

Exhaust Notes

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Testing Equipment Now Available

State law authorizes emission testing by a state contractor and other businesses through 2019.

As of this newsletter's publication five automotive repair shops have become authorized test facilities. More are in the process of obtaining testing equipment.

To become an Authorized Testing Facility you will need to:

 Obtain testing equipment from the state contractor.



THIS IS AN AUTHORIZED TEST FACILITY

 Have a dedicated internet and electrical power connection for the testing equipment. Additional site modifications may be required. Have garage liability/ garage keeper's insurance.

For more information <u>contact.WAATF@Applus.com</u> or call 253-395-1177.

A Few Friendly Reminders

Automotive Emission Specialists in Ecology's Emission Check program carry out high quality diagnostics and repairs. They also follow protocol to assist customers in the waiver process.

With the recent changes it's possible to overlook some program rules and regulations. Here are some friendly reminders:

- Always sign the Vehicle Inspection Report (VIR), even if the customer spent less than the full \$150. Sign the VIR even if the vehicle has been tampered with. An AES who performs any diagnosis or repairs must sign the VIR.
- Repair Orders must include detailed diagnoses and recommended repairs.

- Repair Orders must include the customer's name, address, phone number, license plate and VIN.
- Notify Ecology when relocating shops.
- Vehicles can now fail for manufacturer-specific codes.
- Only appropriate repairs that cause an emission failure may be applied to the waiver amount.
- Never tamper with a vehicle. The AES is required to document any missing or inoperable emission control components.

Visit <u>emissiontestwa.com</u> for station wait time information and vehicle test history.

Thank you for your consideration and for your service to the Emission Check Program.

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Training Spotlight

Keep Your Authorization Current

Interested in becoming an Authorized Emission Specialist? Is it time to update your AES training? If so, these instructors offer Ecologyauthorized training.

Contact instructors for class availability and cost.

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Spokane County

Brad Templeton 509-535-2546 Remember, you must take an Ecology-authorized training every two years to stay in the AES program.

If you have questions about training, please contact emission check staff listed for your county on page 4.

OBDII Test Concerns

No Communication Failure

When Washington started performing OBDII tests, a vehicle did not fail if the test station's scanner could not communicate with the vehicle's computer. The test station would sometimes conduct a tailpipe test. Or the vehicle was simply rejected as untestable — a frustrating circumstance for any vehicle owner.

An un-testable result is not a "pass" and not quite a "fail," which causes a lot of confusion.

Defaulting to a tailpipe test is no longer an option. Therefore, a failure to communicate now constitutes a test failure.

The AES plays a key role in diagnosing vehicles that fail for no communications. Of course, emission-related repairs without specific codes present a challenge to the AES. Fortunately, an AES

can use several techniques to repair the loss of communication between the DLC and OBD scanner.

The number 1 reason a vehicle fails for no communication is a problem with voltage or ground.

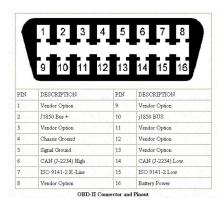
The problem could be as simple as a blown fuse for the DLC. Checking the fuse for the DLC before beginning more extensive diagnosis can save hours of labor. However, an underlying issue that caused the fuse to blow in the first place may need further diagnosis.

Another source of no communication is aftermarket radios. It may be surprising to find out that many an aftermarket radio installation has been spliced into or cut the power or ground wire for the DLC.

If the AES is not fortunate enough to find a simple blown fuse or an aftermarket radio installation to be the problem, specific pins in the DLC are the next place to check. Missing, broken, or open connections at pins numbered 4, 5, or 16 interfere with OBD testing.

Pin 16 is battery voltage, pin 4 is chassis ground, and pin 5 is sensor ground. After making sure enough voltage is available at pin 16, checking pin 4 and 5 for a good ground connection is the next step.

A vehicle's DLC can be difficult to reach. Using a breakout box such as an AES LineSpi can help. A breakout box also enables the AES to work on the DLC with less risk of damaging delicate pins.



The diagram on the left shows the pin position on a vehicle's OBD connector. It shows the most common generic communication protocols.

OBD Fraud Now Easier To Detect

Due to improvements in test equipment and software, tampered vehicles that once eluded detection now fail an OBD test. Use of equipment to circumvent the testing process is against the law. Use of equipment designed for off-road use in vehicles intended for on-road use, is also against the law.

If a customer brings you a vehicle that has failed because of vehicle tampering, the only fix is returning the vehicle to stock condition. A tampered vehicle is not eligible for a waiver—no exceptions.

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If you need this document in a format for the visually impaired, call the Air Quality Program at 360-407-6800. Persons with hearing loss can call 711 for Washington Relay Service. Persons with a speech disability can call 877-833-6341.

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