# PACIFIC groundwater GROUP

WRIA 44/50 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION MONITORING REPORT (2006 WATER YEAR) EXEMPT WELL WATER USE PHASE 2

February 19, 2007

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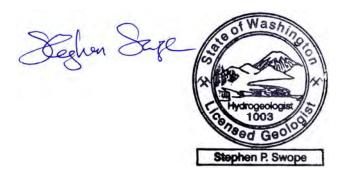
Appendix A: Pacific Groundwater Group, 2007. WRIA 44/50 Rimrock Basin Assessment. Technical Memorandum prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.

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# SIGNATURE

This report, and Pacific Groundwater Group's work contributing to this report, were reviewed by the undersigned and approved for release.

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Lower Moses Coulee: Mike Biram Steve King (monitoring discontinued) Jack Linville Palisades Irrigation Dist. (Don Jordan)

<u>Upper Moses Coulee:</u> Ray Bechtol (monitoring discontinued) Raymond Mayer Nature Conservancy (Chuck Warner) Jim Johncox Roy Downes Pete Muslin (Johnson well) Rod and Russell Peterson (Johnson well operators) Kevin Danby & Rimrock Meadows Association (NAAC deep well)

Jameson & Grimes Lake: Ric Matthiesen Paul Wittig

<u>Chelan Hills & Chelan Springs:</u> Jason Sandum (monitoring discontinued) Cliff Nystrom Robert and Donna Wade (Luce well) Tom Corcoran

Badger Mountain: Edward Murray Gary Wilcox and Rich Wasson (Wilcox well) Bruce Moulton Dan Robins

<u>Foster Creek:</u> Chuck Hammons Lee James Handford Lee Hemmer Ray Henton Terry Hunt Barry Watson (Malone well)

# 1.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Groundwater elevations in Water Resource Inventory Area (WRIA) 44/50 fluctuated seasonally between a high spring elevation and low late summer to fall elevation in most monitored wells. Seasonal fluctuations ranged from over 11 feet to less than 1 foot. In general, shallow wells within the alluvial aquifer displayed the largest seasonal fluctuations, while deeper wells within the basalt aquifer displayed little to no seasonal fluctuations. Groundwater within the basalt aquifer is influenced by a more regional source and, therefore, groundwater elevations are less responsive to local recharge events.

Fluctuations in groundwater elevations are generally consistent from one year to the next with slight variations. However, a few monitored wells displayed substantial increases in peak groundwater elevations in the 2006 water year. Within the Lower Moses Coulee the peak groundwater elevation was 1 foot higher in the PID well and 2 to 3 feet higher in the Linville South well relative to the previous two years. In the Foster Creek area, the peak groundwater elevation in the Hammons well was also 2 to 3 feet higher relative to the previous two years. All three of these wells are completed in the alluvial aquifer.

Slightly higher groundwater elevations for the 2006 water year were also observed in many of the other monitored wells, including a few completed in the basalt aquifer. The Mayer well in Upper Moses Coulee and the Hemmer well in Foster Creek both monitor groundwater in the basalt aquifer. Groundwater elevations in both wells had been in decline since monitoring was first initiated but both wells recovered 1 to 1.5 feet during the 2006 water year.

The increase in peak groundwater elevations and recovery of declining trends observed for the 2006 water year are likely related to the higher precipitation in 2006. Precipitation records for the area indicate the total precipitation for the 2006 water year was about 1.5 times higher than the 2004 and 2005 water years.

Three new monitoring sites were added to the WRIA 44/50 long term monitoring program during the 2006 water year: the Chelan Hills, Chelan Springs, and the Badger Mountain areas. All three sites were identified in the Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study as areas of concern in groundwater quantity. Four wells were instrumented with pressure transducers at the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs area (2 at each site) and four wells were instrumented at the Badger Mountain area. However, one well in Chelan Hills has since been discontinued. Data analysis from the new sites indicates the new data loggers are malfunctioning. The new data loggers were apparently programmed with faulty software provided by the manufacturer and will need to be reprogrammed. The new data loggers will be reprogrammed no later than the spring of 2007.

# 2.0 INTRODUCTION

The subsequent sections provide an introductory discussion on the following: (1) the purpose of this study and this report; (2) background on the exempt well water use study; (3) a summary of the hydrogeology of the area; and (4) a description of the monitoring system and method of well selection.

## 2.1 PURPOSE OF STUDY AND REPORT

Many areas across Washington State are experiencing growth in the number of houses with exempt wells and septic tanks. This growth is unregulated and can result in declines in groundwater quantity and quality.

The purpose of this study is to monitor longterm trends in groundwater elevations in areas identified during the Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study as potential for future groundwater level declines. These areas include Chelan Springs, Chelan Hills, Rimrock Meadows, and Badger Mountain. Existing monitoring sites in the Foster Creek and the Lower and Upper Moses Coulee were also added to the long-term monitoring program. These sites were instrumented during previous studies and continued monitoring will provide useful information on long-term trends in groundwater elevations throughout WRIA 44/50. All long-term groundwater monitoring sites are shown in **Figure 1**.

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of groundwater elevation trends observed at the monitoring sites up to the end of the 2006 water year (October 2006). Monitoring began as early as 2003 at some sites and as late as 2006 at other sites. Additional wells are also scheduled to be added to the monitoring program in 2007.

This work was performed, and this report prepared, using generally accepted hydrogeologic practices used at this time and in this vicinity, for exclusive application to the WRIA 44/50 Watershed Planning process and for the exclusive use of the Foster Creek Conservation District, the WRIA 44/50 Planning Unit, and their agents. This is in lieu of other warranties, express or implied.

### 2.2 EXEMPT WELL WATER USE BACKGROUND

To address the issue of exempt well water use, the Water Resource Inventory Area (WRIA) 44/50 Watershed Planning Unit (Douglas County Watershed Planning Association, 2004) proposed an Exempt Well Water Use Study.

Pacific Groundwater Group (PGG) performed an initial Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study in four areas of Douglas County in 2005: Chelan Springs, Chelan Hills, Rimrock Meadows/Sagebrush Flats, and Badger Mountain. These areas were identified as high growth in exempt well water use. The phase 1 study involved the following elements:

- A water balance calculation comparing current and future groundwater use to recharge.
- A groundwater level survey to compare current groundwater levels to levels at the time of drilling.

• A nitrate loading calculation to assess affects on water quality at full build-out conditions.

The results of that study suggest the potential for groundwater level declines exists in all study areas except for Chelan Springs and that nitrate loading at full build-out conditions should have minimal impacts on groundwater in all areas except possibly Rimrock Meadows, an area that could experience relatively dense development (PGG, 2006a).

One component of the Phase 2 Exempt Well Water Use Study is monitoring long-term trends in groundwater elevations. Four sites were initially instrumented for long-term monitoring: Lower Moses Coulee, Upper Moses Coulee, Jameson/Grimes Lake Area, and Foster Creek (Figure 1). Surface water elevations are also monitored at the Jameson/Grimes Lake site. The first annual report on long-term groundwater elevations summarized monitoring up to October 2005 at these four sites (PGG, 2006b). Since then three additional sites (The Chelan Hills, Chelan Springs, and the Bader Mountain areas) were added to the monitoring program (Figure 1). As of December 2006, the monitoring program for the Phase 2 Exempt Well Use Study consists of six sites with a total of 22 monitored wells and 2 lake stations (Table 1). Well logs for each monitored well are provided in Appendix B.

Long term monitoring in the Upper Moses Coulee area will also provide observations in groundwater elevations for the Rimrock Meadows area, an area within the Upper Moses Coulee which may experience a substantial increase in the number of unregulated exempt water supply wells. An assessment of potential groundwater impacts in the Rimrock Meadows area at full build-out conditions was recently performed as part of the Phase 2 Exempt Well use study. The result of the Rimrock Meadows assessment was summarized in a technical memorandum and is attached in **Appendix A** of this document.

# 2.3 HYDROGEOLOGY

The hydrogeology of the study area is described in the WRIA 44/50 Final Phase 2 Basin Assessment April 2003 (PGG, 2003a) and in the WRIA 44/50 Foster Creek and Lower Moses Coulee Level 2 Hydrogeologic Assessment September 2003 (PGG, 2003b). The following summary is drawn predominantly from those reports.

WRIAs 44 and 50 are underlain predominantly by the Miocene basaltic rocks of the Columbia River Basalt Group. The basalt sequence is generally 2,000 to 3,000 feet thick in the area and is made up of numerous individual basalt flows ranging from a few tens of feet to about 300 feet thick; the average thickness is about 100 feet. Interbed deposits, often consisting of mudstones, siltstones, and sandstones, separate many of the individual basalt flows. The tops and bottoms of the flows are typically more permeable than flow interiors because of rubble zones, vesicles, and fractures. These zones form the principal aquifers within the basalt. Flow interiors are generally dense and less permeable. Openings caused by minor vertical cooling fractures provide some limited, primarily vertical, permeability in the central part of the flows.

In the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs area, the Columbia River Basalt Group thins in the direction of the Cascades Mountains. In this area along the Columbia River valley, older, lightcolored granitic rocks can be seen in outcrops underlying the Columbia River Basalt. Water saturated fractures in these older rocks provide some water supply to wells in this area.

The Ellensburg formation and other unconsolidated deposits, consisting of sand and gravel with varying amounts of clay and silt, overlie the basalts in many areas. These deposits are generally less than 50 feet thick on the plateau but may be as much as 300 feet thick on the banks of the Columbia River and in Moses Coulee. In these areas the unconsolidated deposits form a productive aquifer referred to as the alluvial aquifer. All wells included in this analysis are completed in either the basalt aquifer or alluvial aquifer, except for the Corcoran and Nystrom wells in the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs area, which are completed in the older fractured granitic rocks (**Table 1**).

### 2.4 MONITORING SYSTEM

Selection of monitored wells at each site includes the following criteria:

- Favorable location in study area.
- Permission granted by well owner.
- Well head accessibility (pitless adaptor versus top seal). Instrumenting wells with pitless adaptors is preferred, but modifications to instrument top seals is possible with owner's permission.
- Water levels in well recover to static conditions between pumping periods.

These criteria limit the number of potential wells available for monitoring at each site. For example, in the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs area, the preferred number of wells (3 at each site) could not be achieved because the above criteria could not be met.

The monitoring system at each site uses Solinst LT Leveloggers transducers to measure and record both groundwater levels and barometric pressure at six different sites within WRIA 44/50 (**Figure 1**). The wells are all privately owned domestic, irrigation, or stock watering wells. Monitoring in Lower Moses Coulee and Foster Creek area began in 2003. Monitoring in Upper Moses Coulee and Jamison Lake began in 2004. Monitoring in the Chelan Springs, Chelan Hills, and Badger Mountain areas began in 2006.

Data are downloaded in the spring and fall each year with a laptop computer and imported into an MS Excel workbook so they can be stored, modified, and managed as needed. Water levels are corrected for barometric pressure because the transducers are not vented to the atmosphere.

# 3.0 RESULTS OF LONG-TERM GROUNDWATER ELEVA-TION MONITORING

The following subsections provide a brief summary of annual precipitation records during the monitoring period followed by results of the long-term groundwater elevation monitoring up to the end of the 2006 water year (October 1, 2006) at each site. Site maps and hydrographs are provided in **Figures 2-24**.

# 3.1 PRECIPITATION RECORDS

The Western Regional Climate Center (WRCC) operates a number of Remote Automated Weather Stations (RAW), providing daily values of total precipitation. The WRCC operates a RAW station at the town of Douglas, located in the central portion of WRIA 44/50, and at the town of Nespelem, just north of WRIA 44/50 (**Figure 1**).

The precipitation records indicate that the 2006 water year was a substantially wetter year than the 2004 or 2005 water years. The total annual precipitation reported at the Douglas RAW station for water years 2004, 2005 and 2006 were 5.88, 8.89 and 10.89 inches respectively. The total annual precipitation reported at the Nespelem RAW station for water years 2004, 2005 and 2006 were 10.44, 10.99 and 16.3 inches respectively.

# 3.2 LOWER MOSES COULEE

Lower Moses Coulee (**Figure 2**), from Rattle Snake Springs to the Columbia River, is approximately 20 miles long and 1 mile wide with steep basalt cliffs rising up to 1500 feet above the valley floor. The surface elevation of the valley floor ranges from 1100 feet (relative to mean sea level, msl) near McCartney Creek to 850 feet msl near the Columbia River.

### 3.2.1 Monitoring Network

Groundwater elevation monitoring in the Lower Moses Coulee commenced in late spring of 2003. Monitored wells include: Palisades Irrigation District (PID), King, Biram, Linville North, and Linville South (**Table 1**). Groundwater elevations were monitored in the King well from May 2003 to December 2003, after which monitoring in this well was terminated and therefore not included in this report. Monitoring continues in the remaining wells. None of the wells are currently used for water supply.

### 3.2.2 Seasonal Fluctuations

Groundwater elevations in all monitored wells display distinct seasonal fluctuations (**Figures 3-6**). In all wells, groundwater elevations increase during the wet winter months reaching their peaks in April after the spring snow melt and decrease during the dry summer months reaching their low in early October before the start of the wet winter months.

Seasonal fluctuations in groundwater elevations result from seasonal cycles in local groundwater recharge. Local recharge in the Lower Moses Coulee is derived from infiltrating precipitation and snow melt within the coulee itself and from infiltrating surface water sources, both of which contribute more recharge during the wet winter and spring months. Surface water sources include Douglas and McCarteney Creeks, which enter the coulee near its upper reaches and loose all their water to the highly permeable alluvial aquifer, except during exceptionally large runoff events when Douglas Creek has been known to flow all the way to the Columbia River.

In general the seasonal fluctuations in groundwater elevations are most pronounced in the shallow alluvial aquifer where recharge lag times are short. Driller's logs indicate that the Linville South and PID wells are completed within the alluvial aquifer. A driller's log is not available for the Biram monitored well; however, based on its depth and a driller's log for Biram's second well 50 feet away, the Biram well is likely completed within the alluvial aquifer. Seasonal fluctuations observed in these wells range from over 11 feet in the Linville South well to about 6 feet in the PID and 5 feet in the Biram well. The larger seasonal fluctuations observed in the Linville South well may be related to heterogeneities within the aquifer, bedrock slope, and/or irrigation withdrawals.

Groundwater elevations in two alluvial aquifer wells (Linville South and PID) displayed a noticeably higher peak for the 2006 water year relative to the previous two years (**Figures 3 and 4**). Peak groundwater elevations were 2 to 3 feet higher in the Linville South well and about 1 foot higher in the PID well. The peak groundwater elevations in the Biram well increased to a much smaller degree (**Figure 5**).

The higher peak for the 2006 water year observed in the alluvial aquifer was not observed in the basalt aquifer. Driller's logs indicate the Linville North well is completed in the basalt aquifer and the seasonal fluctuations have been fairly consistent at 1 to 2 feet each water year (**Figure 6**). The seasonal fluctuations in the basalt aquifer are less pronounced because it is a deeper regional source and, therefore, less influenced by seasonal cycles in local recharge.

### 3.2.3 Summer Fluctuations

Groundwater elevations in the Linville North, Linville South, and Biram wells also display smaller, shorter time-scale fluctuations during the summer months in addition to the seasonal fluctuations described above. These smaller fluctuations are not observed in the PID well, which is located in the upper reaches of the coulee.

The smaller fluctuations observed during the summer months are likely in response to variable groundwater withdrawal during summer irrigation. The Palisades Irrigation District near Palisades in the upper reaches of the coulee uses surface water from Douglas Creek for irrigation and may explain the lack of summer fluctuations observed in that well.

### 3.2.4 Long Term Trends

Only three complete water years of monitoring has taken place in the Lower Moses Coulee (2004, 2005, and 2006); therefore, long term trends in groundwater elevations can not be accurately assessed. Groundwater elevations were lowest in the 2005 water year and highest in the 2006 water year, but generally the seasonal fluctuations have been consistent and do not display any long-term trends.

# 3.3 UPPER MOSES COULEE

Upper Moses Coulee from Jameson Lake to Lower Moses Coulee is approximately 20 miles long and follows McCarteney Creek (**Figure 7**). The surface elevation along the Upper Moses Coulee ranges from 1800 feet msl near Jameson Lake to 850 feet msl near the upper reaches of Lower Moses Coulee.

### 3.3.1 Monitoring Network

Groundwater elevation monitoring in the Upper Moses Coulee was initiated in the summer of 2004. Initial wells included Bechtol, Mayer, and The Nature Conservancy [TNC] (**Table 1**). Monitoring of the Bechtol well was terminated in May 2005 and is therefore no longer presented. The data was included in the 2005 Water Year report. Data analysis of the TNC well indicates the transducer has either malfunctioned or is still above the water level and needs to be lowered. Data for the TNC well is therefore not presented.

A new monitoring well was added to the Upper Moses Coulee site in late 2006. The Johnson irrigation well, owned by Pete Muslin and operated by Rod and Russell Peterson, was added in September 2006. The Johnson well is completed in the alluvial aquifer. An aquifer pump test was performed on the Johnson well as part of the Flood Mitigation Assessment (PGG, 2006c). The results of the aquifer test indicated a highly transmissive aquifer (Transmissivity [T] = 1.6million gallons per day per foot of drawdown gpd/ft). Monitoring of the Johnson well will provide information on groundwater elevation trends in the alluvial aquifer between Jameson Lake and the Rimrock Meadows area.

Three additional wells are scheduled to be added to the Upper Moses Coulee long term groundwater monitoring program in 2007; the NAAC Rimrock Meadows deep irrigation well, the PK & T domestic well, and the Johncox domestic well (**Figure 7**).

The NAAC Rimrock Meadows irrigation well is a deep basalt aquifer well (738-ft deep). Monitoring of the NAAC deep well will provide information on long term groundwater trends in deeper portions of the basalt aquifer. The PK & T domestic well, owned by Pete Muslin, is completed in the upper most portions of the basalt aquifer near Camel Springs where McCartney Creek first gains water south of Jameson Lake. Monitoring in this location will provide information on groundwater trends and their influence on surface water flow in McCartney Creek.

The Johncox well, completed in the basalt aquifer in the Rimrock Meadows area, was part of the initial long term monitoring program for the Upper Moses Coulee, but obstructions in the well head led to instrumentation problems. Jim Johncox has granted permission for the well head to be modified to accommodate data instrumentation. Modification and instrumentation will take place in 2007.

Continued monitoring in the Upper Moses Coulee area will also provide observations in groundwater elevations for the Rimrock Meadows area, an area within the Upper Moses Coulee which may experience a substantial increase in the number of unregulated exempt water supply wells. An assessment of potential groundwater impacts in the Rimrock Meadows area at full build-out conditions was recently performed as part of the Phase 2 Exempt Well use study. The result of the Rimrock Meadows assessment was summarized in a technical memorandum and is attached in **Appendix A** of this document.

All new and future monitoring wells in the Upper Moses Coulee will be included in subsequent

reports. Only data for the Mayer well is presented in this report.

### 3.3.2 Observations

Groundwater levels in the Mayer well showed a slow decline of about 0.6-ft throughout the 2005 water year, with no apparent seasonal fluctuation; groundwater levels have since recovered by about 0.5-ft during the wet season of 2006 (**Figure 8**). The declining levels during the 2005 water year may have been due to the low precipitation years of 2004 and 2005. The wetter 2006 water year may have brought some recovery back. The small instantaneous drops in groundwater levels in **Figure 8** are in response to pumping in the well.

### 3.4 JAMESON AND GRIMES LAKE

Jameson and Grimes Lake are contained behind a glacial moraine in the upper most reaches of Moses Coulee (**Figure 9**). Grimes Lake is about 2 miles upgradient of Jameson Lake and approximately 40 feet higher in elevation than Jameson Lake. Discharge to the lakes and the surrounding alluvial aquifer is derived mainly from precipitation, snow melt, runoff from storm events, and upward flow from the underlying basalt aquifer.

Throughout the first part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, the lake level in Jameson Lake continued to rise, apparently as a result of agricultural practices in the surrounding watershed. The lake water elevation is now controlled by ditch and culvert structures at the south end of the lake. Details on the historical and current lake water quality can be found in *WRIA* 44/50 Water Quality Assessment Jameson and Grimes Lakes (Pacific Groundwater Group and Water Quality Engineering, 2004) and a more detailed discussion on the hydrogeology of the Jameson Lake area can be found in *WRIA* 44/50 Jameson Lake and Moses Coulee Flood Mitigation Hydrogeologic Assessment (PGG, 2006c).

### 3.4.1 Monitoring Network

Lake level monitoring in Grimes and Jameson Lake was initiated in May 2004. Lake levels are monitored at the northern end of Jameson Lake and along the southern portion of the western shoreline of Grimes Lake (**Figure 9**). The Grimes lake station was initially located at the southern end of the lake but was relocated to its current position in September 2006 because of freeze and thaw movement at its old location. The transducers are housed in 2" PVC pipes attached to a steel fence post within the lake.

Groundwater level monitoring of the shallow alluvial aquifer was initiated in March 2005 at the Matthiesen Resort (Matthiesen well) adjacent to Jameson Lake (**Figure 9**). Groundwater level monitoring of the deep alluvial aquifer was initiated in late August 2006 with the installation of a deep groundwater monitoring well (PGG-1) on the north end of Jameson Lake (**Figure 9**).

All four monitoring stations were professionally surveyed for their northing (y), easting (x), and elevation (z) positions in September 2006. Hydrographs for all four stations are shown in **Figures 10-13.** The Grimes Lake data was downloaded September 12, 2006; the last two weeks of the 2006 water year will be presented in subsequent reports.

# 3.4.2 Observations

The water level in Grimes Lake is about 40 ft higher than Jameson Lake throughout the year indicating a hydraulic gradient (slope) of 0.004 ft/ft between the two lakes. Water level elevations of both lakes display similar seasonal fluctuations of about 1.5 to 2.0 feet (Figures 10 and **11**). Both lakes reach their peak levels by early May and declined to their lows by early October before the start of the wet winter months. Seasonal fluctuations during the 2005 and 2006 water years were fairly similar for both lakes; however, water levels in Jameson Lake were approximately 0.35 feet higher during the 2006 water year compared to the 2005 water year. Both lakes also display greater variability throughout the 2006 water year compared to the 2005 water year (small scale fluctuations of less than 0.5 feet). The slightly higher levels and greater variability are likely due to the wetter 2006 water year. Peak water levels in both lakes are likely dampened by the ditch and culvert control structures at the outlet of Jameson Lake.

Groundwater elevations in the Mattheisen water supply well (**Figure 12**) are closely tied to the Jameson Lake elevation indicating a strong hydraulic connection between the aquifer and the lake in this vicinity. Groundwater elevations in deep monitoring well PGG-1 have been fairly constant since monitoring was initiated in late August 2006 (**Figure 13**). The groundwater elevation in PGG-1 is about 8.5-ft higher than the Jameson Lake level indicating an upward groundwater gradient at the north end of the lake. The upward vertical gradient between PGG-1 and Jameson Lake is 0.05 ft/ft. Continued monitoring will indicate if there are any seasonal or long term trends.

# 3.5 FOSTER CREEK

Foster Creek drains approximately 660 square miles and lies north of Jameson and Grimes Lake (**Figure 14**).

# 3.5.1 Monitoring Network

Groundwater monitoring of six wells in the Foster Creek area was initiated in the summer of 2003 (**Table 1**). Three monitored wells, completed within the alluvial aquifer, are located within the valley of Foster Creek (Malone, Henton and Handford) and three monitored wells are located along the uplands above Foster Creek (Hammons, Hemmer, and Hunt); the Hunt and Hemmer wells are completed within the basalt aquifer and the Hammons well is completed within the alluvial aquifer. Upland elevations are approximately 1000 feet higher than the valley.

Hydrographs for all monitored wells are shown in **Figures 15** through **20**. The barometric pressure transducer malfunctioned from December 2004 to February 2005; data values jump sporadically on all hydrographs for this period. The barometric pressure transducer was subsequently replaced in June of 2005. A data gap for May 2005 occurs on all hydrographs during the time the barometric transducer was removed from the site. The barometric pressure transducer again recorded a few anomalies (zero readings) during the months of December 2005 and January 2006, but appears to have resumed its functionality after January 2006. The functionality of the barometer will be investigated in during the spring 2007 download.

The following data gaps occur in the Hunt, Handford and Hammons wells:

- The transducer in the Hunt monitoring well malfunctioned and was subsequently replaced between April 2004 and June 2005.
- October 2005 to May 2006 data from the Handford well was inadvertently overwritten during the May 2006 download. The logger was removed to attempt data retrieval but was unsuccessful. The logger was subsequently replaced in late June 2006.
- Data from the Hammons well from June 2006 to October 2006 is unreliable because the recorded data was off by about 2-ft from the hand measured data and could therefore not be correlated to groundwater elevations.

### 3.5.2 Valley Observations

Groundwater elevations in monitored wells within the Foster Creek valley display variable amounts of seasonal fluctuations. Fluctuations range from about 1 foot in the Malone well to over 3 feet in the Henton well (**Figures 15, 16 and 17**). Groundwater elevations in the Henton and Hanford wells begin to rise in September reaching their peak in February or March and then gradually decline reaching their low in August. In comparison, the seasonal peaks and lows in the Malone well occur about two months later.

The 2006 peak groundwater elevation is slightly higher by about 0.5 feet in the Malone well compared to 2004 and 2005. The 2006 peak groundwater elevation in the Henton well is also higher by about 0.75 feet compared to 2005 but is similar to 2004; however, water level changes in the Henton well are harder to discern because of frequent pumping. Data for the 2006 peak groundwater elevation in the Handford is not available.

The seasonal fluctuations in the valley monitored wells result from cycles in local recharge derived from infiltrating precipitation, snow melt, and storm runoff. The higher 2006 peak groundwater elevations are likely due to the wetter 2006 water year.

### 3.5.3 Upland Observations

Trends in groundwater elevations along the upland wells are variable. Within the Hammons well, seasonal fluctuations of about 3 feet were observed during the 2004 and 2005 water years reaching its lowest observed level during the fall of 2005 (Figure 18). Water levels then increased over 6 feet during the spring 2006 season. Water levels also increased over 4 feet during the spring 2006 season in the Hunt well. Unlike the monitored wells in the Foster Creek valley, the groundwater elevations in the Hammons and Hunt wells increase rapidly in the early spring, likely in response to snow melt, and then gradually decline during the summer and fall before leveling off during the winter months. Rapid changes in groundwater elevations are common in uplands which are typically considered recharge areas for aquifer systems.

In contrast to the Hammons and Hunt well, groundwater elevations in the Hemmer well had been in decline at a rate of about 1 foot-per-year during the 2004 and 2005 water years but recovered about 1.5 feet during the spring 2006 season (**Figure 20**). This change in trend observed in the Hemmer well is similar to what was observed in the Mayer well in the Upper Moses Coulee (**Figure 8**).

3.6 CHELAN HILLS / CHELAN SPRINGS

Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs were incorporated into the long term groundwater monitoring program in 2006. The sites are located about 30 miles north of Wenatchee along the Columbia River near Chelan Falls (Figure 1). Chelan Springs is a 6,731 acre area in the McNeil Canyon area and Chelan Hills is a 7,637 acre area immediately south and adjacent to the Chelan Springs (Figure 21). Both sites occur along the eastern slopes of the Columbia River valley. Many springs emanate within the study area indicating a groundwater discharge area fed by more than water recharging directly within it; likely from upland recharge. Both areas have experienced relatively consistent growth since 1988.

### 3.6.1 Monitoring Network

Four domestic wells were instrumented with pressure transducers in the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs area in 2006. In the Chelan Hills area, the Luce and Sandum wells were instrumented on May 9, 2006. In the Chelan Springs area, the Nystrom well was instrumented on May 9, 2006 and the Cocoran well was instrumented on November 8, 2006 (**Table 1**). All wells except the Luce well are completed in fractured granite. The Luce well is completed in the basalt aquifer. Data from the Corcoran well will not be reported until the 2007 water year report.

### 3.6.2 Observations

Data collected from the Sandum well indicates water levels fail to recover to static conditions between pumping periods. As a result, water levels measured in the Sandum well do not reflect ambient groundwater levels in the aquifer. Data collected from the Sandum well is therefore not reported and monitoring has been discontinued.

Data collected from the Luce and Nystrom wells are unreliable because of logger malfunction and therefore not presented. The new data loggers were apparently programmed with faulty software provided by the manufacturer and will need to be reprogrammed. Field mobilization to reprogram the data loggers (including the Corcoran well) will occur during the scheduled spring 2007 download.

### 3.7 BADGER MOUNTAIN

Badger Mountain was incorporated into the long term groundwater monitoring program in 2006. The site is located northeast of East Wenatchee, between East Wenatchee and Waterville (**Figure 1**). Badger Mountain is located on a local topographic high and therefore has no up-gradient recharge area. As such, it may be susceptible to groundwater declines if development of the area continues.

### 3.7.1 Monitoring Network

Four domestic wells were instrumented with pressure transducers at the Badger Mountain site on May 9, 2006: the Murray, Mouton, Robbins and Wilcox wells (**Figure 22** and **Table 1**). The Murray, Moulton, and Robins wells are currently used for domestic water supply. The Wilcox well is a domestic water supply well currently unused. All wells are completed within the basalt aquifer.

### 3.7.2 Observations

Data collected from all Badger Mountain wells are unreliable because of logger malfunction and therefore not presented. As with the Chelan Hills and Chelan Springs monitored wells, the new data loggers were apparently programmed with faulty software provided by the manufacturer and will also need reprogramming. Field mobilization to reprogram the data loggers will occur during the scheduled spring 2007 download.

# 4.0 **REFERENCES**

Douglas County Watershed Planning Associations, 2004. Watershed Management Plan, Moses Coulee and Foster Creek Watershed, WRIA 44&50

- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2003a. WRIA 44/50 Final Phase 2 Basin Assessment April 2003. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.
- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2003b. WRIA 44/50 Foster Creek and Lower Moses Coulee Level 2 Hydrogeologic Assessment September 2003 Draft. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.
- Pacific Groundwater Group and Water Quality Engineering, 2004. WRIA 44/50 Water Quality Assessment Jameson and Grimes Lakes. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.
- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2006a. WRIA 44/50 Exempt Well Water Use Study. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District
- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2006b. WRIA 44/50 Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Report Exempt Well Water Use Phase 2. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.
- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2006c. Jameson Lake and Moses Coulee Flood Mitigation Hydrogeologic Assessment Review Draft. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.
- Pacific Groundwater Group, 2007. WRIA 44/50 Rimrock Basin Assessment. Technical Memorandum prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.

### TABLE 1: Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring Sites (WRIA 44/50)

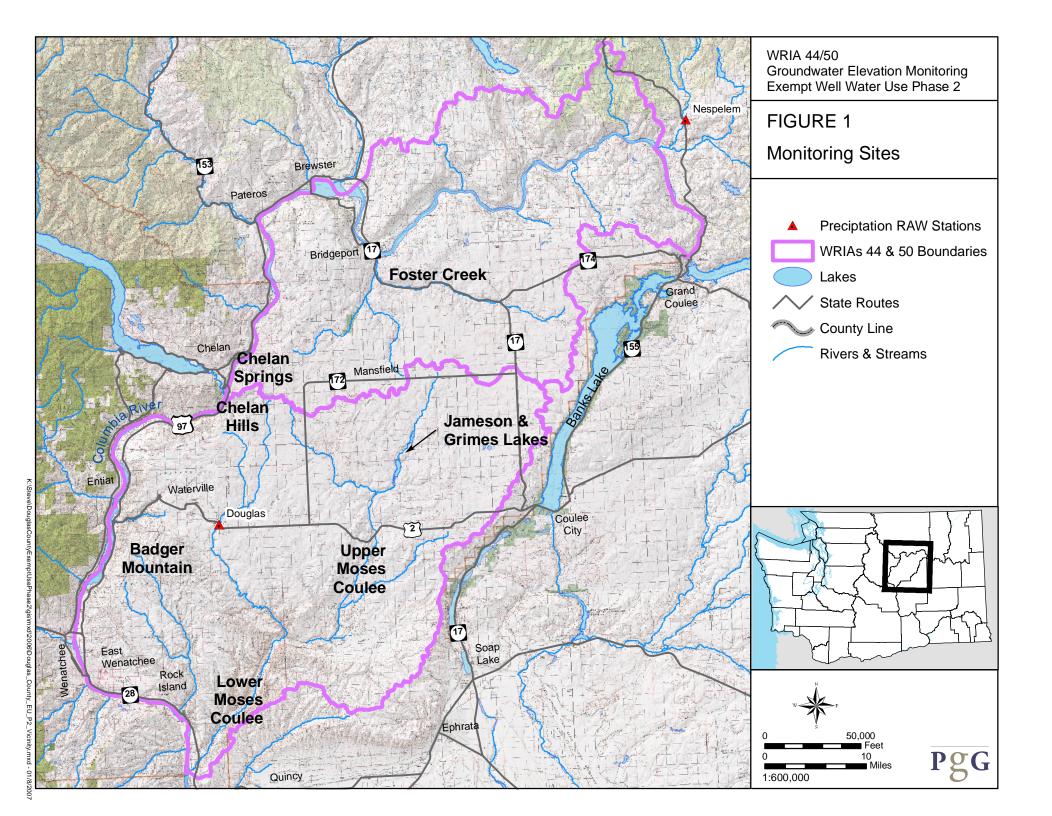
Site	Monitoring ID	Well Use	MP Elevation <sup>1</sup> (ft)	Aquifer	Well Depth (feet)	Start of Data Collection
Lower Moses Coulee	Biram	Unused	920.3	Alluvial	135	5/6/2003
Lower Moses Coulee	Linville N	Unused	906.5	Basalt	240	5/6/2003
Lower Moses Coulee	Linville S	Unused	849.0	Alluvial	251	6/25/2003
Lower Moses Coulee	PID	Unused	1029.4	Alluvial	160	5/7/2003
Lower Moses Coulee	King (discontinued 12/3/03)	Unused	981.7	Basalt	139	5/6/2003
Upper Moses Coulee	Mayer	Domestic	1569	Basalt	80	8/10/2004
Upper Moses Coulee	TNC	Unused	1888	Basalt	705	2/9/2005
Upper Moses Coulee	Johnson (aka Peterson)	Irrigation	1554	Alluvial	191	9/19/2006
Upper Moses Coulee	Bechtol (discontinued 5/31/05)	Livestock	2050	Unknown	>195	8/10/2004
Jameson Lake	Matthiesen	Domestic	1800.86	Alluvial	41	3/2/2005
Jameson Lake	PGG-1	Monitoring Well	1805.41	Alluvial	152	8/31/2006
Jameson Lake	Jameson Lake	NA	1797.71	NA	NA	4/28/2004
Jameson Lake	Grimes Lake	NA	1837.57	NA	NA	4/28/2004
Foster Creek	Hammons	Unused	2126	Alluvial	57	7/9/2003
Foster Creek	Handford	Unused	896	Alluvial	45	7/9/2003
Foster Creek	Hemmer	Livestock	2178	Basalt	200	7/9/2003
Foster Creek	Henton	Irrigation	971	Alluvial	90	7/9/2003
Foster Creek	Hunt	Old Domestic	2087	Basalt	290	8/5/2003
Foster Creek	Malone	Unused	1663	Alluvial	64	7/9/2003
Chelan Hills-Chelan Springs	Nystrom	Domestic	2247	Granite	205	5/9/2006
Chelan Hills-Chelan Springs	Corcoran	Domestic	1978	Granite	165	11/8/2006
Chelan Hills-Chelan Springs	Luce	Domestic	1913	Basalt	59	5/9/2006
Chelan Hills-Chelan Springs	Sandum (discontinued 10/20/06)	Domestic	967	Granite	485	5/9/2006
Badger Mountain	Wilcox	Unused	4053	Basalt	210	5/9/2006
Badger Mountain	Murray	Domestic	3659	Basalt	140	5/9/2006
Badger Mountain	Moulton	Domestic	3881	Basalt	299	5/10/2006
Badger Mountain	Robins	Domestic	4078	Basalt	125	5/11/2006

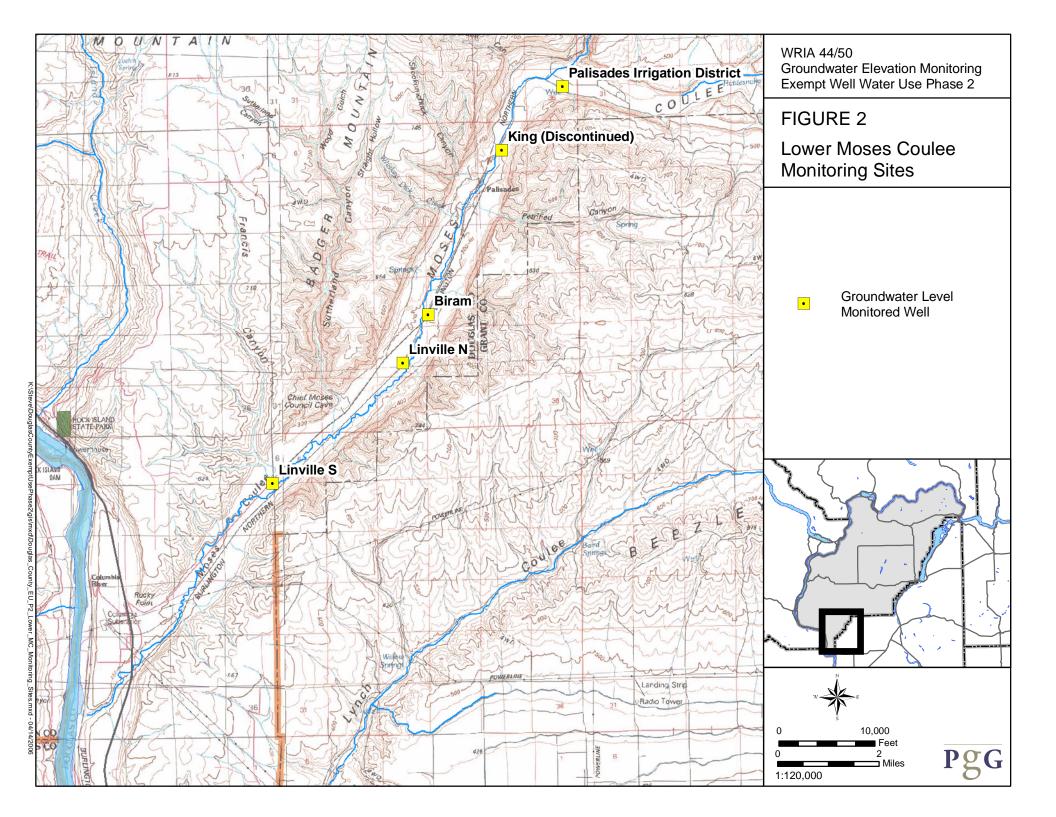
NA = Not Applicable NM = Not Measured

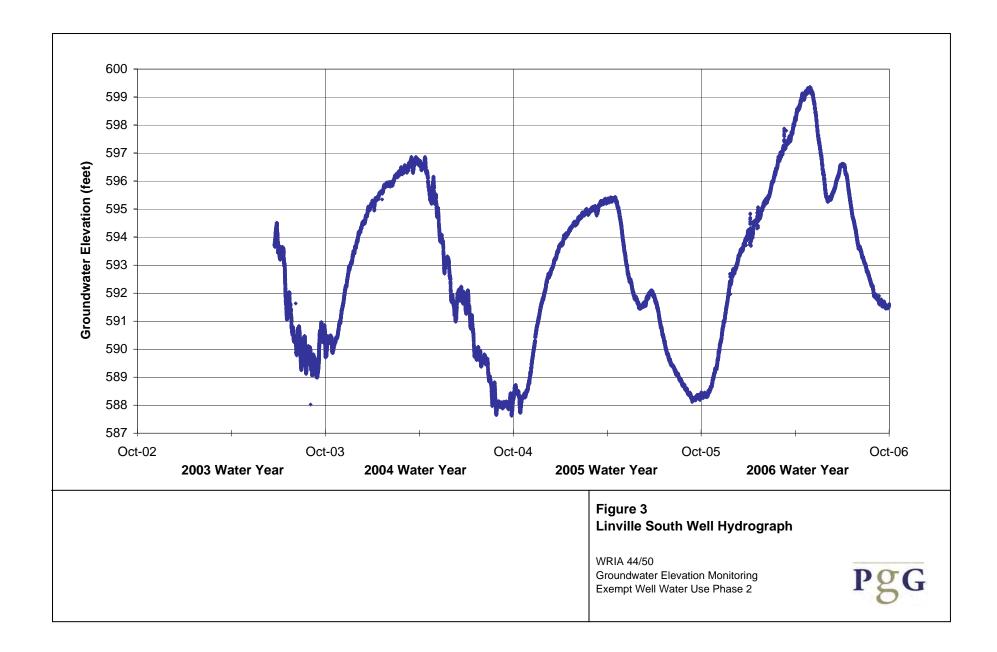
<sup>1</sup> Measuring Point Elevations (execpt Jameson Lake Area) survyed with GPS hand held reciever (vertical accuracy estimated to be +/- 10-ft). Jameson Lake Stations professionally surveys (vertical accuracy +/- 0.10-ft)

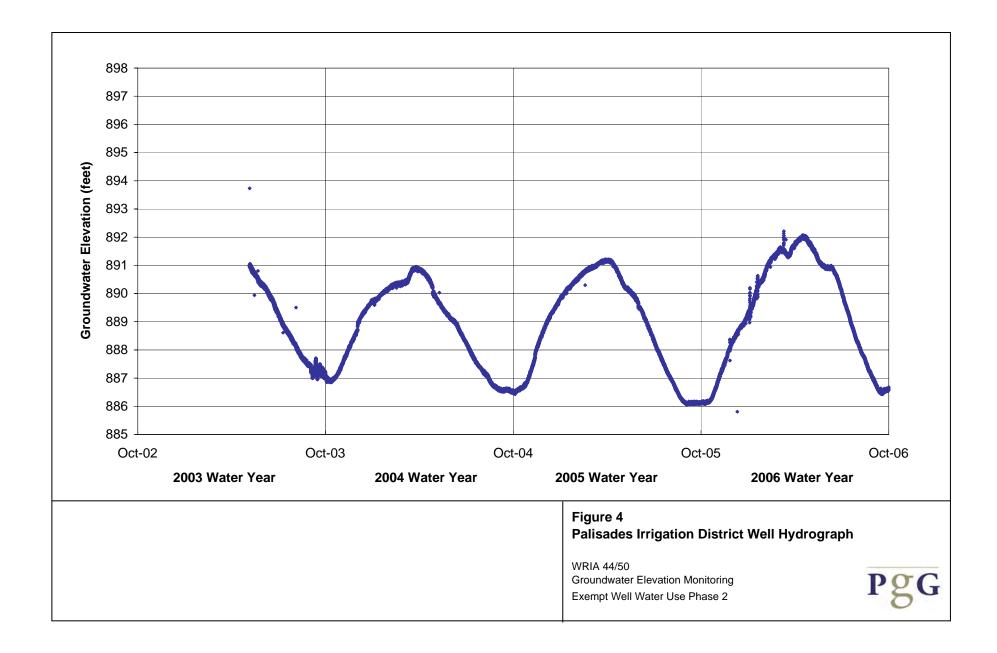
Grimes Lake Station Moved in Sept. 2006 (elevation in table is for new station site)

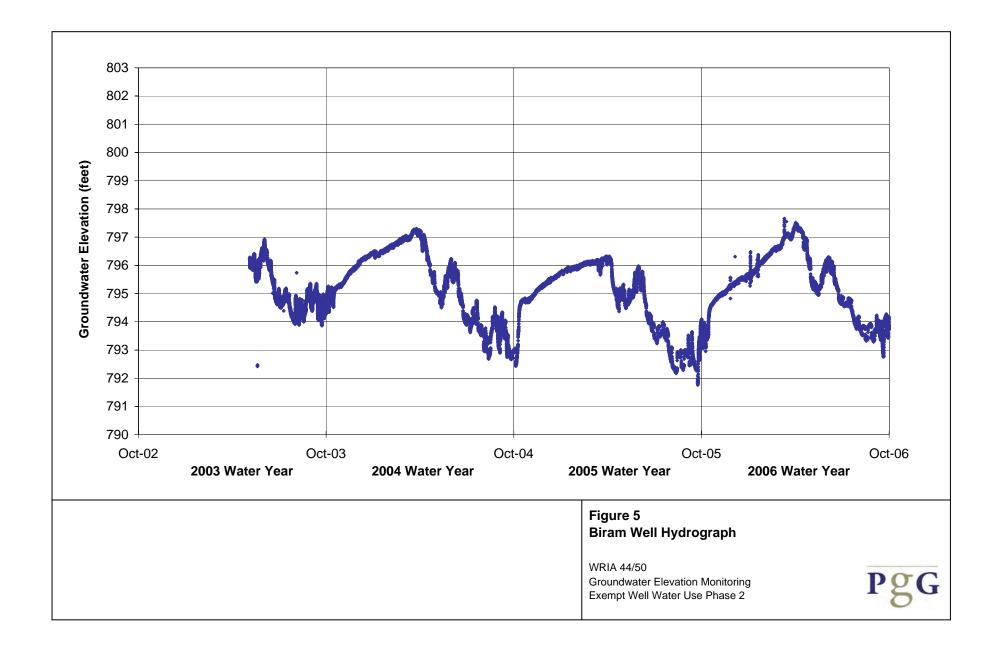
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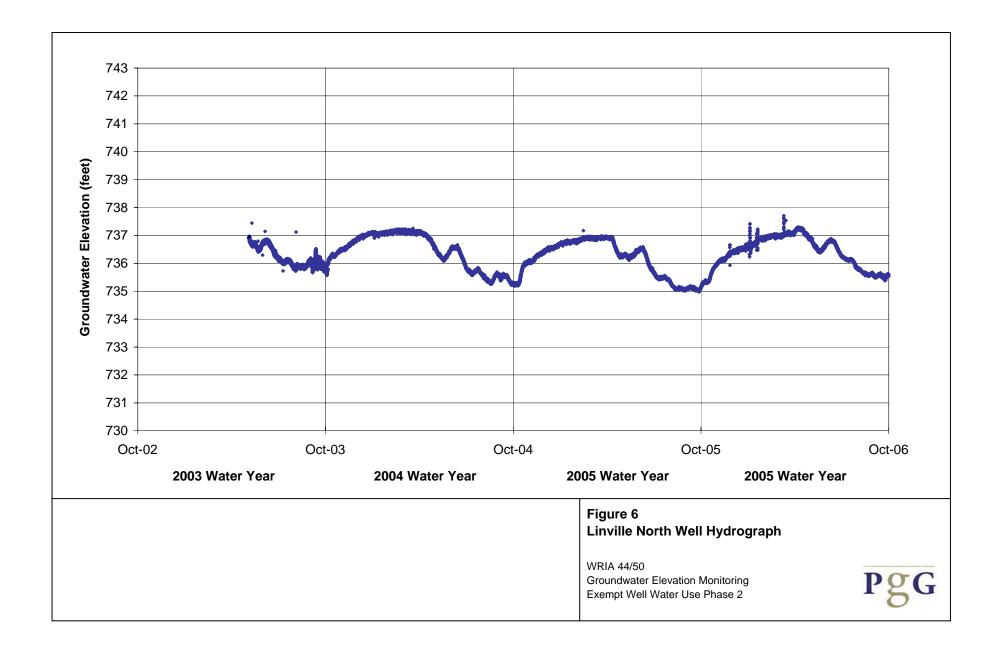


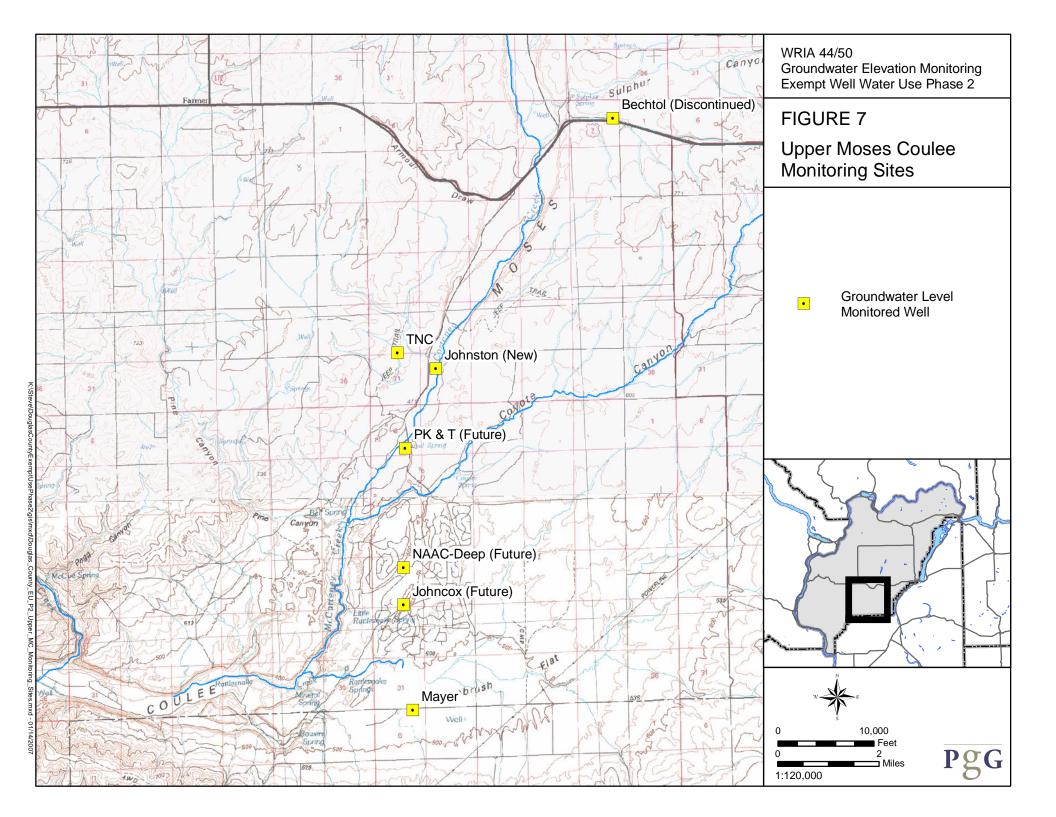


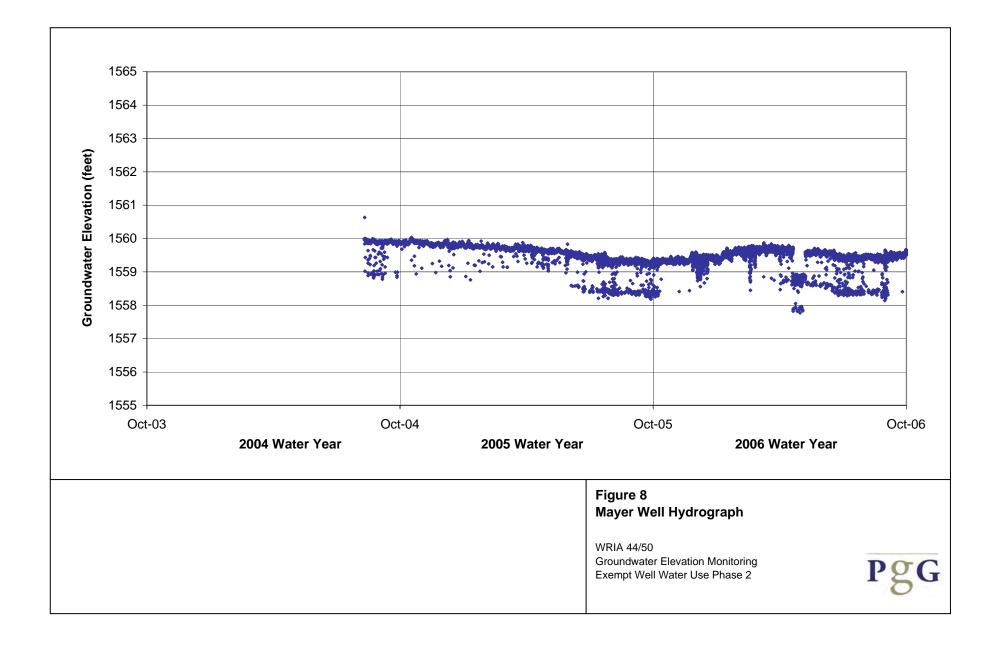


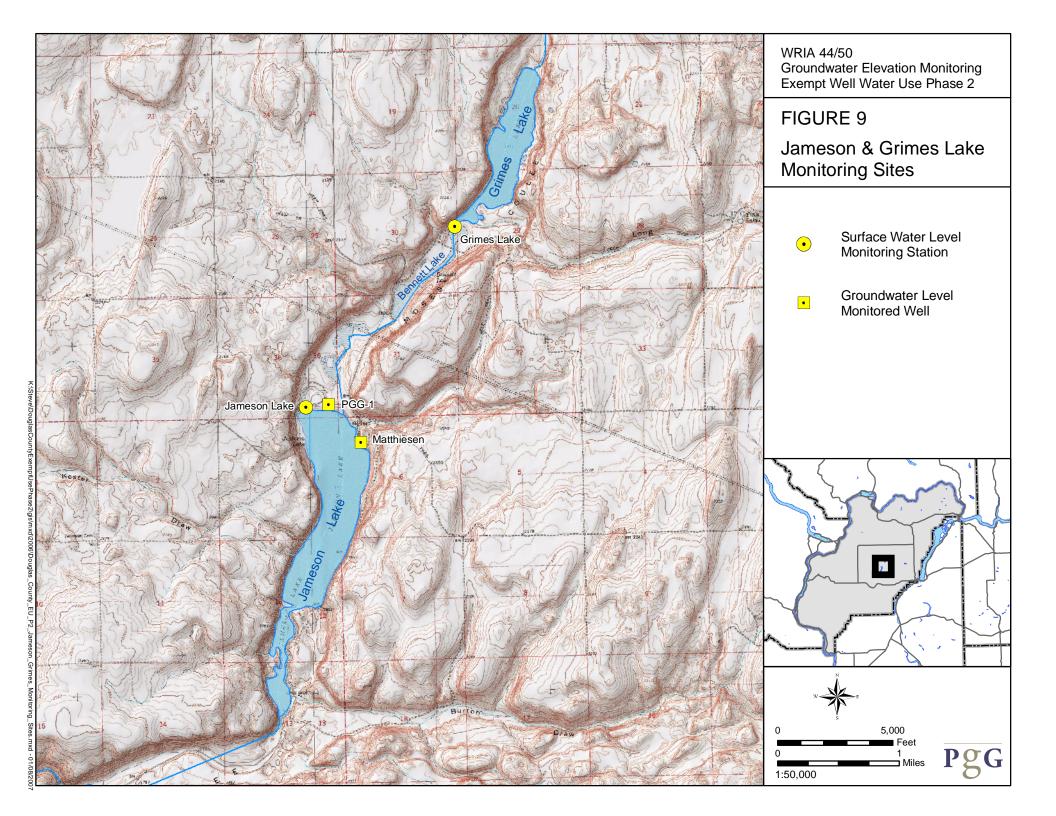


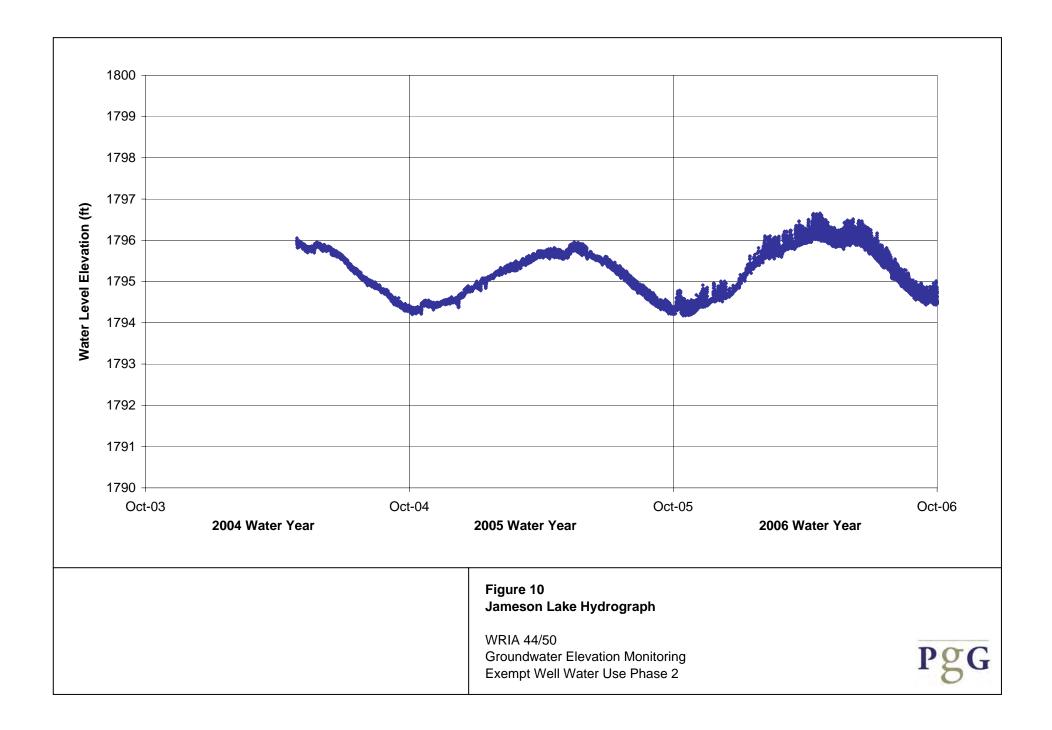


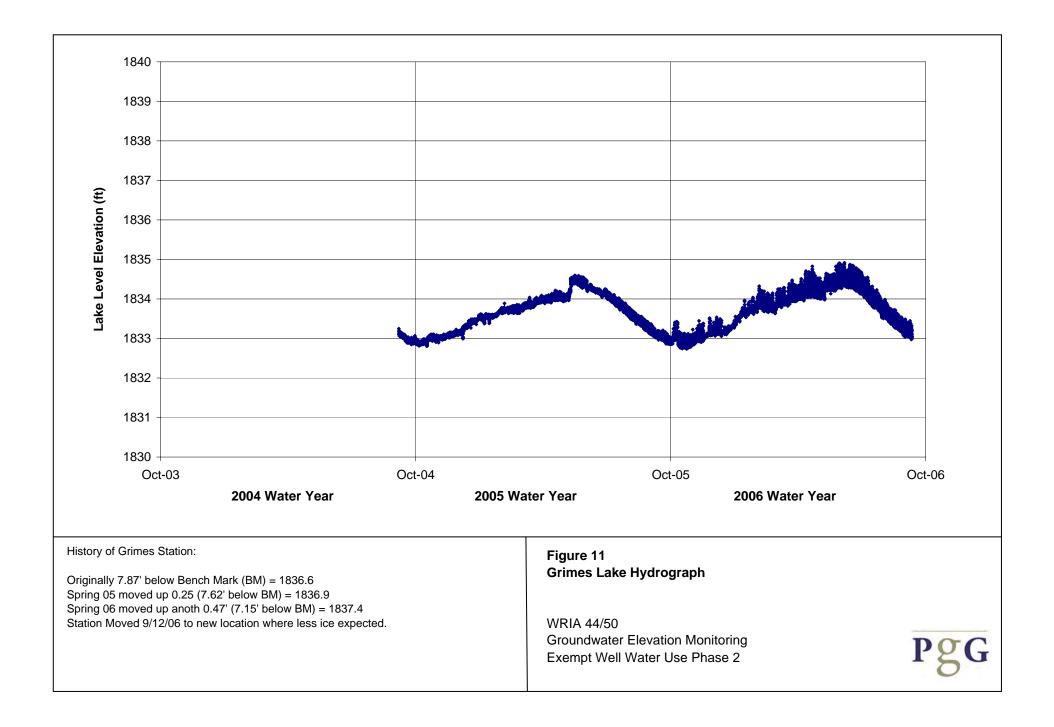


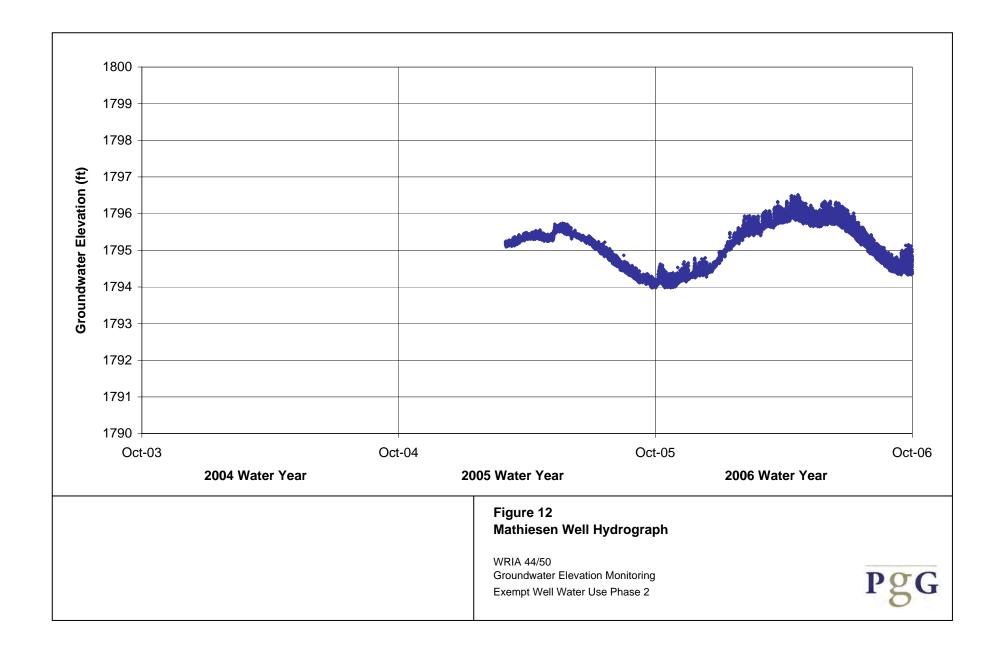


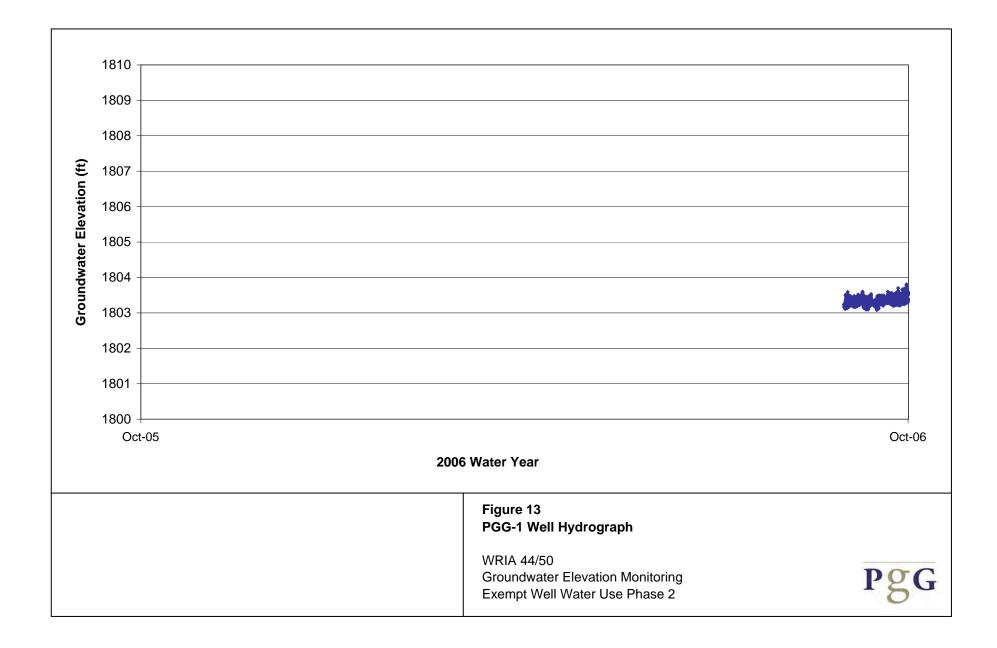


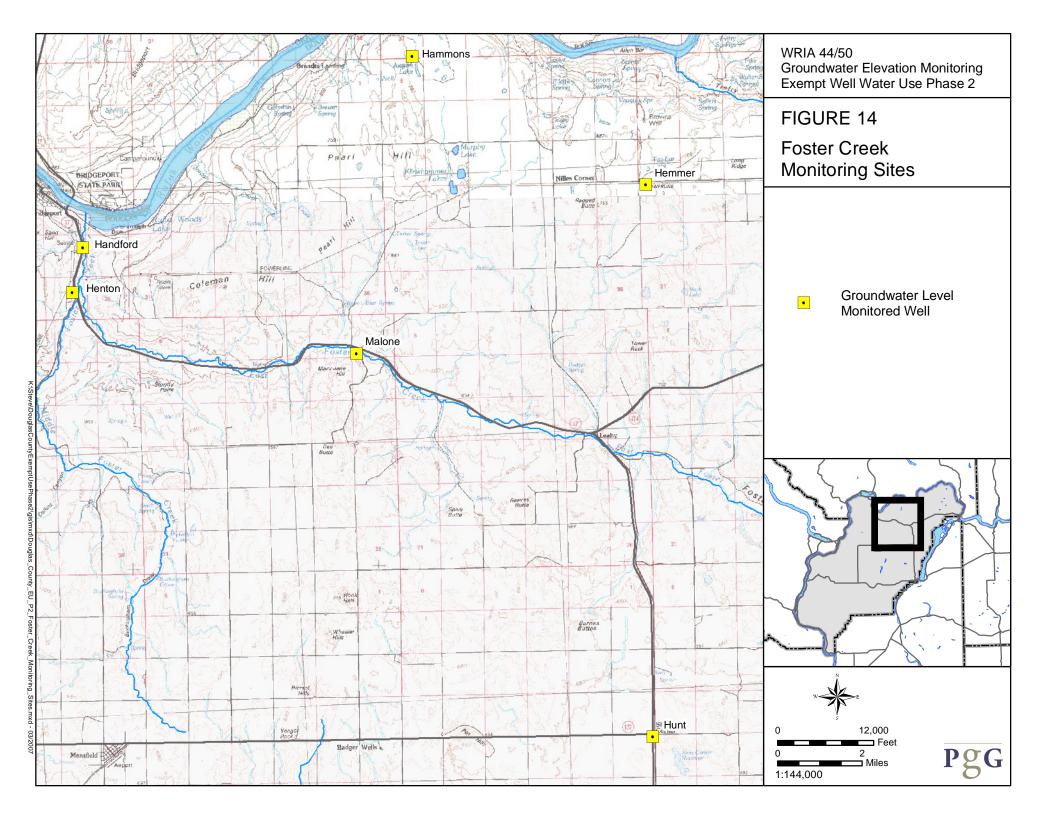


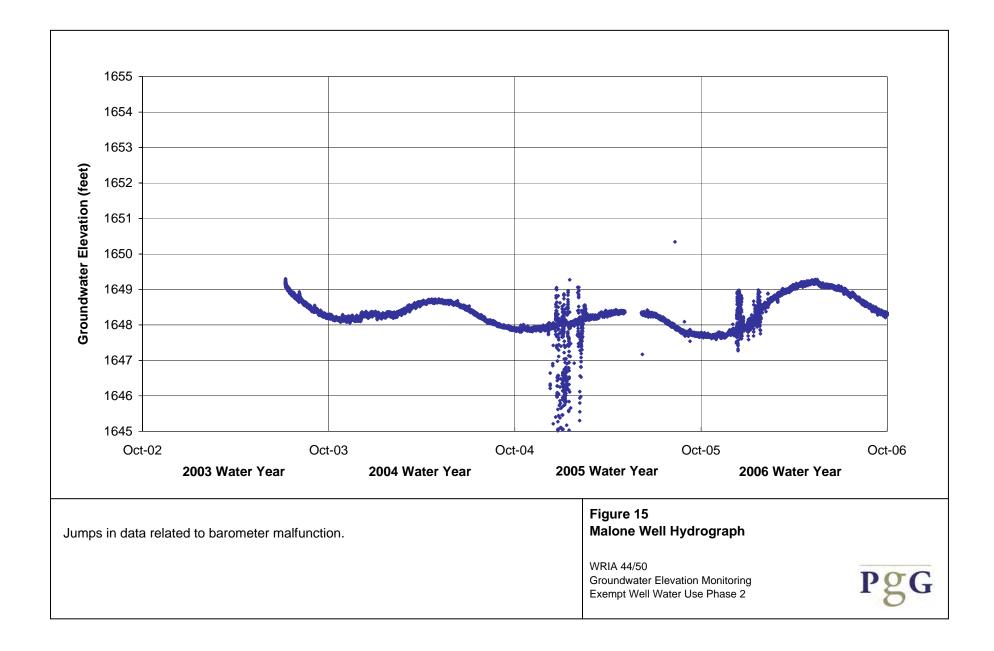


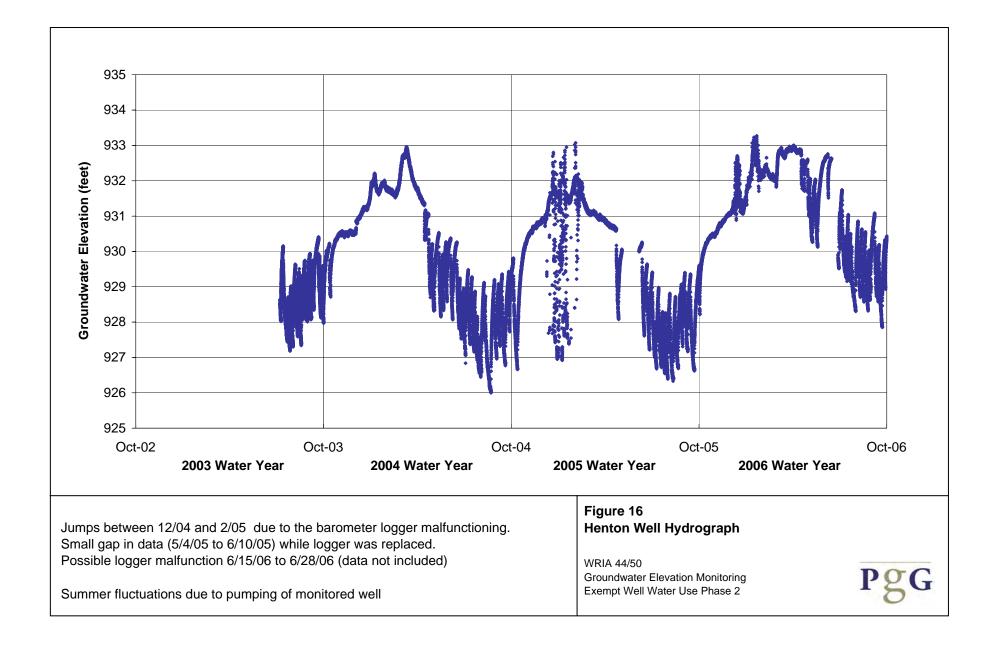


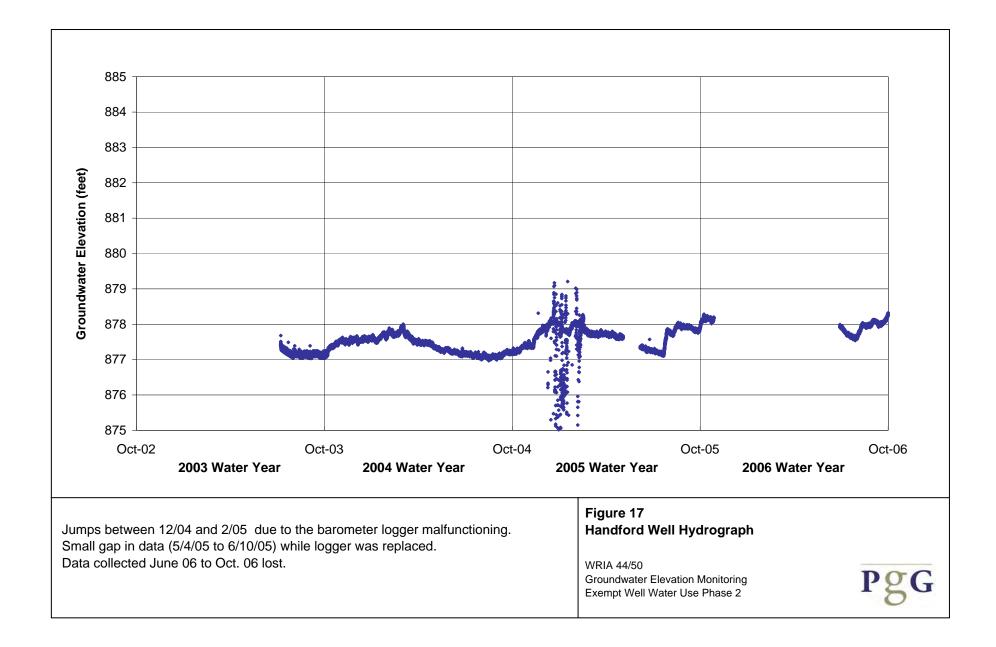


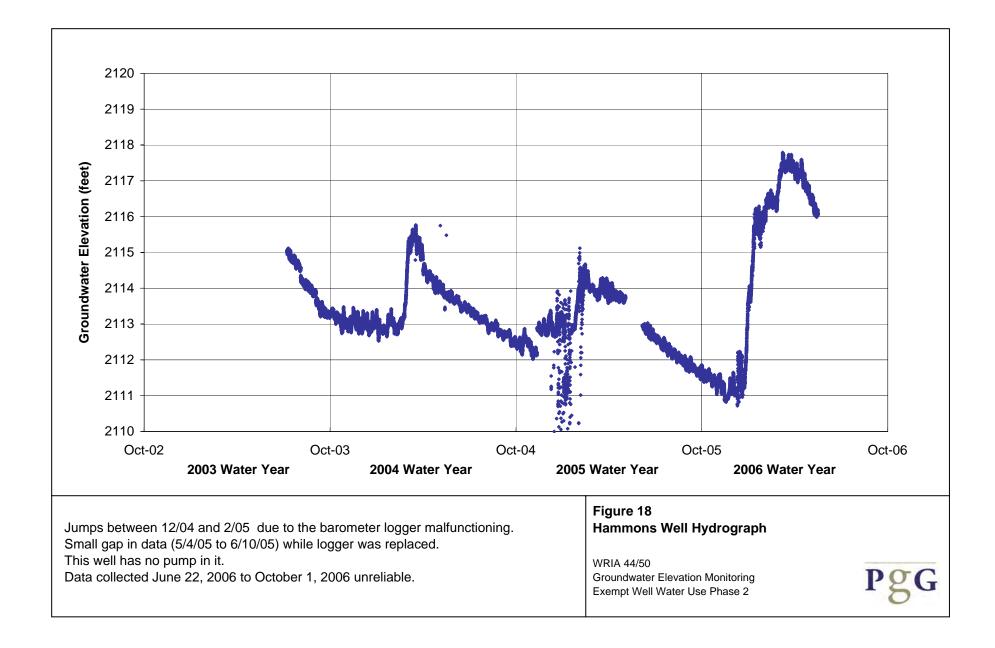


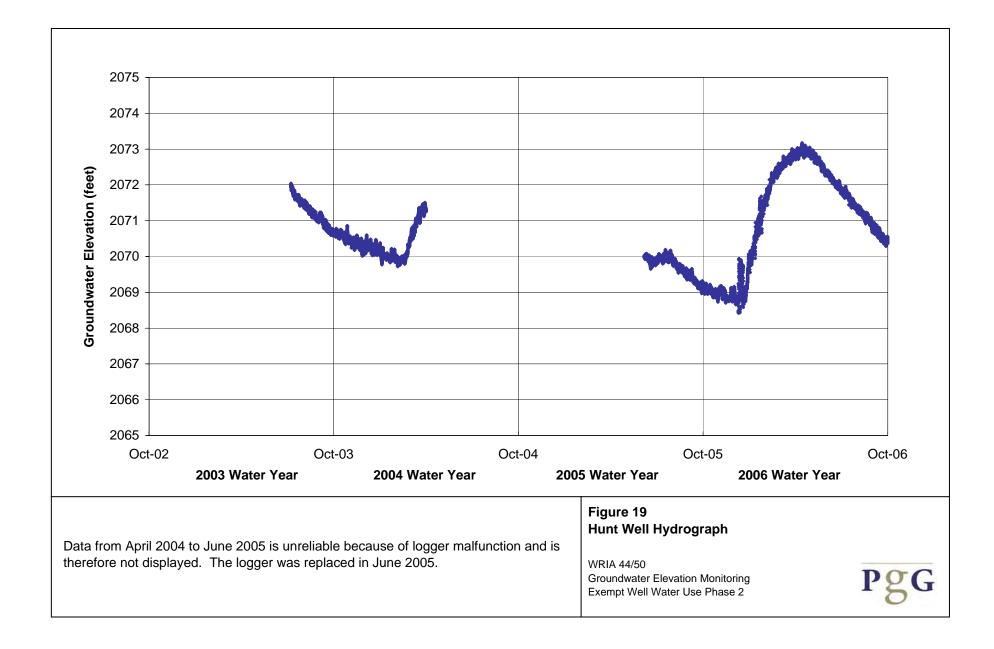


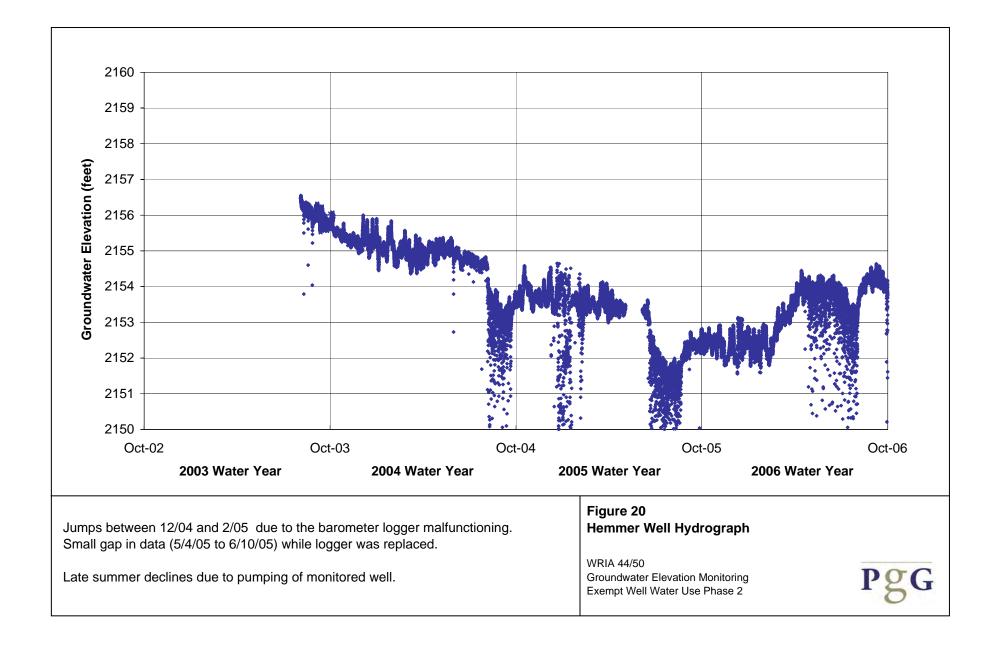


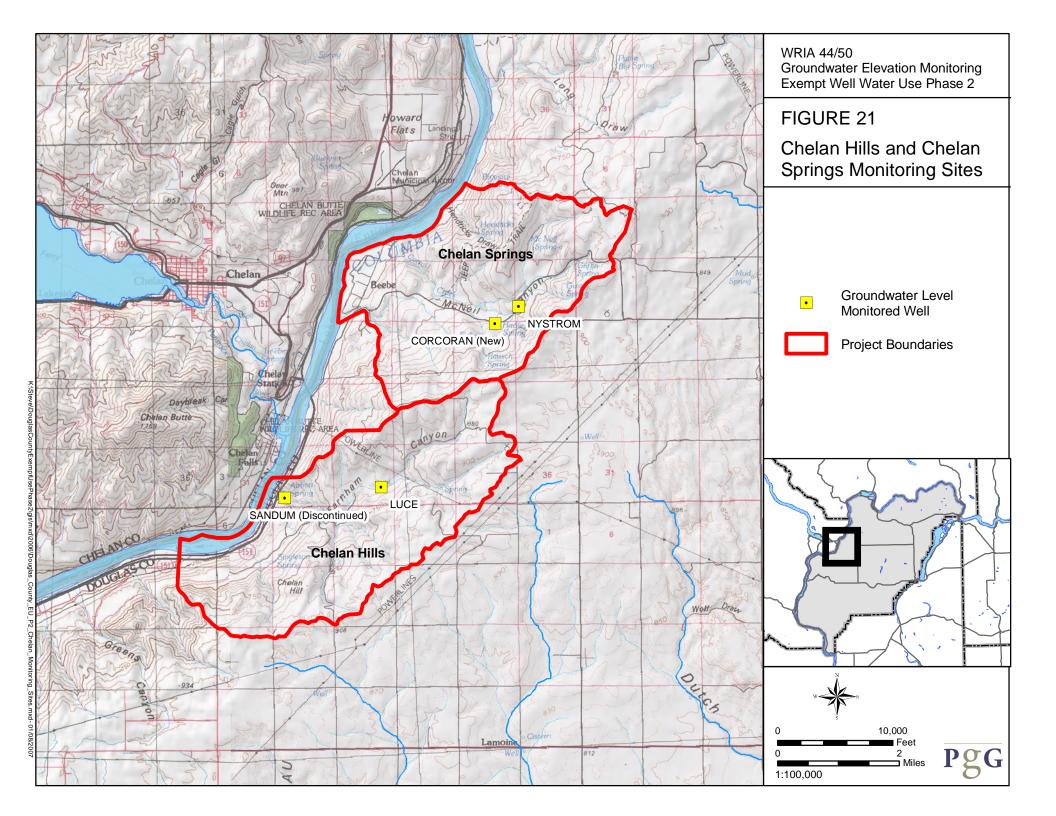


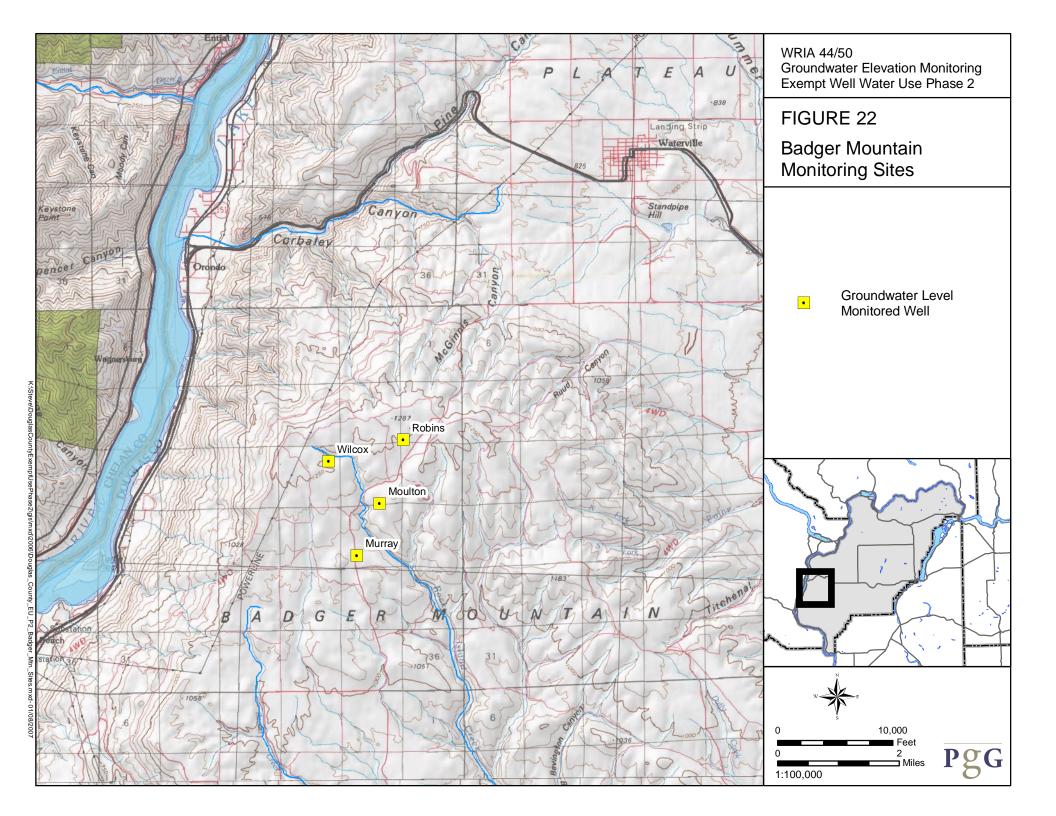












APPENDIX A WRIA 44/50 RIMROCK BASIN ASSESSMENT

# **Technical Memorandum**

To:	Foster Creek Conservation District
From:	Steve Swope (Pacific Groundwater Group)
Re:	Rimrock Meadows Groundwater Assessment (Exempt Well Use Phase 2)
Date:	February 19, 2007

There is concern that increases in exempt well use in the Rimrock Meadows area of central Douglas County may lead to aquifer depletion and significant declines in groundwater elevations. Groundwater elevation declines in the Rimrock Meadows area could impact existing domestic wells, reduce discharge to springs in McCartney Creek, and eventually reduce groundwater elevations in the Lower Moses Coulee. To address these concerns, an assessment of aquifer response to pumpage at full build-out conditions was performed. This assessment uses a computer model to simulate pumpage effects at full build-out conditions assuming year-round residency. These conditions represent a worsecase scenario.

An aquifer test was also performed on an existing domestic well in the Rimrock Meadows area to evaluate aquifer properties and response to pumping.

The results of the model simulation indicate that, at full build-out conditions, groundwater elevations may decline by about 100 feet below present conditions. However, the results are very sensitive to the transmissivity of the aquifer, which is not well known and likely variable across the site. The assessment suggests existing wells would likely be impacted at full build-out conditions since most are less than 150 feet deep with less than 100-ft of available drawdown. Additional aquifer tests would improve estimates of aquifer transmissivity across the site. The tests are fairly inexpensive and easy to perform. Future development of the area could require or at least recommend that new homeowners grant access to perform one day pump tests as part of the monitoring program of the site.

Significant declines in groundwater elevations over time could eventually impact many of the existing domestic wells, reduce discharge to springs in McCartney Creek, and eventually reduce groundwater elevations in the Lower Moses Coulee. Options to mitigate impacts could include drilling of deeper private wells to increase available draw-down, switching to the use of a single community well, and conservation measures to minimize water use.

The following sections provide (1) a brief description of the site; (2) background on the exempt well water use concerns; (2) a summary of the methods and results of our assessment; and (3) recommendations for mitigation and monitoring.

## SITE DESCRIPTION

Rimrock Meadows is a residential development located in central Douglas County, near McCarteney Creek (**Figure 1**). The area is arid with an annual precipitation of about nine inches per year and an estimated recharge of less than one inch per year. The site is underlain by thick Miocene basaltic rocks of the Columbia River Basalt Group (generally 2,000 to 3,000 feet thick). The sequence is made up of numerous individual basalt flows with an average thickness of about 100 feet. The zones between the basalt flows are generally more permeable than basalt flow interiors. These interflow zones form the principal aquifers within the basalt. All water supply wells in the Rimrock Meadows area draw water from the basalt aquifer.

Most of the current lots in the Rimrock Meadows area are used as summer recreational homes and do not have water supply wells. There are currently 37 water supply wells in the Rimrock Meadows area, many of which are not used. Only 3 are used year round (personal communication with Kevin Danby, Rimrock Meadows manager). The average rate of lot sales is currently about 35 per year and the average rate of new wells installed at the site is about 1 per year (personal communication with Kevin Danby, Rimrock Meadows manager).

### EXEMPT WELL USE CONCERNS

Many areas across Washington State are experiencing growth in the number of houses with exempt wells and septic tanks. This growth is unregulated and can result in declines in groundwater quantity and quality. Pacific Groundwater Group (PGG) performed an initial Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study in four areas of Douglas County<sup>1</sup>: Chelan Springs, Chelan Hills, Rimrock Meadows, and Badger Mountain. These areas were identified as high growth in exempt well water use. The results of that study suggest the greatest potential for groundwater level declines exists at Rimrock Meadows. A water balance analysis also showed that groundwater use in the Rimrock Meadows area at full build-out conditions could be as much as 400 percent of the estimated natural groundwater ter recharge to the immediate area.

Subsequent to the Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study, a Phase 2 study was initiated. A major component of the Phase 2 study includes establishing a long-term groundwater level monitoring program in the areas identified in the Phase 1 study. Results to date of the long-term groundwater level monitoring are reported in the Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Report<sup>2</sup>. A second component of the Phase 2 study includes this current investigation of the Rimrock Meadows groundwater basin. This assessment uses a computer model to simulate groundwater impacts at full build-out conditions.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pacific Groundwater Group, 2006. WRIA 44/50 Exempt Well Water Use Study. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pacific Groundwater Group, 2007. WRIA 44/50 Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Report (2006 Water Year) Exempt Well Water Use Phase 2. Prepared for Foster Creek Conservation District.

## MODEL SIMULATION

A two-dimensional, steady-state, finite-difference, groundwater-flow model was constructed to simulate the long term aquifer drawdown under full build-out conditions in the Rimrock meadows area. The model simulates changes in groundwater levels relative to a baseline starting condition, not actual elevations.

The model domain was constructed to extend approximately 70 miles in all directions from the Rimrock Meadows area and is bounded by constant heads. The constant head boundaries are used to establish a starting condition of a flat water table arbitrarily set at 1500 feet. The constant head boundaries are located far enough from the project area to have minimal influence on the simulated drawdown. A constant cell spacing of 500 by 500 feet was used.

The aquifer was simulated as confined. A confined aquifer maintains a constant transmissivity value regardless of the change in groundwater level. The transmissivity was varied over a range of values to assess the sensitivity of the model. Recharge was not simulated because the simulation only models the changes to the system and recharge is assumed to be the same both before and after full build-out conditions. The only stress imposed on the aquifer was groundwater withdrawal.

#### Groundwater Withdrawal

Groundwater withdrawal under full build-out conditions was simulated using nine wells spaced uniformly throughout the Rimrock Meadows area. The difference between using nine wells spaced uniformly versus simulating each individual lot at full build-out conditions has minimal effect on the simulated drawdown in the basin and, using a smaller number of wells simplifies the model construction.

The private domestic groundwater use was estimated in the Phase 1 Exempt Well Water Use Study as 460 gallons per day per well. This value is based on the average water use per connection for the nearby Town of Waterville community system. The groundwater use is conservatively assumed to be entirely consumptive, although a certain percent of the water could be returned to the aquifer via septic and irrigation return flow. There are currently 37 private water supply wells in the Rimrock Meadows area (**Figure 1**). The full build-out conditions consists of 2,614 lots. At full build-out, and assuming all plots have wells installed, the total domestic groundwater use would be 1.2 million gallons per day (1,360 acre feet per year). This value was evenly distributed to the nine wells in the model simulation.

Many of the current lots are used as summer recreational homes and existing groundwater use for each lot is likely much less than the average water use per connection in Waterville. Of the currently installed 37 water supply wells in the Rimrock Meadows area only 3 are used year round (personal communication with Kevin Danby, Rimrock Meadows manager). However, the domestic water use in the area is currently unregulated, and many of the future lots could be developed into permanent residences. Economic growth

3

in the area of Wenatchee, the City of Ephrata and Quincy are likely to continue, making the affordable lots in the Rimrock Meadows area attractive as permanent residences. Therefore, a worse-case condition of year round use at full build-out was assumed for the simulation.

#### MODEL RESULTS

The results of the simulation indicate the predicted drawdown under full build-out conditions could be as little as 25-ft to over 2000-ft depending on the aquifer transmissivity. A graph of simulated drawdown versus transmissivity is shown in **Figure 2**. As the value of transmissivity decreases, the simulated drawdown increases substantially. Typical values of transmissivity for the basalt aquifer range from 200 to 5000 ft<sup>2</sup>/day with an average of about 1000 ft<sup>2</sup>/day, though individual values at specific locations can be much higher or lower. The typical values are based on estimates from numerous specific capacity data presented in U.S. Geological Survey (2000)<sup>3</sup> and typical values for basalt aquifers reported in Freeze and Cherry (1979)<sup>4</sup>. The results suggest the average drawdown under full build-out conditions at Rimrock Meadows would be about 100 feet.

The assessment indicates existing wells would likely be impacted under full build-out conditions since most are less than 150 feet deep and have less than 100 feet available drawdown. **Figures 3 and 4** show the number of existing wells versus well depth and available drawdown in the Rimrock Meadows area. The assessment also suggests discharge to nearby springs in McCartney Creek would also be impacted. Little Rattle Snake, Rattle Snake, and Mineral Springs are located less than 1 mile downgradient of the Rimrock Meadows area at an elevation of about 1450 feet. The average groundwater elevation in the Rimrock Meadows area is about 1525 feet (based on static water levels reported on driller's well logs and surface elevations provided by Gerald Cox). A 100 foot groundwater elevation decline could lower groundwater levels below the current discharge elevation of these spring systems. Significant declines in groundwater elevations over time could also eventually reduce groundwater elevations in the Lower Moses Coulee, which is a significant discharge point of upgradient groundwater sources in the surrounding area.

As previously noted, the results of the simulation are sensitive to the transmissivity of the basalt aquifer. The basalt aquifer is composed of numerous permeable interflow zones at depth with variable degrees of transmissivity and vertical hydraulic connection. The variability in aquifer transmissivity across the site is not well known. Aquifer pump tests are useful for quantifying aquifer transmissivity at a particular location and depth. Access to a private domestic well was granted to perform an aquifer pump test in the Rimrock Meadows area. The test methods and results are presented in the following section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> U.S. Geological Survey, 2000. Hydrology of the Columbia Plateau Regional Aquifer System, Washington, Oregon, and Idaho. USGS Water Resource Investigation Report 96-4106.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Freeze and Cherry, 1979. Groundwater. Prentice-Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.

## AQUIFER PUMP TEST

Access to perform an aquifer pump test in a private domestic well in the Rimrock Meadows area was granted by Roy Downes. The location of the Downes well is shown in Figure 1. The 6-inch diameter well, constructed in 2005, is cased to a depth of 200 feet below ground surface (bgs) and perforated from 160 to 200 feet bgs. The well log indicates 30 feet of basalt followed by 15 feet of basalt with light brown silt (possibly an interflow zone) followed by another 150 feet of basalt before encountering 5 feet of green clay at the very bottom (well log attached). The static water level at time of drilling was 83 feet below ground surface (bgs). The static water level prior to the aquifer pump test was also about 83 feet bgs. The well is fitted with a submersible <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> horse-power Grundfos pump.

The test consisted of two phases:

- An initial phase pumping at the maximum pump rate of the well (8.8 gallon-perminute) followed by recovery.
- A second phase pumping at a reduced rate of 2.7 gallons-per-minute for approximately one hour followed by about one hour of observed recovery.

Pumping rates were measured using a discharge hose, a graduated five-gallon bucket, and a stop watch. Discharge rates were measured periodically to confirm a constant rate. Water levels in the well were recorded every second using a pressure transducer.

The initial phase was used to select the optimal pump rate to conduct the test. The initial phase resulted in over 45-ft of drawdown, well below the pressure transducer, within 15 minutes of turning on the pump. Adjustments were made to the pumping rate with a check valve to establish a suitable lower rate to observe drawdown during the second phase. A rate of 2.7 gallons-per-minute was used for the second phase.

#### AQUIFER TEST RESULTS

Graphs of logarithmic elapsed time versus drawdown were used to compute the aquifer transmissivity (T). For the pumping phase the elapsed time (t) represents time since pumping began and for the recovery phase the elapsed time is calculated as t/t', where t' is the elapsed time since the pump shut off.

The following Cooper and Jacob (1946) equation was selected for the analysis:

 $T = 264Q/\Delta s$ 

Where:

T = transmissivity, in gallons per day per foot (gpd/ft)

Q= pumping rate, in gallons per minute (gpm)



 $\Delta s$ =drawdown over one log cycle

The results of the pumping are shown in **Figure 5**. Drawdown data is plotted against elapsed time for both the pumping and recovery phase. The transmissivity was calculated to be 23 gpd/ft for the pumping phase and 14 gpd/ft for the recovery phase, with an average of 18.5 gpd/ft ( $2.5 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$ ). The transmissivity at the depth and location of the Downes well is extremely low and not likely to be representative of the site. A site-wide value of 2.5 ft<sup>2</sup>/day would result in well over 2000 feet of drawdown in the model simulation at full build-out conditions (**Figure 2**). A review of driller's logs for existing private domestic wells in the Rimrock Meadow area indicate well yields range from less than 1 to 50 gpm, with an average of about 15 gpm, well above the yield of the Downes well, suggesting a lower than average value.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the model simulation indicate that, at full build-out conditions, groundwater elevations may decline by about 100 feet below present conditions, which would likely impact existing wells, reduce discharge to nearby springs, and over time eventually lower groundwater elevations in the Lower Moses Coulee. However, the simulated declines in groundwater assumes a worse-case scenario of year round, 100% consumptive, groundwater use by every lot at full build-out conditions (2,614 lots). Currently most lots are used for summer recreation and only 3 out of the 37 existing water supply wells are used year round.

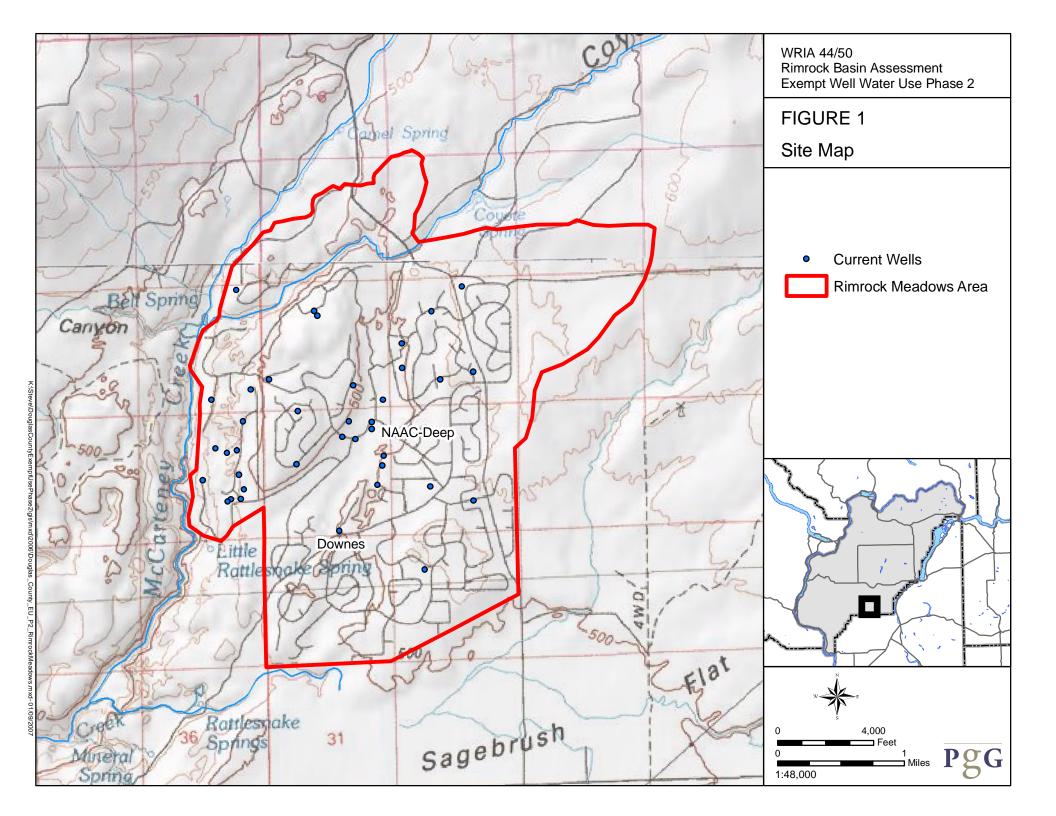
The results are also very sensitive to the transmissivity of the aquifer, which is not well known and likely variable across the site. Additional one-day aquifer tests of domestic wells across the site would be necessary to reduce this uncertainty. The tests are fairly inexpensive and easy to perform. Acquiring permission to perform tests from private owners has been difficult. Future development of the area could require or at least recommend that new homeowners grant access to perform one day aquifer tests as part of the monitoring program of the site. It would also be beneficial to require all wells be metered for water use and to install data loggers in additional wells for long-term groundwater level monitoring.

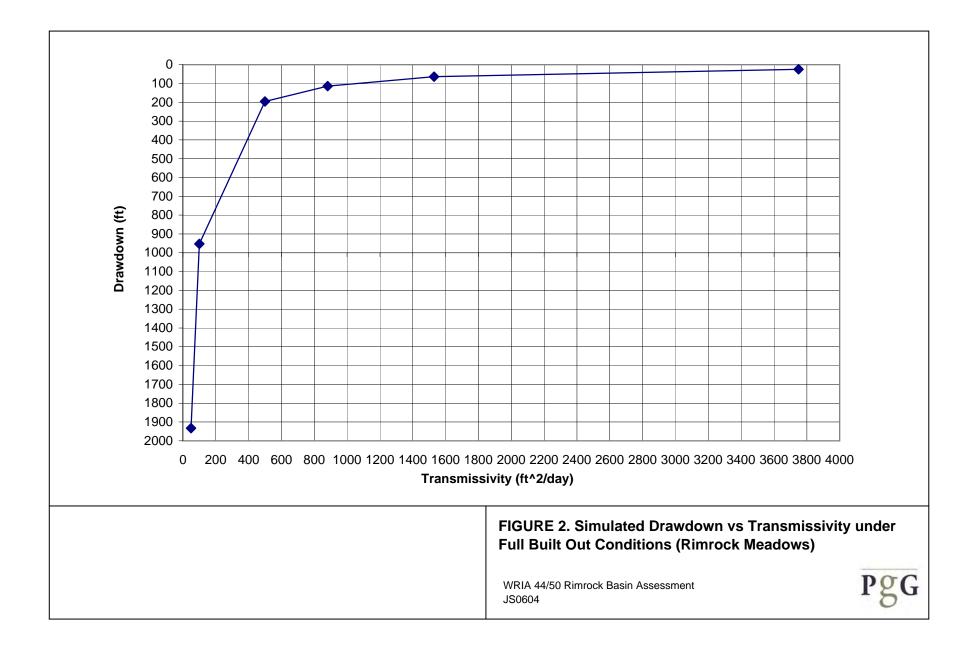
Options to mitigate future impacts from declines in groundwater levels could include the following:

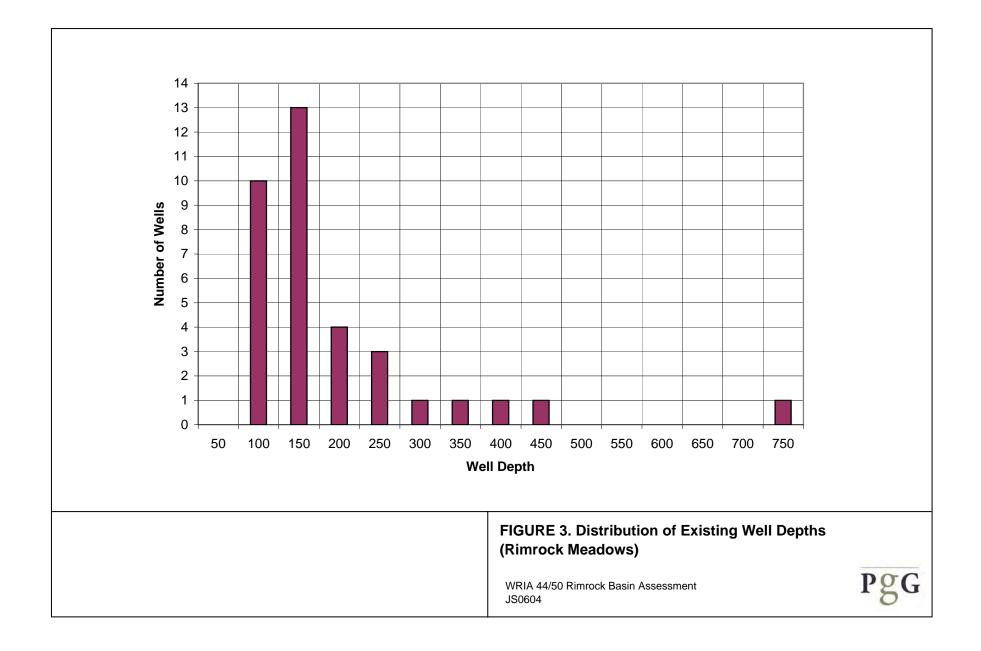
- Drilling of deeper wells to increase the available drawdown.
- Switching to using a single community well such as the already existing club house irrigation well (NAAC-Deep). The driller's log of the NAAC-Deep well indicates a water bearing interflow zone at 700 feet depth with a yield of 1150 gpm (well log attached). This option would involve constructing a distribution system. Also, the water quality of this well is unknown.
- Conservation measures to reduce water use such as restricting lawns and other large consumptive activities.

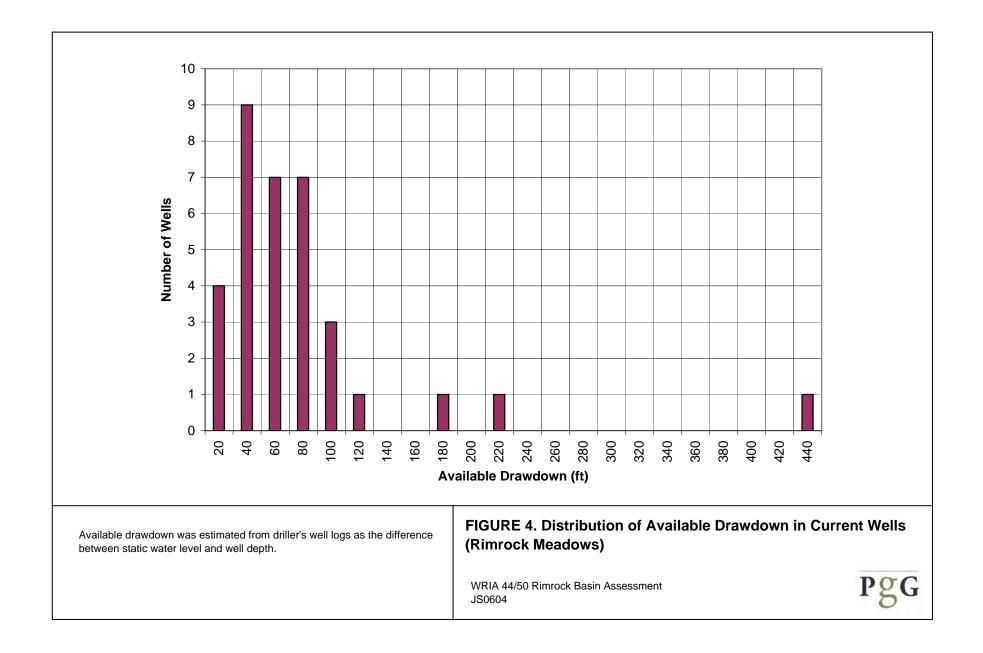
Future groundwater monitoring of the site is also included in the long-term groundwater monitoring program. The NAAC-Deep well was recently instrumented with a pressure transducer and two more domestic wells in the Rimrock Meadows area are scheduled to be instrumented in 2007.

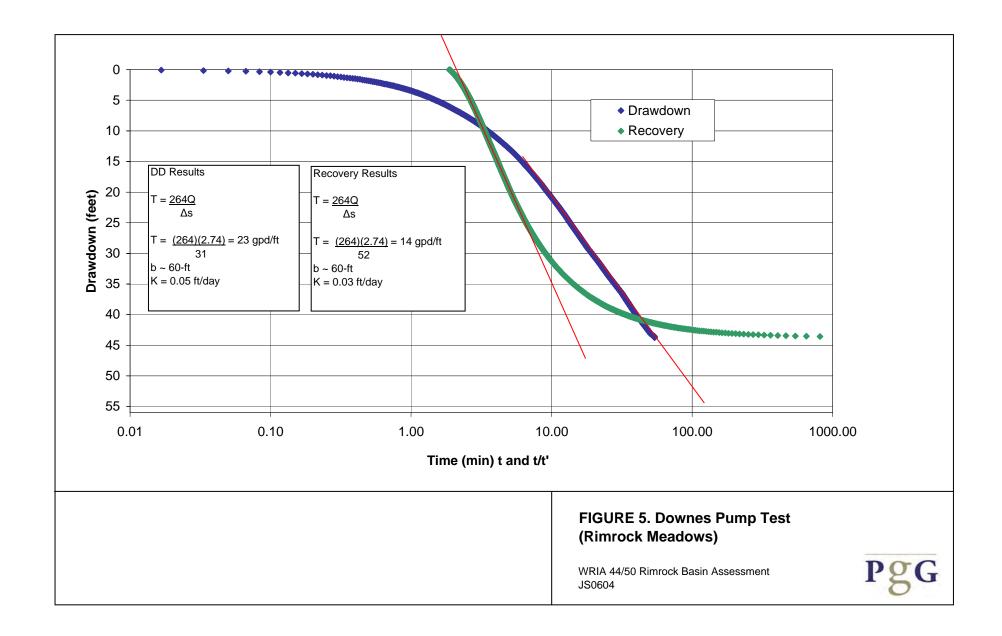
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WATER WELL REPORT Original & 1st copy - Ecology, 2nd copy - owner, 3rd copy - driller	CURRENT Notice of Intent No. 166008 Unique Ecology Well ID Tag No. AHC 8	'52
Construction/Decommission ("x" in circle) $129919$		
S Construction	Water Right Permit No	
O' Decommission ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION Notice of Intent Number	Property Owner Name Roy DowNe	=5.
PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	Well Street Address 3808 Tom Mark	SRI
DeWater	cin Snohowish County: Donial	asi
TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)	Location NE 1/4 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec. D. M. BOC	Ky Sewind
New Well       Reconditioned       Method:       Dug       Bored       Driven         Deepened       Cable       Rotary       Jetted	Location AF 1/4 1/4 AF 1/4 Sec A Two As A Loct 73 BIK // Rim Rook Meadow Lat/Long: Lat Deg Lat Min/Sec	SE WWM
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches, drilled ft. Depth of completed well ft.	REQUIRED) Long Deg Long Min/S	
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	Tax Parcel No	
Casing Welded Diam. fromft. toft.	CONSTRUCTION OR DECOMMISSION PROCE Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and st	DURE
Installed: ZLiner installed Diam. fromft. toft.	kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with	at least one
Threaded Diam. fromft. toft	entry for each change of information. Indicate all water encoun (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY.)	tered.
Perforations: X Yes No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	то
Type of perforator used <u>5Kil Saw</u> SIZE of perfs <u>19</u> in. by <u>4</u> in. and no. of perfs <u>100</u> from <u>140</u> ft. to <u>2004</u>	Soil PROM	
Screens: Yes X No K-Pac Location	Med Basself 1	30
Manufacturer's Name	Med Basalt Lt Brn 5: 17 30	45
TypeModel No	Med Basat 45	185
DiamSlot Sizefromft. toft. DiamSlot Sizefromft. toft.	DKBrn Busalt 185	195
		200
Gravel/Filter packed: Yes W No Size of gravel/sand Materials placed fromft. toft.	Grn Clay 195	
Materials placed fromft. toft. Surface Seal: XYes No To what depth?ft		
Materials used in seal		
Did any strata contain unusable water? $\Box$ Yes ZNo		
Type of water?Depth of strata		
Method of sealing strata off		
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Greintos Type: <u>GUBMCS206</u> H.P. /2		
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea levelft. Static levelft. below top of well Date		
Artesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date		<u> </u>
Artesian water is controlled by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(cap,valve, etc.)		
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level. Was a pump test made? Yes X No If yes, by whom?		·
Yield:gal/min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Yield:      ft. drawdown afterhrs.         Yield:      ft. drawdown afterhrs.		· · ·
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off)(water level measured from	ne Gei	W-EIN
well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level		
	10 U SEP 1 5 2	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Date of test		CC_OGY
Bailer testgal /min. withft. drawdown afterhrs. Airtestgal /min. with stem set at //48 ft. forhrs.		CTICE
Artesian flowg.p.m. Date Temperature of waterWas a chemical analysis made? Yes No	Start Date 4-12-05 Completed Date 4-19	9-05
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or accept resp	onsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance	with all
Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information	eported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.	MAG
Diller DEngineer DTrainee Name (Print) Fred Emergen	_ Drilling Company <u>Four</u> Stur D	v. Iline
Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature	- Address to Box 37	
Driller or Trainee License No 2604	- City, State, Zip_thertfine whe	<u> 9913</u>
If trainee, licensed driller's	Contractor's	21-05

le Origitàli and First Copy with sparinghi ef Ecology eand Copy — Owney's Copy and Copy — Driller's Copy	STATE OF W	ABHEINGTON	Permit Nø	G4-2	448
1) OWNER: Name NAAC of	WASH.	. Address 126 - 1195			
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County	Dauglas		E 16 Sec. 19 T.		356
earing and distance from section or subdivision		\$ 757'W of CO	rner Ser	19	
I) PROPOSED USE: Domestic I Ind Irrigation	_	(10) WELL LOG:			
	t Well 🗌 Other 🔲	Formation: Describe by color, ch show thickness of aquifers and t stratum penetrated, with at loss			
i) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of (if more than one		MATERIA		TROM	TO
New well 1 Method Despend		TOP SOLL		0	7
Despend 📃 Reconditioned 🗌	Cable Driven	3. GRAV	EL	7	2.7
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of w	1611	- CLAY		22	4
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of w Drilled	ad well 7.37 a		BASALT.	48	19.
		POUROUS A		195	205
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:		TEST AT		1200	
Casing installed:	Q n. w. 49			205	122
Threaded [] 1.2."" Diam. from Welded [X	ft. to ft.	HARD GRE		1.1.2	431
	11.		ROWN BASALT	431	50
Perforations: Yes No D		HARD GREY		5000	67
Type of perforation und Mille KA	by	CHANSE to	8" HOLE		
	n to 300 n	Nou and BLAC		623	66
perforations from				658	7/3
·	<u></u>	INTER FLOD		712	736
Screens: Yas D Nd					
Manufacturer's Name				1	
Diata Slot size from	ft. to				
Diam. Slot size from	ft. to ft.		CEIVED		
Gravel packed: Yes D Nover Size o	f gravel		VEIVED	l	
Gravel placed from	to			+	
Surface seal: Yes D No. To what	depth? ft.		<del>- </del>		
Material used in seal		DEDAUT:	47117 an	44	
Did any strata contain unusable wate	r? Yes 🗋 No 🗍		TENT OF ECOLOGY		
Type of water?					
PUMPI Manufacturer's Name GENER					<u> </u>
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elev					
above mean Bea i	evel				
sian pressure	h Date			╞───┥	
Artesian water is controlled by	Cap, valve, etc.)			┟┈╼───┤	
				<u>∤</u>	
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amou lowered below stat	ic level (AL'EII )	Work started		·	
a pump test made? Yes X No I if yes, by a d: 1/50 gal/min. with 60° ft. drawdo	rhom?	WELL DRILLER'S STAT			
17 N	with which the filter				
		This well was drilled unde true to the best of my know	r my jurisdiction ( ledge and belief,	und this r	eport i
overy data (time taken as sere when pump tu measured from well top to water level)		1 H1 111	<u> </u>	merny	4.
	Time Water Level	NAME I-ICA: 15 14	und inte	Iark	·
Immediatly		(Perso), Brill, o	corporation) (1	type or pri	int)
		Address	p fiel an	u	
Date of vest ADRIL 1969		Ti Ut	1		
	own after	[Signed] for set and for the former of the	(Vel Torillan)	uin	
alan flow AlQ	And and a second difference of the second diff	i contrad	11/2	0	~
perature of water MO Was a chemical analys	4s made? Yes 🚺 No 🗖 🕴 1	License No. ( *) T. K			

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APPENDIX B MONITORED WELL LOGS

LOWER MOSES COULEE MONITORED WELL LOGS

		T Amm 7 1, 74	ວລາ 📕	
WELL	LOG No	<u>Appli. 19</u>	569-1	
		<u>Cert. #1</u>	<u>,</u>	
	by K. V. Linville			
Source_	Driller's Record			
Location	: State of WASHINGTON			
Cou	nty Douglas			
Area				
	)			
SE	<u>_4_SE ¼ sec. 1_T. 21_N., R. 22</u> E.	DIAGRAM O	FSECTION	ં્યું
	Co			
Add	ress		······	1. A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A
	hod of DrillingD	ate Aug.	15 1953	
Owne <b>r</b> _	K. V. Linville			
Add	ress Palisades, Washington	-		
r 1 .	a above			<b>1</b> 2
Lana su	rface, datumft. below			
· · · · ·	rface, datumft. aboveft. below			and the second second
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( turu unless otherwise indicated. Corielate with stratigrap)	THICKNESS (feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea	DEPTH (feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow-	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( itum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.)	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow-	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL mscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( itum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow-	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL hscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( itum unless otherwise indicated. Corielate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow-	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL hscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported (turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraphina materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace	(feet) necessary, in pe forve depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88	(feet) arentheses If t below land- suble. Follow- 18 100	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL inscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( itum unless otherwise indicated. Corielate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water,	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL hscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4	(feet) arentheses If et below land- suble. Follow- 18 100 101 105	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	Material hscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported (turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraphinaterials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks & boulders, blasted	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL inscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( itum unless otherwise indicated. Corielate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>m</sup> casing to	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4	(feet) arentheses If et below land- suble. Follow- 18 100 101 105	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported (turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraphinaterials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks^ & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8" casing to 120' (End of 8" casing at	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4	(feet) arentheses If et below land- suble. Follow- 18 100 101 105	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	Material scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>m</sup> casing to 120' (End of 8 <sup>m</sup> casing at 120')	(feet) necessary, in pa forve depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4 15	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100 101 105 120	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL hscribe driller's terminology interally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks <sup>-</sup> & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>n</sup> casing to 120' (End of 8 <sup>n</sup> casing at 120') Perforated rocks and gravel	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea	(feet) arentheses If et below land- suble. Follow- 18 100 101 105	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported (turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraphinaterials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks^ & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8" casing to 120' (End of 8" casing at 120') Perforated rocks and gravel and some sand, caved in 3	(feet) necessary, in pa forve depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4 15	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100 101 105 120	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	Material scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>m</sup> casing to 120' (End of 8 <sup>m</sup> casing at 120') Perforated rocks and gravel and some sand, caved in 3 times, pored concrete and	(feet) necessary, in pa forve depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4 15	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100 101 105 120	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	MATERIAL iscribe driller's terminology interally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported ( turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Elack sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks <sup>-</sup> & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>n</sup> casing to 120' (End of 8 <sup>n</sup> casing at 120') Perforated rocks and gravel and some sand, caved in 3 times, pored concrete and drilled out	(feet) necessary, in pa Give depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 4 15 150	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow-	
CORRE- LATION (Tran naterial v	Material scribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as vater-bearing, so state and record static level if reported turn unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Soil Soil, gravel & rocks Black sand & gravel, trace of water, Hard formation, floater Rocks & boulders, blasted Hole & drove 8 <sup>m</sup> casing to 120' (End of 8 <sup>m</sup> casing at 120') Perforated rocks and gravel and some sand, caved in 3 times, pored concrete and	(feet) necessary, in pa forve depths in fe hic column, if fea 18 88 1 1 4 15	(feet) arentheses If et below land- sible. Follow- 18 100 101 105 120	

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- Martin Scheren

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WELL	LOG.—Continued No	<u>A / 19</u>	
CORRE- LATION	Material	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
, <u> </u>	K.V. LINVILLE Depth forward		
	Balance of hole fine sand &	19 <del>]</del>	294
	gravel		
Pump	Test: Dim: 294' x 7"	·	
	SWL: 2571		
	Dd: unknown		
	Yield: 180 g.p.m.		
	Casing: 8ª dia. O.D. Standard	top to	1201
. <u></u>	7" I.D. Standard, top		
	Perforations:		
	201 perforated, 3/8" wide 4"	long,	
	about 11 per ft. from 270' to		
	j	l	<u>.</u>
		<u> </u>	
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File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Second Copy — Owner's Copy Third Copy — Driller's Copy	
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## WATER WELL REPORT

Applicat	ion	N	υ
Permit 1	No		/

STATE	I OF	WASHINGTON

	Address Palisades, Washington 98845
) LOCATION OF WELL: County Grant Der	94.95
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner	
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🗋 Industrial 🗋 Municipal 🗗	(10) WELL LOG:
Irrigation 🗘 Test Well 🗋 Other 🗌	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, an show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in eac stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formatio
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well of more than one)	MATERIAL FROM TO
New well [] Method: Dug [] Bored [] Deepened [] Cable [] Driven []	
Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 8 inches. Drilled 130 ft Depth of completed well 630 ft.	Eirm_w/broken areassome water540585
Drifted 130 Depth of completed were 1300	
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	
Casing installed: "Diam. from the ft. to the ft.	
Threaded 🗌 "Diam. from ft. to ft.	
Welded 🗌 👘 👘 Diam. from 🦷 ft. to 🔤 🛄 🕂	
Perforations: Yes No IX	
Type of perforator used	·····
SIZE of perforations in. by in.	
perforations from	
·	
Screens: yes 🗆 No 😡	
Manufacturer's Name Type	
Diam. Slot size from ft. toft.	RECEIVED
Diarn Slot size from the to many ft.	
Gravel packed: Yes D No K Size of gravel.	
Gravel placed from ft. to ft. to	
	DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Surface seal: Yes No D To what depth? ft.	SPOKANE RECEDUAL OFFICE
Material used in seal Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗍 No 🗋	
Type of water?	[ i
Method of sealing strata off	
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	
Туре: Н.Р.,	<b></b>
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation	······
static level 200	[
Artesian pressure	
Artesian water is controlled by	
(Cap, valve, etc.)	
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started 7/10 1979 Completed 7/17/ , 1979
Was a pump test made? Yes 📋 No 📋 If yes, by whom?	
Yield: gal/min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report i true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
	a de to the best of my knowledge and benes.
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump lurned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	NAME American Drilling & Development Inc.
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	(Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)
	Address P.O. Box 14977 Spokane, Wash 99214
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Adaress. 1. N
Date of test	in alle office land
Date of test	[Signed]. // / Carl (Crash Driller)
Artesian flow	
Temperature of water COld Was a chemical analysis made? Yes 🔲 No 💽	License No. 0688. Date 7/27/79 , 19.

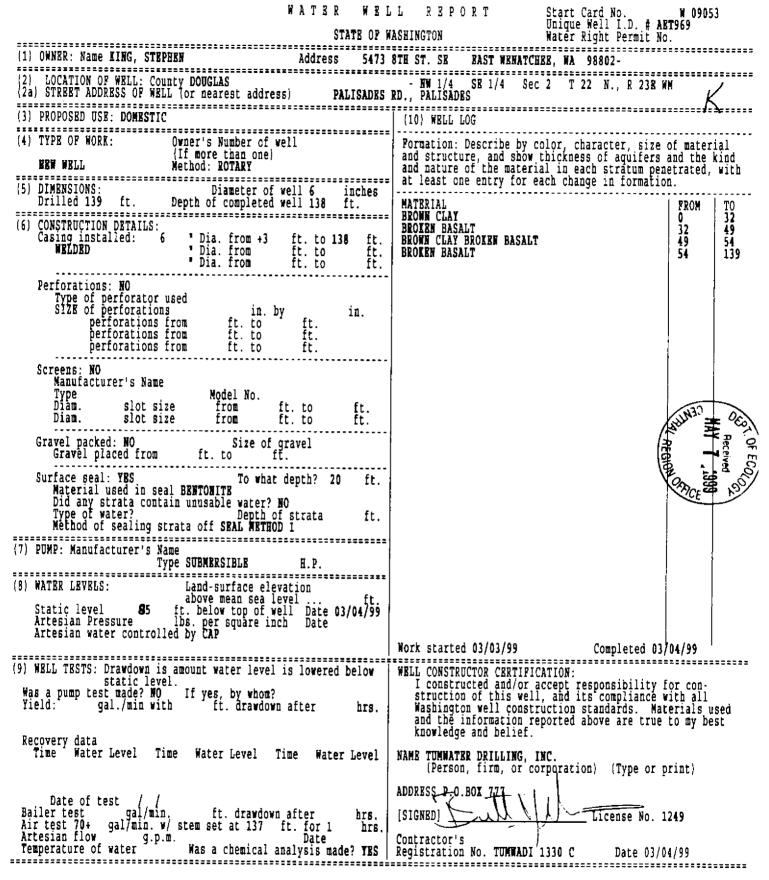
<i>-</i>	C: CSTATE OF WASHING	TON	
		ATION	
WELL		ecla.	#_385
			#321-D
	by R. L. Davis, Jr.		
Source_	a w Deel Clean		
Location	: State of WASHINGTON		
Cou	nty_Douglas		
Агеа	L		
	)		
SW		DIAGRAM (	F SECTION
Drilling	Co		
	ress		
	hod of DrillingDa		
	Palisades Irrigation Dis		
	ress Palisades, Wash.ington		
Land su	rface, datumft. above		
<u></u>		1	1
Corre-		THICKNESS	DEPTH
(Tra	MATERIAL nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G	(feet)	(feet)
(Tra material surface di	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.)	necessary, in p necessary, in p necessary, in f necessary, if fe	(feet) parentheses. If eet below land- asible. Follow-
(Tra material surface di	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with straturaph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist	necessary, in p necessary, in p necessary, in f necessary, if fe	(feet) parentheses. If eet below land- asible. Follow-
(Tra material surface di	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.)	necessary, in p necessary, in p necessary, in f necessary, if fe	(feet) parentheses. If eet below land- asible. Follow-
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(Tra material surface di	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc	eccessary, in prive depths in fic column, if fe	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Pollow- 40
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratugraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " "	eccessary, in prive depths in fi ic column, if fe ory of 40 k 40	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Follow- 40 80
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratugraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet: sand, stream " ";	eccessary, in prive depths in fi ic column, if fe ory of 40 k 40	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Follow- 40 80
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " " Test:	eccessary, in prive depths in fi ic column, if fe ory of 40 k 40	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Follow- 40 80
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G atum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratugraph materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " " Test: Dim:160' x 4' SWL: 160'	eccessary, in prive depths in fi ic column, if fe ory of 40 k 40	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Follow- 40 80
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology interally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " " Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none	eccessary, in prive depths in fi ic column, if fe ory of 40 k 40	(feet) parentheses. If eet below iand- asible. Follow- 40 80
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology interally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " " Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none Yield: 800 g.p.m.	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology interally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " " Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " ": Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none Yield: 800 g.p.m. Casing: not given, ceme	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " ": Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none Yield: 800 g.p.m. Casing: not given, ceme	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " ": Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none Yield: 800 g.p.m. Casing: not given, ceme	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160
(Tra material surface d ing log of	nscribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as r water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported G materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.) Estimated from case hist neighboring wells Soil Dry round stream bed roc Wet sand, stream " ": Test: Dim: 160' x 4' SWL: 160' Dd: none Yield: 800 g.p.m. Casing: not given, ceme	accessary, in prive depths in fire column, if fe	(feet) arentheses. If eet below iand- assble. Follow- 40 80 160

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The Department of Ecology does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Information on this Well Report.

WATER WELL REPORT



The Department of Ecology does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Information on this Well Report.

Secon	d Copy — Owner's Copy	CLL REPORT WASHINGTON Permit No	9768
•			
	OWNER: Name All Screen	laddress ff a lida de la ac	2-6
	IOCATION OF WELL: County Douglas	250 Eliver South '4 gover of	Lec. 28
		(10) WELL LOG:	
	PROPOSED USE: Domestic  Industrial Municipal  Irrigation  Test Well Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of materia	il and structure, and the material in each
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well	stratum penetraied, with at least one entry for each c MATERIAL	FROM TO
(-)	New well Def Method: Dug Dered		1.100
	Deepened 🔲 Cable 🗌 Driven 🗆	- Oper Durain	20112
	Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	Brance Clein	112 205
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well /2 inches. Drilled ft. Depth of completed well 240 ft.	- Cleck Begalt	205 208
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Black Basel	216 220
• • •	Casing installed: 12" Diam. from	Targe graver	22023
	Threaded Diam. from ft. to ft.		272 7410
	Welded in	- Olacki Dataket	
	Perforations: Yes D No 🕱		
	Type of perforator used		
	SIZE of perforations in. by in.		 
	perforations from		
	perforations from ft. to ft.		
	Screens: Yes D No D		+
	Manufacturer's Name		<b>+</b>
	Diam	- REVEN	+
	Diam. Slot size from ft. to ft.	AUG 3 0 1975	1
	Gravel packed: Yes 🗋 No 🛱 Size of gravel:		
	Gravel placed from	AUG FCOLO	At
L'		DEPARTMENT OF ECOLO	102
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depthy 20 #.	OEPANIN REGION	
	Material used in seal		
	Type of water? Depth of strata		<u> </u>
	Method of sealing strata off		+
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		<b>}</b>
• •	Type: HP.		<u>+</u>
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation		+
· · ·	c level 2/3 ft. below top of well Date		
Arte	sian pressure		
	Artesian water is controlled by		•
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started 4	-14 10 7E
	a pump test made? Yes 🗋 No 💓 If yes, by whom?	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:	
Yield 	a: gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction	and this report is
		true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	and this report is
Reco	very data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level		~
1	neasured from well top to water level) me Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME OF Person, firm, or corporation	Type or print)
		Address Moses Lake 1	ildski.
•••••		shall CDD. p	
	Date of test	[Signed] The Throw the	on
	er test	(Well Driller)	
	sian flow	- Luc - Ch	ne 2 1076
	perature of water	LICEIDE IIV	
NO			
5. F.	No. 7356-OS-(Rev, 4-71)	SHEETS IF NECESSARY)	<b>**</b>
	070-28 9/1/1		
	7776		

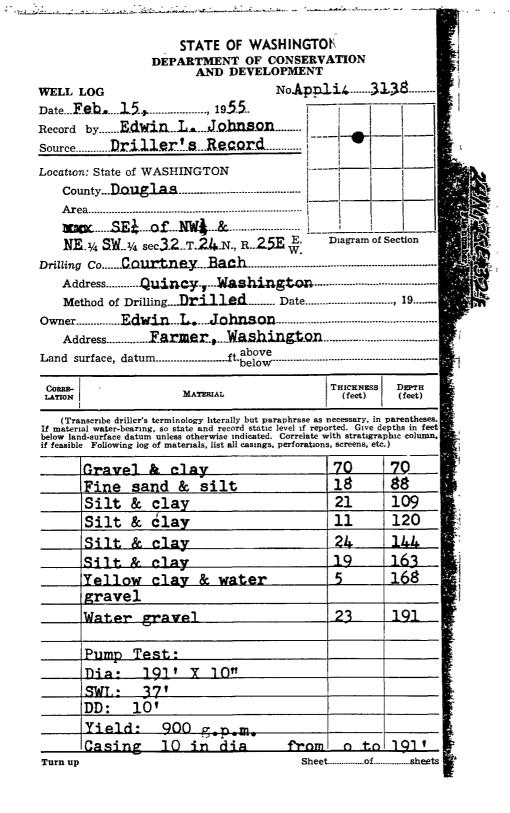
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UPPER MOSES COULEE MONITORED WELL LOGS

Second Copy — Owner's Copy	FII AFRAAT	1:87563 ACL 330
(1' OWNER: Norre Ray Mond Mayor	100 7781 Sase BrushFlats	RA Enhortz
( OCATION OF WELL; County	GRANT NE 114 NE 14 Sec 6	N 87.51
(2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address)	Nu	22
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial I Municipal I	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE	· · · · · · <b> · ·</b>
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, a and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, we change of information,	nd show thickness of aquifers th at least one entry for each
Abandoned New well Abandoned Bored	MATERIAL	FROM TO
Despend Cable Driven Reconditioned Rotary Stated C	Too Cail	- 14
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches Drilled feet. Depth of completed well R	Brown Clay	14 18
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:		
Casing installed: Diam. from <u>† 2</u> ft. to <u>28</u> ft. Weided 21 Diam. from ft. to ft	Calicha	18 23
Liner installed Diam. fromft. toft. toft. toft. toft.		23 26
	Brown Basalt	26 30
Type of perforator usedin. byin.	RIGH BESTH	87 5-7
perforations from ft. to ft. to ft. to ft. to ft.		34 0 1
perforations from ft. to ft.	Fractured Basalt	57 73
Screens: Yes No 🖉	Black Basal F	73 80
Manufacturer's Name		
iam Slot size from ft. to ft.		<u>+</u>
DiamSlot sizefromft. toft. Gravel packed: YesNo Z Size of gravel		
Gravel placed fromft. toft.		
Surface seal: Yes, No To what depth?		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗌 No 📉	· · · · ·	
Type of water? Depth of strata Method of sealing strata off		
) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name H.P H.P		
) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level	Work Started - 2 . 19. Completed	24_1926
Static level 29 tt. below top of well. Date 9-24-96 Arteelan pressure los, per square inch. Date	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	
Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, etc.)	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction	n of this well, and its
) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	compliance with all Washington well construction standard the information reported above are true to my best knowled	ge and belief.
Was a pump test made?         Yes         No         If yes, by whom?	NAME Mathews Drill	ng
и и и и	Advess 9455 Stonecyast	
Pecovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well	Met I An t	se No. 1267
top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	(WEL DRILLER)	<del> </del>
	No. Mathe dc. 117 BCDate 9-24	1991
Date of test	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESS	ARY)
Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.		_
Artest gal./min. with stem set at ft. for hra. Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	Ecology is an Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action cial accommodation needs, contact the Water Resource	employer. For spe- s Program at (206)
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No A	407-6600. The TDD number is (206) 407-6006.	(= )

	Ob_	+ 92	76
	STATE OF WASHINGTON LECT DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATIO		10
	DEPARTMENT OF CONSLAVATIO DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES	14	
WELL	Duller	1	
Record	by Alast Organster		
Source.	MARY STOPPES		
Location	: State of WASHINGTON	20-1	
Cov	inty. Douglas		
Are	18 writester	_	
Ma	P	0	
	1/4	n 82 Saals	
Drilling	Stand I The month of the stand	7	
Add	ires 2004 Santa Gel Ar Magash	ake Ul	2 -
Ma	hod of Drilling Cable Date 2 4, No	4	-64
Owner_	Glan Corning		
Ad	- Box 845 Ephrata Wa		
Land st	intace, detum 1910 tt showe MSh		
SWL	man and a share left in the	.12×7	23
9 W L	The second s		
Context	MATERIAL' FITI OFFICE		To (cet)
LATION	Матенали (ссе	:	re cut)
LATION	Матенали (ссе	:	
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LATION	310	ri, in pare isis dipilin Rigraphia in, eu.,)	ther in f
LATION	Матенали (ссе	:	ther in f
LATION	Матенали (ссе	ri, in pare isis dipilin Rigraphia in, eu.,)	ther in f
LATION	MATERIAL (Lee Material and Construction of the second state of the second al water-branny, no easter and recard states level if repetited al water-branny, no easter and recard states condition of the second disperiode datum subset of the second states with site a Fallowing log of materials, just all ensured corrects with site a Fallowing log of materials, just all ensured works as a Thus 15 am Old well second 0 - 575 . Log , from only distance At despect postion of well	ri, in pare isis dipilin Rigraphia in, eu.,)	ther in f
LATION	MATERIAL (1600) MATERIAL (1600) accepts driller's terminology literally but I stapheness at beruses al water-branny, no exite and specific duel in reporting dispersions deluge materials and anisated Correlate with the a. Fallowing log of materials, just all ensings, merforstrong, early THAS 15 CH OKS MACH Report 0 - 575' Log for OKS MACH Report At Appendix proteins of well 6'' he be 5'75' - 765'	to the particular of the parti	2 7/
LATION	MATERIAL (Lee Material and Construction of the second state of the second al water-branny, no easter and recard states level if repetited al water-branny, no easter and recard states condition of the second disperiode datum subset of the second states with site a Fallowing log of materials, just all ensured corrects with site a Fallowing log of materials, just all ensured works as a Thus 15 am Old well second 0 - 575 . Log , from only distance At despect postion of well	to the particular of the parti	ther in f
LATION	Marzenal marzen		271 271
LATION	MATERIAL (1600) MATERIAL (1600) accepts driller's terminology literally but I stapheness at beruses al water-branny, no exite and specific duel in reporting dispersions deluge materials and anisated Correlate with the a. Fallowing log of materials, just all ensings, merforstrong, early THAS 15 CH OKS MACH Report 0 - 575' Log for OKS MACH Report At Appendix proteins of well 6'' he be 5'75' - 765'		2 7/
LATION	MATERIAL (Ideality But 1 staphings at Deriver accepts deriller's tormanology interaily but 1 staphings at Deriver al water-braring, 10 but of the and record priced of the control of a control of the and the other was and cated. Conclude with the ballowing log at materials, just all ensines, methorstone, as with this 15 am obs well recorded and 0 - 575' Log for a configuration of the star start for at well in the start of the start of the ball of the start of the start of the start of the start of the ball of the start of the start of the start of the start o	: 	11 her in 5 50
LATION	Marzenal marzen		11 her in 5 50
LATION	MATERIAL (Idea MATERIAL (Idea accepts deriller's bermanology inferently but I stapheness at borness al water-branny, no bade and pread state level in reported the failure submer submervice indicated Certester with the participation of an old and mean performance, source This 15 an old and means, performance, source (Internet in the submervice of a state (Internet in the submervice of a state (I	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	2 <sup>11</sup>
LATION	MATERIAL (Idea MATERIAL (Idea accepts deriller's bermanology inferently but I stapheness at borness al water-branny, no bade and pread state level in reported the failure submer submervice indicated Certester with the participation of an old and mean performance, source This 15 an old and means, performance, source (Internet in the submervice of a state (Internet in the submervice of a state (I	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	271 Solution
LATION	MATERIAL (Idea MATERIAL (Idea accepts deriller's bermanology inferently but I stapheness at borness al water-branny, no bade and pread state level in reported the failure submer submervice indicated Certester with the participation of an old and mean performance, source This 15 an old and means, performance, source (Internet in the submervice of a state (Internet in the submervice of a state (I	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	2 <sup>11</sup>
LATION	MATERIAL (Lee MATERIAL LEE accords deallow between the same and percent al water-braining, no barks and recent braits doed in reporter al water-braining in an and share and and the and a second that is an able will all and a second with the A failed and a second and and a second and a second and and and a second and a second and and a second a second and a second and and a second a second and a second and a second a second and a second a s	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	2 <sup>11</sup>
LATION	MATERIAL (Ideality But 1 staphings at Deriver an outborn and the and spect of the state does it reported the al water-brands, to bake and spect does the constitute of the al water-brands, to bake and spect does the state with the biggeness of materials, but all ensures, materialisms, as cut This 15 am all well recorded and a - 575' Lag from and well a t despected parties of well bits hat state, med hand 57. Bank black med hand 57. Bank black parties branc : ever homoton Turbuse Rump Test: 500 gpm - 175 DD (2.4, Nov: 1963)	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	2 <sup>11</sup>
LATION	MATERIAL (Lee MATERIAL) MATERIAL	: r, in protection into drapting ntigraphing for 12 for 1	2 <sup>11</sup>

WATER WELL REPORT Original & 1st copy - Ecology, 2nd copy - owner, 3rd copy - driller	CURRENT Notice of Intent No. 166008         Unique Ecology Well ID Tag No. AHC 8:	52
Construction/Decommission ("x" in circle) $129919$		~~
S Construction	Water Right Permit No	
O' Decommission ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION Notice of Intent Number	Property Owner Name Roy Downe	5.
PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	Well Street Address 3808 Tom Marks	RI
DeWater	cin Snohowish County: Dougle	5.
TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)	Location NE 1/4 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec D' MARCH	25 EWM
New Well       Reconditioned       Method:       Dug       Bored       Driven         Deepened       Cable       Rotary       Jetted	Location AF 1/4 1/4 AF 1/4 Sec A Two 25 Re Loct 73 BIK II Rim Rook Mecicous Lat/Long: Lat Deg Lat Min/Sec	5 WWN
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches, drilled ft. Depth of completed well ft.	<b>REQUIRED</b> ) Long Deg Long Min/Se	
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	Tax Parcel No.	
Casing Welded Diam. fromft. toft.	CONSTRUCTION OR DECOMMISSION PROCED Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and stru	URE cture and t
Installed: ZLiner installed Diam. fromft. toft.	kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with a	t least one
Threaded Diam. fromft. toft	entry for each change of information. Indicate all water encounter (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY.)	red.
Perforations: X Yes No	(	то
Type of perforator used <u>5Kil Saw</u> SIZE of perfs <u>19</u> in. by <u>4</u> in. and no. of perfs <u>100</u> from <u>140</u> ft. to <u>2004</u>	Soil 2	
Screens: Yes X No K-Pac Location	Med Basself 1	30
Manufacturer's Name	Necl Busylt LIBINS: 17 30	45
TypeModel No	Ma Basat 45	185
DiamSlot Sizefromft. toft. DiamSlot Sizefromft. toft.	DKBrn Brisalt 185	195
		200
Gravel/Filter packed: Yes W No Size of gravel/sand Materials placed fromft. toft.	Grn Clay 195	10
Materials placed fromft. toft. Surface Seal: XYes No To what depth?ft		1
Materials used in seal		
Did any strata contain unusable water? $\Box$ Yes ZNo		
Type of water?Depth of strata		
Method of sealing strata off		
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Greintos Type: <u>GUBMCS206</u> H.P. /2		
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea levelft. Static levelft. below top of well Date		
Artesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date		<u> </u>
Artesian water is controlled by		
(cap,valve, etc.)		<u> </u>
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level. Was a pump test made? Yes X No If yes, by whom?		·
Yield:gal/min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.		╂────
Yield:      ft. drawdown afterhrs.         Yield:      ft. drawdown afterhrs.		
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off)(water level measured from	MEGEIN	
well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level		
	10 U SEP 1 5 200	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		┱╞
Date of test	DEPAHI WENT OF ECC	OGY
Bailer testgal /min. withft. drawdown afterhrs. Airtestgal /min. with stem set at //48 ft. forhrs.		1.02
Artesian flowg.p.m. Date Temperature of waterWas a chemical analysis made? Yes No	Start Date <u>4-12-05</u> Completed Date <u>4-19</u>	-05
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or accept resp	onsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance v	vith all
Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information	eported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.	1150
Diller DEngineer DTrainee Name (Print) Fred Emergen	_ Drilling Company <u>Four</u> Star Dr	line
Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature	- Address to Box 37	
Driller or Trainee License No 2604	- City, State, Zip_Hurtline Wa	1413
If trainee, licensed driller's	Contractor's	1-05



WELL	LOG	-Continued	No	A,31	<u>ہ د</u>
CORRE- LATION		MATERI	AL	THICKNESS (feet)	DEPTI (feet
-	Edu	oin LJohr	SON Depth forwa	ard	
	10"		from	0 to	1911
	- F	dia	from	0 to	<u>191'</u>
	10"	dia	from	0 to	<b>1</b> 91'
	Peri	Corations:	8" by ‡fi	rom 163-	<del>to 1</del>
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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		-543M. 40198.			

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le Origitàl and First Copy with participation de Ecology and Copy — Ormer's Copy and Copy — Driller's Copy		ABREINGTON	Permit Nø	G4-2	4488
1) OWNER: Name NAAC of	WASH.	Address 126 - 1195		·····	
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County	Dauglas		E 1 Sec. 19 T.		256
aring and distance from section or subdivision		\$ 757'W of Co	rner Ser	19	
) PROPOSED USE: Domestic I Ind Irrigation		(10) WELL LOG:		<u></u>	
	t Well 📋 Other 🔲	Formation: Describe by color, ch show thickness of aquifers and t			
i) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of (if more than one)		stratum penetrated, with at loss		TROM	TO
New well Method		TOP SOLL		0	2
Despend	Cable Driven Rotary Jetted 1	3. GRAV	E		a
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of w	1/11	CLAY		22	40
DIMENSIONS: Diametar of w Drilled	all inches.		BASALT.	48	19.
		POUROUS R		195	20
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:		TEST AT			
Casing installed: 16 "Diam. from	Q 11. 10 49	HARD GRAY		205	
Threaded [ 4.2." Diam. from Q.		SOFT BROW HARD GRE		805	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ROWN BASALT	431	50
Perforations: Yes No D		HARD GREY		500	25
Type of perforator und Milk KA		CHANSE to	8" HOLE		
	n to <b>3020</b> n	Nou say BLAC		623	66
perforations from		HARD SREU		658	7/2
perforations from	ft. to ft.	INTER_FLOD	O WATER,	712	234
Screens: Yas 🗋 Nd					<u> </u>
Manufacturer's Name					<u> </u>
Diasa. Slot size from	odel No				<b> </b> -
Diam. Slot size from		D1	^		
Gravel packed: Yes D Noter Size o		<u> </u>	CEIVER		
Gravel placed from	to ft			·	
~ ^ · ·			<del></del>	·	
Material used in seal	depth?			+	·
Did any strata contain unusable water	r? Yes 🗋 No 🗍	Children Children	TENT OF ECOLDBY	++	<b></b>
Type of water?			HE STORE		
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name SEANER					
WATER LEVELS: Land-su: face elev					
above mean sea i	evel				
sian pressure	h Date			<b>∔</b> ∔	
Artesian water is controlled by	Cap. valve etc.)			┟╍╼╍╍┤	
				<u> </u>	
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amou lowered below stati	e level (L'EII )	Work started		<u>'</u>	
a pump test made? Yes 🕅 No 🗆 If yes, by v i: //SO gal/min. with 60° ft. drawdo	whom the L(A)	WELL DRILLER'S STAT			19
	win alter				
·• ·· ··		This well was drilled unde true to the best of my know	T my jurisdiction ( ledge and belief.	und this r	report
very data (time taken as sere when pump tu neasured from well top to water level)		1.44 1.11	<u> </u>	mery	A.
	Time Water Level	NAME I-ich 196 - Me	1111-2411	Iarl	
Immediatly		(Ретвол, бла, о	corporation) (1	type or pri	nt)
		Address	o first an	M.	
Date of use ADRIL 1969		The let	12		
	own after	[Signed] for start and for The	Martielle	بعتعه	$\sim$
sian flow		i del	(****** 1/14/87)		
persture of water A.O Was a chemical analys			11/ -		

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File Onginal with Department of Ecology Second Copy - Owner's Copy Third Copy - Driller's Copy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T Notice of Intent	2372 ØFL	7 121_ <del>4802</del> 6
(1) OWNER: Name			ess 1430 10/ympic Ave E	Edmono	s We,
(2) LOCATION OF WELL Coll (2a) STREET ADDRESS OF W TAX PARCEL NO	Inty D D L G I L S ELL. (or nearest address)	Region SI	ess 1430 0/ympic Ave E 	_NR <i>25E</i>	
נ"ם	Domestic 🗆 Industrial mgation 🗆 Test Well DeWater	☐ Municipal ☐ Other	(10) WELL LOG or DECOMMISSIONING PRO Formation Describe by color, character, size of n the kind and nature of the material in each stratu	DCEDURE DE: naterial and str im penetrated,	SCRIPTION ructure, and with at least
	ner's number of well (f more than or New Well Method Deepened Dug Reconditioned Cable Decommission DCRotary	ne) □ Bored □ Driven □ Jetted	MATERIAL	FROM	
Dniled <u><u></u></u>	neter of well	inches	Brown Clay		
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Casing Installed. S Welded	Diam from	<u>2</u> ft to <u>60</u> ft <u>ft to</u> ft	gravet & glay Uma	7 4.16	26
Perforations.	" Diam from ≫s 5∑€No	ft toft	Sticky Clay	26	40
Type of perforator used SIZE of perforations			Brown Basalt & Water	40	44
	perforations from	ft_toft	Black Basalt	69	80
Manufacturer's Name TypeSlot Siz DiamSlot Siz	NO C K-Pac Location Model 20from 21from	Noft toft	DEGELV		
Grave/Filter packed	Yes ▲No □ Size of gravel/sandft toft	ft		14	
Matenal used in seal	able water? A Yes D No	- <u>eft</u> rata426g	DEPARTMENT OF EC EASTERN RECIONAL	- IC.(	
(7) PUMP Manufacturer's Nar Type	ne	нр			
Static level6.5	rface elevation above mean sea leve ft below top of wel	Date /0/13/00	Work Starled / 0 / 11, 0 d Complete	10/12	00
Artesian water is controlled	by(Cap, valve, etc	c)	WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION		
Was a pump test made?	s amount water level is lowered bei Yes  No  If yes, by whom?ft drawdow ft drawdow ft drawdow s zero when pump turned off) (wate Time  Water Level  /min with  ft draw	m afterhrs m efterhrs m afterhrs m afterhrs m level measured from Time Water Level		ion standards my best knowl (Sicense No Dicense No License No License No license No license No	Materials used ledge and belief 1247 hg hg 1247 hg hg hg hg hg hg hg hg
Airtest <u>27</u> gal Artesian flow	/min withft draw	rdown afterhrs rdown afterhrs Date a? □Yes KNo	Registration Not HIA EOC/17 (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF Ecology is an Equal Opportunity and Affirmative	NECESSARY)	

ECY 050-1-20 (11/98)

Ecology is an Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action employer For special accommodation needs, contact the Water Resources Program at (360) 407-6600 The TDD number is (360) 407-6006

•···	385		
	ELL. REPORT Start Card No.		
ind CopyOwner's Copy Ind CopyDriller's Copy STATE OF	WASHINGTON Water Right Permit No	H	
) OWNER: Name Jun John Cox	Address 12251 NE 70th	Kirklandu	
) LOCATION OF WELL: County DOUG 45	NE . NE soc 19		
	Dek Mesidous		
	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCE		
DeWater Test Well     Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and attorture		
) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)	<ul> <li>thickness of squifers and the kind and nature of the material with at least one entry for each change of information.</li> </ul>	i in each stratum penetrated,	
Abandoned 🗆 New well 🖉 Method: Dug 🗆 Bored 🗖	Gravel	PROM TO	
Deepened I Cable Driven Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	Brn Soil	30' 40'	
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of wellinches.	Broken KOCK	40 43	
Drilled_150_test. Depth of completed well_150_ft.	March Busylt	43 80'	
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	- Clay & Kosk	80 82	
Casing installed: 10 . Diam. from Oft. to43 ft	Have Bugalt		
Welded 1		<u>1.30/44</u>	
Threaded Diam. from ft. to ft		x 144 150	
Perforations: Yes No 🔀			
Type of perforetor used			
SiZE of perforations in. by in			
perforations from ft. to ft	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
perforations fromft. toft			
Screens: Yes No 2		<u></u>	
Manufacturer's Name	5 10 13		
Type Model No	H6)		
Diam Slot sizefromft. toft.		<u>≈                                    </u>	
DiamSlot sizefromft. toft.		TOGY.	
Gravel pecked: Yes No 🗶 Size of gravel		OFFICE	
Gravel placed fromft. toft.			
Surface seal: Yes No No To what depth?			
Material used in seal Benton, te		<b> </b>	
Did any strate contain unusable water? Yes 🛄 🛛 No 🔀			
Type of water?Depth of etrata		- <del> </del>	
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			
Туре:			
WATED LEVELC. Land-surface elevation		·	
Static level ft. below top of well Date ft.		- <u>+-</u>	
Artesian pressure fbe. per square inch. Date		-++	
Artesian water is controlled by			
WELL TESTS: Drawdows is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started 8-6-90, 19. Completed	8-8- 1090	
Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	State and a	
Yield: 20 gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	i constructed and/or accept responsibility for ci	contraction of this well.	
	I and its compliance with all Washington well of	contraction standards	
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	Materials used and the information reported abo knowledge and belief.	ve are true to my beet	
from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Weter Level Time Water Level		11.	
	NAME FOLLY STUL ON	lling	
	Box >> // 1		
Data attant	Address to a freut I	pe u.c.	
Date of test	(Bignes) Les Emerson in	124	
Baller test gal. / pin, with ft. drawdown alter hre.	(WELT/MELED)	<b>HO. 1 (3. 7</b>	
Artest gal / min. site and said at a set a			
	HI HIGH CALEBOLIC Die 25 - 1 -		
Temperature of water Was a chamical analysis randof Yest	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECK	ESSARY	
-1-20 (10/87) -1 <b>325</b>		•	
	1.22		

JAMESON LAKE AREA MONITORED WELL LOGS

	ç.	EOFO	
Depart	iginal and First Copy with ment of Ecology d Copy—Owner's Copy		NO. 029000
Third C	Gapy-Driller's Copy STATE OF	WASHINGTON Water Right Permit No	(
(1) (	OWNER: Name Denny Smullen	Address 23331 Woods Co	Rd SAGLORIST
(2) ł	OCATION OF WELL: COUNTY Do Dalas	Loty NW & soc_5	
(2a)	STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) JAMISON	bake Resort	
(3) F	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Domestic Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PRO	CEDURE DESCRIPT
(4) 1	DeWater Test Well     Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of ma thickness of aguiters and the kind and nature of the mat	
	(If more than one)	with at least one entry for each change of information. MATERIAL	FROM TO
	Deepened Cable Driven	overburden	0 3
(5) D		sand & Gravel, Dk Brown	El E yelle
• •	rillad 40 loss Death for the second statement of the	Sand + Gravel, Moist Gravel, Water boaring	1 <u>a</u> 23 23 41
	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	W/ Broken Basalt	
	ering installed (a second ) 70		
W	eided 25 Diam. from <u>11</u> , ti, to <u>37</u> , ft. eided 25 Diam. from <u>11</u> , ti, to <u>37</u> , ft. per installedft. toft.		·
	readed' Diam. fromft. toft.		
	erforations: Yes No		
	pe of perforator used in, by in the second		
_			
_	perforations from ft. to ft.		
	perforations fromft. toft.		
	inufacturer'e Name.		
	De Model No		
Die	ImSlot sizefromft. toft.		
	tmSlot sizefromtt. 10tt.		·
	avel packed: Yes No Size of gravel		
	ivel placed fromft. toft.		
	rface seal: Yea $10 \text{ Ng}$ To what depth? 18		
	any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	e of water?Depth of strate		
	thod of sealing strata off		
7) PL	JMP: Manufacturer's Name	<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>
Тур		OICON	
-	ATER LEVELS: Land-aurface elevation 1600 ft.	31000	···
	tic level ft. below top of well. Date 10/ 18/900		
	Arteelan water is controlled by(Cap. valve, etc.))		
) WI	ELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below statis lower	Work started_ 10/17 1920 ompleted_	10/18 199
Was	a pump test made? Yes No 🏹 If yes, by whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	
	d: _50gel./min.withtt. drawdown after hre.	I constructed and/or accept responsibility to:	Construction of this wa
		and its compliance with all Washington we Materials used and the information reported a	I construction standard
rrom	overy data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured well fop to water level)	knowledge and belief.	
Time	Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME FOALL PUMDA SUD	vely
_		J (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	TYPE OR PRINT)
		Address 316 W SP Col	ville Wa. 99
· _	Date of lest	(Signed) Mill LONDA (in	1451
	er teet gel./min.with ft. drawdown after hra.	(WELL DRILLER)	ense No. 1991
AITO	st gal./min. with stem set at ft. for hrs.	Registration CIRLING T	
	sian flow g.p.m. Date	No	a

Depth (ft)	Geology	Sample	Log	Well Construction
0_				8 inch steel monument
5			dry, brown, fine sandy SILT	stickup 3 ft well 0.5 ft below monument
10			Damp to wet, brown, F-M SAND, trace gravel and	Concrete (0-2 ft)
15			silt. Hole making water	Top of seal: 2 ft below ground surface (bgs)
20				
25 -			Wet, brown-gray, very silty fine SAND	3/8 inch bentonite chips (2-6 ft)
30 -			Hole making little to no water	Water Level (8/31/06): 2.71 ft from top of well
35 -			Wet, gray-brown, very fine sandy SILT with trace	Bentonite Grout (6-133 ft)
40			gray clay	
45 -			Hole making little to no water	
50 -				
55 -				
60 -			Wet, gray-brown, very silty fine SAND with trace	Borehole diameter 8 inch
65 –		ngs	gray clay. Hole making a little water	Riser 4 inch PVC schd 40
70 -		Cutti		
75 -		) snc	Wet, gray-brown, very fine sandy SILT with trace	
80 -		Continuou	gray clay Hole making little to no water	
85 -		Con		
90 -			Wet, gray-brown, very silty fine SAND with trace gray clay	
95 –			Hole making little to no water	
100 _				<u>x0x</u>
105 -				
110 -	· ·		Wet, gray-brown very fine sandy SILT to very silty fine SAND interbedded with gray-green CLAY	3/8 inch bentonite pellets (133-136 ft) Top of filter pack: 136 ft bgs Top of screen: 139 ft bgs
115	<u></u>		Hole making some water	3/8 inch bentonite pellets
120 -				(133-136 ft) Top of filter pack: 136 ft bgs
125	· · · · · · ·			Top of screen: 139 ft bgs
130				Screen 4 inch, PVC schd 40 (10 slot)
135 -	· ·			Bottom of screen: 149 ft bgs
140	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Tail Pipe PVC schd 40         4 inch diameter (3 inch length)
145	· · · · · ·			Colorado silica sand #10x20
150 -	<u> </u>			Collapsed Native (149-152 ft) Bottom of hole: 152 ft bgs
Proje	ct Name: g Method	. [ . ^	Douglas County Recharge Well Name: PGG-1 Nir Rotary UWID: APK319	Figure
Driller	E Roy S	Sink	MP Elevation: 1805.4059	GEOLOGIC LOG AND AS-BUILT FOR MONITORING WELL PGG-1
	ulting Firn	onm n:	PGG Datum: NAVD88 Installed: 7/18/2006	200
Logge Locat		iesc	Dawn Chapel on Lake, Douglas County	Douglas County Recharge JS0604, PGG-1.ldf, 9/2006

FOSTER CREEK MONITORED WELL LOGS

1441 Start Card No. 08/206 File Original and First Copy with WATER WELL REPORT Department of Ecology Second Copy-Owner's Copy STATE OF WASHINGTON Third Copy-Driller's Copy Water Right Permit No. 4 ammons Ær. ۶ Address Dat Kar to OWNER: Name .14 (1) 4 SW Las LOCATION OF WELL: County. Jone (2a) STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) [] Domestic PROPOSED USE: (10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION (3) Industrial Municipal 门 Irrigation (Qiher Ξ Test Well 🗋 DeWater Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show Formation: thickness of aquifera and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, (4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one) \_\_\_\_\_ with at least one entry for each change of information. MATERIAL FROM то New well 🗶 Method: Dug Bored L Abandoned .... 3 ō 50 OV) Deepened Cable Driven Reconditioned I Rotary 🗷 Jetted 5 54 Bou 12 (5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well ک inches 30 5.5 14  $\cap$ Drilled \_ feet. Depth of completed well \_ ft 20 80 30 G. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: 20 (6) Ć a Ő 80 **Casing installed:** Diam from 'n. Liner installed K Threaded Li 145 6 Diam from Diam. from 165 ringus Perforations: Yes NoL. Type of perforator used 63. groul. 10 SIZE of perforations in, by . ft 1.10 perforations from ft to 00 11.1 \_ perforations from ft. to ft. ft. to ft. perforations from No Screens: YesL Manufacturer's Name Type \_ Model No Slot size \_ trom. fi. to ft. Diam.. Slot size ... from fi to .tt Diam. NoX Size of gravel Gravel packed: Yes ft to Gravel placed from ft. 1992 35 Surface seal: Yes /To what depth? tt Nol be Arr. Y-Material used in seal ..... Did any strate contain unusable water? Yes NoL 12 Dooth of strata Type of water?. Method of seeling strate off. PUMP: Manufacturer's Name (7) H.P Туре WATER LEVELS Land-surface elevation (8) above mean sea level 7-23-\_ ft below top of well Date Static level lbs. per square inch. Date Artesian pressure Artesian water is controlled by .... (Cap. valve, etc.)) 19. Completed Work started (9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level Was a pump test made? Yes I No I If yes, by whom? \_ WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION: Yield \_\_\_gal./min\_with \_ It. drawdown after hra. I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well. ..... and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information reported above are true to my best •• knowledge and ballet Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level) 1, hg Time Time Water Level Water Lave Time Water Level NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Address 1202 Date of lest ..... (Signed) Ì II drawdown after hra Contractor's 45 tt. lor .gal./min.with stem set at \_ Airtest \_\_\_\_ Registreth QUJIZONO Date g.p.m. Date Artesian flow Waa a chemical analysis made? Yes 🛄 No Temperature of water (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY) ECY 050-1-20 (10-67) 1329

Depart	riginal and First Copy with ment of Ecology I Copy — Owner's Copy Copy — Driller's Copy	WATER WE		Application 1 Permit No	No.	/
(1) (	OWNER: Name Lee Hanfo	nt.	Addres Bridge	ent, u	12	
ă,	and distance from section or subdivision corner	Torglas	NE S			<u>5 wm</u>
Ψ Υ <sub>3) Β</sub>	PROPOSED USE: Domestic X Industrial		(10) WELL LOG:			<
	Irrigation 🗌 Test Well		Formation: Describe by color, cha show thickness of aquifers and th stratum penetrated, with at least	racter, size of materia e kind and nature of t one entry for each c	i and stru he materi hange of	cture, and al in each formation.
ົງ <del>(</del> ) 1	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)		MATERIAL		FROM	то
	New well of Method: Dug Deepened Cab	l [] Bored [] ble [] Drives []		oil	0	2
Ē		ary Jetted	SAN	d & GRAVE	2	45
	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well Drilled					
₽					·	
<u> </u>	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	110	·····			
<b>5</b> (	Casing installed: <u>8</u> Diam. from <u><i>t</i>/</u> Threaded <u>Diam. from</u>					
Ĕ	Welded 🛛					
- e	<b>X</b>		<u> </u>			
r the	Perforations: Yes D No					
	SIZE of perforations					
and/or	perforations from ft.					
Ĕ	perforations from					
	- <u> </u>			-		
Data 2	Screens: Yes D No D					
	Manufacturer's Name					
e	Diam Slot size from					<u> </u>
	Diam Slot size from	ft. to ft.				
È (	Gravel packed: Yes 🗆 No 🗡 Size of gra	vel :				
a	Gravel placed from ft. to	1				·
warranty me		h? <u>18</u> n				
>	Material used in scal	Yes No D				
5	Type of water? Depth of sta					
ż	Method of sealing strata off			MALE 1		
S(7) I	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		<u> </u>			
<u> </u>	Туре:	НР				
<u>58)</u>	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level.	n "	; /	<u></u>		
<b>D</b> tatic	levelft. below top of well E an pressurelbs. per square inch E Artesian water is controlled by	Date 2-25-1/	and the		•	
	an pressure	Date	$\mathcal{A}$ , $\mathcal{A}$ , $\mathcal{A}$			
ŏ ш		valve, etc.)	C (2) 11 1			•_
5 <sup>9) \</sup>	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount w lowered below static lev	vel	Work started	8. Completed	2-25	, 19. <b>8</b> /
⊂ ′ield:	pump test made? Yes [] No [] If yes, by whom gal./min. with ft. drawdown a		WELL DRILLER'S STAT			
<del>س السر</del>	Barris		This well was drilled und		and this	report ie
Ĕ <u>~</u>		**	true to the best of my know	ledge and belief.		10pore 13
	ery data (time taken as zero when pump turned easured from well top to water level) e Water Level   Time Water Level   Time		NAME MIM CL		II iNg	rint)
ב		L 60	482 0	Las Da A	Ila . I.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	an upr 20	+ 60 gpm	Address 0 Dy C	ingipior 1	case	-
	ite of test	·	Iniman Kinauli	ROlennoi	1]	
	testft. drawdown	afterhrs.	[Signed] Navwyk	(Well Driller)	<b>*</b>	
Artesi	an flowg.p.m. Date		License No. 0358	<b>D</b> -th <b>2</b> -	- 25	
Temps	rature of water	adet Yes D No 🗙	LICENSE NO		<u> </u>	, 19.9.7

Der Sec	Conginal and First Copy with Dartment of Ecology ond Copy — Owner's Copy rd Copy — Driller's Copy STATE OF W		Application No.	
	) OWNER: Name Lee Heipiner	Address JTZY BENTE , MOI	stick, Wh	
t (2 od	IDCATION OF WELL: County Douglas	NE W NWW	Sec. 19 T. 29 N. R.	28 <b>F</b> w M (
ወ	PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🗗 Industrial 🗆 Municipal 🗆	(10) WELL LOG:		
e	Irrigation  Test Well Other	Formation: Describe by color, character show thickness of aquifers and the kind		
	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well	stratum penetrated, with at least one e	ntry for each change of	formation.
> (4 //	New well P Method: Dug Bored	MATERIAL	FROM	то
thi	Deepened Cable Driven	Seil + bouters	0	16
	Reconditioned 🗆 Rotary 🗗 Jetted 🗋	Basalt (black)		35
0 0 (5	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.	Bosald (Grown( 29:0		40
· · ·	Drilled 200 ft Depth of completed well 200 ft.	BasaH(6/ack bard.		160
<u> </u>	Briter Provide Republic Completed Weinstein	Basatt (broken 15 to		170_
6) <b>کا</b>	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Clay (groco)	/7/	200
Information	Casing installed: 6 " Diam. from 7/ 11. to 2/ 11.			
2	Threaded Diam. from ft. to ft.			-
Ĕ	Welded 🗆			<b> </b>
-	Porforations:	l		<u> </u>
and/or the	Perforations: Yes D No R Type of perforator wed			
	SIZE of perforations in, by in.			
ō	ft. to ft. to	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ē	perforations from	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
an	perforations from ft. to ft.			
σ	Screens: Yes 🗆 No 🕵			<u> </u>
Data	Manufacturer's Name			
	Type Model No			
the	Diam. Slot size from ft. to ft. to ft.			
	Diam. Slot size from ft. to ft.			<u> </u>
warranty	Gravel packed: Yes 🗆 No 😹 Size of gravel:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Gravel placed from ft, to ft.	ί.·		·
Ľ	Surface seal: Yes No [] To what depth?	-		
n N	Material used in seal Bearloarte			
5	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No 🔀			
5	Type of water? Depth of strata	DEP:	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 
<u>2</u> _	Method of sealing strata off.			
 ה(7	) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			
ğ ``	Type: HP.	<u></u>		<u> </u>
 doe: 			······	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	above mean sea level			
O) Sta	tic level 34 ft. below top of well Date 5-8-28 esian pressure lbs. per square inch Date			
	Artesian water is controlled by			<u>F</u>
ŏ	(Cap, valve, etc.)			
ш— (9	) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	+-0 #5	Completed 5-5	
ΠÒ	is a pump test made? Yes No 🗿 If yes, by whom?	Work started 5-3 1978	Completed	
<u> 1</u>	ld: gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEM	ENT:	
e _	ii ii ii	This well was drilled under m;		report is
		true to the best of my knowledge		
	covery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	1 7 11	oration) (Type or p	
e -	Fime Water Level   Time Water Level   Time Water Level	Person firm or corr	CII LIYIMITY poration) (Type or p	rint)
د				
a		Address P.O. Box 1651 Ya	KIMZ, Wn. 98	10
		_/ _/	0	
~	Date of test	[Signed] [Canry Day	L	
	lier test	´ / ~~	(ell Driller)	
	g.p.m. Date mperature of water	License No. 025-5	Date 5-8	19.78

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)



**بھ** 

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cond Copy Owner's Copy	ATER WELL REPORT	Application	
DENER. Towns I have		Permit No.	
LOCATION OF WELL: County Dougle	Address	WW == 30 T	n0 E
ng and distance from section or subdivision corner			
3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🗗 Industrial 🗆	Municipal [] (10) WELL LOG:		
Irrigation 🗋 Test Weil 🗋		lor, character, size of materic and the kind and nature of it least one entry for each c	
<ol> <li>TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)</li></ol>	MAT	TERIAL	FROM TO
Deepened Cable		Tota C	0' 12
Reconditioned Rotary	Jented D Angel House	F Mak	10 120
b) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 8-1 Drilled 29.0 (t. Depth of completed well 6	DO Inches Harrows 1504	alto Entrier	130/142
	Acd Busa	H Waak	1000
b) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	A' HOLE-CEM		<b>4</b> 32 640
Casing installed: O " Diam. from O ft. Threaded D " Diam. from ft.		·····	
Welded Di Diam. from			
Perforations: Yes 🗆 No 😰		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	<b>*</b>
			and the second section
perforations from			
perforations from ft. to	n	<u>-</u>	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Manufacturer's Name			
Type	·····		
Diam. Slot size from			
Gravel packed: Yes 🗆 No 👧 Size of gravel:			
<b>A</b> -	<b>n</b> .		·
Surface seal: Yes No D To what depth?	18 m.		
Material used in seal SEATOALTS. Did any strate contain unusable water? Yes	NO D	·	
Type of water?			
Method of sealing strata off			
) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			<u> </u>
<u> </u>			
) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level			
testan pressure			
Artesian water is controlled by. (Cap, valve	e, etc.)		
) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water lowered below static level			
u a pump test made? Yes 🗌 🛛 No 🍂 If yes, by whom? 👘	Work started		30 1979
eld: 40 gal/min. with 0 ft. drawdown after	hrs. WELL DRILLER'S		
	true to the best of my	l under my jurisdiction a knowledge and belief.	and this report is
covery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) measured from well top to water level)		$\left[ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \sum$	. 1.
fime Water Level Time Water Level Time	Water Level NAME CLAN C	frm, or corporation) (3	or printh
	Address DOX 8	25 Cout	e Cit-
		)	5.1
er test	hrs. [Signed]	(Well Driller)	~
analysis made?	(124)	10	
	Yes 🗋 No 🗋 [License No	Date V	rentaria 1977

	nd Copy—Owner's Copy Copy—Driller's Copy	STATE OF N	WASHINGTON		1716	6	$\mathcal{L}$
				Water Right Permit No		• • • • •	9
1	OWNER; NAMO Ray Henton		Address	BRidge port	, wa.		· ·
(2)	LOCATION OF WELL: County Douglas			SW NE . SA	<u>. 35 12</u>	9. N. R	<u>15E</u>
		tighung	17 + Foste	R CREEK Jun	CTION		
3)	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial	Municipal 🗌	(10) WELL L				PIPTI
	DeWater Test Well	Other 🗌		ribe by color, character, size			
		t so iall	thickness of aquife	are and the kind and nature of in http://or.each.change.of information	the material in ea		
4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well Reptice Me	_		MATERIAL		FROM	то
	Abandoned New well K Method: Dug Despend Cable K	Bored 🛛 Driven 🗖		Top Soil	· · · · ·	0	3
	Reconditioned  Rotary	Jetted 🗆	Sand of G	-Ravel, Consol		3	24
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well	inches.	Gand y	GRANCI +, Clay		24	28
	Drilledfeet. Depth of completed well	<u>IDtt</u>	Bolder	S, Sandr, GA	ave/	28	38
(e)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:		Sept	Y-GRAVEL		38	46
0)	/ <b>እ</b> Å	60	6000 (y	-Revel with	were	46	56
	Casing installed: <u>/U</u> Dism. from <u>U</u> t, to	11	GRAVES	& Sand, (Ti	<u>947)</u>	56	62
	Liner installed		Good	,6-rave/		62	X
	Threaded Diam. from ft. to	<u>8 -                                   </u>	Serve		1	20	28
	Perforations: Yes No		Card 0	GRAVE / Y-SAN	7	28	20
	Type of perforator used		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		in.					
	perforations from ft. to		·				
	perforations fromft. to						
	perforatione from fl. to	fl.					+
	Screens: Yes X No			······································			
	Manufacturer's NameO//// JUA/ TypeTai// 1055Model					·	
	Diam. 10 T Slot size / 100 trom. 61 th to	<u>2/ n</u>					
	Diam. 107 Slot size 1080 from 83 H. to	01	······································				1
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel					1	
	Gravel placed fromft. to	ft.	<b>811111</b> 1011				1
		5n.		1.1 . 8	72		1
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 2. Material used in seal <u>Benton i TC</u>	<u> </u>		JUL & V			
	Did any strate contain unueable water? Yea No				I.		
	Type of water?Depth of at Method of sealing strats off					·	
							<u> </u>
(r)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name						
	Type:	H.P	<b>{</b>				+
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level	au at	·				+
	Static level the below top of well Date	<u>~~7-7</u> ~					
	Artesian pressure lbs. per square inch Date Artesian water is controlled by						•
	Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, et	c.))	Weterst	7-6- 9249. Con	unisted ウー	-24-	
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered b	elow static level	Work started	, w. Con			
	Was a pump test made? Yes No 💓 If yes, by whom?		WELL CONS	TRUCTOR CERTIFICA	TION:		
	Yield: gel./min. with ft. drawdown after .	hre.		ed and/or accept respons			
				mpliance with all Washing sed and the information re			
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water lev	el measured	knowledge	and belief.	•		-
	from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time	Water Level	341.50	dle Eutropeice	*		
			NAME 00/10	PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORA	TION)		da Print
			P.a.	BOD 279 BREW.	stor 41	, 988	12
			Address		and the		
	Date of test	/	d	e L. Windle	License I	IH.	2/
	Bailer test _20_ gal, /min. with0 It. drawdown after	- <u>4</u> hm	(Signed)	(WELL DRILLER)	LICENSE	NO	<u> </u>
			A				
	Airtest gal, / min. with stem set at ft. for .	•	Contractor's Registrationa/	E121AR Date	17-22		4

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File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Second Copy — Owner's Copy Third Copy — Driller's Copy	WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF WASHINGTON		<b>0.</b>
(1) OWNER: Name Foster Circh Lands	Cettle Ca. Address May	chield West 9883	0
( OCATION OF WELL: County	) ouglast	541 1/2 541 1/2 Sec. 1 725	
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🗆 Industr Irrigation 🗹 Test W	ell Other Formation: Describ show thickness of a	e by color, character, size of materia quifers and the kind and nature of t	he material in each
	ell 2 ug [] Bored [] able [] Driven []	With at least one entry for each cl	FROM     TO       O     /       /     / %
	<u>/0</u> inches. <u>Sau</u>	Lit clay wet dig they + gravel and + gravel	18 49 49 53 53 64
<ul> <li>(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:</li> <li>Casing installed: <u>/O</u> " Diam. from <u>J</u>.</li> <li>Threaded <u>"Diam. from </u>Welded <u>"Diam. from </u>Welded <u>"Diam. from </u>Welded <u>"Diam. from </u>Welded <u>SIZE of perforator used </u>SIZE of perforators <u>J</u>.</li> <li>SIZE of perforations <u>J</u>. in b</li> <li><u>2</u><sup>L1</sup> perforations from <u>Latt</u></li> <li><u>perforations from Latt</u></li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c} ft. to ft. \\ \hline ft. to ft. \\ \hline y \ ft. to ft. \\ ft. to \ ft. \\ ft. \\ ft. to \ ft. \\ ft. \\$	& Malon Property	
Gravel placed from ft. to	ft. to       ft.         ft. to       ft.         gravel:       ft.         ft.       ft.		
Surface seal: Yes II No To what d Material used in seal	Yes  No  Strata		
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface eleva above mean sea le Static level	vel         ft.           Date	•	
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amoun lowered below static Was a pump test made? Yes [] No [] If yes, by wi Yield: gal/min. with ft. drawdow """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	mafter hrs. WELL DRILI	LER'S STATEMENT: as drilled under my jurisdiction t of my knowledge and belief.	
	ned off) (water level 'ime Water Level NAME	VIM, Quality C (Person, firm, or corporation) 2 Ber 483 Res Auc Bilance	Type or print) dypent, Wh. 780
Bailer testft. drawdo Artesian flowg.p.m. Date Temperature of water Was a chemical analysi	own afterhrs,	(Well Driller)	- 15, 19.51

CHELAN HILLS AND CHELAN SPRINGS MONITORED WELL LOGS

e of Intent WI09842 DUE WELLID # AFE 409
y Kd Antura WA 98
33 <u>7 2) NR 23 WM</u>
MISSIONING PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION character size of material and structure and aterial in each stratum penetrated with at lease
Information Indicate all water encounteredFROMTOCurrentØOZFoldursZ
ular 901 VIX 15 40 und souvel 40 46
DECEIVE Novi51999
DEVARIMENT OF ECOLOGY CENTRAL REGION OFFICE
99 Completed 18-27 9
ERTIFICATION
Ington well construction standards Materials ed above are true to my best knowledge and all Miller License No 1437 censed Driller/Engineer) License No 1437 License No 1437 Li

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File Original and First Copy with	Start Cerd No. 48235	
Department of Ecology WAJERW	ELL REPORT UNIQUE WELL I.D. # ABX 9/	13
	F WASHINGTON Water Right Permit No.	
(1) OWNER: Name JASON Sundum	Moren HCR 80 Box 486 Childen WA 180	83/
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Dong/45	54 1/4 Shi 1/4 Sec 32 727 N. 82	3
(2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address)		<u>_</u> "
(3) PROPOSED USE: Comestic Industrial C Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION	
(3) PHOPOSED USE: Discontinuate industrial Dimensional Discontinuation Test Well Discontinuation	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of	d souife
(4) TYPE OF WORK · Owner's number of well	and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry change of information.	for sa
Abandoned  New well  Method: Dug  Bored	MATERIAL, FROM	то
Despend C Cable C Driven C	Sandy locom 0	8
Reconditioned C Rotary & Jetted C		24
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well (o inche	. S. 1/2 Sands / gravel 24 4	13
Drilledfeet. Depth of completed wellf85f	" Solt white granity 43 /	50
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	- alonge soft pranity (2) 150 1.	55
	med hard black white star, 155 3	305
	" Juan 44 bite Soft stan be W. 305 3	341
	T this will be and a star 240 to	103
Threaded Dlam fromft to f	h black hand granite with 405 4	784
Perforations: Yes No 🙀	Latermittant site lenn mores	-0-
Type of perforator used	Taken Million Star King Jones	
SIZE of perforations in. by In	n.	
perforations fromft. to	n	
perforations from ft. to	n	
perforations from ft. to ft	n	
Screens: Yes No 🔀		
Manufacturer's Name		
Type Model No		
Gravel packed: Yes 🗋 No 🎗 Size of gravel	Bit Area and a	
Gravel placed from ft. to ft.	t	
Surface seal: Yes No D Jó what depth?		
Material used in seal		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗌 No 🚾		
Type of water? Depth of strata		-
Method of sealing strata off		
7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		
Туре: Н.Р		
3) WATER LEVELS: Land surface elevation	Work Started 7-14 .19. Completed 7-19 1	<del>.</del> 2
Static level	, is. completed, is.	9/0
Artesian pressure lbs. per square inch Date	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	
Artesian water is controlled by	- I constructed and/or accept companyibility for economication of this well as	
(Cap, valve, etc.)	<ul> <li>I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, an compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used</li> </ul>	and brack
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	the information reported above are true to my best-knowledge and belief	
Was a pump test made? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 If yes, by whom?	Same MARACON CALLANDA	
Yield:gal./min. withft. drawdown after hrs		
	- MARINO DO 985	51
и и р	Adoress	÷,
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned of) (water level measured from well	(Signed)	32
top to water level)	(WELL DRILLER)	+
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	Contractor's	
1080 petters Dia de	No. MOMAUS/38NO Date 7-21	2.
	$- \int NO_{1} \frac{\mu \mu \mu \mu}{\mu \mu} \frac{\mu \mu}{\mu \mu} \frac{\mu \mu}{\mu \mu}$	<u> </u>
Date of test	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)	
Airtest gal/min. with stem set at ft. for hre.	Englanding on English Change and the state of the state o	SDØ-
Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	<ul> <li>cial accommodation needs, contact the Water Resources Program at (2)</li> </ul>	
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No	407-6600. The TDD number is (206) 407-6006.	

ECY 050-1-20 (9/93) \*\* /

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Bird Copy — Owner's Copy	LL REPORT Application No.
	ASHINGTON Permit No.
1) OWNER: Name DON AVSTVEROM	Address 500 MENiel Canyon Kd Orandou
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Douglas	- NE 1 A/E 1 Sec 13 T27N, ROZAWA
saring and distance from section or subdivision corner	Lot J Div 3 Shelan Sorings
3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🕺 Industrial 🗆 Municipal 🗖	(10) WELL LOG:
Irrigation [] Test Well [] Other []	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the meterial in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.
4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of weil (if more than one)	MATERIAL PROM TO
New well 🔲 Method: Dug 🗌 Bored 🗋	Decomposed Granie 55 205
Deepened D Cable Driven Reconditioned Rotary D Jetted	the inpused think 23 ave
5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches.	
Drilled 150 tt. Depth of completed well 205 tt.	
6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS;	
Casing installed: Diam. from ft. to ft.	
Threaded []	
Welded the manual the manual the terminal the manual the terminal the manual the terminal the terminal the terminal the terminal ter	
Perforations: Yes 🗆 No 🗶	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Type of performing und	
SIZE of perforations in. by in.	
perforations from ft. to ft.	
perforations from	
Screens: Yes 🗆 No 🏛	
Manufacturer's Name	
Diam. Slot size from ft. to ft.	
Diam: Slot size from tt. to the ft.	
Gravel packed: Yes 🗆 No 🖉 Size of gravel;	
Gravel placed from	
Surface seal: Yes D No D To what depth? ft.	
Material used in scal	
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗌 No 🗌	
Type of water?	RINE DI
Method of sealing strata off	
7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	
Туре:	
8) WATER LEVELS: Land-sufface elevation	
atic level	
rtesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date	DEPART PLANAL OFFICE
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.)	SUMME
(Cap, valve, etc.)	
9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	2-16 6 5 11
/as a pump test made? Yes No I If yes, by whom?	Wark started 2, 190. Completed Starter, 1988.
ield: 2 gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT
II	This well was drilled under inv jurisdiction and this report is
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	true to the best of my knowledge and bellet.
ecovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	Fiel N'IL' Y
Time Water Level   Time Water Level   Time Water Level	NAME FOUR Star Drilling
	(Person, firm, or corporation), (Type of print)
	Address SOX 37 Hartline Wa.
	1) 0 a
Date of test	[Signed] tild merson 9913
tiller test	(Well Driller)
rtesian flow	121

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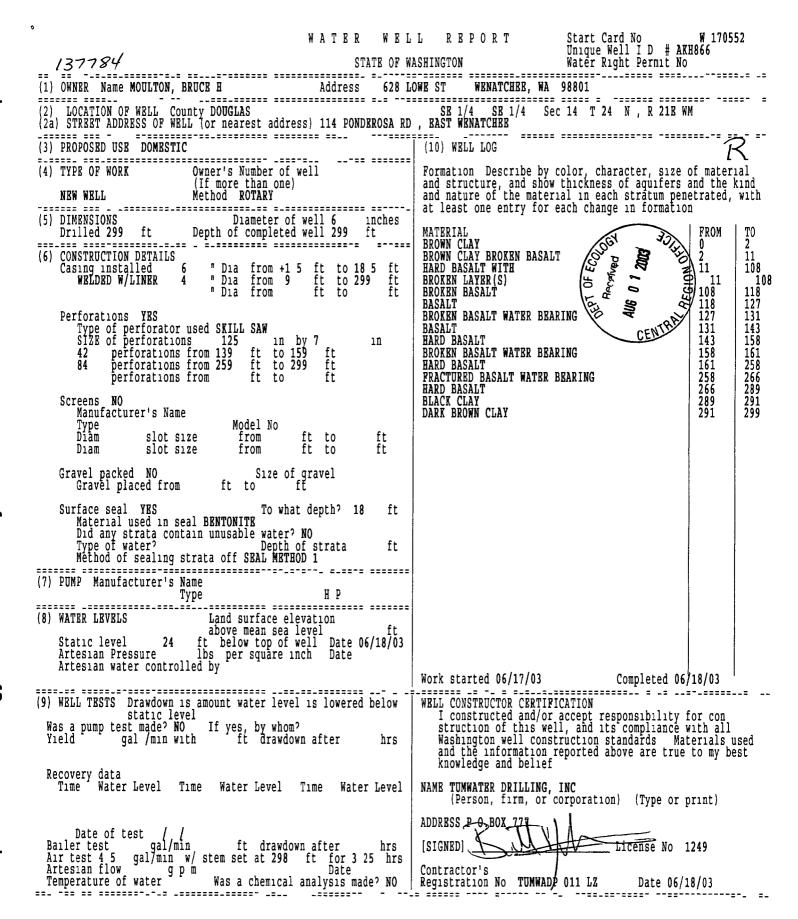
Second Copy — Owner's Copy	VELL REPORT Start Card No. 50792 UNIQUE WELL LD. # ABL957 OF WASHINGTON Water Right Permit No.
OWNER: NATTO TOM Concrean	Norma P.O. Bry 4 Chilan Fills WA 98819
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: Carry Dong (25)	1/4 NE 1/4 Sec 23 127 N. R. 23 WM.
(2a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest actives)	1/41/4 SecT
(3) PROPOSED USE: A Domestic Industrial I Municipal I Infgetion DeWater Test Well Other I	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (If more than one)	change of information.
Abandoned 🗋 New welt 🛃 Method: Dug 🗋 Bored 🗆 Despend 🗆 Cable 🗌 Driven 🗌	MATERIAL FROM TO
Reconditioned Rotary & Jetted	and is in a fly any di to
5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 874 (inc	
Drilled feet. Depth of completed well	1 basalt talas in che 28 39
	- Lout endire . 29 43
6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	wet All grand in class 23 alla
Casing installed: <u>8</u> Diam. from <u>7</u> 2 ft. to <u>3</u> 7 Welded	- Clarkon arend VIIA 411 1115
Liner installed	-" Alennalus and il ille The
Threaded I > 14 March and A13 March 24	_1
Perforations: Yes 🗋 Ng 🕰	
Type of perforator used	
	_in.
perforations from ft. to	_n.
ft. to ft. to	t.
perforations from ft. to	_n
Screens: Yes No 🔍	
Manufacturer's Name	
Type Model No	-
DiamStot size from ft. to	
Diam Slot size from ft. to	ft
Gravel packed: Yes No 🖉 Size of gravel Gravel placed from ft. to	
	- tt.
Surface seal: Yes 🖉 No 🗌 to when digits?	n
Material used in seal	
Did any strate contain upbeable water? Yes 🗷 No 🔁	
Type of water? Hollme to Sprall pepth of strata	
Method of sealing strata off	
) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	
Type:	
) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation	- in the of
O Love mean sea lovel	Work Started 19. Completed 19 7
Static level ft. below top of well Date ft. below top of well Date	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:
Artesian pressure Ibs. per equare inch Date	_
(Cap. valve, etc.)	i constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and
) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	the information reported above set true to my best providings and beliet
Was a pump test made? Yes No I if yes, by whom?	$M/M(Q_{1}, V, t)$
Malah	n. NAME (PERSON FINANCE COMPARED AT IN THE COMPARED AT INTERCOMPARED AT INTERCO
10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	- 11x High 1 00 98813
	" Address /60/ "Shland Rd. 00/2
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from we	" (Signed) Milli License No. 1437
	(Well Division)
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	Contractor's
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Reclay MQ 40138NO Date 10-24 19 94
	- No. 19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/19/1
Dete of test	- (USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)
Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdowgrafter hr	
Airbest gal./min. with stem set at ft. for he	Easternation of the state of a state
Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	cial accommodation needs, contact the Water Resources Program at (206)
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes 🔲 No 🖄	407-6600. The TDD number is (208) 407-6006.
Y (50-1-20 (0-83) ***	1

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The Department of Ecology does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Information on this Well Report.

## BADGER MOUNTAIN MONITORED WELL LOGS



Department of Ecology does NOT Warranty the Data and/or the Information on this Well Report.

The

	(1)	
File Original and First Copy with	LL REPORT FS- Application No	o
Second Copy — Owner's Copy	TA GENERAL COMPANY	•
	VASHINGTON 7 Permit No	
(1) OWNER: Name ON 100115	Address TO Star DO UL	mattice L
LOCATION OF WELL: County County	glace - NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec 1 3 T-24	t <sub>N, R</sub> 21 w.m.
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner ////	Thadfer Min Deor apricit	D
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic 🕱 Industrial 🗌 Municipal 🗌	(10) WELL LOG:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Irrigation 🗌 Test Well 🗍 Other 🗌	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of th	e material in each
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well	stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each cha MATERIAL	
New well A Method: Dug Bored	So ')	FROM TO
Deepened Cable Driven Reconditioned Reconditioned	Brown Broken Bridgelf PChy	5' 125'
	Dater 100 to 125	
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches. Drilled 125 ft. Depth of completed well 125 ft.		
6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:		
Casing installed: Diam. from ft. to ft. Threaded [] Diam. from ft. to ft.		
Welded  Welded  Welded  Welded	·	
Perforations: Yes D No 🗹		
Perforations: yes D No 🙀 Type of perforator used		
SIZE of perforations in. by in.		
perforations from ft. to ft. perforations from ft. to ft. to ft.		
perforations from ft. to ft.		
Screens: Yes 🗇 No 💢		
Manufacturer's Name		······································
Type Model No Diam	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Diam.'		
Gravel packed: Yes 🗋 No 🔏 Size of gravel:		
Gravel placed from ft. to ft.		
Surface seal: yes X No To what depth?		
Material used in seal		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes   No   Type of water? Depth of strata		
Method of sealing strata off		7
7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		The provide the second
Туре:		<u>ser</u>
8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea levelft.		1
tatic levelft. below top of well Date		
rtesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date Artesian water is controlled by		
(Cap, valve, etc.)		
9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started Lo - 1	- 9- 186
Mas a pump test made? Yes I     No I     If yes, by whom?       ield:     gal./min. with     ft. drawdown after     hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:	
	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction an	d this report is
n n n	true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	· ·
tecovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	NAME FORME Stor Duilling	
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	(Person, firm, or corporation)	pe or print)
	Address Box 37 Hartline W	te.
	$  () \cap c$	· ,
Date of test	[Signed]	_
rtesian flowg.p.m. Date	124 1-0	- 01
The the temperature of water	License No	, 19.0.4
shales All		
USE ADDITIONAL SH	AREIS IF INECESSARI)	<b>3</b>

## WELL LOG CHANGE FORM

**Instructions:** Record any change made to the well log record on this form. Append this form to the well log image. File with the original.

WCL Log ID (Required) N/A Well Log ID 145034
Regional Office: CRO ERO NWRO SWRO
Type of Well: Water Resource
Notice of Intent: <u>NIA</u> Ecology Well ID Tag No. <u>N/A</u>
Property (Well) Owner's Name Ron Robins Well Street Address
Well Street Address
Location: $\underline{NW}$ 1/4-1/4 $\underline{NW}$ 1/4 $\underline{Sec}$ $\underline{12}$ Twn $\underline{24}$ R $\underline{21}$ $\underline{E}$ or W (Circle One)
Lat. /Long: (Required)       Lat. Deg       Lat. Min/Sec         Long. Deg       Long. Min/Sec         Horizontal Collection Method Code
Tax Parcel No
Type of Work:  New Well Reconditioned Deepened Well Log Received Date /// Well Diameter (in inches) Well Depth (in feet) Well Completed Date ///
Driller's Ecology License No Trainee's Ecology License No
Reason/Source of Change (Required) <u>CORRECTION TO SECTION ONLY</u> Well is in Section 12, not 13.
Signature of Well Log Tracker (Required) Date Date Date ZO/_05
Imaging Well Log Phase 11 – Change Form ECY-WR-WLCF Rev. 10/02/02

State of WashingtonDate Printed:17-Jun-2005Log No.Construction/DecommissionOriginal16405ConstructionConstruction Notice75767	Notice of Intent No.:       W190406         Unique Ecology Well I.D. No       AKM235         Water Right Permit Number:       Mater Right Permit Number:		
PROPOSED USE: DOMESTIC	OWNER: MURRAY, EDWARD L.		
TYPE OF WOR Owners's Well Number: (If more than one well) 1	OWNER ADDR: 519 N. FRENCH RD ARLINGTON, WA 98223 Well Street Address: LOT 7 BADGER MTN. "D"		
NEW WELL Method: ROTARY	City: Wenatchee, WA 98802 County: DOUGLAS		
DIMENSIONS     Diameter of well:     6     inches       Drilled     140     ft.     Depth of completed well     140     ft.	Location:         1/4         SW         1/4         Sec         23         T         24         R         21E         EW           Lat/Long:         Lat Deg         Lat Min/Sec         (s, t, r still)         Lat Min/Sec         (s, t, r still)         (s, t, r still)		
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: Casing installed WELDED	REQUIRED) Long Deg Long Min/Se		
Liner installed: $PVC$ 6 "Dia from +2 ft. to 18 ft bia from ft. to ft			
4 " Dia from 10 ft. to 140 ft. " Dia from ft. to ft	CONSTRUCTION OR DECOMMISSION PROCEDURE		
Perforations: Yes Used In: Liner Type of perforator used SKILL SAW	<ul> <li>Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure. Show thickness of aquifiers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated. Show at least one entry for each change in formation.</li> </ul>		
SIZE of perforations 6 in. b 1/8 in.	Material From To		
60 Perforation from 100 ft. to 140 ft.	BASALT COBBLE CLAY 0 2		
Perforation from ft. to ft.	BASALT MEDIUM 2 40		
Perforation from ft. to ft.	BASALT HARD4098BROKEN BASALT9811		
Screens: No K-Pac Location	BASALT FRACTURED W/WATER 110 13		
Manufacture's Name	BASALT HARD 130 14		
Type: Model No	OFFOO		
Diam. slot size from ft. to ft.	R. Or 20010		
Diam. slot size from ft. to ft.	Received 7		
Gravel/Filter packed: No Size of Gravel	JUL 0 7/ 2005		
Material placed fro ft. to ft.			
Surface seal: Yes To what depth 18 ft. Seal method: Material used in seal BENTONITE			
Seał method: Material used in seal <b>BENTONITE</b> Did any strata contain unusable water <b>No</b>	Notes:		
Type of water Depth of strata			
Method of sealing strata off			
PUMP: Manufacture's name			
Type: H.P. 0	Work starte 05/19/2005 Complete 05/20/2005		
WATER LEVELS         Land-surface elevation above mean sea level:         0         ft.	WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION:		
Static level 60ft.below top of wellDate05/19/2005Artesian PressureIbs per square inchDate	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards Materials used and the information reported are true to my best knowledge and belief.		
Artesian water controlled by	🖌 Driller 🔲 Engineer 📋 Trainee		
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Name: MARTY RUGO License No.: 2038		
Was a pump test made No If yes, by whom	Signature: _/_/_&///KU97		
Yield gal/min with ft drawdown after Yield gal/min with ft drawdown after	If trainee, Licensed driller is License No.:		
Yield     gal/min with     ft drawdown after       Yield     gal/min with     ft drawdown after	Licensed Driller Signature		
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off)(water level measured from well			
top to water level	Drilling Company: NAME: FOGLE PUMP & SUPPLY, INC. Shop: REPUBLIC		
Time: Water Leve Time: Water Leve Time: Water Leve	ADDRESS: PO Box 456		
	Republic, WA 99166		
	Phone: 5097752878 Toll Free: 8008453500		
Date of test:	E-Mail: foglewest@rcabletv.com		
Bailer test gal/min ft drawdown after hrs.	FAX: 5097750498 WEB Site: www.foglepump.com		
Air test 20 gal/min w/ stem set at 140 ft. for 1 hours Artesian flow gpm Date	Contractor's		
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made No	Registration No.: FOGLEPS095L4 Date Log Created: 06/17/200		

• Original and First Copy with partment of Ecology With	LL REPORT UNIQUE WELL I.D. # ACK	<u>710</u> 059
cond Copy - Owner's Copy	VASHINGTON Weter Right Permit No.	<u></u>
OWNER: Name WILLIN, CARY	-9209 CRESEDT BAR N.W. GUILLY	WA 9E
LOCATION OF WELL: Courty DOUGLAS	SE 1/4 NE 1/4 Sec 15 T 24 N.	121E WI
a) STREET ADDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) 3. SUU 17.5 BAD	GERMI, EAST WERMCHEE	H
PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DESCRI	TION
DeWater Test Well Other	Formation Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thic and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated with et least or change of information	
TYPE OF WORK:         Owner's number of well (if more than one)         Owner's number of well           Abandoned         New well         Method:         Dug         Bored         I	MATERIAL FROM	то
Abandoned I New well I Method Dug Bored I Deepened I Cable Driven Reconditioned Rotary 2 Jetted I	EXASTIC 6" WELL - DORM C	
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well inches. Drilled feet. Depth of completed well 10 fl.	BASALI	3 182
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	BROKEN BASALT 1/2-1 april 187	
Cesting installed: <u>4</u> <u>b</u> Diam. from <u>1990</u> ft. to <u>210</u> ft. Welded <u>b</u> Diam. from ft. to ft.	BASALT 18	5 161
Liner installed Diam fromft. toft.	BLACK CLAY 189	k 97
Type of perforation usedSKTLSAWSIZE of perforationsT	BROWN CUTY WRO 201-201 A	2 201
<u>41</u> perforations from <u>190</u> ft to <u>210</u> ft.	BROWN. VERY FAUE SAYD 20	5 211
perforabone fromft toft.		_
Screens: Yes 🔲 No 🔀		
Type Model No Diam. Slot size from fl. to fl.		
DiamSlot sizefromft. toft. toft. toft. toft. toft. toft. toft. toft. toft.		-
Gravel packed: Yes 🗌 No 🙀 Size of grave!		-
Gravel placed fromft toft		
Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? ft.		-
Matanal used in seal Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗌 No 🔀	DEPAE IMENT OF LCOLOGY	
Type of water? Depth of strata Method of sealing strata off	CENTRAL REGION OFFICE	
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		
Type: H P		
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation Static level		19 <u>/ C</u>
Arbewan preasure lbs. per equare inch Date	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap. valve, etc.)	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materi	
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	the information reported above are true to my best knowledge and be	blief
Was a pump test made? Yes	NAME WMWATER DRILLING 44	<u>×.    </u>
	Address LEAUEDWORTH UDA	
n n H 11	PITAL	10119
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	(Signed) (Well Drillery Loense No	
	Registration ADIZ 1330 C Date 5-26	; <b>9</b> 8
Date of test	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)	
Baller test gel./mm. with ft. drawdown after hrs. Airteet 5 gel./mm. with stem set at 100 ft. for hrs.	Ecology is an Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action employe	
Artesian flow g p.m. Date G - 6 - 6	clal accommodation needs, contact the Water Resources Progra 407-6600. The TDD number is (206) 407-6006	

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## WELL LOG CHANGE FORM

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Instructions: Record any change made to the well log record on this form Then always append this form to the well log image File with the original

WCL Log ID (Required) Well Log ID
Regional Office: CRO ERO NWRO SWRO
Type of Well       Water       Resource         Notice of Intent       Ecology Well ID Tag No         Property (Well) Owner's Name
Long. Deg. Long Min/Sec
Horizontal Collection Method Code Tax Parcel No Type of Work: New Well Reconditioned Deepened Decomm(5 Stor Well Log Received Date _/ / Well Diameter (in inches) Well Depth (in feet) Well Completed Date _/ / Driller's Ecology License No Trainee's Ecology License No
Reason/Source of Change (Required) <u>Vo Matice of Intent(NOI) sent in for this well log.</u> <del>So to NOI# on this form for more information</del> <u>regarding this well.</u>
Signature of Well Log Tracker (Required) Cc Plummer Date
ECY-WR-WLCF Rev. 10/02/02 ACXOS9 WO87140 3/31/03

P 206.329.0141 | F 206.329.6968 2377 Eastlake Avenue East | Seattle, WA 98102

P 206.842.3202 | F 206.842.5041 8150 West Port Madison NE | Bainbridge, WA 98110

**P** 360.570.8244 | **F** 360.570.0064 1627 Linwood Avenue SW | Tumwater, WA 98512

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