

Flood Control Assistance Account Program

2023-2025 Funding Guidelines



Shorelands and Environmental Assistance Program

Washington State Department of Ecology Olympia, Washington

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Related Information

- Flood Control Assistance Account Program Website¹
- Flood Control Assistance Account Program 2023-2025 Application Instructions²
- <u>RCW 86.26</u> ³ State Participation in Flood Control Maintenance
- <u>Chapter 173-145 WAC</u> ⁴-Administration of the Flood Control Assistance Account Program

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ADA Accessibility

To request an ADA accommodation, contact Ecology by phone at 360-407-6831 or email at ecyadacoordinator@ecy.wa.gov. For Washington Relay Service or TTY call 711 or 877-833-6341. Visit Ecology's website for more information.

¹ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/Payments-contracts-grants/Grants-loans/Find-a-grant-or-loan/Flood-control-assistance

² https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/summarypages/2206017.html

³ https://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=86.26

⁴ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=173-145

⁵ www.ecology.wa.gov

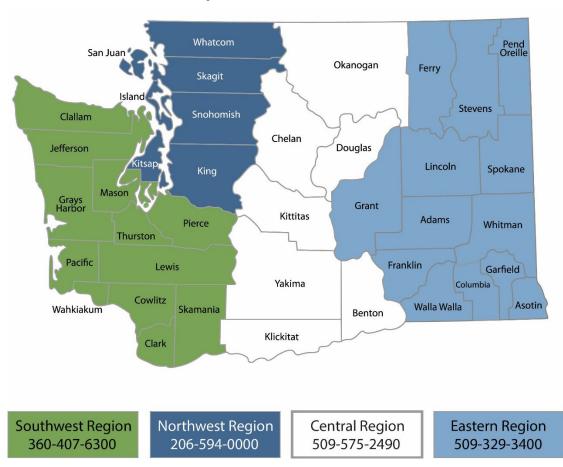
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Department of Ecology's Regional Offices



Map of Counties Served

Region	Counties served	Mailing Address	Phone
Southwest	Clallam, Clark, Cowlitz, Grays Harbor, Jefferson, Mason, Lewis, Pacific, Pierce, Skamania, Thurston, Wahkiakum	PO Box 47775 Olympia, WA 98504	360-407-6300
Northwest	Island, King, Kitsap, San Juan, Skagit, Snohomish, Whatcom	PO Box 330316 Shoreline, WA 98133	206-594-0000
Central	Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Kittitas, Klickitat, Okanogan, Yakima	1250 W Alder St Union Gap, WA 98903	509-575-2490
Eastern	Adams, Asotin, Columbia, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman	4601 N Monroe Spokane, WA 99205	509-329-3400
Headquarters	Across Washington	PO Box 46700 Olympia, WA 98504	360-407-6000

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Chapter 1: Program Overview

In 1984, the Washington State Legislature (Legislature) established the Flood Control Assistance Account Program (FCAAP). The Washington State Department of Ecology's (Ecology's) Shorelands and Environmental Assistance Program administers the FCAAP grant program. The purpose of the FCAAP grant program is to support local jurisdictions to develop integrated flood hazard management plans that identify and prioritize strategies to reduce flood hazard risks and achieve other benefits, as well as to help reduce flood hazards and flood damages.

Statutory requirements

Statutory requirements applicable to the FCAAP grant program include:

- <u>*RCW 86.26*</u> ⁶ State Participation in Flood Control Maintenance
- <u>RCW 86.26.007</u> ⁷ Flood control assistance account—Use.
- <u>Chapter 173-145 WAC</u>⁸ Administration of the Flood Control Assistance Account Program
- <u>Senate Bill 5141</u> 9 Healthy Environment for All (HEAL) Act
- <u>Governor's Executive Order 21-02</u>¹⁰

Administrative requirements

Ecology's and FCAAP administrative policies provide the framework for the Funding Guidelines. Key policies include:

- Administrative Requirements for Recipients of Ecology Grants and Loans (2017 Yellow Book)¹¹
- <u>Comprehensive Planning for Flood Hazard Management Guidebook (2021)</u>¹²
- Ecology's Grant Agreement Terms and Conditions
- Ecology's <u>Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPP) Requirements</u> ¹³

⁶ https://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=86.26

⁷ https://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=86.26.007

⁸ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=173-145

⁹ http://lawfilesext.leg.wa.gov/biennium/2021-22/Pdf/Bills/Session%20Laws/Senate/5141-

S2.SL.pdf?q=20210521101530

¹⁰ https://dahp.wa.gov/2102

¹¹ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

¹² https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/2106019.html

¹³ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Scientific-services/Quality-assurance/Quality-assurance-for-NEP-grantees

How to use these guidelines

These funding guidelines provide information about the 2023-2025 FCAAP grant program eligibility requirements, grant application process, scoring criteria, evaluation process, funding decision process, grant agreement, and general requirements for this grant program.

All grant applicants and Recipients are responsible for reading and understanding these guidelines along with the <u>Administrative Requirements for Ecology Grants and Loans (2017</u> <u>Yellow Book</u>)¹⁴ (Publication No. 17-01-004) before entering into a grant agreement with Ecology.

¹⁴ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

Chapter 2: 2023-2025 Funding Cycle

This chapter provides an overview of the 2023-2025 FCAAP grant funding program, including applicant and project eligibility, and funding provisions. Ecology manages the FCAAP grant program under a biennial funding cycle.

For the 2023-2025 biennium, Ecology anticipates the Legislature will appropriate approximately \$1.5 to 2.3 million for competitive flood planning projects. These projects are competitively evaluated and awarded.

Additionally, Ecology anticipates the Legislature will appropriate \$150,000 for emergency flood response projects. Emergency projects are not competitively evaluated or awarded. Funding is awarded on a first-come, first-served basis.

Eligible applicants

The following organizations are eligible to apply for FCAAP funding:

- Cities
- Towns
- Counties
- Federally-recognized Tribes (eligible for competitive planning projects, not emergency projects)
- Conservation districts
- Special purpose districts, such as flood control districts

Ineligible applicants

The following organizations are not eligible to apply for FCAAP funding:

- Nonprofits
- State agencies
- Federal agencies
- Ports
- Private entities
- Local health jurisdictions

Eligible projects

Priority funding for the 2023-2025 biennium will be awarded to competitive flood planning projects in underserved communities. Applicants must provide information describing how the community in the project area is underserved.

Underserved communities are defined as "communities that experience disproportionate environmental harms and risks due to exposures, greater vulnerability to environmental

hazards, or cumulative impacts from multiple stressors" (Washington State Environmental Justice Task Force Report, 2020).

In future funding cycles, there may be funding available for implementation of flood risk reduction projects cited in Ecology-approved, completed Comprehensive Flood Hazard Management Plans (CFHMPs).

Eligible competitive flood planning projects include:

 Developing and writing, or updating CFHMPs. CFHMPs must be consistent with state regulations (<u>WAC 173-145</u>).¹⁵

For more information, see Ecology's <u>Comprehensive Planning for Flood Hazard</u> <u>Management Guidebook</u>¹⁶ that includes required and optional flood planning elements.

- Feasibility studies; community outreach and stakeholder engagement efforts; mapping/modeling projects, including Channel Migration Zone delineations; and other activities that will support an update to the CFHMP.
- Match for federal projects that lead to CFHMPs. For example, Federal General Investigations or Environmental Restoration studies by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, FEMA RiskMAP studies, etc.

Eligible emergency projects include:

• Emergency flood response and recovery work.

Ineligible projects

The following are ineligible projects for the 2023-2025 funding cycle, but may be eligible in future funding cycles.

• On-the-ground implementation and construction projects for floodplain restoration. In future FCAAP funding rounds Ecology may begin to fund construction activities, but for now the focus will be on planning efforts.

Grant amounts

For the 2023-2025 funding cycle, Ecology anticipates between \$1.5 to 2.3 million will be available for competitive planning projects. There is a maximum award amount of \$500,000 per county in each biennium (WAC 173-145).¹⁷ Ecology anticipates the award amount will not exceed \$250,000 for each competitive planning project. The historical average award amount for competitive planning projects is approximately \$150,000.

¹⁵ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=173-145

¹⁶ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/2106019.html

¹⁷ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=173-145

Ecology anticipates approximately \$150,000 will be available for emergency flood response projects in the 2023-2025 funding cycle. Contact the FCAAP Fund Coordinator if you have any questions.

Grant match requirements

The flood control assistance account is a separate account as defined by <u>RCW 86.26.007 – Flood</u> <u>control assistance account - Use</u>.

Recipients are required to provide match for FCAAP grants. Recipients must provide 25 percent match for competitive planning grants, and 20 percent match for emergency flood response grants.

Match can be shown in the form of other grant funds, time spent working on a project, and inkind costs from a third party.

There are three different types of match: cash; in-kind other; and in-kind interlocal. Read below for more information about match.

Cash Match

Cash match includes any eligible project costs paid for directly by the Recipient that are not reimbursed by the Ecology grant or a third party. For more information, see p. 40 of the *Administrative Requirements for Recipients of Ecology Grants and Loans (2017 Yellow Book).*¹⁸

Other Grants Used as Match

If a Recipient wants to use a grant from another funding agency as match, the Recipient should check with the funding agency issuing the grant to ensure that it can be used as match for an Ecology grant. The following applies when using other grants to match an Ecology grant.

The scope of work on the matching grant must directly satisfy the portion of the scope of work on the Ecology grant where the work is contributed.

The date that the costs for the matching grant are incurred <u>must fall within the effective dates</u> <u>of the Ecology grant.</u>

The costs incurred under the matching grant must be eligible according to all criteria for the Ecology grant.

The matching fund source(s) cannot originate from the same funding source as the Ecology grant, the State Operating Budget - Flood Control Assistance Account.

The same funds, goods, or services cannot be used as match more than once.

In-Kind Match

In-Kind match is a donated or volunteer service, goods, or property contributed by a **third party** without direct monetary compensation. In-kind match does not include eligible project costs paid directly by the Recipient, such as paid staff services, considered a cash expenditure by

¹⁸ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

Ecology (see Cash Match section above). In-kind contributions must be fully documented and identified as separate expenditures on payment requests.

Ineligible In-Kind Contributions

The following are examples of ineligible in-kind contributions for the FCAAP grant program:

- Donated, loaned, or purchased real or personal property.
- Contributions of overhead costs, per-diem, travel, and subsistence expenses.
- Contributed time from individuals receiving compensation through the grant, except when those individuals are off duty and contributing on their own time.
- Time spent at advisory groups or meetings that do not directly relate to the project.

Public participation, diversity, equity, and inclusion

Per Ecology's <u>Comprehensive Planning for Flood Hazard Management Guidebook</u>, ¹⁹ flooding disproportionately affects vulnerable populations. Not only are lower income individuals more likely to live in neighborhoods that are susceptible to flooding, they are also significantly disadvantaged in recovering from flood damage (Sherwin, 2019). Therefore, it is important to consider diversity, equity, and inclusion when developing a flood plan.

Applicants must describe how the project benefits underserved or overburdened communities in flood risk areas as part of the grant application. Ecology staff and/or other technical advisors evaluate, score, and rank competitive planning projects based on the information provided by applicants in their proposals. For more information, see Criteria 2: Underserved Communities in Appendix A: Scoring Criteria for Competitive Planning Projects.

2023-2025 funding cycle schedule

In July 2023, Ecology will notify competitive planning project applicants if their proposals are chosen for funding. The FCAAP Fund Coordinator will notify emergency project applicants of funding decisions after proposals are submitted. The assigned Ecology Project Manager will contact the Recipient Project Manager to start the agreement negotiation process.

Once recipients are notified of the grant award, Ecology and Recipients have approximately three (3) months to negotiate and sign the grant agreement. Ecology may withdraw the grant award if a Recipient is not responsive to communications; the Recipient does move towards signing the grant agreement in a timely manner; or if the scope of work is not being completed in a timely manner.

The grant agreement effective start date for competitive planning projects is July 1, 2023. The grant agreement effective start date for emergency projects is negotiable but cannot occur before July 1, 2023. All grant agreements expire on June 30, 2025, the end date of the biennium; this expiration date is non-negotiable.

¹⁹ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/2106019.html

Table 1. Timeline of FCAAP 23-25 funding cycle.

Date	Important Event
January 11, 2023; January 19, 2023	Ecology hosts two virtual applicant workshops. Check the <u>FCAAP</u> website ²⁰ for more information.
February 15, 2023	Grant application period opens at 8:00 a.m. for competitive planning projects.
March 30, 2023	Grant application period closes at 5:00 p.m. for competitive planning projects.
April 4-28, 2023	Evaluation period begins for competitive planning projects.
Early May, 2023	Ecology finalizes proposed funding list of competitive planning projects.
July 1, 2023	Washington State Legislature appropriates the 2023-25 biennium funding. Ecology notifies competitive planning project applicants if their projects are chosen for funding and sends award letters.
	Grant application period opens for emergency projects. Applicants for emergency projects must contact Scott McKinney, FCAAP Fund Coordinator, by email at scott.mckinney@ecy.wa.gov .
	Grant agreement start date. This date is negotiable but cannot be sooner than July 1, 2023, the start date of the biennium, to be eligible for grant reimbursement. Ecology and Recipients negotiate and finalize grant agreements then begin projects.
June 30, 2025	Grant agreement expiration date. The scope of work and deliverables must be completed on or before June 30, 2025, the end date of the biennium, to be eligible for grant reimbursement.

²⁰ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Grants-loans/Find-a-grant-or-loan/Flood-control-assistance

Chapter 3: Grant Applications

Grant applications must be submitted through Ecology's Administration of Grants and Loans (EAGL) online system. Refer to the FCAAP 23-25 Application Instructions 21 for more details.

The funding opportunity for the competitive planning grants in EAGL is SEAFCAAC-2325 (Shorelands and Environmental Assistance, Flood Control Assistance Account – Competitive, 2023-2025 biennium).

The funding opportunity for the emergency project grants in EAGL is SEAFCAAP-2325 (Shorelands and Environmental Assistance, Flood Control Assistance Account Program, 2023-2025 biennium).

Competitive planning projects

The competitive planning grants (SEAFCAAC-2325) application period opens on Wednesday, February 15, 2023 at 8:00 a.m., and closes on Thursday, March 30, 2023 at 5:00 p.m. Eligible applicants must submit complete grant applications through EAGL.

Planning projects are competitively evaluated and awarded. After the application period closes, Ecology staff and/or other technical experts evaluate, score, and rank projects. Ecology finalizes funding decisions and notifies applicants if their projects are chosen, or not chosen, for funding.

Emergency projects

Emergency grant (SEAFCAAP-2325) applications are accepted as soon as July 1, 2023, based on a first-come, first-served basis, and available funds. Grant applications cannot be initiated without prior approval by Scott McKinney, FCAAP Fund Coordinator. Eligible applicants must contact the FCAAP Fund Coordinator to initiate a grant application in EAGL. Applicants will be assigned a grant application number, and then will be able to complete and submit the application.

Emergency projects are not competitively evaluated. The FCAAP Fund Coordinator determines project eligibility and final grant award amounts on a case-by-case basis.

SAW and EAGL accounts

Applicants must have user accounts in both Secure Access Washington (SAW) and EAGL.

Applicants must:

1. Register for a **Secure Access Washington (SAW)** online services account by visiting the <u>Secure Access Washington website</u>.²²

²¹ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/summarypages/2206017.html

²² http://secureaccess.wa.gov/

 Register for an EAGL account. After a SAW account is set up, please follow the instructions found on <u>Ecology's Grants and Loans webpage</u>²³ to request access to the EAGL system. New EAGL users should select the tab labeled "New EAGL users with a SAW account" or "New SAW and EAGL users," then follow the instructions.

Each staff member of an organization that will have a role in the grant (e.g., project manager, financial manager, and grant signatory) must each establish their own SAW account before applying for a grant. Users cannot share SAW accounts with another person or organization.

More information about EAGL can be found in the <u>EAGL External Users' Manual</u>.²⁴

²³ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Grants-loans

²⁴ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701015.html

Chapter 4: Evaluations and Scoring

Emergency projects

Emergency projects are not competitively evaluated or awarded. Instead, funding decisions are based on a first-come, first-served basis, and available funding.

Competitive planning projects

Planning projects are competitively evaluated and awarded. Ecology staff and/or other technical experts evaluate, score, and rank planning project proposals based on information provided in the grant application. Ecology finalizes the proposed project list and notifies applicants of funding decisions. For the scoring criteria, see Appendix A: Scoring Criteria for Competitive Planning Projects.

Elements of successful proposals

In general, a successful FCAAP competitive planning project proposal will:

- Show how the project solves or addresses a flooding problem by focusing on the cause of damage rather than treating the symptoms.
- Identify a documented flooding issue.
- Employ an integrated floodplain management approach that brings together multiple interests to find common agreement on local floodplain visions, strategies, and actions that achieve multiple benefits.
- Demonstrate how the project benefits salmon recovery.
- Describe how the project reconnects floodplains, protects channel migration zones, and/or restores habitat.
- Demonstrate how the project will consider climate change impacts.

Explain the additional benefits of the project.

- Describe water quality and other environmental benefits from the project.
- Describe recreation and/or public access improvements included in the project.
- Describe any other benefits to the community and/or the general public.

Describe the collaboration, community support, and stakeholder involvement elements.

- Explain why the project is a high priority.
- Describe your approach to integrated floodplain management.
- Document the stakeholder engagement process, including approaches to public participation and diversity, equity, and inclusion.
- Document any support and outreach to affected parties.
- Provide a copy of existing plan(s) that support the project, if any, and the approach to collaborative planning efforts.

Show that grant funds will be spent efficiently and on schedule.

- Provide an accurate, detailed, and reasonable budget and project schedule.
- Show that the funding request is reasonable compared to the proposed benefit.
- Show that the funds can be spent in a timely manner.

Illustrate that the project is ready to proceed.

- Include a well-defined scope of work that has goals, objectives, timelines, and measurable outcomes and deliverables.
- Document adequate staff capacity to manage the project.
- Provide details if a consultant will be hired to complete all or some tasks in the scope of work.

Be easy to read and understand.

- Write in complete sentences.
- Give clear, concise answers to all questions.
- Make sure the application addresses all of the items identified in the evaluation criteria and scoring guide.

Helpful hints:

- Include maps, diagrams, and pictures of the project area and display past projects (if any exist).
- Provide documentation to support answers, including citations.

Integrated floodplain management

Comprehensive floodplain planning efforts fundamentally intersect a variety of interests and require collaboration between departments, governmental agencies, Tribes, organizations, and the public. Applicants are encouraged to consider an integrated floodplain management approach to floodplain planning and upload letters of support in the grant application.

Chapter 5: Grant Agreement and Management

Grant agreement development

Ecology finalizes the proposed project list and notifies applicants of funding decisions. Projects chosen for funding will receive a grant award letter listing their assigned Ecology Project and Financial Managers. The Ecology Project Manager will contact the Recipient Project Manager and begin the grant negotiation and agreement processes.

The Ecology Project and Financial Managers use information in the grant application as the basis for developing the grant agreement. Grant agreements include a detailed scope of work, measurable objectives, and accurate budgets. Applicants cannot make significant changes to the original scope of work once the application has been submitted and evaluated, or Ecology may withdraw or modify a funding offer. If applicable, Ecology will notify other relevant Ecology staff that may be involved in the project.

The Ecology Project Manager is the primary contact for technical assistance and day-to-day questions. The Project Manager ensures the Recipient complies with the scope of work; reviews expenditures for eligibility on payment requests; and works with the Financial Manager to resolve payment or eligibility issues if they arise.

The Ecology Financial Manager ensures expenditures comply with the grant agreement budget and other agency grant requirements. The Financial Manager may request additional information, including but not limited to consultant contracts, invoices, expenditure backup documentation, travel costs, and staffing plans.

When the agreement is ready for signature, the Ecology Financial Manager will route the agreement to the Recipient signatory/ies and the Shorelands and Environmental Assistance (SEA) Program Manager for electronic signatures using DocuSign. Please note, Ecology cannot send or receive hard copies. The Ecology Financial Manager will email a fully signed copy of the agreement back to the Recipient and upload a copy in EAGL.

Agreement dates and timelines

The grant agreement must be negotiated and signed by both parties within three (3) months of award notice. The time period can be extended for cause and is subject to Ecology's approval. This is necessary and important because FCAAP grants are funded by the Legislature on a biennial basis. FCAAP funding cannot be extended past the biennial deadline.

The *effective date* of the agreement is the earliest date on which eligible costs may be incurred. Unless explicitly stated by the Legislature in a budget appropriation, the effective date for grants is usually the beginning of the state fiscal year or biennium, which occurs July 1, 2023.

The *expiration date* (of an agreement or amendment) is the last date on which costs may be incurred and be considered eligible. To be eligible for reimbursement, work must occur on or before the expiration date of June 30, 2025.

Recipients may incur project costs within the grant agreement effective start and expiration dates. Recipients may incur eligible costs before the grant agreement is fully signed and as soon as the July 1, 2023 start date of the biennium, but Recipients do so at their own risk. Eligible expenditures cannot be reimbursed until the agreement is fully signed by Ecology's SEA Program Manager and the agreement is active in EAGL.

Grant amendments

Modifications and changes to the grant agreement may become necessary. If and when an amendment is needed, the Recipient must submit the proposed changes in writing to the Ecology Project Manager. The Recipient and Ecology's Project and Financial Managers will negotiate changes and document the changes as an amendment to the grant agreement. All proposed project changes are subject to approval by Ecology.

Reasons for amendments may include:

- Budget changes or redistributions between tasks
- Scope of work changes
- Changes to deliverables or project outcomes
- Grant agreement time extensions

Either the Recipient or Ecology may initiate the amendment process. If Ecology approves the amendment request, the Ecology Project and Financial Managers prepare and negotiate the amendment with the Recipient.

When the amendment is ready for signature, the Ecology Financial Manager will route the amendment to the Recipient signatory/ies and the Shorelands and Environmental Assistance (SEA) Program Manager for electronic signatures using DocuSign. Please note, Ecology cannot send or receive hard copies. The Ecology Financial Manager will email a fully signed copy of the amendment back to the Recipient and upload a copy in EAGL.

Grant budget

Recipients are responsible for tracking their grant budget and ensuring they do not exceed the overall grant budget and task budgets. Recipients are also responsible for submitting the amount of match required in order to receive Ecology's grant reimbursement.

In the grant application, applicants must complete the Budget Task Cost EAGL form, which includes both budgets by task and by element. A budget by task shows how much of the grant budget will be distributed in each task scope of work. A budget by element shows how much of the grant budget will be distributed between elements, such as staff salaries and benefits, indirect/overhead, goods and services, equipment rental, and travel. This information helps Ecology evaluate if all costs have been considered by the applicant and helps track the budget throughout the life of the grant.

Budget deviations

A ten percent budget deviation is allowed between tasks (e.g., a Recipient may spend less funds on one task and more on another), but in no circumstance may the Recipient exceed the Total Eligible Cost (total amount of Ecology's share and Recipient's match). If the total of all budget deviations exceeds ten percent of the Total Eligible Cost, a formal amendment will be required. Recipients should contact the Ecology Project and Financial Managers if they have questions about budget deviations.

Grant reimbursements

Grant funds are disbursed to Recipients on a cost-reimbursement basis. Recipients will submit reimbursement requests through the Payment Requests/Progress Reports (PRPRs) form in EAGL. To be eligible for reimbursement, work must occur within the effective start and expiration dates of the grant agreement. All expenditures must have backup documentation. The Ecology Project Manager and Financial Manager may request additional information for expenditures before approving PRPRs. Contact the Ecology Project and Financial Managers with any questions or concerns.

Payment Requests / Progress Reports (PRPRs)

Recipients are required to submit quarterly Payment Requests/Progress Reports (PRPRs) in EAGL. Recipients must submit PRPRs a minimum of once a quarter even if there are no expenditures to report. The due date is 30 days after the end of the quarter. The quarterly PRPR due dates are as follows:

- The January-March PRPR is due April 30.
- The April-June PRPR is due July 30.
- The July-September PRPR is due October 30.
- The October-December PRPR is due January 30.

Recipients have 30 days after the grant agreement expiration date to submit the final PRPR with the final deliverables.

The PRPR must conform to the budget and grant requirements. Progress Reports should include a status update for the scope of work in each task during the reporting period to meet goals, as well as any successes, problems, staff changes, and delays that affect the project.

Expenditures must be listed by each cost incurred, and by task. Backup documentation is required for each line item. It should be uploaded and appear in the same order as the expenditure line items. This documentation must clearly show how the expenditure line item is calculated. If an expenditure line item cost is part of a larger cost, it is the Recipient's responsibility to detail which cost(s) Ecology is reimbursing, and the source of funding for the other costs. Ecology's Financial Manager may require more backup documentation prior to approving the PRPR.

After a Recipient submits a complete PRPR with back-up documentation, the Ecology project team reviews the scope of work completed, deliverables submitted, and expenses reported, prior to approving and disbursing the grant reimbursement.

Administrative requirements of grant agreement, consultant contracts, and inter-local agreements

The following is a list of administrative requirements of the grant agreement, including guidance for hiring consultants and entering into inter-local agreements with other agencies.

- Administrative Requirements. A complete list of the administrative requirements for Ecology grants is in the <u>Administrative Requirements for Recipients of Ecology Grants</u> <u>and Loans (2017 Yellow Book)</u>.²⁵
- Agreement Terms and Conditions. The grant agreement Terms and Conditions are nonnegotiable requirements of the grant, whether in statute, regulations, Administrative Requirements, Funding Guidelines, or the agreement document. The Terms and Conditions will be sent to the Recipient for review prior to finalizing the grant agreement and appear in the fully signed agreement. Failure to accept the Terms and Conditions, or any attempt to alter them, may result in revocation of grant funding.
- **Consultant Contracts** are between grant Recipients and their primary or subcontractors. Recipients must follow the local jurisdiction's procurement policy. If there is no recorded policy, then Recipients must follow the state's procurement policy.
- Inter-local Agreements are between entities within local governments (city or county), such as public works and community development. Inter-local agreements must be consistent with the terms of the grant agreement and <u>Chapter 39.34 RCW</u>, Inter-local <u>Cooperation Act</u>.²⁶
- Interagency Agreements are used between state agencies, or between state and federal agencies. Federally recognized Tribes, as sovereign governments, use interagency agreements with federal or state agencies. For more information, see <u>Chapter 39.34.080 RCW</u>.²⁷
- **Procuring Goods and Services.** The Recipient is responsible for procuring professional, personal, and other services using sound business judgment and administrative procedures consistent with applicable federal, state, and local laws, orders, regulations, and permits. This includes issuance of invitation of bids, requests for proposals, selection of contractors, award of sub-agreements, and other related procurement matters. The Recipient must follow procurement policies that follow state procurement procedures in <u>Chapter 39.26 RCW</u>.²⁸

²⁵ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

²⁶ https://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=39.34

²⁷ http://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=39.34.080

²⁸ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=39.26

Recipients are required to comply with the terms of the grant agreement, including but not limited to the General Terms and Conditions, the <u>Administrative Requirements for Recipients of</u> <u>Ecology Grants and Loans (2017 Yellow Book)</u>, ²⁹ and these Funding Guidelines.

The Office of Minority and Women Owned Business Enterprises (OMWBE) has established voluntary goals for the participation of minority- and women-owned businesses in procurements made with Ecology funds. Each grant agreement will contain a condition regarding OMWBE. While participation is voluntary, Ecology requires reporting the level of participation on Form D: Contractor Participation Report and submitted with each PRPR.

Historic and cultural resources review requirements

Projects may have the potential to significantly impact culturally or historically significant locations or artifacts. Projects that disturb soils from its natural state or impact buildings 50 years or older must comply with the applicable state or federal laws, such as the <u>Governor's</u> <u>Executive Order 21-02</u>³⁰ (GEO 21-02) and <u>Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act</u>³¹ (Section 106).

If a project includes the scope of work described in GEO 21-02 or Section 106, a historic and cultural resources review may be required. Applicants should ensure compliance with state and federal cultural resource protection environments as part of the project work plan. All activities associated with site assessments for historic and cultural resources are grant eligible. See <u>Appendix C: Historic and Cultural Resources Review</u> for additional details on the process to comply with cultural resource protection requirements.

Deliverables

Grant deliverables are shown in the signed grant agreement and are required to be submitted before grant reimbursement is approved. Recipients should submit deliverables by uploading them in the general Uploads section of EAGL (not the PRPR) and notify the Ecology Project Manager after they are uploaded. Completed scopes of work and submitted deliverables should be reported in the PRPR Progress Report form.

Competitive planning grants have a Deliverable Due Dates (DDD) EAGL form which identifies the same deliverables as the fully signed grant agreement/amendment. The DDD form does not get printed with the signed agreement/amendment. Instead, the DDD form has anticipated dates of when Recipients will submit completed grant deliverables to Ecology. The due dates on this form can be updated throughout the grant project, therefore, this avoids the need for a formal amendment. Recipients should review their DDD form when they are submitting a PRPR. Only the Ecology Project and Financial Manager can edit this form, so Recipients should contact their Ecology Project Manager if any dates on the form needs updating.

²⁹ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

³⁰ https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/exe_order/eo_21-02.pdf

³¹ https://www.gsa.gov/real-estate/historic-preservation/historic-preservation-policy-tools/legislation-policy-and-reports/section-106-national-historic-preservation-act-of-1966

Education and outreach

Recipients must submit a final digital copy or a link to educational products developed under the grant, such as brochures, manuals, pamphlets, videos, audio files, curriculum, posters, media announcements, and web page links. Ecology logos are available from Ecology's Project Manager for use on publications.

If there are a significant number of people in the community (5 percent or 1,000 people, whichever is less) in the community with Limited English Proficiency (LEP), Recipients must consider translating educational, enforcement, and public outreach materials for those identified populations. Any emergency communications or written notifications must comply with <u>RCW 38.52.070</u>.³² Recipients should consider including a notice advising LEP persons of free language assistance within any written materials.

Indirect rate or overhead

Recipients may charge an overhead or indirect rate of up to 30 percent of salaries and benefits combined to cover overhead, or indirect rate costs. Indirect costs are defined as administrative costs not directly associated to a particular task of the project, such as: utilities, miscellaneous copying, telephone, insurance, janitorial services, records, storage, general office supplies, or items not directly attributable to the project yet are required to conduct business. The indirect rate is negotiated and is stated in the signed grant agreement. Indirect rate charges must be reported as a separate expenditure on payment requests. For more information on the indirect rate, see page 34 of the <u>Administrative Requirements for Recipients of Ecology Grants and</u> <u>Loans (2017 Yellow Book)</u>.³³

Light refreshments

Light refreshment costs for meetings are eligible and must be pre-approved as permitted by Ecology's travel policy. Light refreshments include coffee and any other non-alcoholic beverage, such as tea, soft drinks, juice, or milk and snacks served at a meeting or conference. Check with the Ecology Project Manager for Ecology's Light Refreshment Approval Form. Recipients must submit this form prior to the meeting, and it must be approved by the Ecology Project Manager. After the meeting, Recipients must submit the signed form, roster of attendees, and agenda to be eligible for reimbursement.

Permits

Recipients must acquire all required local, state, and federal permits for the project and submit a digital copy as a grant deliverable. Project permit fees are eligible for grant reimbursement.

³² https://apps.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=38.52.070

³³ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

Project signs

For site-specific projects accessible to the public, Recipients must inform the public and affected parties by installing signs acknowledging state funding for the project. Ecology logos are available from Ecology's Project Manager for use on signage.

Quality Assurance Project Plans

If projects involve the collection of environmental data or the analysis of existing data that will generate new results, they may trigger the need for preparation of a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP). Where relevant, applicants should include preparation of this document within the scope of work and budget when completing your application. If you are unsure whether your project requires preparation of a QAPP, please contact your regional Ecology Project Manager and see <u>Appendix E: Additional Grant Resources</u>.

Travel costs

Travel costs for mileage, meals, and overnight stays that follow the state travel rate are eligible for reimbursement upon prior approval by Ecology. Travel costs must follow the Washington state-approved rate and Ecology's travel policy. For more information, contact your Ecology Financial Manager, and also see the <u>Office of Financial Management travel website</u>.³⁴

Site visits

The Ecology Project and Financial Managers or other Ecology staff may conduct project site visits, including site visits through phone calls, to provide technical assistance and verify progress according to the purpose and scope of the project agreement. Site visits are documented through the EAGL Site Visit Report form.

Grant close out

Recipients have 30 days after the grant agreement expiration date to submit the final PRPR, final grant deliverables, and Recipient Close Out Report (RCOR) in EAGL.

Please note: Ecology may not approve the final PRPR until the final deliverables and RCOR are submitted and approved by the Ecology Project Manager and Financial Manager.

³⁴ https://ofm.wa.gov/accounting/administrative-accounting-resources/travel

Appendix A: Scoring Criteria for Competitive Planning Projects

The 2023-2025 FCAAP planning project proposals are competitively evaluated. Ecology staff and/or other technical advisors will evaluate project proposals based on the information provided in the grant application. Each application will be scored using the following categories and criteria. Each competitive planning project may receive a maximum score of 65 points.

Category 1.0 Project Description and Outcomes

Criteria 1.1 (5 points maximum)

Describe the flood hazard area and flood risk the plan or activity intends to mitigate. Include a map to identify water body names, stream river mile, and section-township-range. Include a description of previous, present, and expected future planning efforts.

Criteria 1.2 (5 points maximum)

Describe the benefits of the planning effort and anticipated outcomes or deliverables, including a new Comprehensive Flood Hazard Management Plan (CFHMP), an updated CFHMP, or a technical study that will lead to a CFHMP. Describe how planning efforts will address flood hazard(s) or mitigate flood damages. Describe how planning efforts will implement specific elements of the new Comprehensive Planning for Flood Hazard Management Guidance and/or meet other planning requirements, such as hazard mitigation planning requirements.

Criteria 1.3 (5 points maximum)

Describe the outreach to and support from local, state, and federal stakeholders. Describe outreach efforts to other stakeholders that have not been involved with the planning efforts in the past. What is your strategy for reaching consensus with potentially affected stakeholders on the elements of the final CFHMP?

The governing state regulations contain the following expectations in <u>WAC 173-145-080(5)</u>³⁵:

Where a CFCMP is being developed or has not been initiated, the following will be considered:

- (a) Evidence of multijurisdictional cooperation necessary for development of a comprehensive county or multicounty comprehensive flood control management plan (CFCMP);
- (d) Other planning efforts undertaken or proposed within the planning jurisdiction and their relationship to flood control management;
- (f) Existing and proposed participation of community groups, private industry, professional organizations, the general public, and others toward the development

³⁵ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=173-145-080

and implementation of the proposed comprehensive flood control management plan.

Criteria 1.4 (5 points maximum)

Describe how the project benefits salmon recovery, other Endangered Species Act-listed species, public health, or the environment.

Category 2.0 Underserved Communities

Criteria 2.1 (20 points maximum)

Describe benefits to overburdened or underserved communities in flood risk areas.

Overburdened communities are defined as "communities that experience disproportionate environmental harms and risks due to exposures, greater vulnerability to environmental hazards, or cumulative impacts from multiple stressors." (<u>Washington State Environmental</u> <u>Justice Task Force Report, 2020</u>)³⁶

- a. Provide a narrative and supporting documentation how underserved or overburdened communities in the floodplain area are currently supported.
- b. Do you currently have resources to manage the floodplain, i.e., staff and workload capacity or available funds? Explain.
- c. Will the planning process serve communities where flood risks intersect with poverty, or other economic or underserved community measurements?
- d. Describe how you identified your underserved or overburdened communities. Also describe the outreach process you used to connect with those communities.
- e. Include quantitative data and references to the data sources. Upload any supporting documentation below.

Below are a few examples of mapping resources that show where underserved communities are located, and how they are impacted. We encourage you to use the mapping resources below to help describe how the project will benefit underserved communities.

- <u>Senate Bill 5141 Healthy Environment for All (HEAL) Act</u>³⁷
- <u>Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map</u>³⁸
- Washington State Employment Security Dept. Distressed Areas Map³⁹

³⁶ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/ReportsToTheLegislature/Home/GetPDF?fileName=EJTF%20Report_FINAL_39bdb601-508e-4711-b1ca-6e8c730d57bf.pdf

³⁷ http://lawfilesext.leg.wa.gov/biennium/2021-22/Pdf/Bills/Session%20Laws/Senate/5141-

S2.SL.pdf?q=20210521101530

https://www.doh.wa.gov/DataandStatisticalReports/WashingtonTrackingNetworkWTN/InformationbyLocation/W ashingtonEnvironmentalHealthDisparitiesMap

³⁹ https://esd.wa.gov/labormarketinfo/distressed-areas

- <u>Washington State Environmental Justice Task Force Final Report (2020)</u>⁴⁰
- <u>US Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Justice Screen</u>⁴¹

Category 3.0 Regulations and Requirements

Criteria 3.1 (5 points maximum)

Describe local, state, federal, and other laws and requirements that will have an impact on the planning work (e.g. National Flood Insurance Program requirements).

Category 4.0 Schedule and Readiness to Proceed

Criteria 4.1 (3 points maximum)

Describe the project schedule, including project milestones, and when the milestones will be completed. Give more details in the grant proposal, if this is part of a bigger project.

Criteria 4.2 (4 points maximum)

Describe the readiness to proceed with scope of work as soon as funding is awarded. Describe the deliverables that will be completed by the grant expiration date of June 30, 2023. If the project will not be complete by June 20, 2023, will you be applying for additional funding in the next grant round? Explain.

Criteria 4.3 (3 points maximum)

Describe the ability and capacity to manage and complete the scope of work with current staff, project partners, or hired consultant(s).

Category 5.0 Budget

Criteria 5.1 (5 points maximum)

Provide a detailed budget, including reasonable cost estimates for the scope and size of the proposed effort. Include all the important elements of the project or study.

Criteria 5.2 (5 points maximum)

Describe how the required 25 percent match funding will be secured, the source(s) of match, or whether the match funds are not yet secured (e.g. waiting to see if another grant comes through).

⁴⁰ https://apps.leg.wa.gov/ReportsToTheLegislature/Home/GetPDF?fileName=EJTF%20Report_FINAL_39bdb601-508e-4711-b1ca-6e8c730d57bf.pdf

⁴¹ https://www.epa.gov/ejscreen

Appendix B: Frequently Asked Questions

1) Does a Flood Control Zone District or County need to be the primary applicant for a CFHMP update?

No, any eligible entity can be the primary applicant.

2) What types of studies are eligible?

Any study that supports a new or updated CFHMP is potentially eligible. A new study does not require an update to the CFHMP in the FCAAP 23-25 grant project scope of work. Contact Ecology if you have any questions.

3) My current CFHMP is from 2001. Is it expired?

There is no mechanism for a CFHMP to expire, although they should keep up with changes in the community.

4) I am updating my Hazard Mitigation Plan. Can I streamline efforts and combine the CFHMP and HMP into one document? Can I use FCAAP funding to assist with the process?

FCAAP funds can be used to develop the CFHMP, not any other element of the HMP. Contact Ecology and/or the Washington Emergency Management Department for more advice.

5) Is match required?

Yes, applicants should demonstrate match in the grant application, and funded grant Recipients are required to provide match for FCAAP grants. Recipients must provide 25 percent match for competitive planning grants, and 20 percent match for emergency flood response grants.

6) Do Tribes have to be members of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) to be eligible for competitive planning grants?

No, federally-recognized Tribes don't have to be members of the NFIP to be eligible to apply for competitive planning grants.

Appendix C: Historic and Cultural Resources Review

This guidance provides information for projects funded by Ecology to meet the <u>Governor's</u> <u>Executive Order 21-02</u>⁴² (GEO 21-02) and <u>Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act</u>⁴³ (Section 106) requirements.

Please note that the cultural resources review process is for government-to-government communication. Requirements of this process will not be met until Ecology has provided information to the Tribes and the <u>Washington State Department of Archaeology and Historic</u> <u>Preservation (DAHP)</u>⁴⁴ about project activity.

Recipients must comply with all cultural resources review requirements prior to implementing any project that involves modification to historic or cultural resources or ground-disturbing activities.

Federal and state laws and rules require the funding agency (Ecology) to contact DAHP and affected Tribes regarding the proposed project activities. Any prior communication between the Recipient, the DAHP, and the Tribes is not sufficient to meet requirements.

Another agency's cultural resources review may be used to meet Ecology's requirements. To do this, Recipients should submit the review documents to Ecology's Project Manager for review and approval.

Any actions that result in modification to historic or cultural resources or ground-disturbing activities that occur prior to the completion of the cultural resources review process will not be eligible for reimbursement. Activities associated with cultural resources review are grant eligible subject to available funding. Any mitigation measures as an outcome of the process will be requirements of the agreement.

Note: Modification to historic or cultural resources or ground-disturbing activities can include removal or modification to above-ground resources, such as culturally modified trees and petroglyphs.

Section 106 versus Executive Order 21-02

If your project has a federal partner (Corps, NOAA, etc.) and is using federal funds or will implement federal actions and decisions, the federal partner will be the lead on cultural resources review and will complete the Section 106 process of the National Historic Preservation Act. Ecology has delegated authority over ensuring Section 106 compliance when Recipients apply for grants under the FCAAP grant program.

Note: The federal partner and the Section 106 process supersedes the Governor's Executive Order 21-02 process described below.

⁴² https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/exe_order/eo_21-02.pdf

⁴³ https://www.gsa.gov/real-estate/historic-preservation/historic-preservation-policy-tools/legislation-policy-and-reports/section-106-national-historic-preservation-act-of-1966

⁴⁴ https://dahp.wa.gov/

If your project has no federal Partner, is not using federal funds, and will not implement federal actions, then cultural resources review will be conducted by your Ecology Project Manager and will utilize the Governor's Executive Order 21-02 process as it is required for all state-funded capital projects. Ecology is the lead for ensuring compliance with the Governor's Executive Order 21-02.

This process and reviews described above must be followed even if the Recipient has been working with Tribes on the project.

The Recipient must complete the Ecology Cultural Resources Review form (or conduct a sitespecific survey). A site-specific survey is only required for areas where there is a high sensitivity and potential to discover cultural resources. If the project will alter a building that is 50 years or older, the Recipient must still complete an EZ-2 Form available from the DAHP website.

The EZ-2 form and Survey Coversheet can be downloaded from <u>DAHP's website</u>.⁴⁵ The <u>Ecology</u> <u>Cultural Resources Review form</u>⁴⁶ can be downloaded from Ecology's website.

- The Recipient must create an Inadvertent Discovery Plan (IDP). An IDP does not need to be site-specific; however, it can be a general procedure for all projects implemented by the organization. The IDP must be distributed and reviewed by all participating parties prior to any on-the-ground work so they are fully informed of the appropriate procedures.
- The Recipient must send an electronic version of Ecology's Cultural Resources Review form and/or the EZ-2 Form, any tribal communication, and identify the potentially interested Tribes to Ecology's Project Manager.
- Ecology will initiate formal cultural resources consultation using the completed Ecology CR review form, EZ-2, and/or any surveys to affected Tribes and DAHP. The Tribes have an approximate 30-day comment period to initiate a more in-depth discussion about the project, submit any comments, or make an effect determination on the project. After the 30-day comment period, if there has not been a determination of impact by a Tribe, DAHP, or other interested party, Ecology will make an initial determination and send out a formal letter to the above parties. The Ecology Project Manager will let the Recipient Project Manager know when the project may proceed as planned.

Adopting another agency's cultural resources review

Can Ecology adopt another agency's Section 106 review or GEO 21-02 review?

- For Section 106 Adoption:
 - The answer is *yes*, if your project is state funded.
 - Ecology can "adopt" Section 106 for state-funded projects that would normally go through the 21-02 cultural resource review process. Ecology has a review in place to verify the Section 106 documents are applicable. Please contact your Project Manager to verify a review can be adopted.

⁴⁵ https://dahp.wa.gov

⁴⁶ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/ECY070537.html

- If your project involves federal funds, Ecology may still use another agency's documents when making its Preliminary and Final Determinations, which helps speed up cultural resource review.
- For Executive Order 21-02 Adoption:
 - \circ $\;$ The answer is yes if your project is state funded.
 - Ecology can adopt another state agency's 21-02 process to meet cultural resources review requirements. Please contact your Project Manager to verify a review can be adopted.
 - The answer is *no* if your project is federally funded. However, Ecology may still use another agency's documents when making its Preliminary and Final Determinations, which helps speed up cultural resource review.

Correspondence

Ecology is responsible, as the funding agency, for contacting the DAHP, Tribes, and other interested parties to meet cultural resource review requirements.

Modification to cultural or historic resources or grounddisturbing activities

Any work that impacts the soil or ground from its current conditions, including any work that goes below the surface of the ground, requires a cultural resources review.

Area of Potential Effect

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is the maximum geographic area where your project could potentially have an effect on historic properties, if any are present. The APE will vary with the type of project. To determine the APE you must know the nature and full extent of your project. For example, the APE for a natural gas pipeline might include not only the actual pipeline trench, but also include the construction right-of-way, compressor stations, meter stations, staging areas, storage yards, access roads, and other ancillary facilities. The APE for a construction project will include the construction site, but might also include the buildings in a downtown area adjacent to the construction where vibrations may cause foundations to crack.

Changes to project design or project area

If there are any changes made to the project area or design after cultural resources review has been completed, review will have to be reinitiated or amended in order to capture the changes. For geo-tech work that occurs in the planning or design phases, ensuring your cultural review is completed early can not only help identify the appropriate locations from a subsurface perspective but can also help obtain valuable input early in the planning process about sensitive locations. A simple amendment to your documents in the construction phase will complete your cultural resource compliance, and generally will present no issues, as DAHP and the Tribes will already be familiar with your project. Eligibility

- All activities associated with cultural resources review are grant and loan eligible.
- Construction or BMP implementation that occurs prior to cultural resources review will not be eligible for reimbursement.

For questions, contact the Ecology Project Manager.

Appendix D: Grant Agreement Definitions

Administrative Requirements refers to the <u>Administrative Requirements for Recipients of</u> <u>Ecology Grants and Loans (2017 Yellow Book)</u>.⁴⁷The Yellow Book provides instructions, explanations, requirements, definitions, and includes details on agreement language, costs, budgets, financial management, procurement, contracting, property management, closeout, and record keeping.

(Consultant) Contract is a signed contract between the Recipient and a hired contractor to complete the project scope of work. Recipients must follow the local jurisdiction's procurement policy. If there is no recorded policy, then Recipients must follow the state's procurement policy.

Effective Dates are the start and end dates of the grant which eligible costs may be incurred.

Funding Guidelines are Ecology's grant program guidelines that correlate to the biennium in which the project is funded.

Interagency Agreements are used between state agencies, or between state and federal agencies. Federally recognized Tribes, as sovereign governments, use interagency agreements with federal or state agencies. For more information, see <u>Chapter 39.34.080 RCW</u>.⁴⁸

Inter-local Agreements are between entities within local governments (city or county), such as Department of Public Works and Department of Resource Management. Inter-local agreements must be consistent with the terms of the grant agreement and <u>Chapter 39.34 RCW</u>, *Inter-local* <u>*Cooperation Act*</u>.⁴⁹

Project means the project described in this agreement.

Project Schedule means the schedule for the project specified in the agreement.

Scope of Work means the tasks and activities constituting the project.

Termination Date means the effective date of Ecology's termination of the agreement.

Total Eligible Cost is the sum of all costs associated with the FCAAP project that have been determined to be eligible for Ecology grant funding. Total Eligible Cost includes Ecology's grant share and the required Recipient's match.

Total Project Cost or **Total Cost** is the sum of all costs associated with the project, including the Total Eligible Cost, costs *eligible* but not funded by the FCAAP grant, and costs *not eligible* for funding by the FCAAP grant.

⁴⁷ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

⁴⁸ http://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=39.34.080

⁴⁹ https://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=39.34

Appendix E: Additional Grant Resources

Administrative Requirements for Recipients of Ecology Grants & Loans (2017 Yellow Book).50

The Yellow Book establishes the administrative requirements for Recipients of all Ecology grants and loans, including the 2023-2025 FCAAP grant agreements. Topics include financial management, expenditure and progress reporting, contracting, and record retention.

<u>Comprehensive Planning for Flood Hazard Management Guidebook</u>.⁵¹This Guidebook provides information about the required elements of the planning process and plan, as well as optional elements that a community may choose to undertake (e.g., pursuing higher regulatory standards than the base National Flood Insurance Program). FCAAP applicants are strongly encouraged to review the guidebook prior to commencing planning efforts.

<u>EAGL External Users' Manual</u> ⁵² for guidance using Ecology's EAGL online grant and loan system.

Ecology's Grants and Loans Resources website 53 for general Ecology grant and loans guidance, including EAGL training tools and resources.

Environmental Data. If grant and loan projects involve collecting and monitoring environmental data, Recipients may be required to create Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPPs) and enter information in Ecology's Environmental Information Management (EIM) database per Ecology's standards. Recipients are responsible for ensuring the QAPP and EIM processes are complete if Ecology determines either or both are required. Grant reimbursement may be withheld if these requirements are necessary and incomplete.

- QAPP. If grant projects involve *collecting* environmental data, Recipients are required to create QAPPs per Ecology's standards. For more information, see <u>Ecology's QAPP</u> <u>guidance website</u>.⁵⁴
- EIM. If grant projects involve environmental *monitoring* data, Recipients are required to submit data in the EIM online database per Ecology's standards. For more information, see <u>Ecology's EIM website</u>.⁵⁵

FCAAP website ⁵⁶ for more information about Ecology's FCAAP grant program.

⁵⁰ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701004.html

⁵¹ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/2106019.html

⁵² https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/publications/SummaryPages/1701015.html

⁵³ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Grants-loans/Grant-loan-guidance

⁵⁴ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Scientific-services/Quality-assurance/Quality-assurance-for-NEP-grantees

⁵⁵ https://ecology.wa.gov/Research-Data/Data-resources/Environmental-Information-Management-database

⁵⁶ https://ecology.wa.gov/About-us/How-we-operate/Grants-loans/Find-a-grant-or-loan/Flood-control-assistance