



Eyes Over Puget Sound

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Surface Conditions Report, April 19, 2018



Up-to-date observations of water quality conditions in Puget Sound and coastal bays

[Start here](#)

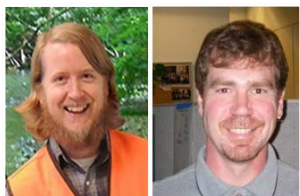
*Mya Keyzers
Allison Brownlee*



Skip Albertson



*Tyler Burks
Jim Shedd*



*Suzan Pool
Julia Bos*



*Dr. Christopher
Krembs (Editor)*



Personal stories

[p. 3](#)

You might see our sediment team on the water.

Climate & Streams

[p. 5](#)

By March, regional impacts of large-scale climate patterns are normalizing and air temperatures and precipitation were below normal. April brought more rain and rivers quickly responded.

With La Niña predicted to return to ENSO-neutral conditions, will the favorable snowpack maintain healthy streamflows this summer?

Marine waters

[p. 9](#)

After three years of unusual patterns, 2018 conditions are mostly expected. The exception is Hood Canal.

Aerial photography

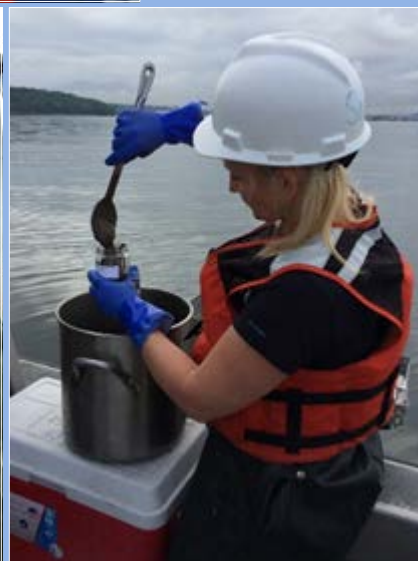
[p. 10](#)

Many rivers and field ditches release sediment into Puget Sound. Strong blooms in Sinclair Inlet, Joe Leary Slough (Padilla Bay), and Bellingham Bay. It is colorful out there!

It's field season for our Sediment Team!



[Program details are in our new monitoring plan!](#)



We collect sediment from the bottom of Puget sound every April and June to measure:

1. Habitat type
2. Nutrients
3. Chemistry
4. Biogeochemistry
5. Invertebrate community:
 - Composition
 - Function
 - Biomass



What was the visibility in the water for divers?

March

Horizontal visibility /depth (ft)

#)	Best		Worst	
1)	20	80	19	5
2)	14	3	11	30
3)	16	94	15	16
4)	24	67	4	3
5)	18	90	12	3
6)	27	90	4	11
7)	23	94	5	13
8)	23	95	18	7
9)	24	95	15	18
10)	13	16	9	41
11)	26	72	22	8
12)	20	80	9	36
13)	22	57	8	7
14)	11	43	9	10
15)	21	82	18	10
16)	22	56	18	5
17)	19	75	10	10
18)	16	48	9	52

Find depths with high/low visibility

- Best visibility** was 27 feet around Mukilteo and is overall poorer than average.
- Poor visibility** occurred in Oakland Bay (near Shelton), in Sinclair Inlet (near Bremerton), but also in Bellingham Bay.
- We use transmissometer readings from our CTD package and convert them into horizontal visibility. The poster, Underwater Visibility Maps – a Tool for Scuba Divers, is available at: [Click here](#)

good

visibility

poor



This is a new feature and we are soliciting feedback (salb461@ecy.wa.gov). Eventually we will feature the most recent data.

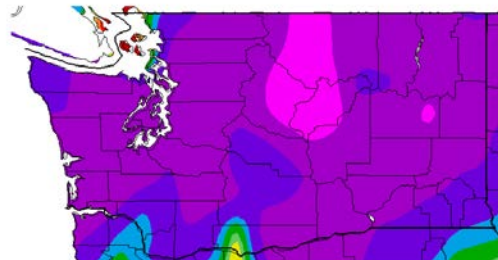


Tyler Burks, Jim Shedd

This winter we saw slightly cooler temperatures in most of the Puget Sound basin and above average precipitation in the north Sound. However, April has been VERY wet and cool (maps, left) despite the recent run of sunshine and relative warmth. Over 90 percent of Washington stream gages now report normal or above normal flow conditions (map, center).

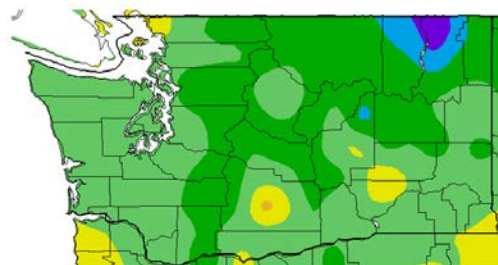
Conditions April 1-21

Percent of Avg. Precipitation (%)



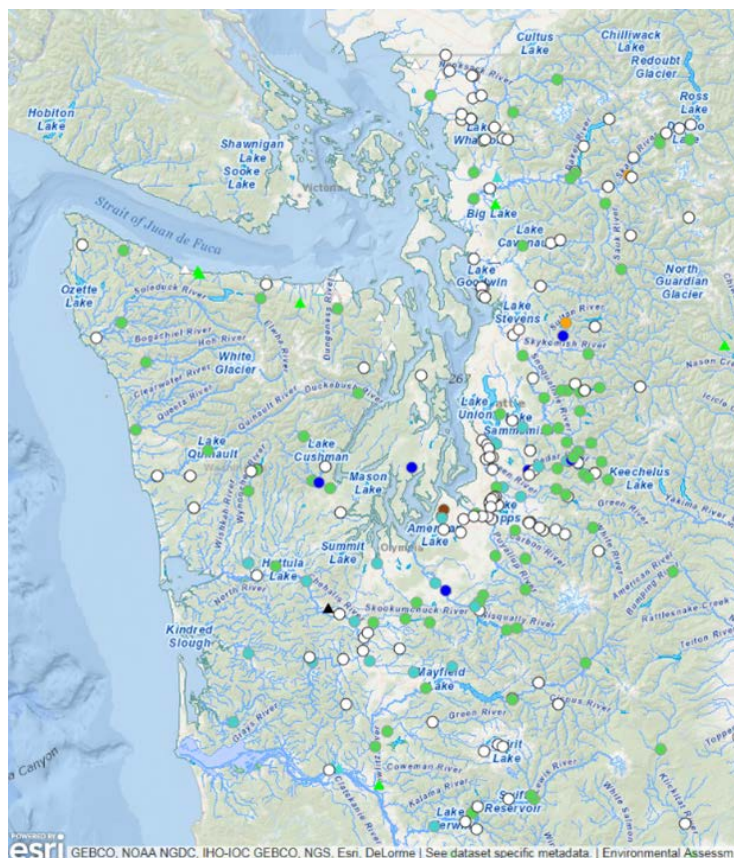
Generated 4/22/2018 at WRCC using provisional data.
NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Avg. Temperature departure (°F)



Generated 4/22/2018 at WRCC using provisional data.
NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Current Streamflow Conditions as of 4/24/2018



USGS Real Time Streamflow Values

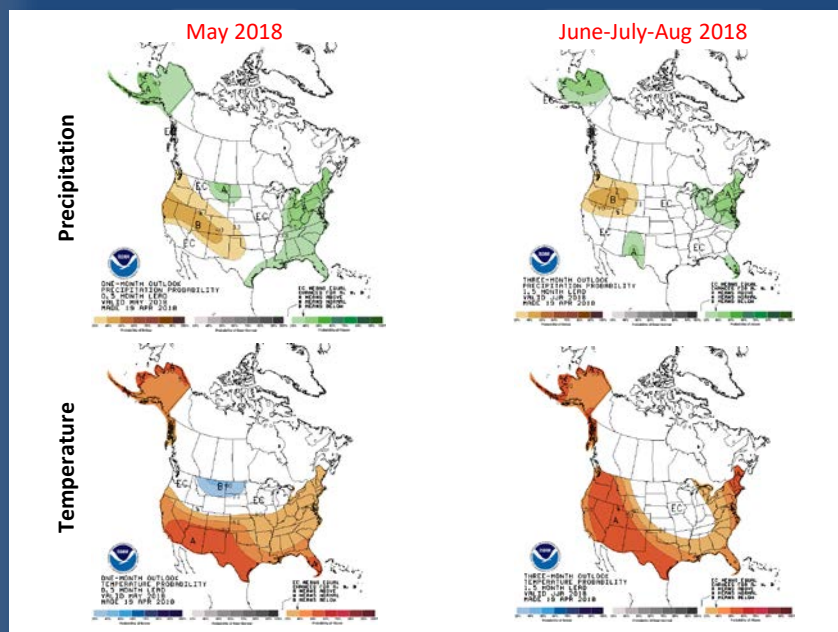
- Much above normal (>90%)
- Above normal (76-90%)
- Normal (25-75%)
- Below normal (10-24%)
- Much below normal (5-10%)
- Far below normal (>5%)
- Lowest recorded
- Not Ranked

Ecology Daily Streamflow

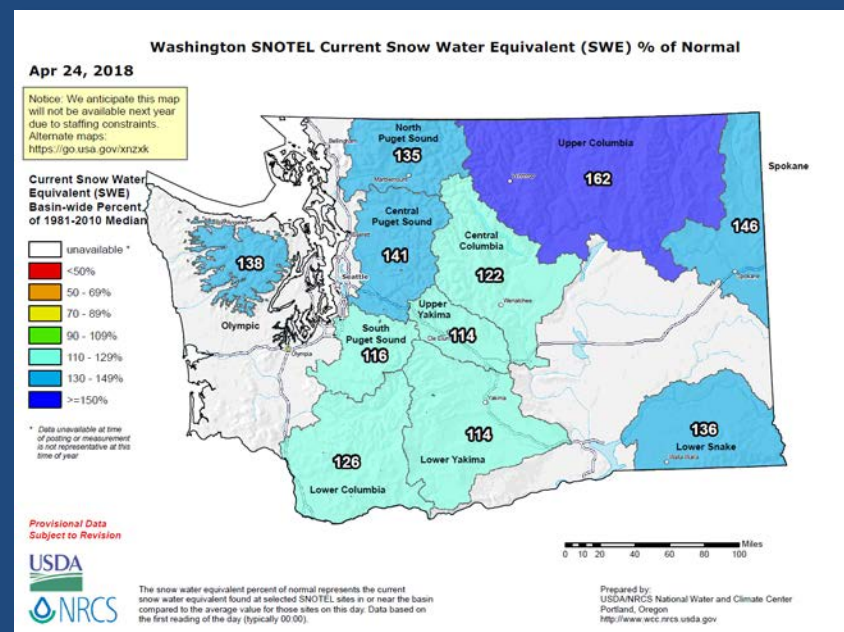
Daily Streamflow

- ▲ Highest recorded
- ▲ Much above normal (>90%)
- ▲ Above normal (76-90%)
- ▲ Normal (25-75%)
- ▲ Below normal (10-24%)
- ▲ Much below normal (<10%)
- ▲ Lowest recorded
- △ Not ranked

Climatologists predict drier and warmer conditions this summer. The dwindling La Niña is expected to transition to ENSO-neutral during April-May. Will the current favorable snowpack translate to healthy streamflows in September?

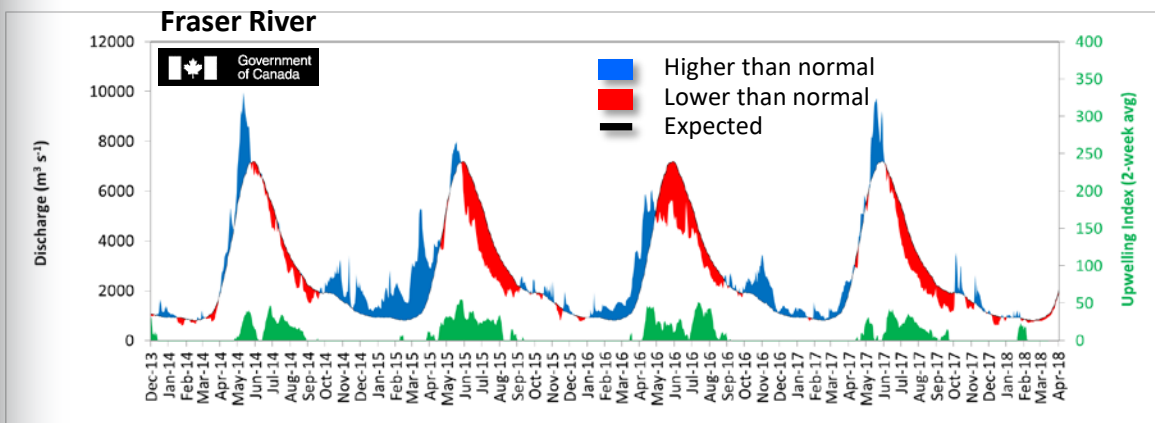


The maps on the top show higher than usual probability of below normal precipitation. The maps on the bottom show a greater chance of higher temperatures [Click here](#)



Snow water equivalence (SWE) in the mountains is very good and over 130% of normal. Last year at this time SWE was above normal as well. However, last summer's warmer temperatures and lower rainfall resulted in lower than normal streamflows in September 2017.

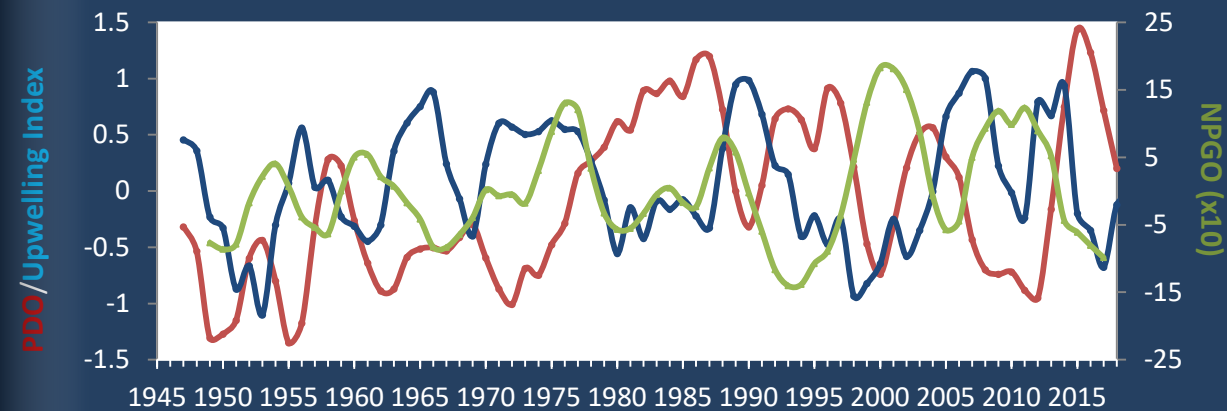
Historically, peaks of coastal upwelling and the [freshet](#) are in sync. Will they be this year?



The Fraser River is the major driver of estuarine circulation and water exchange with the ocean.

Fraser River flows are presently expected and the snowpack in BC is near 100% ([Basin Snow Water Index](#))

Three-year running average of PDO, Upwelling, and NPGO indices



How do ocean boundary conditions affect the quality of water we exchange with the ocean?

Past years' warm water is gone (PDO), upwelling is neutral (Upwelling Index anomaly), and surface productivity along the coast is lower (NPGO).

Pacific Decadal Oscillation Index (**PDO**, **temperature**, [explanation](#)). Upwelling Index (anomalies) (**Upwelling**, **low oxygen**, [explanation](#)). North Pacific Gyre Oscillation Index (**NPGO**, **productivity**, [explanation](#)).



Climate and natural influences include weather, river flows, and the adjacent ocean conditions that affect our marine waters. This graphic provides context for interpreting Puget Sound marine conditions. All data are from public sources: weather from UW GRAYSKIES; river flows from USGS and Environment Canada; indices from NOAA, UW (PDO), and E. Di Lorenzo (NPGO).

Summary (March):

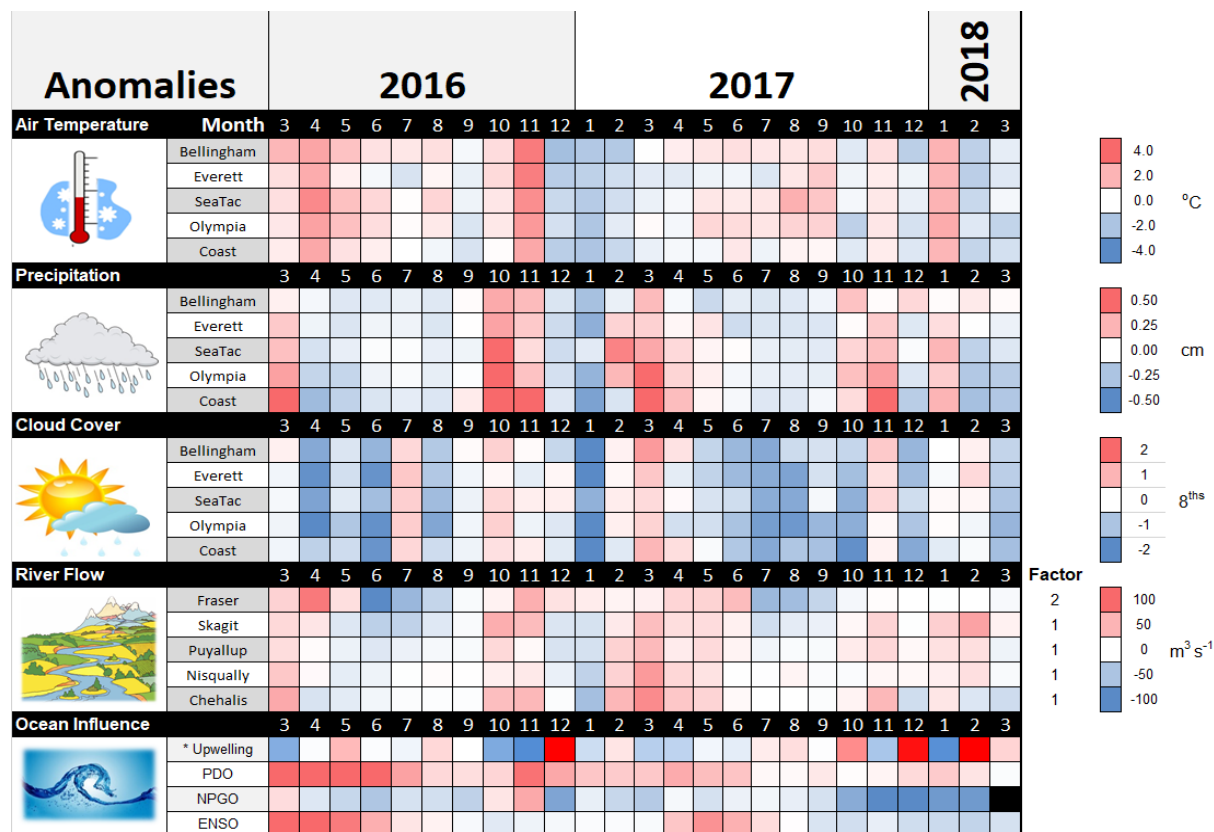
Air temperatures have been below normal since January.

Precipitation levels have been below normal until March, but less so to the north. See p. 5 for April conditions.

Sunshine levels have been above normal.

River flows are normal until March. See p. 5 for April conditions.

Downwelling is below normal. ENSO (MEI) is showing signs of a weak La Niña.



*Upwelling/downwelling Anomalies (PFEL)

PDO = Pacific Decadal Oscillation

NPGO = North Pacific Gyre Oscillation

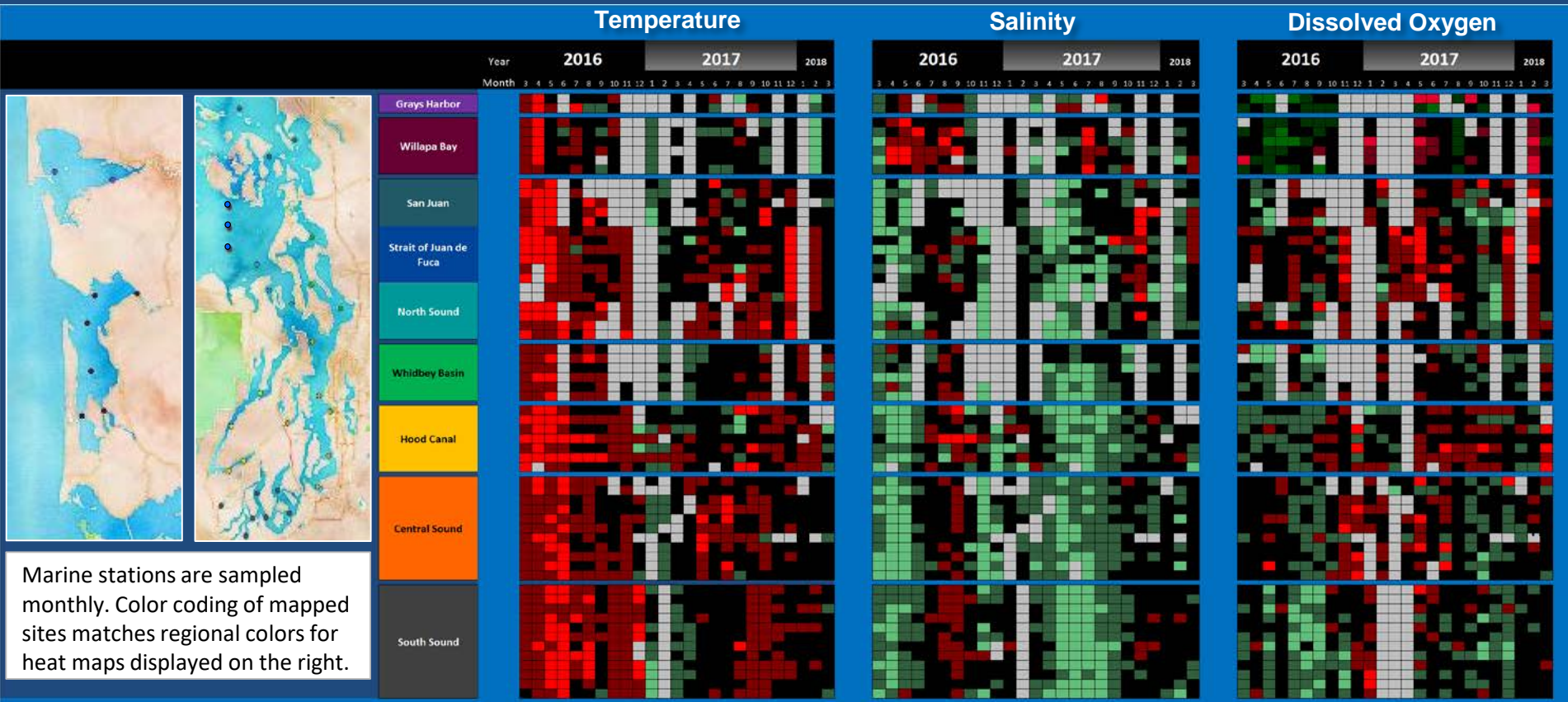
ENSO = El Niño Southern Oscillation

higher expected lower

No data



After large anomalies in temperature and salinities in the previous years, 2018 is mostly expected. The exception is Hood Canal (yellow), where anomalies persisted longer and have shifted in March to a pattern of lower temperatures and higher oxygen, beneficial to the aquatic food web.





Many rivers and field ditches discharging sediment into Puget Sound, especially the Stillaguamish. Strong red-brown bloom in Sinclair Inlet. Bright brown bloom in Joe Leary Slough (Padilla Bay). Bright green bloom in Bellingham Bay. An occasional jellyfish patch in Sinclair.

Start here



Squalicum Creek delivering humic-rich water, Bellingham Bay



Nooksack Estuary, Bellingham Bay



Flooded wetland delivering humic-rich water, Whidbey Island

Lat 48.008269, Long -122.567856



Mixing and Fronts:

Many tidal fronts near Tacoma Narrows and Admiralty Inlet



Jellyfish:

Occasional jellyfish patches in Sinclair Inlet



Suspended sediment:

Large amounts of suspended sediments entering with rivers after rainy period



Visible blooms:

Bright green: Bellingham Bay and Penguin Harbor

Red-brown: Sinclair Inlet

Bright brown: Joe Leary Slough (Padilla Bay)



Debris:

Little organic debris at surface



Aerial photography and navigation guide

Date: 4-19-2018

Tide data from April 19, 2018 (Seattle):

	Height (ft)	High/Low
1:52 AM	5.33	L
7:17 AM	10.99	H
2:09 PM	-1.59	L
9:08 PM	11.29	H

Flight Information:

Sunny and broken cloud ceiling.

-- Flight routes



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A river plume with internal waves next to a tidal front of water leaving Eld Inlet
Location: Cooper Point (South Sound), 11:49 AM



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Green bloom mixing with brown humic-rich water from Woodard Creek

Location: Henderson Inlet (South Sound), 11:45 AM

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Nisqually river estuary with suspended sediment next to beds of submerged vegetation

Location: Hogum Bay, Nisqually Reach Aquatic Reserve (South Sound), 11:57 AM

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Water of different character hugging shores of Anderson and McNeil Island
Location: Balch Passage (South Sound), 12:00 PM

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Water of different character meeting sediment-rich water exiting through Tacoma Narrows

Location: The Tacoma Narrows (South Sound), 12:03 PM

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Sediment-rich water from Port Susan and Snohomish River meeting water from Saratoga Passage
Location: Possession Sound (Whidbey Basin), 12:34 PM



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Sediment-rich water of the Stillaguamish River flowing over the exposed mudflats at low tide
Location: Port Susan (Whidbey Basin), 12:41 PM



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A.



B.



A. Snow geese on the mudflats. Draining field ditch more turbid than the Skagit River. B. Close-up
Location: Skagit Bay, (Whidbey Basin), 12:44 PM



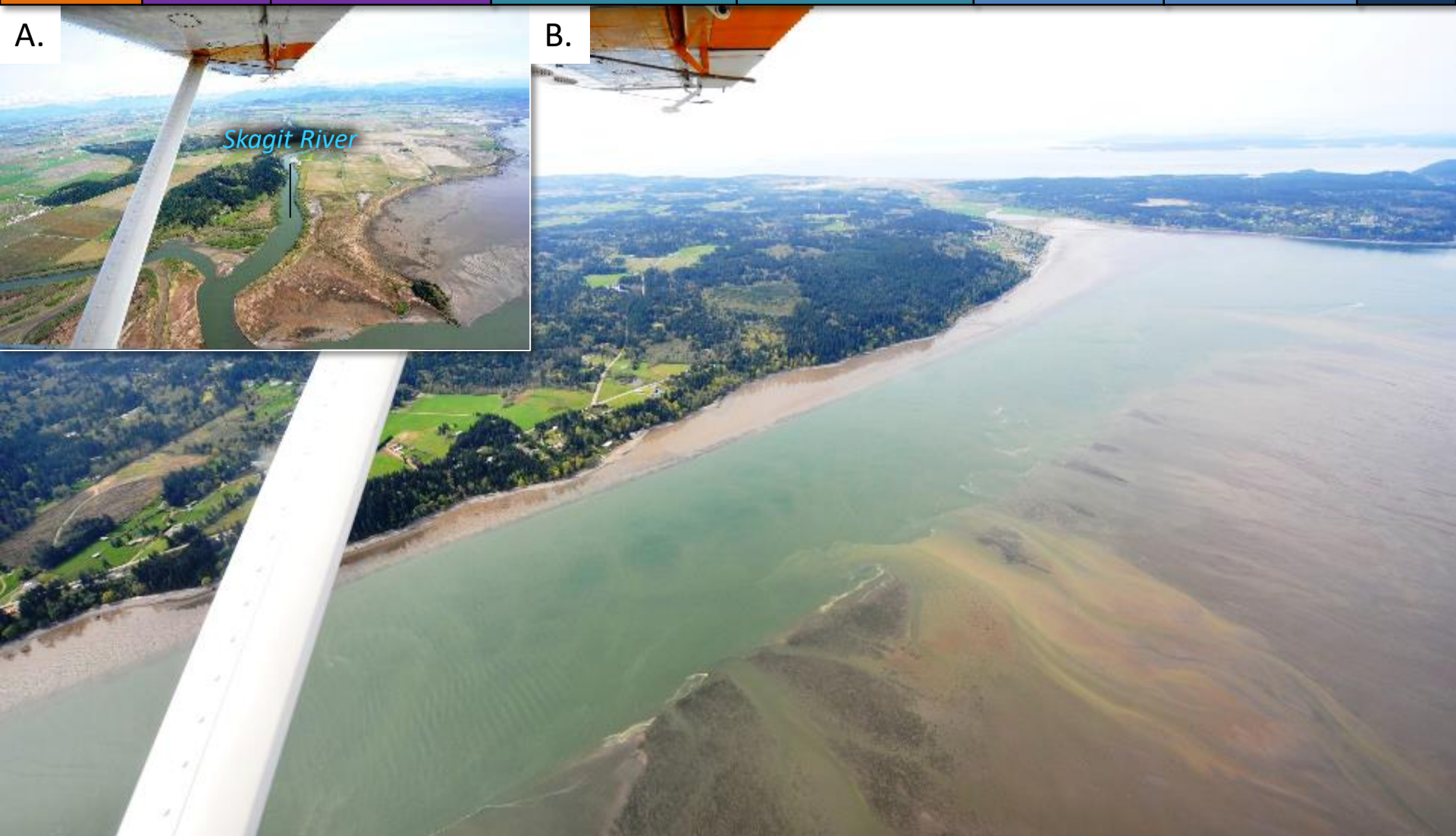
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A. Large exposed mudflats at very low tide. B. Water running over a gauntlet of channels
Location: Skagit Bay (Whidbey Basin), 12:45 PM



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A. Sediment-rich water from the north fork of the Skagit River, B. entering Skagit Bay on low tide
Location: Skagit Bay (Whidbey Basin), 1:19 PM



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A.



B.



Sediment-rich plumes fanning out via A. Field drainage in La Conner, B. Higgins Slough draining fields
Location: Swinomish Channel (Whidbey Basin to Padilla Bay), 12:49 PM



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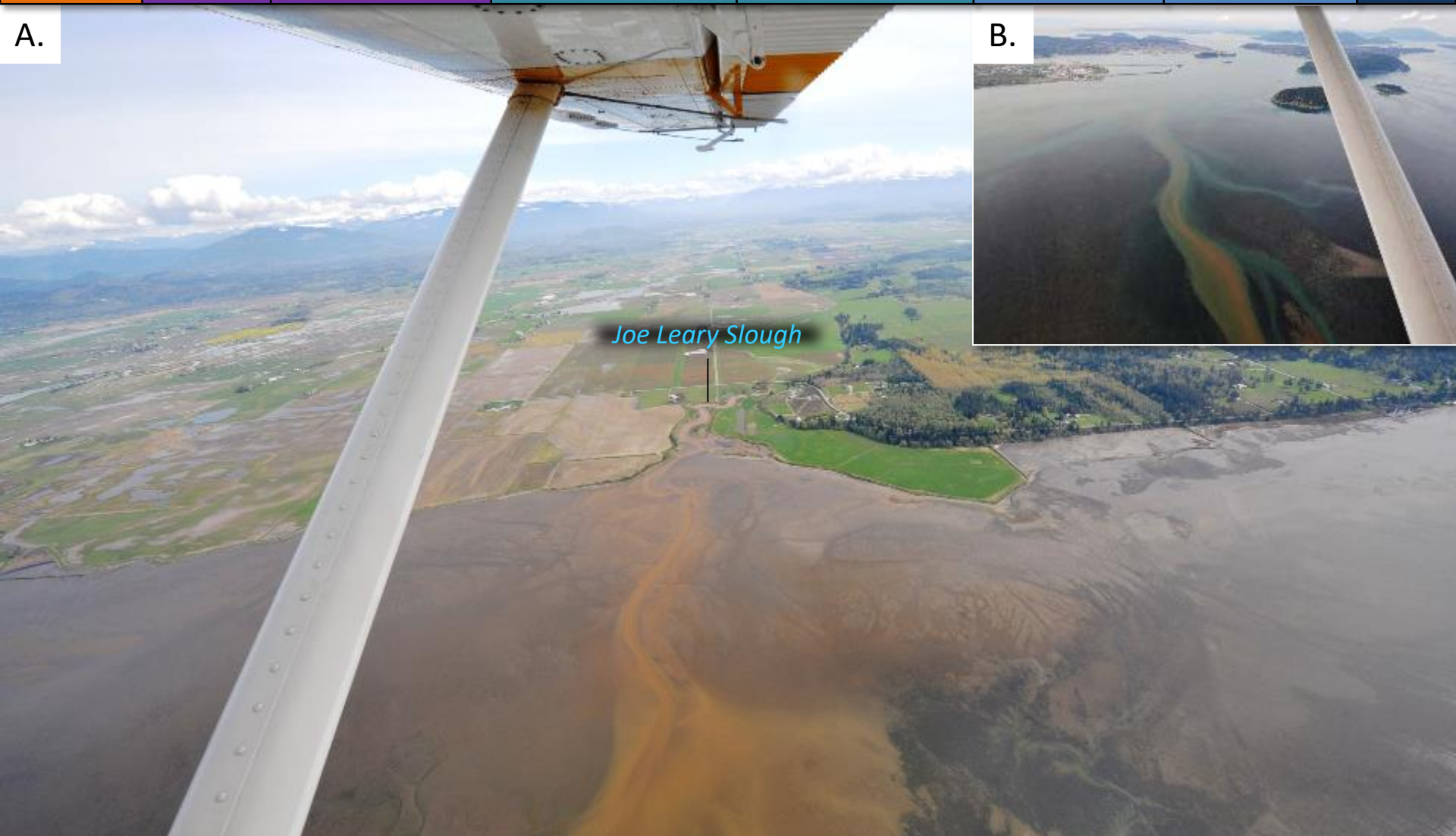
Combined factors

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A.



B.



A. Bright-brown water leaving Joe Leary Slough, B. following tidal channel. Is this a brown bloom?

Location: Padilla Bay (North Sound), 12:54 PM



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A. Sediment likely from the Samish River plume, B. showing internal waves

Location: Wildcat Cove, Samish Bay (North Sound), 12:59 PM



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Bright green algal bloom

Location: Chuckanut Bay, Bellingham Bay (North Sound), 1:00 PM



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Unidentified dark material west of the Nooksack River estuary

Location: Bellingham Bay (North Sound), 1:04 PM



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Bright green bloom extending back across Penguin Harbor. Is the bloom connected to Chuckanut Bay?
Location: Penguin Harbor (North Sound), 1:11 PM



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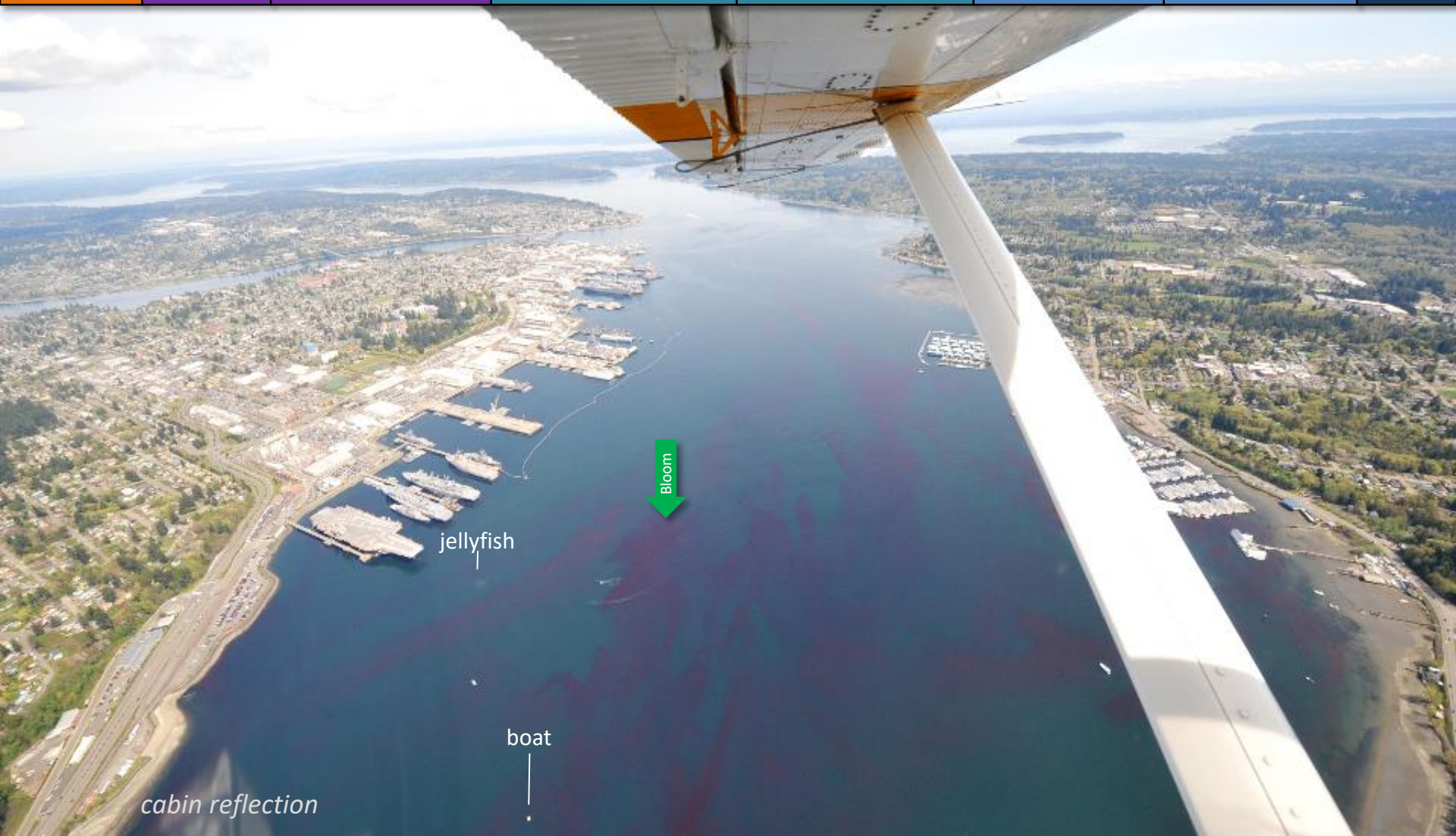
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Bright red-brown-purple bloom with an occasional jellyfish patch

Location: Sinclair Inlet (Central Sound), 1:48 PM



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Bright red-brown-purple bloom with an occasional jellyfish patch

Location: Sinclair Inlet (Central Sound), 1:49 PM



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Sediment-rich water entering Hood Canal via the Tahuya River
Location: Great Bend (Hood Canal), 2:03 PM



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Sediment-rich water entering Hood Canal via the Skokomish River

Location: Great Bend (Hood Canal), 2:04 PM

Find past editions of EOPS with images on last pages



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We have published 71 editions!

Find all previous Eyes Over Puget Sound editions at the end of this document.

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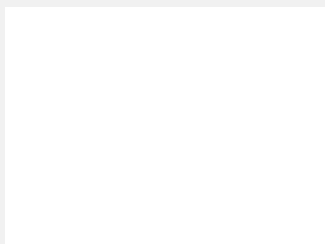
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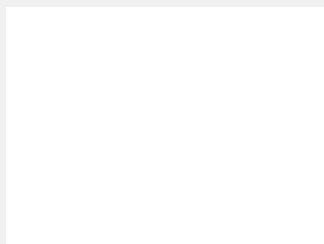
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Environmental Assessment
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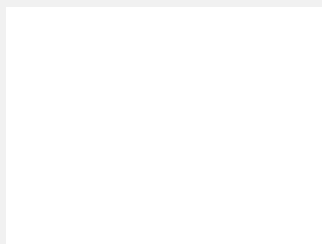
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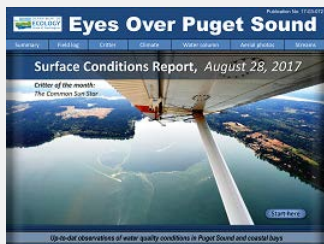
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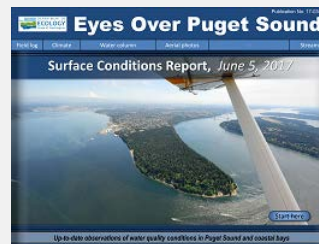
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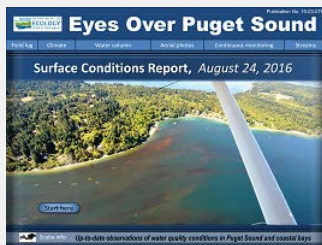
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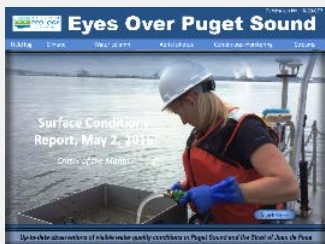
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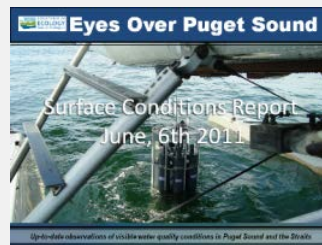
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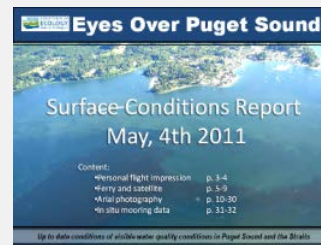
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