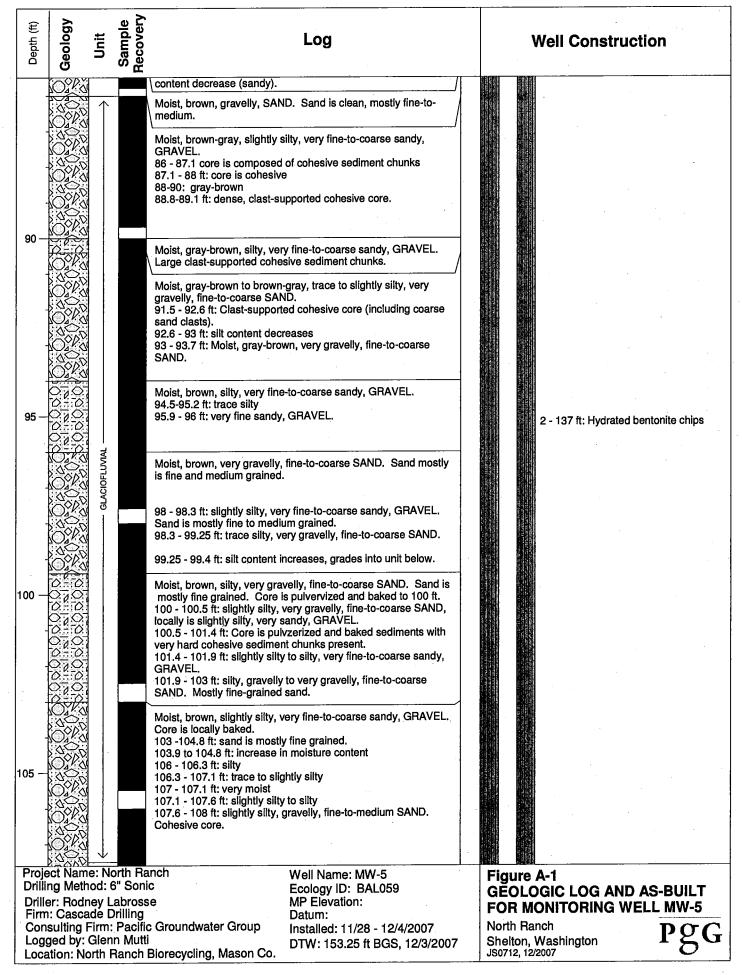
	Aspectconsulting					M	onit	toring Well Construction Log		
	IN-DEPTH PE	RSPECTIVE		I	-	Numbe		Well Number MW-4	Sheet 4 of 4	
Project Nar	me Webb Hill B	iosolids F	acility			1 00	<u> </u>	Ground Surface Elev	<del></del>	
Location	Mason County	, WA						Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Meth	nod Boart Longyea	r / Rotosonic						Depth to Water 77	<sup>2</sup> .9 - 5/31/2007	
Sampling N	Method Continuous							Start/Finish Date4/26	/2007-4/30/2007	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PI (pp		Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description	Depth (ft)	
95		16						Very moist, dark brown, slightly silty, very moist, dark brown, slightly silty, very medium to coarse, subangular/subrour fine to coarse (50mm), subrounded/rousupported, 40% felsic  Very moist, dark brown, SAND (SP); tra	predominantly inded, gravel is unded, clast	
95	2" PVC pipe cap Formation (96-105')	17						Very moist, dark brown, very gravelly Silt, sand is medium to coarse, gravel is predominantly fine (30mm), rounded, ~	s fine to coarse	
105								Very moist, dark brown, slightly silty, ve SAND (SP-SM); sand is fine to coarse coarse, gravel is fine to coarse (65mm) felsic	ery gravelly predominantly	
110-							:	Bottom of hole at 105'.	-110 	
115-									- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
	de Torre								2/10/	
Samı No Rec	oler Type:	PI				-	dspac	e Measurement) Logged by: JMS	S/JSL	
Bulk Sa	=		<b>∑</b>	Static Wat				Approved by: EW	М	
BC NIDG	IIIhie		$\bar{\Delta}$	Water Leve	el (AT	D)				
								Figure No. B- 5	· •	

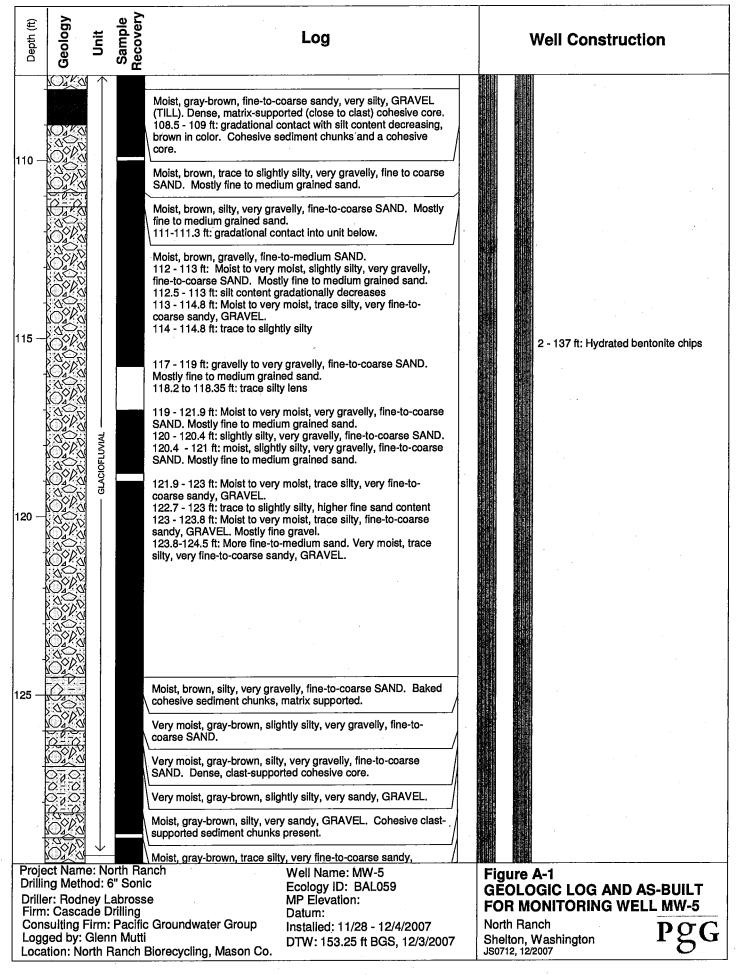




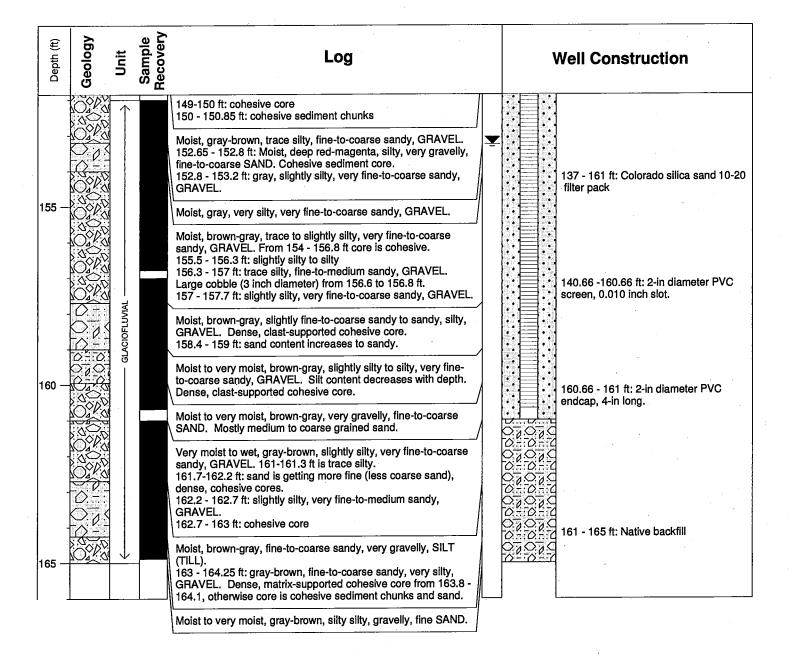








Depth (ft)	Geology	Chit	Sample Recovery		Log	Well Construction
130 —		_		GRAVEL. Sand is mostly f	ine-to-medium grained.	
				Very moist, brown, slightly s	silty, very gravelly, fine-to-medium	
				Moist, brown-gray, silty, ver Dense, clast-supported coh clasts where core is not full	ry fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL. resive core, cohesive sediment	2 - 137 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
				Mostly fine-grained sand, b	very gravelly, fine-to-coarse SAND. aked core. vrown-gray, very gravelly, fine-to-	
135 —				Very moist, brown, slightly s coarse sandy, GRAVEL. De	silty to silty, sandy to very fine-to- ense, clast-supported cohesive cor	е
				Gravel is mostly fine. 134.6 - 134.9 ft: grades into	e-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL. composition below e-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL.	
				Very moist, slightly silty, ver	ry sandy, GRAVEL.	
	000			Moist, dark brown-gray, slig SILT (TILL). Dense, matrix-	htly fine-to-coarse sandy, gravelly, supported cohesive core.	
	000 000 000			136.4 - 136.9 ft: fine-to-coal is pulverized and baked.	rse sandy, very silty, GRAVEL. Cor	re l
140 —		GLACIOFLUVIAL —		SAND. 137.4 - 137.75 ft: very silty,	y, very gravelly, fine-to-coarse very fine-to-coarse sandy, d with baked cohesive sediment	
	                                   	9		139-139.7 ft: silt content de	y, fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL. creasing fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL.	137 - 161 ft: Colorado silica sand 10-20 filter pack
	0000			139-139.7 ft: silt content de	y, fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL. creasing fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL.	
145 —				Very moist, brown, trace sill GRAVEL.	ty, very fine-to-coarse sandy,	
				Cohesive sediment chunks 141 - 142 ft: Moist to very n cohesive matrix-supported	noist and dark brown. Numerous	140.66 -160.66 ft: 2-in diameter PVC screen, 0.010 inch slot.
	0000			Moist to very moist, brown, sandy, GRAVEL.	trace silty, very fine-to-coarse	
150 —	000000			146.5-147.2 ft: Cohesive ma	contact into unit below. Moist, gray	/.
				Moist, gray-brown, slightly s 149 - 150.85 ft: Moist, gray, fine-to-coarse SAND.	silty, fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEI, slightly silty to silty, very gravelly,	
	ect Naming Meth			anch	Well Name: MW-5	Figure A-1
Drill	er: Rodr	ney L	.abros		Ecology ID: BAL059 MP Elevation:	GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT FOR MONITORING WELL MW-5
Firn	n: Casca	ide D	Prilling	c Groundwater Group	Datum: Installed: 11/28 - 12/4/2007	North Ranch
Log	ged by:	Glen	n Mutt		DTW: 153.25 ft BGS, 12/3/20	



Project Name: North Ranch Drilling Method: 6" Sonic **Driller: Rodney Labrosse** Firm: Cascade Drilling

Consulting Firm: Pacific Groundwater Group

Logged by: Glenn Mutti

Location: North Ranch Biorecycling, Mason Co.

Well Name: MW-5 Ecology ID: BAL059 MP Elevation:

Datum:

Installed: 11/28 - 12/4/2007

DTW: 153.25 ft BGS, 12/3/2007

Figure A-1 **GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT** FOR MONITORING WELL MW-5

North Ranch

Shelton, Washington JS0712, 12/2007

	Acnost				N	/lonit	oring Well Constructi	on Log	
	ASPECt cons			-	ect Numb 041-00	oer	Well Number MW-6	Sheet 1 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	osolids Facili	tv	0,0	041 00		Ground Surface Elev	397.46	
Location	Mason County,						Top of Casing Elev.	400.27	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear	/ Rotosonic					Depth to Water (ft BGS)	116.19 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Metho	od Continuous whe	re sampled					Start/Finish Date	5/21/2008-5/28/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Dept (ft)
395	Square steel monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-2')						RECESSIONAL C	UTWASH	+
5 - 390	Bentonite grout (2-106.8')						STRATIFIED GLACIA	AL DEPOSITS	- 5 -
10-							glaciofluv Slightly moist, yellow-red/brown GRAVEL (GM); predominantly f fine to coarse gravel (35 mm), re	, silty, very sandy ine sand, well sorted; ounded to subangular	10
385		1					Slightly moist, brown, gravelly S predominantly fine sand, well so lgravel (50 mm), rounded to sub Slightly moist, brown, sandy, gra predominantly fine sand; fine to rounded to subangular	orted; fine to coarse rounded avelly SILT (ML);	15
380									
375									-20 - - -
25 -							Dry/slightly moist, brown/dark bi gravelly SILT (ML); fine to coars fine to coarse gravel (50 mm), re matrix supported	e sand, poorly sorted,	+ 25 
370		2					Dry/slightly moist, dark brown, s (SM); fine to coarse sand, poorl gravel (45 mm), rounded to sub	y sorted; fine to coarse	
Sampler	Туре:	PID - F	Photoionizat	tion Det	ector (H	eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
O No Recover	ту		▼ Stat	ic Wate	er Level			<u>- \</u> \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Bulk Sample				er Leve	I (ATD)		Approved b	y: <b>⊏ VV IVI</b>	
	lk Sample \(\sum_{\text{\tinit}}\\ \text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}}}\\ \tittt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tex{\text{\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\ti}\text{\texit{\text{\text{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}\				···· • /		Figure No. B- 7		

	Acnoct	112			N	/lonite	oring Well Construction	on Log	
	Aspect cor			-	ct Numb	er	Well Number	Sheet	
Project Name	/ Wahh Hill B	iosolids Fac	ility	070	041-00	) 1	MW-6 Ground Surface Elev	2 of 5 397.46	
Location	Mason County		шц				Top of Casing Elev.	400.27	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea						Depth to Water (ft BGS)	116.19 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method	Continuous wh						Start/Finish Date	5/21/2008-5/28/2008	
	rehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description		Depth (ft)
(feet)		Турель		(ppm)	0	Туре			(11)
<b>1</b>									1
365									Ť
+									+
<b>1</b>									1
									1
35+									<del>-35</del>
+									+
									1
360									
†									†
+							Large boulder		+
40+						L			<del> </del> 40
40 -							Dry/slightly moist, dark brown, so SILT (ML); fine to coarse sand; to	andy, very gravelly	T40
+							(45 mm), rounded to subangular	, matrix supported	+
+									+
355		3					Dry/slightly moist, dark brown, s	lightly clayey, silty,	_
T III							sandy GRAVEL (GM-GC); fine to sorted; fine to coarse gravel (50	o coarse sand, poorly	Τ
+							subangular, matrix supported	mm), rounded to	+
45+		0				\$ 18%			45
†									Ť
+									+
350									1
†									†
50+									-50
									1
345									†
+ 343									+
T							سام من مقال سا	-1	Γ
55-						hand	glaciofluvi   Slightly moist/moist, yellow-red,		+55
+							GRAVEL (GM); fine to coarse sa to coarse gravel (60 mm), round	and, poorly sorted; fine	4
							Slightly moist, dark brown, slight	ly silty, very gravelly	
340		4					SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse some some some some some some some so	angular	7
+							Slightly moist/moist, dark brown GRAVEL (GM); fine to coarse sa	, silty, very sandy	+
<b>+ 1</b>							gravel (50 mm)	and, fine to codise	+
						9.8.3			
Sampler Typ	pe:	PID -		ion Det	ector (H	eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery				ic Wate	r Level		Approved b	v· FWM	
Bulk Sample			<u></u> Wat	er Leve	I (ATD)		Approved by	y. — * * ! *!	
							Figure No.	B- 7	

	Aspectcor				N	/lonite	oring Well Construction	on Log	
	IN-DEPTH PE				ct Numb		Well Number	Sheet	
Desired Name	Wahh Hill D	ionalida Faa	ilia /	070	041-00	) [	MW-6	3 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill B		ility				Ground Surface Elev Top of Casing Elev.	397.46 400.27	
Location Driller/Method	Mason County Boart Longyea						Depth to Water (ft BGS)	116.19 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method							Start/Finish Date	5/21/2008-5/28/2008	
Depth /	Borehole Completion	Sample	T	PID	Blows/	Material	Description	6,21,2000 6,20,2000	Depth
(feet)		Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Description		(ft)
335 		5				0.00.00.d	Dry/slightly moist, brown, sandy (ML); fine to coarse sand, poorly gravel (30 mm), rounded to subsupported.  Glaciofluvi Slightly moist/moist, dark brown sandy GRAVEL (GW-GM); fine sorted; fine gravel to cobbles (96 subrounded	r sorted; fine to coarse angular, matrix  al , slightly silty, very to coarse sand, poorly	
310		6				00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, (GW-GM); predominantly mediu to coarse gravel (55 mm), round	m to coarse sand; fine	
Sampler	Гуре:	PID -	- Photoioni	zation Dete	ector (H	eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
O No Recovery				Static Wate	r Level		Approved b	v: <b>=\</b> \/ <b>\</b> /	
Bulk Sample	)		Ā N	Vater Leve	(ATD)		Approved b		
							Figure No.	B- 7	

	Aspectcon	aultina			N	/lonit	oring Well Constructi		
	IN-DEPTH PE				ct Numb		Well Number	Sheet	
<u> </u>	\\\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.		•	070	041-00	)1	MW-6	4 of 5	
Project Name	•	iosolids Facil	ity				Ground Surface Elev	397.46	
Location	Mason County						Top of Casing Elev.	400.27	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear  Continuous who						Depth to Water (ft BGS) Start/Finish Date	116.19 - 6/12/2008 5/21/2008-5/28/2008	
Sampling Method Depth /	d Continuous who	<del> </del>			DI/	Ī	Start/Fillish Date	3/21/2006-3/26/2006	$\overline{}$
Elevation (feet)	Sorehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Dept (ft)
	Bentonite chips (106.8-112')	Type/ID  7	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	Moist, dark brown, very gravelly coarse gravel (60 mm), rounded Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, (SP-SM); medium to coarse sar medium, well sorted; fine to coa lrounded Slightly moist/moist, dark brown (SP); predominantly medium to coarse gravel (50 mm), rounded	gravelly SAND d, predominantly rse gravel (35 mm), very gravelly SAND coarse sand; fine to to subangular	
110-	Bentonite pellets	8					Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, (SP-SM); predominantly mediun gravel, rounded to subrounded  Slightly moist/moist, slightly silty	n to coarse sand; fine	+11°
115-	(112-117')	0					(SW-SM); fine to coarse sand; f mm), rounded to subangular  Very moist, dark brown, slightly		- - -11:
280	▼ 6/12/2008 20/40 Colorado silica sand (117-118')	9					SAND (SP-SM); medium to coa coarse sand; fine to coarse grav subrounded  Occasssional, slightly silty, grav pockets (2-inches thick)  Very moist, dark brown, slightly	rse, predominantly el (55 mm), rounded to elly medium sand	  -  -
	10/20 Colorado silica sand (118-145')						SAND (SP-SM); medium to coa predominantly coarse sand; fine mm), rounded to subrounded; o	rse sand, to coarse gravel (40 ccassional, slightly silty,	
Sampler T		PID - I	Photoioniz	zation Det	ector (H	eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
No Recovery	No Recovery			tatic Wate	r Level		Annroyadh	v: <b>⊑\</b> \/ <b>\</b> /	
Bulk Sample				ater Leve	(ATD)		Approved b	y. ⊏ vviví	
			• • •		···· -/		Figure No.	B- 7	

	Asport	aultin c					oring Well Constructi	on Log	
	Aspect con			-	ct Numl 041-00	ber	Well Number MW-6	Sheet 5 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill Ri	osolids Facility		070	041-00	JI	Ground Surface Elev	397.46	
Location	Mason County						Top of Casing Elev.	400.27	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water (ft BGS)	116.19 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method	-						Start/Finish Date	5/21/2008-5/28/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	ests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Dep (ft
275	Centralizer (119.9')  2" schedule 40 PVC slotted pipe 0.020" slot size (120.2-144.8')	9					gravelly, medium SAND (SP-SN thick)	M) pockets (2-inches	+
130-	Centralizer (129.9')	10				Di Dong On On Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or Or	Very moist, brown, slightly silty, I(GW-GM); fine to coarse sand; I(60 mm), rounded to subrounded Very moist, gray, gravelly SAND (coarse sand, predominantly fine Icoarse gravel, predominantly fine Icoarse gravel, predominantly fine Icoarse gravel, predominantly fine Icoarse gravel, predominantly fine Icoarse gravel, fine to coasubrounded; transition at 127 ft (45 mm), rounded to subrounded Very moist/wet, brown, slightly SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), predominantly rounded Silty (SM) at 131.3 ft  Very moist/wet, brown, slightly SGRAVEL (GW-GM); fine to coa	fine to coarse gravel and coar	12: 
135-	Centralizer (139.9')						Very moist/wet, brown, slightly s SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse gravel (60 mm)	ubrounded	13: 
255		11					Wet, gray, slightly gravelly SAN coarse sand, predominantly me coarse gravel (40 mm), rounded Wet, brown, slightly silty/clayey (GW-GC); predominantly media to coarse gravel (60 mm), rounded	dium to coarse; fine to d to subrounded  , sandy GRAVEL um to coarse sand; fine	
						000	Gray, trace silt (GW); fine to co	arse sand	Ţ.,
145	2" PVC pipe cap (144.8-145.2') Heave (145-146')						Silty (GM); predominantly medi	um to coarse sand	14
Ī	1.164.16 (1.16.1.16)								Ī
250									
					<u> </u>				
Sampler Ty	ype:	PID - Phot	toionizat	ion Det	ector (H	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	•
O No Recovery		Ţ	Stat	ic Wate	er Level			Ε\Λ/ <b>\</b> Δ	
Bulk Sample		$\bar{\Sigma}$	Wat	er Leve	I (ATD)		Approved b	oy: ⊏VVIVI	
ı			vval	J. LOVE	. (, (, D)		Figure No.	B- 7	

	Aspectcon	sulting					it	oring Well Construction		
	IN-DEPTH PEI				ct Numb 041-00			Well Number MW-6a	Sheet 1 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	iosolids Fa	cility	070	0+1 00	, ,		Ground Surface Elev	1010	
Location	Mason County		Jiiity					Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear							Depth to Water (ft BGS)		
Sampling Method								Start/Finish Date	5/19/2008-5/21/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Sorehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Mate Ty <sub>l</sub>		Description		Dept (ft)
+	Abandoned boring Concrete (0-1') Bentonite chips (1-140')	1						RECESSIONAL OUT Dry/slightly moist, yellow-red/brown SAND (SM); fine to coarse sand, p coarse gravel (45 mm), rounded to	n, silty, very gravelly oorly sorted; fine to	-
5 -								STRATIFIED GLACIAL till Slightly moist/moist, dark brown, sl	ightly silty, very oarse sand, poorly	5
- - -		2						Isorted; fine to coarse gravel (60 mm langular (weathered till) Moist, light gray, slightly sandy, gra Igravels (20 mm), predominantly rous supported	ivelly SILT (ML); fine unded, matrix	-  -  -  -
10-								Slightly moist, sandy, very silty GR coarse sand, poorly sorted; fine to mm), subrounded to rounded glaciofluvial Slightly moist/moist, dark brown/gr.	coarse gravel (50 ay, gravelly, very	 
- -		3				0.000		lsilty SAND (SM); predominantly fin fine to coarse gravel (65 mm), sub- subangular Moist, dark brown, slighlty sandy, v (ML); predominantly fine sand; fine mm), rounded to subangular, matri	ery gravelly SILT to coarse gravel (50	
15-								Slighlty moist, dark brown, silty, sa neredominantly medium to coarse s Igravel (50 mm), subrounded to sub pockets of matrix supported gravel Dry/slightly moist, dark brown, silty (SM); fine to coarse sand, poorly so gravel (65 mm), rounded to subang	and; fine to coarse cangular; scattered ly silt, gravelly SAND orted; fine to coarse	-15 
20 +								Slightly moist, brown/dark brown, s gravelly SILT (ML); predominantly gravel, rounded to subrounded, ma	fine sand; fine	
——————————————————————————————————————		5						Slightly moist, dark brown, silty, ve (SM); fine to coarse sand, poorly s gravel (30 mm); rounded to subrou	orted; fine to coarse	
Sampler T	ype:	PID	- Photoioniz	ation Det	ector (H	eads	pac	e Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
O No Recovery	_				r Level			A	=\^/ <b>\</b> /	
Bulk Sample				▼ Static Water Level  Vater Level (ATD)				Approved by: Figure No.	E VV IVI B- 8	

	Aspect	a Alic:			ľ	<b>Monit</b>	oring Well Constructio	n Log	
	ASPECT CONS			-	ct Numl 041-00	oer	Well Number MW-6a	Sheet 2 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	osolids Faci	lity	070	041-00	<i>)</i>	Ground Surface Elev	2 01 3	—
Location	Mason County,		iity				Top of Casing Elev.		_
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water (ft BGS)		
Sampling Method		/ 1000301110					Start/Finish Date	5/19/2008-5/21/2008	
Depth /		Sample		PID	Blows/	Material			Dei
(feet)	t completion	Type/ID	l ests	(ppm)	6"	Туре	·		(f
Elevation Bo	Checked for perched water (none)  Casing at 17 ft; checked for water (none)	Sample Type/ID  6  7	Tests	PID (ppm)		Material Type  Do to to to to to to to to to to to to to	Slightly moist, red-brown, sandy, (ML); fine to coarse sand, poorly s gravel (40 mm), rounded to subro supported    Qlaciofluvia	very gravelly SILT sorted; fine to coarse unded, matrix  In, slightly silty, very nantly medium to red; fine to coarse unded AVEL (GM); fine to l, subrounded to silty, very sandy rightly rightly silty, very sandy rightly silty, very sandy rightly silty, very sandy rightly sandy, very gravelly rightly sorted; fine to coarse gravel matrix supported  In ayey, sandy GRAVEL sorted; fine to coarse gravel rightly silty sorted rightly silty rightly silty, rightly silty, rightly silty, dominantly medium to	-3: -4:
55	/pe:	9 PID -	Photoioniza	ition Det	ector (H	eadspa	coarse sand; fine to coarse grave subrounded  Moist, gray, silty, very sandy GRA coarse sand, poorly sorted; fine to mm), rounded to subangular  Slightly moist/moist, gray/dark bro gravelly SAND (SP-SM); predomi coarse sand, moderately well sort gravel (45 mm)  ce Measurement) Logged by:	VEL (GM); fine to o coarse gravel (60	-5
No Recovery			_	itic Wate	`		,		
Bulk Sample			$\nabla$				Approved by:	EWM	
Built Garrible			<del>≚</del> Wa	ter Leve	I (ATD)				

	Aspectco	ngulting					oring Well Construction		
		ERSPECTIVE		-	ct Numb 041-00		Well Number MW-6a	Sheet 3 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill B	Biosolids Fac	 cility	070	041 00	, i	Ground Surface Elev	3 01 3	
Location	Mason Count		,				Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea	ar / Rotosonic					Depth to Water (ft BGS)		
Sampling Metho	od Continuous					1	Start/Finish Date	5/19/2008-5/21/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description	D	Dept (ft)
Elevation	Casing at 57 ft; checked for water (none)	10 10 11 12 12 13 13 13	Tests				Slightly moist/moist, red-brown/gGRAVEL (GM); predominantly m fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), rounded fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), rounded fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), rounded fine to coarse gravel (80 mm), rounded fine to coarse gravel (80 mm), rounded fine to coarse gravel (40 mm), predominantly mand; fine to coarse gravel (40 mm), gravelly SAND (SP-SM); predominant sand; fine to coarse gravel (50 mm), gravelly SILT (ML) interbands fine to coarse gravel (50 mm), gravelly SILT (ML) interbands fine to coarse gravel (40 mm), rounded to subminantly medium to coarse gravel (40 mm), rounded to subminantly medium, well sort gravel (55 mm)  Moist, dark brown, very gravelly predominantly medium, well sort gravel (55 mm)  Moist, dark brown, silty, very sart to coarse sand, poorly sorted, firmm), rounded to subrounded	ghtly silty/clayey, very sind to subrounded	655 700 880
+							Moist, dark brown/gray, slightly s		
Sampler	Type:	PID	- Photoioniz	ation Det	ector (H	eadspar	GRAVEL (GW-GM); predominar ce Measurement) Logged by:	<u> </u>	_
No Recover	* *	ו ו	_	atic Wate	•	Jaaspai	, ,		
Bulk Sample	-		$\nabla$	ater Leve			Approved by	y: <b>EVVIM</b>	
	k Sample						Figure No.	B- 8	

	Aspect consulting IN-DEPTH PERSPECTIVE					oring Well Construction	on Log		
	IN-DEPTH PE	RSPECTIVE		-	ct Numl 041-00		Well Number MW-6a	Sheet 4 of 5	
Project Name	Webb Hill B	siosolids Fac		070	041-00	<i>J</i> 1	Ground Surface Elev	4013	
Location	Mason County		Jiii Ly				Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyea						Depth to Water (ft BGS)		
Sampling Metho		17 11010001110					Start/Finish Date	5/19/2008-5/21/2008	
Depth / Elevation	Borehole Completion	Sample	Tests	PID	Blows/	Material	Description		Dept
(feet)		Type/ID		(ppm)	6"	Type	to coarse gravel (65 mm), round	ed to subrounded	(ft)
- - - - 95-		14				00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, v (GW-GM); fine to coarse sand, p coarse gravel (40 mm), rounded	oorly sorted; fine to to subrounded	95
-							GRAVEL (GW-GM); predominar sand; fine to coarse gravel (60 m subangular  Moist, dark brown, very gravelly predominantly medium, well sort	itly medium to coarse im), rounded to  SAND (SP); ed sand; fine to coarse	
							gravel (70 mm), rounded to subr	ounded	
100+		15							100
- - - 105-							predominantly medium, well sort lgravel (40 mm), rounded to subr Sigithly moist, dark brown, slight SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse s fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), ro	ed sand; fine to coarse ounded ly silty, very gravelly sand, poorly sorted; unded to angular own, silty, very sandy	105
- - - -		16					GRAVEL (GM); fine to coarse sa to coarse gravel (50 mm), round	ed to subangular	- - - 110
- - -							Very moist, dark brown/gray, slig SAND (SP-SM); predominantly r sand; fine to coarse gravel (60 m subrounded	nedium to coarse	_
115 <del>-</del> - -	∑5/20/2008	17					Slightly moist/moist, gray/dark bi	own. siltv. verv	-115 - -
-							gravelly SAND (SM); predominal sand; fine to coarse gravel (40 m subrounded	ntly medium to coarse nm), rounded to	
Sampler 1		PID				eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JMS/JSL	
<ul><li>○ No Recovery</li><li>Bulk Sample</li></ul>			$\nabla$	atic Wate			Approved by	: EWM	
Bulk Sample	•		∑ Wa	ater Leve	I (ATD)				
							Figure No.	B- 8	

		Aspectcor	a culting					oring Well Constructio		
		IN-DEPTH PE			-	ect Numl 041-00		Well Number MW-6a	Sheet 5 of 5	
Project Nam	ne	Webb Hill B	iosolids Fa	 cilitv	070	041-00	<i>J</i> 1	Ground Surface Elev	3013	
Location		Mason County		······				Top of Casing Elev.		
Driller/Metho	od	Boart Longyea	r / Rotosonic					Depth to Water (ft BGS)		
Sampling M	lethod	Continuous						Start/Finish Date	5/19/2008-5/21/2008	
Depth / Elevation (feet)	Bor	ehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Dep (ft)
125- - - 130- - - 135- - - 140- - - 1440- - - - - -		Casing at 117 ft; checked for water (none)  Casing at 117 ft; ATD of 116.3 ft	18				- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	Wet, gray/dark brown, slightly silt GRAVEL (GW-GM); predominant sand, moderately well sorted; fine mm), rounded to subrounded; sca pockets with medium, well sorted pockets with medium, well sorted gravel (60 mm)  Wet, gray/dark brown, slightly silt GRAVEL (GW-GM); predominant sand, moderately well sorted; fine mm), rounded to subrounded; sca slightly sandy GRAVEL (GP-GM) gravel (4-inches thick)  Wet, gray/dark brown, slightly silt GRAVEL (GW-GM); predominant sand; fine to coarse gravel (70 m subrounded; occassional, slightly GRAVEL (GP-GM) pockets with fit thick)  Wet, gray, gravelly SAND (SP); w sand; fine gravel Wet, brown/gray, silty, very sandy predominantly medium to coarse gravel (25 mm) (Sluff?)  Wet, slightly silty, very sandy GR predominantly medium to coarse gravel (50 m rounded)	elly Medium to coarse to coarse gravel (55 attered gravelly sand sand (6-inches thick)  elly SAND (SP-SM); sand; fine to coarse gravel (65 attered, slightly silty, pockets with fine  y, very sandy the medium to coarse gravel (65 attered, slightly silty, pockets with fine  y, very sandy the medium to coarse m), rounded to silty, slightly sandy ine gravel (6-inches)  vell sorted medium  v GRAVEL (GM); sand; fine to coarse	13:
No Reco	-	pe:	PIC	<b>▼</b> 8	ization Det	`	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:  Approved by	JMS/JSL : EWM	
Bulk Sar	mpie			Ā V	Vater Leve	l (ATD)				
								Figure No.	B- 8	

	Aspect consulting				N	/lonit	oring Well Constructi	oring Well Construction Log		
				•	ct Numb	oer	Well Number	Sheet		
	VAV-1-1- LUU DI	P.J F	116 -	070	041-00	)1	MW-7	1 of 6		
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio		acility				Ground Surface Elev	418.55		
Location	Mason County,		_				Top of Casing Elev.	421.33 140.83 - 6/12/2008		
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear /						Depth to Water (ft BGS) Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008		
Sampling Method	d Continuous, exce	•	to 12 depth	T			Start/Finish Date	5/29/2006-5/30/2006	$\overline{}$	
Elevation (feet)	orehole Completion    Square steel	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Depti (ft)	
415 5 - 410 - 410	monument with locking thermos well cap Concrete surface seal (0-2')  Bentonite chips (2-5')  Bentonite grout (5-131')	1					TOPSOII Dry, yellow-red, silty gravelly SA predominantly fine sand. RECESSIONAL O Dry/slightly moist, brown/gray, s gravelly SAND (SW-SM); fine to coarse gravel (60 mm), round to	ND (SM),  UTWASH lightly silty, very coarse sand, fine to	+ 5 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	
10 -		2					Cobble.  STRATIFIED GLACIA till  Moist, brown, sandy, very silty C coarse sand; fine to coarse grav subround.  glaciofluv  Moist, brown, silty, gravelly SAN sand; fine to coarse gravel (40 r round.  till  Moist, brown, very silty SAND (5	GRAVEL (GM); fine to rel (50 mm), round to	+10 + - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
20		0					Moist, brown, silty, sandy GRAV sand; fine to coarse gravel (40 rround.  Dry, light gray, sandy, gravelly scoarse sand; fine to coarse gravel to round.  Slightly moist, brown, silty, grave coarse sand; fine to coarse gravel to round.  Slightly moist, brown, silty, gravely scoarse sand; fine to coarse gravely to round.	EL (GM); fine to coarse nm), subround to GILT (ML); fine to rel (50 mm), subround relly SAND (SM); fine to rel (60 mm), subround	-20 	
25 - 390 Sampler Ty	ype:	3	ID - Photoion	ization Dot	ector (L		to coarse sand predominantly fir coarse gravel (65 mm), subroun	ne to medium; fine to d to round.	-25 - - -	
		Р	_			eauspac	e Measurement) Logged by:	JOL		
No Recovery				Static Wate	r Level		Approved b	y: EWM		
Bulk Sample			Ā ∧	Vater Leve	I (ATD)		Figure No.	B- 9		

	Aspectcor				N	/lonit	oring Well Construct	ion Log		
	IN-DEPTH PE				ct Numb		Well Number	Sheet		
	VA/ a b b LPU D	··	1116 -	070	041-00	)1	MW-7	2 of 6		
Project Name	Webb Hill B		acility				Ground Surface Elev	418.55		
Location Driller/Method	Mason County						Top of Casing Elev.  Depth to Water (ft BGS)	421.33 140.83 - 6/12/2008		
Sampling Meth	Boart Longyea  nod Continuous, ex						Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008		
Depth /			.0 12 depti1	PID	Blows/	Managaria	Start mish bate	3/29/2000-3/30/2000		
Elevation (feet)	Borehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	(ppm)	6"	Material Type	Description		Depth (ft)	
   385							Trace clay (30.5 to 30.7 ft).  Trace clay (32 to 32.5 ft).		+	
35		4					Trace clay (37 to 37.5 ft). Slightly moist, brown, sandy, ve fine to coarse sand, fine to coarsubround to round.	ery gravelly SILT (ML), rse gravel (60 mm),	-35 - - -	
40-							Brown, slightly moist, slightly si (GW-GM); fine to coarse sand, (75 mm), subround to round.	lty, very sandy GRAVEL fine to coarse gravel	-40	
375		5					Silty (GM) (43 ft).		+ + +45	
<del>-</del>							Slightly moist, brown, slightly si (SW-SM).  Cobble.	lty, very gravelly SAND		
370		0					Cobble.		- -50	
365						0.00.00.00.00	glacioflux Slightly moist, brown, slightly si (GW-GM); fine to coarse sand, (50 mm), subround to round.	Ity, very sandy GRAVEL	- - - -	
55+		6					Till lense (56 ft).  Moist, brown, slightly silty, grav	eliv SAND (SW-SM)	-55 -	
360		0					fine to coarse sand; fine to coal subround to round.	rse gravel (50 mm),	+	
Sampler		PI		zation Det	ector (H	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by	: JSL		
O No Recove	-			tatic Wate	r Level		Approved I	ov: EWM		
Bulk Samp	le		Ā M	ater Leve	(ATD)		7,661.04001	· ,   — · · · · ·		
							Figure No.	B- 9		

	Aspect	oultin <i>a</i>					oring Well Construct		
	Aspect cons				ct Numb 041-00		Well Number MW-7	Sheet 3 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bi	osolids Fa	cility	0.0	011 00		Ground Surface Elev	418.55	
Location	Mason County,						Top of Casing Elev.	421.33	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water (ft BGS)	140.83 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method	Continuous, exc		12' depth				Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008	
	rehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description		Dep (fi
(feet)		Туреть		Дригу	0	Type	Slightly moist, brown, silty very trace clay; fine to coarse sand; mm), subround to round.		Ħ
355 		7					Dry, gray, slightly sandy SILT (I cobble; fine to coarse sand; fine glacioflux Slightly moist, brown, slightly si (SW-SM); fine to coarse sand; mm), subround to round. Silty (SM) (65 ft).  Slightly silty (SW-SM) (67 ft).  Very gravelly (68 ft).	e gravel; "till-like". / <b>/ial</b> lty, gravelly SAND	-65 -
350 70 - - - 345							very gravelly (oo it).		-70 -
75		8					Slightly moist, brown/gray, sand fine to coarse sand; fine to coarse subround to round.  glacioflux Slightly moist, brown, slightly si (SW-SM); fine to coarse sand; mm), subround to round.	rial lty, very gravelly SAND	 
80							Dry/slightly moist, light brown, s (ML), fine to coarse sand; fine t mm), subround to round. Slightly moist, dark brown, slight SILT (ML); trace clay; fine to coarse gravel (70 mm), subrountill Slightly moist, dark brown/gray, SAND (SM); fine to coarse sand (75 mm), subround to round. Cobble.	o coarse gravel (40  ntly gravelly, very sandy parse sand; fine to nd to round.	
85		9					glacioflux Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, (SW-SM); fine to coarse sand, (30mm) subrounded.  till Dry/slightly moist, light brown/g SAND (SM); fine to coarse sand, (40 mm), subrounded to rounded glacioflux Moist/slightly moist, dark brown/gravelly SAND (SW-SM); fine to	ray, gravelly, very silty d; fine to coarse gravel d; fine to coarse gravel ed.  rial risky gravelly, very silty d; fine to coarse gravel ed.  rial r, slightly silty, very	- 85 
Sampler Ty	pe:	PIC	) - Photoion	ization Det	ector (H	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by		-
No Recovery		-	_	Static Wate	`		,		
Bulk Sample			$\nabla$				Approved I	oy: EWM	
			<u>+</u> ∨	Vater Leve	ı (ATD)		Figure No.	B- 9	

	Aspectcons						oring Well Constructi	on Log	
	IN-DEPTH PER	SPECTIVE		-	ct Num 041-00		Well Number MW-7	Sheet 4 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill Bio	osolids Fac	cility				Ground Surface Elev	418.55	
Location	Mason County,	WA					Top of Casing Elev.	421.33	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear	/ Rotosonic					Depth to Water (ft BGS)	140.83 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method	Continuous, exc	ept for 10' to	12' depth				Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008	
	orehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/ 6"	Material Type	Description		Dept (ft)
Depth /		Sample						AND (SM).  In, slightly silty, very occarse sand; fine to ided.  In a slightly silty, very occarse sand; fine to ided.  In a silt content.  In a s	-95 -100 -110
300		13					Very silty (114.4 ft).  Dark brown with magenta (114.9 glaciofluv)  Slightly moist, dark brown, gravesilt; fine to coarse gravel (30 mrous)  Slightly gravelly (116 to 116.8 fto	ial elly SAND (SW); trace n), subrounded. b. elty silty, very gravelly	
		l l							
Sampler Tv	/pe:	DIU	- Photoioni	zation Det	ector (H	eadena	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JSL	-:1
Sampler Ty	/pe:	PID	_		,	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JSL	∹.∟
Sampler Ty  No Recovery  Bulk Sample	/pe:	PID	<b>⊻</b> s	ization Det Static Wate Vater Leve	er Level	eadspa	ce Measurement) Logged by:  Approved b		<del>-</del> :1

	Aspectcon	aultina					oring Well Constructi	on Log	
	IN-DEPTH PE			-	ct Numl 041-00		Well Number MW-7	Sheet 5 of 6	
Project Name	Webb Hill B	iosolids Fa	cility	070	041-00	J 1	Ground Surface Elev	418.55	
ocation	Mason County		Cility				Top of Casing Elev.	421.33	
Driller/Method	Boart Longyear						Depth to Water (ft BGS)	140.83 - 6/12/2008	
Sampling Method			12' depth				Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008	
	orehole Completion	Sample Tests		PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description		Dep (fi
(feet)		1,750/12		- 41 /		:	glaciofluv	ial	1
- - - 295 - 125-		13					Slightly moist, dark brown, grave silt; fine to coarse gravel (50 mm Moist, dark brown, slightly silty, (SW-SM).  Slightly moist, dark brown, silty, fine to coarse sand; fine to coarse subrounded.  glaciofluv Moist, dark brown, gravelly SAN	n), subrounded. very gravelly SAND  gravelly SAND (SM); se gravel (25 mm),  ial ID (SW); trace silt; fine	D (SM); mm),
290		14					to coarse sand; fine to coarse gradulounded.  IDry/moist, gray/brown, silty, grave silt; fine to coarse sand; fine to coarse sand; fine to cower, gravelly (127 ft).  Moist, slightly silty (SW-SM) (12 Trace silt (SW) (127.8 ft).  Wet (128 ft).	ravel (40 mm), velly SAND (SM). elly SAND (SW); trace coarse gravel (50 mm). 7.5 ft).	12
- 285 - 285 - 280 - 280	Bentonite pellets (131-141.7')	15					Slightly moist, brown, slightly sil (SW-SM); fine to coarse sand; f mm).  Silty (SM).  Very silty; "till-like".  Dark brown, silty, not "till-like".  Dry/slightly moist, light brown, v	ery silty; "till-like".	
140-	20/40 Colorado silica sand (141.7-143.1')						silt; fine to coarse sand, predom fine to coarse gravel (40 mm). Moist/wet, brown, very gravelly; (SW) (140 ft). Slightly silty (SW-SM) (141 ft). Gravelly; trace silt (SW) (142.2 ft)	inantly fine to medium; fine to coarse sand ft).	-14 - - -
45-	10/20 Colorado silica sand (143.1-170.6') Centralizer (145') 2" schedule 40 PVC slotted pipe 0.020" slot	16					Slightly silty "till-like" (SW-SM) ( Very gravelly; trace silt (SW) (14 Slightly silty (SW-SM) (146.5 ft) Wet, dark brown, very gravelly S	44.5 ft) .	+14 +14 +
270	size (145.4-170')	0	Di	201-1-2			fine to coarse sand; fine to coars subrounded.  Gravelly; coarse sand; fine grav	se gravel (45 mm),	+
Sampler Ty	/pe:	PIE	_			eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JSL	
No Recovery  Bulk Sample			$\nabla$	Static Wate			Approved b	y: EWM	
_			<del>-</del> V	Vater Leve	ı (ATD)		Figure No.	B- 9	

		Aspectco			Monitoring Well Construction Log							
		IN-DEPTH PI			-	ect Numl 041-0(		Well Number MW-7	Sheet 6 of 6			
Project N	ame	Webb Hill E	Biosolids Fa	 cility	070	041-00	<i>)</i>	Ground Surface Elev	418.55			
_ocation	arrio	Mason Count		oty				Top of Casing Elev.	421.33			
			r / Rotosonic					Depth to Water (ft BGS)	140.83 - 6/12/2008			
Sampling		Continuous, ex		12' depth				Start/Finish Date	5/29/2008-5/30/2008			
Depth / Elevation	Во	rehole Completion	Sample Type/ID	Tests	PID (ppm)	Blows/	Material Type	Description				
(feet)	::  ::		Турель		(ррш)		earse gravel (75 mm),	(fi				
265		Centralizer (155')	17				Poly	Very gravelly; trace silt; fine to complete Cobble. Slightly silty (SW-SM). No silt (SW).  Trace silt.  Wet, dark brown, slightly silty, vol (GW-GM); fine to coarse sand; for the coarse sand; for the coarse sand; fine to coarse gravely subrounded.	ery sandy GRAVEL ine to coarse gravel GAND (SW); fine to	15		
60-			0					Coarse sand, fine gravel (SP) (1 Trace silt (157 ft). No silt, fine to coarse sand (SW Dark brown/gray, gravelly; sand medium; gravel predominantly fi ft).	) (157.5 ft).	16		
255								Sand predominantly medium to Sand predominantly fine to med Slightly silty, very gravelly; fine t coarse gravel (60 mm) (SW-SM Gray (162.6 ft).	ium (161 ft). o coarse sand; fine to	+		
165		Centralizer (165')	18					Trace silt (SW) (167 ft). No silt (167.8 ft).		+16 +		
170-		2" PVC pipe cap (170-170.4')								<u>1</u> 7		
245										†		
175-										-17 -1		
240										+		
Sai	mpler Ty	pe:	PID	- Photoioniz	zation Det	ector (H	eadspac	ce Measurement) Logged by:	JSL			
No Re	-			<b>y</b> s	tatic Wate	er Level		Approved b				
- Duik C	Jampio			<del>≚</del> W	ater Leve	I (ATD)		Figure No.	B- 9			

Depth (ft)	Geology	Unit	Sample Recovery	Log	Well Construction
0-					6-in diameter steel stick up monument, approximately 2 ft of stick up. PVC riser pipe above-ground stick up approximately 1 ft. Three cement-filled steel traffic posts installed.
-		$\uparrow$		Moist, brown, trace to slightly sandy, gravelly, SILT. Matrix- supported cohesive core.	0 - 1.5 ft: Cement surface seal 1.5 ft: Perched water observed during
			L-1-1.5	Very moist to wet, brown, SILT.  2.6 - 4.0 ft: Moist to very moist, mottled brown to gray, slightly gravelly SILT. Matrix-supported cohesive core, lightly indurated.	drilling  1.5 - 2.5 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
_		SILT		gravery SILT. Iviatinx-supported corresive core, lightly initiation.	2.5 - 5.5 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting.
5-				Very moist to wet, brown, slightly gravelly, SILT. Matrix-supported cohesive core.	4 ft: Gro-point soil moisture probe location. Soil moisture coil extends from approximately 4 ft to 4.75 ft.
-		$\stackrel{\checkmark}{\uparrow}$		Very moist to wet, brown, slightly gravelly, very fine-sandy, SILT. Matrix-supported cohesive core.  Moist, brown, slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense,	5.5 - 7 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
<u>-</u>				matrix-supported, large cohesive sediment chunks in core. 6 - 8 ft: moist, brown-gray, slightly sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core. 6.9 - 7.1 ft: lens of silty, very fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL.	7 - 10.5 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting.
-				Very few cohesive sediment chunks.  8 - 10 ft: moist, brown, trace sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL).  Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core.  8.7 - 9.5 ft: Core composed of cohesive sediment chunks.	8 ft: Gro-point soil moisture probe location. Soil moisture coll extends from approximately 8 ft to 8.75 ft.
10 —				9.5 - 10 ft: cohesive core close to clast-supported.  Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT	
-				(GLACIOFLUVIAL TILL). Dense, clast-supported cohesive core. Clast supported by coarse sand grains.  11.1 - 12 ft: lower sand content (slightly fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT). Matrix-supported, baked, cohesive sediment chunks in core.	10.5 - 17.7 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
-		TILL -		Moist, brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, very silty, GRAVEL. Core composed of large clast-supported cohesive sediment chunks. Lightly baked and close to matrix supported.	0 - 20.5 ft: 1-in diameter PVC riser pipe
				Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Matrix-supported cohesive chunks, baked from 14 - 15 ft.	
15—		·		15 - 15.5 ft: very fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (GLACIALFLUVIAL TILL). Clast-supported cohesive chunks (including coarse sand clasts).	0 - 25 ft: 6-in diameter borehole
-				Moist, gray-brown, trace to slightly fine-to-coarse sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive sediment chunks, close to clast supported.	
-				Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Dense, matrix-to-clast supported, baked cohesive core. Cohesive sediment chunks below 18.3 ft.	17.7 - 21.5 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting.
20_		<u></u>		Moist, dark brown, slightly fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly,	19 ft: Gro-point soil moisture probe location. Soil moisture coil extends from approximately 19 ft to 19.75 ft.
Drilli	ect Nam ng Meth er: Rodr	od: 6	" Son	ic Ecology ID: BAL058	Figure A-2 GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT
Firm Con-	: Casca sulting F ged by:	ιde D Firm: Gleni	rilling Pacifi 1 Mutt	Datum: c Groundwater Group Installed: 11/27 - 11/28/2007	FOR LYSIMETER L-1 North Ranch Shelton, Washington  PgG
Loca	ation: No	orth F	lanch	Biorecycling, Mason Co.	JS0712, 12/2007

Depth (ft)	Geology	Unit	Sample Recovery	Log	Well Construction
				SILT (TILL). Locally is slightly sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Cohesive sediment chunks matrix supported. Varying degrees of baking from 19.5 - 21 ft.	
_				21 - 23 ft: trace sandy, dense matrix-supported cohesive core from 22.1 - 22.3 ft.	21.5 - 23 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
_			L-1-23	23 - 24 ft: nearer to clast supported due to increase in coarse sand content (sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL)). Core composed of cohesive sediment chunks and 2 full cores totaling 0.35 ft.	23 - 25 ft: Silica grout
25 —			_ !	Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Sand is mostly coarse grained. Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core.	24.5 ft: Tip of suction lysimeter. Lysimeter is 3 ft x 1.5-inch diameter PVC pipe with a ceramic cup tip.
-				Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, gravelly, SILT (TILL). Cohesive sediment chunks in core. 26 - 26.3 and 26.5 - 26.6 ft: Dense, matrix-supported cohesive cores.	
-				Moist, brown-gray, slightly fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Matrix-supported cohesive core, appears to be reworked by drill action (has gravel-sized pores and large cracks).	
30 —				30.75 - 31.5 ft: Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core	25 - 50 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
		  -  -		31.5 - 32 ft: Cohesive sediment chunks in core	
				32 - 35 ft: gray-brown color 32 - 33 ft: Cohesive core	
-				33 - 35 ft: fine-to-coarse sandy, gravelly, SILT (TILL). Matrix-supported cohesive sediment chunks in core, thin cohesive cores present. Below 34 ft cohesive sediment chunks are baked and no cohesive cores are present.	
35 —				Moist, gray-brown, trace fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive chunks and cores.	25 - 50 ft: 4-in diameter borehole
				37.5 - 38.2 ft: Dense, baked, matrix-support cohesive core.	
			,	38.2 - 38.85 ft: Pulverized core with cohesive sediment chunks.	
				38.85 - 40 ft: Dense, cohesive core.	
40 —				Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy, gravelly to very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core. Lower contact is gradational.	
				Moist, gray-brown, fine-to-coarse sandy to very sandy, very gravelly, SILT. Dense, clast-supported cohesive core (including	
Drillir	ct Nam ng Meth	ıod: €	8" Soni	c Ecology ID: BAL058	Figure A-2 GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT
Firm	r: Rodr : Casca	ide D	rilling	se MP Elevation: Datum:	FOR LYSIMETER L-1
Cons	sulting i	Firm: Glen	Pacific n Mutti	c Groundwater Group Installed: 11/27 - 11/28/2007	North Ranch Shelton, Washington JS0712, 12/2007  PgG

Depth (ft)	Geology	Unit	Sample Recovery	Log	Well Construction				
		/AL		coarse sand clasts).					
45 —		C GLACIOFLUVIAL		Moist, gray-brown, very gravelly, very silty, fine-to-coarse SAND. Locally very gravelly, very sandy, SILT. Dense, clast-supported cohesive cores.  44.1 - 45 ft: silt content decreases (silty to very silty, very gravelly, fine-to-coarse SAND). Cohesive sediment chunks present in core.					
45		$\uparrow$		Moist, brown-gray, trace to slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT. Matrix-supported cohesive core, appears to be reworked by drill action (has gravel-sized pores and large cracks).  46.8 -47.5 ft: Dense, matrix-support cohesive core.					
	(25\)	TILT ———	9.5	Moist, brown-gray, sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core (close to clast supported). From 48.45 - 48.8 ft core is cohesive sediment chunks. 48.8 - 49.05 ft: Dense, clast-supported cohesive core.					
			-1-49.	Moist, brown-gray, trace to slightly silty, very gravelly, SAND.					
50 —				Moist, brown-gray, sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense, cohesive core.					
					-				

Project Name: North Ranch Drilling Method: 6" Sonic Driller: Rodney Labrosse Firm: Cascade Drilling Consulting Firm: Pacific Groundwater Group Logged by: Glenn Mutti

Location: North Ranch Biorecycling, Mason Co.

Boring Name: L-1 Ecology ID: BAL058 MP Elevation:

Datum:

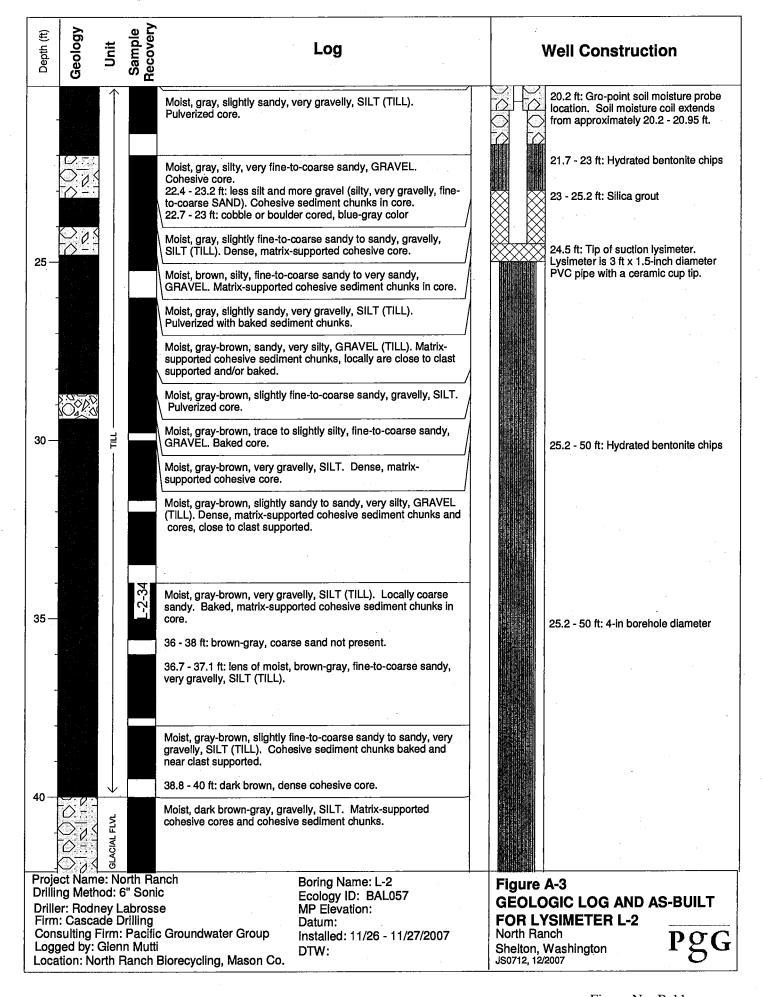
Installed: 11/27 - 11/28/2007

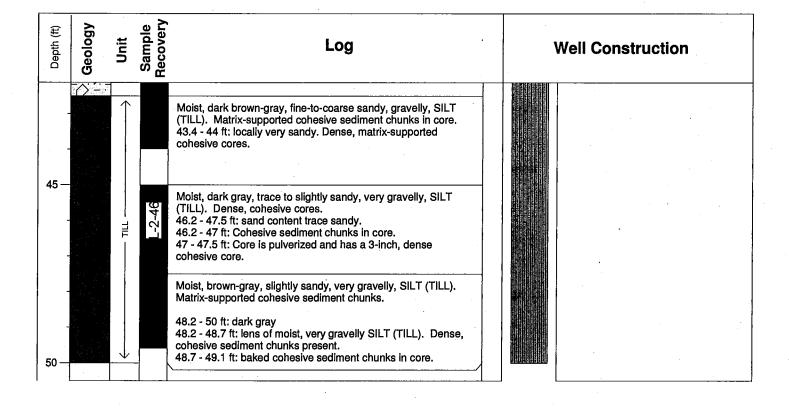
DTW:

Figure A-2 **GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT** FOR LYSIMETER L-1 North Ranch

Shelton, Washington JS0712, 12/2007

Depth (ft)	Geology	Unit	Sample Recovery	Log	Well Construction
0-					6-in diameter steel stick-up monument, approximately 2 ft of stick up. PVC riser pipe above-ground stick up approximately 1 ft. Three cement-filled steep traffic posts installed.
"	000	SILT		Moist, light brown, slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT. Matrix-supported cohesive core.	0 -1.5 ft: Cement surface seal
-		<b>^</b>		Moist, gray-brown, slightly sandy to sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). 1.2 - 1.8 ft: Dense cohesive core. 2 - 4 ft: brown-gray, slightly sandy, very gravelly SILT (TILL). Cohesive sediment chunks in core. 2.4 - 2.7 ft: Dense cohesive core.	1.5 - 3 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
				4- 4.25 ft: gray, sand content decrases to trace. Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core.	3 - 6 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting. 4 - 4.75 ft: Gro-point soil moisture
5-	<b>⊘</b>			Moist, gray, silty, very fine-to-coarse sandy, GRAVEL.	probe location. Soil moisture coil extends from approximately 4 to 4.75
_				Moist, gray, slightly fine-to-coarse sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core.  7.3 ft: mottled brown-gray color	feet.
_				7.6 - 7.8 ft: Cohesive till chunks in core.	6 - 7.5 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
				Moist, brown-gray, trace to slightly sandy, very silty, GRAVEL	7.5 - 10.5 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting.
-				(TILL). Locally trace to slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT. Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core. 8.9 - 9.2 ft: deep magenta color 9.1 - 9.7 ft: Matrix-supported cohesive chunks in core.	8.5 ft: Gro-point soil moisture probe location. Soil moisture coil extends from approximately 8.5 to 9.25 ft.
10		——————————————————————————————————————		Moist, brown-gray, trace sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Pulverized core.	10.5 - 17.5 ft: Hydrated bentonite chips
_			L-2-13	Moist, brown-gray, slightly sandy to sandy, very silty, GRAVEL (TILL). Dense, clast-supported cohesive core (including coarse sand clasts).	0 - 20.5 ft: 1-in diameter PVC riser pipe
15—			2-7	Moist, brown-gray, slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT (TILL). Dense, matrix-supported cohesive core. 13.2 - 16.8 ft: cohesive sediment chunks in core, baked chunks from 16 - 16.8 ft.	15 ft: Perched water observed 11/27/07. Boring filled with water overnight. Is assumed to be the static water level of the perched aquifer.  0 - 25.2 ft: 6-in borehole diameter
-				Moist, gray-brown, sandy, very silty, GRAVEL.	0 - 23.2 It. 0-III bolefiole diameter
-				Moist, brown-gray, slightly sandy, very gravelly, SILT. Cohesive sediment chunks and dense cohesive cores present.	17.5 - 21.7 ft: Native fill, compacted by PVC pipe thrusting.
20_	$\bigcirc$ -	$\downarrow$		Moist, brown-gray, silty, very sandy, GRAVEL.	
Drilli Drille	ect Namers ng Mether: Rodn : Casca	od: 6 ey L	s" Soni abross	c Ecology ID: BAL057	Figure A-3 GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT FOR LYSIMETER L-2
Con:	sulting F ged by: (	irm: Glen	Pacific n Mutti	Groundwater Group Installed: 11/26 - 11/27/2007	North Ranch Shelton, Washington JS0712, 12/2007





Project Name: North Ranch Drilling Method: 6" Sonic Driller: Rodney Labrosse Firm: Cascade Drilling

Consulting Firm: Pacific Groundwater Group

Logged by: Glenn Mutti

Location: North Ranch Biorecycling, Mason Co.

Boring Name: L-2 Ecology ID: BAL057 MP Elevation:

Datum:

Installed: 11/26 - 11/27/2007

DTW:

Figure A-3 **GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT FOR LYSIMETER L-2** 

North Ranch Shelton, Washington JS0712, 12/2007

Air test 40

Artemian flow

Temperature of water

gal/min. w/ stem set at 180

g.p.n.

ft. for I

Was a chemical analysis made? NO

Date

hre

Contractor's

Registration No. ARCADDIO94K1

#### HATER NELL REPORT

Start Card No. W12473 Unique Well I.D. # AFE643

STATE OF MASHINGTON Water Right Permit No. Address PO BOX 582 CENTRATLIA, WA 98531-(1) OWNER: Name \$10 RECYCLING ------- AE 1/4 MW 1/4 Sec 18 T 21 N., R 3 (3) LOCATION OF WELL: County MASON (2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) WEER MILL ROAD, SEELTON (10) WELL LOG (3) PROPOSED USE: DOMESTIC Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material (4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's Number of well and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind (If more than one) and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with Nethod: ROTARY MEN WELL at least one entry for each change in formation. Diameter of Well 6 inches (5) DIMENSIONS: papth of completed well 197 ft. MATERIAL | FROM | TO Drilled 197 ft. ٥ LOOSE PACKED SAND PEA GRAVEL 28 LOOSE FACKED SAND GRAVEL (6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: SAMO & GRAVEL BRM CLAY BINDER HARD PAN 28 54 \* Dia. from +2 ft. to 193.2 ft. Casing installed: PACKED COURSE SAND GRAVEL 87 ft. to £t. \* Dia. from WELDED CASING MULTI-COLOR GEV LOOSE COURSE SAND Ŕ7 151 žt. " Dia. from ft. to 160 LOOSE MULTI-COLOR GRV COURSE SAND 151 MULTI-COLOR GRY COURSE SAND WATER 197 Perforations: WO Type of perforator used in. by SIZE of perforations ft. to ££. perforations from perforations from ft. to Et. perforations from ft. to ft. Screens: YES Manufacturer's Name Type SLOTTED Model No. slot size .030 from 197 ft. to 191 ft. Diam. 5 Diam. slot size from ft. to -----Gravel packed: NO Gravel placed from Size of gravel ft. ft. to Surface seal: YES To what depth? 20 Material used in seal BESTORITE Did any strata contain unusable water? NO RECEIVED Depth of strate Type of water? Method of sealing strata off MAY - 1 2000 (7) PUNP: Nanufacturer's Name Type DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY WELL DRILLING UNIT (8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level ... Static level 146 ft. below top of well Date 04/18/00 Artesiah Fressure lbs. per square inch Date Artesian water controlled by Completed 04/18/00 | Work started 04/17/00 WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION: (9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below I constructed and/or accept responsibility for constatic level. struction of this well, and its compliance with all Was a pump test made? NO. If yes, by whom? Mashington Well construction standards. Materials used gal./min with ft. drawdown after Yield: and the information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief. Recovery data NAME ARCADIA DRILLING INC. Water Level Time Water Level Time (Parson, firm, or corporation) (Type or print) ADDRESS SE 170 MAKES POR ED Date of test [SIGNED] gal/min. Bailer test ft. drawdown after hrs.

Date 04/18/00

0 (1) Nar	me BIO RECYCLING Addre	ss 18506 SARGENT ROAD, ROCHESTER
(2) Loc	cation of well, County- MASON reet address of well- OFF WEBB HI	1/4 1/4 Sec 18 Tn 21 R 3WWM LL ROAD
	oposed use- COMMERCIAL	DESCRIPTION WELL LOG OF ABANDONMENT PROCEDURES
5 Num	pe of work nber of well ONE NEW CONSTRUCTION nod of drill ROTARY	######################################
(5) Din	mensions Diameter of well 6" illed 160 ' Completed 158'	
does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Case NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Case Not the Case No		RECEIVED  PERARIMINI OF 1 COLONG: S.W. REGIUNAL CHILIT  STARTED 6/22/95  COMPLETED 6/26/95
(7) Wat Ele Sta	er Levels evation above sea level etic water level esian pressure	WELL CONSTRUCTERS CERTIFICATION I accept responsibility for construction of this well and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. The
Air 40 Was	tests test; test; test; pump bit at 150' for 1 hr. pump test made NO f yes see attached)	information reported above is true to my best knowledge and belief.  KING BROS. DRILLING INC. 644 SHOREY ROAD CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON 98532 206-748-3798 Contractors number KING BDI 124 DC  GERALD E. BLUHM License# 2116 DATE MONDAY JUNE 26, 1995

### STATE OF WASHINGTON

Start Card No. A49
Unique Well I.D. # N/A
Water Right Permit No.

(1) OWNER: Name BIO RECYCLING Address PO BOX	
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County MASON (2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) WEBB HILL ROAD, A	- SE 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec 18 T 21 N., R 3 (W)K SHELTON)
	(10) WBLL LOS
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's Number of well (If more than one) DECOMMISSION Hethod: ROTARY	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aguifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change in formation.
(5) DIMENSIONS: Dimmeter of well 6 inches Drilled ft. Depth of completed well 160 ft.	MATERIAL FROM 1 TO
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:  Cauing installed: 6 Dia. from ft. to 160.6 ft. WELDED CASING Dia. from ft. to ft. Dia. from ft. to ft. Dia. from ft. to ft.	
Perforations: YES	Perferated 4 sides of casing
Type of perforator used AIR PERFORATOR SIZE of perforations 1/4 in. by 1 in. 2560 perforations from 150 ft. to 0 ft. perforations from ft. to ft. perforations from ft. to ft.	Filled with Bentonite Slurry topped off with Hole Plug
Screens: NO  Manufacturer's Name  Type Hodel No.  Diam. slot size from ft. to ft.  Diam. slot size from ft. to ft.	
Gravel packed: NO Size of gravel Gravel placed from ft. to ft.	
Surface seal: NO To what depth? ft.    Naterial used in seal  Did any strata contain unusable water? NO  Type of water? Depth of strata ft.	RECEIVED
Method of sealing strata off	JUN 0 2 2000
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Type H.P.	DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOG WELL DRILLING UNIT
(8) WATSR LEVELS:  Land-surface elevation  above mean sea level ft.  Static level 105 ft. below top of well Date 05/01/00  Artesian Pressure lbs. per square inch Date  Artesian water controlled by	
, ====================================	
static level.  Was a pump test made? NO If yes, by whom?  Yield: gal./min with ft. drawdown after hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:  I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.
	NAME ARCADIA DRILLING INC. (Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)
Date of test / / Bailer test gal/min. ft. drawdown after hrs. Air test gal/min. w/ stem set at ft. for hrs. Artesian flow g.p.m. Date Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? NO	ADDRESS SE 170 WIKEAPARE EN License No. 2053  [SIGNED] License No. 2053  Contractor's Registration No. ARCADDIO98K1 Date 05/02/00

The Department of Ecology does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Information on this Well Report.

Start Card No. <u>W 054532</u>

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology		R WELI		UNIQUE WELL 1.D. #	_AAW_361		
Second Copy Owner's Copy Third Copy Driller's Copy		STATE OF WASI	· .		it Permit No		
(1) OWNER: Name Mark Biser		Address_	4610	Daniels	St.		WA 98663
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County MASO				Sw	_ <sub>1/4</sub> _ SE	1/4 Sec24	21N <sub>N,R</sub> 4 <sub>W</sub> w,
(2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address	E 241 We	ebb Hill Ro					
(3) PROPOSED USE: M Domestic Indus	strial 🗀 Muni	icipal 🗆 📗 (1	IO) WELL	L LOG or ABA	ANDONM	ENT PROCEDURE	DESCRIPTION

(3)	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial  Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION	_
	☐ Irrigation ☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquite and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of information.	rs :h
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)	MATERIAL FROM TO	=
	Abandoned   New well (2) Method: Dug   Bored	Brown conglomerate 0	<u>5</u>
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.	Sand & gravel 5 5	<u>5</u>
	Dillied State 100. State of Golden 100.	Sand & gravel w/ some water 55 5	<u>7</u>
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:  Casing installed: 6 Diam. from 0 nt. to 100 nt.  Wolded	Cemented sand & gravel 57 6	
		Sand & gravel w/ water 60 6	<u>1</u> .
	Perforations: Yes No X Type of perforator used	Sand & gravel 61 9	<u>5</u>
	SIZE of perforations	Sand & gravel w/ water 95 11	<u>0</u>
	perforations from		
	Screens: Yes $\  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $		· - - -
	Gravel placed from ft.	90 :00 % 15	— (1)
	Surface seal: Yas X No To what depth? 18 tt.  Material used in seal Bentonite  Did any strate contain unusable water? Yes No X  Type of water? Depth of strate  Method of sealing strata off		2
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Goulds Type: Sub. H.P. 3/4		<u>-</u>
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1		
	(Cap, valve, etc.)	10/1/0/	

	Arteslan water is	controlled by	y(Ca	ıp, valve, etc.)	:
Wasa			Na 🔯 If yes, by	whom?	<del></del>
31		17	-	,	п
		,,		u	13
Recor top to Time	very deta (time taken water level) Water Level	as zero who	en pump tumed off) (w Water Level	rater level me Time	asured from well Water Level

ft. drawdown after

Dete

g.p.m.

Was a chemical analysis made? Yes 🔲

It. for

I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information reported above are true to my best knowledge and ballef.

WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:

NAME _	Davis	Drilling		
_		(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	(TYPE OR PRINT)	
Address _	Belfair	c, WA 98528	· · · · · ·	
			Ucanse No	1884
(Digital)	V	WELL DRILLERS		

1	· ·
nrs, Ns.	Contractor's Registration No. <u>DAV</u>

tration DAVIS1100A Date\_ (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

Date of test

gal./mln. with

gal./min. with stem set at

Baller test 10

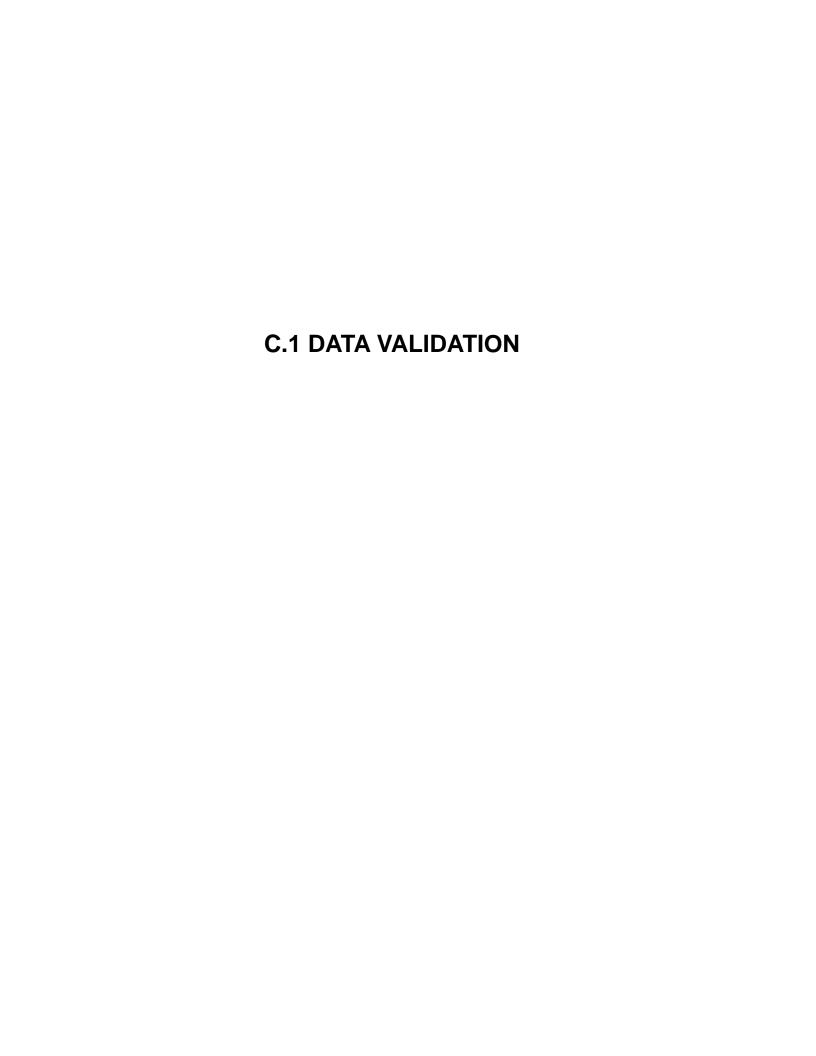
Artesian flow,

Ø

Oct. 1994

# **APPENDIX C**

**Groundwater Chemistry: Data Validation and Laboratory Reports** 



## C.1 Data Validation

Laboratory analyses were performed by Columbia Analytical Services, Inc., Kelso, Washington. Analytical data and quality control reports are provided in Appendix C.2 and additional quality assurance reports by laboratory are on file. The analytical test results are discussed in Section 4.

Samples were packed in coolers with cold packs and shipped to the test laboratory for delivery within not more than 44 hours from time of sampling. No deviation from required holding temperature was noted by the laboratory.

Samples were analyzed for nitrate within the required 48 hour holding time. All other lab tests were completed within 9 days from time of sampling.

Results of laboratory verification tests-laboratory blank, laboratory control spike (LCS), laboratory duplicate, and matrix spike-were all within acceptable limits, as specified in the QAPP, for all analytes except as noted:

• Duplicate analyses of total phosphorus (TP) and total organic carbon (TOC) for MW-5 differed by 50 percent and 22 percent, respectively. However, the relative percent difference criterion is not applicable because analyte concentrations were not significantly greater than the minimum reporting limits (MRLs).

C.2 LABORATORY REPORTS



June 24, 2008

Analytical Report for Service Request No: K0805184

Erick Miller Aspect Consulting 179 Madrone Lane North Bainbridge Island, WA 98110

RE: Webb Hill Biosolids Facility/070041

Dear Erick:

Enclosed are the results of the rush samples submitted to our laboratory on June 12, 2008. For your reference, these analyses have been assigned our service request number K0805184.

All analyses were performed according to our laboratory's quality assurance program. Where applicable, the methods cited conform to the Methods Update Rule (effective 4/11/2007), which relates to the use of analytical methods for the drinking water and waste water programs. The test results meet requirements of the NELAC standards. Exceptions are noted in the case narrative report where applicable. All results are intended to be considered in their entirety, and Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. (CAS) is not responsible for use of less than the complete report. Results apply only to the items submitted to the laboratory for analysis and individual items (samples) analyzed, as listed in the report.

Please call if you have any questions. My extension is 3376. You may also contact me via Email at GSalata@caslab.com.

Respectfully submitted,

Columbia Analytical Services, Inc.

Gregory/Salata, Ph.D.

Project Chemist

GS/ss

Page 1 of <u>432</u>

### Acronyms

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

A2LA American Association for Laboratory Accreditation

CARB California Air Resources Board

CAS Number Chemical Abstract Service registry Number

CFC Chlorofluorocarbon
CFU Colony-Forming Unit

DEC Department of Environmental Conservation

DEQ Department of Environmental Quality

DHS Department of Health Services

DOE Department of Ecology
DOH Department of Health

EPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

ELAP Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program

GC Gas Chromatography

GC/MS Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

LUFT Leaking Underground Fuel Tank

M Modified

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level is the highest permissible concentration of a

substance allowed in drinking water as established by the USEPA.

MDL Method Detection Limit
MPN Most Probable Number
MRL Method Reporting Limit

NA Not Applicable
NC Not Calculated

NCASI National Council of the Paper Industry for Air and Stream Improvement

ND Not Detected

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

SIM Selected Ion Monitoring

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

tr Trace level is the concentration of an analyte that is less than the PQL but greater

than or equal to the MDL.

### Inorganic Data Qualifiers

- \* The result is an outlier. See case narrative.
- # The control limit criteria is not applicable. See case narrative.
- B The analyte was found in the associated method blank at a level that is significant relative to the sample result.
- E The result is an estimate amount because the value exceeded the instrument calibration range.
- J The result is an estimated concentration that is less than the MRL but greater than or equal to the MDL.
- U The compound was analyzed for, but was not detected ("Non-detect") at or above the MRL/MDL.
- i The MRL/MDL has been elevated due to a matrix interference.
- X See case narrative.

### Metals Data Qualifiers

- # The control limit criteria is not applicable. See case narrative.
- B The result is an estimated concentration that is less than the MRL but greater than or equal to the MDL.
- E The percent difference for the serial dilution was greater than 10%, indicating a possible matrix interference in the sample.
- M The duplicate injection precision was not met.
- N The Matrix Spike sample recovery is not within control limits. See case narrative.
- S The reported value was determined by the Method of Standard Additions (MSA).
- U The compound was analyzed for, but was not detected ("Non-detect") at or above the MRL/MDL.
- W The post-digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is out of control limits, while sample absorbance is less than 50% of spike absorbance.
- i The MRL/MDL has been elevated due to a matrix interference.
- X See case narrative.
- \* The duplicate analysis not within control limits. See case narrative.
- + The correlation coefficient for the MSA is less than 0.995.

### Organic Data Qualifiers

- \* The result is an outlier. See case narrative.
- # The control limit criteria is not applicable. See case narrative.
- A A tentatively identified compound, a suspected aldol-condensation product.
- B The analyte was found in the associated method blank at a level that is significant relative to the sample result.
- C The analyte was qualitatively confirmed using GC/MS techniques, pattern recognition, or by comparing to historical data.
- D The reported result is from a dilution.
- E The result is an estimate amount because the value exceeded the instrument calibration range.
- J The result is an estimated concentration that is less than the MRL but greater than or equal to the MDL.
- N The result is presumptive. The analyte was tentatively identified, but a confirmation analysis was not performed.
- P The GC or HPLC confirmation criteria was exceeded. The relative percent difference is greater than 40% between the two analytical results (25% for CLP Pesticides).
- U The compound was analyzed for, but was not detected ("Non-detect") at or above the MRL/MDL.
- i The MRL/MDL has been elevated due to a chromatographic interference.
- X See case narrative.

### Additional Petroleum Hydrocarbon Specific Qualifiers

- F The chromatographic fingerprint of the sample matches the elution pattern of the calibration standard.
- L The chromatographic fingerprint of the sample resembles a petroleum product, but the elution pattern indicates the presence of a greater amount of lighter molecular weight constituents than the calibration standard.
- H The chromatographic fingerprint of the sample resembles a petroleum product, but the elution pattern indicates the presence of a greater amount of heavier molecular weight constituents than the calibration standard.
- O The chromatographic fingerprint of the sample resembles an oil, but does not match the calibration standard.
- Y The chromatographic fingerprint of the sample resembles a petroleum product eluting in approximately the correct carbon range, but the elution pattern does not match the calibration standard.
- Z The chromatographic fingerprint does not resemble a petroleum product.

## Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, WA State Certifications, Accreditations, and Licenses

Program	Number
Alaska DEC ÚST	UST-040
Arizona DHS	AZ0339
Arkansas - DEQ	88-0637
California DHS	2286
Colorado DPHE	-
Florida DOH	E87412
Hawaii DOH	-
Idaho DHW	
Indiana DOH	C-WA-01
Louisiana DEQ	3016
Louisiana DHH	LA050010
Maine DHS	WA0035
Michigan DEQ	9949
Minnesota DOH	053-999-368
Montana DPHHS	CERT0047
Nevada DEP	WA35
New Jersey DEP	WA005
New Mexico ED	-
North Carolina DWQ	605
Oklahoma DEQ	9801
Oregon - DHS	WA200001
South Carolina DHEC	61002
Utah DOH	COLU
Washington DOE	C1203
Wisconsin DNR	998386840
Wyoming (EPA Region 8)	<u> </u>





Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility/070041

Sample Matrix:

Water

Service Request No.:

Date Received:

K0805184

06/12/08 to

06/13/08

### **CASE NARRATIVE**

All analyses were performed consistent with the quality assurance program of Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. (CAS). This report contains analytical results for samples designated for Tier III validation deliverables including summary forms and all of the associated raw data for each of the analyses. When appropriate to the method, method blank results have been reported with each analytical test.

### Sample Receipt

Three water samples were received for analysis at Columbia Analytical Services on 06/12/08 to 06/13/08. The samples were received in good condition and consistent with the accompanying chain of custody form. The samples were stored in a refrigerator at 4°C upon receipt at the laboratory.

### **General Chemistry Parameters**

### Phosphorus, Total by EPA 365.3

### Carbon, Total Organic by EPA 415.1

The Relative Percent Difference (RPD) criterion for the replicate analysis of Total Phosphorus and Total Organic Carbon in sample MW-5 is not applicable because the analyte concentration was not significantly greater than the Method Reporting Limit (MRL). Analytical values derived from measurements close to the detection limit are not subject to the same accuracy and precision criteria as results derived from measurements higher on the calibration range for the method.

No other anomalies associated with the analysis of these samples were observed.

### **Total Metals**

No anomalies associated with the analysis of these samples were observed.

Approved by Augustalia Tal

\_Date\_*6/24/06* 

Columbia
Analytical
Services
As Emilyae - Owned Comments

# **CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

1317 South 13th Ave. • Kelso, WA 98626 • (360) 577-7222 • (800) 695-7222x07 • FAX (360) 636-1068

# 000

Р

PAGE

SR#:

REMARKS Zn Hg Z CIRCLE ONE > S ည် RECEIVED BY: ഗ് ŭ Se Total Metals: Al As Sb Ba Be B (Ca) Cd Co Cr Cu (Fe) Pb (Mg) (Mn) Mo Ni (K) Ag (Na) Se Dissolved Metals: Al As Sb Ba Be B Ca Cd Co Cr Cu Fe Pb Mg Mn Mo Ni K Ag Na \*INDICATE STATE HYDROCARBON PROCEDURE: AK CA WI NORTHWEST OTHER RELINQUISHED BY: SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/COMMENTS: Circle which metals are to be analyzed: ECEIVÉD BY NUMBER OF CONTAINERS TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS Standard (10-15 working days) INVOICE INFORMATION .. # 070041 MATRIX Requested Report Dave 48 hr. Provide FAX Results LABI.D. 5 Day Bill To: P.O. # TIME ensutting Report Dup., MS, MSD as NOUISHED BY IV. CLP Deliverable Report I. Routine Report: Method REPORT REQUIREMENTS III. Data Validation Report (includes all raw data) Blank, Surrogate, as PROJECT NUMBER 07004 ガースが MW-5 required required V. EDD PROJECT MANAGER PROJECT NAME

RCOC #1 06/03

Date/Time

Printed Name

Signature

Date/Time

Firm

Printed Name

Signature

8

Columbia Analytical Services Mc

# **CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

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TI Sn V Zn Hg REMARKS Sn V Zn Hg (CIRCLE ONE) Date/Time RECEIVED BY: F Cr Cu Fe Pb Mg Mn Mo Ni K Ag Na Se Sr Total Metals: Al As Sb Ba Be B (Ca) Cd Co Cr Cu (Fe) Pb (Mg) (Mn) Mo Ni (K) Ag (Na) Se Sr \*INDICATE STATE HYDROCARBON PROCEDURE: AK CA WI NORTHWEST OTHER: □0591 XOV Signature Al AND Softer were ofthe Report with previous samples Date/Time RELINQUISHED BY: Dissolved Metals: Al As Sb Ba Be B Ca Cd Co SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/COMMENTS: Signature Circle which metals are to be analyzed CONTAINERS NUMBER OF TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS Standard (10-15 working days) INVOICE INFORMATION Requested Report Date Provide FAX Results LAB I.D. 1500 V Bill To: P.O. # Sain bridge Erick Miller II. Report Dup., MS, MSD as RELINQUISHED BY: Routine Report: Method IV. CLP Deliverable Report REPORT REQUIREMENTS III. Data Validation Report (includes all raw data) Blank, Surrogate, as んのみの 12516 required required V. EDD PROJECT MANAGER COMPANY/ADDRESS PROJECT NUMBER PROJECT NAME CITY/STATE/ZIP

RCOC #1 06/03

Printed Name

Printed Name

States of the		Columbia Cooler Reco		•		•			PO		lleg
Client / Project: A90	ont.	OUICI TECC	orbi w	nu 11			uest <i>K08</i>	15	184		
Received: 6/13/178	Opened	6/12/1	-%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	servic Ву:		nest A 08	<u> </u>	0 7		
	- ·	elim	<u> </u>		ру:	1		į.		-	i
1. Samples were received via?	US Mail	Fed Ex	UP		DHL	GH	GS PD.	X Cou	rier E	and Do	elivered
<ol> <li>Samples were received in: (cir</li> <li>Were custody seals on coolers'</li> </ol>	_		ox	Enve	• .	Othe				NA	
3. Were <u>custody seals</u> on coolers' If present, were custody seals i		IA Ø	N	If			and where?				<del></del>
4. Is shipper's air-bill filed? If no		· hill numbou	N		If prese	nt, were	e they signed a	nd dated?		Q	N
	r, record an	-om numper.	٤,						_ NA	Y	N
5. Temperature of cooler(s) upo	on receipt (°	C):	3.0			·	<del></del>	<del>.</del>			
Temperature Blank (°C):	1 (		6.3						·	<del></del>	_
6. If applicable, list Chain of Cust	tody Numbe	rs:			<del></del>						<del></del>
7. Were custody papers properly i			.)?						NA	0	— N
8. Packing material used. Inser				Gel Pa	cks) We	t Ice	Sleeves Othe	er	1111	-1	14
9. Did all bottles arrive in good									NA	<b>Ø</b>	N
10. Were all sample labels comple	te (i.e analys	sis, preservati	on, etc.	.)?						Ø	N
11. Did all sample labels and tags										(D)	N
12. Were appropriate bottles/con									NA	Ø	Ν
13. Were the pH-preserved bottles									NA	0	N
14. Were VOA vials and 1631 Mer									M	Y	Ν
15. Are CWA Microbiology samp	oles receive	d with >1/2 t	he 24h	r. hold	time rer	naining	g from collecti	on?	NA.	, Y	И
16. Was C12/Res negative?		· ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				NA NA	Y	N
Sample ID on Bottle	Same	ole ID on COC	1		0	. 10	D 1/1				
	Jann	me ib oil coc			Sample	e ID on	Bottle	Sa	imple ID or	COC	-
			<del></del>					<del></del>			
										г	
	Bottle	T	Out of	Head-				Volume			
Sample ID	Count	Bottle Type			Broken	На	Reagent	added	Reagent Numb		Initials
					· ·						<del></del> -
											<del></del>
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Does not include all pH preserved sample ali Additional Notes, Discrepancies,	quots received. & Resoluti	See sample rec	eiving SC	OP (SMC	O-GEN).						
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the second	00,000	wy.		:	. 11/	101				<u> </u>	<del></del>
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Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Cooler Receipt and Preservation Form Client / Project: FSpect (MSulfing) Service Request *K08* Received: 10101 Rv: Klmth Opened: (olin like Samples were received via? 1. US Mail Fed Ex **UPS** DHLGHGSPDXHand Delivered Courier Samples were received in: (circle) 2. (Cooler BoxEnvelope Other NA Were custody seals on coolers? 3. NΑ Υ If yes, how many and where? If present, were custody seals intact? If present, were they signed and dated? Is shipper's air-bill filed? If not, record air-bill number: NA Temperature of cooler(s) upon receipt (°C): 5. Temperature Blank (°C): If applicable, list Chain of Custody Numbers: 6. Were custody papers properly filled out (ink, signed, etc.)? 7. N Packing material used. 8. Inserts Baggies Bubble Wrap Gel Packs Wet Ice Sleeves Other Did all bottles arrive in good condition (unbroken)? Indicate in the table of 9. NA N 10. Were all sample labels complete (i.e analysis, preservation, etc.)? Ν Did all sample labels and tags agree with custody papers? Indicate in the table below N Were appropriate bottles/containers and volumes received for the tests indicated? 12. N Were the pH-preserved bottles tested\* received at the appropriate pH? Indicate in the table below 13. NA Ν Were VOA vials and 1631 Mercury bottles received without headspace? Indicate in the table below. Ν Are CWA Microbiology samples received with >1/2 the 24hr. hold time remaining from collection? Ν Was C12/Res negative? Ν Sample ID on Bottle Sample ID on COC Sample ID on Bottle Sample ID on COC Out of Head-Bottle Volume Reagent Lot Sample ID Bottle Type Count Temp space Broken Ha Reagent added Number Initials

11

 $^{\star}$ Does not include all pH preserved sample aliquots received. See sample receiving SOP (SMO-GEN).

Additional Notes, Discrepancies, & Resolutions:

1

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: 070041 Sample Matrix:

WATER

Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

**Date Received:** 06/12,13/08

Ammonia as Nitrogen

Analysis Method:

SM 4500 NH3 E

Test Notes:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.05	0.02	1	06/19/08	0.08	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.05	0.02	1	06/19/08	0.02	J
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.05	0.02	1	06/19/08	0.12	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.05	0.02	1	06/19/08	ND	

SM

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Ed., 1998.

Analytical Report

Client:

'roject Name:

'roject Number: 070041 ample Matrix:

WATER

Aspect Consulting Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Service Request: K0805184 **Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08 Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Bicarbonate as CaCO3

unalysis Method:

SM 2320 B

'est Notes:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

ample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
4W-5 4W-7 4W-6 4ethod Blank 4ethod Blank	K0805184-001 K0805184-002 K0805184-003 K0805184-MB K0805184-MB	2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	06/13/08 06/13/08 06/14/08 06/13/08 06/14/08	48 29 50 ND ND	

SM

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Ed., 1998.

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

Service Request: K0805184

Project Number: 070041

Sample Matrix:

WATER

**Date Received:** 06/12,13/08

Carbonate as CaCO3

Units: mg/L

Basis: NA

Analysis Method:

SM 2320 B

Test Notes:

				Dilution	Date		Result
Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Factor	Analyzed	Result	Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	2	1	1	06/13/08	ND	
MW-7	K0805184-002	2	1	1	06/13/08	ND	
MW-6	K0805184-003	2	1	1	06/14/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	- 2	1	1	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	2	1	1	06/14/08	ND	

SM

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Ed., 1998.

Analytical Report

Client:

Project Name:

Project Number: 070041 Sample Matrix:

WATER

Aspect Consulting Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Service Request: K0805184

Date Collected: 06/10-12/08

**Date Received:** 06/12,13/08

Bromide

Analysis Method:

300.0

Test Notes:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

				Dilution	Date		Result
Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Factor	Analyzed	Result	Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.1	0.012	2	06/12/08	0.012	J
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.1	0.012	2	06/12/08	ND	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.1	0.012	2	06/13/08	0.012	J
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.1	0.006	1	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank .	K0805184-MB	0.1	0.006	1	06/12/08	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: 070041 Sample Matrix:

WATER

Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08 Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Chloride

Analysis Method:

300.0

Test Notes:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

				Dilution	Date		Result
Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Factor	Analyzed	Result	Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.2	0.016	2	06/12/08	6.9	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.2	0.016	2	06/12/08	3.8	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.2	0.016	2	06/13/08	15.7	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.008	1	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.008	1	06/12/08	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Project Name:

Aspect Consulting Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Service Request: K0805184 **Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

**Date Received:** 06/12,13/08

Project Number: 070041 Sample Matrix: WATER

Fluoride

Analysis Method:

300.0

Units: mg/L

Basis: NA

Test Notes:

Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.2	0.010	2	06/12/08	0.011	J
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.2	0.010	2	06/12/08	0.021	J
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.2	0.010	2	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.005	1	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.005	1	06/12/08	ND	

### Analytical Report

Client:

Project Name:

Aspect Consulting Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: Sample Matrix:

070041 WATER

300.0

Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Nitrate as Nitrogen

Units: mg/L

Test Notes:

Analysis Method:

Basis: NA

Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date/Time Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.1	0.008	2	06/12/08 14:13	4.0	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.1	0.008	2	06/12/08 14:24	0.7	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.5	0.020	5	06/13/08 15:40	11.9	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.1	0.004	1	06/12/08 09:27	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.1	0.004	1	06/13/08 09:38	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: 070041

Sample Matrix:

WATER

Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Sulfate

Analysis Method:

300.0

Test Notes:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

-				Dilution	Date		Result
Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Factor	Analyzed	Result	Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.2	0.012	2	06/12/08	2.0	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.2	0.012	2	06/12/08	0.9	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.2	0.012	2	06/13/08	6.7	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0,2	0.006	1	06/13/08	ND	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.006	1	06/12/08	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: 070041

Sample Matrix: WATER Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Nitrate+Nitrite as Nitrogen

Analysis Method:

Test Notes:

353.2

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.05	0.005	1	06/13/08	4.09	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.05	0.005	1	06/13/08	0.83	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.50	0.050	10	06/19/08	12.0	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.05	0.005	1	06/13/08	0.007	J
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.05	0.005	1	06/19/08	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: 070041 Sample Matrix:

WATER

Service Request: K0805184

**Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08

Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Phosphorus, Total

Prep Method:

Method 365.3

Units: mg/L

Analysis Method:

Test Notes:

Basis: NA

Sample Name		Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5		K0805184-001	0.01	0.004	1	6/13/2008	06/13/08	0.01	
MW-7	,	K0805184-002	0.01	0.004	1	6/13/2008	06/13/08	0.02	
MW-6		K0805184-003	0.01	0.004	1	6/13/2008	06/17/08	0.01	
Method Blank		K0805184-MB	0.01	0.004	1	6/13/2008	06/17/08	ND	
Method Blank		K0805184-MB	0.01	0.004	1	6/13/2008	06/13/08	ND	

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Project Number: Sample Matrix:

070041 WATER

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Service Request: K0805184 **Date Collected:** 06/10-12/08 Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl (TKN)

Prep Method:

ASTM D 3590-89B-21.1

Units: mg/L

Analysis Method:

ASTM D 1426-93B

Basis: NA

Test Notes:

Sample Name	Lab Code	MRL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Result	Result Notes
MW-5	K0805184-001	0.2	0.07	1	6/17/2008	06/18/08	0.8	
MW-7	K0805184-002	0.2	0.07	1	6/17/2008	06/18/08	1.0	
MW-6	K0805184-003	0.2	0.07	1	6/17/2008	06/18/08	2.0	
Method Blank	K0805184-MB	0.2	0.07	1	6/17/2008	06/18/08	0.14	J

Analytical Report

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Project Name:

Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project Number: Sample Matrix:

070041 WATER Service Request: K0805184

 $\textbf{Date Collected:}\ \ 06/10\text{-}12/08$ 

Date Received: 06/12,13/08

Carbon, Total Organic

415.1

Test Notes:

Analysis Method:

Units: mg/L Basis: NA

**Dilution** Date Result Sample Name Lab Code MRL MDL Factor Analyzed Result Notes MW-5 K0805184-001 0.5 0.05 1 06/16/08 1.0 MW-7 K0805184-002 0.5 0.05 1 06/16/08 0.7 MW-6 K0805184-003 0.5 0.05 1 06/16/08 1.0 Method Blank K0805184-MB 0.5 0.05 1 06/16/08 ND

### **Columbia Analytical Services**

# - Cover Page - INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA PACKAGE

Client:

Project Name:

Aspect Consulting Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Project No.:

070041

Service Request: K0805184

Sample Name:	Lab Code:
MW-5	K0805184-001 DISS
MW-5D	K0805184-001D DISS
MW-5S	K0805184-001S DISS
MW-7	K0805184-002 DISS
MW-6	K0805184-003 DISS
MW-6D	K0805184-003D DISS
MW-6S	K0805184-003S DISS
Method Blank	K0805184-MB
Method Blank	K0805184-MB2

Approved By:	-30	Date:	612010X	

### Metals

### - 1 -INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA PACKAGE

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Service Request: K0805184

Project No.:

070041

Date Collected:

6/10/08

Project Name: Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Date Received:

6/12/08

Matrix:

WATER

Units:

ug/L

Basis: N/A

Sample Name:

MW-5

Lab Code:

K0805184-001 DISS

Analyte	Analysis Method	MRL	MDL	Dil. Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Result	С	Q
Calcium	200.7	50	10	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	15500		
Iron	200.7	20.0	10.0	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	10.0	Ü	
Magnesium	200.7	20	1.5	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	7450		
Manganese	200.7	5.0	1.0	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	1.1	В	
Potassium	200.7	2000	1000	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	1000	Ü	
Sodium	200.7	100	35	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	3860		

% Solids;

0.0

### Metals

### - 1 -INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA PACKAGE

Client:

\_ Aspect Consulting

Service Request:

K0805184

Project No.:

070041

Date Collected:

6/11/08

Project Name: Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

...........

Date Received:

6/12/08

Matrix:

WATER

Units: ug/L

Basis: N/A

Sample Name:

MW-7

Lab Code:

K0805184-002 DISS

Analyte	Analysis Method	MRL	MDL	Dil. Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Result	С	Q ·
Calcium	200.7	50	10	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	10100		
Iron	200.7	20.0	10.0	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	10.0	Ü	
Magnesium	200.7	20	1.5	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	4950		
Manganese	200.7	5.0	1.0	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	13.8		-
Potassium	200.7	2000	1000	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	1000	Ü	
Sodium	200.7	100	35	1.0	06/17/08	06/18/08	3110		

% Solids:

0.0

### Metals

### -1-INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA PACKAGE

Client:

Aspect Consulting

Service Request: K0805184

Project No.:

070041

Date Collected:

6/12/08

Project Name: Webb Hill Biosolids Facility

Date Received:

6/13/08

Matrix:

WATER

ug/L

Units: Basis:

Sample Name:

MW-6

Lab Code:

K0805184-003 DISS

N/A

Analyte	Analysis Method	MRL	MDL	Dil. Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Result	С	Q
Calcium	200.7	50	9	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	24400		
Iron	200.7	20.0	2.0	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	4.8	В	
Magnesium	200.7	20	4.0	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	11700		
Manganese	200.7	5.0	0.3	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	5.6		
Potassium	200.7	2000	30	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	405	В	
Sodium	200.7	100	20	1.0	06/19/08	06/19/08	4630		

% Solids:

0.0

# **APPENDIX D**

**USGS Groundwater Dating and Water Quality Report** 



# United States Department of the Interior

U.S. Geological Survey

USGS Washington Water Science Center 934 Broadway, Suite 300 Tacoma, Washington 98402 (253) 552-1600 . FAX (253) 552-1581 http://wa.water.usgs.gov/

June 26, 2008

Ms. Pam Bennett-Cumming
Mason County Department of Community Development
Senior Planner - Water Resource Planning
411 North 5th
P.O. Box 279
Shelton, Washington 98584

Dear Ms. Bennett-Cumming:

Attached are results of the laboratory analyses of archived water-quality samples collected by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) from four Webb Hill monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3 and MW-4) in July 2007. The USGS unique site identification numbers for these wells are 4718281223063501, 471831123070001, 471845123063701, and 471815123061801, respectively. Sample results are stored in and can be retrieved from our National Water Quality Database (<a href="http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis">http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis</a>) using these site identification numbers. For future reference, please refer to these numbers.

The samples were analyzed for selected constituents that have been identified by the USGS National Research Program as useful tracers of recently recharged ground water. These types of data, in particular the sulfur hexafluoride data, may provide information useful to Mason County in its ongoing hydrologic investigation of the Webb Hill Biosolids disposal facility and nutrient issues in Hood Canal. General discussions of the use of environmental tracers for dating recently recharged ground water are summarized by Plummer and others, 1993.

Samples were collected to analyze for three suites of environmental tracers, including sulfur-hexafluoride, tritium-helium, and waste-water treatment compounds. Sulfur-hexafluoride ( $SF_6$ ) is present in the atmosphere primarily as a result of anthropogenic origin. The atmospheric concentration of  $SF_6$  has increased from a steady-state value of about 0.05 parts per trillion to more than 4 parts per trillion during the past 40 years. The date of ground-water recharge can be estimated from  $SF_6$  concentrations if it is in equilibrium with atmospheric  $SF_6$  at the time of recharge. Methods describing the sulfur hexafluoride technique and its limitations can be found in E. Busenberg and L.N. Plummer, 2000.

Results from three of the four sulfur hexafluoride ( $SF_6$ ) samples provided good estimates of the year of ground-water recharge. The  $SF_6$  measurements results are reported using a NOAA scale as mass concentrations (FMoles/kg) but have been converted to equivalent concentrations as partial volume (pptv) for comparison to regularly monitored atmospheric  $SF_6$  concentrations. On the attached figure, the results of the analysis of MW1, MW2, and MW4 are plotted on the curve of  $SF_6$  concentrations in air. Their location on the curve indicates that these samples contained  $SF_6$  concentrations equivalent to atmospheric concentrations present in late 1990's to early 2000's. Refinements to the estimates of recharge date could be made if additional information was available on the temperature of ground water at the point of recharge and measurements to determine if excess air was incorporated during the recharge process. The very large concentrations of  $SF_6$  in the sample from MW-3 indicate that the sample was contaminated, which will result in inaccurate estimates of the recharge.

Large tritium (<sup>3</sup>H) inputs to ground water occurred in a series of spikes resulting from atmospheric testing of nuclear devices occurring from 1952 to 1963. Concentrations of <sup>3</sup>H in precipitation have decreased since the mid-1960's bomb peak and provide limited information on recharge related to the period of nuclear testing. Measurements of tritium (<sup>3</sup>H) and its decay product, tritiogenic helium (<sup>3</sup>He), provide a <sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He ratio which can be used to calculate the <sup>3</sup>H/<sup>3</sup>He apparent age of ground water from a single water sample (Schlosser and others, 1988, 1989; Poreda and others, 1988; Solomon and others, 1992, 1993).

The process for the analysis of  ${}^3H/{}^3He$  ratios is lengthy, because the accumulation of daughter products requires several months to generate measureable quantities when the initial concentrations of  ${}^3H$  are small. The analytical laboratory at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory has been experiencing difficulties with the specialized mass-spectrophotometer that is used for this analysis and thus has delayed the analysis of the  ${}^3H/{}^3He$  data. Once these data are released from the laboratory, they will be provided to you.

The analysis of waste-water compounds in samples from three wells (MW1, MW3, and MW4) resulted in few detections and thus did not provide substantial useful data when applied to ground-water samples from this site. The waste-water analytical suite focuses on compounds typically found in domestic and industrial wastewater. The suite analyzes for 61 compounds that include the alkylphenol ethoxylate nonionic surfactants and their degradates, food additives, fragrances, antioxidants, flame retardants, plasticizers, industrial solvents, disinfectants, fecal sterols, polycyclicaromatic hydrocarbons, and high-use domestic pesticides. Data from these samples are in the attached table.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call Steve Cox of this office at 253-552-1623.

Sincerely yours,

//s//

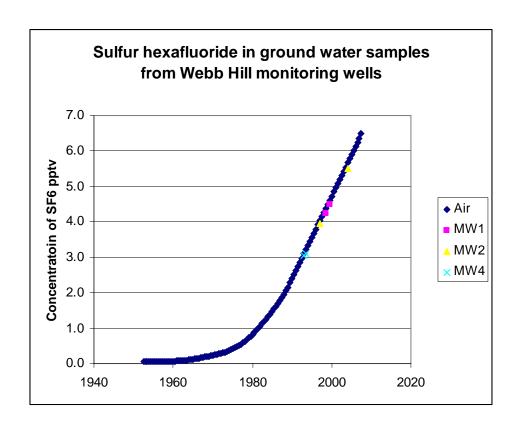
Cynthia Barton, Ph.D., L.G., L.H.G. Director

### References

- E. Busenberg and L. N. Plummer. Dating young ground water with sulfur hexafluoride: Natural and anthropogenic sources of sulfur hexafluoride. Water Resources Research, v. 36, p. 3011-3030, October, 2000.
- Plummer, L.N., Michel, R.L., Thurman, E.M., and Glynn, P.D., 1993, Environmental tracers for age-dating young ground water: in Alley, W.M., ed., Regional Ground-water Quality, Chap. 11, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, p. 255-294.
- Poreda, R.J., Cerling, T.E., and Solomon, D.K., 1988, Tritium and helium isotopes as hydrologic tracers in a shallow unconfined aquifer: Journal of Hydrology, v. 103, p. 1-9.
- Schlosser P., Stute, M., Dorr, H., Sonntag, C., and Munnich, K.O., 1988, Tritium/<sup>3</sup>He dating of shallow groundwater: Earth and Planetary Science Letters, v. 89, p. 353-362.
- Schlosser P., Stute, M., Sonntag, C., and Munnich, K.O., 1989, Tritiogenic <sup>3</sup>He in shallow groundwater: Earth and Planetary Science Letters, v. 94, p. 245-256.
- Solomon, D.K., Poreda, R.J., Schiff, S.L., and Cherry, J.A., 1992, Tritium and Helium 3 as groundwater age tracers in the Borden Aquifer: Water Resources Research, v. 28, no. 3, p. 741-755.
- Solomon, D.K., and Sudicky, E.A., 1992, Correction to "Tritium and helium 3 isotope ratios for direct estimation of spatial variations in groundwater recharge": Water Resources Research, v. 28, no. 4, p. 1197.

Results of SF6 analyses in ground-water samples from monitoring wells collected by the USGS in July 2007, at Webb Hill Biosolids Facility, Mason County, WA

Sample	Sampling			Calculated
Name	Date	Time	NOAA Scale	SF6
	(Mo/day/year)		fMol/L	(pptv)
MW-1	07/09/07	1410	1.8040	4.4779
MW-1	07/09/07	1410	1.7104	4.2456
MW-2	07/11/07	1200	1.5844	3.9388
MW-2	07/11/07	1200	2.2187	5.5156
MW-3	07/11/07	1300	10.4911	26.1021
MW-3	07/11/07	1300	4.6028	11.4518
MW-4	07/11/07	930	1.2576	3.1185
MW-4	07/11/07	930	1.2270	3.0427
Tap water	01/28/08		4.7782	15.0989
Tap water	01/28/08		4.7652	15.0579



# Concentrations of waste water treatment compounds in ground-water samples from monitoring wells collected by the USGS in July 2007, at Webb Hill Biosolids Facility, Mason County, WA

[Abbreviations: ug/L, micrograms per liter; E, estimated value, concentration is less than the detection limit; M, presence verified but not quanitifed; <, actual value is less than value shown]

	USGS Site ID, Well number, and date sampled					
	471828123063501	471845123063701	471815123061801			
	MW-1	MW-3	MW-4			
	7/10/07 2:10 PM	7/11/07 1:00 PM	7/11/07 9:30 AM			
Analyte	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)			
Allalyte	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<.1	<.5	<.1			
1-Methylnaphthalene	<.1	<.6	<.1			
2,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	<.2	<1.2	<.2			
2-Methylnaphthalene	<.1	<.5	<.1			
3-beta-Coprostanol	<2	<10	<2			
3-Methyl-1H-indole	<.08	<.48	<.08			
3-tert-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole	<.6	<4	<.6			
4-Cumylphenol	<.14	<.84	<.14			
4-Nonylphenol	<2	<11	<2			
4-Octylphenol	<.16	<.96	<.16			
4-tert-Octylphenol	<.10	<.6	<.10			
5-Methyl-1H-benzotriazole	<2	<11	<2			
9,10-Anthraquinone	<.2	<1.0	<.2			
Acetophenone	<.1	<.6	<.1			
Acetyl hexamethyl tetrahydro naphthalene	<.5	<3.0	<.5			
Anthracene	<.1	<.5	<.1			
Benzo[a]pyrene	<.1	<.7	<.1			
Benzophenone	<.2	<1.1	<.2			
beta-Sitosterol	<2	<12	<2			
beta-Stigmastanol	<2	<12	<2			
Bromacil	<.4	<2.4	<.4			
Caffeine	<.2	<1.2	<.2			
Camphor	<.1	<.6	<.1			
Carbaryl	<1	<6	<1			
Carbazole	<.1	<.5	<.1			
Chlorpyrifos	<.2	<1.2	<.2			
Cholesterol	<1	<8	<1			
Cotinine	<.400	<2.40	<.400			
p-Cresol	<.18	M	<.18			
DEET	M	<1.2	<.2			
Diazinon	<.2	<1.0	<.2			
Diethoxynonylphenol	<5	<30	<5			
Diethoxyoctylphenol	<1	<6	<1			
D-Limonener	<.1	<.8	<.1			
Fluoranthene	<.1	<.5	<.1			
Hexahydrohexamethyl						
cyclopentabenzopyran	<.5	<3.0	<.5			

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Indole	<.1	<.8	<.1
Isoborneol	<.1	<.4	<.1
Isophorone	<.1	<.8	<.1
Isopropylbenzene	<.1	<.6	<.1
Isoquinoline	<.4	<2.4	<.4
Menthol	<.2	<1.2	<.2
Metalaxyl	<.2	<1.2	<.2
Methyl salicylate	<.2	<1.1	<.2
Metolachlor	<.2	<1.0	<.2
Monoethoxyoctylphenol	<1	<6	<1
Naphthalene	<.1	<.6	<.1
Phenanthrene	<.1	<.5	<.1
Phenol	<.4	E.3	7.2
Prometon	<.4	<2.4	<.4
Pyrene	<.1	<.5	<.1
Tetrachloroethene	<.2	<1.1	<.2
Tribromomethane	<.1	<.5	<.1
Tributyl phosphate	<.2	<1.2	E1.8
Triclosan	<.2	<1	<.2
Triethyl citrate	<.4	<2.4	<.4
Triphenyl phosphate	<.2	<1.0	0.4
Tris(2-butoxyethyl) phosphate	<.5	<3.0	<.5
Tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate	M	<1.1	<.2
Tris(dichloroisopropyl) phosphate	<.2	<1.1	<.2