

COMPOSTING FACILITY Checklist for Review of Solid Waste Permit Application per WAC 173-350-220

	N A B B				
Name of Applicant:	Name of Facility:				
Permit # assigned by Health Department:	Date Received:				
Lead Agency Reviewer	Determination of Compliance with:				
Name:	The Site or Fac				
Disease	meets all solid waste, air and other applicable laws and				
Phone:	regulations conforms with the approved comprehensive solid waste				
Signature:	handling plan	ini ne uppi	oved comprend	sisive solid waste	
	complies w	ith zoning r	equirements (J	HD only)	
Applicability	Page/section	Complete	Meets	Date &	
\overline{WAC} 173-350-220(1)(c)	location		Requirements 175-350-040(5		
(i) Comply with the performance standards of WAC 173-			,	Keviewei	
350-040;					
(ii) Manage the operation to prevent the migration of					
Agricultural pests identified by local horticultural pest					
And disease control boards, as applicable; (iii) Control nuisance odors to prevent migration beyond					
property boundaries;					
(iv) Manage the operation to prevent attraction of flies,					
rodents, and other vectors;					
(v) Allow the department or the jurisdictional health department to inspect the site at reasonable times.					
Agency Comments:					
Location requirements	Page/section	Complete	Meets	Date & Initials of	
WAC 173-350-220(2)	location		Requirements 175-350-	Reviewer	
			040(5)		
There are no specific location standards for composting facilities subject to this chapter; however, composting					
facilities must meet the requirements provided under					
WAC 173-350-040(5).					
Agency Comments:					

Design Standards permit requirements	Page/section	Complete	Meets Requirements	Date & Initials of
WAC 173-350-220(3)	location		Requirements	Reviewer
(a)(ii) Facility designed with process parameters and				
management procedures that promote aerobic composting taking into account porosity, nutrient				
balance, pile oxygen, pile moisture, pile temperature, and				
retention time of composting.				
(b) Prepare and provide to JHD: engineering reports,				
engineering plans, and engineering specifications that				
address design standards of this subsection. Engineering				
documents must be prepared by an engineer licensed in				
Washington State.				
(i) Engineering report with design basis and calculations				
for engineered features of facility including but not				
limited to pad, impoundments, storm water management				
features, leachate management features, aeration and				
emission control features where applicable. Engineering				
report must demonstrate that the proposed design will				
meet performance standards of this chapter.				
(ii) Scale drawings of the facility including the location				
and size of feedstock and composted material storage				
areas, compost processing areas, fixed equipment, buildings, storm water management features if				
applicable, access roads, traffic patterns and other				
constructed areas and buildings integral to facility				
operations.				
(iii) Design specifications for compost pads, storm water				
management features, leachate management features, and				
aeration and emission features.				
(iv) Construction quality assurance plan describing				
monitoring, testing, documentation procedures performed				
during facility construction in accordance with approved				
design.				
3(c) Public access all-weather roads designed to prevent				
traffic congestion, traffic hazards, dust and noise pollution.				
3(d) Compost facilities must manage storm water and				
leachate to meet all federal, state and local water and air				
quality permits including:				
3(e) Storm water run-on prevention systems designed to				
divert storm water from areas of feedstock preparation,				
active composting and curing.				
(i) Leachate must be collected from areas of feedstock				
storage and preparation, active composting, and curing				
and be conveyed to leachate storage structure or				
treatment system; waste discharge permit if water				
discharged to ground or sewer system. (ii) Storm water and leachate collection and conveyance				
structures designed to handle water from twenty-five-				
year storm.				
jour storm.	1	1	1	1

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	te storage structures such as ponds or tanks		
must be of a	adequate capacity to store normal maximum		
volume of 1	leachate generated by the facility. Volume		
	s based on facility design;		
	n/evaporation data; monthly leachate		
	val; safety factor to account for variability		
	al conditions.		
	te holding ponds and tanks designed		
accordingly			
	istered dairies, design and installation meet		
	sources Conservation Service standards in		
	time of construction of the pond.		
NA 🗌			
(B) Leachat	te holding ponds at compost facilities other		
than registe	ered dairies:		
(I)	Liner consists of a minimum 30-mil		
	thickness geomembrane on a subgrade that		
	supports the liner and the contents of the		
	pond, <u>or</u> a high density polyethylene		
	geomembrane at least 60-mil thick to allow		
	for proper welding <u>or</u> an alternative design		
	approved by the JHD during the permitting		
	process.		
(II)	Dikes and slopes designed to maintain their		
(11)			
	structural integrity under conditions of a		
	leaking liner and capable of withstanding		
	erosion from wave action, overfilling, or		
	precipitation.		
(III)	Freeboard equal to or greater than eighteen		
	inches to avoid overtopping from wave		
	action, overfilling, or precipitation, or other		
	engineering controls approved by JHD		
	during the permitting process.		
(IV)	Review and approval by Ecology's Dam		
	Safety Section for ponds designed to		
	impound more than 10 acre feet.		
	NA 🗌		
(C) Tanks u	used to store leachate meet design standards in		
	350-330 (3) (b). NA		
	post pads for incoming feedstocks, active		
	g, and curing meet the following		
requirement			
	bed or graded in a manner to prevent ponding,		
	runoff, and separately collect and convey		
	r and leachate to separate storage or holding		
	torm water combined with leachate must be		
managed as			
	nstructed on subgrades sufficient to support the		
	he pad, the materials placed on them, and		
processing	equipment.		
	surface area of the pad designed to maintain		
	nd hydraulic integrity under any machinery		
	edstock and compost handling, and from		
	ar or damage caused by feedstock, and		
	Indling or by active composting at the facility.		
composi na	mening of by active composting at the facility.	1	

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(iv) Pad may be constructed of materials such as concrete				
(with sealed joints), asphaltic concrete, or soil cement to				
prevent subsurface soil and ground water contamination.				
(v) JHD approved other materials for compost pad				
construction. NA				
Agency Comments:				
Operating Standards	Page/section	Complete	Meets	Date & Initials of
WAC 173-350-220(4)	location		Requirements	Reviewer
(See also section (f): Plan of Operation)				
(a) Describe facility features, operations or programs				
that:				
(i) Control dust and odors from migrating off-site				
(ii) Prevent attraction of vectors.				
(iii) Prevent migration of agricultural pests.				
(iv) Restrict access to facility when closed.				
(vi) Ensure the facility operates under supervision and				
control of properly trained individual(s) during all hours				
of operation.				
(A) Facility operator training certification provided or				
training timeline identified.				
(vii) Implement and document pathogen reduction				
activities, including compost pile temperatures, turnings				
(as appropriate). Pathogen reduction activities must at a				
minimum include:				
(A) In vessel composting: process identified to promote				
pathogen reduction (temperature of active compost				
maintained at fifty-five degrees Celsius (131 degrees				
Fahrenheit) for three consecutive days).				
□ N/A				
(B) Aerated static piles: Description of how piles will be				
managed (covered with synthetic material or finished				
compost and reach fifty-five degrees Celsius or higher				
for three consecutive days).				
□ N/A				
(C) Windrow composting: description of how pile temps				
maintained (55 degrees Celsius or higher for at least 15				
days with a minimum of 5 turnings of the windrow).				
(D) Alternative method of composting demonstrating				
equivalent pathogen reduction.				
(ix) Description of process to collect composted material				
samples for analysis that are representative of the pile;				
(x) Description of process to analyze composted material				
for parameters listed in Table 220-B				
(b) Facility inspection plan (regular facility inspections -				
at least weekly or other schedule approved by JHD) to				
identify/ prevent malfunctions, operator error,				
discharges.				
uischarges.				

(c) If facility has leachate pond(s), pond liner inspection		
plan provided (inspection at least every five years or as		
determined by JHD).		
N/A		
(f) Plan of Operation: submitted with the permit		
application will include:		
(i) List of feedstocks to be composted, including a		
general description of the source of feedstocks;		
(ii) Odor Management Plan (air quality control plan)		
including:		
(A) Description of how staff will document and		
respond to nuisance odor complaints. Plan must include		
a method for recording date and time of complaints,		
weather conditions, and operations at the facility at the		
time of complaint, and a summary of actions taken;		
(B) Description of facility and operational features to		
prevent nuisance odors beyond the facility's property		
boundary as determined by the JHD, the department, or		
the air authority. Description must address receiving,		
composting, curing, and storage areas of facility;		
(C) Description of facility maintenance activities that		
encompass nuisance odor prevention and control, such		
as acquiring critical backup equipment, schedules for		
aeration lines purging, changing biofilter media,		
cleaning leachate ponds/tanks;		
(D) Description of how feedstocks with high moisture		
or the potential for high odors will be managed to reduce		
nuisance odors upon receipt and through the composting		
process.		
(iii) A description of how wastes are to be handled on-		
site during the facility's active life including:		
(A) Maximum capacity in cubic yards for all materials		
on-site at any one time. JHD may require cumulative		
capacity for materials or separate capacities for		
incoming feedstocks, composting, curing, and		
composted materials, or any combination;		
(B) Throughput in tons or cubic yards of solid waste		
feedstocks processed in a given amount of time. JHD		
may require monthly or annual throughput;		
(C) Procedures for ensuring that only the feedstocks		
described will be accepted. This includes a plan for		
rejecting feedstocks contaminate with greater than five		
percent physical contaminants by volume, or a plan to		
accept and separate contaminated loads from non-		
contaminated loads, and reduce physical contaminants to		
an acceptable level prior to composting;		
(Also listed at 173-350-220 $(4)(a)(v)$)		
(D) Procedure to reduce physical contaminants in		
composted material to meet testing parameters in Table		
220-B (grinding to reduce size of contaminant not		
acceptable);		
(E) Procedures for handling unacceptable wastes;		
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(F) Types and amounts of feedstocks including basic		
calculations showing that the facility will be able to		
achieve an acceptable mix of materials for efficient		
decomposition;		
(G) Material flow plan describing general procedures		
to manage all materials on-site from incoming feedstock		
to composted material;		
(H) A description of equipment, including equipment		
to add water to compost as necessary;		
(I) Compost process monitoring plan, including		
compost mix (C:N), temperature, moisture, and porosity;		
(Specifics listed at173-350-220 (4)(a)(viii))		
(J) Pathogen reduction plan;		
(<i>Specifics listed at 173-350-220 (4)(a)(vii))</i> (K) Representative sampling and analysis plan for the		
composted material; (See asifi as listed at 172, 250, $220(4)(a)(in)(n)$)		
(Specifics listed at 173-350-220(4)(a)(ix)(x))		
(L) Leachate management plan, including monthly		
precipitation and evaporation data, and, if applicable,		
monthly leachate reuse and removal;		
(Specifics begin at 173-350-220(3)(d))		
(M) Storm water management plan;		
(Specifics begin at 173-350-220(3)(d))		
(iv) A description of how equipment, structures and		
other systems are to be inspected and maintained,		
including the frequency of inspections and inspection		
logs;		
(Specifics listed at 173-350-220(4)(b))		
(v) Description of how facility employees are trained in		
facility operation and odor identification and		
management;		
(Specifics listed at 173-350-220(4)(a)(vi)(B))		
(vi) A community relations plan describing how the		
owner or operator will manage complaints;		
(vii) Safety, fire and emergency plans;		
(viii) Forms for recordkeeping of daily volumes or		
weights of incoming feedstocks by type, outgoing		
composted material and process monitoring results;		
(ix) Other details to demonstrate that the facility will be		
operated in accordance with subsection this subsection		
and as required by the JHD.		
(g) Description of how composted material piles that		
have met testing standards are managed to:		
(i) Comply with the performance standards of WAC		
173-350-040; and		
(ii) Minimize and control run-off from composted		
material piles; and		
(iii) Minimize odor from composted material piles.		
Agency Comments:		
Agency Comments.		

Ground Water Monitoring Requirements WAC 173-350-220(5)	Page/section location	Complete	Meets Requirements 173-350- 040(5)	Date & Initials of Reviewer
There are no specific ground water monitoring requirements for composting facilities subject to this chapter; however, composting facilities must meet the requirements provided under WAC 173-350-040(5). Agency Comments:				
☐ Closure plan WAC 173-350-220(6)	Page/section location	Complete	Meets Requirements	Date & Initials of Reviewer
 (a) Owner or operator is financially responsible for removal of all solid waste, raw or partially composted , composted material, and leachate (b) Develop, keep, and follow a closure plan approved by the JHD. At a minimum, closure plan must include methods of rem5oving solid waste, leachate, and other organic materials from the facility. 				
Steps taken for decontamination if necessary Agency Comments:				
☐Financial Assurance Requirements WAC 173-350-220(7)	Page/section location	Complete	Meets Requirements 173-350- 040(5)	Date & Initials of Reviewer
There are no specific financial assurance requirements for composting facilities subject to this chapter; however, composting facilities must meet the requirements provided under WAC 173-350-040(5)				
Agency Comments:				

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