

2016 Ambient Air Monitoring Network Report

Publication and Contact Information

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2016 Ambient Air Monitoring Network Report

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Acronyms

AQS EPA's Air Quality System database

BAM Beta Attenuation Monitor

BCAA Benton County Clean Air Agency

CBSA core-based statistical area

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO carbon monoxide

CSA combined statistical area

CSN Chemical Speciation Network

DV design value

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

FDMS Filter Dynamic Measurement System

FEM Federal Equivalent Method

FID flame ionization detector

FRM Federal Reference Method

IMPROVE Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments

MSA metropolitan statistical area

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standard

NATTS National Air Toxics Trends Station
NCore national core multi-pollutant station

NO nitric oxide

NO₂ nitrogen dioxide NO_X oxides of nitrogen

NO_y total reactive oxides of nitrogen NWCAA Northwest Clean Air Agency

 O_3 ozone

ORCAA Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Pb lead

 $PM_{2.5}$ particulate matter equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter PM_{10} particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter

PM_{10-2.5} particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter and greater than 2.5 microns

PPB parts per billion PPM parts per million

Acronyms Continued

PQAO Primary Quality Assurance Organization

PSCAA Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

PSD prevention of significant deterioration

QA quality assurance QA quality control

SLAMS State or Local Air Monitoring Station

SO₂ sulfur dioxide

SPMS Special Purpose Monitoring Site SRCAA Spokane Region Clean Air Agency

SWCAA Southwest Clean Air Agency STN Speciation Trends Network

TEOM Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance

TSP total suspended particulate $\mu g/m^3$ micrograms per cubic meter VOC volatile organic compound

YRCAA Yakima Region Clean Air Agency

Executive Summary

Purpose of the report

Ecology reviews its ambient air quality monitoring network each year to ensure that it collects adequate, representative, and useful air quality data on which to base policy decisions. This report summarizes the results of the 2015 review. These results include:

- Identify modifications to Ecology's ambient air monitoring network since the 2015 annual network report;
- Identify proposed modifications to the network for the upcoming year;
- Document Ecology's ambient air quality monitoring needs, goals, and priorities.

Carbon monoxide, (CO, 42101)

Recommendations/Modifications: Ecology proposes to remove the CO Monitor at 3rd and Washington (530630049) in Spokane in 2016. Ecology received preliminary approval from EPA for Spokane's draft Second 10-Year Limited Maintenance Plan for Carbon Monoxide. Ecology expects approval this year. The plan includes an alternate method to demonstrate compliance with the 8-hour CO NAAQS and show continued qualification for the Limited Maintenance Plan option. Ecology will include this information in this report through the end of the maintenance period (2025). The alternate method will use an emission inventory strategy, described in Section 6.3.1 of the SIP Revision for the Spokane County Second 10-Year Limited Maintenance Plan for Carbon Monoxide. The monitor will be retained pending final approval of the Plan.

Additional Monitors: None.

Ozone (O₃, 44201)

The ozone rule was signed October 1, 2015 and was effective December 28, 2015. The new 8-hour ozone standard is 0.070 ppm and is based on the annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration, averaged over three years.

In 2019, Washington will be required to collect and report Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) measurements at the Seattle Beacon Hill NCore site under CFR 40 Part 58, Appendix D, paragraph 3(a) located in a CBSA with a population of 1,000,000 or more, based on the latest available census figures.

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

Nitrogen dioxide (NO₂, 42600, 42601, 42612)

Recommendations/Modifications: Ecology's second near-road site began NO₂ monitoring January 1, 2016.

Additional Monitors: None.

Sulfur dioxide (SO₂, 42401)

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: Proposed inclusion of three SO₂ monitors at two aluminum smelters (Intalco/Alcoa in Ferndale (2) and Alcoa Wenatchee) starting January 1, 2017.

Additional Monitors: None.

Particulate matter 10 (PM₁₀, 81102)

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

Thurston County Maintenance Area (Lacey PM2.5)

The Lacey-College Street PM_{2.5} nephelometer site (530670013) is being used to assure continued compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAQS as well as to confirm the Thurston County Maintenance Area (TCMA) continues to meet the qualification criteria of EPA's Limited Maintenance Plan (LMP) approach.

A 5-year NPM₁₀ design value below $98\mu g/m^3$ demonstrates the TCMA continues to qualify for the LMP approach. The Lacey-College Street nephelometer site's (53670013) 5-year PM₁₀ design value estimate for 2011–2015 was 43 $\mu g/m^3$. The PM₁₀ design value estimate for 2013–2015 was 42 $\mu g/m^3$. The current design value estimates demonstrate the TCMA complies with the PM₁₀ standard and continues to meet EPA's LMP qualification criteria.

Kent, Seattle, and Tacoma PM₁₀ Maintenance Areas

Three- and five-year design values for the Kent, Seattle, and Tacoma PM₁₀ Maintenance Areas were calculated using the table lookup method and the statistical fit method outlined in the LMP guidance document.

A 3-year PM_{10} design value of 150 $\mu g/m^3$ or below demonstrates continued compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS. A 5-year design value below 98 $\mu g/m^3$ is required to qualify for the LMP approach. Design values calculated using the table lookup method fall within the range of uncertainty of the statistical fit method. Because they are the most conservative values, only the statistical fit values are presented here.

The PM_{2.5} FEM TEOM at James Street and Central Avenue (530332004) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP

approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $48\pm3~\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and the 3-year design value is $49\pm2~\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

The $PM_{2.5}$ FEM TEOM at Seattle-Duwamish (530330057) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $57\pm6~\mu g/m^3$ and the 3-year design value is $59\pm6~\mu g/m^3$. Note: In 2014, Duwamish did not have a complete year of data due to site relocation. The design values for Duwamish were calculated using the guidelines for incomplete data outlined in Appendix B, page B-1, of the PM_{10} SIP Development Guide.

The PM_{2.5} nephelometer at Tacoma-Alexander Avenue (530530031) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $66\pm16 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and the 3-year design value is $68\pm23 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

Spokane County Maintenance Area (Spokane PM₁₀)

The Spokane County Maintenance area design value is based on FRM and FEM 24-hour PM_{10} monitoring data from the Augusta Avenue site (530630021) in Spokane. The LMP Guidance directs the design value be based on the most recent five years' of data. The most recent five years of data is from 2011–2015 using a combination of FRM and FEM data from the Augusta site.

A 5-year PM $_{10}$ design value below 98 μ g/m 3 demonstrates the Spokane County Maintenance Area continues to qualify for the LMP approach. The 5-year PM $_{10}$ design value estimate for 2011–2015 was 84 μ g/m 3 (using the table lookup method presented in Section 6.3.1 of the EPA's *PM10 SIP Development Guideline (EPA 450/2-86-001)*). For the 3-year compliance with the PM $_{10}$ NAAQS, the form of the standard is the number of 24-hour exceedances of 150 μ g/m 3 , averaged over three years. The 2015 PM $_{10}$ design value for Augusta Avenue (530630021) is 0.4. This design value is in attainment with the standard, which is not to exceed one. However, reroofing caused the monitor to be shut down July 17 through September 18. Data capture for the third quarter was only 30 percent. The Spokane County Maintenance Area complies with the PM $_{10}$ NAAQS and continues to meet EPA's LMP qualification criteria.

Particulate matter 2.5 (PM_{2.5}, 88101, 88502)

Recommendations/Modifications: ORCAA has delayed relocation of the Aberdeen site until 2018. Puget Sound Clean Air Agency (PSCAA) lost the lease at Lake Forest Park and the site was discontinued in 2016. They are exploring replacement site options.

Additional Monitors: None.

Notes: Nephelometers are not EPA-equivalent method compliance instruments and design values are estimates.

Ecology uses the Washington Air Quality Advisory (WAQA) for reporting PM_{2.5} to inform and protect citizens of Washington. WAQA reporting is more protective of human health. Ecology's goal is to keep 24-hour concentrations below 20µg/m.

Certain monitors in areas of Washington are \underline{not} intended to be solely NAAQS based. Such monitors are used for protection of human health by issuing burn bans when needed during home heating season, making daily decisions for agricultural burning and health information reporting $PM_{2.5}$ -like values.

Meteorological monitoring (Met. 61101, 61102, 62101)

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: Meteorological monitoring began at the Tacoma near-road site in February 2016. The addition of meteorological monitoring is planned for Yakima during 2016 pending landlord approval.

Lead (Pb 14129)

Recommendations/Modifications: EPA discontinued the requirement for Pb sampling at NCore sites. Washington will continue to monitor for Pb at Seattle Beacon Hill.

Additional Monitors: None.

Trace gas monitoring

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

NCore

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

Other – contracted sites tribal/EPA

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

Other – contracted sites USFS

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Additional Monitors: None.

Other – contracted local clean air agencies

Recommendations/Modifications: SRCAA discontinued ozone monitoring at Spokane Augusta.

Additional Monitors: None.

Note: Ecology provides technical support for Anacortes and Cheeka Peak.

Background Information

EPA ambient air quality surveillance regulations (40 CFR Part 58) require states to establish air quality surveillance systems in their State Implementation Plans (SIPs). An air quality surveillance system consists of a network of State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS). These stations measure ambient concentrations of those air pollutants for which 40 CFR Part 50 sets standards.

Monitoring network requirements

SLAMS must meet requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 contained in:

- Appendix A (Quality Assurance Requirements)
- Appendix C (Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Methodology)
- Appendix D (Network Design Criteria)
- Appendix E (Probe and Path Siting Criteria)

States determine if they conform to Appendices A and C in part through periodic systems and performance audits (per Section 2.4 of Appendix A). States conform to Appendices D and E by conducting an annual network review of their air quality surveillance systems (per 40 CFR 58.20(d)). The annual network review:

- Determines if an ambient air quality monitoring network is achieving its required air monitoring objectives;
- Identifies changes to the network needed to enable an organization to meet its objectives.

Using monitoring data

Ecology uses its air monitoring data to:

- Determine compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).
- Determine maximum pollutant concentrations.
- Forecast air quality.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of air pollution control programs.
- Evaluate the effects of air pollution on public health.
- Track the progress of SIPS.
- Support dispersion models.
- Determine air quality trends.
- Develop responsible and cost-effective pollution control strategies.
- Analyze pollution episodes.
- Assist with permitting work.

Introduction

40 CFR Part 58 contains EPA's ambient air quality surveillance regulations. Section 58.20 requires states to establish air quality surveillance systems in their SIPs. The air quality surveillance system consists of a network of designated SLAMS. These stations measure ambient concentrations of those air pollutants for which standards exist in 40 CFR Parts 50 and Part 58, Appendices A (Quality Assurance Requirements), C (Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Methodology), D (Network Design Criteria), and E (Probe and Path Siting Criteria). States determine compliance with Appendices A and C in part through periodic systems and performance audits (per Section 2.4 of Appendix A). States comply with Appendices D and E by conducting an annual network review of their air quality surveillance systems (per 40 CFR 58.20(d)).

The annual network review determines if the network achieved its required air monitoring objectives and if it should be modified (e.g., termination, relocation, or establishment of monitoring stations) to meet those objectives. The main purpose of this review is to ensure that an ambient air quality monitoring network collects adequate, representative, and useful air quality data on which to base policy decisions. The ambient air quality data from Ecology's network is used for a variety of purposes, including:

- Determine compliance with the NAAQS.
- Determine the location of maximum pollutant concentrations.
- Determine the effectiveness of air pollution control programs.
- Evaluate the effects of air pollution on public health.
- Track the progress of SIPS.
- Support dispersion models.
- Develop responsible, cost-effective, control strategies.
- Develop air quality trends.
- Analyze pollution episodes.
- Assist with permitting work.

EPA Region 10 Approved Network Changes in 2015

EPA discontinued the Oakville and Tulalip tribal sites in 2015.

Relocation/termination details can be found in the 2015 Washington Annual Network Plan.

Regulatory Requirements and Other Data Needs

Appendix D requirements

Appendix D of 40 CFR 58 describes concepts for designing the SLAMS network. It addresses monitoring objectives and the criteria for selecting the location and number of air monitoring stations.

The concepts and guidance in Appendix D, as well as other non-regulatory EPA data needs, should be considered when evaluating the adequacy of the SLAMS network.

Monitoring objectives and spatial scales

Appendix D calls for the design of SLAMS networks to meet a minimum of six basic objectives:

- 1. Determine the highest pollutant concentrations expected in the area covered by the network.
- 2. Determine representative pollutant concentrations in areas of high population density.
- 3. Determine the impact of significant sources or source categories on pollutant concentrations in the ambient air.
- 4. Determine general background pollutant concentrations.
- 5. Determine the regional extent of pollutant transport between populated areas.
- 6. Determine the impacts (e.g., visibility impairment, vegetation effects) in more rural and remote areas on the secondary (i.e., welfare) standards.

SLAMS networks are designed to provide data for meeting the monitoring objectives described above, and to assist EPA and states in solving environmental problems.

Appendix D also provides guidance on spatial scales of representativeness for stations in a SLAMS network (Table 1). Ideally, the monitor is located so that its sample represents the air quality over the entire area that the monitoring station is intended to represent (Table 2).

Table 1. Relationship Between Monitoring Objectives and Scale of Representativeness						
Monitoring Objectives	Appropriate Siting Scales					
Highest concentration Micro, middle, neighborhood, urban						
Population Neighborhood, urban						
Source impact	Micro, middle, neighborhood					
General/Background	Neighborhood, urban, regional					
Regional transport	Urban/regional					
Welfare-related impacts						

Table 2. Summary of Spatial Scales for SLAMS								
Scales Applicable for SLAMS								
SO ₂ CO O ₃ NO ₂ PB PM ₁₀ PM _{2.5}								
Micro	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	
Middle	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Neighborhood	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Urban	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Regional	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	

Number of state and local air monitoring stations

Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 58 does not contain criteria for determining the total number of stations in the SLAMS network, except for requiring a minimum number of SLAMS lead, SO₂, and PM_{2.5} sites. For lead, EPA requires state and local agencies to focus their network design efforts on establishing monitoring stations around lead stationary sources which generate or have the potential to generate exceedances of the quarterly lead NAAQS. Sources around which lead monitoring networks should be established are those emitting half ton or more per year. Other factors affect the number of stations in the network. SLAMS SO₂ monitoring requirements for counties not within the boundaries of any Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area/Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA/MSA) are based on the emissions of SO₂ in the airshed. A minimum number of SO₂ SLAMS sites are required for targeted sources of SO₂ emissions. Other than these requirements, the optimum size of a particular SLAMS network involves tradeoffs between data needs and available resources, which can best be resolved during the network design process.

Appendix E requirements

Appendix E contains siting criteria to be applied to ambient air quality analyzers or samplers after the general site location has been selected based on the monitoring objectives and spatial scales of representativeness presented in Appendix D and summarized in Section 2.1 of this document. The siting criteria presented in Appendix E are summarized in Table 3.

Other ambient air monitoring data needs

Ecology uses nephelometers throughout Washington. Nephelometers serve many purposes, including the WAQA program, ambient air quality assessment, and special studies. Typically, nephelometer monitoring sites utilize Federal Reference Method (FRM) or Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) equipment for correlations and are operated in accordance with CFR requirements for quality assurance and quality control. Ecology occasionally uses SPMS designation for criteria pollutant monitoring sites, which allows Ecology to assess ambient levels within regions of the state, while providing the flexibility to relocate the site if it is determined there is no concern for NAAQS violations. An SPMS site may be added to Ecology's SLAMS network if a NAAQS exceedance has been recorded, or if pollutant concentrations are consistently measured at or greater than 80 percent of the standard.

Table 3. Summary of Probe and Monitoring Path Siting Criteria								
Pollutant	Scale (maximum monitoring path length (meters))	Height from Ground to Probe or 80% of Monitoring Path (meters)	Horizontal & Vertical Distance from Supporting Structures to Probe or 90% of Monitoring Path (meters)	Distance from Trees to Probe or 90% of Monitoring Path (meters)				
SO ₂	Middle [300m] Neighborhood Urban & Regional [1km]	3–15	>1	>10				
СО	Micro, Middle [300m]	3±0.5; 3–15	>1	>10				

Table 3. Summary of Probe and Monitoring Path Siting Criteria								
Pollutant	Scale (maximum monitoring path length (meters))	Height from Ground to Probe or 80% of Monitoring Path (meters)	Horizontal & Vertical Distance from Supporting Structures to Probe or 90% of Monitoring Path (meters)	Distance from Trees to Probe or 90% of Monitoring Path (meters)				
	Neighborhood [1km]							
O ₃	Middle [300m] Neighborhood Urban & Regional [1km]	3–15	>1	>10				
Ozone precursors	Neighborhood & Urban [1km]	3–15	>1	>10				
NO ₂	Middle [300m] Neighborhood & Urban [1km]	3–15	>1	>10				
PM ₁₀	Micro; Middle, Neighborhood Urban & Regional	2–7 (Micro); 2–15 (all other scales)	>2 (all scales horizontal distance only)	>10 (all scales)				

Network review team and preparation

Network report participants include Ecology's Air Quality Program staff. Sufficient information is provided to determine compliance of the network with regulatory network design and siting requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 58, Appendices D and E as to determine compliance of the network design and siting requirements specified for all special ambient air monitoring networks.

Network modifications

Modifications to the SLAMS network are addressed in 40 CFR 58.25, 58.36, and 58.46, respectively. Under Section 58.25, States are required to annually develop and implement schedules to modify the SLAMS network to eliminate any unnecessary stations or to correct any inadequacies indicated by the annual network review required by 58.20(d). As part of the annual network review, evaluations of the special networks established as partnership agreements between EPA and Ecology should also be conducted. Modifications to these networks should be recommended as a result of this annual report.

An important objective of the network modification process is determining whether or not sufficient ambient air quality information and data are being provided by the regulatory and other special monitoring networks to satisfy the principal data needs. If sufficient air quality data are not being collected, the deficient area must be identified and corrective action taken to resolve the problem. Conversely, if it is determined that excessive data are being collected (e.g., there are redundant sites resulting in data that agree closely), then efforts need to be taken to determine where disinvestment should be made and on what schedule.

Network modifications may be initiated by EPA or proposed by Ecology and agreed to by EPA. Network modifications may result from revisions to the Part 58 regulations, systems audits, site visits, or performance evaluations; special studies/saturation sampling, population increases/decreases; air quality concentrations consistently recorded below the NAAQS. Loss of permission to use a site; demolition of a building which is used for monitoring; building construction; growth of trees; changes in roadways; change in neighborhood type of use, etc.

Determining compliance with Appendix D/special monitoring requirements

Ecology uses this review to determine whether it is meeting the number of monitors required by the Part 58 Appendix D design criteria requirements, and whether the monitors properly located based on the monitoring objectives and spatial scales of representativeness presented in Appendix D.

Number and location of monitors

For SLAMS, the number of monitors required and their locations are not specified in the regulations but rather are determined by EPA Region 10 and Ecology on a case-by-case basis. EPA and Ecology ensure that SLAMS meet the monitoring objectives specified in Appendix D. Adequacy of the network is being determined by using a variety of tools. Appropriate location of monitors can be determined on the basis of stated objectives.

Monitor locations are based on the objectives specified in Appendix D, Section 3. Most often, these locations are those having high concentrations and large population exposure. Population information may be obtained from the latest census data and ambient monitoring data from AQS. If zip codes for various monitoring locations are obtained, use of electronic media census information and GIS-based information can be more easily combined with ambient monitoring data.

For special monitoring needs, program documents applicable to the network must be reviewed to determine the goals and specific siting criteria for the network. Compliance with monitoring objective determinations of the special network should be conducted using procedures similar to those used for Appendix D evaluations (are the number of monitors appropriate and are the monitors properly located).

Determining compliance with Appendix E requirements

Applicable siting criteria for SLAMS are specified in 40 CFR 58, Appendix E. The on-site visit itself consists of the physical measurements and observations needed to determine compliance with the Appendix E requirements, such as height above the ground level, distance from trees, paved or vegetative ground cover, etc.

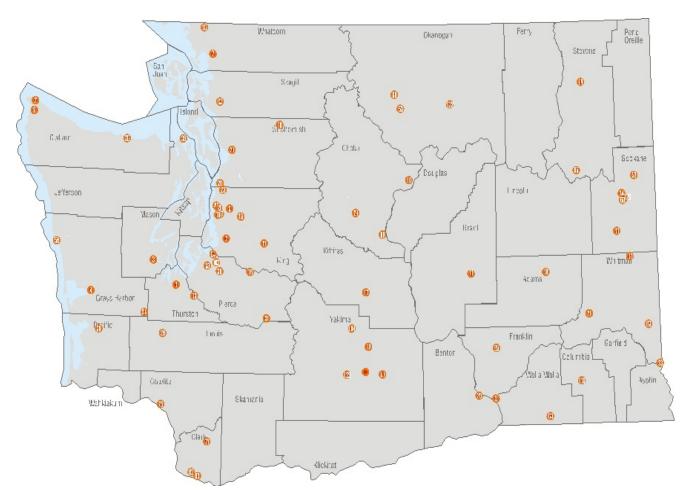


Figure 1. Map of Washington monitoring (all sites)

Table 4. CO, Parameter Code 42101								
AQS# Site Name		Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016		
530630049	Spokane, 3rd & Washington	1/97	SLAMS	Micro	Continuous	Discontinue		
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	3/07	NCore	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530330030	Seattle 10th & Weller	4/14	Near-road	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: Ecology proposes to remove the Spokane CO monitor at 3rd and Washington (530630049) before the end of 2016. Ecology received preliminary approval from EPA for Spokane's draft second ten year maintenance plan for CO. The plan includes an alternate method to demonstrate compliance with the 8-hour CO NAAQS and show continued qualification for the LMP option. Ecology will include this information in this report through the end of the maintenance period (2025). The alternate method will use an emission inventory strategy, described in 6.3.1 of the SIP

Revision for the Spokane County Second 10-Year Limited Maintenance Plan for Carbon Monoxide. The monitor will be retained pending final approval of the Plan.



Figure 2. Map of Washington CO sites

Spokane, 3rd and Washington

Site Name Spokane, 3rd and Washington – SLAMS

AQS ID 530630049

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 39' 13"/117 25' 07"

Location At 3rd and Washington, Downtown Spokane

Address 3rd and Washington

County Spokane

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year) 94,000 I-90 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Asphalt Statistical Area Spokane

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42101

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAAQS comparison

Site type(s)

Highest Concentration

Monitor type(s) SLAMS
Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 48 C

Method code 054 FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM** Collecting Agency **Ecology** Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Micro Monitoring start date 1/97 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof

N/A

(meters)

Distance from trees (meters) N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A
Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A
Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 63.50

Changes within the next 18 months? Site is scheduled to be discontinued in 2016

Is it suitable for comparison against the annual Yes

CO NAAQS?

Purpose: 3rd and Washington is a micro scale SLAMS site established in 1997. It is located in the downtown core of Spokane in a highly-traveled commercial area. The site is currently used for CO maintenance plan compliance. Spokane is a former CO nonattainment area.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the daily or annual standard for CO in over 15 years.

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle Beacon Hill

AOS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

At Jefferson Park/reservoir Location Address 4103 Beacon Avenue S., Seattle

County King 120 Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year) 12,700 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Statistical Area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42101 (POC 2) **NAQOS** Comparison Basic monitoring objectives(s)

Site type(s) Background Monitor type(s) **NCore**

Instrument manufacturer and model ne-API 300EU

Method code 593

FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM Ecology** Collecting Agency Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Urban

Monitoring start date 6/79 established, 3/07 Trace level CO

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round Probe height (meters) 4.65

Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 20 Distance from trees (meters) 20 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases **Pyrex** Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 15

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the annual CO

Yes NAAQS?

Purpose: Beacon Hill is an urban scale NCORE site located south of downtown Seattle, within Jefferson Park/reservoir. In addition to ozone, Beacon Hill site is used for monitoring trace level CO, SO₂, NO₃, PM_{2.5}, air toxics, and speciation. Seattle Beacon Hill is also a long-term trend and research site.

Seattle, 10th and Weller

Site Name Seattle, 10th and Weller

AQS ID 530330030

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 59' 72"/122 31' 97"

Location Adjacent to Interstate 5 in Downtown Seattle

Address 10th and Weller

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 6

Traffic count (AADT, year) 146,000 I-5 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Concrete, Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42101 (POC 2)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T300EU

Method code593FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleMicroMonitoring start date4/14

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 1.6

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the annual CO

NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Seattle 10th and Weller is Washington's primary near-road monitoring site. CO monitoring is EPA-required at one near-road site.

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak **AOS ID** 530090013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 17' 12"/124 37' 13"

Location At Cheeka Peak Address Cheeka Peak County Clallam Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) Not near a road

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42101 (POC 2) Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research

Site type(s) Background/Regional Transport

Monitor type(s) Rural NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T300U

Method code 593 FRM/FEM/ARM/other

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Regional Monitoring start date 5/06 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 175

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 1.9

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the annual CO

NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a rural NCore site located at the northwestern tip of Washington. It is recognized as a national transport site.

Table 5. O ₃ , Parameter Code 44201								
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016		
530009013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue		
530630001	Cheney, Turnbull	5/99	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530730005	Custer/Loomis	4/89	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530330023	Enumclaw, Mud Mtn.	7/98	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530330010	Issaquah, Lake Sam	12/75	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530050003	Kennewick	6/15	SPMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530530012	Mt. Rainier, Jackson Visitor Center	7/98	SLAMS	NPS supported	Continuous	Continue		
530330017	North Bend, NB Way	6/98	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530330080	Seattle, Beacon Hill	4/97	NCore	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530630046	Spokane, Greenbluff	4/90	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530110011	Vancouver, Blairmont	5/88	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530670005	Yelm, Northern Pacific	5/06	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: None.

The Ozone Final rule was signed October 1, 2015, and effective December 28, 2015. The new 8-hour ozone standard, finalized October 1, 2015, is 0.070 ppm, and is based on the annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration, averaged over three years.

In 2019, Washington will be required to collect and report Photochemical Assessment Monitoring System (PAMS) measurements at the Seattle Beacon Hill NCore site under CFR 40 Part 58, Appendix D, paragraph 3(a) located in a CBSA with a population of 1,000,000 or more, based on the latest available census figures.

Note: Ecology provides technical support for ozone monitoring performed by the Northwest Clean Air Agency (NWCAA) in Mount Vernon. See Other Agencies.

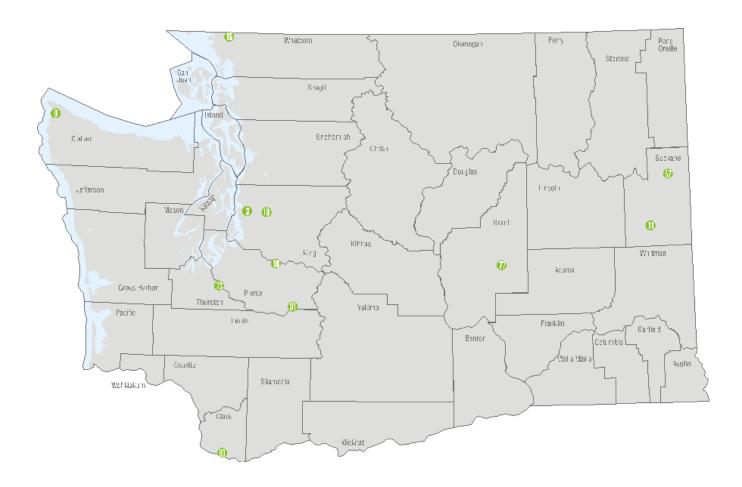


Figure 3. Map of Washington ozone sites

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak AQS ID 530090013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 17' 12"/124 37' 13"

LocationAt Cheeka PeakAddressCheeka PeakCountyClallamDistance to road from gaseous probe (meters)Not near a road

Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201 Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research

Site type(s) Background/Regional Transport

Monitor type(s) Rural NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T400

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Regional

5/06
Current sampling frequency
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 175

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 1.9

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.052

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a rural NCore site located at the northwestern tip of Washington. It is recognized as a national transport site.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

Cheney, Turnbull Wildlife Refuge

Site Name Cheney Turnbull AQS ID 530630001

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 24' 55"/117 31' 49"

Location

At the Cheney National Wildlife Refuge

South 26010 Smith Road, Cheney

County Spokane
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 200

Traffic count (AADT, year) 5,200 (195 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Comparison Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code087FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleUrbanMonitoring start date5/99

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 70 Distance from trees (meters) 100 +Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 3.8

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.062

Purpose: Cheney Turnbull is a background/transport scale site located at the Turnbull Wildlife Refuge, south of Spokane. It is a high-concentration and background/transport site for the Spokane area. Cheney Turnbull is a CFR-required site by population.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

Custer/Loomis

(NWCAA)

Site Name Custer/Loomis AQS ID 530730005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 95' 25/-122 55'45

Location A shelter

Address 1330 Loomis Trail Road, Custer

County Whatcom

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 67

Traffic count (AADT, year) 21,000 (I-5 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Bellingham, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code 087

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency NWCAA
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 4/89
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 9

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.045

Purpose: Custer/Loomis site provides data from Georgia Basin/Canadian impacts as modeling information for the Puget Sound Ozone network.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour standard for ozone in the past three years.

Enumclaw, Mud Mountain Dam

Site Name Enumclaw, Mud Mountain Dam

AOS ID 530330023

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 08' 28"/121 56' 09"

Location At Mud Mountain Dam (Army Corp of Engineers)

7/98

Address 30525 SE Mud Mountain Road, Enumclaw

County King Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A

Traffic count (AADT, year) 14,000 (410 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Gravel and weeds

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

NAQOS Comparison Basic monitoring objectives(s) Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM Ecology** Collecting Agency Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Urban

Monitoring start date Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters) 4.3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.5 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 5.7

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.066

Purpose: Mud Mountain Dam is an urban scale SLAMS established in 1998 located 30 miles east of Seattle, near Enumclaw at the end of the ozone transport zone.

Exceedances: This site has exceeded the 2008 ozone standard 3 times in the last three years. Once in 2014 and twice in 2015. Impacts from Canadian wildfires are the likely cause. Exceedances will be flagged.

Issaquah, Lake Sammamish State Park

Site Name Issaquah, Lake Sammamish

AQS ID 530330010

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 33' 07"/122 02' 40" Location At Lake Sammamish State Park

Address 20050 SE 56th (Lake Sammamish State Park),

Is saquah

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 440

Traffic count (AADT, year) 121,000 (I-90 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM** Collecting Agency **Ecology** Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Urban Monitoring start date 12/75 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters) 3.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 2.8

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.053

Purpose: Lake Sammamish is an urban scale site established in 1975 located east of Seattle, within Lake Sammamish State Park. Lake Sammamish is a long-term ozone trends site.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour standard in the past three years.

Kennewick, South Clodfelter Road (BCAA)

Site Name Kennewick South Clodfelter Road

AQS ID 530050003

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 20' 45"/119 24' 37"

Location At BCAA Offices

Address 526 South Clodfelter Road, Kennewick

County Benton
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 60
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Ground-grass and asphalt

Statistical Area Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA

Kennewick, S. Clodfelter Road Monitor Information

Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T400

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Benton County Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 6/15

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May/September)

Probe height (meters) 7 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone

NAAQS? Yes Design value N/A

Purpose: Kennewick is an urban scale site for ozone established in June of 2015. It is representative of the Kennewick/ Richland area.

Exceedances: Kennewick had four exceedances of the 2008 ozone standard since June of 2015. The Kennewick will have three years of complete data in June 2018.

Mt. Rainier, Jackson Visitor Center

Site Name Mt. Rainier, Jackson Visitor Center

AQS ID 530530012

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 47' 07"/121 43' 58"

Location Mount Rainier National Park
Address At Jackson Visitor Center

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 12

Traffic count (AADT, year) 506 (706, 2012 WSDOT)
Groundcover Asphalt, rock, snow

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

General Background

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

nstrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code 087
FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Regional

Monitoring start date 7/98
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters) 6
Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1
Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

1 Supporting structure

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

180

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Teflon

4

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.060

Purpose: The Jackson Visitor Center site is a regional scale ozone site established in 1998.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

North Bend, North Bend Way

Site Name North Bend AQS ID 530330017

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 29' 23"/121 46' 24"

Location At USFS Offices

Address 42404 SE North Bend Way, North Bend

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 180

Traffic count (AADT, year) 9,600 (202, 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Comparison

Site type(s) Regional Transport/Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne -API 400

Method code 087
FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Penerting Agency Ecology

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale

Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Urban

6/98

Current sampling frequency

Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May-September)

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 2.8

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.059

Purpose: North Bend Way is an urban scale site established in 1998 located outside of North Bend, 25 miles east of Seattle. North Bend typically indicates some of the highest readings in the ozone network.

Exceedances: This site has exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard once in 2015.

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle Beacon Hill

AOS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir Address 4103 Beacon Avenue S., Seattle

County King Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 120

Traffic count (AADT, year) 12,700 (2012 SDOT)

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s) **NAQOS** Comparison

Site type(s) General Background/Population Exposure

Continuous

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400E

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM** Collecting Agency **Ecology** Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Urban

Monitoring start date 4/97 Current sampling frequency

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 4.65 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 20 Distance from trees (meters) 20 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases Pvrex

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 15

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.045

Purpose: Beacon Hill is an urban scale NCORE site located south of downtown Seattle, within Jefferson Park/reservoir. In addition to ozone, the site is used for monitoring trace level CO, SO₂, NO_y, PM_{2.5}, air toxics, and speciation. Seattle Beacon Hill is also a long-term trend and research site.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour standard in the past three years.

Spokane, Greenbluff

Site Name Spokane, Greenbluff

AQS ID 530630046

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 49' 37"/117 16' 31"

Location

At the fire station in Chattaroy, WA

Address

E. 9814 Greenbluff Road, Chattaroy

County Spokane
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 50

Traffic count (AADT, year) 20,000 (2, 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass, gravel Statistical Area Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code 087 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 4/90

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal, (May – September)

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

5. 7

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.061

Purpose: Greenbluff is an urban scale site located near Spokane. Greenbluff is used with Cheney to identify ozone patterns for the Spokane area. Spokane Greenbluff is a CFR population required site.

360

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

Vancouver, Blairmont HS

Site Name Vancouver, Blairmont

AQS ID 530110011

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 045 36' 37"/122 30' 59"

Location

At Blairmont High School, Vancouver

1500 SE Blairmont Drive, Vancouver

County Clark
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 200

Traffic count (AADT, year) 72,000 (014, 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass, asphalt

Statistical Area Portland, OR – Vancouver, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code087FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleUrbanMonitoring start date5/88

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal, (May – September)

Probe height (meters) 10
Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.5
Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) 5 to small (5m fruit trees), 12 to tall (12 m conifers)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 15

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.058

Purpose: Blairmont is an urban scale site near downtown Vancouver. The site represents the Washington portion of the Portland/Vancouver air shed and is part of the ozone maintenance planning effort of the Southwest Clean Air Agency (SWCAA).

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

Yelm, Northern Pacific

Site Name Yelm – North Pacific

AQS ID 530670005

GPS coordinates 931 Northern Pacific Road, Yelm

Location In a Trailer

Address LAT/LONG: 046 57' 03"/122 35' 43"

087

County Thurston

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 230

Traffic count (AADT, year) 17,000 (507 2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Gravel, grass Statistical Area Olympia, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Comparison
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 5/06

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal, (May – September)

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Teflon

4.4

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes
Design value 0.054

Purpose: Yelm is an urban scale site originally established in 1997 and relocated in 2006. The Yelm site is located in a commercial/residential area. Yelm represents ozone transport in the South Puget Sound area.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded the 8-hour ozone standard in the past three years.

Table 6. NO ₂ Parameter Codes 42600 NOy, 42601 NO, 42612 NOy-NO								
AQS#	Site Name Est. Type		Туре	Scale	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016		
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	3/07	NCore	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue		
530330030	Seattle 10th & Weller	4/14	SLAMS	Micro	Continuous	Continue		
530530024	Tacoma S. 36th	1/16	SLAMS	Micro	Continuous	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: None



Figure 4. Map of Washington NO₂ sites

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir

Address 4103 Beacon Avenue South, Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 120

Traffic count (AADT, year) 12,700 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42600, 42601, 42612, 42601, 42602, 42603

Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s)

Background

NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 200EU & Thermo 42C-Y

Method code 599, 574 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban

Monitoring start date 2006 (NO) / 2013 (NO2) /2007 (NOy)

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters) 4
Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1
Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 20 (NO2) 10 (NOy)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Pyrex

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 3.7(NO2) 5.5 (NOy) Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Beacon Hill is an urban scale NCORE site located within Jefferson Park south of downtown Seattle. In addition to ozone, the site is used for monitoring trace level CO, SO₂, NO_y, PM_{2.5}, air toxics, and speciation. Seattle Beacon Hill is a long-term trend and research site.

Seattle, 10th and Weller

Site Name Seattle, 10th and Weller

AQS ID 530330030

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 59' 72"/122 31' 97"

Location Adjacent to Interstate 5 in Downtown Seattle

Address 10th and Weller

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 8

Traffic count (AADT, year) 18,400 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Concrete, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42601, 42602, 42603
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 200EU

Method code599FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleMicroMonitoring start date4/14

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 3.2

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Seattle 10th and Weller is an EPA-required, near-road monitoring site adjacent to I-5 in Seattle.

Exceedances: Seattle 10th & Weller exceeded of the 2010 NO₂ NAAQS once in 2015.

Tacoma, S. 36th

Site Name Tacoma S. 36th AQS ID 530530024

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG Est.: 047 22' 63"/122 46' 25"
Location On Jenny Reed Elementary School property

Address 1802 S. 36th, Tacoma

County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 30

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover Asphalt, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42601, 42602, 42603
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 200EU

599 Method code FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM** Collecting Agency **Ecology** Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Micro Monitoring start date Est. 1/16 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 3.2

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Tacoma S. 36th is an EPA-required, near-road monitoring site at Jenny Reed Elementary School, adjacent to Interstate 5 in Tacoma. Start of official operation was on January 1, 2016.

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak AQS ID 530090013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 17' 12"/124 37' 13"

Location At Cheeka Peak
Address Cheeka Peak
County Clallam

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Not near a road

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42600, 42601, 42612

Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research/

Site type(s) Background/Rural Transport

Monitor type(s) Rural NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T200U

Method code 599 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Regional
5/06

Current sampling frequency
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 175

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 1.6

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NO₂ NAAOS? Yes

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a rural NCore site located at the northwestern tip of Washington. It is recognized as a national transport site.

Table 7. SO₂ Parameter Code 42401								
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016		
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	3/07	NCore	Urban	Continuous	Continue		
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue		
TBD	Mountain View Rd.	1/17	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Establish		
TBD	Kickerville Rd.	1/17	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Establish		
TBD	Malaga-Rock Island	1/17	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Establish		

Additional Monitors: Three new SO_2 monitors at two aluminum smelters will be established during 2016 and operational on January 1, 2017. These monitors are required under EPA's Data Requirement Rule (DRR).

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: None.



Figure 5. Map of Washington SO₂ sites

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir

Address 4103 Beacon Avenue South, Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 120

Traffic count (AADT, year) 12,700 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42401

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) NCore
Instrument manufacturer and model API T100U

Method code 560
FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale

Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

Ecology
Urban
2006
Current sampling frequency
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters) 4.65 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 20 Distance from trees (meters) 20 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Pyrex

15

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the SO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Beacon Hill is an urban scale NCORE site located within Jefferson Park south of downtown Seattle. This site is used for monitoring trace level CO, SO₂, NO_y, PM_{2.5}, air toxics, and speciation. Seattle Beacon Hill is also a long-term trend and research site.

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak AQS ID 530090013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 17' 12"/124 37' 13"

LocationAt Cheeka PeakAddressCheeka PeakCountyClallam

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Not near a road

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42401 Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research

Site type(s) Background/Regional Transport

Monitor type(s) Rural NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API T100U

Method code 600 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Regional
5/06

Current sampling frequency
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 175

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

5.8

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the SO₂ NAAOS? Yes

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a rural NCore site located at the northwestern tip of Washington. It is recognized as a national transport site.

Mountain View Road, Ferndale

Site Name Mountain View Road, Ferndale

AQS ID TBD

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 48 50' 53" 122 41' 21"

Location 1 km East of Intalco

Address 4050 Mountain View Road, Ferndale

County Whatcom

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 30
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42401

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s)

Instrument manufacturer and model

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other

Collecting Agency

SLAMS

API T100

FEM

Intalco

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/2017
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)
Pyrex
TBD

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the SO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Monitoring ambient SO₂ concentrations for determination of NAAOS attainment.

Kickerville Road, Ferndale

Site Name Kickerville Road, Ferndale

AQS ID TBD

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 48 51' 19" 122 42' 17"

Location 1 km North of Intalco

Address 6036 Kickerville Road, Ferndale

County Whatcom

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 80
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Low shrubs, grasses Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42401

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS
Instrument manufacturer and model API T100
Method code 560
FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Intalco

Collecting Agency Intalco
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/2017

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)
Pyrex
TBD

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the SO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Monitoring ambient SO₂ concentrations for determination of NAAQS attainment.

Malaga-Rock Island Dam Road, Wenatchee

Site Name Malaga-Rock Island Dam Road

AQS ID TBD

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 47 20' 40" 120 54' 40"

Location

2.2 Miles SE of ALCOA Wenatchee

Address

8100 Malaga Alcoa Highway, Rock Island

County Chelan
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 80

Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A

Groundcover Low shrubs, grass, gravel

Statistical Area Not in a CBMSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42401

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s)

Instrument manufacturer and model

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other

Collecting Agency

Analytical Lab

N/A

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/2017
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Continuous, year-round

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Pyrex
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

15

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the SO₂ NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: Monitoring ambient SO₂ concentrations for determination of NAAQS attainment.

Table 8. PM ₁₀ , Parameter Code 81102								
AQS#	Site Name Est. Type Scale		Scale	Sampling Type	Action for 2016			
530650005	Colville, E. 1st	10/15	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue		
530050002	Kennewick, Metaline Ave.	10/94	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue		
530630021	Spokane, Augusta Ave.	3/09	SLAMS	Middle	Continuous	Continue		
530770009	Yakima, S. 4th	4/00	SLAMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Proposed Modifications: Yakima was converted to a PM₁₀ FEM. Note design value information below.

Thurston County Maintenance Area (Lacey PM_{2.5})

The Lacey College Street $PM_{2.5}$ nephelometer site (530670013) is being used to assure continued compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS as well as to confirm the Thurston County Maintenance Area (TCMA) continues to meet the qualification criteria of EPA's LMP approach.

A 5-year NPM₁₀ design value below $98\mu g/m^3$ demonstrates the TCMA continues to qualify for the LMP approach. The Lacey-College Street nephelometer site's (53670013) 5-year PM₁₀ design value estimate for 2011–2015 was 43 $\mu g/m^3$. The PM₁₀ design value estimate for 2013–2015 was 42 $\mu g/m^3$. The current design value estimates demonstrate the TCMA complies with the PM₁₀ standard and continues to meet EPA's LMP qualification criteria.

Kent, Seattle, and Tacoma PM₁₀ Maintenance Areas

Three- and five-year design values for the Kent, Seattle, and Tacoma PM₁₀ Maintenance Areas were calculated using the table lookup method and the statistical fit method outlined in the LMP guidance document.

A 3-year PM_{10} design value of 150 $\mu g/m^3$ or below demonstrates continued compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS. A 5-year design value below 98 $\mu g/m^3$ is required to qualify for the LMP approach. Design values calculated using the table lookup method fall within the range of uncertainty of the statistical fit method. Because they are the most conservative values, only the statistical fit values are presented here.

The PM_{2.5} FEM TEOM at James Street and Central Avenue (530332004) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $48\pm3 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and the 3-year design value is $49\pm2 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

The $PM_{2.5}$ FEM TEOM at Seattle-Duwamish (530330057) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $57\pm6~\mu g/m^3$ and the 3-year design value is $59\pm6~\mu g/m^3$. Note: In 2014, there was not a complete year of data due to site relocation. The design values for Duwamish were calculated using the guidelines for incomplete data outlined in Appendix B, page B-1, of the PM_{10} SIP Development Guide.

The PM_{2.5} Nephelometer at Tacoma-Alexander Avenue (530530031) is used to assure continued compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAQS and to confirm continued eligibility for the LMP approach. The 2015 5-year design value is $66\pm16~\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and the 3-year design value is $68\pm23~\mu\text{g/m}^3$.

Spokane County Maintenance Area (Spokane PM₁₀)

The Spokane County Maintenance area design value is based on FRM and FEM 24-hour PM_{10} monitoring data from the Augusta Avenue site (530630021) in Spokane. The LMP Guidance directs the design value be based on the most recent five years' of data. The most recent five years' of data is from 2011–2015 using a combination of FRM and FEM data from the Augusta site.

A 5-year PM_{10} design value below $98 \,\mu g/m^3$ demonstrates the Spokane County Maintenance Area continues to qualify for the LMP approach. The 5-year PM_{10} design value estimate for 2010–2014 was $80 \,\mu g/m^3$. For the 3-year compliance with the PM_{10} NAAQS, the form of the standard is the number of 24-hour exceedances of 150 $\mu g/m^3$, averaged over three years. The 2015 PM_{10} design value for Augusta Avenue (530630021) is 0.4. This design value is in attainment with the standard, which is not to exceed one. However, reroofing caused the monitor to be shut down for July 17 through September 18. Data capture for the third quarter was only 30 percent. The Spokane County Maintenance Area complies with the PM_{10} NAAQS and continues to meet EPA's LMP qualification criteria.

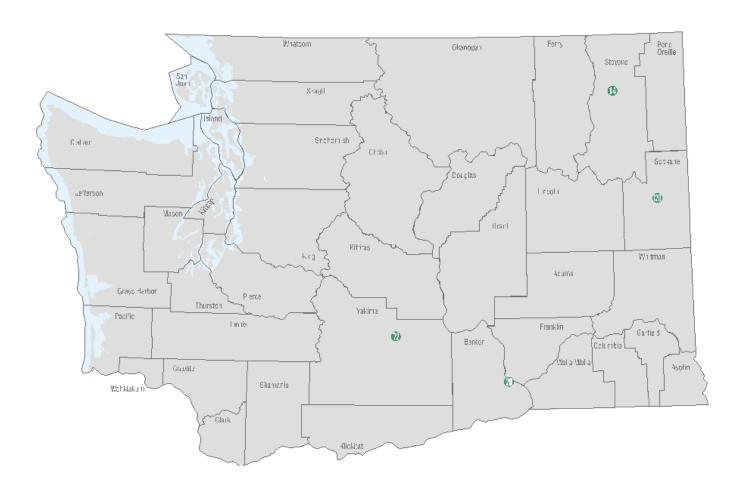


Figure 6. Map of Washington PM₁₀ sites

48

Colville, E. 1st

Site Name Colville, E. 1st AQS ID 530650005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 54' 69"/117 90' 32" Location Rooftop of Colville Fire Department

Address 261 E. 1st Street, Colville

County Stevens
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, cement, grass Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 81102

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo TEOM

Method code079FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Reighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/96 est. Relocated 10/15

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 15 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 535 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? Relocated due to an unexpected eviction

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{10} NAAQS? Yes Design value N/A

Purpose: Colville E. 1st is a neighborhood scale site for PM_{10} established in 1996 and relocated in 2015. The Colville site is located in a commercial/residential area on the roof of the Colville fire station. Colville was relocated from the rooftop of the Stevens County Courthouse to the Colville fire station.

Exceedances: Colville has exceeded the standard for PM₁₀ twice in 2015.

Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

(BCAA)

Site Name Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

AQS ID 530050002

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 13' 06"/119 12' 03"
Location Rooftop of the Kennewick Skills Center

Address 5929 West Metaline, Kennewick

County Benton
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 84
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Rooftop- asphalt, ground-grass and asphalt

Statistical Area Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA

Kennewick, Metaline Avenue Monitor Information

Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 81102

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo TEOM

Method code 079 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Benton County Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/94
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 7 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 18 Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 66 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 6 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{10} NAAQS? Yes Design value 1.6 $(0.4)^1$

Purpose: Kennewick is a neighborhood scale site for PM_{10} established in 1994 and located in the downtown Kennewick area. It is representative of Kennewick and the surrounding area which is subject to windblown dust.

Exceedances: This site has exceeded the standard for PM_{10} three times in 2015. Ecology is flagging all three 2015 exceedances and has plans to submit demonstrations on two of them.

50

Spokane, Augusta Avenue

(SRCAA)

Site Name Spokane, Augusta Avenue.

AOS ID 530630021

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 39' 39"/117 21' 26"

Location Rooftop of the Spokane Region Clean Air Agency

Address 3104 E. Augusta Avenue, Spokane

Spokane County Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 27

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, asphalt

Statistical Area Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 81102

Basic monitoring objectives(s) **NAQQS** Compliance Site type(s) Population Exposure Monitor type(s) SLAMS - Collocated

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo TEOM 079

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM/FRM

Collecting Agency Spokane Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab **Ecology** Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Middle Monitoring start date 3/09 Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.5 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM₁₀ NAAQS? Yes Design value 0.35

Purpose: Augusta Avenue is a middle scale site for PM₁₀ located in a commercial area of Spokane. The site is representative of the Spokane area, which has been a past PM₁₀ nonattainment area.

Exceedances: There was one exceedance of the 24-hour PM_{10} standard (2013) in the last three years.

Yakima, South 4th

(YRCAA)

Site Name Yakima, South 4th

AQS ID 530770009

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 35' 42"/120 30' 44"

Location Rooftop of Yakima Comprehensive Mental Health

Address 402 South 4th Avenue, Yakima

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, cement

Statistical Area Yakima, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 81102

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo TEOM

Method code 079 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Yakima Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab Ecology
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 4/00, TEOM FEM 9/15

Current sampling frequency

Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 rooftop, 12 ground

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{10} NAAQS? Yes Design value 0

Purpose: South 4th is a neighborhood scale site for PM_{10} located in a commercial/residential area near downtown. The site is representative of the Yakima area, a past PM_{10} nonattainment area.

Exceedances: This site has not exceeded standard for PM₁₀ in over 10 years.

Table 9. PM _{2.5} , Parameter Codes 88101, 88502							
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Sample Type	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016	
530272002	Aberdeen Division St.	8/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530330037	Bellevue, Bellevue Way	4/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530730015	Bellingham, Yew St.	11/12	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530350007	Bremerton Spruce	5/12	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530030004	Clarkston	3/07	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530410004	Chehalis	12/09	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530650005	Colville E. 1st	10/15	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530610020	Darrington, Fir St.	12/10	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530130002	Dayton, W. Main	2/09	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530370002	Ellensburg	10/07	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530050002	Kennewick, Metaline Ave.	8/04	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530332004	Kent, James & Central	12/10	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530670013	Lacey, College St.	1/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530750005	LaCrosse, Hill St.	7/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530330024	Lake Forest Park, Ballinger Way	1/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Discontinued	
530150015	Longview, 30th Ave.	3/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530610005	Lynnwood, 212th	1/11	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530610005	Lynnwood, 212th	9/13	SLAMS	Collocated	Continuous	Continue	
530611007	Marysville, 7th Ave.	2/10	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530611007	Marysville, 7th Ave.	7/12	SLAMS	Collocated	Continuous	Continue	
530210002	Mesa, Pepoit Way	1/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530251002	Moses Lake, Balsam St.	1/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530570015	Mt. Vernon, S Second St.	8/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530330017	North Bend, North Bend Way	3/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530090016	Port Angeles, E. 5th St.	4/15	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530310003	Port Townsend, San Juan Ave.	02/01	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530750003	Pullman, Dexter Ave.	3/01	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530531018	Puyallup, 128th St.	1/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530010003	Ritzville, Alder St.	3/01	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530750006	Rosalia, Josephine St.	6/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530330080	Seattle, Beacon Hill	2/10	NCore	SEQ/Cont.	1/3	Continue	
530330057	Seattle, E Marginal Way	12/09	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530330030	Seattle 10th & Weller	6/14	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530450007	Shelton, W. Franklin	4/11	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530630021	Spokane, Augusta	3/13	SLAMS	SEQ/Cont.	1/6	Continue/ FRM Discontinued	
530630047	Spokane, Monroe St.	7/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530770005	Sunnyside, S. 16th	9/15	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	

Table 9. PM _{2.5} , Parameter Codes 88101, 88502							
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Sample Type	Sampling Frequency	Action for 2016	
530530031	Tacoma, Alexander Ave.	1/03	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530530029	Tacoma, S. L St.	1/10	SLAMS	SEQ/Cont.	1/1	Continue	
530530029	Tacoma, S. L St.	4/12	Co-loc	SEQ/Cont.	1/12	Continue	
530110024	Vancouver NE 84th	12/14	SLAMS	FEM	Continuous	Continue	
530710005	Walla Walla, 12th St.	1/02	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530070011	Wenatchee Fifth St.	12/12	SLAMS	Continuous	Continuous	Continue	
530110022	Yacolt, Yacolt Rd.	6/07	SLAMS	Continuous	Continue	Continue	
530770009	Yakima, S 4th Ave.	5/00 0/11	SLAMS	SEQ/Cont.	1/3	Continue	

Additional Monitors: A new PM_{2.5} monitor (nephelometer) was established in Sunnyside in 2015.

Recommendations/Modifications: ORCAA has delayed relocation of the Aberdeen site until 2018. PSCAA lost the lease at Lake Forest Park and the site has been discontinued. PSCAA is looking for another site. The FRM at Spokane August was discontinued on March 31, 2016.

Notes: Nephelometers are not EPA equivalent method instruments and design values are estimates. Ecology uses WAQA for reporting $PM_{2.5}$ to inform and protect citizens of Washington. Ecology's goal is to keep 24-hour concentrations below $20\mu g/m^3$. Some monitors in areas of Washington are <u>not</u> intended to be solely NAAQS based. Selected monitors are used for protection of human health by calling burn bans during home heating season, making daily decisions for agricultural burning and health information- reporting $PM_{2.5}$ values.

Ecology and its partners do not operate any seasonal PM_{2.5} monitors.

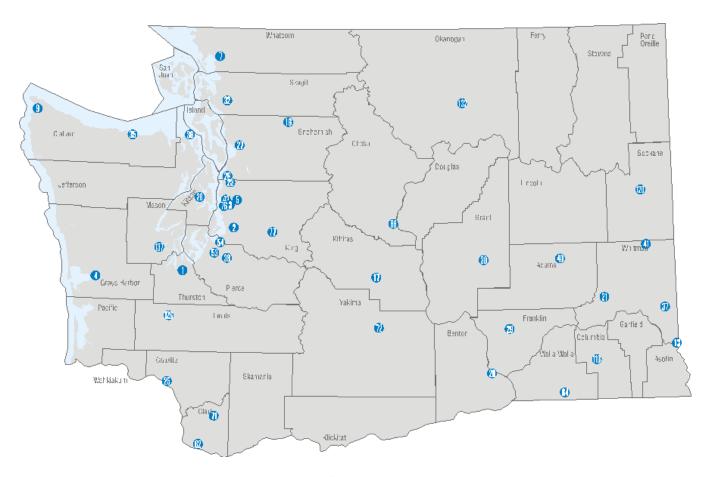


Figure 7. Map of Washington PM_{2.5} sites

Aberdeen, Division Street

(ORCAA) - Relocation delayed

Site Name Aberdeen Division Street

AQS ID 530272002

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 58' 21"/123 49' 54"

Location At Harbor High School
Address 359 North Division, Aberdeen

County Grays Harbor

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

40 feet
Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A
Groundcover

Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Othe

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date

Current sampling frequency

Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 from ground 2 from roof

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? Relocation in 2016/2017

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A^*

Purpose: Aberdeen is a neighborhood scale site. The site represents impacts to Aberdeen and the immediate Grays Harbor area from smoke related to home heating and mobile sources. It is used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Bellevue, Bellevue Way

Site Name Bellevue, Bellevue Way

AQS ID 530330037

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 36' 47"/122 12' 06" Location Rooftop of Alvin Goldfarb Jewelers

Address 305 Bellevue Way, Bellevue

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Paved, asphalt and concrete
Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code Radiance Research

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 4/02
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? Relocation 2016/2017

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.2/24hr 14

Purpose: Bellevue Way is a neighborhood scale site. It is representative of mobile source and smoke impacts in the area and used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Bellingham, Yew Street

(NWCAA)

Site Name Bellingham, Yew Street

AQS ID 530730025

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 45' 46"/122 26' 25"

Location Rooftop of 7-11

Address 2412 Yew Street, Bellingham

County Whatcom

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 30
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, asphalt Statistical Area Bellingham, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 1405F

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 1405
Method code 581

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency NWCAA
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 9/88 established, 11/12 FEM installed

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value Annual 7.0/24hr 18

Purpose: Bellingham Yew Street is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke related to home heating in the Bellingham/Whatcom County area and used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Bremerton, Spruce Avenue

(PSCAA)

Site Name Bremerton, Spruce

AQS ID 530350007

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 59' 26"/122 62' 73"

Location A shelter

Address 3250 Spruce Avenue, Bremerton

County Kitsap
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 100
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Bremerton, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C

Method code 181 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale

N/A

Ecology
Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 5/12 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 150 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? Yes

Design value Annual 4.8/24hr 13

Purpose: Bremerton Spruce is a neighborhood scale site. This site provides air quality information to a population of 280,000 Kitsap County residents.

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak AQS ID 530090013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 17' 12"/124 37' 13"

LocationAt Cheeka PeekAddressCheeka PeakCountyClallamDistance to road from gaseous probe (meters)7

Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research

Site type(s) Background/Regional Transport

Monitor type(s) Rural NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Othe

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency

Spatial scale

Monitoring start date

Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology

Regional

5/06

Current sampling frequency

Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 175

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 2.3/24hr 6

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a regional scale NCore site established in 2006. It is a national transport site.

Chehalis, Market Boulevard

Site Name Chehalis, Market Boulevard

AQS ID 530410004

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 6640"/122 96' 73"

Location Rooftop

Address 350 North Market, Chehalis

County Lewis
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof
Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771
FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 12/09
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 12 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 11 N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) Distance from trees (meters) 25 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? No

Design value Annual 6.5/24hr 19

Purpose: Chehalis is a neighborhood scale site established in late 2009. It is located in a mixed commercial/residential area of Chehalis. It is impacted by smoke from home heating and used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Clarkston, STP

Site Name Clarkston, STP AQS ID 530030004

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 046 25' 32"/117 3' 35"

Location

At the Clarkston sewage treatment plant
13th Street and Port Way, Clarkston

County Asotin
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 150
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771
FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A

Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 6/93 established, 3/07 nephelometer installed

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM $_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A*

Purpose: Clarkston is a neighborhood scale site established in 1993 as a PM_{10} site and converted to $PM_{2.5}$ in 2007. It is located in a mixed/residential area of Clarkston at the sewage treatment plant.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Colville, E. 1st

Site Name Colville, E. 1st AQS ID 530650005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 54' 46"/117 90' 32" Location Rooftop of the Colville Firehouse

Address 261 E. 1st Street, Colville

County Stevens
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, Cement, grass Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/A

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 12/96 est. 1/02 Neph, 10/15 Relocation

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 15 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 50 +Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A

Purpose: Colville E. 1st is a neighborhood scale site for $PM_{2.5}$ originally established in 1996 as a PM_{10} site and converted to $PM_{2.5}$ in 2009 and relocated in 2015. It is located in the commercial/residential area of Colville on the roof of the Colville Firehouse.

Darrington, Fir Street

(PSCAA)

Site Name Darrington, Fir Street

AQS ID 530610020

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 14' 49"/121 36' 11"

Location A shelter

Address 1085 Fir Street, Darrington

County Snohomish

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

120

N/A

Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C

Method code 181 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 6/07 established, 12/10 FEM

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 25 - Building

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

200

N/A

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.5/24hr 29

Purpose: Darrington is a neighborhood scale site. Located in a residential area, it is impacted by smoke from home heating.

Exceedances: Darrington exceeded the 2012 PM_{2.5} NAAQS three times in 2015.

Dayton, 206 West Main

Site Name Dayton AQS ID 530130002

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046.3180"/117.9850

Location Shelter next to firehouse Address 206 West Main, Dayton

County Columbia

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 33 Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, asphalt
Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 2/09
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 6

Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360
Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.1/24hr 15

Purpose: Dayton is a neighborhood scale small-community site. It is impacted by smoke from burning activities in the area. Site data is used for curtailment calls and burn/no burn calls during agricultural burning seasons.

Ellensburg, Ruby Street

Site Name Ellensburg, Ruby Street

AQS ID 530370002

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 046 59' 37"/120 32' 42"

Location

Rooftop of Hal Holms Library

201 North Ruby Street, Ellensburg

County Kittitas
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 33
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, cement
Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 1405F FEM

Method code 581
FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM
Collecting Agency Ecology

Collecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleNeighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/95 established, 10/07 Neph, 11/14 FEM

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A^*

*Insufficient data.

Purpose: Ellensburg is a neighborhood scale site established in 1995 as a PM_{10} site and converted to $PM_{2.5}$ in 2007. Upgraded to an FEM in November 2014. It is located in a residential area of Ellensburg and impacted by smoke from home heating devices. This site is used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Exceedances: Ellensburg exceeded the 2012 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS once in 2015.

Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

(BCAA)

Site Name Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

AQS ID 530050002

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 046 13' 06"/119 12' 03"

Location

Rooftop of Kennewick Skills Center

5929 West Metaline, Kennewick

County Benton
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 84
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Rooftop-asphalt, ground grass and asphalt Statistical Area Richland, Kennewick, and Pasco, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s)

Population Exposure
SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency
Benton Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 8/04
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 7

Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 18

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) 66

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 6

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A^*

Purpose: Kennewick is a neighborhood scale site. The site is impacted from smoke from home heating devices and agricultural sources, and is geographically representative of the Tri-Cities area. Kennewick is used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Kent, James, and Central

(PSCAA)

Site Name Kent, James and Central

AQS ID 530332004

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 23' 10"/122 13' 55"

Location A shelter

Address 614 North Railroad, Kent

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 25
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, landscaping

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101(POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500c FEM

Method code 181 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 7/87 established, 12/10 FEM

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 120 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value Annual 6.7/24hr 24

Purpose: Kent is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted from mobile sources, light industry, and smoke from home heating devices. This site is representative of Kent and the Kent Valley area.

Exceedances: Kent exceeded the 2012 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS twice in 2015.

Lacey, College Street

Lacey, College Street

(ORCAA)

Site Name

AOS ID 530670013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 01' 43"/122 49' 15" Location At Mountain View Elementary School

Address 1900 College Street SE, Lacey

County Thurston Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 40

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Olympia, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4) Basic monitoring objectives(s) **Public Information**

Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS** Instrument manufacturer and model Ecotech M90003/1000G

Method code 812

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Olympic Region Clean Air Agency Collecting Agency

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/02 Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round Probe height (meters) 10 from ground

Distance from supporting structure (meters) 2 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS?

Design value Annual 6.9/24hr 25

Purpose: Lacey, College Street is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices. The site is representative of the Lacey/Olympia/Thurston County area. The monitor at this site is also used to determine compliance with the PM₁₀ NAAOS as well as documenting the area continues to qualify for EPA's LMP option.

LaCrosse, Hill Street

Site Name LaCrosse, Hill Street

AQS ID 530750005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 48' 55"/117 52' 26"

Location Rooftop

Address 100 Hill Street, LaCrosse

County Whitman
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 100
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s)

Public information

Public information

Public information

Public information

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/A

Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 7/02

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.2/24hr 17

Purpose: LaCrosse is a neighborhood scale small-community site. It is impacted by smoke from burning. LaCrosse is used for making agricultural burn/no-burn decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season. It also provides modeling and mapping information.

Lake Forest Park, Ballinger Way - DISCONTINUED

(PSCAA)

Site Name

Lake Forest Park, Ballinger Way

AQS ID 530330024

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 45' 18"/122 16' 50"

Location Rooftop at the strip mall

Address 17171 Bothell Way NE, Lake Forest Park

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 200
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, asphalt
Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s)

Population Exposure
SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Ecotech M9003/1000G

Method code 812 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Othe

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 3/99 established, 1/03 nephelometer installed

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2.5 rooftop 35 from ground

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

40

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

Lease was lost. Site terminated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? No

Design value Annual 7.7/24hr 25

Purpose: Lake Forest Park is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and mobile sources from two adjacent arterials. It is used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Longview, 30th Avenue

(SWCAA)

Site Name Longview, 30th Avenue

AQS ID 530150015

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 08' 22"/122 57' 43"

Location at Olympic Middle School
Address 1324 30th Avenue, Longview

County Cowlitz
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 18
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, asphalt Statistical Area Longview, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Southwest Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 3/03
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.5 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.2/24hr 19

Purpose: Longview is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating. It is representative of the Longview/Kelso area and used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Lynnwood, 212th Street

(PSCAA)

Site Name Lynnwood, 212th Street

AQS ID 530610005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 48' 23"/122 19' 00"

Location at Snohomish PUD

Address 6120 212th Street SW, Lynnwood

County Snohomish

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

40

N/A

Asphalt

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3 & 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s)

Population Exposure
SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model

Thermo FEM

Method code 181

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Neighborhood
1/11 FEM
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 4

Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 1 rails

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) 50

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 2

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value Annual 6.1/24hr 22

Purpose: Lynnwood is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke during home heating season. Lynnwood is representative of Lynnwood and South Snohomish County.

Exceedances: Lynnwood had one exceedance of the 2012 PM_{2.5} 24-hour NAAQS in 2015.

Marysville, 7th Avenue

(PSCAA)

Site Name Marysville, 7th Avenue

AQS ID 530611007

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 048 03' 18"/122 10' 33"

Location

Address

LAT/LONG: 048 03' 18"/122 10' 33"

at Marysville Junior High School

1605 7th Avenue, Marysville

County Snohomish

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

15

N/A

Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3 & 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo & Thermo 8500C

Method code 181 & 181

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM & Collocated FEM
Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 9/91 established, 2/10 FEM, 7/12 FEM Collocated

Current sampling frequency
Calculated sampling frequency
N/A
Sampling season
Year-round

Sampling season Year-round
Probe height (meters) 3
Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

2

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? Yes

Design value FEM Annual 8.1/24hr 30/FEM2 30

Purpose: Marysville is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke during home heating season, mobile sources, and light industry. Marysville is representative of Marysville and the North Snohomish County area.

Exceedances: Marysville exceeded the 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS seven times in 2015.

Mesa, Pepoit Way

Site Name Mesa, Pepoit Way AOS ID 530210002

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 34' 32"/119 00' 25"

Location Rooftop

Address 200 Pepiot Way, Mesa

County Franklin
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 300
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, scrub

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771
FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/03

Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 6 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 33 Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.2/24hr 19

Purpose: Mesa is a neighborhood scale small-community site. It is impacted by agricultural sources and smoke from home heating. It is also used for daily agricultural burn decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season.

Moses Lake, South Balsam Street

Site Name Moses Lake, Balsam Street

AQS ID 530251002

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 07' 50"/119 16' 22"

Location Rooftop

Address 412 S Balsam Street, Moses Lake

County Grant
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 25
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleNeighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/03
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 6
Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A
Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 2
Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A
Distance from trees (meters) 25
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A
Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A
Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.8/24hr 21

Purpose: Moses Lake is a neighborhood scale, small community site. It is by agricultural sources and smoke from home heating sources. It is also used for daily agricultural burn decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season.

Mt. Vernon, South Second Street

(NWCAA)

Site Name Mt. Vernon, South Second Street

AQS ID 530570015

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 24' 37"/122 20' 16"

Location A room at NWCAA Offices

Address 1600 South Second Street, Mount Vernon

County Skagit
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 25
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code Radiance Research MS

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency NWCAA
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology

Spatial scale Neighborhood Monitoring start date 8/02

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 7

Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 4.7/24hr 12

Purpose: Mt. Vernon is a neighborhood scale, small community site. It is impacted by home heating devices. Mt. Vernon is used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

360

North Bend, North Bend Way

Site Name North Bend, North Bend Way

AQS ID 530330017

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 29' 23"/121 46' 24"

Location a shelter at USFS Offices

Address 42404 SE North Bend Way, North Bend

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 180
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Information Pollutant, POC

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood Monitoring start date 3/03
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? No

Design value Annual 5.2/24hr 14

Purpose: North Bend is a neighborhood scale transport/background $PM_{2.5}$ site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices. North Bend is used for curtailment calls during home heating season. North Bend is collocated with ozone and meteorological equipment.

360

Port Angeles, East 5th Street

(ORCAA)

Site Name Port Angeles, East 5th Street

AQS ID 530090016

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 11' 50"/123 43' 64"

Location At the Fire Station

Address 102 East 5th Street, Port Angeles

County Clallam
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 15
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, asphalt
Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/99 established, 4/15 relocated

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 20 from ground 2 from roof

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A Changes within the next 18 months? No Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A*

Purpose: Port Angeles is a neighborhood scale site adjacent to Olympic National Park, a Class I area. It is impacted by smoke from home heating sources. Port Angeles is also used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Port Townsend, San Juan Avenue

(ORCAA)

Site Name Port Townsend, San Juan Avenue

AQS ID 530310003

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 07' 45"/122 46' 46"

Location At Blue Herron School

Address 3939 San Juan Avenue, Port Townsend

County Jefferson
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 45
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 2/00 established, 2/01 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 30 from ground 2 from roof

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.2/24hr 15

Purpose: Port Townsend is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices. Port Townsend is used for curtailment calls during home heating season. It is representative of the east Jefferson County area.

Pullman, Dexter Avenue

Site Name Pullman, Dexter Avenue

AQS ID 530750003

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 43' 28"/117 10' 46"

Location At Pullman Public School
Address 240 SE Dexter, Pullman

County Whitman
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 40
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, grass Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Ecotech M9003/1000G

Method code812FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood
Monitoring start date 3/01

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.0/24hr 15

Purpose: Pullman is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from burning. Pullman is used for daily agricultural burn/no-burn decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season.

Puyallup, 128th Street

(PSCAA)

Puyallup, 128th Street Site Name

AOS ID 530531018

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 08' 24"/122 18' 01"

Location

Address 9616 128th Street East, Puyallup

County Pierce Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20 Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4) Basic monitoring objectives(s) **Public Information** Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturer and model Ecotech M9003/1000G

Method code 812 FRM/FEM/ARM/other

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale

Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 12/91 established, 1/03 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 80 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) 100 Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS?

Annual 6.3/24hr 23 Design value

Purpose: Puyallup is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices in the Puyallup South Hill/Pierce County area.

Ritzville, Alder Street

Site Name Ritzville, Alder Street

AQS ID 530010003

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 07' 43"/118 22' 55"

Location A shelter

Address 109 West Alder, Ritzville

County Adams
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 80
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, gravel Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771
FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/00 established, 3/01 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 8

Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from trees (meters) N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.3/24hr 17

Purpose: Ritzville is a neighborhood scale, small community site. It is impacted by smoke from burning activities in the area. Ritzville is used for making daily agricultural burn/no-burn decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season.

Rosalia, Josephine Street

Site Name Rosalia, Josephine Street

AQS ID 530750006

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 13' 52"/117 22' 08"

Location In a building

Address 906 South Josephine Street, Rosalia

County Whitman

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Distance from trees (meters)

Parameter code 88502 (POC 4)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/A

Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 6/02 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A
Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) 15 Furnace exhaust

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.4/24hr 17

Purpose: Rosalia is a neighborhood scale small-community site. It is impacted by smoke from burning in the area. Rosalia is used for making daily agricultural burning decisions and curtailment calls during home heating season.

N/A

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle, Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location

A shelter at Jefferson Park/reservoir

4103 Beacon Avenue South, Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 10
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3 & POC 1)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C FEM & Thermo 2025 FRM

Method code 181 & 118

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Thermo 8500 FEM & 2025 FRM

Collecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabEcologyReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleUrban

Monitoring start date 6/79 established, 2/10 FEM installed

Current sampling frequency Continuous & 1/3

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year Round
Probe height (meters) 6 FEM 3 FRM

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

2 FRM

N/A

N/A

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value FEM Annual 6.3/24hr 16/FRM 18

Purpose: Seattle, Beacon Hill is an urban scale NCORE site. Seattle Beacon Hill is collocated with an FEM, FRM, meteorological parameters, as well as toxics and speciation monitoring.

Seattle, Duwamish

(PSCAA)

Site Name Seattle, East Marginal Way

AQS ID 530330057 (same)
GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 55' 99"/122 33' 82"

Location A shelter

Address 4700 East Marginal Way

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 90
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C FEM

Method code 181 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 8/71 established, 12/09 FEM installed

6/2014 relocated/restarted

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A Changes within the next 18 months? No Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? Yes Design value N/A*

Purpose: Seattle Duwamish is a neighborhood scale site. It is located in the Duwamish River Valley and impacted by mobile source diesel emissions and industrial sources.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Seattle, 10th and Weller

(PSCAA)

Continuous

Site Name Seattle, 10th and Weller

AQS ID 530330030

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 59' 72"/122 31' 97"

Location A shelter adjacent to I-5 in downtown Seattle

Address 10th and Weller

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 8

Traffic count (AADT, year) 18,400 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Concrete, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Current sampling frequency

Parameter code 88101

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C FEM

Method code181FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcologySpatial scaleMicroMonitoring start date6/14

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 3.2

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NO_2 NAAQS? Yes Design value N/A^*

Purpose: Seattle 10th and Weller is a micro scale, EPA-required, near-road monitoring site. It is located near the International District adjacent to Interstate 5.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Shelton, West Franklin

(ORCAA)

Site Name Shelton, West Franklin

AQS ID 530450007

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 213' 55"/123 100' 81"

Location Rooftop of the fire station
Address 122 West Franklin, Shelton

County Mason
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Neighborhood
Relocated 4/11
Current sampling frequency
Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 30 from ground 2 from roof

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

320

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Tygon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.4/24hr 18

Purpose: Shelton is a neighborhood scale site. It was established in 2001 and relocated in April 2011. Shelton is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and used for curtailment calls during home heating season.

Spokane, Augusta Avenue

(SRCAA)

Site Name Spokane, Augusta Avenue

AQS ID 530630021

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 39' 39"/117 21' 26"

Location Rooftop of SRCAA Offices

Address 3104 E. Augusta Avenue, Spokane

County Spokane
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 27

Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, asphalt

Statistical Area Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 5)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Met One BAM 1020

Method code 170 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Spokane Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab Ecology
Reporting Agency Ecology
Sertial and Service Se

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 3/09 established, 9/13 FEM, 10/15 BAM

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? FRM discontinued 3/2016

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value FEM N/A FRM N/A*

Purpose: Spokane Augusta Avenue is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and light industrial sources.

Exceedances: Spokane Augusta exceeded the NAAQS three times in 2015.

^{*}Insufficient data due to construction at site.

Spokane, Monroe Street

Site Name Spokane Monroe AQS ID 530630047

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 42' 03"/117 25' 30"

Location

Rooftop of the Ecology Eastern Regional

Office

Address North 4601 Monroe Street, Spokane

County Spokane
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 40
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Asphalt

Statistical Area MSA: Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771
FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/89 established, 7/03 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

40

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) 20 (natural gas)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A
Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A*

Purpose: Spokane, Monroe Street is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and is representative of the area.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Sunnyside, South 16th

(YRCAA)

Site Name Sunnyside, South 16th

AQS ID 530770005

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 046 35' 42"/120 30' 44"

Location

Rooftop at Harrison Middle School

810 S. 16th Street, Sunnyside

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 70
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt roof, grass & asphalt on the ground

Statistical Area Yakima, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Population Exposure
SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Yakima Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab Ecology
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 9/15
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 rooftop, 12 from ground

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Teflon
N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A^*

Purpose: Sunnyside is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating and burning sources in the area.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Tacoma, Alexander Avenue

(PSCAA)

Site Name Tacoma, Alexander Avenue

AQS ID 530530031

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 15' 56"/122 23' 09"

Location A shelter

Address 2301 Alexander Avenue, Tacoma

County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/87 established, 1/03 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 7.9/24hr 23

Purpose: Tacoma, Alexander Avenue is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and industrial point sources on the Tacoma Tide flats. The site is representative of the NE Tacoma/Fife area.

Tacoma, South L Street

(PSCAA)

Site Name Tacoma, L Street AQS ID 530530029

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 11' 11"/122 27' 06"

Location A shelter

Address 7802 South L Street, Tacoma

County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 100
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3 & 1)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 8500C FEM & Thermo 2025 FRM

Method code 181 & 118 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM & FRM

Collecting Agency Puget Sound Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab Ecology
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/99 established, 1/10 FEM, 4/12 FRM

N/A

Current sampling frequency Continuous & 1/1

Calculated sampling frequency

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 60 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 2 Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value FEM Annual 30 24hr 7.5/FRM 32

Purpose: Tacoma, L Street is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices.

Exceedances: Tacoma L Street site exceeded the NAAQS five times in 2015.

Vancouver, NE 84th Avenue

(SWCAA)

Site Name Vancouver, NE 84th Avenue

AQS ID 530110024

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 45.64' 33"/122 58' 73"

Location at Water Station #15

Address 2795 NE 84th Ave, Vancouver

County Clark
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 170 meters
Traffic count (AADT, year) 8471 (2011)
Groundcover grass

Statistical Area Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101, POC 5
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAAQS Compliance

Site type(s) Population exposure/highest conc.

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Met One BAM 1020 FEM

Method code 170 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM

Collecting Agency Southwest Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date December 29, 2014, 7/2015 BAM FEM

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

3

3

3

N/A

Spacing from minor sources
Probe material for reactive gases

No minor sources
Anodized aluminum

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Changes within the next 18 months?

None
Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS?

Yes

Design value Annual 8.51/24hr 34 (Combined locations)

Purpose: Vancouver, NE 84th Avenue is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating.

Exceedances: Vancouver exceeded the NAAQS four times in 2015.

Walla Walla, 12th Street

Site Name Walla Walla, 12th Street

AQS ID 530710005

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 03' 32"/118 21' 06"

Location Rooftop

Address 200 South 12th, Walla Walla

County Walla Walla

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

25

N/A

Asphalt

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 5/89 established, 10/02 nephelometer

Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 6.37/24hr 19

Purpose: Walla Walla is a neighborhood scale small-community site. It is impacted by smoke from burning activities in the area.

Wenatchee, 5th Street

Site Name Wenatchee 5th Street

AQS ID 530070011

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 43' 06"/120 34' 19"
Location A shelter at Wenatchee Valley College

Address 1300 5th Street

County Chelan
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 33
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Thermo 1405F FEM

Method code181FRM/FEM/ARM/otherFEMCollecting AgencyWenatcheeAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood
Monitoring start date 12/12
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 70 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? Yes

Design value Annual 5.37/24hr N/A

Purpose: Wenatchee 5th is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating and wildfires.

Exceedances: The Wenatchee monitor exceeded the 2012 PM_{2.5} 24-hour standard once in 2015.

Yacolt, Yacolt Road

(SWCAA)

Site Name Yacolt, Yacolt Road

AQS ID 530110022

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 045 86' 63"/122 40' 88"

Location At Yacolt Primary School
Address 406 West Yacolt Road, Yacolt

County Clark
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 112
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, grass Statistical Area Vancouver, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Southwest Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 6/07
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round Probe height (meters) 15 roof Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.5 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A^*

Purpose: Yacolt is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating devices and is representative of the area.

^{*}Insufficient Data

Yakima, South 4th Avenue

(YRCAA)

Site Name Yakima, South 4th Avenue

AQS ID 530770009

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 35' 42"/120 30' 44"
Location Rooftop at Yakima Comprehensive MH

Address 402 South 4th Avenue, Yakima

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 14
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt roof, grass & cement on the ground

Statistical Area Yakima, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88101 (POC 5 & 1)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Met One BAM 1020 FEM & Thermo 2025

Method code 170 & 118 FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM & FRM

Collecting Agency Yakima Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab Ecology
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 5/00 established, 10/11, 9/15 BAM FEM

Current sampling frequency Continuous & 1/3

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 rooftop, 13 from ground

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? Yes

Design value FEM Annual 9.51 24hr 32/FRM 34

Purpose: Yakima is a neighborhood scale site. It is impacted by smoke from home heating and burning sources in the area.

Exceedances: Yakima exceeded the 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard four times in 2015.

Other - contracted local clean air agencies

Table 10. Other - Contracted Local Clean Air Agencies									
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Type	Action for 2016			
530570011	Anacortes	10/11	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Continue			
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue			
530630021	Spokane Augusta	5/10	SLAMS	Urban	Continuous	Discontinued			

Additional Monitors: None.

Note: SRCAA discontinued ozone monitoring at Augusta for 2016. Ecology provides technical support for Anacortes and Cheeka Peak. Technical support can include repair and calibration, quality assurance, telemetry, and data management.

Anacortes, O Street

Site Name Anacortes, O Street

AOS ID 530570011

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 52' 05"/122 61' 42" Location

A trailer

Address 202 O Street, Anacortes

County Skagit Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 15 Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, gravel

MSA: Not an Urban area Statistical Area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 44201, 42401, 88101 (POC 3)

Basic monitoring objectives(s) **NAQOS** Compliance

Population Exposure Site type(s) Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturers and model Teledyne-API 400, Teledyne-API T100U

(NWCAA)

& Thermo 8500 Method code 087, 560, 181

FRM/FEM/ARM/other **FEM** Collecting Agency **NWCAA** Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/11 Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Ozone seasonal (May-September), Year-

round SO₂ and PM_{2.5}

Probe height (meters) Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) 9.5 residence time needed

Changes within the next 18 months? None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the ozone NAAQS? Yes. 0.042 Ozone/PM_{2.5} FEM N/A*

Design Value

Purpose: The NWCAA uses this site to collect ozone, SO₂, and PM_{2.5} information in its jurisdiction. This site is suitable for comparison to the NAAQS.

^{*}Insufficient data

Cheeka Peak

Site Name Cheeka Peak 530090013 AOS ID

LAT/LONG: 048 17'12"/ 124 37' 13" GPS coordinates

(ORCAA)

Location A shelter at Cheeka Peak

Address Cheeka Peak County Clallam

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 7 Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 42101, 42401, 42600+, 88502,

Basic monitoring objectives(s) Research

Background/Regional Transport Site type(s)

Monitor type(s) **NCore**

Instrument manufacturer and model Teledyne-API 400, RR M903,

087, 054, 560, 599, 771 Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other FEM & Other Olympic Region Clean Air Agency Collecting Agency

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency **Ecology** Regional Spatial scale Monitoring start date 5/06 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5.5 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 0.3Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 21 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) 0.3 to 0.6

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) See specific pollutant Changes within the next 18 months? Potential analyzer upgrades

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5}, ozone,

and Trace gases NAAOS? PM_{2.5} – No, Ozone – Yes, Trace gases, Yes

175

Design Value Annual 2.3 24hr 6

Purpose: The Olympic Region Clean Air Agency (ORCAA) operates this Rural NCore site.

Meteorological Monitoring (Met. 61101, 61102, 62101)

Table 11. Met Monitoring, Parameter Codes 61101, 61102, 62101									
AQS#	Site Name	Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Type	Action for 2016			
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	WS, WD, Ta	Regional	Continuous	Continue			
530650005	Colville	3/11	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530330023	Enumclaw Mud Mtn.	2/04	WS, WD, Ta	Urban	Continuous	Continue			
530050005	Kennewick	08/12	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530330017	North Bend	1/00	WS, WD, Ta	Regional	Continuous	Continue			
530470013	Omak (Tribal)	10/10	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	6/79	WS, WD, Ta	Urban	Continuous	Continue			
530330030	Seattle 10th & Weller	4/14	WS, WD, Ta	Micro	Continuous	Continue			
530630021	Spokane Augusta Ave	7/09	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530530024	Tacoma 36th	2/16	WS, WD, Ta	Micro	Continuous	Continue			
530531016	Tacoma Tower	1/91	WS, WD, Ta	Micro	Continuous	Continue			
530770015	Toppenish (Tribal)	6/09	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530110011	Vancouver Blairmount	12/07	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530070011	Wenatchee Fifth	11/12	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530770016	White Swan (Tribal)	11/09	WS, WD, Ta	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			

Additional Monitors: A new meteorological site is anticipated at the Central Washington Comprehensive Mental Health Yakima site in 2016 pending landlord approval. The Tacoma near-road site began meteorological monitoring in February 2016.

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Cheeka Peak (ORCAA)

Site Name Cheeka Peak AQS ID 530090013

GPS coordinates 048 29' 78"/124 62' 49"
Location At Cheeka Peak
Address Cheeka Peak

County Clallam

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Not near a road

Traffic count (AADT, year)

N/A

Groundcover Shrubs, grass and gravel/dirt

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

Research

Site type(s) National Transport

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 86004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Olympic Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale
Monitoring start date
Current sampling frequency

N/A

Ecology
Regional

S/06

Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 40 +Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of monitoring at the Rural NCore site.

Colville, E. 1st

Site Name Colville, E. 1st AQS ID 530650005

GPS coordinates 048 54' 46"/117 90' 32"

Location Rooftop of the Colville Firehouse

Address 261 E. 1st Street, Colville

County Stevens
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 20
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, cement, grass Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 5/16
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 50 +Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} monitoring at Colville.

Enumclaw, Mud Mountain Dam

Site Name Enumclaw, Mud Mountain

AQS ID 530330023

GPS coordinates 047 08' 28"/121 56' 09" Location At Mud Mountain Dam

Address 30525 SE Mud Mountain Road, Enumclaw

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel & weeds

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Regional Transport

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040, 62

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 2/04
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Seasonal (May – September)

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of seasonal ozone monitoring at Enumclaw.

Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

(BCAA)

Site Name Kennewick, Metaline Avenue

AQS ID 530050002

GPS coordinates 046 13' 06"/119 12' 03"

Location Rooftop of Kennewick Skills Center Address 5929 West Metaline, Kennewick

 $\begin{array}{ll} County & Benton \\ Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) & N/A \\ Traffic count (AADT, year) & N/A \end{array}$

Groundcover Rooftop-asphalt, ground-grass & asphalt Statistical Area Richland, Kennewick and Pasco, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 8/12
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) 18 Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 66 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and seasonal ozone monitoring in the Kennewick/TriCities area.

North Bend, North Bend Way

Site Name North Bend, North Bend Way

AQS ID 530330017

GPS coordinates 047 29' 23"/121 46' 24"

Location At USDA Forest Service Offices

Address 42404 SE North Bend Way, North Bend

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040, 62

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Regional
Monitoring start date 1/00
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 20 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5} and seasonal ozone monitoring at North Bend.

Omak (Colville Tribe)

Site Name Omak (Colville Nation)

AQS ID 530470013

GPS coordinates 048. 39' 99"/119 518' 96"

Location A mill yard

Address 8th Avenue and Omak/Okanogan Road

County Okanogan
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass, dirt
Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/10
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5} monitoring at Omak.

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle, Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"
Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir

Address 4103 Beacon Avenue South, Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040, 062

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 6/79
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of $PM_{2.5}$, ozone, NCore, toxics and speciation monitoring at Seattle Beacon Hill.

Seattle, 10th and Weller

Site Name Seattle, 10th and Weller

AQS ID 530330030

GPS coordinates 047 59' 72"/122 31' 97"

Location Adjacent to I-5

Address 10th and Weller, Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Cement, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040, 062

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Micro
Monitoring start date 4/14
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of NO₂, CO, and PM_{2.5} near-road monitoring at Seattle 10th and Weller.

Spokane, Augusta Avenue

(SRCAA)

Site Name Spokane, Augusta Avenue

AQS ID 530630021

GPS coordinates 047 39' 39"/ 17 21' 26"

Location Rooftop of Spokane Regional Clean Air

Agency

Address 3104 East Augusta Avenue, Spokane

County Spokane
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Membrane roof, asphalt

Statistical Area Spokane, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Spokane Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 3/09
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction and temperature in support of PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and Ozone monitoring at Spokane Augusta.

Tacoma, 36th

Site Name Tacoma, 36th AQS ID 530530024

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG Est.: 047 22' 63"/122 46' 25"
Location On Jenny Reed Elementary School Property

Address 1802 S. 36th
County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A

Traffic count (AADT, year) 160,000 est. (2104 WSDOT)

Groundcover Cement, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040, 062

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Micro
Monitoring start date 2/16
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Optional collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of NO₂, and PM_{2.5} at the Tacoma 36th near-road site.

Tacoma, Tower Drive

Site Name Tacoma, Tower Drive

AQS ID 530531016

GPS coordinates 47.30444"/122.4120 Location At a reservoir

Address 5225 Tower Drive, Tacoma

County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue, Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Micro
Monitoring start date 1/99
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of modeling in the Puget Sound.

Toppenish, Ward Road

(Yakama Nation)

Site Name Toppenish Ward Road

AQS ID 530770015

GPS coordinates 046 23' 07"/120 18' 49"

Location At Toppenish High School

Address 141 Ward Road, Toppenish

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 8/08
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5} monitoring at Toppenish.

Vancouver, Blairmont

Site Name Vancouver, Blairmont

AQS ID 530110011

GPS coordinates 045 36' 37"/122 30' 59" Location At Blairmont High School

Address 1500 SE Blairmount Drive, Vancouver

County Clark
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, asphalt

Statistical Area Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050, 020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 12/07 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of seasonal ozone monitoring at Vancouver Blairmont.

Wenatchee, 5th Street

Site Name Wenatchee 5th AQS ID 530070011

GPS coordinates 047 43' 06"/120 34' 19"

Location At Wenatchee Valley College Address 1300 5th Street, Wenatchee

County Chelan
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050,020,040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/12
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5} monitoring at Wenatchee.

White Swan

(Yakama Nation)

Site Name White Swan AQS ID 530770016

GPS coordinates 046.37' 54"/120 72' 93" Location At Mt. Adams School

Address 621 Signal Peak Road, White Swan

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) N/A
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 61101, 61102, 62101
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model RM Young 85004 Method code 050,020, 040

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/09 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 10 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360 Probe material for reactive gases N/A Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS?

Purpose: Collection of wind speed, wind direction, and temperature in support of PM_{2.5} monitoring at White Swan.

Table 12. Other Contracted Sites USFS										
AQS#	Site Name Est. Type Scale			Sampling Type	Action for 2016					
530070007	Chelan	12/02	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Discontinued				
530070010	Leavenworth	2/05	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue				
530770007	Naches	8/08	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Discontinued				
530470009	Twisp	11/03	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue				
530470010	Winthrop	11/03	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue				

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: The USFS discontinued Ecology support for the Chelan and Naches sites.

Comment: *Nephelometers are not EPA equivalent method, nor compliance instruments, and design values are estimates.

Leavenworth, Evans Street

(USFS)

Site Name Leavenworth, Evans Street

AQS ID 530070010

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 35' 56"/120 39' 53"

Location

At Cascade School District property

330 Evans Street, Leavenworth

County Chelan
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 10
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Grass, asphalt

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency USDA Forest Service

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 2/05
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round Probe height (meters) 12 (rooftop)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

1

N/A

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 8.3/24hr 28

Purpose: Leavenworth is a neighborhood scale site. Its primary purpose is for prescribed burning decision-making by USFS. This site is not suitable for comparison to the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS.

Twisp, Glover Street

(USFS)

Site Name Twisp, Glover Street

AQS ID 530470009

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 48° 21' 51"/120 12' 40"

Location In a building

Address 118 South Glover Street, Twisp

County Okanogan

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 2
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Concrete, asphalt

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency USDA Forest Service

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency

Spatial scale

N/A

Ecology

Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/03
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 25 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 9.4/24hr 25

Purpose: Twisp is a neighborhood scale site. Its primary purpose is for prescribed burning decision-making by USFS. This site is not suitable for comparison to the PM_{2.5} NAAQS.

Winthrop, West Chewuch Road

(USFS)

Site Name Winthrop, West Chewuch Road

AQS ID 530470010

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 048 28' 38"/120 11' 26"

Location

Address

LAT/LONG: 048 28' 38"/120 11' 26"

At the Methow Valley Ranger Station

24 West Chewuch Road, Winthrop

County Okanogan

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

15

N/A

Grass

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an urban area

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency USDA Forest Service

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/03
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 5

Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) 1

Distance from trees (meters) 7

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual N/A/24hr N/A

Purpose: Winthrop is a neighborhood scale site. Its primary purpose is for prescribed burning decision-making by USFS. This site is not suitable for comparison to the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS.

Other - contracted sites Tribal/EPA

Table 13. Other - Contracted Sites Tribal/EPA									
AQS#	Site Name (Tribe)	Est.	Туре	Scale	Sampling Type	Action for 2016			
530090014	Neah Bay (Makah)	2/10	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530470013	Omak (Colville)	10/10	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530270011	Taholah (Quinault)	8/15	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530770015	Toppenish (Yakama)	8/08	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530650002	Wellpinit (Spokane)	10/08	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			
530770016	White Swan (Yakama)	1/09	SPMS	Neighborhood	Continuous	Continue			

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Comment: Nephelometers are not EPA equivalent method, nor compliance instruments, and design values are estimates.

Neah Bay

(Makah Nation)

Site Name Neah Bay, Makah Nation

AQS ID 530090014

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048 22' 19"/124 35' 43"

Location In a building

Address 159 Waada View, Neah Bay

County

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover

Clallam

10

N/A

Crement

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Makah Nation

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 2/10
Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 9
Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1
Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A
Distance from trees (meters) N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A
Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A
Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 270

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM $_{2.5}$ NAAQS? No Design value N/A*

Purpose: Neah Bay is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Makah Tribe for air quality information on the reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the Federal Rules for Reservations (FARR).

^{*}Insufficient data

Omak (Colville Tribe)

Site Name Omak, Colville Tribe

AOS ID 530470013

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 048. 39' 99"/119 518' 96"

Location A shelter

Address 8th Ave & Omak/Okanogan Rd

County Okanogan N/A Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Rock, dirt

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3) Basic monitoring objectives(s) **Public Information** Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Colville Tribe Collecting Agency

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency Ecology Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 10/10 Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 1 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) 100 Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? Potentially, EPA is considering a PM_{2.5} FEM

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS?

Design value N/A*

Purpose: Omak is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Colville Tribe for air quality information on the reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the FARR.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Taholah, Chitwin Drive

(Quinault Tribe)

Site Name Taholah, Quinault Tribe

AQS ID 530270011

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047. 20' 63"/124 172' 22"

Location On Quinault Tribal Property

Address 600 Chitwin Drive County Grays Harbor

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 3
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Ecotech M90003/100G

Method code 812 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Quinault Tribe

Analytical Lab

Reporting Agency
Spatial scale

Monitoring start date

N/A

Ecology
Neighborhood

8/2015

Monitoring start date 8/2015
Current sampling frequency Continuous
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

TBD

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

Changes within the next 18 months?

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS?

No
Design value

N/A

Purpose: Taholah is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Quinault Tribe for air quality information on the reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the FARR.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Toppenish, Ward Road

(Yakama Nation)

Toppenish, Ward Road Site Name

530770015 AOS ID

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046 23' 07"/120 18' 49"

Location At Toppenish High School Address 141 Ward Road, Toppenish

County Yakima 35 Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3) Basic monitoring objectives(s) **Public Information** Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) **SLAMS**

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

771 Method code FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Yakama Nation

Analytical Lab N/A Reporting Agency Ecology Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 8/08 Current sampling frequency Continuous Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months? Potentially. EPA is considering a PM_{2.5} FEM

360

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS?

Design value Annual 10.7/24hr 41

Purpose: Toppenish is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Yakama Tribe for air quality information on the reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the FARR.

Wellpinit, Ford-Wellpinit Road

(Spokane Tribe)

Site Name Wellpinit, Ford-Wellpinit Road

AQS ID 530650002

GPS coordinates

LAT/LONG: 047 53' 19"/117 59' 19"

Location

Rooftop of Spokane Tribal Property

5298 Ford-Wellpinit Road, Wellpinit

County Stevens
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 150
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code771FRM/FEM/ARM/otherOtherCollecting AgencyEcologyAnalytical LabN/AReporting AgencyEcology

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date

Current sampling frequency

Calculated sampling frequency

Neignbornoo

Noidon

Noidon

Neignbornoo

Noidon

No

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAQS? No

Design value Annual 5.98/24hr 15

Purpose: Wellpinit is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Spokane Tribe for air quality information on the reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the FARR.

White Swan

(Yakama Nation)

Site Name White Swan-Yakama

AQS ID 530770016

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 046.37' 54"/120 72' 93"

Location At Mt. Adams School

Address 621 Signal Peak Rd, White Swan

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 3

Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A
Groundcover Grass

Statistical Area MSA: Not in an MSA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 88502 (POC 3)
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Public Information

Site type(s) Population Exposure
Monitor type(s) SLAMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Radiance Research M903

Method code 771 FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Yakama Tribe

Analytical Lab N/A
Reporting Agency Ecology
Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 1/09 Current sampling frequency Continuous

Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases

Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the PM_{2.5} NAAOS? No

Design value Annual 6.87/24hr N/A*

Purpose: White Swan is a neighborhood scale site. It is used by the Yakama Tribe for air quality information on the Yakama Reservation. This information is also used by EPA Region 10 to determine burning curtailment calls in support of the FARR.

^{*}Insufficient data.

Lead (Pb 14129)

Table 14. Pb, Parameter Code 85129								
AQS# Site Name Est. Type Scale Type for 2016								
530330080	Seattle, Beacon Hill	1/13	NCore	Urban	1/6	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: None. EPA changed the monitoring rule in 2016 and is no longer requiring Pb monitoring at NCore sites. Currently there is no extra cost to Ecology to sample for Pb and we will continue to do so until further notice.

Note: Ecology has EPA Region 10 approval to use the PM₁₀ sampler, which is part of the PM Course sampling for lead monitoring. Eastern Research Group (ERG), an EPA contractor, performs the analysis and submits the data to the Air Quality System (AQS). There is an SOP in Ecology's Quality Assurance Plan for this instrument. This monitor fulfills the requirement to demonstrate compliance with the 2008 lead NAAQS.

Seattle, Beacon Hill

Site Name Seattle Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir
Address 4103 Beacon Avenue S., Seattle

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area MSA: Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code 85129

Basic monitoring objectives(s)

NAQQS Compliance
Site type(s)

Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SLAMS
Instrument manufacturer and model NCore
Method code 907

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Thermo 2025 FRM

Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab ERG
Reporting Agency ERG
Spatial scale Urban
Monitoring start date 1/13
Current sampling frequency 1/6
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases N/A
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the Pb NAAQS? Yes

Purpose: The purpose of sampling at Seattle Beacon Hill is to meet EPA NAAQS minimum Pb requirements.

Trace gas monitoring

NCore – **Precursor Gas & Multi-Pollutant Monitoring** – From an emission source perspective, multiple pollutants and their precursors are released simultaneously (e.g., a combustion plume with nitrogen, carbon, hydrocarbon, mercury, sulfur gases, and particulate matter). Meteorological processes that shape pollutant movement, atmospheric transformations, and removal act on all pollutants. Numerous chemical and physical interactions underlie the dynamics of particle and ozone formation and the adherence of air toxics on surfaces of particles.

Overwhelming programmatic and scientific interactions across pollutants have demanded a movement toward integrated air quality management. Multi-pollutant air monitoring benefits health assessments and emissions strategy development. Health studies with access to multi-pollutant data will be better positioned to identify effects of different pollutants, particularly when concentration, composition, and population types are included. Air quality models and source attribution methods used for strategy development also benefit from the multi-pollutant approach. Modelers will be able to perform more robust evaluations by checking performance on several variables to ensure the model produces results for correct reasons and not through compensating errors. As emission sources are characterized by a multiplicity of pollutant releases, related source apportionment models yield more conclusive results from use of multi-pollutant measurements. Multi-pollutant measurements also streamline monitoring operations and offer increased diagnostic capabilities to improve instrument performance.

The multi-pollutant monitoring provided for these needs by starting to fill the measurement gaps that have accumulated over the years. The objective of this strategy is to provide for the following important needs:

- Improved data flow and timely reporting to the public.
- Future NAAQS compliance determinations and revisions.
- Support for development of emissions strategies.
- Assess effectiveness of air pollution control programs.
- Data for scientific and health-based studies.

Table 15. Trace Gas Monitoring CO, SO ₂ , NO _y										
AQS#	Site Name	Scale	Sampling Type	Action for 2016						
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	3/07	NCore	Urban	Continuous	Continue				
530090013	Cheeka Peak	5/06	Rural NCore	Regional	Continuous	Continue				

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Note: Details of trace gas monitoring are found in CO, NO, SO₂ sections.

Table 16. NCore Parameters Seattle Beacon Hill										
Parameter	Parameter Code	Sampling/ Analysis Method	Sampling Schedule	Spatial Scale	Instrument Type	Action for 2016				
Ozone	44201	Continuous		Urban	API 400 E	Continue				
SO ₂ trace	42401	Continuous		Urban	APIT100U	Continue				
CO trace	42101	Continuous		Urban	API 300EU	Continue				
NOy trace	42600	Continuous		Urban	API200EU	Continue				
PM _{2.5} mass	88101	Manual	1/3	Urban	Thermo 2025	Continue				
PM _{2.5} continuous	88502	Continuous		Urban	Thermo FDMS TEOM 1400a + 8500	Continue				
PM _{2.5} speciation	88502	Continuous & Manual	1/3	Urban	Met One SSAS & URG 3000N Carbon	Continue				
PM _{10-2.5}	86101	Manual	1/3	Urban	Thermo 2025	Continue				
PM _{10-2.5} speciation	Not sampling	Not sampling	Not sampling	Urban	None	TBD				
Pb		Manual		Urban	Thermo 2025	Continue				
WS & WD	61101/61102	Continuous		Urban	RM Young 85004	Continue				
Ambient temperature	62101	Continuous		Urban	RM Young Platinum probe	Continue				
Ambient pressure	64101	Continuous		Urban	RM Young	Continue				
Relative humidity	62201	Continuous		Urban	Rotronics	Continue				
Precipitation		Continuous		Urban	RM Young 52202	Continue				

Purpose: Seattle Beacon Hill is an urban scale site. It monitors for trace level CO, SO_2 , NO_2 , $PM_{2.5}$, air toxics, speciation, and other studies. Also measured at Seattle Beacon Hill: $PM_{2.5}$ chemical speciated particulate matter, volatile organic compounds, metals, carbonyls and semi-volatile (PAH). Data from this site also supports Particulate Research Center activities.

Table 17. NCore Parameters Cheeka Peak										
Parameter	Parameter Code	Sampling/ Analysis Method	Sampling schedule	Spatial Scale	Instrument Type	Action for 2016				
Ozone	44201	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	API T400	Continue				
SO ₂ trace	42401	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	API T100U	Continue				
CO trace	42101	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	API T300U	Continue				
NOy trace	42600	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	API T200U	Continue				
PM _{2.5} mass	88101	Manual	IMPROVE	Rural	IMPROVE	Continue				
PM _{2.5} continuous	88502	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	Radiance Research M903 Nephelometer Correlated	Continue				
Light scatter	11203	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	"	Continue				
Visibility	63101	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	"	Continue				
PM _{2.5} speciation	88502	Manual	IMPROVE	Rural	IMPROVE	Continue				
PM _{10-2.5}	Not sampling	Not sampling	Not sampling	Rural	None	TBD				
PM _{10-2.5} speciation	Not sampling	Not sampling	Not sampling	Rural	None	TBD				
WS, WD & sigma	61101/61102/ 61106	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	RM Young 86004	Continue				
Ambient temperature	62101	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	RM Young Platinum probe	Continue				
Ambient pressure	64101	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	RM Young	Continue				
Relative humidity	62201	Continuous	Continuous	Rural	Rotronics	Continue				

Purpose: Cheeka Peak is a regional scale site. Parameters measured at Cheeka Peak are: $PM_{2.5}$, ozone, tracelevel CO, SO_2 , NO_y , $PM_{2.5}$, and meteorology.

Toxics

Collocated National Air Toxics Trend Site (NATTS) - In addition to the STN and NCore Precursor Gas Monitoring Programs, Beacon Hill is also a designated National Air Toxics Trend Site (NATTS). The primary objectives of Washington's NATTS Monitoring Program include but are not limited to:

- Provide long-term air toxic monitoring data in order to establish and track trends.
- Evaluate the air toxic program's progress by characterizing air toxics concentrations, and determining their spatial and temporal differences between cities and regions over time.
- Provide representative air toxic data to support exposure assessments (i.e., determine health risks).
- Determine where air toxics emissions come from (source apportionment).
- Provide air toxic data for evaluating modeling results that are used for exposure assessments.
- Assess the effectiveness of the air toxic program's emission reduction and control strategies.

Table 18. Toxics								
AQS# Site Name Est. Type Scale Sampling Action for 2016								
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	4/97	NCore	Urban	Manual	Continue		

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: Continue listed site as described.

Seattle, Beacon Hill NCore

Site Name Seattle, Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"

Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir

4103 Beacon Avenue S., Seattle

County King

Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters)

Traffic count (AADT, year)

Groundcover Grass, gravel

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code Unknown
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Special Studies

Site type(s)

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model Zontech (Zonteck) 910PC VOCs (cans), 925

Carbonyls (tubes)

Method code Unknown FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other **Ecology** Collecting Agency Analytical Lab **ERG** Reporting Agency **ERG** Spatial scale Urban Monitoring start date 4/97 Current sampling frequency 1/3 Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round Probe height (meters) 4.65

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases N/A
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Seattle Beacon Hill is a designated NATTS. Seattle Beacon Hill monitoring station was nominated by the National Air Toxics Committee and chosen by EPA headquarters to represent urban scale air toxics in the Pacific Northwest. It is currently the only designated urban scale NATTS located in the Pacific Northwest.

Speciation

Chemical Speciation Trends Network (CSN) - The $PM_{2.5}$ Chemical Speciation Program continues to have a significant role in the new Monitoring Strategy. Washington's Speciation Trends Network (STN) site is located at Jefferson Park on Beacon Hill in Seattle. The primary goal of the $PM_{2.5}$ speciation monitoring is to:

- Provide long-term data in order to establish and track trends.
- Determine the spatial and temporal differences of PM_{2.5} composition between cities and regions over time.
- Provide representative PM_{2.5} speciation data to support exposure assessments (i.e., determine health risks).
- Determine where PM_{2.5} emissions come from (source apportionment).
- Evaluate modeling results that are used for exposure assessments.
- Assess the effectiveness of the program's emission reduction and control strategies.

Table 19. Speciation									
AQS#	Site Name	Sampling Type	Action for 2016						
530330080	Seattle Beacon Hill	4/97	NCore	Urban	1/3	Continue			
530330030	Seattle 10 th & Weller	2015	SPMS	Neighborhood	1/6	Continue			
530530029	Tacoma L St	2008	SPMS	Neighborhood	1/6	Continue			
530770009	Yakima	2002	SPMS	Neighborhood	1/6	Continue			

Additional Monitors: None.

Recommendations/Modifications: None.

Speciation Parameter codes:

88102	Antimony	88126	Iron	88167	Zinc	88370	OC CSN Rev Unadjusted
88103	Arsenic	88128	Lead	88168	Strontium	88374	OC1 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88104	Aluminum	88131	Indium	88169	Sulfur	88375	OC2 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88107	Barium	88132	Manganese	88176	Rubidium	88376	OC3 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88109	Bromine	88136	Nickel	88180	Potassium	88377	OC4 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88110	Cadmium	88140	Magnesium	88184	Sodium	88378	OP CSN Rev Unadjusted
88111	Calcium	88152	Phosphorus	88185	Zirconium	88380	EC CSN Rev Unadjusted
88112	Chromium	88154	Selenium	88301	Ammonium Ion	88383	EC1 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88113	Cobalt	88160	Tin	88302	Sodium Ion	88384	EC2 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88114	Copper	88161	Titanium	88303	Potassium Ion	88385	EC3 CSN Rev Unadjusted
88115	Chlorine	88164	Vanadium	88306	Total Nitrate	88388	OP CSN Rev Unadjusted
					OC CSN Rev		-
88117	Cerium	88165	Silicon	88355	Unadj	88403	Sulfate
					EC CSN Rev		
88118	Cesium	88166	Silver	88357	Unadj	88502	PM2.5 Speciation Mass

Seattle, Beacon Hill NCore

Site Name Seattle, Beacon Hill

AQS ID 530330080

GPS coordinates 047 34' 58"/122 18' 30"
Location At Jefferson Park/reservoir
Address 4103 Beacon Avenue S., Seattle

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 10

Traffic count (AADT, year) 12,700 (2012 WSDOT

Groundcover Gravel, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code See list above
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Special Studies
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) NCore

Instrument manufacturer and model URG 3000N, Met One SASS (Super SASS)

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other **Ecology** Collecting Agency Analytical Lab RTI **Ecology** Reporting Agency Spatial scale Urban Monitoring start date 3/07 Current sampling frequency 1/3 Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

Distance from trees (meters)

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

V/A

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

20

N/A

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases N/A
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAOS?

Purpose: Provide long-term data to establish and track trends, determine spatial and temporal differences of $PM_{2.5}$ composition between cities and regions over time, provide representative $PM_{2.5}$ speciation data to support exposure assessments, and determine where $PM_{2.5}$ emissions come from.

Supplemental Speciation Sites: In addition to the Seattle Beacon Hill speciation trends network site, Washington operates three supplemental speciation sites. Supplemental sites are located at Seattle, 10th and Weller; Tacoma, South L Street; and Yakima, S. 4th Avenue.

Seattle, 10th & Weller

Site Name Seattle, 10th & Weller

AQS ID 530330030

GPS coordinates LAT/LONG: 047 59' 72"/122 31' 97"

Location Adjacent to Interstate 5 in Downtown Seattle

Address 10th & Weller

County King
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 6

Traffic count (AADT, year) 146,000 I-5 (2012 WSDOT)

Groundcover Concrete, Grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code See list above
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Special Studies
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model URG 3000N, Met One SASS

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab RTI
Reporting Agency RTI

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 3/15
Current sampling frequency 1/6
Calculated sampling frequency N/A

Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 3 Distance from supporting structure (meters) 3 Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases Teflon
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds)

N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Seattle 10th & Weller is Washington's primary near-road monitoring site. Provide long-term data to establish and track trends, determine spatial and temporal differences of $PM_{2.5}$ composition between cities and regions over time, provide representative $PM_{2.5}$ speciation data to support exposure assessments, and determine where $PM_{2.5}$ emissions come from.

Tacoma, South L Street

(PSCAA)

Site Name Tacoma L Street AQS ID 530530029

GPS coordinates 047 11' 11"/122 27' 06"

Location A shelter

Address 7802 South L Street, Tacoma

County Pierce
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 100
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt, grass

Statistical Area Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Parameter code See list above
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Special Studies
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model URG 3000N, Met One SASS

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other
Collecting Agency Ecology
Analytical Lab RTI
Reporting Agency RTI

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/06
Current sampling frequency 1/6
Calculated sampling frequency N/A
Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters) 2 Distance from supporting structure (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions on roof (meters) N/A Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters) N/A Distance from trees (meters) N/A Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters) N/A Distance between collocated monitors (meters) N/A Unrestricted airflow (degrees) 360

Spacing from minor sources No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases N/A
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Provide long-term data to establish and track trends, determine spatial and temporal differences of $PM_{2.5}$ composition between cities and regions over time, provide representative $PM_{2.5}$ speciation data to support exposure assessments, and determine where $PM_{2.5}$ emissions come from.

Yakima, S. 4th

(YRCAA)

Site Name Yakima S. 4th (YRCAA)

AQS ID 530770009

GPS coordinates 046 35' 42"/120 30' 44"

Location At Yakima Comprehensive M H
Address 402 South 4th Avenue, Yakima

County Yakima
Distance to road from gaseous probe (meters) 14
Traffic count (AADT, year) N/A

Groundcover Asphalt roof, grass & cement on the ground

Statistical Area Yakima, WA

Monitor Information Pollutant, POC

Unrestricted airflow (degrees)

Parameter code See list above
Basic monitoring objectives(s) Special Studies
Site type(s) Population Exposure

Monitor type(s) SPMS

Instrument manufacturer and model URG 3000N, Met One SASS

Method code

FRM/FEM/ARM/other Other

Collecting Agency Yakima Region Clean Air Agency

Analytical Lab RTI Reporting Agency RTI

Spatial scale Neighborhood

Monitoring start date 11/07
Current sampling frequency 1/6
Calculated sampling frequency N/A
Sampling season Year-round

Probe height (meters)

Distance from supporting structure (meters)

Distance from obstructions on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from obstructions not on roof (meters)

N/A

Distance from trees (meters)

N/A

Distance to furnace or incinerator flue (meters)

N/A

Distance between collocated monitors (meters)

N/A

Spacing from minor sources

No minor sources

Probe material for reactive gases N/A
Residence time for reactive gases (seconds) N/A

Changes within the next 18 months?

None anticipated

Is it suitable for comparison against the NAAQS? No

Purpose: Provide long-term data to establish and track trends, determine spatial and temporal differences of $PM_{2.5}$ composition between cities and regions over time, provide representative $PM_{2.5}$ speciation data to support exposure assessments, and determine where $PM_{2.5}$ emissions come from.

360

APPENDIX A. EPA APPENDIX D FORMS

PART 58 APPENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)							
SITE NAME_	AIISITE ADDRESS						
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATEEVALU	ATOR					
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED	CRIT	ERIA I	MET?		
			YES	NO	N/A		
4.2.1(a)	One CO monitor is required to operate collocated with one required near-road NO ₂ monitor in CBSAs having a population of 1,000,000 or more persons. If a CBSA has more than one required near-road NO ₂ monitor, only one CO monitor is required to be collocated with a near-road NO ₂ monitor within that CBSA.		Y				
4.2.2(a)	Has the EPA Regional Administrator required additional CO monitoring stations above the minimum number of monitors required in 4.2.1? If so, note location in comment field.		N				
Comments:							

MSA Description ¹	CBSA population ^{2, 3}	Minimum required	Present number of
		number of SLAMS	SLAMS CO sites
		CO sites	in MSA
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA NCore &	3,672,866	1	2
Near Road			
Spokane, WA	547,824	1	1
Cheeka Peak (not in an MSA) NCore		1	1

¹see http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

 $^{^2}$ Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Core Based statistical area (CBSA). CBSA includes both metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas.

³Population based on latest available census figures.

PART 58 APPENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR PM ₁₀							
SITE NAME	AllSITE ADDRESS						
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATE EVALUATOR						
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	CRIT	ERIA N	MET?			
		YES	NO	N/A			
4.6(a)	Table D-4 indicates the approximate number of permanent stations required in MSAs to characterize national and regional PM_{10} air quality trends and geographical patterns. Use the form below and Table D-4 to verify if your PM_{10} network has to appropriate number of samplers.	Y	*				
Comments: * Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA has fewer PM ₁₀ monitors than required by CFR. The total numbers of PM ₁₀ analyzers/samplers in this area was reduced through previous Annual Network Plans and approved by EPA.							

MSA Description ¹	MSA population 1	Minimum required	Present number of
	(2015)	number of PM ₁₀	PM10 stations in MSA
		stations (from Table D-	
		4)	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	3,672,866	2-4	1
Spokane, WA	547,824	1-2	1
Kennewick, WA	279,116	1-2	1
Yakima, WA	248,830	1-2	1

¹see http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

³Population based on latest available census figures.

Table D-4 of Appendix D to Part 58 – PM ₁₀ Minimum Monitoring Requirements					
MSA population ^{1, 2}	High concentration2	Medium concentration3	Low concentration4 5		
>1 million	6-10	4-8	2-4		
500K to 1 million	4-8	2-4	1-2		
250K to 500K	3-4	1-2	0-1		
100K to 250K	1-2	0-1	0		

²Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Metropolitan statistical area (MSA). CBSA includes both MSAs and micropolitan statistical areas.

PART 58 APPENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR NITROGEN DIOXIDE (NO ₂)							
SITE NAME	AIISITE ADDRESS						
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATE EVALUATOR						
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	CRIT	ERIA N	ИЕТ?			
		YES	NO	N/A			
4.3.2(a)	Near-road NO ₂ Monitors: One microscale near-road NO ₂ monitoring station in each CBSA with a population of 500,000 or more persons.	Y					
4.3.2(a)	Near-road NO ₂ Monitors: An additional near-road NO ₂ monitoring station is required for any CBSA with a population of 2,500,000 persons, or in any CBSA with a population of 500,000 or more persons that has one or more roadway segments with 250,000 or greater AADT count.	Y					
4.3.2(b)	Near-road NO ₂ Monitors: Measurements at required near-road NO ₂ monitor sites utilizing chemiluminescence FRMs must include at a minimum: NO, NO ₂ , and NO _X	Y					
4.3.3(a)	Area-wide NO ₂ Monitoring: One monitoring station in each CBSA with a population of 1,000,000 or more persons to monitor a location of expected highest NO ₂ concentrations representing the neighborhood or larger spatial scales.	Y					

Table 1					
CBSA Description ¹	CBSA population ^{2, 3}	Required number of Near-road NO ₂ sites	Present number of Near-road NO ₂ sites	Required number of Area-wide NO ₂ sites	Present number of Area-wide NO ₂ sites
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA (see comments)	3,672,866	2	2	1	1
Cheeka Peak (not in an MSA) NCore					

¹see http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

 $^{^2}$ Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Core Based statistical area (CBSA). CBSA includes both metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas.

³Population based on latest available census figures.

PART 58 APPENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR PM25 STATE WA AGENCY ECOLOGY AQS AGENCY CODE ECOLOGY EVALUATION DATE_____ EVALUATOR___ REQUIREMENT APPLICABLE **CRITERIA SECTION** MET? YES NO N/A States, and where applicable local agencies must operate the minimum number of required Y 4.7.1(a) PM_{2.5} SLAMS sites listed in Table D-5 of this appendix. Use the form below and Table D-5 to verify if each of your MSAs has the appropriate number of SLAMS FRM/FEM/ARM samplers. 4.7.1(b) Each required SLAMS FRM/FEM/ARM monitoring stations or sites must be sited to represent V area-wide air quality in the given MSA (typically neighborhood or urban spatial scale, though micro-or middle-scale okay if it represent many such locations throughout the MSA). At least one SLAMS FRM/FEM/ARM monitoring station is to be sited at neighborhood or Y 4.7.1(b)(1)larger scale in an area of expected maximum concentration for each MSA where monitoring is required by 4.7.1(a). For CBSAs with a population of 1,000,000 or more persons, at least one FRM/FEM/ARM Y^* 4.7.1(b)(2)PM_{2.5} monitor is to be collocated at a near-road NO₂ station. For MSAs with additional required SLAMS sites, a FRM/FEM/ARM monitoring station is to 4.7.1(b)(3)be sited in an area of poor air quality. 4.7.2 Each State must operate continuous PM_{2.5} analyzers equal to at least one-half (round up) the minimum required sites listed in Table D-5 of this appendix. At least one required continuous analyzer in each MSA must be collocated with one of the required FRM/FEM/ARM monitors, unless at least one of the required FRM/FEM/ARM monitors is itself a continuous FEM or ARM monitor, in which case no collocation requirement applies. 4.7.3 Each State shall install and operate at least one PM2.5 site to monitor for regional background Y** and at least one PM_{2.5} site to monitor regional transport (note locations in comment field). Non-reference PM_{2.5} monitors such as IMPROVE can be used to meet this requirement. Each State shall continue to conduct chemical speciation monitoring and analyses at sites Y*** 4.7.4 designated to be part of the PM_{2.5} Speciation Trends Network (STN). Comments: *A PM_{2.5} FEM is located at the Seattle 10th & Weller near-road site. ** Regional background site: Seattle Beacon Hill. Regional Transport site: North Bend. ***STN site: Seattle Beacon Hill

MSA Description ¹	MSA population ^{2,3}	Design Value for years 2012- 2014	Minimum required number of PM _{2.5} SLAMS FRM/FEM/ARM sites (from Table D- 5)	Present number of PM _{2.5} SLAMS FRM/FEM/ARM sites in MSA	Present number of continuous PM _{2.5} FEM/ARM analyzers in MSA	Present number of continuous PM _{2.5} STN analyzers in MSA
Seattle- Tacoma- Bellevue, WA	3,672,866	32.0 FEM	3	5	5	1
Spokane, WA	547,824	Insufficient data	1	1	1	0
Kennewick, WA	279,116	Insufficient data	0	0	0	0
Olympia- Tumwater, WA	269,536	25.0 Neph	0	0	0	0
Bremerton- Silverdale, WA	260,131	13	0	0	1	0
Yakima, WA	248,830	34.0 FEM	0	1		0
Mt. Vernon- Anacortes WA	121,846	12.0 Neph	0	0	0	0

¹see http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

Table D-5 of Appendix D to Part 58 – PM _{2.5} Minimum Monitoring Requirements						
MSA population ^{1, 2}	Most recent 3-year design value ≥85% of any PM _{2.5} NAAQS ³	Most recent 3-year design value <85% of any PM _{2.5} NAAQS ^{3, 4}				
>1 million	3	2				
500K to 1 million	2	1				
50K to <500K ⁵	1	0				

¹Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Metropolitan statistical area (MSA).

²Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the metropolitan statistical area (MSA). CBSA includes both MSAs and micropolitan statistical areas.

³Population based on latest available census figures.

²Population based on latest available census figures. https://www.census.gov/

³The PM_{2.5} National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) levels and forms are defined in 40 CFR part 50.

⁴These minimum monitoring requirements apply in the absence of a design value.

⁵Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) must contain an urbanized area of 50,000 or more population.

PA	PART 58 APPENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR OZONE							
ST	ATEWA_	AGEN	CYECOLO	GY	AQS AGENCY	CODE_		
E/ E/	EV Table D.2 of Appendix D to Part 58 SI AMS Of Monitoring							
AI	MSA Description ^a	MSA population ^{1, 2}	Minimum required number of SLAMS O ₃ sites (from Table D-2)		√T	CRIT	ERIA I	MET?
	Seattle-	3,672,866	3	sites in CBSA 6	-	YES	NO	N/A
	Tacoma Bellevue, WA				MSAs are involved, must be designed to	Y		
	Spokane, WA	547,824	2 data/msa_codes_2007_to_3	2011 +***	mment field).			
	see http://www2.c	census.gov/econ/suso/	data/iiisa_codes_2007_to_:	2011.1X1	hood, urban, and regional (note	Y		
	4.1(f)	Confirm that the concentration sit		consulted with E	PA R10 when siting the maximum O ₃		N	
	4.1(i)		itored at SLAMS mo pendix D to Part 58.	nitoring sites du	ring the "ozone season" as specified in	Y		
Cor	mments:							

MSA population ^{1, 2}	Most recent 3-year	Most recent 3-year
	design value	design value
	concentrations ≥85%	concentrations
	of any O ₃ NAAQS ³	<85% of any O ₃
		NAAQS ^{3, 4}
>10 million	4	2
4-10 million	3	1
350,000-<4 million	2	1
50,000-<350,000 ⁵	1	0

Table D-3 of Appendix D to Part 58— Ozone Monitoring Season by State				
State	Begin month	End Month		
Alaska	April	October		
Idaho	May	September		
Oregon	May	September		
Washington	May	September		

¹Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Metropolitan statistical area (MSA). CBSA includes both MSAs and micropolitan statistical areas. ²Population based on latest available census figures. ³The ozone (O₃) National Ambret Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) levels

and forms are defined in 40 CFR part 50.

These minimum monitoring requirements apply in the absence of a design

value.

⁵Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) must contain an urbanized area of 50,000 or more population.

PART 58 AP	PENDIX D SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR SO ₂				
STATEWA	STATEWAAGENCYECOLOGYAQS AGENCY CODE				
EVALUATION	DATE EVALUATOR				
APPLICABLE REQUIREMENT CRITERIA SECTION					
		YES	NO	N/A	
4.4.1	State and, where appropriate, local agencies must operate a minimum number of required SO ₂ monitoring sites (based on PWEI calculation specified in 4.4.2 – use Table 1 and 2 below to determine minimum requirement for each CBSA)				
4.4.2(a)(1)	Is the monitor sited within the boundaries of the parent CBSA and is it one of the following site types: population exposure, highest concentration, source impacts, general background, or regional transport?				
4.4.3(a)	Has the EPA Regional Administrator required additional SO ₂ monitoring stations above th minimum number of monitors required in 4.4.2? If so, note location in comment field.	e	N		
4.4.5(a)	Is your agency counting an existing SO ₂ monitor at an NCore site in a CBSA with a minimum Y monitoring requirement?				
Comments:					

Table 1.					
CBSA Description ¹	CBSA population ^{1, 2}	total amount of SO ₂ in tons per year emitted within the CBSA (use 2008 NEI ⁴)	PWEI (population x total emissions ÷ 1,000,000)	Minimum required number of SO ₂ monitors in CBSA (see Table 2 below)	Present number of SO ₂ monitors in CBSA
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA NCore	3,672,866	4,384 (TBD)	16,368 (TBD)	1	1
Cheeka Peak (not in an MSA) NCore				1	1

¹see http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

³Population based on latest available census figures. ⁴see http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/eiinformation.html

Table 2. Minimum SO ₂ Monitoring Requirements (Section 4.4.2 of App D to Part 58)			
PWEI (Population weighted Emission Index) Value	Require number of SO ₂ monitors		
>= 1,000,000	3		
>= 100,000 but < 1,000,000	2		
>= 5,000 but < 100,000	1		

²Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Core Based statistical area (CBSA). CBSA includes both metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas.

APPENDIX B. EPA APPENDIX E FORMS

SITE NAME	_AII SITE ADDRESS				
	EVALUATION DATE EV				
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED	C	RITERL	A MET?
			YES	NO	N/A
2. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICLE PLACEMENT	For neighborhood or larger spatial scale sites the probe must be located meters above ground level and must be at least 1 meter vertically or horizontally away from any supporting structure, walls, etc., and away f dusty or dirty areas. If located near the side of a building or wall, then loon the windward side relative to the prevailing wind direction during the season of highest concentration potential.	rom ocate	Y		
3. SPACING FROM MINOR SOURCES	(a) For neighborhood scale avoid placing the monitor probe inlet near lominor sources. The source plume should not be allowed to inappropriate impact the air quality data collected at a site.		Y		
4. SPACING FROM OBSTRUCTIONS	(a) To avoid scavenging, the probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow a be located away from obstacles. The separation distance must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe inlet (excep is street canyon or source-oriented sites where buildings and other structure are unavoidable).	tion	Y		
	(b) The probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow in an arc of at least 18 degrees. This arc must include the predominant wind direction for the season of greatest pollutant concentration potential.	30	Y		
5. SPACING FROM TREES	(a) To reduce possible interference the probe inlet must be at least 10 me or further from the drip line of trees.	eters	Y		
	(c) No trees should be between source and probe inlet for microscale site	es.	Y		
5. SPACING FROM ROADWAYS	2. (b) Microscale CO monitor probes in downtown areas or urban street canyon locations shall be located a minimum distance of 2 meters and a maximum distance of 10 meters from the edge of the nearest traffic lane		Y		
	2. (c) Microscale CO monitor inlet probes in downtown areas or urban street canyon locations shall be located at least 10 meters from an intersection and preferably at a midblock location.				N/A
P. PROBE MATERIAL &	(a) Sampling train material must be FEP Teflon or borosilicate glass (e.g. Pyrex) for reactive gases.	5.,	Y		
RESIDENCE TIME	(c) Sampling probes for reactive gas monitors at NCore must have a san residence time less than 20 seconds.	nple	Y		
Are there any changes	that might compromise original siting criteria? If so, provide detail in con	nment section.		N	

Roadway average daily traffic, vehicles per day	Minimum distance ¹ (meters)
≤10,000	10
15,000	25
20,000	45
30,000	80
40,000	115
50,000	135
≥60,000	150

1. Distance from the edge of the nearest traffic lane. The distance for intermediate traffic counts should be interpolated from the table values based on the actual traffic count.

PART 58 APPE	NDIX E SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ ,	PM ₁₀ -2.5,and Pb	1		
	All SITE ADDRESS				
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATE EVALU	JATOR			
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED	CRITI	ERIA I	MET?
			YES	NO	N/A
2. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICLE PLACEMENT	2-15 meters above ground level for neighborhood or larger spatial scale, 2-7 meters for microscale spatial scale sites and middle spatial scale PM $_{10\text{-}2.5}$ sties. 1 meter vertically or horizontally away from any supporting structure, walls, $etc.$, and away from dusty or dirty areas. If located near the side of a building or wall, then locate on the windward side relative to the prevailing wind direction during the season of highest concentration potential.		Y		
3. SPACING FROM MINOR SOURCES	(a) For neighborhood or larger spatial scales avoid placing the monitor near local, minor sources. The source plume should not be allowed to inappropriately impact the air quality data collected at a site. Particulate matter sites should not be located in an unpaved area unless there is vegetative ground cover year round.		Y		
4. SPACING FROM OBSTRUCTIONS	(a) To avoid scavenging, the inlet must have unrestricted airflow and be located away from obstacles. The separation distance must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe inlet.		Y		
	(b) The inlet must have unrestricted airflow in an arc of at least 180 degrees. This arc must include the predominant wind direction for the season of greatest pollutant concentration potential. For particle sampling, a minimum of 2 meters of separation from walls, parapets, and structures is required for rooftop site placement.		Y		
5. SPACING FROM TREES	(a) To reduce possible interference the inlet must be at least 10 meters or further from the drip line of trees.		Y		
	(c) No trees should be between source and probe inlet for microscale sites.		Y		
6. SPACING FROM ROADWAYS	Spacing from roadways is dependent on the spatial scale and ADT count. See section 6.3(b) and figure E-1 for specific requirements.		Y		
Are there any changes	that might compromise original siting criteria?			N	
Other Comments: Plea	se see the PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , PM _{10-2.5} and Pb sections for individual detail.		_		

SITE NAMEAl	1SITE ADDRESS				
AQS ID		OR			
APPLICABLE	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED	CRITI	ERIA M	ET?
SECTION					
			YES	NO	N/A
2. HORIZONTAL	For neighborhood or larger spatial scale sites the probe must be		Y		
AND VERTICLE	located 2-15 meters above ground level and must be at least 1 meter				
PLACEMENT	vertically or horizontally away from any supporting structure, walls,				
	etc., and away from dusty or dirty areas. Microscale near-road NO ₂				
	monitoring sites are required to have sampler inlets between 2 and 7				
	meters above ground level. If located near the side of a building or				
	wall, then locate the sampler probe on the windward side relative to				
	the prevailing wind direction during the season of highest				
2 60 4 60 4 6 60 60	concentration potential.				
B. SPACING FROM	(a) For neighborhood scale and larger avoid placing the monitor probe		Y		
MINOR SOURCES	inlet near local, minor sources. The source plume should not be				
	allowed to inappropriately impact the air quality data collected at a				
1 CDACING EDOM	site.		Y		
4. SPACING FROM OBSTRUCTIONS	(a) To avoid scavenging, the probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow and be located away from obstacles. The separation distance		ĭ		
	must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the				
	probe inlet.				
	(b) The probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow in an arc of at least		Y		
	180 degrees. This arc must include the predominant wind direction		1		
	for the season of greatest pollutant concentration potential.				
	(d) For near-road NO ₂ monitoring stations, the monitor probe shall		Y		
	have an unobstructed air flow, where no obstacles exist at or above		1		
	the height of the monitor probe, between the monitor probe and the				
	outside nearest edge of the traffic lanes of the target road segment.				
5. SPACING FROM	(a) To reduce possible interference the probe inlet must be at least 10		Y		
ΓREES	meters or further from the drip line of trees.				
	(c) No trees should be between source and probe inlet for microscale		Y		
	sites.				
5. SPACING FROM	See spacing requirements table below		Y		
ROADWAYS					
PROBE	(a) Sampling train material must be FEP Teflon or borosilicate glass		Y		
MATERIAL &	(e.g., Pyrex).				
RESIDENCE TIME	(c) Sampling probes for reactive gas monitors at NCore and at NO ₂		Y		
	sites must have a sample residence time less than 20 seconds.				
Are there any changes	that might compromise original siting criteria? If so, provide detail in c	omment		N	
ection.					

Roadway	Minimum	Minimum
average daily traffic,	distance ¹	distance ^{1, 2}
vehicles per day	(meters)	(meters)
≤1,000	10	10
10,000	10	20
15,000	20	30
20,000	30	40
40,000	50	60
70,000	100	100
≥110,000	250	250

¹Distance from the edge of the nearest traffic lane. The distance for intermediate traffic counts should be interpolated from the table values based on the actual traffic count.

²Applicable for ozone monitors whose placement has not already been approved as of December 18, 2006.

DITE NAMEA	All SITE ADDRESS				
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATEEVALU	ATOR			
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED	_	RITER MET?	
			YES	NO	N/A
AND VERTICLE PLACEMENT	2-15 meters above ground level. 1 meter vertically or horizontally away from any supporting structure, walls, <i>etc.</i> , and away from dusty or dirty areas. If located near the side of a building or wall, then locate on the windward side relative to the prevailing wind direction during the season of highest concentration potential.		Y		
MINOR SOURCES	(a) For neighborhood scale avoid placing the monitor probe inlet near local, minor sources. The source plume should not be allowed to inappropriately impact the air quality data collected at a site.		Y		
DBSTRUCTIONS	(a) To avoid scavenging, the probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow and be located away from obstacles. The separation distance must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe inlet.		Y		
	(b) The probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow in an arc of at least 180 degrees. This arc must include the predominant wind direction for the season of greatest pollutant concentration potential.		Y		
	(a) To reduce possible interference the probe inlet must be at least 10 meters or further from the drip line of trees.		Y		
	(c) No trees should be between source and probe inlet for microscale sites.		Y		
5. SPACING FROM ROADWAYS	There are no roadway spacing requirements for SO ₂ .				✓
MATERIAL &	(a) Sampling train material must be FEP Teflon or borosilicate glass (e.g., Pyrex).		Y		
	(c) Sampling probes for reactive gas monitors at NCore must have a sample residence time less than 20 seconds.		Y		
Are there any changes	that might compromise original siting criteria? If so, provide detail in com	ment section.		N	
Other Comments: Plea	ase see the SO ₂ section for detail on individual sites.			1	

PART 58 APPE	NDIX E SITE EVALUATION FORM FOR O ₃				
	II SITE ADDRESS				
AQS ID	EVALUATION DATEEVAL	UATOR			
APPLICABLE SECTION	REQUIREMENT	OBSERVED		RITERI MET?	ÍΑ
			YES	NO	N/A
2. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICLE PLACEMENT	2-15 meters above ground level. 1 meter vertically or horizontally away from any supporting structure, walls, <i>etc.</i> , and away from dusty or dirty areas. If located near the side of a building or wall, then locate on the windward side relative to the prevailing wind direction during the season of highest concentration potential.		Y		
3. SPACING FROM MINOR SOURCES	(a) For neighborhood scale avoid placing the monitor probe inlet near local, minor sources. The source plume should not be allowed to inappropriately impact the air quality data collected at a site.		Y		
	(b) To minimize scavenging effects, the probe inlet must be away from furnace or incineration flues or other minor sources of SO ₂ or NO.		Y		
4. SPACING FROM OBSTRUCTIONS	(a) To avoid scavenging, the probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow and be located away from obstacles. The separation distance must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the probe inlet.		Y		
	(b) The probe inlet must have unrestricted airflow in an arc of at least 180 degrees. This arc must include the predominant wind direction for the season of greatest pollutant concentration potential.		Y		
5. SPACING FROM ΓREES	(a) To reduce possible interference the probe inlet must be at least 10 meters or further from the drip line of trees.		Y		
	(c) No trees should be between source and probe inlet for microscale sites.		Y		
6. SPACING FROM ROADWAYS	See spacing requirements table below		Y		
9. PROBE MATERIAL &	(a) Sampling train material must be FEP Teflon or borosilicate glass (e.g., Pyrex).		Y		
RESIDENCE TIME	(c) Sampling probes for reactive gas monitors at NCore must have a sample residence time less than 20 seconds.		Y		
Are there any changes	that might compromise original siting criteria? If so, provide detail in com-	nment section.		N	
Other Comments: Ple	ase see the Ozone section for detail on individual sites.				

Roadway	Minimum	Minimum
average daily traffic,	distance ¹	distance ^{1, 2}
vehicles per day	(meters)	(meters)
≤1,000	10	10
10,000	10	20
15,000	20	30
20,000	30	40
40,000	50	60
70,000	100	100
≥110,000	250	250

¹Distance from the edge of the nearest traffic lane. The distance for intermediate traffic counts should be interpolated from the table values based on the actual traffic count.

²Applicable for ozone monitors whose placement has not already been approved as of December 18, 2006.

References

- 1. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 58, Appendix A, B, C, D & E.
- 2. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 50.
- 3. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 53.
- 4. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 58.
- 5. U.S. EPA Revised Requirements for Designation of Reference and Equivalent Methods for PM2.5 and Ambient Air Quality Surveillance for Particulate Matter -Final Rule. 40 CFR Parts 53 and 58. Federal Register, 62 (138):38763-38853. July 18, 1997
- 6. U.S. EPA Revisions to Ambient Air Monitoring Regulations Final Rule. 40 CFR, Parts 53 and 58. Federal Register 7: 61236. October 17, 2006
- 7. U.S. EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Particulate Matter Final Rule. 40 CFR Parts 50, 51, 52, 53, and 58. January 15, 2013
- 8. Guidance for Network Design and Optimum Site Exposure for PM2.5 and PM10, EPA-454/R-99-022, December 15, 1997.
- 9. SLAMS/NAMS/PAMS Network Review Guidance, EPA-454/R-98-003, March 1998.
- 10. Ambient Monitoring Guidelines for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), EPA-450/4-87-007, May 1987.
- 11. Guideline on Ozone Monitoring Site Selection, EPA-454/R-98-002, August 1998.